SECTION 220500 – GENERAL PLUMBING REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this and all Division 22 Sections.

1.2 PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

- A. All work under this title, on drawings or specified, is subject to the general and special contract conditions for the entire project, and the contractor for this portion of the work is required to refer especially thereto, and to the architectural drawings.
- B. Drawings are diagrammatic and specifications are complementary and must be so interpreted to determine the full scope of work under this heading. Wherever any material, article, operation or method is either specified or shown on the drawings, this contractor is required to provide each item and perform each prescribed operation according to the designate quality, qualification or condition, furnishing all necessary labor, equipment or incidentals.
- C. Wherever the designation "Architect" appears, it shall imply Architect or Engineer. Wherever the term "Contractor" or "PC" appears, it shall imply the Contractor responsible for Division 22, Plumbing Work.

1.3 CONFLICTS

- A. If, in the interpretation of contract documents, it appears that the drawings and specifications are not in agreement, the Contractor is to contact the Engineer. The Engineer shall be the final authority. Addenda supersede the provisions which they amend.
- B. In the absence of a written clarification by the engineer, the Contractor must install his work in accordance with the more stringent condition. Contractor assumes full responsibility for any and all items furnished and installed without the written approval by the Architect or Engineer.

1.4 DIMENSIONS, LAYOUTS AND OBSTACLES

- A. Verify dimensions and elevations from actual field measurements after building construction has sufficiently progressed.
- B. Assume full and final responsibility for the accuracy of any or all work performed under this Division and make repairs and corrections as required or directed at no extra cost to the Owner.
- C. Layouts of piping and equipment shown on drawings are diagrammatic and shall be construed as such. DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS. Contractor shall field verify all existing conditions prior to fabrication and installation of material. It is recommended that the contractor verify all existing conditions prior to submitting a proposal. Lack of field verification does not constitute a basis for additional monies during construction. Contractor assumes full responsibility for completeness of installation including coordination of work with other trades.
- D. Make actual installations in accord with said layouts, but with necessary deviations as directed or required by job conditions and field measurements in order to produce a thoroughly integrated and practical installation. Make deviations only with specific approval of the Engineer/Architect.
- E. Take particular care to coordinate all work under this Division to prevent conflict and remove and relocate work as may be made necessary by such conflict at no extra cost to the Owner.
- F. Unless expressly permitted by the Engineer/Architect or shown otherwise on the Drawings, all piping and similar items shall be installed so that they are concealed except as permitted by the Engineer/Architect in service rooms noted on the Drawings.
- G. Fixtures and equipment may be relocated six (6) feet in any direction from locations indicated on plans, before roughing-in, with no change in contract price.

1.5 REVIEW OF MATERIAL

- A. Items specified have been checked by the Engineer for performance and space limitation.
- B. In order for Engineer to consider "equal", Contactor must certify by letter that he has checked the product for conformance to specifications and space limitations and assumes full responsibility thereafter.

- C. Substitutions are defined as any manufacturer and/or model not indicated in drawings or specifications. Requests for substitutions must be made in writing ten (10) days prior to bid date so that an addendum may reach all contractors.
- D. If substitutions are proposed after the bids are received, the Contractor shall state amount of credit to the Owner for substitution. Substitutions that are considered equal by the Contractor and carried in bid without approval by Engineer shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Engineer and/or Owner shall not be made liable or responsible for losses incurred by the Contractor, due to the rejection of said items for installation.
- E. Where equipment requiring different arrangement or connections other than as indicated is acceptable, it shall be the responsibility of this Contractor to furnish revised layouts, and install the equipment to operate properly and in harmony with the intent of the drawings and specifications. All changes in the work required by the different arrangement shall be done at no additional cost to the Owner, including but not limited to structural steel modifications. Control and power wiring modifications required by Contractor, imposed modifications, and the additional cost of these modifications, shall be the responsibility of this Contractor.

1.6 PERMITS, CODES AND ORDINANCES

- A. The Contractor shall arrange and pay for all permits, inspections, etc., as required by local utilities or applicable agencies.
- B. All work and material shall be in complete accordance with the ordinances, regulations, codes, etc., of all political entities exercising jurisdictions.

1.7 COORDINATION WITH OTHER TRADES

- A. Check plumbing work with all other trades.
- B. Anticipate and avoid interferences with other trades.
- C. Take particular care to coordinate all piping, ductwork, plumbing and major electrical components above ceiling, to prevent conflict. Remove and relocate work as may be made necessary by such conflict, at no extra cost to the Owner.
- D. Obtain decision for approval from project Engineer for proposed group installation before proceeding, and for clearance in structure and finish of the building.
- E. Running piping over electrical equipment and in elevator machine rooms is prohibited.

F. The Contractor shall coordinate with, receive and install, Owner furnished equipment where indicated.

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Delivery of Materials: Make provisions for delivery and safe storage of all materials. Check and properly receipt material to be "furnished by others" to contractor and assume full responsibility for all materials while in storage with full visible identification and information.

1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Coordination: Field verify existing conditions that will determine exact locations, distances, levels, dimensions, elevations, etc. Review all drawings of other trades and report any conflicts to the Architect/Engineer which will affect the project cost. Lack of field verification does not constitute a basis for additional monies during construction. Contractor assumes full responsibility for completeness of installation including coordination of work with other trades.

1.10 MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORT

A. Contractor is responsible for providing all miscellaneous support components necessary for properly supporting equipment including hangers, rods, anchors, steel, etc. PRODUCTS (not used)

PART 2 - EXECUTION

2.1 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written installation, operations and maintenance instructions for general installation requirements and procedures.

END OF SECTION 220500

SECTION 220502 - PLUMBING DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Description of Work: Provide plumbing removal work as indicated and as required for removal and/or abandonment of systems, equipment and fixtures, etc. made obsolete by this Project, and as required for removal and remodeling by other trades.

1.2 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- A. General: In general, existing plumbing systems, equipment and fixtures are not shown on the Drawings unless pertinent to the demolition and/or remodeling work. Existing conditions, where indicated, are based on casual field observations and/or historical plans prepared as part of original building fit-out, and must be verified. Report any discrepancies to the Engineer before disturbing the existing installation.
- B. Examination: Prior to bidding, examine the site to determine all actual observable conditions. No additional compensation will be granted on account of extra work made necessary by the Contractor's failure to investigate such existing conditions.

1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Adjoining Areas: It is expected that the Contractor understands that adjoining areas of the building (or project site) must remain in operation and mechanical systems and services must remain in operation at all times, unless specifically approved otherwise.
- B. Scheduling: Plumbing removal work shall be scheduled in conjunction with the other trades. Contractor cooperation will be expected under all conditions.
- C. Area Limits: Construction traffic and removal of debris will be limited to specific areas and routes. Confirm with the Owner.

1.4 ADJACENT MATERIALS

A. Protection: During execution of removal work, primary consideration shall be given to protecting from damage, building structure, furnishings, finishes and the like, which are not specifically indicated to be removed.

B. Repairs: Existing items or surfaces to remain, which are damaged as a result of this work shall be refinished, repaired or replaced to the satisfaction of the Owner, at no cost to the Contract.

1.5 TRANSIENT SERVICES

- A. Locate and identify any and all plumbing services passing through the project area which serve areas outside the work limits.
- B. Maintain all plumbing services to areas outside the work limits unless specifically authorized otherwise in writing by the Engineer or Owner's Representative. When transient services must be interrupted, provide temporary services for affected areas outside the work limits.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Patching: Materials used for patching shall be in conformance with the applicable sections of the Project Manual. Where materials are not specifically described, but required for proper completion of the Work, they shall be as selected by the Contractor, subject to approval of the Engineer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION/VERIFICATION

- A. Inspection: Before commencing work of this Section, carefully inspect the project site and become familiar with existing systems and conditions.
- B. Items to be Salvaged: Verify with the Engineer and Owner's Representative, all systems, materials and equipment which are to be salvaged, and those which must be removed. The Owner reserves the right to salvage any or all existing plumbing materials and equipment at the project site.

3.2 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate removal work with other trades, where applicable.

3.3 DEMOLITION

- A. General: Remove plumbing equipment, piping, fixtures and related materials within the project work limits, as indicated.
- B. Disconnections: Disconnect all plumbing work located in walls, ceilings or floors scheduled for removal. Disconnect plumbing connections equipment being removed by other trades.
- C. Protection: Perform all removal work in such a manner so that damage to adjacent items and surfaces is minimized.
- D. Patching: When plumbing materials are removed, patch and finish surfaces to remain to match surrounding surfaces.

3.4 EXISTING PLUMBING WORK TO REMAIN

- A. General: Protect and maintain access to existing plumbing work which must remain. Reinstall existing plumbing work where disturbed.
- B. Reconnections: Where plumbing work in adjoining areas or plumbing work indicated to remain, becomes disconnected or affected by demolition work, reconnect as required, to restore original operation. Restoration work to comply with requirements for new work.

3.5 EXISTING PLUMBING WORK TO BE RELOCATED

A. General: Disconnect, remove, reinstall and reconnect existing equipment indicated to be relocated and where require to accommodate remodeling or new construction. Extend existing installations as required. Materials and methods used for relocations and extensions to conform to requirements for new work.

3.6 SHUTDOWNS

A. General: All shutdowns to existing plumbing services to be scheduled and approved, in writing, by the Owner.

3.7 DISPOSITION OF EXISTING MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

A. Items to Salvage: Material and equipment which is indicated (or directed by Owner) to be salvaged, shall be carefully removed and stored where directed on the site.

- B. Items to Reuse/Relocate: Carefully remove and store on site, all material and equipment indicated to be reused or relocated. Thoroughly clean, and make any necessary minor repairs to such equipment, prior to installation.
- C. Items to Remove: Remove and legally dispose of all other materials and debris resulting from demolition work on a daily basis.

3.8 CLEANING

A. Remove from the Project Site all dirt, dust and debris resulting from removal operations daily. Refuse shall not be allowed to block or otherwise impair circulation in corridors, stairs, sidewalks, roadways or other traffic areas.

END OF SECTION 220502

SECTION 220529 – SUPPORTS AND SLEEVES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Perform all Work required to provide and install supports, hangers, anchors, sleeves and bases for all pipe, duct, equipment, system components and accessories, indicated by the Contract Documents with all supplementary items necessary for complete, code compliant and approved installation

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. The latest published edition of a reference shall be applicable to this Project unless identified by a specific edition date.
- B. All reference amendments adopted prior to the effective date of this Contract shall be applicable to this Project.
- C. All materials, installation and Workmanship shall comply with the applicable requirements and standards addressed within the following references:
 - 1. International Plumbing Code.
 - 2. International Fuel Gas Code.
 - 3. ASME B31.2 Fuel Gas Piping.
 - 4. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping.
 - 5. ASTM F708 Design and Installation of Rigid Pipe Hangers.
 - 6. MSS SP58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design and Manufacturer.
 - 7. MSS SP69 Pipe Hangers and Supports Selection and Application.
 - 8. MSS SP89 Pipe Hangers and Supports Fabrication and Installation Practices.
 - 9. MSS SP-90 Guidelines on Terminology for Pipe Hangers and Supports.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Materials and application of pipe hangers and supports shall be in accordance with MSS-SP-58 and SP-69 unless noted otherwise.
- B. Support and sleeve materials and installation shall not interfere with the proper functioning of equipment.

- C. Contractor shall be responsible for structural integrity of all hangers, supports, anchors, guides, inserts and sleeves. All structural hanging materials shall have a minimum safety factor of five.
- D. Installer Qualifications: Utilize an installer experienced in performing Work of this Section who is experienced in installation of Work similar to that required for this Project and per the minimum requirements of MSS SP-89. Field welding of supports shall be by certified welders qualified in accordance with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX using welding procedures per the minimum requirements of MSS SP-58.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's catalog data including code compliance, load capacity, and intended application.
- B. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures and assembly of components.
- C. Shop Drawings: Submit detailed Drawings of all shop or field fabricated supports, anchors and sleeves, signed and sealed by a qualified State of New York registered professional engineer. Indicate size and characteristics of components and fabrication details and all loads exceeding 750 pounds imposed on the base building structure.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with manufacturer's ordering instructions and lead time requirements to avoid construction delays.
- B. Deliver materials in manufacturer's original, unopened, undamaged containers with identification labels intact. Maintain in place until installation.
- C. Store materials protected from exposure to harmful weather conditions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL

A. All materials shall meet or exceed all applicable referenced standards, federal, state and local requirements, and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.

2.2 MANUFACTURERS

A. Hangers and Supports:

- 1. Anvil International.
- 2. Kinder.
- 3. Cooper B-Line.
- 4. C & S Mfg. Corp.
- 5. Hubbard Enterprises/Holdrite.
- 6. National Pipe Hanger Corporation.
- 7. Power Strut.

2.3 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. General:

- 1. Refer to individual system and equipment Specification Sections for additional support requirements. Comply with MSS SP-69 for support selections and applications that are not addressed within these Specifications.
- 2. Utilize hangers and supports to support systems under all conditions of operation, allowing free expansion and contraction, and to prevent excessive stresses from being introduced into the structure, piping or connected equipment.
- 3. All pipe supports shall be of the type and arrangement to prevent excessive deflection, to avoid excessive bending stresses between supports, and to eliminate transmission of vibration.
- 4. Design hangers to impede disengagement by movement of supported pipe.
- 5. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Space attachments within maximum piping span length indicated in MSS SP-69. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, guides, strainers, and expansion joints, and at changes in direction of piping.
- 6. Wire or perforated strap iron will not be acceptable as hanger material.
- 7. Hanger rods shall be threaded on both ends, threaded one end, or continuous threaded, complete with adjusting and lock nuts.
- 8. Fasteners requiring explosive powder (shooting) or pneumatic-driven actuation are not acceptable.
- 9. Plastic anchors or plastic expansion shields will not be permitted under any circumstances.
- 10. Hangers and clamps supporting and contacting individual non-insulated brass or copper lines shall be copper or copper plated. Where non-insulated brass or copper lines are supported on trapeze hangers or channels, the pipes shall be isolated from these supports with approved flexible elastomeric/thermoplastic isolation cushion

- material to completely encircle the piping and avoid contact with the channel or clamp. Plastic tape is not acceptable.
- 11. Hangers and clamps supporting and contacting glass piping shall be in accordance with the piping manufacturer's published recommendations and shall be fully lined with minimum 1/4 inch neoprene padding. The padding material and the configuration of its installation shall be submitted for approval.
- 12. Hangers and clamps supporting and contacting plastic piping shall be in accordance with the piping manufacturer's published recommendations and shall be factory coated or padded to prevent damage to piping.
- 13. Field fabricated supports shall be constructed from ASTM A36/A36M, steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D-1.1.
- B. Finishes: All ferrous hangers, rods, inserts, clamps, stanchions, and brackets on piping within interior non-corrosive environments, shall be dipped in Zinc Chromate Primer before installation. Rods may be galvanized or cadmium plated after threading, in lieu of dipping zinc chromate. All hangers and supports exposed to the weather, including roofs and building crawl space areas, shall be galvanized or manufactured from materials that will not rust or corrode due to moisture.

C. Vertical Piping:

- Supports for vertical riser piping in concealed areas shall utilize double bolt riser clamps, with each end having equal bearing on the building structure at each floor level.
- 2. Supports for vertical riser piping at floor levels in exposed areas shall be attached to the underside of the penetrated structure utilizing drilled anchors, two hanger rods (sized as specified), and socket clamp with washers.
- 3. Two-hole rigid pipe clamps or four-hole socket clamps with washers may be used to support pipe directly from adequate structural members where floor-to-floor distance exceeds required vertical support spacing and lines are not subject to expansion and contraction.
- D. Trapezes: Where multiple lines are run horizontally at the same elevation and grade, they may be supported on manufactured channel, suspended on rods or pipes. Trapeze members including suspension rods shall be properly sized for the quantity, diameters, and loaded weight of the lines they are to support.
- E. Fixture and Equipment Service Piping:
 - 1. Piping at local connections to plumbing fixtures and equipment shall be supported to prevent the weight of the piping from being transmitted to fixtures and equipment.
 - 2. Makeshift, field-devised methods of plumbing pipe support, such as with the use of scrap framing materials, are not allowed. Support and positioning of piping shall be

- by means of engineered methods that comply with IAPMO PS 42-96. These shall be Hubbard Enterprises/Holdrite support systems, C & S Mfg. Corp. or approved equivalent.
- 3. Supports within chases and partitions shall be corrosion resistant metal plate, clamps, angles or channels, and aligned with structure in the vertical or horizontal position. Plastic supports are not allowed without written approval.
- 4. Horizontal supports within chases and partitions that are attached to studs shall be attached at both ends. Drywall shall not be relied upon to support the piping.
- 5. Supports for plumbing fixture water service piping within chases and partitions may be attached to cast iron drain and vent pipe with approved brackets and pipe clamps.
- 6. Piping exposed on the face of drywall shall be supported with corrosion resistant metal channels that are attached to wall studs. Drywall shall not be relied upon to support the piping.
- 7. Piping supported from the floor shall utilize corrosion resistant metal channels or brackets that are anchored to the floor slab.
- 8. All water piping shall be isolated from building components to prevent the transmission of sound.
- 9. All copper or brass lines shall be isolated from ferrous metals with dielectric materials to prevent electrolytic action. Plastic tape is not an acceptable isolation material.

F. Inserts:

- 1. Cast-in-place concrete inserts shall comply with MSS-SP-69, U.L. and F.M. approved, and sized to suit threaded hanger rods.
- 2. Inserts shall have malleable iron case with galvanized steel shell and expander plug for threaded connection with lateral adjustment, top slot for reinforcing rods, lugs for attaching to forms; size inserts to suit threaded hanger rods. Suitable concrete inserts for pipe and equipment hangers shall be set and properly located for all pipe and equipment to be suspended from concrete construction. If the inserts are later found not to be in the proper location for the placement of hangers, then drilled anchors shall be installed. Drilled anchors in concrete or masonry shall be submitted for the approval.
- 3. Manufactured inserts for metal deck construction shall have legs custom fit to rest in form valleys.
- 4. Shop fabricated inserts shall be submitted and approved by Owner prior to installation.
- 5. Inserts shall be of a type that will not interfere with structural reinforcing and that will not displace excessive amounts of structural concrete.
- G. Pipe Shields: Provide pipe shields in accordance with insulation manufacturer's published recommendations. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39 protection saddles, if insulation

without vapor barrier is indicated. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40 protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier.

H. Housekeeping Pads:

- 1. Provide minimum 4 inch reinforced concrete pads with chamfered corners and equipment bases for all outdoor equipment on grade, floor mounted equipment in main central plant area, mechanical rooms, areas with floors below grade, penthouse equipment rooms, floor mounted air handling units, and where shown on Drawings.
- 2. Housekeeping pads shall extend minimum of 4 inch on all sides beyond the limits of the mounted equipment unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Provide galvanized anchor bolts for all equipment placed on concrete pads or on concrete slabs of the size and number recommended by the equipment manufacturer.

2.4 THROUGH PENETRATIONS

A. General:

- 1. Seal penetrations through all rated partitions, walls and floors with U.L. tested assemblies to provide and maintain a rating equal to or greater than the partition, wall or floor.
- 2. Inside diameter of all sleeves or cored holes shall provide sufficient annular space between outside diameter of pipe or insulation to allow proper installation of required fire and water proofing materials and allow for movement due to expansion and contraction.
- 3. Exposed ceiling, floor and wall pipe penetrations within finished areas (including exterior wall faces) shall be provided with chrome plated, brass or stamped steel, hinged, split-ring escutcheon with set screw or snap-on type. Inside diameter shall closely fit pipe outside diameter or outside of pipe insulation where pipe is insulated. Outside diameter shall completely cover the opening in floors, walls, or ceilings. In exterior, damp, or corrosive environments, use Type 302 stainless steel escutcheons.

B. Floor Pipe Penetrations:

- 1. Seal penetrations through all floors to provide and maintain a watertight installation.
- 2. Sleeves cast in the slab for pipe penetrations shall be Schedule 40 steel, ASTM A53, with 2 inch wide annular fin water-stop continuously welded at midpoint. Entire assembly shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication. Water-stop shall be same thickness as sleeve.

- 3. Cored holes in the slab for pipe penetrations shall be provided with a Schedule 40 steel, ASTM A53, sleeve with 2 inch wide annular fin water-stop continuously welded at point on sleeve to allow countersinking into slab and waterproofing. Entire sleeve assembly shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication. Water-stop shall be same thickness as sleeve.
- 4. All sleeves shall extend a minimum of two inches above finished floor.
- 5. Where job conditions prevent the use of a sleeve that extends two inches above the slab, Link-Seal mechanical casing seals manufactured by Thunderline Corporation may be installed to provide a watertight penetration. Mechanical casing seals can be used only for relatively small diameter pipe penetrations. Verify that slab thickness allows proper installation of the link-seal assembly and the required fire stopping prior to applying this exception.

C. Wall Penetrations:

- 1. Where piping passes through non-rated partition, close off space between pipe and construction with gypsum wallboard and repair plaster smoothed and finished to match adjacent wall area.
- 2. Pipe penetrations through interior rated partitions shall be provided with adjustable prefabricated U.L. listed fire rated galvanized sheet metal sleeves having gauge thickness as required by wall fire rating, 20 gauge minimum. EXCEPTION: When U.L. Listed assembly does not require a sleeve,
- 3. Pipe penetrations through exterior walls and walls below grade shall be provided with "Link-Seal" mechanical casing seal manufactured by Thunderline Corporation.

D. Flashing:

- 1. Coordinate flashing material and installation required for pipe roof penetrations with Owner and roofing Contractor.
- 2. Provide acoustical flashing around pipes penetrating equipment rooms, with materials and installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for sound control.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Conduct a pre-installation meeting prior to commencing Work of this Section to verify Project requirements, coordinate with other trades, establish condition and completeness of substrate, review manufacturer's installation instructions and manufacturer's warranty requirements.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Installation shall meet or exceed all applicable federal, state and local requirements, referenced standards and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Application, sizing and installation of piping, supports, anchors and sleeves shall be in accordance with manufacturer's printed installation instructions.
- C. Provide for vertical adjustments after erection and during commissioning, where feasible, to ensure pipe is at design elevation and slope.
- D. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal movement of piping systems, permitting freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- E. Install hanger so that rod is vertical under operating conditions.
- F. Supports, hangers, anchors, and guides shall be fastened to the structure only at such points where the structure is capable of restraining the forces in the piping system.
- G. The load and spacing on each hanger and/or insert shall not exceed the safe allowable load for any component of the support system, including the concrete that holds the inserts. Reinforcement at inserts shall be provided as required to develop the strength required. Contractor shall be responsible for engaging a structural engineer as required for design and review at support systems.
- H. Do not hang pipe or any item directly from a metal deck or locate on the bottom chord of any truss or joist unless approved by the Structural Engineer of Record.
- I. All supports shall be designed and installed to avoid interference with other piping, hangers, ducts, electrical conduit, supports, building structures, equipment, etc.
- J. Piping supports shall be independent from other supports. Combining supports is not permitted.
- K. Provide all supporting steel required for the installation of plumbing equipment and materials, including angles, channels, beams, etc. to suspended or floor supported tanks and equipment. All of this steel may not be specifically indicated on the Drawings.
- L. Piping supports shall be designed and installed to allow the insulation to be continuous through the hangers.
- M. Adjustable clevis hangers shall be supported at rods with a nut above and below the hanger.

- N. All hanger rods shall be trimmed neatly so that 1 inch of excess hanger rod protrudes beyond the hanger nut. In the event a rod is intentionally but temporarily left excessively long (for sloped or insulated lines for example), the Contractor shall take appropriate measures to protect the pipe or other materials from damage.
- O. Install hangers to provide minimum ½ inch space between finished covering and adjacent structures, materials, etc.
- P. Horizontal and vertical piping in chases and partitions shall be supported to prevent movement and isolated from the supports to prevent transmission of sound.
- Q. Locate hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
- R. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
- S. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping. Riser piping is defined as vertical piping extending through more than one floor level.
- T. Support riser piping at each floor level and provide additional supports where floor-tofloor distance exceeds required vertical support spacing. Installation of riser clamps and welded steel riser supports shall not allow weight of piping to be transmitted to floor sleeves.
- U. Steel Bar Joists: Hanger rods shall be secured to angle irons of adequate size; each angle shall span across two or more joists as required to distribute the weight properly and shall be welded or otherwise permanently fixed to the top of joists.
- V. Steel Beams: Where pipes and loads are supported under steel beams, approved type beam clamps shall be used.
- W. Mechanical Sleeve Seal Installation: Select type and number of sealing elements required for pipe material and size. Position pipe in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between pipe and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

X. Flashing:

1. Coordinate all roof flashing with requirements of Division 07.

Y. Pipe Shields:

- 1. Provide shields at each hanger supporting insulated pipe.
- 2. Provide shields of the proper length to distribute weight evenly and to prevent compression of insulation at hanger.

- 3. Install shield so that hanger is located at the center of the shield.
- 4. Attach shield to insulation with adhesive to prevent slippage or movement.

Z. Equipment Anchor Bolts:

1. Foundation bolts shall be placed in the forms when the concrete is poured, the bolts being correctly located by means of templates. Each bolt shall be set in a sleeve of sufficient size to provide ½ inch clearance around bolt.

END OF SECTION 220529

SECTION 220553 - PLUMBING IDENTIFICATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Equipment labels.
- 2. Pipe labels.
- 3. Valve tags.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with locations of access panels and doors.
- C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EQUIPMENT LABELS

A. Plastic Labels for Equipment:

- 1. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- 2. Letter Color: White
- 3. Background Color: Black
- 4. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 180 deg F.
- 5. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- 6. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger

- lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
- 7. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- 8. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- B. Label Content: Include equipment's Drawing designation or unique equipment number, Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules), and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified.
- C. Equipment Label Schedule: For each item of equipment to be labeled, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate equipment identification number and identify Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules) and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified. Equipment schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

2.2 WARNING SIGNS AND LABELS

- A. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- B. Letter Color: White
- C. Background Color: Red
- D. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 180 deg F.
- E. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- F. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
- G. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- H. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- I. Label Content: Include caution and warning information plus emergency notification instructions.

2.3 PIPE LABELS

- A. General Requirements for Manufactured Pipe Labels: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing flow direction.
- B. Pretensioned Pipe Labels: Precoiled, semirigid plastic formed to cover full circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe without fasteners or adhesive.
- C. Self-Adhesive Pipe Labels: Printed plastic with contact-type, permanent-adhesive backing.
- D. Pipe Label Contents: Include identification of piping service using same designations or abbreviations as used on Drawings, pipe size, and an arrow indicating flow direction.
 - 1. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions or as separate unit on each pipe label to indicate flow direction.
 - 2. Lettering Size: At least 1-1/2 inches high.

2.4 VALVE TAGS

- A. Valve Tags: 1-1/2 inch diameter, stamped or engraved with 1/4-inch letters for piping system abbreviation and 1/2-inch numbers.
 - 1. Tag Material: Brass, 0.032-inch minimum thickness, and having predrilled or stamped holes for attachment hardware.
 - 2. Fasteners: Brass wire-link or beaded chain; or S-hook.
- B. Valve Schedules: For each piping system, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate valve number, piping system, system abbreviation (as shown on valve tag), location of valve (room or space), normal-operating position (open, closed, or modulating), and variations for identification. Mark valves for emergency shutoff and similar special uses.
 - 1. Valve-tag schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Clean piping and equipment surfaces of substances that could impair bond of identification devices, including dirt, oil, grease, release agents, and incompatible primers, paints, and encapsulants.

3.2 PIPE LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Locate pipe labels where piping is exposed or above accessible ceilings in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior exposed locations as follows:
 - 1. Near each valve and control device.
 - 2. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
 - 3. Near penetrations through walls, floors, ceilings, and inaccessible enclosures.
 - 4. At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed piping.
 - 5. Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
 - 6. Spaced at maximum intervals of 50 feet along each run. Reduce intervals to 25 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.
 - 7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced labels.

3.3 VALVE TAG INSTALLATION

A. Install tags on valves and control devices in piping systems, except check valves; valves within factory-fabricated equipment units; faucets; convenience and lawn-watering hose connections; and similar roughing-in connections of end-use fixtures and units. List tagged valves in a valve schedule.

END OF SECTION 220553

SECTION 221000 - PLUMBING PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Provide materials and installation for complete plumbing systems, within and to five feet beyond building perimeter unless noted otherwise on Contract Drawings; Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping, Storm Drain Piping, Domestic Water Piping, Domestic Water Valves, Testing and other normal parts that make the systems operable, code compliant and acceptable to the authorities having jurisdiction.

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. The latest published edition of a reference shall be applicable to this Project unless identified by a specific edition date.
- B. All reference amendments adopted prior to the effective date of this Contract shall be applicable to this Project.
- C. All materials, installation and workmanship shall comply with the applicable requirements and standards addressed within the following references:
 - 1. New York State Plumbing Code.
 - 2. ANSI/NSF Standard 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects.
 - 3. ANSI/NSF Standard 372 Lead Content in domestic water systems

1.3 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer's name and pressure rating shall be permanently marked on valve body.
- B. The Contractor shall notify the manufacturer's representative prior to installing any copper press fittings. The Contractor shall obtain the representative's guidance in any unfamiliar installation procedures. The manufacturer's representative of copper press fittings shall conduct periodic inspections of the installation and shall report in writing to the Contractor and Owner of any observed deviations from manufacturer's recommended installation practices.
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company shall have minimum three years documented experience specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section.

D. Installer Qualifications:

- 1. Company shall have minimum three years documented experience specializing in performing the work of this section.
- 2. All installers of copper press fittings shall be trained by the fitting manufacturer's appointed representative. Written notification of training shall be submitted to Owner prior to any installation.
- E. Special Engineered products shall be certified by NSF International as complying with NSF 14.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data:

- 1. Code and Standards compliance, manufacturer's data for pipe, fittings, valves and all other products included within this specification section.
- 2. Manufacturer's installation instructions.

B. Record Documents:

- 1. Record actual locations of valves, etc. and prepare valve charts.
- 2. Test reports and inspection certification for all systems listed herein.
- 3. Provide a certificate of completion detailing the domestic water system chlorination procedure.
- 4. Submit proposed location of access panels which vary from quantities or locations indicated on Contract Drawings.

C. Operation and Maintenance Data:

1. Include components of system, servicing requirements, Record Drawings, inspection data, installation instructions, exploded assembly views, replacement part numbers and availability, location and contact numbers for service.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. All materials shall be new, undamaged, and free of rust.
- B. Accept valves on Site in shipping containers and maintain in place until installation.
- C. Provide temporary protective coating and end plugs on valves not packaged within containers. Maintain in place until installation.
- D. Provide temporary end caps and closures on pipe and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.

- E. Protect installed piping, valves and associated materials during progression of the construction period to avoid clogging with dirt, and debris and to prevent damage, rust, etc. Remove dirt and debris and repair materials as work progresses and isolate parts of completed system from uncompleted parts.
- F. Protect all materials that are to be installed within this project from exposure to rain, freezing temperatures and direct sunlight. EXCEPTION: Materials manufactured for exterior locations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL

- A. All materials shall meet or exceed all applicable referenced standards, federal, state and local requirements, and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Provide materials as specified herein and indicated on Contract Drawings. All materials and work shall meet or exceed all applicable Federal and State requirements and conform to adopted codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Pressure ratings of pipe, fittings, couplings, valves, and all other appurtenances shall be suitable for the anticipated system pressures in which they are installed.
- D. All materials within domestic water distribution systems that may come in contact with potable water delivered shall comply with ANSI/NSF standard 61.

2.2 SANITARY WASTE AND VENT AND STORM DRAINAGE PIPING

A. BELOW GRADE SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

- 1. Hub-and-Spigot, Cast-Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings.
 - a. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 74, Service Weight.
 - b. Gaskets: ASTM C 564, rubber.

B. ABOVE GRADE SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

- 1. Hubless, Cast-Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings.
 - a. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.
 - b. CISPI, Hubless-Piping Couplings:

- c. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and CISPI 310.
- d. Description: Stainless-steel corrugated shield with stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.
- C. Pipe and fittings shall be manufactured as a system and be the product of one manufacturer.
- D. All pipe and fittings shall be manufactured in the United States. All systems shall utilize a separate waste and vent system. Pipe and fittings shall conform to National Sanitation Foundation Standard 14.
- E. All P-traps for floor drains, floor sinks and hub drains shall be deep-seal type.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Before commencing work, check final grade and pipe invert elevations required for drain terminations and connections to ensure proper slope.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipes and tubes. Remove burrs, scale and dirt, inside and outside, before assembly. Remove foreign material from piping.
- B. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Installation shall meet or exceed all applicable federal, state and local requirements, referenced standards and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. All installation shall be in accordance with manufacturer's published recommendations.

C. General

1. Care shall be exercised to avoid all cross connections and to construct the plumbing systems in a manner which eliminates the possibility of water contamination.

- 2. Install all materials and products in accordance with manufacturer's published recommendations. Use tools manufactured for the installation of the specific material or product.
- 3. Wipe all paste residue and excess solder from all solder joints.
- 4. Heat generated by soldering procedures shall not be transmitted to valves, copper alloy roll groove fittings, copper press fittings, no-hub clamps, or any other components installed within the piping system that may be damaged due to high temperatures. Contractor shall take all precautions necessary, including utilizing wet wrapping or allowing heated piping to cool to ambient temperature before attachment.
- 5. Pipe joints, flanges, unions, etc., shall not directly contact or be encased in concrete, or be located within wall, floor or roof penetrations.
- 6. Grooved Joints: Pipe ends shall be clean and free from indentations, projections and roll marks in the area from pipe end to groove for proper gasket sealing. The gasket style and elastomeric material shall be verified as suitable for the intended service as specified. Flexible couplings only to be used for expansion loops, pump trim and where approved by the engineer. A factory trained representative shall provide on-site training for contractor's field personnel in the use of grooving tools, application of groove, and product installation. All groove depths shall be checked manually or by grooving tool (RG5200i). A Victaulic representative shall periodically visit the job site and review installation.
- 7. Route piping in direct orderly manner and maintain proper grades. Installation shall conserve headroom and interfere as little as possible with use of spaces. Route exposed piping parallel to walls. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- 8. Install piping to allow for expansion and Contraction without stressing pipe, joints or connected equipment.
- 9. Furnish all supports required by the piping included in this specification section.
- 10. Penetrations through fire rated walls, floors and partitions shall be sealed to provide a U.L. rating equal to or greater than the wall, floor or partition.
- 11. Seal all penetrations through floors, air and water tight.
- 12. Each plumbing pipe projecting through roof shall be installed in accordance with Contract Specifications and Drawings. Penetrations shall be sealed air and water tight. Refer to details on Contract Drawings and coordinate with General Contractor for flashing requirements.
- 13. Furnish and install all necessary valves, traps, gauges, strainers, unions, etc. for each piece of equipment (including Owner furnished equipment) having plumbing connections, to facilitate proper functioning, servicing and compliance with code.
- 14. Provide code-approved transition adapters when joining dissimilar piping materials. Adaptors installed shall be manufactured specifically for the particular transition.
- 15. All piping shall have reducing fittings used for reducing or increasing where any change in the pipe sizes occurs. No bushing of any nature shall be allowed in piping.

- 16. Close nipples shall not be installed in plumbing piping systems.
- 17. Buried piping shall be supported throughout its entire length.
- 18. All excavation required for plumbing work is the responsibility of the plumbing Contractor and shall be done in accordance with Contract Documents.
- 19. Piping shall be insulated in accordance with Contract Documents.
- 20. Provide clearance for installation of insulation and for access to valves, air vents, drains, unions, etc.
- 21. Provide dielectric isolation device where non-ferrous components connect to ferrous components. Devices shall be dielectric union, coupling or dielectric flange fitting.
- 22. All piping shall be isolated from building structures, including partition studs, to prevent transmission of vibration and noise.
- 23. Isolate all bare copper pipe from ferrous building materials. Tape is not an acceptable isolator.

D. Drainage and Vent Systems

- 1. Installation shall comply with the latest installation instructions published by the manufacturer and shall conform to all local plumbing, building, and fire code requirements.
- 2. Systems shall be hydrostatically tested after installation.
- 3. Slope drainage lines uniformly at 1/4" per foot, for lines 3" and less, and 1/8" per foot for larger lines, unless noted otherwise on Contract Drawings. Maintain gradients through each joint of pipe and throughout system.
- 4. Buried pipe shall be laid on a smoothly graded, prepared subgrade soil foundation true to alignment and uniformly graded. Bell holes shall be hand-excavated so that the bottom of the pipe is in continuous contact with the surface of the prepared subgrade material. Piping invert shall form a true and straight line.
- 5. The size of drainage piping shall not be reduced in size in the direction of flow. Drainage and vent piping shall conform to the sizes indicated on the Contract Drawings. Waste lines from water closets shall not be smaller than four inches. Under no circumstances shall any drain or vent line below slab be smaller than two inches.
- 6. Unburied horizontal drain piping shall be supported at least at every other joint except that when the developed length between supports exceeds four feet, they shall be provided at each joint. Supports shall also be provided at each horizontal branch connection and at the base of each vertical rise. Supports shall be placed immediately adjacent to the joint. Suspended lines shall be braced to prevent horizontal movement. Unburied vertical drain piping rising through more than one floor level shall be supported with riser clamps at each floor level.
- 7. All unburied change of direction fittings within the storm drainage system shall be braced against thrust loads that might result in joint separation due to dynamic

- forces caused by sudden, heavy rainfall conditions. Bracing shall incorporate galvanized steel pipe clamps and tie rods.
- 8. Provide cleanouts within sanitary waste systems at locations and with clearances as required by the code, at the base of each waste stack and at intervals not exceeding 75 feet in horizontal runs.
- 9. Provide cleanouts at the base of each vertical downspout and at intervals not exceeding 75 feet in horizontal building storm drain. Provide clearances as required by code.
- 10. A removable sink or lavatory p-trap with cleanout plug shall be considered as an approved cleanout for 2" diameter pipe.
- 11. All interior cleanouts shall be accessible from walls or floors. Provide wall cleanouts in lieu of floor cleanouts wherever possible. A floor cleanout shall be installed only where installation of a wall cleanout is not practical.
- 12. Provide a wall cleanout for each water closet or battery of water closets. Locate wall cleanouts above the flood level rim of the highest water closet but no more than twenty-four inches above the finished floor.
- 13. Coordinate the location of all cleanouts with the architectural features of the building and obtain approval of locations from the Project Architect.
- 14. Lubricate cleanout plugs with anti-seize lubricant before installation. Prior to final completion, remove cleanout plugs, re-lubricate and reinstall using only enough force to provide a water and gas tight seal.
- 15. Install trap primer supply to floor drains, hub drains and floor sinks that are susceptible to trap seal evaporation and where indicated on Project Drawings. Primer unit installation shall comply with manufacturer's published recommendations. Trap primer lines shall slope to drain at a minimum 1/4" per foot.
- 16. Capped waste and vent connections for future extensions shall be located accessibly and not extend more than 24" from active main. Waste connections and vent connections shall be located at elevations that will allow future installation of properly sloped piping without the need to dismantle or relocate installed ductwork, piping, conduit, light fixtures, etc.
- 17. Locate all sanitary vent terminals a minimum of 25 feet horizontally from or 3 feet vertically above all air intakes, operable windows, doors and any other building openings.
- 18. Wastewater when discharged into the building drainage system shall be at a temperature not higher than 140°F. When higher temperatures exist, approved cooling methods shall be provided.
- 19. Provide spring loaded type check valves on discharge of water pumps.
- 20. Provide accessible check valves in the individual cold and hot water fixture supply lines serving mixing valve type faucets or assemblies having hose connection outlets that are not equipped with integral check stops.
- 21. Install a shutoff valve immediately upstream of each strainer.
- 22. Install domestic hot water return circuit balancing valves where indicated on Contract Drawings and locate a minimum of five pipe diameters downstream and

- three pipe diameters upstream of all fittings and/or line shut-off valves. Location of valves shall allow unobstructed access for monitoring and adjustment.
- 23. Adjust and set domestic hot water return circuit balancing valves to flows indicated on Contract Drawings and in accordance with valve manufacturer's published instructions. Use flow meter recommended by valve manufacturer.
- 24. Provide a temperature gauge, strainer, union and line shut-off valve upstream of each hot water return circuit balancing valve.

3.4 TESTING AND CLEANING

A. General

- 1. Equipment, material, power, and labor necessary for the cleaning, flushing, sterilization, inspection and testing of systems covered within this Specification Section shall be furnished by the Plumbing Contractor.
- 2. All new and parts of existing altered, extended, or repaired plumbing system piping shall be tested and inspected for leaks and defects. Piping being tested shall not leak nor show any loss in test pressure for duration specified.
- 3. In cases of minor installation and repairs where specified water and/or air test procedures are deemed impractical, Contractor shall obtain written approval from Owner's Representative to perform alternate testing and inspection procedures. Alternate testing and inspection procedures for minor installation and repairs shall include visual evaluation of installed components by Owner's Representative during a simulation of use.
- 4. The water utilized for tests shall be obtained from a potable source of supply.
- 5. Prepare testing reports. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each segment, complete with diagram or clear description of applicable portion of piping. After inspection has been approved or portions thereof, certify in writing the time, date, name and title of the persons reviewing the test. This shall also include the description of what portion of the system has been approved. Obtain approval signature by Owner's Representative. A complete record shall be maintained of all testing that has been approved and shall be made available at the job Site. Upon completion of the work, all records and certifications approving testing requirements shall be submitted to the Owner's Representative before final payment is made.
- 6. Verify systems are complete, flushed and clean prior to testing. Isolate all equipment subject to damage from test pressure. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. Leave piping uninsulated, uncovered and unconcealed until it has been tested and approved. Where any portion of piping system must be concealed before completion of entire system, the portion shall be tested separately as specified for the entire system prior to concealment. Contractor shall expose all untested covered or concealed piping.

- 7. Gauges used for testing shall have increments as follows:
 - a. Tests requiring a pressure of 10 psi or less shall utilize a testing gauge having increments of 0.10 psi or less.
 - b. Tests requiring a pressure of greater than 10 psi but less than or equal to 100 psi shall utilize a testing gauge having increments of 1 psi or less.
 - c. Tests requiring a pressure of greater than 100 psi shall utilize a testing gauge having increments of 2 psi or less.
- 8. Separately test above and below ground piping.
- 9. Do not introduce test water into piping systems when exposure to freezing temperatures is possible.
- 10. Do not introduce test water into sections of piping located above existing sensitive areas and/or equipment that may be damaged or contaminated by water leakage. Coordinate with Owner's Representative to determine areas and/or equipment considered as being sensitive.
- 11. Defective work or material shall be reworked and replaced, and inspection and test repeated. Repairs shall be made with new materials. Pipe dope, caulking, tape, dresser couplings, etc., shall not be used to correct deficiencies.
- 12. The Contractor shall be responsible for cleaning up any leakage during flushing, testing, repairing and disinfecting to the original condition any building parts subjected to spills or leakage.

B. Drainage and Vent System

- 1. Subject gravity drainage and vent piping and joints to a vertical water column pressure of at least ten feet. If after 15 minutes the level of the water has been lowered by leakage, the leaks must be found and stopped and the water level shall again be raised to the level described and the test repeated until, after a 15 minute retention period, there shall be no perceptible lowering of the water level in the system being tested. EXCEPTION: Portions of drainage and vent piping located on uppermost level of building shall be subjected to a water column pressure created by filling the system to point of overflow at roof vent terminals and roof drains. The pipes for the level being tested shall be filled with water to a verifiable and visible level as described above and be allowed to remain so for 15 minutes.
- 2. Should the completion of these tests leave any reasonable question of a doubt relative to the integrity of the installation, additional tests or measures shall be performed to demonstrate the reliability of these systems to the complete satisfaction of the Owner's Representative.
- 3. Test plugs must extend outside the end of pipe to provide a visible indication for removal after the test has been completed.

END OF SECTION 221000

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SECTION 221030 – PLUMBING SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Provide all materials and installation for plumbing specialties and other normal components that make the systems complete, operable, code compliant and acceptable to the authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Within building domestic water, sanitary waste and storm drainage systems; floor drains and cleanouts.
- C. This Section includes the following plumbing specialties:
 - 1. Floor Drains.
 - 2. Cleanouts.

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. The latest published edition of a reference shall be applicable to this Project unless identified by a specific edition date.
- B. All reference amendments adopted prior to the effective date of this Contract shall be applicable to this Project.
- C. All materials, installation and workmanship shall comply with the applicable requirements and standards addressed within the following references:
 - 1. New York State Plumbing Code.
 - 2. ANSI/NSF Standard 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects.
 - 3. ANSI/NSF Standard 372 Lead Content in domestic water systems
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- E. UL Compliance: UL 778 for motor-operated water pumps.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. All materials shall be new, undamaged, and free of rust. Protect installed products and associated materials during progression of the construction period to avoid clogging

with dirt, and debris and to prevent damage, rust, etc. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.

B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company shall have minimum three years documented experience specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section.

C. NSF Compliance:

1. Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components - Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9."

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data:

1. Provide Code and Standards compliance, component dimensions, service sizes and finishes.

B. Record Documents:

- 1. Manufacturer's certification documentation for backflow preventers.
- 2. Submit proposed location of access panels which vary from quantities or locations indicated on Contract Drawings.
- 3. Provide full written description of manufacturer's warranty.
- 4. Record actual locations of plumbing specialties installed.

C. Operation and Maintenance Data:

- 1. Include testing procedures for backflow preventers, adjustment procedures for water pressure regulating valves.
- 2. Include installation instructions, exploded assembly views. servicing requirements, inspection data, installation instructions, spare parts lists, replacement part numbers and availability, location and contact numbers for service, for all plumbing specialties installed.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Accept specialties on site in shipping containers and maintain in place until installation.
- B. Provide temporary protective coating and end plugs on valves not packaged within containers. Maintain in place until installation.
- C. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work and isolating parts of completed system.

D. Protect all materials before and after installation from exposure to rain, freezing temperatures and direct sunlight. EXCEPTION: Materials manufactured for installation within exterior environments.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL

- A. All materials shall meet or exceed all applicable referenced standards, federal, state and local requirements, and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Provide plumbing specialties as indicated and scheduled on the Contract Drawings and as specified herein. All materials and work shall meet or exceed all applicable Federal and State requirements and conform to adopted codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Pressure and temperature ratings of plumbing specialties shall be suitable for the anticipated system pressures and temperatures in which they are installed.
- D. All materials within domestic water distribution systems that may come in contact with the potable water delivered shall comply with ANSI/NSF Standard 61.
- E. All brass and bronze plumbing specialties within domestic water distribution systems that may come in contact with the potable water delivered shall certified lead free and have no more than 15% zinc content.
- F. Specialties of same type shall be product of one manufacturer.

2.2 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following for each type:
 - 1. Floor Drains: Wade, Zurn, Smith, Josam.
 - 2. Wall/Floor Cleanouts: Wade, Zurn, Smith, Josam.

2.3 FLOOR DRAINS (FD)

A. Standard: ASME A112.6.3

- B. All floor drains shall be furnished and installed with all options and accessories required for a waterproof installation within the particular construction in which they are to be mounted.
- C. Each floor drain shall be provided with a deep-seal p-trap and trap guard unless noted otherwise.
- D. Floor drains installed for general floor area drainage within toilet rooms and other finished spaces shall have cast iron body with flange, adjustable top and sediment bucket, integral reversible clamping collar, seepage openings, 1/2" plugged primer tap, and 6" diameter stainless steel strainer with vandal proof screws.
- E. Floor drains installed for general floor area drainage and light to medium flow indirect equipment discharge within mechanical rooms shall have cast iron body with plugged 1/2" primer tap, integral clamping collar, seepage openings, adjustable 6" round top, 4" pipe connection and 11-1/2" diameter ductile iron loose set tractor grate.
- F. All floor drains shall be as sized on Contract Drawings.

2.4 CLEANOUTS:

- A. Cleanouts shall be the same nominal size as the pipe they serve up to four inches. For pipes larger than four inches nominal size, the size of cleanouts shall be six inches.
- B. Cleanouts shall have tapered cast brass or bronze plug providing gas and watertight seal.
- C. Interior floor cleanouts shall have scoriated, adjustable top. Provide carpet marker when installed in areas to be covered by carpet.
- D. Exterior cleanouts at grade shall have scoriated cast iron top.
- E. Wall cleanouts shall be provided with stainless steel access covers of adequate size to allow rodding of drainage system. Wall cleanouts incorporating cover screws that extend completely through the access plug are not acceptable.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Coordinate cutting and forming of roof and floor construction to receive drains with General Contractor.

B. Verify location of equipment and housekeeping pads prior to installation of floor drains. Relocation due to misplacement shall be at Contractor's expense.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General

- 1. Installation shall meet or exceed all applicable federal, state and local requirements, referenced standards and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Install plumbing specialties in accordance with manufacturer's published instructions.

B. Drains and Cleanouts

- 1. Extreme care shall be used to set the top elevation of floor drains and floor sinks to meet the low point elevation of the finished floor.
- 2. Pipe connections to roof drains, above grade floor drains and floor sinks shall not directly contact or be encased in concrete.
- 3. Final mounting of interior cleanout top or access cover shall be set flush with the finished floor or wall surface. Lubricate threaded cleanout plugs with mixture of graphite and linseed oil.
- 4. Encase exterior cleanouts within 14" x 14" x 6" thick reinforced concrete pad. Set top flush with finished grade surface.
- 5. Locate cleanouts with required clearance for rodding of drainage system.

END OF SECTION 221030

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SECTION 221429 - SUMP PUMPS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Submersible high temperature sump pump
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 7 Section "Firestopping" for fire resistive penetrations.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, construction materials, and furnished specialties and accessories.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For pumps and controls, to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: UL/CSA listed.
- B. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 778 for motor-operated water pumps.
- 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
 - A. Retain shipping flange protective covers and protective coatings during storage.
 - B. Protect bearings and couplings against damage.
 - C. Comply with pump manufacturer's written rigging instructions for handling.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 HIGH TEMPERATURE SUBMERSIBLE SUMP PUMPS

- A. Submersible, Fixed-Position, High Temperature Sump Pumps:
 - 1. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested sump-pump unit.
 - 2. Pump Type: Submersible, end-suction, single-stage, close-coupled, overhung-impeller, centrifugal sump pump as defined in HI 1.1-1.2 and HI 1.3.
 - 3. Pump Casing: Cast iron, with strainer inlet, legs that elevate pump to permit flow into impeller, and vertical discharge for piping connection.
 - 4. Impeller: Statically and dynamically balanced, ASTM B 584, cast bronze design for clear wastewater handling, and keyed and secured to shaft.
 - 5. Pump and Motor Shaft: Steel with factory-sealed, grease-lubricated ball bearings.
 - 6. Seal: Mechanical.
 - 7. Motor: Hermetically sealed, capacitor-start type; with built-in overload protection; lifting eye or lug; and three-conductor, waterproof power cable of length required and with grounding plug and cable-sealing assembly for connection at pump.
 - a. Motor Housing Fluid: Oil.
 - 8. Temperature Rating: Rated for continuous contact up to 200°F.
 - a. High temperature liquid-tight conduit used with high temperature cable.
 - b. High temperature motor windings.
 - c. High temperature Viton gaskets
 - d. High temperature thermal overload protected

9. Controls:

- a. Enclosure: NEMA 250, Type 1; wall mounted.
- b. Switch Type: Mechanical-float type, in NEMA 250, Type 6 enclosures with mounting rod and electric cables.
- c. Automatic Alternator: Start pumps on successive cycles and start multiple pumps if one cannot handle load.
- d. High-Water Alarm: Rod-mounted, NEMA 250, Type 6 enclosure with mechanical-float switch matching control and electric bell; 120 V ac, with transformer and contacts for remote alarm bell.

10. Control-Interface Features:

a. Remote Alarm Contacts: For remote alarm interface.

- b. Building Automation System Interface: Auxiliary contacts in pump controls for interface to building automation system and capable of providing the following:
 - 1) On-off status of pump.
 - 2) Alarm status.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. Provide union and check valve at pump discharge.
- C. Install piping adjacent to equipment to allow service and maintenance.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Tests and Inspections:

- 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection.
- 2. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
- 3. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
- 4. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- B. Pumps and controls will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

3.3 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Perform startup service.
 - 1. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust pumps to function smoothly, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Adjust control set points.

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END OF SECTION 221429