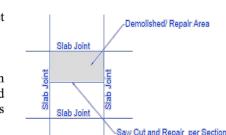
(shot-blast, sand-blast or by rotary sander). Before installing Level Top, all concrete subfloors must be primed with two coats of Increte Systems Bond-Crete primer. Alternately, the concrete can be primed with Increte HP EPOXY and broadcast to refusal with clean and dry silica sand. Once the epoxy has dried, remove excess silica sand. Level Top SP should only be installed when ambient and substrate surface temperatures are between 50° F and 90° F. Optimum temperature installation is approximately 70° F.

- 2. Application: Add one 50-pound bag of LEVEL TOP to 5 quarts of cool water. Mix in a clean damp paddle mixer (mortar mixer). Mix for a minimum three minutes and adjust the water by adding up to 1 pint, as required. A drill and paddle mixer may also be used. Add colorant to water prior to the addition of powder when using integral colorants.
- 3. Thickness: For maximum economy, set gauge rake at 1/8-inch thickness. LEVEL TOP may be applied up to an inch thick as is. For pours greater than 1 inch use with extender aggregates. LEVEL TOP may also be used as an excellent patch/repair compound.
- 4. Staining/Sealing/Polishing: LEVEL TOP shall be chemically hardened with Increte's Pro-Polish Densifiers and polished to a high gloss finish. Use Pro-Polish Guard to protect your polished
- C. Vertical/Overhead Trowel Applied: Product should be placed in lifts 1" (25mm) to 2" (50 mm) in thickness. Trowel into place and allow stiffening before the next lift. Multiple lifts may be placed if the previous lift is well textured. If additional lifts will be placed after the product has hardened, crosshatch the surface of the previous lift to provide for a secure bond for the next lift.
- D. Joints: Fill joints with joint filler no sooner than 28 days after material placement. Install joint sealant in accordance with printed instructions. Moving joints, as in the case of expansion joints, should be brought up through the overlay by saw-cutting or with the use of a divider strip
- 3.06 FULL DEPTH. PARTIAL SLAB REPAIR (INTERIOR OR EXTERIOR)
 - A. Slab defects that exhibit severe pitting or spalling, which exceeds a third of the slab panel area or ³/₄" in depth, or as recommended by Harbor Freight and Architect. The "Suggested Concrete Mix for Full Depth Slab Replacement" (see Section 3.07), may be used upon approval of Harbor Freight and Architect. Avoid traffic on newly placed concrete for a minimum of 7 days. If early turnaround is required, the "Alternate High Strength - Early Set Concrete Mix" (this section), may be used upon approval of Harbor Freight and Architect.
 - B. Preparation: Submit all procedures and products to Harbor Freight and Architect for review and approval prior to starting work.
 - C. The intent of the slab replacement is that the repair area shall be encompassed by existing slab joints on at least 3 adjacent sides (See sketch of floor plan). Verify exact repair area size and location with Harbor Freight and Architect before commencing work. Saw cut at outer edges of pitted or spalled areas. The cuts should be symmetrical in nature and made perpendicular and parallel to the slab joints creating a rectangular repair area. The General Contractor should avoid any over-cutting at saw cut intersections.

- 1. Normal set concrete shall be designed to meet 4000 psi compressive strength within 28 days. (see concrete mix requirements - Section 3.07).
- 2. Alternate "High Strength-Early Set" concrete mix shall meet
- 4000 psi compressive strength within 24 hours (see below).
- 3. Compact existing subgrade, if required.
- 4. Replace vapor retarder, if required.
- 5. Construction joints in slab on ground shall be butt joints with round smooth dowels, epoxy adhered to existing slab, and greased on the other half for new slab installation. All dowels



3.14 - Full Depth Slab Replacement

- greased on the other half for new slab installation. All dowels shall be installed straight and evenly spaced per manufacturer's instructions
- 5. Install concrete flush with the surface of the floor. Apply finish to match adjacent concrete. Do not add additional water to the surface during the finishing operation. If additional liquid is required,
- 6. Curing and Protection: Cure all concrete surfaces with one of the curing compounds specified herein. Keep repair area protected from other trades and weather for a minimum of 3 days after material is placed.
- 7. Re-cut original joint through repair. Repair material shall not permanently bridge joints. Either maintain original joint during repair with and insert or cut as soon as repair material will not ravel or dislodge from sawing.
- 8. Re-fill control joints and re-seal expansion joints

Suggested Concrete Mix for Full Depth Complete Slab Replacement

Suggested Concrete 19114 for I am Depth Complete Stab Replacement	
Materials	Concrete mix
Cement	517-564 lbs.
Fly ash/slag	Prohibited
Coarse aggregate	12 cubic feet +/50 (#57 stone)
Fine aggregate	7 cubic feet +/- (adjust as necessary)
Water content	250 – 300lbs.
Air content (Entrapped Air - Interior Only)	3.0% (max.)
Air Content (Entrained Air -Exterior Only)	5.0% +/- 1.0% (Max.)
Water Reducer (Type A/F)	3oz10oz./100wt +/- (Mid-Range)
Water / Cement Ratio	0.53 (max.)
Macro Synthetic Fiber (Tuf-Strand SF)	3.0 lbs – 5.0 lbs / cubic yard (min.) **
Initial Slump (Water)	2"
Final slump (with water reducer)	5.5" (max.)
Maximum Shrinkage	≤0.04% @ 28 days
**Macro Synthetic Fiber dosage as specified, unless otherwise noted by Engineer or Record	

A. For cementitious repair materials, clean tools and equipment with brush and water before the material hardens. For repair materials containing epoxy, clean with solvent, such as xylene, xylol or toluene. Do not allow the epoxy to harden on equipment.

END OF SECTION

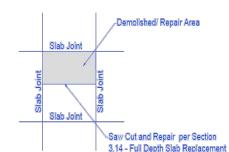
- shall be installed straight and spaced evenly per manufacturer's instructions.
- 6. Install concrete flush with the surface of the floor. Apply finish to match adjacent concrete. Do not add additional water to the surface during the finishing operation. If additional liquid is required,
- 7. Curing and Protection: Cure all concrete surfaces with one of the curing compounds specified herein. Keep repair area protected from other trades and weather for a minimum of 3 days after material is placed.
- 8. Re-cut original joint through repair. Repair material shall not permanently bridge joints. Either maintain original joint during repair with and insert or cut as soon as repair material will not ravel
- 9. Re-fill control joints and re-seal expansion joints

Alternate High Strength - Early Set Concrete Mix

Materials	Prototype Concrete Mix
Cement	728-800 lbs.
Coarse Aggregate	11 Cubic Feet +/50
Fine Aggregate	7 Cubic Feet +/- (Adjust as Necessary)
Water Content	291 – 320 lbs.
Air Content (Entrapped Air - Interior Only)	3.0% (Max.)
Air Content (Entrained Air - Exterior Only)	5.0% +/- 1.0% (Max.)
Mid-Range Water Reducing Admixture (Type A/F)	3oz - 10oz/100wt +/-
High-Range Water Reducing Admixture (Type F/G)	3oz - 6oz/100wt +/- (Polycarboxylate)
Non-Chloride Accelerating Admixture	28oz - 40oz/100wt +/- (add at jobsite)
W/cm	0.40 (Max)
Initial Slump (Water)	2"
Final Slump	5.5" (Max)

- 3.07 FULL DEPTH. COMPLETE SLAB REPLACEMENT (INTERIOR)
 - A. Slab defects that exhibit severe pitting or spalling over most of the interior slab surface, or as directed by Harbor Freight and Architect. Avoid traffic on newly placed concrete for a minimum of 7 days. The "Suggested Concrete Mix for Full Depth Complete Slab Replacement" mix may be used upon approval of Harbor Freight and Architect (see information in this section).
 - B. Preparation: Submit all procedures and products to Harbor Freight and Architect for review and approval prior to starting work.
 - C. The intent of slab replacement is that the repair area shall be encompassed by existing slab joints on at least 3 adjacent sides (See sketch of floor plan). Verify exact repair area size and location with Harbor Freight and Architect before commencing work. Saw cut at outer edges of pitted or spalled areas. The cuts should be symmetrical in nature and made perpendicular and parallel to the slab joints creating a rectangular repair area. The General Contractor should avoid any over-cutting at saw cut intersections.

- 1. Concrete shall be designed to meet 4000 psi compressive strength within 28 days (see concrete mix below).
- 2. Compact existing subgrade, if required.
- 3. Replace vapor retarder, if required.
- 4. Construction joints in slab on ground shall be butt joints with round smooth dowels, epoxy adhered to existing slab, and



POLISHED CONCRETE SPECIFICATION

PART I - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY, THIS SPECIFICATION INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING:

INTERIOR CONCRETE JOINT FILLER, LIQUID DENSIFIER / SEALER AND POLISHING PROCESS

- A. GENERAL: DO NOT COMMENCE INSTALLATION OF SEMI-RIGID POLYUREA JOINT FILLER, LIQUID DENSIFIER / SEALER AND POLISHING PROCESSES UNTIL THE BUILDING IS COMPLETELY ENCLOSED, PERMANENT POWER AND LIGHTING IS OPERATING AND THE BUILDING IS THERMOSTATICALLY CONTROLLED. INSTALLATION OF THESE MATERIALS SHALL COMMENCE APPROXIMATELY TWO WEEKS PRIOR TO "FIXTURE DATE."
- PART II EXECUTION
- 2.01 JOINT FILLER INSTALLATION: COMPLY WITH ACI 302 AS APPLICABLE TO MATERIALS,
- SURFACE CLEANING OF JOINTS: CLEAN JOINTS IMMEDIATELY BEFORE INSTALLING JOINT FILLER. REMOVE FOREIGN MATERIAL THAT COULD INTERFERE WITH ADHESION OF JOINT FILLER BY BRUSHING, GRINDING, BLAST CLEANING, MECHANICAL ABRADING, OR A COMBINATION OF THESE METHODS TO PRODUCE A CLEAN, SOUND SUBSTRATE CAPABLE OF DEVELOPING OPTIMUM BOND WITH JOINT FILLER. REMOVE LOOSE PARTICLES REMAINING FROM ABOVE CLEANING OPERATIONS BY VACUUMING OR BLOWING OUT JOINTS WITH OIL-FREE COMPRESSED AIR. ALSO REMOVE ALL LAITANCE AND FORM-RELEASE AGENTS FROM CONCRETE SURFACE. CLEAN NONPOROUS SURFACES WITH CHEMICAL CLEANERS OR OTHER MEANS THAT DO NOT STAIN, HARM SUBSTRATES, OR LEAVE RESIDUES COULD INTERFERE WITH ADHESION OF JOINT SEALANTS. ALL SURFACES TO BE FILLED SHALL BE CLEAN AND DRY.
- MIXING: JOINT FILLER IS A TWO-PART PRODUCT REQUIRING MACHINE MIXING AND PLACING. PREMIX PART "B" SEPARATELY BEFORE USING. FOLLOW PUMP MANUFACTURER'S EQUIPMENT INSTRUCTIONS.
- PLACEMENT: FOR PROPER LOAD TRANSFER, JOINTS MUST BE FILLED FULL DEPTH, BUT IN NO CASE SHOULD THE JOINT FILLER BE ANY LESS THAN 1" DEEP IN THE JOINT, NO BACKER ROD IS ALLOWED. JOINTS SHOULD BE OVERFILLED AND SHAVED LEVEL WITH THE SURFACE. GIVING THE FLOOR JOINTS A FLAT SMOOTH APPEARANCE
- JOINT FILLER SEPARATION: THE APPROVED JOINT FILLING APPLICATOR SHALL INCLUDE IN THEIR BID A COST PER LINEAR FOOT TO MAKE ONE RETURN TRIP TO REFILL JOINTS IF JOINT FILLER SIDEWALL SEPARATION OR SPLITTING EXCEEDS 1/16", OR IF SURFACE PROFILE IS CONCAVE, CHATTERED OR IF VOIDS OCCUR. THIS SHALL TAKE PLACE ONE WEEK PRIOR TO GRAND OPENING, OR AT OWNER'S REQUEST.
- 2.02 INITIAL CLEANING FOR LIQUID DENSIFIER AND SEALER APPLICATION: THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE INTERIOR SALES FLOOR SLAB PRIOR TO THE INITIAL APPLICATION OF LIQUID DENSIFIER/SEALER AND POLISHING PROCESS. COMPLETELY REMOVE THE REMNANTS OF THE DISSIPATING OR REMOVABLE CURING COMPOUND FROM THE FLOOR SURFACE. THE FOLLOWING FLOOR STRIPPER OR REMOVAL SOLUTION SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE FLOOR AT THE PROPER RATIO TO THOROUGHLY STRIP. CLEAN AND REMOVE ALL CURING COMPOUND RESIDUE: 1. KUREZ DR VOX (SLAB FIRST): EUCLID "EUCO CLEAN & STRIP" 1. KUREZ RC (SLAB LAST): EUĆLID "KUREZ OFF"
- 2.03 POLISHING PROCESS AND APPLICATION OF LIQUID DENSIFIER / SEALER: PRIOR TO APPLICATION, INSPECT INTERIOR SALES FLOOR SLAB TO ENSURE THAT SLAB IS CLEAN AND FREE OF DUST. GREASE, OILS, OR OTHER CONTAMINANTS THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THE PROPER APPLICATION AND PENETRATION OF THE LIQUID DENSIFIER AND SEALER.
- MOCK-UP TEST SLAB: THE FOLLOWING PROCESS IS PROVIDED AS A GUIDE. MANY FACTORS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO INTERIOR FLOOR SLAB FINISH, HARDNESS AND FLATNESS WILL DETERMINE THE INITIAL RESIN BOND DIAMOND TOOLING, INCLUDING ADDITIONAL GRINDING AND/OR POLISHING OPERATIONS REQUIRED TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED HEREIN. TRAINED APPLICATOR SHALL PROVIDE A MOCK-UP TEST SLAB. INCLUDING APPLICATION OF LIQUID DENSIFIER/SEALER TO A DESIGNATED AREA OF THE INTERIOR FLOOR SLAB (BACK OF BUILDING) USING THE SAME FOUIPMENT, RESIN BOND DIAMOND TOOLING, AND METHODS AS WILL BE USED TO POLISH THE INTERIOR FLOOR SLAB. INTERIOR SALES FLOOR POLISHING AND APPLICATION OF LIQUID DENSIFIER/SEALER SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL OWNER HAS ACCEPTED THE MOCK-UP TEST SLAB. VERIFY PRESENCE OF CURING AND SEALING COMPOUND BY APPLYING WATER TEST TO THE
 - a. IF WATER BEADS, CURING AND SEALING COMPOUNDS ARE PRESENT AND MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE SLAB. COMPLETELY REMOVE THE REMNANTS OF THE DISSIPATING OR REMOVABLE CURING COMPOUND FROM THE FLOOR SURFACE. THE FOLLOWING FLOOR STRIPPER OR REMOVAL SOLUTION SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE FLOOR AT THE PROPER RATIO TO THOROUGHLY STRIP, CLEAN AND REMOVE ALL CURING COMPOUND RESIDUE: "EUCO CLEAN & STRIP" BY EUCLID CHEMICAL b. IF WATER SOAKS INTO THE SURFACE INDICATING CURING AND SEALING COMPOUNDS
- ARE NOT PRESENT, MOVE TO STEP 3. GRINDING/POLISHING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH 200 GRIT RESIN BOND DIAMOND TOOLING TO VERIFY IF SURFACE WILL OPEN TO ACCEPT LIQUID DENSIFIER/SEALER. IF SLAB OPENS TO ACCEPT LIQUID DENSIFIER/SEALER. PROCEED WITH PROJECT JE SLAB DOES NOT OPEN DROP TO LOWER GRIT RESIN BOND DIAMOND TOOLING AND REPEAT (100 GRIT. 80 GRIT. 50 GRIT). FOLLOW PROCESS AND DROP RESIN BOND
- 3. ALL GRIND, HONE AND POLISH STEPS SHALL INCLUDE A 2 PASS PROCESS OVERLAPPING PREVIOUS PASS BY A MINIMUM OF 6"
- INITIAL GRIND AND HONE PROCESS: START INITIAL GRIND WITH APPROPRIATE RESIN BOND DIAMOND TOOLING AS DETERMINED

SURFACE OF SLAB.

- OPERATE MACHINES AT 400 SQUARE FEET AN HOUR (WALK PACE). WITH HIGH TO MAXIMUM DRUM AND HEAD SPEED (TYPICALLY 300 RPM ON DRUM AND 1250 RPM ON PLANETARIES).
- ONCE COMPLETED, CLEAN OPENED FLOOR THOROUGHLY, AND THEN APPLY EUCO DIAMOND HARD TO REJECTION. ALLOW THE SURFACE TO DRY.
- 4. RESIN BOND DIAMOND TOOLING SHALL BE INCREASED AT SAME OUTPUT RATES AND HEAD SPEEDS UP TO 400 GRIT HONING.

DIAMOND TOOLING AS NEEDED UNTIL SLAB ACCEPTS DENSIFIER.

- C. FINAL POLISHING PROCESS: CLEAN FLOOR AND MACHINE OF ACCUMULATED LAITANCE.
- 2. MOUNT 800 GRIT RESIN BOND DIAMOND TOOLING AND RUN MACHINES AT 300 SQUARE FEET AN HOUR PACE WITH DRUM AND HEAD SPEEDS AT HIGH TO MAXIMUM
- 3. APPLY EUCO DIAMOND HARD LIGHTLY AT 700 SQUARE FEET PER GALLON JUST PRIOR TO
- 4. CLEAN FLOOR AND BURNISH WITH 1500 GRIT DIAMOND PAD AT 500 SQUARE FEET PER HOUR WITH A 27" BURNISHER AT 2500 RPM.
- POLISH RESUILTS: PERFORM POLISHING PROCESS TO REACH A SPECIFIED OVERALL GLOSS VALUE (SOGV) OF ≥35 AS MEASURED WITH A HORIBA IG-320, AND A SPECIFIED MINIMUM GLOSS READING (SMGV) OF ≥30. THE APPROVED APPLICATOR SHALL TAKE FOUR GLOSS MEASUREMENT READINGS AT 90° FROM EACH OTHER, AND THEN AVERAGED FOR ONE READING AT EACH LOCATION. A MINIMUM OF 25 READINGS SHALL BE TAKEN THROUGHOUT THE INTERIOR SALES FLOOR. THE OVERALL MEASUREMENT SHALL BE REPORTED TO GENERAL CONTRACTOR WITHIN 24 HOURS OF THE POLISHING PROCESS. GLOSS SHALL BE CONSIDERED A QUANTITATIVE VALUE THAT EXPRESSES THE DEGREE OF REFLECTION WHEN LIGHT HITS THE CONCRETE FLOOR SURFACE. GLOSS MEASUREMENTS WILL BE TAKEN INDEPENDENT OF AMBIENT LIGHTING AND WILL BE TAKEN WITHIN A SEALED MEASUREMENT WINDOW LOCATED BENEATH THE TEST

DUSTING MINIMIZATION PROCESS TO BE PERFORMED ON ALL FLORIDA PROJECTS AND AS NEEDED AT OTHER LOCATIONS:

- A. DUSTING FLOOR: DUSTING IS AN ASPECT OF WEAK CONCRETE AT THE SURFACE OF A FLOOR OR SLAB. DUSTING (THE DEVELOPMENT OF A FINE, POWDERY MATERIAL THAT EASILY RUBS OFF THE SURFACE OF HARDENED CONCRETE), IS THE RESULT OF A THIN, WEAK SURFACE LAYER. CALLED LAITANCE. WHICH IS COMPOSED OF WATER. CEMENT. AND FINE PARTICLES. THIS LAITANCE, THE WEAKEST, MOST PERMEABLE AND LEAST WEAR-RESISTANT MATERIAL IS AT THE TOP SURFACE, EXACTLY WHERE THE STRONGEST, MOST IMPERMEABLE, AND MOST WEAR-RESISTANT CONCRETE IS NEEDED. IF IT IS DETERMINED THAT THE PROJECT FLOOR IS DUSTING, USE THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE TO HELP MINIMIZE A DUSTING SURFACE.
- 1. APPLICATION OF WATER-BASED MAGNESIUM SILICOFLUORIDE DUSTPROOFER AND DENSIFIER: a. COAT DILUTION
- 1ST COAT 1 PART SURFHARD TO 2 PARTS WATER
- 2ND COAT 1 PART SURFHARD TO 1 PART WATER
- 3RD COAT 2 PARTS SURFHARD TO 1 PART WATER b. COVERAGE RATE UNDILUTED SURFHARD
- DILUTED SURFHARI 1ST COAT 900 FT²/GAL (22.1 M²L) 300 FT²/GAL (7.4 M²l
- 2ND COAT: 400 FT²/GAL (9 8 M²L) 200 FT²/GAL (4.9 M²L) 3RD COAT: 225 FT²/GAL (5.5 M²L) 150 FT²/GAL (3.7 M²/L)
- SURFACE PREPARATION: THE SURFACE TO BE TREATED SHOULD BE CLEAN, FREE OF CURING COMPOUNDS, SEALERS, PAINT OR ANY OTHER CONTAMINANTS THAT COULD PROHIBIT PENETRATION OF SURFHARD. FOR BEST PERFORMANCE, CONCRETE SHOULD BE DRY BEFORE APPLYING SURFHARD. NEW CONCRETE SURFACES SHOULD BE AT LEAST 7 DAYS OLD PRIOR TO APPLICATION. EXTREMELY SOFT AND POROUS SURFACES SHOULD BE SATURATED WITH WATER PRIOR TO APPLICATION. WHEN THE SURFACE IS DRY, APPLY THE 1ST COAT OF SURFHARD AND PROCEED AS INDICATED UNDER PLACEMENT BELOW. THIS PRE-WETTING CONCENTRATES THE CHEMICAL AT THE TOP LEVEL OF THE CONCRETE. THE FINAL APPLICATION WILL HARDEN AT THE TOP SURFACE AND YIELD MAXIMUM WEARING AND RESISTANCE QUALITIES. IN SOME INSTANCES, OR IN SOME SELECTED AREAS, A SURFACE MAY REQUIRE AN ADDITIONAL APPLICATION OF UNDILUTED SURFHARD TO COMPLETE HARDENING AND DUSTPROOFING.
- MIXING: SURFHARD IS EASILY DILUTED IN WATER WITH MILD AGITATION.
- PLACEMENT: FLOOD EACH COAT OF SURFHARD ONTO THE SURFACE AND SPREAD WITH A SOFT FIBER BROOM, SQUEEGEE, OR MOP. ALLOW THE SOLUTION TO SOAK INTO THE CONCRETE FOR 10 TO 15 MINUTES AND REDISTRIBUTE ANY PUDDLES THAT REMAIN. TREATED SURFACES SHOULD BE THOROUGHLY DRY BETWEEN COATS. DRYING TIME MAY VARY FROM 4 TO 12 HOURS DEPENDING ON TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY, AND WHETHER THE CONCRETE IS INDOORS OR OUTDOORS. AS VARIOUS COATS OF SURFHARD ARE APPLIED, EACH SUCCEEDING COAT WILL YIELD INCREASED COVERAGE BECAUSE THE CONCRETE SURFACE IS IN THE PROCESS OF HARDENING. AFTER THE THIRD COAT THE FLOOR SHOULD BE THOROUGHLY FLUSHED WITH WATER AND SCRUBBED WITH A STIFF BROOM TO REMOVE ANY RESIDUAL MATERIAL. IF THE FLOOR SHOULD SHOW PATCHES OF WHITE UPON DRYING, IMMEDIATELY FLOOD WITH WATER AND SCRUB THE FLOOR WITH A MECHANICAL SCRUBBER, RINSE AND DRY. DO NOT ATTEMPT FURTHER TREATMENT.
- f. NOTE: ALL THREE COATS MAY NOT BE NECESSARY TO HARDEN THE FLOOR. IF THE FLOOR SHOULD SHOW PATCHES OF WHITE ON DRYING, IMMEDIATELY FLOOD WITH WATER AND SCRUB THE FLOOR WITH A MECHANICAL SCRUBBER, RINSE AND DRY. DO NOT ATTEMPT FURTHER

. APPLICATION OF PENETRATING EPOXY SEALER:

- a. CONCRETE SURFACE FIRST COAT SECOND COAT TROWELED SMOOTH 250 TO 300 (6.1 TO 7.4) 400 TO 600 (9.8 TO 14.7)
- b. MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS: A TWO COAT APPLICATION USING A COVERAGE RATE OF 200 FT2/GAL (4.9 M2/L) WILL REQUIRE APPROXIMATELY 5 GAL (18.9 L) OF MATERIAL PER 1000 FT2 (92.9 M2) OF AREA. TWO COATS ARE RECOMMENDED FOR BEST RESULTS. THE CONCRETE SURFACE TEXTURE GREATLY AFFECTS COVERAGE RATES AND FINAL APPEARANCE. DO NOT APPLY AT LESS THAN 150 FT2/GAL (3.7 M2/L). APPLY A SECOND COAT IF A THICKER FILM IS DESIRED. ALLOW THE FIRST COAT TO DRY TACK FREE (BUT WAIT NO MORE THAN 24 HOURS) BEFORE THE SECOND COAT IS APPLIED
- C. SURFACE PREPARATION: NEW CONCRETE MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 28 DAYS OLD AND POSSESS AN OPEN SURFACE TEXTURE WITH ALL CURING COMPOUNDS AND SEALERS REMOVED. THE CONCRETE MUST BE CLEAN AND SOUND. ALL OIL. DIRT. DEBRIS. PAINT AND UNSOUND CONCRETE MUST BE REMOVED. PRESSURE WASHING AND/OR POWER SCRUBBING IS RECOMMENDED. THE CONCRETE SURFACE CAN BE DAMP OR DRY AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION OF EUCO #512 VOX EPOXY SEALER. HOWEVER, BEST RESULTS ARE OBTAINED WHEN THE CONCRETE
- d. MIXING: ALL MATERIALS SHOULD BE IN THE PROPER TEMPERATURE RANGE OF 60°F TO 90°F (16°C TO 32°C). PRE-MIX PART A AND ADD THE ENTIRE CONTAINER OF PART B TO ALL THE PART A. MIX FOR 2 TO 3 MINUTES USING A MECHANICAL (DRILL) MIXER. THE EPOXY MUST BE WELL MIXED TO ENSURE PROPER CHEMICAL REACTION. AFTER MIXING, PLACE IMMEDIATELY.
- e. PLACEMENT: TO APPLY THE SEALER TO CONCRETE, USE A PUMP-UP OR AIRLESS SPRAYER FOR BEST RESULTS. A SHORT NAP ROLLER OR LAMB'S WOOL APPLICATOR MAY ALSO BE USED.
- f. CLEAN-UP: CLEAN TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT WITH WARM, SOAPY WATER BEFORE THE MATERIAL DRIES.

REVISIONS

Job no.

 -</t

CONCRETE

9/22/21