Issued for Bid: January 26, 2023

# PROJECT MANUAL

VOLUME 01 OF 01: DIVISIONS 00-26

# Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project

• Cornwall Public Library

SED# 44-03-01-06-6-009-006

The design of this project conforms to applicable provisions of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code the New York State Energy Conservation Construction Code and the Manual of Planning Standards of the New York State Education Department





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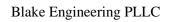
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Engineer
Blake Engineering PLLC
1898 County Route 1
Westtown, NY 10998
PH: 845-820-3431

Project Information Cornwall Public Library 395 Hudson Street Cornwall, NY 12518 PH: 845-534-8282

#### Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project

Cornwall Public Library

SED#44-03-01-06-6-009-006

The Owner, the Cornwall Public Library, will receive sealed bids to furnish materials and labor to complete the HVAC Replacement Project, as noted above. Each bid shall be on a stipulated sum basis for the following contract(s):

Contract No. 01 – Mechanical Construction (MC)

Contract No. 02 – Electrical Construction (EC)

Contract No. 03 – Plumbing Construction (PC)

Contract No. 04 – General Construction (GC)

Contract No. 05 – General Construction – Staff Room Renovations (SRR)

Two copies of sealed bids in an envelope on which is clearly stated the contract number and title will be received until **3:00 pm** on **February 23, 2023,** at <u>Cornwall Public Library</u>, 395 Hudson Street, Cornwall, NY 12518. Bids received after this time will not be accepted and returned to Bidder unopened. Bids will be opened publicly and read aloud after specified receipt time. All interested parties are invited to attend.

Complete digital sets of Bidding Documents, drawings and specifications, may be obtained online beginning **January 26, 2023,** as a download at the following website: <a href="www.revplans.com">www.revplans.com</a> under 'public projects.'

Complete sets of Bidding Documents, Drawings and Specifications, may be obtained from REVplans, 28 Church Street, Unit 7, Warwick, NY 10990 Tel: 1-877-272-0216, upon depositing the sum of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each combined set of documents. Checks or money orders shall be made payable to **Cornwall Public Library.** Plan deposit is refundable in accordance with the terms in the Instructions to Bidders to all submitting bids. Any bidder requiring documents to be shipped shall make arrangements with the printer and pay for all packaging and shipping costs.

Please note REVplans (<a href="www.revplans.com">www.revplans.com</a>) is the designated location and means for distributing and obtaining all bid package information. Only those Contract Documents obtained in this manner will enable a prospective bidder to be identified as an official plan holder of record. The Provider takes no responsibility for the completeness of Contract Documents obtained from other sources. Contract Documents obtained from other sources may not be accurate or may not contain addenda that may have been issued.

All bid addenda will be transmitted to registered plan holders via email and will be available at <a href="https://www.revplans.com">www.revplans.com</a>. Plan holders who have paid for hard copies of the bid documents will need to make the determination if hard copies of the addenda are required for their use and coordinate directly with

the printer for hard copies of addenda to be issued. There will be no charge for registered plan holders to obtain hard copies of the bid addenda.

Each Bidder must deposit a Bid Security in the amount and form per the conditions provided in Instructions to Bidders. All Bids will remain subject to acceptance for forty-five (45) days after the Bid Opening. Owner may, in its sole discretion, release any Bid and return Bid Security prior to that date.

A full performance bond, together with labor and material payment bonds in form acceptable to Owner, shall be required of the successful Bidder for the full contract amount.

The award of bid pursuant to this notice is subject to appropriation of funds for this purpose in accordance with the applicable provisions of the General Municipal Law. All bids must meet the requirements of the General Municipal law of the State of New York and all other applicable statues and have attached a statement of non-collusion. All documents submitted in connection with this bid will become the property of the Cornwall Public Library, and the library will not return bids or bid documents.

A Pre-Bid Conference will be held on **Friday, February 3, 2023** at **1:00 pm**, at **Cornwall Public Library, 395 Hudson Street, Cornwall, NY.** Use this page to verify identification as a Bidder. Attendance at this meeting is requested as the Owner and Engineer will be present to discuss the Project. Attendees should anticipate a Q & A session, followed by a walk-thru of the respective spaces/buildings. The Engineer will transmit to all listed Bidders record of Addenda in response to clarifications arising from the Conference.

Bids shall not include New York State sales and compensating use taxes on materials and supplies incorporated into the Work, the Owner being exempt therefrom. The Bidders must comply with New York State Department of Labor Prevailing Wage Rate Schedule and conditions of employment.

The Cornwall Public Library reserves the right to waive any informality in submitted bids, reject any or all bids, and to award contracts on its determination of the lowest responsible bidder.

By Order of: Cornwall Public Library

END OF SECTION 001113

#### SECTION 002113 - INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

#### **PART 1 - DEFINITIONS**

- A. Bidding Documents include the Bidding Requirements and the proposed Contract Documents. The Bidding Requirements consist of the Invitation to Bid, Instruction to Bidders, the Bid Form, Supplementary Bid Forms and other sample bidding and contract forms.
- B. Contract Documents include the Contract Forms between the Owner and Contractor, Contractor's executed Bid Form and executed Supplementary Bid Forms, Conditions of the Contract (General, supplemental and other Conditions), Drawings, Specifications and all Addenda issued prior to execution of the Contract.
- C. Definitions set forth in the General Conditions of the Contract of Construction, or in other Contract Documents are applicable to the Bidding Documents.
- D. Addenda are written or graphic instruments issued by the Engineer prior to the execution of the Contract which modify or interpret the Bidding Documents by additions, deletions, clarifications or corrections.
- E. A Bid is a complete and properly executed proposal to do the Work for the sums stipulated therein, submitted in accordance with the Bidding Documents.
  - 1. Wherever the word "Bid" occurs in the documents, it refers to Bidders Proposal.
- F. The Base Bid is an amount stated in the Bid for which the Bidder offers to perform the Work described in the Bidding Documents.
- G. An Alternate is an amount stated on the Bid Form to be added to or deducted from the amount of the Base Bid if the corresponding change in the Work, as described in the Bidding Documents, is accepted.
- H. A Unit Price is an amount stated on the Bid Form as a price per unit of measurement for materials, equipment for services or a portion of the Work as described in the Bidding Documents.
- I. A Bidder is a person or entity who submits a Bid and who meets the requirements set forth in the Bidding Documents.
  - 1. A Sub-bidder is a person or entity who submits a Bid to a Bidder for materials, equipment or labor for a portion of the Work.

#### PART 2 - BIDDER'S REPRESENTATIONS

- A. The Bidder by making a Bid represents that:
  - 1. The Bidder has read and understands the Bidding Documents, to the extent that such documentation relates to the Work for which the Bid is submitted, and for other portions of the Project, if any, being Bid concurrently or presently under construction.
  - 2. The Bid is made in compliance with the Bidding Documents.

- 3. The Bidder has visited the site, become familiar with local conditions under which the Work is to be performed and has correlated the Bidder's personal observations with the requirements of the proposed Contract Documents.
- 4. The Bid is based upon the materials, equipment and systems required by the Bidding Documents without exception.
- B. Each Bidder is required to form an individual opinion of the quantities and character of construction work by personal examination of the site and all existing facilities where the project work is to be done, and of the plans and specifications relating to it by such means as is preferred. Each Bidder shall inspect accessible concealed areas of existing construction, provided no significant permanent damage is inflicted upon the property. Lack of knowledge about conditions in accessible concealed areas shall not be the basis for additional cost claims at a later time.

#### PART 3 - BIDDING DOCUMENTS

#### 3.1 COPIES

- A. Complete sets of Bidding Documents, Drawings, and Specifications, on compact disc (CD) may be obtained from Rev, 28 Church Street, Warwick, New York 10990 Tel: (877) 272-0216, upon depositing the sum of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each combined set of documents. Checks or money orders shall be made payable to Cornwall Public Library.
  - 1. Deposit is refundable in accordance with the terms in the Instructions to Bidders to all submitting bids. Any bidder requiring CD(s) to be shipped shall make arrangements with the printer and pay for all related packaging and shipping costs.
  - 2. Any bidder requiring paper copies of the Bidding Documents, Drawings, and Specifications, shall make arrangements with the printer, and pay for all related printing, packaging, and shipping costs. Such costs are non-refundable.
- B. All bid addenda will be transmitted to registered plan holders via email and will be available at www.revplans.com. Plan holders who have paid for CD's or hard copies of the bid documents will need to make the determination if hard copies of the addenda are required for their use and coordinate directly with the printer for hard copies of addenda to be issued.
  - 1. There will be no charge for registered plan holders to obtain hard copies of the bid addenda.
- C. Bidders shall use complete sets of Bidding Documents in preparing Bids; neither the Owner nor Engineer assumes responsibility for errors or misinterpretations resulting from the use of incomplete sets of Bidding Documents.
- D. The Owner and Engineer may make copies of the Bidding Documents available on the above terms for the purpose of obtaining Bids on the Work. No license or grant of use is conferred by issuance of copies of the Bidding Documents.

#### 3.2 INTERPRETATION OR CORRECTION OF BIDDING DOCUMENTS

A. The Bidder shall carefully study and compare the Bidding Documents with each other, and with other work being Bid concurrently or presently under construction to the extent that it relates to

the Work for which the Bid is submitted, shall examine the site and local conditions, and shall at once report to the Engineer errors, inconsistencies or ambiguities discovered. All reports to the Engineer shall be in writing.

- B. No interpretation of the meaning of the Contract Documents, the existing conditions, or of the scope of Work will be made verbally. Provide every request for such interpretation in writing, addressed to Blake Engineering, Attention: Broderick Knoell, 1898 County Route 1, Westtown, New York 10998 by e-mail: <a href="mailto:bknoell@blakeengineeringpllc.com">bknoell@blakeengineeringpllc.com</a> and to be given consideration must be received at least seven (7) business days prior to the date of the Bids opening.
- C. Interpretations, corrections, and changes of the Bidding Documents will be made by Addendum. Interpretations, corrections, and changes of the Bidding Documents made in any other manner will not be binding, and Bidders are not required to rely upon them.
- D. The Bidding Documents for this project have been prepared using certain existing construction documents furnished by the Owner, which pertain to the construction of the existing conditions, and limited observations obtained by the Engineer at the project site.
  - 1. More extensive investigations of existing conditions, including disassembly or testing of existing building components, was not undertaken by the Engineer.
  - 2. Portrayal of such existing conditions obscured or concealed from the Owner or Engineer's view prior to the start of this Project's construction activities, is based on reasonable implications and assumptions. The Owner and Engineer do not imply or guarantee to the Bidders, in any way, that such portrayals are accurate or true existing conditions.

# 3.3 EQUIVALENTS

- A. Each Bidder shall base his Bid upon the materials and equipment described in the Bidding Documents to the fullest extent possible.
- B. In the specifications, two or more kinds, types, brands, or manufacturers or materials may be named. They shall be regarded as the required standard of quality, and overall, are judged to be equivalent by the Engineer. The Bidder may select one of these named items as the basis for his Bid or, if the Bidder desires to use any other kind, type, brand, or manufacturer or material other than those named in the specification, it shall indicate in writing, when requested, and prior to the award of the Contract, what kind, type, brand, or manufacturer is proposed in lieu of the named specified item(s).

### 3.4 ADDENDA

- A. Addenda will be transmitted to all that are known to have received a complete set of Bidding Documents.
  - 1. Provide Bidding Document distributor with full company name, address, telephone and facsimile numbers and contact person's name.
- B. Copies of Addenda will be made available for inspection wherever Bidding Documents are on file for that purpose.

- C. Addenda will not be issued later than five (5) business days prior to the time specified for receipt of Bids, except any Addendum withdrawing the request for Bids or one which includes postponement of the time for receipt of Bids.
- D. Each Bidder shall ascertain upon submitting a Bid that the Bidder has received all Addenda issued, and the Bidder shall acknowledge their receipt on the Bid Form.

#### 3.5 TAX LIABILITY

- A. Bidders are exempt from payment of manufacturer's excise taxes for materials purchased for the exclusive use of the Owner, provided that manufacturer has complied with rules and regulation of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue Service.
- B. New York State Sales Tax does not apply to this project. Contractors are exempt from payment on purchase of materials for the execution of this Contract and such taxes shall not be included in Bids. Exemption Certificates will be provided upon request.
- C. All other taxes shall be included in the Bid.

#### 3.6 PRE-BID CONFERENCE

A. There will be a Pre-Bid Conference as detailed in the Advertisement for Bids. A lack of representation at the Pre-Bid Conference will not be justification for additional costs due to unforeseen conditions during the construction phases of the Contracts.

### PART 4 - BIDDING PROCEDURES

#### 4.1 PREPARATION OF BIDS

- A. Bids shall be submitted on forms identical to the Bid Forms contained in this Project Manual or submitted using unaltered and legible copies thereof.
- B. All blanks on the Bid Form shall be legible executed in a non-erasable medium.
- C. Sums shall be expressed in both words and figures. In case of discrepancy, the amount written in word shall govern.
- D. Interlineations, alterations and erasures must be initialed by the signer of the Bid.
- E. Bid all requested alternates. If no change in the Bid is required, enter "No Change."
- F. Each copy of the Bid shall state the legal name of the Bidder and the nature of legal form of the Bidder. The Bidder shall provide evidence of legal authority to perform within the jurisdiction of the Work. Each Bid copy shall be signed by the person or persons legally authorized to bind the Bidder to a Contract. A Bid by a corporation shall further give the state of incorporation and have the corporate seal affixed. A Bid submitted by an agent shall have a current power of attorney attached certifying the agent's authority to bind the Bidder.

#### 4.2 BID SECURITY

- A. Each Bid must be accompanied by a certified bank check of the Bidder, or a Bid Bond prepared by a surety company licensed in New York State.
  - 1. Bid Security shall be provided in the amount of five (5) percent of the dollar amount of the Base Bid
  - 2. Bid Security shall be payable to **Cornwall Public Library**.
  - 3. If certified check is utilized, the Bidder shall provide written confirmation from a licensed New York State Surety company that Performance and Payment Bonds will be available to said Bidder for this project.
  - 4. The apparent successful Bidders, upon failure or refusal to furnish the required Performance and Payment Bonds and execute a Contract within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of notice of the acceptance of Bid, shall forfeit the Bid Security as liquidated damages for such failure to refusal, and not as a penalty.
  - 5. The successful Bidders shall have the Bid Security returned upon execution of an Owner/Contractor Agreement.
  - 6. Unsuccessful Bidders shall have their Bid Security returned following the execution of the Owner/Contractor Agreements or the forty-five (45) day period following the Bid Opening, whichever occurs first.
  - 7. The Bid Security shall not be forfeited to the Owner in the event the Owner fails to comply with subparagraph 6.2.
- B. Surety Bond shall be written on AIA Document A310, Bid Bond, and the attorney-in-fact that executes the bond on behalf of the surety shall affix to the bond a certified and current copy of the power of attorney.
- C. The Owner will have the right to retain the Bid Security of Bidders to whom an award is being considered until either:
  - 1. The Contract has been executed and bonds, when required, have been furnished, or;
  - 2. The specified time has elapsed so that Bids may be withdrawn or;
  - 3. All Bids have been rejected.

#### 4.3 SUBMISSION OF BIDS

- A. All copies of the Bid, the Bid Security, and any other documents required to be submitted with the Bid shall be enclosed in a sealed opaque envelope. The envelope shall be addressed to the party receiving the Bids and shall be identified with the Project name, the Bidder's name and address and, if applicable, the designated Contract for which the Bid is submitted. If the Bid is sent by mail, the sealed envelope shall be enclosed in a separate mailing envelope with the notation "SEALED BID ENCLOSED" on the face thereof.
  - 1. If Bidder submits for different Contracts, each shall be submitted individually and so labeled for that Contract.

- B. Bids shall be deposited at the designated location prior to the time and date indicated in the Advertisement for Bids for the receipt of Bids. Bids received after the time and date for receipt of Bids will be returned unopened.
  - 1. The Bidder shall assume full responsibility for timely delivery at the location designated for receipt of Bids.
  - 2. Oral, telephonic, telegraphic, facsimile or other electronically transmitted Bids will not be considered.
- C. Bids not exhibiting original signatures or seals will not be accepted as a responsive Bid.
- D. Bids shall be submitted in duplicate. Executed forms required for each submitted Bid are as follows:
  - 1. Bid Form.
  - 2. Resolution.
  - 3. Non-Collusive Bid Certification.
  - 4. Iran Divestment Act Certification.
  - 5. Bid Security.

#### 4.4 MODIFICATION OR WITHDRAWAL OF BID

- A. A Bid may not be modified, withdrawn or canceled by the Bidder during the stipulated period following the time and date designated for the receipt of Bids, and each Bidder so agrees in submitting a Bid. No Bidder may withdraw a Bid within the forty-five (45) day period following the time of the Bid Opening.
- B. Prior to the time and date designated for receipt of Bids, a Bid submitted may be modified or withdrawn by notice to the party receiving Bids at the place designated for receipt of Bids. Such notice shall be in writing over the signature of the Bidder. Written confirmation over the signature of the Bidder shall be received, and date and time- stamped by the receiving party on or before the date and time set for receipt of Bids. A change shall be so worded as not to reveal the amount of the original Bid.
- C. Withdrawn Bids may be resubmitted up to the date and time designated for the receipt of Bids, provided that they are then fully in conformance with these Instructions to Bidders.

#### PART 5 - CONSIDERATION OF BIDS

#### 5.1 OPENING OF BIDS

A. The properly identified Bids received on time will be publicly opened and will be read aloud. An abstract of the Bids will be made available to Bidders.

#### 5.2 REJECTION OF BIDS

A. The Owner shall maintain the right to reject any or all Bids. A Bid not accompanied by the required Bid Security or by other data required by the Bidding Documents, or which is in any way incomplete or irregular is subject to rejection.

#### 5.3 AWARD OF BID

A. The Board of Trustees of the **Cornwall Public Library** reserves the right to waive any informality in submitted bids, reject any or all bids, and to award contracts on its determination of the lowest responsible bidder. The Owner shall have the right to accept Alternates in any order or combination, unless otherwise specifically provided in the Bidding Documents, and to determine the low Bidder on the basis of the sum of the Base Bid and Alternates accepted.

#### PART 6 - SUPPLEMENTARY BID FORMS

# 6.1 CONTRACTOR'S QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

A. Bidders to whom award of a Contract is under consideration shall submit to the Engineer, within three (3) calendar days, a properly executed AIA Document A305, Contractor's Qualification Statement, unless such statement has been previously required and submitted as a prerequisite to the issuance of Bidding Documents.

#### 6.2 OWNERS FINANCIAL CAPABILITY

A. The Owner shall, at the request of the Bidder to whom award of a Contract is under consideration and no later than seven (7) days prior to the expiration of the time for withdrawal of Bids, furnish to the Bidder reasonable evidence that financial arrangements have been made to fulfill the Owner's obligations under the Contract. Unless such reasonable evidence is furnished, the Bidder will not be required to execute the Agreement between the Owner and Contractor.

#### 6.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Within three (3) calendar days following the Bid Opening time, the apparent lowest Bidder, shall furnish to the Owner through the Engineer the following information:
  - 1. DRAFT Schedule of Values (cost breakdown)
  - 2. Proposed Project Manager and Superintendent resumes.
  - 3. Contractor's Qualification Statement AIA Document 305, 1986 edition.
  - 4. Proposed Substitution List.
  - 5. Proposed Subcontractor List.
  - 6. Itemized list of Work to be self-performed.
- B. The Bidder will be required to establish to the satisfaction of the Owner, Engineer and Construction Manager the reliability and responsibility of the persons or entities proposed to furnish and perform the Work described in the Bidding Documents.

- C. Upon request only, the apparent second and third low Bidders shall be prepared to submit the information of paragraphs 6.1 and 6.3.A.
- D. Prior to the execution of the Contract, the Construction Manager will notify the Bidder in writing if either the Owner, Engineer/Engineer or Construction Manager, after due investigation, has reasonable objection to a person or entity proposed by the Bidder. If the Owner, Engineer or Construction Manager has reasonable objection to a proposed person or entity, the Bidder may, at the Bidder's option, (1) withdraw the Bid or (2) submit an acceptable substitute person or entity. In the event of withdrawal or disqualification, Bid Security will not be forfeited.
- E. Persons and entities proposed by the Bidder and to whom the Owner, Engineer and Construction Manager have made no reasonable objection must be used on the Work for whom they were proposed and shall not be changed except with the written consent of the Owner and Construction Manager.
- F. Any Bidder, upon failure to submit the information required in subparagraphs 6.1.A, 6.3.A, and 6.3.B in the allowed time, may have the Bid rejected. In that event, the Bidder shall forfeit the Bid Security to the Owner as liquidated damages for such failure or refusal, and not as penalty.

#### 6.4 BOND REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Owner requires the apparent successful Bidder to furnish and deliver bonds, covering the faithful performance of the Contract Work and payment of all obligations arising thereunder duly executed by the Bidder and a surety company licensed to do business in New York State rating.
- B. The premiums shall be included in the Bid and paid by the Contractor. The Bidder shall proportionally distribute the costs of such bonds between the Base Bid and any Alternates.

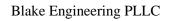
#### 6.5 TIME OF DELIVERY AND FORM OF BONDS

- A. The Bidder shall deliver the required bonds to the Owner through the Construction Manager on or before the time of execution of the Owner/Contractor Agreement. Bonds shall be payable to **Cornwall Public Library**.
- B. Unless otherwise provided, the bonds shall be written on AIA Document A312, Performance Bond and Payment Bond, Version 2010. Both bonds shall be written in the amount of the Contract Sum.
- C. The bonds shall be dated the same as the Owner/Contractor Agreement.
- D. The Bidder shall require the attorney-in-fact who executes the required bonds on behalf of the surety to affix thereto a certified and current copy of the power of attorney.

#### PART 7 - AGREEMENT FORM BETWEEN OWNER AND CONTRACTOR

A. The Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Contractor where the basis of payment is a Stipulated Sum – Owner/Contractor Agreement – AIA Document A101, 2007 Edition.

END OF SECTION 002113



Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project

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# SECTION 004116.1 – BID FORM CONTRACT NO. 01 – GENERAL CONSTRUCTION (GC)

RIDDF	ER INFORM <i>P</i>	<u>TTON</u>			
COMP	ANY:				
ADDR	ESS:				
CONT	ACT:				
TELEF	PHONE: (	))			
FACSI	MILE: (	)_			
E-MAI	L:				
	O (Owner):	Cornwall Pub 395 Hudson S	olic Library Street		
			w York 12518 arlotte Dunaief,	Director	
PROJE	CCT TITLE:		olic Library HV <i>A</i> 01-06-6-009-00	AC Replacement Pr 6	oject
1.	Addenda: Th	ne Bidder ackno	wledges receipt	of the following Bi	d Addenda:
	No	Dated			
	No	Dated			
	No	Dated			
	No	Dated			
2.	•				rcle correct form) Bid Bond, Certi ten Base Bid amount.
3.	derstands the ings, Project	e requirements a Manual, and A	nd intent of the ddenda; and pro	Bidding and Contra poses to provide all	they have examined and fully unact Documents, including Drawlabor, material, and equipment ed in the Agreement.
4.	Base Bid:		(Words*)	\$	-
		*In case of discre	(Words*) pancy, written wo	ord governs.	(Figures)

#### 5. Alternates:

ADD Alternate GC-01: Renovate the Women's Toilet Room, Men's Toilet Room and Custodial Closet as indicated on the drawings. The scope includes but is not limited to the replacement of wall and ceiling finishes, partitions, fixtures, accessories and wall reconstruction. The alternate does not include the ceiling replacement in these rooms which is part of the base bid.

ADD to the base bid, the sum of:		
	(\$_	)

- 6. Allowances: The Bidder affirms that all allowances listed in the Bidding Documents have been included in the Base Bid and include related the overhead and profit for said Allowance.
- 7. Time of Commencement and Completion: The Bidder agrees to commence Work on the stipulated starting date(s) and will substantially complete the Work in accordance with the project schedule stipulated in specification Section 011100 Milestone Schedule, and supplemental inclusions.
- 8. Rejection of Bids: The Bidder acknowledges that the Owner reserves the right to waive any informality in submitted bids, reject any or all bids, and to award contracts on its determination of the lowest responsible bidder.
- 9. Execution of Contract: If notice of the acceptance of this Bid is mailed, telegraphed, or otherwise delivered to the undersigned within forty-five (45) days after the date of the Bid Opening, or any time thereafter, the undersigned will, within ten (10) working days after the receipt of the form of Agreement, execute and deliver the Contract.

10. Signature:		
	(Signature)	(Date

- 11. Attachments: As itemized in the "Instructions to Bidders" for a complete Bid include the following:
  - a. Bid Form
  - b. Non-Collusive Bid Certification
  - c. Iran Divestment Act Certification
  - d. Corporate Resolution
  - e. Bid Security
- 12. Supplementary Bid Information: If apparent lowest Bidder upon Bid Opening, submit in accordance with the "Instruction to Bidders" within 3 business days the following:
  - a. Draft Schedule of Values (cost breakdown)
  - b. Proposed Subcontractor List
  - c. Proposed Substitution List
  - d. Proposed Project Manager & Superintendent Resumes
  - e. Itemized list of Work to be self-performed

f. Contractor's Qualification Statement – AIA Document A305, 1986 edition

END OF SECTION 004116.1

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# SECTION 004116.2 – BID FORM CONTRACT NO. 02 – MECHANICAL CONSTRUCTION (MC)

BIDDER INFORMA	TION		
COMPANY:			
ADDRESS:			
CONTACT:			
TELEPHONE: (	)		
FACSIMILE: (	)		
E-MAIL:			
BID TO (Owner):	Cornwall Public Librar 395 Hudson Street Cornwall, New York 1 Attention: Charlotte Du	2518	
PROJECT TITLE:	Cornwall Public Librar SED# 44-03-01-06-6-0	ry HVAC Replacement Pro 109-006	oject
1. Addenda: Th	e Bidder acknowledges r	receipt of the following Bi	d Addenda:
No	Dated	<u> </u>	
No	Dated	<u>_</u>	
No	Dated	<u> </u>	
No	Dated	<u> </u>	
		Security in the form of (cir e (5%) percent of the writt	cle correct form) Bid Bond, Certi ten Base Bid amount.
derstands the ings, Project	requirements and intent Manual, and Addenda; a	of the Bidding and Contra	they have examined and fully un act Documents, including Draw- labor, material, and equipment and in the Agreement.
4. Base Bid:	(777 - 1.10)	\$	(Pi
*	(Words*) In case of discrepancy, wri	itten word governs.	(Figures)

- Time of Commencement and Completion: The Bidder agrees to commence Work on the stipulated starting date(s) and will substantially complete the Work in accordance with the project schedule stipulated in specification Section 011100 Milestone Schedule and supplemental inclusions.
- 6. Rejection of Bids: The Bidder acknowledges that the Owner reserves the right to waive any informality in submitted bids, reject any or all bids, and to award contracts on its determination of the lowest responsible bidder.
- 7. Execution of Contract: If notice of the acceptance of this Bid is mailed, telegraphed, or otherwise delivered to the undersigned within forty-five (45) days after the date of the Bid Opening, or any time thereafter, the undersigned will, within ten (10) working days after the receipt of the form of Agreement, execute and deliver the Contract.

8.	Signature:		
		(Signature)	(Date)

- 9. Attachments: As itemized in the "Instructions to Bidders" for a complete Bid include the following:
  - a. Bid Form
  - b. Non-Collusive Bid Certification
  - c. Iran Divestment Act Certification
  - d. Corporate Resolution
  - e. Bid Security
- 10. Supplementary Bid Information: If apparent lowest Bidder upon Bid Opening, submit in accordance with the "Instruction to Bidders" within 3 business days the following:
  - a. Draft Schedule of Values (cost breakdown)
  - b. Proposed Subcontractor List
  - c. Proposed Substitution List
  - d. Proposed Project Manager & Superintendent Resumes
  - e. Itemized list of Work to be self-performed
  - f. Contractor's Qualification Statement AIA Document A305, 1986 edition

END OF SECTION 004116.2

# $SECTION\ 004116.3-BID\ FORM\ CONTRACT\ NO.\ 03-ELECTRICAL\ CONSTRUCTION\ (EC)$

BIDDER INFORM	<u>MATION</u>		
COMPANY:			
ADDRESS:			
CONTACT:			
TELEPHONE: (_	)		
FACSIMILE: (_	))		
E-MAIL:			
BID TO (Owner):	Cornwall Public Library 395 Hudson Street Cornwall, New York 12 Attention: Charlotte Dur	518	
PROJECT TITLE		HVAC Replacement Projec 9-006	et
1. Addenda:	The Bidder acknowledges re	ceipt of the following Bid A	ddenda:
No	Dated	_	
	ity: Attached hereto is Bid Sek, Cash in the amount of five		correct form) Bid Bond, Certi Base Bid amount.
derstands ings, Proje	rations: By making this Bid, the requirements and intent of ect Manual, and Addenda; and to complete the Work on, or	of the Bidding and Contract I d proposes to provide all lab	or, material, and equipment
4. Base Bid:	(Words*) *In case of discrepancy, write	\$	(F:
	(Words*) *In case of discrepancy, write	en word governs.	(Figures)

#### 5. Alternates:

ADD Alternate EC-01: Renovate the Women's Toilet Room, Men's Toilet Room and Custodial Closet as indicated on the drawings. The scope includes temporary relocation of L-1 panel and lighting controls panel as well as power to new plumbing fixtures and water heater. All other work in this area related to the replacement of the existing HVAC system and the ceilings is not part of this alternate and should be included in the base bid.

ADD to the base bid, the sum of:		
	(\$	)

- 6. Time of Commencement and Completion: The Bidder agrees to commence Work on the stipulated starting date(s) and will substantially complete the Work in accordance with the project schedule stipulated in specification Section 011100 Milestone Schedule, and supplemental inclusions.
- 7. Rejection of Bids: The Bidder acknowledges that the Owner reserves the right to waive any informality in submitted bids, reject any or all bids, and to award contracts on its determination of the lowest responsible bidder.
- 8. Execution of Contract: If notice of the acceptance of this Bid is mailed, telegraphed, or otherwise delivered to the undersigned within forty-five (45) days after the date of the Bid Opening, or any time thereafter, the undersigned will, within ten (10) working days after the receipt of the form of Agreement, execute and deliver the Contract.

(Signature)	(Date)

- 10. Attachments: As itemized in the "Instructions to Bidders" for a complete Bid include the following:
  - a. Bid Form
  - b. Non-Collusive Bid Certification
  - c. Iran Divestment Act Certification
  - d. Corporate Resolution
  - e. Bid Security
- 11. Supplementary Bid Information: If apparent lowest Bidder upon Bid Opening, submit in accordance with the "Instruction to Bidders" within 3 business days the following:
  - a. Draft Schedule of Values (cost breakdown)
  - b. Proposed Subcontractor List
  - c. Proposed Substitution List
  - d. Proposed Project Manager & Superintendent Resumes
  - e. Itemized list of Work to be self-performed
  - f. Contractor's Qualification Statement AIA Document A305, 1986 edition

END OF SECTION 004116.3

# SECTION 004116.4 – BID FORM CONTRACT NO. 04 – PLUMBING CONSTRUCTION (PC)

BIDDER INFO	<u>ORMATION</u>		
COMPANY:_			
ADDRESS: _			
CONTACT:_			
TELEPHONE	: ()_		
FACSIMILE:	()		
E-MAIL:			
BID TO (Own	Cornwall Public L 395 Hudson Street Cornwall, New Yo	t	
PROJECT TIT	Cornwall Public L SED# 44-03-01-00	Library HVAC Replacement 6-6-009-006 Iges receipt of the following	
No No	Dated Dated Dated Dated		
		Bid Security in the form of of five (5%) percent of the v	(circle correct form) Bid Bond, Certi vritten Base Bid amount.
derstar ings, F	nds the requirements and in Project Manual, and Adden	ntent of the Bidding and Co	that they have examined and fully un- ntract Documents, including Draw- all labor, material, and equipment diffied in the Agreement.
4. Base I	Bid:	\$ _	(Figures)
		rds*) y, written word governs.	(Figures)

#### 5. Alternates:

ADD Alternate PC-01: Renovate the Women's Toilet Room, Men's Toilet Room and Custodial Closet as indicated on the drawings. The scope includes but is not limited to the replacement of lavatories, water closets, urinal, water heater and mop sink. All other work in this area related to the replacement of the existing HVAC system is not part of this alternate and should be included in the base bid.

ADD to the base bid, the sum of:		
	(\$	)

- 6. Time of Commencement and Completion: The Bidder agrees to commence Work on the stipulated starting date(s) and will substantially complete the Work in accordance with the project schedule stipulated in specification Section 011100 Milestone Schedule, and supplemental inclusions.
- 7. Rejection of Bids: The Bidder acknowledges that the Owner reserves the right to waive any informality in submitted bids, reject any or all bids, and to award contracts on its determination of the lowest responsible bidder.
- 8. Execution of Contract: If notice of the acceptance of this Bid is mailed, telegraphed, or otherwise delivered to the undersigned within forty-five (45) days after the date of the Bid Opening, or any time thereafter, the undersigned will, within ten (10) working days after the receipt of the form of Agreement, execute and deliver the Contract.

(Signature)	(Date)

- 10. Attachments: As itemized in the "Instructions to Bidders" for a complete Bid include the following:
  - a. Bid Form
  - b. Non-Collusive Bid Certification
  - c. Iran Divestment Act Certification
  - d. Corporate Resolution
  - e. Bid Security
- 11. Supplementary Bid Information: If apparent lowest Bidder upon Bid Opening, submit in accordance with the "Instruction to Bidders" within 3 business days the following:
  - a. Draft Schedule of Values (cost breakdown)
  - b. Proposed Subcontractor List
  - c. Proposed Substitution List
  - d. Proposed Project Manager & Superintendent Resumes
  - e. Itemized list of Work to be self-performed
  - f. Contractor's Qualification Statement AIA Document A305, 1986 edition

END OF SECTION 004116.4

**BIDDER INFORMATION** 

SECTION 004116.5 – BID FORM CONTRACT NO. 05 – GENERAL CONSTRUCTION - STAFF ROOM RENOVATIONS (SRR)

COMPANY:	
ADDRESS:	
CONTACT:	
TELEPHONE: (	)
FACSIMILE: (	)
E-MAIL:	
BID TO (Owner):	Cornwall Public Library 395 Hudson Street Cornwall, New York 12518 Attention: Charlotte Dunaief, Director
PROJECT TITLE:	Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project SED# 44-03-01-06-6-009-006
1. Addenda: Th	e Bidder acknowledges receipt of the following Bid Addenda:
No	Dated
2. Bid Security	Attached hereto is Bid Security in the form of (circle correct form) Bid Bond, Certi-

fied Check, Cash in the amount of five (5%) percent of the written Base Bid amount.

necessary to complete the Work on, or before, the dates specified in the Agreement.

3. Representations: By making this Bid, the Bidder represents that they have examined and fully understands the requirements and intent of the Bidding and Contract Documents, including Drawings, Project Manual, and Addenda; and proposes to provide all labor, material, and equipment

4.	Base Bid:\$
	(Words*) (Figures) *In case of discrepancy, written word governs.
5.	Alternates:
	ADD Alternate SRR-01: Replace existing kitchenette including all millwork, countertop and sink as shown on the drawings and specifications. Include all associated plumbing and electrical work to complete the construction.
	ADD to the base bid, the sum of:
	(\$)
	ADD Alternate SRR-02: Replace existing flooring in Staff Break Room with resinous flooring system. Refer to drawings and specifications for additional information. Contract 5 – General Construction – Staff Room Renovation (SRR).
	ADD to the base bid, the sum of:
5.	Time of Commencement and Completion: The Bidder agrees to commence Work on the stipulated starting date(s) and will substantially complete the Work in accordance with the project schedule stipulated in specification Section 011100 Milestone Schedule, and supplemental inclusions.
7.	Rejection of Bids: The Bidder acknowledges that the Owner reserves the right to waive any informality in submitted bids, reject any or all bids, and to award contracts on its determination of the lowest responsible bidder.
3.	Execution of Contract: If notice of the acceptance of this Bid is mailed, telegraphed, or otherwise delivered to the undersigned within forty-five (45) days after the date of the Bid Opening, or any time thereafter, the undersigned will, within ten (10) working days after the receipt of the form of Agreement, execute and deliver the Contract.
9.	Signature:
	(Signature) (Date)
10.	Attachments: As itemized in the "Instructions to Bidders" for a complete Bid include the following:  a Bid Form
	a. Bid Form

e. Bid Security

d. Corporate Resolution

b. Non-Collusive Bid Certificationc. Iran Divestment Act Certification

- 11. Supplementary Bid Information: If apparent lowest Bidder upon Bid Opening, submit in accordance with the "Instruction to Bidders" within 3 business days the following:
  - a. Draft Schedule of Values (cost breakdown)
  - b. Proposed Subcontractor List
  - c. Proposed Substitution List
  - d. Proposed Project Manager & Superintendent Resumes
  - e. Itemized list of Work to be self-performed
  - f. Contractor's Qualification Statement AIA Document A305, 1986 edition

END OF SECTION 004116.5

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#### SECTION 004519 - NON-COLLUSION AFFIDAVIT

The following provisions of the New York State General Municipal Law form a part of the Bidding Requirements:

#### NON-COLLUSIVE BIDDING CERTIFICATION

- A. By submission of this Bid, each Bidder and each person signing on behalf of any Bidder certifies, and in the case of a joint Bid, each party thereto certifies as to its own organization, under penalty of perjury, that, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief:
  - 1. The prices in this Bid have been arrived at independently without collusion, consultation, communication, or agreement, for the purpose of restricting competition, as to any matter relating to such prices with any other bidder or with any competitor.
  - 2. Unless otherwise required by law, the prices which have been quoted in this Bid have not been knowingly disclosed by the Bidder and will not knowingly be disclosed by the Bidder prior to opening, directly or indirectly, to any other bidder or to any competitor; and
  - 3. No attempt has been made or will be made by the Bidder to induce any other person, partnership or corporation to submit or not to submit a bid for the purpose of restricting competition.
- B. A Bid shall not be considered for award nor shall any award be made where (A) (1), (2) and (3) above have not been complied with; provided, however, that if in any case the Bidder cannot make the foregoing certification, the Bidder shall so state and shall so furnish with the Bid, a signed statement which sets forth in detail the reasons therefore. Where (A) (1), (2) and (3) above have not been complied with, the Bid shall not be considered for award nor shall any award be made unless the head of the purchasing unit of the political subdivision, public department, agency or official thereof to which the Bid is made, or his designee, determines that such disclosure was not made for the purpose of restricting competition.
  - The fact that a bidder (a) has published price lists, rates, or tariffs covering items being procured, has informed prospective customers of proposed or pending publication of new or revised price lists for such items, or (c) has sold the same items to other customers at the same prices being bid, does not constitute, without more, a disclosure within the meaning of subparagraph (A).
- C. Any bid hereafter made to any political subdivision of the State or any public department, agency or official thereof by a corporate bidder for work or services performed or to be performed or goods sold or to be sold, where competitive bidding is required by statute, rule, regulation, or local law, and where such bid contains the certification referred to in subdivision one of this section, shall be deemed to have been authorized by the board of directors of the bidder, and such authorization shall be deemed to include the signing and submission of the bid and the inclusion therein of the certificate as to non-collusion as the act and deed of the corporation.
- D. The person signing this Bid or Proposal certifies that he has fully informed himself regarding the accuracy of the statements contained in this certification, and under the penalties of perjury, affirms the truth thereof, such penalties being applicable to the Bidder as well to the person signing in his behalf.

Signature		
Date		
Title	_Federal ID No.:	
Business Address:		
Telephone:	Email:	

END OF SECTION 004519

### SECTION 004520 - IRAN DIVESTMENT ACT AFFIDAVIT

The following provisions of the New York State General Municipal Law form a part of the Bidding Requirements:

#### IRAN DIVESTMENT ACT CERTIFICATION

- A. By submission of this Bid, each Bidder and each person signing on behalf of any Bidder certifies, and in the case of a joint Bid, each party thereto certifies as to its own organization, under penalty of perjury, that, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief:
  - 1. That the Bidder is not on the list created pursuant to Paragraph (b) of Subdivision 3 of Section 165-a of the New York State finance law.
  - 2. By submitting a bid in response to this solicitation or by assuming the responsibility of a Contract awarded hereunder, Bidder / Contractor (or any assignee) certifies that once the prohibited entities list is posted on the Office of General Services (OGS) website, it will not utilize on such Contract any subcontractor that is identified on the prohibited entities list; and
  - 3. Additionally, Bidder / Contractor is advised that once the list is posted on the OGS website, any Contractor seeking to renew or extend a Contract or assume the responsibility of a contract awarded in response to the solicitation, must certify at the time the Contract is renewed, extended or assigned that it is not included on the prohibited entities list.
- B. A bid shall not be considered for award nor shall any award be made where the condition set forth in paragraph a of this subdivision has not been complied with; provided, however, that if in any case the bidder cannot make the foregoing certification, the bidder shall so state and shall furnish with the bid a signed statement which sets forth in detail the reasons therefor. A political subdivision may award a bid to a bidder who cannot make the certification pursuant to paragraph
  - 1. The investment activities in Iran were made before the effective date of this section, the investment activities in Iran have not been expanded or renewed after the effective date of this section, and the person has adopted, publicized, and is implementing a formal plan to cease the investment activities in Iran and to refrain from engaging in any new investments in Iran; or
  - 2. The political subdivision makes a determination that the goods or services are necessary for the political subdivision to perform its functions and that, absent such an exemption, the political subdivision would be unable to obtain the goods or services for which the contract is offered. Such determination shall be made in writing and shall be a public document.
- C. Any bid hereafter made to any political subdivision of the State or any public department, agency or official thereof by a corporate bidder for work or services performed or to be performed or goods sold or to be sold, where competitive bidding is required by statute, rule, regulation, or local law, and where such bid contains the certification referred to in subdivision one of this section, shall be deemed to have been authorized by the board of directors of the bidder, and such authorization shall be deemed to include the signing and submission of the bid and the inclusion therein of the certificate as to non-engagement in investment activities in Iran as the act and deed of the corporation.

D.	accuracy of the statements contained in this	ies that he has fully informed himself regarding the certification, and under the penalties of perjury, ng applicable to the Bidder as well to the person
	Signature	
	Date	
	Title	_Federal ID No.:
	Business Address:	
	Telephone:	Email:

END OF SECTION 004520

### SECTION 004543 – CORPORATE RESOLUTIONS

### INCLUDE WITH BID FORM(S) IF BIDDER IS AN INDIVIDUAL:

BY:	
(Signature)	
(Print or type individual's nar	me and title)
(Business Address	
	<b>.</b>
Business Phone	Facsimile

## INCLUDE WITH BID FORM(S) IF BIDDER IS A PARTNERSHIP:

(Print or type name of firm)	
BY:	
(Signature of general partner)	
(Print or type general partner's name and ti	tle)
(Business Address)	
Business Phone	Facsimile

## INCLUDE WITH BID FORM(S) IF BIDDER IS A CORPORATION:

(Print or type name	e of corporation)
· ·	
(State of inco	orporation)
BY:	
(Signature of presiden	nt or vice-president)
(Print or type individu	al's name and title)
(Business A	Address)
D. d'ana Diana	E
Business Phone	Facsimile
ATTEST:	
(By corporate	secretary or assistant secretary)
(1)	
(Print name	and title)
Corporate Seal	

END OF SECTION 004543

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### **AGREEMENT**

	ary hereinafter calle RACTOR, WITNES	ed the OWNER, and	C Replacement Project	
uments	prepared by Blake F		Orawings, Specifications and other Contract I	
A.	equipment, tools Project, in strict of	and services and to complete	he necessary plant, labor, supervision, mater e all work required for the construction of Documents herein mentioned, which are her wing Addenda, if any:	the
		Addendum No.	<u>Date</u>	
		Addendum No.	<u>Date</u>	
		Addendum No.	<u>Date</u>	
		Addendum No.	<u>Date</u>	
		Addendum No.	<u>Date</u>	

C. THE CONTRACTOR AGREES to bind every subcontractor by the terms of the Contract Documents. The Contract Documents shall not be construed as creating any contractual relation

between any Subcontractor and the Owner.

- D. THE CONTRACTOR AGREES that the only person or persons interested as principal or principals in the proposal submitted by the Contractor for this Contract are named therein, and that no person other than those mentioned therein, except regular agents of Contractor, has any interest in the said proposal or in the securing of the award, and that this contract has been secured without any connection with any person or persons other than those named, and that the proposal is in all respects fair, and was prepared, and that the contract was secured, without collusion or fraud, and that no officer or employee of the Owner has or shall have a financial interest in the performance of the contract or in the supplies, work, or business to which it is related, or in any portion of the proceeds thereof.
- E. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. The Bidding Requirements, Contract Forms, Conditions of the Contract, Specifications, Plans and Addenda shall form part of this Agreement and the provisions thereof shall be as binding upon the parties hereto as if they were herein fully set forth. The table of contents, titles, headings, running headlines and marginal notes contained herein and in said

- documents are solely to facilitate reference to various provisions of the Contract Documents and in no way affect, limit or cast light upon interpretations of the provisions of which they refer.
- F. AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ENGINEER. All work shall be done under the general review of the Engineer. The Engineer shall decide any and all questions which may arise as to the quality and acceptability of materials furnished, work performed, rate of progress of work, interpretation of Drawings and Specifications and all questions as to the acceptable fulfillment of the Contract.
  - 1. The Engineer will not be responsible for the Contractor's compliance with Health and Safety standards set forth in the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (PL 91-596), or the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (PL 91-54), or any amendments thereto.
  - 2. The Engineer will not be responsible for the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedure or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto.
  - 3. The Engineer will not be responsible for the acts or omissions of any Contractor, any subcontractor or any of the Contractor(s)' or subcontractor(s)' agents or employees or any other person performing any of the work under their agreement; and in no way does the Engineer guarantee, insure, nor assume responsibility for methods or appliances used by the Contractor(s) or subcontractor(s), nor safety of the job or project or compliance with the laws and regulations.
  - 4. The Engineer shall not be in any way responsible for any liability for claims, lawsuits, expenses or damages arising from, or in any manner related to the exposure to, or the handling or disposal of any asbestos or asbestos products or waste.
- G. SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS. This Agreement and all of the covenants hereof shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the Owner and the Contractor respectively and his partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives. Neither the Owner nor the Contractor shall have the right to assign, transfer or sublet his interests or obligations hereunder without consent of the other party.
- H. THE OWNER AGREES to pay, and the Contractor will accept in full consideration for the performance of the Contract (Subject to additions or deductions noted therein) the summation of the products of the quantities, as determined by the Engineer, by the unit price bid in the Proposal (Form of Bid), no allowance being made for anticipated profit.
  - 1. The unit and/or lump sum prices bid in the Proposal shall be deemed to include all work to be performed on the project, other than "Changes in Contract Price" hereinafter defined.
- I. FINAL PAYMENT. After the issuance of a Certificate of Substantial Completion, and submittal of an acceptable Maintenance Guarantee, the Owner shall pay to the Contractor the entire balance found to be due the Contractor, including retained percentage, less twice the value of uncompleted work and amounts withheld due to claims. All prior estimates and payments, including those relating to extra work shall be subject to correction by this payment, which throughout this Contract is called "FINAL PAYMENT". At the time of Final Payment and/or release of retainage, the Contractor agrees to complete a "Contractor's Affidavit for Release of Retainage and/or Final Payment" as furnished by the Engineer. Please refer to the Section 19 of the General Conditions for the payment provisions.
- J. RELEASE OF RETAINER. If the Contractor has complied with all the requirements of this contract and has remedied any and all defects that may have developed in the work within the

Contract period, then at the end of the contract period, upon order of the Owner through his authorized representative, and upon verification there is no incomplete work and no claims made to Owner, the Contractor shall receive the retainer. If the Owner has had to make any necessary repairs and to remedy any defects at any time during the warranty period, then the Owner shall have the power to expend all or such part of the retainer as he may see fit and apply the same to making the necessary repairs and to remedy any defects. Should the amount of the retainer not be sufficient to make the required repairs, the Contractor or his surety shall at once make good the deficiency.

K. ACCEPTANCE OF SECURITIES: The Owner may accept Municipal, State or Federal bonds, securities negotiable without recourse, condition or restrictions, in a form and amount subject to the approval of the Owner, or an irrevocable letter of credit in lieu of all or part of the cash retainage.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have made and executed this Agreement the day and year above written.

Cornwall Public Library	
OWNER	CONTRACTOR
BY	BY
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
DIEL C	THE C
TITLE	TITLE
395 Hudson Street	
BUSINESS ADDRESS	BUSINESS ADDRESS
Cornwall NY / 12518	
CITY STATE/ZIP	CITY STATE/ZIP
(845) 534-8282	
BUSINESS TELEPHONE	BUSINESS TELEPHONE
	CONTRACTOR'S F.E.I.N.

SEAL

# (Acknowledgement of officer or Owner Executing Agreement) ) SS.: County of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) On this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_20\_\_, before me personally came and ap-on him by law he subscribed his name to the foregoing instrument and that he executed the same for the purpose therein mentioned. (Notary Public) (SEAL) (Acknowledgement of Contractor) County of \_\_\_\_\_\_) On this \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ in the year \_\_\_ before me, the undersigned, personally to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf of which the individual(s) acted, executed the instrument. Notary Public

(SEAL)

### **AGREEMENT**

CONTF		the OWNER intends to provide: ry – HVAC Replacement Project chanical Construction (MC)	
uments		with the Drawings, Specifications and other Contract D IOW THEREFORE, OWNER and CONTRACTOR for ows:	
	THE COLUMN CHOR & CREEK &		. 1 .
A.	equipment, tools and services and to	rnish all the necessary plant, labor, supervision, material complete all work required for the construction of Contract Documents herein mentioned, which are here the following Addenda, if any:	the
A.	equipment, tools and services and to Project, in strict compliance with the	complete all work required for the construction of Contract Documents herein mentioned, which are here the following Addenda, if any:	the
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- date, unless such period is extended by the Owner.
- C. THE CONTRACTOR AGREES to bind every subcontractor by the terms of the Contract Documents. The Contract Documents shall not be construed as creating any contractual relation between any Subcontractor and the Owner.
- D. THE CONTRACTOR AGREES that the only person or persons interested as principal or principals in the proposal submitted by the Contractor for this Contract are named therein, and that no person other than those mentioned therein, except regular agents of Contractor, has any interest in the said proposal or in the securing of the award, and that this contract has been secured without any connection with any person or persons other than those named, and that the proposal is in all respects fair, and was prepared, and that the contract was secured, without collusion or fraud, and that no officer or employee of the Owner has or shall have a financial interest in the performance of the contract or in the supplies, work, or business to which it is related, or in any portion of the proceeds thereof.
- E. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. The Bidding Requirements, Contract Forms, Conditions of the Contract, Specifications, Plans and Addenda shall form part of this Agreement and the provisions thereof shall be as binding upon the parties hereto as if they were herein fully set forth. The table of contents, titles, headings, running headlines and marginal notes contained herein and in said

- documents are solely to facilitate reference to various provisions of the Contract Documents and in no way affect, limit or cast light upon interpretations of the provisions of which they refer.
- F. AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY OF THE ENGINEER. All work shall be done under the general review of the Engineer. The Engineer shall decide any and all questions which may arise as to the quality and acceptability of materials furnished, work performed, rate of progress of work, interpretation of Drawings and Specifications and all questions as to the acceptable fulfillment of the Contract.
  - 1. The Engineer will not be responsible for the Contractor's compliance with Health and Safety standards set forth in the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (PL 91-596), or the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (PL 91-54), or any amendments thereto.
  - 2. The Engineer will not be responsible for the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedure or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto.
  - 3. The Engineer will not be responsible for the acts or omissions of any Contractor, any subcontractor or any of the Contractor(s)' or subcontractor(s)' agents or employees or any other person performing any of the work under their agreement; and in no way does the Engineer guarantee, insure, nor assume responsibility for methods or appliances used by the Contractor(s) or subcontractor(s), nor safety of the job or project or compliance with the laws and regulations.
  - 4. The Engineer shall not be in any way responsible for any liability for claims, lawsuits, expenses or damages arising from, or in any manner related to the exposure to, or the handling or disposal of any asbestos or asbestos products or waste.
- G. SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS. This Agreement and all of the covenants hereof shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the Owner and the Contractor respectively and his partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives. Neither the Owner nor the Contractor shall have the right to assign, transfer or sublet his interests or obligations hereunder without consent of the other party.
- H. THE OWNER AGREES to pay, and the Contractor will accept in full consideration for the performance of the Contract (Subject to additions or deductions noted therein) the summation of the products of the quantities, as determined by the Engineer, by the unit price bid in the Proposal (Form of Bid), no allowance being made for anticipated profit.
  - 1. The unit and/or lump sum prices bid in the Proposal shall be deemed to include all work to be performed on the project, other than "Changes in Contract Price" hereinafter defined.
- I. FINAL PAYMENT. After the issuance of a Certificate of Substantial Completion, and submittal of an acceptable Maintenance Guarantee, the Owner shall pay to the Contractor the entire balance found to be due the Contractor, including retained percentage, less twice the value of uncompleted work and amounts withheld due to claims. All prior estimates and payments, including those relating to extra work shall be subject to correction by this payment, which throughout this Contract is called "FINAL PAYMENT". At the time of Final Payment and/or release of retainage, the Contractor agrees to complete a "Contractor's Affidavit for Release of Retainage and/or Final Payment" as furnished by the Engineer. Please refer to the Section 19 of the General Conditions for the payment provisions.
- J. RELEASE OF RETAINER. If the Contractor has complied with all the requirements of this contract and has remedied any and all defects that may have developed in the work within the

Contract period, then at the end of the contract period, upon order of the Owner through his authorized representative, and upon verification there is no incomplete work and no claims made to Owner, the Contractor shall receive the retainer. If the Owner has had to make any necessary repairs and to remedy any defects at any time during the warranty period, then the Owner shall have the power to expend all or such part of the retainer as he may see fit and apply the same to making the necessary repairs and to remedy any defects. Should the amount of the retainer not be sufficient to make the required repairs, the Contractor or his surety shall at once make good the deficiency.

K. ACCEPTANCE OF SECURITIES: The Owner may accept Municipal, State or Federal bonds, securities negotiable without recourse, condition or restrictions, in a form and amount subject to the approval of the Owner, or an irrevocable letter of credit in lieu of all or part of the cash retainage.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have made and executed this Agreement the day and year above written.

Cornwall Public Library	
OWNER	CONTRACTOR
BY	BY
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
TITLE	TITLE
205 Hudson Stuart	
895 Hudson Street BUSINESS ADDRESS	BUSINESS ADDRESS
Cornwall NY / 12518	CYTY CT ATTEMENT
CITY STATE/ZIP	CITY STATE/ZIP
(845) 534-8282	
BUSINESS TELEPHONE	BUSINESS TELEPHONE
	CONTRACTOR'S F.E.I.N.

**SEAL** 

# (Acknowledgement of officer or Owner Executing Agreement) ) SS.: County of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) On this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_20\_\_, before me personally came and ap-on him by law he subscribed his name to the foregoing instrument and that he executed the same for the purpose therein mentioned. (Notary Public) (SEAL) (Acknowledgement of Contractor) County of \_\_\_\_\_\_) On this \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ in the year \_\_\_ before me, the undersigned, personally to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf of which the individual(s) acted, executed the instrument. Notary Public

(SEAL)

### **AGREEMENT**

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ITNESSETH that whereas the OWNER  Cornwall Public Library – HVAC  Contract 3 - Electrical Con-	Replacement Project	
uments prepared by I		wings, Specifications and other Contract Do EFORE, OWNER and CONTRACTOR for t	
			a1c
equipment, Project, in	, tools and services and to complete a	necessary plant, labor, supervision, materia all work required for the construction of to ocuments herein mentioned, which are here ag Addenda, if any:	the
equipment, Project, in	, tools and services and to complete a strict compliance with the Contract Do	all work required for the construction of to ocuments herein mentioned, which are here	the
equipment, Project, in	strict compliance with the Contract Do t of the Contract, including the followin	all work required for the construction of to ocuments herein mentioned, which are here ag Addenda, if any:	the
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- C. THE CONTRACTOR AGREES to bind every subcontractor by the terms of the Contract Documents. The Contract Documents shall not be construed as creating any contractual relation between any Subcontractor and the Owner.
- D. THE CONTRACTOR AGREES that the only person or persons interested as principal or principals in the proposal submitted by the Contractor for this Contract are named therein, and that no person other than those mentioned therein, except regular agents of Contractor, has any interest in the said proposal or in the securing of the award, and that this contract has been secured without any connection with any person or persons other than those named, and that the proposal is in all respects fair, and was prepared, and that the contract was secured, without collusion or fraud, and that no officer or employee of the Owner has or shall have a financial interest in the performance of the contract or in the supplies, work, or business to which it is related, or in any portion of the proceeds thereof.
- E. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. The Bidding Requirements, Contract Forms, Conditions of the Contract, Specifications, Plans and Addenda shall form part of this Agreement and the provisions thereof shall be as binding upon the parties hereto as if they were herein fully set forth. The table of contents, titles, headings, running headlines and marginal notes contained herein and in said

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  - 2. The Engineer will not be responsible for the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedure or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto.
  - 3. The Engineer will not be responsible for the acts or omissions of any Contractor, any subcontractor or any of the Contractor(s)' or subcontractor(s)' agents or employees or any other person performing any of the work under their agreement; and in no way does the Engineer guarantee, insure, nor assume responsibility for methods or appliances used by the Contractor(s) or subcontractor(s), nor safety of the job or project or compliance with the laws and regulations.
  - 4. The Engineer shall not be in any way responsible for any liability for claims, lawsuits, expenses or damages arising from, or in any manner related to the exposure to, or the handling or disposal of any asbestos or asbestos products or waste.
- G. SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS. This Agreement and all of the covenants hereof shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the Owner and the Contractor respectively and his partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives. Neither the Owner nor the Contractor shall have the right to assign, transfer or sublet his interests or obligations hereunder without consent of the other party.
- H. THE OWNER AGREES to pay, and the Contractor will accept in full consideration for the performance of the Contract (Subject to additions or deductions noted therein) the summation of the products of the quantities, as determined by the Engineer, by the unit price bid in the Proposal (Form of Bid), no allowance being made for anticipated profit.
  - 1. The unit and/or lump sum prices bid in the Proposal shall be deemed to include all work to be performed on the project, other than "Changes in Contract Price" hereinafter defined.
- I. FINAL PAYMENT. After the issuance of a Certificate of Substantial Completion, and submittal of an acceptable Maintenance Guarantee, the Owner shall pay to the Contractor the entire balance found to be due the Contractor, including retained percentage, less twice the value of uncompleted work and amounts withheld due to claims. All prior estimates and payments, including those relating to extra work shall be subject to correction by this payment, which throughout this Contract is called "FINAL PAYMENT". At the time of Final Payment and/or release of retainage, the Contractor agrees to complete a "Contractor's Affidavit for Release of Retainage and/or Final Payment" as furnished by the Engineer. Please refer to the Section 19 of the General Conditions for the payment provisions.
- J. RELEASE OF RETAINER. If the Contractor has complied with all the requirements of this contract and has remedied any and all defects that may have developed in the work within the

Contract period, then at the end of the contract period, upon order of the Owner through his authorized representative, and upon verification there is no incomplete work and no claims made to Owner, the Contractor shall receive the retainer. If the Owner has had to make any necessary repairs and to remedy any defects at any time during the warranty period, then the Owner shall have the power to expend all or such part of the retainer as he may see fit and apply the same to making the necessary repairs and to remedy any defects. Should the amount of the retainer not be sufficient to make the required repairs, the Contractor or his surety shall at once make good the deficiency.

K. ACCEPTANCE OF SECURITIES: The Owner may accept Municipal, State or Federal bonds, securities negotiable without recourse, condition or restrictions, in a form and amount subject to the approval of the Owner, or an irrevocable letter of credit in lieu of all or part of the cash retainage.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have made and executed this Agreement the day and year above written.

Cornwall Public Library	
OWNER	CONTRACTOR
BY	BY
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
TITLE	TITLE
205 Hudson Stuart	
895 Hudson Street BUSINESS ADDRESS	BUSINESS ADDRESS
Cornwall NY / 12518	CYTY CT ATTEMENT
CITY STATE/ZIP	CITY STATE/ZIP
(845) 534-8282	
BUSINESS TELEPHONE	BUSINESS TELEPHONE
	CONTRACTOR'S F.E.I.N.

**SEAL** 

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ity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf

Notary Public

(SEAL)

of which the individual(s) acted, executed the instrument.

### **AGREEMENT**

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lic Library hereinafter	, made as of the day of called the OWNER, and FNESSETH that whereas the OWNE		ub-
	Cornwall Public Library – HVAC Contract 4 - Plumbing Co		
uments prepared by Bl		awings, Specifications and other Contract I EFORE, OWNER and CONTRACTOR for	
equipment, Project, in s	tools and services and to complete	e necessary plant, labor, supervision, mater all work required for the construction of occuments herein mentioned, which are her ing Addenda, if any:	the
	Addendum No.	<u>Date</u>	
B. THE CONT	TRACTOR AGREES to commence	work on or within five (5) days after the	date

- B. THE CONTRACTOR AGREES to commence work on or within five (5) days after the date referenced in the Notice to Proceed (but not before) and shall be completed by said referenced date, unless such period is extended by the Owner.
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Contract period, then at the end of the contract period, upon order of the Owner through his authorized representative, and upon verification there is no incomplete work and no claims made to Owner, the Contractor shall receive the retainer. If the Owner has had to make any necessary repairs and to remedy any defects at any time during the warranty period, then the Owner shall have the power to expend all or such part of the retainer as he may see fit and apply the same to making the necessary repairs and to remedy any defects. Should the amount of the retainer not be sufficient to make the required repairs, the Contractor or his surety shall at once make good the deficiency.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have made and executed this Agreement the day and year above written.

Cornwall Public Library	
OWNER	CONTRACTOR
ВҮ	ВҮ
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
TITLE	TITLE
395 Hudson Street	Dianieae v DDDeae
BUSINESS ADDRESS	BUSINESS ADDRESS
Cornwall NY / 12518 CITY STATE/ZIP	CITY STATE/ZIP
(845) 534-8282	
BUSINESS TELEPHONE	BUSINESS TELEPHONE
	CONTRACTOR'S F.E.I.N.

**SEAL** 

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(SEAL)

### **AGREEMENT**

	TNESSETH that whereas the OWNER  Cornwall Public Library – HVAC  atract 5 – General Construction - State	Replacement Project	
uments prepared by B	PROJECT, in accordance with the Dra Blake Engineering PLLC, NOW THERE fter set forth, agree as follows:		
equipment,	ΓRACTOR AGREES to furnish all the tools and services and to complete a	ll work required for the construction	
	strict compliance with the Contract Do t of the Contract, including the following	cuments herein mentioned, which are g Addenda, if any:	
	•		
	of the Contract, including the following	g Addenda, if any:	
	of the Contract, including the following	g Addenda, if any:	

- B. THE CONTRACTOR AGREES to commence work on or within five (5) days after the date referenced in the Notice to Proceed (but not before) and shall be completed by said referenced date, unless such period is extended by the Owner.
- C. THE CONTRACTOR AGREES to bind every subcontractor by the terms of the Contract Documents. The Contract Documents shall not be construed as creating any contractual relation between any Subcontractor and the Owner.
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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have made and executed this Agreement the day and year above written.

Cornwall Public Library	
OWNER	CONTRACTOR
BY	BY
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
TITLE	TITLE
395 Hudson Street BUSINESS ADDRESS	BUSINESS ADDRESS
Cornwall NY / 12518 CITY STATE/ZIP	CITY STATE/ZIP
(845) 534-8282 BUSINESS TELEPHONE	BUSINESS TELEPHONE
	CONTRACTOR'S F.E.I.N.

**SEAL** 

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(SEAL)

### **LABOR AND MATERIAL PAYMENT BOND**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESE	NTS, that	
(Here insert the name and address of the	e Contractor)	
as Principal, hereinafter called the Princ	ipal, and	
(Here insert the name and address of the	e Surety)	
as Surety, hereinafter called the Surety Obligee, hereinafter called the Owner, for the amount of	for the use and benefit of the claiman Dollars (\$	ts as hereinbelow defined, in), for payment whereof
and severally, firmly by these presents.  WHEREAS, Principal has by written a	greement, dated day of	
entered into a contract with the Owner <b>placement Project</b> which contract is by Contract.	for the construction of the Cornwall	<b>Public Library HVAC Re-</b>

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION is such that if the Principal shall promptly make payment to all claimants as hereinafter defined, for all labor and material used or reasonably required for use in the performance of the Contract, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect, subject, however, to the following conditions:

- 1. A claimant is defined as one having a direct contract with the Principal or with a subcontractor of the Principal for labor, material, or both, used or reasonably required for use in the performance of the contract, labor and material being construed to include that part of water, gas, power, light, heat, oil, gasoline, telephone service or rental of equipment directly applicable to the Contract.
- 2. The above named Principal and Surety hereby jointly and severally agree with the Owner that every claimant as herein defined, who has not been paid in full before the expiration of a period of ninety (90) days after the date on which the last of such claimant's work or labor was done or performed, or materials were furnished by such claimant, may sue on this bond for the use of such claimant, prosecute the suit to final judgement for such sum or sums as may be justly due the claimant, and have execution thereon. The Owner shall not be liable for the payment of any costs or expenses of any such suit.
- 3. No suit or action shall be commenced hereunder by any claimant.
  - (a) Unless claimant, other than one having a direct contract with the Principal, shall have given written notice to any two of the following: The Principal, the Owner, or the Surety above named, within ninety (90) days after such claimant did or performed the last of the work or labor, or furnished the last of the materials for which said claim is made, stating with substantial accuracy the amount claimed and the name of the party to whom the work or labor was done or performed. Such notice shall be served by mailing the same by registered mail or certified mail, postage prepaid, in an envelope addressed to the Principal, Owner or Surety, at any place where an office is regularly

maintained for the transaction of business or served in any manner in which legal process may be served in the state in which the aforesaid project is located, save that such service need not be made by a public officer.

- (b) After the expiration of one (1) year following the date on which the Principal ceased work on said Contract, it being understood, however, that if any limitation embodied in this bond is prohibited by law controlling the construction hereof such limitation shall be deemed to be amended so as to be equal to the minimum period of limitation permitted by such law.
- (c) Other than in a state court of competent jurisdiction in and for the county or other political subdivision of the state in which the project, or any part thereof, is situated, or in the United States District Court for the district in which the project, or any part thereof, is situated, and not elsewhere.
- 4. The amount of this bond shall be reduced by and to the extent of any payment or payments made in good faith hereunder, inclusive of payment by Surety of mechanics' liens which may be filed of record against said improvement, whether or not claim for the amount of such lien be presented under and against this bond.
- 5. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing limitations herein, this bond shall secure the prompt payment or discharge otherwise of any claim filed within the provisions of the Labor or Lien Law of the State of New York governing liens on account of public improvements, notice of which is given by the Obligee to the Surety within 30 days after the filing thereof with the Obligee, addressed to the Surety at the following address:

Unless a proper address is inserted above, this bond shall be unacceptable to the Obligee.)

No right of action shall accrue on this bond to or for the use of any person or corporation other than the Owner named herein or the heirs, executors, administrators or successors of the Owner.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bounded parties have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated below.

Signed and sealed thisday of_	20	
IN THE PRESENCE OF		(SEAL)
	( (Principal)	
	(	
	((Title)	
		(SEAL)
	( (Surety)	` ′
	(	
	(	
	(Title)	

	(Acknowledgem	nent of Principal)
State of	)	
County of	) )	
On this day of	in the year	before me, the undersigned, personally
to the within instrument ity(ies), and that by his/l	and acknowledged to me that	, personally known to me or pro- be the individual(s) whose name(s) is (are) subscribed the/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capac- astrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behal- ment.
Notary Public		
	(SEAL)	
	(Acknowledge	ment of Surety)
State of	) ) SS.: )	
On this day of	in the year	before me, the undersigned, personally
vided to me on the basis to the within instrument ity(ies), and that by his/l	s of satisfactory evidence to be and acknowledged to me that her/their signature(s) on the ir	, personally known to me or proper the individual(s) whose name(s) is (are) subscribed the/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capacinstrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalfment.
Notary Public		
	(SEAL)	

If the Contractor (Principal) is a partnership, the bond should be signed by each of the individuals who are partners.

If the Contractor (Principal) is a corporation, the bond should be signed in its correct corporate name by a duly authorized officer, agent, or attorney-in-fact.

There should be executed an appropriate number of counterparts of bond corresponding to the number of counterparts of the Contractor.

Each executed bond should be accompanied by

- (a) appropriate acknowledgements of the respective parties;
- (b) appropriate duly certified copy of Power of Attorney or other certificate of authority where bond is executed by agent, officer, or other representative of Principal or Surety;
- (c) a duly certified extract from By-Laws, or resolutions of Surety under which Power of Attorney or other certificate of authority of its agent, officer, or representative was issued, and
- (d) duly certified copy of latest published financial statement of assets and liabilities of Surety.

### PERFORMANCE BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that		
(Here insert the name and address of the	ne Contractor)	
as Principal, hereinafter called the Principal, and		
(Here insert the name and address of	the Surety)	
as Surety, hereinafter called the Surety, are held and firmly bound Obligee, hereinafter called the Owner, in the amount of	d themselves, their heirs, execut	Dollars
ministrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly l	by these presents.	
WHEREAS, Principal has by written agreement dated	day of	
20, entered into a contract with the Owner for the construction of		
<b>Replacement Project</b> in accordance with the drawings and specific PLLC, which contract is by reference made a part hereof, and is here.		_

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION is such that is the Principal shall well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said Contract during the original term of said Contract and any extensions thereof that may be granted by the Owner, with or without notice to the Surety, and during the life of any guaranty required under the Contract, and shall also well and truly perform and fulfill all the undertakings, covenants, term conditions, and agreements of any and all duly authorized modifications of said contract that may hereafter be made, notice of which modifications to the Surety being hereby waived, and fully indemnify and save harmless the Owner all outlay and expense which it may incur in making good any such default, then this obligation is to be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

No right of action shall accrue on this bond to or for the use of any person or corporation other than the Owner named herein or the heirs, executors, administrators or successors of the Owner.

seals on the date indicated below.

Signed and sealed this	day of	20	
IN THE PRESENCE OF		((Principal) ( ( ( ( (Title)	(SEAL)
		((Surety) ( ( ( ( (Title)	(SEAL)
	(Acknowl	ledgement of Principal)	
State of	) SS ·		
vided to me on the basis of s to the within instrument and	atisfactory eviden acknowledged to neir signature(s) on	ce to be the individual(s) we that he/she/they executed the instrument, the individual	e undersigned, personally  _, personally known to me or provhose name(s) is (are) subscribed ed the same in his/her/their capacdual(s), or the person upon behalf
Notary Public			
(SEAL)			

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bounded parties have executed this instrument under their several

	(Acknowledg	ement of Surety)
State of	)	
County of	) SS.: )	
On this day of	in the year	before me, the undersigned, personally
vided to me on the basis of to the within instrument an ity(ies), and that by his/he	of satisfactory evidence to nd acknowledged to me th	, personally known to me or probe the individual(s) whose name(s) is (are) subscribed at he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their capacinstrument, the individual(s), or the person upon behalf ment.
Notary Public		
(SEAL)		

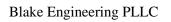
If the Contractor (Principal) is a partnership, the bond should be signed by each of the individuals who are partners.

If the Contractor (Principal) is a corporation, the bond should be signed in its correct corporate name by a duly authorized officer, agent, or attorney-in-fact.

There should be executed an appropriate number of counterparts of the bond corresponding to the number of counterparts of the Contractor.

Each executed bond should be accompanied by

- (a) appropriate acknowledgements of the respective parties;
- (b) appropriate duly certified copy of Power of Attorney or other certificate of authority where bond is executed by agent, officer, or other representative of Principal or Surety;
- (c) a duly certified extract from By-Laws, or resolutions of Surety under which Power of Attorney or other certificate of authority of its agent, officer or representative was issued, and
- (d) duly certified copy of latest published financial statement of assets and liabilities of Surety.



Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project

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### SECTION 007216 - GENERAL CONDITIONS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DEFINITIONS

- A. Wherever used in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated which shall be applicable to both the singular and plural thereof.
- B. ADDENDA Written or graphic instruments issued prior to the execution of the Agreement which modify or interpret the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS, by additions, deletions, clarifications or corrections.
- C. BID The offer or proposal of the BIDDER submitted on the prescribed form setting forth the prices for the WORK to be performed.
- D. BIDDER Any person, firm or corporation submitting a BID for the WORK.
- E. BONDS Bid, Performance and Labor and Material Payment Bonds and other instruments of security, furnished by the CONTRACTOR and his surety in accordance with the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- F. CHANGE ORDER A written order to the CONTRACTOR authorizing an addition, deletion or revision in the WORK within the general scope of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS or authorizing an adjustment in the CONTRACT PRICE or CONTRACT TIME.
- G. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS The contract, including Advertisement for Bids, Instructions to Bidders, Proposal, Bid Bond, Agreement, Performance Bond, Labor and Material Payment Bond, General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, Special Provisions, Supplemental Conditions, NOTICE OF AWARD, NOTICE TO PROCEED, CHANGE ORDER, DRAWINGS, TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS, and ADDENDA.
- H. CONTRACT PERIOD That period of time commencing at the time of the execution of the Agreement and terminating at the end of the Guaranty period.
- I. CONTRACT PRICE The total monies payable to the CONTRACTOR under the terms and conditions of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- J. CONTRACT TIME The number of consecutive calendar days stated in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS for the completion of WORK. Wherein these documents reference is made to the Time for Completion, same shall be understood to be defined as the same as the Contract Time.
- K. CONTRACTOR The person, firm or corporation with whom the OWNER has executed the Agreement.
- L. DRAWINGS The part of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS which show the characteristics and scope of WORK to be performed and which have been prepared or approved by the ENGINEER.
- M. ENGINEER The person, firm or corporation named as such in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

- N. FIELD NOTIFICATION A written notice from the ENGINEER to the CONTRACTOR, delivered to the project site or mailed to the Contractor's business address, which advises the CONTRACTOR of observations made by the ENGINEER which, in his or the OWNER'S opinion, require the action and/or a response by the CONTRACTOR.
- O. FIELD ORDER A written order effecting a change in the WORK not involving an adjustment in the CONTRACT PRICE or an extension of the CONTRACT TIME, issued by the OWNER and/or ENGINEER to the CONTRACTOR during construction.
- P. NOTICE OF AWARD The written notice of the acceptance of the BID from the OWNER to the successful BIDDER.
- Q. NOTICE TO PROCEED Written communication issued by the OWNER, or his authorized representative, to the CONTRACTOR authorizing him to proceed with the WORK and establishing the date of commencement of the WORK.
- R. OWNER A public or quasi-public body or authority, corporation, association, partnership, or individual for whom the WORK is to be performed.
- S. PROJECT The undertaking to be performed as provided in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- T. RESIDENT PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE The authorized representative of the OWNER who is assigned to the PROJECT site or any part thereof.
- U. SHOP DRAWINGS All drawings, diagrams, illustrations, brochures, schedules and other data which are prepared by the CONTRACTOR, a SUBCONTRACTOR, manufacturer, SUPPLIER or distributor, which illustrate how specific portions of the WORK shall be fabricated or installed.
- V. SPECIFICATIONS A part of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS consisting of written descriptions of a technical nature of materials, equipment, construction systems, standards and workmanship.
- W. SUBCONTRACTOR An individual, firm or corporation having a direct contract with the CONTRACTOR or with any other SUBCONTRACTOR for the performance of a part of the WORK at the site.
- X. SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION That date as certified by the ENGINEER and so agreed to by the OWNER when the construction of the PROJECT or a specified major part thereof is sufficiently completed, in accordance with CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, so that the PROJECT or specified part can be utilized for the purposes for which it is intended.
- Y. SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL CONDITIONS Modifications to General Conditions required by a Federal agency for participation in the PROJECT and approved by the agency in writing prior to inclusion in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, or such requirements that may be imposed by applicable state laws.
- Z. SUPPLIER Any person or organization who supplies the materials or equipment for the WORK, including that fabricated to a special design, but who does not perform labor at the site.

- AA. WORK All plant, labor, supplies and materials necessary to produce the construction required by the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, and all materials and equipment incorporated or to be incorporated in the PROJECT.
- BB. WRITTEN NOTICE Any notice to any party of the Agreement relative to any part of this Agreement in writing and considered delivered and the service thereof completed, when posted by certified or registered mail to the said party at his last given address, or delivered in person to said party or his authorized representative on the WORK

## 1.2 ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS AND DETAIL DRAWINGS

- A. The CONTRACTOR may be furnished additional instructions and detail drawings, by the ENGINEER, as necessary to carry out the WORK required by the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- B. The additional drawings and instruction thus supplied will become a part of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS and shall have the same force and effect as any other Contract Documents. The CONTRACTOR shall carry out the WORK in accordance with the additional detail drawings and instructions.
- C. In case the Contractor finds the Specifications or Contract Drawings are not sufficiently clear or complete, he shall request the Engineer to provide such Supplementary Drawings and Specifications and the Engineer will provide such additional information as may be necessary. Such request shall be made in writing at least two (2) weeks prior to the time such Drawings or Specifications are to be needed or the work to be performed, and no delay caused by the tardiness of the Engineer in supplying such information shall be considered as neglect or default on his part unless written request as noted shall have been so made.

# 1.3 PROGRESS AND SUBMISSION SCHEDULES; PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE; NOTIVE TO PROCEED

- A. Within ten (10) days after execution of the Agreement and before commencement of work, the CONTRACTOR will submit to the ENGINEER for acceptance, a detailed work progress schedule indicating the starting and completion dates of the various stages of the WORK, and the schedule of Shop Drawing submissions.
- B. Before starting the WORK, a conference will be held to review the above schedules, to establish procedures for handling Shop Drawings and other submissions and for processing Applications for Payment, and to establish a working understanding between the parties as to the PROJECT. Present at the conference will be the ENGINEER, the PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE, the CONTRACTOR and his Superintendent and any other parties designated by the OWNER. The CONTRACTOR shall also submit a Schedule of Payments that he anticipates he will earn during the course of WORK.
- C. By issuance of the NOTICE TO PROCEED, the OWNER or his authorized representative will give the CONTRACTOR written notice of the date on which it is expected that the CONTRACTOR will start the WORK.

- D. Such date shall not be more than thirty (30) days after the award of the CONTRACT. A copy of such notice shall be given to the ENGINEER. The Contract Time shall start to run on that date. No WORK shall be done by the CONTRACTOR prior to that date.
- E. The ENGINEER may periodically schedule additional conferences with any/or all involved CONTRACTORS during the construction of the PROJECT to review work progress and schedules of construction. For multiple prime contracts, the individual CONTRACTORS shall be responsible for monitoring the work and progress of other CONTRACTORS.
- F. In the event the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS require the completion of any particular part thereof within a shorter period than the time specified to complete the entire CONTRACT, provision for liquidated damages shall also be applicable to any failure to complete such particular part of such CONTRACT within such shorter period specified.
- G. Each CONTRACTOR (in the case of multiple prime contracts) shall circulate their individual work progress schedules with all other contractors, and provide documentation of the same to the ENGINEER or OWNER; in addition, the individual CONTRACTORS shall be fully responsible for reviewing and coordinating their work and the work of others, as referenced on said schedules or otherwise required under the individual CONTRACTS.

## 1.4 DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

- A. The intent of the DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS is that the CONTRACTOR shall furnish all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and transportation necessary for the proper execution of and completion of the WORK in accordance with the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS and all incidental work necessary to complete the PROJECT in an acceptable manner, ready for use, occupancy or operation by the OWNER.
- B. The CONTRACT DOCUMENTS are complimentary and what is called for by any one or more of them though not mentioned in the others, shall be as binding as if called for by all of them. Anything shown on the DRAWINGS and not mentioned in the SPECIFICATIONS or mentioned in the SPECIFICATIONS and not shown on the DRAWINGS, shall have the same effect as if shown or mentioned respectively in both.
- C. In case of conflict or inconsistency between the DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS, the SPECIFICATIONS shall govern. Figure dimensions on DRAWINGS shall govern over scale dimensions, and detailed DRAWINGS shall govern over general DRAWINGS.
- D. Any discrepancies found between the DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS and site conditions or inconsistencies or ambiguities in the DRAWINGS or SPECIFICATIONS shall be immediately reported to the ENGINEER, in writing, who shall promptly correct such inconsistencies or ambiguities in writing. WORK done by the CONTRACTOR after his discovery of such discrepancies, inconsistencies or ambiguities shall be done at the CONTRACTOR'S risk. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent the contractor failed to bring to the engineer's attention in writing such ambiguities or inconsistencies at least seven days prior to the opening of the bid as set forth in the bid invitation, all claims for damages relating to such inconsistencies or ambiguities shall be deemed irrevocably waived.

E. PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS - The CONTRACTOR shall keep at the site of the WORK one copy of the PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS signed and identified by the ENGINEER and shall at all times give the ENGINEER and other representatives of the OWNER access thereto.

## 1.5 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall promptly submit six (6) copies of each Shop or Setting Drawings, which are prepared in accordance with the accepted schedule provided for in the GENERAL CONDITIONS. All submissions shall be bound, dated and properly labeled to indicate CONTRACT number, SPECIFICATION reference, manufacturer and supplier's name, the name of type of item the SPECIFICATION covers, and certification of the origin of materials and equipment. Each element of the submission shall be marked and tabulated.
- B. This review by the ENGINEER is only for review of general conformance with the design concept of the project and general compliance with the information given in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. Corrections or comments made on the working or SHOP DRAWINGS during this review do not relieve the CONTRACTOR from compliance with the requirements of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- C. ENGINEER'S acceptance of a shop drawing shall not authorize any deviation from the Contract Documents, which can only be made by a signed Change Order. Any change or deviation from the Contract Documents should be clearly identified and be the subject of a specific separate request.
- D. SHOP DRAWINGS shall, in general, cover such items as all materials of construction, reinforcement, structural steel, miscellaneous metal, equipment, layout and support of pipe, plumbing, heating, ventilating, wiring, electrical components, fabrication details, details of supporting and relocating utilities or other adjacent structures, and similar work, and shall give all sizes, working and erection dimensions, arrangements, details of connections and supports, kinds of materials, machine work and finishes, and like information. The DRAWINGS shall, where needed for clarity, include outline and sectional views, and detailed working dimensions and designations of the kind of materials and the kinds of machine work and finishes required. DRAWINGS for submission shall be coordinated by the CONTRACTOR with the DRAWINGS heretofore accepted, and with the design and function of any equipment or structure.
- E. After examination of such drawings by the ENGINEER and the return thereof, the CONTRACTOR shall make such corrections to the drawings as have been indicated and shall furnish the ENGINEER with six (6) corrected copies. After a SHOP DRAWING has been reviewed by the ENGINEER and returned to the CONTRACTOR for correction, the CONTRACTOR shall make only the corrections indicated by the ENGINEER. He shall not change or alter, in any way, the information or data acceptable to the ENGINEER on any DRAWING. If requested by the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR must furnish additional copies. Regardless of corrections made in or reviews given to such drawings by the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR will nevertheless be responsible for the accuracy of such drawings and for the conformity to the PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS unless he notified the ENGINEER, in writing, of any deviations, at the time he furnished such drawings and same was subsequently accepted in writing. The acceptance of any Shop Drawing which substantially deviates from the requirement of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS shall be evidenced by a CHANGE ORDER.

- F. When submitted for the ENGINEER'S review, Shop Drawings shall bear the CONTRACTOR'S stamped and signed certification that he has reviewed, checked and approved the Shop Drawings and that they are in conformance with the requirements of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. The stamp shall completely reflect these requirements.
- G. All Shop Drawings shall clearly define the specific item proposed, as well as all options and auxiliary parts which are to be provided as part of the unit. The failure of the CONTRACTOR to identify all such appurtenances does not relieve him of the responsibility to provide complete and satisfactorily operating work.
- H. The CONTRACTOR is responsible for confirming and correlating all quantities and dimensions; selecting fabrication processes and techniques of construction; coordinating his work with that of all other trades and SUBCONTRACTORS; and performing his work in a safe and satisfactory manner.
- I. Portions of the WORK requiring a Shop Drawing or sample submission shall not begin until the Shop Drawing or submission has been accepted by the ENGINEER. A copy of each Shop Drawing and each accepted sample shall be kept in good order by the CONTRACTOR at the site and shall be available to the ENGINEER.

# 1.6 MATERIALS, SERVICES AND FACILITIES

- A. It is understood that, except as otherwise specifically stated in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, the CONTRACTOR shall provide and pay for all materials, labor, tools, equipment, water, light, power, transportation, supervision, temporary construction of any nature and all other services and facilities of any nature whatsoever necessary to execute, complete, and deliver the WORK within the specified time.
- B. Materials and equipment shall be so stored as to insure the preservation of their quality and fitness for the WORK. Stored materials and equipment to be incorporated in the WORK shall be located so as to facilitate prompt inspection.
- C. All manufactured articles, materials, and equipment shall be applied, installed, connected, erected, used, cleaned and conditioned in conformance with the recommendations of the manufacturer.
- D. All materials, supplies and equipment which are to be incorporated into the WORK shall not be purchased by the CONTRACTOR or SUBCONTRACTOR subject to a chattel mortgage or under a conditional sale contract or other agreement by which an interest is retained by the seller.
- E. Materials, supplies and equipment shall be in accordance with samples submitted by the CONTRACTOR and accepted by the ENGINEER.
- F. All materials to be incorporated in this project shall be new and unused unless specifically noted otherwise on the Contract Plans or Specifications.
- G. The OWNER is exempt from payment of sales and compensating use taxes of the State of New York and of cities and counties on all materials supplied to the OWNER pursuant to this CONTRACT. This exemption does not, however, apply to tools, machinery, equipment or other property purchased by, leased by or to the CONTRACTOR or a SUBCONTRACTOR or the

purchase by SUBCONTRACTORS of materials to be sold hereunder which will also be a purchase or procurement for resale to the CONTRACTOR (either directly or through other subcontractors) and therefore not subject to the aforesaid sales or compensating use taxes, provided that the subcontract agreements provided for the resale of such materials prior to and separate and apart from the incorporation of such materials into the permanent construction and that such subcontract agreements are in a form similar to this contract with respect to the separation of the sale of materials from the work and labor to be provided.

## 1.7 INSPECTION AND TESTING

- A. All materials and equipment used in the construction of the PROJECT shall be subject to adequate inspection and testing in accordance with the generally accepted standards, as required and defined in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- B. The OWNER shall provide all the inspection and test services not required by the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall provide, at his expense, the testing and inspection services required by CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- D. If the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, laws, ordinances, rules, regulations or orders of any public authority having jurisdiction require any WORK to specifically be inspected, tested, or approved by someone other than the CONTRACTOR, the CONTRACTOR will give the ENGINEER timely notice of readiness, the CONTRACTOR will then furnish the ENGINEER the required certificates of inspection, testing or approval.
- E. Observations, reviews, tests or acceptance by the ENGINEER or others shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR from his obligations to perform the WORK in accordance with the requirements of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- F. The ENGINEER and his representatives will at all times have access to the WORK. In addition, authorized representatives and agents of any participating Federal or state agency shall be permitted to inspect all work, materials, and other relevant data and records. The CONTRACTOR will provide proper facilities for such access and observation of the WORK and also for any inspection or testing thereof.
- G. If any WORK is covered contrary to the written instructions of the ENGINEER or Contract Requirements it must, if requested by the ENGINEER, be uncovered for his observation and replacement (if necessary), fully at the CONTRACTOR'S expense.
- H. If the ENGINEER considers it necessary or advisable that covered WORK (other than noted in 1.7 above) be inspected or tested by others, the CONTRACTOR, at the ENGINEER'S request, will uncover, expose or otherwise make available for observation, inspection or testing as the ENGINEER may require, that portion of the WORK in question, furnishing all necessary labor, materials, tools, and equipment. If it is found that such WORK is defective, the CONTRACTOR will bear all the expenses of such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection and testing and of satisfactory reconstruction. If, however, such WORK is not found to be defective, the CONTRACTOR will be allowed an increase in the CONTRACT PRICE or an extension of the CONTRACT TIME, or both, directly attributable to such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection, testing and reconstruction and an appropriate CHANGE ORDER shall be issued.

## 1.8 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Whenever a material, article or piece of equipment is identified on the DRAWINGS or SPECIFICATIONS by reference to brand name or catalogue number, it shall be understood that this is referenced for the purpose of defining the performance or other salient requirements and that other products of equal capacities, quality and function shall be considered. The CONTRACTOR may recommend the substitution of a material, article or piece of equipment of equal substance and function for those referred to in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS by reference to brand name or catalogue number, and if, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, such material, article or piece of equipment is of equal substance, quality, performance and function to that specified, the ENGINEER may accept its substitution and use by the CONTRACTOR.
- B. If the CONTRACTOR proposes a substitution which is documented/determined by the OWNER and/or ENGINEER as substandard, or that such material, article or piece of equipment is of lesser substance and/or function, the OWNER shall have the option to consider such alternate item. In this case, any cost differential shall be deductible from the CONTRACT PRICE and the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS shall be appropriately modified by CHANGE ORDER.
- C. The CONTRACTOR warrants that if substitutes are accepted, no major changes in the function or general design of the PROJECT will result. Incidental changes or addition of extra component parts required to accommodate the substitute will be made by the CONTRACTOR without a change in the CONTRACT PRICE or CONTRACT TIME. For substitutions, the OWNER may require that the CONTRACTOR reimburse the OWNER for engineering review costs associated with the review of the proposed substitution.

# 1.9 PATENTS

A. The CONTRACTOR shall pay all applicable royalties and license fees. He shall defend all suits or claims for infringement of any patent rights and save the OWNER harmless from loss on account thereof, except that the OWNER shall be responsible for any such loss when a particular process, design, or the product of a particular manufacturer or manufacturers is specified, however, if the CONTRACTOR has reason to believe that the design process or product specified is an infringement of a patent, he shall be responsible for such loss unless he promptly gives such information to the ENGINEER.

## 1.10 PERMITS AND REGULATIONS

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall carefully preserve bench marks, reference points and stakes and, in the case of willful or careless destruction, he shall be charged with the resulting expense and shall be responsible for any mistakes that may be caused by their unnecessary loss or disturbance.
- B. Permits and licenses of a temporary nature necessary for the prosecution of the WORK shall be secured and paid for by the CONTRACTOR unless otherwise stated in the SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL CONDITIONS. Permits, licenses and easements for permanent structures or permanent changes in the existing facilities shall be secured and paid for by the OWNER, unless otherwise specified. The CONTRACTOR shall give all notices and comply with all laws, ordinances, rules and regulations bearing on the conduct of the WORK as drawn and specified. If the CONTRACTOR observes that the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS are at variance therewith,

he shall promptly notify the ENGINEER in writing, and any necessary changes shall be adjusted as provided in Section 1.13, CHANGES IN THE WORK.

## 1.11 PROTECTION OF WORK, PROPERTY AND PERSONS

- A. The CONTRACTOR will be responsible for initiating, maintaining and supervising all the safety precautions and programs in connection with the WORK. He will take all necessary precautions for the safety of, and will provide the necessary protection to prevent damage, injury or loss to all employees on the WORK and other persons who may be affected thereby, all the WORK and all materials or equipment to be incorporated therein, whether in storage on or off the site, and other property at the site or adjacent thereto, including trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures and utilities not designated for removal, relocation or replacement in the course of construction.
- B. The Engineer or Owner is not responsible for the Contractor's means, methods, techniques, sequences, procedures of construction, or the safety precautions and programs incident thereto.
- C. The CONTRACTOR will comply with all the applicable laws, ordinances, rules, regulations and orders of any public body having jurisdiction. He will erect and maintain, as required by conditions and progress of the WORK, all the necessary safeguards for safety and protection, including barricades, warning signs and lights. He will notify the owners of adjacent utilities when prosecution of the WORK may affect them. The CONTRACTOR will remedy all damage, injury or loss to any property caused, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, by the CONTRACTOR, any SUBCONTRACTOR or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or anyone for whose acts any of them be liable, except damage or loss attributable to the fault of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS or to the acts or omissions of the OWNER or the ENGINEER or anyone employed by either of them or anyone for whose acts either of them may be liable, and not attributable, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, to the fault or negligence of the CONTRACTOR.
- D. In emergencies affecting the safety of persons or the WORK or property at the site or adjacent thereto, the CONTRACTOR, without special instruction or authorization from the ENGINEER or the OWNER, shall act to prevent threatened damage, injury or loss. He will give the ENGINEER prompt WRITTEN NOTICE of any significant changes in WORK or deviations from the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS caused thereby, and a CHANGE ORDER shall thereupon be issued covering the changes and deviations involved.
- E. The Contractor will insure use by his employees and subcontractors of all appropriate and required safety equipment, protective clothing as applicable to this project.

## 1.12 SUPERVISION BY THE CONTRACTOR

A. The CONTRACTOR will supervise and direct the WORK. He will be solely responsible for means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures of construction. The CONTRACTOR will employ and maintain on the WORK a qualified supervisor or superintendent who shall have been designated by the CONTRACTOR as the CONTRACTOR'S representative at the site. Designation shall be by letter to the Owner and Engineer, provided at the time of the execution of the Agreement. The supervisor shall have full authority to act on behalf of the CONTRACTOR and all communications given to the supervisor shall be as binding as if given to the

- CONTRACTOR. The supervisor shall be present on the site at all times as required to perform adequate supervision and coordination of the WORK. The Supervisor shall be fluent in the English language both verbally and in writing.
- B. Any change in the designated supervisor shall be made by letter to the Owner and the Engineer, with receipt by each at least two (2) days prior to said change.

## 1.13 CHANGES IN THE WORK

- A. Without invalidating this CONTRACT, the OWNER may at any time, as the need arises, order changes within the scope of the WORK, consisting of additions, deletions or other modifications. If such changes increase or decrease the amount due under the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS or result in a change in the time required for performance of the WORK, an equitable adjustment (cost or credit) shall be authorized by CHANGE ORDER. Such changes shall not invalidate the CONTRACT nor release the surety, and the CONTRACTOR agrees to perform the work as altered.
- B. The ENGINEER, also, may at any time, by issuing a FIELD ORDER, make changes in the details of the WORK. The CONTRACTOR shall proceed with the performance of any changes in the WORK so ordered by the ENGINEER unless the CONTRACTOR believes that such FIELD ORDER entitles him to a change in CONTRACT PRICE or TIME, or both, in which event he shall give the OWNER and the ENGINEER WRITTEN NOTICE immediately thereof, and in any case prior to performing the modified or altered work. Thereafter, the CONTRACTOR shall document the basis for the change in CONTRACT PRICE or TIME within seven (7) days (or such additional time as may be agreed to in writing by the OWNER or ENGINEER). The CONTRACTOR shall not execute such changes pending the receipt of an executed CHANGE ORDER or further instruction from the OWNER. No claim for a change in Contract Price and/or time will be considered unless written notice shall be so immediately made and documents submitted within the aforementioned time period.
- C. Claims for additional compensation for extra, due to alleged errors in ground elevations, contour lines, or bench marks, will not be recognized unless accompanied by survey data, certified by a Licensed Surveyor in the State of New York, made prior to the time the original ground was disturbed, clearly showing that errors exist which resulted, or would result, in the handling of more material, or performing more work, than would be reasonably estimated from the Drawings and maps issued.
- D. The CONTRACTOR agrees that all extra work shall only be performed pursuant to a valid written CHANGE ORDER and that no oral changes in the CONTRACTOR'S scope of work shall be valid or binding upon the OWNER; and that no oral waiver of the conditions and requirements set forth in paragraphs 1.13.A, 1.13.B or 1.13.C shall be deemed made by the OWNER or claimed by the CONTRACTOR.

#### 1.14 CHANGES IN CONTRACT PRICE

A. The CONTRACT PRICE may be changed only by a CHANGE ORDER. The value of any WORK covered by a CHANGE ORDER or of any claim for increase or decrease in the CONTRACT PRICE shall be determined by mutual agreement by one or more of the following methods in the order of precedence listed below:

- 1. Unit prices previously approved.
- 2. An agreed lump sum.
- 3. The actual cost for labor, direct overhead, materials, supplies, equipment, and other services necessary to complete the work. In addition, there shall be added an amount to be agreed upon but not to exceed fifteen (15) percent of the actual cost of the WORK to cover the cost of general overhead and profit, all as further delineated under paragraph 1.14.C below.
- B. Should the parties fail to agree on the cost or credit of additions, deletions or other modifications, then the OWNER shall issue a CONSTRUCTION CHANGE ORDER DIRECTIVE directing the CONTRACTOR to perform the work on a time and materials basis. Upon receipt of a CONSTRUCTION CHANGE ORDER DIRECTIVE, the CONTRACTOR shall promptly perform such work and furnish to the OWNER on a weekly basis an itemized statement setting forth in detail the hours, rates, names of employees, amounts, etc., of the labor, material, equipment and other costs incurred during the preceding week in the performance of such changed or extra work.
- C. Such detailed statements are necessary to enable the OWNER to monitor the cost of such WORK and if such statements are not provided for any such WORK within seven (7) calendar days or with the following Application for Payment (whichever comes first), the CONTRACTOR's claim for extra compensation therefor shall be forfeited.
- D. The detailed statements shall include all information and shall comply with the provisions noted under paragraph 1.14.C.
- E. For work performed on an actual cost (time and materials) basis or pursuant to a CONSTRUCTION CHANGE ORDER DIRECTIVE, the cost or credit for such work shall be the actual net cost of labor, materials (including cost of delivery by supplier), field supervision (for personnel not otherwise at the site during performance of the changed work), payroll taxes, union fringe benefits, sales and use taxes and equipment rental (for equipment not otherwise at the site and exclusive of hand tools), plus 15% for overhead and profit.
- F. The CHANGE ORDER amount shall be established and limited based on the following definitions for components of the CHANGE ORDER cost. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish supporting information in accordance with the timeframes otherwise noted herein, with copies to both the OWNER and ENGINEER, as follows:
  - 1. Materials: Necessary materials (including transportation to site). Materials used, if acquired by direct purchase, must be covered by acceptable invoices. All prices on used materials incorporated in either temporary or permanent work shall be billed at a fair market value, and in an amount less than the original cost when new. A reasonable salvage credit shall be given to the OWNER by the CONTRACTOR for all salvageable material recovered by it. Salvage value of substantial material recovered must be jointly determined by and be acceptable to the CONTRACTOR and the ENGINEER;
  - 2. Labor Costs: Necessary total labor directly engaged on the CHANGE ORDER work, and for foremen in direct charge of the specific operations. Each class of labor shall be billed separately at actual payroll rates. Average payroll rates based on different classes of labor shall not be accepted. Total labor costs shall include workers' compensation insurance, public liability and property damage insurance, unemployment insurance, Federal old age benefits, other payroll taxes and payments required to be made to labor organizations under

- existing labor agreements, and the rates for such costs shall be substantiated by satisfactory evidence furnished by the CONTRACTOR;
- 3. Sales Tax: Sales tax, if any, required to be paid on the changed or disputed work;
- 4. Equipment, Truck and Plant Rentals, Other Than Small Tools: The CONTRACTOR shall be reimbursed for the number of hours that the equipment, truck or plant is actually used on a specified CHANGE ORDER. Equipment used by the CONTRACTOR shall be specifically described by the manufacturer, model number and date of manufacture and be of suitable size and suitable capacity required for the work to be performed. In the event the CONTRACTOR elects to use equipment of a higher rental rate than the equipment suitable for the work, payment will be made at the rate applicable to the suitable equipment. The equipment actually used and the suitable equipment upon which he rental rate is based will be recorded as a part of the record for CHANGE ORDER work. The OWNER shall determine the suitability of the equipment. If there is a differential in the rate of pay of the operator of oversize or higher rate equipment, the rate paid for the operator will likewise be related to the suitable equipment.
  - a. CONTRACTOR Owned Equipment, Trucks and Plant: CONTRACTOR shall be reimbursed for its ownership costs and for its operating costs for self-owned equipment at the rates listed in the Rental Rate Blue Book published by the Dataquest, Inc. applied in the following manner as modified by the "Rate Adjustment Table".
    - Ownership Costs: It is mutually understood that the rates for ownership costs reimburse the CONTRACTOR for all nonoperating costs of owning the equipment, truck or plant including depreciation on the original purchase, insurance, applicable taxes, interest on investment, storage, overhead, repairs, moving the equipment onto and away from the project or work site, and profit. Reimbursement will be made for the hours of actual use as described below:
      - a) Less than 8 hours of actual use, the product of the actual number of hours used or fraction thereof multiplied by the hourly rate, or the daily rate, whichever is less.
      - b) Between 8 hours and 40 hours of actual use, the product of the actual number of hours used divided by 8 multiplied by the daily rate, or the weekly rate, whichever is less.
      - c) Between 40 and 176 hours of actual use, the product of the actual number of hours used divided by 40 multiplied by the weekly rate, or the monthly rate, whichever is less.
      - d) Over 176 hours of actual use, the product of the actual number of hours used divided by 176 multiplied by the monthly rate.
    - Operating Costs: The rate for operating costs includes fuel, lubricants, other operating expendibles, and preventative and field maintenance. Operating cost does not include the operator's wages. The CONTRACTOR shall be reimbursed the product of the number of hours of actual use multiplied by the Estimated Operating Cost/Hour.
    - 3) The geographic Area Adjustment Factor shown on the map at the beginning of each section of the Rental Rate Blue Book shall not be applied to the equipment rates subsequently listed in each section and shall not be used as a basis for payment.

4) In the event that a rate is not established in the Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment for a particular piece of equipment, truck or plant, the OWNER shall establish rates for ownership costs and operating costs for that piece of equipment, truck or plant that is consistent with its cost and expected life.

# b. Rented Equipment, Trucks and Plant:

- 1) In the event that the CONTRACTOR does not own a specific type of equipment and must obtain it by rental, it shall be paid the actual rental rate for the equipment for the time that the equipment is used to accomplish the work or is required by the OWNER to be present, not to exceed the adjusted rental rate in the Rental Rate Blue Book, plus the reasonable cost of moving the equipment onto and away from the project site.
- 2) The CONTRACTOR shall also be reimbursed for the operating cost of the equipment unless reflected in the rental price. Such operating costs shall be determined in the same manner as specified for Contractor Owned Equipment above.
- In the event that area practice dictates the rental of equipment with an operator or fully fueled and maintained equipment, truck or plants, payment will be made on the basis of an invoice for the rental of the equipment with an operator, fully fueled and/or maintained equipment, trucks or plants including all costs incidental to its use, including costs of moving to and from the site, provided the rate is substantiated by area practice.
- c. Maximum Amount Payable: The maximum amount of reimbursement for the ownership costs of CONTRACTOR owned or the rental cost of rented equipment, trucks or plant is limited to the original purchase price of the equipment, truck or plant for any CHANGE ORDER work as listed in the Green Guide for Construction Equipment published by the Dataquest, Inc. In the specific event when the ownership or rental reimbursement is limited by the original purchase price, the CONTRACTOR shall, nevertheless, be reimbursed for the operating Cost/hour for each hour of actual use.
- 5. Profit and Overhead: Fifteen percent (15%) of the total of material and labor costs only, shall be all owed as compensation for all items of overhead including, but not limited to; administration, clerical or stenographic employees; home office supervision; all salary and expenses of executive officers, home office personnel, project managers, estimators, superintendents and supervisors (other than foremen in direct charge of the specific operations); bond premium; watchmen; insurance premiums (other than workers' compensation insurance); materials used on a temporary basis and use of small tools, all charges for used, damaged or lost minor equipment and tools, including shovels, picks, axes, saws, bars, sledges, lanterns, jacks, cables, pails, wrenches, etc., other miscellaneous supplies and services; office supplies and equipment, and for profit.
- G. The term "net cost" of the work shall not include salaries or other compensation of Contractor's officers, general superintendents, estimators or principal office employees. When both additions and credits covering related changed work or substitutions are involved, the allowances for overhead and profit shall be figured on the basis of the net increase, if any, with respect to that change. The OWNER shall not pay for any costs due to the negligence of the CONTRACTOR or a subcontractor.

- H. If any of the changed work is performed by a Subcontractor, the CONTRACTOR shall be paid the actual and reasonable cost of such subcontracted work computed as outlined above, or on such other basis as might be approved by the OWNER, plus an additional allowance of ten percent (10%) of materials and labor costs as specified under 1.14.F(1) and 1.14.F(2), hereinabove to cover the CONTRACTOR's profit and overhead (limitations as further defined under 1.14.F(5), hereinabove). The cost of transportation of materials shall be excluded when computing the above described charges for profit and overhead for subcontracted work.
- I. When the quantity of work for a unit price item of the proposal is increased in excess of 125 percent of the estimated quantity of the Contract, the Owner reserves the right to effect an adjustment (decrease) to the unit price of the effected item. The basis for the adjustment (decrease) shall be agreed upon prior to the performance of the work. If a basis cannot be agreed upon prior to the performance of the work, upon issuance of a CONSTRUCTION CHANGE ORDER DIRECTIVE by the OWNER or a FIELD ORDER by the ENGINEER, the Contractor shall proceed with the work and as soon as practicable thereafter (subject to time limitations noted hereinabove) submit a fair and equitable adjusted unit price to the OWNER and ENGINEER, based on supporting information to be submitted by the Contractor.
- J. With respect to a change involving an overrun (increase) in quantity of a unit price item for which the Contractor desires an increase in the unit price, the Contractor must notify, in writing, the Owner of the existence of the change in quantity of the item it desires to adjust the contract price of. The Contractor's notification to the Owner must be prior to performing work on the quantity exceeding 125 percent of the estimated quantity for the involved unit price item. If the CONTRACTOR receives a written order or letter from the Owner to perform the work, or field order from the Engineer that could lead to a change in contract item quantity and its unit price, the CONTRACTOR shall notify the OWNER of any desired change in the unit price within seven (7) days or prior to performing work on the quantity exceeding 125 percent of the estimated quantity (whichever comes first).
- K. Any adjustment in unit price for an increase in quantity shall apply only to that portion in excess of 125 percent of original contract item quantity.

## 1.15 TIME FOR COMPLETION, LIQUIDATED DAMAGES AND EXCUSABLE DELAYS

- A. The date of beginning and the time for completion of the WORK are essential conditions of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS and the WORK embraced shall be commenced on a date specified in the NOTICE TO PROCEED.
- B. The CONTRACTOR will proceed with the WORK at such rate of progress to insure full completion within the CONTRACT TIME. It is expressly understood and agreed, by and between the CONTRACTOR and the OWNER, that the CONTRACT TIME for the completion of the WORK described herein is a reasonable time, taking into consideration average climatic and economic conditions and other factors prevailing in the locality of the WORK.
- C. If the CONTRACTOR shall fail to complete the WORK within the CONTRACT TIME, or extension of time granted by the OWNER, then the CONTRACTOR will pay to the OWNER:
  - 1. The amount for liquidated damages as specified in the INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS for each calendar day that the CONTRACTOR shall be in default after the time stipulated in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

- 2. The CONTRACTOR agrees that due to the inherent difficulty in establishing or calculating the actual damages incurred by the OWNER in the event of delays the completion of the project caused by the CONTACTOR, the amount stipulated with respect to liquidated damages in the instructions to bidders represents a reasonable estimate and amount of compensation payable to the OWNER in the event of such delay, given the nature and magnitude of the project, and is not intended as a penalty. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall be construed to be a waiver of any rights the OWNER may have to claim or prove actual damages, with respect to which the OWNER expressly reserves all rights.
- 3. All costs of engineering field work and construction observation and project administration between the contractual specified date of completion (including extensions) and the actual date of completion of all the work set forth in the Contract; at the Engineer's set chargeable hourly rates.
- D. EXCUSABLE DELAYS. The CONTRACTOR shall not be charged with liquidated damages or any excess cost when the delay in completion of the WORK is due to the following, and the CONTRACTOR has given WRITTEN NOTICE and documentation of such delay to the OWNER in accordance with Section 14A of the Instructions to Bidders.
  - 1. To any preference, priority or allocation order duly issued by the OWNER.
  - 2. To unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the CONTRACTOR, including but not restricted to, acts of God, or of the public enemy, acts of the OWNER, acts of another CONTRACTOR in performance of a contract with the OWNER, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, freight embargoes, and abnormal and unforeseeable weather; and
  - 3. To any delays of SUBCONTRACTORS occasioned by any of the causes specified in paragraphs 1.15.D.1 and 1.15.D.2 of this article.
  - 4. To any delays pursuant to a CHANGE ORDER, with the extension in time for completion to be as agreed to by the OWNER and CONTRACTOR on the CHANGE ORDER, if such extra work cannot reasonably be done simultaneously with other parts of the work.
- E. WINTER CONSTRUCTION. Should the actual date of the NOTICE TO PROCEED and the CONTRACT TIME cause work to be anticipated to occur during winter months, the CONTRACTOR should include in his bid appropriate plant, materials and provisions to accomplish the CONTRACT WORK during weather conditions which may occur during such winter season. Should the OWNER determine that such winter conditions are such that extreme adverse weather conditions make work impossible, at the sole discretion of the OWNER, such adverse conditions shall be excusable and shall not be assessed as liquidated damages.

## 1.16 CORRECTION OF WORK

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall promptly remove from the premises all WORK rejected by the ENGINEER for failure to comply with the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, whether incorporated in the construction or not, and the CONTRACTOR shall promptly replace and re-execute the WORK in accordance with the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS and without expense to the OWNER and shall bear the expense of making good all WORK of other CONTRACTORS destroyed or damaged by such removal or replacement.
- B. All removal and replacement WORK shall be done at the CONTRACTOR'S expense. If the CONTRACTOR does not take action to remove such rejected WORK within ten (10) days after

receipt of WRITTEN NOTICE, the OWNER may remove such WORK and store the materials at the expense of the CONTRACTOR.

## 1.17 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall promptly, and before such conditions are disturbed, except in the event of an emergency, notify the OWNER by WRITTEN NOTICE of:
  - 1. Subsurface or latent physical conditions at the site differing materially from those indicated in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS; or
  - 2. Unknown physical conditions at the site, of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the WORK of the character provided for in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- B. The OWNER shall promptly investigate conditions, and if he finds that such conditions do so materially differ and cause an increase or decrease in the cost of, or in the time required for, performance of the WORK, an equitable adjustment shall be made and the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS shall be modified by a CHANGE ORDER. Any claim of the CONTRACTOR for adjustment hereunder shall not be allowed unless he has given the required WRITTEN NOTICE, provided that the OWNER may, if he determines the facts so justify, consider and adjust any such claims asserted before the date of final payment.

## 1.18 SUSPENSION OF WORK, TERMINATION AND DELAY

- A. The OWNER may suspend the WORK or any portion thereof for a period of not more than ninety (90) days or such further time as agreed upon by the CONTRACTOR, by WRITTEN NOTICE to the CONTRACTOR and the ENGINEER which notice shall fix the date on which WORK shall be resumed. The CONTRACTOR will resume that WORK on the date so fixed.
- B. If the CONTRACTOR is adjudged bankrupt or insolvent, or if he makes a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors, or if a trustee or receiver is appointed for the CONTRACTOR or for any of his property, or if he files a petition to take advantage of any debtor's act, or to reorganize under bankruptcy or applicable laws, or if he repeatedly fails to supply sufficient skilled workmen or suitable materials or equipment, or if he repeatedly fails to make prompt payments to SUBCONTRACTORS or for labor, materials or equipment or if he disregards laws, ordinances, rules, regulations or orders of any public body having jurisdiction of the WORK or if he disregards the authority of the ENGINEER, or if he otherwise violates any provision of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, then the OWNER may, without prejudice to any other right or remedy and after giving the CONTRACTOR and his surety a minimum of ten (10) days from delivery of a WRITTEN NOTICE, to cure to the satisfaction of the OWNER and ENGINEER the specified defaults (or in the event the specified defaults cannot be fully cured with the ten day period, the CONTRACTOR commences curing the defaults during that period and continues to make reasonable progress to cure fully), terminate services of the CONTRACTOR and take possession of the PROJECT and of all materials, equipment, tools, construction equipment and machinery thereon owned by the CONTRACTOR, and finish the WORK by whatever method he may deem expedient.
- C. In such case the CONTRACTOR shall not be entitled to receive any further payment until the WORK is finished. If the unpaid balance of the CONTRACT PRICE exceeds the direct and

indirect costs of completing the PROJECT, including compensation for additional professional services, such excess shall be paid to the CONTRACTOR. If such costs exceed such unpaid balance, the CONTRACTOR will pay the difference to the OWNER. Such costs incurred by the OWNER will be determined by the ENGINEER and incorporated in a CHANGE ORDER.

- D. Where the CONTRACTOR'S services have been so terminated by the OWNER, pursuant to Section 1.18.B above, said termination shall not affect any right of the OWNER against the CONTRACTOR then existing or which may thereafter accrue. Any retention or payment of monies by the OWNER due the CONTRACTOR will not release the CONTRACTOR from compliance with the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- E. After ten (10) days from delivery of a WRITTEN NOTICE to the CONTRACTOR and the ENGINEER, the OWNER may, without cause and without prejudice to any other right or remedy, elect to abandon the PROJECT and terminate the Contract. In such case, the CONTRACTOR shall be paid for all Work executed as a percentage of completion of the CONTRACT PRICE together with termination expenses necessarily incurred. CONTRACOR shall not be entitled to recover any lost overhead or profits upon WORK not performed.
- F. If, through no act or fault of the CONTRACTOR, the WORK is suspended for a period of more than ninety (90) days by the OWNER or under an order of court or other public authority, or the ENGINEER fails to act on any request for payment within thirty (30) days after is it submitted, or the OWNER fails to pay the CONTRACTOR substantially the sum approved by the ENGINEER or awarded by legal procedures within thirty (30) days of its approval and presentation, then the CONTRACTOR may, after ten (10) days from delivery of a WRITTEN NOTICE to the OWNER and the ENGINEER, terminate the CONTRACT and recover from the OWNER payment for all WORK executed and all termination expenses sustained as provided in Section 18.4, above. In addition and in lieu of terminating the CONTRACT, if the ENGINEER has failed to act on a request for payment or if the OWNER has failed to act on a request for payment or if the OWNER has failed to make any payment as aforesaid, the CONTRACTOR may upon ten (10) days written notice to the OWNER and the ENGINEER stop the WORK until he has been paid all amounts then due, in which event and upon resumption of the WORK, CHANGE ORDERS shall be issued for adjusting the CONTRACT PRICE or extending the CONTRACT TIME or both to compensate for the costs and delays attributable to the stoppage of the WORK.
  - 1. If the performance of all or any portion of the WORK is suspended, delayed, interrupted or interfered with, the CONTRACTOR agrees to make no claim for damages for delay, impact, acceleration, interference or disruption in the performance of this CONTRACT occasioned by any changes, suspensions, acts, failures to act or omissions of the OWNER, ENGINEER, any of their representatives, other contractors, subcontractors or suppliers, court orders or any other cause and agrees that any such claim shall be fully compensated for by an extension of time to complete performance of the WORK, as provided herein. CONTRACTOR acknowledges that delays are often inherent in the performance of construction contracts and that any such delays are within the contemplation of the parties.
  - 2. The CONTRACTOR understands that the OWNER is a public corporation with a fixed budget for the project, and accordingly agrees to make no claims for damages for delay against the OWNER or ENGINEER except as to delays caused by the intentional wrongdoing, gross negligence or malicious bad faith on the part of the OWNER or its agents. In appropriate circumstances where the CONTRACTOR is not at fault in causing those delays, the CONTRACTOR may be entitled to an extension of time in which to complete its performance of the work, including without limitation delays caused by

unanticipated subsurface or groundwater conditions in the location of underground structures or utilities. The CONTRACTOR nonetheless agrees that whether or not it is granted an extension of time, the CONTRACTOR waives any and all rights to claim damages for delay and represents that it has taken into consideration the risk of loss and damage from delay in preparing and submitting its bid, and assumes all risk of loss therefrom, except to the extent caused by the intentional wrongdoing, gross negligence or malicious bad faith of the OWNER or its agents.

## 1.19 PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTORS

- A. PROGRESS PAYMENTS At least ten (10) days before each progress payment falls due (but not more often than once a month), the CONTRACTOR will submit to the ENGINEER a partial payment estimate filled out on such forms as furnished by the Owner and Engineer and signed by the CONTRACTOR covering the WORK performed during the period covered by the partial payment estimate and supported by such data as the ENGINEER may reasonably require. If payment is requested on the basis of the materials and equipment not incorporated in the WORK but delivered and suitably stored at or near the site (at an approved location), the partial payment estimate shall also be accompanied by such supporting data, satisfactory to the OWNER, as will establish the OWNER'S title to the material and equipment and protect his interest therein, which includes applicable insurance.
- B. The ENGINEER will, within ten (10) days after receipt of each partial payment estimate, either indicate in writing his recommendation of payment and present the partial payment estimate to the OWNER or return the partial payment estimate to the CONTRACTOR indicating in writing his reasons for refusing to recommend payment. In the latter case, the CONTRACTOR may make the necessary corrections and resubmit the partial payment estimate. The OWNER will, within thirty (30) days of presentation to him of the recommendation of payment with attached partial payment estimate, pay the CONTRACTOR a progress payment on the basis of the estimate as approved by the Owner. The OWNER shall retain five percent (5%) of the amount of each payment until final completion and acceptance of all the work covered by the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- C. RELEASE OF RETAINER When the WORK is substantially complete (operational or beneficial occupancy), the retained amount shall be reduced to two times the value of any remaining work items to be completed, as estimated by the ENGINEER, plus any amount the OWNER deems necessary to satisfy any claims, liens or judgments which have not been suitably discharged.
- D. Unless otherwise directed in writing by the OWNER, each application for payment shall include the certified payrolls of the CONTRACTOR and all subcontractors for the periods since the prior application for payment.
- E. Each application or requisition for payment by the CONTRACTOR shall constitute a representation that the work and materials reflected therein have been actually furnished; that the quantities and prices therefore are true and accurate; that the CONTRACTOR has no knowledge of any mechanic's liens having been filed against the project except as otherwise identified; that all of the contractor's employees and laborers have been paid all wages, benefits contributions and wage supplements in full for the period in question; that the contractor is current in payment of all unemployment insurance contributions, withholding and payroll taxes; and that all employees, laborers, subcontractors and materials suppliers have been paid in full less any agreed

upon retainage for all labor and materials furnished up to the date of the most recent requisition for which payment has been made by the OWNER. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish upon demand proof that it has paid all employees, laborers, subcontractors, material suppliers, labor organizations and taxing authorities including without limitation payroll records and receipts; and shall retain all such records as well as all other project records for at least three years after substantial completion.

- F. The request for payment may also include an allowance for the cost of such major materials and equipment which are suitably stored either at or near the site (at an approved location), in a location determined acceptable to the OWNER. Any such request shall include copies or invoices for each item of material or equipment for which payment is requested.
- G. Prior to SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION, the OWNER, with recommendation of the ENGINEER and with the concurrence of the CONTRACTOR, may use any completed or substantially completed portions of the WORK. Such use shall not constitute an acceptance of such portions of the WORK.
- H. The OWNER shall have the right to enter the premises for the purpose of doing work not covered by the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. This provision shall not be construed as relieving the CONTRACTOR of the sole responsibility for the care and protection of the WORK, or the restoration of any damaged WORK except such as may be caused by agents or employees of the OWNER.
- I. Upon completion and acceptance of the WORK, the ENGINEER shall issue a certificate of substantial completion attached to the final payment request that the WORK has been accepted by him under the conditions of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. The entire balance found to be due the CONTRACTOR, including the retained percentages, but except such sums as may be lawfully retained by the OWNER (twice the value of incomplete work plus amounts of cover claims made to the OWNER), shall be paid to the CONTRACTOR within thirty (30) days of completion and acceptance of the WORK. Estimate of value for incomplete work shall be prepared by the ENGINEER. The Contractor shall also be required to complete an Affidavit as referenced under Section 9 of the Agreement.
- The CONTRACTOR will indemnify and save the OWNER or the OWNER's agents harmless J. from all claims growing out of the lawful demands of SUBCONTRACTORS, laborers, workmen, mechanics, material men, and furnishers of machinery and parts thereof, equipment, tools and all supplies, incurred in the furtherance of the performance of the WORK. The CONTRACTOR shall, at the OWNER'S request, furnish satisfactory evidence that all obligations of the nature designated above have been paid, discharged or waived. If the CONTRACTOR fails to do so the OWNER may, after having notified the CONTRACTOR, either pay unpaid bills or withhold from the CONTRACTOR'S unpaid compensation a sum of money deemed reasonably sufficient to pay any and all such lawful claims until satisfactory evidence is furnished that all liabilities have been fully discharged whereupon payment to the CONTRACTOR shall be resumed, in accordance with the terms of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, but in no event shall the provisions of this sentence be construed to impose any obligations upon the OWNER to either the CONTRACTOR, his Surety, or any third party. In payment of any unpaid bills of the CONTRACTOR, any payment so made by the OWNER shall be considered as a payment made under the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS by the OWNER to the CONTRACTOR and the OWNER shall not be liable to the CONTRACTOR for any such payments made in good faith.

K. If the OWNER fails to make payment thirty (30) days after recommendation by the ENGINEER, in addition to other remedies available to the CONTRACTOR, there shall be added to each such payment interest at the maximum legal rate commencing on the first day after said payment is due and continuing until the payment is received by the CONTRACTOR.

#### 1.20 ACCEPTANCE OF FINAL PAYMENT AS RELEASE

- A. The acceptance by the CONTRACTOR of final payment shall be and shall operate as a release to the OWNER of all claims and all liability to the CONTRACTOR for all things done or furnished in connection with this WORK and for every act and neglect of the OWNER and others relating to or arising out of this WORK. Any payment, however, final or otherwise, shall not release the CONTRACTOR or his sureties from any obligations under the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS or the Performance BOND and Labor and Material Payment BONDS.
- B. At the time of Final Payment, the Contractor shall execute an Affidavit for Release of Retainage and/or Final Payment, as provided by the Engineer.

## 1.21 INSURANCE

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall purchase and maintain such insurance as will protect him from claims set forth below, which may arise out of or result from the CONTRACTOR'S execution of the WORK whether such execution be by himself or by any SUBCONTRACTOR or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable:
  - 1. Claims under workers compensation, disability benefit and other similar employee benefit acts:
  - 2. Claims for damages because of bodily injury, occupational sickness or disease, or death of employees;
  - 3. Claims for damages because of bodily injury, sickness or disease, or death of any person other than his employees;
  - 4. Claims for damages insured by usual personal injury liability coverage which are sustained (1) by any person as a result of an offense directly or indirectly related to employment of such person by the CONTRACTOR, or (2) by any other person; and
  - 5. Claims for damages because of injury to or destruction of tangible property, including the loss of use resulting therefrom.
- B. Certificates of Insurance acceptable to the OWNER shall be filed with the OWNER at the time of execution of the Agreement, but no later than fifteen (15) days from the date of Notification of Award. These Certificates shall contain a provision that coverages afforded under the policies will not be cancelled unless at least thirty (30) days prior WRITTEN NOTICE (by Certified Mail) has been given to the OWNER.
- C. A recitation in such provision that the insurer will not be responsible for failure of the OWNER to receive such notice will not be acceptable. If such recitation is on the Certificate utilized, it shall be omitted or stricken from such Certificate and the required provisions noted thereon.
- D. The CONTRACTOR shall procure and maintain, at his own expense, during the CONTRACT PERIOD, liability insurance as hereinafter specified;

- 1. CONTRACTOR'S General Public Liability and Property Damage Insurance including vehicle coverage issued to the CONTRACTOR and protecting him from all claims for personal injury, including death and all claims for destruction of or damage to property, arising out of or in connection with any operations under the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, whether such operations be by himself or by any SUBCONTRACTOR under him, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by the CONTRACTOR or by a SUBCONTRACTOR under him. Insurance shall be written with a limit of liability of not less than \$2,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injury, including death, at any time resulting therefrom, sustained by any one person in any one accident; and a limit of liability of not less than \$2,000,000 for all property damage sustained by any one person in any one accident; and a limit of liability of not less than \$2,000,000 for all property damage sustained by any one person in any one accident; and a limit of liability of not less than \$2,000,000 aggregate for any such damage sustained by two or more persons in any one accident.
- 2. The CONTRACTOR shall acquire and maintain Fire and Extended Coverage insurance upon the PROJECT to the full insurable value thereof for the benefit of the OWNER, the CONTRACTOR, and SUBCONTRACTORS as their interest may appear. This provision shall in no way release the CONTRACTOR or CONTRACTOR'S surety from obligations under the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS to fully complete the PROJECT.
- E. The CONTRACTOR shall procure and maintain, at his own expense, during the CONTRACT PERIOD, in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the state in which the work is performed, Workmen's Compensation Insurance, including occupational disease provisions, for all of his employees at the site of the PROJECT and in case any work is sublet, the CONTRACTOR shall require such SUBCONTRACTOR similarly to provide Workmen's Compensation Insurance, including occupational disease provisions for all of the latter's employees unless such employees are covered by the protection afforded by the CONTRACTOR. In case any class of employees engaged in hazardous work under this contract at the site of the PROJECT is not protected under Workmen's Compensation statute, the CONTRACTOR shall provide, and shall cause each SUBCONTRACTOR to provide, adequate and suitable insurance for the protection of his employees not otherwise protected.
- F. The CONTRACTOR shall secure, "All Risk" type Builder's Risk Insurance for WORK to be performed. Unless specifically authorized by the OWNER, the amount of such insurance shall not be less than the CONTRACT PRICE totaled in the BID. The policy shall cover not less than the losses due to fire, explosion, hail, lightning, vandalism, malicious mischief, wind, collapse, riot, aircraft, and smoke during CONTRACT PERIOD, and until the WORK is accepted by the OWNER.
- G. The policy shall name as insured the Contractor. In addition, all policies shall name as additional insured the OWNER, and BLAKE ENGINEERING PLLC. Listing the above entities as "certificate holder" is NOT acceptable.

## 1.22 CONTRACT SECURITY

A. The CONTRACTOR shall, not later than fifteen (15) days from the date of the NOTICE OF AWARD furnish the OWNER with a Performance Bond and a Labor and Material Payment Bond in penal sums equal to the amount of the CONTRACT PRICE, conditioned upon the performance by the CONTRACTOR of all undertakings, covenants, terms, conditions and agreements of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, and upon the prompt payment by the CONTRACTOR to all

persons supplying labor and materials in the prosecution of the WORK provided by the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. Such BONDS shall be executed by the CONTRACTOR and a corporate bonding company licensed to transact such business in the state in which the WORK is to be performed and named on the current list of "Surety Companies Acceptable on Federal Bonds" as published in the Treasury Department Circular Number 570. The expense of these BONDS shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR. If at any time a surety on any such BOND is declared a bankrupt or loses its right to do business in the state in which the WORK is to be performed or is removed from the list of Surety Companies accepted on Federal BONDS, the CONTRACTOR shall within ten (10) days after notice from the OWNER to do so, substitute an acceptable BOND (or BONDS) in such form and sum and signed by such other surety or sureties as may be satisfactory to the OWNER. The premiums on such BOND shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR. No further payments shall be deemed due nor shall be made until the new surety or sureties shall have furnished an acceptable BOND to the OWNER.

#### 1.23 ASSIGNMENTS

A. Neither the CONTRACTOR nor OWNER shall sell, transfer, assign or otherwise dispose of the Contract or any portion thereof, or of his right, title or interest therein, or his obligations thereunder, without written consent of the other party.

## 1.24 INDEMNIFICATION

- A. The CONTRACTOR will indemnify and hold harmless the OWNER and the ENGINEER and their agents and employees from and against all claims, damages, losses and expenses including attorney's fees arising out of or resulting from the performance of the WORK, provided that any such claims, damage, loss or expense is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property including the loss of use resulting therefrom; and is caused in whole or in part by any negligent or willful act or omission of the CONTRACTOR, and SUBCONTRACTOR, anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable.
- B. In any and all claims against the OWNER or the ENGINEER, or any of their agents or employees, by any employee of the CONTRACTOR, any SUBCONTRACTOR, anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, the indemnification obligation shall not be limited in any way by any limitation on the amount or type of damages, compensation or benefits payable by or for the CONTRACTOR or any SUBCONTRACTOR under workmen's compensation acts, disability benefit acts or other employee benefits acts.
- C. The obligation of the CONTRACTOR under this paragraph shall not extend to the liability of the ENGINEER, his agents or employees arising out of the preparation or approval of maps, DRAWINGS, opinions, reports, surveys, CHANGE ORDERS, designs or SPECIFICATIONS.

## 1.25 SEPARATE CONTRACTS

A. The OWNER reserves the right to let other contracts in connection with this PROJECT. The CONTRACTOR shall afford other CONTRACTORS reasonable opportunity for the introduction and storage of their materials and the execution of their WORK and shall properly connect and

- coordinate his WORK with theirs. If, the proper execution or results of any part of the CONTRACTOR'S WORK depends upon the WORK of any other CONTRACTOR, the CONTRACTOR shall inspect and promptly report to the ENGINEER any defects in such WORK that render it unsuitable for such proper execution and results.
- B. The OWNER may perform additional WORK related to the PROJECT by himself, or he may let other contracts containing provisions similar to these. The CONTRACTOR will afford the other CONTRACTORS who are parties to such Contracts (or the OWNER, if he is performing the additional WORK himself), reasonable opportunity for the introduction and storage of materials and equipment and the execution of WORK and shall properly connect and coordinate his WORK with theirs.
- C. If the performance of additional WORK by other CONTRACTORS or the OWNER is not noted in the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS prior to the execution of the CONTRACT, written notice thereof shall be given to the CONTRACTOR prior to starting any such additional WORK. If the CONTRACTOR believes that the performance of such additional WORK by the OWNER or others involves him in additional expense or entitles him to an extension of the CONTRACT TIME, he may make a claim therefore as provided in Sections 1.14 and 1.15.
- D. The CONTRACTOR understands that to the extent other contractors or trades are engaged to perform work on the project, the CONTRACTOR shall cooperate with such other CONTRACTOR shall cooperate with such other contractors and trades and shall coordinate its work so as to cause no delay in the progress or completion of the project.

## 1.26 SUBCONTRACTING

- A. The CONTRACTOR may utilize the services of specialty SUBCONTRACTORS on those parts of the WORK which, under normal contracting practices, are performed by specialty SUBCONTRACTORS.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall not award WORK to SUBCONTRACTOR(s), in excess of fifty (50%) percent of the CONTRACT PRICE, without prior written approval of the OWNER.
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall be fully responsible to the OWNER for the acts and omissions of his SUBCONTRACTORS, and of persons either directly or indirectly employed by them, as he is for the acts and omissions of persons directly employed by him.
- D. The CONTRACTOR shall cause appropriate provisions to be inserted in all subcontracts relative to the WORK to bind SUBCONTRACTORS to the CONTRACTOR by the terms of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS insofar as applicable to the WORK of SUBCONTRACTORS and to give the CONTRACTOR the same power as regard terminating any subcontract that the OWNER may exercise over the CONTRACTOR under any of the provisions of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- E. Nothing contained in this CONTRACT shall create any contractual relation between any SUBCONTRACTOR and the OWNER.
- F. The CONTRACTOR shall notify the OWNER and the ENGINEER by written notice of all SUBCONTRACTORS to be utilized, with a description of the subcontract scope of work, prior to the SUBCONTRACTOR performing such work on-site.

## 1.27 ENGINEER'S AUTHORITY

- A. The ENGINEER shall act as the OWNER'S representative during the construction period. He shall decide questions which may arise as to quality and acceptability of materials furnished and WORK performed. He shall interpret the intent of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS in a fair and unbiased manner. The ENGINEER will make visits to the site and will endeavor to determine, in general, if the WORK is proceeding in accordance with the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- B. The CONTRACTOR will be held strictly to the intent of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS in regard to the quality of materials, workmanship and execution of the WORK. Inspections may be made at the factory or fabrication plant of the source of material supply.
- C. The ENGINEER will not be responsible for the construction means, controls, techniques, sequences, procedures, or construction safety.
- D. Pursuant to requests in conformance with Section 1.2.C of the General Conditions, the ENGINEER shall promptly make decisions relative to interpretation of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

## 1.28 GUARANTY

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall guarantee all materials and equipment furnished and WORK performed for a period of one (1) year from the date of SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION. The CONTRACTOR warrants and guarantees for a period of one (1) year from the date of SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION of the work that the completed work is free from all defects due to faulty materials or workmanship and the CONTRACTOR shall promptly make such corrections as may be necessary by reason of such defects including the repairs of any damage to other parts of the project resulting from such defects. Where no Certificate of Substantial Completion is issued, the one (1) year guarantee shall run from the date of approval of final payment by the OWNER. The OWNER will give notice of observed defects with reasonable promptness. In the event that the CONTRACTOR should fail to make such repairs, adjustments, or other WORK that may be made necessary by such defects, the OWNER may do so and the CONTRACTOR agrees to fully reimburse the OWNER for the cost thereby incurred. OWNER'S rights set forth in this paragraph are in addition to, and not in limitation of, any rights of the OWNER under this contract or as otherwise provided by law.
- B. The PERFORMANCE BOND and all insurance policies shall remain in full force and effect through the guarantee period. If acceptable to the OWNER, the CONTRACTOR may provide a Maintenance Bond in lieu of the Performance Bond for the guarantee period. The surety bond shall be delivered simultaneously with the request for final payment. The surety on such bond shall be a duly authorized surety company to do business in the State of New York, satisfactory to the OWNER.
- C. As part of the work required during the guaranty period, the Contractor shall maintain, fully at his cost, all trenches, work areas or other such affected areas, and all work required in compliance with (as a minimum) Section 01570, Maintenance and Protection of Traffic, at no expense to the Owner.

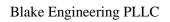
# 1.29 TAXES

A. The CONTRACTOR will pay all applicable sales, consumer, use and other similar taxes required by the law of the place where WORK is performed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION 007216



Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project

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## SECTION 007343 – WAGE RATES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

- A. The initial New York State minimum wage rate schedules for this project are bound herewith.
- B. The labor on this contract shall be performed in all respects in full accordance with the Labor Law of the State of New York. In accordance with Section 220, Subdivision 3, and Section 220-D, of the Labor Law, the Industrial Commissioner has designated as the minimum hourly rates to be paid to employees on the work the rates shown on the attached schedules which shall be posted in a prominent and convenient place for the inspection of the Contractor's employees. Article 8, Section 220 of the Labor Law, as amended by Chapter 750 of the Laws of 1956, provides, among other things, that it shall be the duty of the fiscal officer to make a determination of the schedule of wages and supplemental(s) to be paid to all laborers, workmen and mechanics employed on public works projects. The amount of supplemental(s) listed on the enclosed schedule does not necessarily include all types of prevailing supplements.
- C. The Contractor shall make provision for disability benefits, workman's compensation, unemployment insurance and social security, as required by law.
- D. Per the New York State Education Department's directive in its Office of Facilities Planning Newsletter #106 May 2011, the Contractor is responsible for obtaining updated copies of the prevailing wage schedule and the list of employers ineligible to bid on or be awarded public work contracts directly from the Department of Labor's Bureau of Public Work's web site at:
  - 1. https://apps.labor.ny.gov/wpp/showFindProject.do?method=showIt
    - a. Enter the PRC number: 2022009610
    - b. Select Submit.
    - c. Select the first link "Wage Schedule" at the top right.
  - 2. In the event that the Contractor does not have web access or is unable to access the Department's website, please fax a written request for a printed copy of the schedule to the Central Office of the Bureau of Public Works at (518) 485-1870.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION 007343

WAGE RATES 007343 - 1

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WAGE RATES 007343 - 2

## SECTION 011100 - MILESTONE SCHEDULE

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 MASTER SCHEDULE

A. The following milestone schedule serves as a basis for bidding. A Master Schedule will be developed at a general meeting of the awarded contractor within 10 days of Award of the Contract. This Master Schedule will incorporate the milestones listed below.

## 1.2 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION & MILESTONE DATES

- A. Award Contracts on or about WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 2023
- B. Start Construction Date of Award of Contracts
- C. Milestone Dates
  - 1. Commence Construction MONDAY, AUGUST 14, 2023
  - 2. Substantial Completion FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 2023
  - 3. Completion of Punchlist FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 2023

## D. Final Close-out of Contract

- 1. Final close out of contract shall be within 30 days of the substantial completion dates established above. All work including, but not limited to punch lists, project closeout, testing, balancing, owner's operation training, O&M manuals, as-builts, warranties, etc. shall be complete.
- 2. All work required by the Owner or Engineer to execute final closeout of contracts after dates noted above, if determined to be caused by Contractor, shall result in payment to the Owner in the form of a change order deduct to the base contract.

## E. Operational Hours and Building Occupancy

- 1. Work will be permitted between 7:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. all days except Saturday and Sundays. Any special work arrangements must be made through the Owner.
- 2. The Owner will plan to close the building down to staff and the public between August 14, 2023 and September 8, 2023. During this time the contractors will have full access to the building
- 3. Starting on September 11, 2023 the Owner plans to reoccupy the building with staff. Contractors shall have the construction of the building entrance and staff areas completed prior to this date to allow for staff occupancy.
- 4. Starting on September 25, 2023 the Owner plans to fully reoccupy the building with staff and the public. Contractors shall have all construction substantially complete and operational prior to this date to allow for full occupancy.

END OF SECTION 011100

#### SECTION 011200 - MULTIPLE CONTRACT SUMMARY

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes a summary of each Prime Contract, including general requirements for Work, coordination, and specific temporary facilities and controls responsibilities. One set of Construction Documents is issued covering the Work of multiple Prime Contracts.
- B. Specific requirements of Work of each Prime Contract are also indicated in individual paragraphs of this Section and may also be indicated in individual Specification Sections and on drawings. Each Prime Contractor is responsible to review all Construction Documents of the Project for specific requirements, and for a general understanding and knowledge of the Work of other Prime Contractors.
- C. Prime Contractors are responsible for all Work of their Contract, no matter on what drawing the Work appears. Should a conflict or contradiction in assignment of Work be indicated elsewhere in the Construction Documents, this Section shall take precedence over all other assignments of Work.
  - 1. Contract No. 1 Mechanical Construction (MC)
  - 2. Contract No. 2 Electrical Construction (EC)
  - 3. Contract No. 3 Plumbing Construction (PC)
  - 4. Contract No. 4 General Construction (GC)
  - 5. Contract No. 5 General Construction Staff Room Renovations (SRR)

# 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Project Identification: Project consists of all labor, materials, equipment, appliances, services, and incidentals necessary for layout, installing, and performing the HVAC system replacement at the Cornwall Public Library as shown on the Contract Drawings and described in the Specifications.
- B. Building Site(s): The Building Site(s) shall be defined in the Construction Documents, as the building(s) footprint, and all related construction within a five-foot (5'0") distance of the building's exterior face, unless noted or assigned otherwise.
  - 1. Prime Contractors shall be aware of, and coordinate, specific exceptions to the 5'0" limit indicated within each Scope of Work outline.
- C. Permanent Enclosure: As determined by the Engineer, the condition at which roofing is installed and weather tight; exterior walls are weather tight and insulated; and all openings are closed with permanent construction or substantial temporary closures equivalent in weather protection to permanent construction.

1. All costs associated with failure to provide and maintain described installations that result in any damage or contamination to the Owner's property, shall be borne by the Prime Contract responsible for the installation.

## 1.4 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS OF PRIME CONTRACTS

- A. Prime Contracts: The context used in this Section are separate Prime Contracts that represent significant elements of Work that is to be performed concurrently and in close coordination with the Work of other Prime Contracts for the benefit of the Owner. Each Prime Contract is recognized to be a significant, integrated part of the Work.
- B. Layout and Installation: Each Prime Contractor shall schedule, layout and install their Work in such manner as not to delay or interfere with, but to compliment the execution of the Work of other Prime Contractors, utility companies and Owner's operations.
- C. Extent of Contract: The Construction Documents, comprised of drawings and specifications, contain more specific descriptions of the Work, indicating which Prime Contract shall provide specific elements of the Project Work.
  - 1. Work provided by each Prime Contract shall mean complete and operable systems and assemblies, including products, components, accessories and installations required by the Construction Documents, respective manufactured product, or indicated otherwise.
  - 2. Prime Contractors shall exercise good judgment and perform all Work according to related industry standards.
  - 3. The Owner is exempt from payment of Federal, State and local taxes, including sales and compensating use taxes on all materials and supplies incorporated in completing the Work; these taxes are not to be included in the Bid. This exemption does not apply to tools, machinery, equipment or other property leased by, or to, the Prime Contractor or subcontractor, or to supplies and materials, which even though consumed are not permanently incorporated into the completed Work.
    - a. Prime Contractors, and their subcontractors, shall be responsible for paying all applicable taxes on said tools, machinery, equipment or property, and upon all said unincorporated supplies and materials, whether purchased or leased.
  - 4. Prime Contractors shall understand that time is of the essence and will adequately staff the Project by employing the appropriate trade's people to perform the Work; these people shall be experienced in their respective trades. A shortage of labor in the industry shall not be accepted as an excuse for not properly staffing the Project; all efforts shall be made to meet or exceed the schedule, including additional staff and/or labor hours necessary. All cost associated with this item shall be included within the Prime Contract's Bid.
  - 5. Local custom and trade union jurisdictional agreements or settlements will not control the scope of the Work of each Prime Contract.
    - a. When a potential jurisdictional dispute or similar interruption of Work is first identified or threatened, the affected Prime Contractor(s) shall promptly negotiate a reasonable settlement to avoid or minimize the pending interruption and/or delays.
    - b. Contractor's trade-related issues shall not be grounds for modification or extension of scheduled completion date(s).

- 6. The Work of all Prime Contractors requires close coordination with other Prime Contractors and construction personnel. Maintain flexibility and cooperation through the Project. "Out of Sequence" and "Delay" claims will only be considered when requirements of Division 01 "Project Management and Coordination" have been adhered to.
  - a. Delay claims must be in writing and forwarded to the Engineer per the requirements of the Conditions of the Contract. Claims not submitted per these requirements will be rejected and/or denied.
- 7. The intention of the Work is to follow a logical sequence, however, a Prime Contractor may be required by the Engineer, to temporarily install, omit or leave out a section(s) of Work, out of sequence. All such out of sequence Work, and come back time, at these areas shall be performed at no additional cost to the Owner.
- D. Construction Sequencing: Prime Contractors shall understand that concurrent construction on multiple areas/sites of this Project are a requirement. Should an area of construction not be complete per incremental milestones of the schedule included in the Contract Documents, the responsible Prime Contractor shall immediately augment the labor force, whether self-preformed of subcontracted, to recover such lost time.
- E. Existing Conditions: Each Prime Contractor shall verify existing conditions in the field and per the Conditions of the Contract, immediately report conditions to the Engineer that are not represented correctly by the Construction Documents.
  - 1. Each Prime Contractor is responsible for familiarizing himself with Project Site Logistics, whether represented in the Construction Documents, or in real time.
  - 2. Each Prime Contractor has been given ample opportunity to review existing conditions related to the Project. Existing conditions not noted in the Construction Documents that could be easily recognized during pre-bid review that interfere with the respective Prime Contractor's Work, shall be the responsibility of the respective Prime Contractor, including related costs associated with removal, patching, relocation or re-fabrication of installations.
  - 3. Owner shall be responsible for removing Owner's contents of spaces for construction during unoccupied periods. Prime Contractors shall be responsible for removing and/or protecting, and re-placing Owner's contents during occupied periods, where contractor needs to perform work (ie: second-shift). The contractor shall ensure that spaces worked in are clean, and as encountered when they entered the space, prior to the next business day.
- F. Protection of Installations: Each Prime Contractor is responsible for protecting their installations at all times. All costs incurred to repair, replace or clean insufficiently protected materials/installations shall be the responsibility of the installing Prime Contractor.
  - 1. The Construction Site Representative(s) shall be notified, in writing, immediately upon material/installation being damaged. Notification shall support indication of the responsible party.
  - 2. The Owner will not be liable for damaged materials and/or installations by "others", when "others" cannot be identified.
  - 3. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces or replace construction installations that cannot be repaired.

- 4. Each Prime Contractor shall be responsible for removing all labels not required to remain, from their installations.
- 5. Installations shall be wiped clean and proper protection then installed.
- G. Daily Cleaning: All Prime Contractors are responsible for any and all debris and refuse generated by their Work, including the Work of their subcontractors. A daily clean up and disposal is required by each Prime Contractor for the periods which that Prime Contractor, or its subcontractors, are performing Work on site(s).
  - 1. Maintaining a clean Project site(s) shall be deemed a Safety & Health issue, with Prime Contractors and designated Competent Persons being held accountable for fulfilling obligations.
  - 2. Daily cleaning will be mandated to remove from the building, any debris created by day-to-day activities.
  - 3. Daily cleaning will not mean any one Prime Contractor is responsible for assisting another Prime Contractor with removing major quantities of debris created by a particular Prime Contractor's Work.
  - 4. Contractor working solely in an area shall be responsible for cleaning of that area.
  - 5. Assign at least one person for a daily clean and sweep of the Work area(s). Prime Contractor shall allot sufficient manpower and time for this to be completed by the end of each days' shift.
    - a. Submit name of person(s) identified for this task to the Construction Site Representative(s).
    - b. Construction Site Representative(s) shall have the authority to give direction directly to person(s) on the Project Site(s) identified by the Prime Contract, designated for cleanup task.
    - c. Any Prime Contractor not providing personnel for daily cleaning will be Back-Charged for labor provided by the Owner or others retained to complete this task.
  - 6. General Construction (GC) Contractor shall provide sweeping compound for daily cleaning. Each Prime Contractor shall provide sufficient number of brooms or other necessary tools, for use by their personnel to adequately fulfill their obligations.
  - 7. General Construction (GC) Contractor shall provide and maintain garbage cans/refuse containers with liners for each construction area as directed by the Construction Site Representative(s) and shall be responsible for disposing of these materials to a dumpster.
  - 8. General Construction (GC) Contractor shall provide the necessary equipment/containers (lull/skip-box) to move daily clean/sweep debris from the building to a dumpster daily. Skip-box shall be emptied to a dumpster by 9:00
  - 9. a.m. the following day.
  - 10. General Construction (GC) Contractor shall be responsible for waste management (dumpsters, off-site disposal of demolished/removed materials, construction waste, etc.), for their own respective purposes, and for use by Mechanical, Electrical, and Plumbing Prime Contracts.

11. Final Cleaning: Following Substantial Completion of each area of construction, each Prime Contractor shall wipe/vacuum clean all respective installations.

## 1.5 GENERAL TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS OF PRIME CONTRACTS

- A. Conditions of Use: Keep temporary services or conditions clean and neat in appearance. Operate in a safe and efficient manner. Relocate temporary facilities as required as Work progresses; do not overload facilities or permit them to interfere with progress. Take necessary fire prevention measures; do not allow hazardous, dangerous, or unsanitary conditions to develop or persist on the Project site(s).
  - 1. Installation, operation, maintenance, and removal of each temporary service or condition are considered part of the respective Prime Contractor's own construction activity, as are costs and use charges associated with each facility.
  - 2. Locate service or condition where they will serve the Project adequately and with minimum interference of the Work, coordinate with the Construction Site Representative(s) and the other Prime Contractors prior to installation.
- B. Temporary Use of Permanent Facilities: Prime Contractor, as installer of each permanent service or condition, shall assume responsibility for its operation, maintenance and protection during use as a construction facility prior to the Owner's acceptance, regardless of previously assigned temporary facilities and controls responsibility.
- C. Owner's Facilities: Contractors are not allowed to use the Owner's facilities (toilets, telephones, food service, etc.) for their own benefit or convenience. Prime Contractor Superintendents shall enforce this policy with their respective Work forces.
  - 1. Construction personnel parking will be restricted to an area(s) indicated on the Site Logistics Plans (if included), or otherwise requested by the Owner. The Owner reserves the right to remove from their property, unauthorized vehicles occupying unauthorized areas, at respective vehicle owner's expense.
- D. Storage on the Project Site: Each Prime Contractor shall provide sufficient secure weather-tight storage facilities for their materials and equipment. The Owner's facilities and the Project's building areas shall not be used for storage, unless agreed upon in advance via the Construction Site Representative(s).
  - 1. Until permanently incorporated into the Work, all materials on the Project site(s) are the Prime Contractor's responsibility for protection, security and insuring thereof.
  - 2. Prime Contractors and their subcontractors shall coordinate deliveries with the Construction Site Representative(s) to ensure that disruptions and Owner inconvenience are avoided.
- E. Tools and Equipment: Each Prime Contractor shall provide all tools and equipment necessary for its own activities and shall be responsible for secure lock-up and storage for all items on the Project Site(s).
  - 1. Each Prime Contractor shall provide all construction aids and miscellaneous services and facilities necessary, exclusively for its own construction activities including any additional supplementary power, ventilation, dehumidification, lighting requirements and weather protection.

- F. Project Site Communication: Each Prime Contractor shall provide their Project Superintendent and Competent Person with a wireless cellular telephone for the duration of the Project.
  - 1. Construction Site Representative(s) shall be furnished with contact numbers associated with each wireless telephone.
- G. Safety: Prime Contractors, not the Owner, Architect, or Construction Site Representative(s), are responsible for Project Site Safety, as related to their operations and OSHA compliance (refer to Section 013150 "Special Procedures" for further requirements).
  - 1. Each Prime Contractor shall designate a Competent Person, who shall be available to the Construction Site Representative(s) throughout the Project, in representing Safety of the Project Site.
    - a. A Competent Person is defined as one who through training and/or experience, can identify existing and predictable working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to employees, and who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate such hazards.
    - b. The Competent Person shall inspect all machinery and equipment before and during use to ensure that they are within safe working parameters. All deficiencies must be promptly repaired, and defective parts replaced before the machine or equipment can be used.
    - c. The Competent Person must have knowledge related to soil classification, protective systems, and safety standards related to excavation.
  - 2. Maintain unobstructed access to fire extinguishers, fire hydrants, ladders and other safety devices, egress paths, corridors, stairways, and exits.
- H. Fire Extinguishers: General Construction (GC) contractor shall provide and maintain "general use" fire extinguishers for each construction area at respective buildings where work is being performed; comply with applicable codes for quantities required. Comply with NFPA for recommended classes for exposure; extinguishers shall be inspected and appropriately tagged prior to being brought on site. Provide stands, painted bright orange, sturdy enough to carry the extinguisher, and built as not to create a tipping hazard.
  - 1. Each Prime Contractor shall supplement this requirement by providing additional fire extinguishers specifically related to their Work activity (e.g., welding, soldering, abrasive cutting, etc.).
  - 2. Each Prime Contractor shall provide and maintain proper fire extinguishers at/in their respective on site(s) office and storage facilities.
  - 3. Store combustible materials in approved containers in fire-safe locations.
- I. Welding: Any Prime Contractor performing welding, cutting or other activities with open flames or producing sparks shall at a minimum:
  - 1. Coordinate interruption/shutdown of detection system(s) to avoid creating false alarms.
  - 2. Protect the area and surrounding areas from fire and damage.
  - 3. Maintain fire extinguishers, compatible with activity, at the location of the activity.

- 4. Provide a continuous Fire Watch during the activity and one-half hour beyond the completion of the activity.
- 5. Provide all necessary fans and ventilation required for the activity.
- J. Temporary Barriers: Provide new materials whenever possible; undamaged, previously used materials, in serviceable condition, may be used if approved by the Construction Site Representative(s). Refer to the respective Specification Section when selecting materials and provide similar materials suitable for intended use.
- K. Relocation of Temporary Barrier: In the event a Prime Contractor requires relocation of a temporary barrier, Prime Contractor requiring relocation shall do so and shall protect all personnel in the Work area during the relocation.
  - 1. Initial installing Prime Contractor shall coordinate the location of barriers with other Prime Contracts, prior to placement of the barrier.
  - 2. If a barrier must be located such that it will interfere with another's Work, the Contractor requiring the Work now interfered with shall relocate the barrier as required to install his Work.
  - 3. Coordinate with Construction Site Representative(s).
- L. Termination and Removal of Barriers: Remove each temporary facility when it can be replaced by the authorized permanent facility no later than Substantial Completion, or as directed by the Architect and/or Construction Site Representative(s). Complete or restore permanent facilities that may have been delayed due to interim use of a temporary barrier or condition.

## 1.6 WORK SEQUENCE

- A. Normal "first shift" work hours are anticipated to be 7:00am to 3:30pm.
- B. "Second shift" work hours shall be anticipated to be 3:00pm to 11:00pm. Coordinate "second shift" and weekend work requirements with the Owner via the Construction Site Representative(s).
  - 1. Interruption of any utility and/or power must be coordinated with the Owner, via the Construction Site Representative(s). Shut-downs must be approved in writing.
  - 2. Each Prime Contractor shall provide multiple crews, supervision, tools, cranes, scaffold and other means necessary to perform the Work and maintain the schedule.
  - 3. Should a Contractor's progress fall behind schedule, Prime Contractor shall employ additional shifts and/or overtime and/or weekend workforce until situation is rectified to the satisfaction of the Owner, Architect, and Construction Site Representative(s), at no additional cost to the Owner.
- C. The Work shall be conducted to provide the least possible interference to the activities of the Owner's personnel and academic calendar.
  - 1. All Prime Contractors and their subcontractors shall abide by any local ordinances and shall limit excessive noise during "second shift" operations so as not to create a disturbance to neighboring properties.

- D. Construction access to the site(s) shall be limited to personnel, equipment and deliveries by suppliers relative to the Work of Prime Contractors and their subcontractors. Prime Contractors shall keep the Construction Site Representative(s) advised of persons accessing the site(s) and shall seek assistance with coordinating parking and storage facility locations for all Prime Contractors.
  - 1. General Construction (GC) Contractor shall provide temporary fence/barricades/work area protection at each respective work area on the site(s), to secure work zones from access by unauthorized persons/public while construction operations constitute an area restricted to construction personnel, and while related site construction is underway.
  - 2. General Construction (GC) Contractor shall provide temporary fence/barricades/work area protection at each respective building work area, to secure work zones from access by unauthorized persons/public while building additions or renovations constitute an area restricted to construction personnel, and while related site construction is underway.

# 1.7 GENERAL CONSTRUCTION (GC) – CONTRACT NO. 1

- A. Applicable Drawings: All drawings itemized are to be provided complete by this Prime Contract, unless noted otherwise, as follows:
  - 1. General (G-Series)
  - 2. Architectural Demolition (AD-Series) Coordination related to this Prime Contract
  - 3. Site/Civil (C-Series)
  - 4. Structural (S-Series)
  - 5. Architectural (A-Series)
  - 6. Architectural Finishes (AF-Series)
- B. Applicable Specification Sections: All specification Sections itemized are to be provided complete by this Prime Contract, unless noted otherwise, as follows:
  - 1. Divisions 00-14 All Sections
  - 2. Divisions 22-28 Coordination related to this Prime Contract
  - 3. Divisions 30-34 All Sections
- C. Project Site Superintendent: GC shall provide a full-time on-site Project Site Superintendent while any Work related to this Contract is being performed on site(s), including the activities of their subcontractors, while other Prime Contracts are installing Work, or require the coordination of Work related to this Contract, and/or as requested by the Construction Site Representative(s).
- D. Scope of Work: The Work of this Prime Contract includes but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Work delineation between building and site(s) is at five feet (5') outside of the face of building, existing and new, unless noted or assigned otherwise.
  - 2. Prime Contract shall understand that renovation Work may require Work to proceed while existing systems are required to be maintained; all cost associated with this sequence shall be anticipated and incorporated into the Bid.
  - 3. Environmental Protection: Provide protection and conduct construction in ways and by methods that comply with environmental regulations and that minimize possible air, waterway, and subsoil contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.

- a. Restrict use of noisemaking tools and equipment to hours that will minimize complaints from persons or firms on or near the Project Site.
- b. Provide dust control while Work of this Contract is being performed. Limit situations that may create dust contamination while Work of this Contract is idle.
- c. Refer to Section 01 "Work Restrictions" for additional information.
- 4. Provide all Control Lines and Elevations as required. GC shall transfer lines and elevations to other locations as necessary.
- 5. The Architectural Drawings are schematic in nature, and the CC will make adequate provisions to accommodate the actual field conditions without additional cost to the Owner.
- 6. Provide all demolition of General Construction Systems indicated in the Construction Documents, and/or required for Work of this Prime Contract.
  - a. Coordinate with all other Prime Contracts regarding all removals required for the Project.
  - b. Demolition of a system shall mean any and all components, removed in their entirety, to the point of origin or source.
- 7. Provide all Work associated with creating structural openings or penetrations requiring lintels, whether for GC's own Work or Work of the MC, EC or PC (i.e.: ductwork and pipe penetrations). This applies to all openings/penetrations greater than 8" through masonry or concrete walls. GC can find likely locations of such openings/penetrations by noting ductwork/piping penetrations through walls on the respective Mechanical, Electrical, or Plumbing drawings. More or less locations of openings/penetrations may be required upon coordinated installation.
  - a. MC, EC & PC shall indicate all required openings/penetrations requiring lintels on Coordination Drawings. Failure to note required openings/penetrations on the coordination drawings for the GC will require that the respective MC, EC & PC provide their own structural openings in accordance with the contract documents at no additional cost to the Owner.
  - b. Non-structural openings/penetrations, including those for convenience, shall be self-provided by the respective GC, MC, EC or PC.
  - c. Refer to Structural documents for lintel type/size requirements and Architectural drawings for wall types. Walls not specifically identified in the documents are to be assumed as masonry construction.
  - d. All scheduled exterior wall louver openings indicated on Architectural and/or Structural documents are to be created by GC. MC shall supply and install louver.
    - 1) Exact physical locations shall be laid-out by MC for coordinated sequencing with GC.
  - e. All openings/penetrations are to be additionally identified on Record Drawings, by the Prime Contract requiring the opening.
- 8. Provide all doors, frames, hardware, windows, and glazing as per the Construction Documents.
- 9. Provide all cut and patch Work related to that of this Prime Contract, and at those areas specifically identified in the Construction Documents, regardless of trade creating the area to be patched.
  - a. Each Prime Contract is responsible for all other respective cutting and patching required of their installations (refer to Section "Cutting and Patching" for further information).

- 10. Provide finishes including, but not limited to; CMU, gypsum board assemblies, plaster, suspended ceiling systems, tile, and all paint, flooring and finishing systems.
  - a. Provide all associated surface preparation for each finish included in this Prime Contract.
  - b. Prep/Paint exposed structural steel and/or concrete including related deck, as indicated in the Construction Documents.
  - c. Prep/paint all exposed, unfinished ducts and conduit in related finished areas.
- 11. Provide all new ceiling systems as indicated in the Construction Documents, complete.
  - a. Coordinate with Lighting, PA, Fire Alarm, etc. by EC.
  - b. Coordinate with Registers, Grilles, etc. by MC.
  - c. In Acoustic Panel Ceiling systems, install field tiles only upon approval by the Construction Site Representative(s) to do so. Failure to seek prior approval may require tiles to be removed for further work and/or inspections.
- 12. Provide all miscellaneous wood blocking, shimming and supports for items or equipment installed under this Prime Contract, and as coordinated with other Prime Contractors for metal strapping and/or wood blocking for installations of other Prime Contracts.
- 13. Provide all access doors/panels indicated, and those not indicated whereas inaccessible installations have been provided by this Prime Contract, located above hard ceilings or in walls.
- 14. Provide through-penetration fire stop systems at all penetrations made by this Prime Contract, maintaining listed ratings of indicated assemblies. Provide repair of existing through-penetration fire stopping damaged by Work of this Prime Contract.
  - a. Sleeves with fire stopping are to be installed in sequence with fire-rated construction. This Prime Contract shall be responsible for installing fire stopping material at intersection of sleeve and constructed materials.
- 15. Provide coordination with, and notification to, the Construction Site Representative(s) for all specified testing, training, commissioning, etc., of the Work of this Prime Contract.
- 16. Substantial Completion: Clean all GC installations and provided equipment at the time of Substantial Completion or as directed by Construction Site Representative(s).
- 17. Coordinate all the preceding requirements, accordingly, with all applicable Alternates indicated in Division 01 Section "Alternates".
- E. Supplemental Temporary Facilities and Controls by GC includes but is not limited to:
  - 1. Protection of the Facility: Provide protection of all existing finishes and furnishings within the facility including but not limited to walls, ceilings, floors, desks, tables, book shelves. The Owner will clear off all loose items from the top of surfaces, but all large furniture will remain in place. Contractor shall provide protection over the top of all furniture and flooring within the areas of work.
  - 2. Waste Disposal Facilities: Provide general debris/refuse/construction waste containers and waste management (dumpsters, off-site disposal of demolished/removed materials, etc.), for their own respective purposes, and for use by Mechanical, Electrical, and Plumbing Prime Contracts.

- 3. Misc. Temporary Fences, Gates and Barricades: Provide and maintain temporary fencing and barricading to keep unauthorized persons away from interior and exterior excavations and/or construction areas for which this Prime Contract is responsible.
  - a. Coordinate via Construction Site Representative(s), at commencement of, and completion of construction areas, including but not limited to those indicated in the Construction Documents.
- 4. Temporary Doors, Frames & Wall Assemblies: Provide, maintain and eventually remove all temporary installations per OSHA Regulations, Industry Standards, or as indicated in the Construction Documents.
  - a. Provide fire rated assemblies as required.
  - b. Provide exit (panic bar/crash bar) devices at locations of egress.
  - c. Coordinate locations with Construction Exiting Plan, Sequencing/Phasing Plans, and the Construction Site Representative.
  - d. Temporary doors shall be constructed using 1/2' plywood and 2x construction, equipped with hasps, locks, handle and latch mechanism, and spring or counter weight installed to allow door to close after opening.
  - e. Permanent doors will not be used in temporary conditions.
- 5. Temporary Window Openings: Window openings shall be enclosed using 2x construction, ½' plywood, and reinforced polyethylene. Where window opening start at or near the floor, plywood shall be installed from finish floor to minimum of 42" AFF; reinforced poly may be installed from this point up. Should contractor choose to install plywood across the entire opening, sufficient area will be installed with reinforced poly to allow emergency escape, if required, and to allow natural light into the work area.
  - a. Installation shall be insulated if temporary heat or cooling is being employed.
- 6. Temporary Exterior Wall Enclosure: Provide and maintain temporary enclosures for weather protection and security of the construction in progress up until completion of permanent installation specified. Enclosures shall protect the building from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities. Provide temporary weather tight enclosure for building exterior.
  - a. Where heating and cooling is needed and permanent enclosure is not complete, provide insulated temporary enclosures. Coordinate enclosure with venting and material drying or curing requirements to avoid dangerous conditions and effects.
  - b. Install tarpaulins securely; install fire retardant materials only.
  - c. Where temporary wood enclosures exceed 100 sq. ft. in area, use fire retardant treated materials for framing and sheathing.
  - d. All cost incurred to repair and/or replace materials damaged, due to the failure of GC to provide and maintain weather tight enclosure shall be borne by this Prime Contract. This includes any contamination of materials that may lead to the introduction of mold and mildew.
  - e. Immediately notify the Construction Site Representative, in writing, as to damage to temporary enclosures by "others"; identify responsible party in the submission. Owner shall not be liable for damages caused by "others" if Prime Contract cannot identify responsible party.
- 7. Temporary Sanitary Facilities: Provide temporary self-contained toilets units for duration of the project for use by forces of all Prime Contracts (including abatement and demolition phases) and their subcontractors, until completion of Punch List work, and closeout of the Contracts.

- a. Comply with regulations and health codes for type, number, location, operation, and maintenance of fixtures and facilities.
- b. Provide separate facilities (minimum of one ea.) for male and female personnel in proportion required by OSHA.
- c. Shield toilets to ensure privacy.
- d. Coordinate mobilization and demobilization of units with Construction Site Representative(s).
- e. Toilets shall be cleaned at least once per week, with additional facilities or cleanings provided if requested by Construction Site Representative(s).
- f. Provide and maintain adequate supply of toilet tissue and hand sanitizer for each facility.
- 8. Indoor air quality management at all areas of Construction, once building is enclosed.
  - a. Provide all necessary dust partitions, fans, temporary ducts, and barricades to properly contain and ventilate all work area fumes and odors, created by demolition and new construction or alterations, directly to the outside. Ventilate to an area outside the building, sufficiently away from the building, as not to contaminate other areas. There will be no additional claims honored if the Construction Site Representative requests additional ventilation or requirements.
  - b. Provide and exhaust air system for the project indoor areas that could produce fumes, VOC's, off gasses, dusts, mists, or other emissions.
  - c. System Operation:
    - 1) A sufficient quantity of exhaust fans in existing window openings or other approved locations shall be operated.
    - 2) Exhaust air system shall operate for a minimum of 72 hours after work is completed or until all materials have cured sufficiently so as to stop out gassing of fumes or odors and area has been ventilated to remove all detectable traces of odors and fumes.
    - 3) Maintain 25 feet clearance from all temporary exhaust outlets to all active building outdoor air intakes.
    - 4) Refer to Division 01 Section "Work Restrictions" for further information.
- 9. Project Signage: Provide Project sign(s), and any/all construction signage indicated in the Construction Documents.
  - a. Coordinate installation via Construction Site Representative(s).
- 10. Provide all shoring required for Work of this Contract, including but not limited to.
  - a. Cutting or altering of existing construction.
  - b. Provide protection of all new and existing surfaces during the Work. Do not stand, walk, or work off of any unprotected finished surface above the floor.
- 11. Maintain temporary fencing and barricading to keep unauthorized persons away from excavations and hazardous areas for which this Prime Contract is responsible.
- 12. Traffic Controls: Provide flagman while any operations of this Prime Contract interfere with traffic flow on adjacent roadways.

# 1.8 MECHANICAL CONSTRUCTION (MC) – CONTRACT NO. 2

A. Applicable Drawings: All drawings itemized are to be provided complete by this Prime Contract, unless noted otherwise, as follows:

- 1. General (G-Series)
- 2. Mechanical General (MG-Series)
- 3. Mechanical (M-Series)
- B. Applicable Specification Sections: All specification Sections itemized are to be provided complete by this Prime Contract, unless noted otherwise, as follows:
  - 1. Divisions 00 & 01 All Sections
  - 2. Divisions 02-22 Coordination related to this Prime Contract
  - 3. Division 23 All Sections
  - 4. Divisions 26-34 Coordination related to this Prime Contract
- C. Project Site Superintendent: MC shall provide a full-time on-site Project Site Superintendent while any Work related to this Contract is being performed on site(s), including the activities of their subcontractors, while other Prime Contracts are installing Work, or require the coordination of Work related to this Contract, and/or as requested by the Construction Site Representative(s).
- D. Scope of Work: The Work of this Prime Contract includes but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Work delineation between building and site(s) is at five feet (5') outside of the face of building, existing and new, unless noted or assigned otherwise.
  - 2. All new heating system components must be protected, from potential contamination. Once the building is occupied, the building shall be heated to a minimum of 65 degrees F for the heating period of September 15th May 31st.
  - 3. Environmental Protection: Provide protection and conduct construction in ways and by methods that comply with environmental regulations and that minimize possible air, waterway, and subsoil contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.
    - a. Restrict use of noisemaking tools and equipment to hours that will minimize complaints from persons or firms on or near the Project site(s).
    - b. Refer to Section 01 "Work Restrictions" for additional information.
  - 4. GC shall provide concrete housekeeping and structural pads for equipment provided under this Prime Contract. MC shall coordinate size, orientation and location with GC, by way of providing physical layout, and verification prior to construction thereof.
  - 5. GC shall provide all Work associated with creating structural openings or penetrations requiring lintels, whether for their own Work or Work of the MC, EC or PC (ie: ductwork and pipe penetrations). This applies to all openings/penetrations greater than 8" through masonry or concrete walls.
    - a. MC, EC & PC shall indicate all required openings/penetrations requiring lintels on Coordination Drawings. Failure to note required openings/penetrations on the coordination drawings for the GC will require that the respective MC, EC & PC provide their own structural openings in accordance with the contract documents at no additional cost.
    - b. Non-structural openings/penetrations, including those for convenience, shall be self-provided by the respective Prime Contract. This assignment applies to new and existing construction areas.

- c. Refer to Structural documents for lintel type/size requirements and Architectural drawings for wall types. Walls not specifically identified in the documents are to be assumed as masonry construction.
- d. All scheduled exterior wall louver openings indicated on Architectural and/or Structural documents are to be created by GC. MC shall supply, install, flash and seal the louver. Exact physical locations shall be laid-out by MC for coordinated sequencing with GC.
- e. All openings/penetrations are to be additionally identified on Record Drawings, by the Prime Contract requiring the opening.
- 6. GC shall provide all cut & patch Work, related to that of their Prime Contract, and at those areas specifically identified on the Construction Documents, regardless of trade creating the area to be patched.
  - a. Each Prime Contract is responsible for all other respective Cutting & Patching required of their installations (refer to Section 017310 for further information).
- 7. Prime Contract shall understand that renovation Work may require Work to proceed while existing systems are required to be maintained; all cost associated with this sequence shall be anticipated and incorporated into the Bid.
- 8. The HVAC Drawings are schematic in nature, and the MC will make adequate provisions to accommodate the actual field conditions without additional cost to the Owner.
- 9. Document on the Record Drawings all ductwork openings and penetrations larger than 2 ½" in diameter.
- 10. Provide all demolition of Mechanical Systems indicated in the Construction Documents, and/or required for Work of this Prime Contract.
  - a. Coordinate with all other Prime Contracts regarding all removals required for the Project.
  - b. Demolition of a system shall mean any and all components, removed in their entirety, to the point of origin or source.
- 11. Provide valves, whether permanent or temporary, to permit shutoff and/or cap systems to achieve the Work of this Prime Contract.
- 12. Provide installation of new HVAC system(s), or modifications of existing system(s) as indicated in the Construction Documents, complete and fully operational.
  - a. MC shall furnish all related electrical disconnects, variable speed drives and motor starters (including related "heaters, fuses, and phase protection relays") for all equipment provided under this Contract, for coordinated installation by EC.
  - b. Owner shall provide DDC Temperature Controls as a function of the Building Automation System, as referenced in the Construction Documents. MC shall install controls and instrumentation devices, including but not limited to control valves, control dampers, thermowells, pressure probes, flow switches, airflow metering stations, insertion flow meters, and ultrasonic flow meters, required for system operations and as indicated. Such devices will be furnished by vendor [Automated Logic] to the MC for coordinated installation in HVAC systems.
    - 1) Temperature Controls System vendor/installer shall provide line voltage power wiring to its own head-end, regionally located control panels, and line voltage valves, actuated dampers, motors, etc. that are not indicated in the E drawings.

- 2) Temperature Controls System vendor/installer shall provide all low voltage wiring of controls, transformers, actuated dampers, motors, etc., as required for a complete operational system.
- 13. Provide thermal insulation and identification of all HVAC system/components provided/installed by this Prime Contract.
- 14. Provide concrete housekeeping and structural pads for equipment provided under this Prime Contract.
- 15. MC shall hang streamers from all above-ceiling equipment that will require access. This is in addition to any specification requirements for tags, labels, etc. Coordination Drawings shall highlight these areas for Architect's and Engineer's review.
- 16. Provide all access doors/panels to access inaccessible installations (i.e. valves) provided by this Prime Contract, such as above hard ceilings or in walls. Access panel type shall be same as GC approved submittal, and in sizes adequate for easy access and or replacement of installation.
- 17. Provide sleeves required for piping penetrating walls, slabs and/or decks.
- 18. Provide through-penetration fire stop systems at all penetrations made by MC for utility penetration of this Prime Contract, maintaining listed ratings of indicated assemblies. Provide repair of existing through-penetration fire stopping damaged by Work of this Prime Contract.
  - a. Sleeves with fire stopping are to be installed in sequence with fire-rated construction. This Prime Contract shall be responsible for installing fire stopping material at intersection of sleeve and constructed materials.
- 19. Provide coordination with, and notification to, the Construction Site Representative(s) for all specified testing, training, commissioning, etc., of the Work of this Prime Contract.
- 20. Substantial Completion: Clean all MC installations and provided equipment at the time of Substantial Completion or as directed by Construction Site Representative(s).
- 21. Coordinate all the preceding requirements, accordingly, with all applicable Alternates indicated in Division 01 Section "Alternates".
- E. Supplemental Temporary Facilities and Controls by MC include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Waste Disposal Facilities:
    - a. General debris/refuse/construction waste containers (dumpsters) shall be provided by GC, for use by MC.
    - b. It shall be the responsibility of this Prime Contract to recycle metals generated by its Work, and the Work of its subcontracts.

- 1) Joint effort recycling by all Prime Contracts is encouraged.
- 2. Indoor air quality management at all areas of Work by this Prime Contract, once building is enclosed.
  - a. Provide all necessary dust partitions, fans, temporary ducts, and barricades to properly contain and ventilate all Work area fumes and odors, created by demolition and new construction or alterations, directly to the outside. Ventilate to an area outside the building, sufficiently away from the building, as not to contaminate other areas. There will be no additional claims honored if the Construction Site Representative(s) requests additional ventilation or requirements.
  - b. Provide and exhaust air system for the project indoor areas that could produce fumes, VOC's, off gasses, dusts, mists, or other emissions.
  - c. System Operation:
    - 1) Provide temporary dust/fume protection at areas of Work of this Contract to limit contamination of surrounding areas. All cost incurred, by the Owner, for added cleaning expenses, due to the failure of this contract to provide and maintain adequate dust/fume protection, for the Work of this Contract, shall be borne by this Contract.
    - 2) A sufficient quantity of exhaust fans in existing window openings or other approved locations shall be operated.
    - 3) Exhaust air system shall operate for a minimum of 72 hours after Work is completed or until all materials have cured sufficiently so as to stop out gassing of fumes or odors and area has been ventilated to remove all detectable traces of odors and fumes.
    - 4) Maintain 25 feet clearance from all temporary exhaust outlets to all active building outdoor air intakes.
    - 5) Refer to Division 01 Section "Work Restrictions" for further information.
- 3. Provide all shoring required for Work of this Contract, including but not limited to.
  - a. Cutting or altering of existing construction.
  - b. Provide protection of all new and existing surfaces during the Work. Do not stand, walk or work off of any unprotected finished surface above the floor.
- 4. Maintain temporary fencing and barricading to keep unauthorized persons away from excavations and hazardous areas for which this Prime Contract is responsible.
- 5. Traffic Controls: Provide flagman while any operations of this Prime Contract interfere with traffic flow on adjacent roadways.

# 1.9 ELECTRICAL CONSTRUCTION (EC) – CONTRACT NO. 3

- A. Applicable Drawings: All drawings itemized are to be provided complete by this Prime Contract, unless noted otherwise, as follows:
  - 1. General (G-Series)
  - 2. Electrical General (EG-Series)

- 3. Electrical (E-Series)
- B. Applicable Specification Sections: All specification Sections itemized are to be provided complete by this Prime Contract, unless noted otherwise, as follows:
  - 1. Divisions 00 & 01 All Sections
  - 2. Divisions 02-23 Coordination related to this Prime Contract
  - 3. Divisions 26-28 All Sections
  - 4. Divisions 30-34 Coordination related to this Prime Contract
- C. Project Site Superintendent: EC shall provide a full-time on-site Project Site Superintendent while any Work related to this Contract is being performed on site(s), including the activities of their subcontractors, while other Prime Contracts are installing Work, or require the coordination of Work related to this Contract, and/or as requested by the Construction Site Representative(s).
- D. Scope of Work: The Work of this Prime Contract includes but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Work delineation between building and site(s) is at five feet (5') outside of the face of building, existing and new, unless noted or assigned otherwise.
  - 2. Prime Contract shall understand that renovation Work may require Work to proceed while existing systems are required to be maintained; all cost associated with this sequence shall be anticipated and incorporated into the Bid.
  - 3. The Electrical Drawings are schematic in nature, and the EC will make adequate provisions to accommodate the actual field conditions without additional cost to the Owner.
    - a. EC shall install Work in accordance with the National Electrical Code requirements. No additional compensation will be made for extra offsets in conduit or retro-fit Work due to improper component location, or lack of Prime Contractor's coordination.
  - 4. Provide re-routing of existing power distribution as indicated in the Construction Documents, specifically to allow for progression of the Work sequence.
  - 5. Provide all demolition of Electrical Systems indicated in the Construction Documents, and/or required for Work of this Prime Contract.
    - a. Coordinate with all other Prime Contracts regarding all removals required for the Project.
    - b. Demolition of a system shall mean any and all components, removed in their entirety, to the point of origin or source.
  - 6. Provide all lighting, including fixtures, switching devices, circuits, etc.
    - a. Provide new fixtures as scheduled.
    - b. Provide removal and complete reinstallation of fixtures scheduled for salvage and re-use.
    - c. Contractor shall be responsible to tie-up and support existing fixtures and ceiling-mounted electrical devices to structure above Acoustic Panel Ceiling systems, when ceilings are to be removed as early-work, and the space is scheduled to remain occupied during continued Work.

- 7. GC shall provide all Work associated with creating structural openings or penetrations requiring lintels whether for their own Work or Work of the MC, EC or PC (ie: ductwork and pipe penetrations). This applies to all openings/penetrations greater than 8" through masonry or concrete walls.
  - a. MC, EC & PC shall indicate all required openings/penetrations requiring lintels on Coordination Drawings. Failure to note required openings/penetrations on the coordination drawings for the GC will require that the respective MC, EC & PC provide their own structural openings in accordance with the contract documents at no additional cost to the Owner.
  - b. Non-structural openings/penetrations, including those for convenience, shall be self-provided by the respective GC, MC, EC or PC. This assignment applies to new and existing construction areas.
  - c. Refer to Structural documents for lintel type/size requirements and Architectural drawings for wall types. Walls not specifically identified in the documents are to be assumed as masonry construction.
  - d. All openings/penetrations are to be identified on Record Drawings by the Prime Contract requiring the opening.
- 8. GC shall provide all cut & patch Work, related to that of their Prime Contract, and at those areas specifically identified on the Construction Documents, regardless of trade creating the area to be patched.
  - a. Each Prime Contract is responsible for all other respective Cutting & Patching required of their installations (refer to Section 017310 for further information).
- 9. GC shall provide concrete housekeeping and structural pads for equipment provided under this Prime Contract. EC shall coordinate size, orientation and location with GC, by way of providing physical layout, and verification prior to construction thereof.
- 10. Provide complete electrical requirements, materials and methods including but not limited to:
  - a. Service and distribution including bus-way, switchgear, panel boards, and disconnect switches.
  - b. Provide grounding protection for all circuits and outlets and as required by applicable codes and authorities having jurisdiction. Properly ground building equipment provided by this project.
  - c. Coordinate any electrical switchover as to least impact the Project Schedule, and/or as indicated in the Construction Documents.
  - d. Immediately after installation, provide and maintain temporary ID of all circuit breakers and at all shut offs/disconnects until permanent ID is in place.
  - e. Interior and exterior lighting and lighting control equipment; provide occupancy sensors and/or timing devices as indicated.
  - f. Provide raceways, boxes, cabinets and sleeves through existing and new construction.
  - g. Provide wire, cable, conduit, boxes, and wiring devices.
  - h. Provide permanent electrical identification.
    - 1) Provide type written panel board schedules.
    - 2) Clearly label all panel boards, disconnects, relays, junction boxes, and other electrical devices and equipment.
- 11. Final connection of utilities, installations or equipment by others are by MC, EC and PC, unless noted or assigned otherwise.

- a. MC shall furnish all disconnects, variable speed drives and motor starters (including related "heaters, fuses, and phase protection relays"), for all equipment provided under their respective Prime Contract, for coordinated installation by EC.
- b. Provide all line voltage circuits and connections to points of demarcation indicated and/or equipment provided by MC.
- c. Provide final connections to all scheduled equipment furnished by the Owner.
- 12. Provide Fire Alarm system as indicated in the Construction Documents.
  - a. EC shall expand existing, and integrate Fire Alarm system with all HVAC equipment, natural gas shut-downs, Fire Protection systems, AED cabinets, coiling overhead doors, fire shutters, pedestrian doors equipped with electro-magnetic holdopen devices, etc.
- 13. Provide streamers hung from all above-ceiling equipment that will require access. This is in addition to any specification requirements for tags, labels, etc. Coordination Drawings shall highlight these areas for Architect and Engineer's review.
- 14. Provide all access doors/panels to access inaccessible installations (i.e. junction boxes) provided by this Prime Contract, such as above hard ceilings or in walls.
- 15. Provide sleeves required for piping penetrating walls, slabs and/or decks.
- 16. Provide through-penetration fire stop systems at all penetrations made by this Prime Contract, maintaining listed ratings of indicated assemblies. Provide repair of existing through-penetration fire stopping damaged by Work of this Prime Contract.
  - a. Sleeves with fire stopping are to be installed in sequence with fire-rated construction. This Prime Contract shall be responsible for installing fire stopping material at intersection of sleeve and constructed materials.
- 17. Provide coordination with, and notification to, the Construction Site Representative(s) for all specified testing, training, commissioning, etc., of the Work of this Prime Contract.
- 18. Provide all testing and adjusting, instruction and guarantees for materials and equipment of this Prime Contract.
  - a. Substantial Completion: Clean all light fixtures and electrical equipment at the time of installation or at Substantial Completion, whichever is later, or as directed by Construction Site Representative(s).
- 19. Coordinate all the preceding requirements, accordingly, with all applicable Alternates indicated in Division 01 Section "Alternates".
- E. Supplemental Temporary Facilities and Controls by EC include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Waste Disposal Facilities:
    - a. General debris/refuse/construction waste containers (dumpsters) shall be provided by GC, for use by EC.
    - b. It shall be the responsibility of this Prime Contract to recycle metals generated by its Work, and the Work of its subcontracts.
      - 1) Joint effort recycling by all Prime Contracts is encouraged.

- 2. Temporary Lighting and Power.
  - a. Provide temporary power and lighting as needed to the areas of work to allow for ongoing construction activities.
  - b. While permanent light fixtures have been removed from ceilings to allow for overhead work to take place, provide temporary construction lighting throughout the impacted areas.
  - c. Provide temporary stanchion, panel and lighting control mounting at Janitor's Closet to allow for replacement of existing partition walls.
- 3. Indoor air quality management at all areas of Work by this Prime Contract, once building is enclosed.
  - a. Provide all necessary dust partitions, fans, temporary ducts, and barricades to properly contain and ventilate all Work area fumes and odors, created by demolition and new construction or alterations, directly to the outside. Ventilate to an area outside the building, sufficiently away from the building, as not to contaminate other areas. There will be no additional claims honored if the Construction Site Representative(s) requests additional ventilation or requirements.
  - b. Provide and exhaust air system for the project indoor areas that could produce fumes, VOC's, off gasses, dusts, mists, or other emissions.
  - c. System Operation:
    - 1) Provide temporary dust/fume protection at areas of Work of this Contract to limit contamination of surrounding areas. All cost incurred, by the Owner, for added cleaning expenses, due to the failure of this contract to provide and maintain adequate dust/fume protection, for the Work of this Contract, shall be borne by this Contract.
    - 2) A sufficient quantity of exhaust fans in existing window openings or other approved locations shall be operated.
    - 3) Exhaust air system shall operate for a minimum of 72 hours after Work is completed or until all materials have cured sufficiently so as to stop out gassing of fumes or odors and area has been ventilated to remove all detectable traces of odors and fumes.
    - 4) Maintain 25 feet clearance from all temporary exhaust outlets to all active building outdoor air intakes.
- 4. Provide protection of all new surfaces during the Work.
- 5. Provide shoring required for Work of this Contract, including but not limited to;
  - a. Cutting or altering of existing construction.
  - b. Provide protection of all new and existing surfaces during the Work. Do not stand, walk, or Work from any unprotected finished surface above the floor.
- 6. Maintain temporary fencing and barricading to keep unauthorized persons away from excavations and hazardous areas for which this Prime Contract is responsible.
- 7. Traffic Controls: Provide flagman while any operations of this Prime Contract interfere with traffic flow on adjacent roadways.

# 1.10 PLUMBING CONSTRUCTION (PC) – CONTRACT NO. 4

- A. Applicable Drawings: All drawings itemized are to be provided complete by this Prime Contract, unless noted otherwise, as follows:
  - 1. General (G-Series)
  - 2. Plumbing General (PG-Series)
  - 3. Plumbing (P-Series)
- B. Applicable Specification Sections: All specification Sections itemized are to be provided complete by this Prime Contract, unless noted otherwise, as follows:
  - 1. Divisions 00 & 01 All Sections
  - 2. Divisions 02 through 14 Coordination related to this Prime Contract
  - 3. Division 22 All Sections
  - 4. Divisions 23-34 Coordination related to this Prime Contract
- C. Project Site Superintendent: PC shall provide a full-time on-site Project Site Superintendent while any Work related to this Contract is being performed on site(s), including the activities of their subcontractors, while other Prime Contracts are installing Work, or require the coordination of Work related to this Contract, and/or as requested by the Construction Site Representative(s).
- D. Scope of Work: The Work of this Prime Contract includes but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Work delineation between building and site(s) is at five feet (5') outside of the face of building, existing and new, unless noted or assigned otherwise.
  - 2. Environmental Protection: Provide protection and conduct construction in ways and by methods that comply with environmental regulations and that minimize possible air, waterway, and subsoil contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.
    - a. Restrict use of noisemaking tools and equipment to hours that will minimize complaints from persons or firms on or near the Project site(s).
    - b. Refer to Division 01 Section "Work Restrictions" for additional information.
  - 3. Prime Contract shall understand that renovation Work may require Work to proceed while existing systems are required to be maintained; all cost associated with this sequence shall be anticipated and incorporated into the Bid.
  - 4. The plumbing Drawings are schematic in nature, and the PC will make adequate provisions to accommodate the actual field conditions without additional cost to the Owner.
  - 5. Provide all demolition of Plumbing Systems indicated in the Construction Documents, and/or required for Work of this Prime Contract.
    - a. Coordinate with all other Prime Contracts regarding all removals required for the Project.
    - b. Demolition of a system shall mean any and all components, removed in their entirety, to the point of origin or source.
  - 6. Provide valves, whether permanent or temporary, to permit shutoff and/or cap systems to achieve the Work of this Prime Contract.

- 7. Provide all typical building equipment including but not limited to, plumbing equipment and fixtures, supply, waste, drain and vent piping, as indicated in the Construction Documents.
- 8. GC shall provide concrete housekeeping and structural pads for equipment provided under this Prime Contract. PC shall coordinate size, orientation and location with GC, by way of providing physical layout, and verification prior to construction thereof.
- 9. GC shall provide all Work associated with creating structural openings or penetrations requiring lintels whether for their own Work or Work of the MC, EC or PC (i.e.: ductwork and pipe penetrations). This applies to all openings/penetrations greater than 8" through masonry or concrete walls.
  - a. MC, EC & PC shall indicate all required openings/penetrations requiring lintels on Coordination Drawings. Failure to note required openings/penetrations on the coordination drawings for the GC will require that the respective MC, EC & PC provide their own structural openings in accordance with the contract documents at no additional cost.
  - b. Non-structural openings/penetrations, including those for convenience, shall be self-provided by the respective GC, MC, EC or PC. This assignment applies to new and existing construction areas.
  - c. Refer to Structural documents for lintel type/size requirements and Architectural drawings for wall types. Walls not specifically identified in the documents are to be assumed as masonry construction.
  - d. All openings/penetrations are to be identified on Record Drawings by the Prime Contract requiring the opening.
- 10. GC shall provide all cut & patch Work related to that of their Prime Contract, and at those areas specifically identified on the Construction Documents, regardless of trade creating the area to be patched.
  - a. Each Prime Contract is responsible for all other respective Cutting & Patching required of their installations (refer to Section 017310 for further information).
- 11. PC shall hang streamers from all above ceiling equipment that will require access. This is in addition to any specification requirements for tags, labels, etc. Coordination Drawings shall highlight these areas for Architect and Engineer's review.
- 12. Provide installation of new plumbing system(s), or modifications of existing system(s) as indicated in the Construction Documents, complete and fully operational.
  - a. PC shall furnish all related electrical wiring and transformers for all equipment provided under this Contract, for coordinated installation by EC.
- 13. Provide thermal insulation and identification of all plumbing system/components provided/installed by this Prime Contract.
- 14. Provide all access doors/panels to access inaccessible installations (i.e. valves) provided by this Prime Contract, such as above hard ceilings or in walls.
- 15. Provide sleeves required for piping penetrating walls, slabs and/or decks.

- 16. Provide through-penetration fire stop systems at all penetrations made by this Prime Contract, maintaining listed ratings of indicated assemblies. Provide repair of existing through-penetration fire stopping damaged by Work of this Prime Contract.
  - a. Sleeves with fire stopping are to be installed in sequence with fire-rated construction. This Prime Contract shall be responsible for installing fire stopping material at intersection of sleeve and constructed materials.
- 17. Provide coordination with, and notification to, the Construction Site Representative(s) for all specified testing, training, commissioning, etc., of the Work of this Prime Contract.
- 18. Substantial Completion: Clean all PC installations and provided equipment at the time of Substantial Completion or as directed by Construction Site Representative(s).
- 19. Coordinate all the preceding requirements, accordingly, with all applicable Alternates indicated in Division 01 Section "Alternates".
- E. Supplemental Temporary Facilities and Controls by PC include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Waste Disposal Facilities:
    - a. General debris/refuse/construction waste containers (dumpsters) shall be provided by GC, for use by PC.
    - b. It shall be the responsibility of this Prime Contract to recycle metals generated by its Work, and the Work of its subcontracts.
      - 1) Joint effort recycling by all Prime Contracts is encouraged.
  - 2. Indoor air quality management at all areas of Work by this Contract, once building is enclosed.
    - a. Provide all necessary dust partitions, fans, temporary ducts, and barricades to properly contain and ventilate all Work area fumes and odors, created by demolition and new construction or alterations, directly to the outside. Ventilate to an area outside the building, sufficiently away from the building, as not to contaminate other areas. There will be no additional claims honored if the Construction Site Representative(s) requests additional ventilation or requirements.
    - b. Provide and exhaust air system for the project indoor areas that could produce fumes, VOC's, off gasses, dusts, mists, or other emissions.
    - c. System Operation:
      - 1) Provide temporary dust/fume protection at areas of Work of this Contract to limit contamination of surrounding areas. All cost incurred, by the Owner, for added cleaning expenses, due to the failure of this contract to provide and maintain adequate dust/fume protection, for the Work of this Contract, shall be borne by this Contract.
      - 2) A sufficient quantity of exhaust fans in existing window openings or other approved locations shall be operated.
      - 3) Exhaust air system shall operate for a minimum of 72 hours after Work is completed or until all materials have cured sufficiently so as to stop out gassing of fumes or odors and area has been ventilated to remove all detectable traces of odors and fumes.
      - 4) Maintain 25 feet clearance from all temporary exhaust outlets to all active building outdoor air intakes.
      - 5) Refer to section "Work Restrictions" for further information.

- 3. Provide all shoring required for Work of this Contract, including but not limited to;
  - a. Cutting or altering of existing construction.
  - b. Provide protection of all new and existing surfaces during the Work. Do not stand, walk, or Work from any unprotected finished surface above the floor.
- 4. Maintain temporary fencing and barricading to keep unauthorized persons away from excavations and hazardous areas for which this Prime Contract is responsible.
- 5. Water: Provide temporary cold-water service, for use by all Prime Contracts for construction purposes. PC shall procure all related permits, coordinate with utility provider, and meet the requirements of the authorities having jurisdiction, in establishing, maintaining, and removing this temporary service.

# 1.11 GENERAL CONSTRUCTION – STAFF ROOM RENOVATION (SRR) – CONTRACT NO. 5

- A. Applicable Drawings: All drawings itemized are to be provided complete by this Prime Contract, unless noted otherwise, as follows:
  - 1. General (G-Series)
  - 2. Architectural Demolition (AD-Series) Coordination related to this Prime Contract
  - 3. Site/Civil (C-Series)
  - 4. Structural (S-Series)
  - 5. Architectural (A-Series)
  - 6. Architectural Finishes (AF-Series)
  - 7. Electrical (E-Series)
  - 8. Plumbing (P-Series)
- B. Applicable Specification Sections: All specification Sections itemized are to be provided complete by this Prime Contract, unless noted otherwise, as follows:
  - 1. Divisions 00-14 All Sections
  - 2. Divisions 22-28 All Sections
  - 3. Divisions 30-34 All Sections
- C. Project Site Superintendent: SRR shall provide a full-time on-site Project Site Superintendent while any Work related to this Contract is being performed on site(s), including the activities of their subcontractors, while other Prime Contracts are installing Work, or require the coordination of Work related to this Contract, and/or as requested by the Construction Site Representative(s).
- D. Scope of Work: The Work of this Prime Contract includes but is not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Work delineation between building and site(s) is at five feet (5') outside of the face of building, existing and new, unless noted or assigned otherwise.
  - 2. Prime Contract shall understand that renovation Work may require Work to proceed while existing systems are required to be maintained; all cost associated with this sequence shall be anticipated and incorporated into the Bid.

- 3. Environmental Protection: Provide protection and conduct construction in ways and by methods that comply with environmental regulations and that minimize possible air, waterway, and subsoil contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.
  - a. Restrict use of noisemaking tools and equipment to hours that will minimize complaints from persons or firms on or near the Project Site.
  - b. Provide dust control while Work of this Contract is being performed. Limit situations that may create dust contamination while Work of this Contract is idle.
  - c. Refer to Section 01 "Work Restrictions" for additional information.
- 4. Provide all Control Lines and Elevations as required. SRR shall transfer lines and elevations to other locations as necessary.
- 5. The Architectural Drawings are schematic in nature, and the CC will make adequate provisions to accommodate the actual field conditions without additional cost to the Owner.
- 6. Provide all demolition of General Construction Systems indicated in the Construction Documents, and/or required for Work of this Prime Contract.
  - a. Coordinate with all other Prime Contracts regarding all removals required for the Project.
  - b. Demolition of a system shall mean any and all components, removed in their entirety, to the point of origin or source.
- 7. Provide all doors, frames, hardware, windows, and glazing as per the Construction Documents.
- 8. Provide all cut and patch Work related to that of this Prime Contract, and at those areas specifically identified in the Construction Documents, regardless of trade creating the area to be patched.
  - a. Each Prime Contract is responsible for all other respective cutting and patching required of their installations (refer to Section "Cutting and Patching" for further information).
- 9. Provide finishes including, but not limited to; CMU, gypsum board assemblies, plaster, tile, and all paint, flooring and finishing systems.
  - a. Provide all associated surface preparation for each finish included in this Prime Contract.
  - b. Prep/Paint exposed structural steel and/or concrete including related deck, as indicated in the Construction Documents.
  - c. Prep/paint all exposed, unfinished ducts and conduit in related finished areas.
- 10. Provide all miscellaneous wood blocking, shimming and supports for items or equipment installed under this Prime Contract, and as coordinated with other Prime Contractors for metal strapping and/or wood blocking for installations of other Prime Contracts.
- 11. Provide all access doors/panels indicated, and those not indicated whereas inaccessible installations have been provided by this Prime Contract, located above hard ceilings or in walls.
- 12. Provide through-penetration fire stop systems at all penetrations made by this Prime Contract, maintaining listed ratings of indicated assemblies. Provide repair of existing through-penetration fire stopping damaged by Work of this Prime Contract.

- a. Sleeves with fire stopping are to be installed in sequence with fire-rated construction. This Prime Contract shall be responsible for installing fire stopping material at intersection of sleeve and constructed materials.
- 13. Provide coordination with, and notification to, the Construction Site Representative(s) for all specified testing, training, commissioning, etc., of the Work of this Prime Contract.
- 14. Substantial Completion: Clean all GC installations and provided equipment at the time of Substantial Completion or as directed by Construction Site Representative(s).
- 15. Coordinate all the preceding requirements, accordingly, with all applicable Alternates indicated in Division 01 Section "Alternates".
- 16. Provide plumbing scope as indicated on drawing sheet P.301.
- 17. Provide electrical scope as indicated on drawing sheet E.301.
- E. Supplemental Temporary Facilities and Controls by GC includes but is not limited to:
  - 1. Waste Disposal Facilities: Provide general debris/refuse/construction waste containers and waste management (dumpsters, off-site disposal of demolished/removed materials, etc.), for their own respective purposes, and for use by Mechanical, Electrical, and Plumbing Prime Contracts.
  - 2. Misc. Temporary Fences, Gates and Barricades: Provide and maintain temporary fencing and barricading to keep unauthorized persons away from interior and exterior excavations and/or construction areas for which this Prime Contract is responsible.
    - a. Coordinate via Construction Site Representative(s), at commencement of, and completion of construction areas, including but not limited to those indicated in the Construction Documents.
  - 3. Temporary Doors, Frames & Wall Assemblies: Provide, maintain and eventually remove all temporary installations per OSHA Regulations, Industry Standards, or as indicated in the Construction Documents.
    - a. Provide fire rated assemblies as required.
    - b. Provide exit (panic bar/crash bar) devices at locations of egress.
    - c. Coordinate locations with Construction Exiting Plan, Sequencing/Phasing Plans, and the Construction Site Representative.
    - d. Temporary doors shall be constructed using 1/2' plywood and 2x construction, equipped with hasps, locks, handle and latch mechanism, and spring or counter weight installed to allow door to close after opening.
    - e. Permanent doors will not be used in temporary conditions.
  - 4. Temporary Window Openings: Window openings shall be enclosed using 2x construction, ½' plywood, and reinforced polyethylene. Where window opening start at or near the floor, plywood shall be installed from finish floor to minimum of 42" AFF; reinforced poly may be installed from this point up. Should contractor choose to install plywood across the entire opening, sufficient area will be installed with reinforced poly to allow emergency escape, if required, and to allow natural light into the work area.
    - a. Installation shall be insulated if temporary heat or cooling is being employed.

- 5. Temporary Exterior Wall Enclosure: Provide and maintain temporary enclosures for weather protection and security of the construction in progress up until completion of permanent installation specified. Enclosures shall protect the building from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities. Provide temporary weather tight enclosure for building exterior.
  - a. Where heating and cooling is needed and permanent enclosure is not complete, provide insulated temporary enclosures. Coordinate enclosure with venting and material drying or curing requirements to avoid dangerous conditions and effects.
  - b. Install tarpaulins securely; install fire retardant materials only.
  - c. Where temporary wood enclosures exceed 100 sq. ft. in area, use fire retardant treated materials for framing and sheathing.
  - d. All cost incurred to repair and/or replace materials damaged, due to the failure of GC to provide and maintain weather tight enclosure shall be borne by this Prime Contract. This includes any contamination of materials that may lead to the introduction of mold and mildew.
  - e. Immediately notify the Construction Site Representative, in writing, as to damage to temporary enclosures by "others"; identify responsible party in the submission. Owner shall not be liable for damages caused by "others" if Prime Contract cannot identify responsible party.
- 6. Temporary Sanitary Facilities: Provide temporary self-contained toilets units for duration of the project for use by forces of all Prime Contracts (including abatement and demolition phases) and their subcontractors, until completion of Punch List work, and closeout of the Contracts.
  - a. Comply with regulations and health codes for type, number, location, operation, and maintenance of fixtures and facilities.
  - b. Provide separate facilities (minimum of one ea.) for male and female personnel in proportion required by OSHA.
  - c. Shield toilets to ensure privacy.
  - d. Coordinate mobilization and demobilization of units with Construction Site Representative(s).
  - e. Toilets shall be cleaned at least once per week, with additional facilities or cleanings provided if requested by Construction Site Representative(s).
  - f. Provide and maintain adequate supply of toilet tissue and hand sanitizer for each facility.
- 7. Indoor air quality management at all areas of Construction, once building is enclosed.
  - a. Provide all necessary dust partitions, fans, temporary ducts, and barricades to properly contain and ventilate all work area fumes and odors, created by demolition and new construction or alterations, directly to the outside. Ventilate to an area outside the building, sufficiently away from the building, as not to contaminate other areas. There will be no additional claims honored if the Construction Site Representative requests additional ventilation or requirements.
  - b. Provide and exhaust air system for the project indoor areas that could produce fumes, VOC's, off gasses, dusts, mists, or other emissions.
  - c. System Operation:
    - 1) A sufficient quantity of exhaust fans in existing window openings or other approved locations shall be operated.
    - 2) Exhaust air system shall operate for a minimum of 72 hours after work is completed or until all materials have cured sufficiently so as to stop out –

- gassing of fumes or odors and area has been ventilated to remove all detectable traces of odors and fumes.
- 3) Maintain 25 feet clearance from all temporary exhaust outlets to all active building outdoor air intakes.
- 4) Refer to Division 01 Section "Work Restrictions" for further information.
- 8. Project Signage: Provide Project sign(s), and any/all construction signage indicated in the Construction Documents.
  - a. Coordinate installation via Construction Site Representative(s).
- 9. Provide all shoring required for Work of this Contract, including but not limited to.
  - a. Cutting or altering of existing construction.
  - b. Provide protection of all new and existing surfaces during the Work. Do not stand, walk, or work off of any unprotected finished surface above the floor.
- 10. Maintain temporary fencing and barricading to keep unauthorized persons away from excavations and hazardous areas for which this Prime Contract is responsible.
- 11. Traffic Controls: Provide flagman while any operations of this Prime Contract interfere with traffic flow on adjacent roadways.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION 011200

### SECTION 011400 - WORK RESTRICTIONS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative provisions for Project site work restrictions including, but not limited to, the following;
  - 1. Occupancy requirements.
  - 2. Use of premises.
  - 3. Area available for use.
  - 4. Travel not obstructed.
  - 5. Sequencing.
  - 6. Identification badges.
  - 7. Smoking policy.
  - 8. Product delivery, storage and handling.

# 1.3 OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy site and existing building during entire construction period. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner's operations.
  - 1. Engineer will prepare a Certificate of Substantial Completion for each specific portion of the Work to be occupied before Owner occupancy.
    - a. The occupied portion of any school building shall always comply with the minimum requirements necessary to maintain a certificate of occupancy.
  - 2. Obtain a Certificate of Occupancy from authorities having jurisdiction before Owner occupancy.
  - 3. On occupancy, Owner will assume responsibility for maintenance and custodial service for occupied portions of building.

# 1.4 USE OF PREMISES

A. Use of Site: Limit use of premises to work in areas indicated. Confine operations to areas within Contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of site beyond areas in which the Work in indicated. No signs or advertising are allowed except as approved by Engineer or as required by laws, regulations or the Prime Contractor's protection as persons and property.

- 1. Limits: Prime Contractors shall comply with Owner occupancy, and phasing requirements if any.
  - a. Prime Contractors shall limit operations including storage of materials and prefabrication to areas within the Contract Limit Lines unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer at the Owner's option.
    - 1) All construction material shall be stored in a safe and secure manner.
  - b. Prime Contractors shall limit use of the premises for Work and for storage, to allow for:
    - 1) Owner occupancy.
    - 2) Work by other Prime Contractors.
- Lock automotive-type vehicles such as passenger cars and trucks and other types of
  mechanized and motorized construction equipment when parked and unattended, to
  prevent unauthorized use. Do not leave such vehicles unattended, with engine running or
  ignition key in place.
- B. Use of Existing Building: Maintain existing building in a weathertight condition throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations. Protect building and its occupants during construction period.
  - 1. Keep all areas free from accumulation of waste material, rubbish or construction debris on daily basis.
  - 2. Prime Contractors shall provide temporary closures at all openings in outside walls to maintain weather protection and security as directed by Engineer.
  - 3. Open fires are not permitted.
  - 4. Prime Contractors shall be responsible for control of chemical fumes, gases, and other contaminates produced by welding, gasoline or diesel engines, roofing, paving, painting, etc. to ensure they do not enter occupied portions of the building or air intakes.
  - 5. Prime Contractors shall be responsible to ensure that activities and materials which result in off-gassing of volatile organic compounds such as glues, paints, furniture, carpeting, wall covering, drapery, etc., are scheduled, cured or ventilated in accordance with manufacturers recommendations before a space can be occupied.
  - 6. Large and small asbestos abatement projects as defined by 12NYCRR56 shall not be performed while that area of the building is occupied.
  - 7. Construction and maintenance operations shall not produce noise in excess of 60 dba in occupied spaces or shall be scheduled for times when the building or affected building spaces are not occupied or acoustical abatement measures shall be taken.
- C. Prime Contractors shall coordinate the use of premises with the Owner and shall move any stored products under Prime Contractor's control, including excavated material, which interfere with operations of the Owner or separate contractors, at no expense to Owner.
- D. Prime Contractors shall assume full responsibility for the protection and safekeeping of products under Contract, stored on the site and shall cooperate with the Owner to ensure security for the Owner's property.
  - 1. Fencing with lockable gates shall surround construction supplies or debris of construction activities.
    - a. Gates shall always be locked unless a worker is in attendance to prevent unauthorized entry.

- 2. During exterior renovation work, overhead protection shall be provided for any sidewalks or areas immediately beneath the work site or such areas shall be fenced off and provided with warning signs to prevent entry.
- E. Lockout Tagout Policy: Each Prime Contractor shall follow this policy in addition to requirements of regulating authorities. Prime Contractors shall not circumvent or complicate Lockout Tagout Policy.
- F. Protection of Equipment Material: Each Prime Contractor shall assume full and complete responsibility for protection and safekeeping of products and equipment stored and install at Project.
- G. Each Prime Contractor shall obtain and pay for the use of additional storage or work areas needed for operations.

# 1.5 AREA AVAILABLE FOR USE

- A. Prime Contractors shall confine operations to those portions of the Owner's property, and to the rights-of-way or easements, temporary or permanent, acquired or designated for the work of the Contract as shown on the Drawings. Private property adjacent the Site shall not be entered upon or used by the Prime Contractors for any purpose without the written consent of the Owner thereof. A copy of such consent shall be filed with the Construction Site Coordinator.
- B. Separation of Construction Areas from Occupied Space: Construction areas which are under the control of a contractor and therefore not occupied by Owner shall be separated from occupied areas. Provisions shall be made to prevent the passage of dust and contaminants into occupied parts of the building. Periodic inspection and repairs of the containment barriers must be made to prevent exposure to dust or contaminants. Gypsum board must be used in exit ways or other areas that require fire rated separation. Heavy-duty plastic sheeting may be used only for a vapor, fine dust or air infiltration barrier, and shall not be used to separate occupied spaces from construction areas.
  - 1. Assign a specific stairwell or elevator for construction worker use during hours of Owner operation. Do not use corridors, stairs or elevators being occupied by Owner.
  - 2. Use enclosed chutes to remove large amounts of debris.
  - 3. Do not move debris though occupied spaces of the building.
  - 4. Do not drop or throw material outside walls of building.
- C. Clean all occupied parts of the building at the close of each workday. Maintain required health, safety and educational capabilities at all times during construction operations in cooperation with the Owner's requirements.

### 1.6 TRAVEL NOT OBSTRUCTED

- A. Driveways and Entrances: Keep driveways and entrances serving premises clear and available to Owner, Owner's employees, and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials.
  - 1. Schedule deliveries to minimize use of driveways and entrances.

- 2. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
- B. Each Prime Contractor shall not needlessly hinder or inconvenience travel on any public or private way, nor wholly obstruct a traveled way, and shall provide plain, appropriately worded signs, adequate barricades and lighting announcing such obstruction at the nearest cross streets, and at each end of the obstructed portion, directing traffic to and along an approved detour.

# 1.7 SEQUENCING

- A. Prime Contractors shall assume full responsibility for Project Sequencing requirements. Coordinate with Engineer/Construction Manager, and Owner the following:
  - 1. Deliveries.
  - 2. Testing and inspection agency requirements.
- B. Notify Engineer of Construction Schedule modifications in writing at each progress meeting per Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

### 1.8 IDENTIFICATION BADGES

- A. General: All construction personnel of the Site shall wear photo-identification badges. Securely attach badge to outer clothing and/or for easy recognition of Site personnel name and company.
- B. Each Prime Contractor shall supply to its employees and other retained construction personnel, an identification badge. Include company name, Owner's name and provide a number on each badge.
  - 1. Prime Contractor shall maintain a listing of the badge numbers and the associated employee's name to which the corresponding badge number is assigned.
- C. Maintain a running list of badges, submitted to the Engineer/Construction Manager.

### 1.9 SMOKING POLICY

- A. Use of tobacco related products at all Work sites, job offices, and parking lots and within one hundred (100) feet of Owner's property is prohibited by laws and regulations. Use of tobacco related products will result in removal from Owner's property, and potentially termination of employment on this project.
  - 1. Tobacco related products include electronic cigarettes and similar apparatus.
- B. This policy shall apply to all persons entering a Work site or Owner's property including, but not limited to, part-time personnel, consultants, and employees of other companies or Prime Contractor's employees, sub-consultants, installers, etc., working on Project site.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PRODUCT DELIVERY STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver, store and handle products using means and methods that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss, including theft. Comply with manufacturers written instructions.
  - 1. Schedule delivery to minimize long-term storage at Project site and to prevent overcrowding of construction spaces.
  - 2. Coordinate delivery with installation time to ensure minimum holding time for items that are, flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft, and other losses.
  - 3. Deliver products to Project site in an undamaged condition in manufacturer's original sealed container or other packaging system, complete with labels and instruction for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing.
  - 4. Prime Contractor to inspect products on delivery to ensure correct products have been delivered and are in compliance with the Contract Documents and to ensure that products are undamaged and properly protected.
  - 5. Store materials in a manner that will not endanger Project structure.
  - 6. Store products to allow for inspection and measurement of quantity or counting of units.
  - 7. Store products that are subject to damage by the elements, under cover in a weather tight enclosure above ground, with ventilation adequate to prevent condensation.
  - 8. Comply with product manufacturer's written instruction for temperature, humidity, ventilation, and weather-protection requirements for storage.
  - 9. Protect stored products from damage.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION 011400

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WORK RESTRICTIONS 011400 - 6

# SECTION 011410 - NYSED 155.5 UNIFORM SAFETY STANDARDS FOR SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE PROJECTS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 **SUMMARY**

- This Section specifies requirements of 8NYCRR155.5, Uniform Safety Standards for School A. Construction and Maintenance Projects that are required in construction documents. The Contractor shall comply with these requirements in addition to any and all similar requirements in the Contract Documents.
  - 1. Occupied portions of the building.
  - General safety and security standards. 2.
  - 3. Separation of construction areas from occupied spaces.
  - Control of noise. 4.
  - Control of contaminates.
  - Control of volatile organic compounds. 6.
  - Asbestos abatement projects. 7.
  - 8. Lead remediation projects
  - Temporary heat of occupied spaces 9.
- B. These are requirements of Section 155.5 of the Commissioner of Education's regulations to protect the health and safety of occupants of the building during construction. This is not the text of the regulations

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 OCCUPIED PORTIONS OF THE BUILDING

- The occupied portion of any school building shall always comply with the minimum A. requirements necessary to maintain a certificate of occupancy. In addition, the following shall be strictly enforced and cooperated with:
  - 1. No smoking or use of tobacco-related products are allowed within fifty feet (50ft) of a public-school property, including construction areas.

- 2. During construction, daily inspections of district occupied areas shall be conducted by school district personnel to assure that construction materials, equipment or debris do not block fire exits or emergency egress windows.
- Proper operation of fire extinguishers, fire alarm, and smoke/fire detection systems shall 3. be maintained throughout the project.

#### GENERAL SAFETY AND SECURITY STANDARDS FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS 3.2

- All construction materials shall be stored in a safe and secure manner. A.
- B. Fences around construction supplies or debris shall be maintained.
- C. Gates shall always be locked unless a worker is in attendance to prevent unauthorized entry.
- D. During exterior renovation work, overhead protection shall be provided for any sidewalks or areas immediately beneath the work site or such areas shall be fenced off and provided with warning signs to prevent entry.
- E. Workers shall be required to wear photo-identification badges at all times for identification and security purposes while working at occupied sites."

#### SEPARATION OF CONSTRUCTION AREAS FROM OCCUPIED SPACES 3.3

- Separation of construction areas from occupied spaces. Construction areas which are under the A. control of a contractor and therefore not occupied by district staff or students shall be separated from occupied areas. Provisions shall be made to prevent the passage of dust and contaminants into occupied parts of the building. Periodic inspection and repairs of the containment barriers must be made to prevent exposure to dust or contaminants. Gypsum board must be used in exit ways or other areas that require fire rated separation. Heavy duty plastic sheeting may be used only for a vapor, fine dust or air infiltration barrier, and shall not be used to separate occupied spaces from construction areas.
  - 1. A specific stairwell and/or elevator should be assigned for construction worker use during work hours. In general, workers may not use corridors, stairs or elevators designated for students or school staff.
  - 2. Large amounts of debris must be removed by using enclosed chutes or a similar sealed system. There shall be no movement of debris through halls of occupied spaces of the building. No material shall be dropped or thrown outside the walls of the building.
  - All occupied parts of the building affected by renovation activity shall be cleaned at the 3. close of each workday. School buildings occupied during a construction project shall maintain required health, safety and educational capabilities; at all times, that classes are in session.

#### 3.4 CONTROL OF NOISE

A. Construction and maintenance operations shall not produce noise in excess of 60 dba in occupied spaces or shall be scheduled for times when the building or affected building spaces are not occupied or acoustical abatement measures shall be taken

# 3.5 CONTROL OF CONTAMINATES

A. The contractor shall be responsible for the control of chemical fumes, gases, and other contaminates produced by welding, gasoline or diesel engines, roofing, paving, painting, etc. to ensure they do not enter occupied portions of the building or air intakes.

### 3.6 CONTROL OF VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

A. The contractor shall be responsible to ensure that activities and materials which result in "off-gassing" of volatile organic compounds such as glues, paints, furniture, carpeting, wall covering, drapery, etc. are scheduled, cured or ventilated in accordance with manufacturers recommendations before a space can be occupied.

### 3.7 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

- A. Verify that all school areas to be disturbed during renovation or demolition have been or will be tested for lead and for asbestos. For any project work that disturbs surfaces that contain lead or asbestos, follow the plans and specifications prepared by a certified Lead Risk Assessor or Supervisor which details provisions for occupant protection, worksite preparation, work methods, cleaning, and clearance testing; which are in general accordance with HUD Guidelines.
  - 1. All asbestos abatement projects shall comply with all applicable federal and State laws including but not limited to the New York State Department of Labor industrial code rule 56(12NYCRR56), and the federal Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA), 40 CFR Part 763 (Code of Federal Regulations, 1998 Edition); available at the Office of Facilities Planning, Education Building Annex, Room 1060, State Education Department, Albany, NY 12234.
  - 2. Any construction or maintenance operations which will disturb lead-based paint will require abatement of those areas pursuant to protocols detailed in the "Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing," June 1995; U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), Washington, D.C. 20410; available at the Office of Facilities Planning, Education Building Annex, Room 1060, State Education Department, Albany, NY 12234.

# B. Asbestos Abatement Projects

- 1. All school areas to be disturbed during renovation or demolition have been or will be tested for lead and asbestos.
- 2. Large and small asbestos abatement projects as defined by 12NYCRR56 shall not be performed while the building is occupied." Note: It is our interpretation that the term "building," as referenced in this section, means a wing or major section of a building that can be completely isolated from the rest of the building with sealed non-combustible construction. The isolated portion of the building must contain exits that do not pass through the occupied portion and ventilation systems must be physically separated and sealed at the isolation barrier.
- 3. Exterior work such as roofing, flashing, siding, or soffit work may be performed on occupied buildings provided proper variances are in place as required and complete

isolation of ventilation systems and at windows is provided. Care must be taken to schedule work so that classes are not disrupted by noise or visual distraction.

# C. Lead Remediation Projects

1. Surfaces that will be disturbed by reconstruction must have a determination made as to the presence of lead. Projects which disturb surfaces that contain lead shall have in the specifications a plan prepared by a certified Lead Risk Assessor or Supervisor which details provisions for occupant protection, worksite preparation, work methods, cleaning and clearance testing which are in general accordance with the HUD Guidelines.

### 3.8 EXITING

- A. All prime contractors shall prepare and maintain a plan detailing how exiting, required by the applicable building code, shall be maintained during construction.
  - 1. The plan shall indicate temporary construction required to isolate construction equipment, materials, people, dust, fumes, odors, and noise during the construction period.
  - 2. Temporary construction details shall meet code-required fire ratings for separation and corridor enclosure.
  - 3. At a minimum, required exits, temporary stairs, ramps, exit signs, and door hardware shall be provided at all times.
  - 4. The fire exiting plan shall be reviewed and approved by the Engineer.

# 3.9 VENTILATION

- A. Prepare a plan detailing how adequate ventilation will be maintained during construction.
  - 1. The plan shall indicate ductwork which must be rerouted, disconnected, or capped in order to prevent contaminants from the construction area from entering the occupied areas of the building.
  - 2. The plan shall also indicate how required ventilation to occupied spaces affected by construction will be maintained during the project.

# 3.10 HEAT

A. The contractor shall maintain a minimum temperature of 65° in all occupied interior spaces from September 15th to May 31st. Direct fired fuel-burning heating units shall not be used in any space of pupil occupancy.

# 3.11 PESTICIDE

A. Pesticide applications may only be performed by individuals currently certified by the State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) per DEC Part 325.7 as a pesticide applicator or by a certified pesticide technician or an apprentice working under the direct on-site

supervision of a certified applicator. It is illegal for any individual other than those noted above to apply any pesticide products in a school building or on school grounds.

END OF SECTION 011410

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### SECTION 012300 - ALTERNATES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for alternates.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Alternate: An amount proposed by bidders and stated on the Bid Form for certain work defined in the bidding requirements that may be added to or deducted from the base bid amount if Owner decides to accept a corresponding change either in the amount of construction to be completed or in the products, materials, equipment, systems, or installation methods described in the Contract Documents.
- B. Alternates described in this Section are part of the Work only if enumerated in the Agreement.
- C. The cost or credit for each alternate is the net addition to or deduction from the Contract Sum to incorporate alternate into the Work. No other adjustments are made to the Contract Sum.

### 1.4 PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Revise or adjust affected adjacent work as necessary to completely integrate work of the alternate into Project.
  - 1. Include as part of each alternate, miscellaneous devices, accessory objects, and similar items incidental to or required for a complete installation whether or not indicated as part of alternate.
- B. Notification: Immediately following award of the Contract, notify each party involved, in writing, of the status of each alternate. Indicate if alternates have been accepted, rejected, or deferred for later consideration. Include a complete description of negotiated revisions to alternates.
- C. Execute accepted alternates under the same conditions as other work of the Contract.
- D. Schedule: A schedule of alternates is included at the end of this Section. Specification Sections referenced in schedule contain requirements for materials necessary to achieve the work described under each alternate.

ALTERNATES 012300 - 1

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 SCHEDULE OF ALTERNATES

- A. ADD Alternate GC-01: Renovate the Women's Toilet Room, Men's Toilet Room and Custodial Closet as indicated on the drawings. The scope includes but is not limited to the replacement of wall and ceiling finishes, partitions, fixtures, accessories and wall reconstruction. The alternate does not include the ceiling replacement in these rooms which is part of the base bid.
- B. ADD Alternate EC-01: Renovate the Women's Toilet Room, Men's Toilet Room and Custodial Closet as indicated on the drawings. The scope includes temporary relocation of L-1 panel and lighting controls panel as well as power to new plumbing fixtures and water heater. All other work in this area related to the replacement of the existing HVAC system and the ceilings is not part of this alternate and should be included in the base bid.
- C. ADD Alternate PC-01: Renovate the Women's Toilet Room, Men's Toilet Room and Custodial Closet as indicated on the drawings. The scope includes but is not limited to the replacement of lavatories, water closets, urinal, water heater and mop sink. All other work in this area related to the replacement of the existing HVAC system is not part of this alternate and should be included in the base bid.
- D. ADD Alternate SRR-01: Replace existing kitchenette including all millwork, countertop and sink as shown on the drawings and specifications. Include all associated plumbing and electrical work to complete the construction. Contract 5 General Construction Staff Room Renovation (GC).
- E. ADD Alternate SRR-02: Replace existing flooring in Staff Room with resinous flooring system. Refer to drawings and specifications for additional information. Contract 5 General Construction Staff Room Renovation (GC).

END OF SECTION 012300

ALTERNATES 012300 - 2

### SECTION 012900 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements necessary to prepare and process Applications for Payment.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Schedule of Values: A statement furnished by Contractor allocating portions of the Contract Sum to various portions of the Work and used as the basis for reviewing Contractor's Applications for Payment.

### 1.4 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Use the approved Schedule of Values form for each Application for Payment.
  - 1. Include as part of each alternate, miscellaneous devices, accessory objects, and similar items incidental to or required for a complete installation whether or not indicated as part of alternate.
- B. Notification: Immediately following award of the Contract, notify each party involved, in writing, of the status of each alternate. Indicate if alternates have been accepted, rejected, or deferred for later consideration. Include a complete description of negotiated revisions to alternates.
- C. Execute accepted alternates under the same conditions as other work of the Contract.
- D. Schedule: A schedule of alternates is included at the end of this Section. Specification Sections referenced in schedule contain requirements for materials necessary to achieve the work described under each alternate.

# 1.5 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. Submit Applications for Payment only after Schedule of Values have been approved.
- B. Initial Application for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of first Application for Payment include the following:
  - 1. List of subcontractors.
  - 2. Schedule of Values.

- 3. Contractor's Construction Schedule (preliminary if not final.)
- 4. Products list.
- 5. Schedule of unit prices.
- 6. Submittals Schedule (preliminary if not final.)
- 7. List of Contractor's staff assignments.
- 8. List of Contractor's principal consultants.
- 9. Copies of authorizations and licenses from authorities having jurisdiction for performance of the Work.
- 10. Initial progress report.
- 11. Report of preconstruction conference.
- 12. Certificates of insurance and insurance policies.
- 13. Performance and payment bonds.
- 14. Data needed to acquire Owner's insurance.
- 15. Initial settlement survey and damage report if required.
- C. Each Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments as certified by Engineer as to the actual value of the Work, which will be completed by the end of the month and paid for by Owner.
  - 1. Initial Application for Payment, Application for Payment at time of Substantial Completion, and final Application for Payment involve additional requirements.
- D. Payment Application Times: The date for each progress payment is the 30th day of each month.
  - 1. This date is a basis of cycle time, and shall be confirmed at the Pre-Construction Conference, based on the owner's requirements for processing Applications for Payment. The owner reserves the right to adjust this cycle if necessary, with payments executed net 30 days."
- E. Draft copies (pencil copies) shall be submitted to the Engineer, by the same day of the month, for the duration of the project. This day shall be established at the Pre-Construction Conference, based on the owner's requirements for processing Applications for Payment. This day may be modified from time to time to accommodate the owners schedule.
  - 1. Reflect an accurate accounting of the Work completed and material stored at the time of the pencil copy submission. Projections of work anticipated to be completed or stored is not allowed.
  - 2. Final copies, including review adjustments, shall be submitted to Engineer by the 27th day of the month.
    - a. Provided that a fully executed and complete Application for Payment is submitted on the 27th day of each month, the Owner will receive requisitions by the 10th day of the next month.
- F. Payment Application Forms: Use approved Schedule of Values for as form for Application for Payment.
  - 1. Provide itemized data on the Continuation Sheet. Format, schedules, line items and values shall be those of the approved Schedule of Values.
- G. Application Preparation: Complete every entry on form. Notarize and execute by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of Contractor. Engineer will return incomplete applications without action.
  - 1. Entries shall match data of the approved Schedule of Values.

- 2. Provide updated Prime Contractor Construction Schedule with each application.
- 3. Include only amounts of fully executed Change Orders issued before last day of construction period covered by application.
- H. Transmittal: Submit 4 signed and notarized original copies of each Application for Payment to Engineer by a method ensuring receipt within 24 hours. One copy shall include waivers of lien and similar attachments if required.
  - 1. Transmit each copy with a transmittal form listing attachments and recording appropriate information related to the application in acceptable manner discussed with Engineer.
- I. Certified Payrolls: With each Application for Payment, submit certified payrolls from the Prime Contractor's own forces and subcontractors for the construction period covered by the previous application.
- J. All substantiating data and attachments required by the Contract Documents shall accompany each Application for Payment upon submission in the form required by the Engineer.
- K. Waivers of Mechanic's Lien: With each Application for Payment, submit waivers of mechanic's lien from every entity who is lawfully entitled to file a mechanic's lien arising out of the Contract and related to the Work covered by the payment.
  - 1. Submit partial waivers on each item for amount requested in previous application, after deduction for retainage, on each item.
  - 2. When an application shows completion of an item, submit final or full waivers.
  - 3. Owner reserves the right to designate which entities involved in the Work must submit waivers.
  - 4. Waiver Forms: Submit waivers of lien on forms, executed in a manner acceptable to Owner.
  - 5. An Affidavit of Payments to Subcontractors and Suppliers on a form approved by Engineer.
    - a. Forms are for previous month's application and are to be submitted with every application through and including the latest pay period prior to the date of submittal of the application.
  - 6. When Engineer requires additional substantiating data, Prime Contractor shall promptly submit suitable information with a cover letter.
- L. Monthly Application for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals for each monthly application for payment include the following:
  - 1. Change Orders: Submit only fully executed, including signatures by all parties, documenting approval.
- M. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion: After issuing the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment showing 100 percent completion for portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.
  - 1. Include documentation supporting claim that the Work is substantially complete and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
  - 2. This application shall reflect Certificates of Partial Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.

- N. Final Payment Application: Submit final Application for Payment with executed releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted, including, but not limited, to the following:
  - 1. Evidence of completion of Project closeout requirements.
  - 2. Insurance certificates for products and completed operations where required and proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
  - 3. Updated final statement, accounting for final changes to the Contract Sum.
  - 4. AIA Document G706, "Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims."
  - 5. AIA Document G706A, "Contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens."
  - 6. AIA Document G707, "Consent of Surety to Final Payment."
  - 7. Evidence that claims have been settled.
- O. Full and Final Payment will not be made until the following have been supplied, approved and accepted by the Owner and Engineer.
  - 1. The required number of copies of all written guarantees, warranties, bonds, operating and maintenance manuals, and test results.
  - 2. Documentation that all verbal and written instructions and training sessions required by the Contract has been completed.
  - 3. The required number of copies of all Project Record Documents ("as-built" drawings) has been received.
  - 4. All materials and equipment required as stock is delivered.
  - 5. Any other requirement of the Contract Documents which remains outstanding.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - Execution (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 012900

### SECTION 012973 – SCHEDULE OF VALUES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the Schedule of Values.
- B. Provide summary for all scheduled values as approved by the Engineer.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Schedule of Values: A statement furnished by Contractor allocating portions of the Contract Sum to various portions of the Work and used as the basis for reviewing Contractor's Applications for Payment.

## 1.4 FORMS

- A. Use the following form:
  - 1. Schedule of Values: Provide an AIA Document G703 Continuation Sheet, 1992 edition.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

### PART 3 - Execution

#### 3.1 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Coordination: Each Prime Contract shall coordinate preparation of its Schedule of Values for its portion of the Construction Schedule and the Work.
  - 1. Correlate line items in the Schedule of Value with other required administrative forms and schedules, including the following:
    - a. Application for Payment forms with Continuation Sheets.
    - b. Submittals Schedule.
    - c. Material/Equipment status report.
    - d. Contractor's Construction Schedule.
- B. Format and Content: Use the Project Manual table of contents as a guide to establish line items for the Schedule of Values. Provide at least one line item for each Section under Division 01,

SCHEDULE OF VALUES

including, but not limited to, those indicated within Prime Contract scope under Division 01 Section 011250 "Summary of Work."

- 1. Include and complete all header information on the Schedule of Values forms.
- 2. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in enough detail and as follows to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Provide several line items for principal subcontract amounts, where appropriate and as indicated.
- 3. Provide breakdowns for each phase of construction, addition and building.
- 4. Provide itemized Schedule of Value line items for Renovation work and New Construction. Assign these scope items to the specific SED project number(s).
  - a. Schedule a separate line item in the Schedule of Values for each part of the work related to General Requirements as follows:
    - 1) Performance and Payment Bonds.
    - 2) Project Insurance.
    - 3) Mobilization & Demobilization.
    - 4) Field supervision and layout.
    - 5) Temporary facilities.
    - 6) Submittals: Schedule 2% of total Contract amount for line item.
    - 7) Meeting Attendance: Schedule 1% of total Contract amount for line item.
    - 8) Project Closeout: 1% of total contract amount for line item.
    - 9) Record Drawings and Construction Progress Documentation.
    - 10) Punch list: Schedule 1.5% of total Contract amount for line item.
    - 11) Clean-up: Schedule 1% of total Contract amount for line item.
    - 12) Testing or Balancing (if applicable)
    - 13) System Commissioning (if applicable)
    - 14) Allowances: Provide a separate line item for each Allowance (if applicable)
    - 15) Alternates: Provide a separate line item for each Alternate (if applicable)
    - 16) Unit Prices: Itemize each unit price for the Prime Contract (if applicable)
    - 17) Change Orders: On separate G703 sheet, add each Change Order for the Prime Contract, as cumulatively issued/approved through duration of project.
  - b. Itemize separate line item cost for work required by each basic activity or operation by specification Section numbers.
    - Take each line item cost and breakout into separate labor and material for work required by each basic activity or operation by specification Section numbers.
- 5. For each line of work in the Schedule of Values to be performed by a subcontractor to the Prime Contractor, the line shall clearly identify the legal name of the subcontractor performing the work. All subcontractors shall be identified prior to the approval of the Schedule of Values.
- 6. Round amounts to nearest whole dollar; total shall equal the Contract Sum.
  - a. Show total costs including overhead and profit.
  - b. Percentage of total Contract Sum adjusted to equal 100 percent.
- 7. Provide a separate line item in the Schedule of Values for each part of the Work where Applications for Payment may include progress payments for materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed.
  - a. Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site. Include evidence of insurance or bonded warehousing.

012973 - 2

8. Provide separate line items in the Schedule of Values for initial cost of materials, for each subsequent stage of completion, and for total installed value of that part of the Work.

SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- 9. Provide additional separate line items for Specification Sections that have construction that can be identified as a separate system, like structural steel, that will have separate lines items for;
  - a. Anchor Bolts.
  - b. Columns & Beams.
- 10. After review by the Engineer, revise and resubmit Schedule of Values if required by the Engineer as many times as required until approval by the Engineer is received.

### C. Schedule of Value Times:

- 1. Within ten (10) days of Notice to Proceed, submit to the Engineer, a fully outlined draft Schedule of Values on AIA Docs. G702 and G703.
- 2. Based on the Engineer's approval, revise and resubmit the final approved Schedule of Values on AIA Docs. G702 and G703 at least ten (10) days prior to the first application for payment.
- 3. First Application for Payment will not be approved until the Engineer approves Schedule of Value format.
- 4. Update and resubmit the Schedule of Values before the next Applications for Payment when Change Orders or Construction Change Directives result in a change in the Contract Sum.

END OF SECTION 012973

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### SECTION 013150 - SAFETY AND HEALTH

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 PROJECT SITE SAFETY

A. The Prime Contractor, not the Engineer, or the entity recognized as Construction Site Representative, is responsible for Project site safety.

### 1.3 SAFETY AND HEALTH REGULATIONS

- A. The Prime Contractor, and any entity working for the Prime Contractor, shall comply with the U.S. Department of Labor Safety and Health Regulations for construction promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (PL 91-54), latest revisions and with the latest requirements of the "Right to Know" laws and the New York State Labor Law.
- B. In order to protect the general public and the lives and health of his/her employees under the Contract, the Prime Contractor shall comply with all pertinent provisions of the latest issues of the Federal Register, Bureau of Labor Standards, Safety and Health Regulations; New York State Industrial Code Rule 30 pertaining to Tunneling Operations; New York State Industrial Code Rule 23 pertaining to Trenching Operations; and the "Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction" issued by the Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., and shall maintain an accurate record of all cases of death, occupational disease, and injury requiring medical attention or causing loss of time from work under this Contract. In case of a conflict between the above noted authorities, the most stringent shall prevail.
- C. The Prime Contractor shall have on the project site at all times while work is in progress, an individual recognized as a "Competent Person", who is skilled in safety and health procedures and familiar with State and Federal safety and health regulations whose responsibility shall be to observe methods and procedures. This person shall have the duty and authority to stop and correct all unsafe and unhealthy conditions.
- D. Toxic, noxious or otherwise hazardous fumes, gases or dusts, etc. from welding, cadwelding, painting, grinding, sawing, sweeping or any other operations shall be kept to the absolute minimum and shall be vented directly to the outside by the Contractor, and only used when authorized by the Engineer.
- E. The Prime Contractor are to submit to the Owner via the Engineer/Construction Manager, prior to first payment application approval, a copy of Material Safety and Data Sheets (MSDS) for all material used on site. The Prime Contractor shall also keep one (1) complete set of Material Safety and Data Sheets (MSDS) onsite at all times.

1. These reference materials shall be updated continuously throughout the Project, as additional materials are added to/brought to the Project site.

### 1.4 SAFETY AND FIRST AID

- A. The Prime Contractor shall at all times exercise caution of his/her operations and shall be responsible for the safety and protection of all persons on or about the site arising out of or relating to his/her Work. All hazards shall be avoided or guarded in accordance with the provisions of the Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction of the AGCA, unless such provisions contravene local law. The safety provisions of all applicable laws, codes and ordinances shall be observed.
- B. The Prime Contractor shall provide and maintain at the Site, at each location where work is in progress, as part of his/her plant, an approved first aid kit. Ready access thereto shall be provided at all times when persons are employed on the work site.
- C. The Prime Contractor shall take due precautions against infectious diseases and shall arrange for the immediate isolation and removal from the Site of any employee who becomes ill or is injured while engaged on the work site.
- D. The Prime Contractor shall, upon request of the Engineer/Construction Manager, immediately correct all conditions that constitute a clear and present danger to persons as interpreted by the Engineer. If such danger is not so corrected, the Owner or the Engineer will employ other persons to do such work and the expense thereof shall be deducted from any monies due or to become due to the Prime Contractor.
- E. Clean up of the Prime Contractor's, and/or their subcontractor's, materials and/or debris shall be deemed a safety & health issue.

### 1.5 ACCIDENTS AND ACCIDENT REPORTS

- A. Notify Engineer immediately of any accidents involving Prime Contractor, subcontractor or supplier personnel on site.
- B. Within 24 hours of the occurrence, the Prime Contractor shall submit a written accident report, to the Engineer, fully detailing the occurrence.

### 1.6 TOOL BOX SAFETY MEETINGS

- A. The Prime Contractor shall hold weekly toolbox safety meetings with his/her own workers. Records of these meetings shall be forwarded to the Owner, through the Construction Site Representative's office, each week.
  - 1. Failure to comply with this requirement shall result in Applications for Payment not being reviewed and processed.

END OF SECTION 013150

### SECTION 013516 - ALTERATION PROJECT PROCEDURES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes special procedures for alteration work.

### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Alteration Work: This term includes remodeling, renovation, repair, and maintenance work performed within existing spaces or on existing surfaces as part of the Project as outlined within the drawings.
- B. Consolidate: To strengthen loose or deteriorated materials in place.
- C. Design Reference Sample: A sample that represents the Engineer's prebid selection of work to be matched; it may be existing work or work specially produced for the Project.
- D. Dismantle: To remove by disassembling or detaching an item from a surface, using gentle methods and equipment to prevent damage to the item and surfaces; disposing of items unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- E. Match: To blend with adjacent construction and manifest no apparent difference in material type, species, cut, form, detail, color, grain, texture, or finish; as approved by Architect.
- F. Refinish: To remove existing finishes to base material and apply new finish to match original, or as otherwise indicated.
- G. Repair: To correct damage and defects, retaining existing materials, features, and finishes. This includes patching, piecing-in, splicing, consolidating, or otherwise reinforcing or upgrading materials.
- H. Replace: To remove, duplicate, and reinstall entire item with new material. The original item is the pattern for creating duplicates unless otherwise indicated.
- I. Replicate: To reproduce in exact detail, materials, and finish unless otherwise indicated.
- J. Reproduce: To fabricate a new item, accurate in detail to the original, and from either the same or a similar material as the original, unless otherwise indicated.
- K. Retain: To keep an element or detail secure and intact.
- L. Strip: To remove existing finish down to base material unless otherwise indicated.

### 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Alteration Work Sub-schedule: A construction schedule coordinating the sequencing and scheduling of alteration work for entire Project, including each activity to be performed, and based on Contractor's Construction Schedule. Secure time commitments for performing critical construction activities from separate entities responsible for alteration work.
  - 1. Schedule construction operations in sequence required to obtain best Work results.
  - 2. Coordinate sequence of alteration work activities to accommodate the following:
    - a. Owner's continuing occupancy of portions of existing building.
    - b. Owner's partial occupancy of completed Work.
    - c. Other known work in progress.
    - d. Tests and inspections.
  - 3. Detail sequence of alteration work, with start and end dates.
  - 4. Utility Services: Indicate how long utility services will be interrupted. Coordinate shutoff, capping, and continuation of utility services.

#### 1.4 PROJECT MEETINGS FOR ALTERATION WORK

- A. Preliminary Conference for Alteration Work: Before starting alteration work, Engineer will conduct conference at Project site [395 Hudson Street, Cornwall, N.Y. 12518].
  - 1. Attendees: In addition to representatives of Owner, Construction Manager, Blake Engineering, and Contractor shall be represented at the meeting.
  - 2. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect progress of alteration work, including review of the following:
    - a. Alteration Work Sub-schedule: Discuss and finalize; verify availability of materials, specialists' personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
    - b. Fire-prevention plan.
    - c. Governing regulations.
    - d. Areas where existing construction is to remain and the required protection.
    - e. Hauling routes.
    - f. Sequence of alteration work operations.
    - g. Storage, protection, and accounting for salvaged and specially fabricated items.
    - h. Existing conditions, staging, and structural loading limitations of areas where materials are stored.
    - i. Qualifications of personnel assigned to alteration work and assigned duties.
    - j. Requirements for extent and quality of work, tolerances, and required clearances.
    - k. Embedded work such as flashings and lintels, special details, collection of waste, protection of occupants and the public, and condition of other construction that affects the Work or will affect the work.
  - 3. Reporting: Blake Engineering will record conference results and distribute copies to everyone in attendance and to others affected by decisions or actions resulting from conference.

- B. Coordination Meetings: Conduct coordination meetings specifically for alteration work at predetermined & pre planned intervals. Coordination meetings are in addition to specific meetings held for other purposes, such as progress meetings and preinstallation conferences.
  - 1. Attendees: In addition to representatives of Owner, Construction Manager, Blake Engineering, and Contractor, each specialist, supplier, installer, and other entity concerned with progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of alteration work activities shall be represented at these meetings. All participants at conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to alteration work.
  - 2. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of previous coordination meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress of alteration work. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to status of Project.
    - a. Alteration Work Subschedule: Review progress since last coordination meeting. Determine whether each schedule item is on time, ahead of schedule, or behind schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited with retention of quality; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities are completed within the Contract Time.
    - b. Schedule Updating: Revise Contractor's Alteration Work Subschedule after each coordination meeting where revisions to schedule have been made or recognized. Issue revised schedule concurrently with report of each meeting.
    - c. Review present and future needs of each entity present, including review items listed in the "Preliminary Conference for Alteration Work" Paragraph in this article and the following:
      - 1) Interface requirements of alteration work with other Project Work.
      - 2) Status of submittals for alteration work.
      - 3) Access to alteration work locations.
      - 4) Effectiveness of fire-prevention plan.
      - 5) Quality and work standards of alteration work.
      - 6) Change Orders for alteration work.
  - 3. Reporting: Record meeting results and distribute copies to everyone in attendance and to others affected by decisions or actions resulting from each meeting.

## 1.5 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

#### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Alteration Work Subschedule:
  - 1. Submit alteration work subschedule within 14 days of date established for commencement of alteration work.
- B. Preconstruction Documentation: Show preexisting conditions of adjoining construction and site improvements that are to remain, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by Contractor's alteration work operations.

- C. Alteration Work Program: Submit 30 days before work begins.
- D. Fire-Prevention Plan: Submit 30 days before work begins.

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Specialist Qualifications: An experienced firm regularly engaged in specialty work similar in nature, materials, design, and extent to alteration work as specified in each Section and that has completed a minimum of five recent projects with a record of successful in-service performance that demonstrates the firm's qualifications to perform this work.
  - 1. Field Supervisor Qualifications: Full-time supervisors experienced in specialty work similar in nature, material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project. Supervisors shall be on-site when specialty work begins and during its progress. Supervisors shall not be changed during Project except for causes beyond the control of the specialist firm.
- B. Alteration Work Program: Prepare a written plan for alteration work for whole Project, including each phase or process and protection of surrounding materials during operations. Show compliance with indicated methods and procedures specified in this and other Sections. Coordinate this whole-Project alteration work program with specific requirements of programs required in other alteration work Sections.
  - 1. Dust and Noise Control: Include locations of proposed temporary dust- and noise-control partitions and means of egress from occupied areas coordinated with continuing on-site operations and other known work in progress.
  - 2. Debris Hauling: Include plans clearly marked to show debris hauling routes, turning radii, and locations and details of temporary protective barriers.
- C. Fire-Prevention Plan: Prepare a written plan for preventing fires during the Work, including placement of fire extinguishers, fire blankets, rag buckets, and other fire-control devices during each phase or process. Coordinate plan with Owner's fire-protection equipment and requirements. Include fire-watch personnel's training, duties, and authority to enforce fire safety.
- D. Safety and Health Standard: Comply with ANSI/ASSP A10.6.

### 1.8 STORAGE AND HANDLING OF SALVAGED MATERIALS

# A. Salvaged Materials:

- 1. Clean loose dirt and debris from salvaged items unless more extensive cleaning is indicated
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning; cushion against damage during handling. Label contents of containers.
- 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
- 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area designated by Owner.
- 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

# B. Salvaged Materials for Reinstallation:

- 1. Repair and clean items for reuse as indicated.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing; cushion against damage during handling. Label contents of containers.
- 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- 4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment unless otherwise indicated. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials to make items functional for use indicated.
- C. Existing Materials to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling from construction work. Where permitted by Engineer, items may be dismantled and taken to a suitable, protected storage location during construction work and reinstalled in their original locations after alteration and other construction work in the vicinity is complete.
- D. Storage: Catalog and store items within a weathertight enclosure where they are protected from moisture, weather, condensation, and freezing temperatures.
  - 1. Identify each item for reinstallation with a nonpermanent mark to document its original location. Indicate original locations on plans, elevations, sections, or photographs by annotating the identifying marks.
  - 2. Secure stored materials to protect from theft.
  - 3. Control humidity so that it does not exceed 85 percent. Maintain temperatures 5 deg F (3 deg C) or more above the dew point.

## E. Storage Space:

1. Arrange for off-site locations for storage and protection of salvaged material that cannot be stored and protected on-site.

### 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions that affect the Work by use of measured drawings preconstruction photographs and preconstruction videotapes.
  - 1. Comply with requirements specified in Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation."
- B. Discrepancies: Notify Engineer of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with removal and dismantling work.
- C. Owner's Removals: Before beginning alteration work, verify in correspondence with Owner that what items require removal by Owner. An Itemized list of items shall be formally prepared by Construction Manager and submitted to the Owner for review and written approval prior to any work:
- D. Size Limitations in Existing Spaces: Materials, products, and equipment used for performing the Work and for transporting debris, materials, and products shall be of sizes that clear surfaces within existing spaces, areas, rooms, and openings, including temporary protection, by 12 inches (300 mm) or more.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS - (Not Used)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PROTECTION

- A. Protect persons, motor vehicles, surrounding surfaces of building, building site, plants, and surrounding buildings from harm resulting from alteration work.
  - 1. Use only proven protection methods, appropriate to each area and surface being protected.
  - 2. Provide temporary barricades, barriers, and directional signage to exclude the public from areas where alteration work is being performed.
  - 3. Erect temporary barriers to form and maintain fire-egress routes.
  - 4. Erect temporary protective covers over walkways and at points of pedestrian and vehicular entrance and exit that must remain in service during alteration work.
  - 5. Contain dust and debris generated by alteration work, and prevent it from reaching the public or adjacent surfaces.
  - 6. Provide shoring, bracing, and supports as necessary. Do not overload structural elements.
  - 7. Protect floors and other surfaces along hauling routes from damage, wear, and staining.
  - 8. Provide supplemental sound-control treatment to isolate demolition work from other areas of the building.

## B. Temporary Protection of Materials to Remain:

- 1. Protect existing materials with temporary protections and construction. Do not remove existing materials unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. Do not attach temporary protection to existing surfaces except as indicated as part of the alteration work program.
- C. Comply with each product manufacturer's written instructions for protections and precautions. Protect against adverse effects of products and procedures on people and adjacent materials, components, and vegetation.

# D. Utility and Communications Services:

- 1. Notify Owner, Engineer, authorities having jurisdiction, and entities owning or controlling wires, conduits, pipes, and other services affected by alteration work before commencing operations.
- 2. Disconnect and cap pipes and services as required by authorities having jurisdiction, as required for alteration work.
- 3. Maintain existing services unless otherwise indicated; keep in service, and protect against damage during operations. Provide temporary services during interruptions to existing utilities.
- E. Existing Drains: Prior to the start of work in an area, test drainage system to ensure that it is functioning properly. Notify Engineer immediately of inadequate drainage or blockage. Do not begin work in an area until the drainage system is functioning properly.

- 1. Prevent solids such as adhesive or mortar residue or other debris from entering the drainage system. Clean out drains and drain lines that become sluggish or blocked by sand or other materials resulting from alteration work.
- 2. Protect drains from pollutants. Block drains or filter out sediments, allowing only clean water to pass.

## 3.2 PROTECTION FROM FIRE

- A. General: Follow fire-prevention plan and the following:
  - 1. Comply with NFPA 241 requirements unless otherwise indicated. Perform duties titled "Owner's Responsibility for Fire Protection."
  - 2. Remove and keep area free of combustibles, including rubbish, paper, waste, and chemicals, unless necessary for the immediate work.
    - a. If combustible material cannot be removed, provide fire blankets to cover such materials.
- B. Heat-Generating Equipment and Combustible Materials: Comply with the following procedures while performing work with heat-generating equipment or combustible materials, including welding, torch-cutting, soldering, brazing, removing paint with heat, or other operations where open flames or implements using high heat or combustible solvents and chemicals are anticipated:
  - 1. Obtain Owner's approval for operations involving use of open-flame or welding or other high-heat equipment. Notify Owner at least 72 hours before each occurrence, indicating location of such work.
  - 2. As far as practicable, restrict heat-generating equipment to shop areas or outside the building.
  - 3. Do not perform work with heat-generating equipment in or near rooms or in areas where flammable liquids or explosive vapors are present or thought to be present. Use a combustible gas indicator test to ensure that the area is safe.
  - 4. Use fireproof baffles to prevent flames, sparks, hot gases, or other high-temperature material from reaching surrounding combustible material.
  - 5. Prevent the spread of sparks and particles of hot metal through open windows, doors, holes, and cracks in floors, walls, ceilings, roofs, and other openings.
  - 6. Fire Watch: Before working with heat-generating equipment or combustible materials, station personnel to serve as a fire watch at each location where such work is performed. Fire-watch personnel shall have the authority to enforce fire safety. Station fire watch according to NFPA 51B, NFPA 241, and as follows:
    - a. Train each fire watch in the proper operation of fire-control equipment and alarms.
    - b. Prohibit fire-watch personnel from other work that would be a distraction from fire-watch duties.
    - c. Cease work with heat-generating equipment whenever fire-watch personnel are not present.
    - d. Have fire-watch personnel perform final fire-safety inspection each day beginning no sooner than 30 minutes after conclusion of work in each area to detect hidden or smoldering fires and to ensure that proper fire prevention is maintained.

- e. Maintain fire-watch personnel at each area of Project site until two hours after conclusion of daily work.
- C. Fire-Control Devices: Provide and maintain fire extinguishers, fire blankets, and rag buckets for disposal of rags with combustible liquids. Maintain each as suitable for the type of fire risk in each work area. Ensure that nearby personnel and the fire-watch personnel are trained in fire-extinguisher and blanket use.

### 3.3 PROTECTION DURING APPLICATION OF CHEMICALS

- A. Protect motor vehicles, surrounding surfaces of building, building site, plants, and surrounding buildings from harm or spillage resulting from applications of chemicals and adhesives.
- B. Cover adjacent surfaces with protective materials that are proven to resist chemicals selected for Project unless chemicals being used will not damage adjacent surfaces as indicated in alteration work program. Use covering materials and masking agents that are waterproof and UV resistant and that will not stain or leave residue on surfaces to which they are applied. Apply protective materials according to manufacturer's written instructions. Do not apply liquid masking agents or adhesives to painted or porous surfaces. When no longer needed, promptly remove protective materials.
- C. Do not apply chemicals during winds of sufficient force to spread them to unprotected surfaces.
- D. Neutralize alkaline and acid wastes and legally dispose of off Owner's property.
- E. Collect and dispose of runoff from chemical operations by legal means and in a manner that prevents soil contamination, soil erosion, undermining of paving and foundations, damage to landscaping, or water penetration into building interior.

### 3.4 GENERAL ALTERATION WORK

- A. Have specialty work performed only by qualified specialists.
- B. Ensure that supervisory personnel are present when work begins and during its progress.
- C. Record existing work before each procedure (preconstruction), and record progress during the work. Use digital preconstruction documentation photographs or video recordings. Comply with requirements in Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation."
- D. Perform surveys of Project site as the Work progresses to detect hazards resulting from alterations.
- E. Notify Engineer of visible changes in the integrity of material or components whether from environmental causes including biological attack, UV degradation, freezing, or thawing or from structural defects including cracks, movement, or distortion.
  - 1. Do not proceed with the work in question until directed by Engineer.

END OF SECTION 013516

## SECTION 014000 – QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for quality assurance and quality control.
- B. Testing and inspecting services are required to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with the Contract Document requirements.
  - 1. Specific quality-assurance and -control requirements for individual construction activities are specified in the Sections that specify those activities. Requirements in those Sections may also cover production of standard products.
  - 2. Specified tests, inspections, and related actions do not limit Contractor's other quality-assurance and control procedures that facilitate compliance with the Contract Document requirements.
  - 3. Requirements for Contractor to provide quality-assurance and control services required by Engineer, Construction Site Representative, Owner, or authorities having jurisdiction are not limited by provisions of this Section
    - a. All Prime Contracts: Verify all Specification Sections for testing requirements in addition to the following:
      - 1) Testing done for the convenience of the Prime Contractor or their Sub-Contractors.
      - 2) Testing related to remedial operations or possible defects.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Quality-Assurance Services: Activities, actions, and procedures performed before and during execution of the Work to guard against defects and deficiencies and substantiate that proposed construction will comply with requirements.
- B. Quality-Control Services: Tests, inspections, procedures, and related actions during and after execution of the Work to evaluate that actual products incorporated into the Work and completed construction comply with requirements. Services do not include contract enforcement activities performed by Engineer or Construction Site Representative.
- C. Mockups: Full-size physical assemblies that are constructed on-site. Mockups are constructed to verify selections made under Sample submittals; to demonstrate aesthetic effects and, where indicated, qualities of materials and execution; to review coordination, testing, or operation; to show interface between dissimilar materials; and to demonstrate compliance with specified

- installation tolerances. Mockups are not Samples. Unless otherwise indicated, approved mockups establish the standard by which the Work will be judged.
- D. Preconstruction Testing: Tests and inspections performed specifically for Project before products and materials are incorporated into the Work, to verify performance or compliance with specified criteria.
- E. Product Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed by an NRTL, an NVLAP, or a testing agency qualified to conduct product testing and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, to establish product performance and compliance with specified requirements.
- F. Source Quality-Control Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed at the source, e.g., plant, mill, factory, or shop.
- G. Field Quality-Control Testing: Tests and inspections that are performed on-site for installation of the Work and for completed Work.
- H. Testing Agency: An entity engaged to perform specific tests, inspections, or both. Testing laboratory shall mean the same as testing agency.
- I. Installer/Applicator/Erector: Contractor or another entity engaged by Contractor as an employee, Subcontractor, or Sub-subcontractor, to perform a particular construction operation, including installation, erection, application, and similar operations.
  - 1. Use of trade-specific terminology in referring to a trade or entity does not require that certain construction activities be performed by accredited or unionized individuals, or that requirements specified apply exclusively to specific trade(s).
- J. Experienced: When used with an entity or individual, "experienced" means having successfully completed a minimum of five (5) previous projects similar in nature, size, and extent to this Project; being familiar with special requirements indicated; and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

### 1.4 CONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Prime Contractor Responsibilities: Unless otherwise indicated as the responsibility of another identified entity, each Prime Contractor shall provide inspections, tests, and other quality-control services specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents and required by authorities having jurisdiction. Costs for these services are to be included in the Contract Sum.
  - 1. Where individual Sections specifically indicate that certain inspections, tests, and other quality-control services are Prime Contractor's responsibility, Prime Contractor shall employ and pay a qualified independent testing agency to perform quality-control services.
  - 2. Where individual Sections specifically indicate that certain inspections, tests, and other quality-control services are the Owner's responsibility, the Owner will employ and pay a qualified independent testing agency to perform those services.
    - a. Where the Owner has engaged a testing agency and Prime Contractor is also required to engage an entity for the same or related element, the Prime Contractor shall not employ the entity engaged by the Owner, unless agreed to in writing by the Owner.

- B. Retesting: Prime Contractor is responsible for retesting where results of inspections, tests, or other quality-control services prove unsatisfactory and indicate noncompliance with Contract Document requirements, regardless of whether the original test was Prime Contractor's responsibility.
  - 1. Cost of retesting construction, revised or replaced by Prime Contractor, is Prime Contractor's responsibility where required tests performed on original construction indicated noncompliance with Contract Document requirements.
- C. Associated Services: Cooperate with agencies performing required inspections, tests, and similar services, and provide reasonable auxiliary services as requested. Notify the agency sufficiently in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Auxiliary services required include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Provide access to the Work.
  - 2. Furnish incidental labor and facilities necessary to facilitate inspections and tests.
  - 3. Ladders.
  - 4. Provide facilities for storage and curing of test samples.
  - 5. Delivery of samples to testing laboratories.
  - 6. Provide design mix documentation.
  - 7. Provide security and protection of samples and test equipment at the Project Site.
- D. Duties of the Testing Agency: The independent agency engaged to perform inspections, sampling, and testing of materials and construction specified in individual Sections shall cooperate with the Construction Manager and Prime Contractor in performance of the agency's duties. The testing agency shall provide qualified personnel to perform required inspections and tests.
  - 1. The agency shall notify the Engineer, Construction Site Representative and Prime Contractor promptly of irregularities or deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
  - 2. The agency is not authorized to release, revoke, alter, or enlarge requirements of the Contract Documents or approve or accept any portion of the Work.
  - 3. The agency shall not perform any duties of Prime Contractor.
- E. Coordination: Coordinate the sequence of activities to accommodate required services with a minimum of delay. Coordinate activities to avoid the necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate inspections and tests.
  - 1. Each Prime Contractor is responsible for scheduling times for inspections, tests, taking samples, and similar activities through the Construction Site Representative.

### 1.5 CONFLICTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Referenced Standards: If compliance with two or more standards is specified and the standards establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, comply with the most stringent requirement. Refer conflicting requirements that are different, but apparently equal, to Engineer for a decision before proceeding.
- B. Minimum Quantity or Quality Levels: The quantity or quality level shown or specified shall be the minimum provided or performed. The actual installation may comply exactly with the

minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed the minimum within reasonable limits. To comply with these requirements, indicated numeric values are minimum or maximum, as appropriate, for the context of requirements. Refer uncertainties to Engineer for a decision before proceeding.

### 1.6 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings: For integrated exterior mockups, provide plans, sections, and elevations, indicating materials and size of mockup construction.
  - 1. Indicate manufacturer and model number of individual components.
  - 2. Provide axonometric drawings for conditions difficult to illustrate in two dimensions.

### 1.7 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Contractor's Statement of Responsibility: When required by authorities having jurisdiction, submit copy of written statement of responsibility sent to authorities having jurisdiction before starting work on the following systems:
  - 1. Seismic-force-resisting system, designated seismic system, or component listed in the designated seismic system quality-assurance plan prepared by Engineer.
  - 2. Main wind-force-resisting system or a wind-resisting component listed in the wind-force-resisting system quality-assurance plan prepared by Engineer.
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: For testing agencies specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include proof of qualifications in the form of a recent report on the inspection of the testing agency by a recognized authority.
- C. Schedule of Tests and Inspections: Prepare in tabular form and include the following:
  - 1. Specification Section number and title.
  - 2. Entity responsible for performing tests and inspections.
  - 3. Description of test and inspection.
  - 4. Identification of applicable standards.
  - 5. Identification of test and inspection methods.
  - 6. Number of tests and inspections required.
  - 7. Time schedule or time span for tests and inspections.
  - 8. Requirements for obtaining samples.
  - 9. Unique characteristics of each quality-control service.

### 1.8 REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS

- A. Test and Inspection Reports: Prepare and submit certified written reports specified in other Sections. Include the following:
  - 1. Date of issue.
  - 2. Project title and number.
  - 3. Name, address, and telephone number of testing agency or inspecting agency.

- 4. Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
- 5. Names of individuals making tests and inspections.
- 6. Description of the Work and test and inspection methods, citing ASTM reference standard used.
- 7. Identification of product and Specification Section.
- 8. Complete test or inspection data.
- 9. Test and inspection results and an interpretation of test results.
- 10. Record of temperature and weather conditions at time of sample taking and testing and inspecting.
- 11. Comments or professional opinion on whether tested or inspected Work complies with the Contract Document requirements.
- 12. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
- 13. Recommendations on retesting and re-inspecting.
- B. Manufacturer's Technical Representative's Field Reports: Prepare written information documenting manufacturer's technical representative's tests and inspections specified in other Sections. Include the following:
  - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of technical representative making report.
  - 2. Statement on condition of substrates and their acceptability for installation of product.
  - 3. Statement that products at Project site comply with requirements.
  - 4. Summary of installation procedures being followed, whether they comply with requirements and, if not, what corrective action was taken.
  - 5. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
  - 6. Statement weather conditions, products, and installation will affect warranty.
  - 7. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.
- C. Factory-Authorized Service Representative's Reports: Prepare written information documenting manufacturer's factory-authorized service representative's tests and inspections specified in other Sections. Include the following:
  - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of factory-authorized service representative making report.
  - 2. Statement that equipment complies with requirements.
  - 3. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
  - 4. Statement weather conditions, products, and installation will affect warranty.
  - 5. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.
- D. Permits, Licenses, and Certificates: For Owner's records, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgments, correspondence, records, and similar documents, established for compliance with standards and regulations bearing on performance of the Work.

# 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. General: Qualifications paragraphs in this article establish the minimum qualification levels required; individual Specification Sections specify additional requirements.

- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing products or systems similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.
- C. Fabricator Qualifications: A firm experienced in producing products similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.
- D. Installer Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in installing, erecting, or assembling work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
- E. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of the system, assembly, or products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- F. Specialists: Certain Specification Sections require that specific construction activities shall be performed by entities who are recognized experts in those operations. Specialists shall satisfy qualification requirements indicated and shall be engaged for the activities indicated.
  - 1. Requirements of authorities having jurisdiction shall supersede requirements for specialists.
- G. Testing Agency Qualifications: An NRTL, an NVLAP, or an independent agency with the experience and capability to conduct testing and inspecting indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 329; and with additional qualifications specified in individual Sections; and, where required by authorities having jurisdiction, that is acceptable to authorities.
  - 1. Each independent inspection and testing agency engaged shall be authorized by jurisdiction to operate in the state where Project is located.
  - 2. NRTL: A nationally recognized testing laboratory according to 29 CFR 1910.7.
  - 3. NVLAP: A testing agency accredited according to NIST's National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program.
  - 4. Testing agency qualifications must be approved by the Engineer prior to proceeding with work.
- H. Manufacturer's Technical Representative Qualifications: An authorized representative of manufacturer who is trained and approved by manufacturer to observe and inspect installation of manufacturer's products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- I. Factory-Authorized Service Representative Qualifications: An authorized representative of manufacturer who is trained and approved by manufacturer to inspect installation of manufacturer's products that are similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project.
- J. Preconstruction Testing: Where testing agency is indicated to perform preconstruction testing for compliance with specified requirements for performance and test methods, comply with the following:

- 1. Contractor responsibilities include the following:
  - a. Provide test specimens representative of proposed products and construction.
  - b. Submit specimens in a timely manner with sufficient time for testing and analyzing results to prevent delaying the Work.
  - c. Provide sizes and configurations of test assemblies, mockups, and laboratory mockups to adequately demonstrate capability of products to comply with performance requirements.
  - d. Build site-assembled test assemblies and mockups using installers who will perform same tasks for Project.
  - e. Build laboratory mockups at testing facility using personnel, products, and methods of construction indicated for the completed Work.
  - f. When testing is complete, remove test specimens, assemblies, mockups, and laboratory mockups; do not reuse products on Project.
- K. Testing Agency Responsibilities: Submit a certified written report of each test, inspection, and similar quality-assurance service to Engineer, through Construction Manager, with copy to Contractor. Interpret tests and inspections and state in each report whether tested and inspected work complies with or deviates from the Contract Documents.

### 1.10 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Owner Responsibilities: Where quality-control services are indicated as Owner's responsibility, Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform these services.
  - 1. Owner will furnish Contractor with names, addresses, and telephone numbers of testing agencies engaged and a description of types of testing and inspecting they are engaged to perform.
  - 2. Costs for retesting and re-inspecting construction that replaces or is necessitated by work that failed to comply with the Contract Documents will be charged to Contractor, and the Contract Sum will be adjusted by Change Order.
- B. Contractor Responsibilities: Tests and inspections not explicitly assigned to Owner are Contractor's responsibility. Perform additional quality-control activities required to verify that the Work complies with requirements, whether specified or not.
  - 1. Unless otherwise indicated, provide quality-control services specified.
  - 2. Where services are indicated as Contractor's responsibility, engage a qualified testing agency to perform these quality-control services.
    - a. Contractor shall not employ same entity engaged by Owner, unless agreed to in writing by Owner.
  - 3. Notify testing agencies at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance of time when Work that requires testing or inspecting will be performed.
  - 4. Where quality-control services are indicated as Contractor's responsibility, submit a certified written report, in triplicate, of each quality-control service.
  - 5. Contractor shall furnish to the Laboratory such samples of materials as may be necessary for testing purposes.
  - 6. Testing and inspecting requested by Contractor and not required by the Contract Documents are Contractor's responsibility.
  - 7. Submit additional copies of each written report directly to authorities having jurisdiction, when they so direct.

- C. Manufacturer's Field Services: Where indicated, engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, including service connections. Report results in writing as specified in Division 01 Section "Submittal Procedures."
- D. Manufacturer's Technical Services: Where indicated, engage a manufacturer's technical representative to observe and inspect the Work. Manufacturer's technical representative's services include participation in pre-installation conferences, examination of substrates and conditions, verification of materials, observation of Installer activities, inspection of completed portions of the Work, and submittal of written reports.
- E. Re-testing/Re-inspecting: Regardless of whether original tests or inspections were Contractor's responsibility, provide quality-control services, including retesting and re-inspecting, for construction that replaced Work that failed to comply with the Contract Documents.
- F. Testing Agency and Special Inspector Responsibilities: Cooperate with Engineer, Construction Manager, and Contractor in performance of duties. Provide qualified personnel to perform required tests and inspections.
  - 1. Notify Engineer, Construction Site Representative, and Contractor promptly of irregularities or deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
  - 2. Determine the location from which test samples will be taken and in which in-situ tests are conducted
  - 3. Conduct and interpret tests and inspections and state in each report whether tested and inspected work complies with or deviates from requirements.
  - 4. Submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each test, inspection, and similar quality-control service through Contractor.
  - 5. Does not release, revoke, alter, or increase the Contract Document requirements or approve or accept any portion of the Work.
  - 6. Do not perform any duties of the Contractor.
  - 7. Submit reports to the Engineer, Construction Manager, and Contractor within seven (7) calendar days of the test.
- G. Associated Services: Cooperate with agencies performing required tests, inspections, and similar quality-control services, and provide reasonable auxiliary services as requested. Notify agency sufficiently in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Provide the following:
  - 1. Provide safe access to items to be tested. This includes sheeting and ladders for deep excavation; scaffolding and ladders for inspection and testing of superstructure items. Incidental labor and facilities necessary to facilitate tests and inspections.
  - 2. Adequate quantities of representative samples of materials that require testing and inspecting. Assist agency in obtaining samples.
  - 3. Facilities for storage and field curing of test samples.
  - 4. Delivery of samples to testing agencies.
  - 5. Preliminary design mix proposed for use for material mixes that require control by testing agency.
  - 6. Security and protection for samples and for testing and inspecting equipment at Project site.

- H. Coordination: Coordinate sequence of activities to accommodate required quality-assurance and -control services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing and inspecting.
  - 1. Schedule times for tests, inspections, obtaining samples, and similar activities.
- I. Schedule of Tests and Inspections: Prepare a schedule of tests, inspections, and similar quality-control services required by the Contract Documents. Coordinate and submit concurrently with Contractor's construction schedule. Update as the Work progresses.
  - 1. Distribution: Distribute schedule to Owner, Engineer, Construction Manager, testing agencies, and each party involved in performance of portions of the Work where tests and inspections are required.
  - 2. Provide and maintain, for the sole use of the Testing Agency, adequate facilities for safe storage and proper curing of concrete test cylinders on the project site for the first 24 hours as required by ASTM C31-69.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 TEST AND INSPECTION LOG

- A. Test and Inspection Log: Prepare a record of tests and inspections. Include the following:
  - 1. Date test or inspection was conducted.
  - 2. Description of the Work tested or inspected.
  - 3. Date test or inspection results were transmitted to Engineer.
  - 4. Identification of testing agency or special inspector conducting test or inspection.
- B. Maintain log at Project site. Post changes and revisions as they occur. Provide access to test and inspection log for Engineer's and Construction Site Representative's reference during normal working hours.

#### 3.2 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. General: On completion of testing, inspecting, sample taking, and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes.
  - 1. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Specification Sections or matching existing substrates and finishes. Restore patched areas and extend restoration into adjoining areas with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Comply with the Contract Document requirements for cutting and patching in Division 01 Section "Execution."

- B. Protect construction exposed by or for quality-control service activities.
- C. Repair and protection are Contractor's responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for quality-control services.

END OF SECTION 014000

### SECTION 015000 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes requirements for temporary utilities, support facilities, and security and protection facilities.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Permanent Enclosure: As determined by Architect, permanent or temporary roofing is complete, insulated, and weathertight; exterior walls are insulated and weathertight; and all openings are closed with permanent construction or substantial temporary closures.

# 1.4 USE CHARGES

- A. General: Cost or use charges for temporary facilities shall be included in the Contract Sum. Allow other entities to use temporary services and facilities without cost, including, but not limited to, Owner's construction forces, Architect, testing agencies, and authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Water Service: The Owner's existing water service will be available for use by all entities for construction operations, without metering and without payment of use charges.
  - 1. Contractor to provide connections and extensions of services as required for construction operations.
- C. Electric Power Service: The Owner shall pay electric power service use charges for electricity used by all entities for construction operations.
  - 1. Contractor to provide connections and extensions of services as required for construction operations.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Site Plan: Show temporary facilities, utility hookups, staging areas, and parking areas for construction personnel, if not indicated in the Construction Documents.

### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Temporary Use of Permanent Facilities: Installer of each permanent service shall assume responsibility for operation, maintenance, and protection of each permanent service during its use as a construction facility before Owner's acceptance, regardless of previously assigned responsibilities.
- B. Owner's Facilities: Contractors are not allowed to use the Owner's facilities (toilets, telephone, food service, etc.) for their own benefit. Prime Contract Superintendents shall enforce this policy with their respective work forces.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Portable Chain-Link Fencing (hard or finished surfaces): Minimum 2-inch, 9-gauge, galvanized steel, chain-link fabric fencing; minimum 6 feet high with galvanized steel pipe posts; minimum 2-3/8 inch OD line posts and 2-7/8 inch OD corner and pull posts, with 1-5/8 inch OD top and bottom rails. Provide galvanized steel bases and weights for supporting posts.
- B. Floor Protection: Ram Board heavy-duty temporary floor protection. Non-staining, re- usable, disposable, breathable fiber-based rolled good, made of recycled material. Utilize manufacturer approved seam tape, and various configurations of product for protecting adjacent walls.

### 2.2 TEMPORARY FACILITIES

- A. Field Offices, General: Prefabricated or mobile units with serviceable finishes, temperature controls, and foundations adequate for normal loading.
- B. Storage and Fabrication Sheds or Mobile Units: Provide sheds sized, furnished, and equipped to accommodate materials and equipment for construction operations.
  - 1. Store combustible materials apart from building.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Locate facilities where they will serve Project adequately and result in minimum interference with performance of the Work. Relocate and modify facilities as required by progress of the Work.
- B. Provide each facility ready for use when needed to avoid delay. Do not remove until facilities are no longer needed or are replaced by authorized use of completed permanent facilities.

### 3.2 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install temporary service or connect to existing service.
  - 1. Arrange with utility company, Owner, and existing users for time when service can be interrupted, if necessary, to make connections for temporary services.
- B. Water Service: Use of Owner's water service will be permitted, as long as facilities are cleaned and maintained in a condition acceptable to Owner. At or prior to Substantial Completion, restore these facilities to condition existing before initial use.
- C. Sanitary Facilities: Provide temporary toilets, wash facilities, and drinking water for use of construction personnel. Comply with authorities having jurisdiction for type, number, location, operation, and maintenance of fixtures and facilities.
- D. Electric Power Service: Use of Owner's electric power service will be permitted, as long as equipment is maintained in a condition acceptable to Owner.
  - 1. Provide electric power service and distribution system expansion of sufficient size, capacity, and power characteristics required for construction operations by all Prime Contracts and their subcontractors.

### 3.3 SUPPORT FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Provide incombustible construction for offices, shops, and sheds located within construction area or within 30 feet of building lines. Comply with NFPA 241.

END OF SECTION 015000



CCHS Cooling Tower Replacement Project

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### SECTION 017300 - EXECUTION

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes general procedural requirements governing execution of the Work including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Construction layout.
  - 2. Field engineering and surveying.
  - 3. General installation of products.
  - 4. Coordination of Owner-installed products.
  - 5. Progress cleaning and protection during construction.
  - 6. Starting and adjusting.
  - 7. Protection of installed construction.
  - 8. Correction of the Work.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Existing Conditions: The existence and location of site improvements, utilities, and other construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning work, investigate and verify the existence and location of mechanical and electrical systems and other construction affecting the Work.
  - 1. Before construction, verify the location and points of connection of utility services.
- B. Existing Utilities: The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework, investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities and other construction affecting the Work.
  - 1. Before construction, verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water-service piping; and underground electrical services.
  - 2. Furnish location data for work related to Project that must be performed by public utilities serving Project site.

- C. Acceptance of Conditions: Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer or Applicator present where indicated, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Record observations.
  - 1. Written Report: Where a written report listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work is required by other Sections, include the following:
    - a. Description of the Work.
    - b. List of detrimental conditions, including substrates.
    - c. List of unacceptable installation tolerances.
    - d. Recommended corrections.
  - 2. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
  - 3. Examine roughing-in for mechanical and electrical systems to verify actual locations of connections before equipment and fixture installation.
  - 4. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions where products and systems are to be installed.
  - 5. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Proceeding with the Work indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to local utility and/or Owner that is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, utility poles, lines, services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Field Measurements: Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Recheck measurements before installing each product. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
- C. Space Requirements: Verify space requirements and dimensions of items shown diagrammatically on Drawings.
- D. Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions: Immediately on discovery of the need for clarification of the Contract Documents, submit a request for information to Engineer. Include a detailed description of problem encountered, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents. Submit requests for information (RFI) on standard form included in this Project Manual.

### 3.3 CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT

- A. Verification: Before proceeding to lay out the Work, verify layout information shown on Drawings, in relation to the property survey and existing benchmarks. If discrepancies are discovered, notify Engineer and Construction Site Representative promptly.
- B. General: Engage a land surveyor to lay out the Work using accepted surveying practices.

- 1. Establish benchmarks and control points to set lines and levels at each story of construction and elsewhere as needed to locate each element of Project.
- 2. Establish dimensions within tolerances indicated. Do not scale Drawings to obtain required dimensions.
- 3. Inform installers of lines and levels to which they must comply.
- 4. Check the location, level and plumb, of every major element as the Work progresses.
- 5. Notify Engineer and Construction Site Representative when deviations from required lines and levels exceed allowable tolerances.
- 6. Close site surveys with an error of closure equal to or less than the standard established by authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Site Improvements: Locate and lay out site improvements, including pavements, grading, fill and topsoil placement, utility slopes, and invert elevations.
- D. Building Lines and Levels: Locate and lay out control lines and levels for structures, building foundations, column grids, and floor levels, including those required for mechanical and electrical work. Transfer survey markings and elevations for use with control lines and levels. Level foundations and piers from two or more locations.
- E. Record Log: Maintain a log of layout control work. Record deviations from required lines and levels. Include beginning and ending dates and times of surveys, weather conditions, name and duty of each survey party member, and types of instruments and tapes used. Make the log available for reference by Engineer and Construction Site Representative.

### 3.4 FIELD ENGINEERING

- A. Identification: Owner will identify existing benchmarks, control points, and property corners.
- B. Reference Points: Locate existing permanent benchmarks, control points, and similar reference points before beginning the Work. Preserve and protect permanent benchmarks and control points during construction operations.
  - 1. Do not change or relocate existing benchmarks or control points without prior written approval of Engineer and Construction Site Representative. Report lost or destroyed permanent benchmarks or control points promptly. Report the need to relocate permanent benchmarks or control points to Engineer and Construction Site Representative before proceeding.
  - 2. Replace lost or destroyed permanent benchmarks and control points promptly. Base replacements on the original survey control points.
- C. Benchmarks: Establish and maintain a minimum of two permanent benchmarks on Project site, referenced to data established by survey control points. Comply with authorities having jurisdiction for type and size of benchmark.
  - 1. Record benchmark locations, with horizontal and vertical data, on Project Record Documents.
  - 2. Where the actual location or elevation of layout points cannot be marked, provide temporary reference points sufficient to locate the Work.
  - 3. Remove temporary reference points when no longer needed. Restore marked construction to its original condition.

- D. Certified Survey: On completion of foundation walls, major site improvements, and other work requiring field-engineering services, prepare a certified survey showing dimensions, locations, angles, and elevations of construction and site work.
- E. Final Property Survey: Prepare a final property survey showing significant features (real property) for Project. Include on the survey a certification, signed by [land surveyor] [professional engineer], that principal metes, bounds, lines, and levels of Project are accurately positioned as shown on the survey.
  - 1. Show boundary lines, monuments, streets, site improvements and utilities, existing improvements and significant vegetation, adjoining properties, acreage, grade contours, and the distance and bearing from a site corner to a legal point.
  - 2. Recording: At Substantial Completion, have the final property survey recorded by or with authorities having jurisdiction as the official "property survey."

### 3.5 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and elevation, as indicated.
  - 1. Make vertical work plumb and make horizontal work level.
  - 2. Where space is limited, install components to maximize space available for maintenance and ease of removal for replacement.
  - 3. Conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in finished areas, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Maintain minimum headroom clearance of 8 feet Insert dimension in spaces without a suspended ceiling.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations for installing products in applications indicated.
- C. Install products at the time and under conditions that will ensure the best possible results. Maintain conditions required for product performance until Substantial Completion.
- D. Conduct construction operations so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy.
- E. Tools and Equipment: Do not use tools or equipment that produce harmful noise levels.
- F. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for work specified to be factory prepared and field installed. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing products to comply with indicated requirements.
- G. Anchors and Fasteners: Provide anchors and fasteners as required to anchor each component securely in place, accurately located and aligned with other portions of the Work.
  - 1. Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at heights directed by Engineer.
  - 2. Allow for building movement, including thermal expansion and contraction.
  - 3. Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with

integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

- H. Joints: Make joints of uniform width. Where joint locations in exposed work are not indicated, arrange joints for the best visual effect. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.
- I. Hazardous Materials.
  - 1. Use products, cleaners, and installation materials that are not considered hazardous.

### 3.6 OWNER INSTALLED PRODUCTS

- A. Site Access: Provide access to Project site for Owner's construction forces.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate construction and operations of the Work with work performed by Owner's construction forces.
  - 1. Construction Schedule: Inform Owner of Contractor's preferred construction schedule for Owner's portion of the Work. Adjust construction schedule based on a mutually agreeable timetable. Notify Owner if changes to schedule are required due to differences in actual construction progress.
  - 2. Pre-installation Conferences: Include Owner's construction forces at pre-installation conferences covering portions of the Work that are to receive Owner's work. Attend pre-installation conferences conducted by Owner's construction forces if portions of the Work depend on Owner's construction.

### 3.7 PROGRESS CLEANING AND PROTECTION DURING CONSTRUCTION

- A. General: Each Subcontractor shall clean Project site and work areas daily, including common areas. Coordinate progress cleaning for joint-use areas where more than one installer has worked. Enforce requirements strictly among Subcontractor's employees. This includes sweeping floors clean as may be deemed necessary by Construction Site Representative. Dispose of material lawfully.
  - 1. Comply with requirements in NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste materials and debris.
  - 2. Do not hold materials more than 7 days during normal weather or 3 days if the temperature is expected to rise above 80 deg F.
  - 3. Containerize hazardous and unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste. Mark containers appropriately and dispose of legally, according to regulations.
- B. Site: Maintain Project site free of waste materials and debris.
- C. Work Areas: Each Prime Contractor shall clean areas where work is in progress to the level of cleanliness necessary for proper execution of the Work.
  - 1. Remove liquid spills promptly.
  - 2. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate and when directed by Construction Site Representative.

- D. Installed Work: Prime Contractor shall keep all installed work clean for subcontractors retained who are no longer required to be present on site. Clean installed surfaces according to written instructions of manufacturer or fabricator of product installed, using only cleaning materials specifically recommended. If specific cleaning materials are not recommended, use cleaning materials that are not hazardous to health or property and that will not damage exposed surfaces.
  - 1. Provide cleaning products compliant with VOC requirements.
- E. Concealed Spaces: Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.
- F. Exposed Surfaces in Finished Areas: Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- G. Waste Disposal: Burying or burning waste materials on-site will not be permitted. Washing waste materials down sewers or into waterways will not be permitted.
- H. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials already in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.
- I. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to ensure operability without damaging effects.
- J. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period.
- K. Each day Prime Contractor shall affect the following:
  - 1. Areas of intense activity, such as cutting and sawing must be swept clean and reorganized at the end of each day.
  - 2. Areas of moderate activity such as installation of plumbing, ductwork, electrical work must be returned to good order at the end of each day.
  - 3. Debris below scaffolds (and shoring/reshoring) must at all times, be kept sufficiently consolidated to keep walkways free of tripping hazards. These work areas must also be swept clean immediately upon removal of scaffolds.
  - 4. All swept up debris, waste materials, and packing must be removed and placed in the dumpster by noon of the following workday.
  - 5. All stored materials must be kept in good order.
  - 6. As portions of the work are completed, all used and excess materials must be removed promptly.
  - 7. Daily clean-up and good housekeeping is the responsibility of each Prime Contractor individually and will be monitored by the Construction Site Representative.
  - 8. Prime Contractors and their retained subcontractors, Installers or manufacturers shall promptly comply with requests of Construction Site Representative to organize scattered materials.

- L. Vacuum clean interior building areas when ready to receive finish painting and continue vacuum cleaning on an as-needed basis or as directed by Construction Site Representative until building is ready for Substantial Completion or occupancy.
- M. Schedule cleaning operations so that dust and other contaminants resulting from cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly painted surfaces.

### 3.8 STARTING AND ADJUSTING

- A. Start equipment and operating components to confirm proper operation. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest.
- B. Adjust operating components for proper operation without binding. Adjust equipment for proper operation.
- C. Test each piece of equipment to verify proper operation. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- D. Manufacturer's Field Service: If a factory-authorized service representative is required to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, comply with qualification requirements in Division 01 Section "Quality Requirements."

# 3.9 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.
- C. Clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials in place, during handling and installation. Apply protective covering where required to assure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.
- D. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary or as requested by Construction Site Representative, through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to assure operability without damaging effects.
- E. Limiting Exposure: Each Prime Contractor to supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction, complete or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period. Where applicable, such exposures include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Excessive static or dynamic loading.
  - 2. Excessive internal or external pressures.
  - 3. Excessive high or low temperatures.
  - 4. Thermal shock.
  - 5. Excessive high or low humidity.
  - 6. Air contamination or pollution.
  - 7. Ice or water.

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- 8. Solvents or chemicals.
- 9. Light.
- 10. Radiation.
- 11. Puncture.
- 12. Abrasion.
- 13. Heavy traffic.
- 14. Soiling, staining and corrosion.
- 15. Bacteria.
- 16. Rodent and insect infestation.
- 17. Combustion.
- 18. Electrical current.
- 19. High-speed operation.
- 20. Improper lubrication.
- 21. Unusual wear or misuse.
- 22. Contact between incompatible materials.
- 23. Destructive testing.
- 24. Misalignment.
- 25. Excessive weathering.
- 26. Unprotected storage.
- 27. Improper shipping and handling.
- 28. Vandalism or theft.
- F. Each Prime Contractor for its Work shall provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- G. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.

# 3.10 CORRECTION OF THE WORK

- A. Repair or remove and replace defective construction. Restore damaged substrates and finishes. Comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Cutting and Patching."
  - 1. Repairing includes replacing defective parts, refinishing damaged surfaces, touching up with matching materials, and properly adjusting operating equipment.
- B. Restore permanent facilities used during construction to their specified condition.
- C. Remove and replace damaged surfaces that are exposed to view if surfaces cannot be repaired without visible evidence of repair.
- D. Repair components that do not operate properly. Remove and replace operating components that cannot be repaired.
- E. Remove and replace chipped, scratched, and broken glass or reflective surfaces.

END OF SECTION 017300

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### SECTION 017329 - CUTTING AND PATCHING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes procedural requirements for cutting and patching.
- B. When demolition leaves a construction surface unfinished, and the documents do not specify a finish, patch the remaining surface to match the existing adjacent surface

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Cutting: Removal of in-place construction necessary to permit installation or performance of other Work.
- B. Patching: Fitting and repair work required to restore surfaces to original conditions after installation of other Work.
- C. Demolition: Removal, Cutting.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Cutting and Patching Proposal: Submit a proposal describing procedures at least 10 days before the time cutting and patching will be performed, requesting approval to proceed. Include the following information:
  - 1. Extent: Describe cutting and patching, show how they will be performed, and indicate why they cannot be avoided.
  - 2. Changes to In-Place Construction: Describe anticipated results. Include changes to structural elements and operating components as well as changes in building's appearance and other significant visual elements.
  - 3. Products: List products to be used and firms or entities that will perform the Work.
  - 4. Dates: Indicate when cutting and patching will be performed.
  - 5. Utility Services and Mechanical/Electrical Systems: List services/systems that cutting and patching procedures will disturb or affect. List services/systems that will be relocated and those that will be temporarily out of service. Indicate how long services/systems will be disrupted.
  - 6. Structural Elements: Where cutting and patching involve adding reinforcement to structural elements, submit details and engineering calculations showing integration of reinforcement with original structure.

7. Engineer's Approval: Obtain approval of cutting and patching proposal before cutting and patching. Approval does not waive right to later require removal and replacement of unsatisfactory work.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Maintain existing interior nonstructural elements (interior walls, doors, floor coverings, and ceiling systems) not indicated to be removed; do not cut such existing construction beyond indicated limits.
- B. Maintain existing non-shell, nonstructural components (walls, flooring, and ceilings) not indicated to be removed; do not cut such existing construction beyond indicated limits.
- C. Structural Elements: Do not cut and patch structural elements in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity or load-deflection ratio.
- D. Operational Elements: Do not cut and patch operating elements and related components in a manner that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended or that results in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety. Operating elements include the following:
  - 1. Primary operational systems and equipment.
  - 2. Air or smoke barriers.
  - 3. Fire-suppression systems.
  - 4. Mechanical systems piping and ducts.
  - 5. Control systems.
  - 6. Communication systems.
  - 7. Conveying systems.
  - 8. Electrical wiring systems.
- E. Miscellaneous Elements: Do not cut and patch miscellaneous elements or related components in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity, that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended, or that results in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety. Miscellaneous elements include the following:
  - 1. Water, moisture, or vapor barriers.
  - 2. Membranes and flashings.
  - 3. Exterior curtain-wall construction.
  - 4. Equipment supports.
  - 5. Piping, ductwork, vessels, and equipment.
  - 6. Noise- and vibration-control elements and systems.
- F. Visual Requirements: Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that results in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch construction exposed on the exterior or in occupied spaces in a manner that would, in Engineer's opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Remove and replace construction that has been cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.
- G. Cutting and Patching Conference: Before proceeding, meet at Project site with parties involved in cutting and patching, including mechanical and electrical trades. Review areas of potential

interference and conflict. Coordinate procedures and resolve potential conflicts before proceeding.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during cutting and patching operations, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with requirements specified in other Sections.
- B. In-Place Materials: Use materials identical to in-place materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match in-place adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible.
  - 1. If identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used, use materials that, when installed, will match the visual and functional performance of in-place materials.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine surfaces to be cut and patched and conditions under which cutting and patching are to be performed.
  - 1. Compatibility: Before patching, verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with in-place finishes or primers.
  - 2. Proceed with installation only after unsafe or unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of Work to be cut.
- B. Protection: Protect in-place construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions of Project that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.
- C. Adjoining Areas: Avoid interference with use of adjoining areas or interruption of free passage to adjoining areas.

D. Existing Utility Services and Mechanical/Electrical Systems: Where existing services/systems are required to be removed, relocated or abandoned, bypass such services/systems before cutting to minimize and prevent interruption to occupied areas.

# 3.3 PERFORMANCE

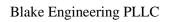
- A. General: Employ skilled workers to perform cutting and patching. Proceed with cutting and patching at the earliest feasible time, and complete without delay.
  - 1. Cut in-place construction to provide for installation of other components or performance of other construction, and subsequently patch as required to restore surfaces to their original condition.
- B. Cutting: Cut in-place construction by sawing, drilling, breaking, chipping, grinding, and similar operations, including excavation, using methods least likely to damage elements retained or adjoining construction. If possible, review proposed procedures with original Installer; comply with original Installer's written recommendations.
  - 1. In general, use hand or small power tools designed for sawing and grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots as small as possible, neatly to size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.
  - 2. Finished Surfaces: Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.
  - 3. Concrete and Masonry: Cut using a cutting machine, such as an abrasive saw or a diamond-core drill.
  - 4. Excavating and Backfilling: Comply with requirements in applicable Division 31 Sections where required by cutting and patching operations.
  - 5. Mechanical and Electrical Services: Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal remaining portion of pipe or conduit to prevent entrance of moisture or other foreign matter after cutting.
  - 6. Proceed with patching after construction operations requiring cutting are complete.
- C. Patching: Patch construction by filling, repairing, refinishing, closing up, and similar operations following performance of other Work. Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Sections.
  - 1. Inspection: Where feasible, test and inspect patched areas after completion to demonstrate integrity of installation.
  - 2. Exposed Finishes: Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will eliminate evidence of patching and refinishing.
    - a. Clean piping, conduit, and similar features before applying paint or other finishing materials.
    - b. Restore damaged pipe covering to its original condition.
  - 3. Floors and Walls: Where walls or partitions that are removed extend one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform finish, color, texture, and appearance. Remove in-place floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, if necessary, to achieve uniform color and appearance.

a.

b. Where patching occurs in a painted surface, apply primer and intermediate paint coats over the patch and apply final paint coat over entire unbroken surface

- containing the patch. Provide additional coats until patch blends with adjacent surfaces.
- c. Where demolition of a wall leaves a remaining perpendicular wall unfinished, restore the wall finish with similar materials blending the finishes into each other flush and seamlessly.
- d. At masonry walls, cut any protruding reinforcing back below the finished surface. Remove enough masonry material to provide finished masonry faces within the existing coursing.
- e. At masonry walls cut any protruding reinforcing back below the finished surface. Remove enough masonry material to provide finished masonry faces within the existing coursing.
- f. Where demolition of a wall leaves a remaining end of the wall unfinished, restore the wall finish with similar materials blending the finishes into each other flush and seamlessly.
- g. Where demolition of a wall leaves a remaining column exposed, provide 18ga. aluminum column enclosure.
- h. Where demolition of a wall leaves a remaining perpendicular window system unfinished, provide 18ga. aluminum enclosure at the window and extend the sill material across the void.
- i. Where the removal of a wall, equipment and/or furnishing leaves an unfinished condition at the floor, patch the floor and extend the finished floor system across the demolition area.
- j. Where the removal of a wall, equipment and/or furnishing leaves an unfinished condition at the ceiling, patch the floor and extend the finished ceiling system across the demolition area.
- k. Where the removal of a louver, grill, ductwork or other construction in a finished space or elsewhere, fill the opening with material that matches the existing adjacent materials and finishes.
- 1. Where the removal leaves a raised painted edge, remove raised edge and feather paint finish to the extent that the raised painted edge is not detected.
- 4. Ceilings: Patch, repair, or rehang in-place ceilings as necessary to provide an even-plane surface of uniform appearance.
- 5. Exterior Building Enclosure: Patch components in a manner that restores enclosure to a weathertight condition.
- D. Cleaning: Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Completely remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar materials. Insert specific installation requirements if not specified elsewhere. Specific installation requirements are better specified in individual Sections.

END OF SECTION 017329



Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project

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#### SECTION 017700 – CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Inspection procedures.
  - 2. Warranties.
  - 3. Final cleaning.
- B. Disclaimers and Limitations: Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve the Contractor of the warranty on the Work that incorporates the products, nor does it relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and subcontractors required to countersign special warranties with the Contractor.

# 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Standard Product Warranties are preprinted written warranties published by individual manufacturers for particular products and are specifically endorsed by the manufacturer to the Owner.
- B. Special Warranties are written warranties required by or incorporated in the Contract Documents, either to extend time limits provided by standard warranties or to provide greater rights for the Owner.

# 1.4 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- A. Preliminary Procedures: Before requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion, complete the following:
  - 1. In Application for Payment that coincides with, or first follows, the date of Substantial Completion is claimed, show 100 percent completion got portion of Work claimed on substantially complete.
    - a. Include supporting documentation for completion as indicated and a statement showing accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
    - b. If 100 percent completion cannot be shown, include a list of the value of incomplete Work.

- c. Application shall reflect Certificates of Partial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of Work.
- 2. Administrative actions and submittals that shall precede or coincide with this application include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. Prepare a list of items to be completed and corrected (punch list), the value of items on the list, and reasons why the Work is not complete.
  - b. Advise Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
  - c. Submit specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
  - d. Obtain and submit releases permitting Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
  - e. Prepare and submit Project Record Documents, operation and maintenance manuals, Final Completion construction photographs, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
  - f. Deliver tools, spare parts, extra materials, and similar items to location designated by Owner. Label with manufacturer's name and model number where applicable.
  - g. Make final changeover of permanent locks and deliver keys to Owner. Advise Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
  - h. Complete startup testing of systems.
  - i. Submit test/adjust/balance records.
  - j. Terminate and remove temporary facilities from Project site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
  - k. Advise Owner of changeover in heat and other utilities.
  - 1. Submit changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance.
  - m. Complete final cleaning requirements, including touchup painting.
  - n. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred exposed finishes to eliminate visual defects.
  - o. Maintenance instructions.
  - p. Submit specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents to be turned over to Owner.
  - q. Obtain and submit releases permitting Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
  - r. Prepare and submit Project Record Documents, operation and maintenance manuals.
  - s. Deliver tools, spare parts, extra materials, and similar items to location designated by Owner. Label with manufacturer's name and model number where applicable.
  - t. Make final changeover of permanent locks and deliver keys to Owner. Advise Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
  - u. Terminate and remove temporary facilities from Project site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
  - v. Remove surplus materials rubbish and similar elements as directed by Construction Site Representative.
- B. Inspection: Submit a written request for inspection for Substantial Completion. On receipt of request, Engineer will either proceed with inspection or notify Prime Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Engineer will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion after inspection or will notify Prime Contractor of items, either on Contractor's list or additional items identified by Engineer, that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued. Engineer will

prepare and issue a Certificate of Substantial Completion, AIA G704, complete with signatures of Owner and Prime Contractor.

- 1. Re-inspection: When Engineer is required to perform second and additional inspections because of failure of Work to comply with certifications of Prime Contractor, Owner will compensate Engineer for additional services and deduct amount paid from Final Payment to Prime Contractor.
- 2. Results of completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for Final Completion.
- C. Should Engineer consider that Work is finally complete in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, he shall request Prime Contractor to make Project Closeout submittals.
- D. Should Engineer consider that Work is not finally complete:
  - 1. Punch list: Engineer shall notify Prime Contractor, in writing, stating reasons.
  - 2. Prime Contractor shall take immediate steps to remedy the stated deficiencies and send second written notice to Engineer certifying that Work is complete.
  - 3. Engineer will re-inspect Work per "Re-inspection" paragraph.

# 1.5 FINAL COMPLETION

- A. Preliminary Procedures: Before requesting final inspection for determining date of Final Completion, complete the following:
  - 1. Submit the final payment request with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted. Include insurance certificates for products and complete operations where required according to Division 01 Section "Payment Procedures."
  - 2. Submit certified copy of Engineer's Substantial Completion inspection list of items to be completed or corrected (punch list), endorsed and dated by Engineer. The certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance and the punch list has been endorsed and dated by the Prime Contractor.
  - 3. Submit pest-control final inspection report and warranty.
  - 4. Instruct Owner's personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of products, equipment, and systems. Submit demonstration and training videotapes.
  - 5. Specified warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance agreements, final certifications, and similar documents in required formats.
  - 6. Insurance certificates for products and completed operation in effect for 12 months from date of final Application for Payment.
- B. Request: Submit in writing to Engineer listing incomplete items of preliminary procedures.
  - 1. Re-inspection: Request re-inspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.
- C. Evidence of Payments and Release of Liens: Submittals shall be duly executed before delivery to Construction Site Representative.
  - 1. Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims: AIA G706.

- 2. Contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens: AIA G706A, with the following:
  - a. Consent of Surety to Final Payment: AIA G707.
  - b. Prime Contractor's release of waiver of liens.
  - c. Separate releases of waivers of liens for subcontractors, suppliers, and others with lien rights against property of Owner, together with list of these parties.
- D. Final Adjustment of Accounts: Engineer will prepare final Change Order, reflecting approved adjustments to Contract Sum not previously made by Change Orders.
  - 1. Submit final statement of accounting to Engineer.
  - 2. Statement shall reflect all adjustments.
    - a. Original Contract Sum.
    - b. Additional and deductions resulting from:
      - 1) Previous Change Orders.
      - 2) Contingency Allowances: Credit unused remaining balance back to Owner by Change Order.
      - 3) Other Adjustments.
      - 4) Deductions for Uncorrected Work.
      - 5) Deductions for Re-inspection Payments.
    - c. Total Contract Sum, as adjusted.
    - d. Previous Payments.
    - e. Sum remaining due.
- E. Final Application for Payment: Construction Site Representative shall notify Engineer when all required closeout submittals are received and acceptable for Final Payment.
- F. Final Certification for Payment: Engineer will issue final Certificate in accordance with provisions of General and Supplementary Conditions.
- G. Miscellaneous Record Submittals: Assemble miscellaneous records required by other Specification Sections for miscellaneous record keeping and submittal in connection with actual performance of the Work. Bind or file miscellaneous records and identify each, ready for continued use and reference.
- H. Provide copies of each warranty to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

# 1.6 LIST OF INCOMPLETE ITEMS (PUNCH LIST)

- A. Preparation: Submit one copy of list. Include name and identification of each space and area affected by construction operations for incomplete items and items needing correction including, if necessary, areas disturbed by Contractor that are outside the limits of construction.
  - 1. Organize list of spaces in sequential order, starting with exterior areas first and proceeding from lowest floor to highest floor.
  - 2. Organize items applying to each space by major element, including categories for ceiling, individual walls, floors, equipment, and building systems.
  - 3. Include the following information at the top of each page:
    - a. Project name.
    - b. Date.

- c. Name of Engineer.
- d. Name of Contractor.
- e. Page number.

### 1.7 WARRANTIES

- A. Submittal Time: Submit written warranties on request of Engineer for designated portions of the Work where commencement of warranties other than date of Substantial Completion is indicated.
  - 1. Submit written warranties to the Engineer prior to the date certified for Substantial Completion. If the Engineer Certificate of Substantial Completion designates a commencement date for warranties other than the date of Substantial Completion for the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, submit written warranties upon request of the Engineer.
    - a. When a designated portion of the Work is completed and occupied or used by the Owner, by separate agreement with the Prime Contractor during the construction period, submit properly executed warranties to the Engineer within 15 days of completion of that designated portion of the Work.
  - 2. Prepare a written document utilizing the appropriate form, ready for execution by the Prime Contractor, or the Contractor and subcontractor, supplier or manufacturer.
  - 3. Form of Submittal: At Final Completion compile two copies of each required warranty and bond properly executed by the Prime Contractor, or by the Prime Contractor's, subcontractor, supplier, or manufacturer. Organize the warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of the Project Manual.
  - 4. Upload/input warranties and bonds into the Project information exchange system per Engineer's direction, OR Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, commercial quality, durable 3-ring vinyl covered loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2 by 11 inch paper. Consult with Engineer in advance.
    - a. Provide heavy paper dividers with celluloid covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark the tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a type description of the product or installation, including the name of the product, and the name, address and telephone number of the installer.
    - b. Identify each binder on the front and the spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES", the Project title or name, and the name of the Contractor.
  - 5. When operating and maintenance manuals are required for warranted construction, provide warranty, for inclusion in that required manual.
- B. Related Damages and Losses: When correcting warranted Work that has failed, remove and replace other Work that has been damaged as a result of such failure or that must be removed and replaced to provide access for correction of warranted Work.
- C. Reinstatement of Warranty: When Work covered by a warranty has failed and been corrected by replacement or rebuilding, reinstate the warranty by written endorsement. The reinstated warranty shall be equal to the original warranty with an equitable adjustment for depreciation.
- D. Replacement Cost: Upon determination that Work covered by a warranty has failed, replace or rebuild the Work to an acceptable condition complying with requirements of Contract Documents. The Prime Contractor providing Work is responsible for the cost of replacing or

- rebuilding defective Work regardless of whether the Owner has benefited from use of the Work through a portion of its anticipated useful service life.
- E. Owner's Recourse: Written warranties made to the Owner are in addition to implied warranties, and shall not limit the duties, obligations, right and remedies otherwise available under the law, nor shall warranty periods be interpreted as limitations on time in which the Owner can enforce such other duties, obligations, rights, or remedies.
  - 1. Rejection of Warranties: The Owner reserves the right to reject warranties and to limit selections to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.
- F. The Owner reserves the right to refuse to accept Work for the Project where a special warranty, certification, or similar commitment is required on such Work or part of the Work, until evidence is presented that entities required to countersign such commitments are willing to do so.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

A. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 FINAL CLEANING

- A. General: Provide final cleaning. Conduct cleaning and waste-removal operations to comply with local laws and ordinances and Federal and local environmental and antipollution regulations.
- B. Cleaning: Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to condition expected in an average commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion for entire Project or for a portion of Project:
    - a. Clean Project site, yard, and grounds, in areas disturbed by construction activities, including landscape development areas, of rubbish, waste material, litter, and other foreign substances.
    - b. Sweep paved areas broom clean. Remove petrochemical spills, stains, and other foreign deposits.
    - c. Rake grounds that are neither planted nor paved to a smooth, even-textured surface.
    - d. Remove tools, construction equipment, machinery, and surplus material from Project site.
    - e. Remove snow and ice to provide safe access to building.

- f. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dirt-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Avoid disturbing natural weathering of exterior surfaces. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition.
- g. Remove debris and surface dust from limited access spaces, including roofs, plenums, shafts, trenches, equipment vaults, manholes, attics, and similar spaces.
- h. Sweep concrete floors broom clean in unoccupied spaces.
- i. Vacuum carpet and similar soft surfaces, removing debris and excess nap; shampoo if visible soil or stains remain.
- j. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and glass in doors and windows. Remove glazing compounds and other noticeable, vision-obscuring materials. Replace chipped or broken glass and other damaged transparent materials. Polish mirrors and glass, taking care not to scratch surfaces.
- k. Remove labels that are not permanent.
- 1. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred, exposed finishes and surfaces. Replace finishes and surfaces that cannot be satisfactorily repaired or restored or that already show evidence of repair or restoration.
  - 1) Do not paint over "UL" and similar labels, including mechanical and electrical nameplates.
- m. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment, elevator equipment, and similar equipment. Remove excess lubrication, paint and mortar droppings, and other foreign substances.
- n. Replace parts subject to unusual operating conditions.
- o. Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition, free of stains, including stains resulting from water exposure.
- p. Replace disposable air filters and clean permanent air filters. Clean exposed surfaces of diffusers, registers, and grills.
- q. Clean ducts, blowers, and coils if units were operated without filters during construction.
- r. Clean light fixtures, lamps, globes, and reflectors to function with full efficiency. Replace burned-out bulbs, and those noticeably dimmed by hours of use, and defective and noisy starters in fluorescent and mercury vapor fixtures to comply with requirements for new fixtures.
- s. Leave Project clean and ready for occupancy.
- C. Comply with safety standards for cleaning. Do not burn waste materials. Do not bury debris or excess materials on Owner's property. Do not discharge volatile, harmful, or dangerous materials into drainage systems. Remove waste materials from Project site and dispose of lawfully.

END OF SECTION 017700

Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project

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### SECTION 024119 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
- 2. Demolition and removal of selected site elements.
- 3. Salvage of existing items to be reused or recycled.

# B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 017300 "Execution" for cutting and patching procedures.

# 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Salvage: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, and deliver to Owner ready for potential reuse.
- C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, prepare for reuse, and reinstall where indicated.
- D. Existing to Remain: Existing Items of construction that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.
- E. Dismantle: To remove by disassembling or detaching an item from a surface, using gentle methods and equipment to prevent damage to the item and surfaces; disposing of items unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.

### 1.3 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.
- B. Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
  - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

### 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Predemolition Conference: Conduct conference at Project Site; Cornwall Public Library, 395 Hudson Street, Cornwall, N.Y. 12518.

- 1. Inspect and discuss condition of construction to be selectively demolished.
- 2. Review and finalize selective demolition schedule and verify availability of materials, demolition personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
- 3. Review requirements of work performed by other trades that rely on substrates exposed by selective demolition operations.
- 4. Review areas where existing construction is to remain and requires protection.

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For refrigerant recovery technician.
- B. Proposed Protection Measures: Submit report, including Drawings, that indicates the measures proposed for protecting individuals and property for dust control and for noise control. Indicate proposed locations and construction of barriers.
- C. Schedule of Selective Demolition Activities: Indicate the following:
  - 1. Detailed sequence of selective demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity. Ensure Owner's on-site operations are uninterrupted.
  - 2. Interruption of utility services. Indicate how long utility services will be interrupted.
  - 3. Coordination for shutoff, capping, and continuation of utility services.
  - 4. Coordination of Owner's continuing occupancy of portions of existing building and of Owner's partial occupancy of completed Work.
- D. Predemolition Photographs or Video: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by salvage and demolition operations. Comply with Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation." Submit before Work begins.
- E. Statement of Refrigerant Recovery: Signed by refrigerant recovery technician responsible for recovering refrigerant, stating that all refrigerant that was present was recovered and that recovery was performed according to EPA regulations. Include name and address of technician and date refrigerant was recovered.
- F. Warranties: Documentation indicating that existing warranties are still in effect after completion of selective demolition.

# 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Inventory: Submit a list of items that have been removed and salvaged.

# 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Refrigerant Recovery Technician Qualifications: Certified by an EPA-approved certification program.
- B. Demolition Firm Qualifications: An experienced firm that has specialized in demolition work similar in material and extent to that indicated for this project.

C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations for authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
  - 1. Before selective demolition, Owner & Contractor shall properly coordinate all items requiring removal by Owner. An Inventory of items to be removed shall be prepared by the Contractor & submitted to Owner, for approval, prior to selective demolition work.
- C. Notify Engineer of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- D. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
  - 1. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner before start of the Work.
  - 2. If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Engineer and Owner. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- E. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- F. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
  - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

# 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials and using approved contractors so as not to void existing warranties.
- B. Notify warrantor on completion of selective demolition, and obtain documentation verifying that existing system has been inspected and warranty remains in effect. Submit documentation at Project closeout.

### 1.10 COORDINATION

A. Arrange selective demolition schedule so as not to interfere with Owner's operations.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ANSI/ASSP A10.6 and NFPA 241.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting selective demolition operations.
- B. Review Project Record Documents of existing construction or other existing condition and hazardous material information provided by Owner. Owner does not guarantee that existing conditions are same as those indicated in Project Record Documents.
- C. Perform an engineering survey of condition of building to determine whether removing any element might result in structural deficiency or unplanned collapse of any portion of structure or adjacent structures during selective building demolition operations.
  - 1. Perform surveys as the Work progresses to detect hazards resulting from selective demolition activities.
- D. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of measured drawings and preconstruction photographs or video.
  - 1. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and salvaged.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Refrigerant: Before starting demolition, remove refrigerant from mechanical equipment according to 40 CFR 82 and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

### 3.3 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- A. Existing Services/Systems to Remain: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage.
- B. Existing Services/Systems to Be Removed, Relocated, or Abandoned: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off utility services and mechanical/electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished.
  - 1. Arrange to shut off utilities with utility companies.

- 2. If services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, provide temporary services/systems that bypass area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of services/systems to other parts of building.
- 3. Disconnect, demolish, and remove fire-suppression systems, plumbing, and HVAC systems, equipment, and components indicated on Drawings to be removed.
  - a. Piping to Be Removed: Remove portion of piping indicated to be removed and cap or plug remaining piping with same or compatible piping material.
  - b. Piping to Be Abandoned in Place: Drain piping and cap or plug piping with same or compatible piping material and leave in place.
  - c. Equipment to Be Removed: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment.
  - d. Equipment to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Disconnect and cap services and remove, clean, and store equipment; when appropriate, reinstall, reconnect, and make equipment operational.
  - e. Equipment to Be Removed and Salvaged: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment and deliver to Owner.
  - f. Ducts to Be Removed: Remove portion of ducts indicated to be removed and plug remaining ducts with same or compatible ductwork material.
  - g. Ducts to Be Abandoned in Place: Cap or plug ducts with same or compatible ductwork material and leave in place.

### 3.4 PROTECTION

- A. Temporary Protection: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
  - 1. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area and to and from occupied portions of building.
  - 2. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.
  - 3. Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, contents, and equipment that have not been removed.
  - 4. Comply with requirements for temporary enclosures, dust control, heating, and cooling specified in Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."
- B. Temporary Shoring: Design, provide, and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
  - 1. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selective demolition.
- C. Remove temporary barricades and protections where hazards no longer exist.

# 3.5 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL

A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:

- 1. Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level.
- 2. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
- 3. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
- 4. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
- 5. Maintain fire watch during and for at least **two** hours after flame-cutting operations.
- 6. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.
- 7. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
- 8. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
- 9. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly. [Comply with requirements in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."]
- B. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.

# C. Removed and Salvaged Items:

- 1. Clean salvaged items.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
- 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
- 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area designated by Owner.
- 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

#### D. Removed and Reinstalled Items:

- 1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.
- 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- 4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.
- E. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Engineer, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

# 3.6 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC MATERIALS

# 3.7 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. Except for items or materials indicated to be recycled, reused, salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, remove demolition waste materials from Project site and dispose of them in an EPA-approved construction and demolition waste landfill acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. and recycle or dispose of them according to Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
  - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
  - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
  - 3. Comply with requirements specified in Section 017419 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.

### 3.8 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

END OF SECTION 024119

Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project

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### SECTION 054000 - COLD-FORMED METAL FRAMING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Interior non-load-bearing wall framing.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for miscellaneous steel shapes and connections used with cold-formed metal framing.
  - 2. Section 092216 "Non-Structural Metal Framing" for standard, interior non-load-bearing, metal-stud framing, with height limitations and ceiling-suspension assemblies.

# 1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site, 395 Hudson Street, Cornwall, N.Y. 12518.
  - 1. Attendees: Blake Engineering, PLLC, Client, Construction Manager.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Cold-formed steel framing materials.
  - 2. Interior non-load-bearing wall framing.
  - 3. Single deflection track.
  - 4. Power-actuated anchors.

# B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Include layout, spacings, sizes, thicknesses, and types of cold-formed steel framing; fabrication; and fastening and anchorage details, including mechanical fasteners.
- 2. Indicate reinforcing channels, opening framing, supplemental framing, strapping, bracing, bridging, splices, accessories, connection details, and attachment to adjoining work.

### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- B. Welding certificates.
- C. Product Certificates: For each type of code-compliance certification for studs and tracks.

- D. Product Test Reports: For each listed product, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. Steel sheet.
  - 2. Expansion anchors.
  - 3. Power-actuated anchors.
  - 4. Mechanical fasteners.
  - 5. Miscellaneous structural clips and accessories.

# E. Research Reports:

- 1. For nonstandard cold-formed steel framing post-installed anchors and power-actuated fasteners, from ICC-ES or other qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. For sill sealer gasket/termite barrier, showing compliance with ICC-ES AC380.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM E329 for testing indicated.
- B. Code-Compliance Certification of Studs and Tracks: Provide documentation that framing members are certified according to the product-certification program of the Certified Steel Stud Association.
- C. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
  - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
  - 2. AWS D1.3/D1.3M, "Structural Welding Code Sheet Steel."

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect and store cold-formed steel framing from corrosion, moisture staining, deformation, and other damage during delivery, storage, and handling as required in AISI S202.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. CEMCO; California Expanded Metal Products Co.
  - 2. ClarkDietrich.
  - 3. Marino\WARE.

# 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance: Provide cold-formed steel framing capable of withstanding design loads within limits and under conditions indicated.
  - 1. Design Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Deflection Limits: Design framing systems to withstand design loads without deflections greater than the following:
    - a. Interior Non-Load-Bearing Framing: Horizontal deflection of 1/360 of the wall height under a horizontal load of 5 lbf/sq. ft. (239 Pa).
  - 3. Design framing system to maintain clearances at openings, to allow for construction tolerances, and to accommodate live load deflection of primary building structure as follows:
    - a. Upward and downward movement of 3/4 inch (19 mm).
  - 4. Design exterior non-load-bearing wall framing to accommodate horizontal deflection without regard for contribution of sheathing materials.
- B. Cold-Formed Steel Framing Standards: Unless more stringent requirements are indicated, framing complies with AISI S100 and AISI S240.
- C. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Comply with ASTM E119; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Indicate design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

### 2.3 COLD-FORMED STEEL FRAMING MATERIALS

- A. Framing Members, General: Comply with AISI S240 for conditions indicated.
- B. Steel Sheet: ASTM A1003/A1003M, Structural Grade, Type H, metallic coated, of grade and coating designation as follows:
  - 1. Grade: ST33H (ST230H).
  - 2. Coating: **G60**

### 2.4 INTERIOR NON-LOAD-BEARING WALL FRAMING

- A. Steel Studs: Manufacturer's standard C-shaped steel studs, of web depths indicated, punched, with stiffened flanges, and as follows:
  - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0329 inch (0.84 mm).
  - 2. Flange Width: 2 inches (51 mm).
- B. Steel Track: Manufacturer's standard U-shaped steel track, of web depths indicated, unpunched, with unstiffened flanges, and as follows:
  - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0428 inch (1.09 mm).

- 2. Flange Width: 1-1/4 inches (32 mm).
- C. Single Deflection Track: Manufacturer's single, deep-leg, U-shaped steel track; unpunched, with unstiffened flanges, of web depth to contain studs while allowing free vertical movement, with flanges designed to support horizontal loads and transfer them to the primary structure, and as follows:
  - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0428 inch (1.09 mm).
  - 2. Flange Width: 1 inch (25 mm) plus the design gap for one-story structures

# 2.5 FRAMING ACCESSORIES

- A. Fabricate steel-framing accessories from ASTM A1003/A1003M, Structural Grade, Type H, metallic coated steel sheet, of same grade and coating designation used for framing members.
- B. Provide accessories of manufacturer's standard thickness and configuration, unless otherwise indicated, as follows:
  - 1. Supplementary framing.
  - 2. Bracing, bridging, and solid blocking.
  - 3. Web stiffeners.
  - 4. Hole-reinforcing plates.
  - 5. Backer plates.

# 2.6 ANCHORS, CLIPS, AND FASTENERS

- A. Steel Shapes and Clips: ASTM A36/A36M, zinc coated by hot-dip process according to ASTM A123/A123M.
  - 1. Uses: Securing cold-formed steel framing to structure.
  - 2. Type: Torque-controlled expansion anchor or adhesive anchor.
  - 3. Material for Interior Locations: Carbon-steel components zinc plated to comply with ASTM B633 or ASTM F1941 (ASTM F1941M), Class Fe/Zn 5, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Material for Exterior or Interior Locations and Where Stainless Steel Is Indicated: Alloy Group 1 (A1) stainless steel bolts, ASTM F593 (ASTM F738M), and nuts, ASTM F594 (ASTM F836M).
- B. Power-Actuated Anchors: Fastener systems with working capacity greater than or equal to the design load, according to an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC70.
- C. Mechanical Fasteners: ASTM C1513, corrosion-resistant-coated, self-drilling, self-tapping, steel drill screws.
  - 1. Head Type: Low-profile head beneath sheathing; manufacturer's standard elsewhere.
- D. Welding Electrodes: Comply with AWS standards.

# 2.7 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Galvanizing Repair Paint: SSPC-Paint 20 or DOD-P-21035, with dry film containing minimum of 94 percent zinc dust by weight.
- B. Shims: Load-bearing, high-density, multimonomer, nonleaching plastic; or cold-formed steel of same grade and metallic coating as framing members supported by shims.
- C. Sill Sealer Gasket: Closed-cell neoprene foam, 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick, selected from manufacturer's standard widths to match width of bottom track or rim track members as required.

# 2.8 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate cold-formed steel framing and accessories plumb, square, and true to line, and with connections securely fastened, according to referenced AISI's specifications and standards, manufacturer's written instructions, and requirements in this Section.
  - 1. Fabricate framing assemblies using jigs or templates.
  - 2. Cut framing members by sawing or shearing; do not torch cut.
  - 3. Fasten cold-formed steel framing members by welding, screw fastening, clinch fastening, pneumatic pin fastening, or riveting as standard with fabricator. Wire tying of framing members is not permitted.
    - a. Comply with AWS D1.3/D1.3M requirements and procedures for welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.
    - b. Locate mechanical fasteners and install according to Shop Drawings, with screws penetrating joined members by no fewer than three exposed screw threads.
  - 4. Fasten other materials to cold-formed steel framing by welding, bolting, pneumatic pin fastening, or screw fastening, according to Shop Drawings.
- B. Reinforce, stiffen, and brace framing assemblies to withstand handling, delivery, and erection stresses. Lift fabricated assemblies by means that prevent damage or permanent distortion.
- C. Tolerances: Fabricate assemblies level, plumb, and true to line to a maximum allowable variation of 1/8 inch in 10 feet (1:960) and as follows:
  - 1. Spacing: Space individual framing members no more than plus or minus 1/8 inch (3 mm) from plan location. Cumulative error are not to exceed minimum fastening requirements of sheathing or other finishing materials.
  - 2. Squareness: Fabricate each cold-formed steel framing assembly to a maximum out-of-square tolerance of 1/8 inch (3 mm).

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, conditions, and abutting structural framing for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Install sill sealer gasket at the underside of wall bottom track or rim track and at the top of foundation wall or slab at stud or joist locations.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Cold-formed steel framing may be shop or field fabricated for installation, or it may be field assembled.
- B. Install cold-formed steel framing according to AISI S200, AISI S202, and manufacturer's written instructions unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
- C. Install shop- or field-fabricated, cold-formed framing and securely anchor to supporting structure.
  - 1. Screw, bolt, or weld wall panels at horizontal and vertical junctures to produce flush, even, true-to-line joints with maximum variation in plane and true position between fabricated panels not exceeding 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
- D. Install cold-formed steel framing and accessories plumb, square, and true to line, and with connections securely fastened.
  - 1. Cut framing members by sawing or shearing; do not torch cut.
  - 2. Fasten cold-formed steel framing members by welding, screw fastening, clinch fastening, or riveting. Wire tying of framing members is not permitted.
    - a. Comply with AWS D1.3/D1.3M requirements and procedures for welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.
    - b. Locate mechanical fasteners, install according to Shop Drawings, and comply with requirements for spacing, edge distances, and screw penetration.
- E. Install framing members in one-piece lengths unless splice connections are indicated for track or tension members.
- F. Install temporary bracing and supports to secure framing and support loads equal to those for which structure was designed. Maintain braces and supports in place, undisturbed, until entire integrated supporting structure has been completed and permanent connections to framing are secured.

- G. Do not bridge building expansion joints with cold-formed steel framing. Independently frame both sides of joints.
- H. Install insulation, specified in Section 072100 "Thermal Insulation," in framing-assembly members, such as headers, sills, boxed joists, and multiple studs at openings, that are inaccessible on completion of framing work.
- I. Fasten hole-reinforcing plate over web penetrations that exceed size of manufacturer's approved or standard punched openings.

# 3.4 INSTALLATION OF INTERIOR NONLOADBEARING WALL FRAMING

- A. Install continuous tracks sized to match studs. Align tracks accurately and securely anchor to supporting structure.
- B. Fasten both flanges of studs to bottom track unless otherwise indicated. Space studs as follows:
  - 1. Stud Spacing: 16 inches (406 mm).
- C. Set studs plumb, except as needed for diagonal bracing or required for nonplumb walls or warped surfaces and similar requirements.
- D. Isolate non-load-bearing steel framing from building structure to prevent transfer of vertical loads while providing lateral support.
  - 1. Install single deep-leg deflection tracks and anchor to building structure.
- E. Install horizontal bridging in wall studs, spaced vertically in rows indicated on Shop Drawings but not more than 48 inches (1220 mm) apart. Fasten at each stud intersection.
  - 1. Channel Bridging: Cold-rolled steel channel, welded or mechanically fastened to webs of punched studs.
- F. Top Bridging for Single Deflection Track: Install row of horizontal bridging within 12 inches (305 mm) of single deflection track. Install a combination of bridging and stud or stud-track solid blocking of width and thickness matching studs, secured to stud webs or flanges.
  - 1. Install solid blocking at 96-inch (2440-mm) centers.
- G. Install miscellaneous framing and connections, including stud kickers, web stiffeners, clip angles, continuous angles, anchors, and fasteners, to provide a complete and stable wall-framing system.

### 3.5 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

A. Install cold-formed steel framing level, plumb, and true to line to a maximum allowable tolerance variation of 1/8 inch in 10 feet (1:960) and as follows:

1. Space individual framing members no more than plus or minus 1/8 inch (3 mm) from plan location. Cumulative error are not to exceed minimum fastening requirements of sheathing or other finishing materials.

### 3.6 REPAIR

A. Galvanizing Repairs: Prepare and repair damaged galvanized coatings on fabricated and installed cold-formed steel framing with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A780/A780M and manufacturer's written instructions.

# 3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Field and shop welds will be subject to testing and inspecting.
- C. Testing agency will report test results promptly and in writing to Contractor and Architect.
- D. Cold-formed steel framing will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

# 3.8 PROTECTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer, that ensure that cold-formed steel framing is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 054000

### SECTION 055000 - METAL FABRICATIONS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

1. Miscellaneous framing and supports.

## 1.2 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate selection of shop primers with topcoats to be applied over them. Comply with paint and coating manufacturers' written instructions to ensure that shop primers and topcoats are compatible with one another.
- B. Coordinate installation of metal fabrications that are anchored to or that receive other work. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data:
  - 1. Fasteners.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details. [ Include plans, elevations, sections, and details of metal fabrications and their connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.] Provide Shop Drawings for the following:
  - 1. Miscellaneous framing and supports for applications where framing and supports are not specified in other Sections.
  - 2. Miscellaneous steel angles & fabricated brackets.

# 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Mill Certificates: Signed by stainless steel manufacturers, certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.
- B. Welding certificates.
- C. Research Reports: For post-installed anchors.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel in accordance with the following welding codes:
  - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
  - 2. AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code Aluminum."
  - 3. AWS D1.6/D1.6M, "Structural Welding Code Stainless Steel."

### 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls, floor slabs, decks, and other construction contiguous with metal fabrications by field measurements before fabrication.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes.
  - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.

# 2.2 METALS

- A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces unless otherwise indicated. For metal fabrications exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or blemishes.
- B. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A36/A36M.
- C. Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, and Plate: ASTM A240/A240M or ASTM A666, Type 304.
- D. Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes: ASTM A276/A276M, Type 304.
- E. Steel Tubing: ASTM A500/A500M, cold-formed steel tubing.
- F. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M, Standard Weight (Schedule 40) unless otherwise indicated.

### 2.3 FASTENERS

- A. General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide Type 304 stainless steel fasteners for exterior use and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B633 or ASTM F1941/F1941M, Class Fe/Zn 5, at exterior walls. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.
  - 1. Provide stainless steel fasteners for fastening stainless steel.

- 2. Provide bronze fasteners for fastening bronze.
- B. Stainless Steel Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon-head annealed stainless steel bolts, ASTM F593 (ISO 3506-1); with hex nuts, ASTM F594 (ASTM F836M); and, where indicated, flat washers; Alloy Group 1 (A1).

# 2.4 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in the shop to greatest extent possible. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
- B. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch (1 mm) unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.
- C. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.
- D. Form exposed work with accurate angles and surfaces and straight edges.
- E. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with the following:
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
  - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- F. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners or welds where possible. Where exposed fasteners are required, use Phillips flat-head (countersunk) fasteners unless otherwise indicated. Locate joints where least conspicuous.
- G. Fabricate seams and other connections that are exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.
- H. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap metal fabrications as indicated to receive finish hardware, screws, and similar items.
- I. Provide for anchorage of type indicated; coordinate with supporting structure. Space anchoring devices to secure metal fabrications rigidly in place and to support indicated loads.

### 2.5 MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND SUPPORTS

A. General: Provide steel framing and supports not specified in other Sections as needed to complete the Work.

# 2.6 MISCELLANEOUS STEEL TRIM

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, fabricate units from steel shapes, plates, and bars of profiles shown with continuously welded joints and smooth exposed edges. Miter corners and use concealed field splices where possible.
- B. Provide cutouts, fittings, and anchorages as needed to coordinate assembly and installation with other work.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.
- B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
  - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- D. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where metal fabrications are required to be fastened to in-place construction. Provide threaded fasteners for use with concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through bolts, lag screws, wood screws, and other connectors.
- E. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete, masonry, or similar construction.
- F. Corrosion Protection: Coat concealed surfaces of aluminum that come into contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood, or dissimilar metals with the following:
  - 1. Cast Aluminum: Heavy coat of bituminous paint.
  - 2. Extruded Aluminum: Two coats of clear lacquer.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION OF MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND SUPPORTS

- A. General: Install framing and supports to comply with requirements of items being supported, including manufacturers' written instructions and requirements indicated on Shop Drawings.
- B. Anchor supports for toilet partitions securely to, and rigidly brace from, building structure.

# 3.3 REPAIRS

# A. Touchup Painting:

- 1. Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas. Paint uncoated and abraded areas with same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.
  - a. Apply by brush or spray to provide a minimum 2.0-mil (0.05-mm) dry film thickness.

END OF SECTION 055000

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#### SECTION 061000 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Miscellaneous lumber.
- 2. Plywood backing panels.

### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- 1. NeLMA: Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers' Association.
- 2. NLGA: National Lumber Grades Authority.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
  - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained.
  - 2. Include data for fire-retardant treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Include physical properties of treated materials based on testing by a qualified independent testing agency.
  - 3. For fire-retardant treatments, include physical properties of treated lumber both before and after exposure to elevated temperatures, based on testing by a qualified independent testing agency in accordance with ASTM D5664.
  - 4. For products receiving a waterborne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to levels specified before shipment to Project site.

## 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

### A. Material Certificates:

- 1. For dimension lumber specified to comply with minimum allowable unit stresses. Indicate species and grade selected for each use and design values approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- 2. For preservative-treated wood products. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained.

### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack wood products flat with spacers beneath and between each bundle to provide air circulation. Protect wood products from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 WOOD PRODUCTS

- A. Lumber: Comply with DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, comply with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Grade lumber by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
  - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
  - 2. For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece.
  - 3. Where nominal sizes are indicated, provide actual sizes required by DOC PS 20 for moisture content specified. Where actual sizes are indicated, they are minimum dressed sizes for dry wood products.
  - 4. Dress lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.

### B. Maximum Moisture Content:

- 1. Boards: 15 percent.
- 2. Dimension Lumber: 19 percent 15 percent for 2-inch nominal (38-mm actual) thickness or less; 19 percent for more than 2-inch nominal (38-mm actual) thickness 19 percent for 2-inch nominal (38-mm actual) thickness or less; no limit for more than 2-inch nominal (38-mm actual) thickness unless otherwise indicated.

# 2.2 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED LUMBER

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1, Use categories as follows:
  - 1. UC2: Interior construction not in contact with ground but may be subject to moisture. Include all rough carpentry.
  - 2. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium.
  - 3. After treatment, redry dimension lumber to 19 percent maximum moisture content.
- B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or that does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
- C. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.

- 1. For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, mark end or back of each piece.
- D. Application: Treat items indicated on Drawings, and the following:
  - 1. Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring, stripping, and similar concealed members in contact with masonry or concrete.
  - 2. Wood framing and furring attached directly to the interior of below-grade exterior masonry or concrete walls.
  - 3. Wood framing members that are less than 18 inches (460 mm) above the ground in crawlspaces or unexcavated areas.
  - 4. Wood floor plates that are installed over concrete slabs-on-grade.

#### 2.3 FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED LUMBER

- A. General: Where fire-retardant-treated materials are indicated, materials are to comply with requirements in this article, that are acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and with fire-test-response characteristics specified as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated by a qualified testing agency.
- B. Fire-Retardant-Treated Lumber and Plywood by Pressure Process: Products with a flame-spread index of 25 or less when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, and with no evidence of significant progressive combustion when the test is extended an additional 20 minutes, and with the flame front not extending more than 10.5 feet (3.2 m) beyond the centerline of the burners at any time during the test.
  - 1. Treatment is not to promote corrosion of metal fasteners.
  - 2. Exterior Type: Treated materials are to comply with requirements specified above for fire-retardant-treated lumber and plywood by pressure process after being subjected to accelerated weathering in accordance with ASTM D2898. Use for exterior locations and where indicated.
  - 3. Interior Type A: Treated materials are to have a moisture content of 28 percent or less when tested in accordance with ASTM D3201/D3201M at 92 percent relative humidity. Use where exterior type is not indicated.
  - 4. Design Value Adjustment Factors: Treated lumber is to be tested according to ASTM D5664 and design value adjustment factors are to be calculated according to ASTM D6841.
- C. Identify fire-retardant-treated wood with appropriate classification marking of qualified testing agency and other information required by authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, mark end or back of each piece.
- D. Application: Treat items indicated on Drawings, and the following:
  - 1. Concealed blocking.
  - 2. Plywood backing panels.

### 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER

- A. Provide miscellaneous lumber indicated and lumber for support or attachment of other construction, including the following:
  - 1. Blocking.
  - 2. Nailers.
  - 3. Substrate for millwork.
- B. Dimension Lumber Items: Construction or No. 2 grade lumber of the following species:
  - 1. Hem-fir (north); NLGA.
  - 2. Mixed southern pine or southern pine; SPIB.
  - 3. Spruce-pine-fir; NLGA.
  - 4. Northern species; NLGA.
- C. Utility Shelving: Lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content of any of the following species and grades:
  - 1. Eastern white pine, Idaho white, lodgepole, ponderosa, or sugar pine; Standard or No. 3 Common grade; NeLMA, NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA.
  - 2. Mixed southern pine or southern pine; No. 2 grade; SPIB.
  - 3. Hem-fir or hem-fir (north); Construction or No. 2 Common grade; NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA.

### **FASTENERS**

- D. General: Fasteners are to be of size and type indicated and comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture. Provide nails or screws, in sufficient length, to penetrate not less than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) into wood substrate.
  - 1. Where rough carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, pressure-preservative treated, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A153/A153M or ASTM F2329.
- E. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F1667.
- F. Power-Driven Fasteners: Fastener systems with an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC70.

### 2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Adhesives for Gluing Furring and Sleepers to Concrete or Masonry: Formulation complying with ASTM D3498 that is approved for use indicated by adhesive manufacturer.
  - 1. <u>Verify adhesives have a VOC</u> content of 70 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, subpart D (EPA Method 24)

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Framing Standard: Comply with AF&PA's WCD 1, "Details for Conventional Wood Frame Construction," unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Set work to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit rough carpentry accurately to other construction. Locate furring, nailers, blocking, grounds, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.
- C. Install plywood backing panels by fastening to studs; coordinate locations with utilities requiring backing panels. Install fire-retardant-treated plywood backing panels with classification marking of testing agency exposed to view.
- D. Install metal framing anchors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Install fasteners through each fastener hole.
- E. Provide blocking and framing as indicated and as required to support facing materials, fixtures, specialty items, and trim.
  - 1. Provide metal clips for fastening gypsum board or lath at corners and intersections where framing or blocking does not provide a surface for fastening edges of panels. Space clips not more than 16 inches (406 mm) o.c.
- F. Sort and select lumber so that natural characteristics do not interfere with installation or with fastening other materials to lumber. Do not use materials with defects that interfere with function of member or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement.
- G. Comply with AWPA M4 for applying field treatment to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber.
  - 1. Use inorganic boron for items that are continuously protected from liquid water.
  - 2. Use copper naphthenate for items not continuously protected from liquid water.
- H. Securely attach rough carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
  - 1. Table 2304.10.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's International Building Code (IBC).
  - 2. ICC-ES evaluation report for fastener.
- I. Use steel common nails unless otherwise indicated. Select fasteners of size that will not fully penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Make tight connections between members. Install fasteners without splitting wood. Drive nails snug but do not countersink nail heads unless otherwise indicated.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION OF WOOD BLOCKING AND NAILERS

- A. Install where indicated and where required for attaching other work. Form to shapes indicated and cut as required for true line and level of attached work. Coordinate locations with other work involved.
- B. Attach wood blocking to substrates to support applied loading. Recess bolts and nuts flush with surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

END OF SECTION 061000

#### SECTION 078413 - PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section includes:

- 1. Penetrations in fire-resistance-rated walls.
- 2. Penetrations in horizontal assemblies.
- 3. Penetrations in smoke barriers.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Product Schedule: For each penetration firestopping system. Include location, illustration of firestopping system and design designation of qualified testing and inspecting agency.
  - 1. Engineering Judgments: Where Project conditions require modification to a qualified testing and inspecting agency's illustration for a particular penetration firestopping system, submit illustration, with modifications marked, approved by penetration firestopping system manufacturer's fire-protection engineer as an engineering judgment or equivalent fire-resistance-rated assembly. Obtain approval of authorities having jurisdiction prior to submittal.

### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer
- B. Product Test Reports: For each penetration firestopping system, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Installer Certificates: From Installer indicating that penetration firestopping systems have been installed in compliance with requirements and manufacturer's written instructions.

### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install penetration firestopping system when ambient or substrate temperatures are outside limits permitted by penetration firestopping system manufacturers or when substrates are wet because of rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
- B. Install and cure penetration firestopping materials per manufacturer's written instructions using natural means of ventilations or, where this is inadequate, forced-air circulation.

### 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate construction of openings and penetrating items to ensure that penetration firestopping systems can be installed according to specified firestopping system design.
- B. Coordinate sizing of sleeves, openings, core-drilled holes, or cut openings to accommodate penetration firestopping systems.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics:
  - 1. Perform penetration firestopping system tests by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Test per testing standards referenced in "Penetration Firestopping Systems" Article. Provide rated systems complying with the following requirements:
    - a. Penetration firestopping systems shall bear classification marking of a qualified testing agency.
      - 1) UL in its "Fire Resistance Directory."
      - 2) Intertek Group in its "Directory of Listed Building Products."
      - 3) FM Global in its "Building Materials Approval Guide."

### 2.2 PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING SYSTEMS

- A. Penetration Firestopping Systems: Systems that resist spread of fire, passage of smoke and other gases, and maintain original fire-resistance rating of construction penetrated. Penetration firestopping systems shall be compatible with one another, with the substrates forming openings, and with penetrating items if any.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
    - a. 3M Fire Protection Products.
    - b. A/D Fire Protection Systems Inc.
    - c. Hilti, Inc.
    - d. RectorSeal.

- e. Specified Technologies, Inc.
- f. Tremco, Inc.
- B. Penetrations in Fire-Resistance-Rated Walls: Penetration firestopping systems with ratings determined per ASTM E 814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg.
  - 1. F-Rating: Not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
- C. Penetrations in Horizontal Assemblies: Penetration firestopping systems with ratings determined per ASTM E 814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg.
  - 1. F-Rating: At least one hour, but not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
  - 2. T-Rating: At least one hour, but not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated except for floor penetrations within the cavity of a wall.
  - 3. W-Rating: Provide penetration firestopping systems showing no evidence of water leakage when tested according to UL 1479.
- D. Penetrations in Smoke Barriers: Penetration firestopping systems with ratings determined per UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.30-inch wg.
  - 1. L-Rating: Not exceeding 5.0 cfm/sq. ft. of penetration opening at and no more than 50-cfm cumulative total for any 100 sq. ft. at both ambient and elevated temperatures.
- E. Exposed Penetration Firestopping Systems: Flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, per ASTM E 84.
- F. VOC Content: Penetration firestopping sealants and sealant primers shall comply with the following limits for VOC content:
  - 1. Sealants: 250 g/L.
  - 2. Sealant Primers for Nonporous Substrates: 250 g/L.
  - 3. Sealant Primers for Porous Substrates: 775 g/L.
- G. Accessories: Provide components for each penetration firestopping system that are needed to install fill materials and to maintain ratings required. Use only those components specified by penetration firestopping system manufacturer and approved by qualified testing and inspecting agency for conditions indicated.
  - 1. Permanent forming/damming/backing materials.
  - 2. Substrate primers.
  - 3. Collars.
  - 4. Steel sleeves.

# 2.3 FILL MATERIALS

- A. Latex Sealants: Single-component latex formulations that do not re-emulsify after cure during exposure to moisture.
- B. Firestop Devices: Factory-assembled collars formed from galvanized steel and lined with intumescent material sized to fit specific diameter of penetrant.
- C. Intumescent Composite Sheets: Rigid panels consisting of aluminum-foil-faced intumescent elastomeric sheet bonded to galvanized-steel sheet.
- D. Intumescent Putties: Nonhardening, water-resistant, intumescent putties containing no solvents or inorganic fibers.
- E. Intumescent Wrap Strips: Single-component intumescent elastomeric sheets with aluminum foil on one side.
- F. Mortars: Prepackaged dry mixes consisting of a blend of inorganic binders, hydraulic cement, fillers and lightweight aggregate formulated for mixing with water at Project site to form a nonshrinking, homogeneous mortar.
- G. Pillows/Bags: Reusable heat-expanding pillows/bags consisting of glass-fiber cloth cases filled with a combination of mineral-fiber, water-insoluble expansion agents, and fire-retardant additives. Where exposed, cover openings with steel-reinforcing wire mesh to protect pillows/bags from being easily removed.
- H. Silicone Foams: Multicomponent, silicone-based liquid elastomers that, when mixed, expand and cure in place to produce a flexible, nonshrinking foam.
- I. Silicone Sealants: Single-component, silicone-based, neutral-curing elastomeric sealants.

#### 2.4 MIXING

A. Penetration Firestopping Materials: For those products requiring mixing before application, comply with penetration firestopping system manufacturer's written instructions for accurate proportioning of materials, water (if required), type of mixing equipment, selection of mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other items or procedures needed to produce products of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for application indicated.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for opening configurations, penetrating items, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning: Before installing penetration firestopping systems, clean out openings immediately to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and with the following requirements:
  - 1. Remove from surfaces of opening substrates and from penetrating items foreign materials that could interfere with adhesion of penetration firestopping materials.
  - 2. Clean opening substrates and penetrating items to produce clean, sound surfaces capable of developing optimum bond with penetration firestopping materials. Remove loose particles remaining from cleaning operation.
  - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
- B. Prime substrates where recommended in writing by manufacturer using that manufacturer's recommended products and methods. Confine primers to areas of bond; do not allow spillage and migration onto exposed surfaces.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install penetration firestopping systems to comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and published drawings for products and applications.
- B. Install forming materials and other accessories of types required to support fill materials during their application and in the position needed to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths required to achieve fire ratings.
  - 1. After installing fill materials and allowing them to fully cure, remove combustible forming materials and other accessories not forming permanent components of firestopping.
- C. Install fill materials by proven techniques to produce the following results:
  - 1. Fill voids and cavities formed by openings, forming materials, accessories and penetrating items to achieve required fire-resistance ratings.
  - 2. Apply materials so they contact and adhere to substrates formed by openings and penetrating items.
  - 3. For fill materials that will remain exposed after completing the Work, finish to produce smooth, uniform surfaces that are flush with adjoining finishes.

### 3.4 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Wall Identification: Permanently label walls containing penetration firestopping systems with the words "FIRE AND/OR SMOKE BARRIER PROTECT ALL OPENINGS," using lettering not less than 3 inches high and with minimum 0.375-inch strokes.
  - 1. Locate in accessible concealed floor, floor-ceiling, or attic space at 15 feet from end of wall and at intervals not exceeding 30 feet.

- B. Penetration Identification: Identify each penetration firestopping system with legible metal or plastic labels. Attach labels permanently to surfaces adjacent to and within 6 inches of penetration firestopping system edge so labels are visible to anyone seeking to remove penetrating items or firestopping systems. Use mechanical fasteners or self-adhering-type labels with adhesives capable of permanently bonding labels to surfaces on which labels are placed. Include the following information on labels:
  - 1. The words "Warning Penetration Firestopping Do Not Disturb. Notify Building Management of Any Damage."
  - 2. Contractor's name, address, and phone number.
  - 3. Designation of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
  - 4. Date of installation.
  - 5. Manufacturer's name.
  - 6. Installer's name.

# 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Where deficiencies are found or penetration firestopping system is damaged or removed because of testing, repair or replace penetration firestopping system to comply with requirements.
- B. Proceed with enclosing penetration firestopping systems with other construction only after inspection reports are issued and installations comply with requirements.

### 3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean off excess fill materials adjacent to openings as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials that are approved in writing by penetration firestopping system manufacturers and that do not damage materials in which openings occur.
- B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions during and after installation that ensure that penetration firestopping systems are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, immediately cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated penetration firestopping material and install new materials to produce systems complying with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION 078413

#### SECTION 087100 - DOOR HARDWARE

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Mechanical door hardware for the following:
  - a. Swinging doors.

#### 1.2 ALLOWANCES

A. Door hardware is part of Door Hardware Allowance.

#### 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Installation Templates: Distribute for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.
- B. Existing Openings: Where hardware components are scheduled for application to existing construction or where modifications to existing door hardware are required, field verify existing conditions and coordinate installation of door hardware to suit opening conditions and to provide proper door operation.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant. Coordinate door hardware schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
  - 1. Submittal Sequence: Submit door hardware schedule concurrent with submissions of Product Data, Samples, and Shop Drawings. Coordinate submission of door hardware schedule with scheduling requirements of other work to facilitate the fabrication of other work that is critical in Project construction schedule.
  - 2. Format: Use same scheduling sequence and format and use same door numbers as in door hardware schedule in the Contract Documents.
  - 3. Content: Include the following information:

- a. Identification number, location, hand, fire rating, size, and material of each door and frame.
- b. Locations of each door hardware set, cross-referenced to Drawings on floor plans and to door and frame schedule.
- c. Complete designations, including name and manufacturer, type, style, function, size, quantity, function, and finish of each door hardware product.
- d. Fastenings and other installation information.
- e. Explanation of abbreviations, symbols, and designations contained in door hardware schedule.
- f. Mounting locations for door hardware.
- g. List of related door devices specified in other Sections for each door and frame.

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Test Reports: For compliance with accessibility requirements, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, for door hardware on doors located in accessible routes.
- B. Field quality-control reports.
- C. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

#### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Maintenance Data: For each type of door hardware to include in maintenance manuals.
- B. Schedules: Final door hardware schedule.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Supplier of products and an employer of workers trained and approved by product manufacturers and of an Architectural Hardware Consultant who is available during the course of the Work to consult Contractor, Architect, and Owner about door hardware and keying.
  - 1. Warehousing Facilities: In Project's vicinity.
  - 2. Scheduling Responsibility: Preparation of door hardware and keying schedule.

### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to Project site.
- B. Tag each item or package separately with identification coordinated with the final door hardware schedule, and include installation instructions, templates, and necessary fasteners with each item or package.

### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
    - b. Faulty operation of doors and door hardware.
    - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.

# 2. Warranty Period:

Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of door hardware from single manufacturer.

# 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Where fire-rated doors are indicated, provide door hardware complying with NFPA 80 that is listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure in accordance with NFPA 252 or UL 10C.
- B. Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies: Where smoke- and draft-control door assemblies are required, provide door hardware that complies with requirements of assemblies tested in accordance with UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105.
- C. Accessibility Requirements: For door hardware on doors in an accessible route, comply with the USDOJ's "2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design" ICC A117.1.
  - 1. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf (22.2 N).
  - 2. Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements:
    - a. Interior, Non-Fire-Rated Hinged Doors: 5 lbf (22.2 N) applied perpendicular to door.
  - 3. Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2. Provide thresholds not more than 1/2 inch (13 mm) high.
  - 4. Adjust door closer sweep periods so that, from an open position of 90 degrees, the door will take at least 5 seconds to move to a position of 12 degrees from the latch.
  - 5. Adjust spring hinges so that, from an open position of 70 degrees, the door will take at least 1.5 seconds to move to the closed position.

### 2.3 HINGES (VERIFY EXISTING HINGES)

- A. Replace hinges removed from existing door frames with new matching hinges. Submit product data to Engineer for Review and design conformance approval.
- B. Lock Functions: As indicated in door hardware schedule.

#### 2.4 OPERATING TRIM

A. Operating Trim: BHMA A156.6; Match existing; unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.5 SURFACE CLOSERS

A. Surface Closers: BHMA A156.4; rack-and-pinion hydraulic type with adjustable sweep and latch speeds controlled by key-operated valves and forged-steel main arm. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.

#### 2.6 OVERHEAD STOPS AND HOLDERS

A. Overhead Stops and Holders: BHMA A156.8.

### 2.7 FABRICATION

- A. Manufacturer's Nameplate: Do not provide products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location except in conjunction with required fire-rating labels and as otherwise approved by Engineer.
  - 1. Manufacturer's identification is permitted on rim of lock cylinders only.
- B. Fasteners: Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws that comply with commercially recognized industry standards for application intended, except aluminum fasteners are not permitted. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.8 FINISHES

- A. Provide finishes complying with BHMA A156.18 as indicated in door hardware schedule.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are

acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire-rated door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Wood Doors: Comply with door and hardware manufacturers' written instructions.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights matching existing field conditions unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.
  - 1. Wood Doors: DHI's "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."
- B. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
  - 1. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
  - 2. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
- C. Hinges: Furnish & install matching hinges (to existing) in quantity & location but not fewer than the number recommended by manufacturer for application indicated or one hinge for every 30 inches (750 mm) of door height, whichever is more stringent, unless other equivalent means of support for door, such as spring hinges or pivots, are provided.
- D. Stops: Provide floor stops for doors unless wall or other type stops are indicated in door hardware schedule. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic.

### 3.4 ADJUSTING

A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to

operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.

- 1. Door Closers: Adjust sweep period to comply with accessibility requirements and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Spring Hinges: Adjust to achieve positive latching when door is allowed to close freely from an open position of 70 degrees and so that closing time complies with accessibility requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Occupancy Adjustment: Approximately three months after date of Substantial Completion, Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant shall examine and readjust each item of door hardware, including adjusting operating forces, as necessary to ensure function of doors, door hardware, and electrified door hardware.

#### 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.
- B. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.
- C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

#### 3.6 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.
- B. Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, maintenance service shall include 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of door hardware Installer. Include quarterly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper door and door hardware operation. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.

END OF SECTION 087100

#### SECTION 090190.52 - MAINTENANCE REPAINTING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes maintenance repainting as follows:
  - 1. Removing existing paint.
  - 2. Patching substrates.
  - 3. Repainting, including staining and varnishing of wood.

### B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 013516 "Alteration Project Procedures" for general remodeling, renovation, repair, and maintenance requirements.
- 2. Wood Stains and Transparent Finishes

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Gloss Level 1: Not more than 5 units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D523.
- B. Gloss Level 2: Not more than 10 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D523.
- C. Gloss Level 3: 10 to 25 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D523.
- D. Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D523.
- E. Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D523.
- F. Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D523.
- G. Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D523.

# 1.4 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

A. Perform maintenance repainting in the following sequence, which includes work specified in this and other Sections:

- 1. Dismantle existing surface-mounted objects and hardware except items indicated to remain in place. Tag items with location identification and protect.
- 2. Verify that temporary protections have been installed.
- 3. Examine condition of surfaces to be painted.
- 4. Remove existing paint to the degree required for each substrate and surface condition of existing paint.
- 5. Apply paint system.
- 6. Reinstall dismantled surface-mounted objects and hardware unless otherwise indicated.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include recommendations for product application and use.
  - 2. Include test data substantiating that products comply with requirements.
- B. Samples: For each type of paint system and each pattern, color, and gloss; minimum 6 inches (150 mm) long in least dimension, but not less than whole pattern.
  - 1. Include stepped Samples defining each separate coat, including fillers and primers. Resubmit until each required sheen, color, and texture is achieved.
  - 2. For each painted color being matched to a standardized color-coding system, include the color chips from the color-coding-system company with Samples.
  - 3. Include a list of materials for each coat of each Sample.
  - 4. Label each Sample for location and application.
  - 5. Sample Size:
    - a. Painted Surfaces: 4-by-8-inch (100-by-200-mm) Samples for each color and material, on hardboard.
    - b. Stained or Natural Wood: 12-by-12-inch (300-by-300-mm) Samples of natural- or stained-wood finish, on representative surfaces.
- C. Product List: For each paint product indicated, include the following:
  - 1. Cross-reference to paint system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
  - 2. Printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each MPI-product category specified in paint systems, with the proposed product highlighted.
  - 3. VOC content.

### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Color Matching Certificate: For computer-matched colors.
- B. Preconstruction Test Reports: For cleaning materials, paint removers and paint coatings and systems.

### 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra paint materials, from the same production run, that match products applied and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents, including material, finish, source, and location on building.
  - 1. Quantity: Furnish Owner with an additional 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. (3.8 L) or one case, as appropriate, of each material and color applied.

### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Color Matching: Custom computer-match paint colors to colors indicated per existing site conditions. For colors indicated by a standardized coding system, obtain a color chip for each color indicated from the color-coding-system company; computer match paint colors to the color chips.
- B. Mockups: Prepare mockups of maintenance repainting processes for each type of coating system and substrate indicated and each color and finish required to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for materials and execution. Duplicate appearance of approved Sample submittals.
  - 1. Locate mockups in locations that enable viewing under same conditions as the completed Work.
  - 2. Surface-Preparation Mockups: On existing surfaces using applicable specified methods of cleaning and other surface preparation, provide mockup sample of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
  - 3. Coating Mockups: Two surfaces of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m) to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each type of coating system under same conditions as the completed Work.
  - 4. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Engineer specifically approves such deviations in writing.

## 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste daily.

# 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with maintenance repainting only when existing and forecasted weather conditions are within the environmental limits set by each manufacturer's written instructions and specified requirements.

- B. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).
- C. Do not apply paint in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.
  - 1. Painting may continue during inclement weather if surfaces and areas to be painted are enclosed and heated within temperature limits specified by manufacturer for surface preparation and during paint application and drying periods.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PREPARATORY CLEANING MATERIALS

- A. Water: Potable.
- B. Hot Water: Water heated to a temperature of 140 to 160 deg F (60 to 71 deg C).
- C. Detergent Solution: Solution prepared by mixing 2 cups (0.5 L) of tetrasodium pyrophosphate (TSPP), 1/2 cup (125 mL) of laundry detergent that contains no ammonia, 5 quarts (5 L) of 5 percent sodium hypochlorite bleach, and 15 quarts (15 L) of warm water for every 5 gal. (20 L) of solution required.
- D. Mildewcide: Commercial proprietary mildewcide or a job-mixed solution prepared by mixing 1/3 cup (80 mL) of household detergent that contains no ammonia, 1 quart (1 L) of 5 percent sodium hypochlorite bleach, and 3 quarts (3 L) of warm water.
- E. Abrasives for Ferrous Metal Cleaning: Aluminum oxide paper, emery paper, fine steel wool, steel scrapers, and steel-wire brushes of various sizes.
- F. Rust Remover: Manufacturer's standard phosphoric acid-based gel formulation, also called "naval jelly," for removing corrosion from iron and steel.

#### 2.2 PAINT REMOVERS

- A. Alkaline Paste Paint Remover: Manufacturer's standard alkaline paste or gel formulation for removing paint from masonry, stone, wood, plaster, or metal as required to suit Project; and containing no methylene chloride.
- B. Covered or Skin-Forming Alkaline Paint Remover: Manufacturer's standard covered or skin-forming alkaline paste or gel formulation for removing paint from masonry, stone, wood, plaster, or metal as required to suit Project; and containing no methylene chloride.
- C. Low-Odor, Solvent-Type Paste Paint Remover: Manufacturer's standard low-odor, water-rinsible, solvent-type paste, gel, or foamed emulsion formulation for removing paint from masonry, stone, wood, plaster, or metal as required to suit Project; and containing no methanol or methylene chloride.

### 2.3 PAINT, GENERAL

# A. Material Compatibility:

- 1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Colors: As selected by Owner & Engineer from full range of industry colors.

### 2.4 PAINT MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. MPI Standards: Provide products that comply with MPI standards indicated and that are listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."
- B. Transition Coat: Paint manufacturer's recommended coating for use where a residual existing coating is incompatible with the paint system.

#### 2.5 PAINT MATERIAL MANUFACTURERS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
  - 2. PPG Industries, Inc. (Pittsburgh Paints).
  - 3. Sherwin-Williams Co (Sherwin-Williams).

# 2.6 INTERIOR PAINT SCHEDULE (NO VOC PAINT)

- A. Gypsum Board: Allow substrate to cure. Provide the following finish systems over interior gypsum board surfaces:
  - 1. Low-Luster Acrylic Enamel Finish:
    - a. Primer: Interior gypsum board primer.
      - 1.) Benjamin Moore; Eco Spec WB Interior Latex Primer No. N372; apply at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mil.
      - 2.) Pittsburgh Paints; 9-2 Pure Performance Interior Latex Primer; applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.0 mil.
      - 3.) Sherwin Williams; Harmony Interior Latex Primer B11W900: applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.6 mils for gypsum board surfaces allowed to cure for 30 days before applying a primer.
      - 4.) Sherwin Williams; Harmony Interior Latex Primer B11W900: applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 3.0 mils for gypsum board surfaces allowed to cure for 7 to 29 days before applying a primer.

- b. Two Finish Coats: Interior low luster enamel
  - 1. Benjamin Moore; Eco Spec WB Interior Latex Eggshell No. N374: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.4 mil.
  - 2. Pittsburgh Paints; 9-411 Pure Performance Eggshell Interior Latex; applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.4 mil.
  - 3. Sherwin Williams; Harmony Interior Latex Eg-Shel B9 Series: applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.6 mils.
- B. Ferrous Metal: Provide the following finish systems over ferrous metal:
  - 1. Semigloss Acrylic Enamel Finish:
    - a. Primer: Interior ferrous metal primer.
      - 1. Benjamin Moore; Super Spec HP Acrylic Metal Primer No. P04; apply at a dry film thickness of not less than 2.0 mils.
      - 2. Pittsburgh Paints; 90-712 PITT-TECH Int / Ext Primer Finish DTM Industrial Enamel; applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils.
      - 3. Sherwin-Williams; PrepRite Bonding Primer B51W50: applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 3.0 mils.
    - b. Two Finish Coats: Interior low luster enamel
      - 1.) Benjamin Moore; Eco Spec WB Interior Latex Semi-Gloss No. N376: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.4 mil.
      - 2.) Pittsburgh Paints; 9-4510 Pure Performance Semi-Gloss Interior Latex; applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.1 mil.
      - 3.) Sherwin Williams; Harmony Interior Latex Semi-Gloss B10 Series: applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.6 mils.

### 2.7 PATCHING MATERIALS

- A. Wood-Patching Compound: Two-part, epoxy-resin, wood-patching compound; knife-grade formulation as recommended in writing by manufacturer for type of wood repair indicated, tooling time required for the detail of work, and site conditions. Compound shall be designed for filling voids in damaged wood materials that have deteriorated from weathering and decay. Compound shall be capable of filling deep holes and spreading to feather edge.
- B. Cementitious Patching Compounds: Cementitious patching compounds and repair materials specifically manufactured for filling cementitious substrates and for sanding or tooling prior to repainting; formulation as recommended in writing by manufacturer for type of cementitious substrate indicated, exposure to weather and traffic, the detail of work, and site conditions.
- C. Gypsum-Plaster Patching Compound: Finish coat plaster and bonding compound according to ASTM C842 and manufacturer's written instructions.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PROTECTION

- A. Comply with each manufacturer's written instructions for protecting building and other surfaces against damage from exposure to its products. Prevent chemical solutions from coming into contact with people, motor vehicles, landscaping, buildings, and other surfaces that could be harmed by such contact.
  - 1. Cover adjacent surfaces with materials that are proven to resist chemical solutions being used unless the solutions will not damage adjacent surfaces. Use protective materials that are UV resistant and waterproof. Apply masking agents to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Do not apply liquid masking agent to painted or porous surfaces. When no longer needed, promptly remove masking to prevent adhesive staining.
  - 2. Do not apply chemical solutions during winds of sufficient force to spread them to unprotected surfaces.
  - 3. Neutralize and collect alkaline and acid wastes before disposal.
  - 4. Dispose of runoff from operations by legal means and in a manner that prevents soil erosion, undermining of paving and foundations, damage to landscaping, and water penetration into building interiors.

### 3.2 MAINTENANCE REPAINTING, GENERAL

- A. Maintenance Repainting Appearance Standard: Completed work is to have a uniform appearance as viewed by Architect from building interior at 10 feet (3 m) away from painted surface.
- B. Execution of the Work: In repainting surfaces, disturb them as minimally as possible and as follows:
  - 1. Remove failed coatings and corrosion and repaint.
  - 2. Verify that substrate surface conditions are suitable for repainting.
  - 3. Allow other trades to repair items in place before repainting.
- C. Mechanical Abrasion: Where mechanical abrasion is needed for the work, use gentle methods, such as scraping and lightly hand sanding, that will not abrade softer substrates, reducing clarity of detail.
- D. Heat Processes: Do not use torches, heat guns, or heat plates.

#### 3.3 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of painting work. Comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions for inspection.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: Do not begin application of coatings unless moisture content of exposed surface is below the maximum value recommended in writing by paint

manufacturer and not greater than the following maximum values when measured with an electronic moisture meter appropriate to the substrate material:

- 1. Concrete: 05 percent.
- 2. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
- 3. Gypsum Plaster: 12 percent.
- 4. Masonry (Clay and CMU): 12 percent.
- 5. Portland Cement Plaster: 12 percent.
- 6. Wood: 15 percent.
- C. Alkalinity: Do not begin application of coatings unless surface alkalinity is within range recommended in writing by paint manufacturer. Conduct alkali testing with litmus paper on exposed plaster, cementitious, and masonry surfaces.
- D. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
  - 1. If existing surfaces cannot be prepared to an acceptable condition for proper finishing by using specified surface-preparation methods, notify Architect in writing.
- E. Begin coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.
  - 1. Beginning coating application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.

### 3.4 PREPARATORY CLEANING

- A. General: Use the gentlest, appropriate method necessary to clean surfaces in preparation for painting. Clean all surfaces, corners, contours, and interstices.
- B. Detergent Cleaning: Wash surfaces by hand using clean rags, sponges, and bristle brushes. Scrub surface with detergent solution and bristle brush until soil is thoroughly dislodged and can be removed by rinsing. Use small brushes to remove soil from joints and crevices. Dip brush in solution often to ensure that adequate fresh detergent is used and that surface remains wet. Rinse with water applied by clean rags or sponges.
- C. Solvent Cleaning: Use solvent cleaning to remove oil, grease, smoke, tar, and asphalt from painted or unpainted surfaces before other preparation work. Wipe surfaces with solvent using clean rags and sponges. If necessary, spot-solvent cleaning may be employed just prior to commencement of paint application, provided enough time is allowed for complete evaporation. Use clean solvent and clean rags for the final wash to ensure that all foreign materials have been removed. Do not use solvents, including primer thinner and turpentine, that leave residue.
- D. Mildew: Clean off existing mildew, algae, moss, plant material, loose paint, grease, dirt, and other debris by scrubbing with bristle brush or sponge and detergent solution. Scrub mildewed areas with mildewcide. Rinse with water applied by clean rags or sponges.
  - 1. Dry immediately with clean, soft cloths. Follow direction of grain in metal.
  - 2. Prime immediately to prevent rust. Do not touch cleaned metal surface until primed.

### 3.5 PAINT REMOVAL

- A. General: Remove paint where indicated. Where cleaning methods have been attempted and further removal of the paint is required because of incompatible or unsatisfactory surfaces for repainting, remove paint to extent required by conditions.
  - 1. Application: Apply paint removers according to paint-remover manufacturer's written instructions. Do not allow paint removers to remain on surface for periods longer than those indicated or recommended in writing by manufacturer.
    - a. Apply materials to all surfaces, corners, contours, and interstices, to provide a uniform final appearance without streaks.
    - b. After work is complete, remove protection no longer required. Remove tape and adhesive marks.
  - 2. Brushes: Use brushes that are resistant to chemicals being used.
    - a. Metal Substrates: If using wire brushes on metal, use brushes of same metal composition as metal being treated.
    - b. Wood Substrates: Do not use wire brushes.
- B. brushes, sandpaper, and metallic wool as appropriate for the substrate material.
- C. Paint Removal with Alkaline Paste Paint Remover:
  - 1. Apply paint remover to dry, painted surface with brushes.
  - 2. Allow paint remover to remain on surface for period recommended in writing by manufacturer or as determined by preconstruction testing.
  - 3. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by manufacturer to remove chemicals and paint residue.
  - 4. Repeat process if necessary to remove all paint.
- D. Paint Removal with Covered or Skin-Forming Alkaline Paint Remover:
  - 1. Remove loose and peeling paint using scrapers, stiff brushes, or a combination of these. Let surface dry thoroughly.
  - 2. Apply paint remover to dry, painted surface with brushes or as recommended in writing by manufacturer.
  - 3. Apply cover according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 4. Allow paint remover to remain on surface for period recommended in writing by manufacturer or as determined by preconstruction testing.
  - 5. Scrape off paint and remover.
  - 6. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by manufacturer to remove chemicals and paint residue.
  - 7. For spots of remaining paint, apply alkaline paste paint remover according to "Paint Removal with Alkaline Paste Paint Remover" Paragraph.
- E. Paint Removal with Solvent-Type Paste Paint Remover:
  - 1. Apply thick coating of paint remover to dry, painted surface with natural-fiber cleaning brush, deep-nap roller, or large paintbrush. Apply in one or two coats according to manufacturer's written instructions.

- 2. Allow paint remover to remain on surface for period recommended in writing by manufacturer or as determined by preconstruction testing.
- 3. Use mechanical methods recommended in writing by manufacturer to remove chemicals and paint residue.
- 4. Repeat process if necessary to remove all paint.

### 3.6 SUBSTRATE REPAIR

A. General: Repair substrate surface defects that are inconsistent with the surface appearance of adjacent materials and finishes.

### B. Wood Substrate:

- 1. Repair wood defects including dents and gouges more than 1/8 inch (3 mm) in size and all holes and cracks by filling with wood-patching compound and sanding smooth. Reset or remove protruding fasteners.
- 2. Where existing paint is allowed to remain, sand irregular buildup of paint, runs, and sags to achieve a uniformly smooth surface.

#### C. Cementitious Material Substrate:

- 1. General: Repair defects including dents and chips more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) in size and all holes and cracks by filling with cementitious patching compound and sanding smooth. Remove protruding fasteners.
- 2. New and Bare Plaster: Neutralize surface of plaster with mild acid solution as recommended in writing by paint manufacturer. In lieu of acid neutralization, follow manufacturer's written instruction for primer or transition coat over alkaline plaster surfaces.
- 3. Concrete, Cement Plaster, and Other Cementitious Products: Remove efflorescence, chalk, dust, dirt, grease, oils, and release agents. If surfaces are too alkaline to paint, correct this condition before painting.

## D. Gypsum-Plaster and Gypsum-Board Substrates:

- 1. Repair defects including dents and chips more than 1/8 inch (3 mm) in size and all holes and cracks by filling with gypsum-plaster patching compound and sanding smooth. Remove protruding fasteners.
- 2. Rout out surface cracks to remove loose, unsound material; fill with patching compound and sand smooth.

### E. Metal Substrate:

- 1. Preparation: Treat repair locations by wire-brushing and solvent cleaning. Use chemical or mechanical rust removal method to clean off rust.
- 2. Defects in Metal Surfaces: Repair non-load-bearing defects in existing metal surfaces, including dents and gouges more than 1/16 inch (6 mm) deep or across and all holes and cracks by filling with metal-patching compound and sanding smooth. Remove burrs and protruding fasteners.

3. Priming: Prime iron and steel surfaces immediately after repair to prevent flash rusting. Stripe paint corners, crevices, bolts, welds, and sharp edges. Apply two coats to surfaces that are inaccessible after completion of the Work.

### 3.7 PAINT APPLICATION, GENERAL

- A. Comply with manufacturers' written instructions for application methods unless otherwise indicated in this Section.
- B. Prepare surfaces to be painted according to the Surface-Preparation Schedule and with manufacturer's written instructions for each substrate condition.
- C. Apply a transition coat over incompatible existing coatings.
- D. Metal Substrate: Stripe paint corners, crevices, bolts, welds, and sharp edges before applying full coat. Apply two coats to surfaces that are inaccessible after completion of the Work. Tint stripe coat different than the main coating and apply with brush.
- E. Blending Painted Surfaces: When painting new substrates patched into existing surfaces or touching up missing or damaged finishes, apply coating system specified for the specific substrate. Apply final finish coat over entire surface from edge to edge and corner to corner.

# 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Paint Material Testing: Owner may engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test paint for composition and dry film thickness.
  - 1. Paint Composition: The following procedure may be performed at any time and as often as Owner deems necessary during the period when paints are being applied:
    - a. Testing agency will sample paint materials being used. Samples of material delivered to Project site will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
    - b. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance of paint materials with product requirements.
    - c. If test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements, Contractor shall remove noncomplying-paint materials from Project site, pay for testing, and repaint surfaces painted with rejected materials. Remove rejected materials from previously painted surfaces if, on repainting with complying materials, the two paints are incompatible.

# 2. Dry Film Thickness:

- a. Contractor shall touch up and restore painted surfaces damaged by testing.
- b. If test results show that dry film thickness of applied paint does not comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry film thickness that complies with paint manufacturer's written instructions.

### 3.9 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

#### 3.10 SURFACE-PREPARATION SCHEDULE

- A. General: Before painting, prepare surfaces, as required per design scope, for painting according to applicable requirements specified in this schedule.
  - 1. Examine surfaces to evaluate each surface condition according to paragraphs below.
  - 2. Where existing degree of soiling prevents examination, preclean surface and allow it to dry before making an evaluation.
  - 3. Repair substrate defects according to "Substrate Repair" Article.
- B. Surface Preparation for MPI DSD 0 Degree of Surface Degradation:
  - 1. Surface Condition: Existing paint film in good condition and tightly adhered.
  - 2. Paint Removal: Not required.
  - 3. Preparation for Painting: Wash surface by detergent cleaning; use solvent cleaning where needed. Roughen or degloss cleaned surfaces to ensure paint adhesion according to paint manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 090190.52

#### SECTION 092900 - GYPSUM BOARD

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

# A. Section Includes:

- 1. Interior gypsum board.
- 2. Section 093013 "Ceramic Tiling" for cementitious backer units installed as substrates for ceramic tile.

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Gypsum wallboard.
  - 2. Gypsum board, Type C.
  - 3. Abuse-resistant gypsum board.
  - 4. Mold-resistant gypsum board.
  - 5. Cementitious backer units.
  - 6. Sound-attenuation blankets.
- B. Samples: For the following products:
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of trim accessory indicated.

### 1.3 MOCKUPS

- A. Build mockups of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m) in surface area to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Build mockups for the following:
    - a. Each level of gypsum board finish indicated for use in exposed locations.
    - b. Each texture finish indicated.
  - 2. Apply or install final decoration indicated, including painting and wallcoverings, on exposed surfaces for review of mockups.
  - 3. Simulate finished lighting conditions for review of mockups.
  - 4. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction traffic, and other potential causes of damage. Stack panels flat and supported on risers on a flat platform to prevent sagging.

### 1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written instructions, whichever are more stringent.
- B. Do not install paper-faced gypsum panels until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.
- C. Do not install panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

A. Obtain each type of gypsum panel and joint finishing material from single source with resources to provide products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

# 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E119 by an independent testing agency.
- B. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E90 and classified according to ASTM E413 by an independent testing agency.

# 2.3 GYPSUM BOARD, GENERAL

A. Size: Provide maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.

### 2.4 INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

A. Gypsum Board, Type C: ASTM C1396/C1396M.

- B. Abuse-Resistant Gypsum Board: ASTM C1396/C1396M gypsum board, tested according to ASTM C1629/C1629M.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Certainteed; SAINT-GOBAIN.
    - b. Georgia-Pacific Gypsum LLC.
    - c. Gold Bond Building Products, LLC provided by National Gypsum Company.
    - d. USG Corporation.
  - 2. Core: 1/2 inch (15.9 mm), Type C.
  - 3. Surface Abrasion: ASTM C1629/C1629M, meets or exceeds Level 1 requirements.
  - 4. Indentation: ASTM C1629/C1629M, meets or exceeds Level 1 requirements.
  - 5. Soft-Body Impact: ASTM C1629/C1629M, meets or exceeds Level 1 requirements.
  - 6. Long Edges: Tapered.
  - 7. Mold Resistance: ASTM D3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D3274.

#### 2.5 SPECIALTY GYPSUM BOARD

### 2.6 TILE BACKING PANELS

- A. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.9 and ASTM C1288 or ASTM C1325, with manufacturer's standard edges.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. USG Corporation, Durock brand Glass Mat Tile Backerboard or approved Eq..
  - 2. Thickness: 1/2 inch (15.9 mm).
  - 3. Water Resistant & Mold Resistance: ASTM D3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D3274.

### 2.7 TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. Interior Trim: ASTM C1047.
  - 1. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet, rolled zinc, plastic, or paper-faced galvanized-steel sheet.
  - 2. Shapes:
    - a. Cornerbead.
    - b. L-Bead: L-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
    - c. U-Bead: J-shaped; exposed short flange does not receive joint compound.
- B. Aluminum Trim: Extruded accessories of profiles and dimensions indicated.
  - 1. Aluminum: Alloy and temper with not less than the strength and durability properties of ASTM B221 (ASTM B221M), Alloy 6063-T5.

2. Finish: Corrosion-resistant primer compatible with joint compound and finish materials specified.

### 2.8 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C475/C475M.
- B. Joint Tape:
  - 1. Interior Gypsum Board: Paper.
  - 2. Exterior Gypsum Soffit Board: Paper.
  - 3. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: 10-by-10 glass mesh.
  - 4. Tile Backing Panels: As recommended by panel manufacturer.
- C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Board: For each coat, use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
  - 1. Prefilling: At open joints, rounded or beveled panel edges, and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
  - 2. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use setting-type taping compound.
    - a. Use setting-type compound for installing paper-faced metal trim accessories.
  - 3. Fill Coat: For second coat, use setting-type, sandable topping compound.
  - 4. Finish Coat: For third coat, use setting-type, sandable topping compound.
  - 5. Skim Coat: For final coat of Level 5 finish, use setting-type, sandable topping compound.
- D. Joint Compound for Tile Backing Panels:
  - 1. Glass-Mat, Water-Resistant Backing Panel: As recommended by backing panel manufacturer.
  - 2. Cementitious Backer Units: As recommended by backer unit manufacturer.

### 2.9 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C1002 unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Use screws complying with ASTM C954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch (0.84 to 2.84 mm) thick.
  - 2. For fastening cementitious backer units, use screws of type and size recommended by panel manufacturer.
- C. Sound-Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.

- 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of assembly.
- D. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Section 079219 "Acoustical Joint Sealants."
- E. Thermal Insulation: As specified in Section 072100 "Thermal Insulation."
- F. Vapor Retarder: As specified in Section 072600 "Vapor Retarders."

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates including welded hollow-metal frames and support framing, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION AND FINISHING OF PANELS, GENERAL

- A. Comply with ASTM C840.
- B. Install panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) of open space between panels. Do not force into place.
- C. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at corners of framed openings.
- D. Form control and expansion joints with space between edges of adjoining gypsum panels.
- E. Cover both faces of support framing with gypsum panels in concealed spaces (above ceilings, etc.), except in chases braced internally.
  - 1. Unless concealed application is indicated or required for sound, fire, air, or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft. (0.7 sq. m) in area.
  - 2. Fit gypsum panels around ducts, pipes, and conduits.
  - 3. Where partitions intersect structural members projecting below underside of floor/roof slabs and decks, cut gypsum panels to fit profile formed by structural members; allow 1/4- to 3/8-inch- (6.4- to 9.5-mm-) wide joints to install sealant.
- F. Isolate perimeter of gypsum board applied to non-load-bearing partitions at structural abutments. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch- (6.4- to 12.7-mm-) wide spaces at these locations and trim

- edges with edge trim where edges of panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.
- G. Attachment to Steel Framing: Attach panels so leading edge or end of each panel is attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.
- H. STC-Rated Assemblies: Seal construction at perimeters, behind control joints, and at openings and penetrations with a continuous bead of acoustical sealant. Install acoustical sealant at both faces of partitions at perimeters and through penetrations. Comply with ASTM C919 and with manufacturer's written instructions for locating edge trim and closing off sound-flanking paths around or through assemblies, including sealing partitions above acoustical ceilings.
- I. Install sound attenuation blankets before installing gypsum panels unless blankets are readily installed after panels have been installed on one side.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Install interior gypsum board in the following locations:
  - 1. Wallboard Type: At standard locations not requiring Fire-Resistance Rated Assembly and not in Wet Areas (restrooms) and not behind Tile finish applications.
  - 2. Type C: Where required for fire-resistance-rated assembly (verify existing field conditions)
  - 3. Abuse-Resistant Type: High Traffic, NO wet locations & not for tile substrate applications.
  - 4. Mold-Resistant Type: As indicated on Drawings.

#### B. Single-Layer Application:

- On partitions/walls, apply gypsum panels horizontally (perpendicular to framing) unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.
  - a. Stagger abutting end joints not less than one framing member in alternate courses of panels.
- 2. Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum panels to supports with steel drill screws.

# C. Multilayer Application:

1. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum board indicated for base layers and face layers vertically (parallel to framing) with joints of base layers located over stud or furring member and face-layer joints offset at least one stud or furring member with base-layer joints unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly. Stagger joints on opposite sides of partitions.

## 3.4 INSTALLATION OF TILE BACKING PANELS

- A. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A108.11, at locations indicated to receive tile.
- B. Water-Resistant Backing Board: Install where indicated with 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) gap where panels abut other construction or penetrations.

C. Where tile backing panels abut other types of panels in same plane, shim surfaces to produce a uniform plane across panel surfaces.

## 3.5 INSTALLATION OF TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Interior Trim: Install in the following locations:
  - 1. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. L-Bead: As required.
  - 3. U-Bead: As required

#### 3.6 FINISHING OF GYPSUM BOARD

- A. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
- B. Prefill open joints, rounded or beveled edges, and damaged surface areas.
- C. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except for trim products specifically indicated as not intended to receive tape.
- D. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTM C840:.
  - 1. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.
  - 2. Level 2: Panels that are substrate for tile.
  - 3. Level 3: Surfaces receiving medium or heavy textured finishes, or heavy wall coverings.
  - 4. Level 4: At surfaces receiving light-textured finishes, wallcoverings, and flat paints. (a standard exposed finish) Gloss and semigloss enamel paints NOT permitted over this level of finish.
    - a. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in Section 099123 "Interior Painting."

Level 5: At surfaces receiving gloss and semigloss enamels and other surfaces subject to severe lighting. (high-quality gypsum board finish)

- b. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in Section 099123 "Interior Painting."
- E. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: Finish according to manufacturer's written instructions for use as exposed soffit board.
- F. Cementitious Backer Units: Finish according to manufacturer's written instructions.

## 3.7 APPLICATION OF TEXTURE FINISHES

A. Surface Preparation and Primer: Prepare and apply primer to gypsum panels and other surfaces receiving texture finishes. Apply primer to surfaces that are clean, dry, and smooth.

## 3.8 PROTECTION

- A. Protect adjacent surfaces from drywall compound and promptly remove from floors and other non-drywall surfaces. Repair surfaces stained, marred, or otherwise damaged during drywall application.
- B. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.
- C. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

END OF SECTION 092900

#### SECTION 093013 - CERAMIC TILING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Ceramic tile.
- 2. Metal transition strips between tile and other floor finishes

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 02 selection "Selective demolition" for removing existing finishes.
- 2. Division 06 Selection "Interior Architectural Woodwork" for stone countertops.
- 3. Division 09 "Gypsum Board assemblies" for cementitious backer units and cementitious backer units installed as underlayment for tile installations.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Definitions in the ANSI A108/A118 series- American National Standards for installation of Ceramic Tile.
- B. ANSI A136.1- American National Standard for Organic Adhesives for Installation of Ceramic Tile.
- C. TCNA Handbook for Ceramic, Glass and stone tile installation; Tile Council of North America.
- D. Iso 13007-International Standards Organization; classification for grout and adhesives.
- E. Face Size: Actual tile size, excluding spacer lugs. (per ASTM C499)
- F. Module Size: Actual tile size plus joint width indicated (per ASTM C499)

## 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Static Coefficient of Friction: For tile installed on walkway surfaces, provide products with slip resistance with a minimum coefficient of friction value of 0.6 as determined by testing identical products per ASTM C 1028.

## 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show locations of each type of tile and tile pattern. Show widths, details, and locations of expansion, contraction, control, and isolation joints in tile substrates and finished tile surfaces.

- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For tile, grout, and accessories involving color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification:
  - 1. Full size units of each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required. For ceramic mosaic tile in color blend patterns, provide full sheets of each color blend.
  - 2.
  - 3. Assembled samples mounted on a rigid panel, with grouted joints, for each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required. Make samples at least 36 inches (900 mm) square, but not fewer than four tiles. Use grout of type and in color or colors approved for completed Work.
  - 4. Full-size units of each type of trim and accessory for each color and finish required.
  - 5. Stone thresholds in 6-inch (150-mm) lengths.
  - 6. Metal edge strips in 6-inch (150-mm) lengths.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Master Grade Certificates: For each shipment, type, and composition of tile, signed by tile manufacturer and Installer.
- C. Product Certificates: For each type of product.
- D. Product Test Reports: For tile-setting and -grouting products.

## 1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match and are from same production runs as products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Tile and Trim Units: Furnish quantity of full-size units equal to 3 percent of amount installed for each type, composition, color, pattern, and size indicated.
  - 2. Grout: Furnish quantity of grout equal to 3 percent of amount installed for each type, composition, and color indicated.

# 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications:
  - 1. Installer's supervisor for Project holds the International Masonry Institute's Foreman Certification.
  - 2. Installer employs only Ceramic Tile Education Foundation Certified Installers or installers recognized by the U.S. Department of Labor as Journeyman Tile Layers for Project.
  - 3. Installer employs at least one installer for Project that has completed the Advanced Certification for Tile Installers (ACT) certification for installation of mud floors mud

walls membranes gauged porcelain tile/gauged porcelain tile panels and slabs and large format tile.

- B. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Build mockup of each type of floor tile installation.
  - 2. Build mockup of each type of wall tile installation.

## 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store packaged materials in original containers with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use. Comply with requirements in ANSI A137.1 for labeling tile packages.
- B. Store tile and cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location.
- C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained, and contamination can be avoided.
- D. Store liquid materials in unopened containers and protected from freezing.

## 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install tile until construction in spaces is complete and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated in referenced standards and manufacturer's written instructions.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Source Limitations for Tile: Obtain tile of each type and color or finish from single source or producer.
  - 1. Obtain tile of each type and color or finish from same production run and of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties for each contiguous area.
- B. Source Limitations for Setting and Grouting Materials: Obtain ingredients of a uniform quality for each mortar, adhesive, and grout component from single manufacturer and each aggregate from single source or producer.
  - 1. Obtain setting and grouting materials, except for unmodified Portland cement and aggregate, from single manufacturer.
  - 2. Obtain waterproof membrane and crack isolation membrane, except for sheet products, from manufacturer of setting and grouting materials.
- C. Source Limitations for Other Products: Obtain each of the following products specified in this Section from a single manufacturer:

- 1. Stone thresholds.
- 2. Waterproof membrane.
- 3. Crack isolation membrane.
- 4. Cementitious backer units.

## 2.2 PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. ANSI Ceramic Tile Standard: Provide tile that complies with ANSI A137.1 for types, compositions, and other characteristics indicated.
  - 1. Provide tile complying with Standard grade requirements unless otherwise indicated.
- B. ANSI Standards for Tile Installation Materials: Provide materials complying with ANSI A108.02, ANSI standards referenced in other Part 2 articles, ANSI standards referenced by TCNA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules, and other requirements specified.
- C. Factory Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations within ranges, blend tile in factory and package so tile units taken from one package show same range in colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples.
- D. Mounting: For factory-mounted tile, provide back- or edge-mounted tile assemblies as standard with manufacturer unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Flooring materials shall have a slip resistance coefficient of friction not less than 0.60 tested in accordance with ASTM D 2047.

#### 2.3 TILE PRODUCTS

- A. Porcelain Wall Tile **PT-1**:
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. AKDO
  - 2. Name: Boost Stone
  - 3. Certification: Porcelain tile certified by the Porcelain Tile Certification Agency.
  - 4. Module Size: 24" (610 mm) by 12" (305 mm) high.
  - 5. Nominal Thickness: 3/8" inch (10 mm).
  - 6. Tile Color and Pattern: CLAY (M) selected by Owner. Provide Engineer with manufacturer's full color palette for review.
  - 7. Grout Type & Color: Laticrete thinset, color as selected by Owner & Engineer based on manufacturer's full color palette.

#### 2.4 THRESHOLDS

A. General: Fabricate to sizes and profiles indicated or required to provide transition between adjacent floor finishes.

- 1. Bevel edges at 1:2 slope, with lower edge of bevel aligned with or up to 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) above adjacent floor surface. Finish bevel to match top surface of threshold. Limit height of threshold to 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) or less above adjacent floor surface.
- B. Marble Thresholds: ASTM C503/C503M, with a minimum abrasion resistance of 12 according to ASTM C1353 or ASTM C241/C241M and with honed finish.
  - 1. Description:
    - a. Closely match existing stone threshold (profile, color & veining)

## 2.5 TILE BACKING PANELS

- A. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.9 or ASTM C1325, Type A, in maximum lengths available to minimize end-to-end butt joints.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. <u>USG Corporation</u>, Durock Glass Mat Tile Backerboard, or approved EQ
  - 2. Thickness: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).
  - 3. 10 out of 10 mold resistance rating, tested according to ASTM D3273

## 2.6 WATERPROOF MEMBRANES

- A. General: Manufacturer's standard product, selected from the following, that complies with ANSI A118.10 and is recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated. Include reinforcement and accessories recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Waterproof Membrane, Fluid-Applied: Liquid-latex rubber or elastomeric polymer with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, subpart D (EPA method 24) in a consistency suitable for trowel application intended for use as waterproofing.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Boiardi Products Corporation; a QEP company.
    - b. <u>Custom Building Products</u>.
    - c. Jamo Inc.
    - d. MAPEI Corporation.

## 2.7 CRACK ISOLATION MEMBRANES

- A. General: Manufacturer's standard product that complies with ANSI A118.12 for standard performance and is recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated. Include reinforcement and accessories recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Latex-Portland Cement Crack-Resistant Mortar: Flexible mortar consisting of cement-based mix and latex additive.

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - a. C-Cure; UltraCure 971
  - b. MAPEI Corporation; "Mapelastic 315"
- C. Plastic Membrane: 1/8" inch (3 mm) thick high density polyethylene membrane with a modulated surface, laminated with polypropylene anchoring fleece.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. Schluter-DITRA

## 2.8 SETTING MATERIALS

- A. Modified Dry-Set Mortar (Thinset): ANSI A118.4.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. <u>C-Cure</u>.
    - b. <u>Laticrete International, Inc.</u>
    - c. <u>MAPEI Corporation</u>.
- B. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar (Thinset): ANSI A118.15.
  - 1. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix containing dry, redispersible, vinyl acetate or acrylic additive to which only water must be added at Project site.
  - 2. For wall applications, provide mortar that complies with requirements for nonsagging mortar in addition to the other requirements in ANSI A118.15.

#### 2.9 GROUT MATERIALS

- A. Standard Sanded Cement Grout: ISO 13007 "CG2WA" and ANSI A118.6., colors selected by Owner & Engineer from manufacturer's full range, with anti microbial additive.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. Grout enhancer: Liquid anti-microbial grout additive, Laticrete 1776, or approved equal.
- B. Standard UNSanded Cement Grout: ISO 13007 "CG2WA" and ANSI A118.6., colors selected by Owner & Engineer from manufacturer's full range, with anti microbial additive.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. Grout enhancer: Liquid anti-microbial grout additive, Laticrete 1776, or approved equal.

- C. High-Performance Tile Grout (polymer Modified Tile Grout): ISO 13007 "CG2WAF", ANSI A118.7. and ANSI 118.6
  - 1. Polymer Type: Ethylene vinyl acetate or acrylic additive, in dry, redispersible form, prepackaged with other dry ingredients, or acrylic resin or styrene-butadiene rubber in liquid latex form for addition to pre packaged dry grout mix.
  - 2. Colors to be selected by Owner & Engineer from manufacturers' full range of colors.
- D. Chemical-Resistant, Water-Cleanable, Tile setting and grouting Epoxy: ANSI A118.3, with a VOC content of 65 g/L or less.
  - 1. Provide product capable of withstanding continuous and intermittent exposure to temperatures of up to 140 and 212 deg F (60 and 100 deg C), respectively, and certified by manufacturer for intended use.

## 2.10 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Underlayments and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.
- B. Vapor-Retarder Membrane: Polyethylene sheeting, ASTM D4397, 4.0 mils (0.1 mm) thick.
- C. Metal Edge Strips: Angle or L-shaped, height to match tile and setting-bed thickness, metallic or combination of metal and PVC or neoprene base, designed specifically for flooring applications; stainless steel, ASTM A276/A276M or ASTM A666, 300 Series exposed-edge material.
- D. Tile Cleaner: A neutral cleaner capable of removing soil and residue without harming tile and grout surfaces, specifically approved for materials and installations indicated by tile and grout manufacturers.
- E. Grout Sealer: Manufacturer's standard product for sealing grout joints and that does not change color or appearance of grout.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. <u>Laticrete International, Inc.</u>
    - b. Southern Grouts & Mortars, Inc.
    - c. Summitville Tiles, Inc.

# 2.11 MIXING MORTARS AND GROUT

- A. Mix mortars and grouts to comply with referenced standards and mortar and grout manufacturers' written instructions.
- B. Add materials, water, and additives in accurate proportions.

C. Obtain and use type of mixing equipment, mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures to produce mortars and grouts of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for installations indicated.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm; dry; clean; free of coatings that are incompatible with tile-setting materials, including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone; and comply with flatness tolerances required by ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.
  - 2. Verify that concrete substrates for tile floors installed with thinset mortar comply with surface finish requirements in ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.
    - a. Verify that surfaces that received a steel trowel finish have been mechanically scarified.
    - b. Verify that protrusions, bumps, and ridges have been removed by sanding or grinding.
  - 3. Verify that installation of grounds, anchors, recessed frames, electrical and mechanical units of work, and similar items located in or behind tile has been completed.
  - 4. Verify that joints and cracks in tile substrates are coordinated with tile joint locations; if not coordinated, adjust joint locations in consultation with Engineer.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in concrete substrates for tile floors installed with thinset mortar with trowelable leveling and patching compound specifically recommended by tile-setting material manufacturer.
- B. Where indicated, prepare substrates to receive waterproof membrane by applying a reinforced mortar bed that complies with ANSI A108.1A and is sloped 1/4 inch per foot (1:50) toward drains.
- C. Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations, verify that tile has been factory blended and packaged so tile units taken from one package show same range of colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples. If not factory blended, either return to manufacturer or blend tiles at Project site before installing.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION OF CERAMIC TILE

- A. Comply with TCNA's "Handbook for Ceramic, Glass, and Stone Tile Installation" for TCNA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules. Comply with parts of the ANSI A108 series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that are referenced in TCNA installation methods, specified in tile installation schedules, and apply to types of setting and grouting materials used.
  - 1. For the following installations, follow procedures in the ANSI A108 series of tile installation standards for providing 95 percent mortar coverage:
    - a. Tile floors consisting of tiles 8 by 8 inches (200 by 200 mm) or larger.
- B. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.
- C. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.
- D. Provide manufacturer's standard trim shapes where necessary to eliminate exposed tile edges.
- E. Where accent tile differs in thickness from field tile, vary setting-bed thickness so that tiles are flush.
- F. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in grid pattern unless otherwise indicated. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area. Lay out tile work to minimize the use of pieces that are less than half of a tile. Provide uniform joint widths unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. For tile mounted in sheets, make joints between tile sheets same width as joints within tile sheets so joints between sheets are not apparent in finished work.
  - 2. Where adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, or trim are specified or indicated to be same size, align joints.
  - 3. Where tiles are specified or indicated to be whole integer multiples of adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, or trim, align joints unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Joint Widths: Unless otherwise indicated, install tile with the following joint widths:
  - 1. Ceramic Mosaic Tile: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
  - 2. Quarry Tile: 1/4 inch (6.4 mm).
  - 3. Pressed Floor Tile: 1/4 inch (6.4 mm).
  - 4. Glazed Wall Tile: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
  - 5. Porcelain Tile: 1/4 inch (6.4 mm).
- H. Expansion Joints: Provide expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated. Form joints during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing tiles.

- 1. Where joints occur in concrete substrates, locate joints in tile surfaces directly above them.
- I. Stone Thresholds: Install stone thresholds in same type of setting bed as adjacent floor unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. At locations where mortar bed (thickset) would otherwise be exposed above adjacent floor finishes, set thresholds in modified dry-set mortar (thinset).
  - 2. Do not extend waterproof membrane or crack isolation membrane under thresholds set in standard dry-set improved modified dry-set mortar. Fill joints between such thresholds and adjoining tile set on waterproof membrane or crack isolation membrane with elastomeric sealant.
- J. Metal Edge Strips: Install where exposed edge of tile flooring meets carpet, wood, or other flooring that finishes flush with top of tile.

#### 3.4 INSTALLATION OF TILE BACKING PANELS

A. Install panels and treat joints according to ANSI A108.11 and manufacturer's written instructions for type of application indicated. Use modified dry-set mortar for bonding material unless otherwise directed in manufacturer's written instructions.

# 3.5 INSTALLATION OF WATERPROOF MEMBRANES

- A. Install waterproof membrane to comply with ANSI A108.13 and manufacturer's written instructions to produce waterproof membrane of uniform thickness that is bonded securely to substrate.
- B. Allow waterproof membrane to cure and verify by testing that it is watertight before installing tile or setting materials over it.

# 3.6 INSTALLATION OF CRACK ISOLATION MEMBRANES

- A. Install crack isolation membrane to comply with ANSI A108.17 and manufacturer's written instructions to produce membrane of uniform thickness that is bonded securely to substrate.
- B. Allow crack isolation membrane to cure before installing tile or setting materials over it.

## 3.7 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Remove and replace tile that is damaged or that does not match adjoining tile. Provide new matching units, installed as specified and in a manner to eliminate evidence of replacement.
- B. Cleaning: On completion of placement and grouting, clean all ceramic tile surfaces so they are free of foreign matter.
  - 1. Remove grout residue from tile as soon as possible.

2. Clean grout smears and haze from tile according to tile and grout manufacturer's written instructions but no sooner than 10 days after installation. Use only cleaners recommended by tile and grout manufacturers and only after determining that cleaners are safe to use by testing on samples of tile and other surfaces to be cleaned. Protect metal surfaces and plumbing fixtures from effects of cleaning. Flush surfaces with clean water before and after cleaning.

## 3.8 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed tile work with kraft paper or other heavy covering during construction period to prevent staining, damage, and wear. If recommended by tile manufacturer, apply coat of neutral protective cleaner to completed tile walls and floors.
- B. Prohibit foot and wheel traffic from tiled floors for at least seven days after grouting is completed.
- C. Before final inspection, remove protective coverings and rinse neutral protective cleaner from tile surfaces.

## 3.9 INTERIOR CERAMIC TILE INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

- A. TCNA W244: Wall Tile Installation, interior wall installation over cementitious backer units on metal studs.
  - a. Tile Type: Porcelain tile
  - b. Thinset Mortar: Latex Portland Cement mortar.
  - c. Grout: Polymer modified tile grout.

END OF SECTION 093013

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#### SECTION 095123 - ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

1. Acoustical tiles for interior ceiling.

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 095113 "Acoustical Panel Ceilings" for ceilings consisting of mineral-base and glass-fiber-base acoustical panels and exposed suspension systems.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified, 12 inches (300 mm) in size.
- D. Samples for Initial Selection: For components with factory-applied finishes.
- E. Samples for Verification: For each component indicated and for each exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of sizes indicated below:
  - 1. Acoustical Tiles: Set of full-size Samples of each type, color, pattern, and texture.
  - 2. Concealed Suspension-System Members: 12-inch- (300-mm-) long Sample of each type.
  - 3. Exposed Moldings and Trim: Set of 12-inch- (300-mm-) long Samples of each type and color.
  - 4. Seismic Clips: Full size.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Ceiling suspension-system members.
  - 2. Structural members to which suspension systems will be attached.
  - 3. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
  - 4. Carrying channels or other supplemental support for hanger-wire attachment where conditions do not permit installation of hanger wires at required spacing.
  - 5. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
  - 6. Items penetrating finished ceiling and ceiling-mounted items including the following:
    - a. Lighting fixtures.
    - b. Diffusers.
    - c. Grilles.

- d. Access panels.
- e. Perimeter moldings, joints, columns, and other junctures.
- 7. Show operation of hinged and sliding components adjacent to acoustical tiles.
- 8. Minimum Drawing Scale: 1/4 inch = 1 foot (1:48).
- B. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- C. Product Test Reports: For each acoustical tile ceiling, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- D. Evaluation Reports: For each acoustical tile ceiling suspension system and anchor and fastener type, from ICC-ES.
- E. Field quality-control reports.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For finishes to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Units: Full-size tiles equal to 3 percent of quantity installed.
  - 2. Suspension-System Components: Quantity of each concealed grid and exposed component equal to 3 percent of quantity installed.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver acoustical tiles, suspension-system components, and accessories to Project site and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
- B. Before installing acoustical tiles, permit them to reach room temperature and a stabilized moisture content.

#### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical tile ceilings until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet-work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

#### A. Source Limitations:

- 1. Suspended Acoustical Tile Ceilings: Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling tile and its suspension system from single source from single manufacturer.
- 2. Directly Attached Acoustical Tile Ceilings: Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling tile from single source from single manufacturer.

# 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Seismic Performance: Suspended ceilings shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame-Spread Index: Class A according to ASTM E1264.
  - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.
- C. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Comply with ASTM E119; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Indicate design designations from UL or from the listings of another qualified testing agency.

## 2.3 ACOUSTICAL TILES: **RC1**

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. <u>Armstrong World Industries, Inc.</u>
  - 2. Certainteed; SAINT-GOBAIN.
  - 3. <u>USG Corporation</u>.
- B. Acoustical Tile Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard tiles of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E1264 classifications as designated by type, form, pattern, acoustical rating, and light reflectance unless otherwise indicated.
- C. **RC1**: Mineral Fiber Acoustical Panel with fine texture. Provide Acoustical panels complying with the following:
  - 1. Product: Armstrong Health Zone Ultima High NRC, Item 1445 (or approved eq.), non sag type, Humigard Plus.

Type and Form: Type AP, Mineral Fiber

2. Pattern: Smooth Fine Texture

- D. Color: White.
- E. Light Reflectance (LR): Not less than 0.86.
- F. Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC): Not less than 35.
- G. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): Not less than 0.80.
- H. Edge/Joint Detail: Square Fit, lay in (Type to be approved by Owner & Engineer)
- I. Thickness: 15/16".
- J. Modular Size: 24" by 24"
- K. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard broad spectrum, antimicrobial formulation that inhibits fungus, mold, mildew, and gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria and showing no mold, mildew, or bacterial growth when tested according to ASTM D3273, ASTM D3274, or ASTM G21 and evaluated according to ASTM D3274 or ASTM G21.

#### 2.4 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. <u>Armstrong Ceiling & Wall Solutions, or approved eq.</u>.
- B. Metal Suspension-System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard, direct-hung, fully concealed, metal suspension system and accessories of type, structural classification, and finish indicated that complies with applicable requirements in ASTM C635/C635M.
  - 1. High-Humidity Finish: Where indicated, provide coating tested and classified for "severe environment performance" according to ASTM C635/C635M.
- C. Direct-Hung, Double-Web Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from and capped with cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized, G30 (Z90) coating designation.
  - 1. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty system.
  - 2. Access: Upward and, with initial access openings of size indicated below and located throughout ceiling within each module formed by main and cross runners, with additional access available by progressively removing remaining acoustical tiles.
    - a. Initial Access Opening: In each module, 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm).

# 2.5 ACCESSORIES

- A. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C635/C635M, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated. Comply with seismic design requirements.
  - a. Corrosion Protection: Carbon-steel components zinc plated according to ASTM B633, Class SC 1 (mild) service condition.

- B. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires as follows:
  - 1. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A641/A641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
  - 2. Size: Wire diameter sufficient for its stress at three times hanger design load (ASTM C635/C635M, Table 1, "Direct Hung") will be less than yield stress of wire, but not less than 0.135-inch- (3.5-mm-) diameter wire.
- C. Hold Down Clips spaced 24 inches o.c. on all cross tees as recommended by Manufacturer.
- D. Roll-Formed, Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Type and profile indicated or, if not indicated, manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations complying with seismic design requirements; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for of suspension-system runners.
  - 1. For circular penetrations of ceiling, provide edge moldings fabricated to diameter required to fit penetration exactly.
  - 2. Finish: Painted white.
- E. Extruded-Aluminum Edge Moldings and Trim: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's extruded-aluminum edge moldings and trim of profile indicated or referenced by manufacturer's designations, including splice plates, corner pieces, and attachment and other clips, complying with seismic design requirements.
  - 1. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A31, Class II, 0.010 mm or thicker.
  - 2. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.04 mm). Comply with ASTM C635/C635M and coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.

#### 2.6 ACOUSTICAL SEALANT

A. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Section 079219 "Acoustical Joint Sealants."

## 2.7 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Acoustical Tile Adhesive: Type recommended in writing by acoustical tile manufacturer, bearing UL label for Class 0-25 flame spread.
- B. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
  - 1. Acoustical Sealant for Exposed and Concealed Joints:
    - a. PL Acoustical Sealant: Chemrex, Inc. Contech Brands
    - b. SHEETROCK Acoustical Sealant, United States Gypsum Co.
  - 2. Acoustical Sealant for Concealed Joints:
    - a. Tremco Acoustical Sealant; Tremco Inc.
    - b. BA-98; Pecora Corp.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, including structural framing and substrates to which acoustical tile ceilings attach or abut, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections that affect ceiling installation and anchorage and for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine acoustical tiles before installation. Reject acoustical tiles that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical tiles to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width tiles at borders unless otherwise indicated, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.
- B. Layout openings for penetrations centered on the penetrating items.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION OF SUSPENDED ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS

- A. Install suspended acoustical tile ceilings according to ASTM C636/C636M and manufacturer's written instructions & comply with CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook".
- B. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
  - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
  - 2. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension-system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
  - 3. Secure wire hangers to ceiling suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly to structure or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for substrate and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
  - 4. Secure flat, angle, channel, and rod hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for both the structure to which hangers are attached and the type of hanger involved. Install hangers in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
  - 5. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
  - 6. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.

- 7. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
- 8. Space hangers not more than 48 inches (1200 mm) o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches (200 mm) from ends of each member.
- 9. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards.
- C. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical tiles.
  - 1. Apply acoustical sealant in a continuous ribbon concealed on back of vertical legs of moldings before they are installed.
  - 2. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. and not more than 3 inches (75 mm) from ends. Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
  - 3. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.
- D. Install suspension-system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
- E. Install acoustical tiles in coordination with suspension system and exposed moldings and trim. Place splines or suspension-system flanges into kerfed edges of tiles so tile-to-tile joints are interlocked.
  - 1. Fit adjoining tiles to form flush, tight joints. Scribe and cut tiles for accurate fit at borders and around penetrations through ceiling.
  - 2. Hold tile field in compression by inserting leaf-type, spring-steel spacers between tiles and moldings, spaced 12 inches (305 mm) o.c.
  - 3. Protect lighting fixtures and air ducts according to requirements indicated for fire-resistance-rated assembly.

## 3.4 ERECTION TOLERANCES

- A. Suspended Ceilings: Install main and cross runners level to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.6 m), non-cumulative.
- B. Moldings and Trim: Install moldings and trim to substrate and level with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.6 m), non-cumulative.

# 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform the following tests and inspections of completed installations of acoustical tile ceiling hangers and anchors and fasteners in successive stages and when installation of ceiling suspension systems on each floor has reached 20 percent completion, but no tiles have been installed. Do not proceed with installations of acoustical tile ceiling hangers for the next area until test results for previously completed installations of acoustical tile ceiling hangers show compliance with requirements.

- B. Acoustical tile ceiling hangers, anchors, and fasteners will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

# 3.6 ADJUSTING

- A. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical tile ceilings, including trim and edge moldings. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage.
- B. Remove and replace tiles and other ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

END OF SECTION 095123

#### SECTION 096723 - RESINOUS FLOORING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes one resinous flooring system, one with epoxy body.
  - 1. Resinous flooring.
  - 2. Integral cove base accessories.
  - 3. Application Method: Metal, power or hand troweled.

# 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preliminary Conference for Alteration Work: Before starting alteration work, Engineer will conduct conference at Project site [395 Hudson Street, Cornwall, N.Y. 12518].
  - 1. Review manufacturer's written instructions for substrate preparation and environmental conditions affecting resinous flooring installation.
  - 2. Review details of integral cove bases.
  - 3. Review manufacturer's written instructions for installing resinous flooring systems.
  - 4. Review protection measures for adjacent construction and installed flooring, floor drainage requirements, curbs, base details, and so forth.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include manufacturer's technical data, installation instructions, and recommendations for each resinous flooring component required.
- B. Samples: For each resinous floor system required and for each color and texture specified, 12 inches (150 mm) square in size, applied to a rigid backing by Installer for this Project.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of exposed finish required.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each resinous flooring system required and for each color and texture specified, 12 inches (150 mm) square, applied to a rigid backing by Installer for this Project.

## 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Material Certificates: For each resinous flooring component.
- C. Material Test Reports: For each resinous flooring system, by a qualified testing agency.
- D. Field quality-control reports.

#### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For resinous flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

# 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. No request for substitution shall be considered that would change the generic type of floor system specified (i.e. epoxy mortar based system with decorative quartz topping). Equivalent materials of other manufactures may be substituted only on approval of Architect or Engineer. Request for substitution will only be considered only if submitted 10 days prior to bid date. Request will be subject to specification requirements described in this section.
- C. Engage an experienced installer (applicator) who is experienced in applying resinous flooring systems similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in applications with a record of successful in-service performance, and who is acceptable to resinous flooring manufacturer.
  - 1. Contractor shall have completed at least 10 projects of similar size and complexity.
- D. Source Limitations: Obtain primary resinous flooring materials, including primers, resins, hardening agents, grouting coats, and topcoats, through one source from a single manufacturer, with not less than ten years of successful experience in manufacturing and installing principal materials described in this section. Provide secondary materials, including patching and fill material, joint sealant, and repair materials, of type and from source recommended by manufacturer of primary materials.
- E. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Simulate finished lighting conditions for Engineer's review of mockups.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Engineer specifically approves such deviations in writing.
- F. Manufacturer Field Technical Service Representatives: Resinous flooring manufacture shall retain the services of Field Technical Service Representatives who are trained specifically on installing the system to be used on the project.

- 1. Field Technical Services Representatives shall be employed by the system manufacture to assist in the quality assurance and quality control process of the installation and shall be available to perform field problem solving issues with the installer.
- 2. Apply full-thickness mockups on 48-inch- (1200-mm-) square floor area selected by Engineer.
  - a. Include 48-inch (1200-mm) length of integral cove base.

# 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in original packages and containers, with seals unbroken, bearing manufacturer's labels indicating brand name and directions for storage and mixing with other components.
- B. Store materials to prevent deterioration from moisture, heat, cold, direct sunlight, or other detrimental effects.
- C. All materials used shall be factory pre-weighed and pre-packaged in single, easy to manage batches to eliminate on site mixing errors. No on site weighing or volumetric measurements allowed.

## 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature, moisture, ventilation, and other conditions affecting resinous flooring installation.
  - 1. Maintain material and substrate temperature between 65 and 85 deg F (18 and 30 deg C) during resinous flooring application and for not less than 24 hours after application.
- B. Lighting: Provide permanent lighting or, if permanent lighting is not in place, simulate permanent lighting conditions during resinous flooring installation.
- C. Close spaces to traffic during resinous flooring installation and for 24 hours after installation unless manufacturer recommends a longer period.
- D. Concrete substrate shall be properly cured for a minimum of 30 days. A vapor barrier must be present for concrete subfloors on or below grade. Otherwise, an osmotic pressure resistant grout must be installed prior to the resinous flooring

#### 2.0 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer shall furnish a single, written warranty covering both material and workmanship for a period of (1) full years from date of installation, or provide a joint and several warranty signed on a single document by material manufacturer and applicator jointly and severally warranting the materials and workmanship for a period of (1) full year from date of installation. A sample warranty letter must be included with bid package or bid may be disqualified.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 RESINOUS FLOORING

- A. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include,
  - 1. Must comply with troweled mortar base with broadcast topping. Liquid rich, slurry type systems will not be accepted, and will result in a disqualification from bid.
- B. Acceptable Manufactures,
  - 1. Stonhard Basis of Design Mike Pepper 347 306 5280, mpepper@stonhard.com
- C. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements:
  - 1. Stonhard, Inc.; Stonshield HRI®.
- D. System Characteristics:
  - 1. Color and Pattern: Client & Engineer shall choose from Manuf. Standard colors.
  - 2. Wearing Surface: standard with Urethane Sealant at restroom locations.
  - 3. Integral Cove Base: 6 inches high, thickness TBD. Align face of cove with face of tiled wall.
  - 4. Overall System Thickness: Nominal 3/16"
- E. System Components: Manufacturer's standard components that are compatible with each other and as follows:
  - 1. Primer:
    - a. Material Basis: Stonhard Standard Primer
    - b. Resin: Epoxy
    - c. Formulation Description: (2) two component, 100 percent solids.
    - d. Application Method: Squeegee and roller.
    - e. Number of Coats: (1) one.
  - 2. Mortar Base:
    - a. Material design basis: Stonclad GS
    - b. Resin: Epoxy.
    - c. Formulation Description: (3) three component, 100 percent solids.
    - d. Application Method: Metal Trowel.
      - 1) Thickness of Coats: nominal 3/16" (inch).
      - 2) Number of Coats: One.
    - e. Aggregates: Pigmented Blended aggregate.
  - 3. Undercoat:
    - a. Material Basis: Stonshield undercoat.
    - b. Resin: Epoxy

- c. Formulation Description: (2) two-component, 100% solids, UV Stable.
- d. Type: Clear.
- e. Finish: Gloss.
- f. Number of Coats: one.

#### 4. Broadcast Media:

- a. Material Basis: Stonshield quartz aggregate
- b. Type: pigmented.
- c. Finish: standard.
- d. Number of Coats: one.
- e. Pattern: Tweed.

#### 5. Sealer:

- a. Material Basis: Stonshield Sealer.
- b. Resin: Epoxy
- c. Formulation Description: (2) two-component, 100% solids, UV Stable.
- d. Type: Clear.
- e. Finish: Gloss.
- f. Number of Coats: one.
- g. Texture level: Standard or medium.

Note: Components listed above are the basis of design intent; all bids will be compared to this standard including resin chemistry, color, wearing surface, thickness, and installation procedures, including number of coats. Contractor shall be required to comply with all the requirements of the Specifications and all of the components required by the Specifications, whether or not such products are specifically listed above.

## 2.2 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Patching and Fill Material: Resinous product of or approved by resinous flooring manufacturer and recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.
- B. Joint Sealant: Type recommended or produced by resinous flooring manufacturer for type of service and joint condition indicated. Allowances should be included for Stonflex MP7 joint fill material, and CT5 concrete crack treatment.
- C. Waterproof membrane, use of Stonproof ME7 waterproof membrane required on floors above grade, 25 mil waterproof membrane.
- D. Pitch materials, use of Stonset TG5 required for all areas that require positive pitch to drains.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resinous flooring systems.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. General: Prepare and clean substrates according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate indicated. Provide clean, dry, and neutral Ph substrate for resinous flooring application.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Provide sound concrete surfaces free of laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, form-release agents, dust, dirt, grease, oil, and other contaminants incompatible with resinous flooring.
  - 1. Mechanically prepare substrates as follows:
    - a. Shot-blast surfaces with an apparatus that abrades the concrete surface, contains the dispensed shot within the apparatus, and recirculates the shot by vacuum pickup.
    - b. Comply with ASTM C 811 requirements unless manufacturer's written instructions are more stringent.
  - 2. Repair damaged and deteriorated concrete according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written recommendations.
  - 3. Verify that concrete substrates are dry.
    - a. Perform in situ probe test, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with application only after substrates do not exceed a maximum potential equilibrium relative humidity of 75 percent.
    - b. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with application only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 5 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. of slab in 24 hours.
    - c. Perform additional moisture tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with application only after substrates pass testing.
  - 4. Verify that concrete substrates have neutral Ph and that resinous flooring will adhere to them. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with application only after substrates pass testing.

- C. Resinous Materials: Mix components and prepare materials according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Use patching and fill material to fill holes and depressions in substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Treat control joints and other nonmoving substrate cracks to prevent cracks from reflecting through resinous flooring according to manufacturer's written recommendations. Allowances should be included for Stonflex MP7 joint fill material, and CT5 concrete crack treatment.

## 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. General: Apply components of resinous flooring system according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a uniform, monolithic wearing surface of thickness indicated.
  - 1. Coordinate application of components to provide optimum adhesion of resinous flooring system to substrate, and optimum intercoat adhesion.
  - 2. Cure resinous flooring components according to manufacturer's written instructions. Prevent contamination during application and curing processes.
  - 3. At substrate expansion and isolation joints, provide joint in resinous flooring to comply with resinous flooring manufacturer's written recommendations.
    - a. Apply joint sealant to comply with manufacturer's written recommendations.
- B. Apply primer where required by resinous system, over prepared substrate at manufacturer's recommended spreading rate.
- C. Integral Cove Base: Stonshield cove mortar, apply cove base mix to wall surfaces before applying flooring. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions and details including those for taping, mixing, priming, troweling, sanding, of cove base. Round internal and external corners.
  - 1. Integral Cove Base: 6 inches high.
- D. Apply metal trowel single mortar coat in thickness indicated for flooring system. Hand or power trowel and grout to fill voids. When cured, sand to remove trowel marks and roughness.
- E. Undercoat: Remove any surface irregularities by lightly abrading and vacuuming the floor surface. Mix and apply undercoat with strict adherence to manufacturer's installation procedures and coverage rates.
- F. Broadcast: Immediately broadcast quartz silica aggregate into the undercoat using manufacturer's specially designed spray caster. Strict adherence to manufacturer's installation procedures and coverage rates is imperative.
- G. Apply topcoat(s) in number of coats indicated for flooring system and at spreading rates recommended in writing by manufacturer.

## 3.4 TERMINATIONS

- A. Chase edges to "lock" the flooring system into the concrete substrate along lines of termination.
- B. Penetration Treatment: Lap and seal resinous system onto the perimeter of the penetrating item by bridging over compatible elastomer at the interface to compensate for possible movement.
- C. Trenches: Continue flooring system into trenches to maintain monolithic protection. Treat cold joints to assure bridging of potential cracks.
- D. Treat floor drains by chasing the flooring system to lock in place at point of termination.

#### 3.5 JOINTS AND CRACKS

- A. Treat control joints to bridge potential cracks and to maintain monolithic protection.
- B. Treat cold joints and construction joints to bridge potential cracks and to maintain monolithic protection on horizontal and vertical surfaces as well as horizontal and vertical interfaces.
- C. Discontinue floor coating system at vertical and horizontal contraction and expansion joints by installing backer rod and compatible sealant after coating installation is completed. Provide sealant type recommended by manufacturer for traffic conditions and chemical exposures to be encountered.

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Material Sampling: Owner may, at any time and any number of times during resinous flooring installation, require material samples for testing for compliance with requirements.
  - 1. Owner will engage an independent testing agency to take samples of materials being used. Material samples will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
  - 2. Testing agency will test samples for compliance with requirements, using applicable referenced testing procedures or, if not referenced, using testing procedures listed in manufacturer's product data.
  - 3. If test results show applied materials do not comply with specified requirements, pay for testing, remove noncomplying materials, prepare surfaces coated with unacceptable materials, and reinstall flooring materials to comply with requirements.
- B. Core Sampling: At Owner's direction and at locations designated by Owner, take one core sample per 1000 sq. ft. (92.9 sq. m) of resinous flooring, or portion of, to verify thickness. For each sample that fails to comply with requirements, take two additional samples. Repair damage caused by coring. Correct deficiencies in installed flooring as indicated by testing.

## 3.7 CLEANING, PROTECTING, AND CURING

A. Cure resinous flooring materials in compliance with manufacturer's directions, taking care to prevent contamination during stages of application and prior to completion of curing process. Close area of application for a minimum of 18 hours.

- B. Protect resinous flooring materials from damage and wear during construction operation. Where temporary covering is required for this purpose, comply with manufacturer's recommendations for protective materials and method of application. General Contractor is responsible for protection and cleaning of surfaces after final coats.
- C. Cleaning: Remove temporary covering and clean resinous flooring just prior to final inspection. Use cleaning materials and procedures recommended by resinous flooring manufacturer.

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#### SECTION 099123 - INTERIOR PAINTING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Primers.
  - 2. Water-based finish coatings.
  - 3. Solvent-based finish coatings.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for shop priming metal fabrications.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
  - 1. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
  - 2. Indicate VOC content.
- B. Samples: For each type of topcoat product.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of topcoat product.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of paint system and each color and gloss of topcoat.
  - 1. Submit Samples on rigid backing, 8 inches (200 mm) square.
  - 2. Apply coats on Samples in steps to show each coat required for system.
  - 3. Label each coat of each Sample.
  - 4. Label each Sample for location and application area.
- E. Product Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in the Interior Painting Schedule to cross-reference paint systems specified in this Section. Include color designations.

## 1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

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1. Paint Products: 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. (3.8 L) of each material and color applied.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Engineer will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system.
    - a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
    - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
  - 2. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
    - a. If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Engineer at no added cost to Owner.
  - 3. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Engineer specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 4. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.
  - 3. Materials shall be delivered to Job Site in manufacturer's original, unopened packages and containers bearing the manufacturer's name and label and the following information:
    - a. Product name or title of material.
    - b. Product description (generic classification / binder type)
    - c. Manufacturer's stock item number and date of manufacture.
    - d. Contents by volume, for pigment and vehicle constituents.
    - e. Thinning instructions.
    - f. Application instructions
    - g. Color name & number
    - h. VOC Content.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).

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B. Do not apply paints when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures of less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
  - 2. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
  - 3. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each paint product from single source from single manufacturer.

# 2.2 PAINT PRODUCTS, GENERAL

### A. Material Compatibility:

- 1. Materials for use within each paint system shall be compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- 2. For each coat in a paint system, products shall be recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturers for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.

# B. Material Quality:

Provide manufacturer's best quality paint material of the various coating types specified that are all factory formulated and recommended by manufacturer for the application indicated. Paint-material containers not displaying manufacturer's product identification will not be acceptable.

- a. Proprietary Names: Use of Manufacturer's proprietary product names to designate colors or materials is not intended to imply that the products named are required to be used to the exclusion of equivalent products of other manufacturers. Furnish manufacturer's material data and certificates of performance for proposed substitutions.
- C. Chemical components of interior paints and coatings: Provide products which comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, subpart D (EPA Method 24) and the following chemical restrictions:
  - 1. Flat paints and coatings: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
  - 2. Anti-corrosive coatings: VOC content of not more than 250 g/L.
  - 3. Non Flat paints and coatings: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
  - 4. Varnishes & Sanding Sealers: VOC content of not more than 275 g/L.
  - 5. Stains: VOC content of not more than 250 g/L.
  - 6. Aromatic compounds: Paints and components coatings shall not contain more than 1.0 percent by weight of total aromatic compounds (hydro carbon compounds containing one or more benzene rings).

- 7. Restricted Components: paints and coatings shall not contain any of the following:
  - a. Acrolein
  - b. Acrylonitrile
  - c. Antimony
  - d. Benzene
  - e. Butyl benzyl phthalate
  - f. Cadmium
  - g. Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate
  - h. Di-n-butyl phthalate
  - i. Di-n-octyl phthalate
  - j. 1,2-dichlorobenzene
  - k. Diethyl phthalate
  - 1. Ethylbenzene
  - m. Formaldehyde
  - n. Hexavalent chromium
  - o. Lead
  - p. Mercury
  - q. Methyl ethyl ketone
  - r. Methyl isobutyl ketone
  - s. Methylene chloride
  - t. Naphthalene
  - u. Toluene
  - v. 1,1,1, trichloroethane
  - w. Vinyl chloride
- D. Colors: As selected by Owner & Engineer.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
  - 1. Concrete: 05 percent.
  - 2. Fiber-Cement Board: 12 percent.
  - 3. Masonry (Clay and CMUs): 12 percent.
  - 4. Wood: 15 percent.
  - 5. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
  - 6. Plaster: 12 percent.
- C. Gypsum Board Substrates: Verify that finishing compound is sanded smooth.
- D. Plaster Substrates: Verify that plaster is fully cured.
- E. Spray-Textured Ceiling Substrates: Verify that surfaces are dry.

- F. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility, with existing finishes and primers.
- G. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- D. Concrete Substrates: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces or mortar joints exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Steel Substrates: Remove rust, loose mill scale, and shop primer, if any. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer but not less than the following:
  - 1. SSPC-SP 2.
  - 2. SSPC-SP 11.
- G. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.
- H. Aluminum Substrates: Remove loose surface oxidation.
- I. Wood Substrates:
  - 1. Scrape and clean knots and apply coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
  - 2. Sand surfaces that will be exposed to view, and dust off.
  - 3. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of wood.

- 4. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dried.
- J. Cotton or Canvas Insulation Covering Substrates: Remove dust, dirt, and other foreign material that might impair bond of paints to substrates.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
  - 3. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
  - 4. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
  - 5. Primers specified in painting schedules may be omitted on items that are factory primed or factory finished if acceptable to topcoat manufacturers.
- B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- E. Painting Fire-Suppression, Plumbing, HVAC, Electrical, Communication, and Electronic Safety and Security Work:
  - 1. Paint the following work where exposed in equipment rooms:
    - a. Uninsulated metal piping.
    - b. Uninsulated plastic piping.
    - c. Pipe hangers and supports.
    - d. Metal conduit.
    - e. Plastic conduit.
    - f. Tanks that do not have factory-applied final finishes.
    - g. Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
    - h. See M.E.P. documents for additional information.
  - 2. Paint the following work where exposed in occupied spaces:
    - a. Equipment, including panelboards.
    - b. Uninsulated metal piping.

- c. Uninsulated plastic piping.
- d. Pipe hangers and supports.
- e. Metal conduit.
- f. Plastic conduit.
- g. Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
- h. Other items as directed by Engineer.
- 3. Paint portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets that are visible from occupied spaces.

## 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Dry-Film Thickness Testing: Owner may engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test paint for dry-film thickness.
  - 1. Contractor shall touch up and restore painted surfaces damaged by testing.
  - 2. If test results show that dry-film thickness of applied paint does not comply with paint manufacturer's written recommendations, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry-film thickness that complies with paint manufacturer's written recommendations.

#### 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
  - 1. Do not clean equipment with free-draining water and prevent solvents, thinners, cleaners, and other contaminants from entering into waterways, sanitary and storm drain systems, and ground.
  - 2. Dispose of contaminants in accordance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 3. Allow empty paint cans to dry before disposal.
  - 4. Collect waste paint by type and deliver to recycling or collection facility.
- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

## 3.6 INTERIOR PAINT SCHEDULE (NO VOC PAINT)

A. Gypsum Board: Allow substrate to cure. Provide the following finish systems over interior gypsum board surfaces:

- 1. Low-Luster Acrylic Enamel Finish:
  - a. Primer: Interior gypsum board primer.
    - 1.) Benjamin Moore; Eco Spec WB Interior Latex Primer No. N372; apply at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mil.
    - 2.) Pittsburgh Paints; 9-2 Pure Performance Interior Latex Primer; applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.0 mil.
    - 3.) Sherwin Williams; Harmony Interior Latex Primer B11W900: applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.6 mils for gypsum board surfaces allowed to cure for 30 days before applying a primer.
    - 4.) Sherwin Williams; Harmony Interior Latex Primer B11W900: applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 3.0 mils for gypsum board surfaces allowed to cure for 7 to 29 days before applying a primer.
  - b. Two Finish Coats: Interior low luster enamel
    - 1. Benjamin Moore; Eco Spec WB Interior Latex Eggshell No. N374: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.4 mil.
    - 2. Pittsburgh Paints; 9-411 Pure Performance Eggshell Interior Latex; applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.4 mil.
    - 3. Sherwin Williams; Harmony Interior Latex Eg-Shel B9 Series: applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.6 mils.
- B. Ferrous Metal: Provide the following finish systems over ferrous metal:
  - 1. Semigloss Acrylic Enamel Finish:
    - a. Primer: Interior ferrous metal primer.
      - 1. Benjamin Moore; Super Spec HP Acrylic Metal Primer No. P04; apply at a dry film thickness of not less than 2.0 mils.
      - 2. Pittsburgh Paints; 90-712 PITT-TECH Int / Ext Primer Finish DTM Industrial Enamel; applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils.
      - 3. Sherwin-Williams; PrepRite Bonding Primer B51W50: applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 3.0 mils.
    - b. Two Finish Coats: Interior low luster enamel
      - 1.) Benjamin Moore; Eco Spec WB Interior Latex Semi-Gloss No. N376: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.4 mil.
      - 2.) Pittsburgh Paints; 9-4510 Pure Performance Semi-Gloss Interior Latex; applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.1 mil.

3.) Sherwin Williams; Harmony Interior Latex Semi-Gloss B10 Series: applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.6 mils.

END OF SECTION 099123

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# SECTION 101423.16 - ROOM-IDENTIFICATION PANEL SIGNAGE

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes room-identification signs that are directly attached to the building.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Accessible: In accordance with the accessibility standard.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer and manufacturer.
- B. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

## 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For signs to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Variable Component Materials: 12 replaceable text inserts and interchangeable characters (letters, numbers, and graphic elements) of each type.
  - 2. Tools: One set(s) of specialty tools for assembling signs and replacing variable sign components.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by manufacturer.

#### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of signs that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. Deterioration of finishes beyond normal weathering.
- b. Deterioration of embedded graphic image.
- c. Separation or delamination of sheet materials and components.
- 2. Warranty Period: seven years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Accessibility Standard: Comply with applicable provisions in the USDOJ's "2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design" and ICC A117.1.
  - 1. Interior Code Signage: Provide signage as required by accessibility regulations and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
    - a. Illuminated exit signs.
    - b. Signs for Accessible Spaces.

## 2.2 ROOM-IDENTIFICATION SIGNS

- A. Room-Identification Sign: with smooth, uniform surfaces; with message and characters having uniform faces, sharp corners, and precisely formed lines and profiles; and as follows:
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. APCO Graphics, Inc.
    - b. ASI Sign Systems, Inc.
    - c. Mohawk Sign Systems.
    - d. Seton Identification Products; a Brady Corporation company.
  - 2. Laminated-Sheet Sign: Photopolymer face sheet with raised graphics laminated over subsurface graphics to acrylic backing sheet to produce composite sheet.
    - a. Composite-Sheet Thickness: Manufacturer's standard for size of sign.
    - b. Surface-Applied Graphics: Applied vinyl film.
    - c. Subsurface Graphics: Reverse halftone or dot-screen image shall be verified by Owner & Engineer.
    - d. Color(s): As selected by Engineer from manufacturer's full range.
  - 3. Sign-Panel Perimeter: Finish edges smooth.
    - a. Edge Condition at Vertical Edges at Horizontal Edges: Square cut.
    - b. Corner Condition in Elevation: Square.
  - 4. Mounting: Manufacturer's standard method for substrates indicated with adhesive.
  - 5. Text and Typeface: Accessible raised characters and Braille typeface as selected by Engineer from manufacturer's full range and variable content as scheduled.

## 2.3 SIGN MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum Sheet and Plate: ASTM B209 (ASTM B209M), alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
- B. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B221 (ASTM B221M), alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
- C. Acrylic Sheet: ASTM D4802, category as standard with manufacturer for each sign, Type UVF (UV filtering).
- D. Vinyl Film: UV-resistant vinyl film with pressure-sensitive, permanent adhesive; die cut to form characters or images as indicated on Drawings.
- E. Paints and Coatings for Sheet Materials: Inks, dyes, and paints that are recommended by manufacturer for optimum adherence to surface and are UV and water resistant for colors and exposure indicated.

### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners and Anchors: Manufacturer's standard as required for secure anchorage of signs, noncorrosive and compatible with each material joined, and complying with the following:
  - 1. Use concealed fasteners and anchors unless indicated to be exposed.
  - 2. For exterior exposure, furnish stainless-steel devices unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Exposed Metal-Fastener Components, General:
    - a. Fabricated from same basic metal and finish of fastened sign unless otherwise indicated.
    - b. Fastener Heads: Use flathead or oval countersunk screws and bolts with tamperresistant Allen-head slots unless otherwise indicated.

# 4. Sign Mounting Fasteners:

- a. Concealed Studs: Concealed (blind), threaded studs welded or brazed to back of sign material or screwed into back of sign assembly unless otherwise indicated.
- b. Through Fasteners: Exposed metal fasteners matching sign finish, with type of head indicated, and installed in predrilled holes.
- B. Adhesive: As recommended by sign manufacturer.
- C. Two-Face Tape: Manufacturer's standard high-bond, foam-core tape, 0.045 inch (1.14 mm) thick, with adhesive on both sides.
- D. Magnetic Tape: Manufacturer's standard magnetic tape with adhesive on one side.

#### 2.5 FABRICATION

A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard sign assemblies according to requirements indicated.

- 1. Preassemble signs and assemblies in the shop to greatest extent possible. Disassemble signs and assemblies only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark units for reassembly and installation; apply markings in locations concealed from view after final assembly.
- 2. Mill joints to a tight, hairline fit. Form assemblies and joints exposed to weather to resist water penetration and retention.
- 3. Conceal connections if possible; otherwise, locate connections where they are inconspicuous.
- 4. Provide rabbets, lugs, and tabs necessary to assemble components and to attach to existing work. Drill and tap for required fasteners. Use concealed fasteners where possible; use exposed fasteners that match sign finish.

# 2.6 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

- A. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install signs using mounting methods indicated and according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Install signs level, plumb, true to line, and at locations and heights indicated, with sign surfaces free of distortion and other defects in appearance.
  - 2. Install signs so they do not protrude or obstruct according to the accessibility standard.
  - 3. Before installation, verify that sign surfaces are clean and free of materials or debris that would impair installation.
- B. Accessibility: Install signs in locations on walls as indicated on Drawings and according to the accessibility standard.

# C. Mounting Methods:

- 1. Concealed Studs: Using a template, drill holes in substrate aligning with studs on back of sign. Remove loose debris from hole and substrate surface.
  - a. Masonry Substrates: Fill holes with adhesive. Leave recess space in hole for displaced adhesive. Place sign in position and push until flush to surface, embedding studs in holes. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.
  - b. Thin or Hollow Surfaces: Place sign in position and flush to surface, install washers and nuts on studs projecting through opposite side of surface, and tighten.

- 2. Through Fasteners: Drill holes in substrate using predrilled holes in sign as template. Countersink holes in sign if required. Place sign in position and flush to surface. Install through fasteners and tighten.
- 3. Adhesive: Clean bond-breaking materials from substrate surface and remove loose debris. Apply linear beads or spots of adhesive symmetrically to back of sign and of suitable quantity to support weight of sign after cure without slippage. Keep adhesive away from edges to prevent adhesive extrusion as sign is applied and to prevent visibility of cured adhesive at sign edges. Place sign in position, and push to engage adhesive. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.
- 4. Two-Face Tape: Clean bond-breaking materials from substrate surface and remove loose debris. Apply tape strips symmetrically to back of sign and of suitable quantity to support weight of sign without slippage. Keep strips away from edges to prevent visibility at sign edges. Place sign in position, and push to engage tape adhesive.

#### 3.2 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Remove and replace damaged or deformed signs and signs that do not comply with specified requirements. Replace signs with damaged or deteriorated finishes or components that cannot be successfully repaired by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.
- B. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as signs are installed.
- C. On completion of installation, clean exposed surfaces of signs according to manufacturer's written instructions and touch up minor nicks and abrasions in finish. Maintain signs in a clean condition during construction and protect from damage until acceptance by Owner.

**END OF SECTION 101423.16** 

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## SECTION 102113.19 - PLASTIC TOILET COMPARTMENTS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

1. Solid-plastic toilet compartments.

# B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 061000 "Rough Carpentry" for blocking.
- 2. Section 092216 "Non-Structural Metal Framing" for blocking.
- 3. Section 102800 "Toilet, Bath, and Laundry Accessories" for accessories mounted on toilet compartments.

## 1.2 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate requirements for blocking, reinforcing, and other supports concealed within wall to ensure that toilet compartments can be supported and installed as indicated.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

### A. Product Data:

- 1. Solid-plastic toilet compartments:
  - a. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for toilet compartments.

#### B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, attachment details with location and type of hardware required.
- 2. Show locations of cutouts for compartment-mounted toilet accessories.
- 3. Show locations of centerlines of toilet fixtures.
- 4. Show locations of floor drains.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's standard color sheets, showing full range of available colors for each type of toilet compartment.
  - 1. Include Samples of hardware and accessories involving material and color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification: Actual sample of finished products for each type of toilet compartment, hardware, and accessory.
  - 1. Size: Manufacturer's standard size.

- E. Delegated Design Submittals: For grab bars mounted on toilet compartment panels, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
  - 1. Include structural design calculations indicating compliance with specified structural-performance requirements.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For toilet compartments.

#### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Extra Stock Materials: Furnish extra materials to Owner that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Door Hinges: 2 hinge(s) with associated fasteners.
  - 2. Latch and Keeper: 2 latch(es) and keeper(s) with associated fasteners.
  - 3. Door Bumper: 2 bumper(s) with associated fasteners.
  - 4. Door Pull: 2 door pull(s) with associated fasteners.
  - 5. Fasteners: 6 fasteners of each size and type.

#### 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of toilet fixtures, walls, columns, ceilings, and other construction contiguous with toilet compartments by field measurements and coordinate before fabrication.

#### WARRANTY

Manufacturer shall guarantee its plastic against breakage, corrosion, and delamination under normal conditions for 25 years from the date of receipt by the customer. If materials are found to be defective during that period for reasons listed above, the materials will be replaced free of charge. (Labor not included in warranty.)

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

A. Obtain plastic toilet compartments from single source from single manufacturer.

## 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Fire Performance: Tested in accordance with, and pass the acceptance criteria of, NFPA 286.

- B. Structural Performance: Where grab bars are mounted on toilet compartments, design panels to comply with the following requirements:
  - 1. Panels are able to withstand a concentrated load on grab bar of at least 250 lbf (1112 N) applied at any direction and at any point, without deformation of panel.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the USDOJ's "2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design" and ICC A117.1 for toilet compartments designated as accessible.

# 2.3 SOLID-PLASTIC TOILET COMPARTMENTS, DRAWINGS DESIGNATION [SP-1]

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer: Scranton Products, Scranton Products, which is located at: 801 E. Corey St.; Scranton, PA 18505; Toll Free Tel: 800-445-5148; Fax: 855-376-6161; Email:request info (info@scrantonproducts.com); Web:http://www.scrantonproducts.com
- B. Eclipse Toilet Partition Line: 72 inch, extra high (full Privacy)
- C. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Floor anchored, privacy type.
- D. Entrance-Screen Style: Floor anchored.
- E. Urinal-Screen Style: Wall hung.
- F. Door, Panel, and Pilaster Construction: Solid, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) material, not less than 1 inch (25 mm) thick, seamless, with shiplap edges, and with homogenous color throughout thickness of material.
  - 1. Color: SHALE
- G. Entrance-Screen Construction: Matching panel construction.
- H. Urinal-Screen Construction: Matching panel construction.
- I. Pilaster Shoes: Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel.
- J. Pilaster Sleeves (Caps): Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel.
- K. Brackets (Fittings):
  - 1. Continuous heavy duty extruded aluminum, clear anodized finish, inserted into slotted panel and fastened to panels with stainless steel tamper resistant screws. Double ear bracket aluminum, length of 71 inches. (Verify with client & engineer)

## 2.4 HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Door Hardware and Accessories: Manufacturer's operating hardware and accessories.
  - 1. Hinges:

- a. Manufacturer's continuous, helix type that swings to a full closed position, allowing emergency access by lifting door.
  - 1) Material, Continuous Hinge: Stainless steel.
- 2. Latch and Keeper: Manufacturer's surface-mounted latch unit, designed for emergency access, and with combination rubber-faced door strike and keeper. Provide units that comply with regulatory requirements for accessibility at toilet enclosures designated as accessible.
  - a. Material: Stainless steel.
- 3. Coat Hook: Manufacturer's combination hook and rubber-tipped bumper, sized to prevent in swinging door from hitting compartment-mounted accessories.
  - a. Material: Chrome-plated zamac.
- 4. Door Bumper: Manufacturer's rubber-tipped bumper at out swinging doors.
  - a. Material: Chrome-plated zamac.
- 5. Door Pull: Manufacturer's unit at out swinging doors that complies with regulatory requirements for accessibility. Provide units on both sides of doors at toilet enclosures designated as accessible.
  - a. Material: Chrome-plated zamac.
- B. Overhead Bracing: Manufacturer's standard continuous, extruded-aluminum head rail with anti grip profile and in manufacturer's standard finish.
- C. Anchorages and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard exposed fasteners of stainless steel, finished to match items they are securing, with theft-resistant-type heads. Provide sex-type bolts for through-bolt applications. For concealed anchors, use stainless steel, hot-dip galvanized steel, or other rust-resistant, protective-coated steel compatible with related materials.

### 2.5 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum Castings: ASTM B26/B26M.
- B. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B221 (ASTM B221M).
- C. Zamac: ASTM B86, commercial zinc-alloy die castings.

#### 2.6 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate toilet compartment components to sizes indicated. Coordinate requirements and provide cutouts for through-partition toilet accessories where required for attachment of toilet accessories.

B. Floor-Anchored Units: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies at pilasters and walls, with leveling adjustment nuts at pilasters for structural connection to floor. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal anchorage.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for fastening, support, alignment, operating clearances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Confirm location and adequacy of blocking and supports required for installation.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install units rigid, straight, level, and plumb. Secure units in position with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.
  - 1. Maximum Clearances:
    - a. Pilasters and Panels or Screens: 3/8 inch (13 mm).
    - b. Panels or Screens and Walls: 3/8 inch (25 mm).
  - 2. Full-Height (Continuous) Brackets: Secure panels or screens to walls and to pilasters with full-height brackets.
    - a. Locate bracket fasteners, so holes for wall anchors occur in masonry or tile joints.
    - b. Align brackets at pilasters with brackets at walls.
- B. Floor-Anchored Units: Set pilasters with anchors penetrating not less than 2 inches (51 mm) into structural floor unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written instructions. Level, plumb, and tighten pilasters. Hang doors and adjust, so tops of doors are level with tops of pilasters when doors are in closed position.
- C. Urinal Screens: Attach with anchoring devices to suit supporting structure. Set units level and plumb, rigid, and secured to resist lateral impact.

#### 3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware in accordance with hardware manufacturer's written instructions for proper operation. Set hinges on inswinging doors to hold doors open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched. Set hinges on outswinging doors to return doors to fully closed position.

END OF SECTION 102113.19

# SECTION 102800 - TOILET, BATH, AND LAUNDRY ACCESSORIES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Public-use washroom accessories.
- 2. Underlayatory guards.

## B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 093013 "Ceramic Tiling" for ceramic toilet and bath accessories.

#### 1.2 ALLOWANCES

A. See Section 012100 "Allowances" for description of allowances affecting items specified in this Section.

#### 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate accessory locations with other work to prevent interference with clearances required for access by people with disabilities, and for proper installation, adjustment, operation, cleaning, and servicing of accessories.
- B. Deliver inserts and anchoring devices set into concrete or masonry as required to prevent delaying the Work.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

### A. Product Data:

- 1. Public-use washroom accessories.
- 2. Underlayatory guards.
- B. Product Data Submittals: For each product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
  - 2. Include anchoring and mounting requirements, including requirements for cutouts in other work and substrate preparation.
  - 3. Include electrical characteristics.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each finish specified, full size.
  - 1. Approved full-size Samples will be returned and may be used in the Work.

- D. Product Schedule: Indicating types, quantities, sizes, and installation locations by room of each accessory required.
  - 1. Identify locations using room designations indicated.
- E. Delegated Design Submittals: For grab bars.
  - 1. Include structural design calculations indicating compliance with specified structural-performance requirements.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Sample Warranty: For manufacturer's special warranties.

# 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For accessories to include in maintenance manuals.

### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Mirrors: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace mirrors that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, visible silver spoilage defects.
  - 2. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

1. Grab Bars: Installed units are able to resist 250 lbf (1112 N) concentrated load applied in any direction and at any point.

### 2.2 PUBLIC-USE WASHROOM ACCESSORIES

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain public-use washroom accessories from single source from single manufacturer.
- B. Toilet Tissue (Roll) Dispenser AC-03
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
  - 2. Description: Roll-in-reserve dispenser with hinged front secured with tumbler lockset.
  - 3. Mounting: Surface mounted.
  - 4. Operation: Noncontrol delivery with theft-resistant spindle.
  - 5. Capacity: Designed for 4-1/2- or 5-inch- (114- or 127-mm-) diameter tissue rolls.

- 6. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin).
- C. Combination Towel (Folded) Dispenser/Waste Receptacle: AC-16
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
    - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
  - 2. Description: Combination unit for dispensing C-fold or multifold towels, with removable waste receptacle.
  - 3. Mounting: Semi-recessed.
    - a. Designed for nominal 4-inch (100-mm) wall depth.
  - 4. Minimum Towel-Dispenser Capacity: 600 C-fold or 800 multifold paper towels.
  - 5. Minimum Waste-Receptacle Capacity: 4 gal. (15 L).
  - 6. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin).
  - 7. Liner: Reusable, vinyl waste-receptacle liner.
  - 8. Lockset: Tumbler type for towel-dispenser compartment and waste receptacle.

# D. Soap Dispenser AC-02

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
- 2. Description: Designed for automatic operation and dispensing foam soap.
- 3. Mounting: Vertically oriented, surface mounted.
- 4. Capacity: 27 Fl. -oz.
- 5. Materials: Stainless Steel
- 6. Lockset: key lock.
- 7. Refill Indicator: Window type.

#### E. Grab Bar AC-04, AC-05, AC-07, AC-17

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - a. <u>Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.</u>
- 2. Mounting: Flanges with concealed fasteners.
- 3. Material: Stainless steel, 0.05 inch (1.3 mm) thick.
  - a. Finish: Smooth, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin) on ends and slip-resistant texture in grip area.
- 4. Outside Diameter: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm).
- 5. Configuration and Length:

- a. **AC-04**: B46806X42, 42 inches long
- b. **AC-05**: B46806X36, 36 inches long
- c. **AC-07**: B46806X12, 12 inches long
- d. **AC-17**: B46806X18, 18 inches long

# F. Sanitary-Napkin and Tampon Vendor **AC-12**:

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - a. <u>Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.</u>
- 2. Mounting: Semi-recessed.
- 3. Capacity: 30 Tampons and 20 Napkins
- 4. Operation: Single coin (25 cents).
- 5. Exposed Material and Finish: Stainless steel, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin).
- 6. Lockset: Tumbler type with separate lock and key for coin box.

# G. Sanitary-Napkin Disposal Unit AC-22

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - a. <u>Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.</u>
- 2. Mounting: (1) Partition surface mounted & (1) wall surface mounted.
- 3. Door or Cover: Self-closing, disposal-opening cover and hinged face panel with tumbler lockset.
- 4. Receptacle: Removable.
- 5. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin).

#### H. Mirror Unit **AC-08**:

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - a. <u>Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.</u>
- 2. Frame: Stainless steel channel.
  - a. Corners: Mitered and mechanically interlocked.
- 3. Size: B-290 1836 (18 inches by 36 inches height)
- I. Hangers: Manufacturer's standard rigid, tamper and theft resistant

#### J. Mirror Unit **AC-09**:

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - a. <u>Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.</u>

- 2. Frame: Stainless steel channel.
  - a. Corners: Mitered and mechanically interlocked.
- 3. Size: B-290 2436 (24 inches by 36 inches height)
- 4. Hangers: Manufacturer's standard rigid, tamper and theft resistant.

#### K. Hook **AC-11**:

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - a. <u>Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.</u>
- 2. Description: Double-prong unit.
- 3. Mounting: Exposed.
- 4. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin).

## 2.3 CHILDCARE ACCESSORIES

### A. Diaper-Changing Station AC-13:

1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:

#### a. Koala Kare.

- 2. Description: Horizontal unit that opens by folding down from stored position and with child-protection strap.
  - a. Engineered to support minimum of 250 lb (113 kg) static load when opened.
- 3. Mounting: Semi-recessed, with unit projecting not more than 1 inch (25 mm) from wall when closed. (See note on drawings regarding recessed option if permissible based on field conditions)
- 4. Operation: By pneumatic shock-absorbing mechanism.
- 5. Material and Finish: Stainless steel, ASTM A480/A480M No. 4 finish (satin), exterior shell with rounded plastic corners; HDPE interior in manufacturer's standard color.
- 6. Liner Dispenser: Provide built-in dispenser for disposable sanitary liners.

# 2.4 UNDERLAVATORY GUARDS

### A. Under lavatory Guard

- 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - a. Plumberex Specialty Products, Inc.

- 2. Description: Insulating pipe covering for supply and drain piping assemblies that prevents direct contact with and burns from piping; allow service access without removing coverings.
- 3. Material and Finish: Antimicrobial, molded plastic, white.

#### 2.5 MATERIALS

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A240/A240M or ASTM A666, Type 304, 0.031-inch- (0.8-mm-) minimum nominal thickness unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Brass: ASTM B19, flat products; ASTM B16/B16M, rods, shapes, forgings, and flat products with finished edges; or ASTM B30, castings.
- C. Steel Sheet: ASTM A1008/A1008M, Designation CS (cold rolled, commercial steel), 0.036-inch- (0.9-mm-) minimum nominal thickness.
- D. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A653/A653M, with G60 (Z180) hot-dip zinc coating.
- E. Galvanized-Steel Mounting Devices: ASTM A153/A153M, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.
- F. Fasteners: Screws, bolts, and other devices of same material as accessory unit, unless otherwise recommended by manufacturer or specified in this Section, and tamper and theft resistant where exposed, and of stainless or galvanized steel where concealed.
- G. Chrome Plating: ASTM B456, Service Condition Number SC 2 (moderate service).
- H. Mirrors: ASTM C1503, Mirror Glazing Quality, clear-glass mirrors, nominal 6.0 mm thick.

#### 2.6 FABRICATION

- A. General: Fabricate units with tight seams and joints, and exposed edges rolled. Hang doors and access panels with full-length, continuous hinges. Equip units for concealed anchorage and with corrosion-resistant backing plates.
- B. Keys: Provide universal keys for internal access to accessories for servicing and resupplying. Provide minimum of six keys to Owner's representative.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install accessories in accordance with manufacturers' written instructions, using fasteners appropriate to substrate indicated and recommended by unit manufacturer. Install units level, plumb, and firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated.
  - 1. Remove temporary labels and protective coatings.
- B. Grab Bars: Install to comply with specified structural-performance requirements.

C. Shower Seats: Install to comply with specified structural-performance requirements.

# 3.2 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Adjust accessories for unencumbered, smooth operation. Replace damaged or defective items.
- B. Clean and polish exposed surfaces in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 102800

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# SECTION 123661.16 - SOLID SURFACING COUNTERTOPS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Solid surface material countertops.
  - 2. Solid surface material backsplashes.
  - 3. Solid surface material apron fronts.
- B. Related Requirements:

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For countertop materials.
- B. Shop Drawings: For countertops. Show materials, finishes, edge and backsplash profiles, methods of joining, and cutouts for plumbing fixtures.
  - 1. Show locations and details of joints.
  - 2. Show direction of directional pattern, if any.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of material exposed to view.
- D. Samples for Verification: For the following products:
  - 1. Countertop material, 6 inches (150 mm) square.
  - 2. Wood trim, 8 inches (200 mm) long.
  - 3. One full-size solid surface material countertop, with front edge and backsplash, 8 by 10 inches (200 by 250 mm) of construction and in configuration specified.

### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For fabricator.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For solid surface material countertops to include in maintenance manuals. Include Product Data for care products used or recommended by Installer and names, addresses, and telephone numbers of local sources for products.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: Shop that employs skilled workers who custom-fabricate countertops similar to that required for this Project, and whose products have a record of successful inservice performance.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Fabricator of countertops.

### 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify dimensions of countertops by field measurements after base cabinets are installed but before countertop fabrication is complete.

## 1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate locations of utilities that will penetrate countertops or backsplashes.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SOLID SURFACE COUNTERTOP MATERIALS

- A. Solid Surface Material: Homogeneous-filled plastic resin complying with ISFA 2-01.
  - 1. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

<u>DuPont; DuPont de Nemours, Inc.</u> Corian with resilience technology or approved equal.

- 2. Type: Provide Standard type unless Special Purpose type is indicated.
- 3. Colors and Patterns: provide the following color samples to Client & Engineer,

Option 1: Saddle Brown

Option 2: Antique Pearl

Option 3: Carbon Cement

Option 4: Bianco Marmor

B. Plywood: Exterior softwood plywood complying with DOC PS 1, Grade C-C Plugged, touch sanded.

# 2.2 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate countertops according to solid surface material manufacturer's written instructions and to the AWI/AWMAC/WI's "Architectural Woodwork Standards."
  - 1. Grade: Premium.
- B. Configuration:

- 1. Front: Provide profile options to Client & Engineer for review & selection
- 2. Backsplash: Full height, Straight, slightly eased at corner.
- 3. End Splash: 6" high, full counter depth.

# C. Countertops:

- 1. 1/2-inch- (12.7-mm-) thick, solid surface material with wood-trimmed edges.
- D. Backsplashes: 1/2-inch- (19-mm-) thick, solid surface material
- E. End splash: 3/4 inch thick.
- F. Fabricate tops with shop-applied edges unless otherwise indicated. Comply with solid surface material manufacturer's written instructions for adhesives, sealers, fabrication, and finishing.
  - 1. Install integral sink bowls in countertops in the shop.

#### G. Joints:

1. Fabricate countertops without joints.

#### H. Cutouts and Holes:

- 1. Undercounter Plumbing Fixtures: Make cutouts for fixtures in shop using template or pattern furnished by fixture manufacturer. Form cutouts to smooth, even curves.
  - a. Provide vertical edges, slightly eased at juncture of cutout edges with top and bottom surfaces of countertop and projecting 3/16 inch (5 mm) into fixture opening.
- 2. Fittings: Drill countertops in shop for plumbing fittings, undercounter soap dispensers, and similar items.
- 3. Outlets: provide clean accurate cutouts at backsplash for electrical outlets and switches.

## 2.3 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Adhesive: Product recommended by solid surface material manufacturer.
- B. Sealant for Countertops: Comply with applicable requirements in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates to receive solid surface material countertops and conditions under which countertops will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of countertops.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install countertops level to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 8 feet (3 mm in 2.4 m), 1/4 inch (6 mm) maximum. Do not exceed 1/64-inch (0.4-mm) difference between planes of adjacent units.
- B. Fasten subtops to cabinets by screwing through subtops into cornerblocks of base cabinets. Shim as needed to align subtops in a level plane.
- C. Secure countertops to subtops with adhesive according to solid surface material manufacturer's written instructions. Align adjacent surfaces and, using adhesive in color to match countertop, form seams to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Carefully dress joints smooth, remove surface scratches, and clean entire surface.
- D. Install backsplashes and end splashes by adhering to wall and countertops with adhesive. Mask areas of countertops and splashes adjacent to joints to prevent adhesive smears.
- E. Install aprons to backing and countertops with adhesive. Mask areas of countertops and splashes adjacent to joints to prevent adhesive smears. Fasten by screwing through backing. Predrill holes for screws as recommended by manufacturer.
- F. Complete cutouts not finished in shop. Mask areas of countertops adjacent to cutouts to prevent damage while cutting. Make cutouts to accurately fit items to be installed, and at right angles to finished surfaces unless beveling is required for clearance. Ease edges slightly to prevent snipping.
  - 1. Seal edges of cutouts in particleboard subtops by saturating with varnish.
- G. Apply sealant to gaps at walls; comply with Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."

END OF SECTION 123661.16

## SECTION 220500 – GENERAL PLUMBING REQUIREMENTS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this and all Division 22 Sections.

### 1.2 PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

- A. All work under this title, on drawings or specified, is subject to the general and special contract conditions for the entire project, and the contractor for this portion of the work is required to refer especially thereto, and to the architectural drawings.
- B. Drawings are diagrammatic and specifications are complementary and must be so interpreted to determine the full scope of work under this heading. Wherever any material, article, operation or method is either specified or shown on the drawings, this contractor is required to provide each item and perform each prescribed operation according to the designate quality, qualification or condition, furnishing all necessary labor, equipment or incidentals.
- C. Wherever the designation "Architect" appears, it shall imply Architect or Engineer. Wherever the term "Contractor" or "PC" appears, it shall imply the Contractor responsible for Division 22, Plumbing Work.

# 1.3 CONFLICTS

- A. If, in the interpretation of contract documents, it appears that the drawings and specifications are not in agreement, the Contractor is to contact the Engineer. The Engineer shall be the final authority. Addenda supersede the provisions which they amend.
- B. In the absence of a written clarification by the engineer, the Contractor must install his work in accordance with the more stringent condition. Contractor assumes full responsibility for any and all items furnished and installed without the written approval by the Architect or Engineer.

# 1.4 DIMENSIONS, LAYOUTS AND OBSTACLES

- A. Verify dimensions and elevations from actual field measurements after building construction has sufficiently progressed.
- B. Assume full and final responsibility for the accuracy of any or all work performed under this Division and make repairs and corrections as required or directed at no extra cost to the Owner.
- C. Layouts of piping and equipment shown on drawings are diagrammatic and shall be construed as such. DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS. Contractor shall field verify all existing conditions prior to fabrication and installation of material. It is recommended that the contractor verify all

- existing conditions prior to submitting a proposal. Lack of field verification does not constitute a basis for additional monies during construction. Contractor assumes full responsibility for completeness of installation including coordination of work with other trades.
- D. Make actual installations in accord with said layouts, but with necessary deviations as directed or required by job conditions and field measurements in order to produce a thoroughly integrated and practical installation. Make deviations only with specific approval of the Engineer/Architect.
- E. Take particular care to coordinate all work under this Division to prevent conflict and remove and relocate work as may be made necessary by such conflict at no extra cost to the Owner.
- F. Unless expressly permitted by the Engineer/Architect or shown otherwise on the Drawings, all piping and similar items shall be installed so that they are concealed except as permitted by the Engineer/Architect in service rooms noted on the Drawings.
- G. Fixtures and equipment may be relocated six (6) feet in any direction from locations indicated on plans, before roughing-in, with no change in contract price.

#### 1.5 REVIEW OF MATERIAL

- A. Items specified have been checked by the Engineer for performance and space limitation.
- B. In order for Engineer to consider "equal", Contactor must certify by letter that he has checked the product for conformance to specifications and space limitations and assumes full responsibility thereafter.
- C. Substitutions are defined as any manufacturer and/or model not indicated in drawings or specifications. Requests for substitutions must be made in writing ten (10) days prior to bid date so that an addendum may reach all contractors.
- D. If substitutions are proposed after the bids are received, the Contractor shall state amount of credit to the Owner for substitution. Substitutions that are considered equal by the Contractor and carried in bid without approval by Engineer shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Engineer and/or Owner shall not be made liable or responsible for losses incurred by the Contractor, due to the rejection of said items for installation.
- E. Where equipment requiring different arrangement or connections other than as indicated is acceptable, it shall be the responsibility of this Contractor to furnish revised layouts and install the equipment to operate properly and in harmony with the intent of the drawings and specifications. All changes in the work required by the different arrangement shall be done at no additional cost to the Owner, including but not limited to structural steel modifications. Control and power wiring modifications required by Contractor, imposed modifications, and the additional cost of these modifications, shall be the responsibility of this Contractor.

# 1.6 PERMITS, CODES AND ORDINANCES

A. The Contractor shall arrange and pay for all permits, inspections, etc., as required by local utilities or applicable agencies.

B. All work and material shall be in complete accordance with the ordinances, regulations, codes, etc., of all political entities exercising jurisdictions.

#### 1.7 COORDINATION WITH OTHER TRADES

- A. Check plumbing work with all other trades.
- B. Anticipate and avoid interferences with other trades.
- C. Take particular care to coordinate all piping, ductwork, plumbing and major electrical components above ceiling, to prevent conflict. Remove and relocate work as may be made necessary by such conflict, at no extra cost to the Owner.
- D. Obtain decision for approval from project Engineer for proposed group installation before proceeding, and for clearance in structure and finish of the building.
- E. Running piping over electrical equipment and in elevator machine rooms is prohibited.
- F. The Contractor shall coordinate with, receive and install, Owner furnished equipment where indicated.

# 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Delivery of Materials: Make provisions for delivery and safe storage of all materials. Check and properly receipt material to be "furnished by others" to contractor and assume full responsibility for all materials while in storage with full visible identification and information.

#### 1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Coordination: Field verify existing conditions that will determine exact locations, distances, levels, dimensions, elevations, etc. Review all drawings of other trades and report any conflicts to the Architect/Engineer which will affect the project cost. Lack of field verification does not constitute a basis for additional monies during construction. Contractor assumes full responsibility for completeness of installation including coordination of work with other trades.

## 1.10 MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORT

A. Contractor is responsible for providing all miscellaneous support components necessary for properly supporting equipment including hangers, rods, anchors, steel, etc. PRODUCTS (not used)

# PART 2 - EXECUTION

# 2.1 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written installation, operations and maintenance instructions for general installation requirements and procedures.

END OF SECTION 220500

### SECTION 220502 - PLUMBING DEMOLITION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Description of Work: Provide plumbing removal work as indicated and as required for removal and/or abandonment of systems, equipment and fixtures, etc. made obsolete by this Project, and as required for removal and remodeling by other trades.

## 1.2 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- A. General: In general, existing plumbing systems, equipment and fixtures are not shown on the Drawings unless pertinent to the demolition and/or remodeling work. Existing conditions, where indicated, are based on casual field observations and/or historical plans prepared as part of original building fit-out and must be verified. Report any discrepancies to the Engineer before disturbing the existing installation.
- B. Examination: Prior to bidding, examine the site to determine all actual observable conditions. No additional compensation will be granted on account of extra work made necessary by the Contractor's failure to investigate such existing conditions.

## 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Adjoining Areas: It is expected that the Contractor understands that adjoining areas of the building (or project site) must remain in operation and mechanical systems and services must remain in operation at all times, unless specifically approved otherwise.
- B. Scheduling: Plumbing removal work shall be scheduled in conjunction with the other trades. Contractor cooperation will be expected under all conditions.
- C. Area Limits: Construction traffic and removal of debris will be limited to specific areas and routes. Confirm with the Owner.

## 1.4 ADJACENT MATERIALS

- A. Protection: During execution of removal work, primary consideration shall be given to protecting from damage, building structure, furnishings, finishes and the like, which are not specifically indicated to be removed.
- B. Repairs: Existing items or surfaces to remain, which are damaged as a result of this work shall be refinished, repaired or replaced to the satisfaction of the Owner, at no cost to the Contract.

## 1.5 TRANSIENT SERVICES

- A. Locate and identify any and all plumbing services passing through the project area which serve areas outside the work limits.
- B. Maintain all plumbing services to areas outside the work limits unless specifically authorized otherwise in writing by the Engineer or Owner's Representative. When transient services must be interrupted, provide temporary services for affected areas outside the work limits.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

A. Patching: Materials used for patching shall be in conformance with the applicable sections of the Project Manual. Where materials are not specifically described, but required for proper completion of the Work, they shall be as selected by the Contractor, subject to approval of the Engineer.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSPECTION/VERIFICATION

- A. Inspection: Before commencing work of this Section, carefully inspect the project site and become familiar with existing systems and conditions.
- B. Items to be Salvaged: Verify with the Engineer and Owner's Representative, all systems, materials and equipment which are to be salvaged, and those which must be removed. The Owner reserves the right to salvage any or all existing plumbing materials and equipment at the project site.

### 3.2 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate removal work with other trades, where applicable.

## 3.3 DEMOLITION

- A. General: Remove plumbing equipment, piping, fixtures and related materials within the project work limits, as indicated.
- B. Disconnections: Disconnect all plumbing work located in walls, ceilings or floors scheduled for removal. Disconnect plumbing connections equipment being removed by other trades.
- C. Protection: Perform all removal work in such a manner so that damage to adjacent items and surfaces is minimized.
- D. Patching: When plumbing materials are removed, patch and finish surfaces to remain to match surrounding surfaces.

## 3.4 EXISTING PLUMBING WORK TO REMAIN

- A. General: Protect and maintain access to existing plumbing work which must remain. Reinstall existing plumbing work where disturbed.
- B. Reconnections: Where plumbing work in adjoining areas or plumbing work indicated to remain, becomes disconnected or affected by demolition work, reconnect as required, to restore original operation. Restoration work to comply with requirements for new work.

### 3.5 EXISTING PLUMBING WORK TO BE RELOCATED

A. General: Disconnect, remove, reinstall and reconnect existing equipment indicated to be relocated and where require to accommodate remodeling or new construction. Extend existing installations as required. Materials and methods used for relocations and extensions to conform to requirements for new work.

#### 3.6 SHUTDOWNS

A. General: All shutdowns to existing plumbing services to be scheduled and approved, in writing, by the Owner.

# 3.7 DISPOSITION OF EXISTING MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Items to Salvage: Material and equipment which is indicated (or directed by Owner) to be salvaged, shall be carefully removed and stored where directed on the site.
- B. Items to Reuse/Relocate: Carefully remove and store on site, all material and equipment indicated to be reused or relocated. Thoroughly clean, and make any necessary minor repairs to such equipment, prior to installation.
- C. Items to Remove: Remove and legally dispose of all other materials and debris resulting from demolition work on a daily basis.

#### 3.8 CLEANING

A. Remove from the Project Site all dirt, dust and debris resulting from removal operations daily. Refuse shall not be allowed to block or otherwise impair circulation in corridors, stairs, sidewalks, roadways or other traffic areas.

#### **END OF SECTION 220502**

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### SECTION 220529 - SUPPORTS AND SLEEVES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Perform all Work required to provide and install supports, hangers, anchors, sleeves and bases for all pipe, duct, equipment, system components and accessories, indicated by the Contract Documents with all supplementary items necessary for complete, code compliant and approved installation.

### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. The latest published edition of a reference shall be applicable to this Project unless identified by a specific edition date.
- B. All reference amendments adopted prior to the effective date of this Contract shall be applicable to this Project.
- C. All materials, installation and Workmanship shall comply with the applicable requirements and standards addressed within the following references:
  - 1. International Plumbing Code.
  - 2. International Fuel Gas Code.
  - 3. ASME B31.2 Fuel Gas Piping.
  - 4. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping.
  - 5. ASTM F708 Design and Installation of Rigid Pipe Hangers.
  - 6. MSS SP58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design and Manufacturer.
  - 7. MSS SP69 Pipe Hangers and Supports Selection and Application.
  - 8. MSS SP89 Pipe Hangers and Supports Fabrication and Installation Practices.
  - 9. MSS SP-90 Guidelines on Terminology for Pipe Hangers and Supports.

## 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Materials and application of pipe hangers and supports shall be in accordance with MSS-SP-58 and SP-69 unless noted otherwise.
- B. Support and sleeve materials and installation shall not interfere with the proper functioning of equipment.
- C. Contractor shall be responsible for structural integrity of all hangers, supports, anchors, guides, inserts and sleeves. All structural hanging materials shall have a minimum safety factor of five.
- D. Installer Qualifications: Utilize an installer experienced in performing Work of this Section who is experienced in installation of Work similar to that required for this Project and per the minimum requirements of MSS SP-89. Field welding of supports shall be by certified welders

qualified in accordance with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX using welding procedures per the minimum requirements of MSS SP-58.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's catalog data including code compliance, load capacity, and intended application.
- B. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures and assembly of components.
- C. Shop Drawings: Submit detailed Drawings of all shop or field fabricated supports, anchors and sleeves, signed and sealed by a qualified State of New York registered professional engineer. Indicate size and characteristics of components and fabrication details and all loads exceeding 750 pounds imposed on the base building structure.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with manufacturer's ordering instructions and lead time requirements to avoid construction delays.
- B. Deliver materials in manufacturer's original, unopened, undamaged containers with identification labels intact. Maintain in place until installation.
- C. Store materials protected from exposure to harmful weather conditions.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 GENERAL

A. All materials shall meet or exceed all applicable referenced standards, federal, state and local requirements, and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.

## 2.2 MANUFACTURERS

## A. Hangers and Supports:

- 1. Anvil International.
- Kinder.
- 3. Cooper B-Line.
- 4. C & S Mfg. Corp.
- 5. Hubbard Enterprises/Holdrite.
- 6. National Pipe Hanger Corporation.
- 7. Power Strut.

## 2.3 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

#### A. General:

- 1. Refer to individual system and equipment Specification Sections for additional support requirements. Comply with MSS SP-69 for support selections and applications that are not addressed within these Specifications.
- 2. Utilize hangers and supports to support systems under all conditions of operation, allowing free expansion and contraction, and to prevent excessive stresses from being introduced into the structure, piping or connected equipment.
- 3. All pipe supports shall be of the type and arrangement to prevent excessive deflection, to avoid excessive bending stresses between supports, and to eliminate transmission of vibration.
- 4. Design hangers to impede disengagement by movement of supported pipe.
- 5. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Space attachments within maximum piping span length indicated in MSS SP-69. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, guides, strainers, and expansion joints, and at changes in direction of piping.
- 6. Wire or perforated strap iron will not be acceptable as hanger material.
- 7. Hanger rods shall be threaded on both ends, threaded one end, or continuous threaded, complete with adjusting and lock nuts.
- 8. Fasteners requiring explosive powder (shooting) or pneumatic-driven actuation are not acceptable.
- 9. Plastic anchors or plastic expansion shields will not be permitted under any circumstances.
- 10. Hangers and clamps supporting and contacting individual non-insulated brass or copper lines shall be copper or copper plated. Where non-insulated brass or copper lines are supported on trapeze hangers or channels, the pipes shall be isolated from these supports with approved flexible elastomeric/thermoplastic isolation cushion material to completely encircle the piping and avoid contact with the channel or clamp. Plastic tape is not acceptable.
- 11. Hangers and clamps supporting and contacting glass piping shall be in accordance with the piping manufacturer's published recommendations and shall be fully lined with minimum 1/4 inch neoprene padding. The padding material and the configuration of its installation shall be submitted for approval.
- 12. Hangers and clamps supporting and contacting plastic piping shall be in accordance with the piping manufacturer's published recommendations and shall be factory coated or padded to prevent damage to piping.
- 13. Field fabricated supports shall be constructed from ASTM A36/A36M, steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D-1.1.
- B. Finishes: All ferrous hangers, rods, inserts, clamps, stanchions, and brackets on piping within interior non-corrosive environments, shall be dipped in Zinc Chromate Primer before installation. Rods may be galvanized or cadmium plated after threading, in lieu of dipping zinc chromate. All hangers and supports exposed to the weather, including roofs and building crawl space areas, shall be galvanized or manufactured from materials that will not rust or corrode due to moisture. All hangers and supports located within corrosive environments shall be constructed from or coated with materials manufactured for installation within the particular environment.

## C. Vertical Piping:

- 1. Supports for vertical riser piping in concealed areas shall utilize double bolt riser clamps, with each end having equal bearing on the building structure at each floor level.
- 2. Supports for vertical riser piping at floor levels in exposed areas shall be attached to the underside of the penetrated structure utilizing drilled anchors, two hanger rods (sized as specified), and socket clamp with washers.
- 3. Two-hole rigid pipe clamps or four-hole socket clamps with washers may be used to support pipe directly from adequate structural members where floor-to-floor distance exceeds required vertical support spacing and lines are not subject to expansion and contraction.
- D. Trapezes: Where multiple lines are run horizontally at the same elevation and grade, they may be supported on manufactured channel, suspended on rods or pipes. Trapeze members including suspension rods shall be properly sized for the quantity, diameters, and loaded weight of the lines they are to support.

# E. Fixture and Equipment Service Piping:

- 1. Piping at local connections to plumbing fixtures and equipment shall be supported to prevent the weight of the piping from being transmitted to fixtures and equipment.
- 2. Makeshift, field-devised methods of plumbing pipe support, such as with the use of scrap framing materials, are not allowed. Support and positioning of piping shall be by means of engineered methods that comply with IAPMO PS 42-96. These shall be Hubbard Enterprises/Holdrite support systems, C & S Mfg. Corp. or approved equivalent.
- 3. Supports within chases and partitions shall be corrosion resistant metal plate, clamps, angles or channels, and aligned with structure in the vertical or horizontal position. Plastic supports are not allowed without written approval.
- 4. Horizontal supports within chases and partitions that are attached to study shall be attached at both ends. Drywall shall not be relied upon to support the piping.
- 5. Supports for plumbing fixture water service piping within chases and partitions may be attached to cast iron drain and vent pipe with approved brackets and pipe clamps.
- 6. Piping exposed on the face of drywall shall be supported with corrosion resistant metal channels that are attached to wall studs. Drywall shall not be relied upon to support the piping.
- 7. Piping supported from the floor shall utilize corrosion resistant metal channels or brackets that are anchored to the floor slab.
- 8. All water piping shall be isolated from building components to prevent the transmission of sound.
- 9. All copper or brass lines shall be isolated from ferrous metals with dielectric materials to prevent electrolytic action. Plastic tape is not an acceptable isolation material.

### F. Inserts:

- 1. Cast-in-place concrete inserts shall comply with MSS-SP-69, U.L. and F.M. approved, and sized to suit threaded hanger rods.
- 2. Inserts shall have malleable iron case with galvanized steel shell and expander plug for threaded connection with lateral adjustment, top slot for reinforcing rods, lugs for attaching to forms; size inserts to suit threaded hanger rods. Suitable concrete inserts for pipe and equipment hangers shall be set and properly located for all pipe and equipment to be suspended from concrete construction. If the inserts are later found not to be in the proper location for the placement of hangers, then drilled anchors shall be installed. Drilled anchors in concrete or masonry shall be submitted for the approval.

- 3. Manufactured inserts for metal deck construction shall have legs custom fit to rest in form valleys.
- 4. Shop fabricated inserts shall be submitted and approved by Owner prior to installation.
- 5. Inserts shall be of a type that will not interfere with structural reinforcing and that will not displace excessive amounts of structural concrete.
- G. Pipe Shields: Provide pipe shields in accordance with insulation manufacturer's published recommendations. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39 protection saddles, if insulation without vapor barrier is indicated. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40 protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier.

# H. Housekeeping Pads:

- 1. Provide minimum 4 inch reinforced concrete pads with chamfered corners and equipment bases for all outdoor equipment on grade, floor mounted equipment in main central plant area, mechanical rooms, areas with floors below grade, penthouse equipment rooms, floor mounted air handling units, and where shown on Drawings.
- 2. Housekeeping pads shall extend minimum of 4 inch on all sides beyond the limits of the mounted equipment unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Provide galvanized anchor bolts for all equipment placed on concrete pads or on concrete slabs of the size and number recommended by the equipment manufacturer.

## 2.4 THROUGH PENETRATIONS

### A. General:

- 1. Seal penetrations through all rated partitions, walls and floors with U.L. tested assemblies to provide and maintain a rating equal to or greater than the partition, wall or floor.
- 2. Inside diameter of all sleeves or cored holes shall provide sufficient annular space between outside diameter of pipe or insulation to allow proper installation of required fire and water proofing materials and allow for movement due to expansion and contraction.
- Exposed ceiling, floor and wall pipe penetrations within finished areas (including exterior wall faces) shall be provided with chrome plated, brass or stamped steel, hinged, split-ring escutcheon with set screw or snap-on type. Inside diameter shall closely fit pipe outside diameter or outside of pipe insulation where pipe is insulated. Outside diameter shall completely cover the opening in floors, walls, or ceilings. In exterior, damp, or corrosive environments, use Type 302 stainless steel escutcheons.

## B. Floor Pipe Penetrations:

- 1. Seal penetrations through all floors to provide and maintain a watertight installation.
- 2. Sleeves cast in the slab for pipe penetrations shall be Schedule 40 steel, ASTM A53, with 2 inch wide annular fin water-stop continuously welded at midpoint. Entire assembly shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication. Water-stop shall be same thickness as sleeve.
- 3. Cored holes in the slab for pipe penetrations shall be provided with a Schedule 40 steel, ASTM A53, sleeve with 2 inch wide annular fin water-stop continuously welded at point on sleeve to allow countersinking into slab and waterproofing. Entire sleeve assembly shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication. Water-stop shall be same thickness as sleeve.
- 4. All sleeves shall extend a minimum of two inches above finished floor.

5. Where job conditions prevent the use of a sleeve that extends two inches above the slab, Link-Seal mechanical casing seals manufactured by Thunderline Corporation may be installed to provide a watertight penetration. Mechanical casing seals can be used only for relatively small diameter pipe penetrations. Verify that slab thickness allows proper installation of the link-seal assembly and the required fire stopping prior to applying this exception.

### C. Wall Penetrations:

- 1. Where piping passes through non-rated partition, close off space between pipe and construction with gypsum wallboard and repair plaster smoothed and finished to match adjacent wall area.
- 2. Pipe penetrations through interior rated partitions shall be provided with adjustable prefabricated U.L. listed fire rated galvanized sheet metal sleeves having gauge thickness as required by wall fire rating, 20 gauge minimum. EXCEPTION: When U.L. Listed assembly does not require a sleeve,
- 3. Pipe penetrations through exterior walls and walls below grade shall be provided with "Link-Seal" mechanical casing seal manufactured by Thunderline Corporation.

### D. Flashing:

- 1. Coordinate flashing material and installation required for pipe roof penetrations with Owner and roofing Contractor.
- 2. Provide acoustical flashing around pipes penetrating equipment rooms, with materials and installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for sound control.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

A. Conduct a pre-installation meeting prior to commencing Work of this Section to verify Project requirements, coordinate with other trades, establish condition and completeness of substrate, review manufacturer's installation instructions and manufacturer's warranty requirements.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Installation shall meet or exceed all applicable federal, state and local requirements, referenced standards and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Application, sizing and installation of piping, supports, anchors and sleeves shall be in accordance with manufacturer's printed installation instructions.
- C. Provide for vertical adjustments after erection and during commissioning, where feasible, to ensure pipe is at design elevation and slope.
- D. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal movement of piping systems, permitting freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.

- E. Install hanger so that rod is vertical under operating conditions.
- F. Supports, hangers, anchors, and guides shall be fastened to the structure only at such points where the structure is capable of restraining the forces in the piping system.
- G. The load and spacing on each hanger and/or insert shall not exceed the safe allowable load for any component of the support system, including the concrete that holds the inserts. Reinforcement at inserts shall be provided as required to develop the strength required. Contractor shall be responsible for engaging a structural engineer as required for design and review at support systems.
- H. Do not hang pipe or any item directly from a metal deck or locate on the bottom chord of any truss or joist unless approved by the Structural Engineer of Record.
- I. All supports shall be designed and installed to avoid interference with other piping, hangers, ducts, electrical conduit, supports, building structures, equipment, etc.
- J. Piping supports shall be independent from other supports. Combining supports is not permitted.
- K. Provide all supporting steel required for the installation of plumbing equipment and materials, including angles, channels, beams, etc. to suspended or floor supported tanks and equipment. All of this steel may not be specifically indicated on the Drawings.
- L. Piping supports shall be designed and installed to allow the insulation to be continuous through the hangers.
- M. Adjustable clevis hangers shall be supported at rods with a nut above and below the hanger.
- N. All hanger rods shall be trimmed neatly so that 1 inch of excess hanger rod protrudes beyond the hanger nut. In the event a rod is intentionally but temporarily left excessively long (for sloped or insulated lines for example), the Contractor shall take appropriate measures to protect the pipe or other materials from damage.
- O. Install hangers to provide minimum ½ inch space between finished covering and adjacent structures, materials, etc.
- P. Horizontal and vertical piping in chases and partitions shall be supported to prevent movement and isolated from the supports to prevent transmission of sound.
- O. Locate hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
- R. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
- S. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping. Riser piping is defined as vertical piping extending through more than one floor level.
- T. Support riser piping at each floor level and provide additional supports where floor-to-floor distance exceeds required vertical support spacing. Installation of riser clamps and welded steel riser supports shall not allow weight of piping to be transmitted to floor sleeves.

- U. Steel Bar Joists: Hanger rods shall be secured to angle irons of adequate size; each angle shall span across two or more joists as required to distribute the weight properly and shall be welded or otherwise permanently fixed to the top of joists.
- V. Steel Beams: Where pipes and loads are supported under steel beams, approved type beam clamps shall be used.
- W. Pre-Cast Tee Structural Concrete: Hanger supports, anchors, etc. attached to the precast, double tee, structural concrete system shall be installed in accordance with approved Shop Drawings only. Holes required for hanger rods shall be core drilled in the "flange" of the double tee only; impact type tools are not allowed under any circumstances. Core drilling in the "stem" portions of the double tee is not allowed. Holes core drilled through the "flange" for hanger rods shall be no greater than 1/4 inch larger than the diameter of the hanger rod. Hanger rods shall supported by means of bearing plates of size and shape acceptable to the Architect/Engineer, with welded double nuts on the hanger rod above the bearing plate. Cinch anchors, lead shields, expansion bolts, and studs driven by explosion charges are not allowed under any circumstances in the lower 15 inches of each stem and in the "shadow" of the stem on the top side of the "double tees".
- X. Mechanical Sleeve Seal Installation: Select type and number of sealing elements required for pipe material and size. Position pipe in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between pipe and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

#### Y. Inserts:

- 1. Install inserts for suspending hangers from reinforced concrete slabs and sides of reinforced concrete beams.
- 2. Where concrete slabs form finished ceiling, locate inserts flush with slab surface.
- 3. Install anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install anchors according to manufacturer's written instructions.

## Z. Flashing:

1. Coordinate all roof flashing with requirements of Division 07.

## AA. Pipe Shields:

- 1. Provide shields at each hanger supporting insulated pipe.
- 2. Provide shields of the proper length to distribute weight evenly and to prevent compression of insulation at hanger.
- 3. Install shield so that hanger is located at the center of the shield.
- 4. Attach shield to insulation with adhesive to prevent slippage or movement.

### BB. Equipment Anchor Bolts:

1. Foundation bolts shall be placed in the forms when the concrete is poured, the bolts being correctly located by means of templates. Each bolt shall be set in a sleeve of sufficient size to provide ½ inch clearance around bolt.

**END OF SECTION 220529** 

### SECTION 220553 – PLUMBING IDENTIFICATION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Equipment labels.
- 2. Pipe labels.
- 3. Valve tags.

## 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

## 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with locations of access panels and doors.
- C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT LABELS

## A. Plastic Labels for Equipment:

- 1. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- 2. Letter Color: White.
- 3. Background Color: Black.
- 4. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 180 deg F.
- 5. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- 6. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
- 7. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- 8. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.

- B. Label Content: Include equipment's Drawing designation or unique equipment number, drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules), and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified.
- C. Equipment Label Schedule: For each item of equipment to be labeled, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate equipment identification number and identify Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules) and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified. Equipment schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

### 2.2 WARNING SIGNS AND LABELS

- A. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- B. Letter Color: Red.
- C. Background Color: White.
- D. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 180 deg F.
- E. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- F. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
- G. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- H. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- I. Label Content: Include caution and warning information plus emergency notification instructions.

## 2.3 PIPE LABELS

- A. General Requirements for Manufactured Pipe Labels: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing flow direction.
- B. Pretensioned Pipe Labels: Precoiled, semirigid plastic formed to cover full circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe without fasteners or adhesive.
- C. Self-Adhesive Pipe Labels: Printed plastic with contact-type, permanent-adhesive backing.
- D. Pipe Label Contents: Include identification of piping service using same designations or abbreviations as used on Drawings, pipe size, and an arrow indicating flow direction.

- 1. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions or as separate unit on each pipe label to indicate flow direction.
- 2. Lettering Size: At least 1-1/2 inches high.

### 2.4 VALVE TAGS

- A. Valve Tags: 1-1/2-inch diameter, stamped or engraved with 1/4-inch letters for piping system abbreviation and 1/2-inch numbers.
  - 1. Tag Material: Brass, 0.032-inch minimum thickness, and having predrilled or stamped holes for attachment hardware.
  - 2. Fasteners: Brass wire-link or beaded chain; or S-hook.
- B. Valve Schedules: For each piping system, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate valve number, piping system, system abbreviation (as shown on valve tag), location of valve (room or space), normal-operating position (open, closed, or modulating), and variations for identification. Mark valves for emergency shutoff and similar special uses.
  - 1. Valve-tag schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

A. Clean piping and equipment surfaces of substances that could impair bond of identification devices, including dirt, oil, grease, release agents, and incompatible primers, paints, and encapsulants.

## 3.2 PIPE LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Locate pipe labels where piping is exposed or above accessible ceilings in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior exposed locations as follows:
  - 1. Near each valve and control device.
  - 2. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
  - 3. Near penetrations through walls, floors, ceilings, and inaccessible enclosures.
  - 4. At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed piping.
  - 5. Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
  - 6. Spaced at maximum intervals of 50 feet along each run. Reduce intervals to 25 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.
  - 7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced labels.

# 3.3 VALVE TAG INSTALLATION

A. Install tags on valves and control devices in piping systems, except check valves; valves within factory-fabricated equipment units; faucets; convenience and lawn-watering hose connections; and similar roughing-in connections of end-use fixtures and units. List tagged valves in a valve schedule.

END OF SECTION 220553

### SECTION 220719 - PIPING INSULATION

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Perform all Work required to provide and install piping insulation, jackets and accessories indicated by the Contract Documents with supplementary items necessary for proper installation.
- B. Section includes insulating the following plumbing piping services:
  - 1. Domestic cold-water piping.
  - 2. Domestic hot-water piping.
  - 3. Domestic re-circulating hot-water piping.

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include thermal conductivity, water-vapor permeance thickness, and jackets (both factory and field applied if any).

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Skilled mechanics who have successfully completed an apprenticeship program or another craft training program certified by the Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training.
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: For insulation and related materials, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84, by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less.
  - 2. Insulation Installed Outdoors: Flame-spread index of 75 or less, and smoke-developed index of 150 or less.

# 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Packaging: Insulation material containers shall be marked by manufacturer with appropriate ASTM standard designation, type and grade, and maximum use temperature.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PREFORMED FIBERGLASS PIPE INSULATION:

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
  - 1. Johns Manville; Micro-Lok HP.
  - 2. Knauf Insulation; 1000-Degree Pipe Insulation.
  - 3. Owens Corning; Fiberglas Pipe Insulation.
- B. All piping shall be insulated with a preformed fiberglass pipe insulation, complying with ASTM C 547, Class 3 (to 850°F), rigid, molded pipe insulation, noncombustible.
  - 1. Thermal Conductivity ("k"): 0.23 Btu•in/(hr•ft2•°F) at 75°F mean temperature per ASTM C 518.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 850°F.
  - 3. Rated 25/50 per ASTM E 84, UL 723 and NFPA 255.
  - 4. When being used over stainless steel, product must comply with the requirements of ASTM C 795.
  - 5. All-Service (ASJ) Vapor-Retarder Jacket: A white, kraft paper, reinforced with a glass fiber yarn and bonded to an aluminum foil, with self-sealing longitudinal closure laps (SSL) and butt strips.

# 2.2 FITTING INSULATION

- A. Fiberglass Insulation System:
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Johns Manville; Zeston.
    - b. Proto Corporation; LoSmoke.
    - c. Speedline Corporation; SmokeSafe.
  - 2. Pre-molded fitting insulation: Same thickness as the adjacent pipe covering.
    - a. Conform to FS-HH-I-558C, Form E, Class 16.
  - 3. PVC/Fiberglass Fitting Insulation: Polyvinyl chloride pre-molded flexible fitting cover with batt type, pre-cut fiberglass insert.
    - a. PVC: Conform with FS L-P-535C, Composition A, Type II, Grade GU.
    - b. Fiberglass: Conform with FS HH-I-558C, Form B, Type I, Class 7&8.

## 2.3 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. PVC Jacket: High-impact-resistant, UV-resistant PVC complying with ASTM D 1784, Class 16354-C; thickness as scheduled; roll stock ready for shop or field cutting and forming. Thickness is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
    - b. Proto Corporation.

- c. Speedline Corporation.
- 2. Adhesive: As recommended by jacket material manufacturer.
- 3. Color: White.
- 4. Factory-fabricated fitting covers to match jacket if available; otherwise, field fabricate.
  - a. Shapes: 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows, tees, valves, flanges, unions, reducers, end caps, soil-pipe hubs, traps, mechanical joints, and P-trap and supply covers for lavatories.

## 2.4 MASTICS

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates; comply with MIL-PRF-19565C, Type II.
  - 1. For indoor applications, use mastics that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- B. Vapor-Barrier Mastic: Water based; suitable for indoor use on below-ambient services.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide the following] [provide one of the following] [available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
    - a. Foster Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; 30-80/30-90.
    - b. Vimasco Corporation; 749.
  - 2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM E 96/E 96M, Procedure B, 0.013 perm at 43-mil dry film thickness.
  - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 180 deg F.
  - 4. Solids Content: ASTM D 1644, 58 percent by volume and 70 percent by weight.
  - 5. Color: White.

#### 2.5 PROTECTIVE SHIELDING GUARDS

- A. Protective Shielding Pipe Covers:
  - 1. Description: Manufactured plastic wraps for covering plumbing fixture hot and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of insulation application.
  - 1. Verify that systems to be insulated have been tested and are free of defects.
  - 2. Verify that surfaces to be insulated are clean and dry.

3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Do not install insulation until the piping has been tested and accepted.
- B. Clean and dry all piping to be insulated prior to applying insulation.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Comply with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions, except as specified otherwise.

### 3.4 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Roof Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through roof penetrations.
  - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
- B. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- C. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through penetrations of fire-rated walls and partitions.
  - 1. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping and fire-resistive joint sealers.

### D. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:

- 1. Pipe: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations.
- 2. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

# 3.5 INSTALLATION OF FIBERGLASS INSULATION

- A. Insulation on all cold surfaces must be applied with a continuous, unbroken vapor seal. Hangers, supports, anchors, etc., that are secured directly to cold surfaces must be adequately insulated and vapor sealed to prevent condensation.
- B. For chilled water piping systems, seal pipe terminations every four pipe sections.
- C. Preformed fiber glass pipe insulation with all-service jacket shall be applied to piping with all joints tightly fitted to eliminate voids.
- D. Longitudinal jacket laps and butt strips shall be smoothly secured according to manufacturer's recommendations.

- E. When adhered, the lap and butt strips must be pressurized by rubbing firmly with a plastic squeegee or the back of a knife blade to ensure positive closure.
- F. PVC/Fiberglass Fitting Insulation: Tuck the ends of the pre-cut insulation batt snugly into the throat of the fitting, tuft and tuck-in the edges adjacent to the pipe insulation. Install fitting cover and seal as follows:
  - 1. Hot Service Insulation: Secure the cover with staples, thumb tack fasteners, or sealing tape.
  - 2. Cold Service Insulation: Seal ends of each section of insulation and apply a coating of vapor barrier mastic at each joint and seam to maintain a continuous vapor barrier.

## 3.6 INSTALLATION AT HANGERS

- A. Reset and realign hangers and supports if they are displaced while installing the piping insulation.
- B. Fiberglass Insulation: Install high density insulation filler pieces, at all points of support, between pipe insulation shields and pipe or tubing not supported by an insulation shield and insulating saddle unit. Do not install high density insulation filler pieces on hot service piping 6" and larger scheduled to have steel saddles. Install filler pieces of the same thicknesses as adjoining pipe insulation x 12" length.
  - 1. Install high density molded polyurethane or high-density polystyrene filler pieces.
- C. Galvanized metal shields shall be applied between hangers or supports and the pipe insulation. Shields shall be formed to fit the insulation and shall extend up to the centerline of the pipe and 8" length.

## 3.7 INDOOR PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

SERVICE	ТҮРЕ	THICKNESS	COMMENTS
Domestic Cold-Water Piping 1" and smaller	Fiberglass	0.5	
Domestic Cold-Water Piping 1-1/4" and larger	Fiberglass	1.0	
Domestic Hot Water and Recirc Piping 1" and smaller	Fiberglass	1.0	
Domestic Hot Water and Recirc Piping 1-1/4" and larger	Fiberglass	1.5	
Exposed Piping and Stops for Plumbing Fixtures for People with Disabilities	Fiberglass	1.0	Provide Protective Shielding Pipe Covers

All exposed piping shall have PVC jacketing

**END OF SECTION 220719** 

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### SECTION 221000 - PLUMBING PIPING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Provide materials and installation for complete plumbing systems, within and to five feet beyond building perimeter unless noted otherwise on Contract Drawings; Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping, Storm Drain Piping, Domestic Water Piping, Domestic Water Valves, Testing and other normal parts that make the systems operable, code compliant and acceptable to the authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. The latest published edition of a reference shall be applicable to this Project unless identified by a specific edition date.
- B. All reference amendments adopted prior to the effective date of this Contract shall be applicable to this Project.
- C. All materials, installation and workmanship shall comply with the applicable requirements and standards addressed within the following references:
  - 1. New York State Plumbing Code.
  - 2. ANSI/NSF Standard 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects.
  - 3. ANSI/NSF Standard 372 Lead Content in domestic water systems

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer's name and pressure rating shall be permanently marked on valve body.
- B. The Contractor shall notify the manufacturer's representative prior to installing any copper press fittings. The Contractor shall obtain the representative's guidance in any unfamiliar installation procedures. The manufacturer's representative of copper press fittings shall conduct periodic inspections of the installation and shall report in writing to the Contractor and Owner of any observed deviations from manufacturer's recommended installation practices.
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company shall have minimum three years documented experience specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section.

# D. Installer Qualifications:

- 1. Company shall have minimum three years documented experience specializing in performing the work of this section.
- 2. All installers of copper press fittings shall be trained by the fitting manufacturer's appointed representative. Written notification of training shall be submitted to Owner prior to any installation.

E. Special Engineered products shall be certified by NSF International as complying with NSF 14.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

### A. Product Data:

- 1. Code and Standards compliance, manufacturer's data for pipe, fittings, valves and all other products included within this specification section.
- 2. Manufacturer's installation instructions.

### B. Record Documents:

- 1. Record actual locations of valves, etc. and prepare valve charts.
- 2. Test reports and inspection certification for all systems listed herein.
- 3. Provide a certificate of completion detailing the domestic water system chlorination procedure.
- 4. Submit proposed location of access panels which vary from quantities or locations indicated on Contract Drawings.

## C. Operation and Maintenance Data:

1. Include components of system, servicing requirements, Record Drawings, inspection data, installation instructions, exploded assembly views, replacement part numbers and availability, location and contact numbers for service.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. All materials shall be new, undamaged, and free of rust.
- B. Accept valves on Site in shipping containers and maintain in place until installation.
- C. Provide temporary protective coating and end plugs on valves not packaged within containers. Maintain in place until installation.
- D. Provide temporary end caps and closures on pipe and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.
- E. Protect installed piping, valves and associated materials during progression of the construction period to avoid clogging with dirt, and debris and to prevent damage, rust, etc. Remove dirt and debris and repair materials as work progresses and isolate parts of completed system from uncompleted parts.
- F. Protect all materials that are to be installed within this project from exposure to rain, freezing temperatures and direct sunlight. EXCEPTION: Materials manufactured for exterior locations.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 GENERAL

- A. All materials shall meet or exceed all applicable referenced standards, federal, state and local requirements, and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Provide materials as specified herein and indicated on Contract Drawings. All materials and work shall meet or exceed all applicable Federal and State requirements and conform to adopted codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Pressure ratings of pipe, fittings, couplings, valves, and all other appurtenances shall be suitable for the anticipated system pressures in which they are installed.
- D. All materials within domestic water distribution systems that may come in contact with potable water delivered shall comply with ANSI/NSF standard 61.

### 2.2 SANITARY WASTE AND VENT AND STORM DRAINAGE PIPING

## A. BELOW GRADE SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

- 1. Hub-and-Spigot, Cast-Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings.
  - a. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 74, Service Weight.
  - b. Gaskets: ASTM C 564, rubber.

## B. ABOVE GRADE SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

- 1. Hubless, Cast-Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings.
  - a. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.
  - b. CISPI, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
  - c. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and CISPI 310.
  - d. Description: Stainless-steel corrugated shield with stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.
- C. Pipe and fittings shall be manufactured as a system and be the product of one manufacturer.
- D. All pipe and fittings shall be manufactured in the United States. All systems shall utilize a separate waste and vent system. Pipe and fittings shall conform to National Sanitation Foundation Standard 14.
- E. All P-traps for floor drains, floor sinks and hub drains shall be deep-seal type.

## 2.3 DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

A. COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- 1. Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type L water tube, drawn temper.
- 2. Cast-Copper, Solder-Joint Fittings: ASME B16.18, pressure fittings.
- 3. Wrought-Copper, Solder-Joint Fittings: ASME B16.22, wrought-copper pressure fittings.
- 4. Bronze Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, with solder-joint ends.
- 5. Copper Unions:
  - a. MSS SP-123.
  - b. Cast-copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body.
  - c. Ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces.
  - d. Solder-joint or threaded ends.
- 6. Copper, Brass, or Bronze Pressure-Seal-Joint Fittings:
  - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - 1) Nibco
    - 2) Elkhart
    - 3) Viega
  - b. Fittings: Cast-brass, cast-bronze or wrought-copper with EPDM O-ring seal in each end. Sizes NPS 2-1/2 and larger with stainless steel grip ring and EPDM O-ring seal.
  - c. Minimum 200-psig working-pressure rating at 250 deg F.
  - d. All copper press fittings, couplings and specialties shall be the products of a single manufacturer. Installation tools shall be as recommended by the fittings manufacturer.
- 7. Appurtenances for Grooved-End Copper Tubing:
  - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - 1) Victaulic
    - 2) Anvil
  - b. Bronze Fittings for Grooved-End, Copper Tubing: ASTM B 75/B 75M copper tube or ASTM B 584 bronze castings.
  - c. Mechanical Couplings for Grooved-End Copper Tubing:
    - 1) Copper-tube dimensions and design similar to AWWA C606.
    - 2) Ferrous housing sections.
    - 3) EPDM-rubber gaskets suitable for hot and cold water.
    - 4) Bolts and nuts.
    - 5) Minimum Pressure Rating: 300 psig.

### B. PIPING SCHEDULE

- 1. Aboveground domestic water piping, NPS 2 and smaller shall be one of the following:
  - a. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; cast or wrought copper, solder-joint fittings; and soldered joints.
  - b. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; copper pressure-seal-joint fittings; and pressure-sealed joints.
- 2. Aboveground domestic water piping, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 8, shall be one of the following:
  - a. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; cast or wrought copper, solder-joint fittings; and soldered joints.
  - b. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; grooved-joint, copper-tube appurtenances; and grooved joints.
- 3. Underground water-service piping NPS 3/4 to NPS 3 shall be the following:
  - a. Soft copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type K (ASTM B 88M, Type A) wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings; and brazed joints.

- C. All materials within domestic water distribution systems that may come in contact with the potable water delivered shall comply with ANSI/NSF Standard 61 and NSF 372.
- D. All brass and bronze piping materials within domestic water distribution systems that may come in contact with the potable water delivered shall have no more than 15% zinc content. Valves may have above 15% zinc if they pass ISO 6509 Testing
- E. Solder for copper piping shall be lead-free Tin/Copper/Silver/Nickle(optional) solder conforming to ASTM B32, Wolverine Silvabrite 100 Lead-Free Solder or Harris Nick Lead-Free Solder. Use water soluble flux recommended by solder manufacturer and conforming to ASTM B813 NSF 61, and NSF 372 Wolverine Silvabrite 100 Water Soluable Flux or Bridgit Water Soluble Paste Flux.
- F. Dielectric waterway fittings shall have zinc electroplated steel pipe body with high temperature stabilized polyolefin polymer liner; manufactured by Victaulic, Style 647 or PPP, Inc. Series 19000.
- G. Dielectric unions shall be lead free rated at 250 psi, ground-joint type with inert, non-corrosive thermoplastic sleeve. End connection materials shall be compatible with respective piping materials; manufactured by EPCO Sales, Inc or Watts. Provide models to suit applicable transitions.
- H. Dielectric flanges shall be rated at 175 psi, have nylon bolt isolators and dielectric gasket. Materials shall be compatible with respective piping materials; manufactured by EPCO Sales, Inc or Watts. Provide models to suit applicable transitions.
- I. Pipe joint compound shall be lead-free, non-toxic, non-hardening and compliant with ANSI/NSF 61 & 372 and Federal Specification TT-S-1732. Temperature service range of -15°F to +400°F, manufactured by Hercules "MegaLoc" or approved equal by Rectorseal, La-Co or Oatey.

# 2.4 DOMESTIC WATER VALVES:

- A. All materials within domestic water distribution systems that may come in contact with the potable water delivered shall comply with ANSI/NSF Standard 61 and NSF 372.
- B. All brass and bronze valve materials within domestic water distribution systems that may come in contact with the potable water delivered shall have no more than 15% zinc content.
- C. Similar types of valves shall be the product of one manufacturer; i.e., all butterfly valves shall be of the same manufacturer, all ball valves shall be of the same manufacturer, etc. EXCEPTION: 2-1/2" & 3" ball valves may be by a different manufacturer than 2" and smaller ball valves.
- D. Line Shut-Off Valves up to and including 2" shall be two-piece bronze body of ASTM B584 Alloy 844, ASTM B61, or ASTM B62, full port ball type rated at 600 WOG with threaded connections, blow-out proof stem, plastic coated lockable lever handle, Teflon packing, 316 stainless steel ball and stem. Acceptable valves are NIBCO Model T-585-66-LF, or approved equivalent model by Crane, Milwaukee or Apollo.
- E. Line Shut-Off Valves sizes 2-1/2" and 3" shall be full port ball type rated at 400 WOG with threaded connections, two-piece bronze body ASTM B584 with 316 stainless steel ball and stem,

- plastic coated lockable lever handle, blow out proof stem and reinforced Teflon seats. Acceptable valves are Kitz Model 68PM, or approved equivalent model by Crane, NIBCO, Milwaukee or Apollo.
- F. Line Shut-Off Valves sizes 4" and larger shall be ductile iron butterfly type rated at 200 WOG with lug pattern connection, stainless steel disc and stem, lockable lever handle, EPDM seal. Acceptable valves are Milwaukee Model M-234ES, or approved equivalent model by Crane, NIBCO or Apollo.
  - 1. Grooved end Valves: Butterfly Valves: 2-1/2" 6", 300 psi maximum pressure rating, with copper tubing sized grooved ends. Cast brass body to UNS C87850. Aluminum bronze disc to UNS C95500, with pressure responsive elastomer seat. Stem shall be offset from the disc centerline to provide complete 360-degree circumferential seating. Bubble tight, dead-end or bi-directional service, with memory stop for throttling, metering or balancing service. Valve may be automated with electric, pneumatic, or hydraulic operators. Certified to the low lead requirements of NSF-372. Victaulic Series 608N.
- G. Provide stem extensions of a non-thermal conducting material for valves in insulated lines to allow unobstructed operation.
- H. Provide memory stops on all ball valves installed in domestic hot water return lines. Memory stops shall be adjustable after pipe insulation is applied.
- I. Provide line shut-off valves that have the same inside diameter of the upstream pipe in which they are installed.
- Domestic Hot Water Return Circuit Balancing Valves 1/2" through 2" shall be 'Y or T' pattern J. with threaded inlet and outlet connections, equal percentage globe-style and provide precise flow measurement, precision flow balancing and positive drip-tight shut-off. Valves shall provide multi-turn, 360° adjustment with micrometer type indicators located on the valve handwheel. Valves shall have a minimum of five full 360° handwheel turns. 90° 'circuit-setter' style ball valves are not acceptable. Valve handle shall have hidden memory feature to provide a means for locking the valve position after the system is balanced. Valves shall be furnished with precision machined venturi built into the valve body to provide highly accurate flow measurement and flow balancing. The venturi shall have two, 1/4" threaded brass metering ports with check valves and gasketed caps located on the inlet side of the valve. Valves shall be furnished with flow smoothing fins downstream of the valve seat and integral to the forged valve body to make the flow more laminar. The valve body, stem and plug shall be brass. The handwheel shall be highstrength resin. Provide valves as scheduled on Contract Drawings manufactured by Armstrong Model CBV-VT or NIBCO T-1710 and F737-A. Furnish each valve complete with optional preformed 25/50 fire/smoke rated insulation.
- K. Domestic Hot Water Return Circuit Balancing Valves Designed specifically for use in drinking water applications, NSF/ANSI 61 rated for commercial hot water service (temperature rated to 180F), and certified by the NSF with all wetted parts stainless steel; lead-free construction in compliance with ANS/NSF-372; Series 300 stainless steel body, nickel plated brass union nut, and tamper-resistant flow cartridge 300 series stainless steel. Valve shall be suitable for maximum flow of 12 gallons per minute, and flow rate pre-set accuracy variation of +/-5% over 95% of the control range. Valves shall have a full body rating of 400 psi but is suitable for

- working pressures with differential control ranges of 2 32 psi or 5 60 psi differential. Compact in-line design for tight installations. Basis of Design Victaulic 76X
- L. Domestic Hot Water Return Thermostatic Balancing Valves 1/2" through 2" shall be self-contained and fully automatic without additional piping or control mechanisms. Thermostatic Balancing Valves shall regulate the flow of recirculated domestic hot water based on water temperature entering the valve regardless of system operating pressure. When fully closed the valve shall bypass a minimum flow to maintain dynamic control of the recirculating loop and provide a means for system sanitizing. The valve shall be field adjustable from 105F to 180F as required by project conditions. The valve shall modulate between open and closed position within a 10F range. Valve bodies and all internal components shall be constructed of stainless steel or lead-free brass. Provide suitable line sized ball valves, unions, and access panels as required in non-accessible ceilings and walls.
- M. Swing Check Valves, 2" and smaller "Y" or "T" pattern lead free bronze, Class 150, with threaded connections and screw-in cap. Manufactured by NIBCO Model T-413-Y-LF or approved equivalent model by Milwaukee or Crane.
- N. Spring Loaded Check Valves, 2" and smaller Silent closing, lead free bronze, Class 125, with threaded connections, Buna disc, bronze or stainless-steel spring. Manufactured by NIBCO Model T-480-Y-LF or approved equivalent model by Milwaukee or Crane.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Before commencing work, check final grade and pipe invert elevations required for drain terminations and connections to ensure proper slope.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipes and tubes. Remove burrs, scale and dirt, inside and outside, before assembly. Remove foreign material from piping.
- B. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Installation shall meet or exceed all applicable federal, state and local requirements, referenced standards and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. All installation shall be in accordance with manufacturer's published recommendations.

### C. General

1. Care shall be exercised to avoid all cross connections and to construct the plumbing systems in a manner which eliminates the possibility of water contamination.

- 2. Install all materials and products in accordance with manufacturer's published recommendations. Use tools manufactured for the installation of the specific material or product.
- 3. Wipe all paste residue and excess solder from all solder joints.
- 4. Heat generated by soldering procedures shall not be transmitted to valves, copper alloy roll groove fittings, copper press fittings, no-hub clamps, or any other components installed within the piping system that may be damaged due to high temperatures. Contractor shall take all precautions necessary, including utilizing wet wrapping or allowing heated piping to cool to ambient temperature before attachment.
- 5. Pipe joints, flanges, unions, etc., shall not directly contact or be encased in concrete, or be located within wall, floor or roof penetrations.
- 6. Grooved Joints: Pipe ends shall be clean and free from indentations, projections and roll marks in the area from pipe end to groove for proper gasket sealing. The gasket style and elastomeric material shall be verified as suitable for the intended service as specified. Flexible couplings only to be used for expansion loops, pump trim and where approved by the engineer. A factory trained representative shall provide on-site training for contractor's field personnel in the use of grooving tools, application of groove, and product installation. All groove depths shall be checked manually or by grooving tool (RG5200i). A Victaulic representative shall periodically visit the job site and review installation.
- 7. Route piping in direct orderly manner and maintain proper grades. Installation shall conserve headroom and interfere as little as possible with use of spaces. Route exposed piping parallel to walls. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- 8. Install piping to allow for expansion and Contraction without stressing pipe, joints or connected equipment.
- 9. Furnish all supports required by the piping included in this specification section.
- 10. Penetrations through fire rated walls, floors and partitions shall be sealed to provide a U.L. rating equal to or greater than the wall, floor or partition.
- 11. Seal all penetrations through floors, air and water tight.
- 12. Each plumbing pipe projecting through roof shall be installed in accordance with Contract Specifications and Drawings. Penetrations shall be sealed air and water tight. Refer to details on Contract Drawings and coordinate with General Contractor for flashing requirements.
- 13. Furnish and install all necessary valves, traps, gauges, strainers, unions, etc. for each piece of equipment (including Owner furnished equipment) having plumbing connections, to facilitate proper functioning, servicing and compliance with code.
- 14. Provide code-approved transition adapters when joining dissimilar piping materials. Adaptors installed shall be manufactured specifically for the particular transition.
- 15. All piping shall have reducing fittings used for reducing or increasing where any change in the pipe sizes occurs. No bushing of any nature shall be allowed in piping.
- 16. Close nipples shall not be installed in plumbing piping systems.
- 17. Buried piping shall be supported throughout its entire length.
- 18. All excavation required for plumbing work is the responsibility of the plumbing Contractor and shall be done in accordance with Contract Documents.
- 19. Piping shall be insulated in accordance with Contract Documents.
- 20. Provide clearance for installation of insulation and for access to valves, air vents, drains, unions, etc.
- 21. Provide dielectric isolation device where non-ferrous components connect to ferrous components. Devices shall be dielectric union, coupling or dielectric flange fitting.
- 22. All piping shall be isolated from building structures, including partition studs, to prevent transmission of vibration and noise.

23. Isolate all bare copper pipe from ferrous building materials. Tape is not an acceptable isolator.

## D. Drainage and Vent Systems

- 1. Installation shall comply with the latest installation instructions published by the manufacturer and shall conform to all local plumbing, building, and fire code requirements.
- 2. Systems shall be hydrostatically tested after installation.
- 3. Slope drainage lines uniformly at 1/4" per foot, for lines 3" and less, and 1/8" per foot for larger lines, unless noted otherwise on Contract Drawings. Maintain gradients through each joint of pipe and throughout system.
- 4. Buried pipe shall be laid on a smoothly graded, prepared subgrade soil foundation true to alignment and uniformly graded. Bell holes shall be hand-excavated so that the bottom of the pipe is in continuous contact with the surface of the prepared subgrade material. Piping invert shall form a true and straight line.
- 5. The size of drainage piping shall not be reduced in size in the direction of flow. Drainage and vent piping shall conform to the sizes indicated on the Contract Drawings. Waste lines from water closets shall not be smaller than four inches. Under no circumstances shall any drain or vent line below slab be smaller than two inches.
- 6. Unburied horizontal drain piping shall be supported at least at every other joint except that when the developed length between supports exceeds four feet, they shall be provided at each joint. Supports shall also be provided at each horizontal branch connection and at the base of each vertical rise. Supports shall be placed immediately adjacent to the joint. Suspended lines shall be braced to prevent horizontal movement. Unburied vertical drain piping rising through more than one floor level shall be supported with riser clamps at each floor level.
- 7. All unburied change of direction fittings within the storm drainage system shall be braced against thrust loads that might result in joint separation due to dynamic forces caused by sudden, heavy rainfall conditions. Bracing shall incorporate galvanized steel pipe clamps and tie rods.
- 8. Provide cleanouts within sanitary waste systems at locations and with clearances as required by the code, at the base of each waste stack and at intervals not exceeding 75 feet in horizontal runs.
- 9. Provide cleanouts at the base of each vertical downspout and at intervals not exceeding 75 feet in horizontal building storm drain. Provide clearances as required by code.
- 10. A removable sink or lavatory p-trap with cleanout plug shall be considered as an approved cleanout for 2" diameter pipe.
- 11. All interior cleanouts shall be accessible from walls or floors. Provide wall cleanouts in lieu of floor cleanouts wherever possible. A floor cleanout shall be installed only where installation of a wall cleanout is not practical.
- 12. Provide a wall cleanout for each water closet or battery of water closets. Locate wall cleanouts above the flood level rim of the highest water closet but no more than twenty-four inches above the finished floor.
- 13. Coordinate the location of all cleanouts with the architectural features of the building and obtain approval of locations from the Project Architect.
- 14. Lubricate cleanout plugs with anti-seize lubricant before installation. Prior to final completion, remove cleanout plugs, re-lubricate and reinstall using only enough force to provide a water and gas tight seal.
- 15. Install trap primer supply to floor drains, hub drains and floor sinks that are susceptible to trap seal evaporation and where indicated on Project Drawings. Primer unit installation

- shall comply with manufacturer's published recommendations. Trap primer lines shall slope to drain at a minimum 1/4" per foot.
- 16. Capped waste and vent connections for future extensions shall be located accessibly and not extend more than 24" from active main. Waste connections and vent connections shall be located at elevations that will allow future installation of properly sloped piping without the need to dismantle or relocate installed ductwork, piping, conduit, light fixtures, etc.
- 17. Locate all sanitary vent terminals a minimum of 25 feet horizontally from or 3 feet vertically above all air intakes, operable windows, doors and any other building openings.
- 18. Wastewater when discharged into the building drainage system shall be at a temperature not higher than 140°F. When higher temperatures exist, approved cooling methods shall be provided.

# E. Domestic Water System

- 1. On each water supply line serving a plumbing fixture, item of equipment, or other device which has a water supply discharge outlet below the overflow rim, or where cross contamination may occur, provide and install an approved vacuum breaker or backflow preventer. Installation of vacuum breakers shall prevent any possible backflow through them
- 2. Copper piping shall be supported at no greater than six-foot intervals for piping 1-1/2" and smaller and ten foot intervals for piping 2" and larger in diameter.
- 3. Install all water piping to allow all piping within the system to be drained at low points.
- 4. Air chambers, dead-legs, or any other piping arrangement that may allow water to stagnate shall not be installed within domestic water systems. Valves installed for future connections shall not extend more than 24" from an active main.
- 5. Provide manufactured water hammer arrestors in water supply lines in accordance with Standard PDI-WH201.
- 6. Install union type fitting downstream of isolation valves at equipment connections.
- 7. Solder joint fittings shall not be installed within 24" of a copper press fitting.
- 8. Threaded adaptors shall be of the same manufacture and type as the system's copper fittings.
- 9. Threaded adaptors on supply stub-outs shall be installed prior to construction of wall and shall not extend more than 1" beyond wall face.

## F. Domestic Water Valves

- 1. Domestic water shut-off valves shall be installed where shown on Drawings, at each fixture and piece of equipment, at each branch take-off from mains, at the base of each riser, and at each battery of fixtures.
- 2. Install shut-off valves in accessible locations. Provide access panels where valves would otherwise be inaccessible. Coordinate quantity, size and location requirements of access panels with General Contractor.
- 3. Install shut-off valves with stems upright or horizontal, not inverted.
- 4. Where threaded valves are installed in copper piping systems special care shall be taken to avoid damaging the valve or its parts due to overheating. Install copper or bronze male adapters in each inlet of threaded valves. Sweat solder adapters to pipe prior to connecting to valve body.
- 5. Provide spring loaded type check valves on discharge of water pumps.
- 6. Provide accessible check valves in the individual cold and hot water fixture supply lines serving mixing valve type faucets or assemblies having hose connection outlets that are not equipped with integral check stops.

- 7. Install a shutoff valve immediately upstream of each strainer.
- 8. Install domestic hot water return circuit balancing valves where indicated on Contract Drawings and locate a minimum of five pipe diameters downstream and three pipe diameters upstream of all fittings and/or line shut-off valves. Location of valves shall allow unobstructed access for monitoring and adjustment.
- 9. Adjust and set domestic hot water return circuit balancing valves to flows indicated on Contract Drawings and in accordance with valve manufacturer's published instructions. Use flow meter recommended by valve manufacturer.
- 10. Provide a temperature gauge, strainer, union and line shut-off valve upstream of each hot water return circuit balancing valve.

## 3.4 TESTING AND CLEANING

#### A. General

- 1. Equipment, material, power, and labor necessary for the cleaning, flushing, sterilization, inspection and testing of systems covered within this Specification Section shall be furnished by the Plumbing Contractor.
- 2. All new and parts of existing altered, extended, or repaired plumbing system piping shall be tested and inspected for leaks and defects. Piping being tested shall not leak nor show any loss in test pressure for duration specified.
- 3. In cases of minor installation and repairs where specified water and/or air test procedures are deemed impractical, Contractor shall obtain written approval from Owner's Representative to perform alternate testing and inspection procedures. Alternate testing and inspection procedures for minor installation and repairs shall include visual evaluation of installed components by Owner's Representative during a simulation of use.
- 4. The water utilized for tests shall be obtained from a potable source of supply.
- 5. Prepare testing reports. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each segment, complete with diagram or clear description of applicable portion of piping. After inspection has been approved or portions thereof, certify in writing the time, date, name and title of the persons reviewing the test. This shall also include the description of what portion of the system has been approved. Obtain approval signature by Owner's Representative. A complete record shall be maintained of all testing that has been approved and shall be made available at the job Site. Upon completion of the work, all records and certifications approving testing requirements shall be submitted to the Owner's Representative before final payment is made.
- 6. Verify systems are complete, flushed and clean prior to testing. Isolate all equipment subject to damage from test pressure. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. Leave piping uninsulated, uncovered and unconcealed until it has been tested and approved. Where any portion of piping system must be concealed before completion of entire system, the portion shall be tested separately as specified for the entire system prior to concealment. Contractor shall expose all untested covered or concealed piping.
- 7. Gauges used for testing shall have increments as follows:
  - a. Tests requiring a pressure of 10 psi or less shall utilize a testing gauge having increments of 0.10 psi or less.
  - b. Tests requiring a pressure of greater than 10 psi but less than or equal to 100 psi shall utilize a testing gauge having increments of 1 psi or less.
  - c. Tests requiring a pressure of greater than 100 psi shall utilize a testing gauge having increments of 2 psi or less.

- 8. Separately test above and below ground piping.
- 9. Do not introduce test water into piping systems when exposure to freezing temperatures is possible.
- 10. Do not introduce test water into sections of piping located above existing sensitive areas and/or equipment that may be damaged or contaminated by water leakage. Coordinate with Owner's Representative to determine areas and/or equipment considered as being sensitive.
- 11. Defective work or material shall be reworked and replaced, and inspection and test repeated. Repairs shall be made with new materials. Pipe dope, caulking, tape, dresser couplings, etc., shall not be used to correct deficiencies.
- 12. The Contractor shall be responsible for cleaning up any leakage during flushing, testing, repairing and disinfecting to the original condition any building parts subjected to spills or leakage.

## B. Drainage and Vent System

- 1. Subject gravity drainage and vent piping and joints to a vertical water column pressure of at least ten feet. If after 15 minutes the level of the water has been lowered by leakage, the leaks must be found and stopped and the water level shall again be raised to the level described and the test repeated until, after a 15 minute retention period, there shall be no perceptible lowering of the water level in the system being tested. EXCEPTION: Portions of drainage and vent piping located on uppermost level of building shall be subjected to a water column pressure created by filling the system to point of overflow at roof vent terminals and roof drains. The pipes for the level being tested shall be filled with water to a verifiable and visible level as described above and be allowed to remain so for 15 minutes.
- 2. Should the completion of these tests leave any reasonable question of a doubt relative to the integrity of the installation, additional tests or measures shall be performed to demonstrate the reliability of these systems to the complete satisfaction of the Owner's Representative.
- 3. Test plugs must extend outside the end of pipe to provide a visible indication for removal after the test has been completed.

## C. Domestic Water System

- 1. Subject piping system to a hydrostatic pressure of at least 125 pounds per square inch gauge, but not less than the operating pressure under which it is to be used, for a period of no less than 15 minutes. During test period, all pipe, fittings and accessories in the particular piping system that is being tested shall be carefully inspected. If leaks are detected, such leaks shall be stopped and the hydrostatic test shall again be applied. This procedure shall be repeated until no leaks are detected for an entire 15 minute period. EXCEPTION: Piping located above sensitive areas and/or equipment that may be damaged or become contaminated due to test water leakage shall be tested with oil-free air in lieu of water.
- 2. After completion of the testing, all new and/or altered water piping systems shall be thoroughly sterilized with a solution containing not less than 50 parts per million of available chlorine. Do not exceed 150 parts per million at any time. Introduce chlorine into the supply stream at a rate sufficient to provide a uniform concentration throughout the system. All outlets shall be opened and closed several times. When the specified level of chlorine is detected at every outlet in the system, close all valves to prevent release of water from the system for 24 hours. At the completion of the 24 hour disinfection period, test every outlet for a minimum chlorine residual of fifty parts per million. This minimum residual must be present to proceed with flushing. Flush the system with clean water at a sufficient velocity until the residual chlorine detected at every outlet is within 0.2 parts per million of the normal water supply's level.

- 3. Sufficient samples must be taken no sooner than 24 hours after sterilization and flushing to represent the extent and complexity of the affected water system, along with a control sample to indicate municipal water quality at the time of testing. Send water samples to an accredited laboratory to perform qualitative and quantitative bacteriological analysis in accordance with AWWA C651. Contractor shall obtain written certification from the independent testing agency stating that the water samples meet Federal and State guidelines for safe drinking water. Upon satisfactory completion of all procedures, and receipt of acceptable laboratory test results, obtain written approval by Owner's representative. Failure to fully comply with the above procedures will result in a requirement to repeat the procedure until acceptable results are achieved, at no additional cost to the Owner.
- 4. Isolate or bypass equipment that would be detrimentally affected by disinfecting solution. Isolate all other sections of the domestic water system not being disinfected to prevent migration of chlorine.
- 5. Prior to injection of chlorine into the piping system, strategically place signs stating "Heavily Chlorinated Water Do Not Drink", and protect all outlets to prevent use during disinfection and flushing procedures.
- 6. A bacteria test is not necessary for small scale work. However, disinfection is required. Examples of small scale work are less than 20 feet of pipe, replacement and/or installation of a sink, drinking fountain, eyewash, backflow preventer, isolation valve, etc. Disinfect individual parts, fixtures, isolation valves, pipes, etc. by swabbing with full strength bleach (5.25%) or soaking for at least 30 minutes in a 500 ppm chlorine solution. The 500 ppm solution can be made by adding one part 5.25% bleach (household bleach) to 100 parts drinking water. For example 3-1/2 ounces of bleach can be added to 2-1/2 gallons drinking water. Materials should then be thoroughly rinsed before putting into service.
- 7. Prior to putting any potable water fixture currently or potentially used for drinking or cooking purposes, including but not limited to a bubbler, drinking fountain, or faucets.in operation, perform a "first draw" sampling of the water in accordance with 10 NYCRR subpart 67-4. First-draw samples shall be collected from all outlets, as defined in this Subpart. A first-draw sample volume shall be 250 milliliters (mL), collected from a cold water outlet before any water is used. All first-draw samples shall be analyzed by a laboratory approved to perform such analyses by the New York State Department of Health's Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP).
- 8. The water shall be motionless in the pipes for a minimum of 8 hours, but not more than 18 hours, before sample collection. The construction manager and owner shall be notified of any sample indicating a lead level of 15 micrograms per liter (equivalent to parts per billion, or ppb). Any potable water fixture connected to any such tested branch piping shall be taken out of service and conspicuous notice shall be made that the fixture is "OUT OF SERVICE".

END OF SECTION 221000

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#### SECTION 221030 – PLUMBING SPECIALTIES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Provide all materials and installation for plumbing specialties and other normal components that make the systems complete, operable, code compliant and acceptable to the authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Within building domestic water, sanitary waste and storm drainage systems; floor drains, floor sinks, hub drains, roof drains, cleanouts, backflow preventers, vacuum breakers, pressure regulating valves, water hammer arrestors, wall hydrants, hose bibbs, trap primer units, strainers, temperature gauges, pressure gauges.
- C. This Section includes the following plumbing specialties:
  - 1. Floor Drains.
  - 2. Cleanouts.
  - 3. Water Hammer Arresters.
  - 4. Wall Hydrants.
  - 5. Hose Bibbs.
  - 6. Strainers.
  - 7. Thermometers.
  - 8. Pressure Gauges.
  - 9. Drain Valves.

## 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. The latest published edition of a reference shall be applicable to this Project unless identified by a specific edition date.
- B. All reference amendments adopted prior to the effective date of this Contract shall be applicable to this Project.
- C. All materials, installation and workmanship shall comply with the applicable requirements and standards addressed within the following references:
  - 1. New York State Plumbing Code.
  - 2. ANSI/NSF Standard 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects.
  - 3. ANSI/NSF Standard 372 Lead Content in domestic water systems
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- E. UL Compliance: UL 778 for motor-operated water pumps.

## 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All materials shall be new, undamaged, and free of rust. Protect installed products and associated materials during progression of the construction period to avoid clogging with dirt, and debris and to prevent damage, rust, etc. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company shall have minimum three years documented experience specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section.

# C. NSF Compliance:

1. Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components - Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9."

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

#### A. Product Data:

1. Provide Code and Standards compliance, component dimensions, service sizes and finishes.

#### B. Record Documents:

- 1. Manufacturer's certification documentation for backflow preventers.
- 2. Submit proposed location of access panels which vary from quantities or locations indicated on Contract Drawings.
- 3. Provide full written description of manufacturer's warranty.
- 4. Record actual locations of plumbing specialties installed.

## C. Operation and Maintenance Data:

- 1. Include testing procedures for backflow preventers, adjustment procedures for water pressure regulating valves.
- 2. Include installation instructions, exploded assembly views. servicing requirements, inspection data, installation instructions, spare parts lists, replacement part numbers and availability, location and contact numbers for service, for all plumbing specialties installed.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Accept specialties on site in shipping containers and maintain in place until installation.
- B. Provide temporary protective coating and end plugs on valves not packaged within containers. Maintain in place until installation.
- C. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work and isolating parts of completed system.
- D. Protect all materials before and after installation from exposure to rain, freezing temperatures and direct sunlight. EXCEPTION: Materials manufactured for installation within exterior environments.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 GENERAL

- A. All materials shall meet or exceed all applicable referenced standards, federal, state and local requirements, and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Provide plumbing specialties as indicated and scheduled on the Contract Drawings and as specified herein. All materials and work shall meet or exceed all applicable Federal and State requirements and conform to adopted codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Pressure and temperature ratings of plumbing specialties shall be suitable for the anticipated system pressures and temperatures in which they are installed.
- D. All materials within domestic water distribution systems that may come in contact with the potable water delivered shall comply with ANSI/NSF Standard 61.
- E. All brass and bronze plumbing specialties within domestic water distribution systems that may come in contact with the potable water delivered shall certified lead free and have no more than 15% zinc content.
- F. Specialties of same type shall be product of one manufacturer.

### 2.2 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following for each type:
  - 1. Floor Drains: Wade, Zurn, Smith, Josam.
  - 2. Wall/Floor Cleanouts: Wade, Zurn, Smith, Josam.
  - 3. Water Hammer Arrestors: Wade, Zurn, Smith, Josam.
  - 4. Wall Hydrants: Wade, Zurn, Smith, Josam.
  - 5. Hose Bibbs: Chicago, Leonard, Zurn.
  - 6. Stainers: Conbraco, Metraflex, Wilkins, Zurn.
  - 7. Temperature Gauges: Ashcroft, Trerice, Weksler.
  - 8. Pressure Gauges: Ashcroft, Trerice, Weksler.
  - 9. Drain Valves: Apollo, NIBCO, Milwaukee.
  - 10. Backflow Preventer: Zurn, Watts, Appollo.

## 2.3 FLOOR DRAINS (FD)

- A. Standard: ASME A112.6.3
- B. All floor drains shall be furnished and installed with all options and accessories required for a waterproof installation within the particular construction in which they are to be mounted.
- C. Each floor drain shall be provided with a deep-seal p-trap and trap guard unless noted otherwise.

- D. Floor drains installed for general floor area drainage within toilet rooms and other finished spaces shall have cast iron body with flange, adjustable top and sediment bucket, integral reversible clamping collar, seepage openings, 1/2" plugged primer tap, and 6" diameter stainless steel strainer with vandal proof screws.
- E. Floor drains installed for general floor area drainage and light to medium flow indirect equipment discharge within mechanical rooms shall have cast iron body with plugged 1/2" primer tap, integral clamping collar, seepage openings, adjustable 6" round top, 4" pipe connection and 11-1/2" diameter ductile iron loose set tractor grate.
- F. All floor drains shall be as sized on Contract Drawings.

### 2.4 CLEANOUTS:

- A. Cleanouts shall be the same nominal size as the pipe they serve up to four inches. For pipes larger than four inches nominal size, the size of cleanouts shall be six inches.
- B. Cleanouts shall have tapered cast brass or bronze plug providing gas and watertight seal.
- C. Interior floor cleanouts shall have scoriated, adjustable top. Provide carpet marker when installed in areas to be covered by carpet.
- D. Exterior cleanouts at grade shall have scoriated cast iron top.
- E. Wall cleanouts shall be provided with stainless steel access covers of adequate size to allow rodding of drainage system. Wall cleanouts incorporating cover screws that extend completely through the access plug are not acceptable.

## 2.5 WATER HAMMER ARRESTORS (SHOCK ABSORBERS):

- A. Nesting type bellows operated water hammer arrestor with male N.P.T. connection. Bellows and body casing made of Type 304 stainless steel. Water hammer arrestors shall be lead free and certified to the PDI WH-201 Standard and ASSE Standard 1010.
- B. Arrestors shall be designed and manufactured for a maximum working temperature of 250F and maximum operating pressure of 125 P.S.I.G.
- C. All arrestors shall be designed and approved for sealed wall installation without an access panel.

# 2.6 WALL HYDRANTS (WH)

- A. Standard: ASME A112.21.3M
- B. Encased anti-siphon, automatic draining wall hydrant for flush installation, bronze casing, all bronze interior parts, non-turning operating rod with free-floating compression closure valve, replaceable bronze seat and seat washer, and combination 3/4 female or 1 male straight IP inlet. Nickel bronze box and hinged cover with operating key lock and "WATER" cast on cover.

## 2.7 HOSE BIBBS (HB)

- A. Standard: ASME A112.18.1
- B. Bronze body, replaceable bronze seat, NPS 3/4 threaded inlet. Integral nonremovable, drainable, hose-connection vacuum breaker complying with ASSE 1011.
  - 1. Finish for Equipment Rooms: Rough bronze, or chrome or nickel plated.
  - 2. Finish for Service Areas: Rough bronze.
  - 3. Finish for Finished Rooms: Chrome or nickel plated.
  - 4. Operation for Equipment Rooms: Wheel handle or operating key.
  - 5. Operation for Service Areas: Wheel handle.
  - 6. Operation for Finished Rooms: Operating key.
  - 7. Include operating key with each operating-key hose bibb.
  - 8. Include integral wall flange with each chrome- or nickel-plated hose bibb.

## 2.8 STRAINERS

- A. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Body: Lead free bronze for NPS 2 and smaller; cast iron with interior lining complying with AWWA C550 or FDA-approved, epoxy coating and for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- C. End Connections: Threaded for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- D. Screen: Stainless steel with round perforations, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. If retaining more than one screen size, indicate screen size on Drawings.
- F. Perforation Size:
  - 1. Strainers NPS 2 and Smaller: 0.020 inch.
  - 2. Strainers NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: 0.045 inch.
- G. Drain: Factory-installed, hose-end drain valve.

#### 2.9 THERMOMETERS

- A. Thermometers shall be vapor or liquid actuated, direct-mounted, universal adjustable angle dial type with stainless steel or cured polyester powder coated cast aluminum case, stainless steel friction ring and glass window. Dial face shall be white with black figures; pointer shall be friction adjustable type. Movement shall be brass with bronze bushings. Bourdon tube shall be phosphor bronze with a brass socket.
- B. Thermometer range shall be 30 240° Fahrenheit and have an accuracy of  $\pm 1$  scale division.
- C. Dial face shall be 4½" diameter where installed within eight feet of floor level and 6" diameter where installed higher than six feet above floor level. Provide remote read-out gauges for isolated or hard to access monitoring points.

- D. Provide a stainless steel separable thermowell for each thermometer.
- E. Thermometers shall have a sensing bulb with an insertion length of roughly half of the pipe diameter; minimum insertion length shall be 2". Thermometers installed on tanks shall have a minimum insertion length of 5".
- F. Where insulation thickness exceeds 2", provide proper bulb length and an extension neck separable thermowell. The extension neck shall be at least 2" long.

## 2.10 PRESSURE GAUGES

- A. Gauges shall comply with ASME B40.1, Grade 2A, and have ±0.5 percent of full scale accuracy, with type 304 stainless steel or aluminum case, lead free bronze or stainless steel wetted parts and brass socket. Dial face shall be 3½" diameter where installed within six feet of floor level and 6" diameter where installed higher than eight feet above floor level. Dial face shall be aluminum with white background, black graduations and black markings. Pointer shall be adjustable with black finish. Provide remote read-out gauges for isolated or hard to access monitoring points.
- B. Units of measure shall be in pounds per square inch (psi). The proper range shall be selected so that the average operating pressure falls approximately in the middle of the scale selected.
- C. All pressure gauges shall be equipped with brass or stainless steel needle valves and pressure snubbers.

#### 2.11 DRAIN VALVES

- A. Ball-Valve-Type, Hose-End Drain Valves: Standard: MSS SP-110 for standard-port, two-piece ball valves.
  - 1. Pressure Rating: 400-psig minimum CWP.
  - 2. Size: NPS 3/4.
  - 3. Body: Copper alloy.
  - 4. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
  - 5. Seats and Seals: Replaceable.
  - 6. Handle: Vinyl-covered steel.
  - 7. Inlet: Threaded or solder joint.
  - 8. Outlet: Threaded, short nipple with garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7 and cap with brass chain.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

A. Coordinate cutting and forming of roof and floor construction to receive drains with General Contractor.

B. Verify location of equipment and housekeeping pads prior to installation of floor drains. Relocation due to misplacement shall be at Contractor's expense.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

#### A. General

- 1. Installation shall meet or exceed all applicable federal, state and local requirements, referenced standards and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Install plumbing specialties in accordance with manufacturer's published instructions.

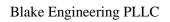
#### B. Drains and Cleanouts

- 1. Extreme care shall be used to set the top elevation of floor drains and floor sinks to meet the low point elevation of the finished floor.
- 2. Pipe connections to roof drains, above grade floor drains and floor sinks shall not directly contact or be encased in concrete.
- 3. Final mounting of interior cleanout top or access cover shall be set flush with the finished floor or wall surface. Lubricate threaded cleanout plugs with mixture of graphite and linseed oil.
- 4. Encase exterior cleanouts within 14" x 14" x 6" thick reinforced concrete pad. Set top flush with finished grade surface.
- 5. Locate cleanouts with required clearance for rodding of drainage system.

## C. Water Hammer Arrestors (Hydraulic Shock Absorbers)

- 1. Provide hydraulic shock absorbers in cold and hot water supply lines to each fixture branch, battery of fixtures and at each automatic, solenoid-operated or quick-closing valve serving equipment.
- 2. Locate and size hydraulic shock absorbers in accordance with PDI-WH-201 Standard and manufacturer's published recommendations.

**END OF SECTION 221030** 



Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project

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# SECTION 221613 - NATURAL GAS PIPING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Pipes, tubes, and fittings.
- 2. Piping specialties.
- 3. Piping and tubing joining materials.
- 4. Valves.
- 5. Pressure regulators.
- 6. Service meters.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Finished Spaces: Spaces other than mechanical and electrical equipment rooms, furred spaces, pipe and duct shafts, unheated spaces immediately below roof, spaces above ceilings, unexcavated spaces, crawlspaces, and tunnels.
- B. Exposed, Interior Installations: Exposed to view indoors. Examples include finished occupied spaces and mechanical equipment rooms.
- C. Exposed, Exterior Installations: Exposed to view outdoors or subject to outdoor ambient temperatures and weather conditions. Examples include rooftop locations.

#### 1.3 CODES AND REGULATIONS

- A. NFPA 54, National Fuel Gas Code.
- B. NFPA 70, National Electrical Code.
- C. NFPA 72, National Fire Alarm Code.
- D. Americans with Disabilities Act

## 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Minimum Operating-Pressure Ratings:
  - 1. Piping and Valves: 100 psig minimum unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Service Regulators: 100 psig minimum unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Minimum Operating Pressure of Service Meter: 5 psig.

- B. Natural-Gas System Pressure within Buildings: 0.5 psig or less.
- C. Natural-Gas System Pressures within Buildings: Two pressure ranges. Primary pressure is more than 0.5 psig but not more than 2 psig and is reduced to secondary pressure of 0.5 psig or less.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following:
  - 1. Piping specialties.
  - 2. Valves. Include pressure rating, capacity, settings, and electrical connection data of selected models.
  - 3. Pressure regulators. Indicate pressure ratings and capacities.
  - 4. Service meters. Indicate pressure ratings and capacities. Include meter bars and supports.
  - 5. Dielectric fittings.

#### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For pressure regulators and service meters to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Steel Support Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
- B. Pipe Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and operators according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

#### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Handling Flammable Liquids: Remove and dispose of liquids from existing natural-gas piping according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Deliver pipes and tubes with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.
- C. Store and handle pipes and tubes having factory-applied protective coatings to avoid damaging coating and protect from direct sunlight.
- D. Protect stored PE pipes and valves from direct sunlight.

#### 1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Perform site survey, research public utility records, and verify existing utility locations. Contact utility-locating service for area where Project is located.
- B. Interruption of Existing Natural-Gas Service: Do not interrupt natural-gas service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide purging and startup of natural-gas supply according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Owner no fewer than five (5) days in advance of proposed interruption of natural-gas service.
  - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of natural-gas service without Owner's written permission.

#### 1.10 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of concrete bases with actual equipment provided.
- B. Coordinate requirements for access panels and doors for valves installed concealed behind finished surfaces. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Access Doors and Frames."

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PIPES, TUBES, AND FITTINGS

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, black steel, Schedule 40, Type E or S, Grade B.
  - 1. Malleable-Iron Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.3, Class 150, standard pattern.
  - 2. Wrought-Steel Welding Fittings: ASTM A 234/A 234M for butt welding and socket welding.
  - 3. Unions: ASME B16.39, Class 150, malleable iron with brass-to-iron seat, ground joint, and threaded ends.
  - 4. Forged-Steel Flanges and Flanged Fittings: ASME B16.5, minimum Class 150, including bolts, nuts, and gaskets of the following material group, end connections, and facings:
    - a. Material Group: 1.1.
    - b. End Connections: Threaded or butt welding to match pipe.
    - c. Lapped Face: Not permitted underground.
    - d. Gasket Materials: ASME B16.20, metallic, flat, asbestos free, aluminum O-rings, and spiral-wound metal gaskets.
    - e. Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel aboveground and stainless-steel underground.
  - 5. Protective Coating for Underground Piping: Factory-applied, three-layer coating of epoxy, adhesive, and PE.
    - a. Joint Cover Kits: Epoxy paint, adhesive, and heat-shrink PE sleeves.
  - 6. Mechanical Couplings:

- a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1) Dresser Piping Specialties; Division of Dresser, Inc.
  - 2) Smith-Blair, Inc.
- b. Stainless-steel flanges and tube with epoxy finish.
- c. Buna-nitrile seals.
- d. Stainless-steel bolts, washers, and nuts.
- e. Coupling shall be capable of joining PE pipe to PE pipe, steel pipe to PE pipe, or steel pipe to steel pipe.
- f. Steel body couplings installed underground on plastic pipe shall be factory equipped with anode.

## B. PE Pipe: ASTM D 2513, SDR 11.

- 1. PE Fittings: ASTM D 2683, socket-fusion type or ASTM D 3261, butt-fusion type with dimensions matching PE pipe.
- 2. PE Transition Fittings: Factory-fabricated fittings with PE pipe complying with ASTM D 2513, SDR 11; and steel pipe complying with ASTM A 53/A 53M, black steel, Schedule 40, Type E or S, Grade B.
- 3. Anodeless Service-Line Risers: Factory fabricated and leak tested.
  - a. Underground Portion: PE pipe complying with ASTM D 2513, SDR 11 inlet.
  - b. Casing: Steel pipe complying with ASTM A 53/A 53M, Schedule 40, black steel, Type E or S, Grade B, with corrosion-protective coating covering. Vent casing aboveground.
  - c. Aboveground Portion: PE transition fitting.
  - d. Outlet shall be threaded or flanged or suitable for welded connection.
  - e. Tracer wire connection.
  - f. Ultraviolet shield.
  - g. Stake supports with factory finish to match steel pipe casing or carrier pipe.

## 2.2 PIPING SPECIALTIES

## A. Appliance Flexible Connectors:

- 1. Indoor, Fixed-Appliance Flexible Connectors: Comply with ANSI Z21.24.
- 2. Indoor, Movable-Appliance Flexible Connectors: Comply with ANSI Z21.69.
- 3. Outdoor, Appliance Flexible Connectors: Comply with ANSI Z21.75.
- 4. Corrugated stainless-steel tubing with polymer coating.
- 5. Operating-Pressure Rating: 0.5 psig.
- 6. End Fittings: Zinc-coated steel.
- 7. Threaded Ends: Comply with ASME B1.20.1.
- 8. Maximum Length: 72 inches.

## B. Quick-Disconnect Devices: Comply with ANSI Z21.41.

1. Copper-alloy convenience outlet and matching plug connector.

- 2. Nitrile seals.
- 3. Hand operated with automatic shutoff when disconnected.
- 4. For indoor or outdoor applications.
- 5. Adjustable, retractable restraining cable.

### 2.3 JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Joint Compound and Tape: Suitable for natural gas.
- B. Welding Filler Metals: Comply with AWS D10.12/D10.12M for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of steel pipe being welded.

### 2.4 VALVES

- A. All valves shall be designed, manufactured and approved for natural gas service.
- B. Line Shut-off Valves sizes 2 inches and smaller shall be iron body lubricated plug valve conforming to ASTM-A-126, U.L. Listed and A.G.A. Approved for natural gas service with threaded ends, wrench operation, rated for 200 WOG service pressure and –20 to 200 degrees F., manufactured by Resun Model R-1430 or Nordstrom Model 142.
- C. Line Shut-off Valves sizes 2½ inches and larger shall be iron body lubricated plug valve conforming to ASTM-A-126, U.L. Listed and A.G.A. Approved for natural gas service with flanged ends, wrench operation, rated for 200 WOG service pressure and –20 to 200 degrees F., manufactured by Resun Model R-1431 or Nordstrom Model 143.
- D. Appliance/Equipment Shut-off Valves at local connections sizes 2 inches and smaller shall be bronze body, full port ball or butterfly type, U.L. Listed and A.G.A. Approved for natural gas service with threaded ends, quarter turn lever handle operation, rated for 175 W.O.G. service pressure and 30 to 275 degrees F., manufactured by Nibco Model T585-70-UL, Model T580-70-UL or Milwaukee Model BB2-100.

## 2.5 PRESSURE REGULATORS

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Single stage and suitable for natural gas.
  - 2. Steel jacket and corrosion-resistant components.
  - 3. Elevation compensator.
  - 4. End Connections: Threaded for regulators NPS 2 and smaller; flanged for regulators NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- B. Service Pressure Regulators: Comply with ANSI Z21.80.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. Actaris.
  - b. American Meter Company.
  - c. Fisher Control Valves and Regulators; Division of Emerson Process Management.
  - d. Invensys.
  - e. Richards Industries; Jordan Valve Div.
- 2. Body and Diaphragm Case: Cast iron or die-cast aluminum.
- 3. Springs: Zinc-plated steel; interchangeable.
- 4. Diaphragm Plate: Zinc-plated steel.
- 5. Seat Disc: Nitrile rubber resistant to gas impurities, abrasion, and deformation at the valve port.
- 6. Orifice: Aluminum; interchangeable.
- 7. Seal Plug: Ultraviolet-stabilized, mineral-filled nylon.
- 8. Single-port, self-contained regulator with orifice no larger than required at maximum pressure inlet, and no pressure sensing piping external to the regulator.
- 9. Pressure regulator shall maintain discharge pressure setting downstream, and not exceed 150 percent of design discharge pressure at shutoff.
- 10. Overpressure Protection Device: Factory mounted on pressure regulator.
- 11. Atmospheric Vent: Factory- or field-installed, stainless-steel screen in opening if not connected to vent piping.
- 12. Maximum Inlet Pressure: 100 psig.
- C. Line Pressure Regulators: Comply with ANSI Z21.80.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Actaris.
    - b. American Meter Company.
    - c. Eclipse Combustion, Inc.
    - d. Fisher Control Valves and Regulators; Division of Emerson Process Management.
    - e. Invensys.
    - f. Maxitrol Company.
    - g. Richards Industries; Jordan Valve Div.
  - 2. Body and Diaphragm Case: Cast iron or die-cast aluminum.
  - 3. Springs: Zinc-plated steel; interchangeable.
  - 4. Diaphragm Plate: Zinc-plated steel.
  - 5. Seat Disc: Nitrile rubber resistant to gas impurities, abrasion, and deformation at the valve port.
  - 6. Orifice: Aluminum; interchangeable.
  - 7. Seal Plug: Ultraviolet-stabilized, mineral-filled nylon.
  - 8. Single-port, self-contained regulator with orifice no larger than required at maximum pressure inlet, and no pressure sensing piping external to the regulator.
  - 9. Pressure regulator shall maintain discharge pressure setting downstream, and not exceed 150 percent of design discharge pressure at shutoff.

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- 10. Overpressure Protection Device: Factory mounted on pressure regulator.
- 11. Atmospheric Vent: Factory- or field-installed, stainless-steel screen in opening if not connected to vent piping.
- 12. Maximum Inlet Pressure: 2 psig.
- D. Appliance Pressure Regulators: Comply with ANSI Z21.18.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Canadian Meter Company Inc.
    - b. Eaton Corporation; Controls Div.
    - c. Harper Wyman Co.
    - d. Maxitrol Company.
    - e. SCP, Inc.
  - 2. Body and Diaphragm Case: Die-cast aluminum.
  - 3. Springs: Zinc-plated steel; interchangeable.
  - 4. Diaphragm Plate: Zinc-plated steel.
  - 5. Seat Disc: Nitrile rubber.
  - 6. Seal Plug: Ultraviolet-stabilized, mineral-filled nylon.
  - 7. Factory-Applied Finish: Minimum three-layer polyester and polyurethane paint finish.
  - 8. Regulator may include vent limiting device, instead of vent connection, if approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 9. Maximum Inlet Pressure: 2 psig.

### 2.6 LABELING AND IDENTIFYING

A. Detectable Warning Tape: Acid- and alkali-resistant, PE film warning tape manufactured for marking and identifying underground utilities, a minimum of 6 inches wide and 4 mils thick, continuously inscribed with a description of utility, with metallic core encased in a protective jacket for corrosion protection, detectable by metal detector when tape is buried up to 30 inches deep; colored yellow.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in for natural-gas piping system to verify actual locations of piping connections before equipment installation.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Close equipment shutoff valves before turning off natural gas to premises or piping section.

- B. Inspect natural-gas piping according to NFPA 54 to determine that natural-gas utilization devices are turned off in piping section affected.
- C. Comply with NFPA 54 requirements for prevention of accidental ignition.

## 3.3 OUTDOOR PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NFPA 54 for installation and purging of natural-gas piping.
- B. Install underground, natural-gas piping buried at least 36 inches below finished grade. Comply with requirements in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for excavating, trenching, and backfilling.
  - 1. If natural-gas piping is installed less than 36 inches below finished grade, install it in containment conduit.
- C. Install underground, PE, natural-gas piping according to ASTM D 2774.
- D. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.

#### 3.4 INDOOR PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NFPA 54 for installation and purging of natural-gas piping.
- B. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements are used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.
- C. Arrange for pipe spaces, chases, slots, sleeves, and openings in building structure during progress of construction, to allow for mechanical installations.
- D. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- E. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- F. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- G. Locate valves for easy access.
- H. Install natural-gas piping at uniform grade of 2 percent down toward drip and sediment traps.
- I. Install piping free of sags and bends.

- J. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- K. Verify final equipment locations for roughing-in.
- L. Comply with requirements in Sections specifying gas-fired appliances and equipment for roughing-in requirements.
- M. Drips and Sediment Traps: Install drips at points where condensate may collect, including service-meter outlets. Locate where accessible to permit cleaning and emptying. Do not install where condensate is subject to freezing.
  - 1. Construct drips and sediment traps using tee fitting with bottom outlet plugged or capped. Use nipple a minimum length of 3 pipe diameters, but not less than 3 inches long and same size as connected pipe. Install with space below bottom of drip to remove plug or cap.
- N. Extend relief vent connections for service regulators, line regulators, and overpressure protection devices to outdoors and terminate with weatherproof vent cap.
- O. Conceal pipe installations in walls, pipe spaces, utility spaces, above ceilings, below grade or floors, and in floor channels unless indicated to be exposed to view.
- P. Concealed Location Installations: Except as specified below, install concealed natural-gas piping and piping installed under the building in containment conduit constructed of steel pipe with welded joints as described in Part 2. Install a vent pipe from containment conduit to outdoors and terminate with weatherproof vent cap.
  - 1. Above Accessible Ceilings: Natural-gas piping, fittings, valves, and regulators may be installed in accessible spaces without containment conduit.
  - 2. In Floors: Install natural-gas piping with welded or brazed joints and protective coating in cast-in-place concrete floors. Cover piping to be cast in concrete slabs with minimum of 1-1/2 inches of concrete. Piping may not be in physical contact with other metallic structures such as reinforcing rods or electrically neutral conductors. Do not embed piping in concrete slabs containing quick-set additives or cinder aggregate.
  - 3. In Floor Channels: Install natural-gas piping in floor channels. Channels must have cover and be open to space above cover for ventilation.
  - 4. In Walls or Partitions: Protect tubing installed inside partitions or hollow walls from physical damage using steel striker barriers at rigid supports.
    - a. Exception: Tubing passing through partitions or walls does not require striker barriers.
  - 5. Prohibited Locations:
    - a. Do not install natural-gas piping in or through circulating air ducts, clothes or trash chutes, chimneys or gas vents (flues), ventilating ducts, or dumbwaiter or elevator shafts.
    - b. Do not install natural-gas piping in solid walls or partitions.
- Q. Use eccentric reducer fittings to make reductions in pipe sizes. Install fittings with level side down.
- R. Connect branch piping from top or side of horizontal piping.

- S. Install unions in pipes NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to each valve, at final connection to each piece of equipment. Unions are not required at flanged connections.
- T. Do not use natural-gas piping as grounding electrode.
- U. Install strainer on inlet of each line-pressure regulator and automatic or electrically operated valve.
- V. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors.
- W. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs.

## 3.5 PIPING JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs.
- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.

## C. Threaded Joints:

- 1. Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads complying with ASME B1.20.1.
- 2. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies.
- 3. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full inside diameter of pipe.
- 4. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dryseal threading is specified.
- 5. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.

#### D. Welded Joints:

- 1. Construct joints according to AWS D10.12/D10.12M, using qualified processes and welding operators.
- 2. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- 3. Patch factory-applied protective coating as recommended by manufacturer at field welds and where damage to coating occurs during construction.
- E. Flanged Joints: Install gasket material, size, type, and thickness appropriate for natural-gas service. Install gasket concentrically positioned.
- F. PE Piping Heat-Fusion Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces by wiping with clean cloth or paper towels. Join according to ASTM D 2657.
  - 1. Plain-End Pipe and Fittings: Use butt fusion.
  - 2. Plain-End Pipe and Socket Fittings: Use socket fusion.

### 3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

A. Install hangers for horizontal steel piping with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:

- 1. NPS 1 and Smaller: Maximum span, 96 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- 2. NPS 1-1/4: Maximum span, 108 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- 3. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: Maximum span, 108 inches; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- 4. NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 3-1/2: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch.
- 5. NPS 4 and Larger: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 5/8 inch.

## 3.7 CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect to utility's gas main according to utility's procedures and requirements.
- B. Install natural-gas piping electrically continuous and bonded to gas appliance equipment grounding conductor of the circuit powering the appliance according to NFPA 70.
- C. Install piping adjacent to appliances to allow service and maintenance of appliances.
- D. Connect piping to appliances using manual gas shutoff valves and unions. Install valve within 72 inches of each gas-fired appliance and equipment. Install union between valve and appliances or equipment.
- E. Sediment Traps: Install tee fitting with capped nipple in bottom to form drip, as close as practical to inlet of each appliance.

#### 3.8 LABELING AND IDENTIFYING

A. Install detectable warning tape directly above gas piping, 12 inches below finished grade, except 6 inches below subgrade under pavements and slabs.

## 3.9 PAINTING

- A. Comply with requirements in Division 09 painting Sections for painting interior and exterior natural-gas piping.
- B. Paint exposed, exterior metal piping, valves, and piping specialties, except components, with factory-applied paint or protective coating.
  - 1. Alkyd System: MPI EXT 5.1D.
    - a. Prime Coat: Alkyd anticorrosive metal primer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Exterior alkyd enamel matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Exterior alkyd enamel (semigloss).
    - d. Color: Yellow.
- C. Damage and Touchup: Repair marred and damaged factory-applied finishes with materials and by procedures to match original factory finish.

## 3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
  - 1. Test, inspect, and purge natural gas according to NFPA 54 and authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Natural-gas piping will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## 3.11 NATURAL GAS PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Underground natural-gas piping shall be one of the following:
  - 1. PE pipe and fittings joined by heat fusion, or mechanical couplings; service-line risers with tracer wire terminated in an accessible location.
- B. Aboveground natural-gas piping, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be the following:
  - 1. Steel pipe with malleable-iron fittings and threaded joints.
- C. Aboveground natural-gas piping, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, shall be the following:
  - 1. Steel pipe with wrought-steel fittings and welded joints.

**END OF SECTION 221613** 

## SECTION 223300 - ELECTRIC WATER HEATERS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Commercial, electric storage water heaters.
- 2. Domestic-water heater accessories.

## 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type and size of water heater indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.

# B. Shop Drawings:

1. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.

#### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Certificates: For each type of commercial, electric, domestic-water heater, from manufacturer.
- B. Domestic-Water Heater Labeling: Certified and labeled by testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Source quality-control reports.
- D. Field quality-control reports.
- E. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

## 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For electric, domestic-water heaters to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

- B. ASME Compliance: Where ASME-code construction is indicated, fabricate and label commercial, domestic-water heater storage tanks to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII. Division 1.
- C. NSF Compliance: Fabricate and label equipment components that will be in contact with potable water to comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components Health Effects."

#### 1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate sizes and locations of concrete bases with actual equipment provided.

#### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of electric, domestic-water heaters that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including storage tank and supports.
    - b. Faulty operation of controls.
    - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal use.
  - 2. Warranty Periods: From date of Substantial Completion.
    - . Commercial, Electric, Storage, Domestic-Water Heaters:
      - 1) Storage Tank: Three years.
      - 2) Controls and Other Components: Three years.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 COMMERCIAL, ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

- A. Commercial, Electric, Storage, Domestic-Water Heaters:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Bradford White Corporation.
    - b. Lochinvar Corporation.
    - c. PVI Industries, LLC.
    - d. Rheem Manufacturing Company.
    - e. A.O. Smith, A. O. Water Products Co.
    - f. State Industries.
  - 2. Standard: UL 1453.
  - 3. Storage-Tank Construction: ASME-code, steel vertical arrangement.
    - a. Tappings: Factory fabricated of materials compatible with tank and piping connections. Attach tappings to tank before testing.
      - 1) NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded ends according to ASME B1.20.1.

- 2) NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Flanged ends according to ASME B16.5 for steel and stainless-steel flanges, and according to ASME B16.24 for copper and copperalloy flanges.
- b. Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
- c. Interior Finish: Comply with NSF 61 barrier materials for potable-water tank linings, including extending lining material into tappings.
- 4. Factory-Installed Storage-Tank Appurtenances:
  - a. Anode Rod: Replaceable magnesium.
  - b. Drain Valve: Corrosion-resistant metal complying with ASSE 1005.
  - c. Insulation: Comply with ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.
  - d. Jacket: Steel with enameled finish.
  - e. Heating Elements: Electric, screw-in or bolt-on immersion type arranged in multiples of three.
  - f. Temperature Control: Adjustable thermostat.
  - g. Safety Controls: High-temperature-limit and low-water cutoff devices or systems.
  - h. Relief Valves: ASME rated and stamped for combination temperature-and-pressure relief valves. Include one or more relief valves with total relieving capacity at least as great as heat input, and include pressure setting less than domestic-water heater working-pressure rating. Select one relief valve with sensing element that extends into storage tank.
- 5. Special Requirements: NSF 5 construction.

## 2.2 WATER HEATER ACCESSORIES

## A. Expansion Tanks:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - a. AMTROL Inc.
  - b. Bell & Gossett, A Xylem Brand.
  - c. Flexcon Industries.
  - d. Taco, Inc.
  - e. Watts.
- 2. Description: Steel pressure-rated tank constructed with welded joints and factory-installed butyl-rubber diaphragm. Include air precharge to minimum system-operating pressure at tank.
- 3. Construction:
  - Tappings: Factory-fabricated steel, welded to tank before testing and labeling.
     Include ASME B1.20.1 pipe thread.
  - b. Interior Finish: Comply with NSF 61 barrier materials for potable-water tank linings, including extending finish into and through tank fittings and outlets.
  - c. Air-Charging Valve: Factory installed.
- 4. Capacity and Characteristics:
  - a. Working-Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
  - b. Capacity Acceptable: 2 gal. minimum.

- B. Drain Pans: Corrosion-resistant metal with raised edge. Comply with ANSI/CSA LC 3. Include dimensions not less than base of domestic-water heater and include drain outlet not less than NPS 3/4 with ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads or with ASME B1.20.7 garden-hose threads.
- C. Piping-Type Heat Traps: Field-fabricated piping arrangement according to ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1 or ASHRAE 90.2.
- D. Heat-Trap Fittings: ASHRAE 90.2.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 WATER HEATER INSTALLATION

- A. Commercial Water Heater Mounting: Install commercial, electric water heaters on concrete base.
  - 1. Exception: Omit concrete bases if installation on stand, bracket, suspended platform, or directly on floor is indicated.
  - 2. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances.
  - 3. Arrange units so controls and devices that require servicing are accessible.
  - 4. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch centers around the full perimeter of concrete base.
  - 5. For supported equipment, install epoxy-coated anchor bolts that extend through concrete base and anchor into structural concrete floor.
  - 6. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
  - 7. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
- B. Install water heaters level and plumb, according to layout drawings, original design, and referenced standards. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances. Arrange units so controls and devices needing service are accessible.
  - 1. Install shutoff valves on domestic-water-supply piping to domestic-water heaters and on domestic-hot-water outlet piping.
- C. Install combination temperature-and-pressure relief valves in top portion of storage tanks. Use relief valves with sensing elements that extend into tanks. Extend commercial-water-heater relief-valve outlet, with drain piping same as domestic-water piping in continuous downward pitch, and discharge by positive air gap onto closest floor drain.
- D. Install thermometers on outlet piping of water heaters.
- E. Install piping-type heat traps on inlet and outlet piping of water heater storage tanks without integral or fitting-type heat traps.
- F. Fill water heaters with water.
- G. Charge expansion tanks with air.

## 3.2 CONNECTIONS

A. Allow space for service and maintenance of water heaters. Arrange piping for easy removal of water heaters.

# 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
  - 1. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
  - 2. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper operation.
  - 3. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- B. Electric water heaters will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## 3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain electric water heaters.

END OF SECTION 223300

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Cornwall Public Library HVAC Replacement Project

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#### SECTION 224200 – PLUMBING FIXTURES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Water closets
- 2. Urinals
- 3. Lavatories
- 4. Service Basin

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Accessible Fixture: Emergency plumbing fixture that can be approached, entered, and used by people with disabilities.
- B. Plumbed Emergency Plumbing Fixture: Fixture with fixed, potable-water supply.
- C. Self-Contained Emergency Plumbing Fixture: Fixture with flushing-fluid-solution supply.
- D. Tepid: Moderately warm.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
  - 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.

## 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For flushometer valves and electronic sensors to include in operation and maintenance manuals. For emergency plumbing fixtures to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

#### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish extra materials that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

PLUMBING FIXTURES 224200 - 1

- 1. Flushometer Repair Kits: Six (6) of each type installed.
- 2. Faucet Cartridges and O-rings: Six (6) of each type installed.
- 3. Toilet Seats: Six (6) of each type installed.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 WATER CLOSETS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. American Standard America.
  - 2. Crane Plumbing, L.L.C.
  - 3. Gerber Plumbing Fixtures LLC.
  - 4. Kohler Co.
  - 5. Sloan Valve Company.
  - 6. Zurn Industries, LLC; Commercial Brass and Fixtures.

#### B. Accessories:

- 1. Flushometer: 1.28 gallon per flush, exposed chrome plated brass electronic sensor flush valve with mechanical override push button, 9VDC battery operated, adjustable sensor range, low battery indicator light, 24 hr. courtesy flush, vacuum breaker, adjustable tailpiece, spud coupling and flange for top spud connection. Control stop with internal siphon-guard protection, vandal resistant stop cap, and cast wall flange with set screw. Chloramine resistant gaskets and at least dual filtered diaphragm. Provide remote control for sensor adjustment. Zurn ZEM6000AV-HET or approved equal.
- 2. Toilet Seat: Elongated, white, open front seat with stainless steel check hinge. Zurn Z5955SS-EL or approved equal.
- 3. Support:
  - a. Standard: ASME A112.6.1M.
  - b. Description: Waste-fitting assembly as required to match drainage piping material and arrangement with faceplates, couplings gaskets, and feet; bolts and hardware matching fixture.

## 2.2 URINALS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. American Standard America.
  - 2. Crane Plumbing, L.L.C.
  - 3. Gerber Plumbing Fixtures LLC.
  - 4. Kohler Co.
  - 5. Sloan Valve Company.

6. Zurn Industries, LLC; Commercial Brass and Fixtures.

#### B. Accessories:

- 1. Flushometer: .125 gallon per flush, exposed chrome plated electronic sensor flush valve with mechanical override push button, hardwired, vacuum breaker, adjustable tailpiece, spud coupling and flange for top spud connection. Control stop with internal siphon-guard protection, vandal resistant stop cap, and cast wall flange with set screw. Chloramine resistant gaskets and at least dual filtered diaphragm. Provide with compatible hardwired power converter and mini junction box. Zurn ZEM6003AV-ULF-IS or approved equal.
- 2. Support: Floor mounted hanger bracket with coated steel stanchions, welded feet, adjustable support plate, mounting bolts and trim.

#### 2.3 LAVATORIES

#### A. General:

- 1. Comply with ASME A112.19.2/CSA B45.1.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. American Standard America.
  - 2. Crane Plumbing, L.L.C.
  - 3. Gerber Plumbing Fixtures LLC.
  - 4. Kohler Co.
  - 5. Sloan Valve Company
  - 6. Zurn Industries, LLC; Commercial Brass and Fixtures.

# C. Description

1. 2 station wall mounted waterfall sink with molded basins. Higher adult ADA portion of the sink cascades down to a lower, TAS compliant portion of the sink.

#### D. Accessories:

- Faucet: Vandal resistant hardwired sensor faucet with infrared convergence-type proximity sensor; 0.5 GPM laminar flow, thermostatic mixing valve (ASSE 1070 Listed and CSA B125.70 Certified), certified lead-free, Sloan SF-2900 or approved equal.
- 2. Trim: ADA polished chrome offset grid strainer, loose key angle stops, cast brass chrome plated P-trap with cleanout.

## 2.4 SERVICE BASINS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Acorn Engineering Company.

- 2. Crane Plumbing, L.L.C.
- 3. FIAT Products.
- 4. Florestone Products Co., Inc.
- 5. Stern-Williams Co., Inc.

## B. Description

- 1. One-piece precast terrazzo to produce compressive strength of at least 3,000 PSI seven days after casting.
- 2. Nominal Size: 24"x24"x6"

#### C. Accessories:

- 1. Rim Guards: Stainless steel, front and side top surfaces.
- 2. Drain: Removable stainless steel grid strainer, NPS 3 outlet.
- 3. Mounting: On floor and flush to wall.
- 4. Faucet: Wall mounted service faucet, chrome plated, vacuum breaker, integral stops, adjustable wall brace, pail hook and 3/4" hose thread on spout. Provide wall mounted hose bib above basin.
- 5. All exposed surfaces shall be ground smooth and sealed. Sink shall have rounded corners and be pitched to the drain outlet for positive drainage.
- 6. Stainless steel wall guards on each adjacent wall, 24 inch tall.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in of water supply and sanitary drainage and vent piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before plumbing fixture installation.
- B. Examine walls and floors for suitable conditions where plumbing fixtures will be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install plumbing fixtures level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings and manufacturers installation instructions.
- B. Install supports, affixed to building substrate.
- C. Wall Flange and Escutcheon Installation:
  - 1. Install wall flanges or escutcheons at piping wall penetrations in exposed, finished locations and within cabinets and millwork.

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2. Install deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings.

PLUMBING FIXTURES

## D. Joint Sealing:

- 1. Seal joints between plumbing fixtures and walls and floors using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant silicone sealant.
- 2. Match sealant color to water-closet color.
- E. Install protective shielding pipe covers and enclosures on exposed supplies and waste piping of accessible sinks and lavatories. Comply with requirements in Section 220719 "Plumbing Piping Insulation."
- F. Fasten fixtures to substrate where necessary.
- G. Install shutoff valves in water-supply piping to fixtures. Install valves chained or locked in open position if permitted. Install valves in locations where they can easily be reached for operation.

## 3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect fixtures with water supplies, stops, and risers, and with traps, soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures.
- B. Connect output from water-tempering equipment to emergency plumbing fixtures.
- C. Allow space for service and maintenance.

## 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Mechanical-Component Testing: After plumbing connections have been made, test for compliance with requirements. Verify ability to achieve indicated capacities.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
  - 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection.
  - 2. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
- C. Emergency plumbing fixtures and water-tempering equipment will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

### 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Operate and adjust plumbing fixtures and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning fittings, and controls.
- B. Install fresh batteries in battery-powered, electronic-sensor mechanisms.
- C. Adjust safety equipment temperature settings.

- D. For Electric Water Coolers adjust fixture flow regulators for proper flow and stream height. Adjust pressure water-cooler temperature settings.
- E. Adjust pressure water-cooler temperature settings.

## 3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Replace fixtures with damaged finishes.
- B. Clean plumbing fixtures and fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials.
- C. Install protective covering for installed plumbing fixtures and fittings.
- D. Do not allow use of plumbing fixtures for temporary facilities.

END OF SECTION 224200

PLUMBING FIXTURES 224200 - 6

## SECTION 230500 - GENERAL MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this and all Division 23 Sections.

## 1.2 PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

- A. All work under this title, on drawings or specified, is subject to the general and special contract conditions for the entire project, and the contractor for this portion of the work is required to refer especially thereto, and to the architectural drawings.
- B. Drawings are diagrammatic and specifications are complementary and must be so interpreted to determine the full scope of work under this heading. Wherever any material, article, operation or method is either specified or shown on the drawings, this contractor is required to provide each item and perform each prescribed operation according to the designate quality, qualification or condition, furnishing all necessary labor, equipment or incidentals.
- C. Wherever the designation "Architect" appears, it shall imply Architect or Engineer. Wherever the term "Contractor" or "MC" appears, it shall imply the Contractor responsible for Division 23, Mechanical Work.

# 1.3 CONFLICTS

- A. If, in the interpretation of contract documents, it appears that the drawings and specifications are not in agreement, the Contractor is to contact the Engineer. The Engineer shall be the final authority. Addenda supersede the provisions which they amend.
- B. In the absence of a written clarification by the engineer, the Contractor must install his work in accordance with the more stringent and/or costly condition. Contractor assumes full responsibility for any and all items furnished and installed without the written approval by the Architect or Engineer. Under no circumstances will a change order be approved for work installed that was not approved by the Architect or Engineer.

## 1.4 DIMENSIONS, LAYOUTS AND OBSTACLES

- A. Verify dimensions and elevations from actual field measurements after building construction has sufficiently progressed.
- B. Assume full and final responsibility for the accuracy of any or all work performed under this Division and make repairs and corrections as required or directed at no extra cost to the Owner.
- C. Layouts of piping, ductwork, and equipment shown on drawings are diagrammatic and shall be construed as such. **DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS.** Contractor shall field verify all existing conditions prior to fabrication and installation of material. It is recommended that the contractor

verify all existing conditions prior to submitting a proposal. Lack of field verification does not constitute a basis for additional monies during construction. Contractor assumes full responsibility for completeness of installation including coordination of work with other trades.

- D. Make actual installations in accord with said layouts, but with necessary deviations as directed or required by job conditions and field measurements in order to produce a thoroughly integrated and practical job upon completing, but make deviations only with specific approval of the Engineer/Architect.
  - 1. Take particular care to coordinate all piping and ductwork under this Division to prevent conflict and remove and relocate work as may be made necessary by such conflict at no extra cost to the Owner.
  - 2. Unless expressly permitted by the Engineer/Architect or shown otherwise on the Drawings, all piping, ducts and similar items shall be installed so that they are concealed except as permitted by the Engineer/Architect in service rooms noted on the Drawings.
- E. The Owner or Owner's Representative reserves the right to relocate terminal equipment six (6) feet in any direction from locations indicated on plans, before roughing-in, with no change in contract price.

#### 1.5 REVIEW OF MATERIAL

- A. Items specified have been checked by the Engineer for performance and space limitation.
- B. In order for Engineer to consider "equal", Contactor must certify by letter that he has checked the product for conformance to specifications and space limitations and assumes full responsibility thereafter.
- C. Engineer, not Contractor or Vendor, shall be the final judge of equal materials.
- D. Substitutions are defined as any manufacturer and/or model not indicated in drawings or specifications. Requests for substitutions must be made in writing ten (10) days prior to bid date so that an addendum may reach all contractors.
- E. If substitutions are proposed after the bids are received, the Contractor shall state amount of credit to the Owner for substitution. Substitutions that are considered equal by the Contractor and carried in bid without approval by Engineer shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Engineer and/or Owner shall not be made liable or responsible for losses incurred by the Contractor, due to the rejection of said items for installation.
- F. Where equipment requiring different arrangement or connections other than as indicated is acceptable, it shall be the responsibility of this Contractor to furnish revised layouts, and install the equipment to operate properly and in harmony with the intent of the drawings and specifications. All changes in the work required by the different arrangement shall be done at no additional cost to the Owner, including but not limited to structural steel modifications. Control and power wiring modifications required by Contractor, imposed modifications, and the additional cost of these modifications, shall be the responsibility of this Contractor.
- G. Upon review of equipment list by Engineer, copies of submittal prints shall be forwarded to Engineer within 30 days.

### 1.6 PERMITS, CODES AND ORDINANCES

- A. The Contractor shall arrange and pay for all permits, inspections, etc., as required by local utilities or applicable agencies.
- B. All work and material shall be in complete accordance with the ordinances, regulations, codes, etc., of all political entities exercising jurisdictions, specifically including the NYS Energy Code.

## 1.7 COORDINATION WITH OTHER TRADES

- A. Check mechanical drawings with all other trades including electrical, plumbing, fire protection and general construction.
- B. Anticipate and avoid interferences with other trades.
- C. Take particular care to coordinate all piping, ductwork, plumbing and major electrical components above ceiling, to prevent conflict. Remove and relocate work as may be made necessary by such conflict, at no extra cost to the Owner. The use of coordination drawings is recommended but may not be required (refer to Division 1 for additional requirements). Lack of coordination drawings assumes contractor has verified and coordinated all work associated with installation.
- D. Obtain decision for approval from project Engineer for proposed group installation before proceeding, and for clearance in structure and finish of the building.
- E. Verify with drawings all ductwork and equipment layout in concealed areas.
- F. Running pipe and ductwork over electrical equipment and in elevator machine rooms is prohibited.
- G. The Contractor to coordinate with, receive and install, Owner furnished equipment where indicated.

## 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Delivery of Materials: Make provisions for delivery and safe storage of all materials. Check and properly receipt material to be "furnished by others" to contractor, and assume full responsibility for all materials while in storage with full visible identification and information.

## 1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Existing Conditions: Field verify existing conditions that will determine exact locations, distances, levels, dimensions, elevations, etc. Review all drawings of other trades and report any conflicts to the Architect/Engineer which will affect the project cost. Lack of field verification does not constitute a basis for additional monies during construction. Contractor assumes full responsibility for completeness of installation including coordination of work with other trades.
- B. The existing facility will be occupied and functioning during the entire duration of construction. Care shall be taken when working in or around occupied spaces. There will be no interruption in mechanical systems or utilities without written approval from the Owner.

# 1.10 MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORT

A. Mechanical Contractor is responsible for providing all miscellaneous support components necessary for properly supporting equipment including hangers, rods, anchors, steel, etc.

END OF SECTION 230500

#### SECTION 230502 - MECHANICAL DEMOLITION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Description of Work: Provide mechanical removal work as indicated and as required for removal and/or abandonment of systems, equipment and devices, etc. made obsolete by this Project, and as required for removal and remodeling by other trades.

# 1.2 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- A. General: In general, existing mechanical systems, equipment and devices are not shown on the Drawings unless pertinent to the demolition and/or remodeling work. Existing conditions, where indicated, are based on casual field observations and/or historical plans prepared as part of original building fit-out, and must be verified. Report any discrepancies to the Engineer before disturbing the existing installation.
- B. Examination: Prior to bidding, examine the site to determine all actual observable conditions. No additional compensation will be granted on account of extra work made necessary by the Contractor's failure to investigate such existing conditions.

#### 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Adjoining Areas: It is expected that the Contractor understands that adjoining areas of the building (or project site) must remain in operation and mechanical systems and services must remain in operation at all times, unless specifically approved otherwise.
- B. Scheduling: Mechanical removal work shall be scheduled in conjunction with the other trades. Contractor cooperation will be expected under all conditions.
- C. Area Limits: Construction traffic and removal of debris will be limited to specific areas and routes. Confirm with the Owner.

## 1.4 ADJACENT MATERIALS

- A. Protection: During execution of removal work, primary consideration shall be given to protecting from damage, building structure, furnishings, finishes and the like, which are not specifically indicated to be removed.
- B. Repairs: Existing items or surfaces to remain, which are damaged as a result of this work shall be refinished, repaired or replaced to the satisfaction of the Owner, at no cost to the Contract.

# 1.5 TRANSIENT SERVICES

A. Locate and identify any and all mechanical services passing through the project area which serve areas outside the work limits.

B. Maintain all mechanical services to areas outside the work limits unless specifically authorized otherwise in writing by the Engineer or Owner's Representative. When transient services must be interrupted, provide temporary services for affected areas outside the work limits.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

A. Patching: Materials used for patching shall be in conformance with the applicable sections of the Project Manual. Where materials are not specifically described, but required for proper completion of the Work, they shall be as selected by the Contractor, subject to approval of the Engineer.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSPECTION/VERIFICATION

- A. Inspection: Before commencing work of this Section, carefully inspect the project site and become familiar with existing systems and conditions.
- B. Items to be Salvaged: Verify with the Engineer and Owner's Representative, all systems, materials and equipment which are to be salvaged, and those which must be removed. The Owner reserves the right to salvage any or all existing mechanical materials and equipment at the project site. Items to be salvaged include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. [insert specific items here].

#### 3.2 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate removal work with other trades, where applicable.

#### 3.3 DEMOLITION

- A. General: Remove mechanical equipment, ductwork, piping, controls and related materials within the project work limits, as indicated.
- B. Disconnections: Disconnect all electrical devices and equipment located in wall, ceilings or floors scheduled for removal and other equipment, as indicated. Disconnect electrical connections to mechanical and other equipment being removed by other trades.
- C. Protection: Perform all removal work in such a manner so that damage to adjacent items and surfaces is minimized.
- D. Patching: When mechanical materials are removed, patch and finish surfaces to remain to match surrounding surfaces.

#### 3.4 EXISTING MECHANICAL WORK TO REMAIN

- A. General: Protect and maintain access to existing mechanical work which must remain. Reinstall existing mechanical work disturbed.
- B. Reconnections: Where mechanical work in adjoining areas or mechanical work indicated to remain, becomes disconnected or affected by demolition work, reconnect as required, to restore original operation. Restoration work to comply with requirements for new work.

#### 3.5 EXISTING MECHANICAL WORK TO BE RELOCATED

A. General: Disconnect, remove, reinstall and reconnect existing equipment indicated to be relocated and where require to accommodate remodeling or new construction. Extend existing installations as required. Materials and methods used for relocations and extensions to conform to requirements for new work.

#### 3.6 SHUTDOWNS

A. General: All shutdowns to existing mechanical services to be scheduled and approved, in writing, by the Owner.

# 3.7 DISPOSITION OF EXISTING MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Items to Salvage: Material and equipment which is indicated (or directed by Owner) to be salvaged, shall be carefully removed and stored where directed on the site.
- B. Items to Reuse/Relocate: Carefully remove and store on site, all material and equipment indicated to be reused or relocated. Thoroughly clean, and make any necessary minor repairs to such equipment, prior to installation.
- C. Items to Remove: Remove and legally dispose of all other materials and debris resulting from demolition work on a daily basis.

#### 3.8 CLEANING

Remove from the Project Site all dirt, dust and debris resulting from removal operations on a daily basis. Refuse shall not be allowed to block or otherwise impair circulation in corridors, stairs, sidewalks, roadways or other traffic areas.

**END OF SECTION 230502** 

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#### SECTION 230529 – SUPPORTS AND SLEEVES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Perform all Work required to provide and install supports, hangers, anchors, sleeves and bases for all pipe, duct, equipment, system components and accessories, indicated by the Contract Documents with all supplementary items necessary for complete, code compliant and approved installation.

# 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. The latest published edition of a reference shall be applicable to this Project unless identified by a specific edition date.
- B. All reference amendments adopted prior to the effective date of this Contract shall be applicable to this Project.
- C. All materials, installation and Workmanship shall comply with the applicable requirements and standards addressed within the following references:
  - 1. International Mechanical Code.
  - 2. International Plumbing Code.
  - 3. International Fuel Gas Code.
  - 4. ASME B31.2 Fuel Gas Piping.
  - 5. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping.
  - 6. ASTM F708 Design and Installation of Rigid Pipe Hangers.
  - 7. MSS SP58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design and Manufacturer.
  - 8. MSS SP69 Pipe Hangers and Supports Selection and Application.
  - 9. MSS SP89 Pipe Hangers and Supports Fabrication and Installation Practices.
  - 10. MSS SP-90 Guidelines on Terminology for Pipe Hangers and Supports.
  - 11. NFPA 13 Installation of Sprinkler Systems.
  - 12. NFPA 14 Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems.
  - 13. NFPA 99 Standard for Health Care Facilities.
  - 14. UL 203 Pipe Hanger Equipment for Fire Protection Service.
  - 15. SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards.
  - 16. Underwriters Laboratories Standards and Listings.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Materials and application of pipe hangers and supports shall be in accordance with MSS-SP-58 and SP-69 unless noted otherwise.
- B. Support and sleeve materials and installation shall not interfere with the proper functioning of equipment.
- C. Contractor shall be responsible for structural integrity of all hangers, supports, anchors, guides, inserts and sleeves. All structural hanging materials shall have a minimum safety factor of five.

D. Installer Qualifications: Utilize an installer experienced in performing Work of this Section who is experienced in installation of Work similar to that required for this Project and per the minimum requirements of MSS SP-89. Field welding of supports shall be by certified welders qualified in accordance with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX using welding procedures per the minimum requirements of MSS SP-58.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's catalog data including code compliance, load capacity, and intended application.
- B. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures and assembly of components.
- C. Shop Drawings: Submit detailed Drawings of all shop or field fabricated supports, anchors and sleeves, signed and sealed by a qualified State of New York registered professional engineer. Indicate size and characteristics of components and fabrication details and all loads exceeding 750 pounds imposed on the base building structure.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with manufacturer's ordering instructions and lead time requirements to avoid construction delays.
- B. Deliver materials in manufacturer's original, unopened, undamaged containers with identification labels intact. Maintain in place until installation.
- C. Store materials protected from exposure to harmful weather conditions.

### PART 1 - PRODUCTS

## 1.1 GENERAL

A. All materials shall meet or exceed all applicable referenced standards, federal, state and local requirements, and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.

# 1.2 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Anvil International.
  - 2. Kinder.
  - 3. Cooper B-Line.
  - 4. C & S Mfg. Corp.
  - 5. Hubbard Enterprises/Holdrite
  - 6. National Pipe Hanger Corporation.
  - 7. Power Strut.

# 1.3 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. General:

- 1. Refer to individual system and equipment Specification Sections for additional support requirements. Comply with MSS SP-69 for support selections and applications that are not addressed within these Specifications.
- 2. Utilize hangers and supports to support systems under all conditions of operation, allowing free expansion and contraction, and to prevent excessive stresses from being introduced into the structure, piping or connected equipment.
- 3. All pipe supports shall be of the type and arrangement to prevent excessive deflection, to avoid excessive bending stresses between supports, and to eliminate transmission of vibration.
- 4. Design hangers to impede disengagement by movement of supported pipe.
- 5. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Space attachments within maximum piping span length indicated in MSS SP-69. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, guides, strainers, and expansion joints, and at changes in direction of piping.
- 6. Wire or perforated strap iron will not be acceptable as hanger material.
- 7. Hanger rods shall be threaded on both ends, threaded one end, or continuous threaded, complete with adjusting and lock nuts.
- 8. Fasteners requiring explosive powder (shooting) or pneumatic-driven actuation will not be acceptable under any circumstances.
- 9. Plastic anchors or plastic expansion shields will not be permitted under any circumstances.
- 10. Hangers and clamps supporting and contacting individual non-insulated brass or copper lines shall be copper or copper plated. Where non-insulated brass or copper lines are supported on trapeze hangers or channels, the pipes shall be isolated from these supports with approved flexible elastomeric/thermoplastic isolation cushion material to completely encircle the piping and avoid contact with the channel or clamp. Plastic tape is not acceptable.
- 11. Hangers and clamps supporting and contacting glass piping shall be in accordance with the piping manufacturer's published recommendations and shall be fully lined with minimum 1/4 inch neoprene padding. The padding material and the configuration of its installation shall be submitted for approval.
- 12. Hangers and clamps supporting and contacting plastic piping shall be in accordance with the piping manufacturer's published recommendations and shall be factory coated or padded to prevent damage to piping.
- 13. Field fabricated supports shall be constructed from ASTM A36/A36M, steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D-1.1.
- B. Finishes: All ferrous hangers, rods, inserts, clamps, stanchions, and brackets on piping within interior non-corrosive environments, shall be dipped in Zinc Chromate Primer before installation. Rods may be galvanized or cadmium plated after threading, in lieu of dipping zinc chromate. All hangers and supports exposed to the weather, including roofs and building crawl space areas, shall be galvanized or manufactured from materials that will not rust or corrode due to moisture. All hangers and supports located within corrosive environments shall be constructed from or coated with materials manufactured for installation within the particular environment.

# C. Vertical Piping:

- 1. Supports for vertical riser piping in concealed areas shall utilize double bolt riser clamps, with each end having equal bearing on the building structure at each floor level.
- 2. Supports for vertical riser piping at floor levels in exposed areas (such as fire protection standpipe in stairwells) shall be attached to the underside of the penetrated structure

- utilizing drilled anchors, two hanger rods (sized as specified), and socket clamp with washers.
- 3. Two-hole rigid pipe clamps or four-hole socket clamps with washers may be used to support pipe directly from adequate structural members where floor-to-floor distance exceeds required vertical support spacing and lines are not subject to expansion and contraction.
- D. Trapezes: Where multiple lines are run horizontally at the same elevation and grade, they may be supported on manufactured channel, suspended on rods or pipes. Trapeze members including suspension rods shall be properly sized for the quantity, diameters, and loaded weight of the lines they are to support.
- E. Ductwork: All ductwork shall be supported in accordance with SMACNA recommendations for the service involved. Horizontal ducts supported using galvanized steel bands shall extend up both sides and onto the construction above, where they shall turn over and be secured with bolts and nuts fitted in inserts set in the concrete, bolted to angles secured to the construction above, or secured in another approved manner.

#### F. Terminal Units:

- 1. Terminal units weighing up to 150 pounds shall be supported by four (4) 1 inch wide sheet metal straps with ends turned under bottom of unit at corners.
- 2. Each band shall be secured by not over 3/4 inch in length, 1/4 inch diameter sheet metal screws two (2) on bottom of unit and one (1) on each side.
- 3. The other strap end shall be attached to the structure by 1/4 inch diameter threaded bolt into the concrete insert or into drilled-hole threaded concrete expansion anchor.
- 4. Where interference occurs, overhead of the box, not allowing direct vertical support by straps, provide trapeze channels suspended by 1/4 inch diameter galvanized threaded rods providing such channels do not block access panels of units.
- 5. Terminal units weighing more than 150 pounds shall be supported per the terminal unit manufacturer's installation instructions using threaded rod and hanger brackets located per manufacturer's drawing.

# G. Fixture and Equipment Service Piping:

- 1. Piping at local connections to plumbing fixtures and equipment shall be supported to prevent the weight of the piping from being transmitted to fixtures and equipment.
- 2. Makeshift, field-devised methods of plumbing pipe support, such as with the use of scrap framing materials, are not allowed. Support and positioning of piping shall be by means of engineered methods that comply with IAPMO PS 42-96. These shall be Hubbard Enterprises/Holdrite support systems, C & S Mfg. Corp. or Owner-approved equivalent.
- 3. Supports within chases and partitions shall be corrosion resistant metal plate, clamps, angles or channels, and aligned with structure in the vertical or horizontal position. Plastic supports are not allowed unless approved by Owner.
- 4. Horizontal supports within chases and partitions that are attached to stude shall be attached at both ends. Drywall shall not be relied upon to support the piping.
- 5. Supports for plumbing fixture water service piping within chases and partitions may be attached to cast iron drain and vent pipe with approved brackets and pipe clamps.
- 6. Piping exposed on the face of drywall shall be supported with corrosion resistant metal channels that are attached to wall studs. Drywall shall not be relied upon to support the piping.
- 7. Piping supported from the floor shall utilize corrosion resistant metal channels or brackets that are anchored to the floor slab.

- 8. All water piping shall be isolated from building components to prevent the transmission of sound
- 9. All copper or brass lines shall be isolated from ferrous metals with dielectric materials to prevent electrolytic action. Plastic tape is not an acceptable isolation material.

### H. Inserts:

- 1. Cast-in-place concrete inserts shall comply with MSS-SP-69, U.L. and F.M. approved, and sized to suit threaded hanger rods.
- 2. Inserts shall have malleable iron case with galvanized steel shell and expander plug for threaded connection with lateral adjustment, top slot for reinforcing rods, lugs for attaching to forms; size inserts to suit threaded hanger rods. Suitable concrete inserts for pipe and equipment hangers shall be set and properly located for all pipe and equipment to be suspended from concrete construction. If the inserts are later found not to be in the proper location for the placement of hangers, then drilled anchors shall be installed. Drilled anchors in concrete or masonry shall be submitted for the approval.
- 3. Manufactured inserts for metal deck construction shall have legs custom fit to rest in form valleys.
- 4. Shop fabricated inserts shall be submitted and approved by Owner prior to installation.
- 5. Inserts shall be of a type that will not interfere with structural reinforcing and that will not displace excessive amounts of structural concrete.
- I. Pipe Shields: Provide pipe shields in accordance with insulation manufacturer's published recommendations. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39 protection saddles, if insulation without vapor barrier is indicated. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40 protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier.

# J. Concrete Pads and Equipment Bases:

- 1. Coordinate sizes and locations of concrete bases with actual equipment provided.
- 2. Construct concrete bases 4 inches high unless otherwise indicated; and extend base not less than 6 inches in each direction beyond the maximum dimensions of supported equipment unless otherwise indicated or unless required for seismic anchor support.
- 3. Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days.
- 4. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch centers around the full perimeter of concrete base.
- 5. For supported equipment, install epoxy-coated anchor bolts that extend through concrete base, and anchor them into structural concrete substrate.
- 6. Prior to pouring concrete, place and secure anchorage devices. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
- 7. Cast anchor-bolt insert into bases. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.

# 1.4 PIPE AND DUCT PENETRATIONS

# A. General:

1. Seal penetrations through all rated partitions, walls and floors with U.L. tested assemblies to provide and maintain a rating equal to or greater than the partition, wall or floor.

- 2. Inside diameter of all sleeves or cored holes shall provide sufficient annular space between outside diameter of pipe, duct or insulation to allow proper installation of required fire and water proofing materials and allow for movement due to expansion and contraction.
- Exposed ceiling, floor and wall pipe penetrations within finished areas (including exterior wall faces) shall be provided with chrome plated, brass or stamped steel, hinged, split-ring escutcheon with set screw or snap-on type. Inside diameter shall closely fit pipe outside diameter or outside of pipe insulation where pipe is insulated. Outside diameter shall completely cover the opening in floors, walls, or ceilings. In exterior, damp, or corrosive environments, use Type 302 stainless steel escutcheons.

# B. Floor Pipe Penetrations:

- 1. Seal penetrations through all floors to provide and maintain a watertight installation.
- 2. Sleeves cast in the slab for pipe penetrations shall be Schedule 40 steel, ASTM A53, with 2 inch wide annular fin water-stop continuously welded at midpoint. Entire assembly shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication. Water-stop shall be same thickness as sleeve.
- 3. Cored holes in the slab for pipe penetrations shall be provided with a Schedule 40 steel, ASTM A53, sleeve with 2 inch wide annular fin water-stop continuously welded at point on sleeve to allow countersinking into slab and waterproofing. Entire sleeve assembly shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication. Water-stop shall be same thickness as sleeve.
- 4. All sleeves shall extend a minimum of two inches above finished floor.
- 5. Where job conditions prevent the use of a sleeve that extends two inches above the slab, Link-Seal mechanical casing seals manufactured by Thunderline Corporation may be installed to provide a watertight penetration. Mechanical casing seals can be used only for relatively small diameter pipe penetrations. Verify that slab thickness allows proper installation of the link-seal assembly and the required fire stopping prior to applying this exception.

#### C. Wall Penetrations:

- 1. Where piping or ductwork passes through non-rated partition, close off space between pipe or duct and construction with gypsum wallboard and repair plaster smoothed and finished to match adjacent wall area.
- 2. Pipe penetrations through interior rated partitions shall be provided with adjustable prefabricated U.L. listed fire rated galvanized sheet metal sleeves having gauge thickness as required by wall fire rating, 20 gauge minimum. EXCEPTION: When U.L. Listed assembly does not require a sleeve,
- 3. Pipe penetrations through exterior walls and walls below grade shall be provided with "Link-Seal" mechanical casing seal manufactured by Thunderline Corporation.
- 4. Ductwork penetrations through rated partitions, walls and floors shall be provided with sleeves that are manufactured integral with the damper assembly installed.

# D. Flashing:

- 1. Coordinate flashing material and installation required for pipe and duct roof penetrations with Owner and roofing Contractor.
- 2. Provide flexible flashing and metal counter-flashing where ductwork penetrates exterior walls. Seal penetration water and air tight.
- 3. Provide acoustical flashing around ducts and pipes penetrating equipment rooms, with materials and installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for sound control.
- E. Roof Curbs: Coordinate roof curb material and installation with Owner and roofing Contractor.

#### PART 2 - EXECUTION

# 2.1 PREPARATION

A. Conduct a pre-installation meeting prior to commencing Work of this Section to verify Project requirements, coordinate with other trades, establish condition and completeness of substrate, review manufacturer's installation instructions and manufacturer's warranty requirements.

# 2.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Installation shall meet or exceed all applicable federal, state and local requirements, referenced standards and conform to codes and ordinances of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Application, sizing and installation of piping, supports, anchors and sleeves shall be in accordance with manufacturer's printed installation instructions.
- C. Provide for vertical adjustments after erection and during commissioning, where feasible, to ensure pipe is at design elevation and slope.
- D. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal movement of piping systems, permitting freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- E. Install hanger so that rod is vertical under operating conditions.
- F. Supports, hangers, anchors, and guides shall be fastened to the structure only at such points where the structure is capable of restraining the forces in the piping system.
- G. The load and spacing on each hanger and/or insert shall not exceed the safe allowable load for any component of the support system, including the concrete that holds the inserts. Reinforcement at inserts shall be provided as required to develop the strength required. Contractor shall be responsible for engaging a structural engineer as required for design and review at support systems.
- H. Do not hang pipe, duct or any mechanical/plumbing item directly from a metal deck or locate on the bottom chord of any truss or joist unless approved by the Structural Engineer of Record.
- I. All supports shall be designed and installed to avoid interference with other piping, hangers, ducts, electrical conduit, supports, building structures, equipment, etc.
- J. Piping supports shall be independent from ductwork supports. Combining supports is not permitted.
- K. Provide all supporting steel required for the installation of mechanical equipment and materials, including angles, channels, beams, etc. to suspended or floor supported tanks and equipment. All of this steel may not be specifically indicated on the Drawings.
- L. All piping and ductwork supports shall be designed and installed to allow the insulation to be continuous through the hangers.
- M. Adjustable clevis hangers shall be supported at rods with a nut above and below the hanger.
- N. All hanger rods shall be trimmed neatly so that 1 inch of excess hanger rod protrudes beyond the hanger nut. In the event a rod is intentionally but temporarily left excessively long (for sloped or

- insulated lines for example), the Contractor shall take appropriate measures to protect the pipe or other materials from damage.
- O. Install hangers to provide minimum ½ inch space between finished covering and adjacent structures, materials, etc.
- P. Horizontal and vertical piping in chases and partitions shall be supported to prevent movement and isolated from the supports to prevent transmission of sound.
- Q. Locate hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
- R. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
- S. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping. Riser piping is defined as vertical piping extending through more than one floor level.
- T. Support riser piping at each floor level and provide additional supports where floor-to-floor distance exceeds required vertical support spacing. Installation of riser clamps and welded steel riser supports shall not allow weight of piping to be transmitted to floor sleeves.
- U. Steel Bar Joists: Hanger rods shall be secured to angle irons of adequate size; each angle shall span across two or more joists as required to distribute the weight properly and shall be welded or otherwise permanently fixed to the top of joists.
- V. Steel Beams: Where pipes and loads are supported under steel beams, approved type beam clamps shall be used.
- W. Pre-Cast Tee Structural Concrete: Hanger supports, anchors, etc. attached to the precast, double tee, structural concrete system shall be installed in accordance with approved Shop Drawings only. Holes required for hanger rods shall be core drilled in the "flange" of the double tee only; impact type tools are not allowed under any circumstances. Core drilling in the "stem" portions of the double tee is not allowed. Holes core drilled through the "flange" for hanger rods shall be no greater than 1/4 inch larger than the diameter of the hanger rod. Hanger rods shall supported by means of bearing plates of size and shape acceptable to the Architect/Engineer, with welded double nuts on the hanger rod above the bearing plate. Cinch anchors, lead shields, expansion bolts, and studs driven by explosion charges are not allowed under any circumstances in the lower 15 inches of each stem and in the "shadow" of the stem on the top side of the "double tees".
- X. Mechanical Sleeve Seal Installation: Select type and number of sealing elements required for pipe material and size. Position pipe in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between pipe and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

#### Y. Inserts:

- 1. Install inserts for suspending hangers from reinforced concrete slabs and sides of reinforced concrete beams.
- 2. Where concrete slabs form finished ceiling, locate inserts flush with slab surface.
- 3. Install anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install anchors according to manufacturer's written instructions.

# Z. Flashing:

1. Coordinate all roof flashing with requirements of Division 07.

# AA. Pipe Shields:

- 1. Provide shields at each hanger supporting insulated pipe.
- 2. Provide shields of the proper length to distribute weight evenly and to prevent compression of insulation at hanger.
- 3. Install shield so that hanger is located at the center of the shield.
- 4. Attach shield to insulation with adhesive to prevent slippage or movement.

# BB. Equipment Anchor Bolts:

1. Foundation bolts shall be placed in the forms when the concrete is poured, the bolts being correctly located by means of templates. Each bolt shall be set in a sleeve of sufficient size to provide ½ inch clearance around bolt.

END OF SECTION 230529

#### SECTION 230553 - MECHANICAL IDENTIFICATION

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Equipment labels.
- 2. Pipe labels.
- 3. Duct labels.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Equipment Label Schedule: Include a listing of all equipment to be labeled with the proposed content for each label.

### 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with locations of access panels and doors.
- B. Install identifying devices before ceilings are installed.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT LABELS

# A. Metal Labels for Equipment:

- 1. Material and Thickness: Stainless steel, 0.032-inch minimum thickness, and having predrilled or stamped holes for attachment hardware.
- 2. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- 3. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-fourths the size of principal lettering.
- 4. Fasteners: Stainless-steel self-tapping screws.

# B. Plastic Labels for Equipment:

- 1. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- 2. Letter Color: White.
- 3. Background Color: Black.
- 4. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.

- 5. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- 6. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-fourths the size of principal lettering.
- 7. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- C. Label Content: Include equipment designation or tag number and service. Provide additional information where indicated or requested by Owner/Engineer.
- D. Equipment Label Schedule: Include schedule in IOM manual.

# 2.2 PIPE LABELS

- A. General Requirements for Manufactured Pipe Labels: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing flow direction.
- B. Self-Adhesive Pipe Labels: Printed plastic with contact-type, permanent-adhesive backing.
- C. Pipe Label Contents: Include identification of piping service using same designations or abbreviations as used on Drawings, pipe size, and an arrow indicating flow direction.
  - 1. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions, or as separate unit on each pipe label to indicate flow direction.
  - 2. Length: 12" for piping less than or equal to 4" NPS, 24" for piping greater than 4" NPS.
  - 3. Lettering Size: 1.25" for piping less than or equal to 4" NPS, 24" for piping greater than 4" NPS.

#### D. Pipe Label Color Schedule:

- 1. Chilled-Water Piping: Blue background with white lettering.
- 2. Condenser-Water Piping: Green background with white lettering.
- 3. Heating Hot Water Piping: Yellow background with black lettering.

### 2.3 DUCT LABELS

- A. Stencils: Minimum letter height of 3 inches.
  - 1. Stencil Material: Fiberboard or metal.
  - 2. Stencil Paint: Exterior, gloss, acrylic enamel, black unless otherwise indicated. Paint may be in pressurized spray-can form.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 PREPARATION

A. Clean surfaces of substances that could impair bond of identification devices, including dirt, oil, grease, release agents, and incompatible primers, paints, and encapsulants.

# 3.2 EQUIPMENT LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Install or permanently fasten labels on each major item of mechanical equipment.
- B. Locate equipment labels where accessible and visible.

# 3.3 PIPE LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Locate pipe labels where piping is exposed or above accessible ceilings in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior exposed locations as follows:
  - 1. Near each valve and control device.
  - 2. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
  - 3. Near penetrations through walls, floors, ceilings, and inaccessible enclosures.
  - 4. At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed piping.
  - 5. Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
  - 6. Spaced at maximum intervals of 25 feet along each run. Reduce intervals to 10 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.
  - 7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced labels.

# 3.4 DUCT LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Stenciled labels, showing service and flow direction, increase lettering size where needed for proper identification because of distance from normal location of required identification.
- B. Locate labels in mechanical equipment rooms near points where ducts penetrate walls or enter into concealed spaces and at maximum intervals of 20 feet or as required to properly identify ductwork.

**END OF SECTION 230553** 

# SECTION 230593 - TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. All new and existing equipment shown on plans shall be included unless otherwise noted.
- B. Provide testing, adjusting and balancing (TAB) for the following:
  - 1. Air Side Equipment: All air moving equipment including ductwork, air terminals and air inlets/outlets.

# 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. AABC: Associated Air Balance Council.
- B. MC: Mechanical Contractor.
- C. NEBB: National Environmental Balancing Bureau.
- D. TAB: Testing, adjusting, and balancing.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: AABC or NEBB certification.
- B. Written statement of coordination with sheetmetal contractor.
- C. Written statement of coordination with piping contractor.
- D. Written statement of acceptance of location and quantity of air and water balancing devices.
- E. Final TAB reports.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. TAB Contractor Qualifications: Engage a TAB contractor certified by AABC or NEBB.
- B. TAB Procedures: Employ procedures and test methods published by AABC, NEBB or ASHRAE.

# 1.5 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. TAB Contractor Qualifications: Engage a TAB contractor certified by AABC or NEBB.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine the Contract Documents to become familiar with Project requirements. Notify Engineer of any questions regarding balancing within 45 days of MC notice to proceed.
- B. TAB Contractor shall review ductwork shop drawings and mark locations of all required volume dampers prior to fabrication.
  - 1. Submit documentation of coordination with sheetmetal contractor.
  - 2. Documentation shall include electronic copies of ductwork shop drawings including dates, names and signatures of each party.
- C. TAB Contractor shall review piping drawings and mark locations of all required balancing devices prior to fabrication.
  - 1. Submit documentation of coordination with piping contractor.
  - 2. Documentation shall include electronic copies of piping plans including dates, names and signatures of each party.
- D. Examine the approved submittals for HVAC systems and equipment.
- E. Examine system and equipment installations and verify that field quality-control testing, cleaning, and adjusting specified in individual Sections have been performed.
- F. Examine test reports specified in individual system and equipment Sections.
- G. Examine HVAC equipment and filters and verify that bearings are greased, belts are aligned and tight, and equipment with functioning controls is ready for operation.
- H. Examine terminal units, such as variable-air-volume boxes, and verify that they are accessible and their controls are connected and functioning.
- I. Examine strainers. Verify that startup screens are replaced by permanent screens with indicated perforations.
- J. Examine three-way valves for proper installation for their intended function of diverting or mixing fluid flows.
- K. Examine heat-transfer coils for correct piping connections and for clean and straight fins.
- L. Examine system pumps to ensure absence of entrained air in the suction piping.
- M. Examine operating safety interlocks and controls on HVAC equipment.
- N. Report deficiencies discovered before and during performance of TAB procedures. Observe and record system reactions to changes in conditions. Record default set points if different from indicated values.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare a TAB plan that includes strategies and step-by-step procedures.
- B. Complete system-readiness checks and prepare reports. Verify the following:
  - 1. Permanent electrical-power wiring is complete.
  - 2. Automatic temperature-control systems are operational.
  - 3. Equipment and duct access doors are securely closed.
  - 4. Balance, smoke, and fire dampers are open.
  - 5. Ceilings are installed in critical areas where air-pattern adjustments are required and access to balancing devices is provided.
  - 6. Windows and doors can be closed so indicated conditions for system operations can be met.

#### 3.3 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR TESTING AND BALANCING

- A. Perform testing and balancing procedures on each system according to the procedures contained in AABC's "National Standards for Total System Balance" and in this Section.
  - 1. Comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1, Section 7.2.2 "Air Balancing."
- B. Cut insulation, ducts, pipes, and equipment cabinets for installation of test probes to the minimum extent necessary for TAB procedures.
  - 1. After testing and balancing, patch probe holes in ducts with same material and thickness as used to construct ducts.
  - 2. After testing and balancing, install test ports and duct access doors that comply with requirements in Division 23 Section "Air Duct Accessories."
  - 3. Install and join new insulation that matches removed materials. Restore insulation, coverings, vapor barrier, and finish according to Division 23 Section "HVAC Insulation."
- C. Mark equipment and balancing devices, including damper-control positions, valve position indicators, fan-speed-control levers, and similar controls and devices, with paint or other suitable, permanent identification material to show final settings.

# 3.4 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR BALANCING AIR SYSTEMS

- A. Prepare test reports for both fans and outlets. Obtain manufacturer's outlet factors and recommended testing procedures. Crosscheck the summation of required outlet volumes with required fan volumes.
- B. Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" duct layouts.
- C. For variable-air-volume systems, develop a plan to simulate diversity.
- D. Determine the best locations in main and branch ducts for accurate duct-airflow measurements.
- E. Check airflow patterns from the outdoor-air louvers and dampers and the return- and exhaust-air dampers through the supply-fan discharge and mixing dampers.

- F. Locate start-stop and disconnect switches, electrical interlocks, and motor starters.
- G. Verify that motor starters are equipped with properly sized thermal protection.
- H. Check dampers for proper position to achieve desired airflow path.
- I. Check for airflow blockages.
- J. Check condensate drains for proper connections and functioning.
- K. Check for proper sealing of air-handling-unit components.
- L. Verify that air duct system is sealed as specified in Division 23 Section "Metal Ducts."

### 3.5 PROCEDURES FOR CONSTANT-VOLUME AIR SYSTEMS

- A. Adjust fans to deliver total indicated airflows within the maximum allowable fan speed listed by fan manufacturer.
  - 1. Measure total airflow.
    - a. Where sufficient space in ducts is unavailable for Pitot-tube traverse measurements, measure airflow at terminal outlets and inlets and calculate the total airflow.
  - 2. Measure fan static pressures as follows to determine actual static pressure:
    - a. Measure outlet static pressure as far downstream from the fan as practical and upstream from restrictions in ducts such as elbows and transitions.
    - b. Measure static pressure directly at the fan outlet or through the flexible connection.
    - c. Measure inlet static pressure of single-inlet fans in the inlet duct as near the fan as possible, upstream from the flexible connection, and downstream from duct restrictions.
    - d. Measure inlet static pressure of double-inlet fans through the wall of the plenum that houses the fan.
  - 3. Measure static pressure across each component that makes up an air-handling unit, rooftop unit, and other air-handling and -treating equipment.
    - a. Report the cleanliness status of filters and the time static pressures are measured.
  - 4. Measure static pressures entering and leaving other devices, such as sound traps, heat-recovery equipment, and air washers, under final balanced conditions.
  - 5. Review Record Documents to determine variations in design static pressures versus actual static pressures. Calculate actual system-effect factors. Recommend adjustments to accommodate actual conditions.
  - 6. Obtain approval from Engineer for adjustment of fan speed higher or lower than indicated speed. Comply with requirements in Division 23 Sections for air-handling units for adjustment of fans, belts, and pulley sizes to achieve indicated air-handling-unit performance.
  - 7. Do not make fan-speed adjustments that result in motor overload. Consult equipment manufacturers about fan-speed safety factors. Modulate dampers and measure fan-motor amperage to ensure that no overload will occur. Measure amperage in full-cooling, full-heating, economizer, and any other operating mode to determine the maximum required brake horsepower.

- B. Adjust volume dampers for main duct, submain ducts, and major branch ducts to indicated airflows within specified tolerances.
  - 1. Measure airflow of submain and branch ducts.
    - a. Where sufficient space in submain and branch ducts is unavailable for Pitot-tube traverse measurements, measure airflow at terminal outlets and inlets and calculate the total airflow for that zone.
  - 2. Measure static pressure at a point downstream from the balancing damper, and adjust volume dampers until the proper static pressure is achieved.
  - 3. Remeasure each submain and branch duct after all have been adjusted. Continue to adjust submain and branch ducts to indicated airflows within specified tolerances.
- C. Measure air outlets and inlets without making adjustments.
  - 1. Measure terminal outlets using a direct-reading hood or outlet manufacturer's written instructions and calculating factors.
- D. Adjust air outlets and inlets for each space to indicated airflows within specified tolerances of indicated values. Make adjustments using branch volume dampers rather than extractors and the dampers at air terminals.
  - 1. Adjust each outlet in same room or space to within specified tolerances of indicated quantities without generating noise levels above the limitations prescribed by the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Adjust patterns of adjustable outlets for proper distribution without drafts.

# 3.6 PROCEDURES FOR VARIABLE-AIR-VOLUME SYSTEMS

- A. Compensating for Diversity: When the total airflow of all terminal units is more than the indicated airflow of the fan, place a selected number of terminal units at a minimum set-point airflow with the remainder at maximum-airflow condition until the total airflow of the terminal units equals the indicated airflow of the fan. Select the reduced-airflow terminal units so they are distributed evenly among the branch ducts.
- B. Pressure-Independent, Variable-Air-Volume Systems: After the fan systems have been adjusted, adjust the variable-air-volume systems as follows:
  - 1. Set outdoor-air dampers at minimum, and set return- and exhaust-air dampers at a position that simulates full-cooling load.
  - 2. Select the terminal unit that is most critical to the supply-fan airflow and static pressure. Measure static pressure. Adjust system static pressure so the entering static pressure for the critical terminal unit is not less than the sum of the terminal-unit manufacturer's recommended minimum inlet static pressure plus the static pressure needed to overcome terminal-unit discharge system losses.
  - 3. Measure total system airflow. Adjust to within indicated airflow.
  - 4. Set terminal units at maximum airflow and adjust controller or regulator to deliver the designed maximum airflow. Use terminal-unit manufacturer's written instructions to make

- this adjustment. When total airflow is correct, balance the air outlets downstream from terminal units the same as described for constant-volume air systems.
- 5. Set terminal units at minimum airflow and adjust controller or regulator to deliver the designed minimum airflow. Check air outlets for a proportional reduction in airflow the same as described for constant-volume air systems.
  - a. If air outlets are out of balance at minimum airflow, report the condition but leave outlets balanced for maximum airflow.
- 6. Remeasure the return airflow to the fan while operating at maximum return airflow and minimum outdoor airflow.
  - a. Adjust the fan and balance the return-air ducts and inlets the same as described for constant-volume air systems.
- 7. Measure static pressure at the most critical terminal unit and adjust the static-pressure controller at the main supply-air sensing station to ensure that adequate static pressure is maintained at the most critical unit.
- 8. Record final fan-performance data.

#### 3.7 PROCEDURES FOR MOTORS

- A. Motors, 1/2 HP and Larger: Test at final balanced conditions and record the following data:
  - 1. Manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number.
  - 2. Motor horsepower rating.
  - 3. Motor rpm.
  - 4. Efficiency rating.
  - 5. Nameplate and measured voltage, each phase.
  - 6. Nameplate and measured amperage, each phase.
  - 7. Starter thermal-protection-element rating.
- B. Motors Driven by Variable-Frequency Controllers: Test for proper operation at speeds varying from minimum to maximum. Test the manual bypass of the controller to prove proper operation. Record observations including name of controller manufacturer, model number, serial number, and nameplate data.

# 3.8 PROCEDURES FOR CONDENSING UNITS

- A. Verify proper rotation of fans.
- B. Measure entering- and leaving-air temperatures.
- C. Record compressor data.

### 3.9 PROCEDURES FOR TESTING. ADJUSTING. AND BALANCING EXISTING SYSTEMS

- A. Perform a preconstruction inspection of existing equipment that is to remain and be reused.
  - 1. Measure and record the operating speed, airflow, and static pressure of each fan.

- 2. Measure motor voltage and amperage. Compare the values to motor nameplate information.
- 3. Check the refrigerant charge.
- 4. Check the condition of filters.
- 5. Check the condition of coils.
- 6. Check the operation of the drain pan and condensate-drain trap.
- 7. Check bearings and other lubricated parts for proper lubrication.
- 8. Report on the operating condition of the equipment and the results of the measurements taken. Report deficiencies.
- B. Before performing testing and balancing of existing systems, inspect existing equipment that is to remain and be reused to verify that existing equipment has been cleaned and refurbished. Verify the following:
  - 1. New filters are installed.
  - 2. Coils are clean and fins combed.
  - 3. Drain pans are clean.
  - 4. Fans are clean.
  - 5. Bearings and other parts are properly lubricated.
  - 6. Deficiencies noted in the preconstruction report are corrected.
- C. Perform testing and balancing of existing systems to the extent that existing systems are affected by the renovation work.
  - 1. Compare the indicated airflow of the renovated work to the measured fan airflows and determine the new fan speed and the face velocity of filters and coils.
  - 2. Verify that the indicated airflows of the renovated work result in filter and coil face velocities and fan speeds that are within the acceptable limits defined by equipment manufacturer.
  - 3. If calculations increase or decrease the air flow rates and water flow rates by more than 5 percent, make equipment adjustments to achieve the calculated rates. If increase or decrease is 5 percent or less, equipment adjustments are not required.
  - 4. Balance each air outlet.

### 3.10 TOLERANCES

- A. Set HVAC system's air flow rates and water flow rates within the following tolerances:
  - 1. Supply, Return, and Exhaust Fans and Equipment with Fans: Plus or minus 10 percent.
  - 2. Air Outlets and Inlets: Plus or minus 10 percent.
  - 3. Heating-Water Flow Rate: Plus or minus 10 percent.
  - 4. Cooling-Water Flow Rate: Plus or minus 10 percent.

#### 3.11 REPORTING

- A. Initial Construction-Phase Report: Based on examination of the Contract Documents as specified in "Examination" Article, prepare a report on the adequacy of design for systems' balancing devices. Recommend changes and additions to systems' balancing devices to facilitate proper performance measuring and balancing. Recommend changes and additions to HVAC systems and general construction to allow access for performance measuring and balancing devices.
- B. Status Reports: Prepare biweekly progress reports to describe completed procedures, procedures in progress, and scheduled procedures. Include a list of deficiencies and problems found in systems being tested and balanced. Prepare a separate report for each system and each building floor for systems serving multiple floors.

#### 3.12 FINAL REPORT

- A. General: Prepare a certified written report; tabulate and divide the report into separate sections for tested systems and balanced systems.
  - 1. Include a certification sheet at the front of the report's binder, signed and sealed by the certified testing and balancing engineer.
  - 2. Include a list of instruments used for procedures, along with proof of calibration.
- B. Final Report Contents: In addition to certified field-report data, include the following:
  - 1. Pump curves.
  - 2. Fan curves.
  - 3. Manufacturers' test data.
  - 4. Field test reports prepared by system and equipment installers.
  - 5. Other information relative to equipment performance; do not include Shop Drawings and product data.
- C. General Report Data: In addition to form titles and entries, include the following data:
  - 1. Title page.
  - 2. Name and address of the TAB contractor.
  - 3. Project name.
  - 4. Project location.
  - 5. Architect's name and address.
  - 6. Engineer's name and address.
  - 7. Contractor's name and address.
  - 8. Report date.
  - 9. Signature of TAB supervisor who certifies the report.
  - 10. Table of Contents with the total number of pages defined for each section of the report. Number each page in the report.
  - 11. Summary of contents including the following:

- a. Indicated versus final performance.
- b. Notable characteristics of systems.
- c. Description of system operation sequence if it varies from the Contract Documents.
- 12. Nomenclature sheets for each item of equipment.
- 13. Data for terminal units, including manufacturer's name, type, size, and fittings.
- 14. Notes to explain why certain final data in the body of reports vary from indicated values.
- 15. Test conditions for fans and pump performance forms including the following:
  - a. Settings for outdoor-, return-, and exhaust-air dampers.
  - b. Conditions of filters.
  - c. Cooling coil, wet- and dry-bulb conditions.
  - d. Face and bypass damper settings at coils.
  - e. Fan drive settings including settings and percentage of maximum pitch diameter.
  - f. Inlet vane settings for variable-air-volume systems.
  - g. Settings for supply-air, static-pressure controller.
  - h. Other system operating conditions that affect performance.
- D. System Diagrams: Include schematic layouts of air and hydronic distribution systems. Present each system with single-line diagram and include the following:
  - 1. Quantities of outdoor, supply, return, and exhaust airflows.
  - 2. Water and steam flow rates.
  - 3. Duct, outlet, and inlet sizes.
  - 4. Pipe and valve sizes and locations.
  - 5. Terminal units.
  - 6. Balancing stations.
  - 7. Position of balancing devices.
- E. Air-Handling-Unit Test Reports: For air-handling units with coils, include the following:
  - 1. Unit Data:
    - a. Unit identification.
    - b. Location.
    - c. Make and type.
    - d. Model number and unit size.
    - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
    - f. Unit arrangement and class.
    - g. Discharge arrangement.
    - h. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
    - i. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave, and amount of adjustments in inches.
    - j. Number, make, and size of belts.
    - k. Number, type, and size of filters.

#### 2. Motor Data:

- a. Motor make, and frame type and size.
- b. Horsepower and rpm.
- c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
- d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
- e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
- f. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave, and amount of adjustments in inches.

# 3. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):

- a. Total air flow rate in cfm.
- b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
- c. Fan rpm.
- d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
- e. Filter static-pressure differential in inches wg.
- f. Preheat-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
- g. Cooling-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
- h. Heating-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
- i. Outdoor airflow in cfm.
- j. Return airflow in cfm.
- k. Outdoor-air damper position.
- 1. Return-air damper position.
- m. Vortex damper position.

# F. Apparatus-Coil Test Reports:

#### 1. Coil Data:

- a. System identification.
- b. Location.
- c. Coil type.
- d. Number of rows.
- e. Fin spacing in fins per inch o.c.
- f. Make and model number.
- g. Face area in sq. ft..
- h. Tube size in NPS.
- i. Tube and fin materials.
- j. Circuiting arrangement.

# 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):

- a. Air flow rate in cfm.
- b. Average face velocity in fpm.
- c. Air pressure drop in inches wg.
- d. Outdoor-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
- e. Return-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
- f. Entering-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.

- g. Leaving-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
- h. Water flow rate in gpm.
- i. Water pressure differential in feet of head or psig.
- j. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
- k. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
- 1. Refrigerant expansion valve and refrigerant types.
- m. Refrigerant suction pressure in psig.
- n. Refrigerant suction temperature in deg F.
- G. Fan Test Reports: For supply, return, and exhaust fans, include the following:
  - 1. Fan Data:
    - a. System identification.
    - b. Location.
    - c. Make and type.
    - d. Model number and size.
    - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
    - f. Arrangement and class.
    - g. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
    - h. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave, and amount of adjustments in inches.
  - 2. Motor Data:
    - a. Motor make, and frame type and size.
    - b. Horsepower and rpm.
    - c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
    - d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
    - e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
    - f. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave, and amount of adjustments in inches.
    - g. Number, make, and size of belts.
  - 3. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
    - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
    - b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
    - c. Fan rpm.
    - d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
    - e. Suction static pressure in inches wg.
- H. Duct Traverse Reports: Include a diagram with a grid representing the duct cross-section and record the following:
  - 1. Report Data:
    - a. System and air-handling-unit number.
    - b. Location and zone.
    - c. Traverse air temperature in deg F.
    - d. Duct static pressure in inches wg.

- e. Duct size in inches.
- f. Duct area in sq. ft..
- g. Indicated air flow rate in cfm.
- h. Indicated velocity in fpm.
- i. Actual air flow rate in cfm.
- j. Actual average velocity in fpm.
- k. Barometric pressure in psig.

# I. Air-Terminal-Device Reports:

# 1. Unit Data:

- a. System and air-handling unit identification.
- b. Location and zone.
- c. Apparatus used for test.
- d. Area served.
- e. Make.
- f. Number from system diagram.
- g. Type and model number.
- h. Size.
- i. Effective area in sq. ft..

# 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):

- a. Air flow rate in cfm.
- b. Air velocity in fpm.
- c. Preliminary air flow rate as needed in cfm.
- d. Preliminary velocity as needed in fpm.
- e. Final air flow rate in cfm.
- f. Final velocity in fpm.
- g. Space temperature in deg F.

# J. Instrument Calibration Reports:

# 1. Report Data:

- a. Instrument type and make.
- b. Serial number.
- c. Application.
- d. Dates of use.
- e. Dates of calibration.

#### 3.13 INSPECTIONS

# A. Initial Inspection:

- 1. After testing and balancing are complete, operate each system and randomly check measurements to verify that the system is operating according to the final test and balance readings documented in the final report.
- 2. Check the following for each system:
  - a. Measure airflow of at least 10 percent of air outlets.
  - b. Measure water flow of at least [5] < Insert number > percent of terminals.
  - c. Measure room temperature at each thermostat/temperature sensor. Compare the reading to the set point.
  - d. Verify that balancing devices are marked with final balance position.
  - e. Note deviations from the Contract Documents in the final report.

# B. Final Inspection:

- 1. After initial inspection is complete and documentation by random checks verifies that testing and balancing are complete and accurately documented in the final report, request that a final inspection be made by the Engineer.
- 2. Engineer shall randomly select measurements, documented in the final report, to be rechecked. Rechecking shall be limited to either 10 percent of the total measurements recorded or the extent of measurements that can be accomplished in a normal 8-hour business day.
- 3. If rechecks yield measurements that differ from the measurements documented in the final report by more than the tolerances allowed, the measurements shall be noted as "FAILED."
- 4. If the number of "FAILED" measurements is greater than 10 percent of the total measurements checked during the final inspection, the testing and balancing shall be considered incomplete and shall be rejected.
- C. TAB Work will be considered defective if it does not pass final inspections. If TAB Work fails, proceed as follows:
  - 1. Recheck all measurements and make adjustments. Revise the final report and balancing device settings to include all changes; resubmit the final report and request a second final inspection.
  - 2. If the second final inspection also fails, Owner may contract the services of another TAB contractor to complete TAB Work according to the Contract Documents and deduct the cost of the services from the original TAB contractor's final payment.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

### 3.14 ADDITIONAL TESTS

- A. Within 90 days of completing TAB, perform additional TAB to verify that balanced conditions are being maintained throughout and to correct unusual conditions.
- B. Seasonal Periods: If initial TAB procedures were not performed during near-peak summer and winter conditions, perform additional TAB during near-peak summer and winter conditions.

END OF SECTION 230593

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# **SECTION 230713 - DUCT INSULATION**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes insulating the following interior ductwork.
  - 1. Supply and return air ductwork (except where noted).
  - Outdoor air ductwork.
  - 3. Exhaust air ductwork (3 feet from penetration of building exterior).
  - 4. Exterior ductwork.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
  - 1. Include insulation schedule indicating applications and methods of compliance with specified performance.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: For insulation and related materials, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less.
  - 2. Insulation Installed Outdoors: Flame-spread index of 75 or less, and smoke-developed index of 150 or less.

### 1.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate clearance requirements with duct Installer for duct insulation application. Before preparing ductwork Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.

#### 1.5 DEFINITIONS

- A. Concealed: Located above ceilings or in chases, shafts or soffits.
- B. Exposed: Where visible when construction and finishes are complete including mechanical rooms, storage areas, and spaces without ceilings.

# 1.6 SCHEDULING

A. Schedule insulation application after pressure testing systems and, where required, after installing and testing heat tracing. Insulation application may begin on segments that have satisfactory test results.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 DUCT AND PLENUM INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Supply and return air ductwork.
  - 1. Concealed Locations: Mineral-Fiber Blanket; R-6.
  - 2. Exposed Locations: Mineral-Fiber Board; R-6.
  - 3. Exception: Supply and return air ductwork exposed to view in conditioned spaces served by ductwork shall not be insulated.
- B. Outdoor air ductwork and plenums.
  - 1. Concealed Locations: Mineral-Fiber Blanket; R-12
  - 2. Exposed Locations: Mineral-Fiber Board; R-12
- C. Exhaust air ductwork and plenums (3 feet from penetration of building exterior or isolation damper, whichever is longer).
  - 1. Concealed Locations: Mineral-Fiber Blanket: R-12
  - 2. Exposed Locations: Mineral-Fiber Board; R-12
- D. Exterior ductwork.
  - 1. Mineral-Fiber Board with Field Applied Jacketing; R-12.
- E. Items Not Insulated:
  - 1. Metal ducts with duct liner of sufficient thickness to comply with energy code and ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.
  - 2. Factory-insulated flexible ducts.
  - 3. Factory-insulated plenums and casings.
  - 4. Flexible connectors.
  - 5. Vibration-control devices.
  - 6. Factory-insulated access panels and doors.

#### 2.2 INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following. No substitutions will be permitted without written approval prior to receipt of bids:
  - CertainTeed Corp.

- 2. Johns Manville.
- 3. Knauf Insulation.
- 4. Manson Insulation Products Ltd.
- C. Mineral-Fiber Blanket Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 553.
  - 1. FSK Jacket: Factory applied aluminum-foil, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with kraft-paper backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type II.
  - 2. Provide density and thickness as required to meet R-Values specified in the Insulation Schedule. R-Values shall be Installed at 25% compression.
- D. Mineral-Fiber Board Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 612, Type IA or Type IB, with factory-applied FSK jacket.
  - 1. FSK Jacket: Factory applied aluminum-foil, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with kraft-paper backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type II.
  - 2. Provide density and thickness as required to meet R-Values specified in the Insulation Schedule.

### 2.3 TAPES

- A. FSK Tape: Foil-face, vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive; complying with ASTM C 1136.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. ABI, Ideal Tape Division; 491 AWF FSK.
    - b. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0827.
    - c. Compac Corporation; 110 and 111.
    - d. Venture Tape; 1525 CW NT, 1528 CW, and 1528 CW/SQ.
  - 2. Width: 3 inches.
  - 3. Thickness: 6.5 mils.
  - 4. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
  - 5. Elongation: 2 percent.
  - 6. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.

# 2.4 LAGGING ADHESIVES

- A. Description: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class I, Grade A and shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
  - 1. For indoor applications, use lagging adhesives that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 2. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Childers Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; CP-50 AHV2.

- b. Foster Brand, Specialty Construction Brands, Inc., a business of H. B. Fuller Company; 30-36.
- c. Vimasco Corporation; 713 and 714.
- 3. Fire-resistant, water-based lagging adhesive and coating for use indoors to adhere fire resistant lagging cloths over duct insulation.
- 4. Service Temperature Range: 0 to 180 deg F.
- 5. Color: White.

# 2.5 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Self-Adhesive Outdoor Jacket: 60-mil- thick, laminated vapor barrier and waterproofing membrane for installation over insulation located aboveground outdoors; consisting of a rubberized bituminous resin on a cross-laminated polyethylene film covered with stucco embossed aluminumfoil facing.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Polyguard Products, Inc.; Alumaguard 60.
    - b. VentureCladPlus 1579CW

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of insulation application.
  - 1. Verify that systems to be insulated have been tested and are free of defects.
  - 2. Verify that surfaces to be insulated are clean and dry.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Surface Preparation: Clean and dry surfaces to receive insulation. Remove materials that will adversely affect insulation application.

# 3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of ducts and fittings.
- B. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.
- C. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.
- D. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.

E. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness.

# 3.4 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- B. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Terminate insulation at fire damper sleeves for fire-rated wall and partition penetrations. Externally insulate damper sleeves to match adjacent insulation and overlap duct insulation at least 2 inches.

END OF SECTION 230713

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#### SECTION 230719 - PIPE INSULATION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes insulating the following mechanical piping systems:
  - 1. Condensate drain piping.
  - 2. Heating hot-water piping.
  - 3. Chilled water piping.
  - 4. Refrigerant piping.

# 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
  - 1. Include insulation schedule indicating applications and methods of compliance with specified performance.

# 1.3 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate clearance requirements with duct Installer for duct insulation application. Before preparing ductwork Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.

### 1.4 SCHEDULING

A. Schedule insulation application after pressure and leak testing systems. Insulation application may begin on segments that have satisfactory test results.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PIPE INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Heating Hot Water Piping: Insulation Type A.
  - 1. Pipe Sizes less than 1.5 NPS: 1.5-inches thick.
  - 2. Pipe Sizes 1.5 NPS and larger: 2-inches thick.
  - 3. Pre-Molded PVC Fitting Covers; Zeston or equal.
  - 4. Provide high impact strength PVC pipe jacketing for piping exposed in finished spaces.
- B. Chilled Water Piping: Insulation Type A.
  - 1. Pipe Sizes less than 1.5 NPS: 1.5-inches thick.
  - 2. Pipe Sizes 1.5 NPS and larger: 2-inches thick.
  - 3. Pre-Molded PVC Fitting Covers; Zeston or equal.
  - 4. Provide high impact strength PVC pipe jacketing for piping exposed in finished spaces.
- C. Condensate Drainage Piping: Insulation Type B.

- 1. All Pipe Sizes: 0.5-inches thick.
- 2. Provide manufacturer recommended insulation adhesive for all joints. Seal butt joints with approved tape system.
- D. Refrigerant Piping: Insulation Type B.
  - 1. Pipe Sizes less than 1.5 NTS: 1.0-inches thick.
  - 2. Pipe Sizes 1.5 NTS and larger: 1.5-inches thick.
  - 3. Provide manufacturer recommended insulation adhesive for all joints. Seal butt joints with approved tape system.
  - 4. Provide high impact strength PVC pipe jacketing for exterior piping.

## 2.2 PIPE INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following. No substitutions will be permitted without written approval prior to receipt of bids:
  - 1. CertainTeed Corp.
  - 2. Johns Manville.
  - 3. Knauf Insulation.
  - Manson Insulation Products Ltd.
  - 5. Armacell, LLC.
- C. Pipe insulating materials shall be as follows:
  - 1. Type A: Fiberglass pipe insulation jacketed with a reinforced white all service vapor retarder jacket (ASJ) and factory applied longitudinal acrylic adhesive closure system. UL rated for maximum flamespread 25 and smoke developed 50.
    - a. Thermal Conductivity: 0.23 (Btu-in./h-sf) at 75F mean temperature.
  - 2. Type B: Closed Cell Foam Pipe Insulation. Pre-slit foamed plastic pipe insulation, rated for maximum flame spread 25 and smoke developed 50, with slit positioned at side and vapor sealed with adhesive on all joints.
    - a. Thermal Conductivity: 0.28 (Btu-in./h-sf) at 75F mean temperature and 1.5-inch wall thickness.
    - b. AP Armaflex Black LapSeal or approved equal.
- D. High Impact Strength Jacketing: Furnish PVC jacketing and fitting covers, conforming to ASTM E-84; flame spread 25, smoke developed 50, white high gloss finish, 0.02" minimum thickness.
- E. Furnish pre-molded PVC jacketing and fitting covers, lo-smoke type, as manufactured by Proto Corp.; or an approved equal.
  - 1. PVC: Conform with FS L-P-535C, Composition A, Type II, Grade GU.
  - 2. Fiberglass: Conform with FS HH-I-558C, Form B, Type I, Class 7&8.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Johns Manville; Zeston.
    - b. Proto Corporation; LoSmoke.
    - c. Speedline Corporation; SmokeSafe.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Comply with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

### 3.2 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- B. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through penetrations of fire-rated walls and partitions.
  - 1. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping and fire-resistive joint sealers.
- C. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:
  - 1. Pipe: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations.
  - 2. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

## 3.3 INSTALLATION OF FIBERGLASS INSULATION

A. Insulation on all cold surfaces must be applied with a continuous, unbroken vapor seal. Hangers, supports, anchors, etc., that are secured directly to cold surfaces must be adequately insulated and vapor sealed to prevent condensation.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION AT HANGERS

- A. Reset and realign hangers and supports if they are displaced while installing the piping insulation.
- B. Fiberglass Insulation: Install high density insulation filler pieces, at all points of support, between pipe insulation shields and pipe or tubing not supported by an insulation shield and insulating saddle unit. Do not install high density insulation filler pieces on hot service piping 6" and larger scheduled to have steel saddles. Install filler pieces of the same thicknesses as adjoining pipe insulation x 12" length.
  - 1. Install high density molded polyurethane or high-density polystyrene filler pieces.
- C. Galvanized metal shields shall be applied between hangers or supports and the pipe insulation. Shields shall be formed to fit the insulation and shall extend up to the centerline of the pipe and 8" length.

#### **END OF SECTION 230719**

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# SECTION 232300 - REFRIGERANT PIPING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

## A. Section Includes:

- 1. Refrigerant pipes and fittings.
- 2. Refrigerant piping valves and specialties.
- 3. Refrigerants.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of valve, refrigerant piping, and piping specialty.
  - 1. Include pressure drop, based on manufacturer's test data, for the following:
    - a. Thermostatic expansion valves.
    - b. Solenoid valves.
    - c. Hot-gas bypass valves.
    - d. Filter dryers.
    - e. Strainers.
    - f. Pressure-regulating valves.

## 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For refrigerant valves and piping specialties to include in maintenance manuals.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."

- B. Comply with ASHRAE 15, "Safety Code for Refrigeration Systems."
- C. Comply with ASME B31.5, "Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components."

## 1.7 PRODUCT STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store piping with end caps in place to ensure that piping interior and exterior are clean when installed.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Line Test Pressure for Refrigerant R-410A:
  - 1. Suction Lines for Air-Conditioning Applications: 300 psig
  - 2. Suction Lines for Heat-Pump Applications: 535 psig
  - 3. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines: 535 psig

# 2.2 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- A. Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type K or L.
- B. Wrought-Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22.
- C. Wrought-Copper Unions: ASME B16.22.
- D. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32. Use 95-5 tin antimony or alloy HB solder to join copper socket fittings on copper pipe.
- E. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8/A5.8M.
- F. Flexible Connectors:
  - 1. Body: Tin-bronze bellows with woven, flexible, tinned-bronze-wire-reinforced protective jacket.
  - 2. End Connections: Socket ends.
  - 3. Offset Performance: Capable of minimum 3/4-inch misalignment in minimum 7-inch-) long assembly.
  - 4. Working Pressure Rating: Factory test at minimum 500 psig.
  - 5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F

## 2.3 VALVES AND SPECIALTIES

- A. Diaphragm Packless Valves:
  - 1. Body and Bonnet: Forged brass or cast bronze; globe design with straight-through or angle pattern.

- 2. Diaphragm: Phosphor bronze and stainless steel with stainless-steel spring.
- 3. Operator: Rising stem and hand wheel.
- 4. Seat: Nylon.
- 5. End Connections: Socket, union, or flanged.
- 6. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F

# B. Packed-Angle Valves:

- 1. Body and Bonnet: Forged brass or cast bronze.
- 2. Packing: Molded stem, back seating, and replaceable under pressure.
- 3. Operator: Rising stem.
- 4. Seat: Nonrotating, self-aligning polytetrafluoroethylene.
- 5. Seal Cap: Forged-brass or valox hex cap.
- 6. End Connections: Socket, union, threaded, or flanged.
- 7. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 8. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

### C. Check Valves:

- 1. Body: Ductile iron, forged brass, or cast bronze; globe pattern.
- 2. Bonnet: Bolted ductile iron, forged brass, or cast bronze; or brass hex plug.
- 3. Piston: Removable polytetrafluoroethylene seat.
- 4. Closing Spring: Stainless steel.
- 5. Manual Opening Stem: Seal cap, plated-steel stem, and graphite seal.
- 6. End Connections: Socket, union, threaded, or flanged.
- 7. Maximum Opening Pressure: 0.50 psig
- 8. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
- 9. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F

### D. Service Valves:

- 1.
- 2. Body: Forged brass with brass cap including key end to remove core.
- 3. Core: Removable ball-type check valve with stainless-steel spring.
- 4. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
- 5. End Connections: Copper spring.
- 6. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
- E. Solenoid Valves: Comply with AHRI 760 and UL 429; listed and labeled by a National Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL).
  - 1. Body and Bonnet: Plated steel.
  - 2. Solenoid Tube, Plunger, Closing Spring, and Seat Orifice: Stainless steel.
  - 3. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
  - 4. End Connections: Threaded.
  - 5. Electrical: Molded, watertight coil in NEMA 250 enclosure of type required by location with 1/2-inch conduit adapter, and 24-V ac coil.
  - 6. Working Pressure Rating: 400 psig
  - 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F
- F. Safety Relief Valves: Comply with 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code; listed and labeled by an NRTL.
  - 1. Body and Bonnet: Ductile iron and steel, with neoprene O-ring seal.

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- 2. Piston, Closing Spring, and Seat Insert: Stainless steel.
- 3. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
- 4. End Connections: Threaded.
- 5. Working Pressure Rating: 400 psig
- 6. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F
- G. Thermostatic Expansion Valves: Comply with AHRI 750.
  - 1. Body, Bonnet, and Seal Cap: Forged brass or steel.
  - 2. Diaphragm, Piston, Closing Spring, and Seat Insert: Stainless steel.
  - 3. Packing and Gaskets: Non-asbestos.
  - 4. Capillary and Bulb: Copper tubing filled with refrigerant charge.
  - 5. Suction Temperature: 40 deg F
  - 6. Superheat: Adjustable.
  - 7. Reverse-flow option (for heat-pump applications).
  - 8. End Connections: Socket, flare, or threaded union.
  - 9. Working Pressure Rating: 700 psig.
- H. Hot-Gas Bypass Valves: Comply with UL 429; listed and labeled by an NRTL.
  - 1. Body, Bonnet, and Seal Cap: Ductile iron or steel.
  - 2. Diaphragm, Piston, Closing Spring, and Seat Insert: Stainless steel.
  - 3. Packing and Gaskets: Non-asbestos.
  - 4. Solenoid Tube, Plunger, Closing Spring, and Seat Orifice: Stainless steel.
  - 5. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
  - 6. Equalizer: Internal
  - 7. Electrical: Molded, watertight coil in NEMA 250 enclosure of type required by location with 1/2-inch conduit adapter and 24-V ac coil.
  - 8. End Connections: Socket.
  - 9. Throttling Range: Maximum 5 psig
  - 10. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
  - 11. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F
- I. Straight-Type Strainers:
  - 1. Body: Welded steel with corrosion-resistant coating.
  - 2. Screen: 100-mesh stainless steel.
  - 3. End Connections: Socket or flare.
  - 4. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
  - 5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F
- J. Angle-Type Strainers:
  - 1. Body: Forged brass or cast bronze.
  - 2. Drain Plug: Brass hex plug.
  - 3. Screen: 100-mesh monel.
  - 4. End Connections: Socket or flare.
  - 5. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
  - 6. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F
- K. Moisture/Liquid Indicators:
  - 1. Body: Forged brass.
  - 2. Window: Replaceable, clear, fused glass window with indicating element protected by filter screen.
  - 3. Indicator: Color coded to show moisture content in parts per million (ppm).

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- 4. Minimum Moisture Indicator Sensitivity: Indicate moisture above 60 ppm.
- 5. End Connections: Socket or flare.
- 6. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
- 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F
- L. Replaceable-Core Filter Dryers: Comply with AHRI 730.
  - 1. Body and Cover: Painted-steel shell with ductile-iron cover, stainless-steel screws, and neoprene gaskets.
  - 2. Filter Media: 10 micron, pleated with integral end rings; stainless-steel support.
  - 3. Desiccant Media: Activated charcoal
  - 4. End Connections: Socket.
  - 5. Access Ports: NPS ¼ connections at entering and leaving sides for pressure differential measurement.
  - 6. Maximum Pressure Loss: 2 psig
  - 7. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
  - 8. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F
- M. Permanent Filter Dryers: Comply with AHRI 730.
  - 1. Body and Cover: Painted-steel shell.
  - 2. Filter Media: 10 micron, pleated with integral end rings; stainless-steel support.
  - 3. Desiccant Media: Activated charcoal
  - 4. End Connections: Socket.
  - 5. Access Ports: NPS 1/4 connections at entering and leaving sides for pressure differential measurement.
  - 6. Maximum Pressure Loss: 2 psig
  - 7. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
  - 8. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F

### N. Mufflers:

- 1. Body: Welded steel with corrosion-resistant coating.
- 2. End Connections: Socket or flare.
- 3. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
- 4. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F
- O. Receivers: Comply with AHRI 495.
  - 1. Comply with UL 207; listed and labeled by an NRTL.
  - 2. Body: Welded steel with corrosion-resistant coating.
  - 3. Tappings: Inlet, outlet, liquid level indicator, and safety relief valve.
  - 4. End Connections: Socket or threaded.
  - 5. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
  - 6. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F
- P. Liquid Accumulators: Comply with AHRI 495.
  - 1. Body: Welded steel with corrosion-resistant coating.
  - 2. End Connections: Socket or threaded.
  - 3. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig
  - 4. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F

REFRIGERANT PIPING

### 2.4 REFRIGERANTS

A. ASHRAE 34, R-410A: Pentafluoroethane/Difluoromethane.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PIPING APPLICATIONS FOR REFRIGERANT R-410A

- A. Suction Lines NPS 1-1/2 and Smaller: for Conventional Air-Conditioning Applications: Copper, Type ACR, annealed-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed or soldered joints.
- B. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines:
  - 1. NPS 5/8 and Smaller,: Copper, Type L, annealed- or drawn-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed or solderedjoints.
- C. Safety-Relief-Valve Discharge Piping:
  - 1. NPS 5/8 and Smaller: Copper, Type L, annealed- or drawn-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed or soldered joints.
  - 2.

# 3.2 VALVE AND SPECIALTY APPLICATIONS

- A. Install a check valve at the compressor discharge and a liquid accumulator at the compressor suction connection.
- B. Except as otherwise indicated, install diaphragm packless or packed-angle valves on inlet and outlet side of filter dryers.
- C. Install a full-size, three-valve bypass around filter dryers.
- D. Install thermostatic expansion valves as close as possible to distributors on evaporators.
  - 1. Install valve so diaphragm case is warmer than bulb.
  - 2. Secure bulb to clean, straight, horizontal section of suction line using two bulb straps. Do not mount bulb in a trap or at bottom of the line.
  - 3. If external equalizer lines are required, make connection where it will reflect suction-line pressure at bulb location.
- E. Install safety relief valves where required by 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Pipe safety-relief-valve discharge line to outside according to ASHRAE 15.
- F. Install moisture/liquid indicators in liquid line at the inlet of the thermostatic expansion valve or at the inlet of the evaporator coil capillary tube.
- G. Install strainers upstream from and adjacent to the following unless they are furnished as an integral assembly for the device being protected:

- 1. Solenoid valves.
- 2. Thermostatic expansion valves.
- 3. Hot-gas bypass valves.
- 4. Compressor.
- H. Install filter dryers in liquid line between compressor and thermostatic expansion valve, and in the suction line at the compressor.
- I. Install receivers sized to accommodate pump-down charge.
- J. Install flexible connectors at compressors.

### 3.3 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems; indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings.
- B. Install refrigerant piping according to ASHRAE 15.
- C. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- D. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- E. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- F. Install piping adjacent to machines to allow service and maintenance.
- G. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- I. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- J. Install piping as short and direct as possible, with a minimum number of joints, elbows, and fittings.
- K. Arrange piping to allow inspection and service of refrigeration equipment. Install valves and specialties in accessible locations to allow for service and inspection. Install access doors or panels as specified in Section 083113 "Access Doors and Frames" if valves or equipment requiring maintenance is concealed behind finished surfaces.
- L. Install refrigerant piping in protective conduit where installed belowground.

- M. Install refrigerant piping in rigid or flexible conduit in locations where exposed to mechanical injury.
- N. Slope refrigerant piping as follows:
  - 1. Install horizontal hot-gas discharge piping with a uniform slope downward away from compressor.
  - 2. Install horizontal suction lines with a uniform slope downward to compressor.
  - 3. Install traps and double risers to entrain oil in vertical runs.
  - 4. Liquid lines may be installed level.
- O. When brazing or soldering, remove solenoid-valve coils and sight glasses; also remove valve stems, seats, and packing, and accessible internal parts of refrigerant specialties. Do not apply heat near expansion-valve bulb.
- P. Install piping with adequate clearance between pipe and adjacent walls and hangers or between pipes for insulation installation.
- Q. Identify refrigerant piping and valves according to Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment."
- R. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."

### 3.4 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.
- C. Fill pipe and fittings with an inert gas (nitrogen or carbon dioxide), during brazing or welding, to prevent scale formation.
- D. Soldered Joints: Construct joints according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."
- E. Brazed Joints: Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," Chapter "Pipe and Tube."
  - 1. Use Type BCuP (copper-phosphorus) alloy for joining copper socket fittings with copper pipe.
  - 2. Use Type BAg (cadmium-free silver) alloy for joining copper with bronze or steel.
- F. Threaded Joints: Thread steel pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and to restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
  - 1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dry-seal threading is specified.

- 2. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.
- G. Steel pipe can be threaded, but threaded joints must be seal brazed or seal welded.
- H. Welded Joints: Construct joints according to AWS D10.12M/D10.12.
- I. Flanged Joints: Select appropriate gasket material, size, type, and thickness for service application. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads.

## 3.5 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with requirements for pipe hangers and supports specified in Section 230529 "Hangers and Supports for HVAC Piping and Equipment."
- B. Install the following pipe attachments:
  - 1. Adjustable steel clevis hangers for individual horizontal runs less than 20 feet long.
  - 2. Roller hangers and spring hangers for individual horizontal runs 20 feet or longer.
  - 3. Pipe Roller: MSS SP-58, Type 44 for multiple horizontal piping 20 feet or longer, supported on a trapeze.
  - 4. Spring hangers to support vertical runs.
  - 5. Copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper pipe.
- C. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod diameters:
  - 1. NPS 1/2: Maximum span, 60 inches; minimum rod, 1/4 inch.
  - 2. NPS 5/8): Maximum span, 60 inches; minimum rod, 1/4 inch.
- D. Support multifloor vertical runs at least at each floor.

# 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
  - 1. Comply with ASME B31.5, Chapter VI.
  - 2. Test refrigerant piping, specialties, and receivers. Isolate compressor, condenser, evaporator, and safety devices from test pressure if they are not rated above the test pressure.
  - 3. Test high- and low-pressure side piping of each system separately at not less than the pressures indicated in "Performance Requirements" Article.
    - a. Fill system with nitrogen to the required test pressure.
    - b. System shall maintain test pressure at the manifold gage throughout duration of test.
    - c. Test joints and fittings with electronic leak detector or by brushing a small amount of soap and glycerin solution over joints.

- d. Remake leaking joints using new materials, and retest until satisfactory results are achieved.
- B. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## 3.7 SYSTEM CHARGING

- A. Charge system using the following procedures:
  - 1. Install core in filter dryers after leak test but before evacuation.
  - 2. Evacuate entire refrigerant system with a vacuum pump to 500 micrometers. If vacuum holds for 12 hours, system is ready for charging.
  - 3. Break vacuum with refrigerant gas, allowing pressure to build up to 2 psig.
  - 4. Charge system with a new filter-dryer core in charging line.

# 3.8 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust thermostatic expansion valve to obtain proper evaporator superheat.
- B. Adjust high- and low-pressure switch settings to avoid short cycling in response to fluctuating suction pressure.
- C. Adjust set-point temperature of air-conditioning or chilled-water controllers to the system design temperature.
- D. Perform the following adjustments before operating the refrigeration system, according to manufacturer's written instructions:
  - 1. Open shutoff valves in condenser water circuit.
  - 2. Verify that compressor oil level is correct.
  - 3. Open compressor suction and discharge valves.
  - 4. Open refrigerant valves except bypass valves that are used for other purposes.
  - 5. Check open compressor-motor alignment and verify lubrication for motors and bearings.
- E. Replace core of replaceable filter dryer after system has been adjusted and after design flow rates and pressures are established.

END OF SECTION 232300

## SECTION 233113 – DUCTWORK

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Single-wall rectangular ducts and fittings.
- 2. Single-wall round ducts and fittings.
- 3. Sheet metal materials.
- 4. Sealants and gaskets.
- 5. Hangers and supports.

## 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following products:
  - 1. Liners and adhesives.
  - 2. Sealants and gaskets.
  - 3. Factory fabricated ducts and fittings.

# B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Fabrication, assembly, and installation, including plans, elevations, sections, components, and attachments to other work.
- 2. Shop fabricated ducts and fittings.
- 3. Duct layout indicating sizes, configuration, liner material, and static-pressure classes.
- 4. Elevation of top of ducts.
- 5. Dimensions of main duct runs from building grid lines.
- 6. Fittings.
- 7. Reinforcement type and spacing.
- 8. Seam and joint construction.
- 9. Penetrations through fire-rated and other partitions.
- 10. Equipment installation based on equipment being used on Project.
- 11. Locations for duct accessories, including dampers, turning vanes, and access doors and panels.

12. Hangers and supports, including methods for duct and building attachment and vibration isolation.

### 1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Duct installation in congested spaces, indicating coordination with general construction, building components, and other building services. Indicate proposed changes to duct layout.
  - 2. Suspended ceiling components.
  - 3. Structural members to which ducts will be attached.
  - 4. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
  - 5. Penetrations of smoke barriers and fire-rated construction.
  - 6. Items penetrating finished ceiling including the following:
    - a. Lighting fixtures.
    - b. Air outlets and inlets.
    - c. Speakers.
    - d. Fire alarm devices.
    - e. Sprinklers.
    - f. Access panels.

# 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver products to the Project Site and store in dry, covered and protected location. Do not store products outdoors.
- B. Protect materials from rust both before and after installation. Ductwork and fittings shall be sealed from dirt and debris.

## 1.5 WARRANTY

- A. All ductwork systems shall be constructed and erected in a first class workmanlike manner.
- B. The Work shall be guaranteed for a period of one (1) year from the Project Substantial Completion date against noise, chatter, whistling, vibration, and free from pulsation under all conditions of operation. After the system is in operation, should these defects occur, they shall be corrected as directed by the Owner at Contractor's expense.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SINGLE-WALL RECTANGULAR DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-1, "Rectangular Duct/Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- C. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Duct/Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- D. Elbows, Transitions, Offsets, Branch Connections, and Other Duct Construction: Select types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 4, "Fittings and Other Construction," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

## 2.2 SINGLE-WALL ROUND DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 3, "Round, Oval, and Flexible Duct," based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Lindab Inc.
    - b. McGill AirFlow LLC.
    - c. SEMCO Incorporated.
- B. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-1, "Round Duct Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
  - 1. Transverse joints in ducts larger than 30 inches diameter shall be flanged type.
- C. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-2, "Round Duct Longitudinal Seams," for

- static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- D. Tees and Laterals: Select types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-5, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-6, "Conical Tees," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

### 2.3 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- A. General Material Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.
- B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
  - 1. Galvanized Coating Designation: G90.
  - 2. Finishes for Surfaces Exposed to View: Mill phosphatized.
- C. Stainless-Steel Sheets: Comply with ASTM A 480/A 480M, Type 304 or 316, as indicated in the "Duct Schedule" Article; cold rolled, annealed, sheet. Exposed surface finish shall be No. 2B, No. 2D, No. 3, or No. 4 as indicated in the "Duct Schedule" Article.
- D. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

## 2.4 SEALANT AND GASKETS

- A. General Sealant and Gasket Requirements: Surface-burning characteristics for sealants and gaskets shall be a maximum flame-spread index of 25 and a maximum smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
- B. Solvent-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:
  - 1. Application Method: Brush on.
  - 2. Base: Synthetic rubber resin.
  - 3. Solvent: Toluene and heptane.
  - 4. Solids Content: Minimum 60 percent.
  - 5. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 60.
  - Water resistant.
  - 7. Mold and mildew resistant.
  - 8. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive or negative.

- 9. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
- C. Flanged Joint Sealant: Comply with ASTM C 920.
  - 1. General: Single-component, acid-curing, silicone, elastomeric.
  - 2. Type: S.
  - 3. Grade: NS.
  - 4. Class: 25.
  - 5. Use: O.
- D. Flange Gaskets: Butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM polymer with polyisobutylene plasticizer.
- E. Round Duct Joint O-Ring Seals:
  - 1. Seal shall provide maximum leakage class of 3 cfm/100 sq. ft. at 1-inch wg and shall be rated for 10-inch wg static-pressure class, positive or negative.
  - 2. EPDM O-ring to seal in concave bead in coupling or fitting spigot.
  - 3. Double-lipped, EPDM O-ring seal, mechanically fastened to factory-fabricated couplings and fitting spigots.

## 2.5 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Hanger Rods for Noncorrosive Environments: Cadmium-plated steel rods and nuts.
- B. Hanger Rods for Corrosive Environments: Electrogalvanized, all-thread rods or galvanized rods with threads painted with zinc-chromate primer after installation.
- C. Strap and Rod Sizes: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct."
- D. Steel Cables for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized steel complying with ASTM A 603.
- E. Steel Cables for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless steel complying with ASTM A 492.
- F. Steel Cable End Connections: Cadmium-plated steel assemblies with brackets, swivel, and bolts designed for duct hanger service; with an automatic-locking and clamping device.
- G. Duct Attachments: Sheet metal screws, blind rivets, or self-tapping metal screws; compatible with duct materials.
- H. Trapeze and Riser Supports:
  - 1. Supports for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized-steel shapes and plates.
  - 2. Supports for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless-steel shapes and plates.
  - 3. Supports for Aluminum Ducts: Aluminum or galvanized steel coated with zinc chromate.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 DUCT INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of duct system. Indicated duct locations, configurations, and arrangements were used to size ducts and calculate friction loss for air-handling equipment sizing and for other design considerations. Install duct systems as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings and Coordination Drawings.
- B. Install ducts according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install round ducts in maximum practical lengths.
- D. Install ducts with fewest possible joints.
- E. Install factory- or shop-fabricated fittings for changes in direction, size, and shape and for branch connections.
- F. Unless otherwise indicated, install ducts vertically and horizontally, and parallel and perpendicular to building lines.
- G. Install ducts close to walls, overhead construction, columns, and other structural and permanent enclosure elements of building.
- H. Install ducts with a clearance of 1 inch, plus allowance for insulation thickness.
- I. Route ducts to avoid passing through transformer vaults and electrical equipment rooms and enclosures.
- J. Where ducts pass through non-fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls and are exposed to view, cover the opening between the partition and duct or duct insulation with sheet metal flanges of same metal thickness as the duct. Overlap openings on four sides by at least 1-1/2 inches.
- K. Protect duct interiors from moisture, construction debris and dust, and other foreign materials. Comply with SMACNA's "IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction," Appendix G, "Duct Cleanliness for New Construction Guidelines."

## 3.2 INSTALLATION OF EXPOSED DUCTWORK

- A. Protect ducts exposed in finished spaces from being dented, scratched, or damaged.
- B. Trim duct sealants flush with metal. Create a smooth and uniform exposed bead. Do not use two-part tape sealing system.
- C. Grind welds to provide smooth surface free of burrs, sharp edges, and weld splatter. When welding stainless steel with a No. 3 or 4 finish, grind the welds flush, polish the exposed welds, and treat the welds to remove discoloration caused by welding.

- D. Maintain consistency, symmetry, and uniformity in the arrangement and fabrication of fittings, hangers and supports, duct accessories, and air outlets.
- E. Repair or replace damaged sections and finished work that does not comply with these requirements.

### 3.3 DUCT SEALING

A. Seal ducts for duct static-pressure, seal classes, and leakage classes specified in "Duct Schedule" Article according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."

## 3.4 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 5, "Hangers and Supports."
- B. Building Attachments: Structural-steel fasteners appropriate for construction materials to which hangers are being attached.
  - 1. Penetration of the concrete slab is not permitted.
- C. Hanger Spacing: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct," for maximum hanger spacing; install hangers and supports within 24 inches of each elbow and within 48 inches of each branch intersection.
- D. Hangers Exposed to View: Threaded rod and angle or channel supports.
- E. Support vertical ducts with steel angles or channel secured to the sides of the duct with welds, bolts, sheet metal screws, or blind rivets; support at each floor and at a maximum interval of 16 feet.
- F. Install upper attachments to structures. Select and size upper attachments with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

## 3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections to equipment with flexible connectors complying with Section 23 33 00.
- B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for branch, outlet and inlet, and terminal unit connections.

## 3.6 PAINTING

A. Paint interior of metal ducts that are visible through registers and grilles and that do not have duct liner. Apply one coat of flat, black, latex paint over a compatible galvanized-steel primer.

## 3.7 DUCT SCHEDULE

- A. Fabricate ducts with galvanized sheet steel except as otherwise indicated and as follows:
- B. Supply Ducts:
  - 1. Ducts Connected to Fan Coil Units, Furnaces, Heat Pumps, and similar terminal unit equipment less than 2,000 cfm capacity.
    - a. Pressure Class: Positive 2-inch wg.
    - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: B.
  - 2. Ducts Connected to Air-Handling Units:
    - a. Pressure Class: Positive 3-inch wg.
    - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A.
  - 3. Ducts Connected to Equipment Not Listed Above:
    - a. Pressure Class: Positive 2-inch wg.
    - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A.

## C. Return Ducts:

- 1. Ducts Connected to Fan Coil Units, Furnaces, Heat Pumps, and similar terminal unit equipment less than 2,000 cfm capacity.
  - a. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 2-inch wg.
  - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: B.
- 2. Ducts Connected to Air-Handling Units:
  - a. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 2-inch wg.
  - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: B.
- 3. Ducts Connected to Equipment Not Listed Above:
  - a. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 2-inch wg.
  - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A.

#### D. Exhaust Ducts:

- 1. Ducts Connected to Fans Exhausting (ASHRAE 62.1, Class 1 and 2) Air:
  - a. Pressure Class: Negative 2-inch wg.
  - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A if negative pressure, and A if positive pressure.
- 2. Ducts Connected to Air-Handling Units:

- a. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 2-inch wg.
- b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A if negative pressure, and A if positive pressure.
- E. Outdoor-Air (Not Filtered, Heated, or Cooled) Ducts:
  - 1. Ducts Connected to Air-Handling Units:
    - a. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 2-inch wg.
    - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A.

# F. Elbow Configuration:

- 1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-2, "Rectangular Elbows."
  - a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower:
    - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
  - b. Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm:
    - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio.
    - 2) Mitered Type RE 2 with vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
  - c. Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher:
    - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
    - 2) Mitered Type RE 2 with vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
- 2. Round Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-4, "Round Duct Elbows."
  - a. Minimum Radius-to-Diameter Ratio and Elbow Segments: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Table 3-1, "Mitered Elbows." Elbows with less than 90-degree change of direction have proportionately fewer segments.
    - 1) Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower: 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and three segments for 90-degree elbow.
    - 2) Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm: 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio and four segments for 90-degree elbow.
    - 3) Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher: 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and five segments for 90-degree elbow.
    - 4) Radius-to Diameter Ratio: 1.5.

- b. Round Elbows, 12 Inches and Smaller in Diameter: Stamped or pleated.
- c. Round Elbows, 14 Inches and Larger in Diameter: Welded.

# G. Branch Configuration:

- 1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-6, "Branch Connection."
  - a. Rectangular Main to Rectangular Branch: 45-degree entry.
  - b. Rectangular Main to Round Branch: Spin in.
- Round: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-5, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-6, "Conical Tees." Saddle taps are permitted in existing duct.
  - a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower: 90-degree tap.
  - b. Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm: Conical tap.
  - c. Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher: 45-degree lateral.

END OF SECTION 233113

#### SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Manual volume dampers.
- 2. Fire dampers.
- 3. Smoke dampers.
- 4. Duct-mounted access doors.
- 5. Flexible connectors.
- 6. Flexible ducts.
- 7. Duct accessory hardware.

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

### 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For air duct accessories to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

## 1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Fusible Links: Furnish quantity equal to 10 percent of amount installed.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems," and with NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."
- B. Comply with AMCA 500-D testing for damper rating.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise

indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.

- B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
  - 1. Galvanized Coating Designation: G90.
  - 2. Exposed-Surface Finish: Mill phosphatized.
- C. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

# 2.2 MANUAL VOLUME DAMPERS

- A. Gasketed duct fitting with balancing damper for use in systems where a complete shut-off airflow is not required.
  - 1. Gasketed shaft-mounted load bearing bushing to minimize air leakage.
  - 2. Integral blade-shaft assembly.
  - 3. 2-inch sheet metal insulation stand-off collar.
  - 4. Locking blade quadrant with damper position indicator.
  - 5. Lindab DSU or approved equal.

# 2.3 FIRE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Air Balance Inc.; a division of Mestek, Inc.
  - 2. Nailor Industries Inc.
  - 3. Ruskin Company.
- B. Type: Static; rated and labeled according to UL 555 by an NRTL.
- C. Fire Rating: 1-1/2 hours.
- D. Frame: Curtain type with blades outside airstream except when located behind grille where blades may be inside airstream; fabricated with roll-formed, 0.034-inch-thick galvanized steel; with mitered and interlocking corners.
- E. Mounting Sleeve: Factory- or field-installed, galvanized sheet steel.
  - 1. Minimum Thickness: 0.052 or 0.138 inch thick, as indicated, and of length to suit application.
  - 2. Exception: Omit sleeve where damper-frame width permits direct attachment of perimeter mounting angles on each side of wall or floor; thickness of damper frame must comply with sleeve requirements.
- F. Mounting Orientation: Vertical or horizontal as indicated.

- G. Blades: Roll-formed, interlocking, 0.034-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel. In place of interlocking blades, use full-length, 0.034-inch-thick, galvanized-steel blade connectors.
- H. Horizontal Dampers: Include blade lock and stainless-steel closure spring.
- I. Heat-Responsive Device: Replaceable, 165°F rated, fusible links.

### 2.4 SMOKE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Air Balance Inc.; a division of Mestek, Inc.
  - 2. Nailor Industries Inc.
  - 3. Ruskin Company.
- B. General Requirements: Label according to UL 555S by an NRTL.
- C. Frame: Multiple-blade type; fabricated with roll-formed, 0.034-inch-thick galvanized steel; with mitered and interlocking corners.
- D. Blades: Roll-formed, horizontal, interlocking, 0.034-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel. In place of interlocking blades, use full-length, 0.034-inch-thick, galvanized-steel blade connectors.
- E. Leakage: Class I.
- F. Rated pressure and velocity to exceed design airflow conditions.
- G. Mounting Sleeve: Factory-installed, 0.052-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel; length to suit wall or floor application.
- H. Damper Motors: two-position action.
- I. Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Division 23 Section "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
  - 1. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
  - 2. Permanent-Split-Capacitor or Shaded-Pole Motors: With oil-immersed and sealed gear trains.
  - 3. Spring-Return Motors: Equip with an integral spiral-spring mechanism where indicated. Enclose entire spring mechanism in a removable housing designed for service or adjustments. Size for running torque rating of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque rating of 150 in. x lbf.
  - 4. Outdoor Motors and Motors in Outdoor-Air Intakes: Equip with O-ring gaskets designed to make motors weatherproof. Equip motors with internal heaters to permit normal operation at minus 40 deg F.
  - 5. Nonspring-Return Motors: For dampers larger than 25 sq. ft., size motor for running torque rating of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque rating of 300 in. x lbf.

6. Electrical Connection: 115 V, single phase, 60 Hz.

## 2.5 COMBINATION FIRE AND SMOKE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Air Balance Inc.; a division of Mestek, Inc.
  - 2. Nailor Industries Inc.
  - 3. Ruskin Company.
- B. Type: Dynamic; rated and labeled according to UL 555 and UL 555S by an NRTL.
- C. Closing rating in ducts up to 4-inch wg static pressure class and minimum 2000-fpm velocity.
- D. Fire Rating: 1-1/2 hours.
- E. Frame: Hat-shaped, 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel, with interlocking, gusseted corners and mounting flange.
- F. Heat-Responsive Device: Replaceable, 165 deg F rated, fusible links.
- G. Blades: Roll-formed, horizontal, interlocking, 0.063-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel.
- H. Leakage: Class I.
- I. Rated pressure and velocity to exceed design airflow conditions.
- J. Mounting Sleeve: Factory-installed, 0.05-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel; length to suit wall or floor application with factory-furnished silicone calking.
- K. Damper Motors: two-position action.
  - 1. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
  - 2. Permanent-Split-Capacitor or Shaded-Pole Motors: With oil-immersed and sealed gear trains.
  - 3. Spring-Return Motors: Equip with an integral spiral-spring mechanism where indicated. Enclose entire spring mechanism in a removable housing designed for service or adjustments. Size for running torque rating of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque rating of 150 in. x lbf.
  - 4. Outdoor Motors and Motors in Outdoor-Air Intakes: Equip with O-ring gaskets designed to make motors weatherproof. Equip motors with internal heaters to permit normal operation at minus 40 deg F.
  - 5. Nonspring-Return Motors: For dampers larger than 25 sq. ft., size motor for running torque rating of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque rating of 300 in. x lbf.
  - 6. Electrical Connection: 115 V, single phase, 60 Hz.

### L. Accessories:

1. Auxiliary switches for [signaling] [fan control] [or] [position indication].

2. [Momentary test switch] [Test and reset switches], [damper] [remote] mounted.

## 2.6 FLANGE CONNECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Nexus PDQ; Division of Shilco Holdings Inc.
  - 3. Ward Industries, Inc.; a division of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Description: Add-on or roll-formed, factory-fabricated, slide-on transverse flange connectors, gaskets, and components.
- C. Material: Galvanized steel.
- D. Gage and Shape: Match connecting ductwork.

## 2.7 TURNING VANES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Duro Dyne Inc.
  - 3. METALAIRE, Inc.
  - 4. SEMCO Incorporated.
  - 5. Ward Industries, Inc.; a division of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Manufactured Turning Vanes for Metal Ducts: Curved blades of galvanized sheet steel; support with bars perpendicular to blades set; set into vane runners suitable for duct mounting.
  - 1. Acoustic Turning Vanes: Fabricate airfoil-shaped aluminum extrusions with perforated faces and fibrous-glass fill.
- C. Manufactured Turning Vanes for Nonmetal Ducts: Fabricate curved blades of resin-bonded fiberglass with acrylic polymer coating; support with bars perpendicular to blades set; set into vane runners suitable for duct mounting.
- D. General Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible"; Figures 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
- E. Vane Construction: Single wall for ducts up to 24 inches wide and double wall for larger dimensions.

# 2.8 DUCT-MOUNTED ACCESS DOORS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

- 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
- 2. McGill AirFlow LLC.
- 3. Nailor Industries Inc.
- 4. Ward Industries, Inc.; a division of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Duct-Mounted Access Doors: Fabricate access panels according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible"; Figures 7-2, "Duct Access Doors and Panels," and 7-3, "Access Doors Round Duct."

#### 1. Door:

- a. Double wall, rectangular.
- b. Galvanized sheet metal with insulation fill and thickness as indicated for duct pressure class.
- c. Vision panel.
- d. Hinges and Latches: 1-by-1-inch butt or piano hinge and cam latches.
- e. Fabricate doors airtight and suitable for duct pressure class.
- 2. Frame: Galvanized sheet steel, with bend-over tabs and foam gaskets.
- 3. Number of Hinges and Locks:
  - a. Access Doors Less Than 12 Inches Square: No hinges and two sash locks.
  - b. Access Doors up to 18 Inches Square: Two hinges and two sash locks.
  - c. Access Doors up to 24 by 48 Inches: Three hinges and two compression latches with outside and inside handles.
  - d. Access Doors Larger than 24 by 48 Inches: Four hinges and two compression latches with outside and inside handles.

### 2.9 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Duro Dyne Inc.
  - 3. Ventfabrics, Inc.
  - 4. Ward Industries, Inc.; a division of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Materials: Flame-retardant or noncombustible fabrics.
- C. Coatings and Adhesives: Comply with UL 181, Class 1.
- D. Metal-Edged Connectors: Factory fabricated with a fabric strip 3-1/2 inches wide attached to 2 strips of 2-3/4-inch-wide, 0.028-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.032-inch-thick aluminum sheets. Provide metal compatible with connected ducts.
- E. Indoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with neoprene.
  - 1. Minimum Weight: 26 oz./sq. yd.

- 2. Tensile Strength: 480 lbf/inch in the warp and 360 lbf/inch in the filling.
- 3. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
- F. Outdoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with weatherproof, synthetic rubber resistant to UV rays and ozone.
  - 1. Minimum Weight: 24 oz./sq. yd.
  - 2. Tensile Strength: 530 lbf/inch in the warp and 440 lbf/inch in the filling.
  - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 50 to plus 250 deg F.
- G. High-Temperature System, Flexible Connectors: Glass fabric coated with silicone rubber.
  - 1. Minimum Weight: 16 oz./sq. yd.
  - 2. Tensile Strength: 285 lbf/inch in the warp and 185 lbf/inch in the filling.
  - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 67 to plus 500 deg F.
- H. Thrust Limits: Combination coil spring and elastomeric insert with spring and insert in compression, and with a load stop. Include rod and angle-iron brackets for attaching to fan discharge and duct.
  - 1. Frame: Steel, fabricated for connection to threaded rods and to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
  - 2. Outdoor Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
  - 3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
  - 4. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
  - 5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
  - 6. Elastomeric Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene.
  - 7. Coil Spring: Factory set and field adjustable for a maximum of 1/4-inch movement at start and stop.

### 2.10 FLEXIBLE DUCTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Flexmaster U.S.A., Inc.
  - 2. McGill AirFlow LLC.
  - 3. Ward Industries, Inc.; a division of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Insulated, Flexible Duct: UL 181, Class 1, 2-ply vinyl film supported by helically wound, spring-steel wire; fibrous-glass insulation; polyethylene vapor-barrier film.
  - 1. Pressure Rating: 10-inch wg positive and 1.0-inch wg negative.

- 2. Maximum Air Velocity: 4000 fpm.
- 3. Temperature Range: Minus 10 to plus 160 deg F.
- 4. Insulation R-value: Comply with ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.

## C. Flexible Duct Connectors:

1. Clamps: Stainless-steel band with cadmium-plated hex screw to tighten band with a worm-gear action in sizes 3 through 18 inches, to suit duct size.

#### 2.11 DUCT ACCESSORY HARDWARE

- A. Instrument Test Holes: Cast iron or cast aluminum to suit duct material, including screw cap and gasket. Size to allow insertion of pitot tube and other testing instruments and of length to suit duct-insulation thickness.
- B. Adhesives: High strength, quick setting, neoprene based, waterproof, and resistant to gasoline and grease.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install duct accessories according to applicable details in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for metal ducts and in NAIMA AH116, "Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards," for fibrous-glass ducts.
- B. Install duct accessories of materials suited to duct materials; use galvanized-steel accessories in galvanized-steel and fibrous-glass ducts, stainless-steel accessories in stainless-steel ducts, and aluminum accessories in aluminum ducts.
- C. Install control dampers at inlet of exhaust fans or exhaust ducts as close as possible to exhaust fan unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install volume dampers at points on supply, return, and exhaust systems where branches extend from larger ducts. Where dampers are installed in ducts having duct liner, install dampers with hat channels of same depth as liner, and terminate liner with nosing at hat channel.
  - 1. Install steel volume dampers in steel ducts.
  - 2. Install aluminum volume dampers in aluminum ducts.
- E. Set dampers to fully open position before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- F. Install test holes at fan inlets and outlets and elsewhere as indicated.
- G. Install fire and smoke dampers according to UL listing.
- H. Install duct access doors on sides of ducts to allow for inspecting, adjusting, and maintaining accessories and equipment at the following locations:
  - 1. On both sides of duct coils.

- 2. Upstream from duct filters.
- 3. At outdoor-air intakes and mixed-air plenums.
- 4. At drain pans and seals.
- 5. Downstream from manual volume dampers, control dampers, backdraft dampers, and equipment.
- 6. Adjacent to and close enough to fire or smoke dampers, to reset or reinstall fusible links. Access doors for access to fire or smoke dampers having fusible links shall be pressure relief access doors and shall be outward operation for access doors installed upstream from dampers and inward operation for access doors installed downstream from dampers.
- 7. At each change in direction and at maximum 50-foot spacing.
- 8. Upstream from turning vanes.
- 9. Upstream or downstream from duct silencers.
- 10. Control devices requiring inspection.
- 11. Elsewhere as indicated.
- I. Install access doors with swing against duct static pressure.
- J. Access Door Sizes:
  - 1. One-Hand or Inspection Access: 8 by 5 inches.
  - 2. Two-Hand Access: 12 by 6 inches.
  - 3. Head and Hand Access: 18 by 10 inches.
  - 4. Head and Shoulders Access: 21 by 14 inches.
  - 5. Body Access: 25 by 14 inches.
  - 6. Body plus Ladder Access: 25 by 17 inches.
- K. Install flexible connectors to connect ducts to equipment.
- L. Connect terminal units to supply ducts directly or with maximum 36 inch lengths of flexible duct. Do not use flexible ducts to change directions.
- M. Install thrust limits at centerline of thrust, symmetrical on both sides of equipment. Attach thrust limits at centerline of thrust and adjust to a maximum of 1/4-inch movement during start and stop of fans.

## 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Tests and Inspections:
  - 1. Operate dampers to verify full range of movement.
  - 2. Inspect locations of access doors and verify that purpose of access door can be performed.
  - 3. Operate fire, smoke, and combination fire and smoke dampers to verify full range of movement and verify that proper heat-response device is installed.
  - 4. Inspect turning vanes for proper and secure installation.

5. Operate remote damper operators to verify full range of movement of operator and damper.

END OF SECTION 233300

### SECTION 233713 - REGISTERS, GRILLES AND DIFFUSERS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Scope of work is indicated by drawings and by requirements of this section.

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data for air outlets and inlets including the following:
  - 1. Schedule of diffusers, registers, and grilles indicating drawing designation, room location, number furnished, model number, size, and accessories furnished.
  - 2. Data sheet for each type of air outlet and inlet, and accessory furnished; indicating construction, finish, and mounting details.
  - 3. Performance data for each type of air outlet and inlet furnished, including aspiration ability, temperature and velocity traverses, throw and drop, and noise criteria ratings. Indicate selections on data.
- B. Samples: When requested by the Engineer, submit one (1) sample of each diffuser, register and grille specified. Samples will not be returned.

# 1.3 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Verification of Performance: Rate diffusers, registers, and grilles according to ASHRAE 70, "Method of Testing for Rating the Performance of Air Outlets and Inlets."

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 APPROVED MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide registers, grilles and diffusers from the following list of approved manufacturers:
  - Metalaire.
  - 2. Nailor.
  - 3. Price.
  - 4. Titus.
- B. Substitutions: Prior approval required as indicated under the general and/or supplemental conditions of these specifications.

### 2.2 GENERAL

A. Provide registers, grilles and diffusers having capacities, characteristics and accessories as indicated on the Drawings and specified in this Section.

B. Provide registers, grilles and diffusers having border types and mounting characteristics compatible with ceiling, wall and floor construction. Refer to Architectural Drawings for materials and methods of construction.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas where diffusers, registers, and grilles are to be installed for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of equipment.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Unless otherwise shown or specified, install the Work of this section in accordance with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions and applicable SMACNA Standards.
- B. Visible ductwork behind registers shall be painted using one coat of flat black metal paint after proper cleaning.
- C. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles level and plumb.
- D. Ceiling-Mounted Outlets and Inlets: Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts, fittings, and accessories. Air outlet and inlet locations have been indicated to achieve design requirements for air volume, noise criteria, airflow pattern, throw, and pressure drop. Make final locations where indicated, as much as practical. For units installed in lay-in ceiling panels, locate units in the center of panel. Where architectural features or other items conflict with installation, notify Architect for a determination of final location.
- E. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles with airtight connections to ducts and to allow service and maintenance of dampers, air extractors, and fire dampers.

## 3.3 ADJUSTING

A. After installation, adjust diffusers, registers, and grilles to air patterns indicated, or as directed, before starting air balancing.

## END OF SECTION 233713

#### SECTION 237232 - PACKAGED ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATORS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Packaged energy recovery ventilators:
  - a. Fixed core type.
- 2. Factory start-up and training.

### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.

#### 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For air-to-air energy recovery equipment to include in maintenance manuals.
- B. Start-up and inspection reports prepared by factory authorized representative.

#### 1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Filters: One set(s) of each type of filter specified.
  - 2. Fan Belts: One set(s) of belts for each belt-driven fan in energy recovery units.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

### B. AHRI Compliance:

1. Capacity ratings for air-to-air energy recovery equipment shall comply with AHRI 1060, "Performance Rating of Air-to-Air Heat Exchangers for Energy Recovery Ventilation Equipment."

### C. UL Compliance:

1. Packaged heat recovery ventilators shall comply with requirements in UL 1812, "Ducted Heat Recovery Ventilators";

#### 1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate sizes and locations equipment supports, and building envelope penetrations with actual equipment provided.

# 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of air-to-air energy recovery equipment that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period for Packaged Energy Recovery Units: 5 years.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 INDOOR FIXED PLATE TYPE

- A. Design Basis: Renewaire or approved equal by engineer.
  - 1. AHRI 1060 Certified Core.
  - 2. TEFC Premium efficiency motors.
  - 3. Motor starters.
  - 4. Factory installed non-fused disconnect.
  - 5. 24 VAC transformer/relay package.
  - 6. Double wall construction.
  - 7. Factory installed VFDs for both airstreams.
  - 8. Motorized dampers for exhaust and outdoor air.
  - 9. MERV 13 filters.
  - 10. Wall mount digital time clock controller.
  - 11. Electric duct heater.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine casing insulation materials and filter media before air-to-air energy recovery equipment installation. Reject insulation materials and filter media that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Examine roughing-in for electrical services to verify actual locations of connections before installation.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install units with clearances for service and maintenance.
- B. Install new filters at completion of equipment installation and before testing, adjusting, and balancing.

# 3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Install devices furnished with units but not factory mounted.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
  - 1. Prepare inspection and start-up reports.

### 3.5 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain equipment.

**END OF SECTION 237232** 

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### SECTION 238129 - VARIABLE-REFRIGERANT-FLOW HVAC SYSTEMS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes complete VRF HVAC system(s) including, but not limited to the following components to make a complete operating system(s) according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Indoor, concealed, ceiling-mounted units for ducting.
  - 2. Indoor, recessed, ceiling-mounted units.
  - 3. Indoor, exposed, wall-mounted units.
  - 4. Outdoor, air-source, heat-pump units.
  - 5. System controls.
  - 6. System refrigerant and oil.
  - 7. System control cable and raceways.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for indoor and outdoor units.
  - 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
  - 3. Include operating performance at design conditions and at extreme maximum and minimum outdoor ambient conditions.
  - 4. Include description of system controllers, dimensions, features, control interfaces and connections, power requirements, and connections.
  - 5. Include system operating sequence of operation in narrative form for each unique indoorand outdoor-unit control.
  - 6. Include description of control software features.
  - 7. Include total refrigerant required and a comprehensive breakdown of refrigerant required by each system installed.
  - 8. Include refrigerant type and data sheets showing compliance with requirements indicated.
  - 9. For system design software.
  - 10. Indicate location and type of service access.
- B. Shop Drawings: For VRF HVAC systems.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting details.

- 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
- 3. Include diagrams and details of refrigerant piping and tubing showing installation requirements for manufacturer-furnished divided flow fittings.
- 4. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

## A. Qualification Data:

- 1. For Installer: Certificate from VRF HVAC system manufacturer certifying that Installer has successfully completed prerequisite training administered by manufacturer for proper installation of systems, including but not limited to, equipment, piping, controls, and accessories indicated and furnished for installation.
  - a. Retain copies of Installer certificates on-site and make available on request.
- 2. For VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
- 3. For VRF HVAC system provider.

### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For VRF HVAC systems to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store products in a clean and dry place.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written rigging and installation instructions for unloading and moving to final installed location.
- C. Handle products carefully to prevent damage, breaking, denting, and scoring. Do not install damaged products.
- D. Protect products from weather, dirt, dust, water, construction debris, and physical damage.
  - 1. Retain factory-applied coverings on equipment to protect finishes during construction and remove just prior to operating unit.
  - 2. Cover unit openings before installation to prevent dirt and dust from entering inside of units. If required to remover coverings during unit installation, reapply coverings over openings after unit installation and remove just prior to operating unit.
- E. Replace installed products damaged during construction.

### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace equipment and components that fail(s) in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures.
    - b. Faulty operation.
    - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.

# 2. Warranty Period:

- a. For Compressor: Seven year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
- b. For Parts, Including Controls: 10 year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Hitachi. (Basis of Design)
  - 2. Samsung HVAC.
  - 3. Daikin.
  - 4. Trane/Mitsubishi.

### 2.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Direct-expansion (DX) VRF HVAC system(s) with variable capacity in response to varying cooling and heating loads. System shall consist of multiple indoor units, outdoor unit(s), piping, controls, and electrical power to make complete operating system(s) complying with requirements indicated.
  - 1. System(s) operation, heat pump as indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Each system with one refrigerant circuit shared by all indoor units connected to system.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. AHRI Compliance: System and equipment performance certified according to AHRI 1230 and products listed in AHRI directory.
- D. ASHRAE Compliance:
  - 1. ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: For system and component energy efficiency.

### E. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 1995.

### 2.3 INDOOR, CONCEALED, CEILING-MOUNTED UNITS FOR DUCTING

A. Description: Factory-assembled complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to ductwork, piping, power, and controls field connections.

### B. Cabinet:

- 1. Material: Galvanized or painted steel.
- 2. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation, complying with ASHRAE 62.1, to provide thermal resistance and prevent condensation.
- 3. Duct Connections: Extended collar or flange, or designated exterior cabinet surface, designed for attaching field-installed ductwork.
- 4. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 5. Internal Access: Removable panels or hinged doors of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.

## C. DX Coil Assembly:

- 1. Coil Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
- 2. Coil Fins: Aluminum, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
- 3. Coil Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- 4. Expansion Valve: Electronic modulating type with linear or proportional characteristics.
- 5. Unit Internal Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- 6. Unit Internal Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 7. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 8. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 9. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

### D. Drain Assembly:

- 1. Pan: Non-ferrous material, with bottom sloped to low point drain connection.
- 2. Condensate Removal: Unit-mounted pump or other integral lifting mechanism, capable of lifting drain water to an elevation above top of cabinet.
- 3. Field Piping Connection: Non-ferrous material with threaded NPT.

### E. Fan and Motor Assembly:

### 1. Fan(s):

- a. Direct-drive arrangement.
- b. Single or multiple fans connected to a common motor shaft and driven by a single motor.
- c. Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion-resistant finish.
- d. Wheels statically and dynamically balanced.

- 2. Motor: Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings.
- 3. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
- 4. Speed Settings and Control: Two (low, high), three (low, medium, high), or more than three speed settings or variable speed with a speed range of least 50 percent.
- 5. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.

# F. Filter Assembly:

- 1. Access: Bottom, side, or rear to accommodate field installation without removing ductwork and to accommodate filter replacement without need for tools.
- 2. Efficiency: ASHRAE 52.2, MERV 13
- 3. Media:
  - a. Replaceable: Extended surface, panel, or cartridge with antimicrobial treatment fiber media.

### G. Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field-Installed Controller: Hardwired.
- 3. Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, time delay, auto-restart, auto operation mode, manual operation mode, filter service notification.
- 4. Communication: Network communication with other indoor units and outdoor unit(s).

### H. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Metal, suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in metal raceways.

### 2.4 INDOOR, RECESSED, CEILING-MOUNTED UNITS

A. Description: Factory-assembled complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to ductwork, piping, power, and controls field connections.

#### B. Cabinet:

- 1. Material: Painted steel, or coated steel frame covered by a plastic cabinet, with an architectural acceptable finish suitable for tenant occupancy on exposed surfaces.
- 2. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation, complying with ASHRAE 62.1, to provide thermal resistance and prevent condensation.
- 3. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 4. Internal Access: Removable panels of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.

### C. DX Coil Assembly:

- 1. Coil Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
- 2. Coil Fins: Aluminum, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
- 3. Coil Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- 4. Expansion Valve: Electronic modulating type with linear or proportional characteristics.
- 5. Internal Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- 6. Internal Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 7. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 8. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 9. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

# D. Drain Assembly:

- 1. Pan: Non-ferrous material, with bottom sloped to low point drain connection.
- 2. Condensate Removal: Unit-mounted pump or other integral lifting mechanism, capable of lifting drain water to an elevation above top of cabinet.
- 3. Field Piping Connection: Non-ferrous material with threaded NPT.

### E. Fan and Motor Assembly:

## 1. Fan(s):

- a. Direct-drive arrangement.
- b. Single or multiple fans connected to a common motor shaft and driven by a single motor.
- c. Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion protection finish.
- d. Wheels statically and dynamically balanced.
- 2. Motor: Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings.
- 3. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
- 4. Speed Settings and Control: Two (low, high), three (low, medium, high), or more than three speed settings or variable speed with a speed range of least 50 percent.
- 5. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.

# F. Filter Assembly:

- 1. Access: Bottom, to accommodate filter replacement without the need for tools.
- 2. Media:
  - a. Replaceable: Extended surface, panel, or cartridge with antimicrobial treatment fiber media.
  - b. Washable: Manufacturer's standard filter with antimicrobial treatment.

# G. Discharge-Air Grille Assembly: Mounted in bottom of unit cabinet.

1. Discharge Pattern: One-, two-, three-, or four-way throw as indicated on Drawings.

- a. Discharge Pattern Adjustment: Field-adjustable limits for up and down range of motion
- b. Discharge Pattern Closure: Ability to close individual discharges of units with multiple patterns.
- 2. Motorized Vanes: Modulating up and down flow pattern for uniform room air distribution.
- H. Return-Air Grille Assembly: Manufacturer's standard grille mounted in bottom of unit cabinet.
- I. Outdoor Air Ventilation Connection: Sheet metal knockout for optional connection to outdoor air ventilation duct

### J. Unit Accessories:

- 1. Remote Controller: Wall-mounted, hardwired remote controller.
- 2. Condensate Pump: Integral reservoir and control with electrical power connection through unit power.

### K. Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field-Installed Controller: Hardwired.
- 3. Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, time delay, auto-restart, auto operation mode, manual operation mode, filter service notification.
- 4. Communication: Network communication with other indoor units and outdoor unit(s).

### L. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Field installed disconnect switch furnished and installed by Electrical Contractor.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in raceways to comply with NFPA 70.

### 2.5 INDOOR, EXPOSED, WALL-MOUNTED UNITS

A. Description: Factory-assembled complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to piping, power, and controls field connections.

### B. Cabinet:

- 1. Material: Painted steel, or coated steel frame covered by a plastic cabinet, with an architectural acceptable finish suitable for tenant occupancy on exposed surfaces.
- 2. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation, complying with ASHRAE 62.1, to provide thermal resistance and prevent condensation.
- 3. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.

4. Internal Access: Removable panels of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.

# C. DX Coil Assembly:

- 1. Coil Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
- 2. Coil Fins: Aluminum, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
- 3. Coil Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- 4. Expansion Valve: Electronic modulating type with linear or proportional characteristics.
- 5. Unit Internal Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- 6. Unit Internal Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 7. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 8. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 9. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

## D. Drain Assembly:

- 1. Pan: Non-ferrous material, with bottom sloped to low point drain connection.
- 2. Condensate Removal: Gravity.
  - a. If a floor drain is not available at unit, provide unit with field-installed condensate pump accessory.
- 3. Field Piping Connection: Non-ferrous material with threaded NPT.

### E. Fan and Motor Assembly:

### 1. Fan(s):

- a. Direct-drive arrangement.
- b. Single or multiple fans connected to a common motor shaft and driven by a single motor.
- c. Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion protection finish.
- d. Wheels statically and dynamically balanced.
- 2. Motor: Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings.
- 3. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
- 4. Speed Settings and Control: Two (low, high), three (low, medium, high), or more than three speed settings or variable speed with a speed range of least 50 percent.
- 5. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.

### F. Filter Assembly:

- 1. Access: Front, to accommodate filter replacement without the need for tools.
- 2. Washable Media: Manufacturer's standard filter with antimicrobial treatment.
- G. Grille Assembly: Manufacturer's standard discharge grille with field-adjustable air pattern mounted in top or front face of unit cabinet.

#### H. Unit Accessories:

- 1. Remote Room Temperature Sensor Kit: Wall-mounted, hardwired room temperature sensor kit for use in rooms that do not have room temperature measurement.
- 2. Condensate Pump: Integral reservoir and control with electrical power connection through unit power.

#### I. Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field-Installed Controller: Hardwired.
- 3. Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, time delay, auto-restart, auto operation mode, manual operation mode, filter service notification.
- 4. Communication: Network communication with other indoor units and outdoor unit(s).

### J. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch, complying with NFPA 70.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in metal raceways to comply with NFPA 70.

## 2.6 OUTDOOR, AIR-SOURCE HEAT-PUMP UNITS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to piping, power, and controls field connections.
  - 1. Specially designed for use in systems with either all heating or all cooling demands, but not for use in systems with simultaneous heating and cooling.
  - 2. Systems shall consist of one unit, or multiple unit modules that are designed by variable refrigerant system manufacturer for field interconnection to make a single refrigeration circuit that connects multiple indoor units.
  - 3. All units installed shall be from the same product development generation.

### B. Cabinet:

- 1. Galvanized steel and coated with a corrosion-resistant finish.
- 2. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 3. Internal Access: Removable panels or hinged doors of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.

# C. Compressor and Motor Assembly:

1. One or more positive-displacement, direct-drive and hermetically sealed scroll compressor(s) with inverter drive and turndown to 15 percent of rated capacity or lower.

- 2. Speed Control: Variable to automatically maintain refrigerant suction and condensing pressures while varying refrigerant flow to satisfy system cooling and heating loads.
- 3. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.
- 4. Oil management system to ensure safe and proper lubrication over entire operating range.
- 5. Crankcase heaters with integral control to maintain safe operating temperature.
- 6. Fusible plug.

## D. Condenser Coil Assembly:

#### 1. Plate Fin Coils:

- a. Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
- b. Fins: Aluminum or copper, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
- c. Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.

## E. Condenser Fan and Motor Assembly:

- 1. Fan(s): Propeller type.
  - a. Direct-drive arrangement.
  - b. Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion protection finish to match performance indicated for condenser coil.
  - c. Statically and dynamically balanced.
- 2. Fan Guards: Removable safety guards complying with OSHA regulations. If using metal materials, coat with corrosion-resistant coating to match performance indicated for condenser coil.
- 3. Motor(s): Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings and rated for outdoor duty.
- 4. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
- 5. Speed Settings and Control: Variable speed with a speed range of least 75 percent.
- 6. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.
- F. Drain Pan: If required by manufacturer's design, provide unit with non-ferrous drain pan with bottom sloped to a low point drain connection.

### G. Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for unprotected outdoor locations.
- 2. Field Installed Controller: Hardwired.
- 3. Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, time delay, auto-restart, auto operation mode, manual operation mode, filter service notification.
- 4. Communication: Network communication with indoor units and other outdoor unit(s).

#### H. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Metal, similar to enclosure, and suitable for unprotected outdoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Field installed disconnect switch furnished and installed by Electrical Contractor.

- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in raceways to comply with NFPA 70.
- I. Unit Hardware: Zinc-plated steel, or stainless steel.

# J. Unit Piping:

- 1. Unit Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- 2. Unit Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 3. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 4. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 5. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

### 2.7 SYSTEM CONTROLS

# A. General Requirements:

- 1. Network: Indoor units and outdoor units shall include integral controls and connect through a TIA-485A control network.
- 2. Network Communication Protocol: Open control communication between interconnected units.
- 3. Integration with Building Automation System: ASHRAE 135, BACnet IP and certified by BACnet Testing Lab (BTL), including the following:
  - a. Ethernet connection via RJ-45 connectors and port with transmission at 100 Mbps or higher.

### B. Central Controllers:

- 1. Centralized control for all indoor and outdoor units from a single central controller location.
  - a. Include multiple interconnected controllers as required.
- 2. Controls operation mode of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units. Operation modes available through central controller shall match those operation modes of controllers for indoor units.
- 3. Schedule operation of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units.
  - a. Sets schedule for daily, weekly, and annual events.
  - b. Schedule options available through central controller shall at least include the schedule options of controllers for indoor units.
- 4. Changes operating set points of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units.
- 5. Optimized start feature to start indoor units before scheduled time to reach temperature setpoint at scheduled time based on operating history.

- 6. Night setback feature to operate indoor units at energy-conserving heating and cooling temperature set-points during unoccupied periods.
- 7. Service diagnostics tool.
- 8. Able to disable and enable operation of individual controllers for indoor units.
- 9. Information displayed on individual controllers shall also be available for display through central controller.
- 10. Information displayed for outdoor units, including refrigerant high and low pressures.
- 11. Multiple RJ-45 ports for direct connection to a local PC and an Ethernet network switch.
- 12. Operator interface through a backlit, high-resolution color display touch panel and web accessible through standard web browser software.

### C. Wired Controllers for Indoor Units:

- 1. Single controller capable of controlling multiple indoor units as group.
- 2. Auto Timeout Touch Screen LCD: Timeout duration shall be adjustable.
- 3. Temperature Units: Fahrenheit.
- 4. On/Off: Turns indoor unit on or off.
- 5. Hold: Hold operation settings until hold is released.
- 6. Operation Mode: Cool, Heat, Auto, Dehumidification, Fan Only, and Setback.
- 7. Temperature Display: 1-degree increments.
- 8. Temperature Set-Point: Separate set points for Cooling, Heating, and Setback. Adjustable in 1-degree increments.
- 9. Relative Humidity Display: 1 percent increments.
- 10. Relative Humidity Set-Point: Adjustable in 1 percent increments.
- 11. Fan Speed Setting: Select between available options furnished with the unit.
- 12. Airflow Direction Setting: If applicable to unit, select between available options furnished with the unit.
- 13. Seven-day programmable operating schedule with up to five events per day. Operations shall include On/Off, Operation Mode, and Temperature Set-Point.
- 14. Auto Off Timer: Operates unit for an adjustable time duration and then turns unit off.
- 15. Occupancy detection.
- 16. Service Notification Display: "Filter"
- 17. Service Run Tests: Limit use by service personnel to troubleshoot operation.
- 18. Error Code Notification Display: Used by service personnel to troubleshoot abnormal operation and equipment failure.
- 19. User and Service Passwords: Capable of preventing adjustments by unauthorized users.
- 20. Setting stored in nonvolatile memory to ensure that settings are not lost if power is lost. Battery backup for date and time only.
- 21. Low-voltage power required for controller shall be powered through non-polar connections to indoor unit.

### 2.8 SYSTEM REFRIGERANT AND OIL

### A. Refrigerant:

- 1. As required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer for system to comply with performance requirements indicated.
- 2. ASHRAE 34, Class A1 refrigerant classification.
- 3. R-410a.

#### B. Oil:

1. As required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer and to comply with performance requirements indicated.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine products before installation. Reject products that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Examine roughing-in for piping and tubing to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- D. Examine roughing-in for wiring and conduit to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- E. Examine walls, floors, roofs, and outdoor pads for suitable conditions where equipment will be installed.
- F. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- G. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION, GENERAL

## A. Clearance:

- 1. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances for service and maintenance.
- 2. Maintain clearances required by governing code.
- B. Loose Components: Install components, devices, and accessories furnished by manufacturer, with equipment, that are not factory mounted.
  - 1. Loose components shall be installed by system Installer under supervision of manufacturer's service representative.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION OF INDOOR UNITS

- A. Install units to be level and plumb while providing a neat and finished appearance.
- B. Unless otherwise required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer, support ceiling-mounted units from structure above using threaded rods; minimum rod size of 3/8 inch.

- C. Adjust supports of exposed and recessed units to draw units tight to adjoining surfaces.
- D. Protect finished surfaces of ceilings, floors, and walls that come in direct contact with units. Refinish or replaced damaged areas after units are installed.
- E. In rooms with ceilings, conceal piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units above ceilings.
- F. In rooms without ceiling, arrange piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units to provide a neat and finished appearance.
- G. Provide lateral bracing if needed to limit movement of suspended units to not more than 0.25 inch.
- H. For wall-mounted units that are exposed, conceal piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units within walls.
- I. Attachment: Install hardware for proper attachment to supported equipment.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION OF OUTDOOR UNITS

- A. Install units to be level and plumb while providing a neat and finished appearance.
- B. Install outdoor units on support structures indicated on Drawings.
- C. Roof-Mounted Installations: Install outdoor units on equipment supports typical of nVent CADDY Pyramid or acceptable equal. Anchor units to supports with removable, stainless-steel fasteners.

# 3.5 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping and tubing systems. Install piping and tubing as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on coordination drawings.
- B. Install piping and tubing in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- C. Install piping and tubing at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- D. Install piping and tubing above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- E. Install piping and tubing to permit valve servicing.
- F. Install piping and tubing at indicated slopes.
- G. Install piping and tubing free of sags.

- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- I. Install piping and tubing to allow application of insulation.
- J. Install groups of pipes and tubing parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation with service access between insulated piping and tubing.
- K. Install sleeves for piping and tubing penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors.
- L. Install escutcheons for piping and tubing penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors.

### 3.6 INSTALLATION OF SYSTEM CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING

- A. General Requirements for Drain Piping and Tubing:
  - 1. Install a union in piping at each threaded unit connection.
  - 2. Install an adjustable stainless-steel hose clamp with adjustable gear operator on unit hose connections. Tighten clamp to provide a leak-free installation.
  - 3. If required for unit installation, provide a trap assembly in drain piping to prevent air circulated through unit from passing through drain piping. Comply with more stringent of the following:
    - a. Details indicated on Drawings.
    - b. Manufacturer's requirements.
    - c. Governing codes.
    - d. In the absence of requirements, comply with requirements of ASHRAE handbooks.
  - 4. Extend drain piping from units with drain connections to drain receptors as indicated on Drawings. If not indicated on Drawings, terminate drain connection at nearest accessible location that is not exposed to view by occupants.
  - 5. Provide each 90-degree change in direction with a Y- or T-fitting. Install a threaded plug connection in the dormant side of fitting or future use as a service cleanout.

### B. Pumped Drains:

1. If unit condensate pump or lift mechanism is not included with an integral check valve, install a full-size check valve in each branch pipe near unit connection to prevent backflow into unit.

### 3.7 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements indicated on Drawings and in applicable Division 26 Sections.
- B. Connect field electrical power source to each separate electrical device requiring field electrical power. Coordinate termination point and connection type with Installer.
- C. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" for wiring connections.

- D. Comply with requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems" for grounding connections.
- E. Install nameplate or acrylic label with self-adhesive back for each electrical connection indicating electrical equipment designation and circuit number feeding connection.
  - 1. Nameplate shall be laminated phenolic layers of black with engraved white letters. Letters at least 1/2 inch high.
  - 2. Locate nameplate or label where easily visible.
- F. Comply with requirements in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" for raceway selection and installation requirements for boxes, conduits, and wireways as supplemented or revised in this Section.
- G. Install manufactured conduit sweeps and long-radius elbows if possible.
- H. Install metal conduits with grounding bushings and connect with grounding conductor to grounding system.

# 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage VRF HVAC system manufacturer's service representative to advise and assist installers; witness testing; and observe and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including controls and connections.
  - 1. Field service shall be performed by a factory-trained and -authorized service representative of VRF HVAC system manufacturer whose primary job responsibilities are to provide direct technical support of its products.
- B. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of manufacturer's service representative:
  - 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
  - 2. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
  - 3. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
  - 4. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- C. Refrigerant Tubing Positive Pressure Testing:
  - 1. Comply with more stringent of VRF HVAC system manufacturer's requirements and requirements indicated.
  - 2. After completion of tubing installation, pressurize tubing systems to a test pressure of not less than 1.2 times VRF HVAC system operating pressure, but not less than 600 psig, using dry nitrogen.

- 3. Successful testing shall maintain a test pressure for a continuous and uninterrupted period of 1 hour. Allowance for pressure changes attributed to changes in ambient temperature are acceptable.
- 4. Submit test reports for Project record.

# D. Refrigerant Tubing Evacuation Testing:

- 1. Comply with more stringent of VRF HVAC system manufacturer's requirements and requirements indicated.
- 2. After completion of tubing positive-pressure testing, evacuate tubing systems to a pressure of 500 microns.
- 3. Successful testing shall maintain a test pressure for a continuous and uninterrupted period of one hour(s) with no change.
- 4. Submit test reports for Project record.
- 5. Upon successful completion of evacuation testing, system shall be charged with refrigerant.

# E. System Refrigerant Charge:

- 1. Using information collected from the refrigerant tubing evacuation testing, system Installer shall consult variable refrigerant system manufacturer to determine the correct system refrigerant charge.
- 2. Installer shall charge system following VRF HVAC system manufacturer's written instructions.
- 3. System refrigerant charging shall be witnessed by system manufacturer's representative.
- 4. Total refrigerant charge shall be recorded and permanently displayed at the system's outdoor unit.
- F. Products will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- G. Prepare test and inspection reports.

### 3.9 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Engage a VRF HVAC system manufacturer's service representative to perform system(s) startup service.
  - 1. Service representative shall be an employee or a factory-trained and -authorized service representative of VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
  - 2. Complete startup service of each separate system.
  - 3. Complete system startup service according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Installer shall accompany manufacturer's service representative during startup service and provide manufacturer's service representative with requested documentation and technical support during startup service.
  - 1. Installer shall correct deficiencies found during startup service for reverification.
- C. System Operation Report:

- 1. After completion of startup service, manufacturer shall issue a report for each separate system.
- 2. Report shall include complete documentation describing each startup check, the result, and any corrective action required.

### 3.10 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust equipment and components to function smoothly and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Adjust initial temperature and humidity set points. Adjust initial airflow settings and discharge airflow patterns.
- C. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges according to VRF HVAC system manufacturer's written instructions, and as indicated.
- D. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months from date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

### 3.11 PROTECTION

- A. Protect products from moisture and water damage. Remove and replace products that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- B. Protect equipment from physical damage. Replace equipment with physical damage that cannot be repaired to new condition. Observable surface imperfections shall be grounds for removal and replacement.
- C. Protect equipment from electrical damage. Replace equipment suffering electrical damage.
- D. Cover and seal openings of equipment to keep inside of equipment clean. Do not remove covers until finish work is complete.

### 3.12 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a VRF HVAC system manufacturer's factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain entire system.
- B. Schedule and Duration:
  - 1. Schedule training with Owner at least 10 business days before first training session.
  - 2. Training shall be held at mutually agreed date and time during normal business hours.
- C. Location: Owner shall provide a suitable on-site location to host classroom training.
- D. Training Materials: Provide training materials in electronic format to each attendee.

- 1. Include instructional videos showing general operation and maintenance that are coordinated with operation and maintenance manuals.
- 2. Video record each classroom training session and submit an electronic copy to Owner before requesting Owner acceptance of training.
- E. Acceptance: Obtain Owner written acceptance that training is complete, and requirements indicated have been satisfied.

END OF SECTION 238129



### SECTION 260500 – GENERAL ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

### PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. The General and Supplementary Conditions are a part of the requirements for the work under this Division of the Specifications.

#### 1.2 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Provide labor and materials required to install, test and place into operation the electrical systems as called for in the Contract Documents, and in accordance with applicable codes and regulations.
- B. Provide labor, materials, and accessories required to provide complete, operating electrical systems. Labor, materials, or accessories not specifically called for in the Contract Documents, but required to provide complete, operating electrical systems shall be provided without additional cost to the Owner.

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with the current applicable codes, ordinances, and regulations of the Authority or Authorities Having Jurisdiction, the rules, regulations and requirements of the utility companies serving the project, and the Owner's insurance underwriter.
- B. Drawings, specifications, codes and standards are minimum requirements. Where requirements differ, the most stringent apply.
- C. Should any change in drawings or specifications be required to comply with governing regulations, notify the Engineer prior to submitting bid.
- D. All electrical equipment, materials, devices and installations shall meet or exceed minimum requirements of ADA, ANSI, ASTM, IEEE, IES, NEC, NEMA, NETA, NFPA, OSHA, SMACNA, UL, and the State Fire Marshal.
- E. Execute work in strict accordance with the best practices of the trades in a thorough, substantial, workperson-like manner by competent workpeople. Provide a competent, experienced, full-time Superintendent who is authorized to make decisions on behalf of the Contractor.
- F. Equipment shall be certified for use in the state of New York and shall meet the New York State energy code.

### 1.4 ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

A. Abbreviations:

2. ANSI American National Standards Institute	
3. ASA Acoustical Society of America	
4. ASTM American Society for Testing and Material	S
5. BIL Basic Impulse Level	
6. CBM Certified Ballast Manufacturers	
7. ECC Engineer's Control Center	
8. EIA Electronic Industries Alliance	
9. ETL Electrical Testing Laboratories, Inc.	
10. FCC Fire Control Center	
11. FM Factory Mutual	
12. IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engin	eers
13. IES Illuminating Engineering Society	
14. IPCEA International Power Cable Engineers Asso	ciation
15. LED Light Emitting Diode	
16. NEC National Electric Code	
17. NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers Associa	tion
18. NETA National Electrical Testing Association	
19. NFPA National Fire Protection Association	
20. OEM Original Equipment Manufacturer	
21. OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administr	ation
22. SCC Security Control Center	
23. SMACNA Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contrac	tors
National Association	
24. TIA Telecommunications Industry Association	
25. UL Underwriters Laboratories Inc.	

### B. Definitions:

- 1. Where it is stated in these specifications to submit to Engineer for review, refer to Architectural General and Supplementary Conditions for proper procedures.
- 2. FURNISH means to supply all materials, labor, equipment, testing apparatus, controls, tests, accessories and all other items customarily required for the proper and complete application.
- 3. INSTALL means to join, unite, fasten, link, attach, set up or otherwise connect together before testing and turning over to Owner, complete and ready for regular operation.
- 4. PROVIDE means to FURNISH and INSTALL.
- 5. AS DIRECTED means as directed by the Engineer, or the Engineer's Representative.
- 6. CONCEALED means embedded in masonry or other construction, installed behind wall furring or within drywall partitions, or installed within hung ceilings.
- 7. SUBMIT means submit to Engineer for review.

### 1.5 GUARANTEE

A. Submit a single guarantee stating that the work is in accordance with the Contract Documents. Guarantee work against faulty and improper material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of final acceptance by the Owner, except that where guarantees or warranties for longer terms are provided or specified herein, the longer term shall apply. Manufacturer's warranty/guarantee on equipment shall be begin at time of equipment startup not upon receipt of equipment. Correct any deficiencies, which

occur during the guarantee period, within 24 hours of notification, without additional cost to the Owner, to the satisfaction of the Owner. Obtain similar guarantees from subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers and subtrade specialists.

### 1.6 USE OF THE ARCHITECT'S AND ENGINEER'S DRAWINGS

A. The Contractor shall obtain, at the Contractor's expense, from the Architect or Engineer a set of AutoCAD or compatible format architectural and engineering drawings on electronic media where desired by the Contractor and/or required by the Specifications for use in preparing the shop drawings, coordination drawings, and record drawings. The Contractor shall provide to the Architect and Engineer a written release of liability acceptable to the Architect and Engineer prior to receiving the electronic media.

#### PART 2 – PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- A. Provide products and materials that are new, clean, free of defects, and free of damage and corrosion.
- B. Products and materials shall not contain asbestos, PCB, or any other material that is considered hazardous by the Environmental Protection Agency or any other Authority Having Jurisdiction.
- C. Replace materials of less than specified quality and relocate work incorrectly installed as directed by the Architect or Engineer at no additional cost to the Owner.
- D. Provide name/data plates on major components of equipment with manufacturer's name, model number, serial number, capacity data and electrical characteristics attached in a conspicuous place.
- E. Install materials and equipment with qualified trades people.
- F. Maintain uniformity of manufacturer for equipment used in similar applications and sizes.
- G. Fully lubricate equipment where required.
- H. Follow manufacturer's instructions for installing, connecting, and adjusting equipment. Provide a copy of such instructions at the equipment during installation.
- I. Where factory testing of equipment is required to ascertain performance, and attendance by the Owner's Representative is required to witness such tests, associated travel costs and subsistence shall be paid for by the Contractor.
- J. Equipment capacities, ratings, etc., are scheduled or specified for job site operating conditions. Equipment sensitive to altitude shall be derated with the method of derating identified on the submittals.

- K. Enclosures for electrical equipment installed in mechanical and electrical equipment rooms shall be NEMA type 1 gasketed. Enclosures for electrical equipment installed outdoors shall be NEMA type 3R.
- L. Energy consuming equipment shall be certified for use in the state of New York and shall meet the New York State Energy Code and local energy ordinances.

### 2.2 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Contract Documents are based on equipment manufacturers as called out in the Specifications and indicated on the Drawings. Acceptance of substitute equipment manufacturers does not relieve Contractor of the responsibility to provide equipment and materials, which meet the performance as, stated or implied in the Contract Documents.
- B. Submit proposals to provide substitute materials or equipment, in writing, with sufficient lead time for review prior to the date equipment must be ordered to maintain project schedule. Reimburse Owner for costs associated with the review of the proposed substitution whether substitution is accepted or rejected.
- C. Indicate revisions required to adapt substitutions including revisions by other trades. Substitutions that increase the cost of the work and related trades are not permitted.
- D. The proposed substitution shall conform to the size, ratings, and operating characteristics of the equipment or systems as specified and shown on the Drawings.
- E. Proposals for substitutions shall include the following information:
  - 1. A description of the difference between the Contract Document requirements and that of the substitution, the comparative features of each, and the effect of the change on the end result performance. Include the impact of all changes on other contractors and acknowledge the inclusion of additional costs to the other trades.
  - 2. Schematic drawings and details.
  - 3. List of revisions to the Contract Documents that must be made if the substitution is accepted.
  - 4. Estimate of costs the Owner may incur in implementing the substitution, such as test, evaluation, operating and support costs.
  - 5. Statement of the time by which a Contract modification accepting the substitution must be issued, noting any effect on the Contract completion time or the delivery schedule.
  - 6. A statement indicating the reduction to the Contract price if the Owner accepts the substitution. Include required modifications to all related trades.

### PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 FEES AND PERMITS

- A. Pay all required fees and obtain all required permits related to the electrical installation.
- B. Pay royalties or fees in connection with the use of patented devices and systems.

C. Provide controlled inspection where required by Authorities Having Jurisdiction or by these specifications.

#### 3.2 SUBMITTALS AND REVIEWS

- A. Submit shop drawings, manufacturer's product data sheets, samples, and test reports as specified.
- B. After execution of Owner/Contractor Agreement, submit a complete typed list of all electrical equipment manufacturers and material suppliers for the equipment proposed to be provided on this project, as well as names of all subcontractors.
- C. After execution of Owner/Contractor Agreement, prepare an index of all submittals for the project. Include a submittal identification number, a cross-reference to the Specification sections or Drawing number, and an item description. Prefix the submittal identification number by the Specification sections to which they apply. Indicate on each submittal, the submittal identification number in addition to the other data specified. All subcontractors shall utilize the assigned submittal identification number.
- D. After the Contract is awarded, obtain complete shop drawings, product data and samples from the manufacturers, suppliers, vendors, and all subcontractors, for all materials and equipment as specified. Submit data and details of such materials and equipment for review. Prior to submission, certify that the shop drawings, product data and samples are in compliance with the Contract Documents. Check all materials and equipment upon their arrival on the job site and verify their compliance with the Contract Documents. Modify any work, which proceeds prior to receiving accepted shop drawings as required to comply with the Contract Documents and the shop drawings.
- E. Review of submittals is for general compliance with the design concept and Contract Documents. Comments or absence of comments shall not relieve the Contractor from compliance with the Contract Documents. The Contractor remains solely responsible for details and accuracy, for confirming and correlating all quantities and dimensions, for selecting fabrication processes, for techniques of construction, for performing the work in a safe manner, and for coordinating the work with that of other trades.
- F. No part of the work shall be started in the shop or in the field until the shop drawings and samples for that portion of the work have been submitted and accepted.
- G. A minimum period of ten working days, exclusive of transmittal time, will be required in the Engineer's office each time a shop drawing, product data and/or samples are submitted for review. This time period must be considered by the Contractor in the scheduling of the work.
- H. Submit electronic copies, preferably in PDF format, of all items requiring shop drawings.
- I. Submit materials and equipment by manufacturer, trade name, and model number. Include copies of applicable brochure or catalog material. Maintenance and operating manuals are not acceptable substitutes for shop drawings.
- J. Identify each sheet of printed submittal pages (using arrows, underlining or circling) to show applicable sizes, types, model numbers, ratings, capacities and options actually

- being proposed. Cross out non-applicable information. Note specified features such as materials or paint finishes.
- K. Include dimensional data for roughing in and installation and technical data sufficient to verify that equipment meets the requirements of the Contract Documents. Include wiring, piping and service connection data.
- L. Maintain a complete set of reviewed and stamped shop drawings and product data on site.
- M. For each room or area of the building containing electrical equipment, submit the following:
  - 1. Floor Plans: Plan and elevation layout drawings indicating the equipment in the exact location in which it is intended to be installed. These plans shall be of a scale not less than 1/4 inch to 1 foot. They shall be prepared in the following manner:
    - a. Indicate the physical boundaries of the space including door swings and ceiling heights and ceiling types (as applicable).
    - b. Illustrate all electrical equipment proposed to be contained therein. Include top and bottom elevations of all electrical equipment. The Drawings shall be prepared utilizing the dimensions contained in the individual equipment submittals. Indicate code and manufacturer's required clearances.
    - c. Illustrate all other equipment therein such as conduits, detectors, luminaries, ducts, registers, pull boxes, wireways, structural elements, etc.
    - d. Indicate the operating weight of each piece of equipment.
    - e. Indicate the heat release from each piece of electrical equipment in terms of BTU per hour. This information shall be that which is supplied by the respective manufacturers.
    - f. Illustrate concrete pads, curbs, etc.
    - g. Indicate dimensions to confirm compliance with code-required clearances.
    - h. Indicate maximum normal allowable operating temperature for each piece of equipment (as per each respective manufacturer's recommendation).
    - i. Equipment removal routes.
- N. The work described in shop drawing submissions shall be carefully checked by all trades for clearances (including those required for maintenance and servicing), field conditions, maintenance of architectural conditions and coordination with other trades on the job. Each submitted shop drawing shall include a certification that related job conditions have been checked by the Contractor and each Subcontractor and that conflicts do not exist.
- O. The Contractor is not relieved of the responsibility for dimensions or errors that may be contained on submissions, or for deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents. The noting of some errors but overlooking others does not grant the Contractor permission to proceed in error. Regardless of any information contained in the shop drawings, product data and samples, the Contract Documents govern the work and are neither waived nor superceded in any way by the review of shop drawings, product data and samples.

P. Inadequate or incomplete shop drawings, product data and/or samples will not be reviewed and will be returned to the Contractor for resubmittal.

#### 3.3 COORDINATION OF WORK

- A. The Contract Documents establish scope, materials and quality but are not detailed installation instructions. Drawings are diagrammatic.
- B. Coordinate work with related trades and furnish, in writing, any information necessary to permit the work of related trades to be installed satisfactorily and with the least possible conflict or delay.
- C. The electrical drawings show the general arrangement of equipment and appurtenances. Follow these drawings as closely as the actual construction and the work of other trades will permit. Provide offsets, fittings, and accessories, which may be required but not shown on the Drawings. Investigate the site, and review drawings of other trades to determine conditions affecting the work, and provide such work and accessories as may be required to accommodate such conditions.
- D. The locations of lighting fixtures, outlets, panels and other equipment indicated on the Drawings are approximately correct, but they are understood to be subject to such revision as may be found necessary or desirable at the time the work is installed in consequence of increase or reduction of the number of outlets, or in order to meet field conditions, or to coordinate with modular requirements of ceilings, or to simplify the work, or for other legitimate causes.
- E. Exercise particular caution with reference to the location of panels, outlets, switches, etc., and have precise and definite locations accepted by the Engineer before proceeding with the installation.
- F. The Drawings show only the general run of raceways and approximate locations of outlets. Any significant changes in location of outlets, cabinets, etc., necessary in order to meet field conditions shall be brought to the immediate attention of the Engineer for review before such alterations are made. Modifications shall be made at no additional cost to the Owner.
- G. Verify with the Architect the exact location and mounting height of outlets and equipment not dimensionally located on the Drawings prior to installation.
- H. Circuit tags in the form of numbers are used where shown to indicate the circuit designation numbers in electrical panels. Show the actual circuit numbers on the as-built Record Drawings and on the associated typed panelboard directory card. Where circuiting is not indicated, provide required circuiting in accordance with the loading indicated on the Drawings and/or as directed.
- I. The Drawings generally do not indicate the number of wires in conduit for the branch circuit wiring of fixtures and outlets, or the actual circuiting. Provide the correct wire size and quantity as required by the indicated circuiting and/or circuit numbers indicated, the control intent, referenced wiring diagrams (if any), the specified voltage drop or maximum distance limitations, and the applicable requirements of the NEC.

- J. Carefully check space requirements with other trades to ensure that equipment can be installed in the spaces allotted.
- K. Wherever work interconnects with work of other trades, coordinate with other trades to ensure that they have the information necessary so that they may properly install the necessary connections and equipment. Identify items (remote ballast, pull boxes, etc.) requiring access in order that the ceiling trade will know where to install access doors and panels.
- L. Consult with other trades regarding equipment so that, wherever possible, motor controls and distribution equipment are of the same manufacturer.
- M. Furnish and set sleeves for passage of electrical risers through structural masonry and concrete walls and floors and elsewhere as required for the proper protection of each electrical riser passing through building surfaces.
- N. Provide firestopping around all pipes, conduits, ducts, sleeves, etc. which pass through rated walls, partitions and floors.
- O. Provide detailed information on openings and holes required in precast members for electrical work.
- P. Provide required supports and hangers for conduit and equipment, designed so as not to exceed allowable loadings of structures.
- Q. Examine and compare the Contract Documents with the drawings and specifications of other trades, and report any discrepancies between them to the Engineer and obtain written instructions for changes necessary in the work. Install and coordinate the work in cooperation with other related trades. Before installation, make proper provisions to avoid interferences.
- R. Wherever the work is of sufficient complexity, prepare additional detail drawings to scale to coordinate the work with the work of other trades. Detailed work shall be clearly identified on the Drawings as to the area to which it applies. Submit these drawings to the Engineer for review. At completion include a set of these drawings with each set of Record Drawings.
- S. Furnish services of an experienced Superintendent, who shall be in constant charge of all work, and who shall coordinate work with the work of other trades. No work shall be installed before coordinating with other trades.
- T. Coordinate with the local electric utility company and the local telecommunications company as to their requirements for service connections and provide all necessary metering provisions, grounding, materials, equipment, labor, testing, and appurtenances.
- U. Before commencing work, examine adjoining work on which this work is in any way affected and report conditions, which prevent performance of the work. Become thoroughly familiar with actual existing conditions to which connections must be made or which must be changed or altered.

- V. Adjust location of conduits, panels, equipment, etc., to accommodate the work to prevent interferences, both anticipated and encountered. Determine the exact route and location of each conduit prior to fabrication.
  - 1. Right-of-Way: Lines which pitch have the right-of-way over those which do not pitch. For example: condensate, steam, and plumbing drains normally have right-of-way. Lines whose elevations cannot be changed have right-of-way over lines whose elevations can be changed.
  - 2. Provide offsets, transitions and changes in direction of conduit as required to maintain proper headroom and pitch on sloping lines.
- W. In cases of doubt as to the work intended, or in the event of need for explanation, request supplementary instructions from the Engineer.

#### 3.4 CONTRACTOR'S COORDINATION DRAWINGS

- A. The Contractor shall coordinate efforts of all trades and shall furnish (in writing, with copies to the Engineer) any information necessary to permit the work of all trades to be installed satisfactorily and with the least possible interference or delay.
- B. The Contractor and all trade contractors shall prepare a complete set of construction Coordination Drawings indicating the equipment actually purchased and the exact routing for all lines such as busway, conduit, piping, ductwork, etc., including conduit embedded in concrete floors and walls. The Coordination Drawings shall be submitted complete to the Architect and the Engineer, within three months after notice to proceed is given, and in compliance with the construction schedule for the project. The sheet metal drawings, at a scale of not less than 1/4 inch to 1 foot, shall serve as the base drawings to which all other Contractors shall add their work. Each separate trade contractor shall draw their work on separate layers with different color assignments to facilitate coordination. Each Coordination Drawing shall be completed and signed off by the other Trade Contractors and the Contractor prior to the installation of the HVAC, plumbing, electrical and fire sprinkler work in the area covered by the specific drawing. The Contractor's work shall be installed according to the shop drawings and coordination drawings. If the Contractor allows one trade to install their work before coordination with the work of other trades, the Contractor shall make all necessary changes to correct the condition at no additional cost to the Owner.
- C. The Contractors' Coordination Drawings shall indicate structural loads at support points for all piping 10 inch and larger, racked piping, racked conduit, busway, and suspended electrical equipment. Submit to Structural Engineer for review and approval. The elevation, location, support points, static, dynamic and expansion forces and loads imposed on the structure at support and anchor points shall be indicated. All beam penetrations and slab penetrations shall be indicated and sized and shall be coordinated. Work routed underground or embedded in concrete shall be indicated by dimension to column and building lines and shall be coordinated. Coordination Drawings shall document all required structural penetrations for initial construction. Penetrations shall be dimensioned for walls, floors and roofs. These structural coordination requirements require review and approval by the Structural Engineer prior to completion and submittal of the Drawings.

- D. This requirement for Coordination Drawings shall not be construed as authorization for the Contractor or trade contractors to make any unauthorized changes to the Contract Documents. Contract document space allocations shall be maintained such as ceiling height, designated clearance for future construction and flexibility, chase walls, equipment room size, unless prior written authorization is received from the Engineer to change them.
- E. Prior to final acceptance of the Work, the Contractor shall submit the Coordination Drawings as part of the Record Drawings submittal.

### 3.5 EXAMINATION OF SITE

- A. Prior to the submitting of bids, visit the project site and become familiar with all conditions affecting the proposed installation and make provisions as to the cost thereof.
- B. The Contract Documents do not make representations regarding the character or extent of the sub-soils, water levels, existing structural, mechanical and electrical installations, above or below ground, or other sub-surface conditions which may be encountered during the work. Evaluate existing conditions, which may affect methods or cost of performing the work, based on examination of the site or other information. Failure to examine the Drawings or other information does not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for the satisfactory completion of the work.

### 3.6 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL

- A. Provide excavation for the work of this Division. Excavate all material encountered, to the depths indicated on the Drawings or as required. Remove from the site excavated materials not required or suitable for backfill. Provide grading as may be necessary to prevent surface water from flowing into trenches or other excavations. Remove any water, which accumulates. Provide sheeting and shoring as may be necessary for the protection of the work and for the safety of personnel.
- B. Provide trenches of widths necessary for the proper execution of the work. Grade bottom of the trenches accurately to provide uniform bearing and support the work on undisturbed soil at every point along its entire length. Except where rock is encountered, do not excavate below the depths indicated. Where rock excavations are required, excavate rock to a minimum overdepth of four inches below the trench depths indicated on the Drawings or required. Backfill overdepths in the rock excavation and unauthorized overdepths with loose, granular, moist earth, thoroughly machine-tamped to a compaction level of at least 95 percent to standard proctor density or 75 percent relative density or as specified by the Engineer. Whenever unstable soil that is incapable of properly supporting the work is encountered in the bottom of the trench, remove soil to a depth required and backfill the trench to the proper grade with coarse sand, fine gravel or other suitable material.
- C. Excavate trenches for utilities that will provide the following minimum depths of cover from existing grade or from indicated finished grade, whichever is lower, unless otherwise specifically shown:
  - 1. Electric service: Three (3) feet minimum.

- 2. Telephone service: Three (3) feet minimum.
- 3. Cable TV service: Three (3) feet minimum
- D. Trenches should not be placed within ten feet of foundation or soil surfaces, which must resist horizontal forces.
- E. Do not backfill trenches until all required tests have been performed and installation observed by the Engineer. Comply with the requirements of other sections of the Specifications. Backfill shall consist of non-expensive soil with limited porosity. Deposit in six layers and thoroughly and carefully tamp until the work has a cover of not less than one foot. Backfill and tamp remainder of trench at one-foot intervals until complete. Uniformly grade the finished surface.

### 3.7 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Where cutting, channeling, chasing or drilling of floors, walls, partitions, ceilings or other surfaces is necessary for the proper installation, support or anchorage of conduit or other equipment, lay out the work carefully in advance. Repair any damage to the building, piping, equipment or defaced finished plaster, woodwork, metalwork, etc., using skilled tradespeople of the trades required at no additional cost to the Owner.
- B. Do not cut, channel, chase or drill unfinished masonry, tile, etc., unless permission from the Architect is obtained. If permission is granted, perform this work in a manner acceptable to the Architect.
- C. Where conduit or equipment are mounted on a painted finished surface, or a surface to be painted, paint to match the surface. Cold galvanize bare metal whenever support channels are cut.
- D. Provide slots, chases, openings and recesses through floors, walls, ceilings, and roofs as required. Where these openings are not provided, provide cutting and patching to accommodate penetrations at no additional cost to the Owner.

### 3.8 MOUNTING HEIGHTS

- A. Mounting heights shall conform to ADA requirements.
- B. Verify exact locations and mounting heights with the Architect before installation.
- C. Electrical and telecommunications outlets shall be mounted no higher than 48 inches above finished floor to top of the outlet box and no lower than 15 inches above finished floor to bottom of the outlet box.
- D. Electrical switches shall be mounted no higher than 48 inches above finished floor to top of the outlet box and no lower than 36 inches above finished floor to bottom of the outlet box.
- E. Fire alarm manual pull stations shall be mounted no higher than 48 inches above finished floor to top of the outlet box and no lower than 36 inches above finished floor to bottom of the outlet box.

- F. Outlets for public and other wall-mounted type telephones shall be installed so that the particular telephone installed conforms to ADA mounting height requirements.
- G. Visual Alarms: Mount not less than 80 inches to the bottom or 96 inches to the top of the device.
- H. Wall-Mounted Exit Signs: Two inches above top of door to bottom of sign.
- I. Low-Level Exit Signs: Six inches to bottom of sign.
- J. Stairwell and utility corridor wall-mounted lighting fixtures shall be mounted 8 feet-6 inches above finished floor or one foot below ceiling or structure above, whichever is lower.

### 3.9 CLEANING UP

- A. Avoid accumulation of debris, boxes, loose materials, crates, etc., resulting from the installation of this work. Remove from the premises each day all debris, boxes, etc., and keep the premises clean and free of dust and debris.
- B. Clean all fixtures and equipment at the completion of the project. Wipe clean exposed lighting fixture reflectors and trim pieces with a non-abrasive cloth just prior to occupancy.
- C. All electrical equipment shall be thoroughly vacuumed and wiped clean prior to energization and at the completion of the project. Equipment shall be opened for observation by the Engineer as required.

#### 3.10 WATERPROOFING

- A. Avoid, if possible, the penetration of any waterproof membranes such as roofs, machine room floors, basement walls, and the like. If such penetration is necessary, make penetration prior to the waterproofing and furnish all sleeves or pitch-pockets required. Advise the Architect and obtain written permission before penetrating any waterproof membrane, even where such penetration is shown on the Drawings.
- B. Restore waterproofing integrity of walls or surfaces after they have been penetrated without additional cost to the Owner.

# 3.11 SUPPORTS

- A. Support work in accordance with the best industry practice. Provide supports, hangers, auxiliary structural members and supplemental hardware required for support of the work.
- B. Provide supporting frames or racks extending from floor slab to ceiling slab for work indicated as being supported from walls where the walls are incapable of supporting the weight. In particular, provide such frames or racks in electric closets and mechanical equipment rooms.

- C. Provide supporting frames or racks for equipment which is to be installed in a freestanding position.
- D. Supporting frames or racks shall be of standard angle, standard channel or specialty support system steel members, rigidly bolted or welded together and adequately braced to form a substantial structure. Racks shall be of ample size to assure a workmanlike arrangement of all equipment mounted on them.
- E. Adequate support of equipment (including outlet, pull and junction boxes and fittings) shall not depend on electric conduits, raceways, or cables for support.
- F. Electrical equipment shall not rest on or depend for support on suspended ceiling media (tiles, lath, plaster, as well as splines, runners, bars and the like in the plane of the ceiling). Provide independent support of electrical equipment. Do not attach to supports provided for ductwork, piping or work of other trades.
- G. Provide required supports and hangers for conduit, equipment, etc., so that loading will not exceed allowable loadings of structure. Electrical equipment and supports shall not come in contact with work of other trades.

# 3.12 FASTENINGS

- A. Fasten equipment to building structure in accordance with the best industry practice.
- B. Where weight applied to building attachment points is 100 pounds or less, conform to the following as a minimum:
  - 1. Wood: Wood screws.
  - 2. Concrete and solid masonry: Bolts and expansion shields.
  - 3. Hollow construction: Toggle bolts.
  - 4. Solid metal: Machine screws in tapped holes or with welded studs.
  - 5. Steel decking or sub-floor: Fastenings as specified below for applied weights in excess of 100 pounds.
- C. Where weight applied to building attachment points exceeds 100 pounds, but is 300 pounds or less, conform to the following as a minimum:
  - 1. At concrete slabs provide 24-inch by 24-inch by 1/2-inch steel fishplates on top with through bolts. Fishplate assemblies shall be chased in and grouted flush with the top of slab screed line, where no fill is to be applied.
  - 2. At steel decking or sub-floor for all fastenings, provide through bolts or threaded rods. The tops of bolts or rods shall be set at least one inch below the top fill screed line and grouted in. Suitable washers shall be used under bolt heads or nuts. In cases where the decking or sub-floor manufacturer produces specialty hangers to work with their decking or sub-floor, such hangers shall be provided.
- D. Where weight applied to building attachment points exceeds 300 pounds, coordinate with and obtain the approval of Engineer and conform to the following as a minimum:
  - 1. Provide suitable auxiliary channel or angle iron bridging between building structural steel elements to establish fastening points. Bridging members shall be

suitably welded or clamped to building steel. Provide threaded rods or bolts to attach to bridging members.

- E. For items, which are shown, as being ceiling-mounted at locations where fastening to the building construction element above is not possible, provide suitable auxiliary channel or angle iron bridging tying to the building structural elements.
- F. Wall-mounted equipment may be directly secured to wall by means of steel bolts. Groups or arrays of equipment may be mounted on adequately sized steel angles, channels, or bars. Prefabricated steel channels as manufactured by Kindorf or Unistrut are acceptable.

#### 3.13 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify electrical equipment with permanently attached black phenolic nameplates with 1/2-inch high white engraved lettering. Identification shall include equipment name or load served as appropriate. Nameplates for equipment connected to the emergency power system shall be red with white lettering. Nameplates shall be attached with cadmium-plated screws; peel-and-stick tape or glue-on type nameplates are not allowed.
- B. Cable tags shall be flameproof secured with flameproof non-metallic cord.
- C. Provide an engraved nameplate for each switch controlling loads, which are not local to the switch.
- D. Wherever raceways for future use are terminated outside of the building, stake the location with a 2-foot long, 1-inch by 1-inch clear heart redwood stake.
- E. See individual Sections for additional identification requirements.

### 3.14 PROHIBITED LABELS AND IDENTIFICATIONS

- A. In all public areas, the inclusion or installation of any equipment or assembly which bears on any exposed surface any name, trademark, or other insignia which is intended to identify the manufacturer, the vendor, or other source(s) from which such object has been obtained, is prohibited, unless otherwise approved by Owner.
- B. Required UL labels shall not be removed nor shall identification specifically required under the various technical sections of the Specifications be removed.

# 3.15 EQUIPMENT PADS AND ANCHOR BOLTS

A. Provide concrete pads under all floor-mounted electrical equipment. Equipment pads shall conform to the shape of the piece of equipment it serves with a minimum 1-inch margin around the equipment and supports. Pads shall be a minimum of 4 inches high and made of a minimum 28 day, 2500 psi concrete reinforced with 6-inch by 6-inch 6/6 gauge welded wire mesh. Trowel tops and sides of pad to smooth finishes, equal to those of the floors, with all external corners bullnosed to a 3/4-inch radius.

- B. Provide galvanized anchor bolts for all equipment placed on concrete equipment pads, inertia blocks, or on concrete slabs. Provide bolts of the size and number recommended by the manufacturer of the equipment and locate by means of suitable templates. Equipment installed on vibration isolators shall be secured to the isolator. Secure the isolator to the floor, pad, or support as recommended by the vibration isolation manufacturer.
- C. Where equipment is mounted on gypsum board partitions, the mounting screws shall pass through the gypsum board and securely attach to the partition studs. As an alternative, the mounting screws may pass through the gypsum board and be securely attached to 6 inches square, 18 gauge galvanized metal backplates, which are attached to the gypsum board with an approved non-flammable adhesive. Toggle bolts installed in gypsum board partitions are not allowed.

# 3.16 DELIVERY, DRAYAGE AND HAULING

- A. Provide drayage, hauling, hoisting, shoring and placement in the building of equipment specified and be responsible for the timely delivery and installation of equipment as required by the construction schedule. If any item of equipment is received prior to the time that it is required, the Contractor shall be responsible for its proper storage and protection until the time it is required. Pay for all costs of drayage or storage.
- B. If equipment is not delivered or installed at the project site in a timely manner as required by the project construction schedule, the Contractor shall be responsible for resulting disassembly, re-assembly, manufacturer's supervision, shoring, general construction modification, delays, overtime costs, etc., at no additional cost to the Owner.

# 3.17 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL PROTECTION

- A. Protect the work, equipment, and material of other trades from damage by work or workmen of this trade, and correct damaged caused without additional cost to the Owner.
- B. Take responsibility for work, materials, and equipment until finally inspected, tested and accepted. Protect work against theft, injury, or damage, and carefully store material and equipment received on site, which is not immediately installed. Close open ends of work with temporary covers or plugs during construction to prevent entry of obstructing material. Cover and protect equipment and materials from damage due to water, sprayon fireproofing, construction debris, etc. Store equipment to moisture damage in dry, heated spaces.
- C. Provided adequate means for fully protecting finished parts of materials and equipment against damage from whatever cause during the progress of the work until final acceptance. Protect materials and equipment in storage and during construction in such a manner that no finished surfaces will be damaged or marred, and moving parts are kept clean and dry. Do not install damaged items; take immediate steps to obtain replacement or repair.

#### 3.18 TESTING OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- A. Comply with the project construction schedule for the date of final performance and acceptance testing, and complete work sufficiently in advance of the Contract completion date to permit the execution of the testing prior to occupancy and Contract close-out. Complete any adjustments and/or alterations, which the final acceptance tests indicate as necessary for the proper functioning of all equipment prior to the completion date. See individual Sections for extent of testing required.
- B. Provide a detailed schedule of completion indicating when each system is to be completed and outlining when field testing will be performed. Submit completion schedule for review within six months after the notice to proceed by Owner's Representative has been given. Update this schedule periodically as the project progresses.

# 3.19 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Provide the services of factory-trained specialists to provide an operating instructions seminar for equipment and systems. The seminar shall be conducted over a five-day (consecutive) period. Instruction time is defined as straight time working hours and does not include nights, weekends, or travel time to and from the project.
- B. Submit seminar agenda, schedule and list of representatives to the Owner for approval 30 days prior to suggested date of seminar. Do not commence seminar until the Owner has issued a written acceptance of the starting time and attendees. Confirm attendance of seminar by written notification to participants.
- C. Instruct Owner's operating personnel in proper starting sequences, operation, shut-down, general maintenance and preventative maintenance procedures, including normal and emergency procedures.
- D. Submit final copies of Record Drawings and Operating and Maintenance Manuals to Owner at seminar.
- E. Submit a written record of minutes and attendees of the seminar to the Owner.

## 3.20 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Provide Operating and Maintenance Manuals for equipment and materials furnished under this Division.
- B. Submit three final copies of Operating and Maintenance Manuals for review at least ten weeks before the completion date. Assemble data in a completely indexed volume or volumes in three-ring binders and identify the size, model, and features indicated for each item. Print the project name on the outside of the binders.
- C. Maintenance manuals shall include complete cleaning and servicing data compiled in a clear and easily understandable format. Show model numbers of each piece of equipment, complete lists of replacement parts, capacity ratings, and actual loads.

- D. Provide the following information where applicable:
  - 1. Identifying name and mark number
  - 2. Locations (where several similar items are used, provide a list)
  - 3. Complete nameplate data
  - 4. Certified Record Drawings and Final Reviewed submittals
  - 5. Parts list
  - 6. Performance curves and data
  - 7. Wiring diagrams
  - 8. Manufacturer's recommended operating and maintenance instructions with all non-applicable information deleted
  - 9. List of spare parts recommended for normal service requirements
  - 10. Assembly and disassembly instructions with exploded-view drawings where necessary
  - 11. Test reports
  - 12. Trouble shooting diagnostic instructions, where applicable

#### 3.21 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. The Contractor shall maintain on a daily basis at the Project site a complete set of Record Drawings. The Record Drawings shall initially consist of a set of construction drawings or AutoCAD files of the Contractor's Coordination Drawings. The prints shall be marked or the AutoCAD files electronically updated to show the precise location of all buried or concealed work and equipment, including embedded conduit, raceways and boxes, and all changes and deviations in the Electrical work from that shown on the Contract Documents. This requirement shall not be construed as authorization for the Contractor to make changes in the layout or work without definite written instructions from the Architect or Engineer. The updated Coordination Drawings shall be used to produce the final Record Drawings that shall be delivered to the Owner in AutoCAD electronic format and full-size hard copy format upon Project completion.
- B. Record dimensions clearly and accurately to delineate the work as installed. Suitably identify locations of all equipment by at least two dimensions to permanent structures.
- C. The Contractor and Subcontractor shall mark all in-progress Record Drawings on the front lower right hand corner with a rubber stamp impression or an AutoCAD image similar to the following:

**RECORD DRAWING** (3/8-inch high letters)

To be used for recording Field Deviations and Dimensional Data Only (5/16-inch high letters)

D. Upon completion of the work, the Contractor and Subcontractor(s) shall certify all Record Drawings on the front lower right hand corner adjacent to the above marking with a rubber stamp impression or an AutoCAD image similar to the following:

RECORD DRAWING
CERTIFIED CORRECT
(3/8-inch high letters)
(Printed Name of General Contract
(5/16-inch high letters)
Date:
(Printed Name of Subcontractor)
(5/16-inch high letters)
Date:

E. Prior to final acceptance of the Work of this Division, the Contractor shall submit properly certified Record Drawings to the Architect and Engineer for review and shall make changes, corrections, or additions as the Architect and/or Engineer may require to the Record Drawings. After the Architect's and Engineer's review, and any required Contractor revisions, the Record Drawings shall be delivered to the Owner on electronic media in AutoCAD format. The Architect and Engineer do not assume any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the Record Drawings.

# 3.22 FINAL PUNCHLIST

- A. Prior to the Final Punchlist, certify that systems and equipment are complete, operational, and are in compliance with the Contract Documents.
- B. During the Final Punchlist, provide personnel with access keys, hand held radios, and necessary expertise to operate each system and piece of equipment to demonstrate operational compliance with the Contract Documents.
- C. Any deficiencies noted on the Final Punchlist shall be expeditiously corrected and certified in writing.

END OF SECTION 260500

#### SECTION 260519 - LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Copper building wire rated 600 V or less.
- 2. Metal-clad cable, Type MC, rated 600 V or less.
- 3. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.

# 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Product Schedule: Indicate type, use, location, and termination locations.
- C. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- D. Field quality-control reports.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Member company of NETA.
  - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Certified by NETA to supervise on-site testing.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 COPPER BUILDING WIRE

A. Description: Flexible, insulated and uninsulated, drawn copper current-carrying conductor with an overall insulation layer or jacket, or both, rated 600 V or less.

# B. Standards:

- 1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
- 2. RoHS compliant.
- 3. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."
- C. Conductors: Copper, complying with ASTM B 3 for bare annealed copper and with ASTM B 8 for stranded conductors.

#### D. Conductor Insulation:

- 1. Type RHH and Type RHW-2: Comply with UL 44.
- 2. Type THHN and Type THWN-2: Comply with UL 83.
- 3. Type THW and Type THW-2: Comply with NEMA WC-70/ICEA S-95-658 and UL 83.
- 4. Type XHHW-2: Comply with UL 44.

# 2.2 METAL-CLAD CABLE, TYPE MC

A. Description: A factory assembly of one or more current-carrying insulated conductors in an overall metallic sheath.

# B. Standards:

- 1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
- 2. Comply with UL 1569.
- 3. RoHS compliant.
- 4. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."

#### C. Circuits:

- 1. Single circuit and multicircuit with color-coded conductors.
- D. Conductors: Copper, complying with ASTM B 3 for bare annealed copper and with ASTM B 8 for stranded conductors.
- E. Ground Conductor: Insulated.
- F. Conductor Insulation:
  - 1. Type TFN/THHN/THWN-2: Comply with UL 83.
  - 2. Type XHHW-2: Comply with UL 44.
- G. Armor: Steel or lightweight Aluminum, interlocked.
- H. Jacket: PVC applied over armor (when Specified).

# 2.3 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

A. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors, splices, and lugs of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated; listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.

#### 2.4 INSULATING TAPE

A. Provide vinyl plastic tape that meets the requirements of UL 510 and has the following characteristics:

- 1. 8.5 Mil minim thickness.
- 2. ASTM D-3005 Standard specification for low-temperature resistant vinyl Chloride plastic pressure-sensitive electrical insulating type type1.
- 3. Rated 600 volts and 150°C, suitable for indoor and outdoor applications.
- 4. Retains flexibility, adhesion, and applicable at temperature ranges from 0 through 100°F without loss of physical or electrical properties.
- 5. Resistant to abrasion, moisture, alkalis, acid, corrosion, and sunlight
- 6. Tape manufacturer: 3M "Scotch Super 88" or approved equal.

## 2.5 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Wire Manufacturers: subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following (no exceptions):
  - 1. Southwire Company
  - 2. General Cable
  - 3. The Okonite Company
  - 4. Belden
  - 5. VitaLink
  - 6. Pyrotenax
- B. Connectors Manufacturers: subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following (no exceptions):
  - 1. Hubbell
  - 2. Thomas & Betts
  - 3. 3M Company

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS

A. Feeders/Branch circuits: Copper; solid for No. 10 AWG and No. 12 AWG; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.

# 3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS

- A. Service Entrance: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway; Type XHHW-2, single conductors in raceway; Type USE, single conductor in raceway.
- B. Exposed Feeders: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- C. Feeders Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, Partitions, and Crawlspaces: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.

- D. Feeders Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and Underground: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway; Type XHHW-2, single conductors in raceway.
- E. Feeders Installed below Raised Flooring: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- F. Exposed Branch Circuits, Including in Crawlspaces: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- G. Branch Circuits Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, and Partitions: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway;
- H. Branch Circuits Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and Underground: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- I. Branch Circuits Installed below Raised Flooring: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- J. Cord Drops and Portable Appliance Connections: Type SO, hard service cord with stainless-steel, wire-mesh, strain relief device at terminations to suit application.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Contract drawings do not indicate size of branch circuit wiring; use No.12 AWG as a minimum wire size for branch circuit wiring. For 20 Ampere branch circuits whose length from the panel to the furthest outlet exceeds 100 feet for 120-volt circuits or 150 feet for 277-volt circuits; use No. 10 AWG or larger for the entire branch circuit installation.
- C. A shared neutral may be utilized for circuits other than circuits used for dimmers, ground fault interrupter receptacles or circuit breakers, isolated ground receptacles, and isolated ground surge suppressor type devices
- D. Complete raceway installation between conductor and cable termination points according to Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" prior to pulling conductors and cables.
- E. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- F. Do not install wire in incomplete conduit runs nor until after concrete work and plastering is completed and moisture is swabbed from the conduits. Eliminate splices where possible. Where necessary, splice in readily accessible pull, junction or outlet box.
- G. Take precautions to avoid entrance of dirt and water into the conduit and cuts. Clean conduits and ducts to remove and pulling compound prior to pulling cables. Do not damage conductor insulation, braid jacket or sheet during installation. Any damaged conductors shall be replaced immediately.

- H. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, cable reels on jacks, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway. Do not exceed maximum recommended pulling tension of wire and cable
- I. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.
- J. Support cables according to Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."

# 3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A-486B.
- B. Except where lugs are furnished with equipment, make splices, terminations, and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.
- C. Circumferential compression type connector (provide for splices and connections No. 6 AWG and larger):
  - 1. Use for incoming and outgoing cable connections at enclosures and for ground connections.
  - 2. Use manufacturer's approved tool and correct size hex head with embosses die number on the connector or lug.
  - 3. Make crimped indentions parallel with insulation putty.
  - 4. Fill voids and irregularities with insulation putty.
  - 5. Cover nearly with four (4) layers of vinyl plastic tape except where insulated covers are permitted; half-lap tape in two (2) directions.

## 3.5 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Identify each spare conductor at each end with identity number and location of other end of conductor and identify as spare conductor.

#### 3.6 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

A. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 260544 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling."

#### 3.7 FIRESTOPPING

A. Apply firestopping to electrical penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly according to the project specifications.

# 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- C. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- D. Perform tests and inspections.
  - 1. After installing conductors and cables and before electrical circuitry has been energized, test service entrance and feeder conductors for compliance with requirements.
  - 2. After installing conductors and cables and before electrical circuitry has been energized, test service entrance and feeder conductors and conductors feeding the following critical equipment and services for compliance with requirements:
  - 3. Perform each of the following visual and electrical tests:
    - a. Inspect exposed sections of conductor and cable for physical damage and correct connection according to the single-line/riser diagram.
    - b. Test bolted connections for high resistance using one of the following:
      - 1) A low-resistance ohmmeter.
      - 2) Calibrated torque wrench.
      - 3) Thermographic survey.
    - c. Inspect compression-applied connectors for correct cable match and indentation.
    - d. Inspect for correct identification.
    - e. Inspect cable jacket and condition.
    - f. Insulation-resistance test on each conductor for ground and adjacent conductors. Apply a potential of 500-V dc for 300-V rated cable and 1000-V dc for 600-V rated cable for a one-minute duration.
    - g. Continuity test on each conductor and cable.
    - h. Uniform resistance of parallel conductors.
    - i. Insulation resistance to comply with ICEA values.
  - 4. Initial Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but before Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each splice in conductors No. 3 AWG and larger. Remove box and equipment covers so splices are accessible to portable scanner. Correct deficiencies determined during the scan.
    - a. Instrument: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.

- b. Record of Infrared Scanning: Prepare a certified report that identifies switches checked and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.
- 5. Follow-up Infrared Scanning: Perform an additional follow-up infrared scan of each switch 11 months after date of Substantial Completion.
- E. Cables will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- F. Prepare test and inspection reports to record the following:
  - 1. Procedures used.
  - 2. Results that comply with requirements.
  - 3. Results that do not comply with requirements, and corrective action taken to achieve compliance with requirements.

END OF SECTION 260519

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# SECTION 260526 - GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Provide a complete grounding system in accordance with the Contract Documents and as specified herein.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Minimum 1/8" scale floor plan drawings depicting the building ground electrode system as to be installed.
- B. Detailed riser diagram depicting the building ground electrode system and bonding as to be installed.
- C. Product data sheets (cut sheets) for all ground bus bars and other components of the grounding system.
- D. Field test reports.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Certified by NETA.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with UL 467 for grounding and bonding materials and equipment.

#### 2.2 CONDUCTORS

- A. Insulated Conductors: Copper wire or cable insulated for 600 V unless otherwise required by applicable Code or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Bare Copper Conductors:
  - 1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B 3.
  - 2. Stranded Conductors: ASTM B 8.
  - 3. Tinned Conductors: ASTM B 33.

- 4. Bonding Cable: 28 kcmil, 14 strands of No. 17 AWG conductor, 1/4 inch in diameter.
- 5. Bonding Conductor: No. 4 or No. 6 AWG, stranded conductor.
- 6. Bonding Jumper: Copper tape, braided conductors terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
- 7. Tinned Bonding Jumper: Tinned-copper tape, braided conductors terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
- C. Grounding Bus: Predrilled rectangular bars of annealed copper, 1/4 by 4 inches in cross section, with 9/32-inch holes spaced 1-1/8 inches apart. Stand-off insulators for mounting shall comply with UL 891 for use in switchboards, 600 V and shall be Lexan or PVC, impulse tested at 5000 V.

# 2.3 CONNECTORS

- A. Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for applications in which used and for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and other items connected.
- B. Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welding kits of types recommended by kit manufacturer for materials being joined and installation conditions.
- C. Bus-Bar Connectors: Compression type, copper or copper alloy, with two wire terminals.
- D. Beam Clamps: Mechanical type, terminal, ground wire access from four directions, with dual, tin-plated or silicon bronze bolts.
- E. Cable-to-Cable Connectors: Compression type, copper or copper alloy.
- F. Cable Tray Ground Clamp: Mechanical type, zinc-plated malleable iron.
- G. Conduit Hubs: Mechanical type, terminal with threaded hub.
- H. Ground Rod Clamps: Mechanical type, copper or copper alloy, terminal with hex head bolt.
- I. Lay-in Lug Connector: Mechanical type, aluminum or copper rated for direct burial terminal with set screw.
- J. Signal Reference Grid Clamp: Mechanical type, stamped-steel terminal with hex head screw.
- K. Straps: Solid copper, cast-bronze clamp or copper lugs. Rated for 600 A.
- L. Tower Ground Clamps: Mechanical type, copper or copper alloy, terminal two-piece clamp.
- M. U-Bolt Clamps: Mechanical type, copper or copper alloy, terminal listed for direct burial.
- N. Water Pipe Clamps:
  - 1. Mechanical type, two pieces with stainless-steel bolts.
    - a. Material: Die-cast zinc alloy.
    - b. Listed for direct burial.

2. U-bolt type with malleable-iron clamp and copper ground connector.

#### 2.4 GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. Ground Rods: Copper-clad steel; 3/4 inch by 10 feet.
- B. Ground Plates: 1/4-inch-thick, hot-dip galvanized.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 APPLICATIONS

- A. Conductors: Install solid conductor for No. 8 AWG and smaller, and stranded conductors for No. 6 AWG and larger unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Underground Grounding Conductors: Install bare copper conductor, No. 2/0 AWG minimum.
  - 1. Bury at least 24 inches below grade.
- C. Isolated Grounding Conductors: Green-colored insulation with continuous yellow stripe. On feeders with isolated ground, identify grounding conductor where visible to normal inspection, with alternating bands of green and yellow tape, with at least three bands of green and two bands of yellow.
- D. Grounding Bus: Install in electrical equipment rooms, in rooms housing service equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.
  - 1. Install bus horizontally, on insulated spacers 2 inches minimum from wall, 6 inches above finished floor unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Where indicated on both sides of doorways, route bus up to top of door frame, across top of doorway, and down; connect to horizontal bus.

# E. Conductor Terminations and Connections:

- 1. Pipe and Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations: Bolted connectors.
- 2. Underground Connections: Welded connectors except at test wells and as otherwise indicated.
- 3. Connections to Ground Rods at Test Wells: Bolted connectors.
- 4. Connections to Structural Steel: Welded connectors.

#### 3.2 GROUNDING AT THE SERVICE

- A. Equipment grounding conductors and grounding electrode conductors shall be connected to the ground bus. Install a main bonding jumper between the neutral and ground buses.
- B. At utility transformer, ground per utility company requirements and standards.

# 3.3 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

- A. Install insulated equipment grounding conductors with all feeders and branch circuits.
- B. Air-Duct Equipment Circuits: Install insulated equipment grounding conductor to duct-mounted electrical devices operating at 120 V and more, including air cleaners, heaters, dampers, humidifiers, and other duct electrical equipment. Bond conductor to each unit and to air duct and connected metallic piping.
- C. Water Heater, Heat-Tracing, and Antifrost Heating Cables: Install a separate insulated equipment grounding conductor to each electric water heater and heat-tracing cable. Bond conductor to heater units, piping, connected equipment, and components.
- D. Isolated Grounding Receptacle Circuits: Install an insulated equipment grounding conductor connected to the receptacle grounding terminal. Isolate conductor from raceway and from panelboard grounding terminals. Terminate at equipment grounding conductor terminal of the applicable derived system or service unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Isolated Equipment Enclosure Circuits: For designated equipment supplied by a branch circuit or feeder, isolate equipment enclosure from supply circuit raceway with a nonmetallic raceway fitting listed for the purpose. Install fitting where raceway enters enclosure, and install a separate insulated equipment grounding conductor. Isolate conductor from raceway and from panelboard grounding terminals. Terminate at equipment grounding conductor terminal of the applicable derived system or service unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Poles Supporting Outdoor Lighting Fixtures: Install grounding electrode and a separate insulated equipment grounding conductor in addition to grounding conductor installed with branch-circuit conductors.

#### 3.4 INSTALLATION

- A. Grounding Conductors: Route along shortest and straightest paths possible unless otherwise indicated or required by Code. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage.
- B. Ground Rods: Drive rods until tops are 2 inches below finished floor or final grade unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Interconnect ground rods with grounding electrode conductor below grade and as otherwise indicated. Make connections without exposing steel or damaging coating if any.
  - 2. For grounding electrode system, install at least three rods spaced at least one-rod length from each other and located at least the same distance from other grounding electrodes, and connect to the service grounding electrode conductor.
- C. Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install in locations accessible for inspection and maintenance except where routed through short lengths of conduit.
  - 1. Bonding to Structure: Bond straps directly to basic structure, taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts.

- 2. Bonding to Equipment Mounted on Vibration Isolation Hangers and Supports: Install bonding so vibration is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment.
- 3. Use exothermic-welded connectors for outdoor locations; if a disconnect-type connection is required, use a bolted clamp.

# D. Grounding and Bonding for Piping:

- 1. Metal Water Service Pipe: Install insulated copper grounding conductors, in conduit, from building's main service equipment, or grounding bus, to main metal water service entrances to building. Connect grounding conductors to main metal water service pipes; use a bolted clamp connector or bolt a lug-type connector to a pipe flange by using one of the lug bolts of the flange. Where a dielectric main water fitting is installed, connect grounding conductor on street side of fitting. Bond metal grounding conductor conduit or sleeve to conductor at each end.
- 2. Water Meter Piping: Use braided-type bonding jumpers to electrically bypass water meters. Connect to pipe with a bolted connector.
- 3. Bond each aboveground portion of gas piping system downstream from equipment shutoff valve.
- E. Grounding for Steel Building Structure: Install a driven ground rod at base of each corner column and at intermediate exterior columns at distances not more than 60 feet apart.
- F. Ground Ring: Install a grounding conductor, electrically connected to each building structure ground rod and to each indicated item, extending around the perimeter of building area or item indicated.
  - 1. Install tinned-copper conductor not less than No. 2/0 AWG for ground ring and for taps to building steel.
  - 2. Bury ground ring not less than 24 inches from building's foundation.
- G. Concrete-Encased Grounding Electrode (Ufer Ground): Fabricate according to NFPA 70; using electrically conductive coated steel reinforcing bars or rods, at least 20 feet long. If reinforcing is in multiple pieces, connect together by the usual steel tie wires or exothermic welding to create the required length.

# 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
  - 1. After installing grounding system but before permanent electrical circuits have been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
  - 2. Inspect physical and mechanical condition. Verify tightness of accessible, bolted, electrical connections with a calibrated torque wrench according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 3. Test completed grounding system at each location where a maximum ground-resistance level is specified, at service disconnect enclosure grounding terminal, and at individual ground rods. Make tests at ground rods before any conductors are connected.
    - a. Measure ground resistance no fewer than two full days after last trace of precipitation and without soil being moistened by any means other than natural

drainage or seepage and without chemical treatment or other artificial means of reducing natural ground resistance.

- b. Perform tests by fall-of-potential method according to IEEE 81.
- 4. Prepare dimensioned Drawings locating each test well, ground rod and ground-rod assembly, and other grounding electrodes. Identify each by letter in alphabetical order, and key to the record of tests and observations. Include the number of rods driven and their depth at each location and include observations of weather and other phenomena that may affect test results. Describe measures taken to improve test results.
- C. Grounding system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.
- E. Report measured ground resistances that exceed the following values:
  - 1. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity of 500 kVA and Less: 10 ohms.
  - 2. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity of 500 to 1000 kVA: 5 ohms.
  - 3. Power Distribution Units or Panelboards Serving Electronic Equipment: 3 ohm(s).
  - 4. Substations and Pad-Mounted Equipment: 5 ohms.
  - 5. Manhole Grounds: 10 ohms.
  - 6. ohms.
- F. Excessive Ground Resistance: If resistance to ground exceeds specified values, notify Architect promptly and include recommendations to reduce ground resistance.

END OF SECTION 260526

#### SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

## A. Section Includes:

- 1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
- 2. Construction requirements for concrete bases.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for the following:
    - a. Hangers.
    - b. Steel slotted support systems.
    - c. Nonmetallic support systems.
    - d. Trapeze hangers.
    - e. Clamps.
    - f. Turnbuckles.
    - g. Sockets.
    - h. Eye nuts.
    - i. Saddles.
    - j. Brackets.
  - 2. Include rated capacities and furnished specialties and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: For fabrication and installation details for electrical hangers and support systems.
  - 1. Trapeze hangers. Include product data for components.
  - 2. Steel slotted-channel systems.
  - 3. Nonmetallic slotted-channel systems.
  - 4. Equipment supports.
  - 5. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication, including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include adjustable motor bases, rails, and frames for equipment mounting.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plan(s) and other details, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Suspended ceiling components.
  - 2. Structural members to which hangers and supports will be attached.
  - 3. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
  - 4. Items penetrating finished ceiling.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4 factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
  - 1. Channel Width: 1-5/8 inches.
  - 2. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
  - 3. Nonmetallic Coatings: Manufacturer's standard PVC, polyurethane, or polyester coating applied according to MFMA-4.
  - 4. Painted Coatings: Manufacturer's standard painted coating applied according to MFMA-
  - 5. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
  - 6. Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.
- B. Aluminum Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4 factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
  - 1. Channel Width: 1-5/8 inches.
  - 2. Nonmetallic Coatings: Manufacturer's standard PVC, polyurethane, or polyester coating applied according to MFMA-4.
  - 3. Painted Coatings: Manufacturer's standard painted coating applied according to MFMA-4.
  - 4. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
  - 5. Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.
- C. Nonmetallic Slotted Support Systems: Structural-grade, factory-formed, glass-fiber-resin channels and angles with minimum 13/32-inch-diameter holes at a maximum of 8 inches o.c., in at least one surface.
  - 1. Channel Width: 1-5/8 inches.
  - 2. Fittings and Accessories: Products provided by channel and angle manufacturer and designed for use with those items.
  - 3. Fitting and Accessory Materials: Same as those for channels and angles, except metal items may be stainless steel.
  - 4. Rated Strength: Selected to suit applicable load criteria.
  - 5. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- D. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel, Stainless-steel or Glass-fiber-resin hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- E. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for non-armored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as

required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be made of malleable iron.

- F. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- G. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:
  - 1. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
  - 2. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in concrete, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
  - 3. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units are similar to MSS Type 18 units and comply with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
  - 4. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58 units are suitable for attached structural element.
  - 5. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
  - 6. Toggle Bolts: Stainless-steel springhead type.
  - 7. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems unless requirements in this Section are stricter.
- B. Comply with requirements for raceways and boxes specified in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems."
- C. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMTs, IMCs, and RMCs as required by NFPA 70. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch in diameter.
- D. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted or other support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.

# 3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this article.
- B. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits.

Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.

- C. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
  - 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
  - 2. To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts.
  - 3. To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
  - 4. To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.
  - 5. To Steel: Welded threaded studs complying with AWS D1.1/D1.1M, with lock washers and nuts.
  - 6. To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.
  - 7. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate.
- D. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid the need for reinforcing bars.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS

- A. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.
- B. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

END OF SECTION 260529

# SECTION 260533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Metal conduits, tubing, and fittings.
- 2. Nonmetal conduits, tubing, and fittings.
- 3. Metal wireways and auxiliary gutters.
- 4. Nonmetal wireways and auxiliary gutters.
- 5. Surface raceways.
- 6. Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets.

# 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing
- B. FMC: Flexible metal conduit
- C. GRC: Galvanized rigid steel conduit.
- D. MC: Metal Clad Cable
- E. LFMC: Liquid-tight flexible metal conduit
- F. RNC: Rigid nonmetallic conduit

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For surface raceways, wireways and fittings, floor boxes, hinged-cover enclosures, and cabinets.
- B. Coordination Drawings: Conduit routing plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of items involved:
  - 1. Structural members in paths of conduit groups with common supports.
  - 2. HVAC and plumbing items and architectural features in paths of conduit groups with common supports.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 METAL CONDUITS, TUBING, AND FITTINGS

- A. Listing and Labeling: Metal conduits, tubing, and fittings shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. GRC: Comply with ANSI C80.1 and UL 6.
- C. MC: Comply with UL 1569 and NEC article 330.
- D. PVC-Coated Steel Conduit: PVC-coated rigid steel conduit.
  - 1. Comply with NEMA RN 1,
  - 2. External PVC Coating Thickness: 0.040 inch, minimum.
  - 3. Internal urethane coating Thickness: 0.002 inch, minimum.
  - 4. Hot dipped galvanized threads
  - 5. PVC Coating shall be of the same manufacturer of the conduit.
- E. EMT: Comply with ANSI C80.3 and UL 797.
- F. FMC: Comply with UL 1; single strip, continuous, flexible interlocked double-wrapped steel, galvanized inside and outside forming smooth internal wiring channel.
- G. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket, UV stable, machine tool gray in color, lightweight aluminum core internal construction and complying with UL 360.
- H. Fittings for Metal Conduit Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 514:
  - 1. Conduit Fittings for Hazardous (Classified) Locations: Comply with UL 886 and NFPA 70.
  - 2. Fittings for EMT:
    - a. Material: Steel.
    - b. Type: Set screw.
  - 3. Expansion Fittings: PVC or steel to match conduit type, complying with UL 651, rated for environmental conditions where installed, and including flexible external bonding jumper.
  - 4. Fittings for PVC-coated Rigid Steel Conduits: Minimum PVC thickness of 0.040 inch, 0.002 inch thickness of internal urethan, overlapping sleeves protecting threaded joints. All conduit bodies shall be NEMA 4x Rated with encapsulated stainless steel screws.
  - 5. Fittings for LFMC: Body, gland and lock nut shall be steel of malleable iron. Ground cone shall be steel, sealing ring and insulator shall be blue molded thermoplastic at 150°C (221°F) maximum.
  - 6. Fittings for GRC: Threaded rigid steel conduit fittings. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
- I. Joint Compound for GRC: Approved, as defined in NFPA 70, by authorities having jurisdiction for use in conduit assemblies, and compounded for use to lubricate and protect threaded conduit joints from corrosion and to enhance their conductivity.

# 2.2 NONMETALLIC CONDUITS, TUBING, AND FITTINGS

- A. Listing and Labeling: Nonmetallic conduits, tubing, and fittings shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. RNC: Type EPC-40-PVC for 90°C, complying with NEMA TC 2 and UL 651 unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Materials must have tensile strength of 7,000-7,200 psi at 73.4°F, flexural strength of 12,000 psi and compressive strength of 9,000 psi.
- D. Fittings for RNC: Comply with NEMA TC 3; match to conduit or tubing type and material.
- E. Raceway, fittings, and cement must be produced by the same manufacturer who must have had a minimum of ten (10) years' experience in manufacturing of these products.

# 2.3 METAL WIREWAYS AND AUXILIARY GUTTERS

- A. Description: Sheet metal, complying with UL 870 and NEMA 250, Type 1 unless otherwise indicated, and sized according to NFPA 70.
  - 1. Metal wireways installed outdoors shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Fittings and Accessories: Include covers, couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.
- C. Wireway Covers: Hinged cover secured with captive screws unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Finish: Manufacturer's standard enamel finish NEMA 250 rated.

# 2.4 NONMETALLIC WIREWAYS AND AUXILIARY GUTTERS

- A. Listing and Labeling: Nonmetallic wireways and auxiliary gutters shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Description: Fiberglass polyester, extruded and fabricated to required size and shape, without holes or knockouts. Cover shall be gasketed with oil-resistant gasket material and fastened with captive screws treated for corrosion resistance. Connections shall be flanged and have stainless-steel screws and oil-resistant gaskets.
- C. Fittings and Accessories: Couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings shall match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.
- D. Solvents and Adhesives: As recommended by conduit manufacturer.

#### 2.5 SURFACE RACEWAYS

- A. Listing and Labeling: Surface raceways and tele-power poles shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Surface Metal Raceways:
  - 1. Refer to drawings for location(s), type(s), and quantity(s) of surface metal raceway.
    - a. Surface finish: be satin, anodized #204 type clear, Class R1 mil-Spec with minimum anodized finish of .004" unless otherwise noted.
- C. Surface Nonmetallic Raceways: Two- or three-piece construction, complying with UL 5A, and manufactured of rigid PVC with texture and color selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors. Product shall comply with UL 94 V-0 requirements for self-extinguishing characteristics.

#### 2.6 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

- A. General Requirements for Boxes, Enclosures, and Cabinets: Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets installed in wet locations shall be listed for use in wet locations.
- B. Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 1 and UL 514A.
- C. Cast-Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1.
- D. Nonmetallic Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 2 and UL 514C.
- E. Luminaire Outlet Boxes: Nonadjustable, designed for attachment of luminaire weighing 50 lb. Outlet boxes designed for attachment of luminaires weighing more than 50 lb shall be listed and marked for the maximum allowable weight.
- F. Paddle Fan Outlet Boxes: Nonadjustable, designed for attachment of paddle fan weighing 70 lb.
  - 1. Listing and Labeling: Paddle fan outlet boxes shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- G. Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.
- H. Cast-Metal Access, Pull, and Junction Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 1773, cast aluminum with gasketed cover.
- I. Box extensions used to accommodate new building finishes shall be of same material as recessed box.
- J. Device Box Dimensions: 4 inches square by 2-1/8 inches deep.
- K. Gangable boxes are allowed.
- L. Cabinets:

- 1. NEMA 250, Type 1 galvanized-steel box with removable interior panel and removable front, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.
- 2. Hinged door in front cover with flush latch and concealed hinge.
- 3. Key latch to match panelboards.
- 4. Metal barriers to separate wiring of different systems and voltage.
- 5. Accessory feet where required for freestanding equipment.
- 6. Nonmetallic cabinets shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

# 2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL FOR UNDERGROUND ENCLOSURES

- A. Handhole and Pull-Box Prototype Test: Test prototypes of handholes and boxes for compliance with SCTE 77. Strength tests shall be for specified tier ratings of products supplied.
  - 1. Tests of materials shall be performed by an independent testing agency.
  - 2. Strength tests of complete boxes and covers shall be by either an independent testing agency or manufacturer. A qualified registered professional engineer shall certify tests by manufacturer.
  - 3. Testing machine pressure gages shall have current calibration certification complying with ISO 9000 and ISO 10012 and traceable to NIST standards.

#### 2.8 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Raceway and Fitting Manufacturers: subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following (no exceptions):
  - 1. Wheatland Tube
  - 2. Allied Tube & Conduit
  - 3. Thomas & Betts
  - 4. Hubble
  - 5. Legrand
  - 6. Calbond
  - 7. Western Tube and Conduit
  - 8. Republic Conduit

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION

A. The following application must be adhered to. Raceways installed that are not conforming to this listing must be removed and replace with specified material at no additional expense.

Raceway Types	Applications
Galvanized Rigid Steel Conduit (GRC)	Where exposed to mechanical injury, where specifically required; indoors where exposed to

Raceway Types	Applications
	moisture; where required by codes and for all circuits in excess of 600 volts. Outdoor locations, sump and ejector pits, elevator pits, loading docks, garage, rooftops and gymnasium.
PVC Coated Galvanized Rigid Steel Conduit (GRC)	Where exposed to extreme outdoor and indoor corrosion and or weather conditions: Stub out of Concrete applications. In applications where two (2) UL Listed Layers of Corrosion protection is required and Hot Dipped Galvanized Conduit as Primary Protection is listed PVC Coating is listed as Primary Corrosion is also UL Listed.
Electrical Metallic tubing (EMT)	Use in every instance except where another material is not specified.
Metal Clad Cable (MC)	Lighting and receptacle branch circuits concealed in dry hollow spaces of a building. May not be used in areas where it would be subjected to physical damage, or where prohibited by Code.
Flexible Metal Conduit	Use in dry areas for connections to lighting fixtures in hung ceilings, connections to equipment installed in removable panels of hung ceilings; at all transformer or equipment raceway connections where sound and vibration isolation is required.
Liquid-Tight Flexible Metal Conduit	Use in areas subject to moisture where flexible metal conduit is unacceptable, at connections to all motors, and all raised floor areas.
Rigid Non-Metallic Conduit	Schedule 40 - Where raceways are in a slab below grade levels; for raceway duct banks.  Schedule 80 - For underground raceways outside of the building which are not encased in concrete.
Wireways and Auxiliary Gutters	Where indicated on the Contract Documents and as otherwise specifically required.
Boxes and Enclosures	NEMA 250, Type 1, except use NEMA 250, Type 4 in kitchens and damp/or wet locations. Outdoors use NEMA 250, Type 3R.

- B. Provide separate raceways for all wiring systems, including security, data, paging, low voltage et al. All 480Y/277 volt wiring must be kept independent of 208Y/120 volt wiring. Emergency system wiring must be kept independent of the normal system wiring. Provide grounding conductor within all circuits. Minimum size 3/4-inch for home runs and 1-inch minimum for power distribution. Wiring of each type and system must be installed in separate raceways.
- C. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.

- 1. Rigid Galvanized Steel Conduit (GRC): Use threaded rigid steel conduit fittings. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
- 2. PVC Externally Coated, Rigid Steel Conduits: Use only fittings listed for use with this type of conduit. Patch and seal all joints, nicks, and scrapes in PVC coating after installing conduits and fittings. Use sealant recommended by fitting manufacturer and apply in thickness and number of coats recommended by manufacturer.
- 3. EMT: Use setscrew steel fittings. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
- 4. Flexible Conduit: Use only fittings listed for use with flexible conduit. Comply with NEMA FB 2.20.
- D. Do not install aluminum conduits, boxes, or fittings in contact with concrete or earth.
- E. Install surface raceways only where indicated on Drawings.
- F. Do not install nonmetallic conduit where ambient temperature exceeds 120 deg F.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except where requirements on Drawings or in this article are stricter. Comply with NECA 102 for aluminum conduits. Comply with NFPA 70 limitations for types of raceways allowed in specific occupancies and number of floors.
- B. Keep raceways at least 6 inches away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hot-water pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.
- C. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.
- D. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for hangers and supports.
- E. Arrange stub-ups so curved portions of bends are not visible above finished slab.
- F. Install no more than the equivalent of three 90-degree bends in any conduit run except for control wiring conduits, for which fewer bends are allowed. Support within 12 inches of changes in direction.
- G. Conceal conduit and EMT within finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated. Install conduits parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- H. Support conduit within 12 inches of enclosures to which attached.
- I. Provide one (1) empty 3/4-inch raceway for each three (3) spare unused poles or spaces of each flush-mounted panelboard. Terminate empty 3/4-inch conduits in a junction box, which after completion is accessible to facilitate future branch circuit extension. Provide pull lines in each raceway.
- J. Raceways in hung ceilings shall be installed on and secured to the slab or primary structural members of the ceiling, not to lathing channels or T-bars, Z-bars or other elements which are direct supports of the ceiling panels. Secure conduit firmly to the steel with clips and fittings

designed for that purpose. Install as high as possible but not less than 1'-0" above the hung ceilings.

# K. Raceways Embedded in Slabs:

- 1. Install no raceway in the concrete slab except with the permission of the Structural Engineer and written consent of the Owner.
- 2. Do not install raceways larger than 1-1/4-inch size in structural concrete slabs.
- 3. In no case will the installation of raceways be permitted to interfere with proper placement of principal reinforcement.
- 4. Place raceways in the structural slabs between the upper and lower layers of reinforcing steel. Careful bending of the conduits is required.
- 5. Space the raceways embedded in concrete slabs not less than eight (8) inches on centers and as widely spaced as possible where they converge at panels or junction boxes.
- 6. Install raceways running parallel to slabs supports, such as beams, columns and structural walls, not less than 12 inches from such supporting elements.
- 7. Secure saddle supports for conduit, outlet boxes, junction boxes, inserts, etc. with suitable adhesives during concrete pour of the slab to prevent displacement.
- 8. Arrange raceways to cross building expansion joints at right angles with expansion fittings.

# L. Stub-ups to Above Recessed Ceilings:

- 1. Use EMT for raceways.
- 2. Use a conduit bushing or insulated fitting to terminate stub-ups not terminated in hubs or in an enclosure.
- M. Threaded Conduit Joints, Exposed to Wet, Damp, Corrosive, or Outdoor Conditions: Apply listed compound to threads of raceway and fittings before making up joints. Follow compound manufacturer's written instructions.
- N. Coat field-cut threads on PVC-coated raceway with a corrosion-preventing conductive compound prior to assembly.
- O. Raceway Terminations at Locations Subject to Moisture or Vibration: Use insulating bushings to protect conductors including conductors smaller than No. 4 AWG.
- P. Terminate threaded conduits into threaded hubs or with locknuts on inside and outside of boxes or cabinets. Install bushings on conduits up to 1-1/4-inch trade size and insulated throat metal bushings on 1-1/2-inch trade size and larger conduits terminated with locknuts. Install insulated throat metal grounding bushings on service conduits.
- Q. Install raceways square to the enclosure and terminate at enclosures with locknuts. Install locknuts hand tight plus 1/4 turn more.
- R. Do not rely on locknuts to penetrate nonconductive coatings on enclosures. Remove coatings in the locknut area prior to assembling conduit to enclosure to assure a continuous ground path.
- S. Cut conduit perpendicular to the length. For conduits 2-inch trade size and larger, use roll cutter or a guide to make cut straight and perpendicular to the length.

T. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches of slack at each end of pull wire. Cap underground raceways designated as spare above grade alongside raceways in use.

# U. Surface Raceways:

- 1. Install surface raceway with a minimum 2-inch radius control at bend points.
- 2. Secure surface raceway with screws or other anchor-type devices at intervals not exceeding 48 inches and with no less than two supports per straight raceway section. Support surface raceway according to manufacturer's written instructions. Tape and glue are not acceptable support methods.
- V. Install raceway sealing fittings at accessible locations according to NFPA 70 and fill them with listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install each fitting in a flush steel box with a blank cover plate having a finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces. Install raceway sealing fittings according to NFPA 70.
- W. Install devices to seal raceway interiors at accessible locations. Locate seals so no fittings or boxes are between the seal and the following changes of environments. Seal the interior of all raceways at the following points:
  - 1. Where conduits pass from warm to cold locations, such as boundaries of refrigerated spaces.
  - 2. Where an underground service raceway enters a building or structure.
  - 3. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.
- X. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for solvent welding RNC and fittings.

## Y. Expansion-Joint Fittings:

- 1. Install in each run of aboveground RNC that is located where environmental temperature change may exceed 30 deg F and that has straight-run length that exceeds 25 feet. Install in each run of aboveground RMC and EMT conduit that is located where environmental temperature change may exceed 100 deg F and that has straight-run length that exceeds 100 feet.
- 2. Install type and quantity of fittings that accommodate temperature change listed for each of the following locations:
  - a. Outdoor Locations Not Exposed to Direct Sunlight: 125 deg F temperature change.
  - b. Outdoor Locations Exposed to Direct Sunlight: 155 deg F temperature change.
  - c. Indoor Spaces Connected with Outdoors without Physical Separation: 125 deg F temperature change.
- 3. Install fitting(s) that provide expansion and contraction for at least 0.00041 inch per foot of length of straight run per deg F of temperature change for PVC conduits. Install fitting(s) that provide expansion and contraction for at least 0.000078 inch per foot of length of straight run per deg F of temperature change for metal conduits.
- 4. Install expansion fittings at all locations where conduits cross building or structure expansion joints.
- 5. Install each expansion-joint fitting with position, mounting, and piston setting selected according to manufacturer's written instructions for conditions at specific location at time of installation. Install conduit supports to allow for expansion movement.

- Z. Flexible Conduit Connections: Comply with NEMA RV 3. Use a maximum of 72 inches flexible conduit for recessed and semirecessed luminaires, equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement; and for transformers and motors.
  - 1. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations subject to severe physical damage.
  - 2. Use LFMC or LFNC in damp or wet locations not subject to severe physical damage.

# AA. OUTLET, JUNCTION, AND PULL BOXES

- 1. Provide outlet, junction, and pull boxes as indicated on the Contract Documents and as required for the complete installation of the various electrical systems, and to facilitate proper pulling of the cables. Size the junction boxes and pull boxes per the NEC. Size the boxes on any empty conduit systems as if containing conductors of No.4 AWG.
- 2. The exact location of outlets and equipment is governed by the structural conditions and obstructions, or other equipment items. When necessary, relocate outlets so that when fixtures or equipment are installed, they will be symmetrically located according to the room layout and will not interfere with other work or equipment. Verify final location of outlets, panels equipment, etc., with the Architect prior to installation.
- 3. Back-to-back outlets in the same wall, or "thru-wall" type boxes are not permitted. Provide 12-inch minimum spacing for outlets shown on opposite sides of a common wall to minimize sound transmission.
- 4. Fit outlet boxes in finished ceilings or walls with appropriate covers, set flush with the finished surface. Where more than one (1) switch or device is located at one (1) point, use gang boxes and covers unless otherwise indicated. Sectional switch boxes or utility boxes are not permitted. Provide tile box or 4 inch square box with tile ring in masonry walls not plastered or furred. Where drywall material is utilized, provide plaster ring. Provide outlet boxes of type and size suitable for the specific application. Where outlet boxes contain two (2) or more 277 volt devices, or where devices occur of different applied voltages, or where normal and emergency devices occur in the same box, provide suitable barrier(s).
- 5. All outlet and device box depths shall have sufficient depth to prevent damage to the conductors when devices or utilization equipment are installed as intended in the box.
- 6. Types of Boxes and Fittings for Various Locations:

Location	Туре
Outlet	Galvanized pressed steel
Outlet exposed to moisture or outdoors	Cast type conduit fitting
Splice	Galvanized pressed steel
Splice exposed to moisture or outdoors	Cast type conduit fitting or sheet metal (4½" x 5" x 3" minimum)
Pull or Junction	Cast type conduit fitting or sheet metal (4½" x 5" x 3" minimum)

Location	Туре
Pull or Junction - Outdoors	Aluminum (4½" x 5" x 3" minimum)
Terminal	Sheet steel (6" x 6" x 3" minimum)
Terminal - Outdoors	Aluminum (6" x 6" x 3" minimum)

# BB. PULL BOX SPACING

- 1. Provide pull boxes so no individual conduit run contains more than the equivalent of four (4) quarter bends (360° total).
- 2. Conduit Sizes 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" and Larger:
  - a. Provide boxes to prevent cable from being excessively twisted, stretched or flexed during installation.
  - b. Provide boxes so that maximum pulling tensions do not exceed the cable manufacturer's recommendations.
  - c. Provide support racks for boxes with multiple sets of conductors so that the conductors do not rest on any metal work inside the box.
- 3. Conduit Sizes 1 inch and Smaller, provide boxes at every (Maximum Distances):

Distance	Run Type
150 feet	straight runs
100 feet	runs with one (1) 90° bend or equivalent
75 feet	runs with two (2) 90° bends or equivalent
50 feet	runs with three (3) or (4) four 90° bends or equivalent.

- CC. Mount boxes at heights indicated on Drawings. If mounting heights of boxes are not individually indicated, give priority to ADA requirements. Install boxes with height measured to center of box unless otherwise indicated.
- DD. Recessed Boxes in Masonry Walls: Saw-cut opening for box in center of cell of masonry block, and install box flush with surface of wall. Prepare block surfaces to provide a flat surface for a raintight connection between box and cover plate or supported equipment and box.
- EE. Horizontally separate boxes mounted on opposite sides of walls so they are not in the same vertical channel.
- FF. Locate boxes so that cover or plate will not span different building finishes.
- GG. Support boxes of three gangs or more from more than one side by spanning two framing members or mounting on brackets specifically designed for the purpose.
- HH. Fasten junction and pull boxes to or support from building structure. Do not support boxes by conduits.
- II. Set metal floor boxes level and flush with finished floor surface.

JJ. Set nonmetallic floor boxes level. Trim after installation to fit flush with finished floor surface.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND CONDUIT

#### A. Direct-Buried Conduit:

- 1. Excavate trench bottom to provide firm and uniform support for conduit. Prepare trench bottom as specified elsewhere in the project specifications for pipe less than 6 inches in nominal diameter.
- 2. Install backfill as specified elsewhere in the project specifications.
- 3. After installing conduit, backfill and compact. Start at tie-in point, and work toward end of conduit run, leaving conduit at end of run free to move with expansion and contraction as temperature changes during this process. Firmly hand tamp backfill around conduit to provide maximum supporting strength. After placing controlled backfill to within 12 inches of finished grade, make final conduit connection at end of run and complete backfilling with normal compaction as specified elsewhere in the project specifications.
- 4. Install manufactured rigid steel conduit elbows for stub-ups at poles and equipment and at building entrances through floor.
  - a. For stub-ups at equipment mounted on outdoor concrete bases and where conduits penetrate building foundations, extend steel conduit horizontally a minimum of 60 inches from edge of foundation or equipment base. Install insulated grounding bushings on terminations at equipment.
- 5. Underground Warning Tape: Comply with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

# 3.4 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

A. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 260544 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling."

# 3.5 FIRESTOPPING

A. Install firestopping at penetrations of all fire-rated floor and wall assemblies, per the project specifications.

# 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Protect coatings, finishes, and cabinets from damage and deterioration.
  - 1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
  - 2. Repair damage to PVC coatings or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 260533

# SECTION 260544 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS AND CABLING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Sleeves for raceway and cable penetration of non-fire-rated construction walls and floors.
- 2. Sleeve-seal systems.
- 3. Sleeve-seal fittings.
- 4. Grout.
- 5. Silicone sealants.

# 1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SLEEVES

#### A. Wall Sleeves:

- 1. Steel Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, zinc coated, plain ends.
- 2. Cast-Iron Pipe Sleeves: Cast or fabricated "wall pipe," equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral waterstop unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Sleeves for Conduits Penetrating Non-Fire-Rated Gypsum Board Assemblies: Galvanized-steel sheet; 0.0239-inch minimum thickness; round tube closed with welded longitudinal joint, with tabs for screw-fastening the sleeve to the board.
- C. PVC-Pipe Sleeves: ASTM D 1785, Schedule 40.
- D. Molded-PVC Sleeves: With nailing flange for attaching to wooden forms.
- E. Molded-PE or -PP Sleeves: Removable, tapered-cup shaped, and smooth outer surface with nailing flange for attaching to wooden forms.
- F. Sleeves for Rectangular Openings:
  - 1. Material: Galvanized sheet steel.
  - 2. Minimum Metal Thickness:

- a. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter less than 50 inches and with no side larger than 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.052 inch.
- b. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter 50 inches or more and one or more sides larger than 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.138 inch.

# 2.2 SLEEVE-SEAL FITTINGS

A. Description: Manufactured plastic, sleeve-type, waterstop assembly made for embedding in concrete slab or wall. Unit shall have plastic or rubber waterstop collar with center opening to match piping OD.

#### 2.3 GROUT

- A. Description: Nonshrink; recommended for interior and exterior sealing openings in non-fire-rated walls or floors.
- B. Standard: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M, Grade B, post-hardening and volume-adjusting, dry, hydraulic-cement grout.
- C. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.
- D. Packaging: Premixed and factory packaged.

# 2.4 SILICONE SEALANTS

- A. Silicone Sealants: Single-component, silicone-based, neutral-curing elastomeric sealants of grade indicated below.
  - 1. Grade: Pourable (self-leveling) formulation for openings in floors and other horizontal surfaces that are not fire rated.
- B. Silicone Foams: Multicomponent, silicone-based liquid elastomers that, when mixed, expand and cure in place to produce a flexible, nonshrinking foam.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SLEEVE INSTALLATION FOR NON-FIRE-RATED ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Comply with NEMA VE 2 for cable tray and cable penetrations.
- C. Sleeves for Conduits Penetrating Above-Grade Non-Fire-Rated Concrete and Masonry-Unit Floors and Walls:
  - 1. Interior Penetrations of Non-Fire-Rated Walls and Floors:

- a. Seal annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable, using joint sealant appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Comply with requirements in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
- b. Seal space outside of sleeves with mortar or grout. Pack sealing material solidly between sleeve and wall so no voids remain. Tool exposed surfaces smooth; protect material while curing.
- 2. Use pipe sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.
- 3. Size pipe sleeves to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and raceway or cable unless sleeve seal is to be installed.
- 4. Install sleeves for wall penetrations unless core-drilled holes or formed openings are used. Install sleeves during erection of walls. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces of walls. Deburr after cutting.
- 5. Install sleeves for floor penetrations. Extend sleeves installed in floors 2 inches above finished floor level. Install sleeves during erection of floors.
- D. Sleeves for Conduits Penetrating Non-Fire-Rated Gypsum Board Assemblies:
  - 1. Use circular metal sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.
  - 2. Seal space outside of sleeves with approved joint compound for gypsum board assemblies.
- E. Roof-Penetration Sleeves: Seal penetration of individual raceways and cables with flexible boot-type flashing units applied in coordination with roofing work.
- F. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Seal penetrations using steel pipe sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.
- G. Underground, Exterior-Wall and Floor Penetrations: Install cast-iron pipe sleeves. Size sleeves to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between raceway or cable and sleeve for installing sleeve-seal system.

# 3.2 SLEEVE-SEAL-SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. Install sleeve-seal systems in sleeves in exterior concrete walls and slabs-on-grade at raceway entries into building.
- B. Install type and number of sealing elements recommended by manufacturer for raceway or cable material and size. Position raceway or cable in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between raceway or cable and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

### 3.3 SLEEVE-SEAL-FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Install sleeve-seal fittings in new walls and slabs as they are constructed.
- B. Assemble fitting components of length to be flush with both surfaces of concrete slabs and walls. Position waterstop flange to be centered in concrete slab or wall.

- C. Secure nailing flanges to concrete forms.
- D. Using grout, seal the space around outside of sleeve-seal fittings.

END OF SECTION 260544

# SECTION 260553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Color and legend requirements for raceways, conductors, and warning labels and signs.
- 2. Labels.
- 3. Bands and tubes.
- 4. Tapes and stencils.
- 5. Tags.
- 6. Signs.
- 7. Cable ties.
- 8. Paint for identification.
- 9. Fasteners for labels and signs.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for electrical identification products.
- B. Identification Schedule: For each piece of electrical equipment and electrical system components to be an index of nomenclature for electrical equipment and system components used in identification signs and labels. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For arc-flash hazard study.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with ASME A13.1 and IEEE C2.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.144 and 29 CFR 1910.145.
- D. Comply with ANSI Z535.4 for safety signs and labels.
- E. Comply with NFPA 70E requirements for arc-flash warning labels.
- F. Adhesive-attached labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers, shall comply with UL 969.

- G. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes.
  - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

# 2.2 COLOR AND LEGEND REQUIREMENTS

- A. Raceways and Cables Carrying Circuits at 600 V or Less:
  - 1. Black letters on an orange field.
  - 2. Legend: Indicate voltage and system or service type.
- B. Color-Coding for Phase- and Voltage-Level Identification, 600 V or Less: Use colors listed below for ungrounded service, feeder and branch-circuit conductors.
  - 1. Color shall be factory applied.
  - 2. Colors for 208/120-V Circuits:
    - a. Phase A: Black.
    - b. Phase B: Red.
    - c. Phase C: Blue.
  - 3. Colors for 240-V Circuits:
    - a. Phase A: Black.
    - b. Phase B: Red.
  - 4. Colors for 480/277-V Circuits:
    - a. Phase A: Brown.
    - b. Phase B: Orange.
    - c. Phase C: Yellow.
  - 5. Color for Neutral: White.
  - 6. Color for Equipment Grounds: Green.
  - 7. Colors for Isolated Grounds: Green with white stripe.

# C. Warning Label Colors:

- 1. Identify system voltage with black letters on an orange background.
- D. Warning labels and signs shall include, but are not limited to, the following legends:
  - 1. Multiple Power Source Warning: "DANGER ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD EQUIPMENT HAS MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES."
  - 2. Workspace Clearance Warning: "WARNING OSHA REGULATION AREA IN FRONT OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT MUST BE KEPT CLEAR FOR 36 INCHES."

# 2.3 LABELS

- A. Vinyl Wraparound Labels: Preprinted, flexible labels laminated with a clear, weather- and chemical-resistant coating and matching wraparound clear adhesive tape for securing label ends.
- B. Snap-around Labels: Slit, pretensioned, flexible, preprinted, color-coded acrylic sleeves, with diameters sized to suit diameters and that stay in place by gripping action.

- C. Self-Adhesive Wraparound Labels: Preprinted, 3-mil-thick, polyester or vinyl flexible label with acrylic pressure-sensitive adhesive.
  - 1. Self-Lamination: Clear; UV-, weather- and chemical-resistant; self-laminating, protective shield over the legend. Labels sized such that the clear shield overlaps the entire printed legend.
  - 2. Marker for Labels: Machine-printed, permanent, waterproof, black ink recommended by printer manufacturer.
- D. Self-Adhesive Labels: Polyester or Vinyl, thermal, transfer-printed, 3-mil-thick, multicolor, weather- and UV-resistant, pressure-sensitive adhesive labels, configured for intended use and location.
  - 1. Minimum Nominal Size:
    - a. 1-1/2 by 6 inches for raceway and conductors.
    - b. 3-1/2 by 5 inches for equipment.
    - c. As required by authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 2.4 BANDS AND TUBES

- A. Snap-around, Color-Coding Bands: Slit, pretensioned, flexible, solid-colored acrylic sleeves, 2 inches long, with diameters sized to suit diameters and that stay in place by gripping action.
- B. Heat-Shrink Preprinted Tubes: Flame-retardant polyolefin tubes with machine-printed identification labels, sized to suit diameter and shrunk to fit firmly. Full shrink recovery occurs at a maximum of 200 deg F. Comply with UL 224.

# 2.5 TAPES AND STENCILS

- A. Marker Tapes: Vinyl or vinyl-cloth, self-adhesive wraparound type, with circuit identification legend machine printed by thermal transfer or equivalent process.
- B. Self-Adhesive Vinyl Tape: Colored, heavy duty, waterproof, fade resistant; not less than 3 mils thick by 1 to 2 inches wide; compounded for outdoor use.
- C. Tape and Stencil: 4-inch-wide black stripes on 10-inch centers placed diagonally over orange background and is 12 inches wide. Stop stripes at legends.
- D. Floor Marking Tape: 2-inch-wide, 5-mil pressure-sensitive vinyl tape, with black and white stripes and clear vinyl overlay.
- E. Underground-Line Warning Tape:
  - 1. Tape:
    - a. Recommended by manufacturer for the method of installation and suitable to identify and locate underground electrical and communications utility lines.
    - b. Printing on tape shall be permanent and shall not be damaged by burial operations.

- c. Tape material and ink shall be chemically inert and not subject to degradation when exposed to acids, alkalis, and other destructive substances commonly found in soils.
- 2. Color and Printing:
  - a. Comply with ANSI Z535.1, ANSI Z535.2, ANSI Z535.3, ANSI Z535.4, and ANSI Z535.5.
  - b. Inscriptions for Red-Colored Tapes: "ELECTRIC LINE, HIGH VOLTAGE".
  - c. Inscriptions for Orange-Colored Tapes: "TELEPHONE CABLE, CATV CABLE, COMMUNICATIONS CABLE, OPTICAL FIBER CABLE".
- F. Stenciled Legend: In nonfading, waterproof, black ink or paint. Minimum letter height shall be 1 inch.

#### 2.6 TAGS

- A. Metal Tags: Brass or aluminum, 2 by 2 by 0.05 inch, with stamped legend, punched for use with self-locking cable tie fastener.
- B. Nonmetallic Preprinted Tags: Polyethylene tags, 0.015-inch-thick, color-coded for phase and voltage level, with factory printed permanent designations; punched for use with self-locking cable tie fastener.
- C. Write-on Tags:
  - 1. Polyester Tags: 0.010-inch-thick, with corrosion-resistant grommet and cable tie for attachment.
  - 2. Marker for Tags: Machine-printed, permanent, waterproof, black ink marker recommended by printer manufacturer.

#### 2.7 SIGNS

- A. Baked-Enamel Signs:
  - 1. Preprinted aluminum signs, punched or drilled for fasteners, with colors, legend, and size required for application.
  - 2. 1/4-inch grommets in corners for mounting.
  - 3. Nominal Size: 7 by 10 inches.
- B. Metal-Backed Butyrate Signs:
  - 1. Weather-resistant, nonfading, preprinted, cellulose-acetate butyrate signs, with 0.0396-inch galvanized-steel backing, punched and drilled for fasteners, and with colors, legend, and size required for application.
  - 2. 1/4-inch grommets in corners for mounting.
  - 3. Nominal Size: 10 by 14 inches.
- C. Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Plastic Signs:
  - 1. Engraved legend.

- 2. Thickness:
  - a. For signs up to 20 sq. in., minimum 1/16 inch.
  - b. For signs larger than 20 sq. in., 1/8 inch thick.
  - c. Engraved legend with black letters on white face.
  - d. Punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners with 1/4-inch grommets in corners for mounting.
  - e. Framed with mitered acrylic molding and arranged for attachment at applicable equipment.

#### 2.8 CABLE TIES

- A. General-Purpose Cable Ties: Fungus inert, self-extinguishing, one piece, self-locking, and Type 6/6 nylon.
  - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
  - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 Deg F according to ASTM D 638: 12,000 psi.
  - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F.
  - 4. Color: Black, except where used for color-coding.
- B. UV-Stabilized Cable Ties: Fungus inert, designed for continuous exposure to exterior sunlight, self-extinguishing, one piece, self-locking, and Type 6/6 nylon.
  - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
  - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 Deg F according to ASTM D 638: 12,000 psi.
  - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F.
  - 4. Color: Black.
- C. Plenum-Rated Cable Ties: Self-extinguishing, UV stabilized, one piece, and self-locking.
  - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
  - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 Deg F according to ASTM D 638: 7000 psi.
  - 3. UL 94 Flame Rating: 94V-0.
  - 4. Temperature Range: Minus 50 to plus 284 deg F.
  - 5. Color: Black.

#### 2.9 MISCELLANEOUS IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Paint: Comply with requirements in painting Sections for paint materials and application requirements. Retain paint system applicable for surface material and location (exterior or interior).
- B. Fasteners for Labels and Signs: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

A. Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Before applying electrical identification products, clean substrates of substances that could impair bond, using materials and methods recommended by manufacturer of identification product.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Verify and coordinate identification names, abbreviations, colors, and other features with requirements in other Sections requiring identification applications, Drawings, Shop Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and operation and maintenance manual. Use consistent designations throughout Project.
- B. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.
- C. Verify identity of each item before installing identification products.
- D. Coordinate identification with Project Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and operation and maintenance manual.
- E. Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.
- F. Install signs with approved legend to facilitate proper identification, operation, and maintenance of electrical systems and connected items.
- G. System Identification for Raceways and Cables under 600 V: Identification shall completely encircle cable or conduit. Place identification of two-color markings in contact, side by side.
  - 1. Secure tight to surface of conductor, cable, or raceway.
- H. Auxiliary Electrical Systems Conductor Identification: Identify field-installed alarm, control, and signal connections.
- I. Emergency Operating Instruction Signs: Install instruction signs with white legend on a red background with minimum 3/8-inch-high letters for emergency instructions at equipment used for power transfer.
- J. Elevated Components: Increase sizes of labels, signs, and letters to those appropriate for viewing from the floor.
- K. Accessible Fittings for Raceways: Identify the covers of each junction and pull box of the following systems with the wiring system legend and system voltage. System legends shall be as follows:
  - 1. "EMERGENCY POWER."
  - 2. "POWER."
  - 3. "UPS."

# L. Vinyl Wraparound Labels:

- 1. Secure tight to surface of raceway or cable at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
- 2. Attach labels that are not self-adhesive type with clear vinyl tape, with adhesive appropriate to the location and substrate.
- M. Snap-around Labels: Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
- N. Self-Adhesive Wraparound Labels: Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.

#### O. Self-Adhesive Labels:

- 1. On each item, install unique designation label that is consistent with wiring diagrams, schedules, and operation and maintenance manual.
- 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch-high letters on 1-1/2-inch-high label; where two lines of text are required, use labels 2 inches high.
- P. Snap-around Color-Coding Bands: Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
- Q. Heat-Shrink, Preprinted Tubes: Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
- R. Marker Tapes: Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
- S. Self-Adhesive Vinyl Tape: Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
  - 1. Field-Applied, Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Apply in half-lapped turns for a minimum distance of 6 inches where splices or taps are made. Apply last two turns of tape with no tension to prevent possible unwinding.
- T. Tape and Stencil: Comply with requirements in painting Sections for surface preparation and paint application.
- U. Floor Marking Tape: Apply stripes to finished surfaces following manufacturer's written instructions.

# V. Underground Line Warning Tape:

- 1. During backfilling of trenches, install continuous underground-line warning tape directly above cable or raceway at 6 to 8 inches below finished grade. Use multiple tapes where width of multiple lines installed in a common trench or concrete envelope exceeds 16 inches overall.
- 2. Limit use of underground-line warning tape to direct-buried cables.

# W. Metal Tags:

1. Place in a location with high visibility and accessibility.

# X. Nonmetallic Preprinted Tags:

1. Place in a location with high visibility and accessibility.

# Y. Baked-Enamel Signs:

- 1. Attach signs that are not self-adhesive type with mechanical fasteners appropriate to the location and substrate.
- 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch-high letters on minimum 1-1/2-inch-high sign; where two lines of text are required, use signs minimum 2 inches high.

# Z. Metal-Backed Butyrate Signs:

- 1. Attach signs that are not self-adhesive type with mechanical fasteners appropriate to the location and substrate.
- 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch-high letters on 1-1/2-inch-high sign; where two lines of text are required, use labels 2 inches high.

# AA. Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Plastic Signs:

- 1. Attach signs that are not self-adhesive type with mechanical fasteners appropriate to the location and substrate.
- 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch-high letters on 1-1/2-inch-high sign; where two lines of text are required, use labels 2 inches high.

# BB. Cable Ties: General purpose, for attaching tags, except as listed below:

- 1. Outdoors: UV-stabilized nylon.
- 2. In Spaces Handling Environmental Air: Plenum rated.

END OF SECTION 260553

#### SECTION 262726 - WIRING DEVICES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Straight-blade convenience, isolated-ground, and tamper-resistant receptacles.
- 2. GFCI receptacles.
- 3. Toggle switches.
- 4. Wall-box dimmers.
- 5. Wall plates.

# 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: One for each type of device and wall plate specified, in each color specified.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 GENERAL WIRING-DEVICE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Wiring Devices, Components, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Devices for Owner-Furnished Equipment:
  - 1. Receptacles: Match plug configurations.
  - 2. Cord and Plug Sets: Match equipment requirements.
- D. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of wiring device and associated wall plate from single source from single manufacturer.

### 2.2 STRAIGHT-BLADE RECEPTACLES

- A. Duplex Convenience Receptacles: 125 V, 20 A; comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, and FS W-C-596.
- B. Isolated-Ground, Duplex Convenience Receptacles: 125 V, 20 A; comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, and FS W-C-596.
  - 1. Description: Straight blade; equipment grounding contacts shall be connected only to the green grounding screw terminal of the device and with inherent electrical isolation from

mounting strap. Isolation shall be integral to receptacle construction and not dependent on removable parts.

C. Tamper-Resistant Convenience Receptacles: 125 V, 20 A; comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, and FS W-C-596.

#### 2.3 GFCI RECEPTACLES

# A. General Description:

- 1. 125 V, 20 A, straight blade, feed-through type.
- 2. Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, UL 943 Class A, and FS W-C-596.
- 3. Include indicator light that shows when the GFCI has malfunctioned and no longer provides proper GFCI protection.

# 2.4 TOGGLE SWITCHES

- A. Comply with NEMA WD 1, UL 20, and FS W-S-896.
- B. Switches, 120/277 V, 20 A:
- C. Pilot-Light Switches: 120/277 V, 20 A.
  - 1. Description: Single pole, with LED-lighted handle, illuminated when switch is off.
- D. Key-Operated Switches: 120/277 V, 20 A.
  - 1. Description: Single pole, with factory-supplied key in lieu of switch handle.
- E. Single-Pole, Double-Throw, Momentary-Contact, Center-off Switches: 120/277 V, 20 A; for use with mechanically held lighting contactors.
- F. Key-Operated, Single-Pole, Double-Throw, Momentary-Contact, Center-off Switches: 120/277 V, 20 A; for use with mechanically held lighting contactors, with factory-supplied key in lieu of switch handle.

#### 2.5 WALL-BOX DIMMERS

- A. Dimmer Switches: Modular, full-wave, solid-state units with integral, quiet on-off switches, with audible frequency and EMI/RFI suppression filters.
- B. Control: Continuously adjustable slider or toggle switch; with single-pole or three-way switching. Comply with UL 1472.
- C. Fluorescent Lamp Dimmer Switches: Modular; compatible with dimmer ballasts; trim potentiometer to adjust low-end dimming; dimmer-ballast combination capable of consistent dimming with low end not greater than 20 percent of full brightness.

D. LED Lamp Dimmer Switches: Modular; compatible with LED lamps; trim potentiometer to adjust low-end dimming; capable of consistent dimming with low end not greater than 20 percent of full brightness.

#### 2.6 WALL PLATES

- A. Single and combination types shall match corresponding wiring devices.
  - 1. Plate-Securing Screws: Metal with head color to match plate finish.
  - 2. Material for Finished Spaces: As selected by the Architect.
  - 3. Material for Unfinished Spaces: Galvanized steel.
  - 4. Material for Damp Locations: Cast aluminum with spring-loaded lift cover, and listed and labeled for use in wet and damp locations.
- B. Wet-Location, Weatherproof Cover Plates: NEMA 250, complying with Type 3R, weather-resistant, die-cast aluminum with lockable cover.

#### 2.7 FINISHES

- A. Device Color:
  - 1. Wiring Devices Connected to Normal Power System: As selected by Architect unless otherwise indicated or required by NFPA 70 or device listing.
  - 2. Wiring Devices Connected to Emergency Power System: Red.
  - 3. SPD Devices: Blue.
  - 4. Isolated-Ground Receptacles: Orange.
- B. Wall Plate Color: As selected by the Architect.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with NECA 1, including mounting heights listed in that standard, unless otherwise indicated.

TYPICAL MOUNTING HEIGHTS	
DEVICE	MOUNTING HEIGHT
Wall switches, card readers	48 inches above finished floor to center
Receptacle outlets, data outlets, CATV outlets	18 inches above finished floor to center
Receptacle outlets – above counter	42 inches above finished floor to center, or 8 inches to center above countertops
Wall telephone outlets	48 inches above finished floor to center
Clock outlets	96 inches above finished floor to center, or 6 inches below ceiling. Above doors, centered between door trim and ceiling

#### B. Coordination with Other Trades:

- 1. Protect installed devices and their boxes. Do not place wall finish materials over device boxes and do not cut holes for boxes with routers that are guided by riding against outside of boxes.
- 2. Keep outlet boxes free of plaster, drywall joint compound, mortar, cement, concrete, dust, paint, and other material that may contaminate the raceway system, conductors, and cables
- 3. Install device boxes in brick or block walls so that the cover plate does not cross a joint unless the joint is troweled flush with the face of the wall.
- 4. Install wiring devices after all wall preparation, including painting, is complete.

# C. Conductors:

- 1. Do not strip insulation from conductors until right before they are spliced or terminated on devices.
- 2. Strip insulation evenly around the conductor using tools designed for the purpose. Avoid scoring or nicking of solid wire or cutting strands from stranded wire.
- 3. The length of free conductors at outlets for devices shall meet provisions of NFPA 70, Article 300, without pigtails.
- 4. Existing Conductors:
  - a. Cut back and pigtail or replace all damaged conductors.
  - b. Straighten conductors that remain and remove corrosion and foreign matter.
  - c. Pigtailing existing conductors is permitted, provided the outlet box is large enough.

#### D. Device Installation:

- 1. Replace devices that have been in temporary use during construction and that were installed before building finishing operations were complete.
- 2. Keep each wiring device in its package or otherwise protected until it is time to connect conductors.
- 3. Do not remove surface protection, such as plastic film and smudge covers, until the last possible moment.
- 4. Connect devices to branch circuits using pigtails that are not less than 6 inches in length.
- 5. When there is a choice, use side wiring with binding-head screw terminals. Wrap solid conductor tightly clockwise, two-thirds to three-fourths of the way around terminal screw.
- 6. Use a torque screwdriver when a torque is recommended or required by manufacturer.
- 7. When conductors larger than No. 12 AWG are installed on 15- or 20-A circuits, splice No. 12 AWG pigtails for device connections.
- 8. Tighten unused terminal screws on the device.
- 9. When mounting into metal boxes, remove the fiber or plastic washers used to hold device-mounting screws in yokes, allowing metal-to-metal contact.

# E. Receptacle Orientation:

- 1. Install ground pin of vertically mounted receptacles down, and on horizontally mounted receptacles to the right.
- F. Device Plates: Do not use oversized or extra-deep plates. Repair wall finishes and remount outlet boxes when standard device plates do not fit flush or do not cover rough wall opening.

#### G. Dimmers:

- 1. Install dimmers within terms of their listing.
- 2. Verify that dimmers used for fan-speed control are listed for that application.
- 3. Install unshared neutral conductors on line and load side of dimmers according to manufacturers' device listing conditions in the written instructions.
- H. Arrangement of Devices: Unless otherwise indicated, mount flush, with long dimension vertical. Group adjacent switches under single, multigang wall plates.
- I. Adjust locations of floor service outlets and service poles to suit arrangement of partitions and furnishings.

# 3.2 GFCI RECEPTACLES

A. Install non-feed-through-type GFCI receptacles where protection of downstream receptacles is not required.

# 3.3 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify each receptacle with panelboard identification and circuit number. Use hot, stamped, or engraved machine printing with black-filled lettering on face of plate, and durable wire markers or tags inside outlet boxes.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Test Instruments: Use instruments that comply with UL 1436.
- B. Test Instrument for Convenience Receptacles: Digital wiring analyzer with digital readout or illuminated digital-display indicators of measurement.
- C. Tests for Convenience Receptacles:
  - 1. Line Voltage: Acceptable range is 105 to 132 V.
  - 2. Percent Voltage Drop under 15-A Load: A value of 6 percent or higher is unacceptable.
  - 3. Ground Impedance: Values of up to 2 ohms are acceptable.
  - 4. GFCI Trip: Test for tripping values specified in UL 1436 and UL 943.
  - 5. Using the test plug, verify that the device and its outlet box are securely mounted.
  - 6. Tests shall be diagnostic, indicating damaged conductors, high resistance at the circuit breaker, poor connections, inadequate fault current path, defective devices, or similar problems. Correct circuit conditions, remove malfunctioning units and replace with new ones, and retest as specified above.
- D. Wiring device will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.

END OF SECTION 262726

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#### SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

# A. Section Includes:

- 1. Fusible switches.
- 2. Nonfusible switches.
- 3. Receptacle switches.
- 4. Shunt trip switches.
- 5. Molded-case circuit breakers (MCCBs).
- 6. Molded-case switches.
- 7. Enclosures.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed switch, circuit breaker, accessory, and component indicated. Include nameplate ratings, dimensioned elevations, sections, weights, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, accessories, and finishes.
  - 1. Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
  - 2. Current and voltage ratings.
  - 3. Short-circuit current ratings (interrupting and withstand, as appropriate).
  - 4. Detail features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices, accessories, and auxiliary components.
  - 5. Include time-current coordination curves (average melt) for each type and rating of overcurrent protective device; include selectable ranges for each type of overcurrent protective device. Provide in PDF electronic format.
- B. Shop Drawings: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  - 2. Include wiring diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

# 1.3 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Fuses: Equal to 10 percent of quantity installed for each size and type, but no fewer than three of each size and type.
  - 2. Fuse Pullers: Two for each size and type.

#### 1.4 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Ambient Temperature: Not less than minus 22 deg F and not exceeding 104 deg F.
  - 2. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.

#### 1.5 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain enclosed switches and circuit breakers, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories, within same product category, from single manufacturer.
- B. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for enclosed switches and circuit breakers, including clearances between enclosures, and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by an NRTL, and marked for intended location and application.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70.

# 2.2 NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturer shall be the same as the switchboards and panelboards.
- B. Type HD, Heavy Duty, Three Pole, Single Throw, 600-V ac, 1200 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, horsepower rated, lockable handle with capability to accept three padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.
- C. Type HD, Heavy Duty, Six Pole, Single Throw, 600-V ac, 200 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, horsepower rated, lockable handle with capability to accept three padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.

#### D. Accessories:

- 1. Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
- 2. Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded and bonded; labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.
- 3. Class R Fuse Kit: Provides rejection of other fuse types when Class R fuses are specified.
- 4. Lugs: Mechanical type, suitable for number, size, and conductor material.

5. Service-Rated Switches: Labeled for use as service equipment.

# 2.3 MOLDED-CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

- A. Manufacturer shall be the same as the switchboards and panelboards.
- B. Circuit breakers shall be constructed using glass-reinforced insulating material. Current carrying components shall be completely isolated from the handle and the accessory mounting area.
- C. Circuit breakers shall have a toggle operating mechanism with common tripping of all poles, which provides quick-make, quick-break contact action. The circuit-breaker handle shall be over center, be trip free, and reside in a tripped position between on and off to provide local trip indication. Circuit-breaker escutcheon shall be clearly marked on and off in addition to providing international I/O markings. Equip circuit breaker with a push-to-trip button, located on the face of the circuit breaker to mechanically operate the circuit-breaker tripping mechanism for maintenance and testing purposes.
- D. The maximum ampere rating and UL, IEC, or other certification standards with applicable voltage systems and corresponding interrupting ratings shall be clearly marked on face of circuit breaker. Circuit breakers shall be 100 percent rated.
- E. MCCBs shall be equipped with a device for locking in the isolated position.
- F. Lugs shall be suitable for 194 deg F rated wire, sized according to the 167 deg F (75 deg C) temperature rating in NFPA 70.
- G. Standards: Comply with UL 489 and NEMA AB 3, with interrupting capacity to comply with available fault currents.
- H. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Inverse time-current thermal element for low-level overloads and instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.
- I. Adjustable, Instantaneous-Trip Circuit Breakers: Magnetic trip element with front-mounted, field-adjustable trip setting.
- J. Electronic Trip Circuit Breakers: Field-replaceable rating plug, rms sensing, with the following field-adjustable settings:
  - 1. Instantaneous trip.
  - 2. Long- and short-time pickup levels.
  - 3. Long- and short-time time adjustments.
  - 4. Ground-fault pickup level, time delay, and I-squared t response.
- K. Current-Limiting Circuit Breakers: Frame sizes 400 A and smaller, and let-through ratings less than NEMA FU 1, RK-5.
- L. Integrally Fused Circuit Breakers: Thermal-magnetic trip element with integral limiter-style fuse listed for use with circuit breaker and trip activation on fuse opening or on opening of fuse compartment door.

- M. Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupter (GFCI) Circuit Breakers: Single- and two-pole configurations with Class A ground-fault protection (6-mA trip).
- N. Ground-Fault Equipment-Protection (GFEP) Circuit Breakers: With Class B ground-fault protection (30-mA trip).

# O. Features and Accessories:

- 1. Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
- 2. Lugs: Mechanical or Compression type, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor material.
- 3. Application Listing: Appropriate for application; Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HID for feeding fluorescent and high-intensity discharge lighting circuits.
- 4. Ground-Fault Protection: Comply with UL 1053; integrally mounted, self-powered type with mechanical ground-fault indicator; relay with adjustable pickup and time-delay settings, push-to-test feature, internal memory, and shunt trip unit; and three-phase, zero-sequence current transformer/sensor.
- 5. Communication Capability: Integral communication module with functions and features compatible with power monitoring and control system.
- 6. Shunt Trip: Trip coil energized from separate circuit, with coil-clearing contact.
- 7. Undervoltage Trip: Set to operate at 35 to 75 percent of rated voltage without intentional time delay.
- 8. Alarm Switch: One NO/NC contact that operates only when circuit breaker has tripped.
- 9. Key Interlock Kit: Externally mounted to prohibit circuit-breaker operation; key shall be removable only when circuit breaker is in off position.
- 10. Zone-Selective Interlocking: Integral with electronic trip unit; for interlocking ground-fault protection function.
- 11. Electrical Operator: Provide remote control for on, off, and reset operations.

# 2.4 MOLDED-CASE SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturer shall be the same as the switchboards and panelboards.
- B. Description: MCCB with fixed, high-set instantaneous trip only, and short-circuit withstand rating equal to equivalent breaker frame size interrupting rating.

# C. Features and Accessories:

- 1. Standard frame sizes and number of poles.
- 2. Lugs:
  - a. Mechanical or Compression type, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor material.
  - b. Lugs shall be suitable for 194 deg F rated wire, sized according to the 167 deg F temperature rating in NFPA 70.
- 3. Ground-Fault Protection: Comply with UL 1053; remote-mounted and powered type with mechanical ground-fault indicator; relay with adjustable pickup and time-delay settings, push-to-test feature, internal memory, and shunt trip unit; and three-phase, zero-sequence current transformer/sensor.
- 4. Shunt Trip: Trip coil energized from separate circuit, with coil-clearing contact.

- 5. Undervoltage Trip: Set to operate at 35 to 75 percent of rated voltage without intentional time delay.
- 6. Alarm Switch: One NO/NC contact that operates only when switch has tripped.
- 7. Key Interlock Kit: Externally mounted to prohibit switch operation; key shall be removable only when switch is in off position.
- 8. Zone-Selective Interlocking: Integral with ground-fault shunt trip unit; for interlocking ground-fault protection function.
- 9. Electrical Operator: Provide remote control for on, off, and reset operations.

# 2.5 ENCLOSURES

- A. Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers: UL 489, NEMA KS 1, NEMA 250, and UL 50, to comply with environmental conditions at installed location.
- B. Enclosure Finish: The enclosure shall be finished with gray baked enamel paint, electrodeposited on cleaned, phosphatized steel (NEMA 250 Type 1) gray baked enamel paint, or electrodeposited on cleaned, phosphatized galvannealed steel (NEMA 250 Types 3R, 12).
- C. Conduit Entry: NEMA 250 Types 4, 4X, and 12 enclosures shall contain no knockouts. NEMA 250 Types 7 and 9 enclosures shall be provided with threaded conduit openings in both endwalls.
- D. Enclosures designated as NEMA 250 Type 4, 4X stainless steel, 12, or 12K shall have a dual cover interlock mechanism to prevent unintentional opening of the enclosure cover when the circuit breaker is ON and to prevent turning the circuit breaker ON when the enclosure cover is open.
- E. NEMA 250 Type 7/9 enclosures shall be furnished with a breather and drain kit to allow their use in outdoor and wet location applications.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine elements and surfaces to receive enclosed switches and circuit breakers for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Commencement of work shall indicate Installer's acceptance of the areas and conditions as satisfactory.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Interruption of Existing Electric Service: Do not interrupt electric service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electric service according to requirements indicated:

- 1. Notify Owner no fewer than five business days in advance of proposed interruption of electric service.
- 2. Indicate method of providing temporary electric service.
- 3. Do not proceed with interruption of electric service without Owner's written permission.
- 4. Comply with NFPA 70E.

#### 3.3 ENCLOSURE ENVIRONMENTAL RATING APPLICATIONS

- A. Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers: Provide enclosures at installed locations with the following environmental ratings.
  - 1. Indoor, Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
  - 2. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3.
  - 3. Kitchen and Wash-Down Areas: NEMA 250, Type 4X, stainless steel.
  - 4. Other Wet or Damp, Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.
  - 5. Indoor Locations Subject to Dust, Falling Dirt, and Dripping Noncorrosive Liquids: NEMA 250, Type 12.

#### 3.4 INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of switches, circuit breakers, and components with equipment served and adjacent surfaces. Maintain code required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels, regardless of location indicated on the drawings.
- B. Install individual wall-mounted switches and circuit breakers with tops at uniform height unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting of eyes, channels, and brackets and temporary blocking of moving parts from enclosures and components.
- D. Install fuses in fusible devices.
- E. Comply with NFPA 70 and NECA 1.

# 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust moving parts and operable components to function smoothly, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Set field-adjustable circuit-breaker trip ranges as specified in the Electrical Power System Study, required per specification section 260573 and furnished by the Electrical Contractor.

# END OF SECTION 262816