

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

A. DESCRIPTION OF WORK

1. The electrical contractor shall provide all labor, material, equipment, and tools necessary for demolition and removal of existing and the complete installation of the new electrical work, ready to use, as shown on the drawings or specified herein. Work shall include, but not be limited to the following:
- Furnish and install new conduit and wire.
 - Furnish and install new fuses, circuit breakers, panelboards etc.
 - Install new lighting fixtures as indicated.
 - Furnish & install new light fixtures as indicated.
 - Furnish & install new communications devices.

2. The exact location of all items shown on the electrical drawings is dependent upon field conditions. Review the plans and specifications for all parts and consult with other trades of this project for pertinent data on sizes, locations, wiring, etc., as required for a complete electrical installation.

3. The electrical contractor shall not attach to, cover up, or finish against any defective work, or install in a manner which will prevent proper installation of the work of other trades.

4. The electrical contractor shall warrant all work & material indicated on these electrical drawings for a period of 1 year from the date of final acceptance. Warranty shall include any additional labor or material required to repair or replace defective item.

B. CODES, PERMITS AND FEES

1. All work included by the drawings and specifications, together with all material (or equipment) furnished, shall comply with the latest published codes and standards listed insofar as such shall apply. All electrical items shall be new and UL labeled & listed.
2. The contractor shall secure all permits and pay all fees that are required by the applicable local and state codes.
3. Perform all work in accordance with the latest edition of applicable codes including, but not necessarily limited to those listed below:
- The National Electrical Code - sometimes referred to herein as the "NEC" - (NFPA-70)
 - National Electrical Safety Code (ANSI-C2)
 - All applicable state and local codes.
 - Applicable provisions of the Occupational Safety and Health Act.

C. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SUBMITTING A BID

1. The drawings represent the design for the listed manufacturers' requirements. If any substitutions are accepted by the engineer, this contractor shall be responsible for all necessary modifications, including cost, to the electrical system required because of the substituted equipment or material.

2. The electrical, mechanical, architectural, structural, and all other drawings as well as the specifications and addendums are part of the contract documents, any electrical requirements called for on other trades contract documents shall be included in the electrical bid.

3. Co-ordination & knowledge of local standards of utility companies is required to submit a bid. Any required deviation from the design by local utility shall be brought to the attention of the Architect or Engineer prior to submitting bid. No extra compensation will be awarded for adjustments to the design that are required by the local utility company.

4. The contractor shall visit the job site and become familiar with all existing conditions. Submission of a bid assumes the contractor has reviewed or accepts all field Conditions and existing conditions. No additional compensations shall be allowed for labor or material because of ignorance of these conditions before or after bid submission.

5. Discrepancies between the drawings or between the drawings and actual field conditions shall be brought to the attention of the architect and the engineer prior to submitting the bid. The more comprehensive and most expensive scope of work shall be considered for the electrical bid unless written clarification is provided by the architect and the engineer prior to submitting the bid.

D. RACEWAYS

1. EMT conduit shall be used in all interior locations which call for conduit unless noted otherwise. Conduits routed thru areas of significant temperature differences shall be provided with seal-off fittings to minimize condensation. Conduits penetrating fire walls shall be firestopped per NEC & Underwriters Laboratories.

2. Rigid PVC Schedule 40 shall be used for all underground or below slab conduit runs.

3. Heavy wall rigid steel conduit shall be used in exterior exposed applications. Provide 2 coats of rust inhibiting paint for exterior runs. Paint shall match surface conduit is attached to.

4. 'MC' cable may be used for all branch circuits located above ceilings or in wall cavities or exposed & attached to supports of suspended light fixtures as allowed by the National Electrical Code & the authority having jurisdiction. Cable shall be installed in a neat professional manner adhering to industry standards.

5. When power or control conductors are installed in a raceway, a green equipment grounding conductor shall be included in each raceway system and shall be sized as shown on the drawings or if not noted on the drawings, then in accordance with Table 250-95 of the NEC, or as indicated on the drawings if green insulation is not available, the grounding conductor shall be bare and clearly and permanently marked at all tap and terminating points by green "scotch" marking tape, code markers, or other approved means.

6. All conduit shall be securely fastened in full accordance and as directed by the latest edition of the National Electrical Code. In addition to the NEC requirements, conduit hangers, supports, or fastenings shall be provided at each elbow and at the end (within 6") of each straight run terminating at a box or cabinet.

7. Conduits or boxes may not be supported by ceiling support wires or other ceiling supporting hardware.

8. Horizontal and vertical conduit runs may be supported by one-hole malleable straps, clamp backs, or other approved devices with suitable bolts, expansion shields (where needed) or beam type clamps for mounting to building structure or special brackets.

9. The use of perforated iron for supporting conduits will not be permitted.

10. Conduit runs between outlets shall contain not more than the equivalent of three (3) quarter bends. Provide junction and/or pull boxes where shown on the drawings or as required, whether shown on the drawings or not. Pull boxes shall be approved for use in the area where they are to be installed. Pull boxes or junction boxes shall be provided in accordance with the following schedule:

- Straight runs - not over one hundred (100) feet apart.
- One (1) 90 degree bend - not over seventy five (75) feet apart.
- Two (2) or more 90 degree bends - not over fifty (50) feet apart.

11. In Class I and Class II hazard areas, as designated on the drawings, explosion-proof flexible metal conduit shall be used for all final conduit terminations at all motors and to all other devices subject to vibration or movement. This shall include all pendant mounted lighting fixtures and conduit runs at building expansion joints in Class I and Class II hazard areas. Electrical ground continuity shall be provided as noted above.

12. Telephone and data (including other special communication systems such as cable TV) conduits shall be a minimum of 3/4" in size unless noted otherwise, and shall run continuous from outlet to outlet and back to the main terminal board, or shall be stubbed into the ceiling space (6" above the ceiling) and provided with a plastic bushing. Bond conduit stub with a #10 bare copper conductor to the nearest electrical outlet box or continuous metal conduit body. Refer to plans for specific details about the routing of the conduits. All empty conduits shall be provided with a #10 pull wire.

13. Cables installed in plenums without conduit shall be UL classified for low flame resistance and low smoke properties with "FEP" Teflon or Halar insulation suitable for plenum applications per Article 760 of the N.E.C.

14. Conduits below grade shall be installed in conformance with:

- Provide all necessary trenching, backfill & removal of trenched material from site.

i. The bottom of the trench shall be undisturbed earth or thoroughly compacted fill. The contractor shall be responsible for such compaction. The bottom shall be free of projecting rocks or other foreign matter. Where muck or unstable ground is encountered in the bottom of the trench, it shall be excavated to a depth of at least 12in. below the bottom line of the ducts and replaced with pea gravel in the proper grade. Duct shall not be installed on or in frozen ground, sheeting or bracing shall be provided where necessary to protect the work or adjacent property. Shoring, bracing, and pea gravel shall be installed by the electrical contractor at no additional expense to the owner. Backfill shall consist of 3 inches of compacted sand below conduits and 12" above conduits. Clean screened fill shall be installed and compacted to 6" below final grade or as detailed in architectural specifications. Final grade patch shall be by E.C.

iii. Duct joints shall be sealed with waterproof joint compound. Ducts shall be supported at least 3in. above the trench bottom on plastic supports with spacing not exceed 6'. Before duct is placed, supports shall be aligned, set to grade, and placed in concrete to prevent movement when encasement is placed. Ducts shall be secured to supports and spacers placed for tied ducts.

iv. All secondary power service underground ducts shall be encased with 3000 psi concrete. All underground ducts shall be 4" in diameter schedule 40 rigid non-metallic (P.V.C.) ducts with ground wires, unless specifically indicated otherwise on the drawings. concrete encasement shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions of the general trades portion of the specifications.

v. Encasement shall be continuous monolithic pour providing a minimum of 3" completely around the ducts. Concrete shall not be poured directly on top of the ducts, but shall be poured from the sides and allowed to flow over the ducts.

vi. Bell ends shall be installed at duct terminations or as required by the power company. Fittings, couplings and other accessories, as recommended by the manufacturer, shall be provided and installed.

vii. Ducts shall be cleaned by rodding and brushing. It shall be the contractors responsibility to assure a full bore opening throughout the duct system.

E. FITTINGS FOR CONDUIT

1. Couplings and connectors for EMT, Die cast zinc, steel, or aluminum compression type. Set screw type will also be permitted. Approved manufacturers, Thomas & Betts, Steel City, O-Z Gedney.
2. Fittings for rigid plastic conduit: Polyvinyl chloride, joints solvent welded in field, providing continuity of mechanical strength and watertightness. Fittings and cement shall be produced by the same manufacturer as the conduit.
3. Fittings for rigid conduit: Cast or malleable iron bodies, zinc or cadmium plated, with full threaded hubs, screw covers and gaskets when located in areas requiring gaskets. Approved manufacturers: Crouse-Hinds, Pyle National, Appleton.

4. Couplings and connectors for flexible steel conduit: Malleable iron or steel, zinc or cadmium plated and shall fasten to the conduit by a clamping action around the periphery. Connectors for "liquid-tight" flexible conduit shall be approved for the purpose and maintain the liquid-tight feature of the installation. Approved manufacturers: Thomas & Betts, Steel City, O-Z Gedney.

5. Bushings: Grounding type, with insulating plastic insert; malleable iron, zinc or cadmium plated, for steel conduit and aluminum alloy for aluminum conduit. Install grounding type bushings as required in the grounding section of this specification.

6. Fittings for conduits : All conduit runs at building expansion joints shall be provided with O-Z type expansion fittings. Sizes shall be as dictated by the conduit size. A bonding jumper shall be securely connected to each conduit. Exterior exposed runs of PVC conduit shall be provided with expansion fittings at intervals not exceeding manufacturers recommendations.

7. Outlet, Pull, Terminal and Junction Boxes in Classified (Hazardous) Areas: Cast boxes shall be copper-free aluminum with integral hubs or box wall thickness sufficient for a minimum of five full tapered threads. Covers shall be screw-on bolt-on through 12" x 12" boxes and hinged removable bolt-on covers for larger boxes. Boxes other than outlet boxes shall be equipped with a breather drain and equipment grounding lug and all boxes shall be, as applicable, for installation in the particular classified (hazardous) areas which are designated on the drawings. Approved Manufacturers: Crouse-Hinds, Pyle-National, Appleton, Adaliet, O-Z Gedney, or Killark.

8. Conduit Fittings in Classified (Hazardous) Areas: Conduit seals and/or drain seals shall be installed in strict accordance with the NEC in classified (Hazardous) areas designated on the drawings, with special attention to the following:

- Entering or cross-connecting enclosures containing arcing or high temperature devices.
- Two-inch conduit and larger entering any enclosure.
- Passing from Division 1 to Division 2, from Division 2 to non-classified areas, with or without a barrier.
- Multi-conductor and shielded cables.

F. ELECTRICAL SUPPORTING DEVICES

1. Supports shall be suitable for the device or equipment to be mounted. All supports shall present a neat appearance, and shall be installed in such a way that they do not detract from the appearance of the space. Supports shall have adequate strength and shall be installed so as to properly support the device or equipment mounted on them.

2. Electrical supports shall be attached to the structure by one of the following methods:

- Wood - wood screws.
- Concrete - expansion bolts or cast in place anchors.
- Structural steel - approved brackets or machine bolts.

G. CONDUCTORS

1. Conductors shall be new, 600 volt, 90C, type XHHW, THHN or THWN insulation, stranded copper for feeders rated above 60 amps. Compact aluminum may be used for feeders of 150amps or higher. Minimum size shall be #12 AWG for runs of less than 100 feet total circuit length (out and back for single phase circuits and out only for three phase circuits with no neutral). Use #10 AWG for circuits longer than 100 feet. Other sizes shall be as noted. Control wiring may be #14 AWG. All 120 volt and 277 volt circuits shall have a dedicated neutral conductor. The neutral conductor shall be the same size as the phase conductor. All conductors shall be copper. The conductor sizes for feeders and branch circuits are designed to maintain a voltage drop of less than 5 percent, (2 percent for feeders and 3 percent for branch circuits)

2. Compression type lugs and connectors shall be used for all terminations and splices. All terminations shall be permanently identified and numbered, using "Brady" labels or other approved equal. Wire numbering shall be panelboard and circuit numbers. Also, all wiring which passes through junction or pull boxes shall be identified with appropriate numbers. When panelboard/circuit numbers are not appropriate for identification, the contractor shall assign a unique number and record this number on the construction set.

H. WIRING DEVICES

1. Provide wiring devices which are UL listed and which comply with NEMA WD 1 and other applicable UL and NEMA standards. Device color shall be white unless otherwise noted. Coverplate color shall match device color. Conform color selection with architect before purchasing and installing.

2. Receptacles: Devices shall be specification grade, NEMA 5-20R configuration. Duplex type, Hubbell Cat No. CFS362, single outlet type, Hubbell Cat No. CFS361, GFCI duplex, Hubbell Cat No. GR CFS362. Catalog numbers for Hubbell are shown for reference purposes and equivalent receptacles by other manufacturers as noted above are also approved. Receptacles shall comply with UL 498 and NEMA WD 1. Special receptacles not shown below shall be specification grade with Nema configuration as noted on the drawings.

3. Ground-fault interrupter (GFI or GFCI) receptacles as indicated above shall be designed for and installed in a 2-3/4 inch deep outlet box without adapter, grounding type, Class A, Group 1, per UL Standard 94.3.

4. Snap switches: Devices shall be specification grade quiet type, 20 A 120/277V, single pole Hubbell Cat No. CS1221, two pole Hubbell Cat No. CS1222, three pole, Hubbell Cat No. CS1223, and four pole, Hubbell Cat No. CS1224. Catalog numbers for Hubbell are shown for reference purposes and equivalent receptacles by other manufacturers as noted above are also approved. Devices shall be specification grade, quiet type ac switches, and shall comply with UL 20 and NEMA WD1.

5. Approved manufacturers for wiring devices:

Hubbell
P & S

6. Dimmer switches: solid state dimmer switches conforming to NEMA WD 1, mounted in outlet boxes. For incandescent fixtures; switch poles and wattage as indicated, 120 V, 60-Hz, continuously adjustable toggle, single-pole, with on-off switch. Equip with electromagnetic filter to eliminate noise, RF and TV interference. Dimmers to be Lutron "Nova T-Star" series for dimmers rated up to 1500 watts and "Nova" series for 2000 watts. Lighting switches shown adjacent to dimmers shall be Lutron "Nova T-Star" or standard "Nova" style to match dimmers and shall be provided with a single, one piece coverplate. Color shall be specified by architect.

7. Wiring device accessories

i. Wall plates: Single and combination, of types, sizes, and with ganging and cutouts as indicated. Provide plates and attachment screws which mate and match with wiring devices to which attached. Provide wall plates with engraved legend where indicated. Provide smooth nylon coverplates for finished areas, and galvanized steel plate for unfinished areas.

ii. Floor service outlets: Modular, above-floor service outlets and fittings of types and ratings indicated. Construct of die cast aluminum, satin finish. Use design compatible with floor outlet wiring methods indicated. Provide 20 Amperes, 125 Volts, gray duplex receptacles. NEMA configuration 5-20R where indicated. Provide with 3/4 inch or 1 inch NPT, 1 inch long, locking nipple for installation where compatible with wiring method.

8. Wiring device installation:

i. Install switches and receptacles in outlet boxes as specified elsewhere in this specification. Install single pole toggle switches so that the switch is on in the "up" position. Install receptacles with the U-shaped ground slot at the top or to the left.

ii. Duplex receptacles shall be wired with the neutral wire to the silver binding screw.

iii. These phase receptacles shall be wired such that all have the same phase sequence.

iv. The receptacles circuit and panel number shall be indicated on the inside of all outlet boxes, or directly on the conductors by means of a wire labeling system.

v. Combination switch/receptacle shall be installed in a two gang box with a combination switch/receptacle coverplate. Connect the receptacle to the lighting circuit ahead of the switch and locate the switch on the side of the box closest to the door. Note, this method is to be used only for 120 Volt lighting system. 277 Volt lighting switches and 120 Volt receptacles shall be located in separate boxes.

vi. Confirm final location of all wiring devices and outlet boxes with owner/architect prior to rough-in.

9. Wiring devices listed or noted on the drawings as weatherproof shall be provided with a cover which maintains the weatherproof integrity when the cover is closed. Receptacles noted as suitable for operation in a wet locations shall be provided with a cover which will allow the receptacle to remain operational during wet conditions with a plug inserted into the receptacle.

I. LIGHTING

i. Lighting Fixtures: see drawings for manufacturers catalog numbers.

2. Indoor Installation:

i. The Contractor shall refer to the Architectural drawings for ceiling type, construction and details of mounting. Adjust fixture trim ring as required for correct mounting in ceiling fixture to be installed. All fixtures shall be supported per NEC Article 410.

ii. Suspended ceiling systems shall be supported for fixture installation as noted above, and as a minimum condition, as noted in ANSI/ASTM C636-76, par. 2-7, CEILING FIXTURES.

iii. Install fixtures in accordance with the Architectural Reflected Ceiling Plans. Where substantial differences may occur between the Reflected Ceiling Plans and the Electrical Plans, inform the Architect/Engineer for resolution of the discrepancy.

iv. The Contractor shall coordinate fixture construction details with ceiling system in which they are installed, i.e.: support system dimensions, flanges where required, acoustical tile or pan pattern, etc.

v. Rows of fixtures shall be installed accurately as to line and level. Fixtures shall be securely mounted so that they will not be distorted by handling incidental to normal maintenance.

vi. Surface type fluorescent lighting fixtures mounted on acoustical ceiling must be coordinated with the Architectural drawings in order that a main "T" runner will be placed in the center of each fixture and/or each row of fixtures. Main "T" runner shall be of the same length as the lighting fixture and shall be supported to carry at least twice the weight of the lighting fixture.

vii. All fixtures shall be securely supported with approved hangers. Where fixtures will be installed in suspended ceilings, any Code-required additional ceiling supports as approved by the Architect, shall be provided by this Contractor.

viii. Provide supports for all lighting fixtures as detailed on the Drawings, as specified, or as required by the fixture specified. Fixtures installed in unfinished areas (areas including but not necessarily limited to warehouses, factory areas, manufacturing areas, office spaces without lay-in ceilings, and spaces above lay-in ceilings) shall not be fastened directly to the structure. In these cases, unistrut type channel along with the appropriate fasteners and clips shall be used to support the fixtures.

ix. Fixtures shall not hang directly from conduit boxes unless the boxes have been specifically designed for such purposes. These boxes shall be supported independent of the conduit system and shall not rely upon the conduit for support.

x. Lay-in troffers in suspended ceilings and surface type fixtures mounted to suspended ceilings shall be secured mechanically by screws, rivets, clips, etc. as per Article 410, NEC. Additionally, lay-in fixtures shall also be supported by two independent support wires running from diagonally opposite corners of the fixture to the overhead structure. Surface mount fixtures shall be additionally supported by means of at least two clips for each fixture which surround the T-bar and are tied to the overhead structure with a separate wire. The surface fixtures shall be secured to these clips.

xi. Plaster frames shall be furnished for each recessed fixture installed in plaster ceilings and walls.

xii. Pendant mounted fixtures shall utilize pipe stems to mount fixtures at elevations as noted on the drawings. Chains or cords will not be accepted. Wherever the mounting surface slopes, fixtures shall be provided with universal type fixture hangers to allow the fixture to hang plumb.

xiii. Fixtures shall be installed with due regard for beams, piping, ductwork, and other mechanical or plumbing equipment.

xiv. Branch circuit conductors shall be run in fluorescent fixture wiring channels only as permitted by the N.E.C. The Contractor shall be responsible for providing all necessary boxes and conduit for an approved installation.

xv. Where a modular wiring system is installed, all ceiling mounted recessed fluorescent lighting fixtures shall be furnished with suitable receptacles to match the modular wiring system furnished and installed by this Contractor. Each fixture shall be equipped to permit either single or multiple fixture circuit wiring as is appropriate for the fixture type.

xvi. When fixtures are installed in a fire proof ceiling, the fixture shall be U. L. listed to maintain the fire proof rating or the fixture shall be fire proofed by the electrical contractor using a U. L. accepted standard; see architectural drawings for ceiling ratings.

xvii. At the time of final inspection all fixtures and equipment shall be complete with all required glassware and/or reflectors, clean and free of defects. Any glass-ware, or reflectors, etc., which have defects shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense before final acceptance.

xiii. All lamps shall be in working order at the time of final acceptance of the work by the Owner and Architect/Engineer. This Contractor shall replace all defective lamps with new lamps until the work is finally accepted.

xix. Low voltage lighting transformers should be protected by fuses. Fuse sizes shall be as recommended by the transformer manufacturer. Busman type HRS or Lufftless 155020, fuse holders are recommended.

xx. Solid state transformers for low voltage lighting shall not be used for dimming applications unless the transformer and dimmer are a U. L. listed assembly specifically intended for the application.

3. Outdoor and Site Lighting Installation:

i. Site lighting luminaires shall be as called for on the drawings.

ii. Bases for site and roadway luminaires where required, shall be augered into the earth and concrete shall be poured into the augered hole without a sora tube below grade to allow the concrete to fill the natural crevices in the earth. Portion of base above grade shall be formed using a sornatube. Exposed portion of finished base shall be smoothed, and voids filled with grout.

iii. Bases shall have reinforcing steel as indicated on the contract drawings and shall be Class 'A' concrete.

iv. Anchor bolts for poles shall be performed for the pole bolt circle at the factory.

J. Panelboards

1. Panelboards for 480/277, 208/120, or 240/120 panels shall be dead front type, conforming to NEMA standard PB-1-171 and UL 67, and consisting of three phase, three or four wire solid neutral, main lugs or main overcurrent device as indicated, branch overcurrent devices as noted and equipment ground bar, all in a surface or flush mounted code gauge galvanized sheet steel cabinet as indicated. Enclosure to be NEMA 1 unless noted otherwise with primer and finish paint of the manufacturers standard. All busing shall be copper.

i. Standard enclosure shall be NEMA 1, unless noted otherwise, with primer and finish paint of the manufacturers standard. Cabinets shall be oversized where necessary to accommodate the entrance of several large conduits and/or when necessary to avoid overcrowding except cabinets for panels mounted flush shall be not more than 22 inches wide and 5-3/4 inches deep unless otherwise approved by the architect/engineer. All panels (branch & distribution style) within HFT space shall have trims that contain hinged doors and shall be equipped with flush chrome plated combination key locks and catches. Locks shall be all keyed alike and two keys furnished to the owner.

ii. Column-type enclosures shall be similar to the standard enclosure except panel shall be approximately 8-1/2 inches wide for mounting between building column webs as indicated, and provided with extension trough and pultrux with neutral bar when shown on the drawings.

iii. Where spaces are noted on the drawing, equip the panelboard with bus and all necessary hardware for future circuit breaker installation.

iv. Metal frame and plastic covered typewritten card shall be mounted inside each panel door.

Information entered onto the cards shall correspond to the circuit numbers as installed in the field.

2. Overcurrent Protective Devices

i. General use circuit breakers for panelboards shall be bolt-on molded plastic case type, 1, 2, or 3 pole, quick-make, quick-break, with trip-free operating handle, position indicating and thermal-magnetic trip device. Furnish 2 and 3 pole breakers with common operating handle and common trip mechanism. All circuit breakers used for switching applications shall be UL listed type "SWQ" for that application. All circuit breakers used for protection of motors, refrigeration equipment, or HVAC equipment shall be UL listed type "HACR" for that application.

ii. Circuit breakers furnished with panelboards shall conform to the following interrupting ratings (symmetrical) in amperes unless otherwise noted:

Voltage Rating	Trip Rating	No. of Poles	I.c. Amperes (Symmetrical)	Frame Size	
120	15-100 ampere	1	22,000	100 amp	
240	15-100 ampere	2&3	22,000	100 amp	
240	125-225 ampere	2&3	22,000	225 amp	
240	250-400 ampere	2&3	42,000	400 amp	
277	15-100 ampere	1	25,000	100 amp	
480	15-100 ampere	2&3	25,000	100 amp	
480	125-225 ampere	2&3	30,000	225 amp	
480	250-400 ampere	2&3	42,000	400 amp	
480	400-800 ampere	2&3	42,000	800 amp	

iii. Ground fault circuit interrupters shall be similar to general use circuit breakers specified; 15-20 ampere, 1 or 2 pole with 5ma sensitivity. Furnish when indicated on drawing.

iv. Fuses over 600 ampere shall be Busman Hi-cap time delay type KRP-2, or Gould Shawmut A4BQ (601-2000 ampere) or Gould Shawmut A4BY (2001-6000 ampere) 600 volt, UL Class I with minimum interrupting rating of 200,000 ampere rms symmetrical.

v. Fuses 600 ampere or below shall be Busman low-peak dual element type LPN-RK (250 volt) or LPN-RK (600 volt) or Gould Shawmut Amp-trap type A2K (250 volt) or ARK (600 volt) UL Class RK1 with minimum interrupting rating of 200,000 ampere rms symmetrical.

vi. Provide space circuit breakers installed in panelboards as indicated on the panel schedule as shown on the drawings. Provide 10% space (minimum of 3) of each type and rating of fuses installed.

3. Safety Switches

i. Provide fusible or non-fusible safety switches as indicated on the drawings. Switches shall be quick-make, quick-break, heavy duty visible blade type, horsepower and I squared T rated. Use NEMA 12 enclosures in factory areas, NEMA 1 enclosures in other indoor areas and NEMA 4X stainless steel type enclosures outside unless otherwise indicated on the drawings. Furnish three pole, single-throw switches unless otherwise indicated, with current and voltage ratings as indicated.

ii. Provide safety switches with an external operating handle interlocked with the cover door to prevent the door from being opened while the switch is in the "on" position except by operating an inconspicuous interlock defeating mechanism. Provide means for padlocking the operating handle in the "off" position. Equip switches with auxiliary contacts when indicated.

iii. Fuse clips shall be rejection type for fuses specified (up to 600 ampere). Fuses clips for 601 ampere to 6000 ampere shall be suitable for UL Class I fuses.

4. Transformers

i. Transformers shall be indoor dry, two winding, quiet type, with ventilated enclosure, conforming to NEMA standards, 220 degrees celcius insulation for continuous operation in a 40 degree celcius ambient temperature with a temperature rise not to exceed 80 degrees celcius. Provide a minimum of two 2-1/2% FCAN and four 2-1/2% FCBN taps in the primary winding for transformers over 25 KVA and a minimum of two 2-1/2% FCBN taps for transformers 25 KVA and below. Transformers 25 KVA through 75 KVA shall be designed for floor or wall mounting.

ii. Sound levels shall not exceed those established in ANSI standard C89 shown in the following table:

KVA	dB level
0-150	42

iii. Furnish transformers having voltage, KVA ratings and connections as indicated on the drawings.

5. Panelboard and Transformer Installation

i. Mount panelboards at uniform height throughout the building, and such that the top switch is not more than 79 inches above floor when measured to the center of the switch handle.

ii. Install handle guards on all breakers for night lighting, emergency, and similar circuits when indicated.

iii. Each panelboard shall be identified with a legend plate of laminated plastic inside the door for panelboards in finished areas and on the outside of panelboards in unfinished areas with the panel designation as shown on the drawings.

iv. Install not less than two spare 1-1/4 inch conduits from each flush mounted panel to an accessible area above the ceiling.

v. When branch circuits are not scheduled on the drawing, they shall be arranged to balance the phase loads on each panelboard and the loads shall be equally distributed on each of the phases of the panelboard.

vi. Mount panelboard, safety switches, and similar equipment securely to walls or steel supports. Equipment mounted on the building perimeter foundation walls shall be shimmed at least 1/4 inch from the wall to permit back ventilation.

vii. Provide supports for truss mounted and wall mounted transformers. All transformers which are mounted above panelboards shall be mounted away from the wall by an amount equal to the depth of the panelboard. The width of the panelboard shall also be maintained clear behind the transformer.

viii. Approved Manufacturers for Power Distribution Equipment:

General Electric Company	Siemens
Cutler Hammer/Westinghouse	Cleveland Switchboard Co.
Square D	

K. RACEWAY AND GENERAL GROUNDING

1. The entire power, lighting system as well as building structure, mechanical & plumbing systems, fences & similar metal objects shall be permanently and effectively grounded in accordance with the minimum requirements of the National Electrical Code, or as specified herein, whichever is the more stringent.

2. Ground conductors shall be stranded, annealed copper with green insulation (insulation material as specified for general building use).

3. The entire power and lighting system shall be permanently and effectively grounded including panels, starter enclosures, motor frames, and other exposed, non-current carrying parts of the electrical equipment. The equipment ground conductor shall be separate from the neutral conductor and shall not be used as a load current carrying conductor.

4. Any item covered by the preceding paragraph which is within six feet of grounded metal and not directly interconnected with the grounded metal shall have a flexible bare copper cable connection not smaller than #6 AWG to the grounding system.

5. Where building type conductors are installed in a raceway, a green equipment grounding conductor shall be included in each raceway system.

6. Lighting fixtures permanently connected to the