**Division 09** Delaware Engineering, D.P.C.

#### **SECTION 092216**

## NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Non-load-bearing steel framing systems for interior partitions.
  - 2. Suspension systems for interior ceilings and soffits.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

# 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Notify manufacturer of damaged materials received prior to installation.
- B. Deliver materials in manufacturer's original, unopened, undamaged containers with identification labels intact.

C. Protect cold-formed metal framing from corrosion, deformation, and other damage during delivery, storage, and handling as required by AISI S202, "Code of Standard Practice for Cold-Formed Steel Structural Framing."

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies that incorporate non-load-bearing steel framing, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated, according to ASTM E119 by an independent testing agency.
- B. Design framing systems in accordance with AISI S220, "North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Framing Nonstructural Members," unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Design Loads: As indicated on Drawings or 5 lbf/sq. ft. minimum as required by the BCNYS.

## 2.2 FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. Framing Members, General: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
  - 1. Steel Sheet Components: Comply with AISI S220 requirements for metal unless otherwise indicated
- B. Studs and Track: AISI S220 and ASTM C645, Section 10.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
    - a. ClarkDietrich.
    - b. Fire Trak Corp.
    - c. Marino\WARE.

2. Minimum Base-Steel Thickness: As indicated on Drawings.

- 3. Depth: As indicated on Drawings.
- C. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where indicated, provide the following:
  - 1. Deflection Track: Steel sheet top track manufactured to prevent cracking of finishes applied to interior partition framing resulting from deflection of structure above; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
- D. Firestop Tracks: Top track manufactured to allow partition heads to expand and contract with movement of structure while maintaining continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.

## 2.3 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards.
  - 1. Fasteners for Steel Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Installation Standard: ASTM C754.
  - 1. Gypsum Board Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C840 that apply to framing installation.
- B. Install framing and accessories plumb, square, and true to line, with connections securely fastened.
- C. Install supplementary framing, and blocking to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, or similar construction.
- D. Install bracing at terminations in assemblies.
- E. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with non-load-bearing steel framing members. Frame both sides of joints independently.

### 3.3 INSTALLING FRAMED ASSEMBLIES

- A. Install framing system components according to spacings indicated, but not greater than spacings required by referenced installation standards for assembly types.
  - 1. Single-Layer Application: 16 inches o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Multilayer Application: 16 inches o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Tile Backing Panels: 16 inches o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Install studs so flanges within framing system point in same direction.
- C. Install tracks at floors and overhead supports. Extend framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing around ducts that penetrate partitions above ceiling.

1. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where framing extends to overhead structural supports, install to produce joints at tops of framing systems that prevent axial loading of finished assemblies.

- 2. Door Openings: Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
  - a. Install two studs at each jamb unless otherwise indicated.
  - b. Extend jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of overhead structure.
- 3. Other Framed Openings: Frame openings other than door openings the same as required for door openings unless otherwise indicated. Install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.
- 4. Fire-Resistance-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated and support closures and to make partitions continuous from floor to underside of solid structure.
  - a. Firestop Track: At Fire-Resistance-Rated walls, install to maintain continuity of fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
- D. Installation Tolerance: Install each framing member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch from the plane formed by faces of adjacent framing.

**END OF SECTION 092216** 

#### **SECTION 092900**

## **GYPSUM BOARD**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Interior gypsum board.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 092216 "Non-Structural Metal Framing" for non-structural steel framing that support gypsum board panels.
  - 2. Section 093013 "Ceramic Tiling" for tile backing panels.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Gypsum wallboard.
  - 2. Gypsum board, Type X.
  - 3. Gypsum ceiling board.

### 092900-1

- 4. Mold-resistant gypsum board.
- 5. Trim Accessories.
- 6. Gypsum Sheathing.
- 7. Gypsum Soffits.

### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction traffic, and other potential causes of damage. Stack panels flat and supported on risers on a flat platform to prevent sagging.

### 1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written instructions, whichever are more stringent.
- B. Do not install paper-faced gypsum panels until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.
- C. Do not install panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E119 by an independent testing agency.

# 2.2 GYPSUM BOARD, GENERAL

- A. Size: Provide maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
  - 1. Certainteed; SAINT-GOBAIN.
  - 2. Georgia-Pacific Gypsum LLC.
  - 3. National Gypsum Company.
  - 4. USG Corporation.

### 2.3 INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Gypsum Wallboard: ASTM C1396/C1396M.
  - 1. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
  - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
- B. Gypsum Board, Type X: ASTM C1396/C1396M.
  - 1. Thickness: 5/8 inch.

- 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
- C. Gypsum Ceiling Board: ASTM C1396/C1396M.
  - 1. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
  - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.
- D. Mold-Resistant Gypsum Board: ASTM C1396/C1396M. With moisture- and mold-resistant core and paper surfaces.
  - 1. Long Edges: Tapered.
  - 2. Mold Resistance: ASTM D3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D3274.

### 2.4 EXTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Exterior Gypsum Soffit Board: ASTM C1396/C1396M, with manufacturer's standard edges.
  - 1. Core: 1/2 inch, regular type.
- B. Exterior Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: ASTM C 1177/C 1177M, with fiberglass mat laminated to both sides and with manufacturer's standard edges.
  - 1. Core: 1/2 inch, regular type.
  - 2. Moisture and mold resistant, complying with ASTM C1177.

#### 2.5 TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. Interior Trim: ASTM C1047.
  - 1. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet, rolled zinc, plastic, or paper-faced galvanized-steel sheet.
  - 2. Shapes:
    - a. Cornerbead.

- b. LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
- B. Exterior Trim: ASTM C1047.
  - 1. Material: Hot-dip galvanized-steel sheet, plastic, or rolled zinc.
  - 2. Shapes:
    - a. Cornerbead.
    - b. LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
    - c. Expansion (Control) Joint: One-piece, rolled zinc with V-shaped slot and removable strip covering slot opening.

#### 2.6 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C475/C475M.
- B. Joint Tape:
  - 1. Interior Gypsum Board: Paper.
  - 2. Exterior Gypsum Soffit Board: Paper.
  - 3. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: 10-by-10 glass mesh.
- C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Board: For each coat, use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
  - 1. Prefilling: At open joints and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
  - 2. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
    - a. Use setting-type compound for installing paper-faced metal trim accessories.
  - 3. Fill Coat: For second coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
  - 4. Finish Coat: For third coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.

D. Joint Compound for Exterior Applications:

1. Exterior Gypsum Soffit Board: Use setting-type taping compound and setting-type, sandable topping compound.

- 2. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: As recommended by sheathing board manufacturer.
- E. Primer-Surfacer: Finish Level 4 GA-214/ASTM C-840 drywall surface with vinyl acrylic latex-based coating to achieve Level 5 gypsum board finish; Sheetrock brand Tuffhide by USG (Basis of Design).

#### 2.7 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C1002 unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Use screws complying with ASTM C954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch thick.
- C. Sound-Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
  - 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of assembly.
- D. Thermal Insulation: As specified in Section 072100 "Thermal Insulation".
- E. Vapor Retarder: As specified in Section 072600 "Vapor Retarders".

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas and substrates including welded hollow-metal frames and support framing, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

- B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- 3.2 INSTALLATION AND FINISHING OF PANELS, GENERAL
  - A. Comply with ASTM C840.
  - B. Install ceiling panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.
  - C. Install panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch of open space between panels. Do not force into place.
  - D. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at corners of framed openings.
  - E. Form control and expansion joints with space between edges of adjoining gypsum panels.
  - F. Attachment to Steel Framing: Attach panels so leading edge or end of each panel is attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.

G. Install sound attenuation blankets before installing gypsum panels unless blankets are readily installed after panels have been installed on one side.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION OF INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Install interior gypsum board in the following locations:
  - 1. Wallboard Type: Vertical surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Type X: Where required for fire-resistance-rated assembly.
  - 3. Ceiling Type: Ceiling surfaces.
  - 4. Mold-Resistant Type: In Kitchen, Dish Storage, Bathrooms (non-tile areas), Janitor Closets and Kitchenette.

### B. Single-Layer Application:

- 1. On ceilings, apply gypsum panels before wall/partition board application to greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum panels vertically (parallel to framing) unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.
  - a. Stagger abutting end joints not less than one framing member in alternate courses of panels.
  - b. At stairwells and other high walls, install panels horizontally unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.
- 3. Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum panels to supports with steel drill screws.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION OF EXTERIOR GYPSUM PANELS

A. Apply panels perpendicular to supports, with end joints staggered and located over supports.

1. Install with 1/4-inch open space where panels abut other construction or structural penetrations.

2. Fasten with corrosion-resistant screws.

#### 3.5 INSTALLATION OF TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Control Joints: Install control joints according to ASTM C840 and in specific locations approved by Architect for visual effect.
- C. Interior Trim: Install in the following locations:
  - 1. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. LC-Bead: Use at exposed panel edges.

#### 3.6 FINISHING OF GYPSUM BOARD

- A. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
- B. Prefill open joints and damaged surface areas.
- C. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except for trim products specifically indicated as not intended to receive tape.
- D. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTM C840:
  - 1. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.

092900-9

2. Level 4: At panel surfaces that will be exposed to view unless otherwise indicated.

- a. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in Section 099000 " Painting and Coating".
- E. Glass-Mat Gypsum Sheathing Board: Finish according to manufacturer's written instructions for use as exposed soffit board.

## 3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Protect adjacent surfaces from drywall compound and promptly remove from floors and other non-drywall surfaces. Repair surfaces stained, marred, or otherwise damaged during drywall application.
- B. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.
- C. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

**END OF SECTION 092900** 

#### **SECTION 093013**

## **CERAMIC TILING**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Porcelain tile.
  - 2. Glazed wall tile.
  - 3. Thresholds.
  - 4. Cementitious backer units.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 079200 "Joint Sealants" for sealing of expansion, contraction, control, and isolation joints in tile surfaces.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. General: Definitions in the ANSI A108 series of tile installation standards and in ANSI A137.1 apply to Work of this Section unless otherwise specified.

# 093013-1

- B. Face Size: Actual tile size, excluding spacer lugs.
- C. Module Size: Actual tile size plus joint width indicated.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For tile, grout, and trims.
- C. Samples for Verification:
  - 1. Full-size units of each type and composition of tile and for each color and finish required.
  - 2. Full-size units of each type of trim and accessory for each color and finish required.
  - 3. Marble thresholds in 6-inch lengths.

### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match and are from same production runs as products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Tile and Trim Units: Furnish quantity of full-size units equal to 3 percent of amount installed for each type, composition, color, pattern, and size indicated.
  - 2. Grout: Furnish quantity of grout equal to 3 percent of amount installed for each type, composition, and color indicated.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver and store packaged materials in original containers with seals unbroken and labels intact until time of use. Comply with requirements in ANSI A137.1 for labeling tile packages.

B. Store tile and cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location.

- C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination can be avoided.
- D. Store liquid materials in unopened containers and protected from freezing.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install tile until construction in spaces is complete and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated in referenced standards and manufacturer's written instructions.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Source Limitations for Tile: Obtain tile of each type from single source or producer.
  - 1. Obtain tile of each type and color or finish from same production run and of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties for each contiguous area.
- B. Source Limitations for Setting and Grouting Materials: Obtain ingredients of a uniform quality for each mortar, adhesive, and grout component from single manufacturer and each aggregate from single source or producer.
  - 1. Obtain setting and grouting materials, except for unmodified Portland cement and aggregate, from single manufacturer.
  - 2. Obtain waterproof membrane and crack isolation membrane, except for sheet products, from manufacturer of setting and grouting materials.
- C. Source Limitations for Other Products: Obtain each of the following products specified in this Section from a single manufacturer:

1. Marble thresholds.

# 2.2 PRODUCTS, GENERAL

A. ANSI Ceramic Tile Standard: Provide tile that complies with ANSI A137.1 for types, compositions, and other characteristics indicated.

- 1. Provide tile complying with Standard grade requirements.
- B. ANSI Standards for Tile Installation Materials: Provide materials complying with ANSI A108.02, ANSI standards referenced in other Part 2 articles, ANSI standards referenced by TCNA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules, and other requirements specified.
- C. Factory Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations within ranges, blend tile in factory and package so tile units taken from one package show same range in colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples.
- D. Mounting: For factory-mounted tile, provide back- or edge-mounted tile assemblies as standard with manufacturer unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.3 TILE PRODUCTS

### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
  - a. American Olean; a brand of Dal-Tile Corporation.
  - b. Crossville, Inc.
  - c. Daltile; a brand of Dal-Tile Corporation.
- B. Porcelain Floor Tile: Glazed.

- 1. Certification: Tile certified by the Porcelain Tile Certification Agency.
- 2. Basis of Design: Daltile, Portfolio.
- 3. Face Size: 12"x24"
- 4. Face Size Variation: Rectified.
- 5. Thickness: 5/16".
- 6. Finish: Mat, clear glaze.
- 7. Dynamic Coefficient of Friction: Not less than 0.42.
- 8. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- 9. Grout Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- 10. Trim: 6"x12" Cove Base; color to match floor tile.

## C. Glazed Wall Tile (Field):

- 1. Basis of Design: Daltile, Color Wheel Classic.
- 2. Module Size: 3"x6".
- 3. Thickness: 5/16 inch.
- 4. Finish: Semi-gloss, clear glaze.
- 5. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- 6. Grout Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

# D. Glazed Wall Tile (Accent Tile):

- 1. Basis of Design: Daltile, Modern Hearth
- 2. Module Size: 6"x6".
- 3. Thickness: 5/16 inch.
- 4. Finish: Mat, clear glaze.
- 5. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- 6. Grout Color: Match Field.

### 2.4 CAST STONE CORNER SHELVES

- A. 9-Inch Large Corner Shelf with Flange.
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Daltile, or comparable product:
    - a. See Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures".
  - 2. Provide one (1) in each shower stall.
  - 3. Color as selection by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors.

### 2.5 THRESHOLDS

- A. General: Fabricate to sizes and profiles indicated or required to provide transition between adjacent floor finishes.
  - 1. Bevel edges at 1:2 slope, with lower edge of bevel aligned with or up to 1/16 inch above adjacent floor surface. Finish bevel to match top surface of threshold. Limit height of threshold to 1/2 inch or less above adjacent floor surface.
- B. Marble Thresholds: ASTM C503/C503M, with a minimum abrasion resistance of 10 according to ASTM C1353 or ASTM C241/C241M and with honed finish.
  - 1. Description:
    - a. Uniform, fine- to medium-grained white stone with gray veining.

### 2.6 TILE BACKING PANELS

A. Cementitious Backer Units: ANSI A118.3 or ASTM C1325, Type A, in maximum lengths available to minimize end-to-end butt joints.

1. Thickness: 5/8 inch.

### 2.7 CRACK ISOLATION MEMBRANE

A. General: Manufacturer's standard product that complies with ANSI A118.12 for standard performance and is recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated. Include reinforcement and accessories recommended by manufacturer.

- B. Chlorinated Polyethylene Sheet: Nonplasticized, chlorinated polyethylene faced on both sides with nonwoven polyester fabric; 0.030-inch nominal thickness.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - Laticrete International, Inc.
    - b. Noble Company (The); Nobleseal CIS.
    - c. TEC H.B. Fuller Construction Products, Inc.

#### 2.8 SETTING MATERIALS

- A. Modified Dry-Set Mortar (Thinset): ANSI A118.4.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
    - a. ARDEX Americas.
    - b. Bostik; Arkema.
    - c. H.B. Fuller Construction Products Inc. / TEC.
    - d. Laticrete International, Inc.
    - e. MAPEI Corporation.
  - 2. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix containing dry, redispersible, vinyl acetate or acrylic additive to which only water must be added at Project site.

3. For wall applications, provide mortar that complies with requirements for nonsagging mortar in addition to the other requirements in ANSI A118.4.

#### 2.9 GROUT MATERIALS

- A. High-Performance Tile Grout: ANSI A118.7.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
    - a. H.B. Fuller Construction Products Inc./TEC.
    - b. Laticrete International, Inc.
    - c. MAPEI Corporation.

## 2. Polymer Type:

a. Ethylene vinyl acetate or acrylic additive, in dry, redispersible form, prepackaged with other dry ingredients.

#### 2.10 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Underlayments and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, Portland cement-based formulation provided or approved by manufacturer of tile-setting materials for installations indicated.
- B. Vapor-Retarder Membrane: Polyethylene sheeting, ASTM D4397, 4.0 mils thick.
- C. Tile Cleaner: A neutral cleaner capable of removing soil and residue without harming tile and grout surfaces, specifically approved for materials and installations indicated by tile and grout manufacturers.
- D. Floor Sealer: Manufacturer's standard product for sealing grout joints and that does not change color or appearance of grout.

### 2.11 MIXING MORTARS AND GROUT

A. Mix mortars and grouts to comply with referenced standards and mortar and grout manufacturers' written instructions.

- B. Add materials, water, and additives in accurate proportions.
- C. Obtain and use type of mixing equipment, mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures to produce mortars and grouts of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for installations indicated.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where tile will be installed, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that substrates for setting tile are firm; dry; clean; free of coatings that are incompatible with tile-setting materials, including curing compounds and other substances that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone; and comply with flatness tolerances required by ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.
  - 2. Verify that concrete substrates for tile floors installed with thinset mortar comply with surface finish requirements in ANSI A108.01 for installations indicated.
    - a. Verify that surfaces that received a steel trowel finish have been mechanically scarified.
    - b. Verify that protrusions, bumps, and ridges have been removed by sanding or grinding.
  - 3. Verify that installation of grounds, anchors, recessed frames, electrical and mechanical units of work, and similar items located in or behind tile has been completed.

4. Verify that joints and cracks in tile substrates are coordinated with tile joint locations; if not coordinated, adjust joint locations in consultation with Architect.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in concrete substrates for tile floors installed with thinset mortar with trowelable leveling and patching compound specifically recommended by tile-setting material manufacturer.
- B. Where indicated, prepare substrates to receive waterproof membrane by applying a reinforced mortar bed that complies with ANSI A108.1A and is sloped 1/4 inch per foot toward drains.
- C. Blending: For tile exhibiting color variations, verify that tile has been factory blended and packaged so tile units taken from one package show same range of colors as those taken from other packages and match approved Samples. If not factory blended, either return to manufacturer or blend tiles at Project site before installing.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION OF CERAMIC TILE

- A. Comply with TCNA's "Handbook for Ceramic, Glass, and Stone Tile Installation" for TCNA installation methods specified in tile installation schedules. Comply with parts of the ANSI A108 series "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" that are referenced in TCNA installation methods, specified in tile installation schedules, and apply to types of setting and grouting materials used.
- B. Extend tile work into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures to form complete covering without interruptions unless otherwise indicated. Terminate work neatly at obstructions, edges, and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.
- C. Accurately form intersections and returns. Perform cutting and drilling of tile without marring visible surfaces. Carefully grind cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish, or built-in items for straight aligned joints. Fit tile closely to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures, and other penetrations so plates, collars, or covers overlap tile.

D. Provide manufacturer's standard trim shapes where necessary to eliminate exposed tile edges.

- E. Where accent tile differs in thickness from field tile, vary setting-bed thickness so that tiles are flush.
- F. Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in grid pattern unless otherwise indicated. Lay out tile work and center tile fields in both directions in each space or on each wall area. Lay out tile work to minimize the use of pieces that are less than half of a tile. Provide uniform joint widths unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Where adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, or trim are specified or indicated to be same size, align joints.
  - 2. Where tiles are specified or indicated to be whole integer multiples of adjoining tiles on floor, base, walls, or trim, align joints unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Joint Widths: Unless otherwise indicated, install tile with the following joint widths:
  - 1. Glazed Wall Tile: 1/8 inch.
  - 2. Porcelain Floor Tile: 1/4 inch.
- H. Expansion Joints: Provide expansion joints and other sealant-filled joints, including control, contraction, and isolation joints, where indicated. Form joints during installation of setting materials, mortar beds, and tile. Do not saw-cut joints after installing tiles.
  - 1. Where joints occur in concrete substrates, locate joints in tile surfaces directly above them.
- I. Marble Thresholds: Install marble thresholds in same type of setting bed as adjacent floor unless otherwise indicated.
  - Do not extend waterproof membrane or crack isolation membrane under thresholds set in standard dry-set or modified dry-set mortar. Fill joints between such thresholds and adjoining tile set on waterproof membrane or crack isolation membrane with elastomeric sealant.

J. Floor Sealer: Apply floor sealer to grout joints in tile floors according to floor-sealer manufacturer's written instructions. As soon as floor sealer has penetrated grout joints, remove excess sealer and sealer from tile faces by wiping with soft cloth.

#### 3.4 CRACK ISOLATION MEMBRANE INSTALLATION

- A. Install crack isolation membrane to comply with ANSI A108.17 and manufacturer's written instructions to produce membrane of uniform thickness that is bonded securely to substrate.
- B. Allow crack isolation membrane to cure before installing tile or setting materials over it.

## 3.5 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Remove and replace tile that is damaged or that does not match adjoining tile. Provide new matching units, installed as specified and in a manner to eliminate evidence of replacement.
- B. Cleaning: On completion of placement and grouting, clean all ceramic tile surfaces so they are free of foreign matter.
  - 1. Remove grout residue from tile as soon as possible.
  - 2. Clean grout smears and haze from tile according to tile and grout manufacturer's written instructions but no sooner than 10 days after installation. Use only cleaners recommended by tile and grout manufacturers and only after determining that cleaners are safe to use by testing on samples of tile and other surfaces to be cleaned. Protect metal surfaces and plumbing fixtures from effects of cleaning. Flush surfaces with clean water before and after cleaning.

### 3.6 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed tile work with kraft paper or other heavy covering during construction period to prevent staining, damage, and wear. If recommended by tile manufacturer, apply coat of neutral protective cleaner to completed tile walls and floors.

B. Prohibit foot and wheel traffic from tiled floors for at least seven days after grouting is completed.

C. Before final inspection, remove protective coverings and rinse neutral protective cleaner from tile surfaces.

END OF SECTION 093013

### **SECTION 095123**

# **ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Acoustical tiles for interior ceilings.
  - 2. Direct-hung, suspension systems.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each type of acoustical tile product and for each color and texture specified, 6 inches square.

## 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For finishes to include in maintenance manuals.

### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Acoustical Ceiling Units: Full-size tiles equal to 2 percent of quantity installed but not less than 1 unopened carton of each tile.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver acoustical tiles, suspension-system components, and accessories to Project site and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
- B. Before installing acoustical tiles, permit them to reach room temperature and a stabilized moisture content.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical tile ceilings until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet-work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS** 

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

#### A. Source Limitations:

1. Suspended Acoustical Tile Ceilings: Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling tile and its suspension system from single source from single manufacturer.

B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
- 2. Certainteed; SAINT-GOBAIN.
- 3. USG Corporation.

## 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame-Spread Index: Class A according to ASTM E1264.
  - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.
- B. Acoustical Tile Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard tiles of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E1264 classifications as designated by type, form, pattern, acoustical rating, and light reflectance unless otherwise indicated.

# 2.3 ACOUSTICAL TILES (ACT-1)

- A. Basis of Design: Armstrong Ceiling & Wall Solutions, School Zone Fine Fissured; 2807.
- B. Classification: Provide tiles as follows:
  - 1. Type and Form: Type III; Form 2
  - 2. Pattern: E
- C. Color: As Selected by Architect from Manufacturer's whole range.
- D. Light Reflectance (LR): Not less than 0.85

E. Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC): Not less than 42

F. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): Not less than 0.70

G. Edge/Joint Detail: Lay-in

H. Thickness: 3/4 inch

I. Modular Size: 24 x 48

J. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard broad spectrum, antimicrobial formulation that inhibits fungus, mold, mildew, and gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria and showing no mold, mildew, or bacterial growth when tested according to ASTM D3273, ASTM D3274, or ASTM G21 and evaluated according to ASTM D3274 or ASTM G21.

## 2.4 ACOUSTICAL TILES (ACT-2)

A. Basis of Design: Armstrong Ceiling & Wall Solutions, Dune Second Look II; 2712.

B. Classification: Provide tiles as follows:

1. Type and Form: Type III; Form 2

2. Pattern: CEK

C. Color: White

D. Light Reflectance (LR): Not less than 0.81

E. Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC): Not less than 35

F. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): Not less than 0.50

G. Edge/Joint Detail: Angled Tegular

H. Thickness: 15/16 inch

I. Modular Size: 24 x 48 with scoring creating 24-inch x 24-in squares.

J. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard broad spectrum, antimicrobial formulation that inhibits fungus, mold, mildew, and gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria and showing no mold, mildew, or bacterial growth when tested according to ASTM D3273, ASTM D3274, or ASTM G21 and evaluated according to ASTM D3274 or ASTM G21.

# 2.5 ACOUSTICAL TILES (ACT-3)

A. Basis of Design: Armstrong Ceiling & Wall Solutions, Ultima Health Zone, High NRC; 1448.

B. Classification: Provide tiles as follows:

1. Type and Form: Type IV; Form 2

2. Pattern: E

C. Color: White

D. Light Reflectance (LR): Not less than 0.86

E. Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC): Not less than 35

F. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC): Not less than 0.80

G. Edge/Joint Detail: Square Lay-in

H. Thickness: 7/8 inch

I. Modular Size: 24 x 48

J. Antimicrobial Treatment: Manufacturer's standard broad spectrum, antimicrobial formulation that inhibits fungus, mold, mildew, and gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria and showing

no mold, mildew, or bacterial growth when tested according to ASTM D3273, ASTM D3274, or ASTM G21 and evaluated according to ASTM D3274 or ASTM G21.

K. Scrubbable and Disinfectable.

### 2.6 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM

- A. Metal Suspension-System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard, direct-hung, metal suspension system and accessories according to ASTM C635/C635M and designated by type, structural classification, and finish indicated.
- B. Wide-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet; prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized, G30 coating designation; with prefinished 15/16-inch-wide metal caps on flanges.
  - 1. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty system.
  - 2. End Condition of Cross Runners: Butt-edge type.
  - 3. Face Design: Flat, flush.
  - 4. Cap Material: Cold-rolled steel.
  - 5. Cap Finish: Painted white.

## 2.7 ACCESSORIES

- A. Attachment Devices: Size for five times the design load indicated in ASTM C635/C635M, Table 1, "Direct Hung," unless otherwise indicated.
  - Anchors in Concrete: Anchors of type and material indicated below, with holes or loops for attaching hangers of type indicated and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to five times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing according to ASTM E488/E488M or ASTM E1512 as applicable, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.

a. Corrosion Protection: Carbon-steel components zinc plated according to ASTM B633, Class SC 1 (mild) service condition.

- b. Corrosion Protection: Stainless-steel components complying with ASTM F593 and ASTM F594, Group 1 Alloy 304 or 316.
- 2. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing according to ASTM E1190, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
- B. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires as follows:
  - 1. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A641/A641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
  - 2. Stainless-Steel Wire: ASTM A580/A580M, Type 304, nonmagnetic.
  - 3. Size: Wire diameter sufficient for its stress at three times hanger design load (ASTM C635/C635M, Table 1, "Direct Hung") will be less than yield stress of wire, but not less than 0.106-inch- diameter wire.
- C. Hanger Rods: Mild steel, zinc coated or protected with rust-inhibitive paint.
- D. Flat Hangers: Mild steel, zinc coated or protected with rust-inhibitive paint.
- E. Angle Hangers: Angles with legs not less than 7/8 inch wide; formed with 0.04-inch-thick, galvanized-steel sheet complying with ASTM A653/A653M, G90 coating designation; with bolted connections and 5/16-inch-diameter bolts.
- F. Hold-Down Clips: Manufacturer's standard hold-down

# 2.8 METAL EDGE MOLDINGS AND TRIM

A. Roll-Formed, Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Type and profile indicated or, if not indicated, manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations complying with

seismic design requirements; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for of suspension-system runners.

1. Finish: Painted white.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, including structural framing and substrates to which acoustical tile ceilings attach or abut, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections that affect ceiling installation and anchorage and for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine acoustical tiles before installation. Reject acoustical tiles that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical tiles to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width tiles at borders unless otherwise indicated and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.
- B. Layout openings for penetrations centered on the penetrating items.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION OF SUSPENDED ACOUSTICAL TILE CEILINGS

A. Install suspended acoustical tile ceilings according to ASTM C636/C636M and manufacturer's written instructions.

- B. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
  - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
  - 2. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
  - 3. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension-system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
  - 4. Secure wire hangers to ceiling suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly to structure or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for substrate and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
  - 5. Secure flat, angle, channel, and rod hangers to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure and appropriate for both the structure to which hangers are attached and the type of hanger involved. Install hangers in a manner that will not cause them to deteriorate or fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
  - 6. Do not support ceilings directly from permanent metal forms or floor deck. Fasten hangers to cast-in-place hanger inserts, postinstalled mechanical or adhesive anchors, or power-actuated fasteners that extend through forms into concrete.
  - 7. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
  - 8. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
  - 9. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
  - 10. Space hangers not more than 48 inches o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches from ends of each member.
  - 11. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards.
- C. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical tiles.

1. Apply acoustical sealant in a continuous ribbon concealed on back of vertical legs of moldings before they are installed.

- 2. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches o.c. and not more than 3 inches from ends. Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
- D. Install suspension-system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
- E. Arrange directionally patterned acoustical as indicated on reflected ceiling plans.
- F. Install acoustical tiles in coordination with suspension system and exposed moldings and trim. Place splines or suspension-system flanges into kerfed edges of tiles so tile-to-tile joints are interlocked.
  - 1. Fit adjoining tiles to form flush, tight joints. Scribe and cut tiles for accurate fit at borders and around penetrations through ceiling.
  - 2. Hold tile field in compression by inserting leaf-type, spring-steel spacers between tiles and moldings, spaced 12 inches o.c.

#### 3.4 ERECTION TOLERANCES

- A. Suspended Ceilings: Install main and cross runners level to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet, non-cumulative.
- B. Moldings and Trim: Install moldings and trim to substrate and level with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet, non-cumulative.

### 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical tile ceilings, including trim and edge moldings. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage.
- B. Remove and replace tiles and other ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

END OF SECTION 095123

#### **SECTION 096513**

## **RESILIENT BASE AND STAIR ACCESSORIES**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Vinyl base
  - 2. Rubber stair treads, landings tile, and accessories

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified, not less than 12 inches long.

## 1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Furnish not less than 10 linear feet for every 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, of each type, color, pattern, and size of resilient product installed.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F or more than 90 deg F.

#### 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 95 deg F, in spaces to receive resilient products during the following periods:
  - 1. 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. After installation and until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.
- C. Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 VINYL BASE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
  - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.

### 096513-2

- 2. Johnsonite; a Tarkett company.
- 3. Roppe Corporation.
- B. Product Standard: ASTM F1861, Type TV (vinyl, thermoplastic).
  - 1. Style: Style B, Cove.
- C. Minimum Thickness: 0.125 inch
- D. Height: 4 inches
- E. Lengths: Cut lengths 48 inches
- F. Outside Corners: Preformed
- G. Inside Corners: Preformed
- H. Colors and Patterns: As selected by Architect from Manufacturer's whole range.

# 2.2 RUBBER STAIR ACCESSORIES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
  - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Johnsonite; a Tarkett company.
  - 3. R.C.A. Rubber; SRP Industries.
  - 4. Roppe Corporation.
- B. Stair Treads: ASTM F2169.
  - 1. Type: TS (rubber, vulcanized thermoset).

- 2. Class: 2 (pattern; embossed, grooved, or ribbed).
- 3. Group: 2 (with contrasting color for the visually impaired).
- 4. Nosing Style: Square.
- 5. Nosing Height: 2 inches.
- 6. Thickness: 1/4 inch and tapered to back edge.
- 7. Size: Lengths and depths to fit each stair tread in one piece.
- C. Landing Tile: Matching treads; produced by same manufacturer as treads and recommended by manufacturer for installation with treads.
  - 1. Size: 24 x 24 inch.
- D. Colors and Patterns: As determined by Architect from Manufacturer's whole range.

## 2.3 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland-cement-based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by resilient-product manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by resilient-product manufacturer for resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.
- C. Stair-Tread Nose Filler: Two-part epoxy compound recommended by resilient stair-tread manufacturer to fill nosing substrates that do not conform to tread contours.
- D. Floor Polish: Provide protective, liquid floor-polish products recommended by resilient stair-tread manufacturer.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

- 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Installation of resilient products indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Concrete Substrates for Resilient Stair Accessories: Prepare horizontal surfaces according to ASTM F710.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
  - 2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
  - 3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrate alkalinity falls within range on pH scale recommended by manufacturer in writing, but not less than 5 or more than 9 pH.
  - 4. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 200 sq. ft. and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.

a. Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test: ASTM F1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb. of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.

- b. Relative Humidity Test: Using in-situ probes, ASTM F2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
- C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound; remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- D. Do not install resilient products until materials are the same temperature as space where they are to be installed.
  - 1. At least 48 hours in advance of installation, move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed.
- E. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products.

# 3.3 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient base.
- B. Apply resilient base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.
- C. Install resilient base in lengths as long as practical without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.
- D. Tightly adhere resilient base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.
- E. Do not stretch resilient base during installation.
- F. On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.

G. Preformed Corners: Install preformed corners before installing straight pieces.

## 3.4 RESILIENT ACCESSORY INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient accessories.
- B. Resilient Stair Accessories:
  - 1. Use stair-tread-nose filler to fill nosing substrates that do not conform to tread contours.
  - 2. Tightly adhere to substrates throughout length of each piece.
  - 3. For treads installed as separate, equal-length units, install to produce a flush joint between units.

## 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting resilient products.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient-product installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep and vacuum horizontal surfaces thoroughly.
  - 3. Damp-mop horizontal surfaces to remove marks and soil.
- C. Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
- D. Floor Polish: Remove soil, adhesive, and blemishes from resilient stair treads before applying liquid floor polish.
- E. Cover resilient products subject to wear and foot traffic until Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 096513

#### **SECTION 096516**

## **RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Vinyl sheet flooring and backing.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each type of resilient sheet flooring.
  - 1. Include sheet flooring layouts, locations of seams, edges, columns, doorways, enclosing partitions, built-in furniture, cabinets, and cutouts.
  - 2. Show details of special patterns.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color, texture, and pattern specified, in manufacturer's standard size, but not less than 6-by-9-inch sections.

## 096516-1

1. For heat-welding bead, manufacturer's standard-size Samples, but not less than 9 inches long, of each color required.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For each type of resilient sheet flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - Resilient Sheet Flooring: Furnish not less than 10 linear feet for every 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, in roll form and in full roll width for each type, color, and pattern of flooring installed.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are competent in techniques required by manufacturer for resilient sheet flooring installation and seaming method indicated.
  - 1. Engage an installer who employs workers for this Project who are trained or certified by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer for installation techniques required.

### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient sheet flooring and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F or more than 90 deg F. Store rolls upright.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 85 deg F, in spaces to receive resilient sheet flooring during the following periods:

- 1. 48 hours before installation.
- 2. During installation.
- 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. After installation and until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.
- C. Close spaces to traffic during resilient sheet flooring installation.
- D. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after resilient sheet flooring installation.
- E. Install resilient sheet flooring after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

### 1.9 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturers 20-year commercial warranty from the date of substantial completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For resilient sheet flooring, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E648 or NFPA 253 by a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. Critical Radiant Flux Classification: Class I, not less than 0.45 W/sq. cm.

- B. Flexibility (ASTM F137): Passes
- C. Chemical Resistance (ASTM F925): Passes
- D. State Load Limit (ASTM F970): Passes 250 psi
- E. Resistance to Heat (ASTM F1514):  $\Delta E \leq 8$
- F. Resistance to Light (ASTM F1515):  $\Delta E \leq 8$
- G. Residual Indentation (ASTM F1914): Passes
- H. Static Coefficient of Friction (ASTM D2047): ≥ 0.5 SCOF
- I. Flammability (ASTM E648, Critical Radiant Flux): Class 1 (≥ 0.45 W/cm²)
- J. Limited Commercial Warranty: 10-years from date of substantial completion.

### 2.2 HOMOGENEOUS VINYL SHEET FLOORING

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
  - 1. Armstrong Flooring, Inc.
  - 2. Roppe Corporation.
  - 3. Tarkett Company.
  - 4. Basis of Design: Tarkett, iQ Optima
- B. Product Standard: ASTM F1913.
- C. Thickness: 0.080 inch.
- D. Wearing Surface: Smooth.

096516-4

- E. Sheet Width: 6.5 feet.
- F. Seamless-Installation Method: Heat welded.
- G. Colors and Patterns: As selected by Architect from Manufacturer's full range.

### 2.3 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland-cement-based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by flooring and adhesive manufacturers to suit resilient sheet flooring and substrate conditions indicated.
- C. Seamless-Installation Accessories:
  - 1. Heat-Welding Bead: Manufacturer's solid-strand product for heat welding seams.
    - a. Colors: Match flooring.
- D. Floor Polish: Provide protective, liquid floor-polish products recommended by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient sheet flooring.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to resilient sheet flooring manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F710.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
  - 2. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
  - 3. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by resilient sheet flooring manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrate alkalinity falls within range on pH scale recommended by manufacturer in writing, but not less than 5 or more than 9 pH.
  - 4. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 200 sq. ft. and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
    - a. Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test: ASTM F1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
    - b. Relative Humidity Test: Using in-situ probes, ASTM F2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
- C. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound; remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.

D. Do not install resilient sheet flooring until materials are the same temperature as space where they are to be installed.

- 1. At least 48 hours in advance of installation, move flooring and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed.
- E. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient sheet flooring.

#### 3.3 RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Unroll resilient sheet flooring and allow it to stabilize before cutting and fitting.
- C. Lay out resilient sheet flooring as follows:
  - 1. Maintain uniformity of flooring direction.
  - 2. Minimize number of seams; place seams in inconspicuous and low-traffic areas, at least 6 inches away from parallel joints in flooring substrates.
  - 3. Match edges of flooring for color shading at seams.
  - 4. Avoid cross seams.
- D. Scribe and cut resilient sheet flooring to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures including built-in furniture, cabinets, pipes, outlets, and door frames.
- E. Extend resilient sheet flooring into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings.
- F. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating on resilient sheet flooring as marked on substrates. Use chalk or other nonpermanent marking device.

G. Adhere resilient sheet flooring to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.

### H. Seamless Installation:

1. Heat-Welded Seams: Comply with ASTM F1516. Rout joints and heat weld with welding bead to fuse sections permanently into a seamless flooring installation. Prepare, weld, and finish seams to produce surfaces flush with adjoining flooring surfaces.

### 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting resilient sheet flooring.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient sheet flooring installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
  - 3. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.
- C. Protect resilient sheet flooring from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.
- D. Floor Polish: Remove soil, adhesive, and blemishes from flooring surfaces before applying liquid floor polish.
- E. Cover resilient sheet flooring until Substantial Completion.

**END OF SECTION 096516** 

#### **SECTION 096723**

## **RESINOUS FLOORING**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Epoxy flooring.
  - 2. Integral cove base accessories.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include manufacturer's technical data, installation instructions, and recommendations for each resinous flooring component required.
- B. Samples: For each resinous floor system required and for each color and texture specified, 6 inches square in size, applied to a rigid backing by Installer for this Project.

## 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For resinous flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

### 096723-1

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.

1. Engage an installer who is certified in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer as qualified to apply resinous flooring systems indicated.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials in original packages and containers, with seals unbroken, bearing manufacturer's labels indicating brand name and directions for storage and mixing with other components.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature, moisture, ventilation, and other conditions affecting resinous flooring installation.
- B. Lighting: Provide permanent lighting or, if permanent lighting is not in place, simulate permanent lighting conditions during resinous flooring installation.
- C. Close spaces to traffic during resinous flooring installation and for 24 hours after installation unless manufacturer recommends a longer period.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Flammability: Self-extinguishing in accordance with ASTM D635.

B. Resinous Flooring System: Abrasion-, impact-, and chemical-resistant, aggregate-filled, resinbased monolithic floor surfacing designed to produce a seamless floor and integral cove base.

## 2.2 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain primary resinous flooring materials, including primers, resins, hardening agents, grouting coats, and topcoats, from single source from single manufacturer. Obtain secondary materials, including patching and fill material, joint sealant, and repair materials, of type and from manufacturer recommended in writing by manufacturer of primary materials.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
  - 1. Dur-A-Flex, Inc.
  - 2. Sherwin-Williams High Performance Flooring.
  - 3. Stonhard, Inc.

## 2.3 EPOXY FLOORING (EFC-1)

- A. Basis of Design: Dur-A-Flex, Dur-A-Quartz
- B. System Characteristics:
  - 1. Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range with Dur-A-Grit.
  - 2. Wearing Surface: Textured for slip resistance.
  - 3. Overall System Thickness: 1/8-inch nominal when dry.
- C. System Physical Properties: Provide resinous flooring system with the following minimum physical property requirements when tested in accordance with test methods indicated:
  - 1. Compressive Strength: 17,500 psi minimum in accordance with ASTM D695.

- 2. Tensile Strength: 2,600 psi minimum in accordance with ASTM C307.
- 3. Flexural Modulus of Elasticity: 6.2 x 10<sup>5</sup> minimum in accordance with ASTM D790.
- 4. Water Absorption: 0.04 percent maximum in accordance with ASTM D570.
- 5. Indentation: 0.025 percent maximum in accordance with MIL-D-3134J.
- 6. Impact Resistance: No chipping, cracking, or delamination and not more than 1/16-inch permanent indentation in accordance with MIL-D-3134J.
- 7. Resistance to Elevated Temperature: No slip or flow of more than 1/16 inch in accordance with MIL-D-3134J.
- 8. Abrasion Resistance: 10mg maximum weight loss in accordance with ASTM D4060.
- 9. Hardness: 75-80 Shore D in accordance with ASTM D2240.
- 10. Critical Radiant Flux: Class I in accordance with ASTM E648.
- D. Primer: Type recommended in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer for substrate and resinous flooring system indicated.
  - 1. Basis of Design: Dur-A-Flex Dur-A-Glaze WB.
    - a. Percent Solids: 56%
    - b. VOC: 2 g/L
    - c. Bond Strength to Concrete, ASTM D4541: 550 psi, substrate fails
    - d. Hardness, ASTM D3363: 3H
    - e. Elongation, ASTM D2370: 9%
    - f. Flexibility (1/4: Cylindrical mandrel), ASTM D522: Pass
    - g. Impact Resistance, MIL D-2794: >160
    - h. Abrasion Resistance, ASTM D4060; CS 17-wheel, 1,000 g load: 30 mg loss
- E. Broadcast Coat, Grout Coat, and any Intermediate Coats
  - 1. Basis of Design: Dur-A-Flex, Dur-A-Glaze #4:

- a. Percent Solids: 100%
- b. VOC: 3.8 g/L
- c. Compressive Strength, ASTM D695: 11,200 psi
- d. Tensile Strength, ASTM D638: 2,100 psi
- e. Flexural Strength, ASTM D790: 5,100 psi
- f. Abrasion Resistance, ASTM D4060; CS 17-wheel, 1,000 g load, 1,000 cycles: 29 mg loss.
- g. Flame Spread/NFPA 101, ASTM E84: Class A
- h. Impact Resistance, MIL D-24613: 0.0007 inches, no cracking or delamination
- i. Water Absorption, MIL D-24613: Nil
- j. Potlife @ 70 degrees F: 20 minutes
- k. Aggregate:
  - 1) Type Q28 Dur-A-Quartz by Dur-A-Flex
  - 2) Application method: Double Broadcast

## F. Topcoat

- 1. Basis of Design: Dur-A-Flex, Armor Top:
  - a. Percent Solids: 95%
  - b. VOC: 0 g/L
  - c. Tensile Strength, ASTM D2370: 7,000 psi
  - d. Adhesion, ASTM 4541: Substrate Failure
  - e. Hardness, ASTM D3363: 4H
  - f. 60-degree Gloss, ASTMD523: 70
  - g. Abrasion Resistance, ASTM D4060; CS 17-wheel, 1,000 g load, 1,000 cycles:
    - 1) Sheen: Satin

- 2) 4 8 mg loss with grit
- 3) 10 12 mg loss w/o grit
- h. Pot Life, 70 degrees F, 50% RH: 2 hours
- i. Full Chemical Resistance: 7 days

## 2.4 FLOOR ACCENT STRIPING (EFC-2)

- A. Basis of Design: Dur-A-Gard, Epoxy-Based Seamless Flooring System
- B. Locations: In Apparatus Bay as indicated on Drawings.
- C. System Physical Properties:
  - 1. Hardness (Shore D), ASTM D-2240, 70-80
  - 2. Compressive Strength ASTM D-695, 16,000 psi; ASTM C-579, 10,500 psi
  - 3. Tensile Strength ASTM D-638, 3,000 psi; ASTM C-307, 1,950 psi
  - 4. Tensile Elongation, ASTM D-638, 7.50%
  - 5. Flexural Strength ASTM D-790, 4,000 psi; ASTM C-580, 2,900 psi
  - 6. Flexural Modulus of Elasticity, ASTM D-790, 5.5 x 10<sup>5</sup>
  - 7. Linear Expansion, ASTM D-696, 2 x 10<sup>-5</sup>
  - 8. Bond Strength to Concrete, ASTM D-4541, 400 psi substrate fails
  - 9. Indentation, MIL D-3134, .025 MAX
  - 10. Impact Resistance, MIL D-3134, Pass
  - 11. Water Absorption, ASTM D-570, 0.04%
  - 12. Heat Resistance Limitation, 140°F 200°F
  - 13. Flammability, ASTM D-635, Self-Extinguishing
  - 14. Flame Spread/NFPA 101, ASTM E-84, Class A

15. Abrasion Resistance - ASTM D-4060, 35 mg loss (without Urethane Topcoat); CS-17 Wheel 1000 GM Load 1000 Cycles, 4 mg loss (with Armor Top Gloss)

- 16. Static Coefficient of Friction\*, ANSI B101.1, >0.6
- 17. Dynamic Coefficient of Friction Wet\*, ANSI A326.3, >0.42
- 18. VOC Content Regular, Fast, Crete Gard = 4 g/L; Dur-A-Gard OPF = 59 g/L
- D. System Materials:
  - 1. Primer: Dur-A-Flex, Inc., Dur-A-Glaze #4 WB resin and hardener
    - a. Percent Solids: 56%
    - b. Bond Strength to Concrete ASTM D 4541: 550 psi, substrate fails
    - c. Hardness, ASTM D 3363: 3H
    - d. Impact Resistance, MIL D-2794: >160
  - 2. Base Coat: Dur-A-Flex, Inc., Dur-A-Gard resin and hardener
    - a. Percent Solids: 100%
    - b. Compressive Strength, ASTM D 695: 16,000 psi
    - c. Tensile Strength, ASTM D 638: 3,800 psi
    - d. Flexural Strength, ASTM D 790: 4,000 psi
    - e. Abrasion Resistance, ASTM D 4060, C-10 Wheel, 1,000 gm load, 1,000 cycles: 35 mg loss
      - 1) Backroll aluminum oxide to provide slip resistance of 0.8 (orange peel)
    - f. Impact Resistance MIL D-3134: 0.025-inch Max
    - g. Water Absorption MIL D-3134: 0.04%
  - 3. Topcoat: Dur-A-Flex, Inc., Armor Top resin, hardener and grit.

a. See above under 2.3 for Product Requirements.

### E. Patch Materials

- 1. Shallow Fill and Patching: Use Dur-A-Flex, Inc., Dur-A-Glaze Rapid-Patch
- 2. Deep Fill and Sloping Material (over 1/4 inch): Use Dur-A-Flex, Inc., Dur-A-Crete.
- F. Accent Striping Width: 6 inch or as indicated on the Drawings.
  - 1. Color: Bright Yellow

### 2.5 EPOXY FLOORING (EFC-3)

- A. Basis of Design: Dur-A-Flex, Hybri-Flex EC
- B. System Characteristics:
  - 1. Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 2. Wearing Surface: Textured for slip resistance.
  - 3. Overall System Thickness: 3/16-inch nominal when dry.
  - 4. System Materials:
    - a. Topping: Dur-A-Flex, Inc, Poly-Crete SL resin, hardener and SL aggregate.
    - b. The broadcast aggregate shall be Dur-A-Flex, Inc. Macro or Micro chip.
    - c. Broadcast: Dur-A-Flex, Inc. Dur-A-Glaze #4, epoxy based two-component resin.
    - d. Seal coats: Dur-A-Flex, Inc Dur-A-Glaze #4, epoxy-based, two-component resin.
    - e. Topcoat: Dur-A-Flex, Inc. Armor Top aliphatic urethane 2 component resin with grit.
- C. System Physical Properties: Provide resinous flooring system with the following minimum physical property requirements when tested in accordance with test methods indicated:

1. Compressive Strength: 16,000 psi minimum in accordance with ASTM D695.

- 2. Tensile Strength: 3,700 psi minimum in accordance with ASTM D638.
- 3. Water Absorption: 0.04 percent maximum in accordance with ASTM D570.
- 4. Indentation: 0.050 percent maximum in accordance with MIL-D-3134J.
- 5. Impact Resistance: No chipping, cracking, or delamination and not more than 1/16-inch permanent indentation in accordance with MIL-D-3134J.
- 6. Resistance to Elevated Temperature: No slip or flow of more than 1/16 inch in accordance with MIL-D-3134J.
- 7. Hardness: 75-80 Shore D in accordance with ASTM D2240.
- 8. Critical Radiant Flux: Class II in accordance with ASTM E648.
- D. Primer: Type recommended in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer for substrate and resinous flooring system indicated.
  - 1. Basis of Design: Dur-A-Flex Dur-A-Glaze WB.
    - a. Percent Solids: 56%
    - b. VOC: 2 g/L
    - c. Bond Strength to Concrete, ASTM D4541: 550 psi, substrate fails
    - d. Hardness, ASTM D3363: 3H
    - e. Elongation, ASTM D2370: 9%
    - f. Flexibility (1/4: Cylindrical mandrel), ASTM D522: Pass
    - g. Impact Resistance, MIL D-2794: >160
    - h. Abrasion Resistance, ASTM D4060; CS 17-wheel, 1,000 g load: 30 mg loss
- E. Broadcast Coat, Grout Coat, and any Intermediate Coats
  - 1. Basis of Design: Dur-A-Flex, Dur-A-Glaze #4:
    - a. Percent Solids: 100%

- b. VOC: 3.8 g/L
- c. Compressive Strength, ASTM D695: 11,200 psi
- d. Tensile Strength, ASTM D638: 2,100 psi
- e. Flexural Strength, ASTM D790: 5,100 psi
- f. Abrasion Resistance, ASTM D4060; CS 17-wheel, 1,000 g load, 1,000 cycles: 29 mg loss
- g. Flame Spread/NFPA 101, ASTM E84: Class A
- h. Impact Resistance, MIL D-24613: 0.0007 inches, no cracking or delamination
- i. Water Absorption, MIL D-24613: Nil
- j. Potlife @ 70 degrees F: 20 minutes

### F. Topcoat

- 1. Basis of Design: Dur-A-Flex, Armor Top:
  - a. Percent Solids: 95%
  - b. VOC: 0 g/L
  - c. Tensile Strength, ASTM D2370: 7,000 psi
  - d. Adhesion, ASTM 4541: Substrate Failure
  - e. Hardness, ASTM D3363: 4H
  - f. 60-degree Gloss, ASTMD523: 70
  - g. Abrasion Resistance, ASTM D4060; CS 17-wheel, 1,000 g load, 1,000 cycles:
    - 1) Sheen: Semi-Gloss
    - 2) 4 8 mg loss with grit
    - 3) 10 12 mg loss w/o grit
  - h. Pot Life, 70 degrees F, 50% RH: 2 hours
  - i. Full Chemical Resistance: 7 days

### 2.6 ACCESSORIES

### A. Transitions:

- 1. Manufacturer: Schluter Systems; Schiene Stainless Steel Trim (Basis of Design).
- 2. Locations: At room-to-room transitions of different fluid-applied finishes.
- B. Subfloor Filler for Shallow Fill and Patching: Thixotropic thermosetting epoxy; type recommended by flooring material manufacturer.
- C. Subfloor Filler for Deep Fill and Sloping Material (over 1/4 inch): Heavy-duty, trowel-applied, 100% solids epoxy resin; type recommended by flooring material manufacturer.
- D. Primers and Adhesives: Waterproof; types recommended by flooring manufacturer.

#### 2.7 INTEGRAL COVE BASE ACCESSORIES

- A. Integral Cove Base: Impact-resistant, polymer-resin, cove base moldings with a grit profile to promote adhesion of resinous flooring and recommended in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer.
  - 1. Radius Cove Base: 8-inch high base molding that provides minimum 1/2-inch radius cove at floor-to-wall joint; for adhesive installation as substrate for resinous flooring system to form an integral cove base.
- B. Installation Adhesive: As recommended in writing by accessory manufacturer.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

B. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resinous flooring systems.

- C. Ensure substrates are clean, dry, level, and structurally sound, with no projections from surfaces.
- D. Ensure substrates free from irregularities greater than 1/8 inch.
- E. Verify that subfloor surfaces are smooth and flat within the tolerances specified for that type of work and are ready to receive flooring.
- F. Verify that wall surfaces are smooth and flat within the tolerances specified for that type of work, are dust-free, and are ready to receive flooring.
- G. Verify that subfloor surfaces are dust-free and free of substances that could impair bonding of materials to subfloor surfaces.
- H. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare and clean substrates in accordance with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate indicated to ensure adhesion.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Provide sound concrete surfaces free of laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, form-release agents, dust, dirt, grease, oil, and other contaminants incompatible with resinous flooring.
  - 1. Roughen concrete substrates as follows:
    - a. Shot-blast surfaces with an apparatus that abrades the concrete surface, contains the dispensed shot within the apparatus, and recirculates the shot by vacuum pickup. Profile concrete according to International Concrete Repair Institute Guideline 03732, having a minimum profile of CSP 4-5.

2. Repair damaged and deteriorated concrete in accordance with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.

- 3. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 200 sq. ft. and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
  - a. Relative Humidity Test: Using in-situ probes, ASTM F2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement. Provide test results for ASTM F2170 including a location plan of all probe locations, probe identification numbers and individual test results.
    - 1) Calcium chloride testing for RH will not be accepted.
- 4. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrate alkalinity is not less than 6 or more than 8 pH unless otherwise recommended in writing by flooring manufacturer,
- C. Mechanically abrade floor areas inaccessible to the mobile blast machines to the same degree of cleanliness, soundness and profile using diamond grinders, needle guns, bush hammers, scarifiers, rotary impact tools, or other suitable equipment.
- D. Remove subfloor ridges and bumps. Fill low spots, cracks, joints, holes, and other defects with subfloor filler.
- E. Apply, trowel, and float filler to achieve smooth, flat, hard surface. Grind irregularities above the surface level. Prohibit traffic until filler is cured.
- F. Filling of bug holes and surface defects: Pre-detail concrete surface with 100% solids epoxy mortar as manufactured by the floor system Manufacturer
- G. Patching and Filling: Use patching and fill material to fill holes and depressions in substrates in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Control Joint Treatment: Treat control joints and other nonmoving substrate cracks to prevent cracks from reflecting through resinous flooring in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

H. Resinous Materials: Mix components and prepare materials in accordance with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Apply components of resinous flooring system in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions to produce a uniform, monolithic wearing surface of thickness specified.
  - 1. Coordinate installation of components to provide optimum adhesion of resinous flooring system to substrate, and optimum intercoat adhesion.
  - 2. Cure resinous flooring components in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions. Prevent contamination during installation and curing processes.
  - 3. Expansion and Isolation Joint Treatment: At substrate expansion and isolation joints, comply with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Primer: Apply primer over prepared substrate at spreading rate recommended in writing by manufacturer.
- C. Terminate flooring finish so that the thresholds will cover the termination.
- D. Cut key slots a minimum of 1/2 inch by 1/2 inch wherever a free edge will occur, including but not limited to all drains, other fittings set into the floor surface, across all termination lines not covered by thresholds, transitions to other floor systems, doorways, wall perimeters, expansion joints, columns, and equipment pads. Cut key slot at all Apparatus Bay doors lined up with bottom door seal at interior side.
- E. Chisel or chip-out and repair cracks and joints (non-moving) greater than 1/2 inch wide in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- F. Apply primer by using a flat squeegee and back-roll with a 3/8" nap roller cover.
- G. Power sand floor to remove any high spots and re-prime.
- H. Mix, handle, and add components in a safe manner to achieve the desired results in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

- I. Apply each coat to minimum thickness required by manufacturer.
- J. Follow the contour of the substrate unless pitching or other leveling work in indicated otherwise in the contract documents.
- K. Finish to smooth level surface. Provide a neat finish with well-defined boundaries and straight edges.
- L. Install flooring in recessed type floor access covers.
- M. Fillet and cove at vertical surfaces.
- N. Field-Formed Integral Cove Base: Apply cove base mix to wall surfaces before applying flooring coats. Apply in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and details, including those for taping, mixing, priming, troweling, sanding, and topcoating of cove base. Round internal and external corners.
  - 1. Integral Cove Base: As indicated on Drawings.
- O. Grout Coat: Apply grout coat to fill voids in surface of final body coat.
- P. Topcoats: Apply topcoats in number indicated for flooring system specified, at spreading rates recommended in writing by manufacturer, and to produce wearing surface specified.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION - EPOXY BROADCAST AGGREGATE TYPE FLOORING

- A. Apply basecoat after prime coat has sufficiently cured, as outlined by manufacturer. The base coat shall be mixed with color additive and sufficiently blended to ensure a thoroughly homogenized material. Do not introduce air bubbles or other contaminants during mixing. Apply mixed material at the rate of 80 square feet per gallon to a thickness of approximately 20 mils.
- B. First Broadcast broadcast quartz aggregate evenly to saturation.

- C. For Areas Designated as Double Broadcast
  - 1. Intermediate Coat: Intermediate coat shall be as base coat, resin to be water clear.
  - 2. Second Broadcast: Broadcast colored quartz aggregate evenly to saturation.
  - 3. Topcoat: Topcoat shall be applied at a rate of approximately 100 square feet per gallon using a high quality 3/8" nap roller to give a uniform thickness and even appearance. (Standard textured finish.)
  - 4. Total base coat plus aggregate plus lock coat shall total approximately 125 mils (min. 120 mils).

### 3.5 INSTALLATION - URETHANE TYPE FLOORING

- A. The system shall be applied in two distinct steps as listed below:
  - 1. Substrate preparation
  - 2. Topping application
- B. Wherever a free edge will occur, including doorways, wall perimeters, expansion joints, columns and equipment pads, a 1/4-inch by 1/4-inch keyway shall be cut in. At edges such as doorways, drains and transitions to other floor systems a 1/2-inch by 1/2-inch keyway shall be cut in.
- C. Cracks and joints (non-moving) greater than 1/2-inch wide are to be chiseled or chipped-out and repaired per manufacturer's recommendations.
- D. Immediately prior to the application of any component of the system, the surface shall be dry and any remaining dust or loose particles shall be removed using a vacuum or clean, dry, oil-free compressed air.
- E. The handling, mixing and addition of components shall be performed in a safe manner to achieve the desired results in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations.
- F. The system shall follow the contour of the substrate unless pitching or other leveling work has been specified by the Architect.

G. A neat finish with well-defined boundaries and straight edges shall be provided by the Applicator.

## H. Topping

- 1. The topping shall be a trowel applied as specified. The topping shall be applied in one lift with a nominal thickness of 1/4 inch.
- 2. The topping shall be comprised of three components, a resin, hardener and filler as supplied by the Manufacturer.
- 3. The hardener shall be added to the resin and thoroughly dispersed by suitably approved mechanical means. HF Aggregate shall then be added to the catalyzed mixture and mixed in a manner to achieve a homogenous blend.
- 4. The topping shall be applied over horizontal surfaces using a screed box, trowels or other systems approved by the Manufacturer.
- I. Install cove base of the same material, to a height as indicated on the drawing(s). Cove at a minimum radius of 1/2" for locations only as designated on the drawing(s).

# 3.6 CLEANING

- A. Remove masking. Perform detail cleaning at floor termination, to leave cleanable surface for subsequent work of other sections.
- B. Clean up all debris and dirt resulting from work.

## 3.7 PROTECTION

A. Protect resinous flooring from damage and wear during the remainder of construction period. Use protective methods and materials, including temporary covering, recommended in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer.

**END OF SECTION 096723** 

#### **SECTION 099000**

## PAINTING AND COATING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Primers.
  - 2. Finish coatings.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 042200 "Concrete Unit Masonry"
  - 2. Section 051200 "Structural Steel Framing" for shop priming structural steel.
  - 3. Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for shop priming metal fabrications.
  - 4. Section 055113 "Metal Pan Stairs" for shop priming metal pan stairs.
  - 5. Section 055213 "Pipe and Tube Railings" for shop priming pipe and tube railings.
  - 6. Section 092900 "Gypsum Board"

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.

- 1. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's standard color sheets, showing full range of available colors for each type of exposed finish.
- C. Samples for Verification: Sample for each type of stain system and in each color and gloss of stain required on representative samples of actual wood substrates.
  - 1. Size: 8 inches long.
  - 2. Apply coats on Samples in steps to show each coat required for system.
  - 3. Label each coat of each Sample.
  - 4. Label each Sample for location and application area.
- D. Product Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in the Interior Painting Schedule to cross-reference paint systems specified in this Section. Include color designations.

## 1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Paint Products: 5 percent, but not less than 1 unopened gal. of each material and color applied.
- B. Coating Maintenance Manual: Upon conclusion of the project, the Contractor or paint supplier/manufacturer shall furnish a coating maintenance manual, such as the Sherwin-Williams "Custodian Project Color and Product Information" report or equal. Manual shall include an Area Summary with finish schedule, Area Detail designating where each product/color/finish was used, product data pages, Material Safety Data Sheets, care and cleaning instructions, touch up procedures, and color samples of each color and finish used.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.

- 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system.
  - a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft.
  - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
- 2. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
  - a. If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.
- 3. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
- 4. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F.
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.

B. Do not apply paints when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures of less than 5 deg F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
  - 2. PPG Paints; PPG Industries, Inc.
  - 3. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each paint product from single source from single manufacturer.

# 2.2 PAINT PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Materials for use within each paint system shall be compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
  - 2. For each coat in a paint system, products shall be recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturers for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

### 2.3 PAINTING AND COATING PRODUCTS, APPLICATIONS

- A. Interior Painting
  - 1. Masonry Concrete Masonry Units:
    - a. Latex System:
      - 1) Block Filler: S-W Kem Cati-Coat HS Epoxy Filler/Sealer (10.0-20.0 mils DFT)
      - 2) Intermediate Coat: Matching topcoat.
      - 3) Topcoat: Interior, latex enamel, semigloss; S-W Macropoxy 646 Fast Cure Epoxy (5.0-10.0 mils DFT per coat).
  - 2. Drywall Walls, Ceilings, Gypsum Board and similar items
    - a. Latex Systems:
      - 1) Semi-Gloss Finish
        - a) Primer Coat: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Primer, B28W2600.
        - b) First Coat: Pro Industrial Pre-Catalyzed Water-Based Epoxy Semigloss, K46 Series.
        - c) Second Coat: Pro Industrial Pre-Catalyzed Water-Based Epoxy Semi-Gloss, K46 Series.
      - 2) Eg-Shel Finish
        - a) Primer Coat: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Primer, B28W2600.
        - b) First and Second Coats: Scuff Tuff Interior Waterbased Enamel.
      - 3) Ceiling and Soffit Flat Finish
        - a) Primer Coat: ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Primer, B28W2600.

099000-5

- b) First and Second Coats: Scuff Tuff Interior Waterbased Enamel.
- 3. Steel Shop primed doors, frames and similar items
  - a. Latex Systems:
    - 1) Semi-Glass Finish (Doors, Frames, Ductwork, Piping and Miscellaneous Metals):
      - a) Primer Coat: Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66-650 Series.
      - b) First Coat: Pro Industrial Acrylic Semi-Gloss, B66-650 Series.
      - c) Second Coat: Pro Industrial Acrylic Semi-Gloss, B66-650 Series.
    - 2) Gloss Finish (Handrails):
      - a) Primer Coat: Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66-310 Series.
      - b) First Coat: Pro Industrial Water-Based Catalyzed Epoxy Gloss, B73-300 Series.
      - c) Second Coat: Pro Industrial Water-Based Catalyzed Epoxy Gloss, B73-300 Series.
- B. Interior Staining
  - 1. Dressed lumber (finish carpentry or woodwork).
    - a. Stain Coat: Stain, semitransparent, for interior wood.
      - 1) Minwax pre-stained wood conditioner oil based.
    - b. Second Intermediate Coat:
      - 1) Minwax performance series tintable interior wood stain 250 VOC.

- c. Third and Fourth Coats: Varnish, interior, semi-gloss (MPI Gloss Level 5).
  - 1) Minwax fast drying polyurethane varnish.

## C. Exterior Painting

- 1. Ferrous and Non-Ferrous Metal.
  - a. Panel Coat: Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66-310 Series.
  - b. First and Second Coats: Pro Industrial Acrylic Semi-Gloss, B66-650 Series.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
  - 1. Concrete: 12 percent.
  - 2. Fiber-Cement Board: 12 percent.
  - 3. Masonry (Clay and CMUs): 12 percent.
  - 4. Wood: 15 percent.
  - 5. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
  - 6. Plaster: 12 percent.
- C. Gypsum Board Substrates: Verify that finishing compound is sanded smooth.

D. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility, with existing finishes and primers.

- E. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- D. Concrete Substrates: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces or mortar joints exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Shop-Primed Steel Substrates: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and areas where shop paint is abraded. Paint exposed areas with the same material as used for shop priming to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-primed surfaces.

099000-8

G. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.

#### H. Interior Wood Substrates:

- 1. Scrape and clean knots and apply coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
- 2. Apply wood filler paste to open-grain woods to produce smooth, glasslike finish.
- 3. Sand surfaces exposed to view and dust off.
- 4. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dry.

### 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
  - 3. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
  - 4. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
- B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.

D. Apply finishes to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.

- E. Painting Fire-Suppression, Plumbing, HVAC, Electrical, Communication, and Electronic Safety and Security Work:
  - 1. Paint the following work where exposed in occupied spaces:
    - a. Equipment, including panelboards.
    - b. Uninsulated metal piping.
    - c. Uninsulated plastic piping.
    - d. Pipe hangers and supports.
    - e. Metal conduit.
    - f. Plastic conduit.

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Dry-Film Thickness Testing: Owner may engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test paint for dry-film thickness.
  - 1. Contractor shall touch up and restore painted surfaces damaged by testing.
  - 2. If test results show that dry-film thickness of applied paint does not comply with paint manufacturer's written recommendations, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry-film thickness that complies with paint manufacturer's written recommendations.

## 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.

1. Do not clean equipment with free-draining water and prevent solvents, thinners, cleaners, and other contaminants from entering into waterways, sanitary and storm drain systems, and ground.

- 2. Dispose of contaminants in accordance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- 3. Allow empty paint cans to dry before disposal.
- 4. Collect waste paint by type and deliver to recycling or collection facility.
- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

**END OF SECTION 099000**