#### SECTION 000000 COVER



# CAPITAL PROJECT #1521 SPECIFICATIONS AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS ROCKLAND COUNTY SHERIFF'S OPERATIONS BUILDING

23 NEW HEMPSTEAD ROAD NEW CITY, NY 10956

# SPECIFICATIONS AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS September 03, 2024

Hon Edwin J. Day County Executive Robert H. Gruffi, P.E., LEED AP Director, Facilities Management



LAA Projtect No.: 2616-00

END OF SECTION 000000

000000 - 1 Cover



#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### DIVISION 00 - PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS

000000 Cover

000115 List of Drawing Sheets

#### **DIVISION 01 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

011000	~
011000	Summary

012000 Price and Payment Procedures

012100 ALLOWANCES

012200 Unit Prices

012300 Alternates

012500 Substitution Procedures

013000 Administrative Requirements

014000 Quality Requirements

014533 Code-Required Special Inspections and Procedures

015000 Temporary Facilities and Controls

016000 Product Requirements

017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements

017123 Field Engineering

017800 Closeout Submittals

017900 Demonstration and Training

**DIVISION 02 - EXISTING CONDITIONS** 

2616-00 Rockland County - Capital

Project -152 Sheriff-s Operations Building

TABLE OF CONTENTS

024100 Demolition

028213 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

028300 LEAD SAFE WORK PRACTICES

**DIVISION 03 - CONCRETE** 

033001 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

**DIVISION 04 - MASONRY** 

040100 Maintenance of Masonry

042000 Unit Masonry

**DIVISION 05 - METALS** 

051200 STRUCTURAL STEEL

051213 Architecturally-Exposed Structural Steel Framing

053100 FLUTED STEEL DECKS

055000 Metal Fabrications

055050 —ARCHITECTURAL METAL FABRICATIONS

055100 Metal Stairs

055133 Metal Ladders

055213 Pipe and Tube Railings

DIVISION 06 - WOOD, PLASTICS, AND COMPOSITES

061053 Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry

064100 Architectural Wood Casework

DIVISION 07 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

2616-00 Rockland County - Capital

Project -152 Sheriff-s Operations Building **TABLE OF CONTENTS** 

070150.19	Preparation for Re-Roofing		
071326	SELF-ADHERING SHEET WATERPROOFING		
071800	Traffic Coatings		
072100	Thermal Insulation		
072500	Weather Barriers		
074113	Metal Roof Panels		
074213	Metal Wall Panels		
074213.19	Insulated Metal Wall Panels		
075323	Elastomeric Membrane Roofing		
076200	Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim		
077100	Roof Specialties		
077123	Manufactured Gutters and Downspouts		
077200	Roof Accessories		
078400	Firestopping		
079200	Joint Sealants		
DIVISION 08 - OPE	NINGS		
081113	Hollow Metal Doors and Frames		
083100	Access Doors and Panels		
083613	Sectional Doors		
085113	Aluminum Windows		
087100	DOOR HARDWARE		
2616-00 Rockland County - Capital			

088000 Glazing

088813 Fire-Rated Glazing

089100 Louvers

**DIVISION 09 - FINISHES** 

090561 Common Work Results for Flooring Preparation

092116 Gypsum Board Assemblies

093000 Tiling

095100 Acoustical Ceilings

096500 Resilient Flooring

096813 Tile Carpeting

099100 Interior - Exterior Painting

**DIVISION 10 - SPECIALTIES** 

101423 Panel Signage

102113.19 Plastic Toilet Compartments

Toilet, Bath, and Laundry Accessories

105113 Metal Lockers

107316.13 Metal Canopies

**DIVISION 12 - FURNISHINGS** 

123600 Countertops

**DIVISION 21 - FIRE SUPPRESSION** 

210000 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION WORK

2616-00 Rockland County - Capital

Project -152 Sheriff-s Operations

**TABLE OF CONTENTS** 

210500	COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION	
210523	GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR WATER-BASED FIRE- SUPPRESSION PIPING	
210553	IDENTIFICATION FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION PIPING AND EQUIPMENT	
211100	FACILITY FIRE-SUPPRESSION WATER-SERVICE PIPING	
211300	FIRE-SUPPRESSION SPRINKLER SYSTEMS	
DIVISION 22 - PLU	JMBING	
220000	GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR PLUMBING WORK	
220517	SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR PLUMBING PIPING	
220519	METERS AND GAUGES FOR PLUMBING PIPING	
220523	GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING	
220529	HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT	
220553	IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT	
220719	PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION	
221005	PLUMBING PIPING	
221006	PLUMBING PIPING SPECIALTIES	
221329	SANITARY SEWERAGE PUMPS	
223000	PLUMBING EQUIPMENT	
224000	PLUMBING FIXTURES	
DIVISION 23 - HEA	ATING, VENTILATING, AND AIR-CONDITIONING (HVAC)	
230000	GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR HEATING, VENTILATING AND A	IR.
2616-00 Rockland C Project -152 Sheriff-	County - Capital	08-30-2024

Building

# CONDITIONING WORK

230513	COMMON MOTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR HVAC EQUIPMENT
230517	SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR HVAC PIPING
230519	METERS AND GAUGES FOR HVAC PIPING
230523	GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR HVAC PIPING
230529	HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT
230548	VIBRATION AND SEISMIC CONTROLS FOR HVAC
230553	IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT
230593	TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC
230713	DUCT INSULATION
230716	HVAC EQUIPMENT INSULATION
230719	HVAC PIPING INSULATION
230800	COMMISSIONING OF HVAC
230913	INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL DEVICES FOR HVAC
230934	VARIABLE-FREQUENCY MOTOR CONTROLLERS FOR HVAC
230993	SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS FOR HVAC CONTROLS
232113	HYDRONIC PIPING
232114	HYDRONIC SPECIALTIES
232123	HYDRONIC PUMPS
232300	REFRIGERANT PIPING
233100	HVAC DUCTS AND CASINGS

233300	AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES
233416	CENTRIFUGAL HVAC FANS
233600	AIR TERMINAL UNITS
233700	AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS
235233.13	HIGH EFFICIENCY CONDENSING GAS BOILERS
237223	PACKAGED AIR-TO-AIR ENERGY RECOVERY UNITS
237416	PACKAGED ROOFTOP AIR-CONDITIONING UNITS
238129	VARIABLE REFRIGERANT FLOW HVAC SYSTEMS
DIVISION 26 - ELE	CTRICAL
260000	GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR ELECTRICAL WORK
260505	SELECTIVE DEMOLITION FOR ELECTRICAL
260526	GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260529	HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260533.13	CONDUIT FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260533.16	BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260553	IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260583	WIRING CONNECTIONS
260923	LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES
262416	PANELBOARDS
262726	WIRING DEVICES
262813	FUSES

262816.16 ENCLOSED SWITCHES

263213 ENGINE GENERATORS

263600 TRANSFER SWITCHES

265100 INTERIOR LIGHTING

265600 EXTERIOR LIGHTING

**DIVISION 27 - COMMUNICATIONS** 

270529 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

270533.13 CONDUIT FOR COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

271000 STRUCTURED CABLING

DIVISION 28 - ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY

284600 FIRE ALARM AND DETECTION

**DIVISION 31 - EARTHWORK** 

312200 Grading

312316 Excavation

312316.13 Trenching

312323 Fill

**DIVISION 32 - EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS** 

321123 Aggregate Base Courses

321216 Asphalt Paving

321623 Sidewalks

321723 Pavement Markings

2616-00 Rockland County - Capital

Project -152 Sheriff-s Operations

Building

321726 Tactile Warning Surfacing

329119 Landscape Grading

# SECTION 000115 - LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

DISCIPLINE - COV	– LIST OF DRAW ER & GENERAL	ING SHEETS	
DISCH LINE - COV	EK & GENERAL		CONTRACT SET
DRAWING NO.	DRAWING NAME	DOB SET SHEET NO.	SHEET NO.
A000.00	COVER SHEET	1	1
	LIST OF DWG., SCOPE OF		
A001.00	WORK, LIST OF	2	2
	CONSULTANTS		
	ABBREVIATIONS,		
A002.00	SYMBOLS, LOCATION	3	3
	MAPS		
A003.00	CODE ANALYSIS	4	4
A004.00	ADA REFERENCE I	5	5
A003.00	ADA REFERENCE II	6	6
	ENERGY COMCHECK		
EN001.00	COMPLIANCE	7	7
	CERTIFICATES		
EN100.00	ENERGY COMPLIANCE I	8	8
EN101.00	ENERGY COMPLIANCE II	9	9
A010.00	LIFE SAFETY PLANS	10	10
A030.00	TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	11	11
	ARCHITECTURAL SITE		
A031.00	PLAN, STAGING	12	12
	DETAILS AND NOTES		
A032.00	ENLARGED SITE PLAN	13	13
A033.00	ENLARGED SITE PLANS	14	14
A033.00	& DETAILS	14	
DISCIPLINE - HAZA	ARDOUS MATERIALS		
DRAWING NO.	DRAWING NAME	DOB SET SHEET NO.	CONTRACT SET SHEET NO.
HM000.00	GENERAL NOTES	15	15
	BASEMENT &		
HM001.00	FOUNDATION	16	16
	ABATEMENT		
HM002.00	1ST FLOOR ABATEMENT	17	17
HM003.00	ROOF ABATEMENT	18	18
	BASEMENT &		
HM004.00	FOUNDATION LEAD-	19	19
	BASED PAINT SCOPE		

HM005.00	1ST FLOOR LEAD- BASED PAINT SCOPE	20	20
DISCIPLINE - ARC	HITECTURAL		
DRAWING NO.	DRAWING NAME	DOB SET SHEET NO.	CONTRACT SET SHEET NO.
A101.00	LOWER LEVEL REMOVALS FLOOR PLAN	21	21
A102.00	UPPER LEVEL REMOVALS FLOOR PLAN	22	22
A103.00	GARAGE LEVEL REMOVALS FLOOR PLAN	23	23
A104.00	GARAGE LEVEL REMOVALS FLOOR PLAN (REACT)	24	24
A105.00	ROOF REMOVALS PLAN	25	25
A111.00	LOWER LEVEL CONSTRUCTION FLOOR PLAN	26	26
A112.00	UPPER LEVEL CONSTRUCTION FLOOR PLAN	27	27
A113.00	GARAGE LEVEL CONSTRUCTION FLOOR PLAN	28	28
A114.00	GARAGE LEVEL CONSTRUCTION FLOOR PLAN (REACT)	29	29
A115.00	MEZZANINE ABOVE LOCKERS GARAGE LEVEL & MEZZANINE ABOVE REACT LEVEL FLOOR PLANS	30	30
A116.00	ROOF CONSTRUCTION PLAN	31	31
A121.00	LOWER LEVEL REFLECTED CEILING PLAN	32	32
A122.00	UPPER LEVEL REFLECTED CEILING PLAN	33	33

A501.00	PARTITION TYPES AND WALL DETAILS	51	51
A502.00	ROOF CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	52	52
A503.00	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS I	53	53
A504.00	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS II	54	54
A505.00	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS III - ENTRANCI	E 55	55
A506.00	ENTRANCE CANOPY DETAILS	56	56
A507.00	METAL PANEL AND MISC EXTERIOR DETAILS	57	57
A602.00	ENLARGED RESTROOM 213 & 216 PLANS AND ELEVATIONS	58	58
A603.00	ENLARGED RESTROOM 106, 107 & 310 PLANS AND ELEVATIONS	59	59
A604.00	ENLARGED RESTROOM 305 PLANS AND ELEVATIONS	60	60
A605.00	ENLARGED RESTROOM 307 PLANS AND ELEVATIONS	61	61
A606.00	ENLARGED BREAKROOM 115 & 212 PLANS AND ELEVATIONS	62	62
A607.00	ENLARGED METAL STAIR PLAN AND DETAILS	63	63
A608.00	CEILING DETAILS	64	64
A609.00	SITE DETAILS	65	65
A800.00	FINISH SCHEDULE	66	66
A801.00	DOOR SCHEDULE	67	67
A802.00	DOOR DETAILS I	68	68
A802B.00	DOOR DETAILS II	69	69
A803.00	WINDOW SCHEDULES AND ELEVATIONS	70	70
A804.00	WINDOW DETAILS	71	71

DISCIPLINE - STRU	I COMPLETE A T		
SIZON EN 12 STRO	JCTURAL		CONTRACT CET
DRAWING NO.	DRAWING NAME	DOB SET SHEET NO.	CONTRACT SET SHEET NO.
S001.00	STRUCTURAL GENERAL NOTES	1	72
S111.00	STRUCTURAL FRAMING PLAN & DETAILS GARAGE LEVEL (REACT)	2	73
S112.00	STRUCTURAL FRAMING PLAN & DETAILS UPPER LEVEL	3	74
S501.00	STRUCTURAL DETAILS AT ENTRANCE & HANDICAP RAMP FOUNDATION PLAN	4	75
S502.00	STRUCTURAL DETAILS I	5	76
\$503.00	STRUCTURAL DETAILS II	6	77
DISCIPLINE - MEC DRAWING NO.		DOB SET SHEET NO.	CONTRACT SET
	DRAWING NAME	DOB SET SHEET NO.	SHEET NO.
	MECHANICAL NOTES, ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS LIST	1	SHEET NO. 78
M001.00 M101.00	MECHANICAL NOTES, ABBREVIATIONS AND		SHEET NO.
M001.00 M101.00	MECHANICAL NOTES, ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS LIST MECHANICAL LOWER LEVEL DEMOLITION	1	78
M001.00 M101.00 M102.00	MECHANICAL NOTES, ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS LIST MECHANICAL LOWER LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL UPPER LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL GARAGE LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN	2	78 79
M001.00 M101.00 M102.00 M103.00	MECHANICAL NOTES, ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS LIST MECHANICAL LOWER LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL UPPER LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL GARAGE LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL GARAGE LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL GARAGE LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN	2	78 79 80
M001.00	MECHANICAL NOTES, ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS LIST MECHANICAL LOWER LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL UPPER LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL GARAGE LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL GARAGE LEVEL DEMOLITION	1 2 3	78 79 80 81

	LEVEL DEMOLITION PLAN		
M111.00	MECHANICAL LOWER LEVEL CONSTRUCTION FLOOR PLAN	8	85
M112.00	MECHANICAL UPPER LEVEL CONSTRUCTION FLOOR PLAN	9	86
M113.00	MECHANICAL GARAGE LEVEL CONSTRUCTION FLOOR PLAN	10	87
M114.00	MECHANICAL GARAGE LEVEL CONSTRUCTION FLOOR PLAN (REACT)	11	88
M115.00	MECHANICAL MEZZANINE LEVEL CONSTRUCTION PLAN	12	89
M116.00	MECHANICAL ROOF LEVEL CONSTRUCTION PLAN	13	90
M117.00	MECHANICAL LOWER LEVEL PIPING FLOOR PLAN	14	91
M118.00	MECHANICAL UPPER LEVEL PIPING FLOOR PLAN	15	92
M119.00	MECHANICAL GARAGE LEVEL PIPING FLOOR PLAN	16	93
M120.00	MECHANICAL MEZZANINE LEVEL PIPING FLOOR PLAN	17	94
M121.00	MECHANICAL ROOF LEVEL PIPING PLAN	18	95
M200.00	MECHANICAL BOILER EXHAUST AND PIPING RISER DIAGRAM	19	96
M500.00	MECHANICAL SCHEDULES I	20	97
M501.00	MECHANICAL SCHEDULES II	21	98
M600.00	MECHANICAL DETAILS	122	99
M601.00	MECHANICAL DETAILS II	23	100

M602.00	MECHANICAL DETAILS	24	101
M603.00	MECHANICAL DETAILS IV	25	102
DISCIPLINE - SPRI	NKLER		
DRAWING NO.	DRAWING NAME	DOB SET SHEET NO.	CONTRACT SET SHEET NO.
SP001.00	SPRINKLER COVER SHEET	1	103
SP211.00	SPRINKLER LOWER LEVEL CONSTRUCTION REFLECTED CEILING PLAN	2	104
SP212.00	SPRINKLER UPPER LEVEL CONSTRUCTION REFLECTED CEILING PLAN	3	105
SP213.00	SPRINKLER GARAGE LEVEL CONSTRUCTION REFLECTED CEILING PLAN	4	106
SP214.00	SPRINKLER GARAGE LEVEL CONSTRUCTION REFLECTED CEILING PLAN (REACT)	5	107
SP215.00	SPRINKLER MEZZANINE LEVEL CONSTRUCTION REFLECTED CEILING PLAN	6	108
SP400.00	SPRINKLER RISER DIAGRAM	7	109
SP600.00	SPRINKLER DETAILS	8	110
DISCIPLINE - PLUM	MBING		
DRAWING NO.	DRAWING NAME	DOB SET SHEET NO.	CONTRACT SET SHEET NO.
P001.00	PLUMBING COVER SHEET	1	111
P101.00	PLUMBING LOWER LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN	2	112
P102.00	PLUMBING UPPER LEVEL DEMOLITION	3	113

	FLOOR PLAN		
	PLUMBING GARAGE		
P103.00	LEVEL DEMOLITION	4	114
	FLOOR PLAN		
	PLUMBING GARAGE		
P104.00	LEVEL DEMOLITION	5	115
	FLOOR PLAN (REACT)		
P106.00	PLUMBING ROOF LEVEL		116
	DEMOLITION PLAN	6	116
	PLUMBING LOWER		
P111.00	LEVEL CONSTRUCTION	7	117
	FLOOR PLAN		
	PLUMBING UPPER		
P112.00	LEVEL CONSTRUCTION	8	118
	FLOOR PLAN		
	PLUMBING GARAGE		
P113.00	LEVEL CONSTRUCTION	9	119
	FLOOR PLAN		
	PLUMBING GARAGE		
P114.00	LEVEL CONSTRUCTION	10	120
	FLOOR PLAN (REACT)		
	PLUMBING MEZZANINE		
P115.00	LEVEL CONSTRUCTION	11	121
	FLOOR PLAN		
D116.00	PLUMBING ROOF LEVEL	10	122
P116.00	CONSTRUCTION PLAN	12	122
D400.00	PLUMBING SANITARY	12	100
P400.00	RISER DIAGRAM	13	123
D401.00	PLUMBING DOMESTIC	1.4	104
P401.00	RISER DIAGRAM	14	124
P500.00	PLUMBING SCHEDULES	15	125
P600.00	PLUMBING DETAILS	16	126
DISCIPLINE - ELEC	CTRICAL		
			CONTRACT SET
DRAWING NO.	DRAWING NAME	DOB SET SHEET NO.	SHEET NO.
E001.00	ELECTRICAL COVER		
	SHEET	1	127
E002.00	ELECTRICAL SITE PLAN	2	128
2002.00	ELECTRICAL LOWER	_	120
E101.00	LEVEL DEMOLITION	3	129
101.00	FLOOR PLAN	J	14)
E102.00	ELECTRICAL UPPER	4	130
L102.00	ELECTRICAL UFFER	7	130

	LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN		
E103.00	ELECTRICAL GARAGE LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN	5	131
E104.00	ELECTRICAL GARAGE LEVEL DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN (REACT)	6	132
E105.00	ELECTRICAL ROOF LEVEL DEMOLITION PLAN	7	133
E106.00	ELECTRICAL LOWER LEVEL DEMOLITION LIGHTING PLAN	8	134
E107.00	ELECTRICAL UPPER LEVEL DEMOLITION LIGHTING PLAN	9	135
E108.00	ELECTRICAL GARAGE LEVEL DEMOLITION LIGHTING PLAN	10	136
E109.00	ELECTRICAL GARAGE LEVEL DEMOLITION POWER PLAN (REACT)	11	137
E110.00	ELECTRICAL MEZZANINE LEVEL DEMOLITION POWER PLAN	12	138
E111.00	ELECTRICAL LOWER LEVEL POWER PLAN	13	139
E112.00	ELECTRICAL UPPER LEVEL POWER PLAN	14	140
E113.00	ELECTRICAL GARAGE LEVEL POWER PLAN	15	141
E114.00	ELECTRICAL GARAGE LEVEL POWER PLAN (REACT)	16	142
E115.00	ELECTRICAL MEZZANINE LEVEL POWER PLAN	17	143
E116.00	ELECTRICAL ROOF LEVEL POWER PLAN	18	144
E211.00	ELECTRICAL LOWER LEVEL LIGHTING PLAN	19	145
E212.00	ELECTRICAL UPPER	20	146

	LEVEL LIGHTING PLAN		
E213.00	ELECTRICAL GARAGE	21	1.47
	LEVEL LIGHTING PLAN	21	147
	ELECTRICAL GARAGE		
E214.00	LEVEL LIGHTING PLAN	22	148
	(REACT)		
E215.00	ELECTRICAL		
	MEZZANINE LEVEL	23	149
	LIGHTING PLAN		
E400.00	ELECTRICAL RISER	2.4	1.50
	DIAGRAMS	24	150
E500.00	ELECTRICAL	25	1.51
E500.00	SCHEDULES	25	151
	ELECTRICAL DETAILS	26	1.50
E600.00	(SHEET 1)	26	152
E(01.00	ELECTRICAL DETAILS	27	152
E601.00	(SHEET 2)	27	153
E(02.00	ELECTRICAL DETAILS	20	154
E602.00	(SHEET 3)	28	154
E(02.00	ELECTRICAL DETAILS	20	155
E603.00	(SHEET 4)	29	155
DISCIPLINE - FIRE	ALARM		
DRAWING NO.	DRAWING NAME	DOD CET CHEET NO	CONTRACT SET
DRAWING NO.	DRAWING NAME	DOB SET SHEET NO.	SHEET NO.
	FIRE ALARM SYMBOLS,		
	GENERAL NOTES,		
FA001.00	MATRIX, DEVICE	1	156
	MOUNTED DETAIL,		
	DRAWING LIST		
FA002.00	FIRE ALARM SITE PLAN	2	157
	FIRE ALARM LOWER		
FA101.00	LEVEL DEMOLITION	3	158
	FLOOR PLAN		
FA102.00	FIRE ALARM UPPER		
	LEVEL DEMOLITION	4	159
	FLOOR PLAN		
FA103.00	FIRE ALARM GARAGE		
	LEVEL DEMOLITION	5	160
	FLOOR PLAN		
	FIRE ALARM GARAGE		
FA104.00	LEVEL DEMOLITION	6	161
	FLOOR PLAN (REACT)		
FA111.00	FIRE ALARM LOWER	7	162

	LEVEL PLAN		
FA112.00	FIRE ALARM UPPER LEVEL PLAN	8	163
FA113.00	FIRE ALARM GARAGE LEVEL PLAN	9	164
FA114.00	FIRE ALARM GARAGE LEVEL PLAN (REACT)	10	165
FA115.00	FIRE ALARM MEZZANINE LEVEL PLAN	11	166
FA116.00	FIRE ALARM ROOF PLAN	12	167
FA400.00	FIRE ALARM RISER DIAGRAM	13	168



#### SECTION 011000 SUMMARY

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 PROJECT

- A. Project Name: 2616-00 Rockland County Capital Project #152 Sheriff's Operations Building
- B. Owner's Name: The County of Rockland.
- C. Architect's Name: Lothrop Associates Architects D.P.C..
- D. The Project consists of the alteration of Of the existing Highway Garage into a Sherrif's Operations Building.

# 1.2 CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

- A. Contract Type: A single prime contract based on a Stipulated Price as described in Document 005200 Agreement Form.
- B. The contract will include a Project Labor Agreement (PLA). The General Contractor shall be the single prime Contractor and shall be responsible to coordinate, and manage the work of all trades and subcontractors working on or supplying materials required to execute the contract

#### 1.3 DESCRIPTION OF ALTERATIONS WORK

- A. Scope of demolition and removal work is indicated on drawings and specified in Section 024100.
- B. Scope of alterations work is indicated on drawings.

#### 1.4 WORK BY OWNER

- A. Items noted NIC (Not in Contract) will be supplied and installed by Owner before Date of Substantial Completion. Some items include:
  - 1. Furnishings.
  - 2. Small equipment.

#### 1.5 OWNER OCCUPANCY

- A. Owner intends to occupy the Project upon Substantial Completion.
- B. Cooperate with Owner to minimize conflict and to facilitate Owner's operations.
- C. Schedule the Work to accommodate Owner occupancy.

#### 1.6 CONTRACTOR USE OF SITE AND PREMISES

- A. Construction Operations:
  - 1. Locate and conduct construction activities in ways that will limit disturbance to site.
- B. Arrange use of site and premises to allow:
  - 1. Work by Others.
  - 2. Work by Owner.
- C. Provide access to and from site as required by law and by Owner:
  - 1. Emergency Building Exits During Construction: Keep all exits required by code open during construction period; provide temporary exit signs if exit routes are temporarily altered.
  - 2. Do not obstruct roadways, sidewalks, or other public ways without permit.
- D. Utility Outages and Shutdown:
  - 1. Limit disruption of utility services to hours the building is unoccupied.
  - 2. Prevent accidental disruption of utility services to other facilities.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

#### SECTION 012000 PRICE AND PAYMENT PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Procedures for preparation and submittal of applications for progress payments.
- B. Documentation of changes in Contract Sum and Contract Time.
- C. Change procedures.
- D. Correlation of Contractor submittals based on changes.
- E. Procedures for preparation and submittal of application for final payment.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Conditions Article 7 Changes in the Work: Additional requirements for administering changes in the work.
- B. General Conditions Article 10 Payments and Conditions: Additional requirements for administering payments.
- C. Section 012100 Allowances: Payment procedures relating to allowances.
- D. Section 012200 Unit Prices: Monetary values of unit prices; Payment and modification procedures relating to unit prices.
- E. Section 017800 Closeout Submittals: Project record documents.

#### 1.3 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Use Schedule of Values Form: AIA G703, edition stipulated in the Agreement.
- B. Electronic media printout including equivalent information will be considered in lieu of standard form specified; submit draft to Architect for approval.
- C. Forms filled out by hand will not be accepted.

#### 1.4 APPLICATIONS FOR PROGRESS PAYMENTS

- A. Payment Period: Submit at intervals stipulated in the Agreement.
- B. Use Form AIA G702 and Form AIA G703, current edition.
- C. Electronic media printout including equivalent information will be considered in lieu of standard form specified; submit sample to Architect for approval.
- D. Forms filled out by hand will not be accepted.

- E. Execute certification by signature of authorized officer.
- F. Submit one electronic and three hard-copies of each Application for Payment.

#### 1.5 MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

- A. Submit name of the individual authorized to receive change documents and who will be responsible for informing others in Contractor's employ or subcontractors of changes to Contract Documents.
- B. Contractor may propose a change by submitting a request for change to Architect, describing the proposed change and its full effect on the work, with a statement describing the reason for the change, and the effect on the Contract Sum and Contract Time with full documentation.

  Document any requested substitutions in accordance with Section 016000.
- C. Execution of Change Orders: Architect will issue Change Orders for signatures of parties as provided in the Conditions of the Contract.
- D. After execution of Change Order, promptly revise Schedule of Values and Application for Payment forms to record each authorized Change Order as a separate line item and adjust the Contract Sum.
- E. Promptly revise progress schedules to reflect any change in Contract Time, revise sub-schedules to adjust times for other items of work affected by the change, and resubmit.
- F. Promptly enter changes in Project Record Documents.

#### 1.6 APPLICATION FOR FINAL PAYMENT

#### SECTION 012100 ALLOWANCES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing allowances.
- B. Types of allowances include the following:
  - 1. Contingency allowances.
  - 2. Unit-cost allowances.
  - 3. Quantity allowances.

#### 1.2 SELECTION AND PURCHASE

- A. At the earliest practical date after award of the Contract, advise Architect of the date when final selection, or purchase and delivery, of each product or system described by an allowance must be completed by the Owner to avoid delaying the Work.
- B. At Architect's request, obtain proposals for each allowance for use in making final selections. Include recommendations that are relevant to performing the Work.
- C. Purchase products and systems selected by Architect from the designated supplier.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Submit proposals for purchase of products or systems included in allowances in the form specified for Change Orders.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit invoices or delivery slips to show actual quantities of materials delivered to the site for use in fulfillment of each allowance.
- B. Submit time sheets and other documentation to show labor time and cost for installation of allowance items that include installation as part of the allowance.
- C. Coordinate and process submittals for allowance items in same manner as for other portions of the Work.
- D. Allowance shall include cost to Contractor of specific products and materials ordered by Owner or selected by Architect under allowance and shall include taxes, freight, and delivery to Project site.
- E. Unless otherwise indicated, Contractor's costs for receiving and handling at Project site, labor, installation, overhead and profit, and similar costs related to products and materials ordered by Owner or selected by Architect under allowance shall be included as part of the Contract Sum and not part of the allowance.

# 1.5 QUANTITY ALLOWANCE: ADDITIONAL ELECTRICAL CONDUIT DROPS AND RECEPTACLES

A. Allowance shall include cost to Contractor to provide specific work at locations directed by the Architect.

#### 1.6 CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCE- FUEL OIL TANK REMOVAL.

- A. Use the contingency allowance only as directed by Architect for Owner's purposes and only by Change Orders that indicate amounts to be charged to the allowance.
- B. Contractor's overhead, profit, and related costs for products and equipment ordered by Owner under the contingency allowance are included in the allowance. Change Orders authorizing use of funds from the contingency allowance will include Contractor's related costs and reasonable overhead and profit.
- C. At completion of work item, unused amounts or excess amounts will adjust the contract sum by change order.

#### 1.7 ADJUSTMENT OF ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowance Adjustment: To adjust allowance amounts, prepare a Change Order proposal based on the difference between purchase amount and the allowance, multiplied by final measurement of work-in-place where applicable. If applicable, include reasonable allowances for cutting losses, tolerances, mixing wastes, normal product imperfections, and similar margins.
  - 1. Submit substantiation of a change in scope of Work, if any, claimed in Change Orders related to unit-cost allowances.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine products covered by an allowance promptly on delivery for damage or defects. Return damaged or defective products to manufacturer for replacement.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Coordinate materials and their installation for each allowance with related materials and installations to ensure that each allowance item is completely integrated and interfaced with related work.

#### 3.3 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES

A. See schedule on Drawings.



#### SECTION 012200 UNIT PRICES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. List of unit prices, for use in preparing Bids.
- B. Measurement and payment criteria applicable to Work performed under a unit price payment method.
- C. Defect assessment and non-payment for rejected work.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Document 002113 Instructions to Bidders: Instructions for preparation of pricing for Unit Prices.
- B. Section 012000 Price and Payment Procedures: Additional payment and modification procedures.

#### 1.3 COSTS INCLUDED

A. Unit Prices included on the Bid Form shall include full compensation for all required labor, products, tools, equipment, plant, transportation, services and incidentals; erection, application or installation of an item of the Work; overhead and profit.

#### 1.4 UNIT QUANTITIES SPECIFIED

A. Quantities indicated in the Bid Form are for bidding and contract purposes only. Quantities and measurements of actual Work will determine the payment amount.

#### 1.5 MEASUREMENT OF QUANTITIES

- A. Measurement methods delineated in the individual specification sections complement the criteria of this section. In the event of conflict, the requirements of the individual specification section govern.
- B. Take all measurements and compute quantities. Measurements and quantities will be verified by Architect.
- C. Assist by providing necessary equipment, workers, and survey personnel as required.

#### D. Measurement Devices:

1. Weigh Scales: Inspected, tested and certified by the applicable state Weights and Measures department within the past year.

- E. Measurement by Volume: Measured by cubic dimension using mean length, width and height or thickness.
- F. Measurement by Area: Measured by square dimension using mean length and width or radius.
- G. Linear Measurement: Measured by linear dimension, at the item centerline or mean chord.
- H. Stipulated Price Measurement: Items measured by weight, volume, area, or linear means or combination, as appropriate, as a completed item or unit of the Work.
- I. Perform surveys required to determine quantities, including control surveys to establish measurement reference lines. Notify Architect prior to starting work.
- J. Contractor's Engineer Responsibilities: Sign surveyor's field notes or keep duplicate field notes , calculate and certify quantities for payment purposes.

#### 1.6 PAYMENT

- A. Payment for Work governed by unit prices will be made on the basis of the actual measurements and quantities of Work that is incorporated in or made necessary by the Work and accepted by the Architect, multiplied by the unit price.
- B. Payment will not be made for any of the following:
  - 1. Products wasted or disposed of in a manner that is not acceptable.
  - 2. Products determined as unacceptable before or after placement.
  - 3. Products not completely unloaded from the transporting vehicle.
  - 4. Products placed beyond the lines and levels of the required Work.
  - 5. Products remaining on hand after completion of the Work.
  - 6. Loading, hauling, and disposing of rejected Products.

#### 1.7 DEFECT ASSESSMENT

- A. Replace Work, or portions of the Work, not complying with specified requirements.
- B. If, in the opinion of Architect, it is not practical to remove and replace the Work, Architect will direct one of the following remedies:
  - 1. The defective Work may remain, but the unit price will be adjusted to a new unit price at the discretion of Architect.
  - 2. The defective Work will be partially repaired to the instructions of the Architect, and the unit price will be adjusted to a new unit price at the discretion of Architect.
- C. The individual specification sections may modify these options or may identify a specific formula or percentage price reduction.
- D. The authority of Architect to assess the defect and identify payment adjustment is final.

#### 1.8 SCHEDULE OF UNIT PRICES

A. See schedule on Drawings

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

# PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED



# SECTION 012300 ALTERNATES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Description of Alternates.
- B. Procedures for pricing Alternates.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Instruction to Bidders: Incorporating monetary value of accepted Alternates.
- B. Appendix A BidGeneral Contracting Bid Form: Location to place alternate pricing on bid form.

### 1.3 ACCEPTANCE OF Alternates

- A. Alternates quoted on Bid Forms will be reviewed and accepted or rejected at Owner's option. Accepted Alternates will be identified in the Owner-Contractor Agreement.
- B. Coordinate related work and modify surrounding work to integrate the Work of each Alternate.

### 1.4 COSTS INCLUDED

- A. Bid price for each alternate included on the Bid Form shall include full compensation for all required labor, products, tools, equipment, plant, transportation, services and incidentals; erection, application or installation of an item of the Work; overhead and profit. Either ADDED to the base bid price or (DEDUCTED) from the base bid price.
  - 1. Prices to be added to the base bid will be shown normal \$1,000.00.
  - 2. Prices to be deducted from the base bid price will be shown in parentheses (\$1,000.00).

# 1.5 SCHEDULE OF Alternates

A. See schedule on Drawings.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION 012300

012300 - 1 Alternates



# SECTION 012500 SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Procedural requirements for proposed substitutions.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Appendix C Supplemental General Conditions: Additional requirements for substitutions.
- B. Section 016000 Product Requirements: Fundamental product requirements, product options, delivery, storage, and handling.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Substitutions: Changes from Contract Documents requirements proposed by Contractor to materials, products, assemblies, and equipment.
  - 1. Substitutions for Cause: Proposed due to changed Project circumstances beyond Contractor's control.
    - a. Unavailability.
    - b. Regulatory changes.
  - 2. Substitutions for Convenience: Proposed due to possibility of offering substantial advantage to the Project.
    - a. Substitution requests offering advantages solely to the Contractor will not be considered.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. A Substitution Request for products, assemblies, materials, and equipment constitutes a representation that the submitter:
  - 1. Has investigated proposed product and determined that it meets or exceeds the quality level of the specified product, equipment, assembly, or system.
  - 2. Agrees to provide the same warranty for the substitution as for the specified product.
  - 3. Agrees to provide same or equivalent maintenance service and source of replacement parts, as applicable.
  - 4. Agrees to coordinate installation and make changes to other work that may be required for the work to be complete, with no additional cost to Owner.
  - 5. Waives claims for additional costs or time extension that may subsequently become apparent.

- 6. Agrees to reimburse Owner and Architect for review or redesign services associated with re-approval by authorities.
- B. A Substitution Request for specified installer constitutes a representation that the submitter:
  - 1. Has acted in good faith to obtain services of specified installer, but was unable to come to commercial, or other terms.
- C. Document each request with complete data substantiating compliance of proposed substitution with Contract Documents. Burden of proof is on proposer.
  - 1. Note explicitly any non-compliant characteristics.
- D. Content: Include information necessary for tracking the status of each Substitution Request, and information necessary to provide an actionable response.
  - 1. No specific form is required. Contractor's Substitution Request documentation must include the following:
    - a. Project Information:
      - 1) Official project name and number, and any additional required identifiers established in Contract Documents.
      - 2) Owner's, Architect's, and Contractor's names.
    - b. Substitution Request Information:
      - 1) Discrete and consecutive Substitution Request number, and descriptive subject/title.
      - 2) Indication of whether the substitution is for cause or convenience.
      - 3) Issue date
      - 4) Reference to particular Contract Document(s) specification section number, title, and article/paragraph(s).
      - 5) Description of Substitution.
      - 6) Reason why the specified item cannot be provided.
      - 7) Differences between proposed substitution and specified item.
      - 8) Description of how proposed substitution affects other parts of work.
    - c. Attached Comparative Data: Provide point-by-point, side-by-side comparison addressing essential attributes specified, as appropriate and relevant for the item:
      - 1) Physical characteristics.
      - 2) In-service performance.
      - 3) Expected durability.
      - 4) Visual effect.
      - 5) Warranties.
      - 6) Other salient features and requirements.
      - 7) Include, as appropriate or requested, the following types of documentation:
        - a) Product Data:
        - b) Samples.
        - c) Certificates, test, reports or similar qualification data.
        - d) Drawings, when required to show impact on adjacent construction elements.
    - d. Impact of Substitution:
      - 1) Savings to Owner for accepting substitution.
      - 2) Change to Contract Time due to accepting substitution.
- E. Limit each request to a single proposed substitution item.

1. Submit an electronic document, combining the request form with supporting data into single document.

### 3.2 SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES DURING PROCUREMENT

#### A. Submittal Time Restrictions:

1. Owner will consider requests for substitutions only if submitted at least 10 days prior to the date for receipt of bids.

### 3.3 RESOLUTION

- A. Architect may request additional information and documentation prior to rendering a decision. Provide this data in an expeditious manner.
- B. Architect will notify Contractor in writing of decision to accept or reject request.
  - 1. Architect's decision following review of proposed substitution will be noted on the submitted form.

### 3.4 ACCEPTANCE

A. Accepted substitutions change the work of the Project. They will be documented and incorporated into work of the project by Change Order, Construction Change Directive, Architectural Supplementary Instructions, or similar instruments provided for in the Conditions of the Contract.

# 3.5 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals, for closeout submittals.
- B. Include completed Substitution Request Forms as part of the Project record. Include both approved and rejected Requests.



# SECTION 013000 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General administrative requirements.
- B. Preconstruction meeting.
- C. Site mobilization meeting.
- D. Progress meetings.
- E. Construction progress schedule.
- F. Coordination drawings.
- G. Submittals for review, information, and project closeout.
- H. Number of copies of submittals.
- I. Requests for Interpretation (RFI) procedures.
- J. Submittal procedures.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Conditions Article 3 Contractor: Additional requirements for submittals.
- B. Appendix C Supplemental General Conditions: Additional requirements for submitals.
- C. Section 016000 Product Requirements: General product requirements.
- D. Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements: Additional coordination requirements.
- E. Section 017800 Closeout Submittals: Project record documents; operation and maintenance data; warranties and bonds.

# 1.3 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with requirements of Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for coordination of execution of administrative tasks with timing of construction activities.
- B. Make the following types of submittals to Architect:
  - 1. Requests for Interpretation (RFI).
  - 2. Requests for substitution.
  - 3. Shop drawings, product data, and samples.
  - 4. Test and inspection reports.
  - 5. Design data.

- 6. Manufacturer's instructions and field reports.
- 7. Applications for payment and change order requests.
- 8. Progress schedules.
- 9. Coordination drawings.
- 10. Correction Punch List and Final Correction Punch List for Substantial Completion.
- 11. Closeout submittals.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

- A. Architect will schedule a meeting after Notice of Award.
- B. Attendance Required:
  - 1. Owner.
  - 2. Architect.
  - 3. Contractor.

# C. Agenda:

- 1. Execution of Owner-Contractor Agreement.
- 2. Submission of executed bonds and insurance certificates.
- 3. Distribution of Contract Documents.
- 4. Submission of list of subcontractors, list of products, schedule of values, and progress schedule.
- 5. Designation of personnel representing the parties to Contract and Architect.
- 6. Procedures and processing of field decisions, submittals, substitutions, applications for payments, proposal request, Change Orders, and Contract closeout procedures.
- 7. Scheduling.
- D. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with two copies to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

### 3.2 SITE MOBILIZATION MEETING

- A. Schedule meeting at the Project site prior to Contractor occupancy.
- B. Attendance Required:
  - 1. Contractor.
  - 2. Owner.
  - 3. Architect.
  - 4. Contractor's superintendent.
  - 5. Major subcontractors.

# C. Agenda:

- 1. Use of premises by Owner and Contractor.
- 2. Owner's requirements.
- 3. Construction facilities and controls provided by Owner.
- 4. Temporary utilities provided by Owner.

- 5. Survey and building layout.
- 6. Security and housekeeping procedures.
- 7. Schedules.
- 8. Application for payment procedures.
- 9. Procedures for testing.
- 10. Procedures for maintaining record documents.
- 11. Requirements for start-up of equipment.
- 12. Inspection and acceptance of equipment put into service during construction period.
- D. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with two copies to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

### 3.3 PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. Schedule and administer meetings throughout progress of the work at maximum bi-monthly intervals.
- B. Attendance Required:
  - 1. Contractor.
  - 2. Owner.
  - 3. Architect.
  - 4. Contractor's superintendent.
  - 5. Major subcontractors.

# C. Agenda:

- 1. Review minutes of previous meetings.
- 2. Review of work progress.
- 3. Field observations, problems, and decisions.
- 4. Identification of problems that impede, or will impede, planned progress.
- 5. Review of submittals schedule and status of submittals.
- 6. Review of RFIs log and status of responses.
- 7. Review of off-site fabrication and delivery schedules.
- 8. Maintenance of progress schedule.
- 9. Corrective measures to regain projected schedules.
- 10. Planned progress during succeeding work period.
- 11. Coordination of projected progress.
- 12. Maintenance of quality and work standards.
- 13. Effect of proposed changes on progress schedule and coordination.
- 14. Other business relating to work.
- D. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with two copies to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

# 3.4 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS SCHEDULE

- A. Within 10 days after date of the Agreement, submit preliminary schedule defining planned operations for the first 60 days of work, with a general outline for remainder of work.
- B. If preliminary schedule requires revision after review, submit revised schedule within 10 days.

- C. Within 20 days after review of preliminary schedule, submit draft of proposed complete schedule for review.
  - Include written certification that major contractors have reviewed and accepted proposed schedule.
- D. Within 10 days after joint review, submit complete schedule.
- E. Submit updated schedule with each Application for Payment.

### 3.5 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

- A. Provide information required by Project Coordinator for preparation of coordination drawings.
- B. Review drawings prior to submission to Architect.

# 3.6 REQUESTS FOR INTERPRETATION (RFI)

- A. Definition: A request seeking one of the following:
  - 1. An interpretation, amplification, or clarification of some requirement of Contract Documents arising from inability to determine from them the exact material, process, or system to be installed; or when the elements of construction are required to occupy the same space (interference); or when an item of work is described differently at more than one place in Contract Documents.
  - 2. A resolution to an issue which has arisen due to field conditions and affects design intent.
- B. Whenever possible, request clarifications at the next appropriate project progress meeting, with response entered into meeting minutes, rendering unnecessary the issuance of a formal RFI.
- C. Preparation: Prepare an RFI immediately upon discovery of a need for interpretation of Contract Documents. Failure to submit a RFI in a timely manner is not a legitimate cause for claiming additional costs or delays in execution of the work.
  - 1. Prepare a separate RFI for each specific item.
    - a. Review, coordinate, and comment on requests originating with subcontractors and/or materials suppliers.
    - b. Do not forward requests which solely require internal coordination between subcontractors.
  - 2. Prepare in a format and with content acceptable to Owner.
  - 3. Combine RFI and its attachments into a single electronic file. PDF format is preferred.
- D. Reason for the RFI: Prior to initiation of an RFI, carefully study all Contract Documents to confirm that information sufficient for their interpretation is definitely not included.
  - 1. Include in each request Contractor's signature attesting to good faith effort to determine from Contract Documents information requiring interpretation.
  - 2. Unacceptable Uses for RFIs: Do not use RFIs to request the following::
    - a. Approval of submittals (use procedures specified elsewhere in this section).
    - b. Approval of substitutions (see Section 016000 Product Requirements)
    - c. Changes that entail change in Contract Time and Contract Sum (comply with provisions of the Conditions of the Contract).
    - d. Different methods of performing work than those indicated in the Contract Drawings and Specifications (comply with provisions of the Conditions of the Contract).

- 3. Improper RFIs: Requests not prepared in compliance with requirements of this section, and/or missing key information required to render an actionable response. They will be returned without a response, with an explanatory notation.
- 4. Frivolous RFIs: Requests regarding information that is clearly indicated on, or reasonably inferable from, Contract Documents, with no additional input required to clarify the question. They will be returned without a response, with an explanatory notation.
  - a. The Owner reserves the right to assess the Contractor for the costs (on time-and-materials basis) incurred by the Architect, and any of its consultants, due to processing of such RFIs.
- E. Content: Include identifiers necessary for tracking the status of each RFI, and information necessary to provide an actionable response.
  - 1. Official Project name and number, and any additional required identifiers established in Contract Documents.
  - 2. Owner's, Architect's, and Contractor's names.
  - 3. Discrete and consecutive RFI number, and descriptive subject/title.
  - 4. Issue date, and requested reply date.
  - 5. Reference to particular Contract Document(s) requiring additional information/interpretation. Identify pertinent drawing and detail number and/or specification section number, title, and paragraph(s).
  - 6. Annotations: Field dimensions and/or description of conditions which have engendered the request.
  - 7. Contractor's suggested resolution: A written and/or a graphic solution, to scale, is required in cases where clarification of coordination issues is involved, for example; routing, clearances, and/or specific locations of work shown diagrammatically in Contract Documents. If applicable, state the likely impact of the suggested resolution on Contract Time or the Contract Sum.
- F. Attachments: Include sketches, coordination drawings, descriptions, photos, submittals, and other information necessary to substantiate the reason for the request.
- G. RFI Log: Prepare and maintain a tabular log of RFIs for the duration of the project.
  - 1. Indicate current status of every RFI. Update log promptly and on a regular basis.
  - 2. Note dates of when each request is made, and when a response is received.
  - 3. Highlight items requiring priority or expedited response.
  - 4. Highlight items for which a timely response has not been received to date.
  - 5. Identify and include improper or frivolous RFIs.
- H. Review Time: Architect will respond and return RFIs to Contractor within seven calendar days of receipt. For the purpose of establishing the start of the mandated response period, RFIs received after 12:00 noon will be considered as having been received on the following regular working day.
- I. Responses: Content of answered RFIs will not constitute in any manner a directive or authorization to perform extra work or delay the project. If in Contractor's belief it is likely to lead to a change to Contract Sum or Contract Time, promptly issue a notice to this effect, and follow up with an appropriate Change Order request to Owner.
  - 1. Response may include a request for additional information, in which case the original RFI will be deemed as having been answered, and an amended one is to be issued forthwith. Identify the amended RFI with an R suffix to the original number.

- 2. Do not extend applicability of a response to specific item to encompass other similar conditions, unless specifically so noted in the response.
- 3. Upon receipt of a response, promptly review and distribute it to all affected parties, and update the RFI Log.
- 4. Notify Architect within seven calendar days if an additional or corrected response is required by submitting an amended version of the original RFI, identified as specified above.

### 3.7 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

- A. Submit to Architect for review a schedule for submittals in tabular format.
  - 1. Submit at the same time as the preliminary schedule specified in Section 013216 Construction Progress Schedule.
  - 2. Coordinate with Contractor's construction schedule and schedule of values.
  - 3. Format schedule to allow tracking of status of submittals throughout duration of construction.
  - 4. Arrange information to include scheduled date for initial submittal, specification number and title, submittal category (for review or for information), description of item of work covered, and role and name of subcontractor.
  - 5. Account for time required for preparation, review, manufacturing, fabrication and delivery when establishing submittal delivery and review deadline dates.

# 3.8 SUBMITTALS FOR REVIEW

- A. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them for review:
  - 1. Product data.
  - 2. Design data.
  - 3. Shop drawings.
  - 4. Samples for selection.
  - 5. Samples for verification.
- B. Submit to Architect for review for the limited purpose of checking for compliance with information given and the design concept expressed in Contract Documents.
- C. Samples will be reviewed for aesthetic, color, or finish selection.
- D. After review, provide copies and distribute in accordance with SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES article below and for record documents purposes described in Section 017800 Closeout Submittals.

# 3.9 SUBMITTALS FOR INFORMATION

- A. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them for information:
  - 1. Design data.
  - 2. Certificates.
  - 3. Test reports.
  - 4. Inspection reports.
  - 5. Manufacturer's instructions.
  - 6. Manufacturer's field reports.
  - 7. Other types indicated.

B. Submit for Architect's knowledge as contract administrator or for Owner.

# 3.10 SUBMITTALS FOR PROJECT CLOSEOUT

- A. Submit Correction Punch List for Substantial Completion.
- B. Submit Final Correction Punch List for Substantial Completion.
- C. When the following are specified in individual sections, submit them at project closeout in compliance with requirements of Section 017800 Closeout Submittals:
  - 1. Project record documents.
  - 2. Operation and maintenance data.
  - 3. Warranties.
  - 4. Bonds.
  - 5. Other types as indicated.
- D. Submit for Owner's benefit during and after project completion.

# 3.11 NUMBER OF COPIES OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Electronic Documents: Submit one electronic copy in PDF format; an electronically-marked up file will be returned. Create PDFs at native size and right-side up; illegible files will be rejected.
- B. Samples: Submit the number specified in individual specification sections; one of which will be retained by Architect.
  - 1. After review, produce duplicates.
  - 2. Retained samples will not be returned to Contractor unless specifically so stated.

# 3.12 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Use a single transmittal for related items.
  - 2. Transmit using approved form.
    - a. Use Contractor's form, subject to prior approval by Architect.
  - 3. Sequentially identify each item. For revised submittals use original number and a sequential numerical suffix.
  - 4. Identify: Project; Contractor; subcontractor or supplier; pertinent drawing and detail number; and specification section number and article/paragraph, as appropriate on each copy.
  - 5. Apply Contractor's stamp, signed or initialed certifying that review, approval, verification of products required, field dimensions, adjacent construction work, and coordination of information is in accordance with the requirements of the work and Contract Documents.
    - a. Submittals from sources other than the Contractor, or without Contractor's stamp will not be acknowledged, reviewed, or returned.
  - 6. Deliver each submittal on date noted in submittal schedule, unless an earlier date has been agreed to by all affected parties, and is of the benefit to the project.
    - a. Send submittals in electronic format via email to Architect.
  - 7. Schedule submittals to expedite the Project, and coordinate submission of related items.

- a. For each submittal for review, allow 15 days excluding delivery time to and from the Contractor.
- b. For sequential reviews involving Architect's consultants, Owner, or another affected party, allow an additional 7 days.
- c. For sequential reviews involving approval from authorities having jurisdiction (AHJ), in addition to Architect's approval, allow an additional 30 days.
- 8. Identify variations from Contract Documents and product or system limitations that may be detrimental to successful performance of the completed work.
- 9. Provide space for Contractor and Architect review stamps.
- 10. When revised for resubmission, identify all changes made since previous submission.
- 11. Distribute reviewed submittals. Instruct parties to promptly report inability to comply with requirements.
- 12. Incomplete submittals will not be reviewed, unless they are partial submittals for distinct portion(s) of the work, and have received prior approval for their use.
- 13. Submittals not requested will not be recognized or processed.

## B. Product Data Procedures:

- 1. Submit only information required by individual specification sections.
- 2. Collect required information into a single submittal.
- 3. Submit concurrently with related shop drawing submittal.
- 4. Do not submit (Material) Safety Data Sheets for materials or products.

# C. Shop Drawing Procedures:

- 1. Prepare accurate, drawn-to-scale, original shop drawing documentation by interpreting Contract Documents and coordinating related work.
- 2. Generic, non-project-specific information submitted as shop drawings do not meet the requirements for shop drawings.

### D. Samples Procedures:

- 1. Transmit related items together as single package.
- 2. Identify each item to allow review for applicability in relation to shop drawings showing installation locations.
- 3. In addition to providing physical samples. Include with transmittal high-resolution image files of samples to facilitate electronic review and approval. Provide separate submittal page for each item image.

#### 3.13 SUBMITTAL REVIEW

- A. Submittals for Review: Architect will review each submittal, and approve, or take other appropriate action.
- B. Submittals for Information: Architect will acknowledge receipt and review. See below for actions to be taken.
- C. Architect's actions will be reflected by marking each returned submittal using virtual stamp on electronic submittals.
  - 1. Notations may be made directly on submitted items and/or listed on appended Submittal Review cover sheet.
- D. Architect's and consultants' actions on items submitted for review:
  - 1. Authorizing purchasing, fabrication, delivery, and installation:

- a. "Approved", or language with same legal meaning.
- b. "Approved as Noted, Resubmission not required", or language with same legal meaning.
  - 1) At Contractor's option, submit corrected item, with review notations acknowledged and incorporated.
- c. "Approved as Noted, Resubmit for Record", or language with same legal meaning.
  - 1) Resubmit corrected item, with review notations acknowledged and incorporated. Resubmit separately, or as part of project record documents.
  - 2) Non-responsive resubmittals may be rejected.
- 2. Not Authorizing fabrication, delivery, and installation:
  - a. "Revise and Resubmit".
    - 1) Resubmit revised item, with review notations acknowledged and incorporated.
    - 2) Non-responsive resubmittals may be rejected.
  - b. "Rejected".
    - Submit item complying with requirements of Contract Documents.
- E. Architect's and consultants' actions on items submitted for information:
  - 1. Items for which no action was taken:
    - a. "Received" to notify the Contractor that the submittal has been received for record only.
  - 2. Items for which action was taken:
    - a. "Reviewed" no further action is required from Contractor.



# SECTION 014000 QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Submittals.
- B. Quality assurance.
- C. References and standards.
- D. Testing and inspection agencies and services.
- E. Contractor's construction-related professional design services.
- F. Contractor's design-related professional design services.
- G. Control of installation.
- H. Mock-ups.
- I. Tolerances.
- J. Manufacturers' field services.
- K. Defect Assessment.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 012100 Allowances: Allowance for payment of testing services.
- B. Section 013000 Administrative Requirements: Submittal procedures.
- C. Section 016000 Product Requirements: Requirements for material and product quality.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C1021 Standard Practice for Laboratories Engaged in Testing of Building Sealants; 2008 (Reapproved 2023).
- B. ASTM C1077 Standard Practice for Agencies Testing Concrete and Concrete Aggregates for Use in Construction and Criteria for Testing Agency Evaluation; 2024.
- C. ASTM C1093 Standard Practice for Accreditation of Testing Agencies for Masonry; 2023.
- D. ASTM D3740 Standard Practice for Minimum Requirements for Agencies Engaged in Testing and/or Inspection of Soil and Rock as Used in Engineering Design and Construction; 2023.
- E. ASTM E329 Standard Specification for Agencies Engaged in Construction Inspection, Testing, or Special Inspection; 2023.

- F. ASTM E543 Standard Specification for Agencies Performing Nondestructive Testing; 2021.
- G. ASTM E699 Standard Specification for Agencies Involved in Testing, Quality Assurance, and Evaluating of Manufactured Building Components; 2016.
- H. IAS AC89 Accreditation Criteria for Testing Laboratories; 2021.

### 1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Contractor's Quality Control Plan: Contractor's management plan for executing the Contract for Construction.
- B. Contractor's Professional Design Services: Design of some aspect or portion of the project by party other than the design professional of record. Provide these services as part of the Contract for Construction.
  - 1. Design Services Types Required:
    - a. Construction-Related: Services Contractor needs to provide in order to carry out the Contractor's sole responsibilities for construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures.
    - b. Design-Related: Design services explicitly required to be performed by another design professional due to highly-technical and/or specialized nature of a portion of the project. Services primarily involve engineering analysis, calculations, and design, and are not intended to alter the aesthetic aspects of the design.
- C. Design Data: Design-related, signed and sealed drawings, calculations, specifications, certifications, shop drawings and other submittals provided by Contractor, and prepared directly by, or under direct supervision of, appropriately licensed design professional.

#### 1.5 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION-RELATED PROFESSIONAL DESIGN SERVICES

- A. Coordination: Contractor's professional design services are subject to requirements of project's Conditions for Construction Contract.
- B. Provide such engineering design services as may be necessary to plan and safely conduct certain construction operations, pertaining to, but not limited to the following:
  - 1. Temporary sheeting, shoring, or supports.
  - 2. Temporary scaffolding.
  - 3. Temporary bracing.
  - 4. Temporary foundation underpinning.
  - 5. Temporary stairs or steps required for construction access only.
  - 6. Temporary hoist(s) and rigging.
  - 7. Investigation of soil conditions to support construction equipment.

### 1.6 CONTRACTOR'S DESIGN-RELATED PROFESSIONAL DESIGN SERVICES

- A. Coordination: Contractor's professional design services are subject to requirements of project's Conditions for Construction Contract.
- B. Base design on performance and/or design criteria indicated in individual specification sections.
  - 1. Submit a Request for Interpretation to Architect if the criteria indicated are not sufficient to perform required design services.

- C. Scope of Contractor's Professional Design Services: Provide for the following items of work:
  - 1. Structural Design of Formwork: As described in Section 031000 Concrete Forming and Accessories.
  - 2. Concrete Mix Design: As described in Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete. No specific designer qualifications are required.
  - 3. Structural Design of Steel Connections: As described in Section 051200 Structural Steel Framing.
  - 4. Structural Design of Metal Fabrications: As described in Section 055000 Metal Fabrications.
  - 5. Structural Design of Insulated Panels: As described in Section 061219 Structural Insulated Panels.
  - 6. Structural Design: Include physical characteristics, engineering calculations, and resulting dimensional limitations as described in Section 084313 Aluminum-Framed Storefronts.
  - 7. Structural Design of Canopy: As described in Section 107316.13 Metal Canopies.
  - 8. Sprinkler Layout: Coordinate with ceiling installation, detailed pipe layout, and hydraulic calculations as described in Section 211300 Fire-Suppression Sprinkler Systems.
  - 9. Structural Design of Seismic Controls: As described in Section 220548 Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment.
  - 10. System Design: As described in Section 230913 Instrumentation and Control Devices for HVAC.
  - 11. System Design: As described in Section 230923 Direct-Digital Control System for HVAC.
  - 12. Written Sequence of Operation: Include entire HVAC system and each piece of equipment, as described in Section 230993 Sequence of Operations for HVAC Controls.
  - 13. Structural Design: As described in Section 235100 Breechings, Chimneys, and Stacks.

### 1.7 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Designer's Qualification Statement: Submit for Architect's knowledge as contract administrator, or for Owner's information.
  - 1. Include information for each individual professional responsible for producing, or supervising production of, design-related professional services provided by Contractor.
    - a. Full name.
    - b. Professional licensure information.
    - c. Statement addressing extent and depth of experience specifically relevant to design of items assigned to Contractor.
- C. Design Data: Submit for Architect's knowledge as contract administrator for the limited purpose of assessing compliance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents, or for Owner's information.
  - 1. Include calculations that have been used to demonstrate compliance to performance and regulatory criteria provided, and to determine design solutions.
  - 2. Include required product data and shop drawings.
  - 3. Include a statement or certification attesting that design data complies with criteria indicated, such as building codes, loads, functional, and similar engineering requirements.

- 4. Include signature and seal of design professional responsible for allocated design services on calculations and drawings.
- D. Test Reports: After each test/inspection, promptly submit two copies of report to Architect and to Contractor.
  - 1. Include:
    - a. Date issued.
    - b. Project title and number.
    - c. Name of inspector.
    - d. Date and time of sampling or inspection.
    - e. Identification of product and specifications section.
    - f. Location in the Project.
    - g. Type of test/inspection.
    - h. Date of test/inspection.
    - i. Results of test/inspection.
    - j. Compliance with Contract Documents.
    - k. When requested by Architect, provide interpretation of results.
  - 2. Test report submittals are for Architect's knowledge as contract administrator for the limited purpose of assessing compliance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents, or for Owner's information.
- E. Certificates: When specified in individual specification sections, submit certification by the manufacturer and Contractor or installation/application subcontractor to Architect, in quantities specified for Product Data.
  - 1. Indicate material or product complies with or exceeds specified requirements. Submit supporting reference data, affidavits, and certifications as appropriate.
  - 2. Certificates may be recent or previous test results on material or product, but must be acceptable to Architect.
- F. Manufacturer's Instructions: When specified in individual specification sections, submit printed instructions for delivery, storage, assembly, installation, start-up, adjusting, and finishing, for the Owner's information. Indicate special procedures, perimeter conditions requiring special attention, and special environmental criteria required for application or installation.
- G. Manufacturer's Field Reports: Submit reports for Architect's benefit as contract administrator or for Owner.
  - 1. Submit report in electronic PDF file format within 30 days of observation to Architect for information.
  - 2. Submit for information for the limited purpose of assessing compliance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents.
- H. Erection Drawings: Submit drawings for Architect's benefit as contract administrator or for Owner.
  - 1. Submit for information for the limited purpose of assessing compliance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Data indicating inappropriate or unacceptable Work may be subject to action by Architect or Owner.
- 1.8 Quality Assurance
  - A. Testing Agency Qualifications:

- 1. Prior to start of work, submit agency name, address, and telephone number, and names of full time registered Engineer and responsible officer.
- 2. Submit copy of report of laboratory facilities inspection made by NIST Construction Materials Reference Laboratory during most recent inspection, with memorandum of remedies of any deficiencies reported by the inspection.
- 3. Qualification Statement: Provide documentation showing testing laboratory is accredited under IAS AC89.
- B. Designer Qualifications: Where professional engineering design services and design data submittals are specifically required of Contractor by Contract Documents, provide services of a Professional Engineer experienced in design of this type of work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.
- C. Contractor's Quality Control (CQC) Plan:
  - 1. Prior to start of work, submit a comprehensive plan describing how contract deliverables will be produced. Tailor CQC plan to specific requirements of the project. Include the following information:
    - a. Management Structure: Identify personnel responsible for quality. Include a chart showing lines of authority.
      - 1) Include qualifications (in resume form), duties, responsibilities of each person assigned to CQC function.
    - b. Management Approach: Define, describe, and include in the plan specific methodologies used in executing the work.
      - 1) Management and control of documents and records relating to quality.
      - 2) Communications.
      - 3) Coordination procedures.
      - 4) Resource management.
      - 5) Process control.
      - 6) Inspection and testing procedures and scheduling.
      - 7) Control of noncomplying work.
      - 8) Tracking deficiencies from identification, through acceptable corrective action, and verification.
      - 9) Control of testing and measuring equipment.
      - 10) Project materials certification.
      - 11) Managerial continuity and flexibility.
    - c. Owner will not make a separate payment for providing and maintaining a Quality Control Plan. Include associated costs in Bid price.
    - d. Acceptance of the plan is required prior to start of construction activities not including mobilization work. Owner's acceptance of the plan will be conditional and predicated on continuing satisfactory adherence to the plan. Owner reserves the right to require Contractor to make changes to the plan and operations, including removal of personnel, as necessary, to obtain specified quality of work results.
- D. Quality-Control Personnel Qualifications. Engage a person with requisite training and experience to implement and manage quality assurance (QA) and quality control (QC) for the project.

## 1.9 REFERENCES AND STANDARDS

- A. For products and workmanship specified by reference to a document or documents not included in the Project Manual, also referred to as reference standards, comply with requirements of the standard, except when more rigid requirements are specified or are required by applicable codes.
- B. Comply with reference standard of date of issue current on date of Contract Documents, except where a specific date is established by applicable code.
- C. Obtain copies of standards where required by product specification sections.
- D. Maintain copy at project site during submittals, planning, and progress of the specific work, until Substantial Completion.
- E. Should specified reference standards conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect before proceeding.
- F. Neither the contractual relationships, duties, or responsibilities of the parties in Contract nor those of Architect shall be altered from Contract Documents by mention or inference otherwise in any reference document.

# 1.10 Testing and Inspection Agencies and Services

- A. Owner will employ services of an independent testing agency to perform certain specified testing; payment for cost of services will be derived from allowance specified in Section 012100; see Section 012100 and applicable sections for description of services included in allowance.
- B. Owner will employ and pay for services of an independent testing agency to perform other specified testing.
- C. Employment of agency in no way relieves Contractor of obligation to perform Work in accordance with requirements of Contract Documents.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 CONTROL OF INSTALLATION

- A. Monitor quality control over suppliers, manufacturers, products, services, site conditions, and workmanship, to produce work of specified quality.
- B. Comply with manufacturers' instructions, including each step in sequence.
- C. Should manufacturers' instructions conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect before proceeding.
- D. Comply with specified standards as minimum quality for the work except where more stringent tolerances, codes, or specified requirements indicate higher standards or more precise workmanship.
- E. Have work performed by persons qualified to produce required and specified quality.

- F. Verify that field measurements are as indicated on shop drawings or as instructed by the manufacturer.
- G. Secure products in place with positive anchorage devices designed and sized to withstand stresses, vibration, physical distortion, and disfigurement.

### 3.2 MOCK-UPS

- A. Tests shall be performed under provisions identified in this section and identified in the respective product specification sections.
- B. Assemble and erect specified items with specified attachment and anchorage devices, flashings, seals, and finishes.
- C. Architect will use accepted mock-ups as a comparison standard for the remaining Work.
- D. Where mock-up has been accepted by Architect and is specified in product specification sections to be removed, protect mock-up throughout construction, remove mock-up and clear area when directed to do so by Architect.

#### 3.3 TOLERANCES

- A. Monitor fabrication and installation tolerance control of products to produce acceptable Work. Do not permit tolerances to accumulate.
- B. Comply with manufacturers' tolerances. Should manufacturers' tolerances conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect before proceeding.
- C. Adjust products to appropriate dimensions; position before securing products in place.

# 3.4 TESTING AND INSPECTION

- A. See individual specification sections for testing and inspection required.
- B. Testing Agency Duties:
  - 1. Provide qualified personnel at site. Cooperate with Architect and Contractor in performance of services.
  - 2. Perform specified sampling and testing of products in accordance with specified standards.
  - 3. Ascertain compliance of materials and mixes with requirements of Contract Documents.
  - 4. Promptly notify Architect and Contractor of observed irregularities or non-compliance of Work or products.
  - 5. Perform additional tests and inspections required by Architect.
  - 6. Submit reports of all tests/inspections specified.
- C. Limits on Testing/Inspection Agency Authority:
  - 1. Agency may not release, revoke, alter, or enlarge on requirements of Contract Documents.
  - 2. Agency may not approve or accept any portion of the Work.
  - 3. Agency may not assume any duties of Contractor.
  - 4. Agency has no authority to stop the Work.

# D. Contractor Responsibilities:

- 1. Deliver to agency at designated location, adequate samples of materials proposed to be used that require testing, along with proposed mix designs.
- 2. Cooperate with laboratory personnel, and provide access to the Work and to manufacturers' facilities.
- 3. Provide incidental labor and facilities:
  - a. To provide access to Work to be tested/inspected.
  - b. To obtain and handle samples at the site or at source of Products to be tested/inspected.
  - c. To facilitate tests/inspections.
  - d. To provide storage and curing of test samples.
- 4. Notify Architect and laboratory 24 hours prior to expected time for operations requiring testing/inspection services.
- 5. Employ services of an independent qualified testing laboratory and pay for additional samples, tests, and inspections required by Contractor beyond specified requirements.
- 6. Arrange with Owner's agency and pay for additional samples, tests, and inspections required by Contractor beyond specified requirements.
- E. Re-testing required because of non-compliance with specified requirements shall be performed by the same agency on instructions by Architect.
- F. Re-testing required because of non-compliance with specified requirements shall be paid for by Contractor.

# 3.5 MANUFACTURERS' FIELD SERVICES

- A. When specified in individual specification sections, require material or product suppliers or manufacturers to provide qualified staff personnel to observe site conditions, conditions of surfaces and installation, quality of workmanship, start-up of equipment, test, adjust, and balance equipment as applicable, and to initiate instructions when necessary.
- B. Report observations and site decisions or instructions given to applicators or installers that are supplemental or contrary to manufacturers' written instructions.

### 3.6 DEFECT ASSESSMENT

- A. Replace Work or portions of the Work not complying with specified requirements.
- B. If, in the opinion of Architect, it is not practical to remove and replace the work, Architect will direct an appropriate remedy or adjust payment.

# SECTION 014533 CODE-REQUIRED SPECIAL INSPECTIONS AND PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Section Includes
  - A. Code-required special inspections.
  - B. Testing services incidental to special inspections.
  - C. Submittals.
  - D. Manufacturers' field services.
  - E. Fabricators' field services.
- 1.2 Related Requirements
  - A. Section 013000 Administrative Requirements: Submittal procedures.
  - B. Section 014000 Quality Requirements.
  - C. Section 016000 Product Requirements: Requirements for material and product quality.
- 1.3 Abbreviations and Acronyms
  - A. AHJ: Authority having jurisdiction.
  - B. IAS: International Accreditation Service, Inc.
  - C. NIST: National Institute of Standards and Technology.

# 1.4 Definitions

- A. Code or Building Code: The Building Code of New York State 2020 Edition and specifically, Chapter 17 Special Inspections and Tests.
- B. Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ): Agency or individual officially empowered to enforce the building, fire and life safety code requirements of the permitting jurisdiction in which the Project is located.
- C. Special Inspection:
  - 1. Special inspections are inspections and testing of materials, installation, fabrication, erection or placement of components and connections mandated by the AHJ that also require special expertise to ensure compliance with the approved Contract Documents and the referenced standards.
  - 2. Special inspections are separate from and independent of tests and inspections conducted by Owner or Contractor for the purposes of quality assurance and contract administration.

# 1.5 Reference Standards

- A. ACI CODE-318 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete and Commentary; 2019 (Reapproved 2022).
- B. ICC (IBC) International Building Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

# SECTION 015000 TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Temporary utilities.
- B. Temporary telecommunications services.
- C. Temporary sanitary facilities.
- D. Temporary Controls: Barriers, enclosures, and fencing.
- E. Security requirements.
- F. Vehicular access and parking.
- G. Waste removal facilities and services.
- H. Field offices.

#### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- B. ASTM E90 Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements; 2009 (Reapproved 2016).

## 1.3 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

- A. Owner will provide the following:
  - 1. Electrical power and metering, consisting of connection to existing facilities.
  - 2. Water supply, consisting of connection to existing facilities.
- B. Use trigger-operated nozzles for water hoses, to avoid waste of water.

## 1.4 TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

- A. Provide, maintain, and pay for telecommunications services to field office at time of project mobilization.
- B. Telecommunications services shall include:
  - 1. Windows-based personal computer dedicated to project telecommunications, with necessary software and laser printer.
  - 2. Telephone Land Lines: One line, minimum; one handset per line.
  - 3. Internet Connections: Minimum of one; Cable modem or faster.
  - 4. Email: Account/address reserved for project use.

- 5. Facsimile Service: Fax-to-email software on personal computer.
- C. Architect will pay for own telecommunications services.

### 1.5 TEMPORARY SANITARY FACILITIES

- A. Provide and maintain required facilities and enclosures. Provide at time of project mobilization.
- B. Maintain daily in clean and sanitary condition.

#### 1.6 BARRIERS

- A. Provide barriers to prevent unauthorized entry to construction areas, to prevent access to areas that could be hazardous to workers or the public, to allow for owner's use of site and to protect existing facilities and adjacent properties from damage from construction operations and demolition.
- B. Provide barricades and covered walkways required by governing authorities for public rights-of-way.
- C. Protect non-owned vehicular traffic, stored materials, site, and structures from damage.

# 1.7 FENCING

- A. Construction: Commercial grade chain link fence.
- B. Provide 6 foot high fence around construction site; equip with vehicular and pedestrian gates with locks.

# 1.8 EXTERIOR ENCLOSURES

A. Provide temporary insulated weather tight closure of exterior openings to accommodate acceptable working conditions and protection for Products, to allow for temporary heating and maintenance of required ambient temperatures identified in individual specification sections, and to prevent entry of unauthorized persons. Provide access doors with self-closing hardware and locks.

### 1.9 SECURITY

- A. Provide security and facilities to protect Work, existing facilities, and Owner's operations from unauthorized entry, vandalism, or theft.
- B. Coordinate with Owner's security program.

### 1.10 VEHICULAR ACCESS AND PARKING

- A. Comply with regulations relating to use of streets and sidewalks, access to emergency facilities, and access for emergency vehicles.
- B. Coordinate access and haul routes with governing authorities and Owner.
- C. Provide and maintain access to fire hydrants, free of obstructions.

- D. Provide means of removing mud from vehicle wheels before entering streets.
- E. Designated existing on-site roads may be used for construction traffic.
- F. Provide temporary parking areas to accommodate construction personnel. When site space is not adequate, provide additional off-site parking.
- G. Existing parking areas indicated on Drawings may be used for construction parking.
- H. Provide one parking space for Owner use.
- I. Provide one parking space for Architect use.

### 1.11 WASTE REMOVAL

- A. Provide waste removal facilities and services as required to maintain the site in clean and orderly condition.
- B. Provide containers with lids. Remove trash from site periodically.
- C. If materials to be recycled or re-used on the project must be stored on-site, provide suitable non-combustible containers; locate containers holding flammable material outside the structure unless otherwise approved by the authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Open free-fall chutes are not permitted. Terminate closed chutes into appropriate containers with lids.

# 1.12 FIELD OFFICES - See Section 015213

- A. Office: Weathertight, with lighting, electrical outlets, heating, cooling equipment, and equipped with sturdy furniture, drawing rack, and drawing display table.
- B. Provide space for Project meetings, with table and chairs to accommodate 6 persons.
- C. Locate offices a minimum distance of 30 feet from existing and new structures.

# 1.13 REMOVAL OF UTILITIES, FACILITIES, AND CONTROLS

- A. Remove temporary utilities, equipment, facilities, materials, prior to Date of Substantial Completion inspection.
- B. Remove underground installations to a minimum depth of 2 feet. Grade site as indicated.
- C. Clean and repair damage caused by installation or use of temporary work.
- D. Restore existing facilities used during construction to original condition.
- E. Restore new permanent facilities used during construction to specified condition.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

# PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

# SECTION 016000 PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General product requirements.
- B. Re-use of existing products.
- C. Transportation, handling, storage and protection.
- D. Product option requirements.
- E. Substitution limitations.
- F. Procedures for Owner-supplied products.
- G. Maintenance materials, including extra materials, spare parts, tools, and software.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 011000 Summary: Lists of products to be removed from existing building.
- B. Section 011000 Summary: Identification of Owner-supplied products.
- C. Section 012500 Substitution Procedures: Substitutions made during procurement and/or construction phases.
- D. Section 014000 Quality Requirements: Product quality monitoring.
- E. Section 220513 Common Motor Requirements for Plumbing Equipment: Motors for plumbing equipment.
- F. Section 230513 Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment: Motors for HVAC equipment.

# 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 16 CFR 260.13 Guides for the Use of Environmental Marketing Claims; Federal Trade Commission; Recycled Content; Current Edition.
- B. ANSI A138.1 Green Squared American National Standard Specifications for Sustainable Ceramic Tiles, Glass Tiles, and Tile Installation Materials; 2011 (Reaffirmed 2021).
- C. NEMA MG 1 Motors and Generators; 2021.
- D. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Proposed Products List: Submit list of major products proposed for use, with name of manufacturer, trade name, and model number of each product.
  - 1. Submit within 15 days after date of Agreement.
  - 2. For products specified only by reference standards, list applicable reference standards.
- B. Product Data Submittals: Submit manufacturer's standard published data. Mark each copy to identify applicable products, models, options, and other data. Supplement manufacturers' standard data to provide information specific to this Project.
- C. Shop Drawing Submittals: Prepared specifically for this Project; indicate utility and electrical characteristics, utility connection requirements, and location of utility outlets for service for functional equipment and appliances.
- D. Sample Submittals: Illustrate functional and aesthetic characteristics of the product, with integral parts and attachment devices. Coordinate sample submittals for interfacing work.
  - 1. For selection from standard finishes, submit samples of the full range of the manufacturer's standard colors, textures, and patterns.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 EXISTING PRODUCTS

- A. Do not use materials and equipment removed from existing premises unless specifically required or permitted by Contract Documents.
- B. Existing materials and equipment indicated to be removed, but not to be re-used, relocated, reinstalled, delivered to the Owner, or otherwise indicated as to remain the property of the Owner, become the property of the Contractor; remove from site.
- C. Specific Products to be Reused: The reuse of certain materials and equipment already existing on the project site is required.
  - 1. See Section 011000 for list of items required to be salvaged for reuse and relocation.
  - 2. If reuse of other existing materials or equipment is desired, submit substitution request.

### 2.2 NEW PRODUCTS

- A. Provide new products unless specifically required or permitted by Contract Documents.
- B. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional source quality control requirements.
- C. Use of products having any of the following characteristics is not permitted:
  - 1. Made using or containing CFC's or HCFC's.
  - 2. Containing lead, cadmium, or asbestos.
- D. Where other criteria are met, Contractor shall give preference to products that:
  - 1. If used on interior, have lower emissions, as defined in Section 016116.
  - 2. If wet-applied, have lower VOC content, as defined in Section 016116.
  - 3. Have longer documented life span under normal use.

- 4. Are made of recycled materials.
- E. Provide interchangeable components by the same manufacture for components being replaced.
- F. Motors: Refer to Section 210513 Common Motor Requirements for Fire Suppression Equipment, NEMA MG 1 Type. Specific motor type is specified in individual specification sections.
- G. Motors: Refer to Section 220513 Common Motor Requirements for Plumbing Equipment, NEMA MG 1 Type. Specific motor type is specified in individual specification sections.
- H. Motors: Refer to Section 230513 Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment, NEMA MG 1 Type. Specific motor type is specified in individual specification sections.
- I. Wiring Terminations: Provide terminal lugs to match branch circuit conductor quantities, sizes, and materials indicated. Size terminal lugs to NFPA 70, include lugs for terminal box.
- J. Cord and Plug: Provide minimum 6 foot cord and plug including grounding connector for connection to electric wiring system. Cord of longer length is specified in individual specification sections.

### 2.3 PRODUCT OPTIONS

- A. Products Specified by Reference Standards or by Description Only: Use any product meeting those standards or description.
- B. Products Specified by Naming One or More Manufacturers: Use a product of one of the manufacturers named and meeting specifications, no options or substitutions allowed.
- C. Products Specified by Naming One or More Manufacturers with a Provision for Substitutions: Submit a request for substitution for any manufacturer not named.

#### 2.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, spare parts, tools, and software of types and in quantities specified in individual specification sections.
- B. Deliver to Project site; obtain receipt prior to final payment.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 SUBSTITUTION LIMITATIONS

A. See Section 012500 - Substitution Procedures.

# 3.2 OWNER-SUPPLIED PRODUCTS

- A. See Section 011000 Summary for identification of Owner-supplied products.
- B. Owner's Responsibilities:
  - 1. Arrange for and deliver Owner reviewed shop drawings, product data, and samples, to Contractor.

- 2. Arrange and pay for product delivery to site.
- 3. On delivery, inspect products jointly with Contractor.
- 4. Submit claims for transportation damage and replace damaged, defective, or deficient items.
- 5. Arrange for manufacturers' warranties, inspections, and service.

# C. Contractor's Responsibilities:

- 1. Review Owner reviewed shop drawings, product data, and samples.
- 2. Receive and unload products at site; inspect for completeness or damage jointly with Owner
- 3. Handle, store, install and finish products.
- 4. Repair or replace items damaged after receipt.

### 3.3 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

- A. Package products for shipment in manner to prevent damage; for equipment, package to avoid loss of factory calibration.
- B. If special precautions are required, attach instructions prominently and legibly on outside of packaging.
- C. Coordinate schedule of product delivery to designated prepared areas in order to minimize site storage time and potential damage to stored materials.
- D. Transport and handle products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Transport materials in covered trucks to prevent contamination of product and littering of surrounding areas.
- F. Promptly inspect shipments to ensure that products comply with requirements, quantities are correct, and products are undamaged.
- G. Provide equipment and personnel to handle products by methods to prevent soiling, disfigurement, or damage, and to minimize handling.
- H. Arrange for the return of packing materials, such as wood pallets, where economically feasible.

#### 3.4 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

- A. Provide protection of stored materials and products against theft, casualty, or deterioration.
- B. Designate receiving/storage areas for incoming products so that they are delivered according to installation schedule and placed convenient to work area in order to minimize waste due to excessive materials handling and misapplication. See Section 017419.
  - 1. Structural Loading Limitations: Handle and store products and materials so as not to exceed static and dynamic load-bearing capacities of project floor and roof areas.
- C. Store and protect products in accordance with manufacturers' instructions.
- D. Store with seals and labels intact and legible.
- E. Arrange storage of materials and products to allow for visual inspection for the purpose of determination of quantities, amounts, and unit counts.

- F. Store sensitive products in weathertight, climate-controlled enclosures in an environment favorable to product.
- G. For exterior storage of fabricated products, place on sloped supports above ground.
- H. Provide off-site storage and protection when site does not permit on-site storage or protection.
  - 1. Execute a formal supplemental agreement between Owner and Contractor allowing off-site storage, for each occurrence.
- I. Protect products from damage or deterioration due to construction operations, weather, precipitation, humidity, temperature, sunlight and ultraviolet light, dirt, dust, and other contaminants.
- J. Comply with manufacturer's warranty conditions, if any.
- K. Do not store products directly on the ground.
- L. Cover products subject to deterioration with impervious sheet covering. Provide ventilation to prevent condensation and degradation of products.
- M. Store loose granular materials on solid flat surfaces in a well-drained area. Prevent mixing with foreign matter.
- N. Prevent contact with material that may cause corrosion, discoloration, or staining.
- O. Provide equipment and personnel to store products by methods to prevent soiling, disfigurement, or damage.
- P. Arrange storage of products to permit access for inspection. Periodically inspect to verify products are undamaged and are maintained in acceptable condition.



# SECTION 017000 EXECUTION AND CLOSEOUT REQUIREMENTS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Examination, preparation, and general installation procedures.
- B. Requirements for alterations work, including selective demolition.
- C. Pre-installation meetings.
- D. Cutting and patching.
- E. Surveying for laying out the work.
- F. Cleaning and protection.
- G. Starting of systems and equipment.
- H. Demonstration and instruction of Owner personnel.
- I. Closeout procedures, including Contractor's Correction Punch List, except payment procedures.
- J. General requirements for maintenance service.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 011000 Summary: Limitations on working in existing building; continued occupancy; work sequence; identification of salvaged and relocated materials.
- B. General Conditions Article 3 Payments and Conditions: Additional requirements for cuting and patching.
- C. Section 014000 Quality Requirements: Testing and inspection procedures.
- D. Section 015000 Temporary Facilities and Controls: Temporary exterior enclosures.
- E. Section 017123 Field Engineering: Additional requirements for field engineering and surveying work.
- F. Section 017800 Closeout Submittals: Project record documents, operation and maintenance data, warranties, and bonds.
- G. Section 017900 Demonstration and Training: Demonstration of products and systems to be commissioned and where indicated in specific specification sections
- H. Section 024100 Demolition: Demolition of whole structures and parts thereof; site utility demolition.
- I. Section 078400 Firestopping.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. NFPA 241 - Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations; 2022, with Errata (2021).

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Demolition Plan: Submit demolition plan as specified by OSHA and local authorities.
  - Indicate extent of demolition, removal sequence, bracing and shoring, and location and construction of barricades and fences. Include design drawings and calculations for bracing and shoring.
  - 2. Identify demolition firm and submit qualifications.
  - 3. Include a summary of safety procedures.
- C. Cutting and Patching: Submit written request in advance of cutting or alteration that affects:
  - 1. Structural integrity of any element of Project.
  - 2. Integrity of weather exposed or moisture resistant element.
  - 3. Efficiency, maintenance, or safety of any operational element.
  - 4. Visual qualities of sight exposed elements.
  - 5. Include in request:
    - a. Identification of Project.
    - b. Location and description of affected work.
    - c. Necessity for cutting or alteration.
    - d. Description of proposed work and products to be used.
    - e. Effect on work of Owner or separate Contractor.
    - f. Date and time work will be executed.
- D. Project Record Documents: Accurately record actual locations of capped and active utilities.

# 1.5 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. For demolition work, employ a firm specializing in the type of work required.
  - 1. Minimum of three years of documented experience.
- B. For field engineering, employ a professional engineer of the discipline required for specific service on Project, licensed in the State in which the Project is located. Employ only individual(s) trained and experienced in establishing and maintaining horizontal and vertical control points necessary for laying out construction work on project of similar size, scope and/or complexity.
- C. For design of temporary shoring and bracing, employ a Professional Engineer experienced in design of this type of work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.

### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Use of explosives is not permitted.

- B. Grade site to drain. Maintain excavations free of water. Provide, operate, and maintain pumping equipment.
- C. Protect site from puddling or running water. Provide water barriers as required to protect site from soil erosion.
- D. Ventilate enclosed areas to assist cure of materials, to dissipate humidity, and to prevent accumulation of dust, fumes, vapors, or gases.
- E. Dust Control: Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations. Provide positive means to prevent air-borne dust from dispersing into atmosphere and over adjacent property.
  - 1. Provide dust-proof enclosures to prevent entry of dust generated outdoors.
- F. Erosion and Sediment Control: Plan and execute work by methods to control surface drainage from cuts and fills, from borrow and waste disposal areas. Prevent erosion and sedimentation.
  - 1. Minimize amount of bare soil exposed at one time.
  - 2. Provide temporary measures such as berms, dikes, and drains, to prevent water flow.
  - 3. Construct fill and waste areas by selective placement to avoid erosive surface silts or clays.
- G. Noise Control: Provide methods, means, and facilities to minimize noise produced by construction operations.
  - 1. At All Times: Excessively noisy tools and operations will not be tolerated inside the building at any time of day; excessively noisy includes jackhammers.
  - 2. Outdoors: Limit conduct of especially noisy exterior work to the hours of 8 am to 5 pm.
- H. Pest and Rodent Control: Provide methods, means, and facilities to prevent pests and insects from damaging the work.
  - 1. Pest Control Service: Weekly treatments.
- I. Rodent Control: Provide methods, means, and facilities to prevent rodents from accessing or invading premises.
- J. Pollution Control: Provide methods, means, and facilities to prevent contamination of soil, water, and atmosphere from discharge of noxious, toxic substances, and pollutants produced by construction operations. Comply with federal, state, and local regulations.

## 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate scheduling, submittals, and work of the various sections of the Project Manual to ensure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of interdependent construction elements, with provisions for accommodating items installed later.
- B. Notify affected utility companies and comply with their requirements.
- C. Verify that utility requirements and characteristics of new operating equipment are compatible with building utilities. Coordinate work of various sections having interdependent responsibilities for installing, connecting to, and placing in service, such equipment.
- D. Coordinate space requirements, supports, and installation of mechanical and electrical work that are indicated diagrammatically on drawings. Follow routing indicated for pipes, ducts, and conduit, as closely as practicable; place runs parallel with lines of building. Utilize spaces

- efficiently to maximize accessibility for other installations, for maintenance, and for repairs.
- E. In finished areas except as otherwise indicated, conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring within the construction. Coordinate locations of fixtures and outlets with finish elements.
- F. Coordinate completion and clean-up of work of separate sections.
- G. After Owner occupancy of premises, coordinate access to site for correction of defective work and work not in accordance with Contract Documents, to minimize disruption of Owner's activities.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PATCHING MATERIALS

- A. New Materials: As specified in product sections; match existing products and work for patching and extending work.
- B. Type and Quality of Existing Products: Determine by inspecting and testing products where necessary, referring to existing work as a standard.
- C. Product Substitution: For any proposed change in materials, submit request for substitution described in Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that existing site conditions and substrate surfaces are acceptable for subsequent work. Start of work means acceptance of existing conditions.
- B. Verify that existing substrate is capable of structural support or attachment of new work being applied or attached.
- C. Examine and verify specific conditions described in individual specification sections.
- D. Take field measurements before confirming product orders or beginning fabrication, to minimize waste due to over-ordering or misfabrication.
- E. Verify that utility services are available, of the correct characteristics, and in the correct locations.
- F. Prior to Cutting: Examine existing conditions prior to commencing work, including elements subject to damage or movement during cutting and patching. After uncovering existing work, assess conditions affecting performance of work. Beginning of cutting or patching means acceptance of existing conditions.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrate surfaces prior to applying next material or substance.
- B. Seal cracks or openings of substrate prior to applying next material or substance.

C. Apply manufacturer required or recommended substrate primer, sealer, or conditioner prior to applying any new material or substance in contact or bond.

### 3.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. When required in individual specification sections, convene a preinstallation meeting at the site prior to commencing work of the section.
- B. Require attendance of parties directly affecting, or affected by, work of the specific section.
- C. Notify Architect four days in advance of meeting date.
- D. Prepare agenda and preside at meeting:
  - 1. Review conditions of examination, preparation and installation procedures.
  - 2. Review coordination with related work.
- E. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with two copies to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

#### 3.4 LAYING OUT THE WORK

- A. Verify locations of survey control points prior to starting work.
- B. Promptly notify Architect of any discrepancies discovered.
- C. Contractor shall locate and protect survey control and reference points.
- D. Protect survey control points prior to starting site work; preserve permanent reference points during construction.
- E. Promptly report to Architect the loss or destruction of any reference point or relocation required because of changes in grades or other reasons.
- F. Replace dislocated survey control points based on original survey control. Make no changes without prior written notice to Architect.
- G. Utilize recognized engineering survey practices.
- H. Establish elevations, lines and levels. Locate and lay out by instrumentation and similar appropriate means:
  - 1. Site improvements including pavements; stakes for grading, fill and topsoil placement; utility locations, slopes, and invert elevations.
  - 2. Grid or axis for structures.
  - 3. Building foundation, column locations, ground floor elevations.
- I. Periodically verify layouts by same means.
- J. Maintain a complete and accurate log of control and survey work as it progresses.

#### 3.5 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

A. In addition to compliance with regulatory requirements, conduct construction operations in compliance with NFPA 241, including applicable recommendations in Appendix A.

- B. Install products as specified in individual sections, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations, and so as to avoid waste due to necessity for replacement.
- C. Make vertical elements plumb and horizontal elements level, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install equipment and fittings plumb and level, neatly aligned with adjacent vertical and horizontal lines, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Make consistent texture on surfaces, with seamless transitions, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Make neat transitions between different surfaces, maintaining texture and appearance.

#### 3.6 ALTERATIONS

- A. Drawings showing existing construction and utilities are based on casual field observation and existing record documents only.
  - 1. Verify that construction and utility arrangements are as indicated.
  - 2. Report discrepancies to Architect before disturbing existing installation.
  - 3. Beginning of alterations work constitutes acceptance of existing conditions.
- B. Maintain weatherproof exterior building enclosure except for interruptions required for replacement or modifications; take care to prevent water and humidity damage.
  - 1. Where openings in exterior enclosure exist, provide construction to make exterior enclosure weatherproof.
  - 2. Insulate existing ducts or pipes that are exposed to outdoor ambient temperatures by alterations work.
- C. Remove existing work as indicated and as required to accomplish new work.
  - 1. Remove rotted wood, corroded metals, and deteriorated masonry and concrete; replace with new construction specified.
  - 2. Remove items indicated on drawings.
  - 3. Relocate items indicated on drawings.
  - 4. Where new surface finishes are to be applied to existing work, perform removals, patch, and prepare existing surfaces as required to receive new finish; remove existing finish if necessary for successful application of new finish.
  - 5. Where new surface finishes are not specified or indicated, patch holes and damaged surfaces to match adjacent finished surfaces as closely as possible.
- D. Services (Including but not limited to HVAC, Plumbing, Fire Protection, Electrical, and Telecommunications): Remove, relocate, and extend existing systems to accommodate new construction.
  - 1. Maintain existing active systems that are to remain in operation; maintain access to equipment and operational components; if necessary, modify installation to allow access or provide access panel.
  - 2. Where existing systems or equipment are not active and Contract Documents require reactivation, put back into operational condition; repair supply, distribution, and equipment as required.
  - 3. Where existing active systems serve occupied facilities but are to be replaced with new services, maintain existing systems in service until new systems are complete and ready for service.

- a. Disable existing systems only to make switchovers and connections; minimize duration of outages.
- b. See Section 011000 for other limitations on outages and required notifications.
- c. Provide temporary connections as required to maintain existing systems in service.
- 4. Verify that abandoned services serve only abandoned facilities.
- 5. Remove abandoned pipe, ducts, conduits, and equipment, including those above accessible ceilings; remove back to source of supply where possible, otherwise cap stub and tag with identification; patch holes left by removal using materials specified for new construction.
- E. Protect existing work to remain.
  - 1. Prevent movement of structure; provide shoring and bracing if necessary.
  - 2. Perform cutting to accomplish removals neatly and as specified for cutting new work.
  - 3. Repair adjacent construction and finishes damaged during removal work.
- F. Adapt existing work to fit new work: Make as neat and smooth transition as possible.
  - 1. When existing finished surfaces are cut so that a smooth transition with new work is not possible, terminate existing surface along a straight line at a natural line of division and make recommendation to Architect.
  - 2. Where removal of partitions or walls results in adjacent spaces becoming one, rework floors, walls, and ceilings to a smooth plane without breaks, steps, or bulkheads.
  - 3. Trim existing wood doors as necessary to clear new floor finish. Refinish trim as required.
- G. Patching: Where the existing surface is not indicated to be refinished, patch to match the surface finish that existed prior to cutting. Where the surface is indicated to be refinished, patch so that the substrate is ready for the new finish.
- H. Refinish existing surfaces as indicated:
  - 1. Where rooms or spaces are indicated to be refinished, refinish all visible existing surfaces to remain to the specified condition for each material, with a neat transition to adjacent finishes.
  - 2. If mechanical or electrical work is exposed accidentally during the work, re-cover and refinish to match.
- I. Clean existing systems and equipment.
- J. Remove demolition debris and abandoned items from alterations areas and dispose of off-site; do not burn or bury.
- K. Do not begin new construction in alterations areas before demolition is complete.
- L. Comply with all other applicable requirements of this section.

## 3.7 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Whenever possible, execute the work by methods that avoid cutting or patching.
- B. See Alterations article above for additional requirements.
- C. Perform whatever cutting and patching is necessary to:
  - 1. Complete the work.
  - 2. Fit products together to integrate with other work.

- 3. Provide openings for penetration of mechanical, electrical, and other services.
- 4. Match work that has been cut to adjacent work.
- 5. Repair areas adjacent to cuts to required condition.
- 6. Repair new work damaged by subsequent work.
- 7. Remove samples of installed work for testing when requested.
- 8. Remove and replace defective and non-complying work.
- D. Execute work by methods that avoid damage to other work and that will provide appropriate surfaces to receive patching and finishing. In existing work, minimize damage and restore to original condition.
- E. Employ original installer to perform cutting for weather exposed and moisture resistant elements, and sight exposed surfaces.
- F. Cut rigid materials using masonry saw or core drill. Pneumatic tools not allowed without prior approval.
- G. Restore work with new products in accordance with requirements of Contract Documents.
- H. Fit work air tight to pipes, sleeves, ducts, conduit, and other penetrations through surfaces.
- I. At penetrations of fire rated walls, partitions, ceiling, or floor construction, completely seal voids with fire rated material in accordance with Section 078400, to full thickness of the penetrated element.

### J. Patching:

- 1. Finish patched surfaces to match finish that existed prior to patching. On continuous surfaces, refinish to nearest intersection or natural break. For an assembly, refinish entire unit.
- 2. Match color, texture, and appearance.
- 3. Repair patched surfaces that are damaged, lifted, discolored, or showing other imperfections due to patching work. If defects are due to condition of substrate, repair substrate prior to repairing finish.

### 3.8 PROGRESS CLEANING

- A. Maintain areas free of waste materials, debris, and rubbish. Maintain site in a clean and orderly condition.
- B. Remove debris and rubbish from pipe chases, plenums, attics, crawl spaces, and other closed or remote spaces, prior to enclosing the space.
- C. Broom and vacuum clean interior areas prior to start of surface finishing, and continue cleaning to eliminate dust.
- D. Collect and remove waste materials, debris, and trash/rubbish from site periodically and dispose off-site; do not burn or bury.

### 3.9 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED WORK

- A. Protect installed work from damage by construction operations.
- B. Provide special protection where specified in individual specification sections.

- C. Provide temporary and removable protection for installed products. Control activity in immediate work area to prevent damage.
- D. Provide protective coverings at walls, projections, jambs, sills, and soffits of openings.
- E. Protect finished floors, stairs, and other surfaces from traffic, dirt, wear, damage, or movement of heavy objects, by protecting with durable sheet materials.
- F. Protect work from spilled liquids. If work is exposed to spilled liquids, immediately remove protective coverings, dry out work, and replace protective coverings.
- G. Prohibit traffic or storage upon waterproofed or roofed surfaces. If traffic or activity is necessary, obtain recommendations for protection from waterproofing or roofing material manufacturer.
- H. Prohibit traffic from landscaped areas.
- I. Remove protective coverings when no longer needed; reuse or recycle coverings if possible.

#### 3.10 SYSTEM STARTUP

- A. Coordinate schedule for start-up of various equipment and systems.
- B. Notify Architect and Owner seven days prior to start-up of each item.
- C. Verify that each piece of equipment or system has been checked for proper lubrication, drive rotation, belt tension, control sequence, and for conditions that may cause damage.
- D. Verify tests, meter readings, and specified electrical characteristics agree with those required by the equipment or system manufacturer.
- E. Verify that wiring and support components for equipment are complete and tested.
- F. Execute start-up under supervision of applicable Contractor personnel and manufacturer's representative in accordance with manufacturers' instructions.
- G. When specified in individual specification Sections, require manufacturer to provide authorized representative to be present at site to inspect, check, and approve equipment or system installation prior to start-up, and to supervise placing equipment or system in operation.
- H. Submit a written report that equipment or system has been properly installed and is functioning correctly.

### 3.11 DEMONSTRATION AND INSTRUCTION

- A. See Section 017900 Demonstration and Training.
- B. Demonstrate operation and maintenance of products to Owner's personnel two weeks prior to date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Utilize operation and maintenance manuals as basis for instruction. Review contents of manual with Owner's personnel in detail to explain all aspects of operation and maintenance.

- D. Prepare and insert additional data in operations and maintenance manuals when need for additional data becomes apparent during instruction.
- E. The amount of time required for instruction on each item of equipment and system is that specified in individual sections.

#### 3.12 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust operating products and equipment to ensure smooth and unhindered operation.
- B. Testing, adjusting, and balancing HVAC systems: See Section 230593 Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC.

## 3.13 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Execute final cleaning prior to final project assessment.
  - 1. Clean areas to be occupied by Owner prior to final completion before Owner occupancy.
- B. Use cleaning materials that are nonhazardous.
- C. Clean interior and exterior glass, surfaces exposed to view; remove temporary labels, stains and foreign substances, polish transparent and glossy surfaces, vacuum carpeted and soft surfaces.
- D. Remove all labels that are not permanent. Do not paint or otherwise cover fire test labels or nameplates on mechanical and electrical equipment.
- E. Clean equipment and fixtures to a sanitary condition with cleaning materials appropriate to the surface and material being cleaned.
- F. Clean filters of operating equipment.
- G. Clean debris from roofs, gutters, downspouts, scuppers, overflow drains, area drains, and drainage systems.
- H. Clean site; sweep paved areas, rake clean landscaped surfaces.
- I. Remove waste, surplus materials, trash/rubbish, and construction facilities from the site; dispose of in legal manner; do not burn or bury.

## 3.14 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

- A. Make submittals that are required by governing or other authorities.
  - 1. Provide copies to Architect and Owner.
- B. Accompany Project Coordinator on preliminary inspection to determine items to be listed for completion or correction in the Contractor's Correction Punch List for Contractor's Notice of Substantial Completion.
- C. Notify Architect when work is considered ready for Architect's Substantial Completion inspection.
- D. Submit written certification containing Contractor's Correction Punch List, that Contract Documents have been reviewed, work has been inspected, and that work is complete in

- accordance with Contract Documents and ready for Architect's Substantial Completion inspection.
- E. Owner will occupy all of the building as specified in Section 011000.
- F. Conduct Substantial Completion inspection and create Final Correction Punch List containing Architect's and Contractor's comprehensive list of items identified to be completed or corrected and submit to Architect.
- G. Correct items of work listed in Final Correction Punch List and comply with requirements for access to Owner-occupied areas.
- H. Notify Architect when work is considered finally complete and ready for Architect's Substantial Completion final inspection.
- I. Complete items of work determined by Architect listed in executed Certificate of Substantial Completion.

#### 3.15 MAINTENANCE

- A. Provide service and maintenance of components indicated in specification sections.
- B. Maintenance Period: As indicated in specification sections or, if not indicated, not less than one year from the Date of Substantial Completion or the length of the specified warranty, whichever is longer.
- C. Examine system components at a frequency consistent with reliable operation. Clean, adjust, and lubricate as required.
- D. Include systematic examination, adjustment, and lubrication of components. Repair or replace parts whenever required. Use parts produced by the manufacturer of the original component.
- E. Maintenance service shall not be assigned or transferred to any agent or subcontractor without prior written consent of the Owner.

END OF SECTION 017000



# SECTION 017123 FIELD ENGINEERING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Field engineering services by Contractor.
- B. Construction surveying by Contractor.
- C. Support and bracing.

## 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES

- A. Specific services listed in this section are in addition to, and do not supersede, general Execution and Closeout Requirements.
- B. Sole responsibility for establishing all locations, dimensions and levels of items of work.
- C. Sole responsibility for provision of all materials required to establish and maintain benchmarks and control points, including batter boards, grade stakes, structure elevation stakes, and other items.
- D. Keeping a transit, theodolite, or TST (total station theodolite with electronic distance measurement device); leveling instrument; and related implements such as survey rods and other measurement devices, at the project site at all times.
- E. Provision of facilities and assistance necessary for Architect to check lines and grade points placed by Contractor.
  - 1. Performance of excavation or embankment work until after all cross-sectioning necessary for determining payment quantities for Unit Price work have been completed and accepted by Architect.
- F. Preparation and maintenance of daily reports of activity on the work. Submission of reports containing key progress indicators and job conditions to Architect.
  - 1. Number of employees at the Site.
  - 2. Number employees at the Site for each of Contractor's subcontractors.
  - 3. Breakdown of employees by trades.
  - 4. Major equipment and materials installed as part of the work.
  - 5. Major construction equipment utilized.
  - 6. Location of areas in which construction was performed.
  - 7. Materials and equipment received.
  - 8. Work performed, including field quality control measures and testing.
  - 9. Weather conditions.
  - 10. Safety.
  - 11. Delays encountered, amount of delay incurred, and the reasons for the delay.
  - 12. Instructions received from Architect or Owner, if any.

- G. Preparation and maintenance of professional-quality, accurate, well organized, legible notes of all measurements and calculations made while surveying and laying out the work.
- H. Prior to backfilling operations, surveying locating, and recording on a copy of Contract Documents an accurate representation of buried work and Underground Facilities encountered.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. SMACNA (SRM) Seismic Restraint Manual Guidelines for Mechanical Systems; 2008.
- B. State Plane Coordinate System for the State in which the Project is located.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Conduct a preinstallation meeting one week prior to the start of the work of this section; require attendance by all affected installers.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Submit in addition to items required in Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements.
- C. Informational Submittals: Submit the following:
  - 1. Field Engineering: Submit daily reports, with content as indicated in this section.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Field Engineer's Qualifications: As established in Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements.
- B. Use adequate number of skilled and thoroughly-trained workers to perform the work of this section in a timely and comprehensive manner.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify layout information shown on drawings in relation to property survey and existing benchmarks.
- B. Notify Owner's representative and Architect of discrepancies immediately in writing before proceeding to lay out work.
- C. Locate and protect existing benchmarks, base lines, and demarcations. Preserve permanent reference points during construction.

D. Existing Utilities and Equipment: The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework, investigate and verify existing conditions.

#### 3.2 FIELD ENGINEERING

- A. Maintain field office files, drawings, specifications, and record documents.
- B. Coordinate field engineering services with Contractor's subcontractors, installers, and suppliers as appropriate.
- C. Prepare layout and coordination drawings for construction operations.
- D. Check and coordinate the work for conflicts and interferences, and immediately advise Architect and Owner of all discrepancies of which Contractor is aware.
- E. Cooperate as required with Architect and Owner in observing the work and performing field inspections.
- F. Review and coordinate work on a regular basis with shop drawings and Contractor's other submittals.
- G. Check the location, line and grade of every major element as the work progresses. Notify the Architect when deviations from required lines or grades exceed allowable tolerances. Include in such notifications a thorough explanation of the problem, and a proposed plan and schedule for remedying the deviation. Do not proceed with remedial work without Owner's concurrence of the remediation plan.
- H. Check all formwork, reinforcing, inserts, structural steel, bolts, sleeves, piping, other materials and equipment for compliance with shop drawings and Contract Documents requirements.
- I. Check all bracing and shoring for structural integrity and compliance with designs prepared by the Contractor.

# 3.3 CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING

- A. General: Perform surveying as applicable to specific items necessary for proper execution of work.
- B. Surveying to Determine Quantities for Payment.
  - 1. For each application for progress payment, perform such surveys and computations necessary to determine quantities of work performed or placed. Perform surveys necessary for Architect to determine final quantities of work in place.
  - 2. Notify Architect at least 24 hours before performing survey services for determining quantities. Unless waived in writing by Architect, perform quantity surveys in presence of Architect.
- C. Record Log: Maintain a log of layout control work. Record any deviations from required lines and levels. Include beginning and ending dates and times of surveys, weather conditions, name and duty of each survey party member, and types of instruments and tapes used.
- D. Use by the Architect: The Architect may at any time use line and grade points and markers established by the Contractor. The Contractor's surveys are a part of the work and may be

checked by the Architect at any time.

# E. Accuracy:

- 1. Establish Contractor's temporary survey references points for Contractor's use to at least second-order accuracy (e.g., 1:10000). Set construction staking used as a guide for the work to at least third-order accuracy (e.g., 1:5000). Provide the absolute margin for error specified below on the basis established by such orders.
  - a. Accuracy of Other Staking: Plus/minus 0.04 foot horizontally and plus/minus 0.02 foot vertically.
  - b. Include an error analysis sufficient to demonstrate required accuracy in survey calculations.
- 2. Owner reserves the right to check the Contractor's survey, measurements, and calculations. The requirement for accuracy will not be waived, whether this right is exercised or not.

#### 3.4 SUPPORT AND BRACING

- A. General requirements: Design all support and bracing systems, if required. Provide for attachment to portions of the building structure capable of bearing the loads imposed. Design systems to not overstress the building structure.
- B. Seismic Bracing: Design where required by authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Design and install all support systems to comply with the seismic requirements of the Construction Code of the State in which the Project is located.
  - 2. Design and install seismic bracing so as not to defeat the operation on any required vibration isolation or sound isolation devices.
  - 3. For seismic bracing guidelines for mechanical, electrical and plumbing systems, refer to SMACNA (SRM).

#### 3.5 REPORTS

A. Submit two copies of Contractor's daily reports electronically by 9:00 AM the next working day after the day covered in the associated report. Daily report shall be signed by responsible member of Contractor's staff, such as project manager or superintendent, or foreman designated by Contractor as having authority to sign daily reports.

### 3.6 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals, for closeout submittals.
- B. See Section 017900 Demonstration and Training, for additional requirements.

END OF SECTION 017123

# SECTION 017800 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Project record documents.
- B. Operation and maintenance data.
- C. Warranties and bonds.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Conditions: Performance bond and labor and material payment bonds, warranty, and correction of work.
- B. Section 013000 Administrative Requirements: Submittals procedures, shop drawings, product data, and samples.
- C. Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements: Contract closeout procedures.
- D. Individual Product Sections: Specific requirements for operation and maintenance data.
- E. Individual Product Sections: Warranties required for specific products or Work.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Project Record Documents: Submit documents to Architect with claim for final Application for Payment.
- B. Operation and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. For equipment, or component parts of equipment put into service during construction and operated by Owner, submit completed documents within ten days after acceptance.
  - 2. Submit one copy of completed documents 15 days prior to final inspection. This copy will be reviewed and returned after final inspection, with Architect comments. Revise content of all document sets as required prior to final submission.
  - 3. Submit two sets of revised final documents in final form within 10 days after final inspection.

### C. Warranties and Bonds:

- 1. For equipment or component parts of equipment put into service during construction with Owner's permission, submit documents within 10 days after acceptance.
- 2. Make other submittals within 10 days after Date of Substantial Completion, prior to final Application for Payment.
- 3. For items of Work for which acceptance is delayed beyond Date of Substantial Completion, submit within 10 days after acceptance, listing the date of acceptance as the beginning of the warranty period.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. Maintain on site one set of the following record documents; record actual revisions to the Work:
  - 1. Drawings.
  - 2. Specifications.
  - 3. Addenda.
  - 4. Change Orders and other modifications to the Contract.
  - 5. Reviewed shop drawings, product data, and samples.
  - 6. Manufacturer's instruction for assembly, installation, and adjusting.
- B. Ensure entries are complete and accurate, enabling future reference by Owner.
- C. Store record documents separate from documents used for construction.
- D. Record information concurrent with construction progress.
- E. Specifications: Legibly mark and record at each product section description of actual products installed, including the following:
  - 1. Manufacturer's name and product model and number.
  - 2. Product substitutions or alternates utilized.
  - 3. Changes made by Addenda and modifications.
- F. Record Drawings and Shop Drawings: Legibly mark each item to record actual construction including:
  - 1. Measured depths of foundations in relation to finish first floor datum.
  - 2. Measured horizontal and vertical locations of underground utilities and appurtenances, referenced to permanent surface improvements.
  - 3. Measured locations of internal utilities and appurtenances concealed in construction, referenced to visible and accessible features of the Work.
  - 4. Field changes of dimension and detail.
  - 5. Details not on original Contract drawings.

## 3.2 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Product Data: Mark each sheet to clearly identify specific products and component parts, and data applicable to installation. Delete inapplicable information.
- B. Drawings: Supplement product data to illustrate relations of component parts of equipment and systems, to show control and flow diagrams. Do not use Project Record Documents as maintenance drawings.
- C. Typed Text: As required to supplement product data. Provide logical sequence of instructions for each procedure, incorporating manufacturer's instructions.

# 3.3 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA FOR MATERIALS AND FINISHES

- A. For Each Product, Applied Material, and Finish:
  - 1. Product data, with catalog number, size, composition, and color and texture designations.
  - 2. Information for re-ordering custom manufactured products.
- B. Instructions for Care and Maintenance: Manufacturer's recommendations for cleaning agents and methods, precautions against detrimental cleaning agents and methods, and recommended schedule for cleaning and maintenance.
- C. Moisture protection and weather-exposed products: Include product data listing applicable reference standards, chemical composition, and details of installation. Provide recommendations for inspections, maintenance, and repair.
- D. Additional information as specified in individual product specification sections.
- E. Where additional instructions are required, beyond the manufacturer's standard printed instructions, have instructions prepared by personnel experienced in the operation and maintenance of the specific products.

## 3.4 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA FOR EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

- A. For Each Item of Equipment and Each System:
  - 1. Description of unit or system, and component parts.
  - 2. Identify function, normal operating characteristics, and limiting conditions.
  - 3. Include performance curves, with engineering data and tests.
  - 4. Complete nomenclature and model number of replaceable parts.
- B. Where additional instructions are required, beyond the manufacturer's standard printed instructions, have instructions prepared by personnel experienced in the operation and maintenance of the specific products.
- C. Panelboard Circuit Directories: Provide electrical service characteristics, controls, and communications; typed.
- D. Include color coded wiring diagrams as installed.
- E. Operating Procedures: Include start-up, break-in, and routine normal operating instructions and sequences. Include regulation, control, stopping, shut-down, and emergency instructions. Include summer, winter, and any special operating instructions.
- F. Maintenance Requirements: Include routine procedures and guide for preventative maintenance and trouble shooting; disassembly, repair, and reassembly instructions; and alignment, adjusting, balancing, and checking instructions.
  - 1. Include HVAC outdoor and exhaust air damper calibration strategy.
    - a. Include provisions which ensure that full closure of dampers can be achieved.
  - 2. Include Carbon Dioxide Monitoring Protocol.
  - 3. Include Carbon Monoxide Monitoring Protocol.
  - 4. Include Frost Mitigation Strategy for ventilation heat-recovery system.
- G. Provide servicing and lubrication schedule, and list of lubricants required.
- H. Include manufacturer's printed operation and maintenance instructions.
- I. Include sequence of operation by controls manufacturer.

- J. Provide original manufacturer's parts list, illustrations, assembly drawings, and diagrams required for maintenance.
- K. Provide control diagrams by controls manufacturer as installed.
- L. Provide Contractor's coordination drawings, with color coded piping diagrams as installed.
- M. Provide charts of valve tag numbers, with location and function of each valve, keyed to flow and control diagrams.
- N. Provide list of original manufacturer's spare parts, current prices, and recommended quantities to be maintained in storage.
- O. Include test and balancing reports.
- P. Additional Requirements: As specified in individual product specification sections.

### 3.5 ASSEMBLY OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Assemble operation and maintenance data into durable manuals for Owner's personnel use, with data arranged in the same sequence as, and identified by, the specification sections.
- B. Where systems involve more than one specification section, provide separate tabbed divider for each system.
- C. Binders: Commercial quality, 8-1/2 by 11 inch three D side ring binders with durable plastic covers; 2 inch maximum ring size. When multiple binders are used, correlate data into related consistent groupings.
- D. Cover: Identify each binder with typed or printed title OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS; identify title of Project; identify subject matter of contents.
- E. Project Directory: Title and address of Project; names, addresses, and telephone numbers of Architect, Consultants, Contractor and subcontractors, with names of responsible parties.
- F. Tables of Contents: List every item separated by a divider, using the same identification as on the divider tab; where multiple volumes are required, include all volumes Tables of Contents in each volume, with the current volume clearly identified.
- G. Dividers: Provide tabbed dividers for each separate product and system; identify the contents on the divider tab; immediately following the divider tab include a description of product and major component parts of equipment.
- H. Text: Manufacturer's printed data, or typewritten data on 20 pound paper.
- I. Drawings: Provide with reinforced punched binder tab. Bind in with text; fold larger drawings to size of text pages.
- J. Arrangement of Contents: Organize each volume in parts as follows:
  - 1. Project Directory.
  - 2. Table of Contents, of all volumes, and of this volume.
  - 3. Operation and Maintenance Data: Arranged by system, then by product category.
    - a. Source data.
    - b. Product data, shop drawings, and other submittals.

- c. Operation and maintenance data.
- d. Field quality control data.
- e. Photocopies of warranties and bonds.

#### 3.6 WARRANTIES AND BONDS

- A. Obtain warranties and bonds, executed in duplicate by responsible Subcontractors, suppliers, and manufacturers, within 10 days after completion of the applicable item of work. Except for items put into use with Owner's permission, leave date of beginning of time of warranty until Date of Substantial completion is determined.
- B. Verify that documents are in proper form, contain full information, and are notarized.
- C. Co-execute submittals when required.
- D. Retain warranties and bonds until time specified for submittal.
- E. Include originals of each in operation and maintenance manuals, indexed separately on Table of Contents.
- F. Manual: Bind in commercial quality 8-1/2 by 11 inch three D side ring binders with durable plastic covers.
- G. Cover: Identify each binder with typed or printed title WARRANTIES AND BONDS, with title of Project; name, address and telephone number of Contractor and equipment supplier; and name of responsible company principal.
- H. Table of Contents: Neatly typed, in the sequence of the Table of Contents of the Project Manual, with each item identified with the number and title of the specification section in which specified, and the name of product or work item.

END OF SECTION 017800



# SECTION 017900 DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Demonstration of products and systems to be commissioned and where indicated in specific specification sections.
- B. Training of Owner personnel in care, cleaning, maintenance, and repair is required for:
  - 1. Roofing, waterproofing, and other weather-exposed or moisture protection products.
  - 2. Finishes, including flooring, wall finishes, ceiling finishes.
  - 3. Fixtures and fittings.
  - 4. Items specified in individual product Sections.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 017800 Closeout Submittals: Operation and maintenance manuals.
- B. Other Specification Sections: Additional requirements for demonstration and training.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures; except:
  - 1. Make all submittals specified in this section, and elsewhere where indicated for commissioning purposes, directly to the Commissioning Authority.
  - 2. Submit one copy to the Commissioning Authority, not to be returned.
  - 3. Make commissioning submittals on time schedule specified by Commissioning Authority.
  - 4. Submittals indicated as "Draft" are intended for the use of the Commissioning Authority in preparation of overall Training Plan; submit in editable electronic format, Microsoft Word 2003 preferred.
- B. Draft Training Plans: Owner will designate personnel to be trained; tailor training to needs and skill-level of attendees.
  - 1. Submit to Commissioning Authority for review and inclusion in overall training plan.
  - 2. Submit not less than four weeks prior to start of training.
  - 3. Revise and resubmit until acceptable.
  - 4. Provide an overall schedule showing all training sessions.
  - 5. Include at least the following for each training session:
    - a. Identification, date, time, and duration.
    - b. Description of products and/or systems to be covered.
    - c. Name of firm and person conducting training; include qualifications.
    - d. Intended audience, such as job description.
    - e. Objectives of training and suggested methods of ensuring adequate training.
    - f. Methods to be used, such as classroom lecture, live demonstrations, hands-on, etc.
    - g. Media to be used, such a slides, hand-outs, etc.

- h. Training equipment required, such as projector, projection screen, etc., to be provided by Contractor.
- C. Training Manuals: Provide training manual for each attendee; allow for minimum of two attendees per training session.
  - 1. Include applicable portion of O&M manuals.
  - 2. Include copies of all hand-outs, slides, overheads, video presentations, etc., that are not included in O&M manuals.
  - 3. Provide one extra copy of each training manual to be included with operation and maintenance data.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Instructor Qualifications: Familiar with design, operation, maintenance and troubleshooting of the relevant products and systems.
  - 1. Provide as instructors the most qualified trainer of those contractors and/or installers who actually supplied and installed the systems and equipment.
  - 2. Where a single person is not familiar with all aspects, provide specialists with necessary qualifications.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 DEMONSTRATION - GENERAL

- A. Demonstrations conducted during system start-up do not qualify as demonstrations for the purposes of this section, unless approved in advance by Owner.
- B. Demonstrations conducted during Functional Testing need not be repeated unless Owner personnel training is specified.
- C. Demonstration may be combined with Owner personnel training if applicable.
- D. Operating Equipment and Systems: Demonstrate operation in all modes, including start-up, shut-down, seasonal changeover, emergency conditions, and troubleshooting, and maintenance procedures, including scheduled and preventive maintenance.
  - 1. Perform demonstrations not less than two weeks prior to Substantial Completion.
  - 2. For equipment or systems requiring seasonal operation, perform demonstration for other season within six months.
- E. Non-Operating Products: Demonstrate cleaning, scheduled and preventive maintenance, and repair procedures.
  - 1. Perform demonstrations not less than two weeks prior to Substantial Completion.

#### 3.2 TRAINING - GENERAL

- A. Commissioning Authority will prepare the Training Plan based on draft plans submitted.
- B. Conduct training on-site unless otherwise indicated.

- C. Owner will provide classroom and seating at no cost to Contractor.
- D. Do not start training until Functional Testing is complete, unless otherwise specified or approved by the Commissioning Authority.
- E. Provide training in minimum two hour segments.
- F. The Commissioning Authority is responsible for determining that the training was satisfactorily completed and will provide approval forms.
- G. Training schedule will be subject to availability of Owner's personnel to be trained; re-schedule training sessions as required by Owner; once schedule has been approved by Owner failure to conduct sessions according to schedule will be cause for Owner to charge Contractor for personnel "show-up" time.
- H. Review of Facility Policy on Operation and Maintenance Data: During training discuss:
  - 1. The location of the O&M manuals and procedures for use and preservation; backup copies.
  - 2. Typical contents and organization of all manuals, including explanatory information, system narratives, and product specific information.
  - 3. Typical uses of the O&M manuals.
- I. Product- and System-Specific Training:
  - 1. Review the applicable O&M manuals.
  - 2. For systems, provide an overview of system operation, design parameters and constraints, and operational strategies.
  - 3. Review instructions for proper operation in all modes, including start-up, shut-down, seasonal changeover and emergency procedures, and for maintenance, including preventative maintenance.
  - 4. Provide hands-on training on all operational modes possible and preventive maintenance.
  - 5. Emphasize safe and proper operating requirements; discuss relevant health and safety issues and emergency procedures.
  - 6. Discuss common troubleshooting problems and solutions.
  - 7. Discuss any peculiarities of equipment installation or operation.
  - 8. Discuss warranties and guarantees, including procedures necessary to avoid voiding coverage.
  - 9. Review recommended tools and spare parts inventory suggestions of manufacturers.
  - 10. Review spare parts and tools required to be furnished by Contractor.
  - 11. Review spare parts suppliers and sources and procurement procedures.
- J. Be prepared to answer questions raised by training attendees; if unable to answer during training session, provide written response within three days.

END OF SECTION 017900



# SECTION 024100 DEMOLITION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Selective demolition of building elements for alteration purposes.
- B. Abandonment and removal of existing utilities and utility structures.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 011000 Summary: Limitations on Contractor's use of site and premises.
- B. Section 015000 Temporary Facilities and Controls: Site fences, security, protective barriers, and waste removal.
- C. Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements: Project conditions; protection of bench marks, survey control points, and existing construction to remain; reinstallation of removed products; temporary bracing and shoring.
- D. Section 312323 Fill: Filling holes, pits, and excavations generated as a result of removal operations.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Demolition: Dismantle, raze, destroy or wreck any building or structure or any part thereof.
- B. Remove: Detach or dismantle items from existing construction and dispose of them off site, unless items are indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- C. Remove and Salvage: Detach or dismantle items from existing construction in a manner to prevent damage. Clean, package, label and deliver salvaged items to Owner in ready-for-reuse condition.
- D. Existing to Remain: Designation for existing items that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.

#### 1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.
- B. Miscellaneous historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
  - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

#### 1.5 PREDEMOLITION MEETINGS

- A. Predemolition Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
- B. Inspect and discuss condition of construction to be selectively demolished.
  - 1. Review structural load limitations of existing structure.
  - 2. Review and finalize selective demolition schedule and verify availability of materials, demolition personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
  - 3. Review requirements of work performed by other trades that rely on substrates exposed by selective demolition operations.
  - 4. Review areas where existing construction is to remain and requires protection.

# 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Schedule of Selective Demolition Activities: Indicate the following:
  - 1. Detailed sequence of selective demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity. Ensure Owner's on-site operations are uninterrupted.
  - 2. Interruption of utility services. Indicate how long utility services will be interrupted.
  - 3. Coordination for shutoff, capping, and continuation of utility services.
- B. Detailed sequence of selective demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity. Ensure Owner's on-site operations are uninterrupted.
- C. Site Plan: Indicate:
  - 1. Areas for temporary construction and field offices.
- D. Project Record Documents: Accurately record actual locations of capped and active utilities and subsurface construction.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Notify Architect and Engineer of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- B. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- C. Hazardous Materials: Present in buildings and structures to be selectively demolished. A report on the presence of hazardous materials is on file for review and use. Examine report to become aware of locations where hazardous materials are present.
  - 1. Hazardous material remediation is specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Do not disturb hazardous materials or items suspected of containing hazardous materials except under procedures specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PREFORMANCE REQUIERMENTS

A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

- B. Standards: Comply with ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.
- C. Termporary Chain-Link Fencing: Minimum 2-inch, 0.148-inch-thick, galvanized-steel, chain-link fabric fencing; minimum 8 feet high with galvanized-steel pipe posts; minimum 2-3/8-inch-OD line posts and 2-7/8-inch-OD corner and pull posts, with 1-5/8-inch-OD top and bottom rails. Provide galvanized-steel bases for supporting posts.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 GENERAL PROCEDURES AND PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Comply with applicable codes and regulations for demolition operations and safety of adjacent structures and the public.
  - 1. Obtain required permits.
  - 2. Take precautions to prevent catastrophic or uncontrolled collapse of structures to be removed; do not allow worker or public access within range of potential collapse of unstable structures.
  - 3. Provide, erect, and maintain temporary barriers and security devices.
  - 4. Conduct operations to minimize effects on and interference with adjacent structures and occupants.
  - 5. Do not close or obstruct roadways or sidewalks without permits from authority having jurisdiction.
  - 6. Conduct operations to minimize obstruction of public and private entrances and exits. Do not obstruct required exits at any time. Protect persons using entrances and exits from removal operations.
  - 7. Obtain written permission from owners of adjacent properties when demolition equipment will traverse, infringe upon, or limit access to their property.
- B. Do not begin removal until receipt of notification to proceed from Owner.
- C. Protect existing structures and other elements to remain in place and not removed.
  - 1. Provide bracing and shoring.
  - 2. Prevent movement or settlement of adjacent structures.
  - 3. Stop work immediately if adjacent structures appear to be in danger.

#### D. Hazardous Materials:

1. If hazardous materials are discovered during removal operations, stop work and notify Architect and Owner; hazardous materials include regulated asbestos containing materials, lead, PCBs, and mercury.

#### 3.2 EXISTING UTILITIES

- A. Coordinate work with utility companies. Notify utilities before starting work, comply with their requirements, and obtain required permits.
- B. Do not disrupt public utilities without permit from authority having jurisdiction.
- C. Do not close, shut off, or disrupt existing utility branches or take-offs that are in use without at least 3 days prior written notification to Owner.

D. Remove exposed piping, valves, meters, equipment, supports, and foundations of disconnected and abandoned utilities.

### 3.3 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION FOR ALTERATIONS

- A. Existing construction and utilities indicated on drawings are based on casual field observation and existing record documents only.
  - 1. Verify construction and utility arrangements are as indicated.
  - 2. Report discrepancies to Architect before disturbing existing installation.
  - 3. Beginning of demolition work constitutes acceptance of existing conditions that would be apparent upon examination prior to starting demolition.
- B. Remove existing work as indicated and required to accomplish new work.
  - 1. Remove items indicated on drawings.
- C. Services including, but not limited to, HVAC, Plumbing, Fire Protection, Electrical, and Telecommunications: Remove existing systems and equipment as indicated.
  - 1. Verify that abandoned services serve only abandoned facilities before removal.
  - 2. Remove abandoned pipe, ducts, conduits, and equipment, including those above accessible ceilings. Remove back to source of supply where possible, otherwise cap stub and tag with identification.
- D. Protect existing work to remain.
  - 1. Prevent movement of structure. Provide shoring and bracing as required.
  - 2. Perform cutting to accomplish removal work neatly and as specified for cutting new work.
  - 3. Repair adjacent construction and finishes damaged during removal work.
  - 4. Patch to match new work.

# 3.4 DEBRIS AND WASTE REMOVAL

- A. Remove debris, junk, and trash from site.
- B. Leave site in clean condition, ready for subsequent work.
- C. Clean up spillage and wind-blown debris from public and private lands.

END OF SECTION 024100

# SECTION 028213 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, services, permits, insurance (specifically covering the abatement, handling, and transportation of Asbestos-Containing Material, Asbestos-Containing Construction Material and Asbestos-Containing Waste Material), and equipment which is specified, shown, or reasonably implied for Asbestos Abatement activities specified in the asbestos survey.
- B. Applicable Regulatory Agencies/Regulations. The Regulatory Agencies and regulations listed below form a part of these Specifications to the extent referenced. The regulations are referred to in the text by the basic designation only.
  - 1. New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code
  - 2. New York State Education Department
  - 3. New York State Department of Labor
  - 4. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC)
  - 5. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
  - 6. United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
  - 7. National Electrical Code (NEC)
  - 8. OSHA Title 29 CFR Part 1910 (Specific Sections 1001, 1101, 1200, 132, 133, & 134)
  - 9. EPA Title 40 CFR, Part 61, National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants
  - 10. NYS DEC, Title 6, Part 364 (collector registration, transportation and landfill disposal)
  - 11. NYS DOH, Title 10, Part 73 (Asbestos Safety Training Program, Environmental Laboratory Approval Program)
  - 12. NYS DOL Code Rule 56, Asbestos Licensing and Handling.
  - 13. NYS DOL Code Rule 23, Protection in Construction, Demolition and Excavation Operations.

#### 1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Asbestos containing materials present on this project are as follows.
  - All asbestos work will be completed inside a regulated work area containment as per ICR
  - 2. Interior 9x9 Floor Tile is asbestos containing (see drawings HM-1.0 & HM-1.1). Contractor shall be responsible for the abatement of all asbestos floor tile.
- B. Power and Water required for the project shall be provided by the Owner if abatement occurs at the project location.
- C. Provide abatement in accordance with definitions and descriptions of NYS Industrial Code Rule 56 and all other applicable Federal, State, and local rules, regulations, and guidelines.
- D. Project Monitoring Monitoring provided by owner consultant under separate contract. Based on the exterior abatement scope of work, a NYS Certified Project Monitor is required to

- complete visual inspections of the abated areas upon completion and prior to installation of temporary window infill materials.
- E. It is the Abatement Contractor's responsibility to carefully review the Contract Documents in addition to carefully examining and inspection existing conditions in area(s) indicated for abatement. Contractors must visit the site and develop their own quantity take-offs.
- F. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD VERIFICATION OF ALL QUANTITIES BEFORE SUBMITTING BID. QUANTITIES IN SURVEY ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE INTENDED TO ASSIST THE CONTRACTOR IN UNDERSTANDING THE APPROXIMATE SCALE OF THE PROJECT. ALL ASBESTOS ABATEMENT IS TO BE INCLUDED IN THE BASE BID UNLESS OBSURED FROM VIEW AND NOT PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED. The contractor is also required to perform any and all work necessary to complete the asbestos abatement work as described including the removal/relocation of building components that may rest on asbestos flooring, obstruct access to materials to be abated or other efforts necessary to accomplish the described work.
- G. The handling and disposal of all asbestos waste, except as otherwise indicated, is the sole responsibility of the Abatement Contractor and shall be removed from the premises promptly as per regulation.
- H. Contractor shall coordinate their work and schedules with Owner, Project Monitoring Firm and other contractors.
- I. To access the window interior for application of poly barriers, relocation of furnishings, equipment, etc. will be the sole responsibility.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York (Statutory Authority: Labor Law Section 906), including Title 12 NYCRR Part 56 and 12 NYCRR Part 23 and all applicable variances of this Code.
- B. All bids shall be based upon work described in the bid documents including work done in accordance with Code Rule 56, applicable variance and variances applied for by the Owner (if any). Any variances submitted by the contractor and approved by NYSDOL shall be executed upon approval by the Owner pursuant to review of change in scope of work and changes in contract cost resulting in a credit or cost to the Owner. Variances which include the use of a remote decontamination unit for interior abatement will not be permitted when asbestos removal includes friable material other than glove bag operations. Any additional costs including air monitoring required by the implementation of a site-specific variance requested by the Abatement Contractor shall be borne by this contractor as a credit to the owner.
- C. The Abatement Contractor performing the work of this section shall be a firm with not less than three (3) years of successful experience involving asbestos abatement.
- D. The Abatement Contractor shall comply with the most current issue of Federal, State and local regulations at the time of Execution of Contract. In the event of conflicts occurring between the Contract Documents and applicable regulations or between individual government agency regulations and codes, the most stringent requirements will be followed.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. The Abatement Contractor shall submit the following information to the Owner and Environmental Consultant.
  - 1. Licenses
  - 2. Permits
  - 3. Certifications
    - a. Site Specific Variances and Variance Requests (shall be submitted prior to signing contract)
  - 4. Notifications (shall be submitted prior to commencement of work).
  - 5. General Project/Contractor Information
  - 6. Contractor License
  - 7. Abatement Work Plan, including (per work area)
    - a. Work shifts times/day of week
    - b. Proposed supervisor(s)
    - c. Dates of start and completion
    - d. Proposed protective respirators.
      - Shop drawing plans of decontamination unit locations, set-ups and notes on specific removal procedures for each type (Actual procedures/tools/setups used)
      - 2) Copy of daily sign in/out logs and daily progress logs, inspection sheets, etc. per work area.
    - e. Variances obtained (if applicable)
    - f. Demolition notification (if applicable)
    - g. OSHA N.E.A.

## B. Waste Information

- a. Waste transporter permits.
- b. Asbestos waste disposal facility name, address, phone number, EPA I.D. #, and authorization to accept this project's waste.
- c. D.E.C. permits for acceptable landfill site (if in NYS).
- d. Waste manifests including chain of custody records.

## C. Worker Information

- a. Worker certificates copy of valid photo identification (both sides)
- b. Worker training records (most recent training)
- c. Worker medical surveillance records
- d. Signed copy of Certificate of Workers Acknowledgement
- e. Personal air monitoring results
- f. Respirators actually used (daily if type varies based on NEA)

## D. Laboratory Information (personal air samples)

- a. Laboratory credentials for CR56- NYS DOH accreditation
- b. ELAP certificate (for min. "Misc. Air: Fibers")
  - 1) Laboratory NYS asbestos license

#### 1.5 ADMINISTRATIVE

A. Asbestos projects include large asbestos projects, small asbestos projects, minor asbestos projects, incidental disturbance asbestos projects and emergency projects as defined elsewhere in this Part. For purposes of licensing, certification, notification, air sampling and asbestos

- survey requirements, asbestos projects shall include in plant operations.
- B. Large Asbestos Project An asbestos project involving he removal, disturbance, enclosure encapsulation, repair or handling of 160 square feet or more of ACM, PACM or asbestos material or 260 linear feet or more of ACM, PACM or asbestos material.
- C. Small Asbestos Project An asbestos project involving the removal, encapsulation, enclosure, repair or disturbance of friable asbestos, or any handling of more than 10 and less than 160 square feet of ACM, PACM or asbestos material or more than 25 and less than 260 linear feet of ACM, PACM or asbestos material.
- D. Minor Asbestos Project An asbestos project involving the removal, disturbance, repair, encapsulation, enclosure, or handling of 10 square feet or less of ACM, PACM or asbestos material, or 25 linear feet or less of ACM, PACM or asbestos material. Only an isolated event necessary for repair associated with normal operation and maintenance activities shall be considered such a project.
- E. Licensing Requirements and Procedures
  - 1. License Required. Contractor shall have a valid asbestos handling license issued by New York State. A copy of a valid asbestos handling license or other proof of the issuance of a valid asbestos handling license shall be submitted prior to the award of contract. If the asbestos contactor is a subcontractor to a prime contractor, the proof of license must be submitted by the prime contractor prior to award. A copy of a valid asbestos handling license shall be conspicuously displayed proximate to but outside the regulated abatement work area
  - 2. Employee Certification Any employee employed by an asbestos contractor on an asbestos project shall have an appropriate asbestos handling certificate or a copy thereof in his or her possession at all times during his or her work on the project. The only exception to the requirement of the certificate is a student copy of the Asbestos Safety Training Certificate indicating successful completion of an approved asbestos safety training program. The employee must also have a photo identification card issued by an authorized government entity. A copy of a valid certificate shall be conspicuously displayed near but outside the regulated abatement work area on an asbestos project.

# F. Record-keeping

- 1. The asbestos abatement contractor shall submit, prior to close out, two Project Manuals that shall include but not be necessarily limited to the following:
  - a. The name, address, and asbestos certificate number of the person who supervised the asbestos project.
  - b. The location and description of the asbestos project.
  - c. The amount of asbestos or asbestos material that was removed, enclosed, encapsulated, repaired, disturbed or handled.
  - d. The commencement and completion dates of the asbestos project.
  - e. The name, address and current NYS ELAP registration number, of the laboratory that was used for air sample analysis required for worker protection (personals) on the project.
  - f. The name and address of the deposit or waste disposal site or sites where the asbestos waste material was deposited or disposed.
  - g. The name and address of any sites that were used for the interim storage of asbestos or asbestos waste materials prior to final deposit or disposal.
  - h. The name and address of any transporters that were used to transport asbestos or asbestos material.

- i. The name, address and asbestos license or certificate number of all persons who were engaged on that portion of the asbestos project for which the asbestos contractor has responsibility.
- j. A copy of the asbestos abatement supervisor's daily project log.
- k. Copies of all licenses of all entities involved with the project.
- 1. Copies of all supervisors and handlers' certificates.
- m. Copies of notifications and amendments A copy of all variances, amendments and re-openings being used for the project.
- n. A copy of the air sample log if the air sampling technician is on site. If the air sampling technician is not on site, a copy of the air sample log shall be supplied within 24 hours of the request to produce a copy thereof.
- o. A copy of all air sampling results, including method of analysis, by date for the entire asbestos project, organized by regulated abatement work area.
- p. A copy of the project monitor's daily logs during abatement (if a project monitor is used on the project).
- q. The supervisor's daily log with entry/exit logs organized by date.
- r. All bulk sample data including all asbestos inspections and surveys completed for affected portions of the building, structure, and work site.
- s. This record, along with the information listed in 1.04.4 and 1.04.6 shall be submitted (2 copies with CDs) as part of the Project Manual.
- t. Copy of any violations issued by any governmental agency referencing this project against the contractor or any sub-contractors.

## G. Notification

- 1. The asbestos abatement contractor who proposes to engage in an asbestos project shall notify, in writing, the New York State Asbestos Control Bureau at least ten (10) calendar days prior to commencement and the EPA 10 business days prior to commencement. A copy of the notification(s) shall be submitted to the Owner.
- H. Postponement, Cancellation or Changes to Completion Dates of Projects
  - 1. Whenever the commencement date is postponed, or if a project for which a notification has been submitted is cancelled, or if a project completion date is changed, the asbestos abatement contractor shall notify the Asbestos Control Bureau of the postponement or cancellation or change of completion date by written notice. A copy shall be submitted to the Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - NOT APPLICABLE

PART 3 - EXECUTION - NOT APPLICABLE

END OF SECTION 028213



## SECTION 028300 LEAD SAFE WORK PRACTICES

#### PART 1 – GENERAL

### 1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, services, permits, insurance and equipment which is specified, shown, or reasonably implied for Lead Safe Work Practices when disturbing painted surfaces specified in the lead-based paint testing report.
- B. Applicable Regulatory Agencies/Regulations. The Regulatory Agencies and regulations listed below form a part of these Specifications to the extent referenced. The regulations are referred to in the text by the basic designation only.
  - 1. OSHA Title 29 CFR Part 1929.62, Lead in Construction
  - 2. New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code
  - 3. New York State Department of Labor
  - 4. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC)
  - 5. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
  - 6. United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
  - 7. National Electrical Code (NEC)
  - 8. EPA Title 40 CFR, Part 61, National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants
  - 9. NYS DEC, Title 6, Part 364 (collector registration, transportation and landfill disposal)
  - 10. NYS DOL Code Rule 23, Protection in Construction, Demolition and Excavation Operations.

#### 1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Abatement of lead containing building components is not required on this project. The Contractor may be required to remove lead containing paint from building components as part of their scope of work. If removal of lead-based paint is required, the Contractor shall follow all applicable Federal, State, and Local regulations governing the proper removal, handling, and disposal of lead containing materials as per section 1.3 of this specification.
- B. Work to be performed in this section may include the disruption of know lead containing building components.
  - 1. The presence of lead-based paint has been assumed on the following components.
    - a. White & Blue Metal Door Components (See HM-2.0 & HM-2.1)
- C. This Section specifies requirements for working with lead containing materials (LCM), during any of the following operations:
  - 1. Scrapping and sanding for paint preparation activities.
  - 2. Removing windows for restoration.
- D. It is the Contractor's responsibility to carefully review the Contract Documents in addition to carefully examining and inspection existing conditions in area(s) indicated. Contractors must visit the site and develop their own quantity take-offs.

- E. The handling and disposal of all lead waste, except as otherwise indicated, is the sole responsibility of the Contractor and shall be removed from the premises promptly as per regulation.
- F. All Contractors shall coordinate their work and schedules with Owner and other contractors.

### **DEFINITIONS**

THE TERM "LEAD-BASED PAINT" (LBP) IS IDENTIFIED AS PAINT OR OTHER SURFACE COATING SUCH AS VARNISH, SEALER OR STAIN CONTAINING LEAD IN ANY DETECTABLE AMOUNT.

THE TERM "INCIDENTAL REMOVAL OR DISTURBANCE OF LEAD-BASED PAINT" INDICATES ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS:

a. Scraping, hand sanding, or otherwise removing loose LBP from existing surfaces scheduled to remain in place.

THE TERM "DEMOLITION OF LCM" REFERS TO CUTTING, DRILLING, ABRADING, DEMOLISHING, OR OTHERWISE DISTURBING BUILDING ELEMENTS COATED WITH LBP OR CONTAINING LEAD.

THE TERM "LEAD-CONTAINING MATERIALS" (LCM) IS IDENTIFIED AS CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS COATED WITH LEAD-BASED PAINT OR OTHER MATERIALS CONTAINING LEAD, SUCH AS X-RAY SHIELDING.

THE TERM "CRITICAL BARRIER" INDICATES THE PERIMETER OF THE ENCLOSURE WITHIN WHICH LEAD DISRUPTION/REMOVAL WORK TAKES PLACE. CRITICAL BARRIERS MAY INCLUDE EXISTING FLOOR, WALL, AND CEILING STRUCTURES, AS WELL AS CONSTRUCTED PARTITIONS, CLOSURES AND SEALS.

THE TERM "PROJECT SITE" INDICATES THE LIMITS OF THE PROJECT SITE AS INDICATED ON DRAWINGS OR BY PROVISIONS OF THIS SPECIFICATION.

THE TERM "WORK AREA" INDICATES THE AREA WITHIN THE CRITICAL BARRIER.

THE TERM "ACTION LEVEL" MEANS EXPOSURE TO AN AIRBORNE CONCENTRATION OF LEAD OF 30 MICROGRAMS PER CUBIC METER OF AIR CALCULATED AS AN 8-HOUR TIME-WEIGHTED AVERAGE (TWA).

THE TERM "EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT" MEANS A DETERMINATION OF EMPLOYEE EXPOSURES FOR A GIVEN TASK MEASURED BY AIR MONITORING. THE ASSESSMENT MUST MEET THE CRITERIA FOR OBJECTIVE DATA AS OUTLINED IN THE OSHA LEAD IN CONSTRUCTION STANDARD 29 CFR 1926.62.

THE TERM "OSHA PEL" STANDS FOR THE PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT ESTABLISHED BY THE OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION FOR LEAD EXPOSURE.

THE OSHA PEL REFERS TO AN AIRBORNE CONCENTRATION OF LEAD OF 50 MICROGRAMS PER CUBIC METER OF AIR CALCULATED AS AN 8-HOUR TIME-WEIGHTED AVERAGE (TWA).

THE ABBREVIATION "TCLP" STANDS FOR TOXICITY CHARACTERISTIC LEACHING PROCEDURE AND REFERS TO ONE OF THE TESTS TO DETERMINE IF WASTE IS CONSIDERED A HAZARDOUS WASTE OR NON-HAZARDOUS SOLID WASTE.

THE TERM "HAZARDOUS WASTE" REFERS TO A LISTED WASTE OR ANY SOLID OR LIQUID WASTE WITH ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS: TOXIC, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, EXPLOSIVE, COMBUSTIBLE, OXIDIZER, PYROPHORIC, UNSTABLE (REACTIVE) OR WATER - REACTIVE.

THE TERM "NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE" REFERS TO ANY SOLID OR LIQUID WASTE NOT EXHIBITING CHARACTERISTICS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE.

### 15.1 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York (Statutory Authority: Labor Law Section 906), including Title 12 NYCRR Part 23.
- B. Comply with all current and appropriate Federal, State and Local rules and regulations regarding work of this section, including those of the following agencies:
  - 1. OSHA Title 29 CFR Part 1929.62, Lead in Construction
  - 2. New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code
  - 3. New York State Department of Labor
  - 4. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC)
  - 5. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
  - 6. United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
  - 7. National Electrical Code (NEC)
  - 8. EPA Title 40 CFR, Part 61, National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants
  - 9. NYS DEC, Title 6, Part 364 (collector registration, transportation and landfill disposal)
  - 10. NYS DOL Code Rule 23, Protection in Construction, Demolition and Excavation Operations.

## 15.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. The Contractor shall submit the following information, as applicable, to the Owner and Environmental Consultant.
  - 1. Exposure Assessment Documentation
  - 2. All information used to document previous employee exposure assessments, if available. If not available, conduct an initial exposure assessment at the start of the project.
  - 3. Written Compliance Plan: Submit to the Owner and Environmental Consultant a written compliance plan incorporating all requirements in the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard.
  - 4. Health and Safety Requirements: Submit to the Owner and Environmental Consultant:
  - 5. Respiratory Protection Program
  - 6. Proof of current fit test for the respirator that will be worn on the project site.
  - 7. Proof of medical surveillance for respirator usage and lead work.

- B. Waste Information (for hazardous waste)
  - 1. Waste transporter permits.
  - 2. Waste disposal facility name, address, phone number, EPA I.D. #, and authorization to accept this project's waste.
  - 3. D.E.C. permits for acceptable landfill site (if in NYS)
  - 4. Waste manifests including chain of custody records.

## C. Worker Information

- 1. Worker certificates copy of valid photo identification (both sides)
- 2. Worker training records (most recent training)
- 3. Worker medical surveillance records (if applicable)
- 4. Signed copy of Certificate of Workers Acknowledgement
- 5. Personal air monitoring results
- 6. Respirators used (daily if type varies)
- D. Laboratory Information (personal air samples for NEA)
  - 1. Laboratory credentials for accreditation
  - 2. Respirators used (daily if type varies)

#### 15.3 ADMINISTRATIVE

- A. Personnel involved in the disturbance of LCM shall be trained in accordance with the requirement of OSHA Title 29 CFR Part 1929.62 including:
  - 1. The content of the standard.
  - 2. The specific nature of the operations on the project which could result in exposure to lead above the action level.
  - 3. The purpose, proper selection, fitting, use, and limitations of respirators. The purpose and a description of the medical surveillance program, and the medical removal protection program including information concerning the adverse health effects associated with excessive exposure to lead (with particular attention to the adverse reproductive effects on both males and females and hazards to the fetus and additional precautions for employees who are pregnant).
  - 4. The engineering controls and work practices associated with the employee's job assignment including training of employees to follow relevant good work practices.

### 15.4 LEAD SAFE WORK PRACTICES

### A. General

- 1. Restrict access to Work Area to essential personnel.
- 2. Use moist-removal methods and/or HEPA vacuuming where applicable. Do not over-saturate the Work Area.
- 3. Any debris generated must be cleaned up immediately before it can be tracked into other areas.
- 4. Remove contaminated clothing and personal protective equipment before leaving the Work Area, or Work Area enclosure, as applicable.
- 5. If the Action Level is exceeded outside the Work Area, discontinue work and modify Critical Barrier, or perform other modifications of methods or materials as required to reduce the lead contamination below the Action Level.
- 6. Prohibit eating, drinking, and smoking in the Work Area.

- 7. Incidental Removal of Lead Paint
- 8. Remove paint from building surface by wet hand scrapping or sanding.
- 9. Wet methods (including power-washing) that use amounts of water that can drip, spill, or leak onto the ground, or onto or into other adjacent surfaces are prohibited.
- 10. Dry removal methods (including sand blasting, power sanding, and other methods relying on high velocity mechanical abrasion) that create airborne fine particulate waste materials are prohibited.
- 11. Fluid applied chemical strippers designed to dry into a solid polymeric sheet and peel off in paint encapsulated are prohibited.
- 12. Prior to torch-cutting building elements containing LBP, remove paint within four inches of centerline of cut.
- 13. Thorough cleaning followed by a cleaning verification procedure to minimize exposure to lead-based paint hazards is required.

### 15.5 DISPOSAL

### 15.6 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 29 CFR 1926 Safety and Health Regulations for Construction; Current Edition.
- B. All building materials and debris, including paint chips, shall be removed from the work area and properly disposed of.
- C. Prior to removal of waste from the site, the contractor shall perform a Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) to determine waste characterization and proper disposal.
- D. Removal of Waste from the Site All waste generated as part of the lead project shall be removed from the site within ten (10) calendar days after waste characterization. All waste generated during the project shall be legally disposed of at an approved landfill facility. All generated waste removed from the site must be documented, accounted for and disposed of in compliance with Local, State, & Federal Regulations & Requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - NOT APPLICABLE

PART 3 - EXECUTION - NOT APPLICABLE

END OF SECTION 028300



## SECTION 033001 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

A. Vapor Retarder Under Slabs on Grade: Section 072600.

### 1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Except as shown or specified otherwise, the Work of this Section shall conform to the requirements of Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings ACI 301-16 of the American Concrete Institute.
- 1.3 DEFINITIONS (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 1.2):
  - A. Exposed Construction: Exposed to view.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- 1. Submittals Package: Submit product data for design mix(es) and materials for concrete specified below at the same time as a package.
- B. Shop Drawings: Placing drawings for bar reinforcement.
- C. Product Data:
  - 1. Concrete design mix(es) with name and location of batching plant.
  - 2. Portland Cement: Brand and manufacturer's name.
  - 3. Fly Ash: Name and location of source, and DOT test numbers.
  - 4. Air-entraining Admixture: Brand and manufacturer's name.
  - 5. Water-reducing Admixture: Brand and manufacturer's name.
  - 6. Aggregates: Name and location of source, and DOT test numbers.
  - 7. Lightweight Coarse Aggregate: Brand and manufacturer's name
  - 8. Chemical Hardener (Dustproofing): Brand and manufacturer's name, and application instructions.
- D. Samples:
  - 1. Fabric Reinforcement: 8 inches square.
  - 2. Bar Supports: Full size.
- E. Quality Control Submittals:
  - 1. Certificates: Affidavit required under Quality Assurance Article.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Concrete batching plant shall be currently approved as a concrete supplier by the New York State Department of Transportation.

- B. Fly ash supplier shall be currently approved as a fly ash supplier by the New York State Department of Transportation.
- C. Certifications: Affidavit by the bar reinforcement manufacturer certifying that bar material meets the contract requirements.
  - 1. Submit evidence consisting of certification of source of material, copies of purchase orders and manufacturer's certifications. For stock material, submit copies of latest mill or purchase orders for material replacement.
  - 2. Fabricator's and Erector's Qualifications Data: Name and experience of fabricator and erector.
- D. Source Quality Control: The Owner's Representative reserves the right to inspect and approve the following items, at his own discretion, either with his own forces or with a designated inspection agency:
  - 1. Batching and mixing facilities and equipment.
  - 2. Sources of materials.

### 1.6 STORAGE

A. Store materials so as to insure the preservation of their quality and fitness for the Work. Materials, even though accepted prior to storage, are subject to inspection and shall meet the requirements of the Contract before their use in the Work.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 MATERIALS (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 4, for Normal Weight Concrete and Section 7, for Lightweight Concrete):
  - A. Water-reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type A, and on the New York State Department of Transportation's current "Approved List".
  - B. Fly Ash (Pozzolans): ASTM C 618, including Table 1A (except for footnote A), Class F except that loss on ignition shall not exceed 4.0 percent.
  - C. Chemical Curing and Anti-Spalling Compound: ASTM C-309, Type 1D, Class B, with a minimum 18 percent total solids content. No thinning of material allowed.
    - 1. SureCure Emulsion, Kaufman Products, Inc. 3811 Curtis Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21226, (800) 637-6372.
    - 2. Cure & Seal 25 percent (J-22UV) by Dayton Superior Corp., 1125 Byers Rd., Miamisburg, OH 45342, (800) 745-3700.
    - 3. MasterKure CC 200 WB by Master Builders/ BASF Building Systems, 23700 Chagrin Blvd., Cleveland, OH 44122, (800) 628-9990.
  - D. Chemical Hardener (Dustproofing): Colorless aqueous solution of magnesium-zinc fluosilicate. Approved products include:
    - 1. MasterKure HD 300WB by Master Builders/ BASF Building Systems, 23700 Chagrin Blvd., Cleveland, OH 44122, (800) 628-9990.
    - 2. Surfhard by The Euclid Chemical Co., 19218 Redwood Rd., Cleveland, OH 44110, (216) 531-9222
    - 3. Liqui-Hard by W.R. Meadows, Inc., PO Box 543, Elgin, IL 60121, (847) 683-4500.

- 4. FluoHard by L & M Construction Chemicals, Inc., 14851 Calhoun Rd., Omaha, NE 68152, (402) 453-6600.
- 5. Armortop by Anti Hydro International, Inc., 265 Badger Ave., Newark, NJ 07108, (800) 777-1773.
- 6. Diamond by Kaufman Products, Inc., 3811 Curtis Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21226, (800) 637-6372.
- E. Type 1 Expansion Joint Filler: Preformed, resilient, non-extruding cork units; ASTM D 1752, Type II.
- F. Type 3 Expansion Joint Filler: Preformed, resilient, non-extruding bituminous units; ASTM D 1751.
- G. Chamfer Strips: Wood, metal, PVC or rubber; one inch chamfer.
- H. Epoxy Bonding Agent (Adhesive): 100 percent solids epoxy-resin-base bonding compound, complying with ASTM C 881, Types I, II, IV and V, Grade 2 (horizontal areas) or Grade 3 (overhead/vertical areas), and Class B (40-60 degrees Fahrenheit) or Class C (60 degree Fahrenheit and above).
  - 1. SurePoxy HM Series by Kaufman Products, Inc., 3811 Curtis Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21226, (800) 637-6372.
  - 2. Sikadur Hi-Mod 32 by Sika Corporation, 201 Polito Avenue, Lyndhurst, NJ 07071, (800) 933-7452.
  - 3. MasterEmaco ADH 327 RS by Master Builders/ BASF Building Systems, 23700 Chagrin Blvd., Cleveland, OH 44122, (800) 628-9990.

## 2.2 PROPORTIONING (Amendments to ACI 301, Sections 4 & 7):

- A. Compressive Strength: As indicated on construction documents.
  - 1. Weight: Normal, except as indicated below:
- B. Durability: Concrete shall be air-entrained. Design air content shall be 5% to 7%, with an allowable tolerance of plus or minus 1.5 percent for total air content. Entrained air shall be provided by use of an approved air-entraining admixture. Air-entrained cement shall not be used.
- C. Slump: Maximum 4 inches; minimum 1 inch before the addition of any water-reducing admixtures or high-range water-reducing admixtures (superplasticizers) at the Site.
- D. Admixtures: Do not use admixtures in concrete unless specified or approved in writing by the Owner's Representative.
- E. Selection of Proportions: Concrete proportions shall be established on the basis of previous field experience or laboratory trial batches, unless otherwise approved in writing by the Owner's Representative.
  - 1. Optional Material: Fly ash may be substituted for (Portland) cement in normal weight concrete up to a maximum of 15 percent by weight of the required minimum (Portland) cement. If fly ash is incorporated in a concrete design mix, make necessary adjustments to the design mix to compensate for the use of fly ash as a partial replacement for (Portland) cement.
    - a. Adjustments shall include the required increase in air-entraining admixture to provide the specified air content.

- b. Lower early strength of the concrete shall be considered in deciding when to remove formwork.
- 2.3 REINFORCEMENT (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 3):
  - A. Bar Reinforcement: ASTM A 615, Grade 60, deformed steel bars.
  - B. Fabric Reinforcement: ASTM A 185, welded wire fabric, fabricated into flat sheets unless otherwise indicated.
  - C. Bar Supports: Galvanized steel or AISI Type 430 stainless steel, and without plastic tips.
  - D. Tie Wire: Black annealed wire, 16-1/2 gage or heavier.
- 2.4 JOINTS AND EMBEDDED ITEMS (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 5.3.2.6):
  - A. Obtain bond at construction joints by the use of bonding agent (adhesive) in accordance w/section 5.2.1.7 or the use of cement grout.
- 2.5 PRODUCTION (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 5):
  - A. Provide ready-mixed concrete, either central-mixed or truck-mixed.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION

- A. Do not use items of aluminum for mixing, chuting, conveying, forming or finishing concrete, except magnesium alloy tools may be used for finishing.
- B. Keep excavations free of water. Do not deposit concrete in water.
- C. Hardened concrete, reinforcement, forms, and earth which will be in contact with fresh concrete shall be free from frost at the time of concrete placement.
- D. Prior to placement of concrete, remove all hardened concrete spillage and foreign materials from the space to be occupied by the concrete.
  - 1. FORMWORK (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 2):
  - 2. The formwork shall be designed for loads, lateral pressure, and allowable stresses outlined in Chapter 4 Design of "Guide to Formwork for Concrete" (ACI 347-14).
  - 3. All formwork shall be removed after the concrete has sufficiently hardened, except in inaccessible spaces where approved.
  - 4. After the ends or end fasteners of form ties have been removed, the embedded portion of the ties shall terminate not less than 3/4 inch from the formed surfaces of concrete.
- 3.2 PLACING REINFORCEMENT (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 3):
  - A. At the time concrete is placed, reinforcement shall be free of mud, oil, loose rust, loose mill scale, and other materials or coatings that may adversely affect or reduce the bond.

- 3.3 PLACING CONCRETE (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 5):
  - A. Operation of truck mixers and agitators and discharge limitations shall conform to the requirements of ASTM C 94.
  - B. Do not allow concrete to free fall more than 4 feet.
- 3.4 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 5.3.3):
  - A. Finish Schedule: Except where indicated otherwise on the Drawings, provide the finishes below:
    - 1. Rough Form Finish for concrete surfaces not exposed to view.
    - 2. Smooth Form Finish for concrete surfaces exposed to view.
- 3.5 FINISHING SLABS (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 5.3.4):
  - A. Slabs On Grade: Provide key type joints unless otherwise shown. Tool exposed joints.
  - B. Finish Schedule: Except where indicated otherwise on the Drawings, provide the finishes below:
    - 1. Floated Finish for:
      - a. Treads and platforms of exterior steps and stairs.
      - b. Slabs and fill over which waterproofing, roofing, vapor barrier, insulation, terrazzo, or resin bound flooring is required.
    - 2. Troweled Finish for:
      - a. Interior slabs that are to be exposed to view.
      - b. Slabs and fill over which resilient wood flooring, resilient tile or sheet flooring, carpet, or thin-film coating system is required.
      - c. Slabs and fill over which thin-set ceramic tile is required, except fine-broom finished surface.
      - d. Treads and platforms of interior steps and stairs.
    - 3. Broom or Belt Finish for:
      - a. Exterior slabs. Texture, as approved by the Owner's Representative's Representative.
  - C. Finishing, General: Provide monolithic finishes on concrete floors and slabs without the addition of mortar or other filler material. Finish surfaces in true planes, true to line, with particular care taken during screeding to maintain an excess of concrete in front of the screed so as to prevent low spots. Screed and darby concrete to true planes while plastic and before free water rises to the surface. Do not perform finishing operations during the time free water (bleeding) is on the surface.
- 3.6 CURING AND PROTECTION (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 5.3.6):
  - A. Maintain concrete surfaces in a moist condition for at least 7 days after placing, except where otherwise indicated. Do not use curing compound.
- 3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL (Amendments to ACI 301, Section 1):

A. Make available to the Owner's Representative's Representatives whatever test samples are required to make tests. Furnish shipping boxes for compression test cylinders.

END OF SECTION 033001

## SECTION 040100 MAINTENANCE OF MASONRY

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Section Includes
  - A. Replacement of brick units.
  - B. Repointing mortar joints.
  - C. Repair of damaged masonry.
- 1.2 Related Requirements
- 1.3 Price and Payment Procedures
  - A. See Section 012200 Unit Prices, for additional unit price requirements.
  - B. Brick Replacement: By the square foot. Includes removing damaged brick and mortar, cleaning void space free of dust and other debris and replacing brick and mortar.
  - C. Repointing: By the square foot. Includes routing out cleaning and repointing joints.
- 1.4 Reference Standards
  - A. ASTM C67/C67M Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile; 2023.
  - B. ASTM C216 Standard Specification for Facing Brick (Solid Masonry Units Made from Clay or Shale); 2023.
  - C. ASTM C270 Standard Specification for Mortar for Unit Masonry; 2019a, with Editorial Revision.
  - D. ASTM C1714/C1714M Standard Specification for Preblended Dry Mortar Mix for Unit Masonry; 2019a.
  - E. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
  - F. TMS 402/602 Building Code Requirements and Specification for Masonry Structures; 2022, with Errata.
- 1.5 Administrative Requirements
  - A. Preinstallation Meeting: Convene one week prior to commencing work of this section.
    - 1. Require attendance of parties directly affecting work of this section.

### 1.6 Submittals

A. See Section 013000 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.

## 1.7 Quality Assurance - Masonry Work

- A. Comply with provisions of TMS 402/602, except where exceeded by requirements of Contract Documents.
  - 1. Maintain one copy of each document on project site.

### 1.8 Field Conditions - Masonry Work

A. Cold and Hot Weather Requirements: Comply with requirements of TMS 402/602 or applicable building code, whichever is more stringent.

# 1.9 Warranty

A. See Section 017800 - Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 Mortar Materials

- A. Packaged Dry Material for Mortar for Unit Masonry: Premixed Portland cement, hydrated lime, and sand; complying with ASTM C1714/C1714M and capable of producing mortar of the specified strength in accordance with ASTM C270 with the addition of water only.
  - 1. Type: Type N.

# 2.2 Masonry Materials

- A. Facing Brick: ASTM C216, Type FBS Smooth, Grade SW.
  - 1. Color and texture: to match existing.
  - 2. Nominal size: to match existing.
  - 3. Special shapes: Molded units as required by conditions indicated, unless standard units can be sawn to produce equivalent effect.
  - 4. Compressive strength: to match existing, measured in accordance with ASTM C67/C67M.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 Preparation

- A. Protect surrounding elements from damage due to restoration procedures.
- B. Carefully remove and store removable items located in areas to be restored, including fixtures, fittings, finish hardware, and accessories; reinstall upon completion.
- C. Separate areas to be protected from restoration areas using means adequate to prevent damage.

- D. Cover existing landscaping with tarpaulins or similar covers.
- E. Mask immediately adjacent surfaces with material that will withstand cleaning and restoration procedures.

## 3.2 Rebuilding

- A. Cut out damaged and deteriorated masonry with care in a manner to prevent damage to any adjacent remaining materials.
- B. Support structure as necessary in advance of cutting out units.
- C. Cut away loose or unsound adjoining masonry as directed.
- D. Build in new units following procedures for new work specified in other section(s).
- E. Mortar Mix: Colored and proportioned to match existing work.
- F. Ensure that anchors are correctly located and built in.
- G. Install built in masonry work to match and align with existing, with joints and coursing true and level, faces plumb and in line. Build in all openings, accessories and fittings.

## 3.3 Repointing

- A. Perform repointing prior to cleaning masonry surfaces.
- B. Cut out loose or disintegrated mortar in joints to minimum 1/2 inch depth or until sound mortar is reached.
- C. Use power tools only after test cuts determine no damage to masonry units will result.
- D. Do not damage masonry units.
- E. When cutting is complete, remove dust and loose material by brushing.
- F. Premoisten joint and apply mortar. Pack tightly in maximum 1/4 inch layers. Form a smooth, compact concave joint to match existing.
- G. Moist cure for 72 hours.

## 3.4 Cleaning

- A. Immediately remove stains, efflorescence, or other excess resulting from the work of this section.
- B. Remove excess mortar, smears, and droppings as work proceeds and upon completion.
- C. Clean surrounding surfaces.

## END OF SECTION 040100



## SECTION 042000 UNIT MASONRY

### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Concrete block.
- B. Concrete building brick.
- C. Mortar and grout.
- D. Reinforcement and anchorage.
- E. Flashings.
- F. Lintels.
- G. Accessories.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Installation of dovetail slots for masonry anchors.
- B. Section 040100 Maintenance of Masonry.
- C. Section 055000 Metal Fabrications: Loose steel lintels.
- D. Section 061000 Rough Carpentry: Nailing strips built into masonry.
- E. Section 072500 Weather Barriers: Water-resistive barriers applied to exterior face of backing sheathing or unit masonry substrate.
- F. Section 079200 Joint Sealants: Sealing control and expansion joints.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2023.
- B. ASTM A580/A580M Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Wire; 2023.
- C. ASTM A615/A615M Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement; 2022.
- D. ASTM A641/A641M Standard Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel Wire; 2019.
- E. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.

- F. ASTM A951/A951M Standard Specification for Steel Wire for Masonry Joint Reinforcement; 2022.
- G. ASTM A1064/A1064M Standard Specification for Carbon-Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete; 2022.
- H. ASTM C55 Standard Specification for Concrete Building Brick; 2022.
- I. ASTM C67/C67M Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile; 2023.
- J. ASTM C90 Standard Specification for Loadbearing Concrete Masonry Units; 2022.
- K. ASTM C91/C91M Standard Specification for Masonry Cement; 2023.
- L. ASTM C129 Standard Specification for Nonloadbearing Concrete Masonry Units; 2022.
- M. ASTM C140/C140M Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units; 2023.
- N. ASTM C144 Standard Specification for Aggregate for Masonry Mortar; 2018.
- O. ASTM C150/C150M Standard Specification for Portland Cement; 2022.
- P. ASTM C207 Standard Specification for Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes; 2018.
- Q. ASTM C270 Standard Specification for Mortar for Unit Masonry; 2019a, with Editorial Revision.
- R. ASTM C404 Standard Specification for Aggregates for Masonry Grout; 2018.
- S. ASTM C476 Standard Specification for Grout for Masonry; 2023.
- T. ASTM C780 Standard Test Methods for Preconstruction and Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Plain and Reinforced Unit Masonry; 2023.
- U. ASTM C1072 Standard Test Methods for Measurement of Masonry Flexural Bond Strength; 2022.
- V. ASTM C1314 Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Masonry Prisms; 2023a.
- W. ASTM C1634 Standard Specification for Concrete Facing Brick and Other Concrete Masonry Facing Units; 2023.
- X. ASTM C1714/C1714M Standard Specification for Preblended Dry Mortar Mix for Unit Masonry; 2019a.
- Y. ASTM D4637/D4637M Standard Specification for EPDM Sheet Used in Single-Ply Roof Membrane; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2022).
- Z. ASTM E514/E514M Standard Test Method for Water Penetration and Leakage Through Masonry; 2020.
- AA. BIA Technical Notes No. 7 Water Penetration Resistance Design and Detailing; 2017.
- BB. BIA Technical Notes No. 46 Maintenance of Brick Masonry; 2017.

- CC. TMS 402/602 Building Code Requirements and Specification for Masonry Structures; 2022, with Errata.
- DD. UL (FRD) Fire Resistance Directory; Current Edition.

#### 1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. CMU(s): Concrete masonry unit(s).
- B. Reinforced Masonry: Masonry containing reinforcing steel in grouted cells.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data for masonry units, fabricated wire reinforcement, mortar, and masonry accessories.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate pertinent dimensions, materials, anchorage, size and type of fasteners, and accessories for brickwork support system.
- D. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that masonry units meet or exceed specified requirements.
- E. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that water repellent admixture manufacturer has certified masonry unit manufacturer as an approved user of water repellent admixture in the manufacture of concrete block.
- F. Test Reports: Concrete masonry manufacturer's test reports for units with integral water repellent admixture.
- G. Designer's Qualification Statement.
- H. Manufacturer's Qualification Statement.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with provisions of TMS 402/602, except where exceeded by requirements of Contract Documents.
  - 1. Maintain one copy of each document on project site.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.
- C. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and with at least three years of documented experience.

### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, handle, and store masonry units by means that will prevent mechanical damage and contamination by other materials.

## 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Cold-Weather Requirements: Do not use frozen materials or materials mixed or coated with ice or frost. Do not build on frozen substrates. Remove and replace unit masonry damaged by frost or by freezing conditions. Comply with cold-weather construction requirements contained in TMS 602/ACI 530.1/ASCE 6.
- B. Hot-Weather Requirements: Comply with hot-weather construction requirements contained in TMS 602/ACI 530.1/ASCE 6.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS

- A. Concrete Block: Comply with referenced standards and as follows:
  - 1. Size: Standard units with nominal face dimensions of 16 by 8 inches and nominal depths as indicated on drawings for specific locations.
  - 2. Special Shapes: Provide nonstandard blocks configured for corners.
  - 3. Load-Bearing Units: ASTM C90, normal weight.
    - a. Exposed Faces: Manufacturer's standard color and texture.
  - 4. Nonloadbearing Units: ASTM C129.
  - 5. Units with Integral Water Repellent: Concrete block units as specified in this section with polymeric liquid admixture added to concrete masonry units at the time of manufacture.
    - a. Performance of Units with Integral Water Repellent:
      - 1) Water Permeance: When tested per ASTM E514/E514M and for a minimum of 72 hours.
        - a) No water visible on back of wall above flashing at the end of 24 hours.
        - b) No flow of water from flashing equal to or greater than 0.032 gallons per hour at the end of 24 hours.
        - c) No more than 25 percent of wall area above flashing visibly damp at end of test.
      - 2) Flexural Bond Strength: ASTM C1072; minimum 10 percent increase.
      - 3) Compressive Strength: ASTM C1314; maximum 5 percent decrease.
    - b. Use only in combination with mortar that also has integral water repellent admixture.
    - c. Use water repellent admixtures for masonry units and mortar by a single manufacturer.

### B. Concrete Brick:

- 1. Size: As indicated on drawings.
- 2. Concrete Building Brick: ASTM C55; lightweight, solid, for interior or concealed use.

### 2.2 MORTAR AND GROUT MATERIALS

- A. Masonry Cement: ASTM C91/C91M, Type N.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C207, Type S.
- C. Mortar Aggregate: ASTM C144.

- D. Grout Aggregate: ASTM C404.
- E. Water: Clean and potable.
- F. Moisture-Resistant Admixture: Water repellent compound designed to reduce capillarity.
- G. Integral Water Repellent Admixture for Mortar: Polymeric liquid admixture added to mortar at the time of manufacture.
  - 1. Use only in combination with masonry units manufactured with integral water repellent admixture.
  - 2. Use only water repellent admixture for mortar from the same manufacturer as water repellent admixture in masonry units.
  - 3. Meet or exceed performance specified for water repellent admixture used in masonry units.
- H. Packaged Dry Material for Mortar for Unit Masonry: Premixed masonry cement and mason's sand; complying with ASTM C1714/C1714M and capable of producing mortar of the specified strength in accordance with ASTM C270 with the addition of water only.
  - 1. Type: Type N.
  - 2. Color: Standard gray.
- I. Packaged Dry Material for Grout for Masonry: Premixed cementitious materials and dried aggregates; capable of producing grout of the specified strength in accordance with ASTM C476 with the addition of water only.
  - 1. Type: Fine.

### 2.3 REINFORCEMENT AND ANCHORAGE

- A. Manufacturers:
- B. Single Wythe Joint Reinforcement: ASTM A951/A951M.
  - 1. Type: Truss or ladder.
  - 2. Material: ASTM A1064/A1064M steel wire, mill galvanized to ASTM A641/A641M Class 3.
  - 3. Size: 0.1483 inch side rods with 0.1483 inch cross rods; width as required to provide not less than 5/8 inch of mortar coverage on each exposure.
- C. Flexible Anchors: 2-piece anchors that permit differential movement between masonry and building frame, sized to provide not less than 5/8 inch of mortar coverage from masonry face.

### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Preformed Control Joints: Rubber material. Provide with corner and tee accessories, fused joints.
- B. Joint Filler: Closed cell polyvinyl chloride; oversized 50 percent to joint width; self expanding; in maximum lengths available.
- C. Nailing Strips: Softwood lumber, preservative treated; as specified in Section 061000.
- D. Cleaning Solution: Non-acidic, not harmful to masonry work or adjacent materials.

### 2.5 MORTAR AND GROUT MIXING

- A. Mortar for Unit Masonry: ASTM C270, using the Proportion Specification.
  - 1. Masonry below grade and in contact with earth: Type S.
  - 2. Exterior, loadbearing masonry: Type N.
  - 3. Exterior, non-loadbearing masonry: Type N.
  - 4. Interior, non-loadbearing masonry: Type O.
- B. Grout: ASTM C476; consistency required to fill completely volumes indicated for grouting; fine grout for spaces with smallest horizontal dimension of 2 inches or less; coarse grout for spaces with smallest horizontal dimension greater than 2 inches.
- C. Admixtures: Add to mixture at manufacturer's recommended rate and in accordance with manufacturer's instructions; mix uniformly.
- D. Mixing: Use mechanical batch mixer and comply with referenced standards.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field conditions are acceptable and are ready to receive masonry.
- B. Examine all adjoining Work on which this Work is in anyway dependent for proper installation and workmanship. Report to the Architect any conditions that prevent the performance of this Work.
- C. Verify that related items provided under other sections are properly sized and located.
- D. Verify that built-in items are in proper location, and ready for roughing into masonry work.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Direct and coordinate placement of metal anchors supplied for installation under other sections.
- B. Provide temporary bracing during installation of masonry work. Maintain in place until building structure provides permanent bracing.

## 3.3 COLD AND HOT WEATHER REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with requirements of TMS 402/602 or applicable building code, whichever is more stringent.

### 3.4 COURSING

- A. Establish lines, levels, and coursing indicated. Protect from displacement.
- B. Maintain masonry courses to uniform dimension. Form vertical and horizontal joints of uniform thickness.
- C. Concrete Masonry Units:

- 1. Bond: Running.
- 2. Coursing: One unit and one mortar joint to equal 8 inches.
- 3. Mortar Joints:
  - a. Exterior locations: struck flush.
  - b. Interior locations: concave.

### D. Brick Units:

- 1. Bond: Running.
- 2. Coursing: Three units and three mortar joints to equal 8 inches.
- 3. Mortar Joints: struck flush.

## 3.5 PLACING AND BONDING

- A. Lay solid masonry units in full bed of mortar, with full head joints, uniformly jointed with other work.
- B. Lay hollow masonry units with face shell bedding on head and bed joints.
- C. Buttering corners of joints or excessive furrowing of mortar joints is not permitted.
- D. Remove excess mortar and mortar smears as work progresses.
- E. Remove excess mortar with water repellent admixture promptly. Do not use acids, sandblasting or high pressure cleaning methods.
- F. Interlock intersections and external corners.
- G. Do not shift or tap masonry units after mortar has achieved initial set. Where adjustment must be made, remove mortar and replace.
- H. Perform job site cutting of masonry units with proper tools to provide straight, clean, unchipped edges. Prevent broken masonry unit corners or edges.
- I. Cut mortar joints flush where wall tile is scheduled or resilient base is scheduled.
- J. Isolate masonry partitions from vertical structural framing members with a control joint as indicated.
- K. Isolate top joint of masonry partitions from horizontal structural framing members and slabs or decks with compressible joint filler.

### 3.6 REINFORCEMENT AND ANCHORAGE - GENERAL and SINGLE WYTHE MASONRY

- A. Unless otherwise indicated on drawings or specified under specific wall type, install horizontal joint reinforcement 16 inches on center.
- B. Place continuous joint reinforcement in first and second joint below top of walls.
- C. Embed longitudinal wires of joint reinforcement in mortar joint with at least 5/8 inch mortar cover on each side.
- D. Lap joint reinforcement ends minimum 6 inches.
- E. Reinforce joint corners and intersections with strap anchors 16 inches on center.

- F. Fasten anchors to structural framing and embed in masonry joints as masonry is laid. Unless otherwise indicated on drawings or closer spacing is indicated under specific wall type, space anchors at maximum of 36 inches horizontally and 24 inches vertically.
- G. Embed ties and anchors in mortar joint and extend into masonry unit a minimum of 1-1/2 inches with at least 5/8 inch mortar cover to the outside face of the anchor.

### 3.7 LINTELS

A. Install loose steel lintels over openings.

## 3.8 GROUTED COMPONENTS

- A. Lap splices minimum 24 bar diameters.
- B. Support and secure reinforcing bars from displacement. Maintain position within 1/2 inch of dimensioned position.
- C. Place and consolidate grout fill without displacing reinforcing.
- D. At bearing locations, fill masonry cores with grout for a minimum 12 inches either side of opening.

### 3.9 CONTROL AND EXPANSION JOINTS

- A. Do not continue horizontal joint reinforcement through control or expansion joints.
- B. Install preformed control joint device in continuous lengths. Seal butt and corner joints in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

### 3.10 BUILT-IN WORK

- A. As work progresses, install built-in metal door frames and glazed frames and other items to be built into the work and furnished under other sections.
- B. Install built-in items plumb, level, and true to line.
- C. Bed anchors of metal door and glazed frames in adjacent mortar joints. Fill frame voids solid with grout.
  - 1. Fill adjacent masonry cores with grout minimum 12 inches from framed openings.
- D. Do not build into masonry construction organic materials that are subject to deterioration.

### 3.11 TOLERANCES

- A. Install masonry within the site tolerances found in TMS 402/602.
- B. Maximum Variation from Alignment of Columns: 1/4 inch.
- C. Maximum Variation From Unit to Adjacent Unit: 1/16 inch.
- D. Maximum Variation from Plane of Wall: 1/4 inch in 10 ft and 1/2 inch in 20 ft or more.

- E. Maximum Variation from Plumb: 1/4 inch per story non-cumulative; 1/2 inch in two stories or more.
- F. Maximum Variation from Level Coursing: 1/8 inch in 3 ft and 1/4 inch in 10 ft; 1/2 inch in 30 ft.
- G. Maximum Variation of Mortar Joint Thickness: Head joint, minus 1/4 inch, plus 3/8 inch.
- H. Maximum Variation from Cross Sectional Thickness of Walls: 1/4 inch.

## 3.12 CUTTING AND FITTING

- A. Cut and fit for chases. Coordinate with other sections of work to provide correct size, shape, and location.
- B. Obtain approval prior to cutting or fitting masonry work not indicated or where appearance or strength of masonry work may be impaired.

### 3.13 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. An independent testing agency will perform field quality control tests, as specified in Section 014000 Quality Requirements.
- B. Clay Masonry Unit Tests: Test each variety of clay masonry in accordance with ASTM C67/C67M requirements, sampling 5 randomly chosen units for each 50,000 installed.
- C. Concrete Masonry Unit Tests: Test each variety of concrete unit masonry in accordance with ASTM C140/C140M for compliance with requirements of this specification.
- D. Mortar Tests: Test each type of mortar in accordance with ASTM C780, testing with same frequency as masonry samples.

### 3.14 CLEANING

- A. Remove excess mortar and mortar droppings.
- B. Replace defective mortar. Match adjacent work.
- C. Clean soiled surfaces with cleaning solution.
- D. Use non-metallic tools in cleaning operations.

### 3.15 PROTECTION

A. Without damaging completed work, provide protective boards at exposed external corners that are subject to damage by construction activities.

## END OF SECTION 042000



## SECTION 051200 STRUCTURAL STEEL

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

A. Steel Decks: Section 053100

### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. AWS A2.4 - Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing, and Nondestructive Examination; 2020.

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Except as shown or specified otherwise, the Work of this Section shall meet the requirements of the following:
- B. Design, Fabrication, and Erection: "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings, Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design", June 1, 1989, by the American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC Specification).
- C. Standard Practice: Fabrication and erection practices shall comply with the "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges", June 10, 1992, by the American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC Code).
- D. Welding: "Structural Welding Code Steel, AWS D1.1", by the American Welding Society (AWS Code).
- E. High-Strength Bolting: "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts", November 13, 1985, by the Engineering Foundation's Research Council on Structural Connections (Specification for Structural Joints).
- F. Cleaning Steel: Comply with the appropriate specifications (SSPC SP-X) by the Steel Structures Painting Council.

### 1.4 DEFINITIONS

A. AISC Manual: Where reference is made to the AISC Manual, it shall mean the Manual of Steel Construction, Ninth Edition, of the American Institute of Steel Construction.

# 1.5 REQUIREMENTS FOR CONNECTIONS

#### A. General:

1. Size connections for the loads indicated on the Drawings. If the loads are not indicated, use a connection whose capacity is half the total uniform load capacity shown in the "Allowable uniform loads in kips for beams laterally supported" tables in the AISC Manual for the given shape, span, and steel specification of the beam in question, unless otherwise indicated.

- 2. All bolted connections shall have a minimum of two bolts.
- B. Shop Connections: Welded or high strength bolted, unless otherwise indicated. Field connections required to be welded or fully-tensioned high-strength bolted shall meet the same requirements when fabricated in the shop.

### C. Field Connections:

1. The following field connections shall be welded or fully-tensioned high strength bolted as indicated on the Drawings or, when not indicated, shall be either welded or fully-tensioned high strength bolted at the Contractor's option:

### D. Standard Beam Connections:

- 1. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings or required in the Specifications, all beam connections shall be framed in accordance with Part 4 of the AISC Manual, with sizes and lengths of angles and welds as shown therein.
- 2. Standard beam connections shown on the Drawings shall be fabricated as detailed. Substitutions will not be approved.
- E. High-Strength Bolted Connections: Amend the Specification for Structural Joints as follows:
  - 1. In Item 3(b) of the specification, change the second sentence to read "Burrs shall be removed."
  - 2. In Item 3(c) of the specification, delete the last two sentences, and add the following sentence: "Flame cut surfaces shall be ground smooth."
  - 3. In Item 7(b)(1) of the specification, add the following to the last sentence: ", except that oversize holes shall not be used in connections with galvanized faying surfaces."
  - 4. In Item 7(b)(2) of the specification, add the following to the last sentence: ", except that short slotted holes shall not be used in connections with galvanized faying surfaces when the force on the joint is in a direction other than normal to the axis of the slot."
  - 5. In Item 7(b)(3) of the specification, add the following to the last sentence: ", except that long slotted holes shall not be used in connections with galvanized faying surfaces when the force on the joint is in a direction other than normal to the axis of the slot."
  - 6. Change Item 7(c)(3) of the specification to read as follows: "All fully-tensioned highstrength bolts shall have a hardened washer under the element (nut or bolt head) turned in tightening, regardless of the method of tightening."
  - 7. In Item 8(b) of the specification, change the first sentence to read: "A tension measuring device shall be required at all work sites where high-strength bolts are being installed."
  - 8. In Item 8(c) of the specification, delete the second and third sentences and add the following sentence: "The snug-tight condition is defined as the tightness attained by either a few impacts of an impact wrench or the full effort of a worker with an ordinary spud wrench that brings the connected plies into firm contact."
  - 9. Change the last sentence in Item 8(c) to read "Unless otherwise required in the Specifications, bolts required to be fully-tensioned shall be identified on the Drawings. All other bolts need only be tightened to the snug tight condition.".
  - 10. In Item 9(b) of the specification, delete "Arbitration" from the heading. Also change the first paragraph to read: "When high-strength bolts have been installed by any of the tightening methods in Item 8(d), the following inspection procedure shall be used."
- F. In Item 9(c) of the specification, delete "arbitration" from the last sentence.
  - 1. In Item 9 of the specification, the inspection of bolt tightening shall be as specified under Item 9(b). Furnish the calibration device and the inspection torque wrench, and make them available, upon request, to representatives of the Owner or designated inspection laboratory during the entire period when steel is being fabricated and erected. The

inspection torque wrench shall be capable of indicating that the job inspecting torque has been reached by a second method in addition to direct observation of the wrench dial. The inspection wrench calibration and the bolt tightening inspection shall be performed by the Contractor, and shall be witnessed by a representative of the Owner's Representative or the designated inspection laboratory.

- G. Design, Fabrication and Erection (Amendments to the AISC Specification):
  - 1. In Item A6. of the specification, change "American Welding Society" to "American Welding Society (Latest Adoption Date)". Delete the date from all referenced AWS Codes
  - 2. In Item J1.8. of the specification, change the last sentence to read: "Weld access holes and beam copes in other shapes shall be ground smooth, but need not be inspected by dye penetrant or magnetic particle methods.".
  - 3. In Item J1.8. of the specification, delete "or with A307 bolts" from the second paragraph.
  - 4. In Item J2. of the specification, change the introductory sentence to read: "All provisions of the American Welding Society Structural Welding Code-Steel, AWS D1.1, except Sections 2.3.2.4, 2.5, 8.13.1 and 9, apply to work performed under this Specification.".
  - 5. In Item J3.2.c of the specification, change the first sentence to two sentences as follows: "Oversized holes are permitted in any or all plys of slip-critical connections, except those with galvanized faying surfaces. Oversized holes shall not be used in slip-critical connections with galvanized faying surfaces, or in bearing-type connections."
  - 6. In Item J3.2.d. of the specification, change the second sentence to two sentences as follows: "Short-slotted holes are permitted without regard to direction of loading in slip-critical connections, except those with galvanized faying surfaces. The length of the slot shall be normal to the direction of the load in slip-critical connections with galvanized faying surfaces and in bearing-type connections."
  - 7. In Item J3.2.e of the specification, change the second sentence to two sentences as follows: "Long-slotted holes are permitted without regard to direction of loading in slip-critical connections, except those with galvanized faying surfaces. The length of the slot shall be normal to the direction of the load in slip-critical connections with galvanized faying surfaces and in bearing-type connections."
  - 8. In Item M2.2. of the specification, delete the first two paragraphs.
- H. In Item M2.5. of the specification, change the second sentence of the fifth paragraph to read: "Burrs shall be removed.".
  - 1. Delete Item M4.5. of the specification in its entirety.
  - 2. In Item M5.4. of the specification, delete "Slip-critical" from the heading and delete "slip-critical" from the first sentence.
- I. Fabrication and Erection (Amendments to the AISC Code):
  - 1. In Item 4.1. of the code, delete the last sentence of the first paragraph.
  - 2. In Item 5.1. of the code, change the first paragraph to read: "Contract Drawings are not considered released for construction. Orders for materials may be placed only after approval of erection drawings or written approval of the Owner's Representative.".

### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for all structural steel. Machine duplicated copies of Contract Drawings will not be accepted as shop drawings. Shop drawings shall be standard 24 by 36 inch size sheets. The fabricator's name, address, and telephone number shall be indicated in the title block on each drawing.

- 1. Include anchor bolt and base plate plans, erection drawings, and detail drawings for all members.
- 2. Indicate shop and field welds by standard AWS welding symbols in accordance with AWS A2.4.
- 3. All shop drawings shall be checked by the detailer before submission. Failure to submit checked shop drawings will be cause for their disapproval without review.
- 4. Changes initiated by the detailer or fabricator to previously reviewed shop drawings shall be resubmitted.
- 5. When shop drawings are marked "Approved as Noted", promptly resubmit copies of corrected shop drawings for formal approval and record.
- 6. Contract Drawings are not considered released for construction. Orders for materials may be placed only after approval of erection drawings or written approval of the Owner's Representative.

### B. Product Data:

1. Shop Paint: Manufacturer's name and printed product literature, including storage and application instructions.

## C. Quality Control Submittals:

- 1. Certificates: Copy of certificates required under Quality Assurance Article.
- 2. Fabricator's Qualifications Data:
  - a. Firm's name, business address and telephone number.
  - b. Summary of their quality control programs.
- 3. Erector's Qualifications Data:
  - a. Firm's name, business address and telephone number.
  - b. Summary of their quality control programs.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Certification: Affidavit by the structural steel manufacturer certifying that steel material meets the contract requirements.
  - 1. Submit evidence of steel material compliance with this Specification. Evidence shall consist of certification of source of material, copies of purchase orders and manufacturer's certifications. For stock material, submit copies of latest mill or purchase orders for material replacement.

## B. Qualifications:

- 1. Fabricator: The fabricator of the structural steel shall be regularly engaged in the fabrication of structural steel for a minimum of 5 years, and shall be subject to the approval of the Owner's Representative.
  - a. AISC Quality Certified Fabricators (latest list issued) are approved.
- 2. Erector: The structural steel erector shall be regularly engaged in the erection of structural steel for a minimum of 5 years, and shall be subject to the approval of the Owner's Representative.
- C. Inspection: Shop and field quality assurance inspection may be made by the Owner. If quality assurance inspection is made by the Owner, it shall not relieve the fabricator and erector of responsibility for their own quality control programs.
- 1.8 Galvanizing: Stamp galvanized items with galvanizer's name, weight of coating, and applicable ASTM number.

### 1.9 WELDING PROCESS

A. Use only shielded metal arc, submerged-arc, gas metal arc, or flux cored arc welding.

### 1.10 WELDING PROCEDURE QUALIFICATION

- A. Shielded metal arc, submerged arc, gas metal arc, or flux cored arc welding procedures which conform to the provisions of the AWS Code shall be considered to be prequalified.
- B. The welding procedures requiring qualification shall conform to the requirements of AWS D1.1.

## 1.11 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Coordinate delivery of anchor bolts and other anchorage devices to be built into other construction to avoid delay.
- B. Upon delivery to the site, promptly cover and protect steel items (which are not required to receive shop paint) from rusting.
- C. Store shop paint in accordance with paint manufacturer's printed instructions.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Wide Flange Structural Steel: ASTM A 992.
- B. M and S-Shapes, Channels and Angles: ASTM A 36 or ASTM A 572, Grade 50.
- C. HP-Shapes: ASTM A 572, Grade50.
- D. Anchor Bolts, Miscellaneous Rods and Anchors, and Other Detail Material Not Proportioned for Calculated Stress: ASTM A 36; or ASTM A 675, Grade 70.
- E. High-Strength Bolts: ASTM A 325.
- F. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53, Type E or S, Grade B.
- G. Steel Hollow Structural Sections (Round, Square, or Rectangular): ASTM A 500, Grade B; or ASTM A 501.

#### H. Weld Filler Metal:

- 1. General: Weld filler metal shall be in accordance with Table 4.1.1 of the AWS Code, except as follows:
  - a. Only electrode and flux combinations complying with AWS Classifications F7AX-EXXX or F7AX-EXXX-a, (a = B2, Ni1, Ni2, Ni3 or W), shall be used for submerged arc welding.
  - b. Only electrode and shielding gas combinations complying with AWS Classifications E 7XT-1 or E 7XT-5 shall be used for flux cored arc welding.

- 2. Weld filler metal for shielded metal arc, submerged arc, gas metal arc, and flux cored arc welding which conforms to AWS Specifications A5.1 or A5.5 shall be considered to be prequalified.
- I. Cold Galvanizing Compound: Single component compound giving 93 percent pure zinc in the dried film, and meeting the requirements of DOD-P-21035A (NAVY).
- J. Shop Paint (General): Steel primer selected from the following:
  - 1. TNEMEC 10-99 (Red), 10-99G (Green) or 10-1009 (Gray).
  - 2. Rust-Oleum 769.
  - 3. Valspar 13-R-53.
  - 4. Sherwin-Williams "Kromik".

# K. Bedding Mortar:

- 1. Cement Grout: Portland cement complying with ASTM C 150, Type I or III, and clean uniformly graded natural sand complying with ASTM C 404, size No. 2; mixed at a ratio (by volume) of 1.0 part cement to 3.0 parts sand, with only the minimum amount of water required for placement and hydration.
- 2. Shrink-Resistant Grout (Non-Staining): Factory-packaged, non-ferrous mortar grouting compound selected from the following:
  - a. Masterflow 713 by Master Builders, 23700 Chagrin Blvd., Cleveland, OH 44122 (800) 227-3350.
  - b. Sonogrout by Sonneborn, Chemrex, Inc., 57-46 Flushing Ave., Maspeth, NY 11378, (800) 433-9517.
  - c. Five Star Grout by Five Star Products, Inc., 425 Stillson Rd., Fairfield, CT 06430, (800) 243-2206.
  - d. Crystex by L&M Construction Chemicals, 14851 Calhoun Rd., Omaha, NB 68152, (800) 362-3331.
  - e. Non-Corrosive, Non-Shrink Grout by A.C. Horn, Inc., Tamm Industries, 7405 Production Dr., Mentor, OH 44060, (800) 862-2667.

#### 2.2 FABRICATION

- A. Do not commence fabrication until the fabricator has been approved and the fabrication schedule has been coordinated with the designated Quality Assurance inspection agency (independent inspection laboratory).
  - 1. Give the Owner's Representative one week advance notice of the commencement of fabrication.
- B. Progress shop fabrication from "Approved" or "Approved as Noted" detail drawings only.
  - 1. When detail drawings are "Approved as Noted", progress fabrication in strict accordance with notes thereon.
  - 2. Fabrication progressed from "DISAPPROVED" or "RETURNED FOR CORRECTION" detail drawings will be rejected. The contractor shall have no claim against the Owner for any costs or delays due to rejection of items fabricated from "DISAPPROVED" or "RETURNED FOR CORRECTION" detail drawings.
- C. Finish column ends at base plates and at load carrying cap plates to a true plane square to the column, with a maximum American National Standards Institute surface roughness value of 500 microinches.

- D. Make provisions for connections of other Work, including all cutting and punching of structural members where required by the Drawings, or for which information is furnished prior to approval of the shop drawings.
- E. Prepare material in accordance with Section 3 of the AWS Code. Do not use gas or air carbonarc cutting to cut or enlarge bolt holes.
- F. Galvanizing: Unless otherwise specified or noted, items indicated to be galvanized shall receive a zinc coating by the hot-dip process, after fabrication, complying with the following:
  - 1. ASTM A 123 for plain and fabricated material.
  - 2. ASTM A 153 for iron and steel hardware.
- G. Cleaning Steel: Thoroughly clean all structural steel. Remove oil, grease, and similar contaminants in accordance with SSPC SP-1 "Solvent Cleaning". Remove loose mill scale, loose rust, weld slag and spatter, and other detrimental material in accordance with SSPC SP-2 "Hand Tool Cleaning", SSPC SP-3 "Power Tool Cleaning", or SSPC SP-7 "Brush-Off Blast Cleaning".
- H. Curving HSS Tube Section: Curved HSS tube as shown on the construction drawings shall fabricated by a steel fabricator experienced in bending structural tubing the hard way for at least 3 years.

### 2.3 SHOP PAINTING

- A. Thoroughly clean all structural steel. Remove oil, grease, and similar contaminants in accordance with SSPC SP-1 "Solvent Cleaning". Remove loose mill scale, loose rust, weld slag and spatter, and other detrimental material in accordance with SSPC SP-2 "Hand Tool Cleaning", SSPC SP-3 "Power Tool Cleaning", SSPC SP-6" Commercial Blast Clean" or SSPC SP-7 "Brush-Off Blast Cleaning, or SSPC SP-10 "Near-White Blast Cleaning".
- B. Provide SSPC SP-1 "Solvent Cleaning" to all Hollow Structural Section
- C. Galvanized Items:
  - 1. Welded and abraded galvanized surfaces shall be wire brushed and repaired with a coating of cold galvanizing compound applied in accordance with compound manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Apply one coat of shop paint to all steel surfaces except as follows:
  - 1. Do not paint steel members designated "NP" on the Drawings.
  - 2. Paint steel surfaces scheduled to be painted that are inaccessible after assembly, except surfaces in contact, with two coats of shop paint before assembly.
  - 3. Do not paint steel surfaces to be field welded, contact surfaces of high-strength bolted slip-critical connections, steel to be encased in cast-in-place concrete, steel receiving sprayed-on fireproofing, and the top flange of beams and girders in composite construction.
- E. Apply paint and compound to the following minimum thickness per coat:
  - 1. Shop Paint (General): 4.0 mils wet film.
  - 2. Cold Galvanizing Compound: 2.0 mils dry film.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 ERECTION

- 3.2 Erect steel in accordance with the AISC Specification, the AISC Code, the AWS Code and the Specification for Structural Joints, except as otherwise specified.
  - A. Prepare and place shrink-resistant grout in accordance with grout manufacturer's printed instructions.
    - 1. Comply with manufacturer's instructions for preparation of surfaces in contact with grout, and for curing and protection of grout.
  - B. Do not use gas or air carbon-arc cutting to cut or enlarge bolt holes.
  - C. Do not make corrections or alterations to fabricated steel without prior written approval by the Owner's Representative.

### 3.3 SCHEDULE OF GALVANIZED STRUCTURAL STEEL

- A. In addition to items indicated on the Drawings, hot-dip galvanize structural steel members as indicated below:
  - 1. All exterior exposed steel.
  - 2. Nuts, washers, and the top 12 inches of exterior anchor bolts.

END OF SECTION 051200

## SECTION 051213 ARCHITECTURALLY-EXPOSED STRUCTURAL STEEL FRAMING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Additional requirements for structural steel members designated as architecturally-exposed structural steel (AESS).

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 051200 Structural Steel Framing: General requirements for structural steel members, including AESS framing specified in this section.
- B. Section 053100 Steel Decking: Erection requirements relating to exposed steel decking and its connections.
- C. Section 055000 Metal Fabrications: Loose steel bearing plates and miscellaneous steel framing.
- D. Section 099113 Exterior Painting: Finish coat requirements and coordination with primer and surface preparation specified in this section.
- E. Section 099100 Interior Exterior Painting: Finish coat requirements and coordination with primer and surface preparation specified in this section.
- F. Section 099600 High-Performance Coatings: Finish coat requirements and coordination with primer and surface preparation specified in this section.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Architecturally-Exposed Structural Steel: Structural steel complying with designated AESS category as defined in AISC 303.

#### 1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AISC 303 Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges; 2022.
- B. AISC 325 Steel Construction Manual; 2017.
- C. AISC 360 Specification for Structural Steel Buildings; 2022.
- D. ASTM A6/A6M Standard Specification for General Requirements for Rolled Structural Steel Bars, Plates, Shapes, and Sheet Piling; 2022.
- E. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.

- F. ASTM A500/A500M Standard Specification for Cold-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing in Rounds and Shapes; 2023.
- G. ASTM A780/A780M Standard Practice for Repair of Damaged and Uncoated Areas of Hot-Dip Galvanized Coatings; 2020.
- H. ASTM A1085/A1085M Standard Specification for Cold-Formed Welded Carbon Steel Hollow Structural Sections (HSS); 2015.
- I. ASTM F3125/F3125M Standard Specification for High Strength Structural Bolts and Assemblies, Steel and Alloy Steel, Heat Treated, Inch Dimensions 120 ksi and 150 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength, and Metric Dimensions 830 MPa and 1040 MPa Minimum Tensile Strength; 2023.
- J. AWS A2.4 Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing, and Nondestructive Examination; 2020.
- K. AWS B2.1/B2.1M Specification for Welding Procedure and Performance Qualification; 2021.
- L. AWS D1.1/D1.1M Structural Welding Code Steel; 2020, with Errata (2023).
- M. SSPC-SP 1 Solvent Cleaning; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2016).
- N. SSPC-SP 6/NACE No.3 Commercial Blast Cleaning; 2006.

## 1.5 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Schedule and conduct a preinstallation meeting at project site one week prior to start of work of this section; require attendance by all affected installers. Coordinate requirements for shipping, special handling, storage, attachment of safety cables and temporary erection bracing, final coating, touch-up painting, mock-up coordination, Architect's observations, and other requirements for AESS.

## 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product data for each type of product specified. Submit paint systems in accordance with Section 099113.
- C. Shop Drawings: Detailing for fabrication of AESS components.
  - 1. Provide erection documents clearly indicating which members are AESS members and the AESS category of each part.
  - 2. Include details that clearly identify AESS requirements found in this specification. Provide connections for AESS consistent with concepts shown on drawings.
  - 3. Indicate welds by AWS A2.4 symbols, distinguishing between shop and field welds, and show size, length and type of each weld. Identify grinding, finish and profile of welds as defined by the designated AESS category.
  - 4. Indicate orientation of hollow structural section (HSS) seams and mill marks (where applicable).
  - 5. Indicate type, size, finish and length of bolts, distinguishing between shop and field bolts. Identify high-strength bolted slip-critical, direct-tensioned shear/bearing connections. Indicate orientation of bolt heads.

- 6. Indicate which surfaces or edges are exposed and what class of surface preparation is being used.
- 7. Indicate special tolerances and erection requirements as noted on drawings or defined by the designated AESS category.
- 8. Indicate vent or drainage holes for HSS members.
- D. AESS 1, AESS 2, and AESS 3 Samples: Provide samples of specific AESS characteristics. Samples may be small size samples or components of conventional structural steel demonstrating specific AESS characteristics, including surface preparation, sharp edges ground smooth, continuous weld appearance, weld show through, and fabrication mark removal.
- E. Welders' Qualification Statement: Welders' certificates in accordance with AWS B2.1/B2.1M and dated no more than 12 months before start of scheduled welding work.
- F. Qualification data for fabricator and erector to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects names and address, names and addresses of architects and owners, photographs showing detail of installed AESS, and other information specified.

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: In addition to those qualifications listed in Section 051200, engage an AISC Certified Fabricator, experienced in fabricating AESS similar to that indicated for this project with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to fabricate AESS without delaying the work.
- B. Erector Qualifications: In addition to those qualifications listed in Section 051200, engage an AISC Certified Erector, experienced in erecting AESS work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
- C. Welder Qualifications: Welding processes and welding operators qualified within previous 12 months in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M and dated no more than 12 months before start of scheduled welding work.
- D. Comply with applicable provisions of AISC 303, Section 10 for the designated AESS category.
- E. Owner to engage a quality assurance agency per requirements of AISC 360, Chapter N and AISC 303, Section 10.

### 1.8 MOCK-UP

- A. Provide mock-ups for AESS 3 of nature and extent indicated in Contract Documents.
- B. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for additional requirements.
- C. Locate mock-ups in fabricator's shop. Mock-ups to be full-size unless Architect approves smaller models. Alternatively, when a mock-up is not practical, the first piece of an element or connection can be used to determine acceptability.
- D. Notify Architect one week in advance of dates and times when mock-ups will be available for review.
- E. Demonstrate applicable AESS characteristics for specified category of AESS on elements and joints in mock-up.

- F. Build mock-ups using member sizes and materials indicated for final work.
- G. Mock-up to demonstrate weld quality, contouring of welds at aligned walls of members, specified surface preparation, and finish coating.
- H. HSS members to extend at least 6 inches from joint in mock-up.
- I. Obtain Architect's written approval of mock-ups before starting fabrication.
- J. Retain and maintain mock-ups during construction in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging completed work.
- K. Approved mock-ups in an undisturbed condition at Date of Substantial Completion may become part of completed work.

# 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Handle finished pieces in accordance with Section 10 of AISC 303, using nylon-type slings, or chains with softeners, or wire ropes with softeners such that they are not damaged.
- B. Store materials to permit easy access for inspection and identification. Keep steel members off ground by using pallets, platforms, or other supports. Protect steel members and packaged materials from erosion and deterioration. Use special care in handling to prevent twisting or warping of AESS members.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with Section 051200, except as amended in this section for aesthetic purposes.

#### 2.2 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate and assemble AESS in shop to greatest extent possible. Locate field joints in AESS assemblies at concealed locations or as approved by Architect. Detail AESS assemblies to minimize field handling and expedite erection.
- B. Permissible tolerances for member depth, width, out of square, and camber and sweep to be as specified in ASTM A6/A6M, ASTM A500/A500M, and ASTM A1085/A1085M.
- C. For curved structural members, whether composed of a single standard structural shape or builtup, the as-fabricated variation from theoretical curvature to be equal to or less than standard camber and sweep tolerances permitted for straight members in applicable ASTM standard.
- D. Use special care in handling and shipping of AESS both before and after shop painting to minimize damage to any shop finish. Use nylon-type slings or softeners when using chains or wire rope slings.
- E. Bolted Connections:
  - 1. Make in accordance with Section 051200. Provide bolt type and finish as noted herein.
- F. Welded Connections:

- 1. Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M and Section 051200.
- 2. Assemble and weld built-up sections by methods that will maintain alignment of members without warp exceeding tolerances of this section.

# G. Surface Preparation:

- 1. Remove blemishes or unsightly surfaces resulting from temporary braces or fixtures.
- 2. Remove backing and run out tabs.
- H. Fabricate AESS in accordance with categories defined in AISC 303, as follows:
  - 1. AESS 3: Feature elements viewed at a distance less than 20 feet (feature elements in close view).

## 2.3 PAINT SYSTEM

- A. Compatibility: All components/procedures of AESS paint system to comply with coating system specified, submitted, and approved per Section 099100. As a minimum, identify required surface preparation, primer, intermediate coat (if applicable), and finish coat. Primer, intermediate coating, and finish coating to be from a single manufacturer combined in a system documented by manufacturer with adequate guidance for fabricator to procure and execute.
- B. Primer: As specified in Section 099113, 099100, and 099600. Primer to comply with all federal standards for VOC, lead and chromate levels.
- C. Finish Coating: Field apply intermediate and top coats per Section 099113, 099100, and 099600.

### 2.4 SHOP PRIMING

- A. Surface Preparation:
  - 1. Comply with SSPC-SP 6/NACE No.3.
  - 2. Coordinate required surface profile with approved paint submittal prior to beginning surface preparation.
  - 3. Prior to blasting, remove any grease and oil using solvent cleaning to meet SSPC-SP 1.
  - 4. Remove weld spatter, slivers and similar surface discontinuities.
  - 5. Ease sharp corners resulting from shearing, flame cutting or grinding.
- B. Shop prime structural steel members. Do not prime surfaces that will be fireproofed, field welded, in contact with concrete, or high strength bolted with slip-critical connections.
- C. Priming: Immediately after surface preparation, apply primer according to manufacturer's instructions to provide a dry film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils. Use priming methods that result in full coverage of joints, corners, edges, and exposed surfaces.

#### 2.5 GALVANIZING

A. Hot-Dip Galvanized Finish: Apply zinc coating by hot-dip process to AESS indicated for galvanizing according to ASTM A123/A123M. Fabricate such that all connections of assemblies are made in the field with bolted connections where possible.

#### 2.6 MATERIALS

- A. General: Meet requirements of 051200 as amended below.
- B. Tension Control, High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: Per section 051200, Tension Control Bolts. Provide standard carbon steel finish rounded bolt heads with twist off bolts; ASTM F3125/F3125M.

# 2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Structural Requirements:
  - 1. Comply with quality control requirements per AISC 360, Chapter N and AISC 303, Section 10. Refer to Section 051200 for additional requirements.
- C. AESS 3,4, and C Acceptance: Architect to observe AESS in the shop at a viewing distance consistent with final installation and determine acceptability based on approved mock-up. Quality assurance agency has no responsibility for enforcing requirements related to aesthetic effect.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Erector to check all AESS members upon delivery for twist, kinks, gouges or other imperfections which may result in rejection of appearance of member. Coordinate remedial action with fabricator prior to erecting steel.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Provide connections for temporary shoring, bracing and supports only where noted on approved fabrication documents. Temporary connections not shown are to be made at locations not exposed to view in final structure or as approved by Architect.
- B. Handle, lift and align pieces using nylon straps or chains with softeners required to maintain appearance of AESS through process of erection.

#### 3.3 ERECTION

- A. AESS 1 and 2: Basic elements; feature elements not in close view:
  - 1. Employ special care to handle and erect AESS. Erect finished pieces using nylon straps or chains with softeners such that they are not damaged.
  - 2. Place weld tabs for temporary bracing and safety cabling at points concealed from view in completed structure or where approved by Architect during pre-installation meeting. Obtain Architect approval of methods for removing temporary devices and finishing AESS members prior to erection.
  - 3. AESS Erection Tolerances: Erect to standard frame tolerances for structural steel per Chapter 7 of AISC 303.
  - 4. Set AESS accurately in locations and to elevations indicated and according to AISC 303 and AISC 360.
  - 5. Remove blemishes or unsightly surfaces resulting from temporary braces or fixtures.

- 6. Remove all backing and run out tabs.
- 7. When temporary braces or fixtures are required to facilitate erection, take care to avoid any blemishes, holes or unsightly surfaces resulting from use or removal of such temporary elements.
- 8. Bolted Connections: Align bolt heads on same side of connection as indicated on approved fabrication or erection documents.
- 9. Welded Connections: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M and Section 051200. Appearance and quality of welds to be consistent. Employ methods that will maintain alignment of members without warp exceeding tolerance of this section.
- 10. Remove weld spatter exposed to view.
- 11. Grind off projections larger than 1/16 inch at field butt and plug welds.
- 12. Continuous Welds: Where continuous welding is noted on drawings, provide continuous welds of a uniform size and profile.
- 13. Do not enlarge holes in members by burning or by using drift pins. Ream holes that must be enlarged to admit bolts. Replace connection plates that are misaligned where holes cannot be aligned with acceptable final appearance.
- 14. Splice members only where indicated.
- 15. Obtain permission for any torch cutting or field fabrication from Architect. Finish sections thermally cut during erection to a surface appearance consistent with mock-up.
- B. AESS 3: Feature elements in close view:
  - 1. Erect to requirements of AESS 1 and 2 and as follows:
  - 2. Field Welding: Weld profile, quality, and finish to be consistent with mock-ups approved prior to fabrication.
  - 3. Provide a continuous appearance to all welded joints including tack welds. Provide joint filler at intermittent welds.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Structural Requirements:
  - 1. Comply with quality control requirements per AISC 360, Chapter N and AISC 303, Section 10. Refer to Section 051200 for additional requirements.
  - 2. Quality assurance agency to review work for compliance with requirements of AISC 360, Chapter N and AISC 303, Section 10.
- C. AESS 3,4, and C Acceptance: Architect to observe AESS in place and determine acceptability based on qualification data and submittals as well as on approved mock- up. Quality assurance agency has no responsibility for enforcing requirements related to aesthetic effect.

#### 3.5 CLEANING

- A. Touch-up Painting: Complete cleaning and touch-up painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint to blend with adjacent surfaces of AESS. Perform touch-up work in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and as specified in Section 099100.
- B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas. Repair galvanized surfaces in accordance with ASTM A780/A780M.

## SECTION 053100 FLUTED STEEL DECKS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 REFERENCES

- A. Comply with the following reference standards unless otherwise shown or specified:
  - 1. Design: "Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members" by the American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI Specification).
  - 2. Welding: "Structural Welding Code Sheet Steel, AWS D 1.3", by the American Welding Society (AWS Code).

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- 1. Shop Drawings: Show application to project. Prepare separate drawings, coordinated with, but not superimposed on, joist drawings or structural steel erection drawings.
- 2. Product Data: Manufacturer's printed specifications and installation instructions.

### B. Quality Control Submittals:

a. Certificates: Copy of certificates required under Quality Assurance Article.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Certificates: Affidavit by the structural steel manufacturer certifying that structural steel items meet the contract requirements.
  - 1. Submit evidence of steel material compliance with this Specification. Evidence shall consist of certification of source of material, copies of purchase orders and manufacturer's certifications. For stock material, submit copies of latest mill or purchase orders for material replacement.

### 1.4 HANDLING AND STORAGE

- A. Handle and stack materials carefully in order to prevent deformation or damage. During unloading and hoisting, take extra care to prevent damage to ends and sides of individual metal deck panels. Do no place panels in direct contact with the ground. Protect panels from the elements and keep panels dry.
  - 1. If mud, dirt, or other foreign matter is accumulated on panels, remove such accumulation completely prior to installation.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

A. Fluted Deck and Metal Accessories: Sheet steel conforming to ASTM A 611 Grade C or ASTM A 653 SQ Grade 33. Before fabrication, sheet steel shall receive ASTM A653, Class G 90, hot dip zinc coating; or, except where specified or shown to be galvanized, shall receive chemical cleaning, phosphate treatment, and baked on primer. Finish shall be evenly coated

- with no cracking after fabrication. Accessories shall be fabricated of not lighter than 18 US Standard Gage sheet steel.
- B. Self-Drilling Fasteners: No. 12-14 x 3/4 inch, hex washer head, self-drilling fastener with pilot point.
- C. Flexible Closure Strips: Manufacturer's standard vulcanized, closed- cell, synthetic rubber closure strips.

#### 2.2 FABRICATION

- A. Steel deck shall be formed with maximum distance of 2-5/8 inches between flutes at upper faces and a minimum distance of 2 inches at lower flute faces. Furnish units in lengths to be continuous over 3 spans wherever possible.
- B. Steel deck shall conform to the following properties:
  - 1. Unit depth: 3"
  - 2. Minimum section modulus at supports for negative bending in continuous spans: 0.512 in^3/ft
  - 3. Minimum section modulus for positive bending: 0.539 in^3/ft
  - 4. Minimum moment of inertia: 0.919 in^4/ft
  - 5. Minimum US Standard Gage: 18
  - 6. Flute spacing: 12"
- C. Unless otherwise indicated or approved, fabricate deck for predetermined openings, and reinforce where required to maintain deck strength, alignment, and profile.
  - 1. Small openings, as recommended by the deck manufacturer, may be field cut.
- D. Accessories: Shop fabricated accessories, compatible with steel deck, as required to complete the Work, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Closures to close deck at ridges, valleys, and hips on roof deck slopes exceeding 1/2 inch per foot.
- E. Progress shop fabrication from "APPROVED" or "APPROVED AS NOTED" detail drawings only.
  - 1. When detail drawings are "APPROVED AS NOTED", progress fabrication in strict accordance with notes thereon.
  - 2. Fabrication progressed from "DISAPPROVED" or "RETURNED FOR CORRECTION" detail drawings will be rejected. The contractor shall have no claim against the Owner for any costs or delays due to rejection of items fabricated from "DISAPPROVED" or "RETURNED FOR CORRECTION" detail drawings.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine supporting framing and field conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of steel deck.
- B. Do not start installation of metal deck until corresponding steel framework has been plumbed, aligned and completed and until temporary shoring, where required, has been installed.

Coordinate installation sequence of metal deck with concrete encasement of steel beams.

- C. Steel surfaces to which materials, provided under this Section, are to be welded, shall be free of paint, ice, water, oil, dirt, rust and other materials detrimental to welding.
- D. Locate decking bundles to prevent overloading of supporting members

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install the Work of this Section in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions except where shown or specified otherwise.
  - 1. Welding shall comply with the AWS Code.
  - 2. Perform welding free of sharp points.
- B. Place deck units on supporting steel framework and adjust to final position with ends bearing on supporting members and flutes in straight and true alignment through entire length of run before being permanently fastened. Do not stretch or contract side lap interlocks. Install temporary shoring before placing single span deck panels when required to meet manufacturer's recommendations.
- C. End Bearing: Install deck units over supporting framing with a minimum end bearing of 1-1/2 inches, with end joints as follows:
  - 1. Non-Composite Deck End Joints: Lapped 2 inches minimum.
- D. Deck Fastening: Fasten deck units at ends and intermediate supports with arc spot welds (puddle welds) not less than 3/4 inch diameter, at 12 inches on centers, along the supporting members, unless more stringent requirements are indicated on the drawings or required by the fire resistance ratings indicated on the drawings. Weld the first and last deck flutes. Use welding washers for all deck lighter than 20 gage. Deck units may be fastened to steel supports 0.18 inches or less in thickness (cold-formed metal framing) with No.12-14 x 3/4 inch self-drilling fasteners at 12 inches on center at ends and intermediate supports.
- E. Side lap fastening: Fasten side laps at intervals not exceeding 36 inches, using one of the following methods, unless more stringent requirements are indicated on the drawings or required by the fire resistance ratings indicated on the drawings:
  - 1. Mechanically fasten with self-drilling No.12 diameter or larger carbon steel screws.
  - 2. Mechanically button punch.
- F. Perimeter Edge Fastening: Weld starting and finishing side edges in bearing to supporting members at 36 inches on centers maximum, unless more stringent requirements are indicated on the drawings or required by the fire resistance ratings indicated on the drawings.
- G. Neatly field cut required openings, other than shop fabricated openings, after installation in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.



## SECTION 055000 METAL FABRICATIONS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Shop fabricated steel and aluminum items.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Placement of metal fabrications in concrete.
- B. Section 042000 Unit Masonry: Placement of metal fabrications in masonry.
- C. Section 051200 Structural Steel Framing: Structural steel column anchor bolts.
- D. Section 053100: Fluted Steel Decking: Bearing plates for metal deck bearing, including anchorage.
- E. Section 055100 Metal Stairs.
- F. Section 055213 Pipe and Tube Railings.
- G. Section 077123 Manufactured Gutters and Downspouts: Downspout boots.
- H. Section 099100 Interior Exterior Painting: Paint finish.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A36/A36M Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel; 2019.
- B. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2022.
- C. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.
- D. ASTM A307 Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts, Studs, and Threaded Rod 60 000 PSI Tensile Strength; 2021.
- E. ASTM F3125/F3125M Standard Specification for High Strength Structural Bolts and Assemblies, Steel and Alloy Steel, Heat Treated, Inch Dimensions 120 ksi and 150 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength, and Metric Dimensions 830 MPa and 1040 MPa Minimum Tensile Strength; 2023.
- F. AWS A2.4 Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing, and Nondestructive Examination; 2020.
- G. AWS B2.1/B2.1M Specification for Welding Procedure and Performance Qualification; 2021.
- H. AWS D1.1/D1.1M Structural Welding Code Steel; 2020, with Errata (2023).

- I. IAS AC172 Accreditation Criteria for Fabricator Inspection Programs for Structural Steel AC172; 2019.
- J. SSPC-Paint 15 Steel Joist Shop Primer/Metal Building Primer; 2004.
- K. SSPC-Paint 20 Zinc-Rich Coating (Type I Inorganic, and Type II Organic); 2019.
- L. SSPC-SP 2 Hand Tool Cleaning; 2018.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate profiles, sizes, connection attachments, reinforcing, anchorage, size and type of fasteners, and accessories. Include erection drawings, elevations, and details where applicable.
  - 1. Indicate welded connections using standard AWS A2.4 welding symbols. Indicate net weld lengths.
- C. Welders' Qualification Statement: Welders' certificates in accordance with AWS B2.1/B2.1M and dated no more than 12 months before start of scheduled welding work.
- D. Designer's Qualification Statement.
- E. Fabricator's Qualification Statement: Provide documentation showing steel fabricator is accredited under IAS AC172.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Design under direct supervision of a Professional Structural Engineer experienced in design of this work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.
- B. Welder Qualifications: Welding processes and welding operators qualified in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M and AWS D1.2/D1.2M and dated no more than 12 months before start of scheduled welding work.
- C. Fabricator Qualifications: A qualified steel fabricator that is accredited by IAS AC172.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS - STEEL

- A. Steel Sections: ASTM A36/A36M.
- B. Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M, Grade B Schedule 40, black finish.
- C. Mechanical Fasteners: Same material as or compatible with materials being fastened; type consistent with design and specified quality level.
- D. Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A307, Grade A, plain.
- E. Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM F3125/F3125M, Type 1, plain.

- F. Welding Materials: AWS D1.1/D1.1M; type required for materials being welded.
- G. Shop and Touch-Up Primer: SSPC-Paint 15, complying with VOC limitations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- H. Touch-Up Primer for Galvanized Surfaces: SSPC-Paint 20, Type I Inorganic, complying with VOC limitations of authorities having jurisdiction.

## 2.2 FABRICATION

- A. Fit and shop assemble items in largest practical sections, for delivery to site.
- B. Fabricate items with joints tightly fitted and secured.
- C. Continuously seal joined members by continuous welds.
- D. Grind exposed joints flush and smooth with adjacent finish surface. Make exposed joints butt tight, flush, and hairline. Ease exposed edges to small uniform radius.
- E. Exposed Mechanical Fastenings: Flush countersunk screws or bolts; unobtrusively located; consistent with design of component, except where specifically noted otherwise.
- F. Furnish components required for anchorage of fabrications. Fabricate anchors and related components of same material and finish as fabrication, except where specifically noted otherwise.

### 2.3 FABRICATED ITEMS

- A. Bollards: Steel pipe, concrete filled, crowned cap, as detailed; prime paint finish.
- B. Lintels: As detailed; galvanized finish.
- C. Door Frames for Overhead Door Openings: Channel sections; galvanized finish.

### 2.4 FINISHES - STEEL

- A. Prime paint steel items.
  - 1. Exceptions: Galvanize items to be embedded in concrete and items to be embedded in masonry.
  - 2. Exceptions: Do not prime surfaces in direct contact with concrete, where field welding is required.
- B. Prepare surfaces to be primed in accordance with SSPC-SP2.
- C. Clean surfaces of rust, scale, grease, and foreign matter prior to finishing.
- D. Prime Painting: One coat.
- E. Galvanizing of Structural Steel Members: Galvanize after fabrication to ASTM A123/A123M requirements. Provide minimum 1.7 oz/sq ft galvanized coating.
- F. Galvanizing of Non-structural Items: Galvanize after fabrication to ASTM A123/A123M requirements.

## 2.5 FABRICATION TOLERANCES

- A. Squareness: 1/8 inch maximum difference in diagonal measurements.
- B. Maximum Offset Between Faces: 1/16 inch.
- C. Maximum Misalignment of Adjacent Members: 1/16 inch.
- D. Maximum Bow: 1/8 inch in 48 inches.
- E. Maximum Deviation From Plane: 1/16 inch in 48 inches.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that field conditions are acceptable and are ready to receive work.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean and strip primed steel items to bare metal where site welding is required.
- B. Furnish setting templates to the appropriate entities for steel items required to be cast into concrete or embedded in masonry.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install items plumb and level, accurately fitted, free from distortion or defects.
- B. Provide for erection loads, and for sufficient temporary bracing to maintain true alignment until completion of erection and installation of permanent attachments.
- C. Field weld components as indicated on drawings.
- D. Perform field welding in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- E. Obtain approval prior to site cutting or making adjustments not scheduled.
- F. After erection, prime welds, abrasions, and surfaces not shop primed, except surfaces to be in contact with concrete.

## 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation From Plumb: 1/4 inch per story, non-cumulative.
- B. Maximum Offset From True Alignment: 1/4 inch.
- C. Maximum Out-of-Position: 1/4 inch.

## SECTION 055050 -ARCHITECTURAL METAL FABRICATIONS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Low partition knee brace kits.
  - 2. Metal bollards.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for installing anchor bolts, steel pipe sleeves, slotted-channel inserts, wedge-type inserts, and other items cast into concrete.
  - 2. Section 042000 "Unit Masonry" for installing loose lintels, anchor bolts, and other items built into unit masonry.
  - 3. Section 051200 "Structural Steel Framing."
  - 4. Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications"
  - 5. Section 055213 "Pipe and Tube Railings."

# 1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design ladders and ships ladders, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes acting on exterior metal fabrications by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects.
  - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Paint products.
  - 2. Grout.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for metal fabrications.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and details of metal fabrications and their connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For installed products indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For qualified professional engineer.

- B. Welding certificates.
- C. Paint Compatibility Certificates: From manufacturers of topcoats applied over shop primers certifying that shop primers are compatible with topcoats.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
  - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
  - 2. AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code Aluminum."
  - 3. AWS D1.6, "Structural Welding Code Stainless Steel."

## 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls and other construction contiguous with metal fabrications by field measurements before fabrication.

#### 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate selection of shop primers with topcoats to be applied over them. Comply with paint and coating manufacturers' written recommendations to ensure that shop primers and topcoats are compatible with one another.
- B. Coordinate installation of anchorages and steel weld plates and angles for casting into concrete. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 METALS, GENERAL

- A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces unless otherwise indicated. For metal fabrications exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or blemishes.
- B. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36.
- C. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500, cold-formed steel tubing.
- D. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53, standard weight (Schedule 40) unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.2 FASTENERS

- A. General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide Type 304 stainless-steel fasteners for exterior use and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941, Class Fe/Zn 5, at exterior walls. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.
- B. Cast-in-Place Anchors in Concrete: Either threaded type or wedge type unless otherwise indicated; galvanized ferrous castings, either ASTM A 47 malleable iron or ASTM A 27 cast

- steel. Provide bolts, washers, and shims as needed, all hot-dip galvanized per ASTM F 2329.
- C. Post-Installed Anchors: Torque-controlled expansion anchors or chemical anchors.
  - 1. Alloy Group 1 stainless-steel bolts, ASTM F 593, and nuts, ASTM F 594.

### 2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.
- B. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint complying with SSPC-Paint 20 and compatible with paints specified to be used over it.
- C. Nonshrink, Nonmetallic Grout: Factory-packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107. Provide grout specifically recommended by manufacturer for interior and exterior applications.

### 2.4 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in the shop to greatest extent possible. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
- B. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.
- C. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.
- D. Form exposed work with accurate angles and surfaces and straight edges.
- E. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with the following:
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
  - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- F. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners or welds where possible. Where exposed fasteners are required, use Phillips flat-head (countersunk) fasteners unless otherwise indicated. Locate joints where least conspicuous.
- G. Fabricate seams and other connections that will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.
- H. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap metal fabrications as indicated to receive finish hardware, screws, and similar items.

- I. Provide for anchorage of type indicated; coordinate with supporting structure. Space anchoring devices to secure metal fabrications rigidly in place and to support indicated loads.
  - 1. Where units are indicated to be cast into concrete or built into masonry, equip with integrally welded steel strap anchors, 1/8 by 1-1/2 inches, with a minimum 6-inch embedment and 2-inch hook, not less than 8 inches from ends and corners of units and 24 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.

### 2.5 LOW PARTITION KNEE BRACE KITS

- A. Low partition knee brace kits:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following::
    - a. Pittcon Softforms LLC, Knee Brace Kit
    - b. Approced Equal.
  - 2. Post construction: Welded assembly consisting of a 2" x 2" steel tube 1/8" thick welded to a 3 ½" x 5" steel base plate with holes for (4) 3/8" diameter anchor bolts.
  - 3. Finish: manufacturer's standard primer.
  - 4. Post height: 2" shorter than top of partition as indicated on Drawings.

## 2.6 METAL BOLLARDS

- A. Fabricate metal bollards from Schedule 80 steel pipe.
- B. Fabricate bollards with 3/8-inch-thick steel baseplates for bolting to concrete slab. Drill baseplates at all four corners for 3/4-inch anchor bolts.
  - 1. Where bollards are to be anchored to sloping concrete slabs, angle baseplates for plumb alignment of bollards.
- C. Prime bollards with primer specified in Section 099100 "Interior-Exterior Painting."

## 2.7 LOOSE STEEL LINTELS

- A. Fabricate loose steel lintels from steel angles and shapes of size indicated for openings and recesses in masonry walls and partitions at locations indicated. Fabricate in single lengths for each opening unless otherwise indicated. Weld adjoining members together to form a single unit where indicated.
- B. Size loose lintels to provide bearing length at each side of openings equal to 1/12 of clear span but not less than 8 inches unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Galvanize loose steel lintels located in exterior walls.

#### 2.8 STEEL WELD PLATES AND ANGLES

A. Provide steel weld plates and angles not specified in other Sections, for items supported from concrete construction as needed to complete the Work. Provide each unit with no fewer than two integrally welded steel strap anchors for embedding in concrete.

#### 2.9 FINISHES, GENERAL

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Finish metal fabrications after assembly.
- C. Finish exposed surfaces to remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, and to blend into surrounding surface.

#### 2.10 STEEL AND IRON FINISHES

- A. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with ASTM A 153 for steel and iron hardware and with ASTM A 123 for other steel and iron products.
  - 1. Do not quench or apply post galvanizing treatments that might interfere with paint adhesion.
- B. Shop prime iron and steel items not indicated to be galvanized unless they are to be embedded in concrete, sprayed-on fireproofing, or masonry, or unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Shop prime with primers specified in Section 099100 "Interior-Exterior Painting"
- C. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare surfaces to comply with requirements indicated below:]
  - 1. Exterior Items: SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
  - 2. Items Indicated to Receive Zinc-Rich Primer: SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
  - 3. Items Indicated to Receive Primers Specified in Section 099600 "High-Performance Coatings": SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
  - 4. Other Items: SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
- D. Shop Priming: Apply shop primer to comply with SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting.
  - 1. Stripe paint corners, crevices, bolts, welds, and sharp edges.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.
- B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.

- 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- D. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where metal fabrications are required to be fastened to in-place construction. Provide threaded fasteners for use with concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through bolts, lag screws, wood screws, and other connectors.
- E. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete, masonry, or similar construction.
- F. Corrosion Protection: Coat concealed surfaces of aluminum that will come into contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood, or dissimilar metals with the following:
  - 1. Cast Aluminum: Heavy coat of bituminous paint.
  - 2. Extruded Aluminum: Two coats of clear lacquer.

#### 3.2 INSTALLING LOW PARTITION KNEE BRACE KITS

A. General: Install knee brace kits following manufacturer's written instructions and requirements indicated on Shop Drawings.

## 3.3 INSTALLING METAL BOLLARDS

- A. Fill metal-capped bollards solidly with concrete and allow concrete to cure seven days before installing.
- B. Anchor bollards to existing construction with expansion anchors or anchor bolts. Provide four 3/4-inch bolts at each bollard unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Embed anchor bolts at least 6 inches in concrete.
- C. Fill bollards solidly with concrete, mounding top surface to shed water.

# 3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas. Paint uncoated and abraded areas with the same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.
  - 1. Apply by brush or spray to provide a minimum 2.0-mil dry film thickness.
- B. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint are specified in Section 099100 "Interior-Exterior Painting."
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

## SECTION 055100 METAL STAIRS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Stairs with metal treads.
- B. Structural steel stair framing and supports.
- C. Handrails and guards.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 055000 Metal Fabrications.
- B. Section 099100 Interior Exterior Painting: Paint finish.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
- B. AISC 201 AISC Certification Program for Structural Steel Fabricators, Standard for Steel Building Structures; 2006.
- C. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- D. ASTM A36/A36M Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel; 2019.
- E. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2022.
- F. ASTM A283/A283M Standard Specification for Low and Intermediate Tensile Strength Carbon Steel Plates; 2018.
- G. ASTM A307 Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts, Studs, and Threaded Rod 60 000 PSI Tensile Strength; 2021.
- H. ASTM A500/A500M Standard Specification for Cold-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing in Rounds and Shapes; 2023.
- I. ASTM A501/A501M Standard Specification for Hot-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing; 2021.
- J. ASTM A786/A786M Standard Specification for Hot-Rolled Carbon, Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy, and Alloy Steel Floor Plates; 2015 (Reapproved 2021).
- K. ASTM A1008/A1008M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability,

- Required Hardness, Solution Hardened, and Bake Hardenable; 2021a.
- L. ASTM A1011/A1011M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, and Ultra-High Strength; 2023.
- M. ASTM E935 Standard Test Methods for Performance of Permanent Metal Railing Systems and Rails for Buildings; 2021.
- N. ASTM F3125/F3125M Standard Specification for High Strength Structural Bolts and Assemblies, Steel and Alloy Steel, Heat Treated, Inch Dimensions 120 ksi and 150 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength, and Metric Dimensions 830 MPa and 1040 MPa Minimum Tensile Strength; 2023.
- O. AWS A2.4 Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing, and Nondestructive Examination; 2020.
- P. AWS B2.1/B2.1M Specification for Welding Procedure and Performance Qualification; 2021.
- Q. AWS D1.1/D1.1M Structural Welding Code Steel; 2020, with Errata (2023).
- R. IAS AC172 Accreditation Criteria for Fabricator Inspection Programs for Structural Steel AC172; 2019.
- S. ICC (IBC) International Building Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- T. NAAMM AMP 510 Metal Stairs Manual; 1992.
- U. SSPC-Paint 15 Steel Joist Shop Primer/Metal Building Primer; 2004.
- V. SSPC-SP 2 Hand Tool Cleaning; 2018.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate profiles, sizes, connection attachments, reinforcing, anchorage, size and type of fasteners, and accessories.
  - 1. Indicate welded connections using standard AWS A2.4 welding symbols. Indicate net weld lengths.
  - 2. Include the design engineer's seal and signature on each sheet of shop drawings.
- C. Design Data: As required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Design Data, Seismic Performance: Submit documentation that stairs meet performance requirements specified.
- E. Welders' Qualification Statement: Welders' certificates in accordance with AWS B2.1/B2.1M and dated no more than 12 months before start of scheduled welding work.
- F. Designer's Qualification Statement.
- G. Fabricator's Qualification Statement: Provide documentation showing steel fabricator is certified under AISC 201.

H. Fabricator's Qualification Statement: Provide documentation showing steel fabricator is accredited under IAS AC172.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Structural Designer Qualifications: Professional Structural Engineer experienced in design of this work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located, or personnel under direct supervision of such an engineer.
- B. Welder Qualifications: Welding processes and welding operators qualified in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M and dated no more than 12 months before start of scheduled welding work.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 METAL STAIRS - GENERAL

- A. Metal Stairs: Provide stairs of the design specified, complete with landing platforms, vertical and horizontal supports, railings, and guards, fabricated accurately for anchorage to each other and to building structure.
  - 1. Regulatory Requirements: Provide stairs and railings that comply with most stringent requirements of local, state, and federal regulations; where requirements of Contract Documents exceed those of regulations, comply with Contract Documents.
  - 2. Handrails: Comply with applicable accessibility requirements of ADA Standards.
  - 3. Structural Design: Provide complete stair and railing assemblies that comply with the applicable local code.
    - a. Stair Capacity: Uniform live load of 100 lb/sq ft and a concentrated load of 300 lb with deflection of stringer or landing framing not to exceed 1/360 of span.
    - b. Railing Assemblies: Comply with applicable local code.
    - c. Seismic Performance: Stairs designed to withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE 7.
      - 1) Component Importance Factor: 1.5.
      - 2) No permanent inelastic deformation occurs under movements equal 2.5 percent interstory drift, minimum.
  - 4. Dimensions: As indicated on drawings.
  - 5. Shop assemble components; disassemble into largest practical sections suitable for transport and access to site.
  - 6. No sharp or rough areas on exposed travel surfaces and surfaces accessible to touch.
  - 7. Separate dissimilar metals using paint or permanent tape.
- B. Metal Jointing and Finish Quality Levels:
  - 1. Service: Exposed joints tight with face surfaces aligned; underside of stair not covered by soffit is not considered exposed to view.
    - a. Welded Joints: Welded on back side wherever possible.
    - b. Welds Exposed to View: Ground smooth; not required to be flush.
    - c. Bolts Exposed to View: Countersunk flat or oval head bolts; no exposed nuts or screw threads.
    - d. Metal Surfaces to be Painted: Sanded smooth, suitable for satin or matte finish.

- C. Fasteners: Same material or compatible with materials being fastened; type consistent with design and specified quality level.
- D. Anchors and Related Components: Same material and finish as item to be anchored, except where specifically indicated otherwise; provide all anchors and fasteners required.

## 2.2 METAL STAIRS WITH METAL TREADS

- A. Jointing and Finish Quality Level: Service, as defined above.
- B. Risers: Closed.
- C. Treads: smooth steel plate suitable as substrate for rubber tread/riser covers..
  - 1. Tread Thickness: 3/8 inch, minimum.
  - 2. Anchorage to Stringers: Welded or bolted to carrier angles welded or bolted to stringers.
- D. Risers: Steel sheet.
  - 1. Riser Thickness: As required by design; same as tread.
  - 2. Riser/Nosing Profile: Sloped riser with rounded nosing of minimum radius.
- E. Stringers: Rolled steel channels.
  - 1. Stringer Depth: As indicated on drawings.
  - 2. End Closure: Sheet steel of same thickness as risers welded across ends.
- F. Railings: Steel pipe railings.
- G. Finish: Shop- or factory-prime painted.

#### 2.3 HANDRAILS AND GUARDS

- A. Wall-Mounted Rails: Round pipe or tube rails unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Outside Diameter: 1-1/4 inch, minimum, to 1-1/2 inches, maximum.
- B. Guards:
  - 1. Top Rails: Round pipe or tube rails unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Outside Diameter: 2 inch.
  - 2. Bottom Rails: Round pipe or tube rails unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Outside Diameter: 1-1/2 inches.
  - 3. Infill at Picket Railings: Vertical pickets.
    - a. Horizontal Spacing: Maximum 4 inches on center.
    - b. Material: Solid steel bar.
    - c. Shape: Round.
    - d. Size: 1/2 inch diameter.
    - e. Top Mounting: Welded to underside of top rail.
    - f. Bottom Mounting: Welded to bottom rail.
  - 4. End and Intermediate Posts: Same material and size as bottom rails.
    - a. Horizontal Spacing: As indicated on drawings.
    - b. Mounting: Welded to top surface of stringer.

# 2.4 MATERIALS

- A. Steel Sections: ASTM A36/A36M.
- B. Steel Tubing: ASTM A500/A500M or ASTM A501/A501M structural tubing, round and shapes as indicated.
- C. Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M Grade B Schedule 80, black finish.

#### 2.5 ACCESSORIES

- A. Steel Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A307, Grade A, plain.
- B. Welding Materials: AWS D1.1/D1.1M; type required for materials being welded.
- C. Shop and Touch-Up Primer: SSPC-Paint 15, and comply with VOC limitations of authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 2.6 SHOP FINISHING

- A. Clean surfaces of rust, scale, grease, and foreign matter prior to finishing.
- B. Do not prime surfaces in direct contact with concrete or where field welding is required.
- C. Prime Painting: Use specified shop- and touch-up primer.
  - 1. Preparation of Steel: In accordance with SSPC-SP 2 Hand Tool Cleaning.
  - 2. Number of Coats: One.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that field conditions are acceptable and are ready to receive work.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. When field welding is required, clean and strip primed steel items to bare metal.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install components plumb and level, accurately fitted, free from distortion or defects.
- B. Provide anchors, plates, angles, hangers, and struts required for connecting stairs to structure.
- C. Allow for erection loads, and for sufficient temporary bracing to maintain true alignment until completion of erection and installation of permanent attachments.
- D. Provide welded field joints where specifically indicated on drawings. Perform field welding in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- E. Other field joints may be either welded or bolted provided the result complies with the limitations specified for jointing quality levels.

- F. Obtain approval prior to site cutting or creating adjustments not scheduled.
- G. After erection, prime welds, abrasions, and surfaces not shop primed or galvanized, except surfaces to be in contact with concrete.

# 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation From Plumb: 1/4 inch per story, non-cumulative.
- B. Maximum Offset From True Alignment: 1/4 inch.

## SECTION 055133 METAL LADDERS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Prefabricated ladders.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 055100 Metal Stairs.
- B. Section 055213 Pipe and Tube Railings.
- C. Section 077200 Roof Accessories: Roof hatch and retractable safety post.
- D. Section 099100 Interior Exterior Painting: Paint finish.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 29 CFR 1910.23 Ladders; Current Edition.
- B. 29 CFR 1926.1053 Ladders; Current Edition.
- C. ANSI A14.3 American National Standard for Ladders -- Fixed -- Safety Requirements; 2008 (Reaffirmed 2018).
- D. ASTM A36/A36M Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel; 2019.
- E. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2022.
- F. ASTM A283/A283M Standard Specification for Low and Intermediate Tensile Strength Carbon Steel Plates; 2018.
- G. ASTM A307 Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts, Studs, and Threaded Rod 60 000 PSI Tensile Strength; 2021.
- H. ASTM A500/A500M Standard Specification for Cold-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing in Rounds and Shapes; 2023.
- I. ASTM A501/A501M Standard Specification for Hot-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing; 2021.
- J. ASTM F3125/F3125M Standard Specification for High Strength Structural Bolts and Assemblies, Steel and Alloy Steel, Heat Treated, Inch Dimensions 120 ksi and 150 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength, and Metric Dimensions 830 MPa and 1040 MPa Minimum Tensile Strength; 2023.
- K. AWS A2.4 Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing, and Nondestructive Examination; 2020.

- L. AWS B2.1/B2.1M Specification for Welding Procedure and Performance Qualification; 2021.
- M. AWS D1.1/D1.1M Structural Welding Code Steel; 2020, with Errata (2023).
- N. AWS D1.2/D1.2M Structural Welding Code Aluminum; 2014, with Errata (2020).
- O. IAS AC172 Accreditation Criteria for Fabricator Inspection Programs for Structural Steel AC172; 2019.
- P. SSPC-Paint 15 Steel Joist Shop Primer/Metal Building Primer; 2004.
- Q. SSPC-Paint 20 Zinc-Rich Coating (Type I Inorganic, and Type II Organic); 2019.
- R. SSPC-SP 2 Hand Tool Cleaning; 2018.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Indicate profiles, sizes, connection attachments, reinforcing, anchorage, size and type of fasteners, and accessories. Include erection drawings, elevations, and details where applicable.
  - 2. Indicate welded connections using standard AWS A2.4 welding symbols. Indicate net weld lengths.
- C. Welders' Qualification Statement: Welders' certificates in accordance with AWS B2.1/B2.1M and dated no more than 12 months before start of scheduled welding work.
- D. Designer's Qualification Statement.
- E. Fabricator's Qualification Statement: Provide documentation showing steel fabricator is accredited under IAS AC172.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Design Ladder under direct supervision of a Professional Structural Engineer experienced in design of this work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.
- B. Welder Qualifications: Welding processes and welding operators qualified in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M and AWS D1.2/D1.2M and dated no more than 12 months before start of scheduled welding work.
- C. Fabricator Qualifications: A qualified steel fabricator that is accredited by IAS AC172.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS - STEEL

- A. Steel Sections: ASTM A36/A36M.
- B. Steel Tubing: ASTM A501/A501M hot-formed structural tubing.

- C. Plates: ASTM A283/A283M.
- D. Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M, Grade B Schedule 40, black finish.
- E. Mechanical Fasteners: Same material or compatible with materials being fastened; type consistent with design and specified quality level.
- F. Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A307, plain.
- G. Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM F3125/F3125M, Type 1, plain.
- H. Welding Materials: AWS D1.1/D1.1M; type required for materials being welded.
- I. Shop and Touch-Up Primer: SSPC-Paint 15, complying with VOC limitations of authorities having jurisdiction.

## 2.2 FABRICATION

- A. Fit and shop assemble items in largest practical sections, for delivery to site.
- B. Fabricate items with joints tightly fitted and secured.
- C. Grind exposed joints flush and smooth with adjacent finish surface. Make exposed joints butt tight, flush, and hairline. Ease exposed edges to small uniform radius.
- D. Exposed Mechanical Fastenings: Flush countersunk screws or bolts; unobtrusively located; consistent with design of component, except where specifically noted otherwise.
- E. Supply components required for anchorage of fabrications. Fabricate anchors and related components of same material and finish as fabrication, except where specifically noted otherwise.

### 2.3 PREFABRICATED LADDERS

- A. Prefabricated Ladder: Welded metal unit complying with ANSI A14.3; factory fabricated to greatest degree practical and in the largest components possible.
  - 1. Components: Manufacturer's standard rails, rungs, treads, handrails. returns, platforms and safety devices complying with the requirements of the MATERIALS article of this section.
  - 2. Materials: Carbon steel; ASTM A1011/A1011M Grade 36, minimum.
  - 3. Finish: Powder coat; color to be selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 4. Manufacturers:
    - a. National Ladder & Scaffolding Company; Cotterman Standard Steel Ladder: nationalladder.com
      - 1) Model Number: Series "F".
      - 2) Height: 13' +/- exact height to be determined in field.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.4 FINISHES - STEEL

A. Prime paint steel items.

- B. Prepare surfaces to be primed in accordance with SSPC-SP2.
- C. Clean surfaces of rust, scale, grease, and foreign matter prior to finishing.
- D. Prime Painting: One coat.

# 2.5 FABRICATION TOLERANCES

- A. Squareness: 1/8 inch maximum difference in diagonal measurements.
- B. Maximum Offset Between Faces: 1/16 inch.
- C. Maximum Misalignment of Adjacent Members: 1/16 inch.
- D. Maximum Bow: 1/8 inch in 48 inches.
- E. Maximum Deviation From Plane: 1/16 inch in 48 inches.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that field conditions are acceptable and are ready to receive work.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean and strip primed steel items to bare metal where site welding is required.
- B. Supply setting templates to the appropriate entities for steel items required to be cast into concrete or embedded in masonry.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install items plumb and level, accurately fitted, free from distortion or defects.
- B. Provide for erection loads, and for sufficient temporary bracing to maintain true alignment until completion of erection and installation of permanent attachments.
- C. Field weld components as indicated on drawings.
- D. Perform field welding in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- E. Obtain approval prior to site cutting or making adjustments not scheduled.
- F. After erection, prime welds, abrasions, and surfaces not shop primed, except surfaces to be in contact with concrete.

### 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation From Plumb: 1/4 inch per story, non-cumulative.
- B. Maximum Offset From True Alignment: 1/4 inch.

C. Maximum Out-of-Position: 1/4 inch.



## SECTION 055213 PIPE AND TUBE RAILINGS

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 1.1 RAILINGS - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Design, fabricate, and test railing assemblies in accordance with the most stringent requirements of applicable local code.
- B. Allow for expansion and contraction of members and building movement without damage to connections or members.
- C. Dimensions: See drawings for configurations and heights.
- D. Provide anchors and other components as required to attach to structure, made of same materials as railing components unless otherwise indicated; where exposed fasteners are unavoidable provide flush countersunk fasteners.
- E. Provide slip-on non-weld mechanical fittings to join lengths, seal open ends, and conceal exposed mounting bolts and nuts, including but not limited to elbows, T-shapes, splice connectors, flanges, escutcheons, and wall brackets.

#### 1.2 FABRICATION

- A. Accurately form components to suit specific project conditions and for proper connection to building structure.
- B. Fit and shop assemble components in largest practical sizes for delivery to site.
- C. Fabricate components with joints tightly fitted and secured. Provide spigots and sleeves to accommodate site assembly and installation.



## SECTION 061053 MISCELLANEOUS ROUGH CARPENTRY

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Roofing nailers.
- B. Roofing cant strips.
- C. Preservative treated wood materials.
- D. Communications and electrical room mounting boards.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Setting anchors in concrete.
- B. Section 076200 Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim: Sill flashings.
- C. Section 077200 Roof Accessories: Prefabricated roof curbs.
- D. Section 092116 Gypsum Board Assemblies: Gypsum-based sheathing.

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2023.
- B. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- C. ASTM C557 Standard Specification for Adhesives for Fastening Gypsum Wallboard to Wood Framing; 2003 (Reapproved 2017).
- D. ASTM D2898 Standard Practice for Accelerated Weathering of Fire-Retardant-Treated Wood for Fire Testing; 2010 (Reapproved 2017).
- E. ASTM D3498 Standard Specification for Adhesives for Field-Gluing Wood Structural Panels (Plywood or Oriented Strand Board) to Wood Based Floor System Framing; 2019a.
- F. ASTM E518/E518M Standard Test Methods for Flexural Bond Strength of Masonry; 2022.
- G. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- H. AWPA U1 Use Category System: User Specification for Treated Wood; 2024.
- I. PS 1 Structural Plywood; 2019.
- J. PS 20 American Softwood Lumber Standard; 2021.

- K. SPIB (GR) Standard Grading Rules; 2021.
- L. WCLIB (GR) Standard Grading Rules for West Coast Lumber No. 17; 2018.
- M. WWPA G-5 Western Lumber Grading Rules; 2021.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide technical data on wood preservative materials and application instructions.
- C. Warranty Documentation: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. General: Cover wood products to protect against moisture. Support stacked products to prevent deformation and to allow air circulation.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Correct defective work within a two-year period commencing on Date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide two-year manufacturer warranty, commencing on Date of Substantial Completion.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Dimension Lumber: Comply with PS 20 and requirements of specified grading agencies.
  - 1. Species: Douglas Fir-Larch, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. If no species is specified, provide species graded by the agency specified; if no grading agency is specified, provide lumber graded by grading agency meeting the specified requirements.
  - 3. Grading Agency: Grading agency whose rules are approved by the Board of Review, American Lumber Standard Committee (www.alsc.org) and who provides grading service for the species and grade specified; provide lumber stamped with grade mark unless otherwise indicated.

## 2.2 DIMENSION LUMBER FOR CONCEALED APPLICATIONS

- A. Grading Agency: West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau; WCLIB (GR).
- B. Sizes: Nominal sizes as indicated on drawings, S4S.

- C. Moisture Content: S-dry or MC19.
- D. Stud Framing for sizes 2 by 2 through 2 by 6:
  - 1. Grade: No.2.
- E. Miscellaneous Framing, Blocking, Nailers, Grounds, and Furring:
  - 1. Lumber: S4S, No.2 or Standard Grade.
  - 2. Boards: Standard or No.3.

## 2.3 CONSTRUCTION PANELS

- A. Communications and Electrical Room Mounting Boards: PS 1, A-D plywood, or medium density fiberboard; 3/4 inch thick; flame spread index of 25 or less, smoke developed index of 450 or less, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
- B. Other Applications:
  - 1. Plywood Concealed From View But Located Within Exterior Enclosure: PS 1, C-C Plugged or better, Exterior grade.
  - 2. Plywood Exposed to View But Not Exposed to Weather: PS 1, A-D, or better.
  - 3. Other Locations: PS 1, C-D Plugged or better.

## 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners and Anchors:
  - 1. Metal and Finish: Hot-dipped galvanized steel complying with ASTM A153/A153M for high humidity and preservative-treated wood locations, unfinished steel elsewhere.
- B. Die-Stamped Connectors: Hot dipped galvanized steel, sized to suit framing conditions.
  - 1. For contact with preservative treated wood in exposed locations, provide minimum G185 galvanizing complying with ASTM A653/A653M.
- C. Construction Adhesives: Adhesives complying with ASTM C557 or ASTM D3498.

## 2.5 FACTORY WOOD TREATMENT

- A. Treated Lumber and Plywood: Comply with requirements of AWPA U1 Use Category System for wood treatments determined by use categories, expected service conditions, and specific applications.
  - 1. Preservative-Treated Wood: Provide lumber and plywood marked or stamped by an ALSC-accredited testing agency, certifying level and type of treatment in accordance with AWPA standards.

#### B. Preservative Treatment:

- 1. Preservative Pressure Treatment of Plywood Above Grade: AWPA U1, Use Category UC2 and UC3B, Commodity Specification F using waterborne preservative to 0.25 lb/cu ft retention.
  - a. Kiln dry plywood after treatment to maximum moisture content of 19 percent.
  - b. Treat plywood in contact with roofing, flashing, or waterproofing.
  - c. Treat plywood in contact with masonry or concrete.
  - d. Treat plywood less than 18 inches above grade.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

A. Coordinate installation of rough carpentry members specified in other sections.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Select material sizes to minimize waste.
- B. Reuse scrap to the greatest extent possible; clearly separate scrap for use on site as accessory components, including: shims, bracing, and blocking.
- C. Where treated wood is used on interior, provide temporary ventilation during and immediately after installation sufficient to remove indoor air contaminants.

### 3.3 BLOCKING, NAILERS, AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide framing and blocking members as indicated or as required to support finishes, fixtures, specialty items, and trim.
- B. In metal stud walls, provide continuous blocking around door and window openings for anchorage of frames, securely attached to stud framing.
- C. In walls, provide blocking attached to studs as backing and support for wall-mounted items, unless item can be securely fastened to two or more studs or other method of support is explicitly indicated.
- D. Where ceiling-mounting is indicated, provide blocking and supplementary supports above ceiling, unless other method of support is explicitly indicated.
- E. Provide the following specific nonstructural framing and blocking:
  - 1. Cabinets and shelf supports.
  - 2. Wall brackets.
  - 3. Handrails.
  - 4. Grab bars.
  - 5. Towel and bath accessories.
  - 6. Wall-mounted door stops.
  - 7. Joints of rigid wall coverings that occur between studs.

#### 3.4 ROOF-RELATED CARPENTRY

- A. Coordinate installation of roofing carpentry with deck construction, framing of roof openings, and roofing assembly installation.
- B. Provide wood curb at roof openings except where prefabricated curbs are specified and where specifically indicated otherwise. Form corners by alternating lapping side members.

# 3.5 INSTALLATION OF CONSTRUCTION PANELS

- A. Communications and Electrical Room Mounting Boards: Secure with screws to studs with edges over firm bearing; space fasteners at maximum 24 inches on center on edges and into studs in field of board.
  - 1. At fire-rated walls, install board over wall board indicated as part of the fire-rated assembly.
  - 2. Where boards are indicated as full floor-to-ceiling height, install with long edge of board parallel to studs.
  - 3. Install adjacent boards without gaps.

# 3.6 SITE APPLIED WOOD TREATMENT

- A. Apply preservative treatment compatible with factory applied treatment at site-sawn cuts, complying with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Allow preservative to dry prior to erecting members.

## 3.7 CLEANING

- A. Waste Disposal:
  - 1. Comply with applicable regulations.
  - 2. Do not burn scrap on project site.
  - 3. Do not burn scraps that have been pressure treated.
  - 4. Do not send materials treated with pentachlorophenol, CCA, or ACA to co-generation facilities or "waste-to-energy" facilities.
- B. Do not leave wood, shavings, sawdust, etc. on the ground or buried in fill.
- C. Prevent sawdust and wood shavings from entering the storm drainage system.

END OF SECTION 061053



# SECTION 064100 ARCHITECTURAL WOOD CASEWORK

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Specially fabricated cabinet units.
- B. Hardware.
- C. Preparation for installing utilities.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 061000 Rough Carpentry: Support framing, grounds, and concealed blocking.
- B. Section 123600 Countertops.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI A135.4 Basic Hardboard; 2012 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- B. ANSI A208.1 American National Standard for Particleboard; 2022.
- C. ANSI A208.2 Medium Density Fiberboard (MDF) for Interior Applications; 2022.
- D. AWI (QCP) Quality Certification Program; Current Edition.
- E. AWI/AWMAC/WI (AWS) Architectural Woodwork Standards, 2nd Edition; 2014, with Errata (2016).
- F. AWMAC/WI (NAAWS) North American Architectural Woodwork Standards; 2021, with Errata.
- G. BHMA A156.9 Cabinet Hardware; 2020.
- H. GSA CID A-A-1936 Adhesives, Contact, Neoprene Rubber; 1996a (Validated 2013).
- I. NEMA LD 3 High-Pressure Decorative Laminates; 2005.
- J. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- K. WI (CCP) Certified Compliance Program (CCP); Current Edition.
- L. WI (CSIP) Certified Seismic Installation Program (CSIP); Current Edition.
- M. WI (MCP) Monitored Compliance Program (MCP); Current Edition.

## 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Convene a preinstallation meeting not less than one week before starting work of this section; require attendance by all affected installers.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate materials, component profiles, fastening methods, jointing details, and accessories.
  - 1. Scale of Drawings: 1-1/2 inch to 1 foot, minimum.
  - 2. Provide information as required by AWI/AWMAC/WI (AWS) or AWMAC/WI (NAAWS).
  - 3. Include certification program label.
- C. Product Data: Provide data for hardware accessories.
- D. Samples: Submit actual samples of architectural cabinet construction, minimum 12 inches square, illustrating proposed cabinet, countertop, and shelf unit substrate and finish.
- E. Samples: Submit actual sample items of proposed pulls, hinges, shelf standards, and locksets, demonstrating hardware design, quality, and finish.
- F. Certificate: Submit labels and certificates required by quality assurance and quality control programs.
- G. Sustainable Design Submittal: Documentation for sustainably harvested wood-based components.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: Company specializing in fabricating the products specified in this section with minimum five years of documented experience.
  - 1. Company with at least one project in the past 5 years with value of woodwork within 20 percent of cost of woodwork for this Project.
  - 2. Accredited participant in the specified certification program prior to the commencement of fabrication and throughout the duration of the project.
  - 3. Single Source Responsibility: Provide and install this work from single fabricator.

## B. Quality Certification:

- 1. Comply with AWI (QCP) woodwork association quality certification service/program in accordance with requirements for work specified in this section: www.awiqcp.org/#sle.
- 2. Provide labels or certificates indicating that the installed work complies with AWI/AWMAC/WI (AWS) or AWMAC/WI (NAAWS) requirements for grade or grades specified.
- 3. Provide designated labels on shop drawings as required by certification program.
- 4. Provide designated labels on installed products as required by certification program.
- 5. Submit certifications upon completion of installation that verifies this work is in compliance with specified requirements.
- 6. Replace, repair, or rework all work for which certification is refused.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect units from moisture damage.

## 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. During and after installation of custom cabinets, maintain temperature and humidity conditions in building spaces at same levels planned for occupancy.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 CABINETS

- A. Quality Standard: Custom Grade, in accordance with AWI/AWMAC/WI (AWS) or AWMAC/WI (NAAWS), unless noted otherwise.
- B. Plastic Laminate Faced Cabinets: Custom grade.
- C. Breakroom Cabinets: Plastic laminate faced, Custom grade.

### 2.2 WOOD-BASED COMPONENTS

A. Wood fabricated from old growth timber is not permitted.

#### 2.3 Panel Core Materials

- A. Particleboard: Composite panel composed of cellulosic particles, additives, and bonding system; comply with ANSI A208.1.
  - 1. Grade: M-2; moisture resistance: MR10.
  - 2. Panel Thickness: 5/8 inch.
- B. Medium Density Fiberboard (MDF): Composite panel composed of cellulosic fibers, additives, and bonding system; cured under heat and pressure; comply with ANSI A208.2.
  - 1. Grade: 115; moisture resistance: MR10.

# 2.4 Thermally Fused Laminate Panels

- A. Thermally Fused Laminate (TFL): Melamine- or polyester-resin-saturated decorative papers; for fusion to composite wood substrates under heat and pressure.
  - 1. Test in accordance with NEMA LD 3 Section 3.
  - 2. Panel Core Substrate: Particleboard.
  - 3. Color: White.

## 2.5 LAMINATE MATERIALS

- A. High Pressure Decorative Laminate (HPDL): NEMA LD 3, types as recommended for specific applications.
- B. Provide specific types as indicated.
  - 1. Horizontal Surfaces: HGS, 0.048 inch nominal thickness, through color, finish as indicated.

- 2. Vertical Surfaces: VGS, 0.028 inch nominal thickness, through color, finish as indicated.
- 3. Cabinet Liner: CLS, 0.020 inch nominal thickness, through color, finish as indicated.
- 4. Laminate Backer: BKL, 0.020 inch nominal thickness, undecorated; for application to concealed backside of panels faced with high pressure decorative laminate.

#### 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Adhesive: Type recommended by fabricator to suit application.
- B. Plastic Edge Banding: Extruded PVC, convex shaped; smooth finish; self locking serrated tongue; of width to match component thickness.
  - 1. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard range.
  - 2. Use at all exposed plywood edges.
- C. Fasteners: Size and type to suit application.
- D. Bolts, Nuts, Washers, Lags, Pins, and Screws: Of size and type to suit application; galvanized or chrome-plated finish in concealed locations and stainless steel or chrome-plated finish in exposed locations.
- E. Adjustable Drawer Organization Systems: Drawer trays, dividers, and connectors.
- F. Grommets: Standard plastic grommets for cut-outs, in color to match adjacent surface.

#### 2.7 HARDWARE

- A. Cabinet Hardware: Comply with BHMA A156.9 for hardware types and grades indicated below:
  - 1. Hardware Types: As indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Product Grade: Grade 2.
- B. Adjustable Shelf Supports: Standard side-mounted system using multiple holes for pin supports and coordinated self rests, polished chrome finish, for nominal 1 inch spacing adjustments.
- C. Shelf Support Brackets: Fixed, L-shaped, corner reinforced, face-of-stud mounting.
  - 1. Materials: Formed steel shapes.
    - a. Finish: Manufacturer's standard, factory-applied, textured powder coat.
  - 2. Height: 5 inches.
  - 3. Support Length: 8 inches.
- D. Countertop Support Brackets: Fixed, L-shaped, face-of-stud mounting.
  - 1. Materials: Steel; T-shape cross-section.
    - a. Finish: Manufacturer's standard, factory-applied, powder coat.
- E. Drawer and Door Pulls: "U" shaped wire pull, steel with chrome finish, 4 inch centers.
- F. Keyed Cabinet Locks: Keyed cylinder, two keys per lock, master keyed, steel with chrome finish.
- G. Cabinet Catches and Latches:
  - 1. Type: Push latch.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### H. Drawer Slides:

- 1. Static Load Capacity: Commercial grade.
- 2. Mounting: Side mounted.
- 3. Stops: Integral type.
- 4. Features: Provide self closing/stay closed type.
- 5. Manufacturers:
  - a. Knape & Vogt Manufacturing Company; Heavy-Duty Drawer Slides: www.knapeandvogt.com/#sle.
- I. Hinges: European style concealed self-closing type, steel with nickel-plated finish.

# 2.8 FABRICATION

- A. Assembly: Shop assemble cabinets for delivery to site in units easily handled and to permit passage through building openings.
- B. Edging: Fit shelves, doors, and exposed edges with specified edging. Do not use more than one piece for any single length.
- C. Fitting: When necessary to cut and fit on site, provide materials with ample allowance for cutting. Provide matching trim for scribing and site cutting.
- D. Plastic Laminate: Apply plastic laminate finish in full uninterrupted sheets consistent with manufactured sizes. Fit corners and joints hairline; secure with concealed fasteners. Slightly bevel arises. Locate counter butt joints minimum 2 feet from sink cut-outs.
  - 1. Apply laminate backing sheet to reverse side of plastic laminate finished surfaces.
  - 2. Cap exposed plastic laminate finish edges with material of same finish and pattern.
- E. Mechanically fasten back splash to countertops as recommended by laminate manufacturer at 16 inches on center.
- F. Provide cutouts for plumbing fixtures. Verify locations of cutouts from on-site dimensions. Prime paint cut edges.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify adequacy of backing and support framing.
- B. Verify location and sizes of utility rough-in associated with work of this section.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install work in accordance with AWI/AWMAC/WI (AWS) or AWMAC/WI (NAAWS) requirements for grade indicated.
- B. Set and secure custom cabinets in place, assuring that they are rigid, plumb, and level.
- C. Use fixture attachments in concealed locations for wall mounted components.

- D. Use concealed joint fasteners to align and secure adjoining cabinet units.
- E. Carefully scribe casework abutting other components, with maximum gaps of 1/32 inch. Do not use additional overlay trim for this purpose.
- F. Secure cabinets to floor using appropriate angles and anchorages.
- G. Countersink anchorage devices at exposed locations. Conceal with solid wood plugs of species to match surrounding wood; finish flush with surrounding surfaces.

## 3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust installed work.
- B. Adjust moving or operating parts to function smoothly and correctly.

## 3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean casework, counters, shelves, hardware, fittings, and fixtures.

END OF SECTION 064100

# SECTION 070150.19 PREPARATION FOR RE-ROOFING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Replacement of existing roofing system in preparation for entire new roofing system.
- B. Removal of existing flashing and counterflashings.
- C. Removals of roof walkpads, mechanical, electrical, and communications equipment and raceways.
- D. Temporary roofing protection.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 075323 Elastomeric Membrane Roofing.
- B. Section 076200 Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim: Replacement of flashing and counterflashings.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM D2178/D2178M Standard Specification for Asphalt Glass Felt Used in Roofing and Waterproofing; 2015a (Reapproved 2021).
- B. ASTM D312/D312M Standard Specification for Asphalt Used in Roofing; 2016a (Reapproved 2023).
- C. ASTM D41/D41M Standard Specification for Asphalt Primer Used in Roofing, Dampproofing, and Waterproofing; 2011 (Reapproved 2023).
- D. ASTM D4601/D4601M Standard Specification for Asphalt-Coated Glass Fiber Base Sheet Used in Roofing; 2004 (Reapproved 2020).

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Preinstallation Meeting: Convene one week before starting work of this section.
  - 1. Attendees:
    - a. Architect.
    - b. Contractor.
    - c. Owner.
    - d. Installer.
    - e. Roofing system manufacturer's field representative.
  - 2. Meeting Agenda: Provide agenda to participants prior to meeting in preparation for discussions on the following:
    - a. Removal and installation schedule.

- b. Protection before, during, and after roofing system installation.
- c. Removal of existing roofing system.
- d. Installation of new roofing system.
- e. Temporary protection requirements for existing roofing system components that are to remain.
- f. Temporary protection requirements for existing roofing system components that are to remain.
- g. Base flashings, special roofing details, drainage, penetrations, equipment curbs, and condition of other construction that affect reroofing.
- B. Schedule work to coincide with commencement of installation of new roofing system.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Ensure storage and staging of materials does not exceed static and dynamic load-bearing capacities of roof decking.

### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Submit for each type of material.
- B. Installer's Qualification Statement.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Materials Removal Company Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of type specified with at least three years of documented experience.
  - 1. Comply with EPA notification regulations prior to start of roofing removal work.
  - 2. Comply with removal and disposal regulations of local authorities having jurisdiction (AHJ).
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and with at least three years of documented experience.
  - 1. When same installer as new roofing system, comply with related requirements of section indicated for new roofing system.
  - 2. Approved by existing roofing system warrantor to work on existing warranted roof system.

#### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not remove existing roofing membrane when weather conditions threaten the integrity of building contents or intended continued occupancy.
- B. Maintain continuous temporary protection prior to and during installation of new roofing system. Remove only as much roofing in one day as can be made watertight in the same day.
  - 1. Remove only as much roofing in one day as can be made watertight in the same day.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 COMPONENTS

A. See the following sections for additional information on components relating to this work:

## 2.2 MATERIALS

A. Patching Materials: Provide necessary materials in accordance with requirements of existing roofing system.

#### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Sheathing Paper: Red rosin paper type, at least 3 lb/100 sq ft.
- B. Base Sheet: Non-perforated, asphalt-coated glass fiber base sheet, Type I in accordance with ASTM D4601/D4601M.
- C. Glass Fiber Felt: Asphalt-impregnated, glass fiber felt, Type IV in accordance with ASTM D2178/D2178M.
- D. Asphalt Primer: Apply to concrete decking in preparation for temporary roofing, Type II in accordance with ASTM D41/D41M.
- E. Roofing Asphalt: Type III or Type IV, in accordance with ASTM D312/D312M.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Remove loose refuse and dispose of properly off-site.
- B. During removal operations, have sufficient and suitable materials on-site to facilitate rapid installation of temporary protection in the event of unexpected rain.

#### 3.2 MATERIAL REMOVAL

- A. Remove only existing roofing materials that can be replaced with new materials the same day.
- B. Remove metal counter flashings.
- C. Remove roofing membrane, perimeter base flashings, flashings around roof protrusions, pitch pans and pockets.
- D. Remove insulation and fasteners, cant strips, and blocking.
- E. Repair existing concrete and wood deck surface to provide smooth working surface for new roof system.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Coordinate scope of this work with requirements for installation of new roofing system, see Section 075323 for additional requirements.

#### 3.4 PROTECTION

- A. Provide temporary protective sheeting over uncovered deck surfaces.
- B. Turn sheeting up and over parapets and curbing. Retain sheeting in position with weights.
- C. Provide for surface drainage from sheeting to existing drainage facilities.
- D. Do not permit traffic over unprotected or repaired deck surface.

END OF SECTION 070150.19

# SECTION 071326 SELF-ADHERING SHEET WATERPROOFING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Modified bituminous sheet waterproofing.

#### 1.2 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show locations and extent of waterproofing and details of substrate joints and cracks, expansion joints, sheet flashings, penetrations, inside and outside corners, tie-ins with adjoining waterproofing, and other termination conditions.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Sample warranties.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved in writing by waterproofing manufacturer.
- B. Single Source responsibility: Waterproofing systems and accessories shall be provided by the same manufacturer.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to furnish replacement waterproofing material for waterproofing that does not comply with requirements or that fails to remain watertight within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### **PART 2 PRODUCTS**

### 2.1 MODIFIED BITUMINOUS SHEET WATERPROOFING

- A. Modified Bituminous Sheet: Minimum 60-mil nominal thickness, self-adhering sheet consisting of 56 mils of rubberized asphalt laminated on one side to a 4-mil-thick, polyethylene-film reinforcement, and with release liner on adhesive side.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing Inc; CCW MiraDRI 860/861.
    - o. Approved equal
  - 2. Physical Properties:
    - a. Tensile Strength, Membrane: 325 psi minimum; ASTM D 412, Die C, modified.
    - b. Ultimate Elongation: 350 percent minimum; ASTM D 412, Die C, modified.
    - c. Low-Temperature Flexibility: Pass at minus 25 deg F; ASTM D 1970/D 1970M.
    - d. Crack Cycling: Unaffected after 100 cycles of 1/8-inch movement; ASTM C 836/C 836M.
    - e. Puncture Resistance: 60 lbf minimum; ASTM E 154/E 154M.
    - f. Water Absorption: 0.1 percent weight-gain maximum after 48-hour immersion at 70 deg F; ASTM D 570.
    - g. Water Vapor Permeance: 0.05 perm maximum; ASTM E 96/E 96M, Water Method.
    - h. Hydrostatic-Head Resistance: 230 feet minimum; ASTM D 5385.
  - 3. Sheet Strips: Self-adhering, rubberized-asphalt strips of same material and thickness as sheet waterproofing.

## 2.2 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. Furnish auxiliary materials recommended by waterproofing manufacturer for intended use and compatible with sheet waterproofing.
  - 1. Furnish liquid-type auxiliary materials that comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Primer: Liquid waterborne primer recommended for substrate by sheet-waterproofing material manufacturer.
- C. Liquid Membrane: Elastomeric, two-component liquid, cold fluid applied, of trowel grade or low viscosity.
- D. Substrate Patching Membrane: Low-viscosity, two-component, modified asphalt coating.
- E. Metal Termination Bars: Aluminum bars, approximately 1 by 1/8 inch, predrilled at 9-inch centers.
- F. Protection Course: Extruded-polystyrene board insulation, as specified in Section 72100 Thermal Insulation.
- G. Seam tape: Manufacturers approved tape compatible with sheet membrane.
- H. Sealants: Manufacturers approved sealants compatible with membrane and substrate materials.
- I. Cant Strips: Provide 45 degree cant using built up beads of polyurethane sealant at all angle changes and inside corners.

# 2.3 MOLDED-SHEET DRAINAGE PANELS

- A. Nonwoven-Geotextile-Faced, Molded-Sheet Drainage Panel with Polymeric Film: Composite subsurface drainage panel acceptable to waterproofing manufacturer and consisting of a studded, nonbiodegradable, molded-plastic-sheet drainage core; with a nonwoven, needle-punched geotextile facing with an apparent opening size not exceeding No. 70 (0.21-mm) sieve laminated to one side of the core and a polymeric film bonded to the other side; and with a vertical flow rate through the core of [9 to 21 gpm per ft. (112 to 261 L/min. per m)].
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing Inc; CCW MiraDRAIN 6200.
    - b. Approved equal.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Clean, prepare, and treat substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions. Provide clean, dust-free, and dry substrates for waterproofing application.
- B. Mask off adjoining surfaces not receiving waterproofing to prevent spillage and overspray affecting other construction.

## 3.2 MODIFIED BITUMINOUS SHEET-WATERPROOFING APPLICATION

- A. Do not proceed with installation until concrete has properly cured and dried (Minimum 7 days for normal weight concrete. Prep concrete surface as per membrane manufacturer's written requirements.
- B. Install modified bituminous sheets according to waterproofing manufacturer's written instructions and per recommendations in ASTM D 6135.
- C. Apply primer to substrates at required rate and allow it to dry. Limit priming to areas that will be covered by sheet waterproofing in same day. Reprime areas exposed for more than 24 hours.
- D. Apply and firmly adhere sheets over area to receive waterproofing. Accurately align sheets and maintain uniform 2-1/2-inch- minimum lap widths and end laps. Overlap and seal seams, and stagger end laps to ensure watertight installation.
  - 1. When ambient and substrate temperatures range between 25 and 40 deg F, install self-adhering, modified bituminous sheets produced for low-temperature application. Do not use low-temperature sheets if ambient or substrate temperature is higher than 60 deg F.
- E. Horizontal Application: Apply sheets from low to high points of decks to ensure that laps shed water.
- F. Apply continuous sheets over already-installed sheet strips, bridging substrate cracks, construction, and contraction joints.
- G. Seal edges of sheet-waterproofing terminations with mastic.
- H. Install sheet-waterproofing and auxiliary materials to tie into adjacent waterproofing.

- I. Repair tears, voids, and lapped seams in waterproofing not complying with requirements. Slit and flatten fishmouths and blisters. Patch with sheet waterproofing extending 6 inches beyond repaired areas in all directions.
- J. Immediately install board insulation course with butted joints over waterproofing membrane.
  - 1. Molded-sheet drainage panels and Board insulation may be used in place of a separate protection course to vertical applications when approved by waterproofing manufacturer and installed immediately.

#### 3.3 MOLDED-SHEET DRAINAGE-PANEL INSTALLATION

- A. Place and secure molded-sheet drainage panels, with geotextile facing away from wall or deck substrate, according to manufacturer's written instructions. Use adhesive or another method that does not penetrate waterproofing. Lap edges and ends of geotextile to maintain continuity. Protect installed molded-sheet drainage panels during subsequent construction.
  - 1. For vertical applications, install board insulation before installing drainage panels.

#### 3.4 PROTECTION, REPAIR, AND CLEANING

- A. Do not permit foot or vehicular traffic on unprotected membrane.
- B. Protect installed insulation drainage panels from damage due to UV light, harmful weather exposures, physical abuse, and other causes. Provide temporary coverings where insulation is subject to abuse and cannot be concealed and protected by permanent construction immediately after installation.
- C. Correct deficiencies in or remove waterproofing that does not comply with requirements; repair substrates, reapply waterproofing, and repair sheet flashings.
- D. Clean spillage and soiling from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended in writing by manufacturer of affected construction.

END OF SECTION 071326

# SECTION 071800 TRAFFIC COATINGS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Waterproof coatings for vehicle traffic surfaces.
- B. Waterproof coatings for pedestrian traffic surfaces.

#### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C881/C881M Standard Specification for Epoxy-Resin-Base Bonding Systems for Concrete; 2020a.
- B. ASTM D412 Standard Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers-Tension; 2016 (Reapproved 2021).
- C. ASTM D903 Standard Test Method for Peel or Stripping Strength of Adhesive Bonds; 1998 (Reapproved 2017).
- D. ASTM D4060 Standard Test Method for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by the Taber Abraser; 2019.
- E. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- F. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- G. ASTM E119 Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials; 2022.
- H. ASTM F710 Standard Practice for Preparing Concrete Floors to Receive Resilient Flooring; 2022.
- I. ICC-ES AC39 Acceptance Criteria for Walking Decks; 2017, with Editorial Revision (2020).

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Include product characteristics and limitations. Identify dissolving solvents, fuels, and potential destructive compounds.
- C. Samples: Submit two \_\_\_\_\_ samples of cured membrane, 6 by 18 inch in size, illustrating color, surface texture, and variations. Each layer in the system shall be set back from the layer below to allow for each component in the system to be viewed.

- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Include special field conditions required to install traffic membrane and potential incompatibilities with adjacent materials.
- E. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- F. Applicator's qualification statement.
- G. Maintenance Data: Include procedures for stain removal, repairing surface, and cleaning.
- H. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products of the type specified in this section, with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing installation of traffic membrane, with minimum three years documented experience.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Maintain storage area at minimum ambient temperature of 55 degrees F.
- B. Keep away from fire or open flame.

### 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not install materials when temperature is below 50 degrees F or above 90 degrees F.
- B. Maintain this temperature range, 24 hours before, during and 72 hours after application.
- C. Restrict traffic from area where materials are being installed or are curing.

### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide 2-year manufacturer warranty for delamination of system from substrate and degradation of waterproofing ability. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.
- C. Extended Correction Period: Correct defective work within 2-year period commencing on Date of Substantial Completion.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Single source responsibility: All components in the system are to be furnished by a single manufacturer or approved in writting by the traffic coating manufacturer as being compatible

with the traffic coating systetem.

## 2.2 TRAFFIC COATINGS

- A. (EVT-1) Vehicular Traffic Hybrid Polyurethane Waterproof Deck System: Fluid-applied polyurethane with slip-reducing aggregate surface.
  - 1. Finished Coating Thickness: 105 mil, 0.105 inch, minimum dry film thickness (excluding aggregate
  - 2. Products: Basis of design system
    - a. Sika Corporation; Sikalastic 710/22 Lo-Mod Single Component traffic system: www.usa.sika.com.
    - b. Approved equal:
    - c. System Components.
      - 1) Primer
      - 2) Detail coat.
      - 3) Base coat.
      - 4) (2) Binder coats with 1.5 lbs per s.f. full broacast aggregate.
      - 5) Top coat.
- B. (EPT-1) Pedestrian Traffic Hybrid Polyurethane Waterproof Deck System: Fluid-applied polyurethane with slip-reducing aggregate surface.
  - 1. Finished Coating Thickness: 33 mil, 0.33 inch, minimum dry film thickness (excluding aggregate)
  - 2. Products: Basis of design system
    - a. Sika Corporation; Sikalastic 710/22 Lo-Mod Single Component traffic system: www.usa.sika.com.
    - b. Approved equal:
    - c. System Components.
      - 1) Primer
      - 2) Detail coat.
      - 3) Base coat.
      - 4) Binder coat with 10 to 20 lbs per 100 s.f. seeded backrolled aggregate.
      - 5) Top coat.

# 2.3 SYSTEM COMPONENTS

- A. Primer: Manufacturers standard primer based on moisture content of concrete slabs.
  - 1. Product:
    - a. Sikalastic FTP 300 sf/gal: Two component waterbased epoxy primer.
    - b. Other manufacturers approved product for slabs where moisture content is above allowable levels.
    - c. Approved equal.
  - 2. Perfomance standards:
  - 3. Tensile Adhesion Strength, ACI 503R, (Appendix A): 400 psi.
- B. Detail and Base Coats: Single componet, moisture curing elastomeric polyurethane coating sutable for crack bridging and system base coat.
  - 1. Product:
    - a. Sikalastic 710 Base.
    - b. Approved equal.

- 2. Perfomance standards:
  - a. Shore A Hardness: ASTM D-2240: 75 +/- at 75 degrees F and 50% R.H.
- 3. Tensile strength: ASTM D-412: 800 +/- at 75 degrees F and 50% R.H.
  - a. Tear strength: Die C, ASTM D-624: 170 +/- at 75 degrees F and 50% R.H.
  - b. Elongation at break: ASTM D-412: 500 +/- 50% at 75 degrees F and 50% R.H.
  - c. Chemical resistance: Resistant to deicing salts, and alkaline concrete and cementitious mortars/tile adhesives.
- C. Binder Coat: Two componet, 100% solids moisture tolorant epoxy resin binder conforming to ASTM C-881, Type III, Grade-2 and AASHTO M-235 specifications.curing elastomeric polyurethane coating sutable for crack bridging and system base coat.
  - 1. Product:
    - a. Sikadur 22 Low-Mod Binder.
    - b. Approved equal.
  - 2. Perfomance standards:
    - a. Compressive strength: 7200 PSI neat.
    - b. Modulus of elasticity in compression: ASTM D-695: 6.6 x 10 to the 4th PSI
    - c. Tensile strength: ASTM D-638: 5700 PSI at 73 degrees F and 50% R.H.
    - d. Shear strength: ASTM D-732: 5700 PSA at 73 degrees F and 50% R.H.
    - e. Elongation at break: ASTM D-638: 500 >30% at 73 degrees F and 50% R.H.
    - f. Abrasion resistance: Taber Abrader (C-17 wheel, 1,000 gm weight: .030 gm neat 73 degrees F and 50% R.H.
    - g. Water absorbtion: ASTM D-570: 0.26% neat at 73 degrees F and 50% R.H.
- D. Aggregate: Clean rounded, oven dried quartz sand with a minimum gadation of 16-30 mesh or 20-40 mesh for pedestrian traffic, and a minimum hardness of 6.5 per on the Moh's scale. Aggregate shall be supplied in pre-packaged bags and free of metallic or other impurites.
- E. Top Coat: Two componet, 100% solids moisture tolorant epoxy resin binder conforming to ASTM C-881, Type III, Grade-2 and AASHTO M-235 specifications.curing elastomeric polyurethane coating sutable for crack bridging and system base coat.
  - 1. Product:
    - a. Sikalastic 715 Textured TopCoat.
    - b. Approved equal.
  - 2. Perfomance standards:
    - a. Shore A hardness: ASTM D-2240: 90 +/- at 75 degress F and 50% R.H.
    - b. Tensile strength: ASTM D-412: 3200 +/- 300 PSI at 75 degrees F and 50% R.H.
    - c. Tear strength: Die C, ASTM D-624: 250 +/- 50 PLI at 75 degrees F and 50% R.H.
    - d. Elongation at break: ASTM D-638: 500 >30% at 73 degrees F and 50% R.H.
    - e. Chemical resisitance: Resistant to de-icing salts and alkaline concrete and cementitioud mortars/tile adhesives cure.

### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Joint Fillers: Two componet, chemical curing, non sag polyurethane elastomeric sealer.
  - 1. Product:
    - a. Sikaflex 2c.
    - b. Approved equal.
  - 2. Perfomance standards:
    - a. Shore A hardness: ASTM D-2240: 25% +/- 5% at 73 degress F and 50% R.H.

- b. Joint movement: 50%
- c. Tensile strength: ASTM D-412: 95 PSI at 73 degrees F and 50% R.H.
- d. Tear strength: ASTM D-624: 70 PSI at 75 degrees F and 50% R.H.
- B. Fabric Reinforcement: Woven nylon mesh reinforcement.
  - 1. Product:
    - a. Sikalastic Flexitape.
    - b. Approved equal.
- C. Sealant: As recommended by membrane manufacturer, and compatible with system and adjacent materials.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that substrate is ready to receive work, surface is clean, dry and free of substances that could adversely effect bond.
- B. Do not begin work until concrete substrate has cured at least 28 days and moisture content is 4 percent or less.
- C. Test concrete surfaces according to ASTM F710 for acceptable level of alkalinity.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrate surface free of foreign matter.
- B. Conduct pre slab moisture and alkalinity testing and per manufacturer's recommondations.
- C. Protect adjacent surfaces.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Apply system materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Apply primer to prepared substrate at the rate recommended by the manufacturer, based of moisture test results.
- C. When primer is tack free, apply sealant treatment at cracks and joints.
- D. Patch concrete substrate with filler to produce surface conducive to bond.
  - 1. Non structural cracks up to 1/16" wide: Apply a 4 inch wide strip of detail coat centered over crack.
  - 2. Cacks and joints over 1/16" and up to 1" wide: Rout and seal with joint filler and fabric reinforcement.
    - a. Fabric reinforcement tape shall be placed wet in the detail coat.
    - b. Width of tape shall be suficcient that at least one inch to tape is embedded on each side of crack.
    - c. Apply additional detail coats to fully embed tape.
  - 3. Cracks over 1 inch wide: treat as expansion joints and continue up through traffic system and seal with joint filler.

- E. When primer is tack free, apply base coat.
  - 1. Extend base coat over previously detailed cracks and control joints.
  - 2. Base coat thickness: 32 mils minimum.
- F. When base coat is tack free, apply binder coat and non slip aggregate.
  - 1. Seed or broadcast aggregate at the rates specified for each system.
  - 2. Base coat thickness: 32 mils minimum.
  - 3. For system EVT-1 apply second coat of binder and aggregate.
- G. When binder coat is tack free, apply one coat of top coating to a minimum dry film thickness of 23 mil .023 inch).
- H. Extend primer, base and top coats up intersecting and perimeter vertical surfaces, 4 inches. Terminate top edge in a straight line.
- I. Finish to smooth surface sloped to drains. Cove at vertical surfaces.
- J. Apply sealant to junction of horizontal and intersecting surfaces to achieve watertight seal.

## 3.4 PROTECTION

A. Do not permit traffic over unprotected surfaces.

END OF SECTION 071800

# SECTION 072100 THERMAL INSULATION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Board insulation at exterior wall behind metal panel wall finish.
- B. Batt insulation and vapor retarder in exterior wall construction.
- C. Batt insulation for filling perimeter window and door shim spaces and crevices in exterior wall and roof.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 072500-Weather Barriers: Separate weather barrier materials.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus; 2021.
- B. ASTM C578 Standard Specification for Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation; 2022.
- C. ASTM C665 Standard Specification for Mineral-Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for Light Frame Construction and Manufactured Housing; 2023.
- D. ASTM C1338 Standard Test Method for Determining Fungi Resistance of Insulation Materials and Facings; 2019 (Reapproved 2022).
- E. ASTM C1371 Standard Test Method for Determination of Emittance of Materials Near Room Temperature Using Portable Emissometers; 2015 (Reapproved 2022).
- F. ASTM C1667 Standard Test Method for Using Heat Flow Meter Apparatus to Measure the Center-of-Panel Thermal Transmission Properties of Vacuum Insulation Panels; 2015.
- G. ASTM D412 Standard Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers-Tension; 2016 (Reapproved 2021).
- H. ASTM D1621 Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Cellular Plastics; 2016 (Reapproved 2023).
- I. ASTM D2126 Standard Test Method for Response of Rigid Cellular Plastics to Thermal and Humid Aging; 2020.
- J. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- K. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).

- L. ASTM E136 Standard Test Method for Assessing Combustibility of Materials Using a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750 °C; 2022.
- M. ASTM E2357 Standard Test Method for Determining Air Leakage Rate of Air Barrier Assemblies; 2023a.
- N. NFPA 285 Standard Fire Test Method for Evaluation of Fire Propagation Characteristics of Exterior Wall Assemblies Containing Combustible Components; 2023.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on product characteristics, performance criteria, and product limitations.
- C. ABAA Field Quality Control Submittals: Submit third-party reports of testing and inspection required by ABAA QAP.
- D. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that products meet or exceed specified requirements.
- E. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Include information on special environmental conditions required for installation and installation techniques.
- F. ABAA Manufacturer Qualification: Submit documentation of current evaluation of proposed manufacturer and materials.
- G. ABAA Installer Qualification: Submit documentation of current contractor accreditation and current installer certification. Keep copies of contractor accreditation and installer certification on project site during and after installation. Present on-site documentation upon request.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Air Barrier Association of America (ABAA) Quality Assurance Program (QAP); www.airbarrier.org/#sle:
  - 1. Installer Qualification: Use accredited contractors, certified installers, evaluated materials, and third-party field quality control audit.
  - 2. Manufacturer Qualification: Use evaluated materials from a single manufacturer regularly engaged in air barrier material manufacture. Use secondary materials approved in writing by primary material manufacturer.

### 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install insulation adhesives when temperature or weather conditions are detrimental to successful installation.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 APPLICATIONS

A. Insulation Over Metal Stud Framed Walls, Continuous: Extruded polystyrene (XPS) board.

B. Insulation in Metal Framed Walls: Batt insulation with integral vapor retarder.

## 2.2 FOAM BOARD INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Extruded Polystyrene (XPS) Board Insulation: Comply with ASTM C578 with either natural skin or cut cell surfaces.
  - 1. Type and Compressive Resistance: Type IV, 25 psi (173 kPa), minimum.
  - 2. Flame Spread Index (FSI): Class A 0 to 25, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
  - 3. Smoke Developed Index (SDI): 450 or less, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
  - 4. Type and Thermal Resistance, R-value: Type IV, 5.0 (0.88), minimum, per 1 inch thickness at 75 degrees F mean temperature.
  - 5. Board Edges: Square.
  - 6. Type and Water Absorption: Type XII, 0.3 percent by volume, maximum, by total immersion.
  - 7. Products:
    - a. Owens Corning Corporation; FOAMULAR Type 250 Extruded Polystyrene (XPS) Insulation: www.ocbuildingspec.com/#sle.
    - b. Approved equal.
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.3 GLASS FIBER BATT INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Flexible Glass Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation: Preformed insulation, complying with ASTM C665; friction fit.
  - 1. Flame Spread Index: 75 or less, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
  - 2. Smoke Developed Index: 450 or less, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
  - 3. Thermal Resistance: R-value of 15.
  - 4. Thickness: 3 1/2 inch.
  - 5. Facing: Aluminum foil, flame spread 25 rated; one side.
  - 6. Products:
    - a. Owens Corning Corporation; EcoTouch PINK FIBERGLAS Insulation: www.ocbuildingspec.com/#sle.
    - b. .
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Tape: Reinforced polyethylene film with acrylic pressure sensitive adhesive.
  - 1. Application: Sealing of interior circular penetrations, such as pipes or cables.
  - 2. Width: Are required for application.
  - 3. Temperature Resistance: Range of minus 40 to 212 degrees F.
- B. Self-Adhered Transition Flashing: Multipurpose, self-adhered flashing with modified butyl adhesive, polyester fiber top sheet, and polypropylene interlayer.
  - 1. Application: Primerless adhesion for use as through-wall flashings and wall transitions to roof and below-grade systems.
  - 2. Thickness: 45 mil, 0.045 inch, nominal.
  - 3. Size: 6 inches wide, in rolls 75 feet long.

- 4. Tensile Strength: Greater than 1,300 psi complying with ASTM D412 test method.
- C. Flashing Tape: Special reinforced film with high performance adhesive.
  - 1. Application: Window and door opening flashing tape.
  - 2. Width: As required for application.
  - 3. Primer: Tape manufacturer's recommended product.
- D. Sill Plate Sealer: Closed-cell foam tape with rubberized adhesive membrane; bridges gap between foundation structure and sill plate or skirt board.
  - 1. Width: 3-1/2 inches.
  - 2. Ultraviolet (UV) and Weathering Resistance: Approved in writing by manufacturer for up to 30 days of weather exposure.
- E. Tape joints of rigid insulation in accordance with roofing and insulation manufacturers' instructions.
- F. Infill Strips:
  - 1. High-performance insulation, PIR or XPS.
    - a. Thickness: 1 inch, minimum.
    - b. Minimum R-value: 22.
- G. Rigid Insulation Pronged Attachment Washers: Solid plastic cap washer with prongs and flexible perimeter seal attached with screws to substrate for attachment of rigid insulation and to help seal against air and moisture penetration through weather barrier assembly.
- H. Insulation Fasteners: Lengths of unfinished, 13 gauge, 0.072 inch high carbon spring steel with chisel or mitered tips, held in place by tension, length to suit insulation thickness and substrate, capable of securely supporting insulation in place.
- I. Nails or Staples: Steel wire; electroplated or galvanized; type and size to suit application.
- J. Adhesive: Type recommended by insulation manufacturer for application.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that substrate, adjacent materials, and insulation materials are dry and that substrates are ready to receive insulation.
- B. Verify substrate surfaces are flat, free of honeycomb, fins, irregularities, or materials or substances that may impede adhesive bond.

#### 3.2 BOARD INSTALLATION AT EXTERIOR WALLS

- A. Install boards horizontally on walls.
  - 1. Place boards to maximize adhesive contact.
  - 2. Install in running bond pattern.
  - 3. Butt edges and ends tightly to adjacent boards and protrusions.
- B. Extend boards over expansion joints, unbonded to wall on one side of joint.

- C. Cut and fit insulation tightly to protrusions or interruptions to the insulation plane.
- D. Place 6 inches wide polyethylene sheet at perimeter of wall openings, from adhesive vapor retarder bed to window and door frames, and tape seal in place to ensure continuity of vapor retarder and air seal.
- E. Tape insulation board joints.

### 3.3 BATT INSTALLATION

- A. Install insulation and vapor retarder in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install in exterior wall spaces without gaps or voids. Do not compress insulation.
- C. Trim insulation neatly to fit spaces. Insulate miscellaneous gaps and voids.
- D. Fit insulation tightly in cavities and tightly to exterior side of mechanical and electrical services within the plane of the insulation.
- E. Install with factory-applied vapor retarder membrane facing warm side of building spaces. Lap ends and side flanges of membrane over framing members.
- F. Tape insulation batts in place.
- G. Tape seal butt ends, lapped flanges, and tears or cuts in membrane.
- H. At metal framing, place vapor retarder on warm side of insulation; lap and seal sheet retarder ioints over face of member
- I. Tape seal tears or cuts in vapor retarder.
- J. Extend vapor retarder tightly to full perimeter of adjacent window and door frames and other items interrupting the plane of the membrane; tape seal in place.
- K. Coordinate work of this section with construction of air barrier seal, see Section 072700.

## 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Coordination of Air Barrier Association of America (ABAA) Tests and Inspections:
  - 1. Provide testing and inspection required by ABAA Quality Assurance Program (QAP).
  - 2. Notify ABAA in writing of schedule for air barrier work, and allow adequate time for testing and inspection.
  - 3. Cooperate with ABAA testing agency.
  - 4. Allow access to air barrier work areas and staging.
  - 5. Do not cover air barrier work until tested, inspected, and accepted.

## 3.5 PROTECTION

A. Do not permit installed insulation to be damaged prior to its concealment.

END OF SECTION 072100

# SECTION 072500 WEATHER BARRIERS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Water-resistive barriers.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 040100 Maintenance of Masonry: Repairs to existing brick masonry facade.
- B. Section 076200 Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim: Metal flashings installed in conjunction with weather barriers.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Weather Barriers: Assemblies that form either water-resistive barriers, air barriers, or vapor retarders.
- B. Water-Resistive Barrier: A material behind an exterior wall covering that is intended to resist liquid water that has penetrated behind the exterior covering from further intruding into the exterior wall assembly.

### 1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI A137.1 American National Standard Specifications for Ceramic Tile; 2022.
- B. ASTM C373 Standard Test Methods for Determination of Water Absorption and Associated Properties by Vacuum Method for Pressed Ceramic Tiles and Glass Tiles and Boil Method for Extruded Ceramic Tiles and Non-tile Fired Ceramic Whiteware Products; 2018 (Reapproved 2023).
- C. ASTM D412 Standard Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers-Tension; 2016 (Reapproved 2021).
- D. ASTM D1970/D1970M Standard Specification for Self-Adhering Polymer Modified Bituminous Sheet Materials Used as Steep Roofing Underlayment for Ice Dam Protection; 2021.
- E. ASTM E2357 Standard Test Method for Determining Air Leakage Rate of Air Barrier Assemblies; 2023a.
- F. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- G. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).

- H. ASTM E2178 Standard Test Method for Determining Air Leakage Rate and Calculation of Air Permeance of Building Materials; 2021a.
- I. ICC-ES AC212 Acceptance Criteria for Water-Resistive Coatings Used as Water-Resistive Barriers over Exterior Sheathing; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2020).

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on material characteristics.
- C. Shop Drawings: Provide drawings of special joint conditions.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate preparation, installation methods, and storage and handling criteria.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIER MATERIALS

- A. Water-Resistive Barrier: For use in Construction Types I, II, III, and IV on buildings greater than 40 feet in height.
- B. Water-Resistive Barrier Coating: Fluid-applied air and water-resistive coating for various exterior substrates.
  - 1. Wet Film Thickness (DFT): 12 mils, 0.012 inch, minimum.
  - 2. Air Permeance, Building Assembly Air Leakage Rate: Not greater than 0.04 cfm/sq ft when tested at 1.57 psf in accordance with ASTM E2357.
  - 3. Air Permeance, Building Material Air Leakage Rate: 0.004 cfm/sq ft maximum leakage when tested at 1.57 psf pressure difference in accordance with ASTM E2178.
  - 4. Water-Resistive Barrier over Sheathing Compliance: Complying with ICC-ES AC212.
  - 5. Water Vapor Permeance: Tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
    - a. 18 perms
  - 6. Ultraviolet (UV) and Weathering Resistance: Approved by manufacturer for up to 12 months of weather exposure.
  - 7. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread index of 10 or less, smoke developed index of 0 or less, Class A when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
  - 8. System Accessory Products: As recommended by coating manufacturer.
  - 9. Products:
    - a. PROSOCO, Inc; R-Guard Air and Water Barrier Cat 5 Rain Screen: www.prosoco.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### 2.2 ACCESSORIES

A. Sealants, Tapes, and Accessories Used for Sealing Water-Resistive Barrier and Adjacent Substrates: As indicated or complying with water-resistive barrier manufacturer's installation instructions.

- B. Sealant for Cracks and Joints In Substrates: Resilient elastomeric joint sealant compatible with substrates and weather barrier materials.
  - 1. Application: Apply at 30 to 40 mil, 0.030 to 0.040 inch nominal thickness.
  - 2. Color: Green.
  - 3. Elongation: 300 percent, measured in accordance with ASTM D412.
  - 4. Products:
    - a. PROSOCO Inc. R-Guard Joint and Seam Filler...
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- C. Flashing Adhesive: Single component polymer, gun applied adhesive, compatible with weather barrier products and substrate.
  - 1. Ultraviolet (UV) and Weathering Resistance: Approved by manufacturer for up to 30 days of weather exposure.
  - 2. Products:
    - a. PROSOCO, Inc; R-Guard SureSpan Adhesive: www.prosoco.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- D. Flexible Flashing: Self-adhesive sheet flashing complying with ASTM D1970/D1970M, except slip resistance requirement is waived if not installed on a roof.
  - 1. Ultraviolet (UV) and Weathering Resistance: Approved by manufacturer for up to 30 days of weather exposure.
  - 2. Products:
    - a. PROSOCO, Inc; R-Guard SureSpan EX: www.prosoco.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that surfaces and conditions comply with requirements of this section.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove projections, protruding fasteners, and loose or foreign matter that might interfere with proper installation.
- B. Patch existing cracks and replace damaged masonry units in existing facade.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install materials in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. Coatings:
  - 1. Prepare substrate in accordance with coating manufacturer's installation instructions; treat joints in substrate and between dissimilar materials as indicated.
  - 2. Apply bead or trowel coat of mastic sealant with minimum thickness of 1/4 inch along coating seams, rough cuts, and as recommended by manufacturer.
  - 3. Apply flashing to seal with adjacent construction and to bridge joints in coating substrate.
  - 4. Apply 2 coats at locations where the existing substrate is brick masonry.

- C. Openings and Penetrations in Exterior Water-Resistive Barriers:
  - 1. Install flashing over sills, covering entire sill framing member, and extend at least 5 inches onto water-resistive barrier and at least 6 inches up jambs; mechanically fasten stretched edges.
  - 2. At openings filled with frames having nailing flanges, seal head and jamb flanges using a continuous bead of sealant compressed by flange and cover flanges with sealing tape at least 4 inches wide; do not seal sill flange.
  - 3. At openings filled with nonflanged frames, seal water-resistive barrier to each side of framing at opening using flashing at least 9 inches wide, and covering entire depth of framing.
  - 4. At head of openings, install flashing under water-resistive barrier extending at least 2 inches beyond face of jambs; seal water-resistive barrier to flashing.
  - 5. At interior face of openings, seal gaps between window and door frames and rough framing using appropriate joint sealant over backer rod.
  - 6. Service and Other Penetrations: Form flashing around penetrating items and seal to surface of water-resistive barrier.

END OF SECTION 072500

# SECTION 074113 METAL ROOF PANELS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Metal roof panel system of preformed steel panels.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 051200 Structural Steel Framing: Roof framing and purlins.
- B. Section 079200 Joint Sealants: Sealing joints between metal roof panel system and adjacent construction.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AAMA 2605 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Superior Performing Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix); 2022.
- B. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- C. ASTM A463/A463M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Aluminum-Coated, by the Hot-Dip Process; 2022.
- D. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- E. ASTM A792/A792M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, 55% Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- F. ASTM A1008/A1008M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, Required Hardness, Solution Hardened, and Bake Hardenable; 2021a.
- G. ASTM A1011/A1011M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, and Ultra-High Strength; 2023.
- H. ASTM C1363 Standard Test Method for Thermal Performance of Building Materials and Envelope Assemblies by Means of a Hot Box Apparatus; 2019.
- ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- J. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).

- K. ASTM E108 Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Roof Coverings; 2020a.
- L. ASTM E1592 Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Sheet Metal Roof and Siding Systems by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference; 2005 (Reapproved 2017).
- M. ASTM E1646 Standard Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Metal Roof Panel Systems by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference; 1995 (Reapproved 2018).
- N. IAS AC472 Accreditation Criteria for Inspection Programs for Manufacturers of Metal Building Systems; 2018, with Editorial Revision (2019).
- O. UL 580 Standard for Tests for Uplift Resistance of Roof Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:
  - 1. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  - 2. Installation methods.
  - 3. Specimen warranty.
- C. Shop Drawings: Include layouts of roof panels, details of edge and penetration conditions, spacing and type of connections, flashings, underlayments, and special conditions.
  - 1. Show work to be field-fabricated or field-assembled.
- D. Verification Samples: For each roofing system specified, submit samples of minimum size 12 inches square, representing actual roofing metal, thickness, profile, color, and texture.
  - 1. Include typical panel joint in sample.
  - 2. Include typical fastening detail.
- E. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- F. Test Reports: Indicate compliance of metal roofing system to specified requirements.
- G. Warranty: Submit specified manufacturer's warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and are registered with manufacturer.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section and with at least three years of documented experience.
  - 1. Accredited by IAS in accordance with IAS AC472.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and with at least three years of documented experience.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Provide strippable plastic protection on prefinished roofing panels for removal after installation.

B. Store roofing panels on project site as recommended by manufacturer to minimize damage to panels prior to installation.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install metal roof panels, when surface, ambient air, or wind chill temperatures are below 45 degrees F.

### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Finish Warranty: Provide 30 Year manufacturer warranty against excessive degradation of exterior finish. Include provision for replacement of units with excessive fading, chalking, or flaking. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with warrantor.
- C. Special Warranty: Provide 20 Year manufacturer product warranty. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with warrantor.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Architectural Metal Roof Panel Manufacturers:
  - 1. ATAS International, Inc; Curved 1 inch Field-Lok: www.atas.com/#sle.
  - 2. Approved equal.
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Metal Roof Panels: Provide complete roofing assemblies, including roof panels, clips, fasteners, connectors, and miscellaneous accessories, tested for compliance with the following minimum standards:
  - 1. Structural Design Criteria: Provide panel assemblies designed to safely support design loads at support spacing indicated, with deflection not to exceed L/180 of span length(L) when tested in accordance with ASTM E1592.
    - a. Dead Loads: Weight of roofing system.
    - b. Live Loads: As required by ASCE 7.
  - 2. Overall: Complete weathertight system tested and approved in accordance with ASTM E1592.
  - 3. Wind Uplift: Class 90 wind uplift resistance of UL 580.
  - 4. Thermal Movement: Design system to accommodate without deformation anticipated thermal movement over ambient temperature range of 100 degrees F.

### 2.3 METAL ROOF PANELS

A. Metal Roof Panels: Provide complete engineered system complying with specified requirements and capable of remaining weathertight while withstanding anticipated movement of substrate and thermally induced movement of roofing system.

- B. Metal Panels: Factory-formed panels with factory-applied finish.
  - 1. Steel Panels:
    - a. Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel complying with ASTM A792/A792M; minimum AZ50 coating.
    - b. Steel Thickness: Minimum 24 gauge, 0.024 inch.
  - 2. Texture: Smooth.
  - 3. Width: Maximum panel coverage of 13 1/2 inches.

## 2.4 ATTACHMENT SYSTEM

A. Concealed System: Provide manufacturer's standard stainless steel or nylon-coated aluminum concealed anchor clips designed for specific roofing system and engineered to meet performance requirements, including anticipated thermal movement.

### 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Panels: Provide factory or field fabricated panels with applied finish and accessory items, using manufacturer's standard processes as required to achieve specified appearance and performance requirements.
- B. Joints: Provide captive gaskets, sealants, or separator strips at panel joints to ensure weathertight seals, eliminate metal-to-metal contact, and minimize noise from panel movements.

# 2.6 FINISHES

- A. Fluoropolymer Coil Coating System: Polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) multi-coat superior performing organic coatings system complying with AAMA 2605, including at least 70 percent PVDF resin, and at least 80 percent of coil coated metal surfaces having minimum total dry film thickness (DFT) of 0.9 mil, 0.0009 inch; color and gloss as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard line.
- B. Color: As selected by architect from manufacturers full line.

### 2.7 ACCESSORIES

- A. Miscellaneous Sheet Metal Items: Provide flashings, trim, closure strips, and similar sheet metal items of the same material, thickness, and finish as used for the roofing panels. Items completely concealed after installation may optionally be made of stainless steel.
- B. Rib and Ridge Closures: Provide prefabricated, close-fitting components of steel with corrosion resistant finish or combination steel and closed-cell foam.

### C. Sealants:

- 1. Exposed Sealant: Elastomeric; silicone, polyurethane, or silyl-terminated polyether/polyurethane.
- 2. Concealed Sealant: Non-curing butyl sealant or tape sealant.
- 3. Seam Sealant: Factory-applied, non-skinning, non-drying type.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Do not begin installation of preformed metal roof panels until substrates have been properly prepared.
- B. If substrate preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Coordinate roofing work with provisions for roof drainage, flashing, trim, penetrations, and other adjoining work to ensure that completed roof will be free of leaks.
- B. Remove protective film from surface of roof panels immediately prior to installation; strip film carefully to avoid damage to prefinished surfaces.
- C. Separate dissimilar metals by applying a bituminous coating, self-adhering rubberized asphalt sheet, or other permanent method approved by metal roof panel manufacturer.
- D. Protect surrounding areas and adjacent surfaces from damage during execution of this work.
- E. At locations where metal will be in contact with wood or other absorbent material subject to wetting, seal joints with sealing compound and apply one coat of heavy-bodied bituminous paint.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Overall: Install roofing system in accordance with approved shop drawings and metal roof panel manufacturer's instructions and recommendations, as applicable to specific project conditions; securely anchor components of roofing system in place allowing for thermal and structural movement.
  - 1. Install roofing system with concealed clips and fasteners, except as otherwise recommended by manufacturer for specific circumstances.
  - 2. Minimize field cutting of panels. Where field cutting is required, use methods that will not distort panel profiles. Use of torches for field cutting is prohibited.
- B. Accessories: Install necessary components that are required for complete roofing assembly, including flashings, trim, closure strips, rib closures, and similar roof accessory items.
- C. Roof Panels: Install metal roof panels in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions, minimizing transverse joints except at junction with penetrations.

### 3.4 CLEANING

- A. See Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Clean exposed sheet metal work at completion of installation. Remove grease and oil films, excess joint sealer, handling marks, and debris from installation, leaving the work clean and unmarked, free from dents, creases, waves, scratch marks, or other damage to the finish.

# 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Do not permit storage of materials or roof traffic on installed roof panels. Provide temporary walkways or planks as necessary to avoid damage to completed work. Protect roofing until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up, repair, or replace damaged roof panels or accessories before Date of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 074113

# SECTION 074213 METAL WALL PANELS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Manufactured metal panels for exterior wall panels and subgirt framing assembly, with insulation, related flashings, and accessory components.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 072100 Thermal Insulation.
- B. Section 072500 Weather Barriers: Weather barrier under wall panels.
- C. Section 079200 Joint Sealants: Sealing joints between metal wall panel system and adjacent construction.

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AAMA 2605 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Superior Performing Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix); 2022.
- B. NFPA 285 Standard Fire Test Method for Evaluation of Fire Propagation Characteristics of Exterior Wall Assemblies Containing Combustible Components; 2023.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data Wall System: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:
  - 1. Physical characteristics of components shown on shop drawings.
  - 2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  - 3. Installation instructions and recommendations.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate dimensions, layout, joints, construction details, support clips, and methods of anchorage.
- D. Test Reports: Submit test report verifying compliance with NFPA 285 for previously-tested exterior wall assembly.
- E. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- F. Installer's qualification statement.
- G. Testing agency's qualification statement.

H. Warranty Documentation for Installation of Building Rainscreen Assembly: Submit installer warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with installer.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in installing products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: Independent firm specializing in performing testing and inspections of the type specified in this section.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect panels from accelerated weathering by removing or venting sheet plastic shipping wrap.
- B. Store prefinished material off the ground and protected from weather; prevent twisting, bending, or abrasion; provide ventilation; slope metal sheets to ensure proper drainage.
- C. Prevent contact with materials that may cause discoloration or staining of products.

# 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install wall panels when air temperature or relative humidity are outside manufacturer's limits.

### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Finish Warranty: Provide 5-year manufacturer warranty against excessive degradation of exterior finish. Include provision for replacement of units with excessive fading, chalking, or flaking. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with warrantor.
- C. Special Warranty: Provide 2-year warranty covering water tightness and integrity of seals of metal wall panels. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with warrantor.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Metal Wall Panels Concealed Fasteners:
  - 1. ATAS International, Inc; Corra-Lok: www.atas.com/#sle.
  - 2. Approved equal.
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.2 METAL WALL PANEL SYSTEM

- A. Wall Panel System: Factory fabricated prefinished metal panel system, site assembled.
  - 1. Provide exterior wall panels and subgirt framing assembly.
  - 2. Design and size components to support assembly dead loads, and to withstand live loads caused by positive and negative wind pressure acting normal to plane of wall.
  - 3. Design Pressure: In accordance with applicable codes.
  - 4. Fire Performance: Tested in accordance with, and complying with acceptance criteria of NFPA 285.
  - 5. Maximum Allowable Deflection of Panel: L/180 for length(L) of span.
  - 6. Movement: Accommodate movement within system without damage to components or deterioration of seals, movement between system and perimeter components when subject to seasonal temperature cycling; dynamic loading and release of loads; and deflection of structural support framing.
  - 7. Drainage: Provide positive drainage to exterior for moisture entering or condensation occurring within panel system.
  - 8. Fabrication: Formed true to shape, accurate in size, square, and free from distortion or defects; pieces of longest practical lengths.
  - 9. Corners: Factory-fabricated in one continuous piece with minimum 2-inch returns.

# B. Exterior Wall Panels:

- 1. Profile: Vertical; style as indicated.
- 2. Side Seams: Double-interlocked, tight-fitting, sealed with continuous gaskets.
- 3. Material: Precoated steel sheet, 22 gauge, 0.0299 inch minimum thickness.
- 4. Panel Width: 16 5/8 inches.
- 5. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full line.

## C. Subgirt Framing Assembly:

- 1. Profile as indicated; to attach panel system to building.
  - a. Manufacturer: Advanced Architectural Products: 1 1/2 inch GreenGirt CMH Clips; greengirt.com.
  - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000-Product Requirements.
- D. Internal and External Corners: Same material, thickness, and finish as exterior sheets; profile as indicated on the Drawings; shop cut and factory mitered to required angles.
- E. Expansion Joints: Same material, thickness and finish as exterior sheets; manufacturer's standard brake formed type, of profile to suit system.
- F. Trim: Same material, thickness and finish as exterior sheets; either extruded or brake formed to required profiles as indicated on the Drawings.
  - 1. Products:
    - a. ATAS International, Inc; Elite Trim Series.: www.atas.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- G. Anchors: Galvanized steel.

## 2.3 FINISHES

- A. Panel Backside Finish: Panel manufacturer's standard siliconized polyester wash coat.
- B. Fluoropolymer Coil Coating System: Polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) multi-coat superior performing organic coatings system complying with AAMA 2605, including at least 70 percent

PVDF resin, and at least 80 percent of coil coated metal surfaces having minimum total dry film thickness (DFT) of 0.9 mil, 0.0009 inch; color and gloss as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard line.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that building framing members are ready to receive panels.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Install subgirts perpendicular to panel length, securely fastened to substrates and shimmed and leveled to uniform plane, and spaced at intervals indicated.
- B. Protect surrounding areas and adjacent surfaces from damage during execution of this work.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install panels on walls in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Protect surfaces in contact with cementitious materials and dissimilar metals with bituminous paint; allow to dry prior to wall panel installation.
- C. Locate joints over supports.
- D. Provide expansion and control joints where indicated.
- E. Use concealed fasteners unless otherwise indicated by Architect.
- F. Seal and place gaskets to prevent weather penetration. Maintain neat appearance.

### 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Offset From True Alignment Between Adjacent Members Abutting or In Line: 1/16 inch, maximum.
- B. Variation from Plane or Location As Indicated on Drawings: 1/4 inch, maximum.

## 3.5 CLEANING

- A. See Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Remove site cuttings from finish surfaces.
- C. Remove protective material from wall panel surfaces.
- D. Clean and wash prefinished surfaces with mild soap and water; rinse with clean water.

# 3.6 PROTECTION

A. Protect metal wall panels until completion of project.

B. Touch-up, repair, or replace damaged wall panels or accessories before Date of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 074213



# SECTION 074213.19 INSULATED METAL WALL PANELS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Factory-assembled metal panel system for walls, with trim, related flashings and accessory components.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- B. ASTM C177 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus; 2019, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- C. ASTM D1621 Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Cellular Plastics; 2016 (Reapproved 2023).
- D. ASTM D1622 Standard Test Method for Apparent Density of Rigid Cellular Plastics; 2020.
- E. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- F. ASTM E330/E330M Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference; 2014 (Reapproved 2021).

### 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETING

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Convene one week before starting work of this section.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate dimensions.
- C. Design and Performance Data: Indicate panel profile and dimensions.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special handling criteria.
- E. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- F. Installer's qualification statement.

G. Warranty Documentation for Installation of Building Rainscreen Assembly: Submit installer warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with installer.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this Section with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of this Section with minimum three years documented experience and approved by manufacturer.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect panels from accelerated weathering by removing or venting sheet plastic shipping wrap.
- B. Store pre-finished material off ground with weather protection to prevent twisting, bending, or abrasion, and to provide ventilation. Slope metal sheets to ensure drainage.
- C. Prevent contact with materials that could cause discoloration or staining.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install panels when air temperature or relative humidity are outside manufacturer's limits.

# 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Finish Warranty: Provide 20-year manufacturer warranty against excessive degradation of exterior finish. Include provision for replacement of units with excessive fading, chalking, or flaking. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with warrantor.
- C. Special Warranty: Provide 2-year warranty covering water tightness and integrity of seals of metal plate wall panels. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with warrantor.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Insulated Metal Wall Panels:
  - 1. ATAS International, Inc; Isoleren IM: www.atas.com/#sle.
  - 2. Approved equal.
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE / DESIGN CRITERIA

A. Metal Panel System: Factory-assembled metal panel system, with trim, related flashings and accessory components.

- 1. Provide positive drainage to exterior for moisture entering or condensation occurring within panel system.
- 2. Accommodate tolerances of building structural framing.

# B. Performance Requirements:

- 1. Thermal Performance: Provide thermal resistance through entire system; R-value of 15, minimum.
- 2. Structural Performance: Design and size to withstand all dead loads and wind loads caused by positive and negative wind pressure acting normal to plane of panel.
  - a. Verify structural performance in accordance with ASTM E330/E330M, using test pressure 1.5 times design wind pressure, with 10 seconds duration of maximum load.
- 3. Movement: Accommodate the movement caused by the following without damage to system, components, or deterioration of seals:
  - a. Normal movement between system components.
  - b. Seasonal temperature cycling.
  - c. Deflection of structural support framing,

## 2.3 COMPONENTS

- A. Wall Panels: Exterior and interior metal sheet skin, factory-assembled, with foamed in place insulation; exterior and interior sheet interlocking at edges, fitted with continuous gaskets.
  - 1. Exterior Sheet: Pre-finished galvanized steel, 24 gauge, 0.0250 inch minimum base metal thickness; Trowel embossed.
  - 2. Interior Sheet: Galvanized steel, pre-finished, 26 gauge, 0.0187 inch minimum base metal thickness.
  - 3. Panel Edge Profile: Tongue and groove, for flush seam.
  - 4. Fabricate panels in longest practicable lengths.
  - 5. Exterior Finish: Polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) coating; color as selected from manufacturer's standard range.
  - 6. Interior Finish: Silicone polyester coating; color as selected from manufacturer's standard range.

### 2.4 MATERIALS

- A. Precoated Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A653/A653M, Commercial Steel (CS) or Forming Steel (FS), with G90/Z275 coating; continuous-coil-coated with acrylic primer coat, polyvinyl fluoride (PVF) top coat, and polyester washcoat for panel back.
  - 1. Color of Exposed Exterior Surfaces: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- B. Foamed-in-Place Insulation: Urethane type.
  - 1. Thermal Conductivity (k factor): 0.129 BTU in/hr-s.f.-F at 35 degrees mean in accordance with ASTM C177 test method.
  - 2. Compressive Strength: 18 psi, in accordance with ASTM D1621 test method.
  - 3. Density: 2.25 lb/cu ft, in accordance with ASTM D1622 test method.
  - 4. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread/smoke developed index of 25/450, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.

## 2.5 ACCESSORIES

- A. Concealed Sealants: Non-curing butyl sealant or tape sealant.
- B. Exposed Sealants: Elastomeric; silicone, polyurethane, or silyl-terminated polyether/polyurethane.
- C. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard type to suit application; hot-dip galvanized steel with soft neoprene washers; provide with fastener cap same color as exterior panel.
- D. Field Touch-up Paint: As recommended by panel manufacturer.
- E. Bituminous Paint: Asphalt base.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that structural framing is ready to receive panel system.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Protect surrounding areas and adjacent surfaces from damage during execution of this work.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install panel system on walls in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Protect panel surfaces in contact with cementitious materials with bituminous paint; allow paint to dry prior to installation.
- C. Permanently fasten panel system to structural supports; aligned, level, and plumb, within specified tolerances.
- D. Locate panel joints over supports.
- E. Use concealed fasteners unless otherwise approved by Architect.
- F. Seal and place gaskets to prevent weather penetration. Maintain neat appearance.

### 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Offset From True Alignment Between Adjacent Members Butting or In Line: 1/16 inch.
- B. Maximum Variation from Plane or Location Indicated on Drawings: 1/4 inch.

## 3.5 CLEANING

- A. See Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Remove site cuttings from finish surfaces.
- C. Clean and wash prefinished surfaces with mild soap and water; rinse with clean water.

# 3.6 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed products from damage until Date of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 074213.19



# SECTION 075323 ELASTOMERIC MEMBRANE ROOFING

### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Adhered EPDM membrane roofing system
- B. Insulation, flat and tapered.
- C. Vapor retarder.
- D. Cover boards.
- E. Roofing stack boots, roofing expansion joints, and walkway pads.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 061000 Rough Carpentry: Wood cant strips.
- B. Section 077100 Roof Specialties: Prefabricated roofing expansion joint flashing.
- C. Section 221423 Roof Drains

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- B. ASTM C177 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus; 2019, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- C. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus; 2021.
- D. ASTM C728 Standard Specification for Perlite Thermal Insulation Board; 2017a (Reapproved 2022).
- E. ASTM C1177/C1177M Standard Specification for Glass Mat Gypsum Substrate for Use as Sheathing; 2017.
- F. ASTM C1289 Standard Specification for Faced Rigid Cellular Polyisocyanurate Thermal Insulation Board; 2023.
- G. ASTM C1396/C1396M Standard Specification for Gypsum Board; 2017.
- H. ASTM D412 Standard Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers-Tension; 2016 (Reapproved 2021).

- I. ASTM D570 Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Plastics; 2022.
- J. ASTM D624 Standard Test Method for Tear Strength of Conventional Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers; 2000 (Reapproved 2020).
- K. ASTM D746 Standard Test Method for Brittleness Temperature of Plastics and Elastomers by Impact; 2020.
- L. ASTM D1929 Standard Test Method for Determining Ignition Temperature of Plastics; 2023.
- M. ASTM D2240 Standard Test Method for Rubber Property--Durometer Hardness; 2015 (Reapproved 2021).
- N. ASTM D4263 Standard Test Method for Indicating Moisture in Concrete by the Plastic Sheet Method; 1983 (Reapproved 2018).
- O. ASTM D7877 Standard Guide for Electronic Methods for Detecting and Locating Leaks in Waterproof Membranes; 2014.
- P. ASTM D8231 Standard Practice for the Use of a Low Voltage Electronic Scanning System for Detecting and Locating Breaches in Roofing and Waterproofing Membranes; 2019.
- Q. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- R. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- S. ASTM E303 Standard Test Method for Measuring Surface Frictional Properties Using the British Pendulum Tester; 1993 (Reapproved 2018).
- T. ASTM E329 Standard Specification for Agencies Engaged in Construction Inspection, Testing, or Special Inspection; 2023.
- U. ASTM E1980 Standard Practice for Calculating Solar Reflectance Index of Horizontal and Low-Sloped Opaque Surfaces; 2011 (Reapproved 2019).
- V. ASTM F2170 Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes; 2019a.
- W. FM DS 1-28 Wind Design; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2022).
- X. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- Y. NRCA (RM) The NRCA Roofing Manual; 2024.
- Z. NRCA (WM) The NRCA Waterproofing Manual; 2021.
- AA. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- BB. UL (FRD) Fire Resistance Directory; Current Edition.

## 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Coordinate with installation of associated counterflashings installed under other sections.

B. Preinstallation Meeting: Convene a preinstallation meeting one week before starting work of this section; require attendance by all affected installers; review preparation and installation procedures and coordination and scheduling necessary for related work.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data indicating membrane materials, flashing materials, insulation, vapor retarder, surfacing, and fasteners.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate joint or termination detail conditions, conditions of interface with other materials, and paver layout.
- D. Samples for Verification: Submit two samples 12" by 12" inches in size illustrating insulation.
- E. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that products meet or exceed specified requirements.
- F. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate membrane seaming precautions and perimeter conditions requiring special attention.
- G. Manufacturer's Field Reports: Indicate procedures followed, ambient temperatures, humidity, wind velocity during application, and supplementary instructions given.
- H. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- I. Installer's qualification statement.
- J. Testing firm's qualification statement.
- K. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.
- L. Roofing sub-contractor shall provide a copy of the final System Assembly Letter issued by Roofing Manufacture indicating that the products and system to be installed shall be eligible to receive the specified manufacturer's guarantee when installed by a certified contractor in accordance with the application requirements, inspected and approved by a Roofing Manufacture Technical Representative.
- M. Prior to roofing system installation, roofing sub-contractor shall provide a copy of the Guarantee Application Confirmation document issued by Johns Manville Roofing Systems indicating that the project has been reviewed for eligibility to receive the specified guarantee and registered.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum three years documented experience.
  - 1. Company must be approved, authorized, or licensed by roofing system manufacturer to install manufacturer's product who is eligible to receive the specified manufacturer's

guarantee.

- C. Testing Firm Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and approved by manufacturer.
  - 1. Independent testing agency with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, as documented in accordance with ASTM E329.
- D. Source Limitations: Obtain all components from the single source roofing system manufacturer guaranteeing the roofing system. All products used in the system shall be labeled by the single source roofing system manufacturer issuing the guarantee.
- E. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide roofing materials with the fire-test-response characteristics indicated as determined by testing identical products per test method below by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Materials shall be identified with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
  - 1. Exterior Fire-Test Exposure: Class A; UL 790, for application and roof slopes indicated.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in manufacturer's original containers, dry and undamaged, with seals and labels intact.
- B. Store materials in weather protected environment, clear of ground and moisture.
- C. Ensure storage and staging of materials does not exceed static and dynamic load-bearing capacities of roof decking.
- D. Store liquid materials in their original undamaged containers in a clean, dry, protected location and within the temperature range required by roofing system manufacturer.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when current and forecasted weather conditions permit roofing system to be installed in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and guarantee requirements.
- B. Do not apply roofing membrane during unsuitable weather.
- C. Do not apply roofing membrane when ambient temperature is below 40 degrees F or above \_\_\_\_ degrees F.
- D. Do not apply roofing membrane to damp or frozen deck surface or when precipitation is expected or occurring.
- E. Do not expose materials vulnerable to water or sun damage in quantities greater than can be weatherproofed the same day.
- F. Schedule applications so that no partially completed sections of roof are left exposed at end of workday.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Provide manufacturer's system guarantee equal to Johns Manville's Peak Advantage No Dollar Limit Roofing System Guarantee.
  - 1. Single-source special guarantee includes roofing membrane, base flashings, roofing membrane accessories, roof insulation, fasteners, adhesives, cover board, vapor retarder, walkway products, and other approved single-source components of roofing system marketed by the manufacturer.
  - 2. Guarantee Period: 30 years from date of Substantial Completion.
  - 3. Contractor is required to list Lothrop as the Specifier/Consultant of record in the appropriate fields ("Specifier Account") when applying for the manufacturer's warranty.
- C. Installer's Guarantee: Submit roofing Installer's guarantee, including all components of roofing system for the following guarantee period:
  - 1. Guarantee Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- D. Existing Guarantees: Guarantees on existing building elements should not be affected by scope of work.
  - 1. Installer is responsible for coordinating with building owner's representative to verify compliance.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis of design manufacturer:
  - 1. Johns Manville; JM EPDM: www.jm.com/#sle.
  - 2. An approved equal..
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.2 ROOFING - UNBALLASTED APPLICATIONS

#### A. ELASTOMERIC MEMBRANE ROOFING:

- 1. Non-reinforced uniform, flexible sheet made from Ethylene Propylene Diene Monomer, ASTM D 4637, Type I. Basis of design: JM EPDM NR FIT SYSTEMS
  - a. Thickness (minimum): 90 mils
  - b. Exposed Face Color: Black
  - c. Factory Inseam Tape: 6-inch (152.4 mm) wide minimum, butyl splice tape with release film.

# B. AUXILIARY ROOFING MATERIALS

- 1. General: Auxiliary materials recommended by roofing system manufacturer for intended use and compatible with membrane roofing.
  - a. Liquid-type auxiliary materials shall meet VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Sheet Flashing: Manufacturer's internally reinforced or scrim reinforced.
  - a. Basis of design: JM EPDM Peel & Stick Flashing
- 3. Primer Material: Manufacturer's standard synthetic-rubber polymer primer.
  - a. Basis of design: JM EPDM Tape Primer Plus (Low VOC)

- 4. Liquid Applied Flashing: Manufacturer's single ply liquid and fabric reinforced flashing system created with a fleece polyester scrim and a two-component polyurethane-based liquid applied flashing material, consisting of a liquid resin and a curing agent.
  - a. Basis of design: JM SP Liquid Flashing Resin, JM SP Liquid Scrim
- 5. Liquid Applied Flashing Primer: Manufacturer's single ply liquid flashing primer.
  - a. Basis of design: JM Liquid Applied Flashing Primers
- 6. Seaming Material: Manufacturer's standard 6-inch (152.4 mm) wide minimum, butyl splice tape with release film.
  - a. Basis of design: JM EPDM Seam Tape Plus
- 7. Sealing Strip: Manufacturer's standard minimum per manufacturer written instructions, 45 mil (1.14 mm) thick minimum cured EPDM with factory-laminated, self-adhering seam tape. Basis of design:
  - a. JM EPDM Peel & Stick Sealing Strip
- 8. Bonding Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard solvent-based bonding adhesive for membrane.
  - a. Basis of design: JM LVOC Membrane Adhesive
  - b. Serviceable Installation Ambient Air Temperature: 25°F and rising
- 9. Flashing Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard solvent-based bonding adhesive for base flashings.
  - a. Basis of design: JM LVOC Membrane Adhesive
  - b. Serviceable Installation Ambient Air Temperature: 25°F and rising
- 10. Slip Sheet:
  - a. Manufacturer's recommended slip sheet, of type required for application.
- 11. Metal Termination Bars: Manufacturer's standard predrilled stainless-steel or aluminum bars, with anchors.
  - a. Basis of design: JM Termination Systems
- 12. Membrane Battens: Manufacturer's standard polymer or aluminum-zinc-alloy-coated steel sheet, pre-punched.
  - a. Basis of design: JM Membrane Battens
- 13. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal plates meeting corrosion-resistance provisions in FMG 4470, designed for fastening membrane to substrate, and acceptable to membrane roofing system manufacturer. Basis of design:
  - a. JM All Purpose Fasteners (#14)
- 14. Miscellaneous Accessories: Provide all accessories to meet the roofing manufacturer's guarantee requirements.
- 15. Conductive Primer for Electronic Leak Detection (ELD): Enables ELD of conventional roofing assemblies by providing required conductive substrate directly below roofing membrane.
  - a. Apply primer directly under roofing membrane on nonconductive surface in accordance with manufacturer's requirements.
  - b. Basis of design:
    - 1) Detec Systems; TruGround Conductive Primer: www.detecsystems.com/#sle.
    - 2) Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### C. WALKWAYS

- 1. Flexible Walkways: Factory-formed, nonporous, heavy-duty, slip-resisting, surface-textured walkway pads sourced from membrane roofing system manufacturer.
  - a. Basis of design: JM EPDM Peel & Stick Walkpads

#### D. COVER BOARD

1. High-Density Polyisocyanurate: ASTM C 1289, Type II, Class 4, Grade 1, High-density Polyisocyanurate technology bonded in-line to inorganic coated glass facers with greater than 80 lbs. of compressive strength.

a. Basis of design: JM ProtectoR® HD

1) Thickness: ½ inch (12.7 mm)

2) R-value: 2.5

### E. ROOF INSULATION

- 1. General: Preformed roof insulation boards that comply with requirements and referenced standards, selected from manufacturer's standard sizes and of thicknesses indicated.
- 2. Polyisocyanurate Board Insulation: ASTM C 1289, Type II, Class 1, Grade 2 (20 psi)
  - a. Basis of design: JM ENRGY 3®
    - ) Provide insulation package with minimum R Value: 33
    - 2) Provide insulation package in multiple layers when applicable.
    - 3) Minimum Long-Term Thermal Resistance (LTTR): 5.7 per inch.
      - a) Determined in accordance with CAN/ULC S770 at 75°F (24°C)

## F. TAPERED INSULATION

- 1. Tapered Insulation: ASTM C 1289, Type II, Class 1, Grade 2 (20 psi), provide factory-tapered insulation boards with slopes as indicated on drawing.
  - a. Basis of design: JM Tapered ENRGY 3®

### G. INSULATION ACCESSORIES

- 1. General: Roof insulation accessories recommended by insulation manufacturer for intended use and compatible with membrane roofing.
- 2. Provide saddles, crickets, tapered edge strips, and other insulation shapes where indicated for sloping to drain. Fabricate to slopes indicated.
- 3. Urethane Adhesive: Manufacturer's two component polyurethane adhesive formulated to adhere insulation to substrate.
  - a. Basis of design: JM Roofing System Urethane Adhesive (RSUA)
- 4. Wood Nailer Strips: Comply with requirements in Division 06 Section "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry."

## H. VAPOR RETARDER

- 1. Self-Adhered SBS Vapor Retarder: Tri-laminate woven polyethylene, nonslip UV protected top surface; suitable for application method specified.
  - a. Basis of design: JM Vapor Barrier SAR
- 2. Self-Adhered Primer: penetrating primer solution to enhance the adhesion of self-adhering membranes.
  - a. Basis of design: JM SA Primer Low VOC

### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that surfaces and site conditions are ready to receive work.
- B. Verify deck is supported and secure.

- C. Verify deck is clean and smooth, flat, free of depressions, waves, or projections, properly sloped and suitable for installation of roof system.
- D. Verify deck surfaces are dry and free of snow or ice.
- E. Verify that roof openings, curbs, and penetrations through roof are solidly set, and cant strips are in place.

### 3.2 PREPARATION - WOOD DECK

- A. Verify flatness and tightness of joints in wood decking; fill knot holes with latex filler.
- B. Confirm dry deck by moisture meter with 12 percent moisture maximum.

### 3.3 PREPARATION - CONCRETE DECK

- A. Fill surface honeycomb and variations with latex filler.
- B. Do not begin work until elevated concrete substrate has cured at least 28 days and moisture content is five percent or less.
  - 1. Test as Follows:
    - a. Concrete Moisture Content: No beading water under plastic after 16 hours when tested in accordance with ASTM D4263.
    - b. Relative Humidity in Concrete: Not greater than 75 percent when tested in accordance with ASTM F2170.

### 3.4 RE-ROOF PREPARATION

- A. Remove all roofing membrane, surfacing, coverboards, insulation, fasteners, asphalt, pitch, adhesives, etc.
  - 1. Remove an area no larger than can be re-roofed in one day.
- B. Tear out all base flashings, counterflashings, pitch pans, pipe flashings, vents, sumps and like components necessary for application of new membrane.
- C. Remove abandoned equipment curbs, skylights, smoke hatches, and penetrations.
  - 1. Install decking to match existing as directed by Owner's Representative.
- D. Raise (disconnect by licensed craftsmen, if necessary) all HVAC units and other equipment supported by curbs to conform with the following:
  - 1. Modify curbs as required to provide a minimum 8" base flashing height measured from the surface of the new membrane to the top of the flashing membrane.
  - 2. Secure flashing and install new metal counterflashing prior to re-installation of unit.
  - 3. Perimeter nailers shall be elevated to match the elevation of new roof insulation.
- E. Immediately remove all debris from roof surface. The demolished roof system may not be stored on the roof surface.

### 3.5 VAPOR-RETARDER INSTALLATION

- A. Install modified bituminous vapor retarder sheet according to roofing manufacturer's written instructions, starting at low point of roofing system. Extend roofing membrane sheets over and terminate beyond cants, installing as follows:
  - 1. Unroll roofing membrane sheets and allow them to relax as required by manufacturer.
  - 2. Self-adhere vapor retarder to substrate according to roofing system manufacturer's written instruction. Apply JM SA Primer Low VOC to substrate per roofing system manufacturer's written instruction.
- B. Laps: Accurately align roofing membrane sheets, without stretching, and maintain uniform side and end laps. Stagger end laps. Completely bond and seal laps, leaving no voids.
  - 1. Repair tears and voids in laps and lapped seams not completely sealed.
- C. Completely seal vapor retarder at terminations, obstructions, and penetrations to prevent air movement into membrane roofing system.

### 3.6 INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate installation of roof system components so insulation and cover board are not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at the end of the workday.
- B. Comply with roofing system manufacturer's written instructions for installation of roof insulation and cover board.
- C. Install tapered insulation under area of roofing to conform to slopes indicated.
- D. Install insulation boards with long joints in a continuous straight line. Joints should be staggered between rows, abutting edges and ends per manufacturer's written instructions. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) with like material.
- E. Install 2 or more layers with joints of each succeeding layer staggered from joints of previous layer a minimum of 6 inches (152.4 mm) in each direction.
- F. Trim surface of insulation boards where necessary at roof drains so completed surface is flush and does not restrict flow of water.
- G. If required, install tapered edge strips at perimeter edges of roof that do not terminate at vertical surfaces.
- H. Adhered Insulation: Adhere each layer of insulation to substrate as follows:
  - 1. Install each layer in a two-part urethane adhesive according to roofing system manufacturer's instruction.
  - 2. Install each layer to resist uplift pressure at corners, perimeter, and field of roof.

### 3.7 COVER BOARD INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate installing membrane roofing system components so cover board is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at the end of the workday.
- B. Comply with membrane roofing system manufacturer's written instructions for installing roof cover board.

- C. Install cover board with long joints in a continuous straight line. Joints should be staggered between rows, abutting edges and ends per manufacturer's written instructions. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch (6 mm) with cover board.
  - 1. Cut and fit cover board within 1/4 inch (6 mm) of nailers, projections, and penetrations.
- D. Trim surface of cover board where necessary at roof drains so completed surface is flush and does not restrict flow of water.
  - 1. If required, install tapered edge strips at perimeter edges of roof that do not terminate at vertical surfaces.
- E. Adhered Cover Board: Adhere cover board to substrate as follows:
  - 1. Install in a two-part urethane adhesive according to roofing system manufacturer's instruction.
  - 2. Install to resist uplift pressure at corners, perimeter, and field of roof.

### 3.8 ROOFING MEMBRANE INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install roofing membrane in accordance with roofing system manufacturer's written instructions, applicable recommendations of the roofing manufacturer and requirements in this Section.
- B. Where roof slope exceeds 1/2 inch per 12 inches (1:24), contact the membrane manufacturer for installation instructions regarding installation direction.
- C. Cooperate with testing and inspecting agencies engaged or required to perform services for installing roofing system.
- D. Coordinate installing roofing system so insulation and other components of the roofing membrane system not permanently exposed are not subjected to precipitation or left uncovered at the end of the workday or when rain is imminent.
  - 1. Provide tie-offs at end of each day's work to cover exposed roofing membrane sheets and insulation.
  - 2. Complete terminations and base flashings and provide temporary seals to prevent water from entering completed sections of roofing system.
  - 3. Remove and discard temporary seals before beginning work on adjoining roofing.

## 3.9 ADHERED ROOFING MEMBRANE INSTALLATION

- A. Install roofing membrane over area to receive roofing in accordance with membrane roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Unroll roofing membrane and allow to relax before installing.
  - 2. Install sheet in accordance with roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Accurately align roofing membrane and maintain uniform side and end laps of minimum dimensions required by manufacturer. Stagger end laps.
- C. Bonding Adhesive: Apply solvent-based bonding adhesive to substrate and underside of roofing membrane at rate required by manufacturer. Follow all manufacturer recommendations for proper application of membrane, Do not apply bonding adhesive to splice area of roofing membrane.

- D. Mechanically fasten roofing membrane securely at terminations, penetrations, and perimeter of roofing.
- E. Apply roofing membrane with side laps shingled with slope of roof deck where possible.
- F. Tape to Standard Sheet Installation: Align membrane for appropriate overlap, clean and prime non-taped face of splice area, remove release liners and firmly roll side and end laps of overlapping roofing membranes according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure a watertight seam installation.
- G. Spread sealant or mastic bead over deck drain flange at deck drains and securely seal roofing membrane in place with clamping ring.

## 3.10 BASE FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. Install sheet flashings and preformed flashing accessories and adhere to substrates in accordance with membrane roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Apply solvent-based bonding adhesive at required rate and allow to partially dry. Do not apply bonding adhesive to seam area of flashing.
- C. Apply single ply liquid applied flashing system per manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Flash penetrations and field-formed inside and outside corners with cured or uncured sheet flashing.
- E. Clean seam areas and overlap and firmly roll sheet flashings into the adhesive.
- F. Terminate and seal top of sheet flashings and mechanically anchor to substrate through termination bars.

# 3.11 WALKWAY INSTALLATION

A. Flexible Walkways: Install walkway products in locations indicated. Adhere walkway products to substrate with compatible adhesive according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.

## 3.12 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Owner will provide testing services, and Contractor to provide temporary construction and materials for testing in accordance with requirements.
- C. Provide daily on-site attendance of roofing and insulation manufacturer's representative during installation of this work.
- D. Electronic Leak Detection (ELD) Testing: Test roofing areas for leaks using ELD method that locates discontinuities in membrane roofing in accordance with ASTM D7877 or ASTM D8231.
  - 1. Testing agency to submit Daily Field Report (DFR) in accordance with ASTM D8231 indicating daily details of work performed.

- 2. Testing agency to submit training certification to ensure that technician performing ELD testing is currently certified in accordance with relevant training program.
- 3. Products:
  - a. Detec Systems; Electronic Leak Detection Quality Control Testing IntegriScan: www.detecsystems.com/#sle.
  - b. IR Analyzers / Vector Mapping; Electric Field Vector Mapping Membrane Integrity Testing: www.iranalyzers.com/#sle.
  - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- E. Final Roof Inspection: Arrange for roofing system manufacturer's technical representative to inspect roofing installation on completion and submit report to owner or designated representative.
- F. Repair or remove and replace components of roofing system where test results or inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.
- G. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

# 3.13 CLEANING

- A. See Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Remove bituminous markings from finished surfaces.
- C. Clean overspray and spillage from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.
- D. In areas where finished surfaces are soiled, consult manufacturer of surfaces for cleaning advice and comply with their documented instructions.
- E. Repair or replace defaced or damaged finishes caused by work of this section.

### 3.14 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed roofing and flashings from construction operations.
- B. Where traffic must continue over finished roof membrane, protect surfaces using durable materials.

END OF SECTION 075323

# SECTION 076200 SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Fabricated sheet metal items, including flashings, counterflashings, gutters, downspouts, and exterior penetrations.
- B. Sealants for joints within sheet metal fabrications.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 077123 - Manufactured Gutters and Downspouts.

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AAMA 611 Voluntary Specification for Anodized Architectural Aluminum; 2020.
- B. AAMA 2605 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Superior Performing Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix); 2022.
- C. ASTM B32 Standard Specification for Solder Metal; 2020.
- D. ASTM B209/B209M Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate; 2021a.
- E. ASTM C920 Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018.
- F. ASTM D226/D226M Standard Specification for Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt Used in Roofing and Waterproofing; 2017 (Reapproved 2023).
- G. ASTM D4586/D4586M Standard Specification for Asphalt Roof Cement, Asbestos-Free; 2007 (Reapproved 2018).
- H. SMACNA (ASMM) Architectural Sheet Metal Manual; 2012.

## 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Convene one week before starting work of this section.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate material profile, jointing pattern, jointing details, fastening methods, flashings, terminations, and installation details.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work in accordance with SMACNA (ASMM) requirements and standard details, except as otherwise indicated.
- B. Maintain one copy of document on site.
- C. Fabricator and Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in sheet metal work with three years of documented experience.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Stack material to prevent twisting, bending, and abrasion, and to provide ventilation. Slope metal sheets to ensure drainage.
- B. Prevent contact with materials that could cause discoloration or staining.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim:
  - 1. Manufacturer approved by roof membrane manufacturer.

## 2.2 SHEET MATERIALS

- A. Pre-Finished Aluminum: ASTM B209/B209M, 3005 alloy, H12 or H14 temper; 18 gauge, 0.040 inch thick; plain finish shop pre-coated with FEVE coating.
  - 1. Polyvinylidene Fluoride (PVDF) Coating: Superior performing organic powder coating, AAMA 2605; pretreated metal with two-coat system including primer and color coat with at least 70 percent PVDF coating.
  - 2. Fluoroethylene Vinyl Ether (FEVE) Coating: Superior performing organic powder coating, AAMA 2605; base coat with clear top coat of FEVE coatings.
  - 3. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full colors.

# 2.3 FABRICATION

- A. Form sections true to shape, accurate in size, square, and free from distortion or defects.
- B. Fabricate cleats of same material as sheet, minimum 6 inches wide, interlocking with sheet.
- C. Form pieces in longest possible lengths.
- D. Hem exposed edges on underside 1/2 inch; miter and seam corners.
- E. Form material with flat lock seams, except where otherwise indicated; at moving joints, use sealed lapped, bayonet-type or interlocking hooked seams.
- F. Fabricate corners from one piece with minimum 18-inch long legs; seam for rigidity, seal with sealant.

- G. Fabricate vertical faces with bottom edge formed outward 1/4 inch and hemmed to form drip.
- H. Fabricate flashings to allow toe to extend 2 inches over roofing gravel. Return and brake edges.

## 2.4 GUTTERS AND DOWNSPOUTS

- A. See Section 077123 for manufactured gutters and downspouts.
- B. Seal metal joints.

## 2.5 Flashing

A. Flashing Panels for Exterior Wall Penetrations: Premanufactured components and accessories as required to preserve integrity of building envelope; suitable for conduits and facade materials to be installed.

### 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners: Stainless steel, with soft neoprene washers.
- B. Underlayment: Polyethylene, 6 mil, 0.006 inch thick.
- C. Slip Sheet: Rosin-sized sheathing paper.
- D. Primer Type: Zinc chromate.
- E. Concealed Sealants: Non-curing butyl sealant.
- F. Exposed Sealants: ASTM C920; elastomeric sealant, with minimum movement capability as recommended by manufacturer for substrates to be sealed; color to match adjacent material.
- G. Asphalt Roof Cement: ASTM D4586/D4586M, Type I, asbestos-free.
- H. Solder: ASTM B32, Alloy Grade Sn50 (50/50).

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify roof openings, curbs, pipes, sleeves, ducts, and vents through roof are solidly set, reglets in place, and nailing strips located.
- B. Verify roofing termination and base flashings are in place, sealed, and secure.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Install starter and edge strips, and cleats before starting installation.
- B. Install surface mounted reglets true to lines and levels, and seal top of reglets with sealant.
- C. Back paint concealed metal surfaces with protective backing paint to a minimum dry film thickness of 15 mil, 0.015 inch.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with drawing details.
- B. Insert flashings into reglets to form tight fit; secure in place with lead wedges; pack remaining spaces with lead wool; seal flashings into reglets with sealant.
- C. Secure flashings in place using concealed fasteners, and use exposed fasteners only where permitted..
- D. Apply plastic cement compound between metal flashings and felt flashings.
- E. Fit flashings tight in place; make corners square, surfaces true and straight in planes, and lines accurate to profiles.
- F. Solder metal joints for full metal surface contact, and after soldering wash metal clean with neutralizing solution and rinse with water.
- G. Secure gutters and downspouts in place with concealed fasteners.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for field inspection requirements.
- B. Inspection will involve surveillance of work during installation to ascertain compliance with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION 076200

# SECTION 077100 ROOF SPECIALTIES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Manufactured roof specialties, including copings, fascias, and gravel stops.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 075323-Elastomeric Membrane Roofing: Roof membrane and warranty.
- B. Section 077200 Roof Accessories: Manufactured curbs, roof hatches, and snow guards.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AAMA 611 Voluntary Specification for Anodized Architectural Aluminum; 2020.
- B. AAMA 2605 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Superior Performing Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix); 2022.
- C. ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1 Test Standard for Edge Systems Used with Low Slope Roofing Systems; 2022.
- D. ASTM B209/B209M Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate; 2021a.
- E. ASTM D4586/D4586M Standard Specification for Asphalt Roof Cement, Asbestos-Free; 2007 (Reapproved 2018).
- F. ASTM E2178 Standard Test Method for Determining Air Leakage Rate and Calculation of Air Permeance of Building Materials; 2021a.
- G. NRCA (RM) The NRCA Roofing Manual; 2024.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on shape of components, materials and finishes, anchor types and locations.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate configuration and dimension of components, adjacent construction, required clearances and tolerances, and other affected work.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures, fasteners, supporting members, and perimeter conditions requiring special attention.

#### E. WARRANTY

1. Items specified in this section are to be included in the total system roof warranty See Section 075323-Elastomeric membrane Roofing for warrsubmittal procedures.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Roof Edge Flashings and Copings:
  - 1. Product recommended by roof membrane manufacturer.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Pipe and Penetration Flashings:
  - 1. Products recommended and approved by roof membrane manufacturer..
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- C. Counterflashings:
  - 1. Products recommended and approved by roof membrane manufacturer...

# 2.2 COMPONENTS

- A. Roof Edge Flashings: Factory fabricated to sizes required; corners mitered; concealed fasteners.
  - 1. Configuration: Fascia, and edge securement for roof membrane.
  - 2. Pull-Off Resistance: Tested in accordance with ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1 using test methods RE-1 and RE-2 to positive and negative design wind pressure as defined by applicable local building code.
  - 3. Exposed Face Height: As indicated on drawings.
  - 4. Material: Formed aluminum sheet, 0.050 inch thick, minimum.
  - 5. Finish: 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride.
  - 6. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard range.
  - 7. Products:
    - a. Product approved by roof membrane manufacturer..
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Copings: Factory fabricated to sizes required; corners mitered; concealed fasteners.
  - 1. Configuration: Concealed continuous hold down cleat at both legs; internal splice piece at joints of same material, thickness, and finish as cap; concealed stainless steel fasteners.
  - 2. Pull-Off Resistance: Tested in accordance with ANSI/SPRI/FM 4435/ES-1 using test method RE-3 to positive and negative design wind pressure as defined by applicable local building code.
  - 3. Wall Width: As indicated on drawings.
  - 4. Outside Face Height: As indicated on drawings.
  - 5. Inside Face Height: As indicated on drawings.
  - 6. Material: Formed aluminum sheet, 0.040 inch thick, minimum.
  - 7. Finish: 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride.
  - 8. Finish: Anodized natural (clear).
  - 9. Products:
    - a. Product recommended and approved by roof membrane manufacturer.

- b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- C. Roof Penetration Sealing Systems: Premanufactured components and accessories as required to preserve integrity of roofing system and maintain roof warranty; suitable for conduits and roofing system to be installed; designed to accommodate existing penetrations where applicable.
  - 1. Products:
    - a. Product recommended and approved by roof membrane manufacturer.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- D. Counterflashings: Factory fabricated and finished sheet metal that overlaps top edges of base flashing by at least 4 inches, and designed to snap into through-wall flashing or reglets with lapped joints.
  - 1. Material: Formed aluminum sheet, 0.025 inch thick, minimum.
  - 2. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard range.
  - 3. Products:
    - a. Product recommended and approved by roof membrane manufacturer.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### 2.3 FINISHES

- A. Color Anodized Finish: AAMA 611 AA-M12C22A42/44 Class I integrally or electrolytically colored anodic coating not less than 0.7 mil, 0.0007 inch thick.
- B. PVDF (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) Coating: Superior Performance Organic Finish, AAMA 2605; multiple coat, thermally cured fluoropolymer finish system; color as indicated.

## 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Sealant for Joints in Linear Components: As recommended by component manufacturer.
- B. Adhesive for Anchoring to Roof Membrane: Compatible with roof membrane and approved by roof membrane manufacturer.
- C. Insulation Board Adhesive: Two-component, low-rise polyurethane foam adhesive used for adhering insulation to low slope roof deck materials.
- D. Asphalt Roof Cement: ASTM D4586/D4586M, Type I, asbestos-free.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that deck, curbs, roof membrane, base flashing, and other items affecting work of this Section are in place and positioned correctly.
  - 1. See Section 077200 for information on roofing related accessories.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install components in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and NRCA (RM) applicable requirements.

- B. Seal joints within components when required by component manufacturer.
- C. Anchor components securely.
- D. Comply with NRCA (RM) drawing details as noted:
- E. Coordinate installation of components of this section with installation of roofing membrane and base flashings.
- F. Coordinate installation of sealants and roofing cement with work of this section to ensure water tightness.
- G. Coordinate installation of flashing flanges into reglets.

END OF SECTION 077100

# SECTION 077123 MANUFACTURED GUTTERS AND DOWNSPOUTS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Pre-finished aluminum gutters and downspouts.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 055000 Metal Fabrications: Downspout boots.
- B. Section 076200 Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim.
- C. Section 099113 Exterior Painting: Field painting of metal surfaces.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AAMA 611 Voluntary Specification for Anodized Architectural Aluminum; 2020.
- B. AAMA 2605 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Superior Performing Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix); 2022.
- C. ASTM A48/A48M Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings; 2022.
- D. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- E. ASTM B32 Standard Specification for Solder Metal; 2020.
- F. ASTM B209/B209M Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate; 2021a.
- G. SMACNA (ASMM) Architectural Sheet Metal Manual; 2012.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with SMACNA (ASMM) for sizing components for rainfall intensity determined by a storm occurrence of 1 in 5 years.
- B. Comply with applicable code for size and method of rain water discharge.
- C. Maintain one copy of each document on site.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 013000 - Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.

- B. Product Data: Provide data on prefabricated components.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate locations, configurations, jointing methods, fastening methods, locations, and installation details.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. See Section 017419 Construction Waste Management and Disposal for packaging waste requirements.
- B. Stack material to prevent twisting, bending, or abrasion, and to provide ventilation. Slope to drain.
- C. Prevent contact with materials that could cause discoloration, staining, or damage.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Gutters and Downspouts:
  - 1. ATAS International, Inc: www.atas.com/#sle.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Scupper and Collectors:
  - 1. ATAS International, Inc: www.atas.com/#sle.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

# 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Pre-Finished Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A653/A653M, with G90/Z275 zinc coating; minimum 0.02 inch thick base metal.
  - 1. Finish: Shop pre-coated with modified silicone coating.
  - 2. Color: As indicated.
- B. Pre-Finished Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B209/B209M, \_\_\_ alloy, \_\_\_ temper; 0.032 inch thick.
  - 1. Finish: Plain, shop pre-coated with modified silicone coating.
  - 2. Color: As indicated.
- C. Solder: ASTM B32; Sn50 (50/50) type.

# 2.3 COMPONENTS

- A. Gutters: SMACNA rectangular style profile.
- B. Downspouts: SMACNA rectangular profile.
- C. Anchors and Supports: Profiled to suit gutters and downspouts.
  - 1. Anchoring Devices: In accordance with SMACNA requirements.
  - 2. Gutter Supports: Brackets.
  - 3. Downspout Supports: Brackets.

D. Fasteners: Galvanized steel, with soft neoprene washers.

# 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Form gutters and downspouts of profiles and sizes indicated.
- B. Fabricate with required connection pieces.
- C. Form sections square, true, and accurate in size, in maximum possible lengths, free of distortion or defects detrimental to appearance or performance. Allow for expansion at joints.
- D. Hem exposed edges of metal.
- E. Fabricate gutter and downspout accessories; seal watertight.

### 2.5 FINISHES

- A. Fluoropolymer Coating: Superior Performance Organic Finish, AAMA 2605, multiple coat, thermally cured fluoropolymer finish system; color as indicated.
- B. Primer Coat: Finish concealed side of metal sheets with primer compatible with finish system, as recommended by finish system manufacturer.

# 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Downspout Boots: Smooth interior without boxed corners or choke points; include integral lug slots and on-body cleanout and cover with neoprene gaskets.
  - 1. Configuration: Angular.
  - 2. Material: Cast iron; ASTM A48/A48M; casting thickness 3/8 inch (9.5 mm), minimum.
  - 3. Finish: Manufacturer's standard factory applied powder coat finish.
  - 4. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 5. Accessories: Manufacturer's standard stainless steel fasteners, stainless steel building wall anchors, and rubber coupling.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify existing conditions before starting work.
- B. Verify that surfaces are ready to receive work.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Paint concealed sheet metal surfaces and surfaces in contact with dissimilar metals with protective backing paint to a minimum dry film thickness of 15 mil, 0.015 inch.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Install gutters, downspouts, and accessories in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

- B. Sheet Metal: Join lengths with formed seams sealed watertight. Flash and seal gutters to downspouts and accessories.
- C. Slope gutters 1/16 inch per foot, \_\_\_ percent minimum.
- D. Solder metal joints for full metal surface contact. After soldering, wash metal clean with neutralizing solution and rinse with water.
- E. Connect downspouts to downspout boots at 4 inches above grade. Grout connection watertight.
- F. Connect downspouts to storm sewer system. Grout connection watertight.

END OF SECTION 077123

# SECTION 077200 ROOF ACCESSORIES

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Roof penetrations mounting curbs.
- B. Rooftop mounted guardrails.
- C. Roof hatches.
- D. Non-penetrating pedestals and guards

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 077100 - Roof Specialties: Other manufactured roof specialty items.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 29 CFR 1910.23 Ladders; Current Edition.
- B. 29 CFR 1910.29 Fall Protection Systems and Falling Object Protection Criteria and Practices; Current Edition.
- C. 29 CFR 1926.502 Fall protection systems criteria and practices; Current Edition.
- D. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.
- E. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2023.
- F. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- G. ASTM A792/A792M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, 55% Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- H. ASTM B69 Standard Specification for Rolled Zinc; 2021.
- I. ASTM B209/B209M Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate; 2021a.
- J. ASTM B221 Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes; 2021.
- K. ASTM B221M Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes (Metric): 2021.

- L. FM (AG) FM Approval Guide; Current Edition.
- M. MSS SP-58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation; 2018, with Amendment (2019).
- N. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used.
  - 1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
  - 2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  - 3. Installation methods.
  - 4. Maintenance requirements.
- C. Shop Drawings: Submit detailed layout developed for this project and provide dimensioned location and number for each type of roof accessory.
  - 1. Non-penetrating Rooftop Supports: Submit design calculations for loadings and spacings.
  - 2. Submit shop drawings sealed and signed by a Professional Engineer experienced in design of this type of work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.

### D. Warranty Documentation:

- 1. Submit manufacturer warranty.
- 2. Ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.
- 3. Submit documentation that roof accessories are acceptable to roofing manufacturer, and do not limit the roofing warranty.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation.
- B. Store products under cover and elevated above grade.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 NON PENETRATING ROOF CURBS

A. Pipe, Duct, or Conduit Mounting Curbs: Vertical posts, minimum 8 inches square unless otherwise indicated.

# 2.2 ROOFTOP MOUNTED GUARDRAILS

- A. Non-Penetrating Rooftop Mounted Guardrails:
  - 1. Provide top and mid railings that comply with 29 CFR 1910.29.
  - 2. Structural Load: 200 lb, minimum, in any direction with components in compliance with 29 CFR 1926.502.

- 3. Height: 42 inches, minimum.
- 4. Railings: 1-5/8 inches minimum outside diameter, hot-rolled, welded tubing, free of sharp edges and snag points.

# 2.3 ROOF HATCHES AND VENTS, MANUAL AND AUTOMATIC OPERATION

- A. Roof Hatch Manufacturers:
  - 1. Bilco Company; Type TB (various types and special size): www.bilco.com/#sle.
- B. Roof Hatches and Smoke Vents: Factory-assembled aluminum frame and cover, complete with operating and release hardware.
  - 1. Style: Provide flat metal covers unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Mounting Substrate: Provide frames and curbs suitable for mounting on flat roof deck sheathing with insulation.
  - 3. Mounting: Provide frames and curbs suitable for mounting conditions as indicated on drawings.
  - 4. Thermally Broken Hatches: Provide insulation within frame and cover.
  - 5. Size: As indicated on drawings; single-leaf style unless otherwise indicated.
  - 6. For Ladder Access: Single leaf; 36 by 36 inches.
  - 7. Retractable Safety Post: Telescoping post mounted to the top of the roof ladder to provide sositive hand hold at top of roof ladder.
    - a. Manufactuer: BILCO Company.
      - 1) Model Number: LU-1.
    - b. Operation: Automatic locking spring balanced telescoping steel rod with manual release lever.
    - c. Finish: Yellow powder coat.
- C. Safety Railing System: Roof hatch safety rail system mounted directly to curb without penetration of roofing system.
  - 1. Railing: Comply with 29 CFR 1910.23 for ladder safety, with a safety factor of two.
  - 2. Self-Closing Gate: Comply with 29 CFR 1910.29 for safe egress and fall protection through hatch opening.
  - 3. Posts and Rails: Galvanized steel tubing.
  - 4. Gate: Same material as railing; automatic closing with latch.
  - 5. Finish: Manufacturer's standard, factory applied finish.
  - 6. Gate Hinges and Post Guides: ASTM B221 (ASTM B221M), 6063 alloy, T5 temper aluminum.
  - 7. Mounting Brackets: Hot dipped galvanized steel, 1/4 inch thick, minimum.
  - 8. Fasteners: Stainless steel, Type 316.
  - 9. Products:
    - a. BILCO Company; Bil-Guard 2.0: www.bilco.com/#sle.
    - b. Approved equal.
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- D. Hardware: Steel, zinc coated and chromate sealed, unless otherwise indicated or required by manufacturer.
  - 1. Lifting Mechanisms: Compression or torsion spring operator with shock absorbers that automatically opens upon release of latch; capable of lifting covers despite 10 psf load.
  - 2. Hinges: Heavy duty pintle type.
  - 3. Hold open arm with vinyl-coated handle for manual release.

- 4. Latch: Upon closing, engage latch automatically and reset manual release.
- 5. Manual Release: Pull handle on interior.
- 6. Locking: Padlock hasp on interior.

# 2.4 NON-PENETRATING ROOFTOP SUPPORTS/ASSEMBLIES

- A. Non-Penetrating Rooftop Support/Assemblies: Manufacturer-engineered and factory-fabricated, with pedestal bases that rest on top of roofing membrane, and not requiring any attachment to roof structure and not penetrating roofing assembly.
  - 1. Design Loadings and Configurations: As required by applicable codes.
  - 2. Height: 42 inches minimum above roof surface..
    - a. Provide minimum clearance of 6 inches under supported items to top of roofing.
  - 3. Pipe, rails and posts: 1 1/2" schedule 40 Carbon steel hot-dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M.
  - 4. Support Spacing and Base Sizes: As required to distribute load sufficiently to prevent indentation of roofing assembly.
  - 5. Steel Components: Carbon steel hot-dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M.
  - 6. Fittings: Manufacturer's standard structural pipe fittings, ASTM447, malleable cast iron hot-dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTMA123/A123M.
  - 7. Hardware, Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: Stainless steel.
  - 8. Finish: Polyester factory applied spray coating.
    - a. Color: As selected by architec from manufactur's full line.
  - 9. Products:
    - a. Kee Safety, Inc.; KeeGuard Roof Edge Protection System: Keeklamp.com.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Non-Penetrating Pedestals: Polycarbonate pedestals with square bases.
  - 1. Bases: Polycarbonate.
  - 2. Base Sizes: 7 3/4 inch square.
  - 3. Pipe Clearance: 5 inch.
  - 4. Maximum Load Weight: 120 pounds.
  - 5. Pipe Rest: "U" shaped cradle in a polycarbonate resin seat.
  - 6. Spacing: As per piping specification.
  - 7. Accessories:
    - a. Fitted Support Pads.
    - b. Pipe Guides.
  - 8. Products:
    - a. MIRO Industries Inc.: Pillow Block Roof Top Pipe Support. miroind.com.
      - 1) Model: 3.0.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Do not begin installation until substrates have been properly prepared.

- B. If substrate preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.
- C. See Section 077100 for information on roof specialties.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
- B. Prepare surfaces using methods recommended by manufacturer for achieving acceptable results for applicable substrate under project conditions.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, in manner that maintains roofing system weather-tight integrity.
- B. Non-Penetrating Pedestal Installation:
  - 1. Install support pad between roof membrane and pedestal.
  - 2. Install pipe guide after pipe installation is complete.

# 3.4 CLEANING

- A. See Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Clean installed work to like-new condition.

### 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Date of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 077200



# SECTION 078400 FIRESTOPPING

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Firestopping systems.
- B. Firestopping of joints and penetrations in fire-resistance-rated and smoke-resistant assemblies, whether indicated on drawings or not, and other openings indicated.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements: Cutting and patching.
- B. Section 092116 Gypsum Board Assemblies: Gypsum wallboard fireproofing.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM E90 Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements; 2009 (Reapproved 2016).
- B. ASTM E119 Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials; 2022.
- C. ASTM E814 Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems; 2023a.
- D. ASTM E1966 Standard Test Method for Fire-Resistive Joint Systems; 2015 (Reapproved 2019).
- E. ASTM E2174 Standard Practice for On-Site Inspection of Installed Firestop Systems; 2020a.
- F. ASTM E2393 Standard Practice for On-Site Inspection of Installed Fire Resistive Joint Systems and Perimeter Fire Barriers; 2020a.
- G. ASTM E2307 Standard Test Method for Determining Fire Resistance of Perimeter Fire Barriers Using Intermediate-Scale, Multi-story Test Apparatus; 2023b.
- H. ASTM E2837 Standard Test Method for Determining the Fire Resistance of Continuity Headof-Wall Joint Systems Installed between Rated Wall Assemblies and Nonrated Horizontal Assemblies; 2023a.
- I. ASTM G21 Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to Fungi; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2021).
- J. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- K. FM 4991 Approval Standard of Firestop Contractors; 2013.
- L. FM (AG) FM Approval Guide; Current Edition.

- M. UL 1479 Standard for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestops; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- N. UL 2079 Standard for Tests for Fire Resistance of Building Joint Systems; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- O. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- P. UL (FRD) Fire Resistance Directory; Current Edition.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Schedule of Firestopping: List each type of penetration, fire rating of the penetrated assembly, and firestopping test or design number.
- C. Product Data: Provide data on product characteristics, performance ratings, and limitations.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate preparation and installation instructions.
- E. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that products meet or exceed specified requirements.
- F. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- G. Installer's qualification statement.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fire Testing: Provide firestopping assemblies of designs that provide the scheduled fire ratings when tested in accordance with methods indicated.
  - 1. Listing in UL (FRD), FM (AG), or ITS (DIR) will be considered as constituting an acceptable test report.
  - 2. Valid evaluation report published by ICC Evaluation Service, Inc. (ICC-ES) at www.icc-es.org will be considered as constituting an acceptable test report.
  - 3. Submission of actual test reports is required for assemblies for which none of the above substantiation exists.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section and:
  - 1. Trained by manufacturer.
  - 2. Approved by Factory Mutual Research Corporation under FM 4991, or meeting any two of the following requirements:
  - 3. Verification of minimum three years documented experience installing work of this type.
  - 4. Verification of at least five satisfactorily completed projects of comparable size and type.
  - 5. Licensed by local authorities having jurisdiction (AHJ).

# 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Comply with firestopping manufacturer's recommendations for temperature and conditions during and after installation; maintain minimum temperature before, during, and for three days after installation of materials.
- B. Provide ventilation in areas where solvent-cured materials are being installed.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Firestopping Materials: Any materials meeting requirements.
- B. Mold and Mildew Resistance: Provide firestopping materials with mold and mildew resistance rating of zero(0) in accordance with ASTM G21.
- C. Primers, Sleeves, Forms, Insulation, Packing, Stuffing, and Accessories: Provide type of materials as required for tested firestopping assembly.
- D. Fire Ratings: Refer to drawings for required systems and ratings.

### 2.2 FIRESTOPPING ASSEMBLY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Perimeter Fire Containment Firestopping: Use system that has been tested according to ASTM E2307 to have fire resistance F Rating equal to required fire rating of floor assembly.
  - 1. Movement: Provide systems that have been tested to show movement capability as indicated.
  - 2. Temperature Rise: Provide systems that have been tested to show T Rating as indicated.
  - 3. Air Leakage: Provide systems that have been tested to show L Rating as indicated.
  - 4. Where floor assembly is not required to have a fire rating, provide systems that have been tested to show L Rating as indicated.
- B. Head-of-Wall (HW) Joint System Firestopping at Joints Between Fire-Rated Wall Assemblies and Non-Rated Horizontal Assemblies: Use system that has been tested according to ASTM E2837 to have fire resistance F Rating equal to required fire rating of wall assembly.
  - 1. Movement: Provide systems that have been tested to show movement capability as indicated.
- C. Floor-to-Floor (FF), Floor-to-Wall (FW), Head-of-Wall (HW), and Wall-to-Wall (WW) Joints, Except Perimeter, Where Both Are Fire-Rated: Use system that has been tested according to ASTM E1966 or UL 2079 to have fire resistance F Rating equal to required fire rating of the assembly in which the joint occurs.
  - 1. Movement: Provide systems that have been tested to show movement capability as indicated.
  - 2. Air Leakage: Provide systems that have been tested to show L Rating as indicated.
  - 3. Watertightness: Provide systems that have been tested to show W Rating as indicated.
  - 4. Listing by FM (AG), ITS (DIR), UL (DIR), or UL (FRD) in their certification directories will be considered evidence of successful testing.
- D. Through Penetration Firestopping: Use system that has been tested according to ASTM E814 to have fire resistance F Rating equal to required fire rating of penetrated assembly.
  - 1. Temperature Rise: Provide systems that have been tested to show T Rating as indicated.

- 2. Air Leakage: Provide systems that have been tested to show L Rating as indicated.
- 3. Watertightness: Provide systems that have been tested to show W Rating as indicated.
- 4. Listing by FM (AG), ITS (DIR), UL (DIR), or UL (FRD) in their certification directories will be considered evidence of successful testing.
- E. Acoustically Rated Firestopping: Provide system tested in accordance with ASTM E90 with STC rating of 50, minimum.

### 2.3 FIRESTOPPING SYSTEMS

- A. Firestopping: Any material meeting requirements.
  - 1. Fire Ratings: Use system that is listed by FM (AG), ITS (DIR), or UL (FRD) and tested in accordance with ASTM E814, ASTM E119, or UL 1479 with F Rating equal to fire rating of penetrated assembly and minimum T Rating Equal to F Rating and in compliance with other specified requirements.
  - 2. Fire Ratings: See drawings for required ratings.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify openings are ready to receive the work of this section.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrate surfaces of dirt, dust, grease, oil, loose material, or other materials that could adversely affect bond of firestopping material.
- B. Remove incompatible materials that could adversely affect bond.
- C. Install backing materials to prevent liquid material from leakage.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install materials in manner described in fire test report and in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, completely closing openings.
- B. Do not cover installed firestopping until inspected by Owner's Independent Testing Agency.
- C. Do not cover installed firestopping until inspected by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Install labeling required by code.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Independent Testing Agency: Inspection agency employed and paid by Owner, will examine penetration firestopping in accordance with ASTM E2174 and ASTM E2393.
- B. Repair or replace penetration firestopping and joints at locations where inspection results indicate firestopping or joints do not meet specified requirements.

# 3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent surfaces of firestopping materials.

# 3.6 PROTECTION

A. Protect adjacent surfaces from damage by material installation.

END OF SECTION 078400



# SECTION 079200 JOINT SEALANTS

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Nonsag gunnable joint sealants.
- B. Self-leveling pourable joint sealants.
- C. Joint backings and accessories.
- D. Owner-provided field quality control.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 079100 Preformed Joint Seals: Precompressed foam, gaskets, and strip seals.
- B. Section 092116 Gypsum Board Assemblies: Sealing acoustical and sound-rated walls and ceilings.
- C. Section 093000 Tiling: Sealant between tile and plumbing fixtures and at junctions with other materials and changes in plane.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C661 Standard Test Method for Indentation Hardness of Elastomeric-Type Sealants by Means of a Durometer; 2015 (Reapproved 2022).
- B. ASTM C794 Standard Test Method for Adhesion-in-Peel of Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018 (Reapproved 2022).
- C. ASTM C834 Standard Specification for Latex Sealants; 2017 (Reapproved 2023).
- D. ASTM C881/C881M Standard Specification for Epoxy-Resin-Base Bonding Systems for Concrete; 2020a.
- E. ASTM C919 Standard Practice for Use of Sealants in Acoustical Applications; 2022.
- F. ASTM C920 Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018.
- G. ASTM C1087 Standard Test Method for Determining Compatibility of Liquid-Applied Sealants with Accessories Used in Structural Glazing Systems; 2023.
- H. ASTM C1193 Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants; 2016 (Reapproved 2023).
- I. ASTM C1248 Standard Test Method for Staining of Porous Substrate by Joint Sealants; 2022.
- J. ASTM C1311 Standard Specification for Solvent Release Sealants; 2022.

- K. ASTM C1330 Standard Specification for Cylindrical Sealant Backing for Use with Cold Liquid-Applied Sealants; 2023.
- L. ASTM C1521 Standard Practice for Evaluating Adhesion of Installed Weatherproofing Sealant Joints; 2019 (Reapproved 2020).
- M. ASTM D2240 Standard Test Method for Rubber Property--Durometer Hardness; 2015 (Reapproved 2021).
- N. ASTM D412 Standard Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers-Tension; 2016 (Reapproved 2021).
- O. ASTM D638 Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics; 2022.
- P. ASTM D695 Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Plastics; 2023.
- Q. ASTM D4541 Standard Test Method for Pull-Off Strength of Coatings Using Portable Adhesion Testers; 2022.
- R. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- S. ASTM E119 Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials; 2022.
- T. SCAQMD 1168 Adhesive and Sealant Applications; 1989, with Amendment (2022).
- U. SWRI (VAL) SWR Institute Validated Products Directory; Current Edition.
- V. UL 263 Standard for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical datasheets for each product to be used; include the following:
  - 1. Physical characteristics, including movement capability, VOC content, hardness, cure time, and color availability.
  - 2. List of backing materials approved for use with the specific product.
  - 3. Backing material recommended by sealant manufacturer.
  - 4. Substrates that product is known to satisfactorily adhere to and with which it is compatible.
  - 5. Substrates the product should not be used on.
  - 6. Substrates for which use of primer is required.
  - 7. Substrates for which laboratory adhesion and/or compatibility testing is required.
  - 8. Installation instructions, including precautions, limitations, and recommended backing materials and tools.
  - 9. Sample product warranty.
  - 10. Certification by manufacturer indicating that product complies with specification requirements.

- C. Product Data for Accessory Products: Submit manufacturer's technical data sheet for each product to be used, including physical characteristics, installation instructions, and recommended tools.
- D. Color Cards for Selection: Where sealant color is not specified, submit manufacturer's color cards showing standard colors available for selection.
- E. Samples for Verification: Where custom sealant color is specified, obtain directions from Architect and submit at least two physical samples for verification of color of each required sealant
- F. Preconstruction Laboratory Test Reports: Submit at least four weeks prior to start of installation.
- G. Installation Plan: Submit at least four weeks prior to start of installation.
- H. Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Plan: Submit at least two weeks prior to start of installation.
- I. Field Quality Control Plan: Submit at least two weeks prior to start of installation.
- J. Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Reports: Submit filled out Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Reports log within 10 days after completion of tests; include bagged test samples and photographic records.
- K. Installation Log: Submit filled-out log for each length or instance of sealant installed.
- L. Field Quality Control Log: Submit filled-out log for each length or instance of sealant installed, within 10 days after completion of inspections/tests; include bagged test samples and photographic records, if any.
- M. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- N. Installer's qualification statement.
- O. Executed warranty.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Maintain one copy of each referenced document covering installation requirements on site.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section and with at least three years of documented experience.
- D. Preconstruction Laboratory Testing: Arrange for sealant manufacturer(s) to test each combination of sealant, substrate, backing, and accessories.
  - 1. Adhesion Testing: In accordance with ASTM C794.
  - 2. Compatibility Testing: In accordance with ASTM C1087.
  - 3. Allow sufficient time for testing to avoid delaying the work.
  - 4. Deliver sufficient samples to manufacturer for testing.
  - 5. Report manufacturer's recommended corrective measures, if any, including primers or techniques not indicated in product data submittals.

- 6. Testing is not required if sealant manufacturer provides data showing previous testing, not older than 24 months, that shows satisfactory adhesion, lack of staining, and compatibility.
- E. Installation Plan: Include schedule of sealed joints, including the following:
  - 1. Joint width indicated in Contract Documents.
  - 2. Joint depth indicated in Contract Documents; to face of backing material at centerline of joint.
  - 3. Method to be used to protect adjacent surfaces from sealant droppings and smears, with acknowledgment that some surfaces cannot be cleaned to like-new condition and therefore prevention is imperative.
  - 4. Approximate date of installation, for evaluation of thermal movement influence.
  - 5. Installation Log Form: Include the following data fields, with known information filled out
    - a. Unique identification of each length or instance of sealant installed.
    - b. Location on project.
    - c. Substrates.
    - d. Sealant used.
    - e. Stated movement capability of sealant.
    - f. Primer to be used, or indicate no primer is used.
    - g. Size and actual backing material used.
    - h. Date of installation.
    - i. Name of installer.
    - j. Actual joint width; provide space to indicate maximum and minimum width.
    - k. Actual joint depth to face of backing material at centerline of joint.
    - l. Air temperature.
- F. Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Plan: Include destructive field adhesion testing of one sample of each combination of sealant type and substrate, except interior acrylic latex sealants, and include the following for each tested sample.
  - 1. Identification of testing agency.
  - 2. Name(s) of sealant manufacturer's field representatives who will be observing.
  - 3. Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Log Form: Include the following data fields, with known information filled out.
    - a. Substrate; if more than one type of substrate is involved in a single joint, provide two entries on form, for testing each sealant substrate side separately.
    - b. Test date.
    - c. Location on project.
    - d. Sealant used.
    - e. Stated movement capability of sealant.
    - f. Test method used.
    - g. Date of installation of field sample to be tested.
    - h. Date of test.
    - i. Copy of test method documents.
    - j. Age of sealant upon date of testing.
    - k. Test results, modeled after the sample form in the test method document.
    - 1. Indicate use of photographic record of test.
- G. Owner will employ an independent testing agency to perform the field quality control inspection and testing as referenced in PART 3 of this section and as follows, to prepare and

submit the field quality control plan and log, and to provide recommendations of remedies in the case of failure.

1. Contractor shall cooperate with testing agency and repair failures discovered and destructive test location damage.

### H. Field Quality Control Plan:

- 1. Visual inspection of entire length of sealant joints.
- 2. Nondestructive field adhesion testing of sealant joints, except interior acrylic latex sealants
  - a. For each different sealant and substrate combination, allow for one test every 12 inches in the first 10 linear feet of joint and one test every 24 inches thereafter.
  - b. If any failures occur in the first 10 linear feet, continue testing at 12 inches intervals at no extra cost to Owner.
- 3. Destructive field adhesion testing of sealant joints, except interior acrylic latex sealant.
  - a. For each different sealant and substrate combination, allow for one test every 100 feet in the first 1,000 linear feet, and one test per 1,000 linear feet thereafter, or once per floor on each elevation.
  - b. If any failures occur in the first 1,000 linear feet, continue testing at frequency of one test per 500 linear feet at no extra cost to Owner.
- 4. Field Quality Control Log Form: Show same data fields as on Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Log, with known information filled out and lines for multiple tests per sealant/substrate combinations; include visual inspection and specified field testing; allow for possibility that more tests than minimum specified may be necessary.

### I. Field Adhesion Test Procedures:

- 1. Allow sealants to fully cure as recommended by manufacturer before testing.
- 2. Have a copy of the test method document available during tests.
- 3. Take photographs or make video records of each test, with joint identification provided in the photos/videos; for example, provide small erasable whiteboard positioned next to joint.
- 4. Record the type of failure that occurred, other information required by test method, and the information required on the Field Quality Control Log.
- 5. When performing destructive tests, also inspect the opened joint for proper installation characteristics recommended by manufacturer, and report any deficiencies.
- 6. Deliver the samples removed during destructive tests in separate sealed plastic bags, identified with project, location, test date, and test results, to Owner.
- 7. If any combination of sealant type and substrate does not show evidence of minimum adhesion or shows cohesion failure before minimum adhesion, report results to Architect.
- J. Nondestructive Field Adhesion Test: Test for adhesion in accordance with ASTM C1521, using Nondestructive Spot Method.
  - 1. Record results on Field Quality Control Log.
  - 2. Repair failed portions of joints.
- K. Destructive Field Adhesion Test: Test for adhesion in accordance with ASTM C1521, using Destructive Tail Procedure.
  - 1. Sample: At least 18 inches long.
  - 2. Minimum Elongation Without Adhesive Failure: Consider the tail at rest, not under any elongation stress; multiply the stated movement capability of the sealant in percent by two; then multiply 1 inch by that percentage; if adhesion failure occurs before the 1-inch mark is that distance from the substrate, the test has failed.

- 3. If either adhesive or cohesive failure occurs before minimum elongation, take necessary measures to correct conditions and retest; record each modification to products or installation procedures.
- 4. Record results on Field Quality Control Log.
- 5. Repair failed portions of joints.
- L. Field Adhesion Tests of Joints: Test for adhesion using most appropriate method in accordance with ASTM C1521, or another applicable method as recommended by manufacturer.

### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide 2-year manufacturer warranty for installed sealants and accessories that fail to achieve a watertight seal, exhibit loss of adhesion or cohesion, or do not cure. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.
- C. Extended Correction Period: Correct defective work within 2-year period commencing on Date of Substantial Completion.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Nonsag Sealants:
  - 1. Momentive Performance Materials, Inc (formerly GE Silicones): www.momentive.com/#sle.
  - 2. Pecora Corporation: www.pecora.com/#sle.
  - 3. Sika Corporation: www.usa.sika.com/#sle.
  - 4. W.R. Meadows, Inc: www.wrmeadows.com/#sle.
  - 5. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Self-Leveling Sealants:
  - 1. Pecora Corporation: www.pecora.com/#sle.
  - 2. Sika Corporation: www.usa.sika.com/#sle.
  - 3. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
  - 4. W.R. Meadows, Inc: www.wrmeadows.com/#sle.
  - 5. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

# 2.2 JOINT SEALANT APPLICATIONS

### A. Scope:

- 1. Exterior Joints:
  - a. Seal open joints except open joints indicated on drawings as not sealed.
- 2. Interior Joints:
  - a. Do not seal interior joints indicated on drawings as not sealed.
- 3. Do Not Seal:
  - a. Intentional weep holes in masonry.
  - b. Joints indicated to be covered with expansion joint cover assemblies.
  - c. Joints where sealant installation is specified in other sections.

- d. Joints between suspended ceilings and walls.
- B. Exterior Joints: Use nonsag nonstaining silicone sealant, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Lap Joints in Sheet Metal Fabrications: Butyl rubber, noncuring.
  - 2. Lap Joints between Manufactured Metal Panels: Butyl rubber, noncuring.
  - 3. Control and Expansion Joints in Concrete Paving: Self-leveling polyurethane traffic-grade sealant.
- C. Interior Joints: Use nonsag polyurethane sealant, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Wall and Ceiling Joints in Nonwet Areas: Acrylic emulsion latex sealant.
  - 2. Wall and Ceiling Joints in Wet Areas: Nonsag polyurethane sealant for continuous liquid immersion.
  - 3. Floor Joints in Wet Areas: Nonsag polyurethane non-traffic-grade sealant suitable for continuous liquid immersion.
  - 4. Joints between Tile in Wet Areas and Floors, Walls, and Ceilings: Mildew-resistant silicone sealant; white.
    - a. See Section 093000 for sealing between tile and plumbing fixtures.
  - 5. In Sound-Rated Assemblies: Acrylic emulsion latex sealant.
  - 6. Narrow Control Joints in Interior Concrete Slabs: Self-leveling epoxy sealant.
  - 7. Other Floor Joints: Self-leveling polyurethane traffic-grade sealant.
- D. Interior Wet Areas: Bathrooms, restrooms, and kitchens; fixtures in wet areas include plumbing fixtures, countertops, cabinets, and other similar items.
- E. Sound-Rated Assemblies: Walls and ceilings identified as STC-rated, sound-rated, or acoustical.
- F. Preformed Joint Seals: See Section 079100 for information.

### 2.3 JOINT SEALANTS - GENERAL

A. Colors: As indicated on drawings.

#### 2.4 NONSAG JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Nonstaining Silicone Sealant: ASTM C920, Grade NS, Uses M and A; not expected to withstand continuous water immersion or traffic.
  - 1. Movement Capability: Plus and minus 25 percent, minimum.
  - 2. Nonstaining to Porous Stone: Nonstaining to light-colored natural stone when tested in accordance with ASTM C1248.
  - 3. Dirt Pick-Up: Reduced dirt pick-up compared to other silicone sealants.
  - 4. Hardness Range: 15 to 35, Shore A, when tested in accordance with ASTM C661.
  - 5. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 6. Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to 180 degrees F.
  - 7. Products:
    - a. Momentive Performance Materials, Inc/GE Silicones; SCS9000 SilPruf NB Non-Staining Silicone Weatherproofing Sealant: www.siliconeforbuilding.com/#sle.
    - b. Pecora Corporation; Pecora 890 NST (Non-Staining Technology): www.pecora.com/#sle.
    - c. Sika Corporation; Sikasil WS-290: www.usa.sika.com/#sle.

- d. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing; Spectrem 1: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
- e. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Mildew-Resistant Silicone Sealant: ASTM C920, Grade NS, Uses M and A; single component, mildew resistant; not expected to withstand continuous water immersion or traffic.
  - 1. Color: White.
  - 2. Products:
    - a. Pecora Corporation; Pecora 898 NST (Non-Staining Technology): www.pecora.com/#sle.
    - b. Sika Corporation; Sikasil GP: www.usa.sika.com/#sle.
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- C. Polyurethane Sealant: ASTM C920, Grade NS, Uses M and A; single or multi-component; not expected to withstand continuous water immersion or traffic.
  - 1. Movement Capability: Plus and minus percent, minimum.
  - 2. Hardness Range: 20 to 35, Shore A, when tested in accordance with ASTM C661.
  - 3. Color: Match adjacent finished surfaces.
  - 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to 180 degrees F.
  - 5. Products:
    - a. Sika Corporation; Sikaflex-1a: www.usa.sika.com/#sle.
    - b. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing; Dymonic 100: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- D. Polyurethane Sealant for Continuous Water Immersion: ASTM C920, Grade NS, Uses M and A; single or multicomponent; explicitly approved by manufacturer for continuous water immersion; suitable for traffic exposure when recessed below traffic surface.
  - 1. Movement Capability: Plus and minus 35 percent, minimum.
  - 2. Hardness Range: 20 to 35, Shore A, when tested in accordance with ASTM C661.
  - 3. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to 180 degrees F.
  - 5. Products:
    - a. Sika Corporation; Sikaflex-1a: www.usa.sika.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- E. Acrylic Emulsion Latex: Water-based; ASTM C834, single component, nonstaining, nonbleeding, nonsagging; not intended for exterior use.
  - 1. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 2. Grade: ASTM C834; Grade 0 Degrees F (Minus 18 Degrees C).
  - 3. Products:
    - a. Pecora Corporation; AC-20 +Silicone: www.pecora.com/#sle.
    - b. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing; Tremflex 834: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- F. Noncuring Butyl Sealant: Solvent-based, single component, nonsag, nonskinning, nonhardening, nonbleeding; nonvapor permeable; intended for fully concealed applications.
  - 1. Products:
    - a. Pecora Corporation; Pecora BA-98 Non-Skinning Butyl Sealant: www.pecora.com/#sle.

- b. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing; Acoustical/Curtainwall Sealant: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
- c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

# 2.5 SELF-LEVELING JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Self-Leveling Polyurethane Sealant: ASTM C920, Grade P, Uses M and A; single or multicomponent; explicitly approved by manufacturer for traffic exposure; not expected to withstand continuous water immersion.
  - 1. Movement Capability: Plus and minus 25 percent, minimum.
  - 2. Hardness Range: 35 to 55, Shore A, when tested in accordance with ASTM C661.
  - 3. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to 180 degrees F.
  - 5. Products:
    - a. Pecora Corporation; \_\_\_\_: www.pecora.com/#sle.
    - b. Sika Corporation; Sikaflex-1c SL: www.usa.sika.com/#sle.
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Self-Leveling Polyurethane Sealant for Continuous Water Immersion: Polyurethane; ASTM C920, Grade P, Uses M and A; single component; explicitly approved by manufacturer for traffic exposure and continuous water immersion.
  - 1. Movement Capability: Plus and minus 25 percent, minimum.
- C. Flexible Polyurethane Foam: Single component, gun grade, and low-expanding.
  - 1. Color: White.
  - 2. Products:
    - a. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing; ExoAir Flex Foam: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- D. Semi-Rigid Self-Leveling Epoxy Joint Filler: Epoxy or epoxy/polyurethane copolymer; intended for filling cracks and control joints not subject to significant movement; rigid enough to support concrete edges under traffic.
  - 1. Composition: Multicomponent, 100 percent solids by weight.
  - 2. Durometer Hardness: Minimum of 85 for Type A or 35 for Type D, after seven days when tested in accordance with ASTM D2240.
  - 3. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's colors.
  - 4. Joint Width, Minimum: 1/8 inch.
  - 5. Joint Width, Maximum: 1/4 inch.
  - 6. Joint Depth: Provide product suitable for joints from 1/8 inch to 2 inches in depth including space for backer rod.
  - 7. Products:
    - a. Euclid Chemical Company; EUCO 700: www.euclidchemical.com/#sle.
    - b. Mapei; Mapeiflex Joint Sealant EP 90/50: www.mapei.com/#sle.
    - c. W.R. Meadows, Inc; Rezi-Weld Flex: www.wrmeadows.com/#sle.
    - d. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Sealant Backing Materials, General: Materials placed in joint before applying sealants; assists sealant performance and service life by developing optimum sealant profile and preventing three-sided adhesion; type and size recommended by sealant manufacturer for compatibility with sealant, substrate, and application.
- B. Backing Tape: Self-adhesive polyethylene tape with surface that sealant will not adhere to and recommended by tape and sealant manufacturers for specific application.
- C. Masking Tape: Self-adhesive, nonabsorbent, nonstaining, removable without adhesive residue, and compatible with surfaces adjacent to joints and sealants.
- D. Joint Cleaner: Noncorrosive and nonstaining type, type recommended by sealant manufacturer; compatible with joint forming materials.
- E. Primers: Type recommended by sealant manufacturer to suit application; nonstaining.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that joints are ready to receive work.
- B. Verify that backing materials are compatible with sealants.
- C. Verify that backer rods are of the correct size.
- D. Preinstallation Adhesion Testing: Install a sample for each test location indicated in the test plan.
  - 1. Test each sample as specified in PART 1 under QUALITY ASSURANCE article.
  - 2. Notify Architect of date and time that tests will be performed, at least seven days in advance.
  - 3. Arrange for sealant manufacturer's technical representative to be present during tests.
  - 4. Record each test on Preinstallation Adhesion Test Log as indicated.
  - 5. If any sample fails, review products and installation procedures, consult manufacturer, or take other measures that are necessary to ensure adhesion; retest in a different location; if unable to obtain satisfactory adhesion, report to Architect.
  - 6. After completion of tests, remove remaining sample material and prepare joints for new sealant installation.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove loose materials and foreign matter that could impair adhesion of sealant.
- B. Clean joints, and prime as necessary, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Perform preparation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and ASTM C1193.
- D. Mask elements and surfaces adjacent to joints from damage and disfigurement due to sealant work; be aware that sealant drips and smears may not be completely removable.
- E. Concrete Floor Joints That Will Be Exposed in Completed Work: Test joint filler in an inconspicuous area to verify that it does not stain or discolor slab.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install this work in accordance with sealant manufacturer's requirements for preparation of surfaces and material installation instructions.
- B. Provide joint sealant installations complying with ASTM C1193.
- C. Install acoustical sealant application work in accordance with ASTM C919.
- D. Measure joint dimensions and size joint backers to achieve width-to-depth ratio, neck dimension, and surface bond area as recommended by manufacturer, except where specific dimensions are indicated.
- E. Install bond breaker backing tape where backer rod cannot be used.
- F. Install sealant free of air pockets, foreign embedded matter, ridges, and sags, and without getting sealant on adjacent surfaces.
- G. Do not install sealant when ambient temperature is outside manufacturer's recommended temperature range, or will be outside that range during the entire curing period, unless manufacturer's approval is obtained and instructions are followed.
- H. Nonsag Sealants: Tool surface concave, unless otherwise indicated; remove masking tape immediately after tooling sealant surface.
- I. Concrete Floor Joint Filler: After full cure, shave joint filler flush with top of concrete slab.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Owner will employ an independent testing agency to perform field quality control inspection and testing as specified in PART 1 under QUALITY ASSURANCE article.
- C. Non-Destructive Adhesion Testing: If there are any failures in first 100 linear feet, notify Architect immediately.
- D. Destructive Adhesion Testing: If there are any failures in first 1,000 linear feet, notify Architect immediately.
- E. Remove and replace failed portions of sealants using same materials and procedures as indicated for original installation.
- F. Repair destructive test location damage immediately after evaluation and recording of results.

#### 3.5 POST-OCCUPANCY

A. Post-Occupancy Inspection: Perform visual inspection of entire length of project sealant joints at a time that joints have opened to their greatest width, i.e., at low temperature in thermal cycle. Report failures immediately and repair them.

# END OF SECTION 079200



# SECTION 081113 HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Non-fire-rated hollow metal doors and frames.
- B. Fire-rated hollow metal doors and frames.
- C. Thermally insulated hollow metal doors and frames.
- D. Stainless-steel hollow metal doors and frames.
- E. Hollow metal borrowed lites glazing frames.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 087100 Door Hardware.
- B. Section 088000 Glazing: Glass for doors and borrowed lites.
- C. Section 099100 Interior Exterior Painting: Field painting.

# 1.3 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

- A. ANSI: American National Standards Institute.
- B. ASCE: American Society of Civil Engineers.
- C. HMMA: Hollow Metal Manufacturers Association.
- D. NAAMM: National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers.
- E. NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.
- F. SCIF: Sensitive Compartmented Information Facility.
- G. SDI: Steel Door Institute.
- H. UL: Underwriters Laboratories.

# 1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
- B. ANSI/SDI A250.4 Test Procedure and Acceptance Criteria for Physical Endurance for Steel Doors, Frames and Frame Anchors; 2022.

- C. ANSI/SDI A250.6 Recommended Practice for Hardware Reinforcing on Standard Steel Doors and Frames; 2020.
- D. ANSI/SDI A250.8 Specifications for Standard Steel Doors and Frames (SDI-100); 2023.
- E. ANSI/SDI A250.10 Test Procedure and Acceptance Criteria for Prime Painted Steel Surfaces for Steel Doors and Frames; 2020.
- F. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- G. ASTM A1008/A1008M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, Required Hardness, Solution Hardened, and Bake Hardenable; 2021a.
- H. ASTM A1011/A1011M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, and Ultra-High Strength; 2023.
- I. ASTM C143/C143M Standard Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic-Cement Concrete; 2020.
- J. ASTM C476 Standard Specification for Grout for Masonry; 2023.
- K. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- L. ASTM E330/E330M Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference; 2014 (Reapproved 2021).
- M. BHMA A156.115 Hardware Preparation in Steel Doors and Frames; 2016.
- N. FBC TAS 201 Impact Test Procedures; Testing Application Standard; 1994.
- O. FBC TAS 202 Criteria for Testing Impact and Non-Impact Resistant Building Envelope Components Using Uniform Static Air Pressure; Testing Application Standard; 1994.
- P. FBC TAS 203 Criteria for Testing Products Subject To Cyclic Wind Pressure Loading; Testing Application Standard; 1994.
- Q. FLA (PAD) Florida Building Code Online Product Approval Directory; Current Edition.
- R. ICC A117.1 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities; 2017.
- S. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- T. NAAMM HMMA 805 Recommended Selection and Usage Guide for Hollow Metal Doors and Frames; 2012.
- U. NAAMM HMMA 830 Hardware Selection for Hollow Metal Doors and Frames; 2002.
- V. NAAMM HMMA 831 Hardware Locations for Hollow Metal Doors and Frames; 2011.
- W. NAAMM HMMA 840 Guide Specifications For Receipt, Storage and Installation of Hollow Metal Doors and Frames; 2017.

- X. NAAMM HMMA 850 Fire-Rated Hollow Metal Doors and Frames; 2014.
- Y. NAAMM HMMA 860 Guide Specifications for Hollow Metal Doors and Frames; 2018.
- Z. NAAMM HMMA 861 Guide Specifications for Commercial Hollow Metal Doors and Frames; 2014.
- AA. NAAMM HMMA 867 Guide Specifications for Laminated Core Hollow Metal Doors and Frames; 2016.
- BB. NFPA 80 Standard for Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives; 2022.
- CC. NFPA 105 Standard for Smoke Door Assemblies and Other Opening Protectives; 2022.
- DD. NFPA 252 Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Door Assemblies; 2022.
- EE. SDI 117 Manufacturing Tolerances for Standard Steel Doors and Frames; 2023.
- FF. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- GG. UL 10B Standard for Fire Tests of Door Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- HH. UL 10C Standard for Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- II. UL 1784 Standard for Air Leakage Tests of Door Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Materials and details of design and construction, hardware locations, reinforcement type and locations, anchorage and fastening methods, and finishes; and one copy of referenced standards/guidelines.
- C. Shop Drawings: Details of each opening, showing elevations, glazing, frame profiles, and any indicated finish requirements.
- D. Installation Instructions: Manufacturer's published instructions, including any special installation instructions relating to this project.
- E. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certification that products meet or exceed specified requirements.
- F. Manufacturer's Qualification Statement.
- G. Installer's Qualification Statement.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Provide hollow metal doors and frames from SDI Certified manufacturer: https://steeldoor.org/sdi-certified/#sle.

- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and with at least three years of documented experience.
- C. Maintain at project site copies of reference standards relating to installation of products specified.

### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with NAAMM HMMA 840 or ANSI/SDI A250.8 (SDI-100) in accordance with specified requirements.
- B. Protect with resilient packaging; avoid humidity build-up under coverings; prevent corrosion and adverse effects on factory applied painted finish.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Hollow Metal Doors and Frames:
  - 1. Ceco Door, an Assa Abloy Group company: www.assaabloydss.com/#sle.
  - 2. Curries, an Assa Abloy Group company: www.assaabloydss.com/#sle.
  - 3. Republic Doors, an Allegion brand: www.republicdoor.com/#sle.
  - 4. Steelcraft, an Allegion brand: www.allegion.com/#sle.
  - 5. Approved equal.
  - 6. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

# 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Requirements for Hollow Metal Doors and Frames:
  - 1. Steel Sheet: Comply with one or more of the following requirements; galvannealed steel complying with ASTM A653/A653M, cold-rolled steel complying with ASTM A1008/A1008M, or hot-rolled pickled and oiled (HRPO) steel complying with ASTM A1011/A1011M, commercial steel (CS) Type B, for each.
  - 2. Accessibility: Comply with ICC A117.1 and ADA Standards.
  - 3. Exterior Door Top Closures: Flush end closure channel, with top and door faces aligned.
  - 4. Door Edge Profile: Hinged edge square, and lock edge beveled.
  - 5. Typical Door Face Sheets: Flush.
  - 6. Glazed Lights: Non-removable stops on non-secure side; sizes and configurations as indicated on drawings. Style: Manufacturer's standard.
  - 7. Hardware Preparations, Selections and Locations: Comply with NAAMM HMMA 830 and NAAMM HMMA 831 or BHMA A156.115 and ANSI/SDI A250.8 (SDI-100) in accordance with specified requirements.
  - 8. Zinc Coating for Typical Interior and/or Exterior Locations: Provide metal components zinc-coated (galvanized) and/or zinc-iron alloy-coated (galvannealed) by the hot-dip process in accordance with ASTM A653/A653M, with manufacturer's standard coating thickness, unless noted otherwise for specific hollow metal doors and frames.
    - a. Based on SDI Standards: Provide at least A40/ZF120 (galvannealed) when necessary, coating not required for typical interior door applications, and at least A60/ZF180 (galvannealed) for corrosive locations.

- B. Hollow Metal Panels: Same construction, performance, and finish as doors.
- C. Combined Requirements: If a particular door and frame unit is indicated to comply with more than one type of requirement, comply with the specified requirements for each type; for instance, an exterior door that is also indicated as being sound-rated must comply with the requirements specified for exterior doors and for sound-rated doors; where two requirements conflict, comply with the most stringent.

### 2.3 HOLLOW METAL DOORS

- A. Door Finish: Factory primed and field finished.
- B. Exterior Doors: Thermally insulated.
  - 1. Based on SDI Standards: ANSI/SDI A250.8 (SDI-100).
    - a. Level 3 Extra Heavy-duty.
    - b. Physical Performance Level A, 1,000,000 cycles; in accordance with ANSI/SDI A250.4.
    - c. Model 1 Full Flush.
    - d. Door Face Metal Thickness: 16 gauge, 0.053 inch, minimum.
    - e. Zinc Coating: A60/ZF180 galvannealed coating; ASTM A653/A653M.
  - 2. Door Core Material: Polystyrene, 1 lbs/cu ft minimum density.
    - a. Foam Plastic Insulation: Manufacturer's standard board insulation with maximum flame spread index (FSI) of 75, and maximum smoke developed index (SDI) of 450 in accordance with ASTM E84, and completely enclosed within interior of door
  - 3. Door Thermal Resistance: R-Value of 6.0 minimum, for installed thickness of polystyrene.
  - 4. Door Thickness: 1-3/4 inches, nominal.
  - 5. Weatherstripping: Refer to Section 087100.
- C. Interior Doors, Non-Fire-Rated:
  - 1. Based on SDI Standards: ANSI/SDI A250.8 (SDI-100).
    - a. Level 3 Extra Heavy-duty.
    - b. Physical Performance Level A, 1,000,000 cycles; in accordance with ANSI/SDI A250.4.
    - c. Model 1 Full Flush.
    - d. Door Face Metal Thickness: 16 gauge, 0.053 inch, minimum.
    - e. Zinc Coating: A60/ZF180 galvannealed coating; ASTM A653/A653M.
  - 2. Door Thickness: 1-3/4 inches, nominal.
- D. Fire-Rated Doors:
  - 1. Based on SDI Standards: ANSI/SDI A250.8 (SDI-100).
    - a. Level 3 Extra Heavy-duty.
    - b. Physical Performance Level A, 1,000,000 cycles; in accordance with ANSI/SDI A250.4.
    - c. Model 1 Full Flush.
    - d. Door Face Metal Thickness: 16 gauge, 0.053 inch, minimum.
    - e. Zinc Coating: A60/ZF180 galvannealed coating; ASTM A653/A653M.
  - 2. Fire Rating: As indicated on Door Schedule, tested in accordance with UL 10C and NFPA 252 ("positive pressure fire tests").

- 3. Temperature-Rise Rating (TRR) Across Door Thickness: In accordance with local building code and authorities having jurisdiction.
- 4. Provide units listed and labeled by UL (DIR) or ITS (DIR).
  - a. Attach fire rating label to each fire rated unit.
- 5. Smoke and Draft Control Doors (Indicated with letter "S" on Drawings and/or Door Schedule): Self-closing or automatic closing doors in accordance with NFPA 80 and NFPA 105, with fire-resistance-rated wall construction rated the same or greater than the fire-rated doors, and the following;
  - a. Maximum Air Leakage: 3.0 cfm/sq ft of door opening at 0.10 inch w.g. pressure, when tested in accordance with UL 1784 at both ambient and elevated temperatures.
  - b. Gasketing: Provide gasketing or edge sealing as necessary to achieve leakage limit.
  - c. Label: Include the "S" label on fire-rating label of door.
- 6. Door Core Material: Manufacturers standard core material/construction in compliance with requirements.
- 7. Door Thickness: 1-3/4 inches, nominal.

# 2.4 HOLLOW METAL FRAMES

- A. Comply with standards and/or custom guidelines as indicated for corresponding door in accordance with applicable door frame requirements.
- B. Exterior Door Frames: Full profile/continuously welded type.
  - 1. Galvanizing: Components hot-dipped zinc-iron alloy-coated (galvannealed) in accordance with ASTM A653/A653M, with A40/ZF120 coating.
  - 2. Frame Metal Thickness: 14 gauge, 0.067 inch, minimum.
  - 3. Frame Finish: Factory primed and field finished.
  - 4. Weatherstripping: Separate, see Section 087100.
- C. Interior Door Frames, Non-Fire Rated: Full profile/continuously welded type.
  - 1. Frame Metal Thickness: 14 gauge, 0.067 inch, minimum.
  - 2. Frame Finish: Factory primed and field finished.
- D. Door Frames, Fire-Rated: Full profile/continuously welded type.
  - 1. Fire Rating: Same as door, labeled.
  - 2. Frame Metal Thickness: 14 gauge, 0.067 inch, minimum.
  - 3. Frame Finish: Factory primed and field finished.
- E. Mullions for Pairs of Doors: Removable type, with profile similar to jambs.
- F. Borrowed Lites Glazing Frames: Construction and face dimensions to match door frames, and as indicated on drawings.
- G. Provide mortar guard boxes for hardware cut-outs in frames to be installed in masonry or to be grouted.
- H. Frames in Masonry Walls: Size to suit masonry coursing with head member 4 inches high to fill opening without cutting masonry units.
- I. Frames Wider than 48 inches: Reinforce with steel channel fitted tightly into frame head, flush with top.

### 2.5 FINISHES

A. Primer: Rust-inhibiting, complying with ANSI/SDI A250.10, door manufacturer's standard.

### 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Louvers: Roll formed steel with overlapping frame; finish same as door components; factory-installed.
  - 1. In Fire-Rated Doors: UL (DIR) or ITS (DIR) listed fusible link louver, same rating as door.
  - 2. Style: Standard straight slat blade.
  - 3. Fasteners: Concealed fasteners.
- B. Door Window Frames: Door window frames with glazing securely fastened within door opening.
  - 1. Size: As indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Frame Material: 18 gauge, 0.0478 inch, galvanized steel.
  - 3. Metal Finish: Gray polyester powder coating.
- C. Glazing: As specified in Section 088000, factory installed.
- D. Astragals for Double Doors: Specified in Section 087100.
- E. Mechanical Fasteners for Concealed Metal-to-Metal Connections: Self-drilling, self-tapping, steel with electroplated zinc finish.
- F. Grout for Frames: Mortar grout complying with ASTM C476 with maximum slump of 4 inches as measured in accordance with ASTM C143/C143M for hand troweling in place; plaster grout and thinner pumpable grout are prohibited.
- G. Silencers: Resilient rubber, fitted into drilled hole; provide three on strike side of single door, three on center mullion of pairs, and two on head of pairs without center mullions.
- H. Temporary Frame Spreaders: Provide for factory- or shop-assembled frames.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify existing conditions before starting work.
- B. Verify that opening sizes and tolerances are acceptable.
- C. Verify that finished walls are in plane to ensure proper door alignment.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Coat inside of frames to be installed in masonry or to be grouted, with bituminous coating, prior to installation.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install doors and frames in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and related requirements of specified door and frame standards or custom guidelines indicated.
- B. Install fire rated units in accordance with NFPA 80.
- C. Coordinate frame anchor placement with wall construction.
- D. Grout frames in masonry construction, using hand trowel methods; brace frames so that pressure of grout before setting will not deform frames.
- E. Install door hardware as specified in Section 087100.
  - 1. Comply with recommended practice for hardware placement of doors and frames in accordance with ANSI/SDI A250.6 or NAAMM HMMA 861.
- F. Comply with glazing installation requirements of Section 088000.
- G. Coordinate installation of electrical connections to electrical hardware items.
- H. Touch up damaged factory finishes.

# 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Clearances Between Door and Frame: Comply with related requirements of specified frame standards or custom guidelines indicated in accordance with SDI 117 or NAAMM HMMA 861.
- B. Maximum Diagonal Distortion: 1/16 inch measured with straight edge, corner to corner.

#### 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust for smooth and balanced door movement.
- B. Adjust sound control doors so that seals are fully engaged when door is closed.
- C. Test sound control doors for force to close, latch, and unlatch; adjust as necessary in compliance with requirements.

END OF SECTION 081113

## SECTION 083100 ACCESS DOORS AND PANELS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Wall- and ceiling-mounted access units.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 099100 - Interior - Exterior Painting: Field paint finish.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
- B. ASTM A36/A36M Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel; 2019.
- C. ASTM A240/A240M Standard Specification for Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Stainless Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip for Pressure Vessels and for General Applications; 2023a.
- D. ASTM A276/A276M Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes; 2024.
- E. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- F. UL (FRD) Fire Resistance Directory; Current Edition.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide sizes, types, finishes, hardware, scheduled locations, and details of adjoining work.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate exact position of each access door and/or panel unit.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate installation requirements.
- E. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- F. Installer's qualification statement.
- G. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of each access unit.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.

B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and with at least three years documented experience.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 ACCESS DOORS AND PANELS ASSEMBLIES

## 2.2 Wall- and Ceiling-MOUNTED ACCESS UNITS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Babcock-Davis: www.babcockdavis.com/#sle.
  - 2. Approved equal.
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Wall- and Ceiling-Mounted Units: Factory-fabricated door and frame, fully assembled units with corner joints welded, filled and ground flush; square and without rack or warp; coordinate requirements with type of installation assembly being used for each unit.
  - 1. Material: Steel.
  - 2. Style: As indicated on drawings.
  - 3. Style: Exposed frame with door surface flush with frame surface.
    - a. Gypsum Board Mounting Criteria: Use drywall bead type frame.
  - 4. Door Style: Single thickness with rolled or turned in edges.
  - 5. Heavy-Duty Frames: 14-gauge, 0.0747-inch minimum thickness.
  - 6. Heavy-Duty Single Steel Sheet Door Panels: 14-gauge, 0.0747-inch minimum thickness.
  - 7. Insulation: Non-combustible mineral wool or glass fiber.
  - 8. Units in Fire-Rated Assemblies: Fire rating as required by applicable code for fire-rated assembly that access doors are being installed.
    - a. Provide products listed by ITS (DIR) or UL (FRD) as suitable for purpose indicated.
    - b. Provide certificate of compliance from authorities having jurisdiction indicating approval of fire rated doors.
  - 9. Steel Finish: Primed.
  - 10. Hardware:
    - a. Hardware for Fire-Rated Units: As required for listing.
    - b. Hinges for Non-Fire-Rated Units: Concealed, constant force closure spring type.
    - c. Latch/Lock: Tamperproof tool-operated cam latch.
    - d. Number of Locks/Latches Required: As recommended by manufacturer for size of unit.
    - e. Gasketing: Extruded neoprene, around perimeter of door panel.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that rough openings are correctly sized and located.
- B. Begin installation only after substrates have been properly prepared, and if the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to proceeding with this work.
- B. Prepare surfaces using methods recommended by manufacturer for applicable substrates in accordance with project conditions.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install units in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install frames plumb and level in openings, and secure units rigidly in place.
- C. Position units to provide convenient access to concealed equipment when necessary.

END OF SECTION 083100



## SECTION 083613 SECTIONAL DOORS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Overhead sectional doors, electrically operated.
- B. Operating hardware and supports.
- C. Electrical controls.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 055000 Metal Fabrications: Steel channel opening frame.
- B. Section 079200 Joint Sealants: Sealing joints between frames and adjacent construction.
- C. Section 260583 Wiring Connections.
- D. Section 284600 Fire Detection and Alarm: Fire alarm interconnection.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 16 CFR 1201 Safety Standard for Architectural Glazing Materials; Current Edition.
- B. ANSI Z97.1 American National Standard for Safety Glazing Materials Used in Buildings Safety Performance Specifications and Methods of Test; 2015 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- C. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- D. ASTM C1036 Standard Specification for Flat Glass; 2021.
- E. ASTM C1048 Standard Specification for Heat-Strengthened and Fully Tempered Flat Glass; 2018.
- F. ASTM C1172 Standard Specification for Laminated Architectural Flat Glass; 2019.
- G. ASTM E283/E283M Standard Test Method for Determining Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Skylights, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen; 2019.
- H. ASTM E330/E330M Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference; 2014 (Reapproved 2021).
- I. DASMA 102 American National Standard Specifications for Sectional Doors; 2018.
- J. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.

- K. NEMA ICS 2 Industrial Control and Systems Controllers, Contactors and Overload Relays Rated 600 Volts; 2008 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- L. NEMA MG 1 Motors and Generators; 2021.
- M. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2020.
- N. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- O. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- P. UL 325 Standard for Door, Drapery, Gate, Louver, and Window Operators and Systems; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate opening dimensions and required tolerances, connection details, anchorage spacing, hardware locations, and installation details.
- C. Product Data: Show component construction, anchorage method, and hardware.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Include any special procedures required by project conditions.
- E. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- F. Installer's qualification statement.
- G. Operation Data: Include normal operation, troubleshooting, and adjusting.
- H. Maintenance Data: Include data for motor and transmission, shaft and gearing, lubrication frequency, spare part sources.
- I. Specimen warranty.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of type specified and with at least three years documented experience.
- C. Comply with applicable code for motor and motor control requirements.
- D. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by ITS (DIR), UL (DIR), or testing firm acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, as suitable for purpose specified.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

A. See Section 017800 - Closeout Submittals for warranty requirements.

- B. Extended Correction Period: Correct defective work within a 2-year period commencing on Date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide 10-year manufacturer warranty for delamination of the doors surface and finish. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.
- D. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide 5-year manufacturer warranty for electric operating equipment. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.
- E. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide 3-year/20,000 cycle door and operator system (material and workmanship) manufacturer warranty for electric operating equipment. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.
- F. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide 1-year manufacturer warranty for all other door system components not otherwise listed above. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Sectional Doors:
  - 1. Overhead Door Corporation; Model 591 Thermacore insulated overhead sectional door: www.overheaddoor.com/#sle.
  - 2. Approved equal..
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Flexible Impact-Resistant Door Sections:
  - 1. Overhead Door Corporation; Model 591 Thermacore insulated overhead impact resistant bottom section.: www.overheaddoor.com/#sle.
  - 2. Approved equal..
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.2 Performance Requirements

- A. Performance: Withstand positive and negative wind loads equal to 1.5 times design wind loads specified by local code without damage or permanent set, when tested in accordance with ASTM E330/E330M, using 10 second duration of maximum load.
- B. Air Leakage Rate: Less than 0.40 cfm/sq ft when tested in accordance with ASTM E283/E283M at test pressure difference of 1.57 psf.
- C. Thermal Transmittance: U-factor of .13 Btu/hr sq ft degrees F, maximum, in accordance with DASMA 102.

#### 2.3 STEEL DOORS

- A. Doors: Flush steel, insulated; low headroom operating style with track and hardware; complying with DASMA 102, Commercial application.
  - 1. Door Nominal Thickness: 1 5/8 inches thick.
  - 2. Exterior Finish:

- a. Factory finished with polyester baked enamel; color as selected by Architect.
- 3. Interior Finish:
  - a. Factory finished with standard factory finish; color as selected from manufacturers standard line.
- 4. Glazed Lites: Three glazed lights per panel, one row; set in place with resilient glazing channel.
  - a. Glazing: Acrylic; insulated glass units; clear; 5/8 inch nominal overall thickness.
- 5. Manual Operation: Chain hoist.
- 6. Electric Operation: Electric control station.

## 2.4 COMPONENTS

- A. Track: Rolled galvanized steel, 0.090 inch minimum thickness; 2 inch wide, continuous one piece per side; galvanized steel mounting brackets 1/4 inch thick.
- B. Hinge and Roller Assemblies: Heavy duty hinges and adjustable roller holders of galvanized steel; floating hardened steel bearing rollers, located at top and bottom of each panel, each side.
- C. Lift Mechanism: Torsion spring on cross head shaft, with braided galvanized steel lifting cables.
  - 1. For Manual Operation: Requiring maximum exertion of 25 lbs force to open.
- D. Sill Weatherstripping: Resilient hollow EPDM strip, one piece; fitted to bottom of door panel, full length contact.
- E. Jamb Weatherstripping: Roll formed steel section full height of jamb, fitted with resilient weatherstripping, placed in moderate contact with door panels.
- F. Head Weatherstripping: EPDM rubber seal, one piece full length.
- G. Panel Joint Weatherstripping: Neoprene foam seal, one piece full length.
- H. Lock: Inside center mounted, adjustable keeper, spring activated latch bar with feature to retain in locked or retracted position; interior and exterior handle.
- I. Lock Cylinders: Keyed alike.

#### 2.5 MATERIALS

- A. Sheet Steel: Hot-dipped galvanized steel sheet, ASTM A653/A653M, with G60/Z180 coating, plain surface.
- B. Float Glass: Provide float glass glazing, unless noted otherwise.
- C. Insulation: Foamed-in-place polyurethane, bonded to facing.
  - 1. R-value of 14.86.
  - 2. Same thickness as core framing members.

#### 2.6 ELECTRIC OPERATION

A. Operator, Controls, Actuators, and Safeties: Comply with UL 325; provide products listed by ITS (DIR), UL (DIR), or testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

- 1. Provide interlock switches on motor operated units.
- 2. Provide tamperproof operation cycle counter.
- B. Electric Operators:
  - 1. Mounting: Side mounted on cross head shaft.
  - 2. Motor Enclosure:
    - a. Interior Doors: NEMA MG 1, Type 1; open drip proof.
  - 3. Motor Rating: 1/3 hp; continuous duty.
  - 4. Motor Voltage: 120 volts, single phase, 60 Hz.
  - 5. Motor Controller: NEMA ICS 2, full voltage, reversing magnetic motor starter.
  - 6. Controller Enclosure: NEMA 250, Type 1.
  - 7. Opening Speed: 12 inches per second.
  - 8. Brake: Adjustable friction clutch type, activated by motor controller.
  - 9. Manual override in case of power failure.
  - 10. See Section 260583 for electrical connections.
- C. Wiring Terminations: Provide terminal lugs to match branch circuit conductor quantities, sizes, and materials indicated; enclose terminal lugs in terminal box sized to comply with NFPA 70.
- D. Control Station: Provide standard three button (Open-Close-Stop) momentary-contact control device for each operator complying with UL 325.
  - 1. 24 volt circuit.
  - 2. Surface mounted, at location indicated on Drawings.
  - 3. Entrapment Protection Devices: Provide sensing devices and safety mechanisms complying with UL 325.
    - a. Primary Device: Provide wireless sensing, NEMA 1 photo eye sensors, or NEMA 4X photo eye sensors as required with momentary-contact control device.
    - b. Secondary Device: Provide electric sensing edge with wireless edge kit or non-monitored safety edge as an option along with continuous-constant control device.
- E. Safety Edge: Located at bottom of sectional door panel, full width; electro-mechanical sensitized type, wired to stop and reverse door direction upon striking object; hollow neoprene covered to provide weatherstrip seal.
- F. Provide interconnection to security system.
- G. Provide radio control antenna detector.
- H. Hand Held Transmitter: Digital control, and resettable.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that wall openings are ready to receive work and opening dimensions and tolerances are within specified limits.
- B. Verify that electric power is available and of the correct characteristics.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare opening to permit correct installation of door unit to perimeter air and vapor barrier seal.
- B. Apply primer to wood frame.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install door unit assembly in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Anchor assembly to wall construction and building framing without distortion or stress.
- C. Securely brace door tracks suspended from structure. Secure tracks to structural members only.
- D. Fit and align door assembly including hardware.
- E. Coordinate installation of electrical service. Complete power and control wiring from disconnect to unit components.
- F. Install perimeter trim.

#### 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation from Plumb: 1/16 inch.
- B. Maximum Variation from Level: 1/16 inch.
- C. Longitudinal or Diagonal Warp: Plus or minus 1/8 inch from 10 ft straight edge.
- D. Maintain dimensional tolerances and alignment with adjacent work.

## 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust door assembly for smooth operation and full contact with weatherstripping.
- B. Have manufacturer's field representative present to confirm proper operation and identify adjustments to door assembly for specified operation.

## 3.6 CLEANING

- A. Clean doors and frames and glazing.
- B. Remove temporary labels and visible markings.

#### 3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products from damage until Date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Do not permit construction traffic through overhead door openings after adjustment and cleaning.

#### END OF SECTION 083613

## SECTION 085113 ALUMINUM WINDOWS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Extruded aluminum windows with fixed sash, operating sash, and infill panels.
- B. Factory glazing.
- C. Operating hardware.
- D. Insect screens.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 055000 Metal Fabrications: Steel lintels.
- B. Section 061053-Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry: Wood perimeter shims.
- C. Section 072500 Weather Barriers: Sealing frame to water-resistive barrier installed on adjacent construction.
- D. Section 079200 Joint Sealants: Sealing joints between window frames and adjacent construction.
- E. Section 088000 Glazing.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 North American Fenestration Standard/Specification for Windows, Doors, and Skylights; 2022.
- B. AAMA CW-10 Care and Handling of Architectural Aluminum from Shop to Site; 2015.
- C. AAMA 502 Voluntary Specification for Field Testing of Newly Installed Fenestration Products; 2021.
- D. AAMA 609 & 610 Cleaning and Maintenance Guide for Architecturally Finished Aluminum (Combined Document); 2015.
- E. AAMA 1503 Voluntary Test Method for Thermal Transmittance and Condensation Resistance of Windows, Doors and Glazed Wall Sections; 2009.
- F. AAMA 2605 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Superior Performing Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix); 2022.
- G. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.

- H. ASTM B221 Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes; 2021.
- I. ASTM B221M Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes (Metric); 2021.
- J. ASTM E90 Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements; 2009 (Reapproved 2016).
- K. ASTM E283/E283M Standard Test Method for Determining Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Skylights, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen; 2019.
- L. ASTM E331 Standard Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference; 2000 (Reapproved 2023).
- M. ASTM E783 Standard Test Method for Field Measurement of Air Leakage Through Installed Exterior Windows and Doors; 2002 (Reapproved 2018).
- N. ASTM E1105 Standard Test Method for Field Determination of Water Penetration of Installed Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls, by Uniform or Cyclic Static Air Pressure Difference; 2015 (Reapproved 2023).
- O. ASTM E1332 Standard Classification for Rating Outdoor-Indoor Sound Attenuation; 2022.
- P. ASTM F588 Standard Test Methods for Measuring the Forced Entry Resistance of Window Assemblies, Excluding Glazing Impact; 2017 (Reapproved 2023).
- Q. SSPC-Paint 20 Zinc-Rich Coating (Type I Inorganic, and Type II Organic); 2019.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate opening dimensions, elevations of different types, framed opening tolerances, anchorage locations, and installation requirements.
- C. Samples:
  - 1. Framing: Two samples, 12 by 12 inch in size illustrating typical corner construction, accessories, and finishes.
- D. Grade Substantiation: Prior to submitting shop drawings or starting fabrication, submit one of the following showing compliance with specified grade:
  - 1. Evidence of AAMA Certification.
  - 2. Evidence of WDMA Certification.
  - 3. Evidence of CSA Certification.
  - 4. Test report(s) by independent testing agency itemizing compliance and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- E. Test Reports: Prior to submitting shop drawings or starting fabrication, submit test report(s) by independent testing agency showing compliance with performance requirements in excess of those prescribed by specified grade.

- F. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Include complete preparation, installation, and cleaning requirements.
- G. Field Quality Control Submittals: Report of field testing for water penetration and air leakage.
- H. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- I. Installer's qualification statement.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of type specified and with at least three years of documented experience.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with requirements of AAMA CW-10.
- B. Protect finished surfaces with wrapping paper or strippable coating during installation. Do not use adhesive papers or sprayed coatings that bond to substrate when exposed to sunlight or weather.

## 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not install sealants when ambient temperature is less than 40 degrees F.
- B. Maintain this minimum temperature during and 24 hours after installation of sealants.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Correct defective work within a five year period after Date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide 5-year manufacturer warranty against failure of glass seal on insulating glass units, including interpane dusting or misting. Include provision for replacement of failed units. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.
- D. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide 20-year manufacturer warranty against excessive degradation of exterior finish. Include provision for replacement of units with excessive fading, chalking, or flaking. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Basis of Design: EFCO.

B. Other Acceptable - Approved equal:

## 2.2 BASIS OF DESIGN - AW PERFORMANCE CLASS WINDOWS

- A. Grade: AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 having Performance Class of AW, and Performance Grade AW-PG135-FW.
- B. Fixed, Thermally-Broken:
  - 1. Basis of Design: EFCO Series 325X.
- C. Projected, Face of Sash and Frame in Approximately Same Plane:
  - 1. Basis of Design: EFCO Series 325X.
- D. Other Manufacturers: Provide either the product identified as "Basis of Design" or an equivalent product of one of the manufacturers listed below:
  - 1. Approved equal.
- E. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
  - 1. For any product not identified as "Basis of Design", submit information as specified for substitutions.

## 2.3 ALUMINUM WINDOWS

- A. Aluminum Windows: Extruded aluminum frame and sash, factory fabricated, factory finished, with operating hardware, related flashings, and anchorage and attachment devices.
  - 1. Fabrication: Joints and corners flush, hairline, and weatherproof, accurately fitted and secured; prepared to receive anchors; fasteners and attachments concealed from view; reinforced as required for operating hardware and imposed loads.
  - 2. Perimeter Clearance: Minimize space between framing members and adjacent construction while allowing expected movement.
  - 3. Movement: Accommodate movement between window and perimeter framing and deflection of lintel, without damage to components or deterioration of seals.
  - 4. System Internal Drainage: Drain to the exterior by means of a weep drainage network any water entering joints, condensation occurring in glazing channel, and migrating moisture occurring within system.
- B. Fixed, Non-Operable Type:
  - 1. Construction: Thermally broken.
  - 2. Glazing: Double; clear; low-e.
- C. Inswinging Casement Type:
  - 1. Construction: Thermally broken.
  - 2. Provide screens.
  - 3. Glazing: Double; clear; low-e.

## 2.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Grade: AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 requirements for specific window type:
  - 1. Performance Class (PC): AW.

- B. Member Deflection: Limit member deflection to flexure limit of glass in any direction, with full recovery of glazing materials.
- C. Water Leakage: No uncontrolled leakage on interior face when tested in accordance with ASTM E331 at differential pressure of 15 psf.
- D. Air Leakage: 0.1 cfm/sq ft maximum leakage per unit area of outside window frame dimension when tested at 1.57 psf pressure difference in accordance with ASTM E283/E283M.
- E. Condensation Resistance Factor of Frame: 70, measured in accordance with AAMA 1503.
- F. Overall Thermal Transmittance (U-value): .32, maximum, including glazing, measured on window sizes required for this project.
- G. Forced Entry Resistance: Tested to comply with ASTM F588 requirements for performance level of Grade 40 for specific window style required.
- H. Acoustic Performance: Minimum outdoor-indoor transmission class (OITC) rating of 32, when tested in accordance with ASTM E90 and ASTM E1332.

#### 2.5 COMPONENTS

- A. Frames: 3 1/4 inch wide by 2 1/8 inch deep profile, minimum wall thicknes 0.125 inch; thermally broken with interior portion of frame insulated from exterior portion; flush glass stops of snap-on type.
- B. Glazing: See Section 088000.
- C. Sills: extruded aluminum; sloped for positive wash; fit under sash leg to 1/2 inch beyond wall face; one piece full width of opening; jamb angles to terminate sill end.
- D. Insect Screens: Extruded aluminum frame with mitered and reinforced corners; screen mesh taut and secure to frame; secured to window with adjustable hardware allowing screen removal without use of tools.
  - 1. Hardware: Spring loaded steel pins; four per screen unit.
  - 2. Screen Mesh: Vinyl-coated fiberglass, window manufacturer's standard mesh.
  - 3. Frame Finish: Same as frame and sash.
- E. Operable Sash Weatherstripping: Wool pile; permanently resilient, profiled to achieve effective weather seal.
- F. Sealant for Setting Sills and Sill Flashing: Non-curing butyl type.

## 2.6 MATERIALS

- A. Extruded Aluminum: ASTM B221 (ASTM B221M), 6063 alloy, T6 temper.
- B. Concealed Steel Items: Profiled to suit mullion sections; galvanized in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M.

#### 2.7 HARDWARE

A. Sash lock: Lever handle with cam lock.

- B. Projecting Sash Arms: Cadmium plated steel, friction pivot joints with nylon bearings, removable pivot clips for cleaning.
- C. Limit Stops: Resilient rubber.

#### 2.8 FINISHES

- A. Superior Performing Organic Coatings System: Polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) multi-coat superior performing organic coatings system complying with AAMA 2605, including at least 70 percent PVDF resin, and at least 80 percent of aluminum extrusion and panels surfaces having minimum total dry film thickness (DFT) of 1.2 mils, 0.0012 inch.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. EFCO Ultrapon.
    - b. Sherwin-Williams Company; Fluropon: www.coil.sherwin.com/#sle.
    - c. Approved equal.
    - d. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Finish Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- C. Operator and Exposed Hardware: Enameled to color as selected from manufacturer's standard line.
- D. Apply one coat of bituminous coating to concealed aluminum surfaces in contact with dissimilar materials.
- E. Shop and Touch-Up Primer for Steel Components: Zinc oxide, alkyd, linseed oil primer appropriate for use over hand cleaned steel.
- F. Touch-Up Primer for Galvanized Steel Surfaces: SSPC-Paint 20, zinc rich.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that wall openings and adjoining water-resistive barrier materials are ready to receive aluminum windows; see Section 072500.

#### 3.2 WINDOW INSTALLATION

- A. Install windows in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install window assembly in accordance with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440.
- C. Attach window frame and shims to perimeter opening to accommodate construction tolerances and other irregularities.
- D. Align window plumb and level, free of warp or twist. Maintain dimensional tolerances and alignment with adjacent work.
- E. Install sill and sill end angles.

- F. Provide thermal isolation where components penetrate or disrupt building insulation. Pack fibrous insulation in shim spaces at perimeter of assembly to maintain continuity of thermal barrier.
- G. Install operating hardware not pre-installed by manufacturer.
- H. Install glass and infill panels in accordance with requirements; see Section 088000.

## 3.3 TOLERANCES

A. Maximum Variation from Level or Plumb: 1/16 inches every 3 ft non-cumulative or 1/8 inches per 10 ft, whichever is less.

## 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for independent field testing and inspection requirements, and requirements for monitoring quality of specified product installations.
- B. Provide field testing of installed aluminum windows by independent laboratory in accordance with AAMA 502 and AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 during construction process and before installation of interior finishes.
  - 1. Perform tests on three individual windows in designated locations as indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Conduct tests on individual windows prior to 5 percent, 50 percent, and 90 percent completion of this work.
  - 3. Field test for water penetration in accordance with ASTM E1105 using Procedure B cyclic static air pressure difference; test pressure shall not be less than 1.9 psf.
  - 4. Field test for air leakage in accordance with ASTM E783 with uniform static air pressure difference of 1.57 psf.
    - a. Maximum allowable rate of air leakage is 1.5 times specified rate of 0.10 cfm/sq ft as indicated in AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440.
- C. Repair or replace fenestration components that have failed designated field testing, and retest to verify performance complies with specified requirements.

#### 3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust hardware for smooth operation and secure weathertight closure.

#### 3.6 CLEANING

- A. Remove protective material from factory finished aluminum surfaces.
- B. Wash surfaces by method recommended and acceptable to window manufacturer; rinse and wipe surfaces clean.
- C. Upon completion of installation, thoroughly clean aluminum surfaces in accordance with AAMA 609 & 610.
- D. Remove excess glazing sealant by moderate use of mineral spirits or other solvent acceptable to sealant and window manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 085113

## SECTION 087100 DOOR HARDWARE

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section includes:

- 1. Mechanical and electrified door hardware
- 2. Electronic access control system components

## B. Section excludes:

- 1. Windows
- 2. Cabinets (casework), including locks in cabinets
- 3. Signage
- 4. Toilet accessories
- 5. Overhead doors

## C. Related Sections:

- 1. Division 01 "General Requirements" sections for Allowances, Alternates, Owner Furnished Contractor Installed, Project Management and Coordination.
- 2. Division 06 Section "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry"
- 3. Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for sealant requirements applicable to threshold installation specified in this section.
- 4. Division 08 Sections:
  - a. "Metal Doors and Frames"
- 5. Division 26 "Electrical" sections for connections to electrical power system and for low-voltage wiring.
- 6. Division 28 "Electronic Safety and Security" sections for coordination with other components of electronic access control system and fire alarm system.

## 1.2 REFERENCES

## A. UL LLC

- 1. UL 10B Fire Test of Door Assemblies
- 2. UL 10C Positive Pressure Test of Fire Door Assemblies
- 3. UL 1784 Air Leakage Tests of Door Assemblies
- 4. UL 305 Panic Hardware

## B. DHI - Door and Hardware Institute

- 1. Sequence and Format for the Hardware Schedule
- 2. Recommended Locations for Builders Hardware
- 3. Keying Systems and Nomenclature
- 4. Installation Guide for Doors and Hardware

#### C. NFPA – National Fire Protection Association

- 1. NFPA 70 National Electric Code
- 2. NFPA 80 2016 Edition Standard for Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives

- 3. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code
- 4. NFPA 105 Smoke and Draft Control Door Assemblies
- 5. NFPA 252 Fire Tests of Door Assemblies

#### D. ANSI - American National Standards Institute

- 1. ANSI A117.1 2017 Edition Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities
- 2. ANSI/BHMA A156.1 A156.29, and ANSI/BHMA A156.31 Standards for Hardware and Specialties
- 3. ANSI/BHMA A156.28 Recommended Practices for Keying Systems
- 4. ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A Interior Architectural Wood Flush Doors
- 5. ANSI/SDI A250.8 Standard Steel Doors and Frames

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

#### A. General:

- 1. Submit in accordance with Conditions of Contract and Division 01 Submittal Procedures.
- 2. Prior to forwarding submittal:
  - a. Review drawings and Sections from related trades to verify compatibility with specified hardware.
  - b. Highlight, encircle, or otherwise specifically identify on submittals: deviations from Contract Documents, issues of incompatibility or other issues which may detrimentally affect the Work.

#### B. Action Submittals:

- 1. Product Data: Submit technical product data for each item of door hardware, installation instructions, maintenance of operating parts and finish, and other information necessary to show compliance with requirements.
- 2. Riser and Wiring Diagrams: After final approval of hardware schedule, submit details of electrified door hardware, indicating:
  - a. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring and including:
    - 1) Details of interface of electrified door hardware and building safety and security systems.
    - 2) Schematic diagram of systems that interface with electrified door hardware.
    - 3) Point-to-point wiring.
    - 4) Risers.
- 3. Samples for Verification: If requested by Architect, submit production sample of requested door hardware unit in finish indicated and tagged with full description for coordination with schedule.
  - a. Samples will be returned to supplier. Units that are acceptable to Architect may, after final check of operations, be incorporated into Work, within limitations of key coordination requirements.

## 4. Door Hardware Schedule:

- a. Submit concurrent with submissions of Product Data, Samples, and Shop Drawings. Coordinate submission of door hardware schedule with scheduling requirements of other work to facilitate fabrication of other work critical in Project construction schedule.
- b. Submit under direct supervision of a Door Hardware Institute (DHI) certified Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC) or Door Hardware Consultant (DHC) with hardware sets in vertical format as illustrated by Sequence of Format for the Hardware Schedule published by DHI.

- c. Indicate complete designations of each item required for each opening, include:
  - 1) Door Index: door number, heading number, and Architect's hardware set number.
  - 2) Quantity, type, style, function, size, and finish of each hardware item.
  - 3) Name and manufacturer of each item.
  - 4) Fastenings and other pertinent information.
  - 5) Location of each hardware set cross-referenced to indications on Drawings.
  - 6) Explanation of all abbreviations, symbols, and codes contained in schedule.
  - 7) Mounting locations for hardware.
  - 8) Door and frame sizes and materials.
  - 9) Degree of door swing and handing.
  - 10) Operational Description of openings with electrified hardware covering egress, ingress (access), and fire/smoke alarm connections.

## 5. Key Schedule:

- a. After Keying Conference, provide keying schedule that includes levels of keying, explanations of key system's function, key symbols used, and door numbers controlled.
- b. Use ANSI/BHMA A156.28 "Recommended Practices for Keying Systems" as guideline for nomenclature, definitions, and approach for selecting optimal keying system.
- c. Provide 3 copies of keying schedule for review prepared and detailed in accordance with referenced DHI publication. Include schematic keying diagram and index each key to unique door designations.
- d. Index keying schedule by door number, keyset, hardware heading number, cross keying instructions, and special key stamping instructions.
- e. Provide one complete bitting list of key cuts and one key system schematic illustrating system usage and expansion. Forward bitting list, key cuts and key system schematic directly to Owner, by means as directed by Owner.
- f. Prepare key schedule by or under supervision of supplier, detailing Owner's final keying instructions for locks.

#### C. Informational Submittals:

- 1. Provide Qualification Data for Supplier, Installer and Architectural Hardware Consultant.
- 2. Provide Product Data:
  - a. Certify that door hardware approved for use on types and sizes of labeled fire-rated doors complies with listed fire-rated door assemblies.
  - b. Include warranties for specified door hardware.

## D. Closeout Submittals:

- 1. Operations and Maintenance Data: Provide in accordance with Division 01 and include:
  - a. Complete information on care, maintenance, and adjustment; data on repair and replacement parts, and information on preservation of finishes.
  - b. Catalog pages for each product.
  - c. Final approved hardware schedule edited to reflect conditions as installed.
  - d. Final keying schedule
  - e. Copy of warranties including appropriate reference numbers for manufacturers to identify project.
  - f. As-installed wiring diagrams for each opening connected to power, both low voltage and 110 volts.

## E. Inspection and Testing:

- 1. Submit written reports to the Owner and Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) of the results of functional testing and inspection for:
  - a. Fire door assemblies, in compliance with NFPA 80.
  - b. Required egress door assemblies, in compliance with NFPA 101.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

## A. Qualifications and Responsibilities:

- 1. Supplier: Recognized architectural hardware supplier with a minimum of 5 years documented experience supplying both mechanical and electromechanical door hardware similar in quantity, type, and quality to that indicated for this Project. Supplier to be recognized as a factory direct distributor by the manufacturer of the primary materials with a warehousing facility in the Project's vicinity. Supplier to have on staff, a certified Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC) or Door Hardware Consultant (DHC) available to Owner, Architect, and Contractor, at reasonable times during the Work for consultation.
- 2. Installer: Qualified tradesperson skilled in the application of commercial grade hardware with experience installing door hardware similar in quantity, type, and quality as indicated for this Project.
- 3. Architectural Hardware Consultant: Person who is experienced in providing consulting services for door hardware installations that are comparable in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and meets these requirements:
  - a. For door hardware: DHI certified AHC or DHC.
  - b. Can provide installation and technical data to Architect and other related subcontractors.
  - c. Can inspect and verify components are in working order upon completion of installation.
  - d. Capable of producing wiring diagram and coordinating installation of electrified hardware with Architect and electrical engineers.
- 4. Single Source Responsibility: Obtain each type of door hardware from single manufacturer.

#### B. Certifications:

- 1. Fire-Rated Door Openings:
  - a. Provide door hardware for fire-rated openings that complies with NFPA 80 and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - b. Provide only items of door hardware that are listed products tested by UL LLC, Intertek Testing Services, or other testing and inspecting organizations acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for use on types and sizes of doors indicated, based on testing at positive pressure and according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C and in compliance with requirements of fire-rated door and door frame labels.
- 2. Smoke and Draft Control Door Assemblies:
  - a. Provide door hardware that meets requirements of assemblies tested according to UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105
  - b. Comply with the maximum air leakage of 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. (3 cu. m per minute/sq. m) at tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wg (75 Pa) of water.
- 3. Electrified Door Hardware
  - a. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

## 4. Accessibility Requirements:

a. Comply with governing accessibility regulations cited in "REFERENCES" article 087100, 1.02.D3 herein for door hardware on doors in an accessible route. This project must comply with all Federal Americans with Disability Act regulations and all Local Accessibility Regulations.

## C. Pre-Installation Meetings

## 1. Keying Conference

- a. Incorporate keying conference decisions into final keying schedule after reviewing door hardware keying system including:
  - 1) Function of building, flow of traffic, purpose of each area, degree of security required, and plans for future expansion.
  - 2) Preliminary key system schematic diagram.
  - 3) Requirements for key control system.
  - 4) Requirements for access control.
  - 5) Address for delivery of keys.

## 2. Pre-installation Conference

- a. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
- b. Inspect and discuss preparatory work performed by other trades.
- c. Inspect and discuss electrical roughing-in for electrified door hardware.
- d. Review sequence of operation for each type of electrified door hardware.
- e. Review required testing, inspecting, and certifying procedures.
- f. Review questions or concerns related to proper installation and adjustment of door hardware.

## 3. Electrified Hardware Coordination Conference:

a. Prior to ordering electrified hardware, schedule and hold meeting to coordinate door hardware with security, electrical, doors and frames, and other related suppliers.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for hardware delivered to Project site. Promptly replace products damaged during shipping.
- B. Tag each item or package separately with identification coordinated with final door hardware schedule, and include installation instructions, templates, and necessary fasteners with each item or package. Deliver each article of hardware in manufacturer's original packaging.
- C. Maintain manufacturer-recommended environmental conditions throughout storage and installation periods.
- D. Provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to Project. Control handling and installation of hardware items so that completion of Work will not be delayed by hardware losses both before and after installation.
- E. Handle hardware in manner to avoid damage, marring, or scratching. Correct, replace or repair products damaged during Work. Protect products against malfunction due to paint, solvent, cleanser, or any chemical agent.
- F. Deliver keys to manufacturer of key control system for subsequent delivery to Owner.

#### 1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of floor-recessed door hardware with floor construction. Cast anchoring inserts into concrete.
- B. Installation Templates: Distribute for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory or shop prepared. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.
- C. Security: Coordinate installation of door hardware, keying, and access control with Owner's security consultant.
- D. Electrical System Roughing-In: Coordinate layout and installation of electrified door hardware with connections to power supplies and building safety and security systems.

#### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within published warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty does not cover damage or faulty operation due to improper installation, improper use or abuse.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Beginning from date of Substantial Completion, for durations indicated in manufacturer's published listings.

#### 1.8 MAINTENANCE

- A. Furnish complete set of special tools required for maintenance and adjustment of hardware, including changing of cylinders.
- B. Turn over unused materials to Owner for maintenance purposes.

## 1.9 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM B117 Standard Practice for Operating Salt Spray (Fog) Apparatus; 2019.
- B. BHMA A156.1 Standard for Butts and Hinges; 2021.
- C. BHMA A156.2 Bored and Preassembled Locks and Latches; 2022.
- D. BHMA A156.3 Exit Devices; 2020.
- E. BHMA A156.4 Door Controls Closers; 2019.
- F. BHMA A156.13 Mortise Locks & Latches Series 1000; 2022.
- G. BHMA A156.28 Standard for Recommended Practices for Mechanical Keying Systems; 2023.
- H. BHMA A156.31 Electric Strikes and Frame Mounted Actuators; 2019.
- I. ISO 9000 Quality Management Systems -- Fundamentals and Vocabulary; 2015.

- J. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- K. NFPA 80 Standard for Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives; 2022.
- L. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- M. NFPA 105 Standard for Smoke Door Assemblies and Other Opening Protectives; 2022.
- N. NFPA 252 Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Door Assemblies; 2022.
- O. UL 10B Standard for Fire Tests of Door Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- P. UL 10C Standard for Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- Q. UL 305 Standard for Panic Hardware; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- R. UL 1784 Standard for Air Leakage Tests of Door Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- S. WDMA I.S. 1A Interior Architectural Wood Flush Doors; 2021, with Errata (2022).

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Approval of alternate manufacturers and/or products other than those listed as "Scheduled Manufacturer" or "Acceptable Manufacturers" in the individual article for the product category are only to be considered by official substitution request in accordance with section 01 25 00.
- B. Approval of products from manufacturers indicated in "Acceptable Manufacturers" is contingent upon those products providing all functions and features and meeting all requirements of scheduled manufacturer's product.
- C. Where specified hardware is not adaptable to finished shape or size of members requiring hardware, furnish suitable types having same operation and quality as type specified, subject to Architect's approval.

#### 2.2 MATERIALS

#### A. Fabrication

- 1. Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates generally prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. provide screws according to manufacturer's recognized installation standards for application intended.
- 2. Finish exposed screws to match hardware finish, or, if exposed in surfaces of other work, to match finish of this other work including prepared for paint surfaces to receive painted finish.
- 3. Provide concealed fasteners wherever possible for hardware units exposed when door is closed. Coordinate with "Metal Doors and Frames", "Flush Wood Doors", "Stile and Rail Wood Doors" to ensure proper reinforcements. Advise the Architect where visible

fasteners, such as thru bolts, are required.

- B. Provide screws, bolts, expansion shields, drop plates and other devices necessary for hardware installation.
  - 1. Where fasteners are exposed to view: Finish to match adjacent door hardware material.

#### C. Cable and Connectors:

- 1. Where scheduled in the hardware sets, provide each item of electrified hardware and wire harnesses with number and gage of wires enough to accommodate electric function of specified hardware.
- 2. Provide Molex connectors that plug directly into connectors from harnesses, electric locking and power transfer devices.
- 3. Provide through-door wire harness for each electrified locking device installed in a door and wire harness for each electrified hinge, electrified continuous hinge, electrified pivot, and electric power transfer for connection to power supplies.

## 2.3 HINGES

- A. Manufacturers and Products:
  - 1. Scheduled Manufacturer and Product:
    - a. Ives 5BB series

## B. Requirements:

- 1. Provide hinges conforming to ANSI/BHMA A156.1.
- 2. Provide five knuckle, ball bearing hinges.
- 3. 1-3/4 inch (44 mm) thick doors, up to and including 36 inches (914 mm) wide:
  - a. Exterior: Standard weight, bronze or stainless steel, 4-1/2 inches (114 mm) high
  - b. Interior: Standard weight, steel, 4-1/2 inches (114 mm) high
- 4. 1-3/4 inch (44 mm) thick doors over 36 inches (914 mm) wide:
  - a. Exterior: Heavy weight, bronze/stainless steel, 5 inches (127 mm) high
  - b. Interior: Heavy weight, steel, 5 inches (127 mm) high
- 5. 2 inches or thicker doors:
  - a. Exterior: Heavy weight, bronze or stainless steel, 5 inches (127 mm) high
  - b. Interior: Heavy weight, steel, 5 inches (127 mm) high
- 6. Adjust hinge width for door, frame, and wall conditions to allow proper degree of opening.
- 7. Provide three hinges per door leaf for doors 90 inches (2286 mm) or less in height, and one additional hinge for each 30 inches (762 mm) of additional door height.
- 8. Hinge Pins: Except as otherwise indicated, provide hinge pins as follows:
  - a. Steel Hinges: Steel pins
  - b. Non-Ferrous Hinges: Stainless steel pins
  - c. Out-Swinging Exterior Doors: Non-removable pins
  - d. Out-Swinging Interior Lockable Doors: Non-removable pins
  - e. Interior Non-lockable Doors: Non-rising pins
- 9. Provide hinges with electrified options as scheduled in the hardware sets. Provide with number and gage of wires enough to accommodate electric function of specified hardware. Locate electric hinge at second hinge from bottom or nearest to electrified locking component. Provide mortar guard for each electrified hinge specified.

#### 2.4 FLUSH BOLTS

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer:
  - a. Ives

## B. Requirements:

1. Provide automatic, constant latching, and manual flush bolts with forged bronze or stainless-steel face plates, extruded brass levers, and with wrought brass guides and strikes. Provide 12 inch (305 mm) steel or brass rods at doors up to 90 inches (2286 mm) in height. For doors over 90 inches (2286 mm) in height increase top rods by 6 inches (152 mm) for each additional 6 inches (152 mm) of door height. Provide dust-proof strikes at each bottom flush bolt.

#### 2.5 COORDINATORS

## A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer:
  - a. Ives

## B. Requirements:

- 1. Where pairs of doors are equipped with automatic flush bolts, an astragal, or other hardware that requires synchronized closing of the doors, provide bar-type coordinating device, surface applied to underside of stop at frame head.
- 2. Provide filler bar of correct length for unit to span entire width of opening, and appropriate brackets for parallel arm door closers, surface vertical rod exit device strikes, or other stop mounted hardware. Factory-prepared coordinators for vertical rod devices as specified.

## 2.6 MORTISE LOCKS

#### A. Manufacturers and Products:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer and Product:
  - a. Schlage L9000 series

## B. Requirements:

- 1. Provide mortise locks conforming to ANSI/BHMA A156.13 Series 1000, Grade 1, and UL Listed for 3-hour fire doors.
- 2. Indicators: Where specified, provide indicator window measuring a minimum 2-3/5-inch x 3/5 inch with 180-degree visibility. Provide messages color-coded using ANSI Z535 Safety Red with full text and/or symbols, as scheduled, for easy visibility. When applicable allows for lock status indication on both sides of the door.
- 3. Provide locks manufactured from heavy gauge steel, containing components of steel with a zinc dichromate plating for corrosion resistance.
- 4. Provide lock case that is multi-function and field reversible for handing without opening case. Cylinders: Refer to "KEYING" article, herein.
- 5. Provide locks with standard 2-3/4 inches (70 mm) backset with full 3/4 inch (19 mm) throw stainless steel mechanical anti-friction latchbolt. Provide deadbolt with full 1-inch (25 mm) throw, constructed of stainless steel.
- 6. Provide standard ASA strikes unless extended lip strikes are necessary to protect trim. Provide electrified options as scheduled in the hardware sets. Where scheduled, provide switches and sensors integrated into the locks and latches.

- 7. Provide motor based electrified locksets that comply with the following requirements:
  - a. Universal input voltage single chassis accepts 12 or 24VDC to allow for changes in the field without changing lock chassis.
  - b. Fail Safe/Fail Secure changing mode between electrically locked (fail safe) and electrically unlocked (fail secure) is field selectable without opening the lock case.
  - c. Low maximum current draw maximum 0.4 amps to allow for multiple locks on a single power supply.
  - d. Low holding current maximum 0.01 amps to produce minimal heat, eliminate "hot levers" in electrically locked applications, and to provide reliable operation in wood doors that provide minimal ventilation and air flow.
  - e. Connections provide quick-connect Molex system standard.
- 8. Lever Trim: Solid brass, bronze, or stainless steel, cast or forged in design specified, with wrought roses and external lever spring cages. Provide thru-bolted levers with 2-piece spindles.

## 2.7 CYLINDRICAL LOCKS – GRADE 1

- A. Manufacturers and Products:
  - 1. Scheduled Manufacturer and Product:
    - a. Schlage ND series
- B. Requirements:
  - 1. Provide cylindrical locks conforming to ANSI/BHMA A156.2 Series 4000, Grade 1, and UL Listed for 3-hour fire doors.
  - 2. Indicators: Where specified, provide escutcheon with lock status indicator window on top of lockset rose:
    - a. Escutcheon height (including rose) 6.05 inches high by 3.68 inches wide.
    - b. Indicator window measuring a minimum 3.52-inch by .60 inch with 1.92 square-inches of front facing viewing area and 180-degree visibility with a total of .236 square-inches of total viewable area.
    - c. Provide snap-in serviceable window to prevent tampering. Lock must function if indicator is compromised.
    - d. Provide messages color-coded with full text and symbol, as scheduled, for easy visibility.
    - e. Unlocked and Unoccupied message will display on white background, and Locked and Occupied message will display on red background.
  - 3. Cylinders: Refer to "KEYING" article, herein.
  - 4. Provide locks with standard 2-3/4 inches (70 mm) backset, unless noted otherwise, with 1/2-inch latch throw. Provide proper latch throw for UL listing at pairs.
  - 5. Provide locksets with separate anti-rotation thru-bolts, and no exposed screws.
  - 6. Provide independently operating levers with two external return spring cassettes mounted under roses to prevent lever sag.
  - 7. Provide standard ASA strikes unless extended lip strikes are necessary to protect trim.
  - 8. Provide electrified options as scheduled in the hardware sets.
  - 9. Lever Trim: Solid cast levers without plastic inserts and wrought roses on both sides.

## 2.8 EXIT DEVICES

- A. Manufacturers and Products:
  - 1. Scheduled Manufacturer and Product:

## a. Von Duprin 98/35A series

## B. Requirements:

- 1. Provide exit devices tested to ANSI/BHMA A156.3 Grade 1 and UL listed for Panic Exit or Fire Exit Hardware.
- 2. Cylinders: Refer to "KEYING" article, herein.
- 3. Provide smooth touchpad type exit devices, fabricated of brass, bronze, stainless steel, or aluminum, plated to standard architectural finishes to match balance of door hardware.
- 4. Touchpad must extend a minimum of one half of door width. No plastic inserts are allowed in touchpads.
- 5. Provide exit devices with deadlatching feature for security and for future addition of alarm kits and/or other electrified requirements.
- 6. Provide exit devices with weather resistant components that can withstand harsh conditions of various climates and corrosive cleaners used in outdoor pool environments.
- 7. Provide flush end caps for exit devices.
- 8. Provide exit devices with manufacturer's approved strikes.
- 9. Provide exit devices cut to door width and height. Install exit devices at height recommended by exit device manufacturer, allowable by governing building codes, and approved by Architect.
- 10. Mount mechanism case flush on face of doors or provide spacers to fill gaps behind devices. Where glass trim or molding projects off face of door, provide glass bead kits.
- 11. Provide cylinder or hex-key dogging as specified at non fire-rated openings.
- 12. Removable Mullions: 2 inches (51 mm) x 3 inches (76 mm) steel tube. Where scheduled as keyed removable mullion, provide type that can be removed by use of a keyed cylinder, which is self-locking when re-installed.
- 13. Provide factory drilled weep holes for exit devices used in full exterior application, highly corrosive areas, and where noted in hardware sets.
- 14. Provide electrified options as scheduled.
- 15. Top latch mounting: double- or single-tab mount for steel doors, face mount for aluminum doors eliminating requirement of tabs, and double tab mount for wood doors.
- 16. Provide exit devices with optional trim designs to match other lever and pull designs used on the project.

#### 2.9 CYLINDERS

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer and Product:
  - a. Schlage FSIC core
- 2. Acceptable Manufacturers and Products:
  - a. No Substitute

## B. Requirements:

1. Provide cylinders/cores to match Owner's existing key system, compliant with ANSI/BHMA A156.5; latest revision; cylinder face finished to match lockset, manufacturer's series as indicated. Refer to "KEYING" article, herein.

#### 2.10 KEYING

## A. Scheduled System:

1. Existing factory registered system:

a. Provide cylinders/cores keyed into Owner's existing factory registered keying system. Comply with guidelines in ANSI/BHMA A156.28, incorporating decisions made at keying conference.

#### B. Requirements:

- 1. Permanent Keying:
  - a. Provide permanent cylinders/cores keyed by the manufacturer according to the following key system.
    - 1) Master Keying system as directed by the Owner.
  - b. Forward bitting list and keys separately from cylinders, by means as directed by Owner. Failure to comply with forwarding requirements will be cause for replacement of cylinders/cores involved at no additional cost to Owner.
  - c. Provide keys with the following features:
    - 1) Material: Nickel silver; minimum thickness of .107-inch (2.3mm)
    - 2) Patent Protection: Keys and blanks protected by one or more utility patent(s).
  - d. Identification:
    - 1) Mark permanent cylinders/cores and keys with applicable blind code for identification. Do not provide blind code marks with actual key cuts.
    - 2) Identification stamping provisions must be approved by the Architect and Owner.
    - 3) Stamp cylinders/cores and keys with Owner's unique key system facility code as established by the manufacturer; key symbol and embossed or stamped with "DO NOT DUPLICATE" along with the "PATENTED" or patent number to enforce the patent protection.
    - 4) Failure to comply with stamping requirements will be cause for replacement of keys involved at no additional cost to Owner.
    - 5) Forward permanent cylinders/cores to Owner, separately from keys, by means as directed by Owner.
  - e. Quantity: Furnish in the following quantities.
    - 1) Permanent Control Keys: 3.
    - 2) Master Keys: 6.
    - 3) Change (Day) Keys: 3 per cylinder/core that is keyed differently
    - 4) Key Blanks: Quantity as determined in the keying meeting.

#### 2.11 KEY CONTROL SYSTEM

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer:
  - a. Telkee

## B. Requirements:

- 1. Provide key control system, including envelopes, labels, tags with self-locking key clips, receipt forms, 3-way visible card index, temporary markers, permanent markers, and standard metal cabinet, all as recommended by system manufacturer, with capacity for 150% of number of locks required for Project.
  - a. Provide complete cross index system set up by hardware supplier, and place keys on markers and hooks in cabinet as determined by final key schedule.
  - b. Provide hinged-panel type cabinet for wall mounting.

#### 2.12 DOOR CLOSERS

#### A. Manufacturers and Products:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer and Product:
  - a. LCN 4040XP series

## B. Requirements:

- 1. Provide door closers conforming to ANSI/BHMA A156.4 Grade 1 requirements by BHMA certified independent testing laboratory. ISO 9000 certify closers. Stamp units with date of manufacture code.
- 2. Provide door closers with fully hydraulic, full rack and pinion action with high strength cast iron cylinder, and full complement bearings at shaft.
- 3. Cylinder Body: 1-1/2-inch (38 mm) diameter piston with 5/8-inch (16 mm) diameter double heat-treated pinion journal. QR code with a direct link to maintenance instructions.
- 4. Hydraulic Fluid: Fireproof, passing requirements of UL10C, and requiring no seasonal closer adjustment for temperatures ranging from 120 degrees F to -30 degrees F.
- 5. Spring Power: Continuously adjustable over full range of closer sizes, and providing reduced opening force as required by accessibility codes and standards. Provide snap-on cover clip, with plastic covers, that secures cover to spring tube.
- 6. Hydraulic Regulation: By tamper-proof, non-critical valves, with separate adjustment for latch speed, general speed, and backcheck. Provide graphically labelled instructions on the closer body adjacent to each adjustment valve. Provide positive stop on reg valve that prevents reg screw from being backed out.
- 7. Provide closers with solid forged steel main arms and factory assembled heavy-duty forged forearms for parallel arm closers.
- 8. Pressure Relief Valve (PRV) Technology: Not permitted.
- 9. Finish for Closer Cylinders, Arms, Adapter Plates, and Metal Covers: Powder coating finish which has been certified to exceed 100 hours salt spray testing as described in ANSI Standard A156.4 and ASTM B117, or has special rust inhibitor (SRI).
- 10. Provide special templates, drop plates, mounting brackets, or adapters for arms as required for details, overhead stops, and other door hardware items interfering with closer mounting.

## 2.13 DOOR TRIM

## A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer:
  - a. Ives

#### B. Requirements:

1. Provide push plates, push bars, pull plates, pulls, and hands-free reversible door pulls with diameter and length as scheduled.

## 2.14 PROTECTION PLATES

## A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer:
  - a. Ives

## B. Requirements:

- 1. Provide protection plates with a minimum of 0.050 inch (1 mm) thick, beveled four edges as scheduled. Furnish with sheet metal or wood screws, finished to match plates.
- 2. Sizes plates 2 inches (51 mm) less width of door on single doors, pairs of doors with a mullion, and doors with edge guards. Size plates 1 inch (25 mm) less width of door on pairs without a mullion or edge guards.
- 3. At fire rated doors, provide protection plates over 16 inches high with UL label.

#### 2.15 OVERHEAD STOPS AND OVERHEAD STOP/HOLDERS

## A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturers:
  - a. Glynn-Johnson

#### B. Requirements:

1. Provide overhead stop at any door where conditions do not allow for a wall stop or floor stop presents tripping hazard.

## 2.16 DOOR STOPS AND HOLDERS

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer:
  - a. Ives

## B. Provide door stops at each door leaf:

- 1. Provide wall stops wherever possible. Provide concave type where lockset has a push button of thumbturn.
- 2. Where a wall stop cannot be used, provide universal floor stops.
- 3. Where wall or floor stop cannot be used, provide overhead stop.
- 4. Provide roller bumper where doors open into each other and overhead stop cannot be used.

# 2.17 THRESHOLDS, SEALS, DOOR SWEEPS, AUTOMATIC DOOR BOTTOMS, AND GASKETING

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer:
  - a. Zero International

## B. Requirements:

- 1. Provide thresholds, weather-stripping, and gasketing systems as specified and per architectural details. Match finish of other items.
- 2. Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies: Where smoke- and draft-control door assemblies are required, provide door hardware that meets requirements of assemblies tested according to UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105.
- 3. Provide door sweeps, seals, astragals, and auto door bottoms only of type where resilient or flexible seal strip is easily replaceable and readily available.
- 4. Size thresholds 1/2 inch (13 mm) high by 5 inches (127 mm) wide by door width unless otherwise specified in the hardware sets or detailed in the drawings.

#### 2.18 SILENCERS

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Scheduled Manufacturer:
  - a. Ives

## B. Requirements:

- 1. Provide "push-in" type silencers for hollow metal or wood frames.
- 2. Provide one silencer per 30 inches (762 mm) of height on each single frame, and two for each pair frame.
- 3. Omit where gasketing is specified.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Prior to installation of hardware, examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire-rated door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance. Verify doors, frames, and walls have been properly reinforced for hardware installation.
- B. Examine roughing-in for electrical power systems to verify actual locations of wiring connections before electrified door hardware installation.
- C. Submit a list of deficiencies in writing and proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Mount door hardware units at heights to comply with the following, unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.
  - 1. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8.
  - 2. Custom Steel Doors and Frames: HMMA 831.
  - 3. Interior Architectural Wood Flush Doors: ANSI/WDMA I.S. 1A
  - 4. Installation Guide for Doors and Hardware: DHI TDH-007-20
- B. Install door hardware in accordance with NFPA 80, NFPA 101 and provide post-install inspection, testing as specified in section 1.03.E unless otherwise required to comply with governing regulations.
- C. Install each hardware item in compliance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations, using only fasteners provided by manufacturer.
- D. Do not install surface mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrate. Protect all installed hardware during painting.
- E. Set units level, plumb and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrate as necessary for proper installation and operation.
- F. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.

- G. Install operating parts so they move freely and smoothly without binding, sticking, or excessive clearance.
- H. Hinges: Install types and in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule but not fewer than quantity recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.
- I. Lock Cylinders:
  - 1. Install construction cores to secure building and areas during construction period.
  - 2. Replace construction cores with permanent cores as indicated in keying section.
- J. Wiring: Coordinate with Division 26, ELECTRICAL and Division 28 ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY sections for:
  - 1. Conduit, junction boxes and wire pulls.
  - 2. Connections to and from power supplies to electrified hardware.
  - 3. Connections to fire/smoke alarm system and smoke evacuation system.
  - 4. Connection of wire to door position switches and wire runs to central room or area, as directed by Architect.
  - 5. Connections to panel interface modules, controllers, and gateways.
  - 6. Testing and labeling wires with Architect's opening number.
- K. Key Control System: Tag keys and place them on markers and hooks in key control system cabinet, as determined by final keying schedule.
- L. Continuous Hinges: Re-locate the door and frame fire rating labels where they will remain visible so that the hinge does not cover the label once installed.
- M. Door Closers & Auto Operators: Mount closers/operators on room side of corridor doors, inside of exterior doors, and stair side of stairway doors from corridors. Mount closers/operators so they are not visible in corridors, lobbies and other public spaces unless approved by Architect.
- N. Overhead Stops/Holders: Mount overhead stops/holders on room side of corridor doors, inside of exterior doors, and stair side of stairway doors.
- O. Power Supplies: Locate power supplies as indicated or, if not indicated, above accessible ceilings or in equipment room, or alternate location as directed by Architect.
- P. Thresholds: Set thresholds in full bed of sealant complying with requirements specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."
- Q. Stops: Provide floor stops for doors unless wall or other type stops are indicated in door hardware schedule. Do not mount floor stops where they may impede traffic or present tripping hazard.
- R. Perimeter Gasketing: Apply to head and jamb, forming seal between door and frame.
- S. Meeting Stile Gasketing: Fasten to meeting stiles, forming seal when doors are closed.
- T. Door Bottoms and Sweeps: Apply to bottom of door, forming seal with threshold when door is closed.

## 3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.
  - 1. Spring Hinges: Adjust to achieve positive latching when door can close freely from an open position of 30 degrees.
  - 2. Electric Strikes: Adjust horizontal and vertical alignment of keeper to properly engage lock bolt.
  - 3. Door Closers: Adjust sweep period to comply with accessibility requirements and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Occupancy Adjustment: Approximately three to six months after date of Substantial Completion, examine and readjust each item of door hardware, including adjusting operating forces, as necessary to ensure function of doors and door hardware.

#### 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.
- B. Clean operating items per manufacturer's instructions to restore proper function and finish.
- C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

#### 3.5 DOOR HARDWARE SCHEDULE

- A. The intent of the hardware specification is to specify the hardware for interior and exterior doors, and to establish a type, continuity, and standard of quality. However, it is the door hardware supplier's responsibility to thoroughly review existing conditions, schedules, specifications, drawings, and other Contract Documents to verify the suitability of the hardware specified.
- B. Discrepancies, conflicting hardware, and missing items are to be brought to the attention of the architect with corrections made prior to the bidding process. Omitted items not included in a hardware set should be scheduled with the appropriate additional hardware required for proper application.
- C. Hardware items are referenced in the following hardware schedule. Refer to the above specifications for special features, options, cylinders/keying, and other requirements.
- D. Hardware Sets:

## HARDWARE GROUP NO. 01 - EGRESS, EXIT ONLY, RATED EXTERIOR

## PROVIDE EACH SGL DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5 NRP	630	IVE

1	EA	FIRE EXIT HARDWARE	9875-EO-F	626	VON
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B- CS	630	IVE
1	EA	RAIN DRIP	11A	A	ZER
1	SET	GASKETING	328AA-S	AA	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	328SPB		ZER
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)		
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 01.1 - EGRESS, EXIT ONLY, EXTERIOR

## PROVIDE EACH SGL DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5 NRP	630	IVE
1	EA	PANIC HARDWARE	LD-9875-EO	626	VON
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B- CS	630	IVE
1	EA	RAIN DRIP	11A	A	ZER
1	SET	GASKETING	328AA-S	AA	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	328SPB		ZER
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF		

			DIVISION 28	
			(AS	
			REQUIRED)	
			THRESHOLD	
1	EA	NOTE	PER SILL	
			DETAIL	

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 01.2 - EGRESS, PASSAGE, 180MIN

PROVIDE EACH SGL DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	FIRE EXIT HARDWARE	9875-L-BE- F-03	626	VON
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B- CS	630	IVE
1	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS436	626	IVE
1	SET	GASKETING	770AA-S	AA	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 02 - STOREROOM

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ND80TD TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B- CS	630	IVE
1	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS436	626	IVE

1	EA	GASKETING	488SBK PSA (PROVIDE AT SMOKE AND/OR FIRE RATED DOORS)	ВК	ZER
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64 (OMIT WHERE SMOKE/FIRE SEALS ARE PROVIDED)	GRY	IVE

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 02.1 - STOREROOM

PROVIDE EACH SGL DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ND80TD TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B- CS	630	IVE
1	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS436	626	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	488SBK PSA (PROVIDE AT SMOKE AND/OR FIRE RATED DOORS)	ВК	ZER
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64 (OMIT WHERE SMOKE/FIRE SEALS ARE PROVIDED)	GRY	IVE

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 02.3 - STOREROOM

# PROVIDE EACH SGL DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
4	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 NRP	652	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ND80TD TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B- CS	630	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	488SBK PSA (PROVIDE AT SMOKE AND/OR FIRE RATED DOORS)	BK	ZER
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64 (OMIT WHERE SMOKE/FIRE SEALS ARE PROVIDED)	GRY	IVE

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 02.4 - STOREROOM, SEALS

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	630	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ND80TD TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN

1	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS438	626	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	8144SBK PSA	BK	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)		
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 02.5 - STOREROOM, NO CLOSER

PROVIDE EACH SGL DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
4	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 NRP	652	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	ND80TD TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	OH STOP	100S	630	GLY
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64 (OMIT WHERE SMOKE/FIRE SEALS ARE PROVIDED)	GRY	IVE

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 03 - PASSAGE, LOCKER/RESTROOM

QTY			CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	PASSAGE SET	ND10S TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE

1	EA	WALL STOP	WS406/407CCV	63	30	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	488SBK PSA (PROVIDE AT SMOKE AND/OR FIRE RATED DOORS)	ВІ	K .	ZER
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64 (OMIT WHERE SMOKE/FIRE SEALS ARE PROVIDED)	Gl	RY 1	IVE

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 03.1 - PASSAGE, SEALS

# PROVIDE EACH SGL DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	630	IVE
1	EA	PASSAGE SET	ND10S TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B- CS	630	IVE
1	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS438	626	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	8144SBK PSA	ВК	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 03.2 - PASSAGE

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	PASSAGE SET	ND10S TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-	630	IVE

			CS		
1	EA	GASKETING	488SBK PSA (PROVIDE AT SMOKE AND/OR FIRE RATED DOORS)	ВК	ZER
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64 (OMIT WHERE SMOKE/FIRE SEALS ARE PROVIDED)	GRY	IVE

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 03.3 - PASSAGE

PROVIDE EACH SGL DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	PASSAGE SE	TND10S TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	OH STOP	100S	630	GLY
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP ST-1630	689	LCN
1	EA	TOP JAMB MTG PLATE	4040XP-18TJ SRT	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B- CS	630	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	488SBK PSA (PROVIDE AT SMOKE AND/OR FIRE RATED DOORS)	BK	ZER
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64 (OMIT WHERE SMOKE/FIRE SEALS ARE PROVIDED)	GRY	IVE

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 03.5 - PASSAGE, SEALS

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5	630	IVE
1	EA	PASSAGE SET	ND10S TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B- CS	630	IVE
1	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS438	626	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	8144SBK PSA	ВК	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 03A - PASSAGE, SEALS

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
6	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	630	IVE
1	EA	CONST LATCHING BOLT	FB51P	630	IVE
1	EA	DUST PROOF STRIKE	DP2	626	IVE
1	EA	PASSAGE SET	ND10S TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	COORDINATOR	COR X FL	628	IVE
2	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	MB	689	IVE
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B- CS	630	IVE
1	SET	MEETING STILE	328AA-S	AA	ZER
1	EA	GASKETING	8144SBK PSA	ВК	ZER
2	EA	DOOR SWEEP	39A	A	ZER
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S)		

			- WORK OF	
			DIVISION 28	
			(AS	
			REQUIRED)	
			THRESHOLD	
1	EA	NOTE	PER SILL	
			DETAIL	

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 04 - PRIVACY

# PROVIDE EACH SGL DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	PRIVACY W/DEADBOL' W/ OUTSIDE INDICATOR	L9440 03A L583-363 OS- OCC	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
	EA	WALL STOP	WS406/407CCV	630	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	488SBK PSA (PROVIDE AT SMOKE AND/OR FIRE RATED DOORS)	ВК	ZER
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64 (OMIT WHERE SMOKE/FIRE SEALS ARE PROVIDED)	GRY	IVE

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 04-PD - PRIVACY, POCKET DOOR

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	DOOK	CC-2-993 (1 DOOR KIT)		KNC
1	EA	POCKET DOOR PRIVACY	2001ADAP-5I	630	ACC

LOCK		

## HARDWARE GROUP NO. 05 - OFFICE, NO CLOSER

# PROVIDE EACH SGL DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	ENTRANCE LOCK	ND53TD TLR	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS436	626	IVE
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64 (OMIT WHERE SMOKE/FIRE SEALS ARE PROVIDED)	GRY	IVE

# HARDWARE GROUP NO. 05-PD - LOCKABLE, POCKET DOOR

# PROVIDE EACH PD DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	POCKET DOOR HARDWARE	CC-2-993 (1 DOOR KIT)		KNC
1	EA	POCKET DOOR LOCK	2001ADAP-3ST	630	ACC
1	EA	MORTISE CYLINDER	20-061 ICX X B520-253 36-083	626	SCH

HARDWARE GROUP NO. 05.1 - OFFICE, SEALS

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	630	IVE
1	EA	ENTRANCE LOCK	ND53TD TLR	626	SCH

1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN
1	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS438	626	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	8144SBK PSA	BK	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR01 - CARD READER, EGRESS, EXTERIOR

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
2	EA	HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5 NRP	630	IVE
1	EA	ELECTRIC HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5 CON TW8	630	IVE
1	EA	ELEC PANIC HARDWARE	LD-RX-9875- L-M996-03- FSE-CON	626	VON
1	EA	MORTISE CYLINDER	20-061 ICX 36-083	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN
	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
	EA	RAIN DRIP	11A	A	ZER
1	SET	GASKETING	328AA-S	AA	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	328SPB		ZER
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-LENGTH TO SUIT (CONNECT		SCH

			POWER TRANSFER TO ELECTRIFIED LOCKING DEVICE)	
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-6W (WIRE LEADS FOR CONNECTION TO POWER)	SCH
1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28	
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)	
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28	
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL	

HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR01.1 - CARD READER, EGRESS, VESTIBULE

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
2	EA	HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5 NRP	630	IVE
1	EA	ELECTRIC HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5 CON TW8	630	IVE
1	EA	ELEC PANIC HARDWARE	LD-RX-9875- L-M996-03- FSE-CON	626	VON
1	EA	MORTISE CYLINDER	20-061 ICX 36-083	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE	626	SCH

			PROVIDED BY OWNER		
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	8144SBK PSA	BK	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-LENGTH TO SUIT (CONNECT POWER TRANSFER TO ELECTRIFIED LOCKING DEVICE)		SCH
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-6W (WIRE LEADS FOR CONNECTION TO POWER)		SCH
1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)		
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR01.2 - CARD READER, EGRESS, EXTERIOR

QTY	DESCRIPTION CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR	
-----	----------------------------	--------	-----	--

2	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 NRP	630	IVE
1	EA	ELECTRIC HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 CON TW8	630	IVE
1	EA	ELEC PANIC HARDWARE	LD-RX-9875- L-M996-03- FSE-CON	626	VON
1	EA	MORTISE CYLINDER	20-061 ICX 36-083	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
1	EA	RAIN DRIP	11A	A	ZER
1	SET	GASKETING	328AA-S	AA	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	328SPB		ZER
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-LENGTH TO SUIT (CONNECT POWER TRANSFER TO ELECTRIFIED LOCKING DEVICE)		SCH
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-6W (WIRE LEADS FOR CONNECTION TO POWER)		SCH
1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28		

			(AS REQUIRED)
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL

HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR01.3 - CARD READER, EGRESS, ALARM, 180MIN

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
2	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	630	IVE
1	EA	ELECTRIC HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 CON TW8	630	IVE
1	EA	ELEC FIRE EXIT HARDWARE	RX-9875-L- BE-F-03-ALK 9-VOLT BATTERY WITH HARDWIRED OPTION	626	VON
1	EA	MORTISE CYLINDER	20-061 ICX 36-083	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
L	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS438	626	IVE
1	SET	GASKETING	770AA-S	AA	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-LENGTH TO SUIT (CONNECT POWER TRANSFER TO		SCH

			ELECTRIFIED LOCKING DEVICE)	
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-6W (WIRE LEADS FOR CONNECTION TO POWER)	SCH
1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28	
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)	
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28	
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL	

HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR01A - CARD READER, EGRESS, RATED EXTERIOR

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
4	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 NRP	630	IVE
2	EA	ELECTRIC HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 CON TW8	630	IVE
1	EA	ELEC FIRE EXIT HARDWARE	RX-9847-L- F-03-CON	626	VON
1	EA	ELEC FIRE EXIT HARDWARE	RX-9847-L-F- M996-03-FSE- CON	626	VON
2	EA	RIM CYLINDER	20-057 ICX (AS REQUIRED)	626	SCH

2	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
2	EA	RAIN DRIP	11A	A	ZER
1	SET	GASKETING	328AA-S	AA	ZER
2	SET	MEETING STILE	328AA-S	AA	ZER
2	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
2	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	328SPB		ZER
2	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-LENGTH TO SUIT (CONNECT POWER TRANSFER TO ELECTRIFIED LOCKING DEVICE)		SCH
2	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-6W (WIRE LEADS FOR CONNECTION TO POWER)		SCH
1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)		
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD		

PER SILL		
DETAIL		

# HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR01A.1 - CARD READER, EGRESS, VESTIBULE

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG	FINISH	MFR
4	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 NRP	630	IVE
2	EA	ELECTRIC HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 CON TW8	630	IVE
1	EA	ELEC FIRE EXIT HARDWARE	RX-9847-L- F-03-CON	626	VON
1	EA	ELEC FIRE EXIT HARDWARE	RX-9847-L-F- M996-03-FSE- CON	626	VON
2	EA	RIM CYLINDER	20-057 ICX (AS REQUIRED)	626	SCH
2	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP EDA	689	LCN
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
2	EA	FLOOR STOP	FS438	626	IVE
2	SET	MEETING STILE	328AA-S	AA	ZER
1	EA	GASKETING	8144SBK PSA	BK	ZER
2	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
2	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-LENGTH TO SUIT (CONNECT POWER TRANSFER TO ELECTRIFIED LOCKING DEVICE)		SCH
2	EA	WIRE	CON-6W		SCH

		HARNESS	(WIRE LEADS FOR CONNECTION TO POWER)
1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL

HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR02.1 - CARD READER, SEALS

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
2	EA	HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5	630	IVE
1	EA	ELECTRIC HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5 CON TW8	630	IVE
1	EA	EU MORTISE LOCK	L9092TEU 03A RX CON 12/24 VDC	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	OH STOP	100S	630	GLY
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP ST-1630	689	LCN
1	EA	TOP JAMB MTG PLATE	4040XP-18TJ SRT	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	8144SBK PSA	BK	ZER

1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-LENGTH TO SUIT (CONNECT POWER TRANSFER TO ELECTRIFIED LOCKING DEVICE)		SCH
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-6W (WIRE LEADS FOR CONNECTION TO POWER)		SCH
1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)		
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR02.2 - CARD READER, EXTERIOR

1110 . 12.	5 5.1011 5 0 5	20011(S) WIIII II.			
QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
2	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 NRP	630	IVE
1	EA	ELECTRIC HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 CON TW8	630	IVE
1	EA	EU MORTISE LOCK	L9092TEU 03A RX CON	626	SCH

			12/24 VDC		
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
1	EA	RAIN DRIP	11A	A	ZER
1	SET	GASKETING	328AA-S	AA	ZER
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	355AA	AA	ZER
1	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	328SPB		ZER
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-LENGTH TO SUIT (CONNECT POWER TRANSFER TO ELECTRIFIED LOCKING DEVICE)		SCH
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-6W (WIRE LEADS FOR CONNECTION TO POWER)		SCH
1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)		
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL		

	DETAIL.		
	DEIAIL		

## HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR02.3 - CARD READER

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
2	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	ELECTRIC HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 CON TW8	652	IVE
1	EA	EU MORTISE LOCK	L9092TEU 03A RX CON 12/24 VDC	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
1	EA	FLOOR STOP		626	IVE
1	EA	GASKETING	488SBK PSA (PROVIDE AT SMOKE AND/OR FIRE RATED DOORS)	ВК	ZER
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64 (OMIT WHERE SMOKE/FIRE SEALS ARE PROVIDED)	GRY	IVE
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-LENGTH TO SUIT (CONNECT POWER TRANSFER TO ELECTRIFIED LOCKING DEVICE)		SCH
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-6W (WIRE LEADS		SCH

			FOR CONNECTION TO POWER)
1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28

HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR02A - CARD READER, SEALS

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
5	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 NRP	630	IVE
1	EA	ELECTRIC HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 CON TW8	630	IVE
1	EA	CONST LATCHING BOLT	FB51P	630	IVE
1	EA	DUST PROOF STRIKE	DP2	626	IVE
1	EA	EU STOREROOM LOCK	ND80TDEU TLR RX CON 12V/24V DC	626	SCH
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	COORDINATO	RCOR X FL	628	IVE
2	EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	MB	689	IVE
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4040XP SCUSH	689	LCN

2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" B-CS	630	IVE
1	SET	MEETING STILE	328AA-S	AA	ZER
1	EA	GASKETING	8144SBK PSA	BK	ZER
2	EA	DOOR SWEEP	39A	A	ZER
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-LENGTH TO SUIT (CONNECT POWER TRANSFER TO ELECTRIFIED LOCKING DEVICE)		SCH
1	EA	WIRE HARNESS	CON-6W (WIRE LEADS FOR CONNECTION TO POWER)		SCH
1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)		
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28		
1	EA	NOTE	THRESHOLD PER SILL DETAIL		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. CR-GATE - CARD READER, GATE

TRO VIDE EACH DE DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING.								
QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER		FINISH	MFR		
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER		626	SCH		

1	EA	NOTE	CARD READER - WORK OF DIVISION 28
1	EA	NOTE	DOOR CONTACT(S) - WORK OF DIVISION 28 (AS REQUIRED)
1	EA	NOTE	HARDWARE BY GATE MANUFACTURER
1	EA	NOTE	POWER SUPPLY - WORK OF DIVISION 28

HARDWARE GROUP NO. GATE - GATE

PROVIDE EACH BP DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1	EA	NOTE	HARDWARE BY GATE MANUFACTURER		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. RU - GARAGE DOOR

PROVIDE EACH RU DOOR(S) WITH THE FOLLOWING:

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED BY OWNER	626	SCH
1		NOTE	HARDWARE BY GARDAGE DOOR MANUFACTURER		

HARDWARE GROUP NO. SL - SLIDING DOOR

QTY		DESCRIPTION	CATALOG NUMBER	FINISH	MFR
1	EA	FSIC CORE	PERMANENT CORE PROVIDED	626	SCH

		BY OWNER	
		HARDWARE BY	
1	NOTE	SLIDING DOOR	
		MANUFACTURER	

END OF SECTION 087100



### SECTION 088000 GLAZING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Insulating glass units.
- B. Glazing units.
- C. Laminated glass interlayers.
- D. Glass coatings.
- E. Glazing compounds.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 081113 Hollow Metal Doors and Frames: Glazed lites in doors and borrowed lites.
- B. Section 085113 Aluminum Windows: Glazing provided by window manufacturer.
- C. Section 088813 Fire-Rated Glazing.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 16 CFR 1201 Safety Standard for Architectural Glazing Materials; Current Edition.
- B. AAMA 501.6 Recommended Dynamic Test Method for Determining the Seismic Drift Causing Glass Fallout from Window Wall, Curtain Wall and Storefront Systems; 2018.
- C. ANSI Z97.1 American National Standard for Safety Glazing Materials Used in Buildings Safety Performance Specifications and Methods of Test; 2015 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- D. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- E. ASTM C864 Standard Specification for Dense Elastomeric Compression Seal Gaskets, Setting Blocks, and Spacers; 2005 (Reapproved 2019).
- F. ASTM C920 Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018.
- G. ASTM C1036 Standard Specification for Flat Glass; 2021.
- H. ASTM C1048 Standard Specification for Heat-Strengthened and Fully Tempered Flat Glass; 2018.
- I. ASTM C1172 Standard Specification for Laminated Architectural Flat Glass; 2019.
- J. ASTM C1193 Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants; 2016 (Reapproved 2023).

- K. ASTM C1376 Standard Specification for Pyrolytic and Vacuum Deposition Coatings on Flat Glass; 2021a.
- L. ASTM D624 Standard Test Method for Tear Strength of Conventional Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers; 2000 (Reapproved 2020).
- M. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- N. ASTM E1300 Standard Practice for Determining Load Resistance of Glass in Buildings; 2016.
- O. ASTM E1996 Standard Specification for Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, Doors, and Impact Protective Systems Impacted by Windborne Debris in Hurricanes; 2023.
- P. ASTM E2190 Standard Specification for Insulating Glass Unit Performance and Evaluation; 2019.
- Q. ASTM F476 Standard Test Methods for Security of Swinging Door Assemblies; 2023.
- R. ASTM F1233 Standard Test Method for Security Glazing Materials And Systems; 2021.
- S. ASTM F2248 Standard Practice for Specifying an Equivalent 3-Second Duration Design Loading for Blast Resistant Glazing Fabricated with Laminated Glass; 2019.
- T. GANA (GM) GANA Glazing Manual; 2022.
- U. GANA (SM) GANA Sealant Manual; 2008.
- V. GANA (LGRM) Laminated Glazing Reference Manual; 2019.
- W. ICC (IBC) International Building Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- X. IGMA TM-3000 North American Glazing Guidelines for Sealed Insulating Glass Units for Commercial & Residential Use; 1990 (Reaffirmed 2016).
- Y. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- Z. NFRC 100 Procedure for Determining Fenestration Product U-factors; 2023.
- AA. NFRC 200 Procedure for Determining Fenestration Product Solar Heat Gain Coefficient and Visible Transmittance at Normal Incidence; 2023.
- BB. NFRC 300 Test Method for Determining the Solar Optical Properties of Glazing Materials and Systems; 2023.
- CC. UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings; 2018, with Editorial Revision (2022).
- DD. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- EE. UL 972 Standard for Burglary Resisting Glazing Material; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Convene a preinstallation meeting one week before starting work of this section; require attendance by each of the affected installers.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data on Insulating Glass Unit, Glazing Unit, and Impact Resistant Glazing Types: Provide structural, physical and environmental characteristics, size limitations, special handling and installation requirements.
- C. Product Data on Glazing Compounds and Accessories: Provide chemical, functional, and environmental characteristics, limitations, special application requirements, and identify available colors.
- D. Certificate: Certify that products of this section meet or exceed specified requirements.
- E. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- F. Installer's qualification statement.
- G. Warranty Documentation: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform Work in accordance with GANA (GM), GANA (SM), GANA (LGRM), and IGMA TM-3000 for glazing installation methods. Maintain one copy on site.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.
  - 1. Provide certified glass products through ANSI accredited certifications that include plant audits and independent laboratory performance testing.
    - a. Insulating Glass Certification Council (IGCC).
    - b. Safety Glazing Certification Council (SGCC).
- C. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and with at least three years documented experience.
  - 1. Provide company, field supervisors, and installers that hold active ANSI accredited certifications in appropriate categories for work specified.
    - a. North American Contractor Certification (NACC) for glazing contractors.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain minimum ambient temperature before, during and 24 hours after installation of glazing compounds.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. See Section 017800 - Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.

- B. Insulating Glass Units: Provide a five (5) year manufacturer warranty to include coverage for seal failure, interpane dusting or misting, including providing products to replace failed units.
- C. Laminated Glass: Provide a five (5) year manufacturer warranty to include coverage for delamination, including providing products to replace failed units.
- D. Heat Soaked Tempered Glass: Provide a five (5) year manufacturer warranty to include coverage for spontaneous breakage of fully tempered glass caused by nickel sulfide (NiS) inclusions.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Glass Fabricators:
  - 1. Viracon, Inc: www.viracon.com/#sle.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
  - B. Impact Resitant Laminated Glass Manufacturers:
    - 1. Viracon, Architectural Glass segment of Apogee Enterprises, Inc: www.viracon.com/#sle.
    - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
  - C. Bird-Friendly Glass Manufacturers:
    - 1. Viracon, Architectural Glass segment of Apogee Enterprises, Inc: www.viracon.com/#sle.
    - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- D. Interlayer Manufacturers:
  - 1. DuPont Company; SentryGlas Plus: dupont.com/saftyglass.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS - EXTERIOR GLAZING ASSEMBLIES

- A. Provide type and thickness of exterior glazing assemblies to support assembly dead loads, and to withstand live loads caused by positive and negative wind pressure acting normal to plane of glass.
  - 1. Design Pressure: Calculated in accordance with ASCE 7.
  - 2. Comply with ASTM E1300 for design load resistance of glass type, thickness, dimensions, and maximum lateral deflection of supported glass.
  - 3. Seismic Loads: Design and size glazing components to withstand seismic loads and sway displacement in accordance with the requirements of ASCE 7
  - 4. Provide glass edge support system sufficiently stiff to limit the lateral deflection of supported glass edges to less than 1/175 of their lengths under specified design load.
  - 5. Glass thicknesses listed are minimum.
- B. Weather-Resistive Barrier Seals: Provide completed assemblies that maintain continuity of building enclosure water-resistive barrier, vapor retarder, and/or air barrier.
  - 1. In conjunction with weather barrier related materials described in other sections, as follows:

- 2. To utilize inner pane of multiple pane insulating glass units for continuity of vapor retarder and/or air barrier seal.
- 3. To maintain a continuous vapor retarder and/or air barrier throughout glazed assembly from glass pane to heel bead of glazing sealant.
- C. Thermal and Optical Performance: Provide exterior glazing products with performance properties as indicated. Performance properties are in accordance with manufacturer's published data as determined with the following procedures and/or test methods:
  - 1. Center of Glass U-Value: Comply with NFRC 100 using Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL) WINDOW 6.3 computer program.
  - 2. Center of Glass Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC): Comply with NFRC 200 using Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL) WINDOW 6.3 computer program.
  - 3. Solar Optical Properties: Comply with NFRC 300 test method.

#### 2.3 GLASS MATERIALS

- A. Float Glass: Provide float glass based glazing unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Annealed Type: ASTM C1036, Type I Transparent Flat, Class 1 Clear, Quality Q3.
  - 2. Kind FT Fully Tempered Type: Complies with ASTM C1048.
  - 3. Fully Tempered Safety Glass: Complies with ANSI Z97.1 or 16 CFR 1201 criteria for safety glazing used in hazardous locations.
  - 4. Heat-Soak Testing (HST): Provide HST of fully tempered glass used on high-risk or other demanding applications of project, to reduce risks of spontaneous breakage due to nickel sulfide (NiS) induced fractures in accordance with industry established testing requirements.
- B. Laminated Glass: Float glass laminated in accordance with ASTM C1172.
  - 1. Laminated Safety Glass: Complies with ANSI Z97.1 Class B or 16 CFR 1201 Category I impact test requirements.

## 2.4 INSULATING GLASS UNITS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Viracon, Apogee Enterprises, Inc: www.viracon.com/#sle.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Fabricator: Certified by glass manufacturer for type of glass, coating, and treatment involved and capable of providing specified warranty.
- C. Insulating Glass Units: Types as indicated.
  - 1. Durability: Certified by an independent testing agency to comply with ASTM E2190.
  - 2. Coated Glass: Comply with requirements of ASTM C1376 for pyrolytic (hard-coat) or magnetic sputter vapor deposition (soft-coat) type coatings on flat glass; coated vision glass, Kind CV; coated overhead glass, Kind CO; or coated spandrel glass, Kind CS.
  - 3. Warm-Edge Spacers: Low-conductivity thermoplastic with desiccant warm-edge technology design.
    - a. Spacer Width: As required for specified insulating glass unit.
    - b. Spacer Height: Manufacturer's standard.
  - 4. Spacer Color: Black.
  - 5. Edge Seal:

- a. Dual-Sealed System: Provide polyisobutylene sealant as primary seal applied between spacer and glass panes, and silicone, polysulfide, or polyurethane sealant as secondary seal applied around perimeter.
- b. Color: Black.
- 6. Purge interpane space with dry air, hermetically sealed.
- D. Type GL-03 Insulating Glass Units: Vision glass, double glazed.
  - 1. Manufacturer: Viracon, Apogee Enterprises, Inc;
    - a. Model number: VE1-2M, 1 inch thick.
  - 2. Applications: Exterior glazing unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Space between lites filled with argon.
  - 4. Outboard Lite: Annealed float glass, 1/4 inch thick, minimum.
    - a. Tint: Clear.
    - b. Bird-Friendly acid etched pattern on #1 surface.
      - 1) Threat Factor: 20
      - 2) Pattern 1/4 inch dots spaced 2 inch on center in diagonal pattern 1% coverge.
  - 5. Inboard Lite: Annealed float glass, 1/4 inch thick, minimum.
    - a. Tint: Clear.
    - b. Coating: VE1-2M, on #3 surface.
  - 6. Total Thickness: 1 inch.
  - 7. Thermal Transmittance (U-Value), Summer Center of Glass: 0.20, nominal.
  - 8. Visible Light Transmittance (VLT): 70 percent, nominal.
  - 9. Shading Coefficient: 0.42, nominal.
  - 10. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC): 0.37, nominal.
  - 11. Visible Light Reflectance, Outside: 11 percent, nominal.
  - 12. Glazing Method: Dry glazing method, gasket glazing.
- E. Type GL-04 Insulating Glass Units: Vision glass, double glazed, impact resistant.
  - 1. Manufacturer: Viracon, Apogee Enterprises, Inc;
    - a. Model number: VE1-2M, 1-5/16 inch thick laminated
  - 2. Applications: Exterior glazing at windows where impact resistance is required..
  - 3. Space between lites filled with argon.
  - 4. Outboard Lite: Laminated, 1/2 inch thick, minimum.
    - a. Tint: Clear.
    - b. Outboard layer: 3/16" clear float glass.
    - c. Bird-Friendly acid etched pattern on #1 surface.
      - 1) Threat Factor: 20
      - 2) Pattern 1/4 inch dots spaced 2 inch on center in diagonal pattern 1% coverge.
    - d. Interlayer: 0.090 inch SGP interlayer.
    - e. Inboard layer 3/16" clear float glass.
  - 5. Inboard Lite: Annealed float glass, 1/4 inch total thickness, minimum.
    - a. Tint: Clear.
    - b. Coating: VE-2M, on #3 surface.
  - 6. Total Thickness: 1 5/16 inch.
  - 7. Shading Coefficient: 0.41, nominal.
  - 8. Visible Light Reflectance, Outside: 10 percent, nominal.
  - 9. Glazing Method: Dry glazing method, gasket glazing.

088000 - 6 Glazing

- F. Type GL-05 Insulating Glass Units: Vision glass, double glazed, impact resistant.
  - 1. Manufacturer: Viracon, Apogee Enterprises, Inc;
    - a. Model number: VE1-2M, 1 inch thick laminated.
  - 2. Applications: Exterior Glazing at doors..
  - 3. Space between lites filled with argon.
  - 4. Outboard Lite: Laminated, 1/2 inch thick, minimum.
    - a. Tint: Clear.
    - b. Outboard layer: 3/16" clear float glass.
    - c. Bird-Friendly acid etched pattern on #1 surface.
      - 1) Threat Factor: 20
      - 2) Pattern 1/4 inch dots spaced 2 inch on center in diagonal pattern 1% coverge.
    - d. Interlayer: 0.090 inch SGP interlayer.
    - e. Inboard layer 3/16" clear float glass.
  - 5. Inboard Lite: Annealed float glass, 1/4 inch total thickness, minimum.
    - a. Tint: Clear.
    - b. Coating: VE-2M, on #3 surface.
  - 6. Total Thickness: 1 inch.
  - 7. Glazing Method: Dry glazing method, gasket glazing.

### 2.5 GLAZING UNITS

- A. Type GL-01 Monolithic Interior Vision Glazing:
  - 1. Applications: Interior glazing unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Glass Type: Annealed float glass.
  - 3. Tint: Clear.
  - 4. Thickness: 1/4 inch, nominal.
- B. Type GL-02 Monolithic Safety Glazing: Non-fire-rated.
  - 1. Applications:
    - a. Glazed lites in doors, except fire doors.
    - b. Glazed sidelights to doors, except in fire-rated walls and partitions.
    - c. Other locations required by applicable federal, state, and local codes and regulations.
    - d. Other locations indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Glass Type: Fully tempered safety glass as specified.
  - 3. Tint: Clear.
  - 4. Thickness: 1/4 inch, nominal.

### 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Setting Blocks: Silicone, with 80 to 90 Shore A durometer hardness; ASTM C864 Option II. Length of 0.1 inch for each square foot of glazing or minimum 4 inch by width of glazing rabbet space minus 1/16 inch by height to suit glazing method and pane weight and area.
- B. Glazing Tape, Back Bedding Mastic Type: Preformed, butyl-based, 100 percent solids compound with integral resilient spacer rod applicable to application indicated; 5 to 30 cured Shore A durometer hardness; coiled on release paper; black color.
  - 1. Thickness: As required for application.

- C. Glazing Tape: Closed cell polyvinyl chloride (PVC) foam, coiled on release paper over adhesive on two sides, maximum water absorption by volume of 2 percent, designed for compression of 25 percent to effect an air barrier and vapor retarder seal; \_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_ inch size.
- D. Glazing Splines: Resilient silicone extruded shape to suit glazing channel retaining slot; ASTM C864 Option II; color black.

### 2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. See Section 014000 - Quality Requirements for additional requirements.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 VERIFICATION OF CONDITIONS

- A. Verify that openings for glazing are correctly sized and within tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
- B. Verify that the minimum required face and edge clearances are being provided.
- C. Verify that surfaces of glazing channels or recesses are clean, free of obstructions that may impede moisture movement, weeps are clear, and support framing is ready to receive glazing system.
- D. Verify that sealing between joints of glass framing members has been completed effectively.
- E. Proceed with glazing system installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean contact surfaces with appropriate solvent and wipe dry within maximum of 24 hours before glazing. Remove coatings that are not tightly bonded to substrates.
- B. Seal porous glazing channels or recesses with substrate compatible primer or sealer.
- C. Prime surfaces scheduled to receive sealant where required for proper sealant adhesion.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install glazing in compliance with written instructions of glass, gaskets, and other glazing material manufacturers, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in glazing referenced standards.
- B. Install glazing sealants in accordance with ASTM C1193, GANA (SM), and manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Do not exceed edge pressures around perimeter of glass lites as stipulated by glass manufacturer.
- D. Set glass lites of system with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.

- E. Set glass lites in proper orientation so that coatings face exterior or interior as indicated.
- F. Prevent glass from contact with any contaminating substances that may be the result of construction operations such as, and not limited to the following; weld splatter, fire-safing, plastering, mortar droppings, and paint.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION - DRY GLAZING METHOD (GASKET GLAZING)

- A. Application Exterior and/or Interior Glazed: Set glazing infills from either the exterior or the interior of the building.
- B. Place setting blocks at 1/4 points with edge block no more than 6 inch from corners.
- C. Rest glazing on setting blocks and push against fixed stop with sufficient pressure on gasket to attain full contact.
- D. Install removable stops without displacing glazing gasket; exert pressure for full continuous contact.

### 3.5 INSTALLATION - WET/DRY GLAZING METHOD (TAPE AND SEALANT)

- A. Application Interior Glazed: Set glazing infills from the interior of the building.
- B. Cut glazing tape to length and install against permanent stops, projecting 1/16 inch above sight line.
- C. Place setting blocks at 1/4 points with edge block no more than 6 inch from corners.
- D. Rest glazing on setting blocks and push against tape to ensure full contact at perimeter of pane or unit.
- E. Install removable stops, spacer shims inserted between glazing and applied stops at 24 inch intervals, 1/4 inch below sight line.
- F. Fill gaps between pane and applied stop with sealant to depth equal to bite on glazing, to uniform and level line.
- G. Carefully trim protruding tape with knife.

### 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Glass and Glazing product manufacturers to provide field surveillance of the installation of their products.
- C. Monitor and report installation procedures and unacceptable conditions.

#### 3.7 CLEANING

A. Remove excess glazing materials from finish surfaces immediately after application using solvents or cleaners recommended by manufacturers.

- B. Remove nonpermanent labels immediately after glazing installation is complete.
- C. Clean glass and adjacent surfaces after sealants are fully cured.
- D. Clean glass on both exposed surfaces not more than 4 days prior to Date of Substantial Completion in accordance with glass manufacturer's written recommendations.

#### 3.8 PROTECTION

- A. After installation, mark pane with an 'X' by using removable plastic tape or paste; do not mark heat absorbing or reflective glass units.
- B. Remove and replace glass that is damaged during construction period prior to Date of Substantial Completion.

### 3.9 SCHEDULES

- A. Aluminum Window Glazing: Glass Types GL-03, GL-04, Factory install by window manufacturer.
- B. Steel Door Glazing:
  - 1. Interior: Glass Type GL-02, 1/4 inch thick, install glass using wet/dry method with glazing compound and tape.
  - 2. Exterior: Glass Type GL-05, 1 inch thick, install glass using wet/dry method with glazing compound and tape.

END OF SECTION 088000

## SECTION 088813 FIRE-RATED GLAZING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Fire-rated glazing units.
- B. Glazing compounds.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 081113 - Hollow Metal Doors and Frames: Glazed lites in doors, borrowed lites, and transoms.

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 16 CFR 1201 Safety Standard for Architectural Glazing Materials; Current Edition.
- B. ANSI Z97.1 American National Standard for Safety Glazing Materials Used in Buildings Safety Performance Specifications and Methods of Test; 2015 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- C. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- D. ASTM C864 Standard Specification for Dense Elastomeric Compression Seal Gaskets, Setting Blocks, and Spacers; 2005 (Reapproved 2019).
- E. ASTM C920 Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018.
- F. ASTM C1193 Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants; 2016 (Reapproved 2023).
- G. ASTM C1349 Standard Specification for Architectural Flat Glass Clad Polycarbonate; 2017.
- H. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- I. ASTM E119 Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials; 2022.
- J. ASTM E1300 Standard Practice for Determining Load Resistance of Glass in Buildings; 2016.
- K. GANA (GM) GANA Glazing Manual; 2022.
- L. GANA (SM) GANA Sealant Manual; 2008.
- M. GANA (LGRM) Laminated Glazing Reference Manual; 2019.
- N. ICC (IBC) International Building Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

- O. IGMA TM-3000 North American Glazing Guidelines for Sealed Insulating Glass Units for Commercial & Residential Use; 1990 (Reaffirmed 2016).
- P. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- Q. NFPA 252 Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Door Assemblies; 2022.
- R. NFPA 257 Standard on Fire Test for Window and Glass Block Assemblies; 2022.
- S. NFRC 300 Test Method for Determining the Solar Optical Properties of Glazing Materials and Systems; 2023.
- T. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- U. UL 9 Standard for Fire Tests of Window Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- V. UL 10B Standard for Fire Tests of Door Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- W. UL 10C Standard for Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- X. UL 263 Standard for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Convene preinstallation meeting one week before starting work of this section; require attendance by each of affected installers.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data on Glazing Unit Glazing Types: Provide structural, physical, and environmental characteristics, size limitations, special handling and installation requirements.
- C. Product Data on Glazing Compounds and Accessories: Provide chemical, functional, and environmental characteristics, limitations, special application requirements, and identify available colors.
- D. Certificate: Certify that products of this section meet or exceed specified requirements.
- E. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- F. Installer's qualification statement.
- G. Specimen warranty.
- H. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements for additional provisions.
  - 2. Extra Insulating Glass Units: One of each glass size and each glass type.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work in accordance with GANA (GM), GANA (SM), GANA (LGRM), and IGMA TM-3000 for glazing installation methods. Maintain one copy on site.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.
  - 1. Provide certified glass products through ANSI accredited certifications that include plant audits and independent laboratory performance testing.
- C. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of type specified and with at least three years of documented experience.
  - 1. Provide company, field supervisors, and installers that hold active ANSI accredited certifications in appropriate categories for work specified.

## 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Ambient Conditions: Do not install glazing when ambient temperature is less than 40 degrees F.
- B. Maintain minimum ambient temperature before, during, and 24 hours after installation of glazing compounds.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Fire-Protection-Rated Glass:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. SAFTIFIRST, a division of O'Keeffe's Inc; SuperClear 45-HS: www.safti.com/#sle.

#### 2.2 GLASS MATERIALS

## 2.3 GLAZING UNITS

- A. Type FRG-01 Fire-Protection-Rated Glazing: Type, thickness, and configuration of glazing that contains flame, smoke, and does not block radiant heat, as required to achieve indicated fire rating period of 45 minutes..
  - 1. Applications:
    - a. Glazing in fire-resistance-rated door assembly.
  - 2. Safety Glazing Certification: 16 CFR 1201 Category II.
  - 3. Glazing Method: As required for fire rating.
  - 4. Fire-Rating Period: 45 minutes.
  - 5. Grade: Standard.
  - 6. Markings for Fire-Protection-Rated Glazing Assemblies: Provide permanent markings on fire-protection-rated glazing in compliance with ICC (IBC), local building code, and authorities having jurisdiction

- a. "D" meets fire door assembly criteria of NFPA 252, UL 10B, or UL 10C fire test standards.
- b. "OH" meets fire window assembly criteria, including hose stream test of NFPA 257 or UL 9 fire test standards.
- c. "H" meets fire door assembly hose stream test of NFPA 252, UL 10B, or UL 10C fire tests standards.
- d. "XXX" placeholder that represents fire-rating period, in minutes.
- 7. Products:
  - a. Technical Glass Products; Firelite NT: www.fireglass.com/#sle.
  - b. Approved equal.
  - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Type FRG-02 Fire-Protection-Rated Glazing: Type, thickness, and configuration of glazing that contains flame, smoke, and does not block radiant heat, as required to achieve indicated fire rating period of 90 minutes.
  - 1. Applications:
    - a. Glazing in fire-resistance-rated door assembly.
  - 2. Provide products listed by ITS (DIR) or UL (DIR) and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 3. Safety Glazing Certification: 16 CFR 1201 Category II.
  - 4. Glazing Method: As required for fire rating.
  - 5. Grade: Standard.
  - 6. Fire-Rating Period: 90 minutes.
  - 7. Markings for Fire-Protection-Rated Glazing Assemblies: Provide permanent markings on fire-protection-rated glazing in compliance with ICC (IBC), local building code, and authorities having jurisdiction
    - a. "D" meets fire door assembly criteria of NFPA 252, UL 10B, or UL 10C fire test standards.
    - b. "OH" meets fire window assembly criteria, including hose stream test of NFPA 257 or UL 9 fire test standards.
    - c. "H" meets fire door assembly hose stream test of NFPA 252, UL 10B, or UL 10C fire tests standards.
    - d. "XXX" placeholder that represents fire-rating period, in minutes.
  - 8. Products:
    - a. Technical Glass Products; Firelite NT: www.fireglass.com/#sle.
    - b. Approved equal.
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### 2.4 GLAZING COMPOUNDS

A. Glazing compound as recommended by the glazing manufacturer.

#### 2.5 ACCESSORIES

A. Setting Blocks: Neoprene or EPDM compatible with glazing compound, with 70 to 80 Shore A durometer hardness; ASTM C864 Option II. Length of 0.1 inch for each square foot of glazing or minimum 4 inch by width of glazing rabbet space minus 1/16 inch by height to suit glazing method and pane weight and area.

- B. Glazing Tape: Closed-cell polyvinyl chloride (PVC) foam, coiled on release paper over adhesive on two sides, maximum water absorption by volume of 2 percent, designed for compression of 25 percent to affect air barrier and vapor retarder seal.
- C. Frame Kit: Hollow metal fire rated frame compatible with door tested and approved for use by the manufacturer for use with fire protective glazing.

## 2.6 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. See Section 014000 - Quality Requirements for additional requirements.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 Examination

- A. Verify that openings for glazing are correctly sized and within tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
- B. Verify that minimum required face and edge clearances are provided.
- C. Verify that surfaces of glazing channels or recesses are clean, free of obstructions that may impede moisture movement, weeps are clear, and support framing is ready to receive glazing system.
- D. Verify that sealing between joints of glass framing members has been completed effectively.
- E. Proceed with glazing system installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean contact surfaces with appropriate solvent and wipe dry within maximum of 24 hours before glazing. Remove coatings that are not tightly bonded to substrates.
- B. Seal porous glazing channels or recesses with substrate compatible primer or sealer.
- C. Prime surfaces scheduled to receive sealant where required for proper sealant adhesion.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install glazing in compliance with written instructions of glass, gaskets, and other glazing material manufacturers unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing standards.
- B. Install glazing sealants in accordance with ASTM C1193, GANA (SM), and manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Do not exceed edge pressures around perimeter of glass lites as stipulated by glass manufacturer.
- D. Set glass lites of system with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.

- E. Set glass lites in proper orientation so that coatings face exterior or interior as indicated.
- F. Prevent glass from contact with contaminating substances that may result from construction operations including, but not limited to weld spatter, fire-safing, plastering, mortar droppings, etc.

# 3.4 INSTALLATION - DRY GLAZING METHOD (TAPE AND TAPE)

- A. Application Interior Glazed: Set glazing infills from interior of building.
- B. Cut glazing tape to length and set against permanent stops, projecting 1/16 inch above sightline.
- C. Place setting blocks at 1/4 points with edge block no more than 6 inches from corners.
- D. Rest glazing on setting blocks and push against tape for full contact at perimeter of pane or unit.
- E. Place glazing tape on free perimeter of glazing in same manner described above.
- F. Install glazing in vision panels in fire rated door to requirements of NFPA 80.
- G. Install so that UL and manufacturer's rating markings are visible.
- H. Install removable stop without displacement of tape. Exert pressure on tape for full continuous contact.
- I. Carefully trim protruding tape with knife.

#### 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Glass and Glazing product manufacturers to provide field surveillance of the installation of their products.

## 3.6 CLEANING

- A. See Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Remove excess glazing materials from finish surfaces immediately after application using solvents or cleaners recommended by manufacturers.
- C. Remove nonpermanent labels immediately after glazing installation is complete.
- D. Clean glass and adjacent surfaces after sealants are fully cured.
- E. Clean glass on both exposed surfaces not more than four days prior to Date of Substantial Completion in accordance with glass manufacturer's written recommendations.

#### 3.7 PROTECTION

A. After installation, mark pane with 'X' by using removable plastic tape or paste; do not mark heat-absorbing or reflective glass units.

B. Remove and replace glass that is damaged during construction period prior to Date of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 088813



## SECTION 089100 LOUVERS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Louvers, frames, and accessories.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 072500 Weather Barriers: Sealing frames to water-resistive barrier installed on adjacent construction.
- B. Section 076200 Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim.
- C. Section 079200 Joint Sealants: Sealing joints between frames and adjacent construction.
- D. Section 233100 HVAC Ducts and Casings: Ductwork attachment to louvers.
- E. Section 284600 Fire Detection and Alarm: Smoke control connection.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AAMA 2605 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Superior Performing Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix); 2022.
- B. AMCA 500-L Laboratory Methods of Testing Louvers for Rating; 2023.
- C. AMCA 511 Certified Ratings Program Product Rating Manual for Air Control Devices; 2021, with Editorial Revision (2022).
- D. FEMA P-361 Safe Rooms for Tornadoes and Hurricanes: Guidance for Community and Residential Safe Rooms; 2021.
- E. ICC 500 ICC/NSSA Standard for the Design and Construction of Storm Shelters; 2020.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data describing design characteristics, maximum recommended air velocity, design free area, materials and finishes.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate louver layout plan and elevations, opening and clearance dimensions, and tolerances; head, jamb and sill details; blade configuration, screens, blank-off areas required, and frames.

089100 - 1 Louvers

- D. Test Reports: Independent agency reports showing compliance with specified performance criteria.
- E. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that products meet or exceed specified requirements.
- F. Maintenance Data: Include lubrication schedules, adjustment requirements.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products of the type specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of type specified and with at least three years of documented experience.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Provide One year manufacturer's warranty against distortion, metal degradation, and connection failures of louver components.
  - 1. Finish: Include ten year coverage against degradation of exterior finish.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Louvers:
  - 1. Airolite Company, LLC; SCC550: www.airolite.com/#sle.
  - 2. Approved equal.
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### 2.2 LOUVERS

- A. Louvers: Factory fabricated and assembled, complete with frame, mullions, and accessories; AMCA Certified in accordance with AMCA 511.
  - 1. Wind Load Resistance: Design to resist positive and negative wind load of 25 psf without damage or permanent deformation.
  - 2. High-Velocity Wind Load Resistance: Design to comply with applicable requirements of ICC 500 and FEMA P-361, including resistance to horizontal debris impact.
  - 3. Intake Louvers: Design to allow maximum of 0.01 oz/sq ft water penetration at calculated intake design velocity based on design air flow and actual free area, when tested in accordance with AMCA 500-L.
  - 4. Drainable Blades: Continuous rain stop at front or rear of blade aligned with vertical gutter recessed into both jambs of frame.
  - 5. Screens: Provide insect screens at intake louvers and bird screens at exhaust louvers.
- B. AMCA 540 and 550 Listed Hurricane Louver Extruded Aluminum Storm Class Louvers, \_\_\_\_: Aluminum outer frames, louver end frames only, non-thermally broken, air ventilator with overlapping louvers.

089100 - 2 Louvers

- 1. Free Area: 50%, minimum.
- 2. Pressure Drop: 0.44 inches of water gauge maximum per square foot of free area at velocity of 1,083 fpm, when tested in accordance with AMCA 500-L, test unit size 48 inch by 48 inch.
- 3. Blades: Sightproof with drainable edge design.
- 4. Frame: 5 1/2 inch deep, 1 inch wide, extruded aluminum.
- 5. Aluminum Thickness: Frame 0.050 inch minimum; blades 0.050 inch minimum.
- 6. Aluminum Finish: Pigmented organic coatings; finish welded units after fabrication.
- 7. Frame Mounted: To structural opening using through frame or strap fixings.
- 8. Frame Size: As indicated on drawings.

## 2.3 FINISHES

- A. Superior Performing Organic Coatings System: Manufacturer's standard multi-coat superior performing organic coatings system complying with AAMA 2605, including at least 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) resin, and at least 80 percent of aluminum extrusion and panels surfaces having minimum total dry film thickness (DFT) of 1.2 mils, 0.0012 inch.
- B. Color: As selected by architect from manufacturer's full line.

### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Screens: Frame of same material as louver, with reinforced corners; removable, screw attached; installed on inside face of louver frame.
- B. Bird Screen: Interwoven wire mesh of steel, 14 gauge, 0.0641 inch diameter wire, 1/2 inch open weave, diagonal design.
- C. Insect Screen: 18 x 16 size aluminum mesh.
- D. Fasteners and Anchors: Galvanized steel.
- E. Flashings: Of same material as louver frame, formed to required shape, single length in one piece per location.
- F. Sealant for Setting Sills and Sill Flashing: Non-curing butyl type.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that prepared openings and flashings are ready to receive this work and opening dimensions are as indicated on shop drawings.
- B. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install louver assembly in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install louvers level and plumb.

089100 - 3 Louvers

- C. Set sill members and sill flashing in continuous bead of sealant.
- D. Install flashings and align louver assembly to ensure moisture shed from flashings and diversion of moisture to exterior.
- E. Secure louver frames in openings with concealed fasteners.
- F. Coordinate with installation of mechanical ductwork.

# 3.3 CLEANING

- A. Strip protective finish coverings.
- B. Clean surfaces and components.

END OF SECTION 089100

089100 - 4 Louvers

## SECTION 090561 COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR FLOORING PREPARATION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. This section applies to floors identified in Contract Documents that are receiving the following types of floor coverings:
  - 1. Resilient tile and sheet.
  - 2. Carpet tile.
  - 3. Thin-set ceramic tile and stone tile.
- B. Removal of existing floor coverings.
- C. Preparation of new and existing concrete floor slabs for installation of floor coverings.
- D. Testing of concrete floor slabs for moisture and alkalinity (pH).
- E. Remediation of concrete floor slabs due to unsatisfactory moisture or alkalinity (pH) conditions.
  - 1. Contractor shall perform all specified remediation of concrete floor slabs. If such remediation is indicated by testing agency's report and is due to a condition not under Contractor's control or could not have been predicted by examination prior to entering into the contract, a contract modification will be issued.
- F. Patching compound.
- G. Remedial floor coatings.
- H. Remedial floor treatment.
- I. Remedial floor sheet membrane.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 012200 Unit Prices: Bid pricing for remediation treatments if required.
- B. Section 014000 Quality Requirements: Additional requirements relating to testing agencies and testing.
- C. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Moisture emission reducing curing and sealing compound for slabs to receive adhered flooring, to prevent moisture content-related flooring failures; to remain in place, not to be removed.

#### 1.3 PRICE AND PAYMENT PROCEDURES

- A. Unit Prices: See Section 012200 Unit Prices.
- B. Unit Price for Alternate Flooring Adhesive: Do not include the cost of the alternate adhesive in the base bid; state on the bid form the unit price per square foot for using the alternate adhesive,

- in the event such remediation is required.
- C. Unit Price for Remedial Floor Coating or Sheet Membrane: Do not include the cost of the floor coating or underlayment in the base bid; state on the bid form the unit price per square foot for the floor coating or underlayment, installed, in the event such remediation is required.

#### 1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C109/C109M Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2-in. or [50 mm] Cube Specimens); 2021.
- B. ASTM C472 Standard Test Methods for Physical Testing of Gypsum, Gypsum Plasters, and Gypsum Concrete; 2020.
- C. ASTM D4259 Standard Practice for Preparation of Concrete by Abrasion Prior to Coating Application; 2018.
- D. ASTM F710 Standard Practice for Preparing Concrete Floors to Receive Resilient Flooring; 2022.
- E. ASTM F1869 Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride; 2023.
- F. ASTM F2170 Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes; 2019a.
- G. RFCI (RWP) Recommended Work Practices for Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings; 2018.

# 1.5 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Coordinate scheduling of cleaning and testing, so that preliminary cleaning has been completed for at least 24 hours prior to testing.

## 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Visual Observation Report: For existing floor coverings to be removed.
- C. Floor Covering and Adhesive Manufacturers' Product Literature: For each specific combination of substrate, floor covering, and adhesive to be used; showing:
  - 1. Moisture and alkalinity (pH) limits and test methods.
  - 2. Manufacturer's required bond/compatibility test procedure.
- D. Remedial Materials Product Data: Manufacturer's published data on each product to be used for remediation.
  - 1. Certificate: Manufacturer's certification of compatibility with types of flooring applied over remedial product.
  - 2. Test reports indicating compliance with specified performance requirements, performed by nationally recognized independent testing agency.
  - 3. Specimen Warranty: Copy of warranty to be issued by coating manufacturer and certificate of underwriter's coverage of warranty.

- E. Testing Agency's Report:
  - 1. Description of areas tested; include floor plans and photographs if helpful.
  - 2. Summary of conditions encountered.
  - 3. Moisture and alkalinity (pH) test reports.
  - 4. Copies of specified test methods.
  - 5. Recommendations for remediation of unsatisfactory surfaces.
  - 6. Product data for recommended remedial coating.
  - 7. Certificate: Include certification of accuracy by authorized official of testing agency.
  - 8. Submit report directly to Owner.
  - 9. Submit report not more than two business days after conclusion of testing.
- F. Adhesive Bond and Compatibility Test Report.
- G. Floor Moisture Testing Technician Certificate: International Concrete Repair Institute (ICRI) Concrete Slab Moisture Testing Technician- Grade I certificate.
- H. Copy of RFCI (RWP).

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Moisture and alkalinity (pH) testing will be performed by an independent testing agency employed and paid by Owner.
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: Independent testing agency experienced in the types of testing specified.
  - 1. Submit evidence of experience consisting of at least 3 test reports of the type required, with project Owner's project contact information.
- C. Contractor's Responsibility Relating to Independent Agency Testing:
  - 1. Provide access for and cooperate with testing agency.
  - 2. Confirm date of start of testing at least 10 days prior to actual start.
  - 3. Allow at least 4 business days on site for testing agency activities.
  - 4. Achieve and maintain specified ambient conditions.
  - 5. Notify Owner when specified ambient conditions have been achieved and when testing will start.

# 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver, store, handle, and protect products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.
- B. Deliver materials in manufacturer's packaging; include installation instructions.
- C. Keep materials from freezing.

#### 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain ambient temperature in spaces where concrete testing is being performed, and for at least 48 hours prior to testing, at not less than 65 degrees F or more than 85 degrees F.

B. Maintain relative humidity in spaces where concrete testing is being performed, and for at least 48 hours prior to testing, at not less than 40 percent and not more than 60 percent.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Patching Compound: Floor covering manufacturer's recommended product, suitable for conditions, and compatible with adhesive and floor covering. In the absence of any recommendation from flooring manufacturer, provide a product with the following characteristics:
  - 1. Cementitious moisture-, mildew-, and alkali-resistant compound, compatible with floor, floor covering, and floor covering adhesive, and capable of being feathered to nothing at edges.
  - 2. Compressive Strength: 3000 psi, minimum, after 28 days, when tested in accordance with ASTM C109/C109M or ASTM C472, whichever is appropriate.
- B. Alternate Flooring Adhesive: Floor covering manufacturer's recommended product, suitable for the moisture and pH conditions present; low-VOC. In the absence of any recommendation from flooring manufacturer, provide a product recommended by adhesive manufacturer as suitable for substrate and floor covering and for conditions present.
- C. Remedial Floor Coating: Single- or multi-layer coating or coating/overlay combination intended by its manufacturer to resist water vapor transmission to degree sufficient to meet flooring manufacturer's emission limits, resistant to the level of alkalinity (pH) found, and suitable for adhesion of flooring without further treatment.
  - 1. Thickness: As required for application and in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.
  - 2. Use product recommended by testing agency.
- D. Remedial Floor Treatment: Penetrating, spray-applied, silicate-based product intended by its manufacturer to resist water vapor transmission to degree sufficient to meet flooring manufacturer's emission limits, resistant to the level of alkalinity (pH) found, and suitable for adhesion of flooring without further treatment.
  - 1. Use product recommended by testing agency.
- E. Remedial Floor Sheet Membrane: Pre-formed multi-ply sheet membrane installed over concrete subfloor and intended by its manufacturer to resist water vapor transmission to degree sufficient to meet flooring manufacturer's emission limits, resistant to the level of alkalinity (pH) found, and suitable for adhesion of flooring without further treatment.
  - 1. Thickness: 28 mil (0.028 inch).
  - 2. Tape: Types recommended by underlayment manufacturer to install membrane and cover seams.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 CONCRETE SLAB PREPARATION

A. Follow recommendations of testing agency.

- B. Perform following operations in the order indicated:
  - 1. Existing concrete slabs (on-grade and elevated) with existing floor coverings:
    - a. Visual observation of existing floor covering, for adhesion, water damage, alkaline deposits, and other defects.
    - b. Removal of existing floor covering.
  - 2. Existing concrete slabs with coatings or penetrating sealers/hardeners/dustproofers:
    - a. Remove existing coatings and curing agents from surface according to recommendations of remedial coating manufacturer.
    - b. Prepare surface according to recommendations of remedial coating manufacturer and according to ASTM D4259.
  - 3. Preliminary cleaning.
  - 4. Moisture vapor emission tests; 3 tests in the first 1000 square feet and one test in each additional 1000 square feet, unless otherwise indicated or required by flooring manufacturer.
  - 5. Internal relative humidity tests; in same locations as moisture vapor emission tests, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 6. Alkalinity (pH) tests; in same locations as moisture vapor emission tests, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 7. Specified remediation, if required.
  - 8. Patching, smoothing, and leveling, as required.
  - 9. Other preparation specified.
  - 10. Adhesive bond and compatibility test.
  - 11. Protection.

#### C. Remediations:

- 1. Active Water Leaks or Continuing Moisture Migration to Surface of Slab: Correct this condition before doing any other remediation; re-test after correction.
- 2. Excessive Moisture Emission or Relative Humidity: If an adhesive that is resistant to the level of moisture present is available and acceptable to flooring manufacturer, use that adhesive for installation of the flooring; if not, apply remedial floor coating or remedial sheet membrane over entire suspect floor area.
- 3. Excessive Alkalinity (pH): If remedial floor coating is necessary to address excessive moisture, no additional remediation is required; if not, if an adhesive that is resistant to the level present is available and acceptable to the flooring manufacturer, use that adhesive for installation of the flooring; otherwise, apply a skim coat of specified patching compound over entire suspect floor area.

### 3.2 REMOVAL OF EXISTING FLOOR COVERINGS

- A. Comply with local, State, and federal regulations and recommendations of RFCI (RWP), as applicable to floor covering being removed.
- B. Dispose of removed materials in accordance with local, State, and federal regulations and as specified.

# 3.3 PRELIMINARY CLEANING

A. Clean floors of dust, solvents, paint, wax, oil, grease, asphalt, residual adhesive, adhesive removers, film-forming curing compounds, sealing compounds, alkaline salts, excessive laitance, mold, mildew, and other materials that might prevent adhesive bond.

B. Do not use solvents or other chemicals for cleaning.

## 3.4 MOISTURE VAPOR EMISSION TESTING

- A. Where the floor covering manufacturer's requirements conflict with either the referenced test method or this specification, comply with the manufacturer's requirements.
- B. Where this specification conflicts with the referenced test method, comply with the requirements of this section.
- C. Test in accordance with ASTM F1869 and as follows.
- D. Plastic sheet test and mat bond test may not be substituted for the specified ASTM test method, as those methods do not quantify the moisture content sufficiently.
- E. In the event that test values exceed floor covering manufacturer's limits, perform remediation as indicated. In the absence of manufacturer limits, perform remediation if test values exceed 3 pounds per 1000 square feet per 24 hours.
- F. Report: Report the information required by the test method.

## 3.5 ALKALINITY TESTING

- A. Where the floor covering manufacturer's requirements conflict with either the referenced test method or this specification, comply with the manufacturer's requirements.
- B. In the event that test values exceed floor covering manufacturer's limits, perform remediation as indicated. In the absence of manufacturer limits, perform remediation if alkalinity (pH) test value is over 10.

# 3.6 PREPARATION

- A. See individual floor covering section(s) for additional requirements.
- B. Comply with recommendations of testing agency.
- C. Comply with requirements and recommendations of floor covering manufacturer.
- D. Fill and smooth surface cracks, grooves, depressions, control joints and other non-moving joints, and other irregularities with patching compound.
- E. Do not fill expansion joints, isolation joints, or other moving joints.

#### 3.7 ADHESIVE BOND AND COMPATIBILITY TESTING

A. Comply with requirements and recommendations of floor covering manufacturer.

# 3.8 APPLICATION OF REMEDIAL FLOOR COATING

A. Comply with requirements and recommendations of coating manufacturer.

- 3.9 APPLICATION OF REMEDIAL FLOOR TREATMENT
  - A. Comply with requirements and recommendations of treatment manufacturer.
- 3.10 INSTALLATION OF REMEDIAL FLOOR Sheet Membrane
  - A. Install in accordance with sheet membrane manufacturer's instructions.
- 3.11 PROTECTION
  - A. Cover prepared floors with building paper or other durable covering.

END OF SECTION 090561



# SECTION 092116 GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Performance criteria for gypsum board assemblies.
- B. Metal stud wall framing.
- C. Metal channel ceiling framing.
- D. Resilient sound isolation clips.
- E. Acoustic insulation.
- F. Gypsum sheathing.
- G. Cementitious backing board.
- H. Gypsum wallboard.
- I. Joint treatment and accessories.
- J. Noise barriers in gypsum board assemblies.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 061000 Rough Carpentry: Wood blocking product and execution requirements.
- B. Section 072100 Thermal Insulation: Acoustic insulation.
- C. Section 072500 Weather Barriers: Water-resistive barrier over sheathing.
- D. Section 079200 Joint Sealants: Sealing acoustical gaps in construction other than gypsum board or plaster work.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AISI S100 North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members; 2016, with Supplement (2020).
- B. AISI S201 North American Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Framing Product Data; 2017.
- C. AISI S220 North American Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Nonstructural Framing; 2020.
- D. AISI S240 North American Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Structural Framing; 2015, with Errata (2020).
- E. ANSI A108.11 American National Standard Specifications for Interior Installation of Cementitious Backer Units; 2018.

- F. ANSI A118.9 American National Standard Specifications for Test Methods and Specifications for Cementitious Backer Units; 2019.
- G. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- H. ASTM A36/A36M Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel; 2019.
- I. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- J. ASTM A1003/A1003M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Carbon, Metallic- and Nonmetallic-Coated for Cold-Formed Framing Members; 2015.
- K. ASTM C1007 Standard Specification for Installation of Load Bearing (Transverse and Axial) Steel Studs and Related Accessories; 2020.
- L. ASTM C475/C475M Standard Specification for Joint Compound and Joint Tape for Finishing Gypsum Board; 2017 (Reapproved 2022).
- M. ASTM C665 Standard Specification for Mineral-Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for Light Frame Construction and Manufactured Housing; 2023.
- N. ASTM C754 Standard Specification for Installation of Steel Framing Members to Receive Screw-Attached Gypsum Panel Products; 2020.
- O. ASTM C840 Standard Specification for Application and Finishing of Gypsum Board; 2020.
- P. ASTM C954 Standard Specification for Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Steel Studs from 0.033 in. (0.84 mm) to 0.112 in. (2.84 mm) in Thickness; 2022.
- Q. ASTM C1002 Standard Specification for Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs; 2022.
- R. ASTM C1047 Standard Specification for Accessories for Gypsum Wallboard and Gypsum Veneer Base; 2019.
- S. ASTM C1325 Standard Specification for Fiber-Mat Reinforced Cementitious Backer Units; 2022.
- T. ASTM C1396/C1396M Standard Specification for Gypsum Board; 2017.
- U. ASTM C1629/C1629M Standard Classification for Abuse-Resistant Nondecorated Interior Gypsum Panel Products and Fiber-Reinforced Cement Panels; 2023.
- V. ASTM D3273 Standard Test Method for Resistance to Growth of Mold on the Surface of Interior Coatings in an Environmental Chamber; 2021.
- W. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- X. ASTM E90 Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements; 2009 (Reapproved 2016).

- Y. ASTM E413 Classification for Rating Sound Insulation; 2022.
- Z. GA-216 Application and Finishing of Gypsum Panel Products; 2021.
- AA. ICC (IBC) International Building Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- BB. UL (FRD) Fire Resistance Directory; Current Edition.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination: Coordinate the installation of gypsum board assemblies with size, location, and installation of service utilities.
- B. Preinstallation Meeting: Conduct a preinstallation meeting one week prior to the start of the work of this section; require attendance by all affected installers.
- C. Sequencing: Install service utilities in an orderly and expeditious manner.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data:
  - 1. Provide data on metal framing, gypsum board, accessories, and joint finishing system.
  - 2. Provide manufacturer's data on partition head to structure connectors, showing compliance with requirements.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate special details associated with fireproofing and acoustic seals.
- D. Steel Framing Industry Association (SFIA) Certification:
  - 1. Submit documentation that metal studs and connectors used on project meet or exceed requirements of The Building Code of New York State, latest edition.
  - 2. Submit current documentation of contractor and fabricator accreditation. Keep copies of each on-site during and after installation, and present upon request.
- E. Test Reports: For stud framing products that do not comply with AISI S220 or ASTM C754, provide independent laboratory reports showing maximum stud heights at required spacings and deflections.
- F. Evaluation Service Reports: Show compliance of grid suspension systems with specified requirements.
- G. Installer's Qualification Statement.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. SFIA Code Compliance Certification Program: www.CFSteel.org/#sle: Use metal studs and connectors certified for compliance with The Building Code of New York State, latest edition.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and with at least three years of documented experience.

- C. Documents at Project Site: Maintain at the project site a copy of manufacturer's instructions, erection drawings, and shop drawings.
- 1.7 Delivery, Storage, and Handling
  - A. Store gypsum products and accessories indoors and keep above freezing. Elevate boards above floor, on nonwicking supports, in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES

- A. Provide completed assemblies complying with ASTM C840 and GA-216.
- B. Interior Partitions, Indicated as Acoustic: Provide completed assemblies with the following characteristics:
  - 1. Acoustic Attenuation: STC as indicated calculated in accordance with ASTM E413, based on tests conducted in accordance with ASTM E90.
- C. Seismic Performance: Ceiling systems designed to withstand the effects of earthquake motions in accordance with ASCE 7 for Seismic Design Category D, E, or F and complying with the following:
  - 1. Local authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Provide completed assemblies complying with applicable code. And with assemblies indicated.
  - 1. ICC IBC Item Numbers: Comply with applicable requirements of ICC IBC for the particular assembly.
  - 2. UL Assembly Numbers: Provide construction equivalent to that listed for the particular assembly in the current UL (FRD).

#### 2.2 METAL FRAMING MATERIALS

- A. Material and Product Requirements Criteria: AISI S201.
- B. Steel Sheet: ASTM A1003/A1003M, subject to the ductility limitations indicated in AISI S220 or equivalent.
  - 1. Structural Grade: As required to meet design criteria.
  - 2. Corrosion Protection Coating Designation: G40, or equivalent in accordance with AISI S220.
- C. Manufacturers Metal Framing, Connectors, and Accessories:
  - 1. ClarkDietrich: www.clarkdietrich.com/#sle.
  - 2. MarinoWARE: www.marinoware.com/#sle.
  - 3. Approved equal.
  - 4. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- D. Nonstructural Framing System Components: AISI S220; galvanized sheet steel, of size and properties necessary to comply with ASTM C754 for the spacing indicated, with maximum deflection of wall framing of L/120 at 5 psf.

- 1. Studs: C-shaped with knurled or embossed faces.
- 2. Paired Studs for Sound-Rated Assemblies: Engineered single-piece assemblies comprised of paired studs coupled by sound isolators, designed to replace conventional side-by-side, parallel, double-wall partition framing.
  - a. Widths: As indicated on drawings.
- 3. Runners: U shaped, sized to match studs.
- 4. Ceiling Channels: C-shaped.
- 5. Flexible Track: Flexible framing consisting of adjustable leg straps and pivoting, hinged track brackets designed to provide curved framing assemblies of varying radii.
  - a. Dimensions: 3-5/8 inches deep by 1-3/16 inches high in lengths and configurations indicated.
- 6. Furring Members: Hat-shaped sections, minimum depth of 7/8 inch.
- 7. Furring Members: U-shaped sections, minimum depth of 3/4 inch.
- 8. Furring Members: Zee-shaped sections, minimum depth of 1 inch.
- 9. Resilient Furring Channels: Single or double leg configuration; 1/2 inch channel depth.
- 10. Resilient Sound Isolation Clips: Steel resilient clips with molded rubber isolators, attaches to framing; improves noise isolation performance of wall and floor-ceiling assemblies.
- 11. Sill Plate Isolation Pads: Acoustical separation between sole plate and subfloor.
- E. Shaft Wall Studs and Accessories: AISI S220; galvanized sheet steel, of size and properties necessary to comply with ASTM C754 and specified performance requirements.
- F. Partition Head to Structure Connections: Provide mechanical anchorage devices that accommodate deflection and prevent rotation of studs while maintaining structural performance of partition.
  - 1. Structural Performance: Maintain lateral load resistance and vertical movement capacity required by applicable code, when evaluated in accordance with AISI S100.
  - 2. Material: ASTM A653/A653M steel sheet, SS Grade 50/340, with G60/Z180 hot-dipped galvanized coating.
  - 3. Provide components UL-listed for use in UL-listed fire-resistance-rated head of partition joint systems indicated on drawings.
- G. Deflection and Firestop Track: Intumescent strip factory-applied to track flanges expands when exposed to heat or flames to provide a perimeter joint seal.
- H. Non-structural Framing Accessories:
  - 1. Ceiling Hangers: Type and size as specified in ASTM C754 for spacing required.
  - 2. Partial Height Wall Framing Support: Provides stud reinforcement and anchored connection to floor.
    - a. Materials: ASTM A36/A36M formed sheet steel support member with factory-welded ASTM A1003/A1003M steel plate base.
    - b. Height: 35-3/4 inches.
- I. Grid Suspension Systems: Steel grid system of main tees and support bars connected to structure using hanging wire.
  - 1. Products:
    - a. CertainTeed Corporation: www.certainteed.com/ceilings-and-walls/#sle.
    - b. USG Corporation; Drywall Suspension System: www.usg.com/#sle.
    - c. Approved equal.
    - d. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.3 BOARD MATERIALS

- A. Manufacturers Gypsum-Based Board:
  - 1. CertainTeed Corporation: www.certainteed.com/#sle.
  - 2. Gold Bond Building Products, LLC provided by National Gypsum Company: www.goldbondbuilding.com/#sle.
  - 3. USG Corporation: www.usg.com/#sle.
  - 4. Approved equal.
  - 5. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Gypsum Wallboard: Paper-faced gypsum panels as defined in ASTM C1396/C1396M; sizes to minimize joints in place; ends square cut.
  - 1. Application: Use for vertical surfaces and ceilings, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Mold Resistance: Score of 10, when tested in accordance with ASTM D3273.
    - a. Mold resistant board is required at all locations.
  - 3. At Assemblies Indicated with Fire-Resistance Rating: Use type required by indicated tested assembly; if no tested assembly is indicated, use Type X board, UL or WH listed.
  - 4. Thickness:
    - a. Vertical Surfaces: 5/8 inch.
    - b. Ceilings: 1/2 inch.
    - c. Multi-Layer Assemblies: Thicknesses as indicated on drawings.
  - 5. Mold-Resistant, Paper-Faced Products:
    - a. CertainTeed Corporation; M2Tech 1/2" Moisture & Mold Resistant Drywall: www.certainteed.com/#sle.
    - b. CertainTeed Corporation; M2Tech 5/8" Type X Moisture & Mold Resistant Drywall: www.certainteed.com/#sle.
    - c. Gold Bond Building Products, LLC provided by National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond XP Gypsum Board: www.goldbondbuilding.com/#sle.
    - d. Gold Bond Building Products, LLC provided by National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond XP Fire-Shield Gypsum Board: www.goldbondbuilding.com/#sle.
    - e. USG Corporation; Sheetrock Brand EcoSmart Panels Mold Tough Firecode X 5/8 in. (15.9 mm): www.usg.com/#sle.
    - f. USG Corporation; Sheetrock Brand UltraLight Panels Mold Tough 1/2 in. (12.7 mm): www.usg.com/#sle.
    - g. Approved equal.
    - h. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### C. Impact Resistant Wallboard:

- 1. Application: High-traffic areas indicated.
- 2. Surface Abrasion: Level 3, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM C1629/C1629M.
- 3. Indentation: Level 2, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM C1629/C1629M.
- 4. Mold Resistance: Score of 10, when tested in accordance with ASTM D3273.
- 5. Paper-Faced Type: Gypsum wallboard, as defined in ASTM C1396/C1396M.
- 6. Type: Fire-resistance-rated Type X, UL or WH listed.
- 7. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
- 8. Edges: Tapered.
- 9. Paper-Faced Products:

- a. USG Corporation; Sheetrock Brand Mold Tough VHI Firecode X Panels 5/8 in. (15.9 mm): www.usg.com/#sle.
- b. Approved equal.
- c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- D. Backing Board For Wet Areas: One of the following products:
  - 1. Application: Surfaces behind tile in wet areas including tub and shower surrounds, shower ceilings, and toilet rooms.
  - 2. Mold Resistance: Score of 10, when tested in accordance with ASTM D3273.
  - 3. ANSI Cement-Based Board: Non-gypsum-based; aggregated Portland cement panels with glass fiber mesh embedded in front and back surfaces complying with ANSI A118.9 or ASTM C1325.
    - a. Thickness: 1/2 inch.
    - b. Products:
      - 1) USG Corporation; Fiberock Brand Aqua-Tough AR Interior Panels Regular 5/8 in. (15.9 mm): www.usg.com/#sle.
      - 2) Approved equal.
      - 3) Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- E. Backing Board For Non-Wet Areas: Water-resistant gypsum backing board as defined in ASTM C1396/C1396M; sizes to minimum joints in place; ends square cut.
  - 1. Application: Vertical surfaces behind thinset tile, except in wet areas.
  - 2. Mold Resistance: Score of 10, when tested in accordance with ASTM D3273.
  - 3. At Assemblies Indicated with Fire-Resistance Rating: Use type required by indicated tested assembly; if no tested assembly is indicated, use Type X board, UL or WH listed.
  - 4. Type: Regular and Type X, in locations indicated.
  - 5. Type X Thickness: 5/8 inch.
  - 6. Regular Board Thickness: 1/2 inch.
  - 7. Edges: Tapered.
  - 8. Products:
    - a. American Gypsum Company; M-Bloc Type X: www.americangypsum.com/#sle.
    - b. Georgia-Pacific Gypsum; DensArmor Plus: www.gpgypsum.com/#sle.
    - c. Gold Bond Building Products, LLC provided by National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond XP Fire-Shield Gypsum Board: www.goldbondbuilding.com/#sle.
    - d. Approved equal.
    - e. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- F. Ceiling Board: Special sag resistant gypsum ceiling board as defined in ASTM C1396/C1396M; sizes to minimize joints in place; ends square cut.
  - 1. Application: Ceilings, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Thickness: 1/2 inch.
  - 3. Edges: Tapered.
  - 4. Products:
    - a. CertainTeed Corporation; Interior Ceiling Drywall: www.certainteed.com/#sle.
    - b. CertainTeed Corporation; 1/2" Easi-Lite: www.certainteed.com/#sle.
    - c. Gold Bond Building Products, LLC provided by National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond High Strength LITE Gypsum Board: www.goldbondbuilding.com/#sle.
    - d. USG Corporation; Sheetrock Brand UltraLight Panels 1/2 in. (12.7 mm): www.usg.com/#sle.
    - e. Approved equal.

f. Substitutions: See Section 016000 - Product Requirements.

#### 2.4 GYPSUM BOARD ACCESSORIES

- A. Acoustic Insulation: ASTM C665; preformed mineral-fiber, friction fit type, unfaced; thickness 2 inches.
- B. Sound Isolation Tape: Elastomeric foam tape for sound decoupling.
  - 1. Surface Burning Characteristics: Provide assemblies with flame spread index of 75 or less and smoke developed index of 450 or less, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
  - 2. Tape Thickness: 1/4 inch.
- C. Acoustic Sealant: Acrylic emulsion latex or water-based elastomeric sealant; do not use solvent-based non-curing butyl sealant.
- D. Water-Resistive Barrier: See Section 072500.
- E. Finishing Accessories: ASTM C1047, extruded aluminum alloy (6063 T5) or galvanized steel sheet ASTM A924/A924M G90, unless noted otherwise.
  - 1. Types: As detailed or required for finished appearance.
  - 2. Special Shapes: In addition to conventional corner bead and control joints, provide Ubead at exposed panel edges.
  - 3. Products:
    - a. Same manufacturer as framing materials.
    - b. Approved equal.
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- F. Joint Materials: ASTM C475/C475M and as recommended by gypsum board manufacturer for project conditions.
  - 1. Fiberglass Tape: 2 inch wide, coated glass fiber tape for joints and corners, except as otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Joint Compound: Setting type, field-mixed.
- G. Finishing Compound: Surface coat and primer, takes the place of skim coating.
- H. High Build Drywall Surfacer: Vinyl acrylic latex-based coating for spray application, designed to take the place of skim coating and separate paint primer in achieving Level 5 finish.
- I. Concrete Cover Coat Compound: Ready-mix compound for filling and smoothing interior, above-grade, monolithic concrete ceilings and columns.
- J. Screws for Fastening of Gypsum Panel Products to Cold-Formed Steel Studs Less than 0.033 inches in Thickness and Wood Members: ASTM C1002; self-piercing tapping screws, corrosion-resistant.
- K. Screws for Fastening of Gypsum Panel Products to Steel Members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch in Thickness: ASTM C954; steel drill screws, corrosion-resistant.
- L. Anchorage to Substrate: Tie wire, nails, screws, and other metal supports, of type and size to suit application; to rigidly secure materials in place.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that project conditions are appropriate for work of this section to commence.

## 3.2 SHAFT WALL INSTALLATION

- A. Shaft Wall Framing: Install in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. Shaft Wall Liner: Cut panels to accurate dimensions and install sequentially between special friction studs.

## 3.3 FRAMING INSTALLATION

- A. Metal Framing: Install in accordance with ASTM C1007AISI S220 and manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Suspended Ceilings and Soffits: Space framing and furring members as indicated.
- C. Studs: Space studs at 16 inches on center.
  - 1. Extend partition framing to structure where indicated and to ceiling in other locations.
  - 2. Partitions Terminating at Ceiling: Attach ceiling runner securely to ceiling track in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 3. Partitions Terminating at Structure: Attach top runner to structure, maintain clearance between top of studs and structure, and connect studs to track using specified mechanical devices in accordance with manufacturer's instructions; verify free movement of top of stud connections; do not leave studs unattached to track.

#### 3.4 ACOUSTIC ACCESSORIES INSTALLATION

- A. Acoustic Insulation: Place tightly within spaces, around cut openings, behind and around electrical and mechanical items within partitions, and tight to items passing through partitions.
- B. Sound Isolation Tape: Apply to vertical studs and top and bottom tracks/runners in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Acoustic Sealant: Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

# 3.5 BOARD INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with ASTM C840, GA-216, and manufacturer's instructions. Install to minimize butt end joints, especially in highly visible locations.
- B. Single-Layer Nonrated: Install gypsum board in most economical direction, with ends and edges occurring over firm bearing.
  - 1. Exception: Tapered edges to receive joint treatment at right angles to framing.
- C. Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction: Install gypsum board in strict compliance with requirements of assembly listing.
- D. Exposed Gypsum Board in Interior Wet Areas: Seal joints, cut edges, and holes with water-resistant sealant.

- E. Cementitious Backing Board: Install over steel framing members and plywood substrate where indicated, in accordance with ANSI A108.11 and manufacturer's instructions.
- F. Installation on Metal Framing: Use screws for attachment of gypsum board except face layer of nonrated double-layer assemblies, which may be installed by means of adhesive lamination.

#### 3.6 INSTALLATION OF TRIM AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Control Joints: Place control joints consistent with lines of building spaces and as indicated.
  - 1. Not more than 30 feet apart on walls and ceilings over 50 feet long.
- B. Corner Beads: Install at external corners, using longest practical lengths.
- C. Edge Trim: Install at locations where gypsum board abuts dissimilar materials.
- D. Moisture Guard Trim: Install on bottom edge of gypsum board according to manufacturer's instructions and in locations indicated on drawings.

### 3.7 JOINT TREATMENT

- A. Paper Faced Gypsum Board: Use paper joint tape, embed with drying type joint compound and finish with drying type joint compound.
- B. Finish gypsum board in accordance with levels defined in ASTM C840, as follows:
  - 1. Level 5: Walls and ceilings to receive semi-gloss or gloss paint finish and other areas specifically indicated.
  - 2. Level 4: Walls and ceilings to receive paint finish or wall coverings, unless otherwise indicated
  - 3. Level 1: Fire-resistance-rated wall areas above finished ceilings, whether or not accessible in the completed construction.
- C. Tape, fill, and sand exposed joints, edges, and corners to produce smooth surface ready to receive finishes.
  - 1. Feather coats of joint compound so that camber is maximum 1/32 inch.
- D. Where Level 5 finish is indicated, spray apply high build drywall surfacer over entire surface after joints have been properly treated; achieve a flat and tool mark-free finish.
- E. Fill and finish joints and corners of cementitious backing board as recommended by manufacturer.

#### 3.8 TOLERANCES

A. Maximum Variation of Finished Gypsum Board Surface from True Flatness: 1/8 inch in 10 feet in any direction.

## 3.9 Cleaning

A. See Section 017000 - Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.

## 3.10 Protection

A. Protect installed gypsum board assemblies from subsequent construction operations.

END OF SECTION 092116



## SECTION 093000 TILING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Tile for floor applications.
- B. Tile for wall applications.
- C. Tile for shower receptors.
- D. Stone thresholds.
- E. Ceramic accessories.
- F. Ceramic trim.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 035400 Cast Underlayment.
- B. Section 071400 Fluid-Applied Waterproofing.
- C. Section 079200 Joint Sealants: Sealing joints between tile work and adjacent construction and fixtures.
- D. Section 090561 Common Work Results for Flooring Preparation: Concrete slab moisture and alkalinity testing and remediation procedures.
- E. Section 092116 Gypsum Board Assemblies: Tile backer board.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI A108/A118/A136 American National Standard Specifications for the Installation of Ceramic Tile (Compendium); 2019.
- B. ANSI A108.1a American National Standard Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile in the Wet-Set Method, with Portland Cement Mortar; 2017 (Reaffirmed 2022).
- C. ANSI A108.2 American National Standard General Requirements: Materials, Environmental and Workmanship; 2019.
- D. ANSI A108.5 Setting of Ceramic Tile with Dry-Set Cement Mortar, Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar, EGP (Exterior Glue Plywood) Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar, or Improved Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar; 2023.
- E. ANSI A108.10 American National Standard Specifications for Installation of Grout in Tilework; 2017 (Reaffirmed 2022).

- F. ANSI A108.11 American National Standard Specifications for Interior Installation of Cementitious Backer Units; 2018.
- G. ANSI A108.13 American National Standard for Installation of Load Bearing, Bonded, Waterproof Membranes for Thin-Set Ceramic Tile and Dimension Stone; 2005 (Reaffirmed 2021).
- H. ANSI A108.19 American National Standard Specifications for Interior Installation of Gauged Porcelain Tiles and Gauged Porcelain Tile Panels/Slabs by the Thin-Bed Method Bonded with Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar or Improved Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar; 2020.
- I. ANSI A108.20 American National Standard Specifications for Exterior Installation of Gauged Porcelain Tiles and Gauged Porcelain Tile Panels/Slabs; 2020.
- J. ANSI A118.1 American National Standard Specifications for Dry-Set Cement Mortar; 2019.
- K. ANSI A118.4 American National Standard Specifications for Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar; 2019.
- L. ANSI A118.7 American National Standard Specifications for High Performance Cement Grouts for Tile Installation; 2019.
- M. ANSI A118.10 American National Standard Specifications for Load Bearing, Bonded, Waterproof Membranes for Thin-Set Ceramic Tile and Dimension Stone; 2014 (Reaffirmed 2019).
- N. ANSI A118.12 American National Standard Specifications for Crack Isolation Membranes for Thin-Set Ceramic Tile and Dimension Stone Installation; 2014 (Reaffirmed 2019).
- O. ANSI A118.15 American National Standard Specifications for Improved Modified Dry-Set Cement Mortar; 2019.
- P. ANSI A137.1 American National Standard Specifications for Ceramic Tile; 2022.
- Q. ANSI A137.3 American National Standard Specifications for Gauged Porcelain Tile and Gauged Porcelain Tile Panels/Slabs; 2021.
- R. ASTM C150/C150M Standard Specification for Portland Cement; 2022.
- S. ASTM C373 Standard Test Methods for Determination of Water Absorption and Associated Properties by Vacuum Method for Pressed Ceramic Tiles and Glass Tiles and Boil Method for Extruded Ceramic Tiles and Non-tile Fired Ceramic Whiteware Products; 2018 (Reapproved 2023).
- T. ASTM F710 Standard Practice for Preparing Concrete Floors to Receive Resilient Flooring; 2022.
- U. ASTM F1869 Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride; 2023.
- V. ASTM F2170 Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes; 2019a.
- W. TCNA (HB) Handbook for Ceramic, Glass, and Stone Tile Installation; 2023.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Convene a preinstallation meeting one week before starting work of this section; require attendance by affected installers.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturers' data sheets on tile, mortar, grout, and accessories. Include instructions for using grouts and adhesives.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate tile layout, patterns, color arrangement, perimeter conditions, junctions with dissimilar materials, control and expansion joints, thresholds, ceramic accessories, and setting details.
- D. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that products meet or exceed specified requirements.
- E. Master Grade Certificate: Submit for each type of tile, signed by the tile manufacturer and tile installer.
- F. Installer's Qualification Statement:
  - 1. Submit documentation of National Tile Contractors Association (NTCA) or Tile Contractors' Association of America (TCAA) accreditation.
  - 2. Submit documentation of completion of apprenticeship and certification programs.
  - 3. Submit documentation of Natural Stone Institute Accreditation.
- G. Maintenance Data: Include recommended cleaning methods, cleaning materials, and stain removal methods.
- H. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
  - 2. Extra Tile: 1 percent of each size, color, and surface finish combination, but not less than 1 full box of each type.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Maintain one copy of ANSI A108/A118/A136 and TCNA (HB) on site.
- B. Single source responsibility: Obtain all mortar bed, setting materials, grout and membrane systems from a single manufacturer.
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the types of products specified in this section, with minimum five years of documented experience.
- D. Installer Qualifications: Natural Stone Institute (NSI) Accredited Commercial B Contractor (light commercial): www.naturalstoneinstitute.org/#sle.
- E. Installer Qualifications:
  - 1. Company specializing in performing tile installation, with minimum of five years of documented experience.

- a. Accredited Five-Star member of the National Tile Contractors Association (NTCA) or Trowel of Excellence member of the Tile Contractors' Association of America (TCAA).
- 2. Installer Certification:
  - a. Ceramic Tile Education Foundation (CTEF): Certified Tile Installer (CTI).
  - b. Apprenticeship Program: Installer has achieved Journeyworker status through an apprenticeship from the International Union of Bricklayers and Allied Craftworkers (IUBAC) or a U.S. Department of Labor (DOL)-recognized program.
  - c. Advanced Certifications for Tile Installers (ACT): Certification in the installation of membranes, mortar bed (mud) floors, mortar (mud) walls, shower receptors, large format tile, gauged porcelain tile/panels/slabs, and grouts.
  - d. International Masonry Training and Education Foundation (IMTEF): Supervisor Certification Program (SCP).

### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect adhesives from freezing or overheating in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

#### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not install solvent-based products in an unventilated environment.
- B. Maintain ambient and substrate temperature above 50 degrees F and below 90 degrees F during installation and curing of setting materials.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 TILE

- A. Ceramic Large Format Floor Tile, Type T-1: ANSI A137.1 standard grade.
  - 1. Moisture Absorption: 0 to 0.5 percent as tested in accordance with ASTM C373.
  - 2. Size: 24 by 12 inch, nominal.
  - 3. Shape: Rectangle.
  - 4. Edges: Square.
  - 5. Thickness: 5/16 inch.
  - 6. Surface Finish: Unglazed.
  - 7. Color(s): As indicated on drawings.
  - 8. Products:
    - a. Dal-Tile Corporation; Haut Monde: www.daltile.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Natural Stone Large Format Floor Tile, Type ST-1: ANSI A137.1 standard grade.
  - 1. Moisture Absorption: 0 to 0.3 percent as tested in accordance with ASTM C373.
  - 2. Size: 24 x 12 inch, nominal.
  - 3. Shape: Rectangle.
  - 4. Edges: Square.
  - 5. Thickness: 3/8 inch.
  - 6. Surface Finish: Natural Cleft.
  - 7. Products:

093000 - 4 Tiling

- a. Dal-Tile Corporation; Brazil Black Rectangle S762: www.daltile.com/#sle.
- b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- C. Ceramic Mosaic Tile, Type T-6: ANSI A137.1 standard grade.
  - 1. Moisture Absorption: 0 to 0.5 percent as tested in accordance with ASTM C373.
  - 2. Size: 2 by 2 inch, nominal.
  - 3. Shape: Square.
  - 4. Edges: Square.
  - 5. Surface Finish: Unglazed.
  - 6. Thickness: 5/16 inch.
  - 7. Color(s): As indicated on drawings.
  - 8. Mounted Sheet Size: 12 by 12 inches.
  - 9. Products:
    - a. Dal-Tile Corporation; Haut Monde: www.daltile.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- D. Glazed Wall Tile (Field), Type T-2, T-3: ANSI A137.1 standard grade.
  - 1. Moisture Absorption: 7.0 to 20.0 percent as tested in accordance with ASTM C373.
  - 2. Size: 4 x 8 inch, nominal.
  - 3. Trim size: 4 x 8 inch nominal shape number S4489MOD.
  - 4. Edges: Square.
  - 5. Surface Finish: Matte glaze.
  - 6. Color(s): As indicated on drawings.
  - 7. Trim Units: Matching bullnose and base shapes in sizes coordinated with field tile.
  - 8. Products:
    - a. Dal-Tile Corporation; Color Wheel Linear: www.daltile.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- E. Glazed Wall Tile, Type T-2, T-3: ANSI A137.1 standard grade.
  - 1. Moisture Absorption: 7.0 to 20.0 percent as tested in accordance with ASTM C373.
  - 2. Size: 4 x 8 inch, nominal.
  - 3. Trim size: 4 x 8 inch nominal shape number S4489MOD.
  - 4. Edges: Square.
  - 5. Surface Finish: Matte glaze.
  - 6. Color(s): As indicated on drawings.
  - 7. Trim Units: Matching bullnose and base shapes in sizes coordinated with field tile.
  - 8. Products:
    - a. Dal-Tile Corporation; Color Wheel Linear: www.daltile.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- F. Porcelain Wall Tile (Large Format), Type T-5: ANSI A137.1 standard grade.
  - 1. Moisture Absorption: 7.0 to 20.0 percent as tested in accordance with ASTM C373.
  - 2. Size: 39 x 118 inch, nominal.
  - 3. Edges: Square.
  - 4. Surface Finish: Matte glaze.
  - 5. Color(s): AT15 ASK PLANK.
  - 6. Products:
    - a. Florida Tile Corporation; Aventis Thinner: www.daltile.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

093000 - 5 Tiling

### 2.2 SETTING MATERIALS

- A. Provide setting and grout materials from same manufacturer.
- B. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- C. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar Bond Coat: ANSI A118.4.
  - 1. Applications: Use this type of bond coat where indicated, and where no other type of bond coat is indicated.
- D. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar Bond Coat: ANSI A118.4.
  - 1. Applications: Use this type of bond coat where Large and Heavy Tile (LHT) mortar is indicated.
- E. Mortar Bed Materials: Pre-packaged mix of Portland cement, sand, latex additive, and water.
  - Products:
    - a. Mapei Corporation; Planislope RS.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### 2.3 GROUTS

- A. High Performance Polymer Modified Grout: ANSI A118.7 polymer modified cement grout.
  - 1. Applications: Use this type of grout where indicated and where no other type of grout is indicated.
  - 2. Use sanded grout for joints 1/8 inch wide and larger; use unsanded grout for joints less than 1/8 inch wide.
  - 3. Color(s): As indicated on drawings.

## 2.4 Maintenance Materials

- A. Tile Sealant: Gunnable, silicone, siliconized acrylic, or urethane sealant; moisture and mildew resistant type.
  - 1. Applications: Between tile and plumbing fixtures.
  - 2. Color(s): As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full line.
- B. Grout Sealer: Liquid-applied, moisture and stain protection for existing or new Portland cement grout.
  - 1. Composition: Water-based colorless silicone.

## 2.5 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Waterproofing Membrane at Floors: Specifically designed for bonding to cementitious substrate under thick mortar bed or thin-set tile; complying with ANSI A118.10.
  - 1. Crack Resistance: No failure at 1/16 inch gap, minimum; comply with ANSI A118.12.
  - 2. Fluid or Trowel Applied Type:
    - a. Material: Synthetic rubber or Acrylic.
- B. Waterproofing Membrane at Showers and Tiled Tubs: Specifically designed for bonding to cementitious substrate under thick mortar bed or thin-set tile; complying with ANSI A118.10.

093000 - 6 Tiling

- 1. Fluid or Trowel Applied Type:
  - a. Material: Acrylic.
  - b. Thickness: 60 mils, minimum, wet film thickness.
  - c. Products:
    - 1) Mapei Corporation; Planiseal CR1..
    - 2) Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that subfloor surfaces are smooth and flat within the tolerances specified for that type of work and are ready to receive tile.
- B. Cementitious Subfloor Surfaces: Verify that substrates are ready for tiling installation by testing for moisture and alkalinity (pH).
  - 1. Test as Follows:
    - a. Alkalinity (pH): ASTM F710.
    - b. Internal Relative Humidity: ASTM F2170.
    - c. Moisture Vapor Emission: ASTM F1869.
  - 2. Obtain instructions if test results are not within limits recommended by tiling material manufacturer and setting material manufacturer.
  - 3. Follow moisture and alkalinity remediation procedures in Section 090561.
- C. Verify that required floor-mounted utilities are in correct location.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Protect surrounding work from damage.
- B. Vacuum clean surfaces and damp clean.
- C. Seal substrate surface cracks with filler. Level existing substrate surfaces to acceptable flatness tolerances.
- D. Install backer board in accordance with ANSI A108.11 and board manufacturer's instructions. Tape joints and corners, cover with skim coat of setting material to a feather edge.
- E. Prepare substrate surfaces for adhesive installation in accordance with adhesive manufacturer's instructions.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install tile and thresholds and grout in accordance with applicable requirements of ANSI A108.1a through ANSI A108.20, manufacturer's instructions, and TCNA (HB) recommendations.
- B. Lay tile to pattern indicated. Do not interrupt tile pattern through openings.
- C. Cut and fit tile to penetrations through tile, leaving sealant joint space. Form corners and bases neatly. Align floor joints.

093000 - 7 Tiling

- D. Place tile joints uniform in width, subject to variance in tolerance allowed in tile size. Make grout joints without voids, cracks, excess mortar or excess grout, or too little grout.
- E. Form internal angles square and external angles bullnosed.
- F. Install non-ceramic trim in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- G. Install thresholds where indicated.
- H. Sound tile after setting. Replace hollow sounding units.
- I. Keep control and expansion joints free of mortar, grout, and adhesive.
- J. Prior to grouting, allow installation to completely cure; minimum of 48 hours.
- K. Grout tile joints unless otherwise indicated. Use standard grout unless otherwise indicated.
- L. At changes in plane and tile-to-tile control joints, use tile sealant instead of grout, with either bond breaker tape or backer rod as appropriate to prevent three-sided bonding.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION - FLOORS - THIN-SET METHODS

- A. Over interior concrete substrates, install in accordance with TCNA (HB) Method F113, dry-set or latex-Portland cement bond coat, with standard grout, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Use uncoupling membrane under all tile unless other underlayment is indicated.
  - 2. Where waterproofing membrane is indicated, install in accordance with TCNA (HB) Method F122, with latex-Portland cement grout.

### 3.5 INSTALLATION - SHOWERS AND BATHTUB WALLS

- A. At tiled shower receptors install in accordance with TCNA (HB) Method B415, mortar bed floor, and W244, thin-set over cementitious backer unit walls.
- B. Grout with standard grout as specified above.

### 3.6 INSTALLATION - WALL TILE

- A. On exterior walls install in accordance with TCNA (HB) Method W244, thin-set over cementitious backer units, with waterproofing membrane.
- B. Over cementitious backer units on studs, install in accordance with TCNA (HB) Method W244, using membrane at toilet rooms.
- C. Over interior concrete and masonry install in accordance with TCNA (HB) Method W202, thinset with dry-set or latex-Portland cement bond coat.

### 3.7 CLEANING

A. Clean tile and grout surfaces.

#### 3.8 PROTECTION

093000 - 8 Tiling

A. Do not permit traffic over finished floor surface for 4 days after installation.

END OF SECTION 093000

093000 - 9 Tiling



## SECTION 095100 ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Suspended metal grid ceiling system.
- B. Acoustical units.

#### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- B. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- C. ASTM C635/C635M Standard Specification for Manufacture, Performance, and Testing of Metal Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panel Ceilings; 2022.
- D. ASTM C636/C636M Standard Practice for Installation of Metal Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-In Panels; 2019.
- E. ASTM E580/E580M Standard Practice for Installation of Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panels in Areas Subject to Earthquake Ground Motions; 2022.
- F. ASTM E1264 Standard Classification for Acoustical Ceiling Products; 2023.

### 1.3 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Sequence work to ensure acoustical ceilings are not installed until building is enclosed, sufficient heat is provided, dust generating activities have terminated, and overhead work is completed, tested, and approved.
- B. Do not install acoustical units until after interior wet work is dry.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate grid layout and related dimensioning.
- C. Product Data: Provide data on suspension system components and acoustical units.
- D. Evaluation Service Reports: Show compliance with specified requirements.
- E. Samples: Submit two samples 6 inch in size illustrating material and finish of acoustical units.

- F. Samples: Submit two samples each, 6 inches long, of suspension system main runner, cross runner, and perimeter molding.
- G. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures and perimeter conditions requiring special attention.
- H. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- I. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Designer Qualifications for Seismic Design: Perform under direct supervision of a Professional Structural Engineer experienced in design of this work and licensed at the State in which the Project is located.
- B. Acoustical Unit Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.

### 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain uniform temperature of minimum 60 degrees F, and maximum humidity of 40 percent prior to, during, and after acoustical unit installation.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acoustic Tiles/Panels:
  - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc: www.armstrongceilings.com/#sle.
  - 2. Approved equal.
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Suspension Systems:
  - 1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc: www.armstrongceilings.com/#sle.

#### 2.2 ACOUSTICAL UNITS

- A. Acoustical Units General: ASTM E1264, Class A.
- B. Acoustical Panels, Type ACT-1: Mineral fiber with membrane-faced overlay, with the following characteristics:
  - 1. Application(s): All spaces unless otherwise noted.
  - 2. Classification: ASTM E1264 Type IV.
    - a. Form: 2, water felted.
    - b. Pattern: "E" lightly textured.
  - 3. Size: 24 by 24 inches.
  - 4. Thickness: 3/4 inch.
  - 5. Light Reflectance: 87 percent, determined in accordance with ASTM E1264.

- 6. NRC Range: 0.80 to 0.80, determined in accordance with ASTM E1264.
- 7. Articulation Class (AC): 35, determined in accordance with ASTM E1264.
- 8. Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC): 170, determined in accordance with ASTM E1264.
- 9. Color: White.
- 10. Suspension System Type 9/16 inch: Exposed grid.
- 11. Products:
  - a. Armstrong World Industries, Inc; Ultima High NRC Item No 1942: www.armstrongceilings.com/#sle.
  - b. Approved equal.
  - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- C. Acoustical Panels, Type ACT-2: Mineral fiber with water repellant membrane-faced overlay, with the following characteristics:
  - 1. Application(s): Toilet rooms and shower rooms.
  - 2. Classification: ASTM E1264 Type IV.
    - a. Form: 2, water felted.
    - b. Pattern: "E" lightly textured.
  - 3. Size: 24 by 24 inches.
  - 4. Thickness: 7/8 inch.
  - 5. Light Reflectance: 87 percent, determined in accordance with ASTM E1264.
  - 6. NRC Range: 0.80 to 0.80, determined in accordance with ASTM E1264.
  - 7. Articulation Class (AC): 35, determined in accordance with ASTM E1264.
  - 8. Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC): 170, determined in accordance with ASTM E1264.
  - 9. Panel Edge: Beveled tegular.
  - 10. Color: White.
  - 11. Suspension System Type 9/16 inch: Exposed grid.
  - 12. Products:
    - a. Armstrong World Industries, Inc; Ultima, Health Zone, High NRC #1446: www.armstrongceilings.com/#sle.
    - b. Approved equal.
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

# 2.3 SUSPENSION SYSTEM(S)

- A. Metal Suspension Systems General: Complying with ASTM C635/C635M; die cut and interlocking components, with perimeter moldings, hold down clips, stabilizer bars, clips, and splices as required.
  - 1. Materials:
    - a. Steel Grid: ASTM A653/A653M, G30 coating, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Exposed Suspension System, Type G-1: Hot-dip galvanized steel grid and cap.
  - 1. Application(s): Seismic.
  - 2. Structural Classification: Heavy-duty, when tested in accordance with ASTM C635/C635M.
  - 3. Profile: Tee; 9/16 inch face width.
  - 4. Finish: Powder-coated.
  - 5. Products:
    - a. Armstrong World Industries, Inc; Lyra: www.armstrongceilings.com/#sle.

#### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Support Channels and Hangers: Galvanized steel; size and type to suit application, seismic requirements, and ceiling system flatness requirement specified.
- B. Hanger Wire: 12 gauge, 0.08 inch galvanized steel wire.
- C. Hold-Down Clips: Manufacturer's standard clips to suit application.
- D. Seismic Clips: Manufacturer's standard clips for seismic conditions and to suit application.
- E. Perimeter Moldings: Same metal and finish as grid.
  - 1. Size: As required for installation conditions and specified Seismic Design Category.
  - 2. Shadow Molding: Shaped to create a perimeter reveal.
- F. Gypsum Board: Fire rated type; 5/8 inch thick, ends and edges square, paper faced.
- G. Touch-up Paint: Type and color to match acoustical and grid units.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify existing conditions before starting work.
- B. Verify that layout of hangers will not interfere with other work.

### 3.2 Preparation

- A. Install after major above-ceiling work is complete.
- B. Coordinate the location of hangers with other work.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION - SUSPENSION SYSTEM

- A. Install suspension system in accordance with ASTM C636/C636M, ASTM E580/E580M, and manufacturer's instructions and as supplemented in this section.
- B. Rigidly secure system, including integral mechanical and electrical components, for maximum deflection of 1:360.
- C. Locate system on room axis according to reflected plan.
- D. Perimeter Molding: Install at intersection of ceiling and vertical surfaces and at junctions with other interruptions.
  - 1. Use longest practical lengths.
- E. Suspension System, Non-Seismic: Hang suspension system independent of walls, columns, ducts, pipes and conduit. Where carrying members are spliced, avoid visible displacement of face plane of adjacent members.

- F. Seismic Suspension System, Seismic Design Category C: Hang suspension system independent of walls, columns, ducts, pipes and conduit. Maintain a 3/8 inch clearance between grid ends and wall.
- G. Where ducts or other equipment prevent the regular spacing of hangers, reinforce the nearest affected hangers and related carrying channels to span the extra distance.
- H. Do not support components on main runners or cross runners if weight causes total dead load to exceed deflection capability.
- I. Support fixture loads using supplementary hangers located within 6 inches of each corner, or support components independently.
- J. Do not eccentrically load system or induce rotation of runners.
- K. Form expansion joints as detailed. Form to accommodate plus or minus 1 inch movement. Maintain visual closure.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION - ACOUSTICAL UNITS

- A. Install acoustical units in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Fit acoustical units in place, free from damaged edges or other defects detrimental to appearance and function.
- C. Fit border trim neatly against abutting surfaces.
- D. Install acoustical units level, in uniform plane, and free from twist, warp, and dents.
- E. Cutting Acoustical Units:
  - 1. Cut to fit irregular grid and perimeter edge trim.
  - 2. Make field cut edges of same profile as factory edges.
  - 3. Double cut and field paint exposed reveal edges.
- F. Where round obstructions occur, provide preformed closures to match perimeter molding.
- G. Install hold-down clips on each panel to retain panels tight to grid system; comply with fire rating requirements.
- H. Install hold-down clips on panels within 20 ft of an exterior door.

#### 3.5 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation from Flat and Level Surface: 1/8 inch in 10 feet.
- B. Maximum Variation from Plumb of Grid Members Caused by Eccentric Loads: 2 degrees.

#### 3.6 CLEANING

- A. See Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Clean surfaces.

C. Replace damaged or abraded components.

END OF SECTION 095100

## SECTION 096500 RESILIENT FLOORING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Resilient tile flooring.
- B. Resilient base.
- C. Resilient stair accessories.
- D. Installation accessories.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Restrictions on curing compounds for concrete slabs and floors to receive adhesive-applied resilient flooring.
- B. Section 090561 Common Work Results for Flooring Preparation: Removal of existing floor coverings, cleaning, and preparation.
- C. Section 090561 Common Work Results for Flooring Preparation: Concrete slab moisture and alkalinity testing and remediation procedures.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM D6329 Standard Guide for Developing Methodology for Evaluating the Ability of Indoor Materials to Support Microbial Growth Using Static Environmental Chambers; 1998 (Reapproved 2023).
- B. ASTM E648 Standard Test Method for Critical Radiant Flux of Floor-Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source; 2019a, with Editorial Revision (2020).
- C. ASTM F710 Standard Practice for Preparing Concrete Floors to Receive Resilient Flooring; 2022.
- D. ASTM F970 Standard Test Method for Measuring Recovery Properties of Floor Coverings after Static Loading; 2022.
- E. ASTM F1700 Standard Specification for Solid Vinyl Floor Tile; 2020.
- F. ASTM F1861 Standard Specification for Resilient Wall Base; 2021.
- G. ASTM F1869 Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride; 2023.
- H. ASTM F2169 Standard Specification for Resilient Stair Treads; 2015 (Reapproved 2020).

- I. ASTM F2170 Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes; 2019a.
- J. ASTM F3261 Standard Specification for Resilient Flooring in Modular Format with Rigid Polymeric Core; 2020.
- K. NFPA 253 Standard Method of Test for Critical Radiant Flux of Floor Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source; 2023.
- L. RFCI (RWP) Recommended Work Practices for Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings; 2018.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on specified products, describing physical and performance characteristics; including sizes, patterns and colors available; and installation instructions.
- C. Verification Samples: Submit two samples, 12 by 12 inch in size illustrating color and pattern for each resilient flooring product specified.
- D. Concrete Subfloor Test Report: Submit a copy of the moisture and alkalinity (pH) test reports.
- E. Certification: Prior to installation of flooring, submit written certification by flooring manufacturer and adhesive manufacturer that condition of subfloor is acceptable.
- F. Manufacturer's Qualification Statement.
- G. Installer's Qualification Statement.
- H. Maintenance Data: Include maintenance procedures, recommended maintenance materials, and suggested schedule for cleaning, stripping, and re-waxing.
- I. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
  - 2. Extra Flooring Material: Two complete boxes of each type and color.
  - 3. Extra Wall Base: 200 linear feet of each type and color.
  - 4. Extra Stair Materials: Quantity equivalent to 5 percent of each type and color.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing specified flooring with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in installing specified flooring with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: Independent firm specializing in performing concrete slab moisture testing and inspections of the type specified in this section.

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Upon receipt, immediately remove any shrink-wrap and check materials for damage and the correct style, color, quantity and run numbers.
- B. Store all materials off of the floor in an acclimatized, weather-tight space.
- C. Maintain temperature in storage area between 55 degrees F and 90 degrees F.
- D. Protect roll materials from damage by storing on end.
- E. Do not double stack pallets.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Store materials for not less than 48 hours prior to installation in area of installation at a temperature of 70 degrees F to achieve temperature stability. Thereafter, maintain conditions above 55 degrees F.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 TILE FLOORING

- A. Vinyl Tile Type LVT-1: Printed film type, with transparent or translucent wear layer; acoustic interlayer or backing.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Patcraft; aggregate; I333V: www.patcraft.com.
    - b. Approved equal.
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
  - 2. Minimum Requirements: Comply with ASTM F1700, Class III, Type B.
  - 3. Critical Radiant Flux (CRF): Minimum 0.45 watt per square centimeter, when tested in accordance with ASTM E648.
  - 4. Square Tile Size: 23.63 by inch, nominal.
  - 5. Wear Layer Thickness: 0.020 inch.
  - 6. Total Thickness: 0.098 inch.
  - 7. Tile Edge: Straight.
  - 8. Color: As indicated on drawings.
- B. Feature Strips: Of same material as tile.

### 2.2 STAIR COVERING

- A. Stair Treads: Rubber; full width and depth of stair tread in one piece; tapered thickness.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Sure-Foot Industries Inc.; (Bold Step): www.surefootcorp.com
      - 1) Model No; 411NS2.
      - 2) Color: As selected by architect from manufacturers full range.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
  - 2. Nosing: Square.
  - 3. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

- B. Stair Treads with Integral Risers: Rubber; full height of riser, full width and depth of tread in one piece; tapered thickness.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Johnsonite, a Tarkett Company; Angle Fit: www.johnsonite.com.
    - b. Approved equal..
    - c. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
  - 2. Minimum Requirements: Comply with ASTM F2169, Type TS, rubber, vulcanized thermoset.
  - 3. Critical Radiant Flux (CRF): Minimum 0.45 watt per square centimeter, when tested in accordance with ASTM E648 or NFPA 253.
  - 4. Nominal Thickness: 0.095 inch.
  - 5. Nosing: Square.
  - 6. Tread Texture: Raised.
  - 7. Tread Pattern: Raised square.
  - 8. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

#### 2.3 RESILIENT BASE

- A. Resilient Base Type RB-01, RB-02: ASTM F1861, Type TS, rubber, vulcanized thermoset; style as scheduled.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Johnsonite, a Tarkett Company: www.johnsonite.com/#sle.
  - 2. Height: 4 inches.
  - 3. Thickness: 0.125 inch.
  - 4. Finish: Satin.
  - 5. Length: Roll.
  - 6. Color: As indicated on drawings.
  - 7. Accessories: Premolded external corners and internal corners.

### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Primers, Adhesives, and Seam Sealer: Waterproof; types recommended by flooring manufacturer.
- B. Moldings, Transition and Edge Strips: Same material as flooring.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that surfaces are flat to tolerances acceptable to flooring manufacturer, free of cracks that might telegraph through flooring, clean, dry, and free of curing compounds, surface hardeners, and other chemicals that might interfere with bonding of flooring to substrate.
- B. Verify that wall surfaces are smooth and flat within the tolerances specified for that type of work, are dust-free, and are ready to receive resilient base.
- C. Cementitious Subfloor Surfaces: Verify that substrates are ready for resilient flooring installation by testing for moisture and alkalinity (pH).

- 1. Test as Follows:
  - a. Alkalinity (pH): ASTM F710.
  - b. Internal Relative Humidity: ASTM F2170.
  - c. Moisture Vapor Emission: ASTM F1869.
- 2. Obtain instructions if test results are not within limits recommended by resilient flooring manufacturer and adhesive materials manufacturer.
- 3. Follow moisture and alkalinity remediation procedures in Section 090561.
- D. Verify that required floor-mounted utilities are in correct location.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove existing resilient flooring and flooring adhesives; follow the recommendations of RFCI (RWP).
- B. Prepare floor substrates as recommended by flooring and adhesive manufacturers.
- C. Remove subfloor ridges and bumps. Fill minor low spots, cracks, joints, holes, and other defects with subfloor filler to achieve smooth, flat, hard surface.
- D. Prohibit traffic until filler is fully cured.
- E. Clean substrate.
- F. Apply primer as required to prevent "bleed-through" or interference with adhesion by substances that cannot be removed.

### 3.3 Installation - General

- A. Starting installation constitutes acceptance of subfloor conditions.
- B. Install in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Adhesive-Applied Installation:
  - 1. Spread only enough adhesive to permit installation of materials before initial set.
  - 2. Fit joints and butt seams tightly.
  - 3. Set flooring in place, press with heavy roller to attain full adhesion.
- D. Where type of floor finish, pattern, or color are different on opposite sides of door, terminate flooring under centerline of door.
- E. Install edge strips at unprotected or exposed edges, where flooring terminates, and where indicated.
  - 1. Resilient Strips: Attach to substrate using adhesive.
- F. Scribe flooring to walls, columns, cabinets, floor outlets, and other appurtenances to produce tight joints.
- G. Install feature strips where indicated.
- 3.4 Installation Tile Flooring

- A. Mix tile from container to ensure shade variations are consistent when tile is placed, unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. Lay flooring with joints and seams parallel to building lines to produce symmetrical pattern.
- 3.5 Installation Resilient Base
  - A. Fit joints tightly and make vertical. Maintain minimum dimension of 18 inches between joints.
  - B. Install base on solid backing. Bond tightly to wall and floor surfaces.
- 3.6 Installation Stair Coverings
  - A. Install stair coverings in one piece for full width and depth of tread.
  - B. Paint risers.
  - C. Adhere over entire surface. Fit accurately and securely.

END OF SECTION 096500

## SECTION 096813 TILE CARPETING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Carpet tile, fully adhered.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Restrictions on curing compounds for concrete slabs and floors to receive adhesive-applied flooring.
- B. Section 090561 Common Work Results for Flooring Preparation: Removal of existing floor coverings, cleaning, and preparation.
- C. Section 090561 Common Work Results for Flooring Preparation: Concrete slab moisture and alkalinity testing and remediation procedures.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM D2859 Standard Test Method for Ignition Characteristics of Finished Textile Floor Covering Materials; 2016 (Reapproved 2021).
- B. ASTM E648 Standard Test Method for Critical Radiant Flux of Floor-Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source; 2019a, with Editorial Revision (2020).
- C. ASTM F710 Standard Practice for Preparing Concrete Floors to Receive Resilient Flooring; 2022.
- D. ASTM F1869 Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride; 2023.
- E. ASTM F2170 Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes; 2019a.
- F. CRI 104 Standard for Installation of Commercial Carpet; 2015.
- G. NFPA 253 Standard Method of Test for Critical Radiant Flux of Floor Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source; 2023.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on specified products, describing physical and performance characteristics; sizes, patterns, colors available, and method of installation.

- C. Samples: Submit two carpet tiles illustrating color and pattern design for each carpet color selected.
- D. Accessory Samples: Submit two 6 inch long samples of edge strip.
- E. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures and perimeter conditions requiring special attention.
- F. Concrete Subfloor Test Report: Submit a copy of the moisture and alkalinity (pH) test reports.
- G. Manufacturer's Qualification Statement.
- H. Installer's Qualification Statement.
- I. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include maintenance procedures, recommended maintenance materials, and suggested schedule for cleaning.
- J. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.
  - 2. Extra Carpet Tiles: Quantity equal to 5 percent of total installed of each color and pattern installed.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing specified carpet tile with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in installing carpet tile with minimum three years documented experience and approved by carpet tile manufacturer.
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: Independent firm specializing in performing testing and inspections of the type specified in this section.

### 1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Store materials in area of installation for minimum period of 24 hours prior to installation.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Tile Carpeting:
  - 1. Pateraft: pateraft.com
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Tile Carpeting, Type CRP-1, CRP-2, CRP-3: Tufted, manufactured in one color dye lot.
  - 1. Product: Get Up & Go manufactured by Patcraft.
  - 2. Style No: See finish legend on Drawings.
  - 3. Tile Size: 24 by 24 inch, nominal.

- 4. Thickness: 0.235 inch.
- 5. Color: See finish legend on Drawings.
- 6. Construction: Multi-Level Pattern Loop.
- 7. FIber Type: Solution Q Extreme Nylon.
- 8. Dye Method: 91% Solution Dyed, 9% Yarn Dyed
- 9. Surface Flammability Ignition: Pass ASTM D2859 (the "pill test").
- 10. Gauge: 1/12 inch.
- 11. Stitches: 11 per inch.
- 12. Pile Weight: 16 oz/sq yd.
- 13. Primary Backing Material: Non-Woven Synthetic.
- 14. Secondary Backing Material: EcoWorx Tile.
- 15. Product availability: Product is Owner standard. It is has been discontinued. Product may be available through the following sources.
  - a. Shaw Market Place (800) 241-7550.
  - b. Pateraft custom order 500 SY minimum order (800) 241-4014
- B. Tile Carpeting, Type CRP-4: Tufted, manufactured in one color dye lot.
  - 1. Product: Walk Right In II manufactured by Patcraft.
  - 2. Style No: See finish legend on Drawings.
  - 3. Tile Size: 24 by 24 inch, nominal.
  - 4. Thickness: 0.362 inch.
  - 5. Color: See finish legend on Drawings.
  - 6. Installation Method: Quarter turn.
  - 7. Construction: Needlebond.
  - 8. FIber Type: Polyester.
  - 9. Dye Method: 100% Solution Dyed.
  - 10. Surface Flammability Ignition: Pass ASTM D2859 (the "pill test").
  - 11. Pile Weight: 16 oz/sq yd.
  - 12. Primary Backing Material: Polypropylene.
  - 13. Secondary Backing Material: EcoWorx Tile.

#### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Edge Strips: Embossed aluminum, color as selected by Architect.
- B. Carpet Tile Adhesive: Recommended by carpet tile manufacturer; releasable type.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that subfloor surfaces are smooth and flat within tolerances specified for that type of work and are ready to receive carpet tile.
- B. Verify that wall surfaces are smooth and flat within the tolerances specified for that type of work, are dust-free, and are ready to receive carpet tile.
- C. Verify that subfloor surfaces are dust-free and free of substances that could impair bonding of adhesive materials to subfloor surfaces.

- D. Cementitious Subfloor Surfaces: Verify that substrates are ready for flooring installation by testing for moisture and alkalinity (pH).
  - 1. Test in accordance with Section 090561.
  - 2. Obtain instructions if test results are not within limits recommended by flooring material manufacturer and adhesive materials manufacturer.
  - 3. Follow moisture and alkalinity remediation procedures in Section 090561.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Prepare floor substrates for installation of flooring in accordance with Section 090561.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Starting installation constitutes acceptance of subfloor conditions.
- B. Install carpet tile in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Blend carpet from different cartons to ensure minimal variation in color match.
- D. Cut carpet tile clean. Fit carpet tight to intersection with vertical surfaces without gaps.
- E. Lay carpet tile in Ashlar pattern in open areas and quarter turned in private offices, set parallel to building lines.
- F. Locate change of color or pattern between rooms under door centerline.
- G. Fully adhere carpet tile to substrate.
- H. Trim carpet tile neatly at walls and around interruptions.
- I. Complete installation of edge strips, concealing exposed edges.

### 3.4 CLEANING

- A. See Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Remove excess adhesive without damage, from floor, base, and wall surfaces.
- C. Clean and vacuum carpet surfaces.

END OF SECTION 096813

## SECTION 099100 INTERIOR - EXTERIOR PAINTING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Surface preparation.
- B. Field application of paints.
- C. Materials for backpriming woodwork.
- D. Scope: Finish surfaces exposed to view, unless fully factory-finished and unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Both sides and edges of plywood backboards for electrical and telecom equipment before installing equipment.
  - 2. Surfaces inside cabinets.
  - 3. Mechanical and Electrical:
    - a. In finished areas, paint insulated and exposed pipes, conduit, boxes, insulated and exposed ducts, hangers, brackets, collars and supports, mechanical equipment, and electrical equipment, unless otherwise indicated.
    - b. In finished areas, paint shop-primed items.
    - c. Paint interior surfaces of air ducts and convector and baseboard heating cabinets that are visible through grilles and louvers with one coat of flat black paint to visible surfaces.

## E. Do Not Paint or Finish the Following Items:

- 1. Items factory-finished unless otherwise indicated; materials and products having factory-applied primers are not considered factory finished.
- 2. Items indicated to receive other finishes.
- 3. Items indicated to remain unfinished.
- 4. Fire rating labels, equipment serial number and capacity labels, bar code labels, and operating parts of equipment.
- 5. Stainless steel, anodized aluminum, bronze, terne-coated stainless steel, and lead items.
- 6. Floors, unless specifically indicated.
- 7. Ceramic and other tiles.
- 8. Glass.
- 9. Concealed pipes, ducts, and conduits.

## 1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Comply with ASTM D16 for interpretation of terms used in this section.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. 40 CFR 59, Subpart D - National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Architectural Coatings; U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; current edition.

- B. ASTM D16 Standard Terminology for Paint, Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications; 2019.
- C. ASTM D4258 Standard Practice for Surface Cleaning Concrete for Coating; 2023.
- D. MPI (APL) Master Painters Institute Approved Products List; Master Painters and Decorators Association; Current Edition.
- E. MPI (APSM) Master Painters Institute Architectural Painting Specification Manual; Current Edition.
- F. SSPC-SP 1 Solvent Cleaning; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2016).
- G. SSPC-SP 6 Commercial Blast Cleaning; 2007.
- H. SSPC-SP 13 Surface Preparation of Concrete; 2018.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide complete list of products to be used, with the following information for each:
  - 1. Manufacturer's name, product name and/or catalog number, and general product category (e.g., "alkyd enamel").
  - 2. MPI product number (e.g., MPI #47).
  - 3. Cross-reference to specified paint system products to be used in project; include description of each system.
  - 4. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
  - 5. If proposal of substitutions is allowed under submittal procedures, explanation of substitutions proposed.
- C. Samples: Submit three paper "draw down" samples, 8-1/2 by 11 inches in size, illustrating range of colors available for each finishing product specified.
  - 1. Where sheen is specified, submit samples in only that sheen.
  - 2. Where sheen is not specified, submit each color in each sheen available.
  - 3. Allow 30 days for approval process, after receipt of complete samples by Architect.
  - 4. Paint color submittals will not be considered until color submittals for major materials not to be painted, such as masonry, factory finished metals, and millwork/countertops, have been approved.
- D. Certification: By manufacturer that paints and finishes comply with VOC limits specified.
- E. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate special surface preparation procedures.
- F. Maintenance Data: Submit data including finish schedule showing where each product/color/finish was used, product technical data sheets, material safety data sheets (MSDS), care and cleaning instructions, touch-up procedures, repair of painted and finished surfaces, and color samples of each color and finish used.
- G. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.

- 2. Extra Paint and Finish Materials: five gal of each color; from the same product run, store where directed.
- 3. Label each container with color in addition to the manufacturer's label.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified, with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified with minimum three years experience and approved by manufacturer.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver products to site in sealed and labeled containers; inspect to verify acceptability.
- B. Container Label: Include manufacturer's name, type of paint, brand name, lot number, brand code, coverage, surface preparation, drying time, cleanup requirements, color designation, and instructions for mixing and reducing.
- C. Paint Materials: Store at minimum ambient temperature of 45 degrees F and a maximum of 90 degrees F, in ventilated area, and as required by manufacturer's instructions.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not apply materials when surface and ambient temperatures are outside the temperature ranges required by the paint product manufacturer.
- B. Follow manufacturer's recommended procedures for producing best results, including testing of substrates, moisture in substrates, and humidity and temperature limitations.
- C. Do not apply materials when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent, at temperatures less than 5 degrees F above the dew point, or to damp or wet surfaces.
- D. Minimum Application Temperatures for Paints: 50 degrees F for interiors unless required otherwise by manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Provide lighting level of 80 fc measured mid-height at substrate surface.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Provide paints and finishes used in any individual system from the same manufacturer; no exceptions.
- B. Paints:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore.
  - 2. Approved equal
- C. Primer Sealers: Same manufacturer as top coats.

D. Substitutions: See Section 016000 - Product Requirements.

### 2.2 PAINTS AND FINISHES - GENERAL

- A. Paints and Finishes: Ready-mixed, unless intended to be a field-catalyzed paint.
  - 1. Where MPI paint numbers are specified, provide products listed in Master Painters Institute Approved Product List, current edition available at www.paintinfo.com, for specified MPI categories, except as otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Provide paints and finishes of a soft paste consistency, capable of being readily and uniformly dispersed to a homogeneous coating, with good flow and brushing properties, and capable of drying or curing free of streaks or sags.
  - 3. Provide materials that are compatible with one another and the substrates indicated under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
  - 4. For opaque finishes, tint each coat including primer coat and intermediate coats, one-half shade lighter than succeeding coat, with final finish coat as base color.
  - 5. Supply each paint material in quantity required to complete entire project's work from a single production run.
  - 6. Do not reduce, thin, or dilute paint or finishes or add materials unless such procedure is specifically described in manufacturer's product instructions.
- B. Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content:
  - 1. Provide paints and finishes that comply with the most stringent requirements specified in the following:
    - a. 40 CFR 59, Subpart D--National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Architectural Coatings.
    - b. Architectural coatings VOC limits of the State in which the Project is located.
  - 2. Determination of VOC Content: Testing and calculation in accordance with 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), exclusive of colorants added to a tint base and water added at project site; or other method acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 2.3 PAINT SYSTEMS - INTERIOR

- A. Paint I-OPC Interior Surfaces to be Painted, Including Gypsum board ceilings.
  - 1. Two top coats and one coat Primer.
  - 2. Top Coat(s): Architectural Interior Latex; ceiling paint. (MPI #53).
    - a. Products:
      - 1) Benjamin Moore: Ultra Spec 500, Interior Flat Finish T535/F535.
      - 2) Approved Equal.
      - 3) Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements
- B. Paint I-OP Interior Surfaces to be Painted, Unless Otherwise Indicated: Including gypsum board, concrete, concrete masonry units, and plaster.
  - 1. Two top coats and one coat primer.
  - 2. Top Coat(s): High Performance Architectural Interior Latex.
    - a. Products:
      - 1) Benjamin Moore: Ultra Spec Scuff-X Eggshell.
        - a) Product performance requirements:
          - 1 Durability and cleaning testing as per Green Seal (GS-11)

- 2 Pass washability testing as per ASTM D4828
- 3 Pass detailed performance standard for MPI # 139
- 2) Approved Equal.
- 3) Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements
- 3. Primer: As recommended by top coat manufacturer for specific substrate.
- C. Paint I-OP-MD-DT Medium Duty Door/Trim: For surfaces subject to frequent contact by occupants, including metals:
  - 1. Medium duty applications include doors, door frames, railings, handrails, guardrails, and balustrades.
  - 2. Two top coats and one coat shop or field applied primer.
  - 3. Top Coat(s): Interior Latex; MPI #54.
    - a. Products:
      - 1) Benjamin Moore Ultra Spec 500. Interior Semi Gloss T546/F546 (MPI #54)
      - 2) Approved equal.
      - 3) Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements

#### 2.4 PAINT SYSTEMS - EXTERIOR

- 2.5 Top Coat: Water Based Light Industrial Coating for Galvanized Steel; MPI # 163.
  - A. Products:
    - 1. Benjamin Moore Ultra Spec HP. D.T.M. Acrylic Semi-Gloss HP29/FP29 (MPI #163)

### 2.6 PRIMERS

- A. Primers: Provide the following unless other primer is required or recommended by manufacturer of top coats.
  - 1. Interior/Exterior Latex Block Filler; MPI #4.
    - a. Products:
      - 1) Benjamin Moore: Ultra Spec, Hi-Build Masonry Block Filler, 571/K571. (MPI #4)
      - 2) Approved equal
      - 3) Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements
  - 2. Interior Rust-Inhibitive Water Based Primer; MPI #107.
    - a. Products:
      - 1) Benjamin Moore, Ultra Spec HP, Acrylic Metal Primer HP04/FP04. (MPI #107)
      - 2) Approved equal.
      - 3) Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements
  - 3. Primer Epoxy Anti-Corrosive for Metal; MPI #101.
    - a. Products:
      - 1) Benjamin Moore: Corotech, Surface Tolerant Epoxy Mastic Coating, V160. (MPI #101)
      - 2) Approved equal
      - 3) Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements

### 2.7 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Accessory Materials: Provide primers, sealers, cleaning agents, cleaning cloths, sanding materials, and clean-up materials as required for final completion of painted surfaces.
- B. Patching Material: Latex filler.
- C. Fastener Head Cover Material: Latex filler.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Do not begin application of paints and finishes until substrates have been adequately prepared.
- B. Verify that surfaces are ready to receive work as instructed by the product manufacturer.
- C. Examine surfaces scheduled to be finished prior to commencement of work. Report any condition that may potentially affect proper application.
- D. Test shop-applied primer for compatibility with subsequent cover materials.
- E. Measure moisture content of surfaces using an electronic moisture meter. Do not apply finishes unless moisture content of surfaces is below the following maximums:
  - 1. Gypsum Wallboard: 12 percent.
  - 2. Plaster and Stucco: 12 percent.
  - 3. Masonry, Concrete, and Concrete Masonry Units: 12 percent.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly and correct defects prior to application.
- B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.
- C. Remove or repair existing paints or finishes that exhibit surface defects.
- D. Remove or mask surface appurtenances, including electrical plates, hardware, light fixture trim, escutcheons, and fittings, prior to preparing surfaces or finishing.
- E. Seal surfaces that might cause bleed through or staining of topcoat.
- F. Remove mildew from impervious surfaces by scrubbing with solution of tetra-sodium phosphate and bleach. Rinse with clean water and allow surface to dry.

#### G. Concrete:

- 1. Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be coated exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- 2. Clean surfaces with pressurized water. Use pressure range of 1,500 to 4,000 psi at 6 to 12 inches. Allow to dry.
- 3. Clean concrete according to ASTM D4258. Allow to dry.
- 4. Prepare surface as recommended by top coat manufacturer and according to SSPC-SP 13.

### H. Masonry:

- 1. Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content, alkalinity of surfaces, or if alkalinity of mortar joints exceed that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions. Allow to dry.
- 2. Prepare surface as recommended by top coat manufacturer.
- 3. Clean surfaces with pressurized water. Use pressure range of 600 to 1,500 psi at 6 to 12 inches. Allow to dry.
- I. Gypsum Board: Fill minor defects with filler compound. Spot prime defects after repair.
- J. Plaster: Fill hairline cracks, small holes, and imperfections with latex patching plaster. Make smooth and flush with adjacent surfaces. Wash and neutralize high-alkali surfaces.

#### K. Galvanized Surfaces:

1. Remove surface contamination and oils and wash with solvent according to SSPC-SP 1.

#### L. Ferrous Metal:

- 1. Solvent clean according to SSPC-SP 1.
- 2. Shop-Primed Surfaces: Sand and scrape to remove loose primer and rust. Feather edges to make touch-up patches inconspicuous. Clean surfaces with solvent. Prime bare steel surfaces. Re-prime entire shop-primed item.
- 3. Remove rust, loose mill scale, and other foreign substances using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer and blast cleaning according to SSPC-SP 6 Commercial Blast Cleaning. Protect from corrosion until coated.
- M. Wood Doors to be Field-Finished: Seal wood door top and bottom edge surfaces with clear sealer.
- N. Metal Doors to be Painted: Prime metal door top and bottom edge surfaces.

#### 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Remove unfinished louvers, grilles, covers, and access panels on mechanical and electrical components and paint separately.
- B. Apply products in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual".
- C. Do not apply finishes to surfaces that are not dry. Allow applied coats to dry before next coat is applied.
- D. Apply each coat to uniform appearance in thicknesses specified by manufacturer.
- E. Dark Colors and Deep Clear Colors: Regardless of number of coats specified, apply as many coats as necessary for complete hide.
- F. Sand wood and metal surfaces lightly between coats to achieve required finish.
- G. Vacuum clean surfaces of loose particles. Use tack cloth to remove dust and particles just prior to applying next coat.
- H. Reinstall electrical cover plates, hardware, light fixture trim, escutcheons, and fittings removed prior to finishing.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for general requirements for field inspection.
- B. Owner will provide field inspection.

## 3.5 CLEANING

A. Collect waste material that could constitute a fire hazard, place in closed metal containers, and remove daily from site.

### 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Protect finishes until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up damaged finishes after Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 099100

## SECTION 101423 PANEL SIGNAGE

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Section Includes
  - A. Panel signage.
- 1.2 Reference Standards
  - A. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
  - B. ICC A117.1 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities; 2017.
- 1.3 Submittals
  - A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
  - B. Product Data: Manufacturer's product literature for each type of panel sign, indicating styles, font, foreground and background colors, locations, and overall dimensions of each sign.
  - C. Shop Drawings:
    - 1. Include dimensions, locations, elevations, materials, text and graphic layout, attachment details, and schedules.
    - 2. Schedule: Provide information sufficient to completely define each panel sign for fabrication, including room number, room name, other text to be applied, sign and letter sizes, fonts, and colors.
      - a. When room numbers to appear on signs differ from those on drawings, include the drawing room number on schedule.
      - b. When content of signs is indicated to be determined later, request such information from Owner through Architect at least 2 months prior to start of fabrication; upon request, submit preliminary schedule.
      - c. Submit for approval by Owner through Architect prior to fabrication.
  - D. Samples: Submit two samples of each type of sign, of size similar to that required for project, indicating sign style, font, and method of attachment.
  - E. Verification Samples: Submit samples showing colors, materials, and finishes specified.
  - F. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Include installation templates and attachment devices.
  - G. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
  - H. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
    - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements for additional provisions.
    - 2. Curved Sign Media Suction Cups: One for each 100 signs; for removing media.

### 1.4 Quality Assurance

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.
- 1.5 Delivery, Storage, and Handling
  - A. Package signs as required to prevent damage before installation.
  - B. Package room and door signs in sequential order of installation, labeled by floor or building.
  - C. Store under cover and elevated above grade.
  - D. Store tape adhesive at normal room temperature.

#### 1.6 Field Conditions

- A. Do not install tape adhesive when ambient temperature is lower than recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Maintain minimum ambient temperature during and after installation.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 Manufacturers

- A. Panel Signage:
  - 1. InPro Corporation; Signscape Architectural Signage, Santa Cruz Collection: www.inprocorp.com.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### 2.2 Regulatory Requirements

A. Accessibility Requirements: Comply with ADA Standards and ICC A117.1 and applicable building codes, unless otherwise indicated; in the event of conflicting requirements, comply with the most restrictive requirements.

# 2.3 Panel Signage

- A. Panel Signage Type Interior:
  - 1. Application: Room and door signs.
  - 2. Description: Flat signs with engraved panel media, tactile characters.
  - 3. Sign Size: 8 inches by 10 inches.
  - 4. Total Thickness: 1/8 inch.
  - 5. Color and Font, unless otherwise indicated:
    - a. Character Font: Hevetica Medium 5/8 inch high.
    - b. Character Case: Upper and lower case (title case).
    - c. Background Color: Dove Gray 0106.
    - d. Character Color: Point Blue 0165.
    - e. Border Color: Brushed Nickel 5E026.
    - f. Backplate Color: Point Blue 0165

- 6. Material: Rigid Vinyl Sheet (RVS).
- 7. Tactile Letters: Raised 1/32 inch minimum.
- 8. Braille: Grade II, ADA-compliant.
- 9. One-Sided Wall Mounting: Tape adhesive.

### 2.4 SIGNAGE APPLICATIONS

### A. Room and Door Signs:

- 1. Office Doors: Identify with room names and numbers to be determined later, not those indicated on drawings.
- 2. Conference and Meeting Rooms: Identify with room names and numbers to be determined later, not those indicated on drawings.
- 3. Service Rooms: Identify with room names and numbers to be determined later, not those indicated on drawings.
- 4. Rest Rooms: Identify with pictograms, the names "MEN" and "WOMEN", \_\_\_\_\_ and braille.
- B. Emergency Evacuation Map Panel Signs:
  - 1. Allow for one map per elevator lobby.
  - 2. Map content to be provided by Owner.

### 2.5 Accessories

A. Tape Adhesive: Double-sided tape, permanent adhesive.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 Examination

- A. Verify that substrate surfaces are ready to receive work.
- B. Notify Architect if conditions are not suitable for installation of signs; do not proceed until conditions are satisfactory.

#### 3.2 Installation

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install with horizontal edges level.
- C. Locate panel signs and mount at heights indicated on drawings and in accordance with ADA Standards and ICC A117.1.
- D. Protect from damage until work is complete including punchlist; repair or replace damaged items.

END OF SECTION 101423



## SECTION 102113.19 PLASTIC TOILET COMPARTMENTS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Solid plastic toilet compartments.
- B. Urinal screens.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 061000 Rough Carpentry: Blocking and supports.
- B. Section 102800 Toilet, Bath, and Laundry Accessories.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A666 Standard Specification for Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar; 2023.
- B. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- C. NFPA 286 Standard Methods of Fire Tests for Evaluating Contribution of Wall and Ceiling Interior Finish to Room Fire Growth; 2019.

### 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Coordination: Coordinate the work with placement of support framing and anchors in walls and ceilings.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on panel construction, hardware, and accessories.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate partition plan, elevation views, dimensions, details of wall supports, door swings.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Solid Plastic Toilet Compartments:
  - 1. ASI Global Partitions: www.asi-globalpartitions.com/#sle.
  - 2. Approved equal..
  - 3. Substitutions: Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### 2.2 PLASTIC TOILET COMPARTMENTS

- A. Solid Plastic Toilet Compartments: Factory fabricated doors, pilasters, and divider panels made of solid molded high density polyethylene (HDPE), tested in accordance with NFPA 286; floormounted headrail-braced.
  - 1. Color: As indicated on the Drawings.
  - 2. Doors
    - a. Thickness: 1 inch.
    - b. Width: 24 inch.
    - c. Width for Handicapped Use: 36 inch, out-swinging.
    - d. Height: 55 inch.
  - 3. Panels:
    - a. Thickness: 1 inch.
    - b. Height: 55 inch.
    - c. Depth: As indicated on drawings.
  - 4. Pilasters:
    - a. Thickness: 1 inch.
    - b. Width: As required to fit space; minimum 3 inch.
  - 5. Screens: Without doors; to match compartments; mounted to wall with two panel brackets.

### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Pilaster Shoes: Stainless steel, satin finish, 3 inches high; concealing floor fastenings.
  - 1. Provide adjustment for floor variations with screw jack through steel saddles integral with pilaster.
- B. Head Rails: Extruded aluminum, anti-grip profile.
- C. Wall and Pilaster Brackets: Anodized aluminum; continuous type.
- D. Attachments, Screws, and Bolts: Stainless steel, tamper proof type.
  - 1. For attaching panels and pilasters to brackets: Through-bolts and nuts; tamper proof.
- E. Hinges: Stainless steel, manufacturer's standard finish.
  - 1. Continuous-type hinge, self closing.
- F. Door Hardware: Stainless steel, manufacturer's standard finish.
  - 1. Door Latch: Slide type with exterior emergency access feature.
  - 2. Door Strike and Keeper with Rubber Bumper: Mount on pilaster in alignment with door latch.
  - 3. Provide door pull for outswinging doors.
- G. Coat Hook: One per compartment, mounted on door.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify correct spacing of and between plumbing fixtures.
- C. Verify correct location of built-in framing, anchorage, and bracing.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install partitions secure, rigid, plumb, and level in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Maintain 3/8 inch to 1/2 inch space between wall and panels and between wall and end pilasters.
- C. Attach panel brackets securely to walls using anchor devices.
- D. Attach panels and pilasters to brackets. Locate head rail joints at pilaster center lines.
- E. Field touch-up of scratches or damaged finish will not be permitted. Replace damaged or scratched materials with new materials.

## 3.3 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation From True Position: 1/4 inch.
- B. Maximum Variation From Plumb: 1/8 inch.

## 3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust and align hardware to uniform clearance at vertical edge of doors, not exceeding 3/16 inch.
- B. Adjust hinges to position doors in partial opening position when unlatched. Return outswinging doors to closed position.
- C. Adjust adjacent components for consistency of line or plane.

**END OF SECTION 102113.19** 



# SECTION 102800 TOILET, BATH, AND LAUNDRY ACCESSORIES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Commercial toilet accessories.
- B. Commercial shower and bath accessories.
- C. Electric hand/hair dryers.

#### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
- B. ASME A112.18.9 Protectors/Insulators for Exposed Waste and Supplies on Accessible Fixtures; 2011 (Reaffirmed 2022).
- C. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.
- D. ASTM A269/A269M Standard Specification for Seamless and Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel Tubing for General Service; 2022.
- E. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- F. ASTM A666 Standard Specification for Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar; 2023.
- G. ASTM B86 Standard Specification for Zinc and Zinc-Aluminum (ZA) Alloy Foundry and Die Castings; 2023.
- H. ASTM B456 Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Copper Plus Nickel Plus Chromium and Nickel Plus Chromium; 2017 (Reapproved 2022).
- I. ASTM C1036 Standard Specification for Flat Glass; 2021.
- J. ASTM C1048 Standard Specification for Heat-Strengthened and Fully Tempered Flat Glass; 2018.
- K. ASTM C1503 Standard Specification for Silvered Flat Glass Mirror; 2024.
- L. ASTM C1822 Standard Specification for Insulating Covers on Accessible Lavatory Piping; 2021.
- M. ASTM D4802 Standard Specification for Poly(Methyl Methacrylate) Acrylic Plastic Sheet; 2016.

- N. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- O. ICC A117.1 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities; 2017.

## 1.3 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Coordinate the work with the placement of internal wall reinforcement, concealed ceiling supports, and reinforcement of toilet partitions to receive anchor attachments.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit data on accessories describing size, finish, details of function, and attachment methods.
- C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures and conditions requiring special attention.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Commercial Toilet, Shower, and Bath Accessories:
  - 1. As indicated on Drawings
  - 2. Approved equal.
  - 3. Substitutions: Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Under-Lavatory Pipe Supply Covers:
  - 1. As indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Approved equal.
  - 3. Substitutions: Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- C. Electric Hand/Hair Dryers:
  - 1. As indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Approved equal.
  - 3. Substitutions: Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Accessories General: Shop assembled, free of dents and scratches and packaged complete with anchors and fittings, steel anchor plates, adapters, and anchor components for installation.
  - 1. Grind welded joints smooth.
  - 2. Fabricate units made of metal sheet of seamless sheets with flat surfaces.
- B. Keys: Provide 4 keys for each accessory to Owner; master key lockable accessories.
- C. Stainless Steel Sheet: ASTM A666, Type 304.

- D. Stainless Steel Tubing: ASTM A269/A269M, Grade TP304 or TP316.
- E. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Hot-dipped galvanized steel sheet, ASTM A653/A653M, with G90/Z275 coating.
- F. Zinc Alloy: Die cast, ASTM B86.
- G. Acrylic Plastic Sheet: ASTM D4802.
- H. Mirror Glass: Tempered safety glass, ASTM C1048; and ASTM C1036 Type I, Class 1, Quality Q2, with silvering as required.
- I. Adhesive: Two component epoxy type, waterproof.
- J. Fasteners, Screws, and Bolts: Hot dip galvanized; tamper-proof; security type.
- K. Expansion Shields: Fiber, lead, or rubber as recommended by accessory manufacturer for component and substrate.

### 2.3 FINISHES

- A. Stainless Steel: Satin finish, unless otherwise noted.
- B. Chrome/Nickel Plating: ASTM B456, SC 2, polished finish, unless otherwise noted.
- C. Powder-Coated Steel: Clean, degrease, and neutralize. Follow immediately with a phosphatizing treatment, prime coat, and two finish coats of powder coat enamel.
- D. Galvanizing for Items Other than Sheet: Comply with ASTM A123/A123M; galvanize ferrous metal and fastening devices.
- E. Back paint components where contact is made with building finishes to prevent electrolysis.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify existing conditions before starting work.
- B. Verify exact location of accessories for installation.
- C. For electrically-operated accessories, verify that electrical power connections are ready and in the correct locations.
- D. Verify that field measurements are as indicated on drawings.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Deliver inserts and rough-in frames to site for timely installation.
- B. Provide templates and rough-in measurements as required.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install accessories in accordance with manufacturers' instructions in locations indicated on drawings.
- B. Install plumb and level, securely and rigidly anchored to substrate.
- C. Mounting Heights: As required by accessibility regulations, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Grab Bars: As indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Mirrors: 40 inch, measured from floor to bottom of mirrored surface.
  - 3. Electric Hand Dryers: Measured from floor to bottom of nozzle:
    - a. Men: 44 inches.
    - b. Women: 42 inches.
    - c. Handicap: 36 inches.
  - 4. Other Accessories: As indicated on drawings.

# 3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed accessories from damage due to subsequent construction operations.

END OF SECTION 102800

## SECTION 105113 METAL LOCKERS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Metal lockers.
- B. Locker benches.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Concrete base construction.
- B. Section 061000 Rough Carpentry: Wood blocking and nailers.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
- B. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- C. ASTM A879/A879M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc Coated by the Electrolytic Process for Applications Requiring Designation of the Coating Mass on Each Surface; 2022.
- D. ASTM A1008/A1008M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, Required Hardness, Solution Hardened, and Bake Hardenable; 2021a.
- E. ICC A117.1 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities; 2017.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's published data on locker construction, sizes, and accessories.
  - 1. Wired Access Control: Include power requirements and standard wiring diagrams for specified products.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate locker plan layout, numbering plan and combination lock code.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate component installation assembly.

#### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect locker finish and adjacent surfaces from damage.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Metal Lockers:
  - 1. Global Industrial Company; [LKR-4]: www.globalindustrial.com
  - 2. Penco Products, Inc; LKR-3: www.pencoproducts.com/#sle.
  - 3. Republic Storage Systems Co; LKR-5 and LKR-5A: www.republicstorage.com/#sle.
  - 4. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### 2.2 LOCKER APPLICATIONS

- A. LKR-1: Metal lockers, Wall mounted Pistol Locker.
  - 1. Width: 23-5/16 inches.
  - 2. Depth: [8-1/8] inches.
  - 3. Height: 28-1/8 inches.
  - 4. Manufacturer: Furnished by Owner to be installed by Contractor.
- B. LKR-2: Metal lockers, Floor mounted Rifle Locker.
  - 1. Width: 23-5/16 inches.
  - 2. Depth: [8-1/8] inches.
  - 3. Height: 28-1/8 inches.
  - 4. Manufacturer: Furnished by Owner to be installed by Contractor.
- C. LKR-3: Metal lockers, free-standing with matching closed base.
  - 1. Width: 24 inches.
  - 2. Depth: 24 inches.
  - 3. Height: 72 inches.
  - 4. Manufacturer: Penco Products Inc.: Patriot series fully framed gear locker.
    - a. Model Number: WBB2561191
  - 5. Configuration: Single tier.
  - 6. Fittings: Size and configuration as indicated on drawings.
    - a. Hat shelf.
    - b. Single shoe shelf.
    - c. Coat rod.
    - d. Solid divider panel.
    - e. Hooks: Two single prong.
  - 7. Ventilation: Louvered doors and side panels.
  - 8. Locking: Manufacturers standard locking system.
  - 9. Color: Manufacturer's Color Marine Blue.
- D. LKR-4: Metal lockers, Wall mounted open front gear storage rack system.
  - 1. Width: 124-3/4 inches.
  - 2. Depth: 20 inches.
  - 3. Height: 72 inches.
  - 4. Manufacturer: Global Industrial Company:
    - a. Model Number: Red Rack WBB2019272.
  - 5. Configuration: open front, 5 module gang unit.

- 6. Fittings: Size and configuration as indicated on drawings.
  - a. Upper shelf.
  - b. Coat rod.
  - c. Lower shelf.
- 7. Door Configuration: none.
- 8. Color: Manufacturer's Color red.
- E. LKR-05: Metal lockers, Free standing standard wardrobe locker on field constructed base.
  - 1. Width: 18 inches.
  - 2. Depth: 24 inches.
  - 3. Height: 72 inches.
  - 4. Configuration: Single tier.
  - 5. Manufacturer: Republic Storage Systems Co.:
    - a. Heavy Duty Corridor Lockers.
  - 6. Fittings: Size and configuration as indicated on drawings.
    - a. Hat shelf.
    - b. Single shoe shelf.
    - c. Coat rod.
    - d. Hooks: three single prong.
  - 7. Ventilation: Louvers at top and bottom of door panel.
  - 8. Locking: Padlock hasps, for padlocks provided by Owner.
    - a. Locking Action: Positive, automatic type, whereby locker may be locked when open, then closed without unlocking.
  - 9. Provide sloped top.
  - 10. Color: To be selected from manufacturer's full range by Architect.
- F. LKR-05A: Metal lockers, Free standing ADA wardrobe locker on field constructed base.
  - 1. Width: 18 inches.
  - 2. Depth: 24 inches.
  - 3. Height: 72 inches.
  - 4. Configuration: Single tier.
  - 5. Manufacturer: Republic Storage Systems Co.:
    - a. Heavy Duty Corridor Lockers.
  - 6. Fittings: Size and configuration as indicated on drawings.
    - a. Hat shelf, located at 47 inches A.F.F
    - b. Coat rod. Located at 45 inches A.F.F.
    - c. Hooks: three single prong.
  - 7. Ventilation: Louvers at top and bottom of door panel.
  - 8. Locking: Padlock hasps, for padlocks provided by Owner.
    - a. Locking Action: Positive, automatic type, whereby locker may be locked when open, then closed without unlocking.
  - 9. Provide sloped top.
  - 10. Color: To be selected from manufacturer's full range by Architect.

### 2.3 METAL LOCKERS

- A. Accessibility: Design units indicated on drawings as 'accessible' to comply with ICC A117.1 and ADA Standards.
- B. Locker Case Construction:

- 1. Heavy-Duty, Welded Construction: Made of formed and welded together sheet steel; metal edges finished smooth without burrs; baked enamel or powder coat finished inside and out.
  - a. Assembly: Do not use bolts, screws, or rivets to assemble locker bodies.
  - b. Locker Body Components: Formed and flanged from steel sheet of the following type and minimum thicknesses:
    - 1) Unperforated Steel Sheet: Commercial Steel (CS), Type B, supplied for exposed applications and complying with ASTM A1008/A1008M and the following:
    - 2) Body and Shelves:
      - a) LKR-03; 16 gauge, 0.0598 inch.
      - b) LKR-05, LKR-05A; 24 gauge, 0.0276 inch.
    - 3) Backs:
      - a) LKR-03; 18 gauge, 0.0478 inch.
      - b) LKR-05, LKR-05A; 24 gauge, 0.0276 inch.
    - 4) Base: 18 gauge, 0.0478 inch.
      - a) LKR-03; 18 gauge, 0.0478 inch
        - 1 Height: 4 inches.
      - b) LKR-05, LKR-05A; none.
  - c. Frames: Formed channel shape, welded and ground flush, welded to body, resilient gaskets and latching for quiet operation.
    - 1) Door Frame: 14 gauge, 0.0747 inch, minimum.
  - d. Where ends or sides are exposed, provide flush panel closures.
  - e. Provide filler strips where indicated or required, securely attached to lockers.
- C. Latches and Door Handles: Manufacturer's standard.
  - 1. Latching: Manufacturer's standard for locking arrangement selected.
    - a. LKR-05, LKR-05A:
      - 1) Three-Point Lift Handle Gravity Latch: Pocket-mounted, provide for doors 18 inches or taller.
    - b. LKR-03: Three-Point/Three-Sided Cremone Latch.
      - 1) Latching mechanism operated by a steel handle welded to a three-point Cremone-type assembly.
- D. Cup, Pocket: Manufacturer's standard, with integral pull, and recessed surface punched for installation of lock, latch lift mechanism, and number plate.
- E. Sloped Top: Manufacturer's standard thickness, with closed ends.
- F. Trim: Manufacturer's standard thickness.
- G. Coat Hooks: Stainless steel or zinc-plated steel.
- H. Number Plates: Provide oval shaped aluminum plates. Form numbers of block font style with ADA designation, in contrasting color.
- I. Locks: Locker manufacturer's standard hasp for Owner supplied pad lock, in Applications article above.
- 2.4 Locker Benches

- A. Locker Benches: Stationary type; bench top of laminated mixed hardwoods with radius edge; painted steel pedestals.
  - 1. Accessibility: Comply with ICC A117.1 and ADA Standards.
  - 2. Pedestals;
    - a. Height: 16 1/2 inch.
    - b. Diameter: 8 1/4 inch.
  - 3. Tops:
    - a. Standard:
      - 1) Thickness: 1 1/4 inch.
      - 2) Length: As indicated on Drawings.
      - 3) Width: 9 1/2 inch
    - b. ADA:
      - 1) Thickness: 1 1/4 inch.
      - 2) Length: 48 inch.
      - 3) Width: 20 inch.
  - 4. Finish: two coats of clear catalyzed lacquer on top and sides, one coat on bottom.
- B. Locker Bench Support Brackets: Welded structural aluminum single arm floor mount pedestal bench support brackets; pre-drilled for bench top material attachment and for wall anchorage.
  - 1. Accessibility: Comply with ICC A117.1 and ADA Standards.
  - 2. Height: 18 inch.
  - 3. Depth: 20 inch.
  - 4. Load Capacity per Bracket: 400 pounds.
  - 5. Finish: As selected by architect from manufacturer's available options.
  - 6. Bracket Spacing: 36 inches on center, maximum. Project-specific spacing to be determined based on field measurements.
  - 7. Bracket-to-Floor Attachment: Fasteners/anchors recommended by bracket manufacturer for floor construction conditions encountered.
  - 8. Products:
    - a. Rakks/Rangine Corporation; Bench Support Brackets; Model BM-SA18: http://www.rakks.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that prepared bases are in correct position and configuration.
- B. Verify bases and embedded anchors are properly sized.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Place and secure on prepared base.
- C. Install lockers plumb and square.

- D. Secure lockers with anchor devices to suit substrate materials. Minimum Pullout Force: 100 pounds.
- E. Bolt adjoining locker units together to provide rigid installation.
- F. Install end panels, filler panels, and sloped tops.
- G. Install fittings if not factory installed.
- H. Replace components that do not operate smoothly.

# 3.3 CLEANING

A. Clean locker interiors and exterior surfaces.

END OF SECTION 105113

## SECTION 107316.13 METAL CANOPIES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Attached metal canopies.

#### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AAMA 2603 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Pigmented Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix); 2022.
- B. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- C. ASTM A307 Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts, Studs, and Threaded Rod 60 000 PSI Tensile Strength; 2021.
- D. ASTM A572/A572M Standard Specification for High-Strength Low-Alloy Columbium-Vanadium Structural Steel; 2021, with Editorial Revision.
- E. ASTM B209/B209M Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate; 2021a.
- F. ASTM B221 Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes; 2021.
- G. ASTM B221M Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes (Metric); 2021.
- H. ASTM B429/B429M Standard Specification for Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Structural Pipe and Tube; 2020.
- I. ASTM E2950 Standard Specification for Metal Canopy Systems; 2014 (Reapproved 2020).
- J. ASTM F593 Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs; 2022.
- K. ASTM F3125/F3125M Standard Specification for High Strength Structural Bolts and Assemblies, Steel and Alloy Steel, Heat Treated, Inch Dimensions 120 ksi and 150 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength, and Metric Dimensions 830 MPa and 1040 MPa Minimum Tensile Strength; 2023.
- L. AWS B2.1/B2.1M Specification for Welding Procedure and Performance Qualification; 2021.
- M. AWS D1.1/D1.1M Structural Welding Code Steel; 2020, with Errata (2023).
- N. AWS D1.2/D1.2M Structural Welding Code Aluminum; 2014, with Errata (2020).

- O. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- P. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit product data sheets, including material descriptions and finishes, and preparation instructions and recommendations.
- C. Shop Drawings: Prior to commencement of fabrication, submit detailed shop drawings, showing profiles, sections of components, finishes, and fastening details.
- D. Design Data: Submit comprehensive structural analysis of design for the specified loads. Stamp and sign calculations by professional engineer.
- E. Designer's Qualification Statement.
- F. Manufacturer's Qualification Statement.
- G. Erector's Qualification Statement.
- H. Welders' Qualification Statement: Welders' certificates in accordance with AWS B2.1/B2.1M and dated no more than 12 months before start of scheduled welding work.
- I. Warranty Documentation: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Designer Qualifications: Perform design under direct supervision of a Professional Engineer experienced in design of this type of work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.
  - 1. Comply with applicable code for submission of design calculations as required for acquiring permits.
  - 2. Cooperate with regulatory agency or authorities having jurisdiction (AHJ), and provide data as requested.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in the manufacture of products similar to those required for this project.
  - 1. Not less than five years of documented experience.
- C. Erector Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section.
  - 1. Not less than five years of documented experience and approved by canopy manufacturer.
- D. Welder Qualifications: Welding processes and welding operators qualified in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M and no more than 12 months before start of scheduled welding work.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials to project site ready for erection.
- B. Package using methods that prevent damage during shipping and storage on site.
- C. Store materials under cover and elevated above grade.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Metal Canopies: Correct defective work within a five period after Date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Finish Warranty: Provide manufacturer's five year warranty on factory finish against cracking, peeling, and blistering.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Metal Canopies:
  - 1. Masa Architectural Canopies; Extrudeck Series: www.architecturalcanopies.com
  - 2. Approved equal.
  - 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### 2.2 METAL CANOPIES

- A. Shop Fabricated Aluminum Canopy
- B. Configuration: Layout and dimensions, column layout, canopy clearance, fascia profile, and roof covering design as indicated on drawings.
  - 1. Structural Framing System: Aluminum.
  - 2. Covering Material: Aluminum.
  - 3. Drainage Concept: Water collected in decking conducted into perimeter drain beams and discharged through downspouts.

## C. Performance Requirements:

- 1. Design and fabricate metal canopy system to resist wind, snow, live, and seismic loads without failure, damage, or permanent deflection in accordance with ASCE 7:
- 2. Structural Design Requirements:
  - a. Risk Catagory: IV
  - b. Wind Spped: 127 mph.
  - c. Ground Snow Load: 30 psf.
  - d. Seismic Risk: IV
  - e. Site Class: D
    - 1) Ss: 0.295
    - 2) S1: 0.061
- 3. Thermal Movement: Design canopy system to accommodate thermal movement caused by ambient temperature range of 120 degrees F and surface temperature range of 180 degrees F without buckling, failure of joint seals, undue stress on fasteners or other

detrimental effects on assembly components.

#### 2.3 COMPONENTS

- A. Structural Aluminum Framing: Alloy and temper 6063-T5, 6063-T6, or 6061-T6.
  - 1. Extruded Shapes and Tubes: ASTM B221 (ASTM B221M).
  - 2. Extruded Structural Pipe and Tube: ASTM B429/B429M.
  - 3. Sheet and Plate: Alloy 5052, 5005, or 6061-T651, ASTM B209/B209M.

### B. Covering:

- 1. Aluminum Decking:
  - a. Interlocking extruded aluminum decking modules.
    - 1) Extruded Decking: ASTM B221 (ASTM B221M), Alloy and temper 6005-T5, 6061-T6, or 6063-T6.
  - b. Decking Orientation: Perpendicular to building facade.
  - c. Decking style: Manufacturers standard 3 inch x 6 inch extruded flat soffit decking.
- C. Fascia: Same material as structural framework, 8 inches high.
- D. Attachment: Manufacturers standard 1.050 inch diameter steel hanger rod finished to match canopy.
- E. Anchor Bolts: ASTM A307 or ASTM A572/A572M, formed with bent shank, assembled with template for casting into concrete.
  - 1. Minimum exposed thread of 7 inches above footing and 23 inch minimum embedment.
  - 2. Provide nuts and washers as required for column leveling and plumbing.
- F. Concrete Footings: Refer to Section 033000 for additional requirements.
- G. Exposed Gutters and Downspouts: 2 inch x 3 inch .125 inch heavy extruded aluminum, color to match canopy covering.

### 2.4 Shop FABRICATION

- A. Provide a complete system ready for erection at project site.
- B. Shop fabricate to the greatest extent possible; disassemble if necessary for shipping.
- C. Weld aluminum members in accordance with AWS D1.2/D1.2M.
- D. Fabricate connections for bolt, nut, and washer connectors.

### 2.5 FINISHES

- A. Aluminum Framing and Decking:
  - 1. Pigmented Organic Coatings: AAMA 2603, polyester or acrylic baked enamel finish.
  - 2. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full line..
- B. Fascia: Polyester baked enamel finish As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full line.

### 2.6 Accessories

- A. Structural Bolts: ASTM F593 stainless steel, minimum 3/4 inch diameter.
- B. Trim, Closure Pieces, and Flashings: Same material, thickness and finish as sheet metal decking; factory-fabricated to required profiles.
  - 1. Exposed Fasteners: Not permitted.
- C. Fasteners, Non-Structural: ASTM F593 stainless steel.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and site area for conditions that might prevent satisfactory installation.
- B. Verify that bearing surfaces are ready to receive this work.
- C. Do not proceed with installation until all conditions are satisfactory.

# 3.2 Installation - Framing

- A. Provide for erection and wind loads. Provide temporary bracing to maintain structure plumb and in alignment until completion of erection and installation.
- B. Set column base plates with non-shrink grout to achieve full plate bearing.
- C. Fasten columns to anchor bolts.
- D. Do not field cut or alter structural members without approval.
- E. After erection, prime welds, abrasions, and surfaces not shop primed.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION - Canopy Covering

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Fasten metal decking to metal support members, aligned level and plumb.
- C. Install fascia panels, trim, and flashing.
- D. Separate dissimilar metals using concealed bituminous paint.
- E. Touch-up damaged finish coating using material provided by manufacturer to match original coating.

#### 3.4 TOLERANCES

A. Maximum Variation from Level: Plus/Minus 1/8 inch.

### 3.5 CLEANING

A. See Section 017000 - Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.

B. Clean surfaces of dust and debris; follow manufacturer's cleaning instructions for the finish used.

# 3.6 PROTECTION

A. Protect canopy after installation to prevent damage due to other work until Date of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 107316.13

## SECTION 123600 COUNTERTOPS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Countertops for architectural cabinet work.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 064100 Architectural Wood Casework.
- B. Section 224000 Plumbing Fixtures: Sinks.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI A208.1 American National Standard for Particleboard; 2022.
- B. ANSI A208.2 Medium Density Fiberboard (MDF) for Interior Applications; 2022.
- C. ASTM D635 Standard Test Method for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Plastics in a Horizontal Position; 2022.
- D. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- E. AWI (QCP) Quality Certification Program; Current Edition.
- F. AWI/AWMAC/WI (AWS) Architectural Woodwork Standards, 2nd Edition; 2014, with Errata (2016).
- G. AWMAC (GIS) Guarantee and Inspection Services Program; Current Edition.
- H. AWMAC/WI (NAAWS) North American Architectural Woodwork Standards; 2021, with Errata.
- I. NEMA LD 3 High-Pressure Decorative Laminates; 2005.
- J. NFPA 286 Standard Methods of Fire Tests for Evaluating Contribution of Wall and Ceiling Interior Finish to Room Fire Growth; 2019.
- K. NSF 51 Food Equipment Materials; 2023.
- L. PS 1 Structural Plywood; 2019.
- M. WI (CCP) Certified Compliance Program (CCP); Current Edition.
- N. WI (CSIP) Certified Seismic Installation Program (CSIP); Current Edition.
- O. WI (MCP) Monitored Compliance Program (MCP); Current Edition.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:
  - 1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
  - 2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  - 3. Specimen warranty.
- C. Shop Drawings: Complete details of materials and installation; combine with shop drawings of cabinets and casework specified in other sections.
- D. Selection Samples: For each finish product specified, color chips representing manufacturer's full range of available colors and patterns.
- E. Verification Samples: For each finish product specified, minimum size 6 inches square, representing actual product, color, and patterns.
- F. Test Reports: Chemical resistance testing, showing compliance with specified requirements.
- G. Certificate: Submit labels and certificates required by quality assurance and quality control programs.
- H. Installer's qualification statement.
- I. Installation Instructions: Manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations.
- J. Maintenance Data: Manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for maintenance and repair of countertop surfaces.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified in this section, with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Quality Certification:
  - 1. Comply with AWI (QCP) woodwork association quality certification service/program in accordance with requirements for work specified in this section: www.awiqcp.org/#sle.
    - a. This AWI (QCP) project is registered as project number .
  - 2. Provide labels or certificates indicating that the installed work complies with AWI/AWMAC/WI (AWS) requirements for grade or grades specified.
  - 3. Provide designated labels on shop drawings as required by certification program.
  - 4. Provide designated labels on installed products as required by certification program.
  - 5. Submit certifications upon completion of installation that verifies this work is in compliance with specified requirements.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation.
- B. Store and dispose of solvent-based materials, and materials used with solvent-based materials, in accordance with requirements of local authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, and ventilation) within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's absolute limits.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 COUNTERTOPS

- A. Quality Standard: Custom Grade, in accordance with AWI/AWMAC/WI (AWS) or AWMAC/WI (NAAWS), unless noted otherwise.
- B. Plastic Laminate Countertops: High-pressure decorative laminate (HPDL) sheet bonded to substrate.
  - 1. Laminate Sheet: NEMA LD 3, Grade HGS, 0.048 inch nominal thickness.
    - a. Manufacturers:
      - 1) As indicated on finish legend.
      - 2) Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
    - b. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread index of 25, maximum; smoke developed index of 450, maximum; when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
    - c. NSF approved for food contact.
    - d. Wear Resistance: In addition to specified grade, comply with NEMA LD 3 High Wear Grade requirements for wear resistance.
    - e. Laminate Core Color: Same as decorative surface.
    - f. Surface Color and Pattern: As indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Exposed Edge Treatment: Hardwood nosing as indicated on drawings, natural spar varnish finish; back and end splashes with square top covered with matching laminate.
  - 3. Back and End Splashes: Same material, same construction.
  - 4. Fabricate in accordance with AWI/AWMAC/WI (AWS), Section 11 Countertops, Custom Grade.

### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Wood-Based Components:
  - 1. Wood fabricated from old growth timber is not permitted.
- B. Plywood for Supporting Substrate: PS 1 Exterior Grade, A-C veneer grade, minimum 5-ply; minimum 3/4 inch thick; join lengths using metal splines.
- C. Particleboard for Supporting Substrate: ANSI A208.1 Grade 2-M-2, 45 pcf minimum density; minimum 3/4 inch thick; join lengths using metal splines.
- D. Medium Density Fiberboard for Supporting Substrate: ANSI A208.2.
- E. Adhesives: Chemical resistant waterproof adhesive as recommended by manufacturer of materials being joined.
- F. Joint Sealant: Mildew-resistant silicone sealant, white.

### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fixed Top-Mounted Countertop Support Brackets:
  - 1. Material: Steel.
  - 2. Finish: Manufacturer's standard, factory-applied, textured powder coat.

### 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate tops and splashes in the largest sections practicable, with top surface of joints flush.
  - 1. Join lengths of tops using best method recommended by manufacturer.
  - 2. Fabricate to overhang fronts and ends of cabinets 1 inch except where top butts against cabinet or wall.
  - 3. Prepare all cutouts accurately to size; replace tops having improperly dimensioned or unnecessary cutouts or fixture holes.
- B. Provide back/end splash wherever counter edge abuts vertical surface unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Secure to countertop with concealed fasteners and with contact surfaces set in waterproof glue.
  - 2. Height: 4 inches, unless otherwise indicated.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Do not begin installation until substrates have been properly prepared.
- B. If substrate preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.
- C. Verify that wall surfaces have been finished and mechanical and electrical services and outlets are installed in proper locations.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
- B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install vanities in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and approved shop drawings
- B. Securely attach countertops to cabinets using concealed fasteners. Make flat surfaces level; shim where required.
- C. Attach plastic laminate countertops using screws with minimum penetration into substrate board of 5/8 inch.

- D. Seal joint between back/end splashes and vertical surfaces.
  - 1. Where applied cove molding is not indicated use specified sealant.

# 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Variation From Horizontal: 1/8 inch in 10 feet, maximum.
- B. Offset From Wall, Countertops: 1/8 inch maximum; 1/16 inch minimum.
- C. Field Joints: 1/8 inch wide, maximum.

# 3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean countertops surfaces thoroughly.

# 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Date of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 123600



## SECTION 210000 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION WORK

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 DEFINITIONS

- A. "Provide": to furnish, install, and make complete, safe, and operable, the particular work referred to unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- B. "Furnish" or "supply": to purchase, procure, acquire, and deliver complete with related accessories.
- C. "Install": to erect, mount, and make complete with related accessories.
- D. "Work": includes labor, materials, equipment, services, and all related accessories necessary for the proper and complete installation for fully functioning and operational systems.
- E. "Piping": includes pipe, tube, fittings, flanges, valves, controls, strainers, hangers, supports, unions, traps, drains, insulation, and related accessories.
- F. "Wiring": includes wire, raceway, fittings, boxes, and related accessories.
- G. "Concealed": not in view, installed in masonry or other construction, within furred spaces, double partitions, hung ceilings, trenches, crawl spaces, or enclosures.
- H. "Exposed": in view, not installed underground or "concealed" as defined above.
- I. "Indicated," "shown," or "noted": as indicated, shown, or noted on drawings or specifications.
- J. "Similar" or "equal": to base bid manufacturer, equal in quality, materials, weight, size, performance, design and efficiency of specified product, conforming with "Base Bid Manufacturers" as determined and approved by Engineer.
- K. "Approved": satisfactory as reviewed.
- L. "Accepted As Noted": accepted with comments.
- M. "Revise and Resubmit": resubmit with revisions.
- N. "Disapproved": not approved.
- O. "Submit Specified Item":provide specified item directed by Engineer.
- P. "Reviewed": assessed for reference only final approval by others.
- Q. "Substitutions": Changes from Contract Documents requirements proposed by Contractor to materials, products, assemblies, and equipment.

### 1.2 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The work covered by this section includes the construction described in the Contract Documents, labor necessary to perform and complete such construction, materials and equipment incorporated or to be incorporated in such construction, and services, facilities, tools and equipment necessary or used to perform and complete such construction.
- B. Related Work not Included in this Division but Specified Elsewhere:
  - 1. Requirements of GENERAL CONDITIONS and Division No. 1.
  - 2. Finish painting, except for prefinished equipment or as otherwise specified.
  - 3. Concrete work, except equipment inertia and floating bases.
  - 4. Base flashing for piping.
  - 5. Waterproofing.
  - 6. Power wiring for motors and motor controllers.
  - 7. Installation of access doors and frames.
  - 8. Cutting and patching.
  - 9. Fire alarm wiring.

#### 1.3 DESCRIPTION OF BID DOCUMENTS

- A. Specifications describe quality and character of materials and equipment.
- B. Drawings are diagrammatic and indicate sizes, locations, connections to equipment and methods of installation. Provide additional offsets, fittings, hangers, supports, valves, drains as required for construction and coordination with work of other trades.
- C. Scaled and indicated dimensions are approximate and are for estimate purposes only. Before proceeding with work, check and verify dimensions and field conditions.
- D. Make adjustments that may be necessary or requested in order to resolve space problems, preserve headroom, and avoid architectural openings, structural members and work of other trades.
- E. Typical details, where shown on the drawings, apply to each item of the project where such items are applicable. Typical details are not repeated in full on the plans, and are diagrammatic only, but with the intention that such details shall be incorporated in full.
- F. If any part of Specifications or Drawings appears unclear or contradictory, consult Architect and/or Engineer for interpretation and decision as early as possible during bidding period. Do not proceed with work without the Architect's and/or Engineer's decision.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION OF WORK

- A. The fire protection drawings show the general arrangement of equipment, piping, and appurtenances. Follow these drawings as closely as the actual construction will permit. Conform the plumbing work to the requirements shown on the drawings. Provide offsets, fittings, and accessories which may be required but not shown on the drawings. Investigate the site, structural and finish ground conditions affecting the work, and arrange the work accordingly. Provide such work and accessories as may be required to meet such conditions.
- B. Certain materials will be provided by other trades. Examine the Contract Documents to ascertain these requirements.

- C. Carefully check space requirements with other trades to insure that all material can be installed in the spaces allotted thereto including finished suspended ceilings.
- D. Transmit to other trades all information required for work to be provided under their sections, in ample time for installation.
- E. Wherever work interconnects with work specified under other Sections, coordinate those sections of work to insure that all necessary information is presented so that all the necessary connections and equipment may be properly installed. Identify all items (valves, piping, equipment, etc.) in order that access doors and panels are properly located.
- F. Furnish and set all sleeves for passage of pipes through structural masonry, concrete walls, floors, and elsewhere as required for the proper protection of pipes passing through building surfaces.
- G. Provide required supports and hangers for piping and equipment, designed so as not to exceed allowable loadings of structures.
- H. Examine and compare the contract drawings and specifications with the drawings and specifications of other disciplines, and report any discrepancies between them to the Engineer and obtain from them written instructions for changes necessary in the work of this Section. Install and coordinate the work of this Section in cooperation with installing interrelated work. Before installation, take proper provisions to avoid interferences. All changes required in the work, caused by their neglect to do so, to be made at no additional expense. Before commencing work, examine all adjoining work on which this work is in any way dependent for perfect workmanship and report any conditions which prevent performance of first class work. Become thoroughly familiar with actual existing conditions to which connections must be made or which must be changed or altered.
- I. Wherever the work is of sufficient complexity, prepare additional detail drawings to scale similar to that of the design drawings, prepared on tracing medium of the same size as contract drawings. With these layouts, coordinate the work with the work of the contractor. Such detailed work is to be clearly identified on the drawings as to the area to which it applies. Submit these drawings to the Engineer for review. At completion, however, include a set of such drawings with each set of as-built drawings. When directed by the Engineer, submit drawings for review, clearly showing the work of this section and its relation to the work of other disciplines before commencing shop fabrication or erection in the field.
- J. Provide required anchor bolts, sleeves, inserts, and supports designed so as not to exceed allowable loadings of structures. Locate anchors, bolts, sleeves, inserts, and supports to insure that they are properly installed. Any expense resulting from the improper location or installation of anchor bolts, sleeves, inserts and supports to be paid for by the Contractor.
- K. Adjust location of pipes, panels, equipment, etc., to accommodate the work to prevent interferences, both anticipated and encountered. Determine the exact route and location of each pipe prior to fabrication.
  - 1. Right-of-Way: Lines which pitch have the right-of-way over those which do not pitch, i.e., plumbing drains. Lines whose elevations cannot be changed have right-of-way over lines whose elevations can be changed.
  - 2. Make offsets, transitions and changes in direction in pipes as required to maintain proper head room and pitch on sloping lines whether or not indicated on the drawings. Furnish and install all traps, air vents, drains, etc., as required to offset, transition, and change in

direction.

- L. Install all plumbing work to permit the removal (without damage to other parts) of water heaters and all other equipment requiring periodic replacement or maintenance. Arrange pipes and equipment to permit access to valves, cocks, starters, motors, and control components, and to clear the openings of swinging doors and access panels.
- M. The Contractor shall prepare full coordinated composite drawings for the mechanical, electrical, plumbing, and fire protection work. The Contractor shall overlay each discipline's work (in separate colors) on a set of shop drawings. Conflicts and potential conflicts shall be clearly identified. This shall include but not be limited to conflicts with lights, equipment, piping, ductwork and supports of other trades, as well as conflicts with architectural and structural walls, columns, ceilings and structural beams. The contractor shall have representative(s) attend a weekly job site coordination meeting in the field office. All trades shall resolve conflicts at these meetings and sign off each shop drawing indicating acceptance and satisfactory resolution to all conflicts. All conflicts that cannot be resolved shall be brought to the attention of the Engineer for resolution.

# 1.5 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR EVALUATION

- A. The Contractor shall review all available data on the location and types of underground utilities. The Contractor shall not operate equipment over the utilities and shall take care not to damage them or otherwise impair their use. The Contractor shall make investigation to verify the location of these utilities before proceeding with construction and/or operations in their vicinity.
- B. The Engineer and Owner make no representations, regarding the character or extent of the subsoils, water levels, existing structural, mechanical, and electrical installations, above or below ground or other subsurface conditions which may be encountered during the work. The contractor must make their own evaluation of existing conditions which may affect methods or cost of performing the work, based on their own examination of the facility or other information. Failure to examine the drawings or other information shall not relieve the contractor of their responsibility for satisfactory accomplishment of the work.
- C. The locations of existing utilities are believed to be as indicated on the plans. The Contractor shall verify the location of these utilities prior to commencing any work and notify the Engineer of any discrepancies.
- D. Before starting work, visit the site and examine the site conditions under which the work has to be performed. Report in writing any conditions which might adversely affect the work.
- E. Connections to existing work:
  - 1. Install new work and connect to existing work with minimum interference to existing facilities.
  - 2. Provide temporary shutdowns of existing services at no additional charges and only with written consent of Owner. Schedule shutdowns not to interfere with normal operation of existing facilities.
  - 3. Alarm and emergency systems shall not be interrupted without alternative arrangements.
  - 4. Maintain continuous operation of existing facilities as required with necessary temporary connections between new and existing work.
  - 5. Connect new work to existing work in neat and acceptable manner. Restore existing disturbed work to original condition including maintenance of wiring continuity required.
  - 6. Perform service disconnections only after regular working hours.

## 1.6 ACCESS TO FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT

A. The Subcontractor shall not interfere with access to hydrants, fire exits, fire hose stations, fire extinguishers and fire alarm pull stations. In no case shall the Subcontractor's material or equipment be within twenty five (25) ft of a hydrant or fire alarm pull station.

## 1.7 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- A. If products and materials are specified or indicated on the drawings for a specific item or system, the Subcontractor shall use those products or materials. If products and materials are not listed in either of the above, use first class products and materials, in accordance with shop drawings.
- B. All products and materials shall be new, clean, free of defects, damage, and corrosion.
- C. No permanent equipment shall be used to provide services during construction.
- D. Ship and store all products and materials in a manner which will protect them from damage, weather, and entry of debris. If items are damaged, do not install, but take immediate steps to obtain replacement or repair.
- E. Make certain that all materials selected directly, or by suppliers, conform to the requirements of the contract drawings and specification. Transmittal of such specifications and drawings, information to persons manufacturing and supplying materials to the project, and rigid adherence thereto, is the Subcontractor's responsibility. Acceptance of a manufacturer's name by the Engineer does not release the Subcontractor of the responsibility for providing materials which comply in all respects with the requirements in the Contract Documents.
- F. Applicable equipment and materials to be listed by Underwriters' Laboratories (UL) and manufactured in accordance with ASME, AWWA, or ANSI standards, and as approved by local authorities having jurisdiction.
- G. Fully lubricate all equipment when installed and prior to final acceptance.
- H. Do not put systems in operation until piping has been tested and cleaned.
- I. Follow manufacturers' instructions for installing, connecting, and adjusting all equipment. Provide one copy of such instructions to the Engineer before installing any equipment. Provide a copy of such instructions at the equipment.

#### 1.8 BASE BID MANUFACTURERS

- A. Base bid on materials or equipment are specified by name of manufacturer, brand or trade name and catalog reference.
- B. Where two or more manufacturers are named, the bidder will have the option to choose.
- C. Manufacturers, other than specified, will only be considered if at the time of bid, manufacturers' names and proposed substitutions are named and stated and the difference in base bid is indicated including changes in the cost of all affected work.

D. Submission of equipment of manufacturers other than specified shall detail equality and difference item by item. Delay in ordering of equipment will not be considered a valid cause for substitution.

#### 1.9 SUBSTITUTIONS

### A. Substitution limitations:

- 1. Products specified by Reference Standards or by description only: Use any product meeting those standards or description.
- 2. Products specified by naming one or more manufacturers with a provision for substitutions: Submit a request for substitution for any manufacturer or model not named.
- 3. No substitutions accepted after procurement.
- B. A Substitution Request for products, assemblies, materials, and equipment constitutes a representation that the submitter:
  - 1. Has investigated proposed product and determined that it meets or exceeds the quality level of the specified product, equipment, assembly, or system.
  - 2. Agrees to provide the same warranty for the substitution as for the specified product.
  - 3. Agrees to provide same or equivalent maintenance service and source of replacement parts, as applicable.
  - 4. Agrees to coordinate installation and make changes to other work that may be required for the work to be complete, with no additional cost to Owner.
  - 5. Waives claims for additional costs or time extension that may subsequently become apparent.
  - 6. Agrees to reimburse Owner and design team for review or redesign services associated with re-approval by authorities.
- C. Document each request with complete data substantiating compliance of proposed substitution with Contract Documents. Burden of proof is on proposer.
  - 1. Note explicitly any non-compliant characteristics.
  - 2. Savings to Owner for accepting substitution.
  - 3. Change to Contract Time due to accepting substitution.

### D. Substitution Procedures During Procurement

- 1. Submit substitution requests by completing CSI/CSC Form 1.5C Substitution Request (During the Bidding/Negotiating Stage). See this form for additional information and instructions. Use only this form; other forms of submission are unacceptable.
- 2. Owner and Engineer will consider requests for substitutions only if submitted at least 10 days prior to the date for receipt of bids.

### E. Substitution Procedures During Construction

- 1. Submit substitution requests by completing CSI/CSC Form 13.1A Substitution Request. See this form for additional information and instructions. Use only this form; other forms of submission are unacceptable.
- 2. Submit request for Substitution for Cause within 14 days of discovery of need for substitution, but not later than 14 days prior to time required for review and approval by Engineer, in order to stay on approved project schedule.
- 3. Submit request for Substitution for Convenience immediately upon discovery of its potential advantage to the project, but not later than 14 days prior to time required for

review and approval by Engineer, in order to stay on approved project schedule.

## F. Resolution

- 1. Engineer may request additional information and documentation prior to rendering a decision. Provide this data in an expeditious manner.
- 2. Engineer will notify Contractor in writing of decision to accept or reject substitution request. Engineer's decision following review of proposed substitution will be noted on the submitted form.

### 1.10 QUALITY ASSURANCE

#### A. Codes, Standards and Fees

- Codes and Standards:
  - a. Comply with all current governing codes, ordinances and regulations, UL and all other applicable codes.
  - b. Comply with the requirements of the New York City Building Code, and other agencies or authorities having jurisdiction over any part of the Work and secure all necessary permits.
  - c. Where codes or standards are listed herein, the applicable portions apply.
  - d. Plans, specifications, codes and standards are all minimum requirements. Where requirements differ, apply the more stringent.
  - e. Should any change in plans or specifications be required to comply with governing regulations, the Subcontractor is to notify the Engineer at the pre-bid meeting.
  - f. The codes and standards listed in the Specifications can be obtained from the organizations listed as follows:
    - 1) OSHA-Occupational Safety and Health Act
    - 2) ANSI-American National Standard Institute, Inc.
    - 3) ASME-American Society of Mechanical Engineers
    - 4) ASTM-American Society for Testing and Materials
    - 5) AWWA-American Water Works Association
    - 6) UL-Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
    - 7) ASHRAE-American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers
    - 8) NEMA-National Electrical Manufacturers Association
    - 9) AIA-American Insurance Association
    - 10) AWS-American Welding Society
    - 11) ASA-American Standards Association
    - 12) IEEE-Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
    - 13) NEC-National Electrical Code
  - g. The particular specification will be identified by appropriate prefix and number only with the latest revision being applicable unless otherwise noted.

#### 2. Fees

- a. Pay all required fees.
- b. Pay royalties or fees required in connection with the use of patented devices and systems.
- B. Furnish all materials and equipment new, free from defects and with listings or labels of Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. or other nationally approved testing laboratory.
- C. All items of a given type shall be the product of the same manufacturer.

D. All materials and equipment shall be the product of manufacturers regularly engaged in their manufacture.

#### 1.11 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Prepare and submit detailed shop drawings for piping work and other distribution services, including locations and sizes of all openings in floor, walls, and roofs.
- B. The work described in any shop drawing submission shall be carefully checked for all clearances (including those required for maintenance and servicing), field conditions, maintenance of architectural conditions and proper coordination with all trades on the job. Each submitted shop drawing shall include a certification that all related job conditions have been checked and that no conflict exists.
- C. All drawings shall be submitted sufficiently in advance of field requirements to allow (15) days for checking. All submittals shall be complete and contain all required and detailed information. Shop drawings with multiple parts shall be submitted as a package.
- D. If submittals differ from the Contract Document requirements, make specific mention of such difference in a letter of transmittal, with request for substitution, together with reasons for same.
- E. Review of any submitted data or shop drawings for material, equipment apparatus, devices, arrangement and layout shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility to furnish same of proper dimensions and weight, capacities, sizes, quantity, quality and installation details to efficiently perform the requirements and intent of the Work. Such review shall not relieve the Subcontractor from responsibility for errors, omissions or inadequacies of any sort on submitted data or shop drawings.
- F. Each shop drawing shall contain the job title, the names and phone numbers of the General Contractor and the Subcontractor, references to the applicable design drawing or specification article, date and scale.
- G. Within fifteen (15) days after award of Contract, submit for review, a list of all material and equipment manufacturers whose products are proposed, as well as names of all Subcontractors whom the General Contractor proposes to employ.
- H. Within three (3) weeks after award of Contract, submit a list of all shop drawings which will be submitted in the course of the project. List shall show disposition of each item, including date of submission, review, and the like. List shall be kept up-to-date throughout entire construction period.
- I. Submit shop drawings and manufacturer's data for the following items in accordance with the Contract Documents:
  - 1. Coordinated, detailed shop layout drawings of all mechanical rooms, services and distribution systems, including plans, profiles and sections.
  - 2. Details of piping supports, elbows, anchors and miscellaneous appurtenances.
  - 3. Hangers, supports, inserts, anchors, guides and foundations.
  - 4. Valves.
  - 5. Pressure gauges.
  - 6. Corrosion protective coatings.
  - 7. Equipment and piping layouts at 3/8 in. scale for the building.
  - 8. Location and size of sleeves for openings in floors and walls.

- 9. Certified equipment performance curves for pumps.
- 10. Schedule of pipe and fittings, materials and application, valves, escutcheons, air vents, valve tags and schedules, and water specialties.
- 11. Pump system, including pumps, motors and controllers.
- 12. Building automation systems including descriptions, instruments, and alarms.
- 13. Flashing.
- 14. Equipment identification and certificates.
- 15. Pressure tanks and accessories.
- 16. Water heaters and accessories.
- 17. Plumbing fixture and trim.
- 18. Other shop drawings and submittals as requested within the specification.

#### 1.12 START-UP

- A. Properly lubricate all pieces of equipment.
- B. Check and clean all pipes of dirt and debris, including strainers.
- C. Prepare each piece of equipment in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions and have a copy at the equipment.
- D. Fill and vent all water systems.
- E. Check rotation on each motor.
- F. Have representatives of each manufacturer present when hereinafter specified, so that equipment will be started up by manufacturer.

### 1.13 ACCESS DOORS

- A. Furnish access doors as required for operation and maintenance of concealed equipment, cleanouts, valves, shock absorbers, controls, etc., and coordinate their delivery with the installing trade.
- B. Coordinate and prepare a location, size and function schedule of access doors required and deliver to the General Contractor and the Architect for review.
- C. Doors shall be of a size required for operating and repacking valves, and shall be as manufactured by Karp Associates, Nystrom Inc., or Mifab.
- D. Unless otherwise indicated, minimum size to be 18" x 18".
- E. Furnish color coded buttons or tabs to indicate location of valves or other equipment located above removable type ceilings where access doors are not required.
- F. Access doors shall have a fire rating compatible with the wall construction in which they are located.

#### 1.14 PRODUCT, DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE

A. Ship materials and equipment in crated sections of sizes to permit passing through available space, where required.

- B. Receive and accept materials and equipment at the site, properly handle, house, and protect them from damage and the weather until installation. Replace equipment damaged in the course of handling without additional charge.
- C. Arrange for and provide storage space or area at the job site for all materials and equipment to be received and/or installed for this project.
- D. Protect from damage, water, dust, etc., materials, equipment and apparatus provided under this trade, both in storage and installed.

#### 1.15 ACCESSIBILITY

- A. Install all work so that parts requiring periodic inspection, operation, maintenance, and repair are readily accessible. Minor deviations from the drawings may be made to accomplish this, but changes of substantial magnitude shall not be made without written approval.
- B. Group concealed valves, expansion joints, controls, dampers, and equipment requiring access, so as to be freely accessible through access doors.

### 1.16 CUTTING AND PATCHING

A. Provide all cutting and patching required for proper installation of materials and equipment specified. Do not cut or drill structural members without review and written approval by Architect and Structural Engineer.

## 1.17 UTILITY CONNECTIONS

- A. Arrange for and pay all fees and costs for all specified utilities including the following:
  - 1. Connection to utility company mains.
  - 2. Payment of service charges.
  - 3. Provision for temporary utilities.
  - 4. Connect in accordance with authority having jurisdiction.

#### 1.18 GUARANTEE

A. The Contractor shall furnish a written guarantee to replace or repair promptly and assume responsibility for all expenses incurred for any workmanship and equipment in which defects develop within one year from the date of final certificate for payment and/or from date of actual use of equipment or occupancy of spaces by Owner included under the various parts of the work, whichever date is earlier. This work shall be done as directed by the Owner. This guarantee shall also provide that where defects occur, the Contractor will assume responsibility for all expenses incurred in repairing and replacing work of other trades affected by defects, repairs or replacements in equipment supplied by the Contractor.

#### 1.19 PERMITS AND FEES

A. The Contractor shall give necessary notice, file drawings and specifications with the department having jurisdiction, obtain permits or licenses necessary to carry out this work and pay all fees therefore. The Contractor shall arrange for inspection and tests of any or all parts of the work if so required by authorities and pay all charges for same. The Contractor shall pay all costs for,

and furnish to the Owner before final billing, all certificates necessary as evidence that the work installed conforms with all regulations where they apply to this work.

#### 1.20 PAINTING

#### A. General:

- 1. Provide labor, materials, and equipment necessary for field prime painting. Protect flooring and equipment with drop cloths and store paint and materials in a location where directed. Wire brush and remove all oil, dirt, rust and grease before applying paint.
- 2. Paint all exposed, uninsulated, non-galvanized sheet metal, other than stainless steel and aluminum, with two coats of aluminum paint or alkyd paint of a color as directed.
- 3. Paint all exposed, uninsulated, galvanized, aluminum and stainless steel sheet metal in finished spaces, including mechanical equipment rooms, with one coat of galvanized iron primers and two coats of alkyd oil paint.
- 4. Paint insulated piping and equipment covering with one coat of primer sealer and two coats of alkyd oil paint of a color as directed.
- 5. Factory or field apply one coat of heat resisting paint for steel pipe and finned tube radiation.
- 6. Paint exposed steel and metal work not furnished with factory-painted finish, structural steel piping support and uninsulated piping with two coats of alkyd oil paint of a color as directed.
- 7. Paint equipment in the following spaces under this contract:
  - a. Mechanical Equipment rooms.
  - b. Boiler Plant.
  - c. Refrigeration Plant.
  - d. Steam Pressure Reducing Valve Room.
  - e. Steam Metering Room.
  - f. Emergency Generator Plant.
- 8. Apply zinc chromate primer for black steel piping, cast iron piping (except underground), steel and iron work and steel tanks before insulation.
- 9. Dip in zinc chromate primer, uncoated hangers, supports, rods and inserts.
- B. Coordinate color of painting to be provided under General Construction Work.
- C. Supply and deliver, in original sealed containers, paint of the best grade for its purpose of colors, as selected, and apply in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

# D. Finish painting:

- 1. Provide finish painting for piping continuously painted in all exposed areas consisting of two finished coats of high gloss medium or long alkyd paint over prime coat of a color shade as accepted after submittal.
- 2. Utilize color as follows on Sherwin Williams, "Kem Lustral" or "Metalastic II" name and figure numbers.
  - a. Chilled water piping and equipment --- PALE BLUE, F65L7.
  - b. Condenser water piping --- PALE GREEN, F65G42.
  - c. High pressure steam --- ORANGE, F65E1.
  - d. Medium pressure steam --- FERRITE YELLOW, F65Y3.
  - e. Low pressure steam --- LIGHT YELLOW, F65Y12.
  - f. Low pressure condensate --- IVORY, F65H1.

- g. Hot water, pumped condensate and equipment --- MAGENTA (special mix) color similar to (B47R9) but in "Kem Lustral."
- h. Chemical feed piping and equipment --- DARK BLUE, F65L4.
- i. Refrigeration machines and refrigerant piping --- BRIGHT BLUE, F65L10.
- j. Supply ductwork and fans --- SILVER GRAY, B53A10.
- k. Control panels --- SLATE GRAY, B53A13.
- 1. Exhaust and return ductwork and fans --- STEEL GRAY, B53A11.
- m. Fire detection and alarm conduit, fire stand pipe, sprinkler piping --- VERMILLION, F65R1.
- n. Compressed air piping and equipment --- LIGHT GRAY, F65A2.
- o. Vent and relief piping --- RICH BROWN, F65N11.
- p. Boilers and breeching --- SLATE GRAY, B53A13.
- q. Fuel and diesel oil --- BLACK, F65B1.
- r. High temperature water --- ORANGE, F65E1.
- s. Softened water, dealkalizers, softeners, brine tanks --- MEDIUM GREEN, F65G40.
- t. City water --- LIGHT GREEN, F65G39.
- 3. Place unlisted piping, ductwork or equipment in one of the following classifications and color coded shades as accepted. This corresponds to colors of ANSI A13.1, (Scheme for identification of piping systems).
  - a. Red for fire-protection materials.
  - b. Yellow or Orange for dangerous materials.
  - c. Green or blue for safe materials.
  - d. Dark Blue or Purple for extra valuable materials.
  - e. Gray for general equipment.
- 4. Shades shall be consistent throughout the project.
- 5. Coat valve, strainer or other appurtenances operating at over 220 o F where bare metal is exposed with Silicone Alkyd Aluminum, 71S30.
- E. Paint interior of ductwork as far back as visible from outside, flat black.
- F. Apply factory prime coat for pumps, fans, motors, equipment, registers, diffusers, and grilles.
- G. Apply on machinery, one shop coat of metal primer and two finish coats of gray engine enamel.
- H. Apply on control valve handles, one coat of lead and oil paint of color as selected.
- I. Paint fire dampers with prime coat and second coat of corrosion inhibitive paint.
- J. Spot prime coat marred surface of prime coated equipment and piping to match adjacent coat.

#### 1.21 POST-INSTALLED ANCHORS

- A. Quality Assurance:
  - 1. Use Post-Installed Anchors that have been designed and tested in accordance with:
    - a. NYC: ACI 318, Appendix D as modified by NYCBC Sections 1908.1.9 and 1908.1.10
    - b. NYS: ACI 318, as amended by NYSBC Section 1905.
    - c. NJ: ACI 318, as amended by NJBC Section 1905.
    - d. CT: ACI 318, as amended by CTBC Section 1905.
    - e. Current ICC-ES reports considered evidence of successful testing.

# 2. Acceptable Manufacturers:

- a. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com.
- b. Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc.: www.strongtie.com
- c. DeWalt Anchors and Fasteners: www.anchors.dewalt.com/anchors.

# B. Provide Post-Installed Anchors as follows:

- 1. Anchor shall have a current ICC-ES report for the base material.
- 2. Select and install anchor based on concrete strength indicated by core tests. Otherwise, assume 2,000 psi concrete.
- 3. Provide AISI 316 Stainless Steel Post-Installed Anchors in corrosive environments.
- 4. All anchors installed on underside of concrete slab shall be approved for use in cracked concrete.
- 5. Spacing and edge distance of anchors shall conform to the requirements of the structural engineer or anchor manufacture.
- 6. Use a safety factor of 4 to the proof tensile load of the anchor when determining the allowable design tensile load.

# C. Installation Requirements:

- 1. Comply with post-installed anchor manufacturer's recommendations for adhesive storage temperature and conditions for adhesive anchors before, during and after installation.
- 2. Only store solvent-cured materials in ventilated areas.
- 3. Follow OSHA requirements when performing any drilling that can result in silica dust.
- 4. Post-installed adhesive anchors installed overhead shall be installed by persons certified by ACI to perform such installations.
- 5. All post-installed anchors shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions and current ICC-ES reports.

# D. Inspection of Post-Installed Anchors:

- 1. Method of inspection shall be at the discretion of the Special Inspector.
- 2. Contractor shall provide all required information, drawings, equipment documentation, etc. requested by the Special Inspector a minimum of 10 working days in advance of the inspection.
- 3. (NYC) Continuous Inspection: Adhesive anchors installed in the horizontal or upwardly inclined positions are subject to continuous special inspection.
- 4. Periodic Inspection: Mechanical and screw anchors installed in any orientation are subject to periodic inspection. Frequency of inspections shall be at the Special Inspector's discretion.

# 1.22 FIRESTOPPING

### A. Quality Assurance:

- 1. Use firestopping systems that have been tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479. Listing by UL (DIR), UL (FDR), FM (AG), or ITS (DIR) in their certification directories will be considered evidence of successful testing.
- 2. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products for use in fire rated assemblies with minimum three years documented experience.
  - a. 3M Fire Protection Products: www.3m.com/firestop.
  - b. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com.
  - c. Specified Technologies Inc: www.stifirestop.com.

# B. Firestopping Assembly Requirements

- 1. For membrane and through penetrations, provide firestopping materials to create a listed system, for the assembly being penetrated and field conditions, that have the following properties, except as otherwise permitted by the Building Code:
  - a. Fire Resistance: Provide systems that have been tested to show F-Rating equal to required fire rating of penetrated assembly.
  - b. Temperature Rise: Provide systems that have been tested to show T-Rating equal to or greater than the F-Rating.
  - c. Air Leakage: Provide systems that have been tested to show L-Rating is equal to or greater than the L-Rating of joints in assembly being penetrated.
  - d. Watertightness: Provide systems that have been tested to meet a Class 1 W-Rating for floor penetrations.

#### C. Field Conditions

- 1. Comply with firestopping manufacturer's recommendations for temperature and conditions during and after installation; maintain minimum temperature before, during, and for three days after installation of materials.
- 2. Provide ventilation in areas where solvent-cured materials are being installed.

# D. Inspection of Firestopping Systems

- 1. Method of inspection shall be at the discretion of the Special Inspector. Contractor shall provide all required information, coordinate with Special Inspector at least 10 days in advance of fire stop installation, and arrange site access. Contractor shall completely remove and restore all firestopping that has undergone destructive testing. No claims for additional cost or time will be allowed.
- 2. Visual Inspection: Special Inspector shall be onsite during installation and randomly witness a minimum of 10% of each type of fire stop being installed.
- 3. Destructive Testing: Verification of firestopping after installation has taken place. A minimum of 2%, but not less then one, of each type of fire stop shall be inspected per floor or each area of a floor when a floor area is larger than 10,000 sq. ft.

# 1.23 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests as noted, and in the presence of the Architect and/or Engineer in accordance with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Provide required labor, materials, equipment, and connections necessary for tests and submit for review.
- C. Repair or replace defective work, as directed and pay for restoring or replacing damaged work of others, due to tests, as directed.

#### 1.24 CLEANING

- A. Brush and clean work prior to concealing, painting and acceptance. Perform in stages if directed.
- B. Clean and repair painted exposed work, soiled or damaged, to match adjoining work before final acceptance.
- C. Remove debris from inside and outside of material and equipment.

# 1.25 OPERATING & MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTION

- A. Prepare operating and maintenance instructions manual including operating instructions, maintenance instructions, manufacturer's data, specific equipment data.
- B. Provide an alphabetical list of all system components, with the name, address, and 24-hour phone number of the company responsible for servicing each item during the first year of operation.
- C. Provide operating instructions for complete system, including:
  - 1. Normal starting, operating, and shut-down
  - 2. Emergency procedures for fire or failure of major equipment
  - 3. Summer and winter special procedures
  - 4. Day and night special procedures
- D. Provide maintenance instructions, including:
  - 1. Valve tag list and equipment tag list
  - 2. Proper lubricants and lubricating instructions for each piece of equipment, and date when lubricated
  - 3. Required cleaning, replacement and/or adjustment schedule
- E. Provide manufacturer's data on each piece of equipment, including:
  - 1. Installation instructions.
  - 2. Drawings and specifications.
  - 3. Parts list, including recommended items to be stocked.
  - 4. Complete wiring and temperature control diagrams.
  - 5. Marked or revised prints locating all concealed parts and all variations from the original system design.
  - 6. Test and inspection certificates.
- F. Provide specific equipment data including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. For Fire Suppression Systems:
    - a. Pumps.
    - b. Valves.
    - c. Piping.
    - d. Accessories.
    - e. Pressure reducing valves.
    - f. Water heaters.
    - g. Water meters.
    - h. Strainers.
    - i. Toilet fixtures and supports.
    - i. Toilet fixture trim.
    - k. Flow measuring devices.
    - 1. Electric wiring.
    - m. Pressure tanks.
  - 2. For Automatic Control System:
    - a. Drawings and description of system controlled.
    - b. Sequence of operation for each system.
    - c. Data on components.

- d. Wiring and piping, schematic any layout, for panels and panelboards.
- e. System operating manual, including set points.
- G. Provide instruction of operating personnel.
  - 1. Instruct Owner's operating personnel in proper starting sequences, operation, shutdown, and maintenance procedures, including normal and emergency procedures.
  - 2. Instruction to be by personnel skilled in operation of equipment. Instructions for major equipment to be by equipment manufacturers' representatives.
  - 3. Make arrangements to give instructions by system and not by building areas.
  - 4. Provide five (5) instruction sessions not to exceed six (6) hours each.
  - 5. Instructions on automatic controls to be by manufacturer's representative.

#### H. Submittals

- 1. Shop Drawings: Submit three copies for review prior to final issuance.
- 2. Provide six (6) copies of each operation and maintenance manual.
  - a. Manuals to be 8-1/2" x 11 size in hard-back, 3-ring loose leaf binders. Use more than one volume if required. Do not overfill binders.
  - b. Manuals to be completed and delivered to the Engineer for approval at least 20 days prior to instruction of operating personnel.
- 3. Prepare separate manuals for the Fire Suppression system.

# 1.26 TOOLS FOR OPERATION, ADJUSTMENT AND MAINTENANCE

A. Deliver to Owner's representative all special tools needed for proper operation, adjustment and maintenance of equipment.

### 1.27 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM E814 Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems; 2023a.
- B. CSI/CSC Form 1.5C Substitution Request (During the Bidding/Negotiating Stage); Current Edition.
- C. CSI/CSC Form 13.1A Substitution Request (After the Bidding/Negotiating Phase); Current Edition.
- D. FM (AG) FM Approval Guide; Current Edition.
- E. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- F. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- G. UL 1479 Standard for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestops; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 NOT USED.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

# 3.1 NOT USED.



# SECTION 210500 COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 078400 Firestopping.
- B. Section 099123 Interior Painting: Preparation and painting of interior fire protection piping systems.
- C. Section 211300 Fire-Suppression Sprinkler Systems: Sprinkler systems design.
- D. Section 211300 Fire-Suppression Sprinkler Systems: Sprinkler systems design.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME B16.1 Gray Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: Classes 25, 125, and 250; 2020.
- B. ASME B16.3 Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings: Classes 150 and 300; 2021.
- C. ASME B16.4 Gray Iron Threaded Fittings: Classes 125 and 250; 2021.
- D. ASME B16.5 Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: NPS 1/2 through NPS 24 Metric/Inch Standard; 2020.
- E. ASTM A47/A47M Standard Specification for Ferritic Malleable Iron Castings; 1999, with Editorial Revision (2022).
- F. ASTM E814 Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems; 2023a.
- G. AWWA C110/A21.10 Ductile-Iron and Gray-Iron Fittings; 2021.
- H. AWWA C111/A21.11 Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings; 2023.
- I. AWWA C151/A21.51 Ductile-Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast; 2023.
- J. NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Sprinkler-based System:
  - 1. Comply with NFPA 13.
  - 2. See Section 211300.

# 2.2 BURIED PIPING

- A. Ductile Iron Pipe: AWWA C151/A21.51.
  - 1. Fittings: AWWA C110/A21.10, standard thickness.
  - 2. Joints: AWWA C111/A21.11, styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR) or vulcanized SBR gasket.
  - 3. Mechanical Couplings: Shaped composition sealing gasket, steel bolts, nuts, and washers.

# 2.3 ABOVE GROUND PIPING

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A795 Schedule 40, black.
  - 1. Steel Fittings: ASME B16.5 steel flanges and fittings.
  - 2. Cast Iron Fittings: ASME B16.1, flanges and flanged fittings and ASME B16.4, threaded fittings.
  - 3. Malleable Iron Fittings: ASME B16.3, threaded fittings and ASTM A47/A47M.
  - 4. Mechanical Formed Fittings: Carbon steel housing with integral pipe stop and O-ring pocked and O-ring, uniformly compressed into permanent mechanical engagement onto pipe.

### 2.4 PIPE SLEEVES

# A. Vertical Piping:

- 1. Sleeve Length: 1 inch above finished floor.
- 2. Provide sealant for watertight joint.
- 3. Blocked Out Floor Openings: Provide 1-1/2 inch angle set in silicon adhesive around opening.
- 4. Drilled Penetrations: Provide 1-1/2 inch angle ring or square set in silicone adhesive around penetration.

### B. Pipe Passing Through Below Grade Exterior Walls:

- 1. Zinc-coated or cast-iron pipe.
- 2. Provide watertight space with link rubber or modular seal between sleeve and pipe on both pipe ends.

### C. Clearances:

- 1. Provide allowance for insulated piping.
- 2. Wall, Floor, Floor, Partitions, and Beam Flanges: 1 inch greater than external; pipe diameter.
- 3. Rated Openings: Caulked tight with firestopping material complying with ASTM E814 in accordance with Section 078400 to prevent the spread of fire, smoke, and gases.

# 2.5 ESCUTCHEONS

### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Fire Protection Products, Inc: www.fppi.com/#sle.com/#sle.
- 2. Tyco Fire Protection Products: www.tyco-fire.com/#sle.
- 3. Viking Group Inc: www.vikinggroupinc.com/#sle.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and foreign material, from inside and outside, before assembly.
- C. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install sprinkler system and service main piping, hangers, and supports in accordance with NFPA 13.
- B. Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2 inch space between finished covering and adjacent work.
  - 2. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
  - 3. Use hangers with 1-1/2 inch minimum vertical adjustment. Design hangers for pipe movement without disengagement of supported pipe.
  - 4. Support vertical piping at every other floor. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping.
  - 5. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.

# 3.3 CLEANING

- A. Upon completion of work, clean all parts of the installation.
- B. Clean equipment, pipes, valves, and fittings of grease, metal cuttings, and sludge that may have accumulated from the installation and testing of the system.
- C. See Section 017419 Construction Waste Management and Disposal for additional requirements.



# SECTION 210523 GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR WATER-BASED FIRE-SUPPRESSION PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES
- 1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS
- 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS
  - A. FM (AG) FM Approval Guide; Current Edition.
  - B. NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
  - C. NFPA 13R Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems in Low-Rise Residential Occupancies; 2022, with Errata.
  - D. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on valves including manufacturers catalog information. Submit performance ratings, rough-in details, weights, support requirements, and piping connections.
- C. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include manufacturer's descriptive literature, operating instructions, maintenance and repair data, and parts listings.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Where listed products are specified, provide products listed, classified, and labeled by FM (AG), UL (DIR), or testing firm acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction as suitable for the purpose indicated.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NFPA 13 and NFPA 13R for valves.
- B. Valve Pressure Ratings: Not less than minimum pressure rating indicated or higher as required.

C. Valve Sizes: Same as upstream piping unless otherwise indicated.

# SECTION 210553 IDENTIFICATION FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Tags.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 099123 - Interior Painting: Stencil paint.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 IDENTIFICATION APPLICATIONS

A. Piping: Tags.

### 2.2 TAGS

- A. Manufacturers:
- B. Plastic Tags: Laminated three-layer plastic with engraved black letters on light contrasting background color. Tag size minimum 1-1/2 inch diameter.
- C. Metal Tags: Brass with stamped letters; tag size minimum 1-1/2 inch diameter with smooth edges.
- D. Valve Tag Chart: Typewritten letter size list in anodized aluminum frame.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Degrease and clean surfaces to receive adhesive for identification materials.
- B. Prepare surfaces in accordance with Section 099123 for stencil painting.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install nameplates with corrosive-resistant mechanical fasteners, or adhesive. Apply with sufficient adhesive to ensure permanent adhesion and seal with clear lacquer.



# SECTION 211100 FACILITY FIRE-SUPPRESSION WATER-SERVICE PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME B16.3 Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings: Classes 150 and 300; 2021.
- B. ASME B16.4 Gray Iron Threaded Fittings: Classes 125 and 250; 2021.
- C. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2022.
- D. ASTM B584 Standard Specification for Copper Alloy Sand Castings for General Applications; 2022.
- E. AWWA C104/A21.4 Cement-Mortar Lining for Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings; 2022.
- F. AWWA C105/A21.5 Polyethylene Encasement for Ductile-Iron Pipe Systems; 2018.
- G. AWWA C111/A21.11 Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings; 2023.
- H. AWWA C203 Coal-Tar Protective Coatings and Linings for Steel Water Pipe; 2020.
- I. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.

# 1.2 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination: Coordinate the installation of sprinkler piping with size, location and installation of service utilities.
- B. Preinstallation Meeting: Conduct a preinstallation meeting one week prior to the start of the work of this section; require attendance by all affected installers.
- C. Sequencing: Ensure that utility connections are achieved in an orderly and expeditious manner.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

### A. Product Data:

- 1. Include data on pipe materials, pipe fittings, valves, and accessories.
- 2. Provide manufacturer's catalog information.
- 3. Indicate valve data and ratings.
- 4. Show grooved joint couplings, fittings, valves, and specialties on drawings and product submittals, specifically identified with the manufacturer's style or series designation.
- B. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that products meet or exceed specified requirements.

# 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept valves on site in shipping containers with labeling in place. Inspect for damage.
- B. Provide temporary protective coating on cast iron and steel valves.
- C. Provide temporary end caps and closures on piping and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.
- D. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work, and isolating parts of completed system.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 WATER PIPE

- A. Steel Pipe and Fittings:
  - 1. Pipe: Standard weight, zinc-coated, listed, ASTM A53/A53M.
  - 2. Fittings: Comply with ASME B16.3 Class 150, zinc-coated, threaded or ASME B16.4 Class 125, zinc-coated.
  - 3. Mechanically Factory Applied Protective Materials:
    - a. Clean by wire brushing and solvent cleaning.
    - b. Apply one coat of coal-tar primer and two coats of coal-tar enamel complying with AWWA C203.
    - c. Protect threaded pipe ends and fittings prior to coating.
- B. Ductile Iron Pipe: Listed, AWWA C104/A21.4:
  - 1. Fittings: Ductile iron, standard thickness.
  - 2. Joints: AWWA C111/A21.11, styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR) or vulcanized SBR gasket with rods.
  - 3. Jackets: AWWA C105/A21.5 polyethylene jacket.

### 2.2 VALVES

- A. General:
  - 1. Manufacturer's name and pressure rating marked on valve body.
  - 2. Minimum Compliance: UL (DIR) listed and labeled.
  - 3. Maximum Inlet Pressure: 400 psi.
  - 4. Maximum Service Temperature: 180 degrees F.
  - 5. Valve Coatings:
    - a. Internally: 4 mils, 0.004 inch epoxy, minimum.
    - b. Externally: Epoxy base then fire red enamel paint or heat-fused red epoxy paint.

# 2.3 Fire Department Connections:

- A. Free-Standing Inlet:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Elkhart Brass Manufacturing Company, Inc: www.elkhartbrass.com/#sle.
    - b. Fire End & Croker Corporation: www.croker.com/#sle.
  - 2. Construction:
    - a. Type: Free standing type, ASTM B584 poured brass alloy.

- b. Inlets: Two-way, 2-1/2 inch NPS female inlets, thread size compatible with fire department hardware.
- c. Rated Working Pressure: 175 psi.
- d. Double clapper-valves, rocker-lug caps and chain, and cast-in function-identifying lettering.
- e. Finish: Polished brass.
- f. Label: Sprinkler Fire Department Connection.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that building service connection and municipal utility water main size, location, and invert are as indicated.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Cut pipe ends square, ream pipe and tube ends to full pipe diameter, remove burrs.
- B. Remove scale and dirt on inside and outside before assembly.



# SECTION 211300 FIRE-SUPPRESSION SPRINKLER SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. System design, installation, and certification.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 210500 Common Work Results for Fire Suppression: Pipe and fittings.
- B. Section 210523 General-Duty Valves for Water-Based Fire-Suppression Piping.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. FM (AG) FM Approval Guide; Current Edition.
- B. NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on sprinklers, valves, and specialties, including manufacturers catalog information. Submit performance ratings, rough-in details, weights, support requirements, and piping connections.

# C. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Submit preliminary layout of finished ceiling areas indicating only sprinkler locations coordinated with ceiling installation.
- 2. Indicate hydraulic calculations, detailed pipe layout, hangers and supports, sprinklers, components, and accessories. Indicate system controls.
- D. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of sprinklers and deviations of piping from drawings. Indicate drain and test locations.
- E. Manufacturer's Certificate: Certify that system has been tested and meets or exceeds specified requirements and code requirements.
- F. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include components of system, servicing requirements, record drawings, inspection data, replacement part numbers and availability, and location and numbers of service depot.
- G. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements for additional provisions.

- 2. Extra Sprinklers: Type and size matching those installed in quantity required by referenced NFPA design and installation standard.
- 3. Sprinkler Wrenches: For each sprinkler type.
- H. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of sprinklers and deviations of piping from drawings. Indicate drain and test locations.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with FM (AG) requirements.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Sprinklers, Valves, and Equipment:
  - 1. Anvil International: www.anvilintl.com/#sle.
  - 2. Tyco Fire Protection Products: www.tyco-fire.com/#sle.
  - 3. Viking Corporation: www.vikinggroupinc.com/#sle.
  - 4. Reliable: https://www.reliablesprinkler.com/.

# 2.2 SPRINKLER SYSTEM

- A. Sprinkler System: Provide coverage for entire building.
- B. Occupancy: Light hazard; comply with NFPA 13. Ordinary Hazard; comply with NFPA 13.
- C. Water Supply: Determine volume and pressure from water flow test data.
- D. Storage Cabinet for Spare Sprinklers and Tools: Steel, located adjacent to alarm valve.

#### 2.3 SPRINKLERS

- A. Suspended Ceiling Type: Semi-recessed pendant type with matching push on escutcheon plate.
  - 1. Response Type: Quick.
  - 2. Coverage Type: Standard.
  - 3. Fusible Link: Fusible solder link type temperature rated for specific area hazard.
- B. Exposed Area Type: Pendant type with guard.
  - 1. Response Type: Quick.
  - 2. Coverage Type: Standard.
  - 3. Fusible Link: Fusible solder link type temperature rated for specific area hazard.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with referenced NFPA design and installation standard.
- B. Install equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Place pipe runs to minimize obstruction to other work.
- D. Place piping in concealed spaces above finished ceilings.
- E. Apply masking tape or paper cover to ensure concealed sprinklers, cover plates, and sprinkler escutcheons do not receive field paint finish. Remove after painting. Replace painted sprinklers.
- F. Flush entire piping system of foreign matter.
- G. Hydrostatically test entire system.
- H. Require test be witnessed by Fire Marshal.



# SECTION 220000 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR PLUMBING WORK

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 DEFINITIONS

- A. "Provide": to furnish, install, and make complete, safe, and operable, the particular work referred to unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- B. "Furnish" or "supply": to purchase, procure, acquire, and deliver complete with related accessories.
- C. "Install": to erect, mount, and make complete with related accessories.
- D. "Work": includes labor, materials, equipment, services, and all related accessories necessary for the proper and complete installation for fully functioning and operational systems.
- E. "Piping": includes pipe, tube, fittings, flanges, valves, controls, strainers, hangers, supports, unions, traps, drains, insulation, and related accessories.
- F. "Wiring": includes wire, raceway, fittings, boxes, and related accessories.
- G. "Concealed": not in view, installed in masonry or other construction, within furred spaces, double partitions, hung ceilings, trenches, crawl spaces, or enclosures.
- H. "Exposed": in view, not installed underground or "concealed" as defined above.
- I. "Indicated," "shown," or "noted": as indicated, shown, or noted on drawings or specifications.
- J. "Similar" or "equal": to base bid manufacturer, equal in quality, materials, weight, size, performance, design and efficiency of specified product, conforming with "Base Bid Manufacturers" as determined and approved by Engineer.
- K. "Approved": satisfactory as reviewed.
- L. "Accepted As Noted": accepted with comments.
- M. "Revise and Resubmit": resubmit with revisions.
- N. "Disapproved": not approved.
- O. "Submit Specified Item":provide specified item directed by Engineer.
- P. "Reviewed": assessed for reference only final approval by others.
- Q. "Substitutions": Changes from Contract Documents requirements proposed by Contractor to materials, products, assemblies, and equipment.

# 1.2 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The work covered by this section includes the construction described in the Contract Documents, labor necessary to perform and complete such construction, materials and equipment incorporated or to be incorporated in such construction, and services, facilities, tools and equipment necessary or used to perform and complete such construction.
- B. Related Work not Included in this Division but Specified Elsewhere
  - 1. Requirements of GENERAL CONDITIONS and Division No. 1.
  - 2. Finish painting, except for prefinished equipment or as otherwise specified.
  - 3. Concrete work, except equipment inertia and floating bases.
  - 4. Base flashing for piping and drains.
  - 5. Waterproofing.
  - 6. Power wiring for motors and motor controllers.
  - 7. Installation of access doors and frames.
  - 8. Cutting and patching.
  - 9. Excavating and backfilling.
  - 10. Toilet accessories.

### 1.3 DESCRIPTION OF BID DOCUMENTS

- A. Specifications describe quality and character of materials and equipment.
- B. Drawings are diagrammatic and indicate sizes, locations, connections to equipment and methods of installation. Provide additional offsets, fittings, hangers, supports, valves, drains as required for construction and coordination with work of other trades.
- C. Scaled and indicated dimensions are approximate and are for estimate purposes only. Before proceeding with work, check and verify dimensions and field conditions.
- D. Make adjustments that may be necessary or requested in order to resolve space problems, preserve headroom, and avoid architectural openings, structural members and work of other trades.
- E. Typical details, where shown on the drawings, apply to each item of the project where such items are applicable. Typical details are not repeated in full on the plans, and are diagrammatic only, but with the intention that such details shall be incorporated in full.
- F. If any part of Specifications or Drawings appears unclear or contradictory, consult Architect and/or Engineer for interpretation and decision as early as possible during bidding period. Do not proceed with work without the Architect's and/or Engineer's decision.

### 1.4 COORDINATION OF WORK

- A. The drawings show the general arrangement of equipment, piping, and appurtenances. Follow these drawings as closely as the actual construction will permit. Conform the work to the requirements shown on the drawings. Provide offsets, fittings, and accessories which may be required but not shown on the drawings. Investigate the site, structural and finish ground conditions affecting the work, and arrange the work accordingly. Provide such work and accessories as may be required to meet such conditions.
- B. Certain materials will be provided under other Sections of work. Examine the Contract Documents to ascertain these requirements.

- C. Carefully check space requirements with other Sections to insure that all material can be installed in the spaces allotted thereto including finished suspended ceilings.
- D. Transmit to other Sections all information required for work to be provided under those Sections, in ample time for installation.
- E. Wherever work interconnects with work specified under other Sections, coordinate those sections of work to insure that all necessary information is presented so that all the necessary connections and equipment may be properly installed. Identify all items (valves, piping, equipment, etc.) in order that access doors and panels are properly located.
- F. Furnish and set all sleeves for passage of pipes through structural masonry, concrete walls, floors, and elsewhere as required for the proper protection of pipes passing through building surfaces.
- G. Provide required supports and hangers for piping and equipment, designed so as not to exceed allowable loadings of structures.
- H. Examine and compare the contract drawings and specifications with the drawings and specifications of other disciplines, and report any discrepancies between them to the Engineer and obtain from them written instructions for changes necessary in the work of this Section. Install and coordinate the work of this Section in cooperation with installing interrelated work. Before installation, take proper provisions to avoid interferences. All changes required in the work, caused by their neglect to do so, to be made at no additional expense. Before commencing work, examine all adjoining work on which this work is in any way dependent for perfect workmanship and report any conditions which prevent performance of first class work. Become thoroughly familiar with actual existing conditions to which connections must be made or which must be changed or altered.
- I. Wherever the work is of sufficient complexity, prepare additional detail drawings. Such detailed work is to be clearly identified on the drawings as to the area to which it applies. Submit these drawings to the Engineer for review. At completion, however, include a set of such drawings with each set of as-built drawings. When directed by the Engineer, submit drawings for review, clearly showing the work of this Section and its relation to the work of other disciplines before commencing shop fabrication or erection in the field.
- J. Provide required anchor bolts, sleeves, inserts, and supports designed so as not to exceed allowable loadings of structures. Locate anchors, bolts, sleeves, inserts, and supports to insure that they are properly installed. Any expense resulting from the improper location or installation of anchor bolts, sleeves, inserts and supports to be paid for by the Contractor.
- K. Adjust location of pipes, panels, equipment, etc., to accommodate the work to prevent interferences, both anticipated and encountered. Determine the exact route and location of each pipe prior to fabrication.
  - 1. Right-of-Way: Lines which pitch have the right-of-way over those which do not pitch, i.e., plumbing drains. Lines whose elevations cannot be changed have right-of-way over lines whose elevations can be changed.
  - 2. Make offsets, transitions and changes in direction in pipes as required to maintain proper head room and pitch on sloping lines whether or not indicated on the drawings. Furnish and install all traps, air vents, drains, etc., as required to offset, transition, and change in direction.

L. Install all plumbing work to permit the removal (without damage to other parts) of water heaters and all other equipment requiring periodic replacement or maintenance. Arrange pipes and equipment to permit access to valves, cocks, starters, motors, and control components, and to clear the openings of swinging doors and access panels.

# M. Coordinated Composite Drawings

1. The Contractor shall prepare full coordinated composite drawings for the mechanical, electrical, plumbing, and fire protection work. The Contractor shall overlay each discipline's work (in separate colors) on a set of shop drawings. Conflicts and potential conflicts shall be clearly identified. This shall include but not be limited to conflicts with lights, equipment, piping, ductwork and supports of other trades, as well as conflicts with architectural and structural walls, columns, ceilings and structural beams. The contractor shall have representative(s) attend a weekly job site coordination meeting in the field office. All trades shall resolve conflicts at these meetings and sign off each shop drawing indicating acceptance and satisfactory resolution to all conflicts. All conflicts that cannot be resolved shall be brought to the attention of the Engineer for resolution.

# 1.5 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR EVALUATION

- A. The Contractor shall review all available data on the location and types of underground utilities. The Contractor shall not operate equipment over the utilities and shall take care not to damage them or otherwise impair their use. The Contractor shall make investigation to verify the location of these utilities before proceeding with construction and/or operations in their vicinity.
- B. The Engineer and Owner make no representations, regarding the character or extent of the subsoils, water levels, existing structural, mechanical, and electrical installations, above or below ground or other subsurface conditions which may be encountered during the work. The contractor must make their own evaluation of existing conditions which may affect methods or cost of performing the work, based on their own examination of the facility or other information. Failure to examine the drawings or other information shall not relieve the contractor of their responsibility for satisfactory accomplishment of the work.
- C. The locations of existing utilities are believed to be as indicated on the plans. The Contractor shall verify the location of these utilities prior to commencing any work and notify the Engineer of any discrepancies.
- D. Inspection of Site Conditions.
  - 1. Before starting work, visit the site and examine the conditions under which the work has to be performed. Report in writing any conditions which might adversely affect the work.
- E. Connections to existing work:
  - 1. Install new work and connect to existing work with minimum interference to existing facilities.
  - 2. Provide temporary shutdowns of existing services at no additional charges and only with written consent of Owner. Schedule shutdowns not to interfere with normal operation of existing facilities.
  - 3. Alarm and emergency systems shall not be interrupted without alternative arrangements.
  - 4. Maintain continuous operation of existing facilities as required with necessary temporary connections between new and existing work.

- 5. Connect new work to existing work in neat and acceptable manner. Restore existing disturbed work to original condition including maintenance of wiring continuity required.
- 6. Perform service disconnections only after regular working hours.

# 1.6 ACCESS TO FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT

A. The Contractor shall not interfere with access to hydrants, fire exits, fire hose stations, fire extinguishers and fire alarm pull stations. In no case shall the Contractor's material or equipment be within twenty five (25) ft of a hydrant or fire alarm pull station.

# 1.7 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- A. If products and materials are specified or indicated on the drawings for a specific item or system, the Contractor shall use those products or materials. If products and materials are not listed in either of the above, use first class products and materials, in accordance with shop drawings.
- B. All products and materials shall be new, clean, free of defects, damage, and corrosion.
- C. No permanent equipment shall be used to provide services during construction.
- D. Ship and store all products and materials in a manner which will protect them from damage, weather, and entry of debris. If items are damaged, do not install, but take immediate steps to obtain replacement or repair.
- E. Make certain that all materials selected directly, or by suppliers, conform to the requirements of the contract drawings and specification. Transmittal of such specifications and drawings, information to persons manufacturing and supplying materials to the project, and rigid adherence thereto, is the Contractor's responsibility. Acceptance of a manufacturer's name by the Engineer does not release the Contractor of the responsibility for providing materials which comply in all respects with the requirements in the Contract Documents.
- F. Applicable equipment and materials to be listed by Underwriters' Laboratories (UL) and manufactured in accordance with ASME, AWWA, or ANSI standards, and as approved by local authorities having jurisdiction.
- G. Fully lubricate all equipment when installed and prior to final acceptance.
- H. Do not put systems in operation until piping has been tested and cleaned.
- I. Follow manufacturers' instructions for installing, connecting, and adjusting all equipment. Provide one copy of such instructions to the Engineer before installing any equipment. Provide a copy of such instructions at the equipment.

### 1.8 SUBSTITUTIONS

#### A. Substitution limitations:

- 1. Products specified by Reference Standards or by description only: Use any product meeting those standards or description.
- 2. Products specified by naming one or more manufacturers with a provision for substitutions: Submit a request for substitution for any manufacturer or model not named.

- 3. No substitutions accepted after procurement.
- B. A Substitution Request for products, assemblies, materials, and equipment constitutes a representation that the submitter:
  - 1. Has investigated proposed product and determined that it meets or exceeds the quality level of the specified product, equipment, assembly, or system.
  - 2. Agrees to provide the same warranty for the substitution as for the specified product.
  - 3. Agrees to provide same or equivalent maintenance service and source of replacement parts, as applicable.
  - 4. Agrees to coordinate installation and make changes to other work that may be required for the work to be complete, with no additional cost to Owner.
  - 5. Waives claims for additional costs or time extension that may subsequently become apparent.
  - 6. Agrees to reimburse Owner and design team for review or redesign services associated with re-approval by authorities.
- C. Document each request with complete data substantiating compliance of proposed substitution with Contract Documents. Burden of proof is on proposer.
  - 1. Note explicitly any non-compliant characteristics.
  - 2. Savings to Owner for accepting substitution.
  - 3. Change to Contract Time due to accepting substitution.

# D. Substitution Procedures During Procurement

- 1. Submit substitution requests by completing CSI/CSC Form 1.5C Substitution Request (During the Bidding/Negotiating Stage). See this form for additional information and instructions. Use only this form; other forms of submission are unacceptable.
- 2. Owner and Engineer will consider requests for substitutions only if submitted at least 10 days prior to the date for receipt of bids.

# E. Substitution Procedures During Construction

- 1. Submit substitution requests by completing CSI/CSC Form 13.1A Substitution Request. See this form for additional information and instructions. Use only this form; other forms of submission are unacceptable.
- 2. Submit request for Substitution for Cause within 14 days of discovery of need for substitution, but not later than 14 days prior to time required for review and approval by Engineer, in order to stay on approved project schedule.
- 3. Submit request for Substitution for Convenience immediately upon discovery of its potential advantage to the project, but not later than 14 days prior to time required for review and approval by Engineer, in order to stay on approved project schedule.

# F. Resolution

- 1. Engineer may request additional information and documentation prior to rendering a decision. Provide this data in an expeditious manner.
- 2. Engineer will notify Contractor in writing of decision to accept or reject substitution request. Engineer's decision following review of proposed substitution will be noted on the submitted form.

# 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Codes, Standards and Fees
  - Codes and Standards:

- a. Comply with all current governing codes, ordinances and regulations, UL and all other applicable codes.
- b. Comply with the requirements of the New York City Building Code, and other agencies or authorities having jurisdiction over any part of the Work and secure all necessary permits.
- c. Where codes or standards are listed herein, the applicable portions apply.
- d. Plans, specifications, codes and standards are all minimum requirements. Where requirements differ, apply the more stringent.
- e. Should any change in plans or specifications be required to comply with governing regulations, the Contractor is to notify the Engineer at the pre-bid meeting.
- f. The codes and standards listed in the Specifications can be obtained from the organizations listed as follows:
  - 1) OSHA-Occupational Safety and Health Act
  - 2) ANSI-American National Standard Institute, Inc.
  - 3) ASME-American Society of Mechanical Engineers
  - 4) ASTM-American Society for Testing and Materials
  - 5) AWWA-American Water Works Association
  - 6) UL-Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
  - 7) ASHRAE-American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers
  - 8) NEMA-National Electrical Manufacturers Association
  - 9) AIA-American Insurance Association
  - 10) AWS-American Welding Society
  - 11) ASA-American Standards Association
  - 12) IEEE-Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
  - 13) NEC-National Electrical Code
- g. The particular specification will be identified by appropriate prefix and number only with the latest revision being applicable unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Fees
  - a. Pay all required fees.
  - b. Pay royalties or fees required in connection with the use of patented devices and systems.
- B. Furnish all materials and equipment new, free from defects and with listings or labels of Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. or other nationally approved testing laboratory.
- C. All items of a given type shall be the product of the same manufacturer.
- D. All materials and equipment shall be the product of manufacturers regularly engaged in their manufacture.

# 1.10 CLEARANCE FROM ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

- A. Piping and ductwork is prohibited in electric and telephone rooms and closets, elevator machine rooms, and for installations over or within 5 ft of transformers, substations, switchboards, motor control centers, standby power plants, and motors.
- B. Branch piping to equipment is acceptable when installed over or within 5 ft of motors.
- C. Provide drip pans under all water and drainage piping when installation over or within 5 ft of electrical apparatus is unavoidable or in rooms containing electrical equipment. Pan shall be

reinforced, properly supported and made watertight. Provide enclosed type for pressure piping. Extend 1-1/4 in. drain pipe from pan to spill over nearest floor drain or as indicated on drawings.

1. Construction shall be 18 gauge galvanized sheet steel.

### 1.11 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Prepare and submit detailed shop drawings for piping work and other distribution services, including locations and sizes of all openings in floor walls and roofs.
- B. The work described in any shop drawing submission to be carefully checked for all clearances (including those required for maintenance and servicing), field conditions, maintenance of architectural conditions and proper coordination with all trades on the job. Each submitted shop drawing to include a certification that all related job conditions have been checked and that no conflict exists.
- C. All drawings to be submitted sufficiently in advance of field requirements to allow (15) days for checking. All submittals to be complete and contain all required and detailed information. Shop drawings with multiple parts to be submitted as a package.
- D. If submittals differ from the Contract Document requirements, make specific mention of such difference in a letter of transmittal, with request for substitution, together with reasons for same.
- E. Review of any submitted data or shop drawings for material, equipment apparatus, devices, arrangement and layout shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility of furnishing same of proper dimensions and weight, capacities, sizes, quantity, quality and installation details to efficiently perform the requirements and intent of the Work. Such review shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for errors, omissions or inadequacies of any sort on submitted data or shop drawings.
- F. Each shop drawing is to contain the job title, the name and phone numbers of the Contractor, references to the applicable design drawing or specification article, date and scale.
- G. Within three (3) weeks after award of Contract, submit a list of all shop drawings which will be submitted in the course of the project. List to show disposition of each item, including date of submission, review, and the like. List to be kept up-to-date throughout entire construction period.
- H. Submit shop drawings and manufacturer's data for the following items in accordance with the Contract Documents:
  - 1. Coordinated, detailed shop layout drawings of all mechanical rooms, services and distribution systems, including plans, profiles and Sections.
  - 2. Details of piping supports, elbows, anchors and miscellaneous appurtenances.
  - 3. Hangers, supports, inserts, anchors, guides and foundations.
  - 4. Valves.
  - 5. Pressure gauges and thermometers.
  - 6. Corrosion protective coatings.
  - 7. Equipment and piping layouts at 3/8 in. scale for the building.
  - 8. Location and size of sleeves for openings in floors and walls.
  - 9. Certified equipment performance curves for pumps.
  - 10. Schedule of pipe and fittings, materials and application, valves, escutcheons, air vents, valve tags and schedules, strainers, and water specialties.

- 11. Pump system, including pumps, motors and controllers.
- 12. Building automation systems including descriptions, instruments, and alarms.
- 13. Flashing.
- 14. Equipment identification and certificates.
- 15. Pressure tanks and accessories.
- 16. Water heaters and accessories.
- 17. Plumbing fixture and trim.
- 18. UL listed and tested fire stopping systems with location and type of penetration indicated.
- 19. Other shop drawings and submittals as requested within the specification.

### 1.12 START-UP

- A. Properly lubricate all pieces of equipment.
- B. Check and clean all pipes of dirt and debris, including strainers.
- C. Prepare each piece of equipment in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions and have a copy at the equipment.
- D. Fill and vent all water systems.
- E. Check rotation on each motor.
- F. Have representatives of each manufacturer present when hereinafter specified, so that equipment will be started up by manufacturer.

### 1.13 ACCESS DOORS IN FINISHED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Furnish access doors as required for operation and maintenance of concealed equipment, cleanouts, valves, shock absorbers, controls, etc., and coordinate their delivery with the installing trade.
- B. Coordinate and prepare a location, size and function schedule of access doors required and deliver to the installing Contractor and the Architect for review.
- C. Doors shall be of a size required for operating and repacking valves, and shall be as manufactured by Karp Associates, Nystrom Inc., or Mifab.
- D. Unless otherwise indicated, minimum size to be 18" x 18".
- E. Furnish color coded buttons or tabs to indicate location of valves or other equipment located above removable type ceilings where access doors are not required.
- F. Access doors shall have a fire rating compatible with the wall construction in which they are located and be installed in accordance with a UL system listing requirements.

# 1.14 PRODUCT, DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE

- A. Ship materials and equipment in crated sections of sizes to permit passing through available space, where required.
- B. Receive and accept materials and equipment at the site, properly handle, house, and protect them from damage and the weather until installation. Replace equipment damaged in the course

of handling without additional charge.

- C. Arrange for and provide storage space or area at the job site for all materials and equipment to be received and/or installed in this project.
- D. Protect from damage, water, dust, etc., materials, equipment and apparatus provided under this trade, both in storage and installed.

#### 1.15 ACCESSIBILITY

- A. Install all work so that parts requiring periodic inspection, operation, maintenance, and repair are readily accessible. Minor deviations from the drawings may be made to accomplish this, but changes of substantial magnitude shall not be made without written approval.
- B. Group concealed valves, expansion joints, controls, dampers, and equipment requiring access, so as to be freely accessible through access doors.

#### 1.16 CUTTING AND PATCHING

A. Provide all cutting and patching required for proper installation of materials and equipment specified. Do not cut or drill structural members without review and written approval by Architect and Structural Engineer.

### 1.17 UTILITY CONNECTIONS

- A. Arrange for and pay all fees and costs for all specified utilities including the following:
  - 1. Connection to utility company mains.
  - 2. Payment of service charges.
  - 3. Provision for temporary utilities.
  - 4. Connect in accordance with authority having jurisdiction.

#### 1.18 GUARANTEE

A. The Contractor shall furnish a written guarantee to replace or repair promptly and assume responsibility for all expenses incurred for any workmanship and equipment in which defects develop within one year from the date of final certificate for payment and/or from date or actual use of equipment or occupancy of spaces by Owner included under the various parts of the work, whichever date is earlier. This work shall be done as directed by the Owner. This guarantee shall also provide that where defects occur, the Contractor will assume responsibility for all expenses incurred in repairing and replacing work of other trades affected by defects, repairs or replacements in equipment supplied by the Contractor.

### 1.19 PERMITS AND FEES

A. The Contractor shall give necessary notice, file drawings and specifications with the department having jurisdiction, obtain permits or licenses necessary to carry out this work and pay all fees therefore. The Contractor shall arrange for inspection and tests of any or all parts of the work if so required by authorities and pay all charges for same. The Contractor shall pay all costs for, and furnish to the Owner before final billing, all certificates necessary as evidence that the work installed conforms with all regulations where they apply to this work.

### 1.20 PAINTING

### A. General:

- 1. Provide labor, materials, and equipment necessary for field prime painting. Protect flooring and equipment with drop cloths and store paint and materials in a location where directed. Wire brush and remove all oil, dirt, rust and grease before applying paint.
- 2. Paint all exposed, uninsulated, non-galvanized sheet metal, other than stainless steel and aluminum, with two coats of aluminum paint or alkyd paint of a color as directed.
- 3. Paint all exposed, uninsulated, galvanized, aluminum and stainless steel sheet metal in finished spaces, including mechanical equipment rooms, with one coat of galvanized iron primers and two coats of alkyd oil paint.
- 4. Paint insulated piping and equipment covering with one coat of primer sealer and two coats of alkyd oil paint of a color as directed.
- 5. Factory or field apply one coat of heat resisting paint for steel pipe and finned tube radiation.
- 6. Paint exposed steel and metal work not furnished with factory-painted finish, structural steel piping support and uninsulated piping with two coats of alkyd oil paint of a color as directed.
- 7. Paint equipment in the following spaces under this contract:
  - a. Mechanical Equipment rooms.
  - b. Boiler Plant.
  - c. Refrigeration Plant.
  - d. Steam Pressure Reducing Valve Room.
  - e. Steam Metering Room.
  - f. Emergency Generator Plant.
- 8. Apply zinc chromate primer for black steel piping, cast iron piping (except underground), steel and iron work and steel tanks before insulation.
- 9. Dip in zinc chromate primer, uncoated hangers, supports, rods and inserts.
- B. Coordinate color of painting to be provided under General Construction Work.
- C. Supply and deliver, in original sealed containers, paint of the best grade for its purpose of colors, as selected, and apply in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

# D. Finish painting:

- 1. Provide finish painting for piping continuously painted in all exposed areas consisting of two finished coats of high gloss medium or long alkyd paint over prime coat of a color shade as accepted after submittal.
- 2. Utilize color as follows on Sherwin Williams, "Kem Lustral" or "Metalastic II" name and figure numbers.
  - a. Chilled water piping and equipment --- PALE BLUE, F65L7.
  - b. Condenser water piping --- PALE GREEN, F65G42.
  - c. High pressure steam --- ORANGE, F65E1.
  - d. Medium pressure steam --- FERRITE YELLOW, F65Y3.
  - e. Low pressure steam --- LIGHT YELLOW, F65Y12.
  - f. Low pressure condensate --- IVORY, F65H1.
  - g. Hot water, pumped condensate and equipment --- MAGENTA (special mix) color similar to (B47R9) but in "Kem Lustral."
  - h. Chemical feed piping and equipment --- DARK BLUE, F65L4.

- i. Refrigeration machines and refrigerant piping --- BRIGHT BLUE, F65L10.
- j. Supply ductwork and fans --- SILVER GRAY, B53A10.
- k. Control panels --- SLATE GRAY, B53A13.
- 1. Exhaust and return ductwork and fans --- STEEL GRAY, B53A11.
- m. Fire detection and alarm conduit, fire stand pipe, sprinkler piping --- VERMILLION, F65R1.
- n. Compressed air piping and equipment --- LIGHT GRAY, F65A2.
- o. Vent and relief piping --- RICH BROWN, F65N11.
- p. Boilers and breeching --- SLATE GRAY, B53A13.
- q. Fuel and diesel oil --- BLACK, F65B1.
- r. High temperature water --- ORANGE, F65E1.
- s. Softened water, dealkalizers, softeners, brine tanks --- MEDIUM GREEN, F65G40.
- t. City water --- LIGHT GREEN, F65G39.
- 3. Place unlisted piping, ductwork or equipment in one of the following classifications and color coded shades as accepted. This corresponds to colors of ANSI A13.1, (Scheme for identification of piping systems).
  - a. Red for fire-protection materials.
  - b. Yellow or Orange for dangerous materials.
  - c. Green or blue for safe materials.
  - d. Dark Blue or Purple for extra valuable materials.
  - e. Gray for general equipment.
- 4. Shades shall be consistent throughout the project.
- 5. Coat valve, strainer or other appurtenances operating at over 220 o F where bare metal is exposed with Silicone Alkyd Aluminum, 71S30.
- E. Paint interior of ductwork as far back as visible from outside, flat black.
- F. Apply factory prime coat for pumps, fans, motors, equipment, registers, diffusers, and grilles.
- G. Apply on machinery, one shop coat of metal primer and two finish coats of gray engine enamel.
- H. Apply on control valve handles, one coat of lead and oil paint of color as selected.
- I. Paint fire dampers with prime coat and second coat of corrosion inhibitive paint.
- J. Spot prime coat marred surface of prime coated equipment and piping to match adjacent coat.

# 1.21 POST-INSTALLED ANCHORS

- A. Quality Assurance:
  - 1. Use Post-Installed Anchors that have been designed and tested in accordance with:
    - a. NYC: ACI 318, Appendix D as modified by NYCBC Sections 1908.1.9 and 1908.1.10
    - b. NYS: ACI 318, as amended by NYSBC Section 1905.
    - c. NJ: ACI 318, as amended by NJBC Section 1905.
    - d. CT: ACI 318, as amended by CTBC Section 1905.
    - e. Current ICC-ES reports considered evidence of successful testing.
  - 2. Acceptable Manufacturers:
    - a. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com.
    - b. Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc.: www.strongtie.com

c. DeWalt Anchors and Fasteners: www.anchors.dewalt.com/anchors.

### B. Provide Post-Installed Anchors as follows:

- 1. Anchor shall have a current ICC-ES report for the base material.
- 2. Select and install anchor based on concrete strength indicated by core tests. Otherwise, assume 2,000 psi concrete.
- 3. Provide AISI 316 Stainless Steel Post-Installed Anchors in corrosive environments.
- 4. All anchors installed on underside of concrete slab shall be approved for use in cracked concrete.
- 5. Spacing and edge distance of anchors shall conform to the requirements of the structural engineer or anchor manufacture.
- 6. Use a safety factor of 4 to the proof tensile load of the anchor when determining the allowable design tensile load.

# C. Installation Requirements:

- 1. Comply with post-installed anchor manufacturer's recommendations for adhesive storage temperature and conditions for adhesive anchors before, during and after installation.
- 2. Only store solvent-cured materials in ventilated areas.
- 3. Follow OSHA requirements when performing any drilling that can result in silica dust.
- 4. Post-installed adhesive anchors installed overhead shall be installed by persons certified by ACI to perform such installations.
- 5. All post-installed anchors shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions and current ICC-ES reports.

# D. Inspection of Post-Installed Anchors:

- 1. Method of inspection shall be at the discretion of the Special Inspector.
- 2. Contractor shall provide all required information, drawings, equipment documentation, etc. requested by the Special Inspector a minimum of 10 working days in advance of the inspection.
- 3. (NYC) Continuous Inspection: Adhesive anchors installed in the horizontal or upwardly inclined positions are subject to continuous special inspection.
- 4. Periodic Inspection: Mechanical and screw anchors installed in any orientation are subject to periodic inspection. Frequency of inspections shall be at the Special Inspector's discretion.

# 1.22 FIRESTOPPING

# A. Quality Assurance:

- 1. Use firestopping systems that have been tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479. Listing by UL (DIR), UL (FDR), FM (AG), or ITS (DIR) in their certification directories will be considered evidence of successful testing.
- 2. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products for use in fire rated assemblies with minimum three years documented experience.
  - a. 3M Fire Protection Products: www.3m.com/firestop.
  - b. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com.
  - c. Specified Technologies Inc: www.stifirestop.com.

# B. Firestopping Assembly Requirements

1. For membrane and through penetrations, provide firestopping materials to create a listed system, for the assembly being penetrated and field conditions, that have the following properties, except as otherwise permitted by the Building Code:

- a. Fire Resistance: Provide systems that have been tested to show F-Rating equal to required fire rating of penetrated assembly.
- b. Temperature Rise: Provide systems that have been tested to show T-Rating equal to or greater than the F-Rating.
- c. Air Leakage: Provide systems that have been tested to show L-Rating is equal to or greater than the L-Rating of joints in assembly being penetrated.
- d. Watertightness: Provide systems that have been tested to meet a Class 1 W-Rating for floor penetrations.

### C. Field Conditions

- Comply with firestopping manufacturer's recommendations for temperature and conditions during and after installation; maintain minimum temperature before, during, and for three days after installation of materials.
- 2. Provide ventilation in areas where solvent-cured materials are being installed.

# D. Inspection of Firestopping Systems

- 1. Method of inspection shall be at the discretion of the Special Inspector. Contractor shall provide all required information, coordinate with Special Inspector at least 10 days in advance of fire stop installation, and arrange site access. Contractor shall completely remove and restore all firestopping that has undergone destructive testing. No claims for additional cost or time will be allowed.
- 2. Visual Inspection: Special Inspector shall be onsite during installation and randomly witness a minimum of 10% of each type of fire stop being installed.
- 3. Destructive Testing: Verification of firestopping after installation has taken place. A minimum of 2%, but not less then one, of each type of fire stop shall be inspected per floor or each area of a floor when a floor area is larger than 10,000 sq. ft.

### 1.23 CLEANING

- A. Brush and clean work prior to concealing, painting and acceptance. Perform in stages if directed.
- B. Clean and repair painted exposed work, soiled or damaged, to match adjoining work before final acceptance.
- C. Remove debris from inside and outside of material and equipment.

### 1.24 OPERATING & MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTION

- A. Prepare operating and maintenance instructions manual including operating instructions, maintenance instructions, manufacturer's data, specific equipment data.
- B. Provide an alphabetical list of all system components, with the name, address, and 24-hour phone number of the company responsible for servicing each item during the first year of operation.
- C. Provide operating instructions for complete system, including:
  - 1. Normal starting, operating, and shut-down
  - 2. Emergency procedures for fire or failure of major equipment
  - 3. Summer and winter special procedures
  - 4. Day and night special procedures

- D. Provide maintenance instructions, including:
  - 1. Valve tag list and equipment tag list
  - 2. Proper lubricants and lubricating instructions for each piece of equipment, and date when lubricated
  - 3. Required cleaning, replacement and/or adjustment schedule
- E. Provide manufacturer's data on each piece of equipment, including:
  - 1. Installation instructions.
  - 2. Drawings and specifications.
  - 3. Parts list, including recommended items to be stocked.
  - 4. Complete wiring and temperature control diagrams.
  - 5. Marked or revised prints locating all concealed parts and all variations from the original system design.
  - 6. Test and inspection certificates.
- F. Provide specific equipment data including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. For Plumbing Systems:
    - a. Pumps.
    - b. Valves.
    - c. Piping.
    - d. Accessories.
    - e. Pressure reducing valves.
    - f. Water heaters.
    - g. Water meters.
    - h. Strainers.
    - i. Toilet fixtures and supports.
    - j. Toilet fixture trim.
    - k. Flow measuring devices.
    - 1. Electric wiring.
    - m. Pressure tanks.
  - 2. For Automatic Control System:
    - a. Drawings and description of system controlled.
    - b. Sequence of operation for each system.
    - c. Data on components.
    - d. Wiring and piping, schematic any layout, for panels and panelboards.
    - e. System operating manual, including set points.
- G. Provide instruction of operating personnel.
  - 1. Instruct Owner's operating personnel in proper starting sequences, operation, shutdown, and maintenance procedures, including normal and emergency procedures.
  - 2. Instruction to be by personnel skilled in operation of equipment. Instructions for major equipment to be by equipment manufacturers' representatives.
  - 3. Make arrangements to give instructions by system and not by building areas.
  - 4. Provide five (5) instruction sessions not to exceed six (6) hours each.
  - 5. Instructions on automatic controls to be by manufacturer's representative.
- H. Submittals
  - 1. Shop Drawings: Submit three copies for review prior to final issuance.
  - 2. Provide six (6) copies of each operation and maintenance manual.

- a. Manuals to be 8-1/2" x 11 size in hard-back, 3-ring loose leaf binders. Use more than one volume if required. Do not overfill binders.
- b. Manuals to be completed and delivered to the Engineer for approval at least 20 days prior to instruction of operating personnel.
- 3. Prepare separate manuals for the Plumbing system.

# 1.25 TOOLS FOR OPERATION, ADJUSTMENT AND MAINTENANCE

A. Deliver to Owner's representative all special tools needed for proper operation, adjustment and maintenance of equipment.

## 1.26 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM E814 Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems; 2023a.
- B. CSI/CSC Form 1.5C Substitution Request (During the Bidding/Negotiating Stage); Current Edition.
- C. CSI/CSC Form 13.1A Substitution Request (After the Bidding/Negotiating Phase); Current Edition.
- D. FM (AG) FM Approval Guide; Current Edition.
- E. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- F. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- G. UL 1479 Standard for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestops; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

## **PART 2 PRODUCTS**

2.1 NOT USED.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 NOT USED.

## SECTION 220517 SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR PLUMBING PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES
  - A. Pipe sleeves.
  - B. Pipe sleeve-seals.
- 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS
- 1.3 SUBMITTALS
  - A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE
  - A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
  - B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified this section.
    - 1. Minimum three years experience.
    - 2. Approved by manufacturer.
- 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
- 1.6 WARRANTY
  - A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 PIPE SLEEVES
  - A. Manufacturers:
    - 1. Flexicraft Industries; Pipe Wall Sleeve: www.flexicraft.com/#sle.
  - B. Vertical Piping:
    - 1. Sleeve Length: 1 inch above finished floor.
    - 2. Provide sealant for watertight joint.
    - 3. Blocked Out Floor Openings: Provide 1-1/2 inch angle set in silicon adhesive around opening.

- 4. Drilled Penetrations: Provide 1-1/2 inch angle ring or square set in silicone adhesive around penetration.
- C. Pipe Passing Through Below Grade Exterior Walls:
  - 1. Zinc coated or cast iron pipe.
  - 2. Provide watertight space with link rubber or modular seal between sleeve and pipe on both pipe ends.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and foreign material, from inside and outside, before assembly.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Route piping in orderly manner, plumb and parallel to building structure. Maintain gradient.
- B. Install piping to conserve building space, to not interfere with use of space and other work.
- C. Install piping and pipe sleeves to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- D. Provide sleeves when penetrating footings, floors, walls, and partitions. Seal pipe including sleeve penetrations to achieve fire resistance equivalent to fire separation required.
- E. When installing more than one piping system material, ensure system components are compatible and joined to ensure the integrity of the system. Provide necessary joining fittings. Ensure flanges, union, and couplings for servicing are consistently provided.

## SECTION 220519 METERS AND GAUGES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Liquid Meters:
  - 1. Disc meters.
- B. Pressure Gauges:
  - 1. Bourdon tube for liquids and gases.

## 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME B40.100 Pressure Gauges and Gauge Attachments; 2022.
- B. ASME MFC-3M Measurement of Fluid Flow in Pipes Using Orifice, Nozzle, and Venturi; 2004 (Reaffirmed 2017).
- C. ASTM E1 Standard Specification for ASTM Liquid-in-Glass Thermometers; 2014 (Reapproved 2020).
- D. UL 393 Indicating Pressure Gauges for Fire-Protection Service; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- E. UL 404 Gauges, Indicating Pressure, for Compressed Gas Service; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide red-marked product data sheets for each furnished item with associated components and accessories.
- B. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components and instrumentation.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 LIQUID METERS

- A. Disc Meters:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Badger Meter, Inc: www.badgermeter.com/#sle.
    - b. Sensus, a Xylem brand: www.sensus.com/#sle.
    - c. Honeywell: https://process.honeywell.com/us/en/home
  - 2. Remote Monitoring: Magnetic register with built-in AMR pulse (binary) output.
  - 3. Pressure and Temperature: Up to 150 psi and 100 degrees F.

#### 2.2 PRESSURE GAUGES

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Dwyer Instruments, Inc: www.dwyer-inst.com/#sle.
- 2. Moeller Instrument Company, Inc: www.moellerinstrument.com/#sle.
- 3. Omega Engineering a subsidiary of Spectris, Plc: www.omega.com/#sle.

## B. Bourdon Tube for Liquids and Gases:

- 1. Dial Size and Cover: 4-1/2 inch diameter scale with polycarbonate window.
- 2. Accuracy: ASME B40.100, adjustable commercial grade (D) with 5 percent of span.
- 3. Process Connection: Lower-back, 1/4 inch NPT male except where noted.

#### 2.3 PRESSURE GAUGE TAPPINGS

- A. Gage Cock: Tee or lever handle, brass for maximum 150 psi,
- B. Syphon: Steel, Schedule 40, 1/4 inch angle or straight pattern

#### 2.4 STEM TYPE THERMOMETERS

A. Thermometer: ASTM E 1, adjustable angle, red or green appearing non-mercury fluid, lens front tube, cast aluminum case with enamel finish, cast aluminum adjustable joint with positive locking device.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install metering products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for intended fluid type and service.

## 3.2 SCHEDULES

- A. Pressure Gauges, Location and Scale Range:
  - 1. Standpipe, highest points, 0 to 50 psi.
  - 2. Standpipe and sprinkler water supply connection, 0 to 150 psi.
  - 3. Sprinkler system, 0 to 150 psi.
  - 4. Steam: Low pressure 0 to 30 psi
  - 5. Chilled water pump: 0-200 psi.
  - 6. Chilled water make-up pump: 0-160.
  - 7. Condenser water pump: 0-200 psi.
  - 8. Condenser strainers: 0-200 psi.
  - 9. Condenser water to cooling tower: 0-100.

## B. Pressure Gauge Tappings, Location:

- 1. Control valves 3/4 inch & larger inlets and outlets.
- 2. Major coils inlets and outlets.
- C. Stem Type Thermometers, Location and Scale Range:

- 1. Headers to central equipment
- 2. Coil banks inlets and outlets
- 3. Heat exchangers inlets and outlets
- 4. Boilers inlets and outlets
- 5. Chiller inlets and outlets
- 6. Domestic hot water supply and recirculation
- 7. Scales
  - a. Hot water system: 30-300 deg F., 2 deg increments.
  - b. Chilled water system: 0-100 deg F, 1 deg increments.
  - c. Condenser water system: 30-180 deg F, 2 deg increments.
  - d. Fuel oil system: 30-300 deg F, 2 deg increments.
- D. Thermometer Sockets, Location:
  - 1. Control valves 1 inch & larger inlets and outlets.
  - 2. Reheat coils inlets and outlets.
  - 3. Cabinet heaters inlets and outlets.
  - 4. Unit heaters inlets and outlets.
  - 5. Stem Length for Nominal Pipe Sizes:
    - a. Below 4 inches shall be 3-1/2 inch stem, elbow mounted.
    - b. 4-8 inches shall be 3-1/2 inch stem.



## SECTION 220523 GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Angle valves.
- B. Ball valves.
- C. Butterfly valves.
- D. Check valves.
- E. Gate valves.
- F. Globe valves.
- G. Plug valves.
- H. Chainwheels.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 078400 Firestopping.
- B. Section 083100 Access Doors and Panels.
- C. Section 220548 Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment.
- D. Section 220553 Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment.
- E. Section 220716 Plumbing Equipment Insulation.
- F. Section 220719 Plumbing Piping Insulation.
- G. Section 221005 Plumbing Piping.
- H. Section 221500 General-Service Compressed-Air Systems.

## 1.3 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

- A. CWP: Cold working pressure.
- B. EPDM: Ethylene propylene copolymer rubber.
- C. NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene, Buna-N, or nitrile rubber.
- D. NRS: Non-rising stem.
- E. OS&Y: Outside screw and yoke.

- F. PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
- G. RS: Rising stem.
- H. TFE: Tetrafluoroethylene.
- I. WOG: Water, oil, and gas.
- 1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS
- 1.5 SUBMITTALS
- 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE
- 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
- 1.8 Exercise the following precautions for handling:

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 APPLICATIONS

- A. Provide the following valves for the applications if not indicated on drawings:
- B. Substitutions of valves with higher CWP classes or SWP ratings for same valve types are permitted when specified CWP ratings or SWP classes are not available.
- C. Domestic, Hot and Cold Water Valves:
- D. Sanitary Waste Water Valves:

# 2.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Valve Pressure and Temperature Ratings: No less than rating indicated; as required for system pressures and temperatures.
- B. Valve Sizes: Match upstream piping unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Valve Actuator Types:
- D. Valve-End Connections:
- E. General ASME Compliance:

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Discard all packing materials and verify that valve interior, including threads and flanges are completely clean without signs of damage or degradation that could result in leakage.
- B. Verify valve parts to be fully operational in all positions from closed to fully open.
- C. Confirm gasket material to be suitable for the service, to be of correct size, and without defects that could compromise effectiveness.
- D. Should valve is determined to be defective, replace with new valve.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Provide unions or flanges with valves to facilitate equipment removal and maintenance while maintaining system operation and full accessibility for servicing.
- B. Provide separate valve support as required and locate valve with stem at or above center of piping, maintaining unimpeded stem movement.



# SECTION 220529 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for metal channel (strut) framing systems, nonpenetrating rooftop supports, post-installed concrete and masonry anchors, and thermal insulated pipe supports.
  - 1. Fiberglass Channel (Strut) Framing Systems: Include requirements for strength derating according to ambient temperature.
- C. Shop Drawings: Include details for fabricated hangers and supports where materials or methods other than those indicated are proposed for substitution.
  - 1. Application of protective inserts, saddles, and shields at pipe hangers for each type of insulation and hanger.

# 1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with applicable building code.
- B. Maintain at the project site a copy of each referenced document that prescribes execution requirements.
- C. Installer Qualifications for Field-Welding: As specified in Section 055000.
- D. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 1.3 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

## 1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.
- B. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2023.
- C. ASTM B633 Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Zinc on Iron and Steel; 2023.

D. MSS SP-58 - Pipe Hangers and Supports - Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation; 2018, with Amendment (2019).

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SUPPORT AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

## A. General Requirements:

- 1. Comply with MSS SP-58.
- 2. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended, where applicable.
- 3. Where support and attachment component types and sizes are not indicated, select in accordance with manufacturer's application criteria as required for the load to be supported. Include consideration for vibration, equipment operation, and shock loads where applicable.
- 4. Do not use wire, chain, perforated pipe strap, or wood for permanent supports unless specifically indicated or permitted.
- 5. Steel Components: Use corrosion resistant materials suitable for the environment where installed.
  - a. Indoor Dry Locations: Use zinc-plated steel or approved equivalent unless otherwise indicated.
  - b. Outdoor and Damp or Wet Indoor Locations: Use galvanized steel, stainless steel, or approved equivalent unless otherwise indicated.
  - c. Zinc-Plated Steel: Electroplated in accordance with ASTM B633.
  - d. Galvanized Steel: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M or ASTM A153/A153M.

#### B. Anchors and Fasteners:

- 1. Manufacturers Mechanical Anchors:
  - a. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com/#sle.
  - b. ITW Red Head, a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc: www.itwredhead.com/#sle.
  - c. Simpson Strong-Tie Company Inc: www.strongtie.com/#sle.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive support and attachment components.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install anchors and fasteners in accordance with ICC Evaluation Services, LLC (ICC-ES) evaluation report conditions of use where applicable.

- C. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, conduit, or other systems.
- D. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Engineer, do not provide support from roof deck.
- E. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members without approval of Structural Engineer.
- F. Field-Welding (where approved by Engineer): Comply with Section 055000.
- G. Provide thermal insulated pipe supports complete with hangers and accessories. Install thermal insulated pipe supports during the installation of the piping system.
- H. Equipment Support and Attachment:
  - 1. Use metal fabricated supports or supports assembled from metal channel (strut) to support equipment as required.
  - 2. Use metal channel (strut) secured to study to support equipment surface-mounted on hollow stud walls when wall strength is not sufficient to resist pull-out.
  - 3. Use metal channel (strut) to support surface-mounted equipment in wet or damp locations to provide space between equipment and mounting surface.
  - 4. Unless otherwise indicated, mount floor-mounted equipment on properly sized 3 inch high concrete pad constructed in accordance with Section 033000.
  - 5. Securely fasten floor-mounted equipment. Do not install equipment such that it relies on its own weight for support.
- I. Preset Concrete Inserts: Use manufacturer-provided closure strips to inhibit concrete seepage during concrete pour.
- J. Secure fasteners according to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.
- K. Remove temporary supports.



# SECTION 220553 IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Nameplates.
- B. Tags.
- C. Pipe markers.

## 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. ASME A13.1 - Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems; 2023.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Schedules:
  - 1. Submit plumbing component identification schedule listing equipment, piping, and valves.
  - 2. Detail proposed component identification data in terms of of wording, symbols, letter size, and color coding to be applied to corresponding product.
  - 3. Valve Data Format: Include id-number, location, function, and model number.
- C. Product Data: Provide manufacturers catalog literature for each product required.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures, and installation.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of tagged valves.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PLUMBING COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION GUIDELINE

A. Pipe Markers: 3/4 inch diameter and higher.

# 2.2 NAMEPLATES

- A. Description: Laminated piece with up to three lines of text.
  - 1. Letter Color: White.
  - 2. Letter Height: 1/4 inch.
  - 3. Background Color: Black.

## 2.3 TAGS

A. Metal: Brass, 19 gauge 1-1/2 inch in diameter with smooth edges, blank, smooth edges, and corrosion-resistant ball chain. Up to three lines of text.

## 2.4 PIPE MARKERS

- A. Comply with ASME A13.1.
- B. Flexible Marker: Factory fabricated, semi-rigid, preformed to fit around pipe or pipe covering; minimum information indicating flow direction arrow and identification of fluid conveyed.
- C. Flexible Tape Marker: Flexible, vinyl film tape with pressure sensitive adhesive backing and printed markings.
- D. Underground Flexible Marker: Bright colored continuously printed ribbon tape, minimum 6 inches wide by 4 mil thick, manufactured for direct burial service.
- E. Identification Scheme, ASME A13.1:
  - 1. Primary: External Pipe Diameter, Uninsulated or Insulated.
  - 2. Secondary: Color scheme per fluid service.
    - a. Water; Potable, Cooling, Boiler Feed, and Other: White text on green background.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Degrease and clean surfaces to receive identification products.
- B. Prepare surfaces for stencil painting, see Section 099123.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install flexible nameplates with corrosive-resistant mechanical fasteners, or adhesive. Apply with sufficient adhesive to ensure permanent adhesion and seal with clear lacquer.
- B. Install tags in clear view and align with axis of piping
- C. Install plastic pipe markers in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Install plastic tape pipe marker around pipe in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Install underground plastic pipe markers 6 to 8 inches below finished grade, directly above buried pipe.
- F. Locate ceiling tacks to locate valves or dampers above lay-in panel ceilings. Locate in corner of panel closest to equipment.

## SECTION 220719 PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Flexible elastomeric cellular insulation.
- B. Glass fiber insulation.
- C. Hydrous calcium silicate insulation.
- D. Jacket insulation.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 078400 - Firestopping.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C177 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus; 2019, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- B. ASTM C195 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Thermal Insulating Cement; 2007 (Reapproved 2019).
- C. ASTM C449 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement; 2007 (Reapproved 2019).
- D. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus; 2021.
- E. ASTM C533 Standard Specification for Calcium Silicate Block and Pipe Thermal Insulation; 2017 (Reapproved 2023).
- F. ASTM C534/C534M Standard Specification for Preformed Flexible Elastomeric Cellular Thermal Insulation in Sheet and Tubular Form; 2023.
- G. ASTM C547 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Pipe Insulation; 2022a.
- H. ASTM C795 Standard Specification for Thermal Insulation for Use in Contact with Austenitic Stainless Steel; 2008 (Reapproved 2023).
- ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- J. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).

K. UL 723 - Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures that ensure acceptable workmanship and installation standards will be achieved.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept materials on site, labeled with manufacturer's identification, product density, and thickness.

# 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient conditions required by manufacturers of each product.
- B. Maintain temperature before, during, and after installation for minimum of 24 hours.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread index/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, UL 723, ASTM E84, or UL 723.

# 2.2 GLASS FIBER INSULATION

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Owens Corning Corp: www.owenscorning.com.
- B. Insulation: ASTM C547and ASTM C795; semi-rigid, noncombustible, end grain adhered to jacket.
  - 1. K Value: ASTM C177, 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 650 degrees F.
  - 3. Maximum Moisture Absorption: 0.2 percent by volume.

- C. Vapor Barrier Jacket: White Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn, bonded to aluminized film; moisture vapor transmission when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M of 0.02 perminches.
- D. Vapor Barrier Lap Adhesive: Compatible with insulation.
- E. Insulating Cement/Mastic: ASTM C195; hydraulic setting on mineral wool.
- F. Fibrous Glass Fabric:
  - 1. Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz/sq yd weight.
  - 2. Blanket: 1.0 lb/cu ft density.
  - 3. Weave: 5 by 5.
- G. Indoor Vapor Barrier Finish:
  - 1. Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz/sq yd weight.
  - 2. Vinyl emulsion type acrylic, compatible with insulation, white color.
- H. Outdoor Vapor Barrier Mastic: Vinyl emulsion type acrylic or mastic, compatible with insulation, black color.
- I. Outdoor Breather Mastic: Vinyl emulsion type acrylic or mastic, compatible with insulation, black color.
- J. Insulating Cement: ASTM C449.

## 2.3 HYDROUS CALCIUM SILICATE INSULATION

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Johns Manville Corporation: www.jm.com/#sle.
- B. Insulation: ASTM C533 and ASTM C795; rigid molded, asbestos free, gold color.
  - 1. K Value: 0.40 at 300 degrees F when tested in accordance with ASTM C177 or ASTM C518.
- C. Tie Wire: 0.048 inch stainless steel with twisted ends on maximum 12 inch centers.
- D. Insulating Cement: ASTM C449.

#### 2.4 FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC CELLULAR INSULATION

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Armacell LLC; AP Armaflex: www.armacell.us/#sle.
- B. Insulation: Preformed flexible elastomeric cellular rubber insulation complying with ASTM C534/C534M Grade 1; use molded tubular material wherever possible.
  - 1. Minimum Service Temperature: Minus 40 degrees F.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 220 degrees F.
  - 3. Connection: Waterproof vapor barrier adhesive.
- C. Elastomeric Foam Adhesive: Air dried, contact adhesive, compatible with insulation.

#### 2.5 JACKET INSULATION

#### A. PVC Plastic.

- 1. Manufacturers:
  - a. Johns Manville Corporation: www.jm.com/#sle.
- 2. Jacket: One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
  - a. Minimum Service Temperature: 0 degrees F.
  - b. Maximum Service Temperature: 150 degrees F.
  - c. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive.
- 3. Covering Adhesive Mastic: Compatible with insulation.
- B. Aluminum Jacket: ASTM B209 (ASTM B209M) formed aluminum sheet.
  - 1. Metal Jacket Bands: 3/8 inch wide; 0.015 inch thick aluminum.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that piping has been tested before applying insulation materials.
- B. Verify that surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install in accordance with North American Insulation Manufacturers Association (((NAIMA))) National Insulation Standards.
- C. Exposed Piping: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
- D. Insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature: Insulate entire system including fittings, valves, unions, flanges, strainers, flexible connections, pump bodies, and expansion joints.
- E. For hot piping conveying fluids 140 degrees F or less, do not insulate flanges and unions at equipment, but bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- F. For hot piping conveying fluids over 140 degrees F, insulate flanges and unions at equipment.
- G. Inserts and Shields:
  - 1. Application: Piping 1-1/2 inches diameter or larger.
  - 2. Shields: Galvanized steel between pipe hangers or pipe hanger rolls and inserts.
  - 3. Insert Location: Between support shield and piping and under the finish jacket.
  - 4. Insert Configuration: Minimum 6 inches long, of same thickness and contour as adjoining insulation; may be factory fabricated.
  - 5. Insert material: Heavy density insulating material suitable for the planned temperature range. Calcium Silicate inserts not permitted for piping below ambient temperature.
- H. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, pipe hangers, and other pipe penetrations. Finish at supports, protrusions, and interruptions. At fire separations, see Section 078400.

- I. Pipe Exposed in Mechanical Equipment Rooms or Finished Spaces (less than 10 feet above finished floor): Finish with canvas jacket sized for finish painting.
- J. Exterior Applications: Provide vapor barrier jacket. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe, and finish with glass mesh reinforced vapor barrier cement. Cover with 0.016" aluminum jacket with seams located on bottom side of horizontal piping. Increase thickness listed by 1/2".
- K. Buried Piping: Provide factory fabricated assembly with inner all-purpose service jacket with self-sealing lap, and asphalt impregnated open mesh glass fabric, with one mil thick aluminum foil sandwiched between three layers of bituminous compound; outer surface faced with a polyester film. Increase thickness listed by 1/2".
- L. Heat Traced Piping: Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material, thickness, and finish as adjoining pipe. Size large enough to enclose pipe and heat tracer. Cover with aluminum jacket with seams located on bottom side of horizontal piping. Increase thickness listed by 1/2".

#### 3.3 SCHEDULES

- A. Plumbing Systems:
  - 1. Domestic Hot Water Supply:
    - a. Glass Fiber Insulation:
      - 1) Pipe Size Range: All sizes.
        - a) Thickness: 1 inch.
- B. Heating Systems:
  - 1. Heating Water Supply and Return:
    - a. Up to 2": 1.5" glass fiber
    - b. " to 4": 2" glass fiber
    - c. Over 4": 2.5" glass fiber
- C. Cooling Systems:



## SECTION 221005 PLUMBING PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Sanitary waste piping, buried within 5 feet of building.
- B. Domestic water piping, above grade.
- C. Pipe, pipe fittings, and connections for piping systems.
  - 1. Storm drainage piping, above grade.
  - 2. Natural gas piping, buried within 5 feet of building.
  - 3. Natural gas piping, above grade.
  - 4. Pipe flanges, unions, and couplings.
  - 5. Pipe hangers and supports.
  - 6. Ball valves.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 220719 Plumbing Piping Insulation.
- B. Section 220516 Expansion Fittings and Loops for Plumbing Piping.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI Z21.22 American National Standard for Relief Valves for Hot Water Supply Systems; 2015 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- B. ASME B16.1 Gray Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: Classes 25, 125, and 250; 2020.
- C. ASME B16.3 Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings: Classes 150 and 300; 2021.
- D. ASME B16.4 Gray Iron Threaded Fittings: Classes 125 and 250; 2021.
- E. ASME B16.18 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings; 2021.
- F. ASME B16.22 Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Pressure Fittings; 2021.
- G. ASME B16.23 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings: DWV; 2021.
- H. ASME B16.26 Cast Copper Alloy Fittings for Flared Copper Tubes; 2018.
- I. ASME B16.29 Wrought Copper and Wrought Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Drainage Fittings—DWV; 2022.
- J. ASME B31.1 Power Piping; 2022.
- K. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping; 2020.

- L. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2022.
- M. ASTM A74 Standard Specification for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings; 2021.
- N. ASTM A234/A234M Standard Specification for Piping Fittings of Wrought Carbon Steel and Alloy Steel for Moderate and High Temperature Service; 2023a.
- O. ASTM B32 Standard Specification for Solder Metal; 2020.
- P. ASTM B42 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Pipe, Standard Sizes; 2020.
- Q. ASTM B68/B68M Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Tube, Bright Annealed; 2019.
- R. ASTM B75/B75M Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Tube; 2020.
- S. ASTM B88 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube; 2022.
- T. ASTM B88M Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube (Metric); 2020.
- U. ASTM B813 Standard Specification for Liquid and Paste Fluxes for Soldering of Copper and Copper Alloy Tube; 2016.
- V. ASTM B828 Standard Practice for Making Capillary Joints by Soldering of Copper and Copper Alloy Tube and Fittings; 2023.
- W. ASTM C564 Standard Specification for Rubber Gaskets for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings; 2020a.
- X. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- Y. AWWA C105/A21.5 Polyethylene Encasement for Ductile-Iron Pipe Systems; 2018.
- Z. AWWA C151/A21.51 Ductile-Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast; 2023.
- AA. AWWA C651 Disinfecting Water Mains; 2023.
- BB. CISPI 301 Standard Specification for Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications; 2021.
- CC. CISPI 310 Specification for Coupling for Use in Connection with Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications; 2020.
- DD. MSS SP-58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation; 2018, with Amendment (2019).
- EE. MSS SP-67 Butterfly Valves; 2022.
- FF. MSS SP-80 Bronze Gate, Globe, Angle, and Check Valves; 2019.
- GG. MSS SP-110 Ball Valves Threaded, Socket-Welding, Solder Joint, Grooved and Flared Ends; 2010, with Errata .
- HH. NSF 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects; 2022, with Errata.

- II. NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components Lead Content; 2022.
- JJ. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- KK. MSS SP-69 Pipe Hangers and Supports Selection and Application; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2003.
- LL. MSS SP-89 Pipe Hangers and Supports Fabrication and Installation Practices; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2003.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on pipe materials, pipe fittings, valves, and accessories. Provide manufacturers catalog information. Indicate valve data and ratings.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate fittings, particulars such as sizes, welds, and configuration prior to start of work for all systems.
- D. Submit 3/8" scaled piping shop drawings indicating pipe materials, routing, sizes, elevations, transistions, ceiling plan, structure, etc. Provide scaled elevations and sections for equipment rooms and as directed by the Engineer.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of valves.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform Work in accordance with State of New York, standards.
- B. Valves: Manufacturer's name and pressure rating marked on valve body.
- C. Identify pipe with marking including size, ASTM material classification, ASTM specification, potable water certification, water pressure rating.

# 1.6 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Perform Work in accordance with State of New York plumbing code.
- B. Conform to applicable code for installation of backflow prevention devices.
- C. Provide certificate of compliance from authority having jurisdiction indicating approval of installation of backflow prevention devices.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept valves on site in shipping containers with labeling in place. Inspect for damage.
- B. Provide temporary protective coating on cast iron and steel valves.
- C. Provide temporary end caps and closures on piping and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.

D. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work, and isolating parts of completed system.

#### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install underground piping when bedding is wet or frozen.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Potable Water Supply Systems: Provide piping, pipe fittings, and solder and flux (if used), that comply with NSF 61 and NSF 372 for maximum lead content; label pipe and fittings.
- B. Plenum-Installed Acid Waste Piping: Flame-spread index equal or below 25 and smoke-spread index equal or below 50 according to ASTM E84 or UL 723 tests.

## 2.2 SANITARY SEWER PIPING, BURIED

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: ASTM A 74 extra heavy weight. All cast iron soil pipe and fitting shall be marked with the collective trademark of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI) and be listed by NSF International.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joint Seals: ASTM C564 neoprene gaskets, or lead and oakum.

## 2.3 SANITARY WASTE PIPING, BURIED WITHIN 5 FEET OF BUILDING

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: ASTM A 74 service weight. All cast iron soil pipe and fitting shall be marked with the collective trademark of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI) and be listed by NSF International.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joints: Hub-and-spigot, CISPI HSN compression type with ASTM C564 neoprene gaskets or lead a.nd oakum.

## 2.4 SANITARY WASTE PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: CISPI 301, hubless, service weight. All cast iron soil pipe and fitting shall be marked with the collective trademark of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI) and be listed by NSF International.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joints: CISPI 310, neoprene gaskets and stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies.
- B. Copper Tube: ASTM B88 (((ASTM B88M))), Type K (A).
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.29, wrought copper, or ASME B16.23, sovent.
  - 2. Joints: ASTM B32, alloy Sn50 solder.
- C. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M Schedule 40, galvanized, using one of the following joint types:

## 2.5 WATER PIPING, BURIED

- A. Ductile Iron Pipe: AWWA C151/A21.51.
- B. Copper Pipe: ASTM B42, hard drawn.
  - 1. Joints: ASTM B 32, alloy Sn95 solder.

## 2.6 DOMESTIC WATER PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Copper Tube: ASTM B88 (((ASTM B88M))), Type K (A), Drawn (H).
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast copper alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought copper and bronze.

## 2.7 STORM WATER PIPING, BURIED

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: ASTM A74 extra heavy weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joint Seals: ASTM C564 neoprene gaskets, or lead and oakum.

## 2.8 STORM DRAINAGE PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: ASTM A74 extra heavy weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
- B. Cast Iron Pipe: CISPI 301, hubless, service weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joints: Neoprene gaskets and stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies.

## 2.9 NATURAL GAS PIPING, BURIED

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M Schedule 40 black.
  - 1. Fittings: ASTM A234/A234M, wrought steel welding type.
  - 2. Joints: ASME B31.1, welded.
  - 3. Jacket: AWWA C105/A21.5 polyethylene jacket or double layer, half-lapped 10 mil polyethylene tape.

#### 2.10 NATURAL GAS PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53/A5M Schedule 40 black.
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.3, malleable iron, or ASTM A234/A234M, wrought steel welding type.
  - 2. Joints: Threaded or welded to ASME B31.1.
- B. Copper Tube: ASTM B88 (((ASTM B88M))), Type K (A) or L (B) annealed.
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.26, cast bronze.
  - 2. Joints: Flared.

## 2.11 PIPE FLANGES, UNIONS, AND COUPLINGS

- A. Unions for Pipe Sizes 3 inch and Under:
  - 1. Ferrous Pipe: Class 150 malleable iron threaded unions.

- 2. Copper Tube and Pipe: Class 150 bronze unions with soldered joints.
- B. Flanges for Pipe Sizes Over 1 inch:
  - 1. Ferrous Pipe: Class 150 malleable iron threaded or forged steel slip-on flanges; preformed neoprene gaskets.
  - 2. Copper Tube and Pipe: Class 150 slip-on bronze flanges; preformed neoprene gaskets.
- C. Grooved and Shouldered Pipe End Couplings:
  - 1. Housing: Malleable iron clamps to engage and lock, designed to permit some angular deflection, contraction, and expansion; steel bolts, nuts, and washers; galvanized for galvanized pipe.
  - 2. Sealing gasket: "C" shape composition sealing gasket.
- D. Dielectric Connections: Union with galvanized or plated steel threaded end, copper solder end, water impervious isolation barrier.

#### 2.12 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide hangers and supports that comply with MSS SP-58.
  - 1. If type of hanger or support for a particular situation is not indicated, select appropriate type using MSS SP-58 recommendations.
  - 2. Overhead Supports: Individual steel rod hangers attached to structure or to trapeze hangers.
  - 3. Trapeze Hangers: Welded steel channel frames attached to structure.
  - 4. Vertical Pipe Support: Steel riser clamp.
- B. Sanitary and Storm Piping:
  - 1. Conform to ASME B31.9.
  - 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 inch: Malleable iron, adjustable swivel, split ring.
  - 3. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 4 inches and Over: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
  - 4. Multiple or Trapeze Hangers: Steel channels with welded spacers and hanger rods.
  - 5. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes to 3 inch: Cast iron hook.
  - 6. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes 4 inch and Over: Welded steel bracket and wrought steel clamp.
  - 7. Vertical Support: Steel riser clamp.
  - 8. Floor Support: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.
  - 9. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.
- C. Plumbing Piping Water:
  - 1. Conform to ASME B31.9.
  - 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 inch: Malleable iron, adjustable swivel, split ring.
  - 3. Hangers for Cold Pipe Sizes 2 inch and Over: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
  - 4. Hangers for Hot Pipe Sizes 2 to 4 inch: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
  - 5. Multiple or Trapeze Hangers: Steel channels with welded supports or spacers and hanger rods.
  - 6. Vertical Support: Steel riser clamp.
  - 7. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.

#### 2.13 BALL VALVES

- A. Construction, 4 inch and Smaller: MSS SP-110, Class 150, 400 psi CWP, bronze or ductile iron body, 304 stainless steel or chrome plated brass ball, regular port, teflon seats and stuffing box ring, blow-out proof stem, lever handle with balancing stops, threaded or grooved ends with union.
- B. Construction, 4 Inches and Smaller: MSS SP-110, Class 150, 400 psi CWP, bronze, two piece body, chrome plated brass ball, regular port, teflon seats and stuffing box ring, blow-out proof stem, lever handle with balancing stops, solder ends with union.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that excavations are to required grade, dry, and not over-excavated.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide non-conducting dielectric connections wherever jointing dissimilar metals.
- C. Route piping in orderly manner and maintain gradient. Route parallel and perpendicular to walls.
- D. Install piping to maintain headroom, conserve space, and not interfere with use of space.
- E. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- F. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment. See Section 220516.
- G. Provide clearance in hangers and from structure and other equipment for installation of insulation and access to valves and fittings.
- H. Provide access where valves and fittings are not exposed.
- I. Install vent piping penetrating roofed areas to maintain integrity of roof assembly; refer to General Construction Sections.
- J. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building framing, scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc-rich primer to welding.
- K. Provide support for utility meters in accordance with requirements of utility companies.
- Prepare exposed, unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories for finish painting.
  PVC pipe to be installed outdoors is to be cleaned throughly and painted.
- M. Install bell and spigot pipe with bell end upstream.
- N. Install valves with stems upright or horizontal, not inverted. See Section 220523.
- O. Install water piping to ASME B31.9.

- P. Copper Pipe and Tube: Make soldered joints in accordance with ASTM B828, using specified solder, and flux meeting ASTM B813; in potable water systems use flux also complying with NSF 61 and NSF 372.
- Q. Sleeve pipes passing through partitions, walls, and floors.
- R. Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Install in accordance with ASME B31.9.
  - 2. Support horizontal piping as indicated.
  - 3. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2 inch space between finished covering and adjacent work.
  - 4. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
  - 5. Support vertical piping at every other floor. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping.
  - 6. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
  - 7. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping.
  - 8. Support cast iron drainage piping at every joint.

## 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Install unions downstream of valves and at equipment or apparatus connections.
- B. Install brass male adapters each side of valves in copper piped system. Solder adapters to pipe.
- C. Install gate valves for shut-off and to isolate equipment, part of systems, or vertical risers.
- D. Install globe valves for throttling, bypass, or manual flow control services.
- E. Provide flow controls in water recirculating systems where indicated.

#### 3.4 TOLERANCES

A. Drainage Piping: Establish invert elevations within 1/2 inch vertically of location indicated and slope to drain at minimum of 1/8 inch per foot slope.

#### 3.5 DISINFECTION OF DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SYSTEM

- A. Prior to starting work, verify system is complete, flushed, and clean.
- B. Ensure acidity (pH) of water to be treated is between 7.4 and 7.6 by adding alkali (caustic soda or soda ash) or acid (hydrochloric).
- C. Inject disinfectant, free chlorine in liquid, powder, tablet, or gas form throughout system to obtain 50 to 80 mg/L residual.
- D. Bleed water from outlets to ensure distribution and test for disinfectant residual at minimum 15 percent of outlets.
- E. Maintain disinfectant in system for 24 hours.
- F. If final disinfectant residual tests less than 25 mg/L, repeat treatment.

- G. Flush disinfectant from system until residual equal to that of incoming water or 1.0 mg/L.
- H. Take samples no sooner than 24 hours after flushing, from 10 percent of outlets and from water entry, and analyze in accordance with AWWA C651.

## 3.6 SERVICE CONNECTIONS

A. Provide new sanitary and storm sewer combined service. Before commencing work check invert elevations required for sewer connections, confirm inverts and ensure that these can be properly connected with slope for drainage and cover to avoid freezing.

# 3.7 SCHEDULES

- A. Pipe Hanger Spacing:
  - 1. Metal Piping:
    - a. Pipe Size: 4 inch to 6 inch:
      - 1) Maximum Hanger Spacing: 10 ft.
      - 2) Hanger Rod Diameter: 5/8 inch.



## SECTION 221006 PLUMBING PIPING SPECIALTIES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Drains.
- B. Cleanouts.
- C. Washing machine water outlet box
- D. Refrigerator water outlet box

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 221005 - Plumbing Piping.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate dimensions, weights, and placement of openings and holes.
- D. Certificates: Certify that grease interceptors meet or exceed specified requirements.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of equipment, cleanouts, backflow preventers, water hammer arrestors.
- F. Operation Data: Indicate frequency of treatment required for interceptors.
- G. Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions, spare parts lists, exploded assembly views.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years documented experience.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept specialties on site in original factory packaging. Inspect for damage.

## 1.6 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME A112.6.4 Roof, Deck, and Balcony Drains; 2022.
- B. ASME A112.18.1 Plumbing Supply Fittings; 2018, with Errata.

- C. NSF 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects; 2022, with Errata.
- D. NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components Lead Content; 2022.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Specialties in Potable Water Supply Systems: Provide products that comply with NSF 61 and NSF 372 for maximum lead content.

#### 2.2 DRAINS

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Josam Company: www.josam.com/#sle.
- 2. Jay R. Smith Manufacturing Company: www.jayrsmith.com.
- 3. Zurn Industries, LLC: www.zurn.com/#sle.

#### B. Roof Drains:

- 1. Assembly: ASME A112.6.4.
- 2. Body: Lacquered cast iron with sump.
- 3. Strainer: Removable polyethylene dome with vandal proof screws.
- 4. Accessories: Coordinate with roofing type:
  - a. Membrane flange and membrane clamp with integral gravel stop.
  - b. Adjustable under deck clamp.
  - c. Leveling frame.
  - d. Adjustable extension sleeve for roof insulation.
  - e. Perforated or slotted ballast guard extension for inverted roof.
  - f. Perforated stainless steel ballast guard extension.

## 2.3 CLEANOUTS

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Jay R. Smith Manufacturing Company: www.jayrsmith.com/#sle.
- 2. Josam Company: www.josam.com/#sle.
- 3. Zurn Industries, LLC: www.zurn.com/#sle.

# 2.4 WASHING MACHINE BOXES AND VALVES

#### A. Box Manufacturers:

- 1. LSP Products Group, inc.; Model FireStop washing machine outlet box: www.lspproducts.com
- 2. IPS Corporation/Water-Tite: www.ipscorp.com/#sle.
- 3. Oatey Supply Chain Services, Inc: www.oatey.com/#sle.
- 4. Watts; Model IntelliFlow Series A2C-M1: www.watts.com

## B. Valve Manufacturers:

- 1. IPS Corporation/Water-Tite: www.ipscorp.com/#sle.
- 2. Zurn Industries, LLC: www.zurn.com/#sle.

- C. Description: 2 hr fire rated, fire resistant PVC rough-in box with quarter turn brass ball valves with handles, teflon seat, and integral water hammer arrestor. Box to have Warnock Hersey fire resistance listing and valves are to meet or exceed ASME A112.18.1
- D. Description: Automatic washing machine water shutoff valve with leak sensor. Valves to be electrically actuated, normally closed, with integral electric outlet for standard three-prong 120 VAC washing machine power cable. The valves shall be equiped with a leak sensor and upon detection of water at the leak sensor, current flow to both the hot and cold water valves shall be immediatly interrupted.

### 2.5 REFRIGERATOR VALVE AND RECESSED BOX

- A. Box Manufacturers:
  - 1. LSP Products Group, inc.; Model FireStop mini icemaker box: www.lspproducts.com
  - 2. IPS Corporation/Water-Tite: www.ipscorp.com/#sle.
  - 3. Oatey Supply Chain Services, Inc: www.oatey.com/#sle.
- B. Valve Manufacturers:
  - 1. IPS Corporation/Water-Tite: www.ipscorp.com/#sle.
  - 2. Zurn Industries, LLC: www.zurn.com/#sle.
- C. Description: 2 hr fire rated, fire resistant PVC rough-in box with quarter turn brass ball valves with handles, teflon seat, and integral water hammer arrestor. Box to have Warnock Hersey fire resistance listing and valves are to meet or exceed ASME A112.18.1



## SECTION 221329 SANITARY SEWERAGE PUMPS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Section Includes
  - A. Sanitary sewage pumps.
  - B. Submersible sewage pumps.
  - C. Sewage pump basins and pits.
- 1.2 Related Requirements
- 1.3 Reference Standards
  - A. ABMA STD 9 Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Ball Bearings; 2015 (Reaffirmed 2020).
  - B. ABMA STD 11 Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Roller Bearings; 2014 (Reaffirmed 2020).
  - C. ICC (IPC) International Plumbing Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
  - D. NEMA MG 1 Motors and Generators; 2021.
- 1.4 Submittals
  - A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- 1.5 Quality Assurance

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Sanitary Sewage Pumps
  - A. Screw Pumps:
    - 1. Description: Pump consists of spiral flight screw rotation elevating liquid up inclined concrete trough.
    - 2. Lower Bearing Assembly: Provide sleeve design and spare lower bearing assembly.
      - a. Sleeve:
        - 1) Bronze phosphor sleeve rotates around stationary shaft or shaft is attached to bronze bushing which rotates inside stationary cartridge.
        - 2) Sleeve bearing hermetically sealed, automatic grease lubricated.
      - b. Bearing:
        - 1) Roller Bearing: Oil lubricated and constructed to prevent oil leakage.
        - 2) Bearing Life: L-10, 100,000 hours.

- 3) Housing: Permits adjustment in field.
- 4) Shield: Heavy-duty; protects bearing assembly from debris and damage.
- c. Seals: Provide two spring-loaded lip seals to retain lubricants while keeping out wastewater and contaminants.
- 3. Spiral Screw Configuration:
  - a. Steel Torque Tube:
    - 1) Seal both ends with welded steel plates.
    - 2) Ensure end plates are parallel after welding.
    - 3) Continuously weld steel flights to tube on both sides.
    - 4) Bolt drive shaft and lower stub shaft to torque tube ends with registered fit to ensure axial tube and shafting alignment.
  - b. Shafts:
    - 1) Ensure that upper spiral end, lower spiral end, and intermediate spiral-flight screw are fitted and aligned into common shaft axis.
    - 2) Do not exceed maximum deflection of 5/32 inch when calculated as uniformly loaded horizontal simple beam supported between upper and lower bearings.
    - 3) Statically balance completed spiral screw.
- 4. Flow Deflector Plates:
  - a. Provide within pump trough along spiral uptake side across full length.
  - b. Configure concave extension of circular arch of trough to at least height of top surface of torque tube.
  - c. Fabricate from not less than 1/8-inch thick steel plate, complete with stiffeners and anchors where required.
- 5. Upper Bearing Assembly:
  - a. Housing: Cast iron with exterior grease fittings for periodic manual lubrication.
  - b. Bearing:
    - 1) Bearing Life: 50,000 hours minimum, complying with ABMA STD 9 or ABMA STD 11.
  - c. Seals:
    - 1) Attach one seal to extended shaft of spiral screw to prevent contamination from entering bearing top side.
    - 2) Place additional seal on bottom side to retain grease within bearing.
  - d. Steel Mounting Plate and Anchor Bolts: Provide for mounting upper bearing assembly.
  - e. Cover: Integral and provided to close opening in spiral shaft wall.
- 6. Drive Assembly:
  - a. Gear Reducer:
    - 1) Torque rating for spiral speed based upon continuous operation with uniform load.
    - 2) Outer cast iron housing, totally enclosed and rigidly constructed to maintain precise alignment of gears and bearings.
    - 3) Factory designed with service factor of not less than 1.2 based on torque requirements of screw or 1.2 based on motor horsepower, whichever is greater.
    - 4) Bearing and Gears: Splash lubricate; if required, pressure lubricate to provide oil to gears and bearings.
    - 5) Firmly secure shaft-mounted gear reducers to screw shaft, and anchor torque arm to floor.

- 6) Provide double-lip oil seals on shaft.
- 7) Non-Shaft-Mounted Gear Reducers: Adjustable base, connected to screw shaft with flexible coupling.
- b. Backstop: Prevent reverse rotation of drive and spiral screw assembly when power to motor is disconnected.
- c. Drive:
  - 1) Gear reducer connects to drive motor by sheaves and belts with same service factor as gear reducer.
  - 2) Provide safety cover for belt drive.
- d. Radius Screed: Furnish additional bolts and sheaves required to adjust installed screw speed, enabling grout installation in trough.

## 2.2 Submersible Sewage Pumps

A. Description: Submersible centrifugal pump made of rugged stainless steel and cast-iron housing and base with oil-filled motor chamber, ball bearings, and mechanical seal.

## B. Casing:

- 1. Capable of withstanding pressures 50 percent greater than maximum operating pressure.
- 2. Volute: Consisting of smooth passages providing unobstructed flow through pump.
- 3. Exposed Nuts and Bolts: Stainless steel construction.
- 4. Finish: Protect casing exterior surfaces in contact with sewage using sewage-resistant coal tar epoxy coating.
- C. Pump Shaft: Fabricate of high-grade alloy steel of adequate strength and size, with application-appropriate safety factor to transmit full driver horsepower. Include shaft key so that impeller cannot be loosened by either reverse or forward torque.
- D. Wear Rings: Renewable; provided on casing and impeller with wearing surfaces normal to axis of rotation. Material suitable for ease of maintenance and secured to prevent rotation.

#### E. Bearings:

- 1. Provide roller type capable to handle multi-directional thrust loads.
- 2. Do not use pumps dependent on thrust and hydraulic balance.
- 3. Bearing Life: L-10, 50,000 hours minimum, complying with ABMA STD 9 or ABMA STD 11.

#### F. Seals:

1. Provide tandem mechanical shaft seal system running in oil bath.

### G. Motor:

- 1. Base-mounted, enclosed, lubricated oil-free, thermal-overload protected, continuous-duty, permanent split capacitor with oil-resistant, three-prong connector, 6-foot power cord.
- 2. Watertight with Class F insulation, NEMA B design, complying with NEMA MG 1.
- 3. Provide oil filled, air filled with water jacket, or air filled with cooling fins that encircle stator housing.

#### H. Power Cable:

1. Enters through heavy-duty entry assembly provided with internal grommet assembly to prevent leakage.

- 2. Separate motor and cable entry junction by terminal board or stator lead sealing gland that prevents foreign material from gaining access to motor interior through top of pump.
- 3. Standard construction for submersible pump applications; do not use materials consisting of silicones.
- I. Controls: Integral, chemically-resistant, vertical plated-steel rod float switch. Cycle pump ON/OFF between 2.5- and 9-inch heights from bottom of pump.
- J. Solids Handling Capacity: Pass lint and other small solids up to 1/2 inch in size.
- K. Discharge Pipe Size: 2 inches, NPT, female.
- L. Maximum Water-Based Effluent Temperature: 120 degrees F.
- M. Accessories: Provide reverse flow assembly and high-level audio/visual alarm system.

# 2.3 Sewage Basins and Pits

- A. Duplex Basin:
  - 1. Duplex Basin Diameter and Height: 36 by 36 inches.
  - 2. Molded-Finish Requirements: Hard bottom, watertight, gastight, and radon-tight molding.
  - 3. Basin Material: Polyethylene structural-foam, heavy-duty injection-molded.
  - 4. Below Ground Pipe Inlet: Molded or predrilled with seal, 3 inches.
  - 5. Maximum Waste Effluent Temperature: Match or exceed maximum pump service temperature.
  - 6. Basin Cover: 1-1/4-inch discharge, 1-1/2-inch vent, and cord grommet openings with hubs.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 Installation

- A. Install products with related fittings and accessories according to manufacturer instructions.
- B. Provide accessories required to complete installation in accordance with ICC (IPC).

# SECTION 223000 PLUMBING EQUIPMENT

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Suspended equipment platform

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittals procedures.
- B. Product Data:
  - 1. Provide dimension drawings of water heaters indicating components and connections to other equipment and piping.
  - 2. Indicate pump type, capacity, power requirements.
  - 3. Provide certified pump curves showing pump performance characteristics with pump and system operating point plotted. Include NPSH curve when applicable.
  - 4. Provide electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
- C. Shop Drawings:
- D. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components.
- E. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements for additional provisions.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Certifications:
  - 1. Water Heaters: NSF approved.
  - 2. Gas Water Heaters: Certified by CSA International to ANSI Z21.10.1, as applicable, in addition to requirements specified elsewhere.

### 1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. ANSI Z21.10.1 - Gas Water Heaters, Volume I, Storage Water Heaters with Input Ratings of 75,000 Btu Per Hour or Less; 2019, with Errata (2020).

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 WATER HEATERS

A. Commercial Gas Fired:

- 1. Type: Automatic, natural gas-fired, vertical storage.
- 2. Tank: Glass lined welded steel ASME labeled; multiple flue passages, 4 inch diameter inspection port, thermally insulated with minimum 2 inches glass fiber, encased in corrosion-resistant steel jacket; baked-on enamel finish; floor shield and legs.
- 3. Accessories:
  - a. Water Connections: Brass.
  - b. Dip Tube: Brass.
  - c. Drain valve.
  - d. Anode: Magnesium.
  - e. Temperature and Pressure Relief Valve: ASME labeled.
- 4. Controls: Automatic water thermostat with temperature range adjustable from 120 to 180 degrees F, automatic reset high temperature limiting thermostat factory set at 195 degrees F, gas pressure regulator, multi-ribbon or tubular burner, 100 percent safety shut-off pilot and thermocouple, flue baffle and draft hood.

# 2.2 SUSPENDED EQUIPMENT PLATFORM

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Armstrong Pumps Inc: www.armstrongpumps.com.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install plumbing equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, as required by code, and complying with conditions of certification, if any.
- B. Coordinate with plumbing piping and related fuel piping work to achieve operating system.

## SECTION 224000 PLUMBING FIXTURES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NSF 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects; 2022, with Errata.
- B. NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components Lead Content; 2022.
- C. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 013000 - Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Potable Water Systems: Provide plumbing fittings and faucets that comply with NSF 61 and NSF 372 for maximum lead content; label pipe and fittings.
- B. Water Efficiency: EPA WaterSense label is required for all water closets, urinals, lavatory faucets, and showerheads.

# 2.2 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with applicable codes for installation of plumbing systems.
- B. Comply with UL (DIR) requirements.
- C. Perform work in accordance with local health department regulations.
- D. Provide certificate of compliance from Authority Having Jurisdiction indicating approval of installation.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that walls and floor finishes are prepared and ready for installation of fixtures.
- B. Verify that electric power is available and of the correct characteristics.

C. Confirm that millwork is constructed with adequate provision for the installation of counter top lavatories and sinks.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Rough-in fixture piping connections in accordance with minimum sizes indicated in fixture rough-in schedule for particular fixtures.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install each fixture with trap, easily removable for servicing and cleaning.
- B. Provide chrome plated rigid or flexible supplies to fixtures with loose key stops, reducers, and escutcheons.
- C. Install components level and plumb.
- D. Install and secure fixtures in place with wall supports and bolts.
- E. Solidly attach water closets to floor with lag screws. Lead flashing is not intended hold fixture in place.

### 3.4 INTERFACE WITH WORK OF OTHER SECTIONS

A. Review millwork shop drawings. Confirm location and size of fixtures and openings before rough-in and installation.

## 3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust stops or valves for intended water flow rate to fixtures without splashing, noise, or overflow.

#### 3.6 CLEANING

A. Clean plumbing fixtures and equipment.

## 3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products from damage due to subsequent construction operations.
- B. Do not permit use of fixtures by construction personnel.
- C. Repair or replace damaged products before Date of Substantial Completion.

# SECTION 230000 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR HEATING, VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING WORK

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 DEFINITIONS

- A. "Provide": to furnish, install, and make complete, safe, and operable, the particular work referred to unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- B. "Furnish" or "supply": to purchase, procure, acquire, and deliver complete with related accessories.
- C. "Install": to erect, mount, and make complete with related accessories.
- D. "Work": includes labor, materials, equipment, services, and all related accessories necessary for the proper and complete installation for fully functioning and operational systems.
- E. "Piping": includes pipe, tube, fittings, flanges, valves, controls, strainers, hangers, supports, unions, traps, drains, insulation, and related accessories.
- F. "Wiring": includes wire, raceway, fittings, boxes, and related accessories.
- G. "Concealed": not in view, installed in masonry or other construction, within furred spaces, double partitions, hung ceilings, trenches, crawl spaces, or enclosures.
- H. "Exposed": in view, not installed underground or "concealed" as defined above.
- I. "Indicated," "shown," or "noted": as indicated, shown or noted on drawings or specifications.
- J. "Similar" or "equal": to base bid manufacturer, equal in quality, materials, weight, size, performance, design and efficiency of specified product, conforming with "Base Bid Manufacturers" as determined and approved by Engineer.
- K. "Approved": satisfactory as reviewed.
- L. "Accepted As Noted": accepted with comments.
- M. "Revise and Resubmit": resubmit with revisions.
- N. "Disapproved": not approved.
- O. "Submit Specified Item":provide specified item directed by Engineer.
- P. "Reviewed": assessed for reference only final approval by others.
- Q. "Substitutions": Changes from Contract Documents requirements proposed by Contractor to materials, products, assemblies, and equipment.

## 1.2 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The work covered by this section includes the construction described in the Contract Documents, labor necessary to perform and complete such construction, materials and equipment incorporated or to be incorporated in such construction, and services, facilities, tools and equipment necessary or used to perform and complete such construction.
- B. Related Work not Included in this Division but Specified Elsewhere:
  - 1. Requirements of GENERAL CONDITIONS and Division No. 1.
  - 2. Finish painting, except for prefinished equipment or as otherwise specified.
  - 3. Concrete work, except equipment inertia and floating bases.
  - 4. Base flashing for piping, ductwork, etc.
  - 5. Waterproofing.
  - 6. Power wiring for motors and motor controllers.
  - 7. Installation of access doors and frames.
  - 8. Cutting and patching.
  - 9. Excavating and backfilling.
  - 10. Fire alarm wiring.

#### 1.3 DESCRIPTION OF BID DOCUMENTS

- A. Specifications describe quality and character of materials and equipment.
- B. Drawings are diagrammatic and indicate sizes, locations, connections to equipment and methods of installation. Provide additional offsets, fittings, hangers, supports, valves, drains as required for construction and coordination with work of other trades.
- C. Scaled and indicated dimensions are approximate and are for estimate purposes only. Before proceeding with work, check and verify dimensions and field conditions.
- D. Make adjustments that may be necessary or requested in order to resolve space problems, preserve headroom, and avoid architectural openings, structural members and work of other trades.
- E. Typical details, where shown on the drawings, apply to each item of the project where such items are applicable. Typical details are not repeated in full on the plans, and are diagrammatic only, but with the intention that such details shall be incorporated in full.
- F. If any part of Specifications or Drawings appears unclear or contradictory, consult Architect and/or Engineer for interpretation and decision as early as possible during bidding period. Do not proceed with work without the Architect's and/or Engineer's decision.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION OF WORK

- A. The drawings show the general arrangement of equipment, piping, ductwork, and appurtenances. Follow these drawings as closely as the actual construction will permit. Conform the work to the requirements shown on the drawings. Provide offsets, fittings, and accessories which may be required but not shown on the drawings. Investigate the site, structural and finish ground conditions affecting the work, and arrange the work accordingly. Provide such work and accessories as may be required to meet such conditions.
- B. Certain materials will be provided under other Sections of work. Examine the Contract Documents to ascertain these requirements.

- C. Carefully check space requirements with other Sections to insure that all material can be installed in the spaces allotted thereto including finished suspended ceilings.
- D. Transmit to other Sections all information required for work to be provided under those Sections, in ample time for installation.
- E. Wherever work interconnects with work specified under other Sections, coordinate those sections of work to insure that all necessary information is presented so that all the necessary connections and equipment may be properly installed. Identify all items (valves, piping, equipment, etc.) in order that access doors and panels can be properly located.
- F. Furnish and set all sleeves for passage of pipes through structural masonry, concrete walls, floors, and elsewhere as required for the proper protection of pipes passing through building surfaces.
- G. Provide required supports and hangers for piping and equipment, designed so as not to exceed allowable loadings of structures.
- H. Examine and compare the contract drawings and specifications with the drawings and specifications of other disciplines, and report any discrepancies between them to the Engineer and obtain from them written instructions for changes necessary in the work of this Section. Install and coordinate the work of this Section in cooperation with installing interrelated work. Before installation, take proper provisions to avoid interferences. All changes required in the work, caused by their neglect to do so, to be made at no additional expense. Before commencing work, examine all adjoining work on which this work is in any way dependent for perfect workmanship and report any conditions which prevent performance of first class work. Become thoroughly familiar with actual existing conditions to which connections must be made or which must be changed or altered.
- I. Wherever the work is of sufficient complexity, prepare additional detail drawings. Such detailed work is to be clearly identified on the drawings as to the area to which it applies. Submit these drawings to the Engineer for review. At completion, however, include a set of such drawings with each set of as-built drawings. When directed by the Engineer, submit drawings for review, clearly showing the work of this Section and its relation to the work of other disciplines before commencing shop fabrication or erection in the field.
- J. Provide required anchor bolts, sleeves, inserts, and supports designed so as not to exceed allowable loadings of structures. Locate anchors, bolts, sleeves, inserts, and supports to insure that they are properly installed. Any expense resulting from the improper location or installation of anchor bolts, sleeves, inserts and supports to be paid for by the Contractor.
- K. Adjust location of pipes, panels, equipment, etc., to accommodate the work to prevent interferences, both anticipated and encountered. Determine the exact route and location of each pipe prior to fabrication.
  - 1. Right-of-Way: Lines which pitch have the right-of-way over those which do not pitch, i.e., plumbing drains. Lines whose elevations cannot be changed have right-of-way over lines whose elevations can be changed.
  - 2. Make offsets, transitions and changes in direction in pipes as required to maintain proper head room and pitch on sloping lines whether or not indicated on the drawings. Furnish and install all traps, air vents, drains, etc., as required to offset, transition, and change in direction.

L. Install all mechaincal work to permit the removal (without damage to other parts) of equipment requiring periodic replacement or maintenance. Arrange ducts, pipes, and equipment to permit access to valves, cocks, starters, motors, and control components, and to clear the openings of swinging doors and access panels.

### M. Coordinated Composite Drawings

1. The Contractor shall prepare full coordinated composite drawings for the mechanical, electrical, plumbing, and fire protection work. The Contractor shall overlay each discipline's work (in separate colors) on a set of shop drawings. Conflicts and potential conflicts shall be clearly identified. This shall include but not be limited to conflicts with lights, equipment, piping, ductwork and supports of other trades, as well as conflicts with architectural and structural walls, columns, ceilings and structural beams. The contractor shall have representative(s) attend a weekly job site coordination meeting in the field office. All trades shall resolve conflicts at these meetings and sign off each shop drawing indicating acceptance and satisfactory resolution to all conflicts. All conflicts that cannot be resolved shall be brought to the attention of the Engineer for resolution.

## 1.5 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR EVALUATION

- A. The Contractor shall review all available data on the location and types of underground utilities. The Contractor shall not operate equipment over the utilities and shall take care not to damage them or otherwise impair their use. The Contractor shall make investigation to verify the location of these utilities before proceeding with construction and/or operations in their vicinity.
- B. The Engineer and Owner make no representations, regarding the character or extent of the subsoils, water levels, existing structural, mechanical, and electrical installations, above or below ground or other subsurface conditions which may be encountered during the work. The contractor must make their own evaluation of existing conditions which may affect methods or cost of performing the work, based on their own examination of the facility or other information. Failure to examine the drawings or other information shall not relieve the contractor of their responsibility for satisfactory accomplishment of the work.
- C. The locations of existing utilities are believed to be as indicated on the plans. The Contractor shall verify the location of these utilities prior to commencing any work and notify the Engineer of any discrepancies.
- D. Inspection of Site Conditions.
  - 1. Before starting work, visit the site and examine the conditions under which the work has to be performed. Report in writing any conditions which might adversely affect the work.
- E. Connections to existing work:
  - 1. Install new work and connect to existing work with minimum interference to existing facilities.
  - 2. Provide temporary shutdowns of existing services at no additional charges and only with written consent of Owner. Schedule shutdowns not to interfere with normal operation of existing facilities.
  - 3. Alarm and emergency systems shall not be interrupted without alternative arrangements.
  - 4. Maintain continuous operation of existing facilities as required with necessary temporary connections between new and existing work.

- 5. Connect new work to existing work in neat and acceptable manner. Restore existing disturbed work to original condition including maintenance of wiring continuity required.
- 6. Perform service disconnections only after regular working hours.

## 1.6 ACCESS TO FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT

A. The Contractor shall not interfere with access to hydrants, fire exits, fire hose stations, fire extinguishers and fire alarm pull stations. In no case shall the Contractor's material or equipment be within twenty five (25) ft of a hydrant or fire alarm pull station.

# 1.7 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- A. If products and materials are specified or indicated on the drawings for a specific item or system, the Contractor shall use those products or materials. If products and materials are not listed in either of the above, use first class products and materials, in accordance with shop drawings.
- B. All products and materials shall be new, clean, free of defects, damage, and corrosion.
- C. No permanent equipment shall be used to provide services during construction.
- D. Ship and store all products and materials in a manner which will protect them from damage, weather, and entry of debris. If items are damaged, do not install, but take immediate steps to obtain replacement or repair.
- E. Make certain that all materials selected directly, or by suppliers, conform to the requirements of the contract drawings and specification. Transmittal of such specifications and drawings, information to persons manufacturing and supplying materials to the project, and rigid adherence thereto, is the Contractor's responsibility. Acceptance of a manufacturer's name by the Engineer does not release the Contractor of the responsibility for providing materials which comply in all respects with the requirements in the Contract Documents.
- F. Applicable equipment and materials to be listed by Underwriters' Laboratories (UL) and manufactured in accordance with ASME, AWWA, or ANSI standards, and as approved by local authorities having jurisdiction.
- G. Fully lubricate all equipment when installed and prior to final acceptance.
- H. Do not put systems in operation until piping and ductwork has been tested and cleaned.
- I. Follow manufacturers' instructions for installing, connecting, and adjusting all equipment. Provide one copy of such instructions to the Engineer before installing any equipment. Provide a copy of such instructions at the equipment.

#### 1.8 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Substitution limitations:
  - 1. Products specified by Reference Standards or by description only: Use any product meeting those standards or description.
  - 2. Products specified by naming one or more manufacturers with a provision for substitutions: Submit a request for substitution for any manufacturer or model not named.

- 3. No substitutions accepted after procurement.
- B. A Substitution Request for products, assemblies, materials, and equipment constitutes a representation that the submitter:
  - 1. Has investigated proposed product and determined that it meets or exceeds the quality level of the specified product, equipment, assembly, or system.
  - 2. Agrees to provide the same warranty for the substitution as for the specified product.
  - 3. Agrees to provide same or equivalent maintenance service and source of replacement parts, as applicable.
  - 4. Agrees to coordinate installation and make changes to other work that may be required for the work to be complete, with no additional cost to Owner.
  - 5. Waives claims for additional costs or time extension that may subsequently become apparent.
  - 6. Agrees to reimburse Owner and design team for review or redesign services associated with re-approval by authorities.
- C. Document each request with complete data substantiating compliance of proposed substitution with Contract Documents. Burden of proof is on proposer.
  - 1. Note explicitly any non-compliant characteristics.
  - 2. Savings to Owner for accepting substitution.
  - 3. Change to Contract Time due to accepting substitution.
- D. Substitution Procedures During Procurement
  - 1. Submit substitution requests by completing CSI/CSC Form 1.5C Substitution Request (During the Bidding/Negotiating Stage). See this form for additional information and instructions. Use only this form; other forms of submission are unacceptable.
  - 2. Owner and Engineer will consider requests for substitutions only if submitted at least 10 days prior to the date for receipt of bids.
- E. Substitution Procedures During Construction
  - 1. Submit substitution requests by completing CSI/CSC Form 13.1A Substitution Request. See this form for additional information and instructions. Use only this form; other forms of submission are unacceptable.
  - 2. Submit request for Substitution for Cause within 14 days of discovery of need for substitution, but not later than 14 days prior to time required for review and approval by Engineer, in order to stay on approved project schedule.
  - 3. Submit request for Substitution for Convenience immediately upon discovery of its potential advantage to the project, but not later than 14 days prior to time required for review and approval by Engineer, in order to stay on approved project schedule.

## F. Resolution

- 1. Engineer may request additional information and documentation prior to rendering a decision. Provide this data in an expeditious manner.
- 2. Engineer will notify Contractor in writing of decision to accept or reject substitution request. Engineer's decision following review of proposed substitution will be noted on the submitted form.

## 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. All equipment and accessories shall be the product of manufacturers regularly engaged in their manufacture. All items of a given type shall be the products of the same manufacturer.

- B. Furnish all equipment and accessories new and free from defects.
- C. All electrical equipment shall be listed by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. (UL) or bear UL labels.
- D. Supply all equipment and accessories in complete compliance with and in accordance with the applicable standards listed in reference standards of this Section and with all applicable national, state and local codes.

#### 1.10 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Inspection of Site Conditions:
  - 1. Before starting work, visit the site and examine the conditions under which the work has to be performed. Report in writing any conditions which might adversely affect the work.
- B. Connections to existing work:
  - Install new work and connect to existing work with minimum interference to existing facilities.
  - 2. Provide temporary shutdown of existing services at no additional charges and only with written consent of Owner. Schedule shutdowns not to interfere with normal operation of existing facilities.
  - 3. Maintain continuous operation of existing facilities as required with necessary temporary connections between new and existing work.
  - 4. Connect new work to existing work in neat and acceptable manner. Restore existing disturbed work to original condition.
  - 5. All work shall be performed during regular working hours unlessotherwise noted.
- C. Removal and relocation of existing work.
  - 1. Disconnect, remove, or relocate mechanical material, equipment, and other work noted and required by alterations, modifications, or changes in existing construction.
  - 2. Provide new material and equipment required for relocated equipment.
  - 3. Plug or cap active piping or ductwork behind or below finish.
  - 4. Dispose of removed mechanical equipment as directed complying with all local, state and federal regulations.

# 1.11 CLEARANCE FROM ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

- A. Piping and ductwork is prohibited in electric and telephone rooms and closets, elevator machine rooms, and for installations over or within 5 ft of transformers, substations, switchboards, motor control centers, standby power plants, and motors.
- B. Branch piping to equipment is acceptable when installed over or within 5 ft of motors.
- C. Provide drip pans under all water and drainage piping when installation over or within 5 ft of electrical apparatus is unavoidable or in rooms containing electrical equipment. Pan shall be reinforced, properly supported and made watertight. Provide enclosed type for pressure piping. Extend 1-1/4 in. drain pipe from pan to spill over nearest floor drain or as indicated on drawings.
  - 1. Construction shall be 18 gauge galvanized sheet with welded seams.

### 1.12 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Prepare and submit detailed shop drawings for piping work and other distribution services, including locations and sizes of all openings in floor walls and roofs.
- B. The work described in any shop drawing submission to be carefully checked for all clearances (including those required for maintenance and servicing), field conditions, maintenance of architectural conditions and proper coordination with all trades on the job. Each submitted shop drawing to include a certification that all related job conditions have been checked and that no conflict exists.
- C. All drawings to be submitted sufficiently in advance of field requirements to allow (15) days for checking. All submittals to be complete and contain all required and detailed information. Shop drawings with multiple parts to be submitted as a package.
- D. If submittals differ from the Contract Document requirements, make specific mention of such difference in a letter of transmittal, with request for substitution, together with reasons for same.
- E. Review of any submitted data or shop drawings for material, equipment apparatus, devices, arrangement and layout shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility of furnishing same of proper dimensions and weight, capacities, sizes, quantity, quality and installation details to efficiently perform the requirements and intent of the Work. Such review shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for errors, omissions or inadequacies of any sort on submitted data or shop drawings.
- F. Each shop drawing is to contain the job title, the name and phone numbers of the Contractor, references to the applicable design drawing or specification article, date and scale.
- G. Within three (3) weeks after award of Contract, submit a list of all shop drawings which will be submitted in the course of the project. List to show disposition of each item, including date of submission, review, and the like. List to be kept up-to-date throughout entire construction period.
- H. Submit shop drawings and manufacturer's data for the following items in accordance with the Contract Documents:
  - 1. Coordinated, detailed shop layout drawings of all mechanical rooms, services and distribution systems, including plans, profiles and Sections.
  - 2. Details of piping supports, elbows, anchors and miscellaneous appurtenances.
  - 3. Hangers, supports, inserts, anchors, guides and foundations.
  - 4. Valves.
  - 5. Pressure gauges and thermometers.
  - 6. Corrosion protective coatings.
  - 7. Equipment and piping layouts at 3/8 in. scale for the building.
  - 8. Location and size of sleeves for openings in floors and walls.
  - 9. Certified equipment performance curves for pumps.
  - 10. Schedule of pipe and fittings, materials and application, valves, escutcheons, air vents, valve tags and schedules, strainers, and water specialties.
  - 11. Pump system, including pumps, motors and controllers.
  - 12. Building automation systems including descriptions, instruments, and alarms.
  - 13. Flashing.
  - 14. Equipment identification and certificates.

- 15. Pressure tanks and accessories.
- 16. Water heaters and accessories.
- 17. Plumbing fixture and trim.
- 18. UL listed and tested fire stopping systems with location and type of penetration indicated.
- 19. Other shop drawings and submittals as requested within the specification.

## 1.13 START-UP

- A. Properly lubricate all pieces of equipment.
- B. Check and clean all pipes of dirt and debris, including strainers.
- C. Prepare each piece of equipment in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions and have a copy at the equipment.
- D. Fill and vent all water systems.
- E. Check rotation on each motor.
- F. Have representatives of each manufacturer present when hereinafter specified, so that equipment will be started up by manufacturer.

## 1.14 PRODUCT, DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE

- A. Ship materials and equipment in crated sections of sizes to permit passing through available space, where required.
- B. Receive and accept materials and equipment at the site, properly handle, house, and protect them from damage and the weather until installation. Replace equipment damaged in the course of handling without additional charge.
- C. Arrange for and provide storage space or area at the job site for all materials and equipment to be received and/or installed in this project.
- D. Protect from damage, water, dust, etc., materials, equipment and apparatus provided under this trade, both in storage and installed.

### 1.15 TEMPORARY HEAT

- A. Temporary heat will be provided as follows:
  - 1. Furnish all materials, labor, and services and pay costs and expenses for portions of temporary heating work to be provided under this section.

#### 1.16 ACCESSIBILITY

- A. Install all work so that parts requiring periodic inspection, operation, maintenance, and repair are readily accessible. Minor deviations from the drawings may be made to accomplish this, but changes of substantial magnitude shall not be made without written approval.
- B. Group concealed valves, expansion joints, controls, dampers, and equipment requiring access, so as to be freely accessible through access doors.

### 1.17 CUTTING AND PATCHING

A. Provide all cutting and patching required for proper installation of materials and equipment specified. Do not cut or drill structural members without review and written approval by Architect and Structural Engineer.

#### 1.18 UTILITY CONNECTIONS

- A. Arrange for and pay all fees and costs for all specified utilities including the following:
  - 1. Connection to utility company mains.
  - 2. Payment of service charges.
  - 3. Provision for temporary utilities.
  - 4. Connect in accordance with authority having jurisdiction.

### 1.19 GUARANTEE

A. The Contractor shall furnish a written guarantee to replace or repair promptly and assume responsibility for all expenses incurred for any workmanship and equipment in which defects develop within one year from the date of final certificate for payment and/or from date or actual use of equipment or occupancy of spaces by Owner included under the various parts of the work, whichever date is earlier. This work shall be done as directed by the Owner. This guarantee shall also provide that where defects occur, the Contractor will assume responsibility for all expenses incurred in repairing and replacing work of other trades affected by defects, repairs or replacements in equipment supplied by the Contractor.

#### 1.20 PERMITS AND FEES

A. The Contractor shall give necessary notice, file drawings and specifications with the department having jurisdiction, obtain permits or licenses necessary to carry out this work and pay all fees therefore. The Contractor shall arrange for inspection and tests of any or all parts of the work if so required by authorities and pay all charges for same. The Contractor shall pay all costs for, and furnish to the Owner before final billing, all certificates necessary as evidence that the work installed conforms with all regulations where they apply to this work.

## 1.21 POST-INSTALLED ANCHORS

- A. Quality Assurance:
  - 1. Use Post-Installed Anchors that have been designed and tested in accordance with:
    - a. NYS: ACI 318, as amended by NYSBC Section 1905.
    - b. Current ICC-ES reports considered evidence of successful testing.
  - 2. Acceptable Manufacturers:
    - a. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com.
    - b. DeWalt Anchors and Fasteners: www.anchors.dewalt.com/anchors.
- B. Provide Post-Installed Anchors as follows:
  - 1. Anchor shall have a current ICC-ES report for the base material.
  - 2. Select and install anchor based on concrete strength indicated by core tests. Otherwise, assume 2,000 psi concrete.

- 3. Provide AISI 316 Stainless Steel Post-Installed Anchors in corrosive environments.
- 4. All anchors installed on underside of concrete slab shall be approved for use in cracked concrete.
- 5. Spacing and edge distance of anchors shall conform to the requirements of the structural engineer or anchor manufacture.
- 6. Use a safety factor of 4 to the proof tensile load of the anchor when determining the allowable design tensile load.

## C. Installation Requirements:

- 1. Comply with post-installed anchor manufacturer's recommendations for adhesive storage temperature and conditions for adhesive anchors before, during and after installation.
- 2. Only store solvent-cured materials in ventilated areas.
- 3. Follow OSHA requirements when performing any drilling that can result in silica dust.
- 4. Post-installed adhesive anchors installed overhead shall be installed by persons certified by ACI to perform such installations.
- 5. All post-installed anchors shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions and current ICC-ES reports.

# D. Inspection of Post-Installed Anchors:

- 1. Method of inspection shall be at the discretion of the Special Inspector.
- 2. Contractor shall provide all required information, drawings, equipment documentation, etc. requested by the Special Inspector a minimum of 10 working days in advance of the inspection.
- 3. (NYC) Continuous Inspection: Adhesive anchors installed in the horizontal or upwardly inclined positions are subject to continuous special inspection.
- 4. Periodic Inspection: Mechanical and screw anchors installed in any orientation are subject to periodic inspection. Frequency of inspections shall be at the Special Inspector's discretion.

## 1.22 FIRESTOPPING

### A. Quality Assurance:

- 1. Use firestopping systems that have been tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479. Listing by UL (DIR), UL (FDR), FM (AG), or ITS (DIR) in their certification directories will be considered evidence of successful testing.
- 2. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products for use in fire rated assemblies with minimum three years documented experience.
  - a. 3M Fire Protection Products: www.3m.com/firestop.
  - b. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com.

## B. Firestopping Assembly Requirements

- 1. For membrane and through penetrations, provide firestopping materials to create a listed system, for the assembly being penetrated and field conditions, that have the following properties, except as otherwise permitted by the Building Code:
  - a. Fire Resistance: Provide systems that have been tested to show F-Rating equal to required fire rating of penetrated assembly.
  - b. Temperature Rise: Provide systems that have been tested to show T-Rating equal to or greater than the F-Rating.
  - c. Air Leakage: Provide systems that have been tested to show L-Rating is equal to or greater than the L-Rating of joints in assembly being penetrated.

d. Watertightness: Provide systems that have been tested to meet a Class 1 W-Rating for floor penetrations.

## C. Field Conditions

- 1. Comply with firestopping manufacturer's recommendations for temperature and conditions during and after installation; maintain minimum temperature before, during, and for three days after installation of materials.
- 2. Provide ventilation in areas where solvent-cured materials are being installed.

### D. Inspection of Firestopping Systems

- 1. Method of inspection shall be at the discretion of the Special Inspector. Contractor shall provide all required information, coordinate with Special Inspector at least 10 days in advance of fire stop installation, and arrange site access. Contractor shall completely remove and restore all firestopping that has undergone destructive testing. No claims for additional cost or time will be allowed.
- 2. Visual Inspection: Special Inspector shall be onsite during installation and randomly witness a minimum of 10% of each type of fire stop being installed.
- 3. Destructive Testing: Verification of firestopping after installation has taken place. A minimum of 2%, but not less then one, of each type of fire stop shall be inspected per floor or each area of a floor when a floor area is larger than 10,000 sq. ft.

#### 1.23 OPERATING & MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTION

- A. Prepare operating and maintenance instructions manual including operating instructions, maintenance instructions, manufacturer's data, specific equipment data.
- B. Provide an alphabetical list of all system components, with the name, address, and 24-hour phone number of the company responsible for servicing each item during the first year of operation.
- C. Provide operating instructions for complete system, including:
  - 1. Normal starting, operating, and shut-down
  - 2. Emergency procedures for fire or failure of major equipment
  - 3. Summer and winter special procedures
  - 4. Day and night special procedures
- D. Provide maintenance instructions, including:
  - 1. Valve tag list and equipment tag list
  - 2. Proper lubricants and lubricating instructions for each piece of equipment, and date when lubricated
  - 3. Required cleaning, replacement and/or adjustment schedule
- E. Provide manufacturer's data on each piece of equipment, including:
  - 1. Installation instructions.
  - 2. Drawings and specifications.
  - 3. Parts list, including recommended items to be stocked.
  - 4. Complete wiring and temperature control diagrams.
  - 5. Marked or revised prints locating all concealed parts and all variations from the original system design.
  - 6. Test and inspection certificates.

- F. Provide specific equipment data including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. For Plumbing Systems:
    - a. Pumps.
    - b. Valves.
    - c. Piping.
    - d. Accessories.
    - e. Pressure reducing valves.
    - f. Water heaters.
    - g. Water meters.
    - h. Strainers.
    - i. Toilet fixtures and supports.
    - i. Toilet fixture trim.
    - k. Flow measuring devices.
    - 1. Electric wiring.
    - m. Pressure tanks.
  - 2. For Automatic Control System:
    - a. Drawings and description of system controlled.
    - b. Sequence of operation for each system.
    - c. Data on components.
    - d. Wiring and piping, schematic any layout, for panels and panelboards.
    - e. System operating manual, including set points.
- G. Provide instruction of operating personnel.
  - 1. Instruct Owner's operating personnel in proper starting sequences, operation, shutdown, and maintenance procedures, including normal and emergency procedures.
  - 2. Instruction to be by personnel skilled in operation of equipment. Instructions for major equipment to be by equipment manufacturers' representatives.
  - 3. Make arrangements to give instructions by system and not by building areas.
  - 4. Provide five (5) instruction sessions not to exceed six (6) hours each.
  - 5. Instructions on automatic controls to be by manufacturer's representative.

#### H. Submittals

- 1. Shop Drawings: Submit three copies for review prior to final issuance.
- 2. Provide six (6) copies of each operation and maintenance manual.
  - a. Manuals to be 8-1/2" x 11 size in hard-back, 3-ring loose leaf binders. Use more than one volume if required. Do not overfill binders.
  - b. Manuals to be completed and delivered to the Engineer for approval at least 20 days prior to instruction of operating personnel.
- 3. Prepare separate manuals for the Plumbing system.

## 1.24 TOOLS FOR OPERATION, ADJUSTMENT AND MAINTENANCE

A. Deliver to Owner's representative all special tools needed for proper operation, adjustment and maintenance of equipment.

#### 1.25 BASE BID MANUFACTURERS

A. Base bid materials or equipment are specified by name of manufacturer, brand or trade name and catalog reference.

- B. The choice will be optional with bidder where two or more manufacturers are named.
- C. Manufacturers, other than specified, will only be considered if at the time of bid, manufacturers' names and proposed substitutions are named and stated and the difference in base bid is indicated including changes in the cost of all affected work. Detail equality and difference, item by item, for submission of manufacturers' equipment other than specified.
- D. The following are base bid manufacturers for items under this Section:
  - 1. Access doors: Karp Associates, Inc., Higgins Mfg. Co., Milcor Steel Co., and Walsh-Spencer Co.
  - 2. Inserts: F and S Mfg Co., Fee and Mason and Grinnell.
  - 3. Hangers and supports: I.T.T. Grinnell, Carpenter and Patterson, Inc., and Fee & Mason.
  - 4. Paint: Sherwin-Williams, Benjamin Moore, Pittsburgh Paint Co., Pratt and Lambert, and Rust-Oleum.

#### 1.26 EXPANSION ANCHORS

- A. Provide smooth wall, non-self-drilling internal plug expansion type anchors constructed of AISC 12L14 steel and zinc plated in accordance with Fed. Spec. QQ-A-325 Type 1, Class 3.
- B. Do not exceed 1/4 of average values for a specific anchor size using 2000 psig (13,800 kpa) concrete only, for maximum working load.
- C. Provide spacing and install anchors in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

## 1.27 ACCESS DOORS

- A. Furnish access doors for all concealed mechanical items such as valves, dampers, controls, drains, etc. and any items requiring maintenance, in inaccessible walls and ceilings. Minimum door size of 12 in. x 12 in. shall be used unless otherwise specified. Access doors shall be turned over to General Contractor who shall install them in General Construction Work. Locating and setting shall be performed after review.
- B. In fire rated construction provide fire rated access doors, similar to Karp KRP-150-FR, in accordance with applicable code requirements.
- C. Access doors shall have one coat of shop-painted zinc chromate primer.

#### 1.28 LADDERS

A. Provide 18 in. wide properly supported, galvanized structural steel ladders designed in accordance with OSHA regulations with 2-1/2 in. x 2-1/2 in. side rails and 3/4 in. diameter rungs installed 12 in. on center.

## 1.29 GUARD RAILINGS

- A. Provide guards and railings as indicated and/or as required by OSHA and authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Provide removable type guards with clearances for motor adjustments, for belt driven and rotating equipment, with No. 18 USSG steel frames and No. 20 USSG galvanized perforated

steel fronts with covered test openings to permit rpm readings without removal. Provide galvanized steel angle or channel supports braced to maintain clearances of moving parts.

C. Provide removable type railings constructed of 1-1/4 in. pipe and rail fittings.

#### 1.30 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL

- A. Excavate, backfill and restore surface inside building.
- B. Excavate, backfill and restore surfaces inside and outside building.
- C. Excavate, backfill and restore surfaces outside building.
- D. If rock is encountered, excavate to 6 in. below bottom of piping and refill with well tamped sand and gravel.
- E. Bank excavated materials adjacent to trench and properly support with sheet piling and braces.
- F. Install and maintain guards and keep excavation free of water with attended pumping equipment.
- G. No extra compensation will be provided for quicksand, hardpan, or other material encountered in excavating, except rock on unit price basis.
- H. Remove bog or other swampy conditions encountered in excavating to one ft below bottom of piping and backfill with well tamped sand, finely crushed stone, or gravel.
- I. Immediately after piping is installed, inspected, tested and accepted, remove sheet piling with special care and solidly fill voids without damage to piping. Backfill in a manner to prevent future settlement. Use only good clean loam, clay, sand or gravel that is free from frozen materials, lumps of clay, rocks, boulders, cinders, slag ashes, vegetable or organic materials, or building or other debris, or refuse.
  - 1. Hand fill in 4 in. layers up to 2 ft above pipe and remainder, fill in with 1 ft layers.
  - 2. Tamp and puddle each layer before placing next layer.
  - 3. Allow no stones larger than 2 in. diameter in fill up to 2 ft above piping and allow not stones larger than 4 in. diameter in fill over 2 ft above piping.
- J. Restore surfaces, sidewalks, pavements, curbing, lawns, and shrubs that are disturbed or damaged.
- K. Dispose of acceptable surplus excavation on site and remove surplus and unsuitable excavated materials from site as directed.

#### 1.31 PAINTING

#### A. General:

- 1. Provide labor, materials, and equipment necessary for field prime painting. Protect flooring and equipment with drop cloths and store paint and materials in a location where directed. Wire brush and remove all oil, dirt, rust and grease before applying paint.
- 2. Paint all exposed, uninsulated, non-galvanized sheet metal, other than stainless steel and aluminum, with two coats of aluminum paint or alkyd paint of a color as directed.
- 3. Paint all exposed, uninsulated, galvanized, aluminum and stainless steel sheet metal in finished spaces, including mechanical equipment rooms, with one coat of galvanized iron

- primers and two coats of alkyd oil paint.
- 4. Paint insulated piping and equipment covering with one coat of primer sealer and two coats of alkyd oil paint of a color as directed.
- 5. Factory or field apply one coat of heat resisting paint for steel pipe and finned tube radiation.
- 6. Paint exposed steel and metal work not furnished with factory-painted finish, structural steel piping support and uninsulated piping with two coats of alkyd oil paint of a color as directed.
- 7. Paint equipment in the following spaces under this contract:
  - a. Mechanical Equipment rooms.
  - b. Boiler Plant.
  - c. Emergency Generator Plant.
- 8. Apply zinc chromate primer for black steel piping, cast iron piping (except underground), steel and iron work and steel tanks before insulation.
- 9. Dip in zinc chromate primer, uncoated hangers, supports, rods and inserts.
- B. Coordinate color of painting to be provided under General Construction Work.
- C. Supply and deliver, in original sealed containers, paint of the best grade for its purpose of colors, as selected, and apply in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Finish painting:
  - 1. Provide finish painting for piping continuously painted in all exposed areas consisting of two finished coats of high gloss medium or long alkyd paint over prime coat of a color shade as accepted after submittal.
  - 2. Utilize color as follows on Sherwin Williams, "Kem Lustral" or "Metalastic II" name and figure numbers.
    - a. Hot water, pumped condensate and equipment --- MAGENTA (special mix) color similar to (B47R9) but in "Kem Lustral."
    - b. Chemical feed piping and equipment --- DARK BLUE, F65L4.
    - c. Refrigeration machines and refrigerant piping --- BRIGHT BLUE, F65L10.
    - d. Supply ductwork and fans --- SILVER GRAY, B53A10.
    - e. Control panels --- SLATE GRAY, B53A13.
    - f. Exhaust and return ductwork and fans --- STEEL GRAY, B53A11.
    - g. Fire detection and alarm conduit, fire stand pipe, sprinkler piping --- VERMILLION, F65R1.
    - h. Vent and relief piping --- RICH BROWN, F65N11.
    - i. Fuel and diesel oil --- BLACK, F65B1.
    - i. City water --- LIGHT GREEN, F65G39.
  - 3. Place unlisted piping, ductwork or equipment in one of the following classifications and color coded shades as accepted. This corresponds to colors of ANSI A13.1, (Scheme for identification of piping systems).
    - a. Red for fire-protection materials.
    - b. Yellow or Orange for dangerous materials.
    - c. Green or blue for safe materials.
    - d. Dark Blue or Purple for extra valuable materials.
    - e. Gray for general equipment.
  - 4. Shades shall be consistent throughout the project.
  - 5. Coat valve, strainer or other appurtenances operating at over 220 o F where bare metal is exposed with Silicone Alkyd Aluminum, 71S30.

- E. Apply factory prime coat for pumps, fans, motors, equipment, registers, diffusers, and grilles.
- F. Apply on machinery, one shop coat of metal primer and two finish coats of gray engine enamel.
- G. Paint fire dampers with prime coat and second coat of corrosion inhibitive paint.
- H. Spot prime coat marred surface of prime coated equipment and piping to match adjacent coat.

## 1.32 FOUNDATIONS

- A. Provide concrete foundations for equipment.
  - 1. Mixture:
    - a. One part Portland cement, two parts fine aggregate, and four parts coarse aggregate.
    - b. Concrete shall be the same consistency as specified under General Construction Work.
    - c. Provide concrete, poured in place on roughened concrete floor, cleaned and slushed with coat of cement grout. Do not pour foundation unit concrete has set. Foundation shall be puddled and finished smooth.
  - 2. Hold vibration isolation and anchor bolts in position during pour. Set anchor bolts in oversized sleeves with washers and nuts at bottom. Finish bolts shall be slush with nuts on top. Foundations shall extend 6 in. beyond equipment, except as noted.
  - 3. Provide a minimum of 4 in. concrete foundations. Provide a minimum as required for installation of J bolts for foundations under built up air handling units.
  - 4. Forms: Provide 18-gauge galvanized steel form with welded seams and joints, cross-strip bracing welded to top and bottom angle edges and intermediate bracing welded or riveted to sides as required. Bend top and bottom edges to form 2-inch integral internal angles (bend back exposed edges).
  - 5. Forms; Provide moisture-resistant commercial standard fir with non-staining mineral oil interior surface coating with rounded or chamfered edges.
  - 6. Forms: Forms will be provided under General Construction Work.
- B. Coordinate foundations for:
  - 1. Pumps.
  - 2. Fans.
  - 3. Air handling units and floor mounted plenums.
  - 4. Refrigeration equipment.
  - 5. Boilers.
  - 6. Floor mounted tanks.
  - 7. Floor mounted control panels.
  - 8. Motor controllers.
  - 9. Motors.
  - 10. As noted.

#### 1.33 WATERPROOFING

- A. Where any work pierces waterproofing, installation shall be subject to review, provide all necessary sleeves, caulking, flashing and flashing fittings required to make openings absolutely watertight.
  - 1. Flashing:

- a. Provide 6 pounds lead.
- b. Provide 16 ounces lead coated copper.
- c. Provide No. 22 USSG aluminum.
- d. Provide galvanized cast iron bottom roof type fittings, similar to Josam No. 26440 or No. 26450 for piping through roof.

## 1.34 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests as noted, and as required by governing authority having jurisdiction in the presence of Architect and/or Engineer and authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Provide all required labor, material, equipment, and connections necessary for tests and submit results for review.
- C. Repair or replace defective work and pay for restoring or replacing damaged work due to tests, and retest to the satisfaction of the Architect/Engineer and governing authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Pay for following required services:
  - Controlled Inspection sevices as required by the New City Department of Buildings.
- E. Tests and instruction: Refer to equipment specification Sections.

## 1.35 CLEANING

- A. Brush and clean work prior to concealing, painting and acceptance. Perform in stages if directed.
- B. Clean and repair painted exposed work, soiled or damaged, to match adjoining work before final acceptance.
- C. Remove debris from inside and outside of material and equipment.

### 1.36 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM E814 Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems; 2023a.
- B. CSI/CSC Form 1.5C Substitution Request (During the Bidding/Negotiating Stage); Current Edition.
- C. CSI/CSC Form 13.1A Substitution Request (After the Bidding/Negotiating Phase); Current Edition.
- D. FM (AG) FM Approval Guide; Current Edition.
- E. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- F. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- G. UL 1479 Standard for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestops; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.



# SECTION 230513 COMMON MOTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR HVAC EQUIPMENT

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General construction and requirements.
- B. Applications.
- C. Single phase electric motors.
- D. Three phase electric motors.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 260583 Wiring Connections: Electrical characteristics and wiring connections.
- B. Section 262913 Enclosed Controllers.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ABMA STD 9 Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Ball Bearings; 2015 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- B. IEEE 112 IEEE Standard Test Procedure for Polyphase Induction Motors and Generators; 2017.
- C. NEMA MG 1 Motors and Generators; 2021.
- D. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide wiring diagrams with electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
- C. Test Reports: Indicate test results verifying nominal efficiency and power factor for three phase motors larger than 1/2 horsepower.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate setting, mechanical connections, lubrication, and wiring instructions.
- E. Operation Data: Include instructions for safe operating procedures.
- F. Maintenance Data: Include assembly drawings, bearing data including replacement sizes, and lubrication instructions.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacture of electric motors for HVAC use, and their accessories, with minimum three years documented product development, testing, and manufacturing experience.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect motors stored on site from weather and moisture by maintaining factory covers and suitable weather-proof covering. For extended outdoor storage, remove motors from equipment and store separately.

## 1.7 WARRANTY

A. See Section 017800 - Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Baldor Electric Company/ABB Group: www.baldor.com/#sle.
- B. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.2 GENERAL CONSTRUCTION AND REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Service: Refer to Section 260583 for required electrical characteristics.
- B. Electrical Service:
  - 1. Motors Smaller than 1/2 HP: 115 volts, single phase, 60 Hz.
  - 2. Motors 1/2 HP and Larger: 208 volts, single or three phase, 60 Hz.
- C. Nominal Efficiency:
  - 1. Open Motor with Two Poles: 82.5.
  - 2. Open Motor with Four Poles: 82.5.
  - 3. Enclosed Motor with Two Poles: 75.5.
  - 4. Enclosed Motor with Four Poles: 82.5.

## D. Construction:

- 1. Open drip-proof type except where specifically noted otherwise.
- 2. Design for continuous operation in 104 degrees F environment.
- 3. Design for temperature rise in accordance with NEMA MG 1 limits for insulation class, service factor, and motor enclosure type.

- E. Visible Nameplate: Indicating motor horsepower, voltage, phase, cycles, RPM, full load amps, locked rotor amps, frame size, manufacturer's name and model number, service factor, power factor, efficiency.
- F. Wiring Terminations:
  - 1. Provide terminal lugs to match branch circuit conductor quantities, sizes, and materials indicated. Enclose terminal lugs in terminal box sized to NFPA 70, threaded for conduit.
  - 2. For fractional horsepower motors where connection is made directly, provide threaded conduit connection in end frame.

## 2.3 APPLICATIONS

- A. Exception: Motors less than 250 watts, for intermittent service may be the equipment manufacturer's standard and need not comply with these specifications.
- B. Single phase motors for shaft mounted fans, oil burners, and centrifugal pumps: Split phase type.
- C. Single phase motors for shaft mounted fans or blowers: Permanent split capacitor type.
- D. Single phase motors for fans, pumps, and blowers: Capacitor start type.
- E. Motors located in exterior locations: Totally enclosed type.
- F. Motors located outdoors: Totally enclosed weatherproof epoxy-treated type.

## 2.4 SINGLE PHASE POWER - SPLIT PHASE MOTORS

## 2.5 SINGLE PHASE POWER - PERMANENT-SPLIT CAPACITOR MOTORS

- A. Starting Torque: Exceeding one fourth of full load torque.
- B. Starting Current: Up to six times full load current.
- C. Multiple Speed: Through tapped windings.
- D. Open Drip-proof or Enclosed Air Over Enclosure: Class A (50 degrees C temperature rise) insulation, minimum 1.0 Service Factor, prelubricated sleeve or ball bearings, automatic reset overload protector.

## 2.6 SINGLE PHASE POWER - CAPACITOR START MOTORS

- A. Starting Torque: Three times full load torque.
- B. Starting Current: Less than five times full load current.
- C. Pull-up Torque: Up to 350 percent of full load torque.
- D. Breakdown Torque: Approximately 250 percent of full load torque.

#### 2.7 THREE PHASE POWER - SQUIRREL CAGE MOTORS

- A. Starting Torque: Between 1 and 1-1/2 times full load torque.
- B. Starting Current: Six times full load current.
- C. Power Output, Locked Rotor Torque, Breakdown or Pull Out Torque: NEMA Design B characteristics.
- D. Design, Construction, Testing, and Performance: Comply with NEMA MG 1 for Design B motors.
- E. Insulation System: NEMA Class B or better.
- F. Testing Procedure: In accordance with IEEE 112. Load test motors to determine free from electrical or mechanical defects in compliance with performance data.
- G. Motor Frames: NEMA Standard T-Frames of steel, aluminum, or cast iron with end brackets of cast iron or aluminum with steel inserts.
- H. Thermistor System (Motor Frame Sizes 254T and Larger): Three PTC thermistors embedded in motor windings and epoxy encapsulated solid state control relay for wiring into motor starter; refer to Section 262913.
- I. Bearings: Grease lubricated anti-friction ball bearings with housings equipped with plugged provision for relubrication, rated for minimum ABMA STD 9, L-10 life of 20,000 hours. Calculate bearing load with NEMA minimum V-belt pulley with belt center line at end of NEMA standard shaft extension. Stamp bearing sizes on nameplate.
- J. Sound Power Levels: To NEMA MG 1.

PART WINDING START WHERE INDICATED: USE PART OF WINDING TO REDUCE LOCKED ROTOR STARTING CURRENT TO APPROXIMATELY 60 PERCENT OF FULL WINDING LOCKED ROTOR CURRENT WHILE PROVIDING APPROXIMATELY 50 PERCENT OF FULL WINDING LOCKED ROTOR TORQUE.

- 3.1 Nominal Efficiency: As indicated at full load and rated voltage when tested in accordance with IEEE 112.
  - A. Nominal Power Factor: As indicated at full load and rated voltage when tested in accordance with IEEE 112.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 4.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install securely on firm foundation. Mount ball bearing motors with shaft in any position.
- C. Check line voltage and phase and ensure agreement with nameplate.

LAA Project Number 2616-00



## SECTION 230517 SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR HVAC PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Pipe sleeves.
- B. Pipe-sleeve seals.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: Indicate pipe materials used, jointing methods, supports, floor and wall penetration seals. Indicate installation, layout, weights, mounting and support details, and piping connections.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified this section.
  - 1. Minimum three years experience.
  - 2. Approved by manufacturer.
- C. Clean equipment, pipes, valves, and fittings of grease, metal cuttings, and sludge that may have accumulated from the installation and testing of the system.

## 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver and store sleeve and sleeve seals in shipping containers, with labeling in place.

## 1.5 WARRANTY

A. Correct defective Work within a five year period after Date of Substantial Completion.

#### 1.6 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C592 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Blanket Insulation and Blanket-Type Pipe Insulation (Metal-Mesh Covered) (Industrial Type); 2022a.
- B. ASTM E814 Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems; 2023a.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PIPE SLEEVES

#### A. Manufacturers:

1. Flexicraft Industries; Pipe Wall Sleeve: www.flexicraft.com/#sle.

### B. Vertical Piping:

- 1. Sleeve Length: 1 inch above finished floor.
- 2. Provide sealant for watertight joint.
- 3. Drilled Penetrations: Provide 1-1/2 inch angle ring or square set in silicone adhesive around penetration.
- C. Sheet Metal: Pipe passing through interior walls, partitions, and floors, unless steel or brass sleeves are specified below.

#### D. Clearances:

- 1. Provide allowance for insulated piping.
- 2. Wall, Floor, Partitions, and Beam Flanges: 1 inch greater than external pipe diameter.
- 3. All Rated Openings: Caulked tight with fire stopping material in compliance with ASTM E814 in accordance with Section 078400 to prevent the spread of fire, smoke, and gases.

#### 2.2 PIPE-SLEEVE SEALS

#### A. Manufacturers:

1. Flexicraft Industries; PipeSeal: www.flexicraft.com/#sle.

### B. Modular Mechanical Sleeve-Seal:

- 1. Elastomer-based interlocking links continuously fill annular space between pipe and wall-sleeve, wall or casing opening.
- 2. Watertight seal between pipe and wall-sleeve, wall or casing opening.
- 3. Size and select seal component materials in accordance with service requirements.
- 4. Glass-reinforced plastic pressure end plates.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and foreign material, from inside and outside, before assembly.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Route piping in orderly manner, plumb and parallel to building structure. Maintain gradient.
- B. Install piping to conserve building space, to not interfere with use of space and other work.
- C. Install piping and pipe sleeves to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.

- D. Provide sleeves when penetrating fllors, walls and partitions. Seal pipe including sleeve penetrations to achieve fire resistance equivalent to fire separation required.
  - 1. Underground Piping: Caulk pipe sleeve watertight with lead and oakum or mechanically expandable chloroprene inserts with bitumen sealed metal components.
  - 2. Aboveground Piping:
    - a. Pack solid using mineral fiber in compliance with ASTM C592.
    - b. Fill space with an elastomer caulk to a depth of 0.50 inch where penetrations occur between conditioned and unconditioned spaces.
- E. Manufactured Sleeve-Seal Systems:
  - 1. Install manufactured sleeve-seal systems in sleeves located in grade slabs and exterior concrete walls at piping entrances into building.
  - 2. Provide sealing elements of the size, quantity, and type required for the piping and sleeve inner diameter or penetration diameter.
  - 3. Locate piping in center of sleeve or penetration.
  - 4. Install field assembled sleeve-seal system components in annular space between sleeve and piping.
  - 5. Tighten bolting for a water-tight seal.
  - 6. Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- F. When installing more than one piping system material, ensure system components are compatible and joined to ensure the integrity of the system. Provide necessary joining fittings. Ensure flanges, union, and couplings for servicing are consistently provided.



## SECTION 230519 METERS AND GAUGES FOR HVAC PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Pressure gauges and pressure gauge taps.
- B. Thermometers and thermometer wells.
- C. Filter gauges.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 230993 Sequence of Operations for HVAC Controls.
- B. Section 232113 Hydronic Piping.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME B40.100 Pressure Gauges and Gauge Attachments; 2022.
- B. ASME MFC-3M Measurement of Fluid Flow in Pipes Using Orifice, Nozzle, and Venturi; 2004 (Reaffirmed 2017).
- C. ASTM E1 Standard Specification for ASTM Liquid-in-Glass Thermometers; 2014 (Reapproved 2020).
- D. ASTM E77 Standard Test Method for Inspection and Verification of Thermometers; 2014 (Reapproved 2021).
- E. UL 393 Indicating Pressure Gauges for Fire-Protection Service; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide list that indicates use, operating range, total range and location for manufactured components.
- B. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components and instrumentation.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: submit O & M manuals.

#### 1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install instrumentation when areas are under construction, except for required rough-in, taps, supports and test plugs.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PRESSURE GAUGES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Dwyer Instruments, Inc: www.dwyer-inst.com/#sle.
  - 2. Substitutions: Not permitted.
- B. Pressure Gauges: ASME B40.100, UL 393 drawn steel case, phosphor bronze bourdon tube, rotary brass movement, brass socket, with front recalibration adjustment, black scale on white background.
  - 1. Case: Steel with brass bourdon tube.
  - 2. Size: 3-1/2 inch diameter.
  - 3. Mid-Scale Accuracy: One percent.
  - 4. Scale: Psi.

#### 2.2 PRESSURE GAUGE TAPPINGS

- A. Gauge Cock: Tee or lever handle, brass for maximum 150 psi.
- B. Needle Valve: Brass, 1/4 inch NPT for minimum 150 psi.
- C. Syphon: Steel, Schedule 40, 1/4 inch angle or straight pattern.

## 2.3 STEM TYPE THERMOMETERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Dwyer Instruments, Inc: www.dwyer-inst.com/#sle.
  - 2. Omega Engineering, Inc: www.omega.com/#sle.
  - 3. Weksler Glass Thermometer Corp: www.wekslerglass.com/#sle.
- B. Thermometers Adjustable Angle: Red- or blue-appearing non-toxic liquid in glass; ASTM E1; lens front tube, cast aluminum case with enamel finish, cast aluminum adjustable joint with positive locking device; adjustable 360 degrees in horizontal plane, 180 degrees in vertical plane.
  - 1. Size: 9 inch scale.
  - 2. Window: Clear Lexan.
  - 3. Stem: 3/4 inch NPT brass.
  - 4. Accuracy: 2 percentper ASTM E77.
  - 5. Calibration: Degrees F.
  - 6. Temperature Range: 0 240 Degrees F

### 2.4 DIAL THERMOMETERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Dwyer Instruments, Inc: www.dwyer-inst.com/#sle.
  - 2. Weksler Glass Thermometer Corp: www.wekslerglass.com/#sle.

- B. Thermometers: Dial type vapor or liquid actuated; ASTM E1; stainless steel case, with brass or copper bulb, copper or bronze braided capillary, white with black markings and black pointer, glass lens.
  - 1. Size: 4-1/2 inch diameter dial.
  - 2. Lens: Clear glass.
  - 3. Length of Capillary: Minimum 5 feet.
  - 4. Accuracy: 2 percent.5. Calibration: Degrees F.

#### 2.5 THERMOMETER SUPPORTS

- A. Socket: Brass separable sockets for thermometer stems with or without extensions as required, and with cap and chain.
- B. Flange: 3 inch outside diameter reversible flange, designed to fasten to sheet metal air ducts, with brass perforated stem.

#### 2.6 TEST PLUGS

- A. Test Plug: 1/4 inch or 1/2 inch brass fitting and cap for receiving 1/8 inch outside diameter pressure or temperature probe with Nordel core for temperatures up to 350 degrees F.
- B. Test Kit: Carrying case, internally padded and fitted containing one 2-1/2 inch diameter pressure gauges, one gauge adapters with 1/8 inch probes, two 1 inch dial thermometers.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide one pressure gauge per pump, installing taps before strainers and on suction and discharge of pump. Pipe to gauge.
- C. Install pressure gauges with pulsation dampers. Provide gauge cock to isolate each gauge. Provide siphon on gauges in steam systems. Extend nipples and siphons to allow clearance from insulation.
- D. Install thermometers in piping systems in sockets in short couplings. Enlarge pipes smaller than 2-1/2 inch for installation of thermometer sockets. Ensure sockets allow clearance from insulation.
- E. Install thermometers in air duct systems on flanges.
- F. Locate duct mounted thermometers minimum 10 feet downstream of mixing dampers, coils, or other devices causing air turbulence.
- G. Coil and conceal excess capillary on remote element instruments.
- H. Provide instruments with scale ranges selected according to service with largest appropriate scale.

- I. Install gauges and thermometers in locations where they are easily read from normal operating level. Install vertical to 45 degrees off vertical.
- J. Adjust gauges and thermometers to final angle, clean windows and lenses, and calibrate to zero.
- K. Locate test plugs adjacent thermometers and thermometer sockets.

#### 3.2 SCHEDULE

- A. Pressure Gauges, Location and Scale Range:
  - 1. Pumps, 0 to 100 psi.
  - 2. Expansion tanks, 0 to 100 psi.
- B. Pressure Gauge Tappings, Location:
  - 1. Control valves 3/4 inch & larger inlets and outlets.
  - 2. Boiler inlets and outlets.
- C. Stem Type Thermometers, Location and Scale Range:
  - 1. Boilers inlets and outlets, 0 to 100 degrees F.
- D. Thermometer Sockets, Location:

## SECTION 230523 GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR HVAC PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Applications.
- B. Ball valves.
- C. Check valves.
- D. Gate valves.
- E. Plug valves.

### 1.2 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

- A. CWP: Cold working pressure.
- B. EPDM: Ethylene propylene copolymer rubber.
- C. NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene, Buna-N, or nitrile rubber.
- D. NRS: Nonrising stem.
- E. OS&Y: Outside screw and yoke.
- F. PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
- G. RS: Rising stem.
- H. TFE: Tetrafluoroethylene.
- I. WOG: Water, oil, and gas.

## 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

#### A. Manufacturer:

1. Obtain valves for each valve type from single manufacturer.

## 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Prepare valves for shipping as follows:
  - 1. Minimize exposure of operable surfaces by setting plug and ball valves to open position.
  - 2. Protect valve parts exposed to piped medium against rust and corrosion.
  - 3. Protect valve piping connections such as grooves, weld ends, threads, and flange faces.
  - 4. Adjust globe, gate, and angle valves to the closed position to avoid clattering.
  - 5. Secure check valves in either the closed position or open position.

- B. Use the following precautions during storage:
  - 1. Maintain valve end protection and protect flanges and specialties from dirt.
    - a. Provide temporary inlet and outlet caps.
    - b. Maintain caps in place until installation.

#### 1.5 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME B1.20.1 Pipe Threads, General Purpose, Inch; 2013 (Reaffirmed 2018).
- B. ASME B16.18 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings; 2021.
- C. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping; 2020.
- D. MSS SP-110 Ball Valves Threaded, Socket-Welding, Solder Joint, Grooved and Flared Ends; 2010, with Errata .

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 APPLICATIONS

- A. Provide the following valves for the applications if not indicated on drawings:
  - 1. Throttling (Hydronic): ball.
  - 2. Isolation (Shutoff): Gate, Ball, and Plug.
  - 3. Swing Check (Pump Outlet):
    - a. 2 NPS and Smaller: Bronze with bronze disc.
- B. Required Valve End Connections for Non-Wafer Types:
  - 1. Steel Pipe:
    - a. 2 NPS and Smaller: Threaded ends.
  - 2. Copper Tube:
    - a. 2 NPS and Smaller: Threaded ends (Exception: Solder-joint valve-ends).
- C. Heating Hot Water Valves:
  - 1. 2 NPS and Smaller, Brass and Bronze Valves:
    - a. Threaded ends.
    - b. Ball: Full port, one piece, brass trim.
    - c. Swing Check: Bronze disc, Class 125.
    - d. Gate: NRS, Class 125.

# 2.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Valve Pressure and Temperature Ratings: No less than rating indicated; as required for system pressures and temperatures.
- B. Valve Sizes: Match upstream piping unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Valve Actuator Types:
  - 1. Handwheel: Valves other than quarter-turn types.
  - 2. Hand Lever: Quarter-turn valves 6 NPS and smaller.

- D. Valve-End Connections:
  - 1. Threaded End Valves: ASME B1.20.1.
  - 2. Solder Joint Connections: ASME B16.18.
- E. General ASME Compliance:
  - 1. Building Services Piping Valves: ASME B31.9.

# 2.3 BRONZE, BALL VALVES

- A. General:
  - 1. Fabricate from dezincification resistant material.
  - 2. Copper alloys containing more than 15 percent zinc are not permitted.
- B. One Piece, Reduced Port with Bronze Trim:
  - 1. Comply with MSS SP-110.
  - 2. Ends: Threaded.
  - 3. Seats: PTFE.
- C. Two Piece, Full Port with Bronze or Brass Trim:
  - 1. Comply with MSS SP-110.
  - 2. SWP Rating: 150 psig.
  - 3. CWP Rating: 600 psig.
  - 4. Body: Forged bronze or dezincified-brass alloy.
  - 5. Ends: Threaded.
  - 6. Seats: PTFE.
  - 7. Stem: Bronze or brass.
  - 8. Ball: Chrome plated brass.
  - 9. Manufacturers:

## 2.4 BRONZE, SWING CHECK VALVES

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Discard all packing materials and verify that valve interior, including threads and flanges, are completely clean without signs of damage or degradation that could result in leakage.
- B. Verify valve parts to be fully operational in all positions from closed to fully open.
- C. Confirm gasket material to be suitable for the service, to be of correct size, and without defects that could compromise effectiveness.
- D. Should valve is determined to be defective, replace with new valve.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Provide unions or flanges with valves to facilitate equipment removal and maintenance while maintaining system operation and full accessibility for servicing.

- B. Provide separate valve support as required and locate valve with stem at or above center of piping, maintaining unimpeded stem movement.
- C. Install check valves where necessary to maintain direction of flow as follows:

# SECTION 230529 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Support and attachment components for equipment, piping, and other HVAC/hydronic work.

## 1.2 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate sizes and arrangement of supports and bases with the actual equipment and components to be installed.
- 2. Coordinate the work with other trades to provide additional framing and materials required for installation.
- 3. Coordinate compatibility of support and attachment components with mounting surfaces at the installed locations.
- 4. Coordinate the arrangement of supports with ductwork, piping, equipment and other potential conflicts installed under other sections or by others.
- 5. Notify Engineer of any conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

## B. Sequencing:

1. Do not install products on or provide attachment to concrete surfaces until concrete has fully cured in accordance with Section 033000.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for channel (strut) framing systems, nonpenetrating rooftop supports, post-installed concrete and masonry anchors, and thermal insulated pipe supports.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include details for fabricated hangers and supports where materials or methods other than those indicated are proposed for substitution.
  - 1. Application of protective inserts, saddles, and shields at pipe hangers for each type of insulation and hanger.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with applicable building code.
- B. Installer Qualifications for Powder-Actuated Fasteners (when specified): Certified by fastener system manufacturer with current operator's license.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

#### 1.6 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A36/A36M Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel; 2019.
- B. ASTM A47/A47M Standard Specification for Ferritic Malleable Iron Castings; 1999, with Editorial Revision (2022).
- C. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.
- D. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2023.
- E. ASTM A181/A181M Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Forgings, for General-Purpose Piping; 2023.
- F. ASTM B633 Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Zinc on Iron and Steel; 2023.
- G. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- H. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- I. MFMA-4 Metal Framing Standards Publication; 2004.
- J. MSS SP-58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation; 2018, with Amendment (2019).
- K. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SUPPORT AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

### A. General Requirements:

- 1. Provide all required hangers, supports, anchors, fasteners, fittings, accessories, and hardware as necessary for the complete installation of plumbing work.
- 2. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended, where applicable.
- 3. Where support and attachment component types and sizes are not indicated, select in accordance with manufacturer's application criteria as required for the load to be supported with a minimum safety factor of 4. Include consideration for vibration, equipment operation, and shock loads where applicable.
- 4. Steel Components: Use corrosion resistant materials suitable for the environment where installed.
  - a. Indoor Dry Locations: Use zinc-plated steel or approved equivalent unless otherwise indicated.
  - b. Zinc-Plated Steel: Electroplated in accordance with ASTM B633.

- c. Galvanized Steel: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M or ASTM A153/A153M.
- B. Metal Channel (Strut) Framing Systems: Factory-fabricated continuous-slot metal channel (strut) and associated fittings, accessories, and hardware required for field-assembly of supports.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Cooper B-Line, a division of Eaton Corporation: www.cooperindustries.com/#sle.
    - b. Unistrut, a brand of Atkore International Inc: www.unistrut.com/#sle.
  - 2. Channel Material:
    - a. Indoor Dry Locations: Use painted steel, zinc-plated steel, or galvanized steel.
  - 3. Minimum Channel Thickness: Steel sheet, 12 gauge, 0.1046 inch.
- C. Hanger Rods: Threaded zinc-plated steel unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Minimum Size, Unless Otherwise Indicated or Required:
    - a. Equipment Supports: 1/2 inch diameter.
    - b. Piping up to 1 inch (27 mm) nominal: 1/4 inch diameter.
    - c. Piping larger than 1 inch (27 mm) nominal: 3/8 inch diameter.
    - d. Trapeze Support for Multiple Pipes: 3/8 inch diameter.
- D. Thermal Insulated Pipe Supports:
  - 1. General Construction and Requirements:
    - a. Insulated pipe supports to be provided at hanger, support, and guide locations on pipe requiring insulation or additional support.
    - b. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread index/smoke developed index of 5/30, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723.
    - c. Insulation inserts to consist of rigid polyisocyanurate (urethane) insulation surrounded by a 360 degree, PVC jacketing.
  - 2. PVC Jacket:
    - a. Pipe insulation protection shields to be provided with a ball bearing hinge and locking seam.
    - b. Moisture Vapor Transmission: 0.0071 perm inch, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
    - c. Thickness: 60 mil.
- E. Beam Clamps: MSS SP-58 Types 19 through 23, 25 or 27 through 30 based on required load.
  - 1. Material: ASTM A36/A36M carbon steel or ASTM A181/A181M forged steel.
  - 2. Provide clamps with hardened steel cup-point set screws and lock-nuts for anchoring in place.
- F. Riser Clamps:
  - 1. Provide copper plated clamps for copper tubing support.
  - 2. For insulated pipe runs, provide two bolt-type clamps designed for installation under insulation.
- G. Pipe Hangers: For a given pipe run, use hangers of the same type and material.
  - 1. Material: Malleable iron, ASTM A47/A47M; or carbon steel, ASTM A36/A36M.
  - 2. Provide coated or plated hangers to isolate steel hangers from dissimilar metal tube or pipe.
- H. Intermediate Pipe Guides: Use pipe clamps with oversize pipe sleeve that provides clearance around pipe.

- I. Pipe Alignment Guides: Galvanized steel.
- J. Nonpenetrating Rooftop Supports for Low-Slope Roofs:
  - Manufacturers:
    - a. Cooper B-Line, a division of Eaton Corporation: www.cooperindustries.com/#sle.
    - b. Unistrut, a brand of Atkore International Inc: www.unistrut.com/#sle.
  - 2. Base Sizes: As required to distribute load sufficiently to prevent indentation of roofing assembly.
  - 3. Attachment/Support Fixtures: As recommended by manufacturer, same type as indicated for equivalent indoor hangers and supports.
  - 4. Mounting Height: Provide minimum clearance of 12 inches under supported component to top of roofing.

## K. Anchors and Fasteners:

- 1. Manufacturers Mechanical Anchors:
  - a. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com/#sle.
- 2. Manufacturers Powder-Actuated Fastening Systems:
  - a. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com/#sle.
- 3. Unless otherwise indicated and where not otherwise restricted, use the anchor and fastener types indicated for the specified applications.
- 4. Concrete: Use preset concrete inserts, expansion anchors, or screw anchors.
- 5. Solid or Grout-Filled Masonry: Use expansion anchors or screw anchors.
- 6. Hollow Masonry: Use toggle bolts.
- 7. Hollow Stud Walls: Use toggle bolts.
- 8. Steel: Use beam clamps, machine bolts, or welded threaded studs.
- 9. Preset Concrete Inserts: Continuous metal channel (strut) and spot inserts specifically designed to be cast in concrete ceilings, walls, and floors.
  - a. Comply with MFMA-4.
  - b. Channel Material: Use galvanized steel.
  - c. Manufacturer: Same as manufacturer of metal channel (strut) framing system.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive support and attachment components.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, conduit, or other systems.
- C. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Engineer, do not provide support from suspended ceiling support system or ceiling grid.

- D. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Engineer, do not provide support from roof deck.
- E. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members without approval of Structural Engineer.
- F. Provide thermal insulated pipe supports complete with hangers and accessories. Install thermal insulated pipe supports during the installation of the piping system.
- G. Preset Concrete Inserts: Use manufacturer-provided closure strips to inhibit concrete seepage during concrete pour.
- H. Secure fasteners according to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.
- I. Remove temporary supports.

## 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect support and attachment components for damage and defects.
- B. Repair cuts and abrasions in galvanized finishes using zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer. Replace components that exhibit signs of corrosion.
- C. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective support and attachment components.



## SECTION 230548 VIBRATION AND SEISMIC CONTROLS FOR HVAC

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. External seismic snubber assemblies.
- B. Seismic restraint systems.
- C. Vibration-isolated and/or seismically engineered roof curbs.
- D. Inertia bases.
- E. Vibration isolators.
- F. Seismic restraints.

#### 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- B. ASHRAE (HVACA) ASHRAE Handbook HVAC Applications; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- C. FEMA 412 Installing Seismic Restraints for Mechanical Equipment; 2014.
- D. FEMA 413 Installing Seismic Restraints for Electrical Equipment; 2004.
- E. FEMA 414 Installing Seismic Restraints for Duct and Pipe; 2004.
- F. FEMA E-74 Reducing the Risks of Nonstructural Earthquake Damage; 2012.
- G. SMACNA (SRM) Seismic Restraint Manual Guidelines for Mechanical Systems; 2008.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide schedule of vibration isolator type with location and load on each.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate and locate vibration isolators, with static and dynamic load on each.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate inertia bases and locate vibration isolators, with static and dynamic load on each.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SEISMIC RESTRAINT SYSTEMS

#### 2.2 VIBRATION-ISOLATED AND/OR SEISMICALLY ENGINEERED ROOF CURBS

#### A. Vibration Isolation Curbs:

- 1. Nonseismic Curb Rail:
  - a. Location: Between existing roof curb and rooftop equipment.
  - b. Construction: Aluminum.
  - c. Integral vibration isolation to comply with requirements of this section.
  - d. Weather exposed components consist of corrosion resistant materials.
- 2. Nonseismic Curb:
  - a. Location: Between structure and rooftop equipment.
  - b. Construction: Aluminum.
  - c. Integral vibration isolation to comply with requirements of this section.
  - d. Weather exposed components consist of corrosion resistant materials.

## B. Seismic Type:

- 1. Non-isolated Curb and Fabricated Equipment Piers:
- 2. Vibration Isolation Curb:

#### C. Concrete Inertia Bases:

## 2.3 VIBRATION ISOLATORS

- A. Open Spring Isolators:
  - 1. For Exterior and Humid Areas: Hot dipped galvanized housings and neoprene coated springs.
- B. Restrained Open Spring Isolators:
  - 1. For Exterior and Humid Areas: Hot dipped galvanized housings and neoprene coated springs.
- C. Closed Spring Isolators:
  - 1. For Exterior and Humid Areas: Hot dipped galvanized housings and neoprene coated springs.
- D. Restrained Closed Spring Isolators:
  - 1. For Exterior and Humid Areas: Hot dipped galvanized housings and neoprene coated springs.
- E. Spring Hangers:
  - 1. Springs: Minimum horizontal stiffness equal to 75 percent vertical stiffness, with working deflection between 0.3 and 0.6 of maximum deflection. Color code springs for load carrying capacity.
  - 2. For Exterior and Humid Areas: Hot dipped galvanized housings and neoprene coated springs.

## F. Neoprene Pad Isolators:

- 1. Hardness: 30 durometer.
- 2. Thickness: Minimum 1/2 inch.

- 3. Maximum Loading: 50 psi.
- 4. Rib Height: Maximum 0.7 times width.
- 5. Configuration: Single layer.
- 6. Configuration: 1/2 inch thick waffle pads bonded each side of 1/4 inch thick steel plate.
- G. Rubber Mount or Hanger: Molded rubber designed for 0.4 inch deflection with threaded insert.
- H. Glass Fiber Pads: Neoprene jacketed pre-compressed molded glass fiber.
- I. Roof Mounting Curb: 14 inches high with rigid steel lower section containing adjustable spring pockets with restrained spring isolators, steel upper section to support rooftop equipment, and continuous elastomeric membrane extending from upper section for counterflashing over roofing.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL



# SECTION 230553 IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Nameplates.
- B. Tags.
- C. Stencils.
- D. Pipe markers.
- E. Ceiling tacks.

## 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME A13.1 Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems; 2023.
- B. ASTM D709 Standard Specification for Laminated Thermosetting Materials; 2017.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. List: Submit list of wording, symbols, letter size, and color coding for mechanical identification.
- C. Chart and Schedule: Submit valve chart and schedule, including valve tag number, location, function, and valve manufacturer's name and model number.
- D. Product Data: Provide manufacturers catalog literature for each product required.
- E. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures, and installation.
- F. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of tagged valves.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 IDENTIFICATION APPLICATIONS

- A. Air Handling Units: Nameplates.
- B. Automatic Controls: Tags. Key to control schematic.
- C. Control Panels: Nameplates.
- D. Dampers: Ceiling tacks, where located above lay-in ceiling.

- E. Ductwork: Stencilled painting.
- F. Heat Transfer Equipment: Nameplates.
- G. Instrumentation: Tags.
- H. Major Control Components: Nameplates.
- I. Piping: Pipe markers.
- J. Pumps: Nameplates.
- K. Small-sized Equipment: Tags.
- L. Tanks: Nameplates.
- M. Thermostats: Nameplates.
- N. Valves: Tags.
- O. Water Treatment Devices: Nameplates.

# 2.2 NAMEPLATES

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Advanced Graphic Engraving, LLC: www.advancedgraphicengraving.com/#sle.
- 2. Seton Identification Products, a Tricor Direct Company: www.seton.com/#sle.
- 3. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- 4. Letter Color: White.
- 5. Letter Height: 1/4 inch.
- 6. Background Color: Black.
- 7. Plastic: Comply with ASTM D709.

## 2.3 TAGS

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Advanced Graphic Engraving: www.advancedgraphicengraving.com/#sle.
- 2. Brady Corporation: www.bradycorp.com/#sle.
- 3. Seton Identification Products, a Tricor Company: www.seton.com/#sle.
- B. Plastic Tags: Laminated three-layer plastic with engraved black letters on light contrasting background color. Tag size minimum 1-1/2 inch diameter.
- C. Metal Tags: Aluminum with stamped letters; tag size minimum 1-1/2 inch diameter with smooth edges.
- D. Valve Tag Chart: Typewritten letter size list in anodized aluminum frame.

# 2.4 STENCILS

#### A. Manufacturers:

1. Brady Corporation: www.bradycorp.com/#sle.

- 2. Seton Identification Products, a Tricor Company: www.seton.com/#sle.
- B. Stencils: With clean cut symbols and letters of following size:
  - 1. 3/4 to 1-1/4 inch Outside Diameter of Insulation or Pipe: 8 inch long color field, 1/2 inch high letters.
  - 2. 1-1/2 to 2 inch Outside Diameter of Insulation or Pipe: 8 inch long color field, 3/4 inch high letters.
  - 3. Ductwork and Equipment: 2-1/2 inch high letters.
- C. Stencil Paint: As specified in Section 099123, semi-gloss enamel, colors complying with ASME A13.1.

## 2.5 PIPE MARKERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Brady Corporation: www.bradycorp.com/#sle.
  - 2. Seton Identification Products, a Tricor Company: www.seton.com/#sle.
- B. Color: Comply with ASME A13.1.
- C. Plastic Pipe Markers: Factory fabricated, flexible, semi- rigid plastic, preformed to fit around pipe or pipe covering; minimum information indicating flow direction arrow and identification of fluid being conveyed.
- D. Plastic Tape Pipe Markers: Flexible, vinyl film tape with pressure sensitive adhesive backing and printed markings.
- E. Color code as follows:
  - 1. Heating, Cooling, and Boiler Feedwater: Green with white letters.

## 2.6 CEILING TACKS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Craftmark Pipe Markers: www.craftmarkid.com/#sle.
- B. Description: Steel with 3/4 inch diameter color coded head.
- C. Color code as follows:
  - 1. HVAC Equipment: Yellow.
  - 2. Fire Dampers and Smoke Dampers: Red.
  - 3. Heating/Cooling Valves: Blue.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Degrease and clean surfaces to receive adhesive for identification materials.
- B. Prepare surfaces in accordance with Section 099123 for stencil painting.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install nameplates with corrosive-resistant mechanical fasteners, or adhesive. Apply with sufficient adhesive to ensure permanent adhesion and seal with clear lacquer.
- B. Install tags with corrosion resistant chain.
- C. Apply stencil painting in accordance with Section 099123.
- D. Install plastic pipe markers in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Install plastic tape pipe markers complete around pipe in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- F. Use tags on piping 3/4 inch diameter and smaller.
  - 1. Identify service, flow direction, and pressure.
  - 2. Install in clear view and align with axis of piping.
  - 3. Locate identification not to exceed 20 feet on straight runs including risers and drops, adjacent to each valve and Tee, at each side of penetration of structure or enclosure, and at each obstruction.
- G. Install ductwork with stencilled painting. Identify with air handling unit identification number and area served. Locate identification at air handling unit, at each side of penetration of structure or enclosure, and at each obstruction.
- H. Locate ceiling tacks to locate valves or dampers above lay-in panel ceilings. Locate in corner of panel closest to equipment.

# SECTION 230593 TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Testing, adjustment, and balancing of air systems.
- B. Testing, adjustment, and balancing of hydronic and refrigerating systems.
- C. Measurement of final operating condition of HVAC systems.
- D. Commissioning activities.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 014000 Quality Requirements: Employment of testing agency and payment for services.
- B. Section 019113 General Commissioning Requirements: Commissioning requirements that apply to all types of work.
- C. Section 230800 Commissioning of HVAC.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AABC (NSTSB) AABC National Standards for Total System Balance, 7th Edition; 2016.
- B. ASHRAE Std 111 Measurement, Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Building HVAC Systems; 2008, with Errata (2019).
- C. NEBB (TAB) Procedural Standard for Testing Adjusting and Balancing of Environmental Systems; 2019.
- D. SMACNA (TAB) HVAC Systems Testing, Adjusting and Balancing; 2023.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Submit name of adjusting and balancing agency and TAB supervisor for approval within 30 days after award of Contract.
- C. TAB Plan: Submit a written plan indicating the testing, adjusting, and balancing standard to be followed and the specific approach for each system and component.
  - 1. Submit to Engineer.
  - 2. Include at least the following in the plan:
    - a. List of all air flow, water flow, sound level, system capacity and efficiency measurements to be performed and a description of specific test procedures,

- parameters, formulas to be used.
- b. Copy of field checkout sheets and logs to be used, listing each piece of equipment to be tested, adjusted and balanced with the data cells to be gathered for each.
- c. Discussion of what notations and markings will be made on the duct and piping drawings during the process.
- d. Final test report forms to be used.
- e. Procedures for formal deficiency reports, including scope, frequency and distribution.
- D. Final Report: Indicate deficiencies in systems that would prevent proper testing, adjusting, and balancing of systems and equipment to achieve specified performance.
  - 1. Revise TAB plan to reflect actual procedures and submit as part of final report.
  - 2. Submit draft copies of report for review prior to final acceptance of Project. Provide final copies for Engineer and for inclusion in operating and maintenance manuals.
  - 3. Include actual instrument list, with manufacturer name, serial number, and date of calibration.
  - 4. Form of Test Reports: Where the TAB standard being followed recommends a report format use that; otherwise, follow ASHRAE Std 111.
  - 5. Units of Measure: Report data in both I-P (inch-pound) and SI (metric) units.
  - 6. Include the following on the title page of each report:
    - a. Name of Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Agency.
    - b. Address of Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Agency.
    - c. Telephone number of Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Agency.
    - d. Project name.
    - e. Project location.
    - f. Project Engineer.
    - g. Project Contractor.
    - h. Report date.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Perform total system balance in accordance with one of the following:
  - 1. AABC (NSTSB), AABC National Standards for Total System Balance.
  - 2. ASHRAE Std 111, Practices for Measurement, Testing, Adjusting and Balancing of Building Heating, Ventilation, Air-Conditioning, and Refrigeration Systems.
  - 3. SMACNA (TAB).
- B. Begin work after completion of systems to be tested, adjusted, or balanced and complete work prior to Substantial Completion of the project.
- C. TAB Agency Qualifications:
  - 1. Company specializing in the testing, adjusting, and balancing of systems specified in this section.
  - 2. Having minimum of three years documented experience.
  - 3. Certified by one of the following:

- a. AABC, Associated Air Balance Council: www.aabc.com/#sle; upon completion submit AABC National Performance Guaranty.
- b. NEBB, National Environmental Balancing Bureau: www.nebb.org/#sle.
- c. TABB, The Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Bureau of National Energy Management Institute: www.tabbcertified.org/#sle.
- D. TAB Supervisor and Technician Qualifications: Certified by same organization as TAB agency.

## 3.2 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that systems are complete and operable before commencing work. Ensure the following conditions:
  - 1. Systems are started and operating in a safe and normal condition.
  - 2. Temperature control systems are installed complete and operable.
  - 3. Proper thermal overload protection is in place for electrical equipment.
  - 4. Final filters are clean and in place. If required, install temporary media in addition to final filters.
  - 5. Duct systems are clean of debris.
  - 6. Fans are rotating correctly.
  - 7. Fire and volume dampers are in place and open.
  - 8. Air coil fins are cleaned and combed.
  - 9. Air outlets are installed and connected.
  - 10. Hydronic systems are flushed, filled, and vented.
  - 11. Pumps are rotating correctly.
  - 12. Proper strainer baskets are clean and in place.
  - 13. Service and balance valves are open.
- B. Submit field reports. Report defects and deficiencies that will or could prevent proper system balance.
- C. Beginning of work means acceptance of existing conditions.

### 3.3 PREPARATION

A. Hold a pre-balancing meeting at least one week prior to starting TAB work.

## 3.4 ADJUSTMENT TOLERANCES

- A. Air Handling Systems: Adjust to within plus or minus 5 percent of design for supply systems and plus or minus 10 percent of design for return and exhaust systems.
- B. Air Outlets and Inlets: Adjust total to within plus 10 percent and minus 5 percent of design to space. Adjust outlets and inlets in space to within plus or minus 10 percent of design.
- C. Hydronic Systems: Adjust to within plus or minus 10 percent of design.

#### 3.5 RECORDING AND ADJUSTING

- A. Field Logs: Maintain written logs including:
  - 1. Running log of events and issues.

- 2. Discrepancies, deficient or uncompleted work by others.
- 3. Contract interpretation requests.
- 4. Lists of completed tests.
- B. Ensure recorded data represents actual measured or observed conditions.
- C. Permanently mark settings of valves, dampers, and other adjustment devices allowing settings to be restored. Set and lock memory stops.
- D. Mark on drawings the locations where traverse and other critical measurements were taken and cross reference the location in the final report.
- E. After adjustment, take measurements to verify balance has not been disrupted or that such disruption has been rectified.
- F. Leave systems in proper working order, replacing belt guards, closing access doors, closing doors to electrical switch boxes, and restoring thermostats to specified settings.
- G. At final inspection, recheck random selections of data recorded in report. Recheck points or areas as selected and witnessed by the Owner.

### 3.6 AIR SYSTEM PROCEDURE

- A. Adjust air handling and distribution systems to provide required or design supply, return, and exhaust air quantities at site altitude.
- B. Make air quantity measurements in ducts by Pitot tube traverse of entire cross sectional area of duct.
- C. Measure air quantities at air inlets and outlets.
- D. Adjust distribution system to obtain uniform space temperatures free from objectionable drafts and noise.
- E. Use volume control devices to regulate air quantities only to extend that adjustments do not create objectionable air motion or sound levels. Effect volume control by duct internal devices such as dampers and splitters.
- F. Vary total system air quantities by adjustment of fan speeds. Provide drive changes required. Vary branch air quantities by damper regulation.
- G. Provide system schematic with required and actual air quantities recorded at each outlet or inlet.
- H. Measure static air pressure conditions on air supply units, including filter and coil pressure drops, and total pressure across the fan. Make allowances for 50 percent loading of filters.
- I. Adjust outside air automatic dampers, outside air, return air, and exhaust dampers for design conditions.
- J. Measure temperature conditions across outside air, return air, and exhaust dampers to check leakage.
- K. Where modulating dampers are provided, take measurements and balance at extreme conditions. Balance variable volume systems at maximum air flow rate, full cooling, and at minimum air flow rate, full heating.

L. For variable air volume system powered units set volume controller to air flow setting indicated. Confirm connections properly made and confirm proper operation for automatic variable air volume temperature control.

#### 3.7 WATER SYSTEM PROCEDURE

- A. Adjust water systems to provide required or design quantities.
- B. Use calibrated Venturi tubes, orifices, or other metered fittings and pressure gauges to determine flow rates for system balance. Where flow metering devices are not installed, base flow balance on temperature difference across various heat transfer elements in the system.
- C. Adjust systems to provide specified pressure drops and flows through heat transfer elements prior to thermal testing. Perform balancing by measurement of temperature differential in conjunction with air balancing.
- D. Effect system balance with automatic control valves fully open to heat transfer elements.
- E. Effect adjustment of water distribution systems by means of balancing cocks, valves, and fittings. Do not use service or shut-off valves for balancing unless indexed for balance point.

#### 3.8 COMMISSIONING

- A. See Sections 019113 General Commissioning Requirements and 230800 for additional requirements.
- B. Perform prerequisites prior to starting commissioning activities.
- C. Fill out Prefunctional Checklists for:
  - 1. Air side systems.
  - 2. Water side systems.
- D. Furnish to the Commissioning Authority, upon request, any data gathered but not shown in the final TAB report.
- E. In the presence of the Commissioning Authority, verify that:
  - 1. Final settings of all valves, splitters, dampers and other adjustment devices have been permanently marked.
  - 2. The air system is being controlled to the lowest possible static pressure while still meeting design loads, less diversity; this shall include a review of TAB methods, established control setpoints, and physical verification of at least one leg from fan to diffuser having all balancing dampers wide open and that during full cooling of all terminal units taking off downstream of the static pressure sensor, the terminal unit on the critical leg has its damper 90 percent or more open.
  - 3. The water system is being controlled to the lowest possible pressure while still meeting design loads, less diversity; this shall include a review of TAB methods, established control setpoints, and physical verification of at least one leg from the pump to the coil having all balancing valves wide open and that during full cooling the cooling coil valve of that leg is 90 percent or more open.

# 3.9 SCOPE

# A. Test, adjust, and balance the following:

- 1. HVAC Pumps.
- 2. Air Cooled Refrigerant Condensers.
- 3. Packaged Roof Top Heating/Cooling Units.
- 4. Fans.
- 5. Air Terminal Units.
- 6. Air Inlets and Outlets.

## 3.10 MINIMUM DATA TO BE REPORTED

#### A. Electric Motors:

- 1. Manufacturer.
- 2. Model/Frame.
- 3. HP/BHP.
- 4. Phase, voltage, amperage; nameplate, actual, no load.
- 5. RPM.
- 6. Service factor.

# B. Pumps:

- 1. Identification/number.
- 2. Manufacturer.
- 3. Size/model.
- 4. Impeller.
- 5. Service.
- 6. Design flow rate, pressure drop, BHP.
- 7. Actual flow rate, pressure drop, BHP.
- 8. Discharge pressure.
- 9. Suction pressure.
- 10. Total operating head pressure.

# C. Combustion Equipment:

- 1. Boiler manufacturer.
- 2. Model number.
- 3. Serial number.
- 4. Firing rate.
- 5. Heat input.
- 6. Heat output.

### D. Air Cooled Condensers:

- 1. Identification/number.
- 2. Location.
- 3. Manufacturer.
- 4. Model number.
- 5. Serial number.
- 6. Entering DB air temperature, design and actual.
- 7. Leaving DB air temperature, design and actual.
- 8. Number of compressors.

## E. Air Moving Equipment (fans):

- 1. Location.
- 2. Manufacturer.
- 3. Model number.
- 4. Serial number.
- 5. Air flow, specified and actual.
- 6. Total static pressure (total external), specified and actual.
- 7. Inlet pressure.
- 8. Discharge pressure.
- 9. Fan RPM.

#### F. Return Air/Outside Air:

- 1. Identification/location.
- 2. Design air flow.
- 3. Actual air flow.
- 4. Design return air flow.
- 5. Actual return air flow.
- 6. Design outside air flow.
- 7. Actual outside air flow.
- 8. Return air temperature.
- 9. Outside air temperature.
- 10. Actual mixed air temperature.

#### G. Duct Traverses:

- 1. System zone/branch.
- 2. Duct size.
- 3. Area.
- 4. Design velocity.
- 5. Design air flow.
- 6. Duct static pressure.
- 7. Air temperature.

### H. Terminal Unit Data:

- 1. Manufacturer.
- 2. Type, constant, variable, single, dual duct.
- 3. Identification/number.
- 4. Location.
- 5. Model number.
- 6. Size.
- 7. Minimum static pressure.
- 8. Minimum design air flow.
- 9. Maximum design air flow.
- 10. Maximum actual air flow.
- 11. Inlet static pressure.



## SECTION 230713 DUCT INSULATION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Duct insulation.
- B. Duct liner.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 230553 Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment.
- B. Section 233100 HVAC Ducts and Casings: Glass fiber ducts.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus; 2021.
- B. ASTM C534/C534M Standard Specification for Preformed Flexible Elastomeric Cellular Thermal Insulation in Sheet and Tubular Form; 2023.
- C. ASTM C553 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for Commercial and Industrial Applications; 2013 (Reapproved 2019).
- D. ASTM C612 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal Insulation; 2014 (Reapproved 2019).
- E. ASTM C916 Standard Specification for Adhesives for Duct Thermal Insulation; 2020.
- F. ASTM C1071 Standard Specification for Fibrous Glass Duct Lining Insulation (Thermal and Sound Absorbing Material); 2019.
- G. ASTM C1290 Standard Specification for Flexible Fibrous Glass Blanket Insulation Used to Externally Insulate HVAC Ducts; 2016 (Reapproved 2021).
- H. ASTM C1338 Standard Test Method for Determining Fungi Resistance of Insulation Materials and Facings; 2019 (Reapproved 2022).
- I. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- J. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- K. ASTM G21 Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to Fungi; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2021).

- L. NAIMA North American Insulation Manufacturers Association; Current.
- M. SMACNA (DCS) HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible; 2020.
- N. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- O. ASTM B209 Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate; 2014.
- P. ASTM B209M Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate [Metric]; 2014.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- B. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures necessary to ensure acceptable workmanship and that installation standards will be achieved.

### 1.5 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products of the type specified in this section with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section, with minimum 10 years of experience and approved by manufacturer.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept materials on site in original factory packaging, labelled with manufacturer's identification, including product density and thickness.
- B. Protect insulation from weather and construction traffic, dirt, water, chemical, and mechanical damage, by storing in original wrapping.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures and conditions required by manufacturers of adhesives, mastics, and insulation cements.
- B. Maintain temperature during and after installation for minimum period of 24 hours.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread index/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, UL 723, ASTM E84, or UL 723.

# 2.2 GLASS FIBER, FLEXIBLE

### A. Manufacturer:

- 1. Johns Manville: www.jm.com/#sle.
- 2. Owens Corning Corporation: www.ocbuildingspec.com/#sle.
- B. Insulation: ASTM C553; flexible, noncombustible blanket.
  - 1. K value: 0.36 at 75 degrees F, when tested in accordance with ASTM C518.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 250 degrees F.
  - 3. Maximum Water Vapor Absorption: 5.0 percent by weight.

## C. Vapor Barrier Jacket:

- 1. Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film.
- 2. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.029 ng/Pa s m (0.02 perm inch), when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
- 3. Secure with pressure sensitive tape at seams and copper clad wire.

# D. Vapor Barrier Tape:

1. Kraft paper reinforced with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film, with pressure sensitive rubber based adhesive.

# E. Outdoor Vapor Barrier Mastic:

- 1. Vinyl emulsion type acrylic or mastic, compatible with insulation, black color.
- F. Tie Wire: Copper, 16 gage.

# 2.3 GLASS FIBER, RIGID

### A. Manufacturer:

- 1. Johns Manville: www.jm.com/#sle.
- 2. Knauf Insulation: www.knaufinsulation.com/#sle.
- 3. Owens Corning Corp: www.owenscorning.com.
- 4. Substitutions: Not permitted.
- B. Insulation: ASTM C612; rigid, noncombustible blanket.
  - 1. K Value: 0.24 at 75 degrees F, when tested in accordance with ASTM C518.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 450 degrees F.
  - 3. Maximum Water Vapor Absorption: 5.0 percent.
  - 4. Maximum Density: 8.0 lb/cu ft.

### C. Vapor Barrier Jacket:

- 1. Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film.
- 2. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.029 ng/Pa s m (0.02 perm inch), when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
- 3. Secure with two coats of vapor barrier mastic and glass tape.

### D. Vapor Barrier Tape:

1. Kraft paper reinforced with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film, with pressure sensitive rubber based adhesive.

## E. Indoor Vapor Barrier Finish:

- 1. Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz/sq yd weight, glass fabric.
- 2. Vinyl emulsion type acrylic, compatible with insulation, white color.

### 2.4 FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC CELLULAR INSULATION

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Aeroflex USA, Inc; Aerocel Sheet and Roll with PSA: www.aeroflexusa.com/#sle.
  - 2. Armacell LLC; ArmaFlex Ultra with FlameDefense: www.armacell.us/#sle.
- B. Insulation: Preformed flexible elastomeric cellular rubber insulation complying with ASTM C534/C534M Grade 1, in sheet form.
  - 1. Minimum Service Temperature: Minus 40 degrees F.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 180 degrees F.
  - 3. Connection: Waterproof vapor barrier adhesive.
- C. Elastomeric Foam Adhesive: Air dried, contact adhesive, compatible with insulation.

### 2.5 JACKETS

- A. Canvas Jacket: UL listed 6 oz/sq yd plain weave cotton fabric treated with dilute fire retardant lagging adhesive.
  - 1. Lagging Adhesive:
    - a. Manufacturers:
      - 1) Design Polymerics; DP 3050 Water Based, Zero VOC, Premium Quality, Lagging Adhesive, and Vapor Retarder: www.designpoly.com/#sle.
    - b. Compatible with insulation.
- B. Mineral Fiber (Outdoor) Jacket: Asphalt impregnated and coated sheet, 50 lb/square.
- C. Aluminum Jacket: ASTM B209 (ASTM B209M).
  - 1. Thickness: 0.016 inch sheet.
  - 2. Finish: Smooth.
  - 3. Joining: Longitudinal slip joints and 2 inch laps.
  - 4. Fittings: 0.016 inch thick die shaped fitting covers with factory attached protective liner.
  - 5. Metal Jacket Bands: 3/8 inch wide; 0.015 inch thick aluminum.

## 2.6 DUCT LINER

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc, a DMI Company: www.ductmate.com/#sle.
  - 2. Johns Manville: www.jm.com/#sle.
  - 3. Owens Corning Corp: www.owenscorning.com.
  - 4. Substitutions: Not permitted.
- B. Elastomeric Foam Insulation: Preformed flexible elastomeric cellular rubber insulation complying with ASTM C534/C534M Grade 1, in sheet form.
  - 1. Minimum Service Temperature: Minus 40 degrees F.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 180 degrees F.
  - 3. Apparent Thermal Conductivity: Maximum of 0.28 at 75 degrees F.
  - 4. Minimum Noise Reduction Coefficients:

- a. 1/2 inch Thickness: 0.30.
- b. 1 inch Thickness: 0.40.
- c. 1-1/2 inches Thickness: 0.50.
- d. 2 inch Thickness: 0.60.
- 5. Connection: Waterproof vapor barrier adhesive.
- C. Elastomeric Foam Adhesive: Air dried, contact adhesive, compatible with insulation. Comply with ASTM C916.
- D. Glass Fiber Insulation: Non-corrosive, incombustible glass fiber complying with ASTM C1071; flexible blanket, rigid board, and preformed round liner board; impregnated surface and edges coated with poly vinyl acetate polymer, acrylic polymer, or black composite.
  - 1. Fungal Resistance: No growth when tested according to ASTM G21.
- E. Insulation: Incombustible glass fiber complying with ASTM C 1071; flexible blanket; impregnated surface and edges coated with acrylic polymer shown to be fungus and bacteria resistant by testing to ASTM G 21.
  - 1. Apparent Thermal Conductivity: Maximum of 0.31 at 75 degrees F.
  - 2. Service Temperature: Up to 250 degrees F.
  - 3. Rated Velocity on Coated Air Side for Air Erosion: 5,000 fpm, minimum.
  - 4. Minimum Noise Reduction Coefficients:
    - a. 1/2 inch Thickness: 0.30.
    - b. 1 inch Thickness: 0.45.
    - c. 1-1/2 inches Thickness: 0.60.
    - d. 2 inch Thickness: 0.70.
- F. Adhesive: Waterproof, fire-retardant type, ASTM C916.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Design Polymerics; DP 2502 Water Based, Low VOC, Duct Liner Adhesive: www.designpoly.com/#sle.
- G. Liner Fasteners Steel ducts: Galvanized steel, welded with integral head.
- H. Nosing: Provide Z type nosings of 18 gage sheetmetal on all edges of duct sections, secured by spot welds.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Test ductwork for design pressure prior to applying insulation materials.
- B. Verify that surfaces are clean, foreign material removed, and dry.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install in accordance with NAIMA National Insulation Standards.
- C. Insulated ducts conveying air above and below below ambient temperature:
  - 1. Provide insulation with vapor barrier jackets.

- 2. Finish with tape and vapor barrier jacket.
- 3. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, hangers, and other duct penetrations.
- 4. Insulate entire system, including fittings, joints, flanges, fire dampers, flexible connections, and expansion joints.
- D. Insulated Ducts Conveying Air Above Ambient Temperature:
  - 1. Provide with or without standard vapor barrier jacket.
  - 2. Insulate fittings and joints. Where service access is required, bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- E. Ducts Exposed in Mechanical Equipment Rooms or Finished Spaces (below 10 feet above finished floor): Finish with canvas jacket sized for finish painting.
- F. Exterior Applications: Provide insulation with vapor barrier jacket.
- G. External Duct Insulation Application:
  - 1. Secure insulation with vapor barrier with wires and seal jacket joints with vapor barrier adhesive or tape to match jacket.
  - 2. Secure insulation without vapor barrier with staples, tape, or wires.
  - 3. Install without sag on underside of duct. Use adhesive or mechanical fasteners where necessary to prevent sagging. Lift duct off trapeze hangers and insert spacers.
  - 4. Seal vapor barrier penetrations by mechanical fasteners with vapor barrier adhesive.
  - 5. Stop and point insulation around access doors and damper operators to allow operation without disturbing wrapping.
- H. Duct and Plenum Liner Application:
  - 1. Adhere insulation with adhesive for 100 percent coverage.
  - 2. Secure insulation with mechanical liner fasteners. Refer to SMACNA (DCS) for spacing.
  - 3. Seal and smooth joints. Seal and coat transverse joints.
  - 4. Seal liner surface penetrations with adhesive.
  - 5. Duct dimensions indicated are net inside dimensions required for air-flow. Increase duct size to allow for insulation thickness.

### 3.3 SCHEDULES

- A. Exhaust Ducts Exposed to Outdoor Air: insulation not required.
  - 1. Flexible Glass Fiber Duct Insulation: 1/2 inches thick.
- B. Outside Air Intake Ducts:
  - 1. 2" Rigid insulation
- C. Plenums:
  - 1. 2" Rigid insulation
- D. Supply Ducts (concealed and exposed ablove 10' AFF):
  - 1. Flexible Glass Fiber Duct Instulation: 1 1/2 inches thick where concealed above hung ceiling or in wall.
  - 2. Delete external insulation where duct is shown lined within ceiling only.
- E. Return and Relief Ducts in Mechanical Rooms:
  - 1. Rigid Glass Fiber Board Insulation: 2 inches thick.

- F. Ducts Exposed to Outdoors:
  - 1. Rigid Glass Fiber Board Insulation: 2 inches thick.
- G. Kitchen Exhaust Ducts:
  - 1. Calcium Silicate Black Insulation: 2 inches thick 15 lb/cu. Ft. and cover with insulating cement and canvas jacket. See spec. section 23 0719. Extend up to roof.



# SECTION 230716 HVAC EQUIPMENT INSULATION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Equipment insulation.

## 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures that ensure acceptable workmanship and installation standards will be achieved.

## 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section.

### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept materials on site in original factory packaging, labeled with manufacturer's identification, including product density and thickness.
- B. Protect insulation from weather and construction traffic, dirt, water, chemical, and mechanical damage, by storing in original wrapping.

### 1.5 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C177 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus; 2019, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- B. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus; 2021.
- C. ASTM C553 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for Commercial and Industrial Applications; 2013 (Reapproved 2019).
- D. ASTM C592 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Blanket Insulation and Blanket-Type Pipe Insulation (Metal-Mesh Covered) (Industrial Type); 2022a.
- E. ASTM C612 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal Insulation; 2014 (Reapproved 2019).

- F. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- G. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- H. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread index/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723.

### 2.2 GLASS FIBER, FLEXIBLE

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Johns Manville Corporation: www.jm.com/#sle.
  - 2. Knauf Insulation; Atmosphere Duct Wrap: www.knaufinsulation.com/#sle.
- B. Insulation: ASTM C553; flexible, noncombustible.
  - K Value: 0.36 at 75 degrees F, when tested in accordance with ASTM C177 or ASTM C518.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 450 degrees F.
  - 3. Maximum Water Vapor Absorption: 5.0 percent by weight.

### 2.3 GLASS FIBER, RIGID

- A. Manufacturer:
  - 1. Johns Manville Corporation: www.jm.com/#sle.
  - 2. Knauf Insulation; Earthwool Insulation Board: www.knaufinsulation.com/#sle.
- B. Insulation: ASTM C612 or ASTM C592; rigid, noncombustible.
  - 1. K Value: 0.25 at 75 degrees F, when tested in accordance with ASTM C177 or ASTM C518.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 850 degrees F.
  - 3. Maximum Water Vapor Absorption: 5.0 percent by weight.
  - 4. Maximum Density: 8.0 lb/cu ft.
- C. Vapor Barrier Jacket:
  - 1. Kraft paper reinforced with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film.
  - 2. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.02 perm inch, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
  - 3. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that equipment has been tested before applying insulation materials.
- B. Verify that surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Factory Insulated Equipment: Do not insulate.
- C. Exposed Equipment: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
- D. Apply insulation close to equipment by grooving, scoring, and beveling insulation. Fasten insulation to equipment with studs, pins, clips, adhesive, wires, or bands.
- E. Fill joints, cracks, seams, and depressions with bedding compound to form smooth surface. On cold equipment, use vapor barrier cement.
- F. For hot equipment containing fluids 140 degrees F or less, do not insulate flanges and unions, but bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- G. For hot equipment containing fluids over 140 degrees F, insulate flanges and unions with removable sections and jackets.
- H. Inserts and Shields:
  - 1. Application: Equipment 1-1/2 inches diameter or larger.
  - 2. Shields: Galvanized steel between hangers and inserts.
  - 3. Insert Location: Between support shield and equipment and under the finish jacket.
  - 4. Insert Configuration: Minimum 6 inches long, of same thickness and contour as adjoining insulation; may be factory fabricated.
- I. Finish insulation at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.

#### 3.3 SCHEDULE

- A. Heating Systems:
  - 1. Air Separators:



## SECTION 230719 HVAC PIPING INSULATION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Piping insulation.
- B. Jackets and accessories.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 078400 Firestopping.
- B. Section 232113 Hydronic Piping: Placement of hangers and hanger inserts.
- C. Section 232300 Refrigerant Piping: Placement of inserts.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C177 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus; 2019, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- B. ASTM C195 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Thermal Insulating Cement; 2007 (Reapproved 2019).
- C. ASTM C449 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement; 2007 (Reapproved 2019).
- D. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus; 2021.
- E. ASTM C533 Standard Specification for Calcium Silicate Block and Pipe Thermal Insulation; 2017 (Reapproved 2023).
- F. ASTM C534/C534M Standard Specification for Preformed Flexible Elastomeric Cellular Thermal Insulation in Sheet and Tubular Form; 2023.
- G. ASTM C547 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Pipe Insulation; 2022a.
- H. ASTM C552 Standard Specification for Cellular Glass Thermal Insulation; 2022.
- I. ASTM C585 Standard Practice for Inner and Outer Diameters of Thermal Insulation for Nominal Sizes of Pipe and Tubing; 2022.
- J. ASTM C795 Standard Specification for Thermal Insulation for Use in Contact with Austenitic Stainless Steel; 2008 (Reapproved 2023).

- K. ASTM D1056 Standard Specification for Flexible Cellular Materials—Sponge or Expanded Rubber; 2020.
- L. ASTM D2842 Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Rigid Cellular Plastics; 2019.
- M. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- N. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- O. NAIMA North American Insulation Manufacturers Association; Current.
- P. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- B. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures that ensure acceptable workmanship and installation standards will be achieved.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept materials on site, labeled with manufacturer's identification, product density, and thickness.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient conditions required by manufacturers of each product.
- B. Maintain temperature before, during, and after installation for minimum of 24 hours.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread index/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, UL 723, ASTM E84, or UL 723.

# 2.2 GLASS FIBER, RIGID

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Johns Manville Corporation: www.jm.com/#sle.
  - 2. Owens Corning Corp: www.owenscorning.com.
- B. Insulation: ASTM C547and ASTM C795; rigid molded, noncombustible.
  - 1. K Value: ASTM C177, 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 850 degrees F.
  - 3. Maximum Moisture Absorption: 0.2 percent by volume.
- C. Insulation: ASTM C547and ASTM C795; semi-rigid, noncombustible, end grain adhered to jacket.
  - 1. K Value: ASTM C177, 0.24 at 75 degrees F.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 650 degrees F.
  - 3. Maximum Moisture Absorption: 0.2 percent by volume.
- D. Vapor Barrier Jacket: White kraft paper with glass fiber yarn, bonded to aluminized film; moisture vapor transmission when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M of 0.02 perminches.
- E. Tie Wire: 0.048 inch stainless steel with twisted ends on maximum 12 inch centers.
- F. Vapor Barrier Lap Adhesive: Compatible with insulation.
- G. Insulating Cement/Mastic: ASTM C195; hydraulic setting on mineral wool.
- H. Fibrous Glass Fabric:
  - 1. Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz/sq yd weight.
  - 2. Blanket: 1.0 lb/cu ft density.
  - 3. Weave: 5 by 5.
- I. Indoor Vapor Barrier Finish:
  - 1. Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz/sq yd weight.
  - 2. Vinyl emulsion type acrylic, compatible with insulation, black color.
- J. Outdoor Vapor Barrier Mastic: Vinyl emulsion type acrylic or mastic, compatible with insulation, black color.
- K. Insulating Cement: ASTM C449.

### 2.3 CELLULAR GLASS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Owens Corning Corporation: www.ocbuildingspec.com/#sle.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Block Insulation: ASTM C552, Type I, Grade 6.
  - 1. K Value: 0.35 at 100 degrees F.
  - 2. Service Temperature: 800 degrees F, maximum.
  - 3. Water Vapor Permeability: 0.005 perm inch maximum per inch.

4. Water Absorption: 0.5 percent by volume, maximum.

#### 2.4 POLYETHYLENE

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Armacell LLC: www.armacell.us/#sle.
- B. Insulation: Flexible closed-cell polyethylene tubing, slit lengthwise for installation, complying with applicable requirements of ASTM D1056.
  - 1. K Value: ASTM C177; 0.25 at 75 degrees F.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 300 degrees F.
  - 3. Density: 2 lb/cu ft.
  - 4. Maximum Moisture Absorption: 1.0 percent by volume.
  - 5. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.05 perm inch, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
  - 6. Connection: Contact adhesive.

### 2.5 FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC CELLULAR INSULATION

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Aeroflex USA, Inc; Aerocel Stay-Seal with Protape (SSPT): www.aeroflexusa.com/#sle.
  - 2. Armacell LLC; ArmaFlex Ultra with FlameDefense: www.armacell.us/#sle.
- B. Insulation: Preformed flexible elastomeric cellular rubber insulation complying with ASTM C534/C534M Grade 1; use molded tubular material wherever possible.
  - 1. Minimum Service Temperature: Minus 40 degrees F.
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 180 degrees F.
  - 3. Connection: Waterproof vapor barrier adhesive.
- C. Elastomeric Foam Adhesive: Air dried, contact adhesive, compatible with insulation.

### 2.6 JACKETS

- A. PVC Plastic.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Johns Manville Corporation: www.jm.com/#sle.
    - b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
  - 2. Jacket: One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
    - a. Minimum Service Temperature: 0 degrees F.
    - b. Maximum Service Temperature: 150 degrees F.
    - c. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.002 perm inch, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
    - d. Thickness: 10 mil.
    - e. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive.
  - 3. Covering Adhesive Mastic: Compatible with insulation.

#### B. ABS Plastic:

- 1. Jacket: One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
  - a. Minimum Service Temperature: Minus 40 degrees F.
  - b. Maximum Service Temperature: 180 degrees F.

- c. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.012 perm inch, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
- d. Thickness: 30 mil.
- e. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive.
- C. Canvas Jacket: UL listed 6 oz/sq yd plain weave cotton fabric treated with dilute fire retardant lagging adhesive.
  - 1. Lagging Adhesive: Compatible with insulation.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Test piping for design pressure, liquid tightness, and continuity prior to applying insulation materials.
- B. Verify that surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install in accordance with NAIMA National Insulation Standards.
- C. Exposed Piping: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
- D. Insulated Pipes Conveying Fluids Below Ambient Temperature:
  - 1. Insulate entire system, including fittings, valves, unions, flanges, strainers, flexible connections, pump bodies, and expansion joints.
- E. Glass Fiber Insulated Pipes Conveying Fluids Below Ambient Temperature:
  - 1. Provide vapor barrier jackets, factory-applied or field-applied; secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples and vapor barrier mastic.
  - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with molded insulation of like material and thickness as adjacent pipe. Finish with glass cloth and vapor barrier adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- F. For hot piping conveying fluids 140 degrees F or less, do not insulate flanges and unions at equipment, but bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- G. For hot piping conveying fluids over 140 degrees F, insulate flanges and unions at equipment.
- H. Glass Fiber Insulated Pipes Conveying Fluids Above Ambient Temperature:
  - 1. Provide standard jackets, with or without vapor barrier, factory-applied, or field-applied. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure-sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples.
  - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe. Finish with glass cloth and adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- I. Inserts and Shields:
  - 1. Application: Piping 1-1/2 inches diameter or larger.

- 2. Shields: Galvanized steel or rigid calcium silicate between pipe hanger rolls and inserts.
- 3. Insert location: Between support shield and piping and under the finish jacket.
- 4. Insert Configuration: Minimum 6 inches long, of same thickness and contour as adjoining insulation; may be factory fabricated.
- 5. Insert Material: Hydrous calcium silicate insulation or other heavy density insulating material suitable for the planned temperature range.
- J. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, pipe hangers, and other pipe penetrations. Finish at supports, protrusions, and interruptions. At fire separations, see Section 078400.
- K. Pipe Exposed in Mechanical Equipment Rooms or Finished Spaces (less than 10 feet above finished floor): Finish with canvas jacket sized for finish painting.
- L. Exterior Applications: Provide vapor barrier jacket. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe, and finish with glass mesh reinforced vapor barrier cement. Cover with aluminum jacket with seams located on bottom side of horizontal piping. Provide two coats of UV resistant finish for flexible elastomeric cellular insulation without jacketing.
- M. Buried Piping: Provide factory-fabricated assembly with inner all-purpose service jacket with self-sealing lap, and asphalt impregnated open mesh glass fabric, with one mil thick aluminum foil sandwiched between three layers of bituminous compound; outer surface faced with polyester film.
- N. Heat Traced Piping: Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material, thickness, and finish as adjoining pipe. Size large enough to enclose pipe and heat tracer. Cover with aluminum jacket with seams located on bottom side of horizontal piping.

### 3.3 SCHEDULE

- A. Heating Systems:
  - 1. Heating Water Supply and Return:
- B. Cooling Systems:
  - 1. Condensate Drains from Cooling Coils:
  - 2. Refrigerant Suction:
  - 3. Refrigerant Hot Gas:

## SECTION 230800 COMMISSIONING OF HVAC

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. See Section 019113 General Commissioning Requirements for overall objectives; comply with the requirements of Section 019113.
- B. This section covers the Contractor's responsibilities for commissioning; each subcontractor or installer responsible for the installation of a particular system or equipment item to be commissioned is responsible for the commissioning activities relating to that system or equipment item.
- C. The Commissioning Authority (CA) directs and coordinates all commissioning activities and provides Prefunctional Checklists and Functional Test Procedures for Contractor's use.
- D. The entire HVAC system is to be commissioned, including commissioning activities for the following specific items:
  - 1. Other equipment and systems explicitly identified elsewhere in Contract Documents as requiring commissioning.
- E. The Prefunctional Checklist and Functional Test requirements specified in this section are in addition to, not a substitute for, inspection or testing specified in other sections.

### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Updated Submittals: Keep the Commissioning Authority informed of all changes to control system documentation made during programming and setup; revise and resubmit when substantial changes are made.
- B. Startup Reports, Prefunctional Checklists, and Trend Logs: Submit for approval of Commissioning Authority.
- C. HVAC Control System O&M Manual Requirements. In addition to documentation specified elsewhere, compile and organize at minimum the following data on the control system:
  - 1. Specific step-by-step instructions on how to perform and apply all functions, features, modes, etc. mentioned in the controls training sections of this specification and other features of this system. Provide an index and clear table of contents. Include the detailed technical manual for programming and customizing control loops and algorithms.
  - 2. Full as-built set of control drawings.
  - 3. Full as-built sequence of operations for each piece of equipment.
  - 4. Full points list; in addition to the information on the original points list submittal, include a listing of all rooms with the following information for each room:
    - a. Floor.
    - b. Room number.
    - c. Room name.
    - d. Air handler unit ID.

- e. Reference drawing number.
- f. Air terminal unit tag ID.
- g. Heating and/or cooling valve tag ID.
- h. Minimum air flow rate.
- i. Maximum air flow rate.
- 5. Full print out of all schedules and set points after testing and acceptance of the system.
- 6. Full as-built print out of software program.
- 7. Electronic copy on disk of the entire program for this facility.
- 8. Marking of all system sensors and thermostats on the as-built floor plan and HVAC drawings with their control system designations.
- 9. Maintenance instructions, including sensor calibration requirements and methods by sensor type, etc.
- 10. Control equipment component submittals, parts lists, etc.
- 11. Warranty requirements.
- 12. Copies of all checkout tests and calibrations performed by the Contractor (not commissioning tests).
- 13. Organize and subdivide the manual with permanently labeled tabs for each of the following data in the given order:
  - a. Sequences of operation.
  - b. Control drawings.
  - c. Points lists.
  - d. Controller and/or module data.
  - e. Thermostats and timers.
  - f. Sensors and DP switches.
  - g. Valves and valve actuators.
  - h. Dampers and damper actuators.
  - i. Program setups (software program printouts).
- D. Project Record Documents: See Section 017800 for additional requirements.
  - 1. Submit updated version of control system documentation, for inclusion with operation and maintenance data.
  - 2. Show actual locations of all static and differential pressure sensors (air, water and building pressure) and air-flow stations on project record drawings.
- E. Draft Training Plan: In addition to requirements specified in Section 017900, include:
  - 1. Follow the recommendations of ASHRAE Guideline 1.1.
  - 2. Control system manufacturer's recommended training.
  - 3. Demonstration and instruction on function and overrides of any local packaged controls not controlled by the HVAC control system.
- F. Training Manuals: See Section 017900 for additional requirements.
  - 1. Provide three extra copies of the controls training manuals in a separate manual from the O&M manuals.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. ASHRAE Guideline 1.1 - HVAC&R Technical Requirements for the Commissioning Process; 2007, with Errata (2012).

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

- A. Provide all standard testing equipment required to perform startup and initial checkout and required functional performance testing; unless otherwise noted such testing equipment will NOT become the property of Owner.
- B. Equipment-Specific Tools: Where special testing equipment, tools and instruments are specific to a piece of equipment, are only available from the vendor, and are required in order to accomplish startup or Functional Testing, provide such equipment, tools, and instruments as part of the work at no extra cost to Owner; such equipment, tools, and instruments are to become the property of Owner.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Cooperate with the Commissioning Authority in development of the Prefunctional Checklists and Functional Test Procedures.
- B. Furnish additional information requested by the Commissioning Authority.
- C. Prepare a preliminary schedule for HVAC pipe and duct system testing, flushing and cleaning, equipment start-up and testing, adjusting, and balancing start and completion for use by the Commissioning Authority; update the schedule as appropriate.
- D. Notify the Commissioning Authority when pipe and duct system testing, flushing, cleaning, startup of each piece of equipment and testing, adjusting, and balancing will occur; when commissioning activities not yet performed or not yet scheduled will delay construction notify ahead of time and be proactive in seeing that the Commissioning Authority has the scheduling information needed to efficiently execute the commissioning process.
- E. Put all HVAC equipment and systems into operation and continue operation during each working day of testing, adjusting, and balancing and commissioning, as required.
- F. Provide test holes in ducts and plenums where directed to allow air measurements and air balancing; close with an approved plug.
- G. Provide temperature and pressure taps in accordance with Contract Documents.

### 3.2 INSPECTING AND TESTING - GENERAL

- A. Submit startup plans, startup reports, and Prefunctional Checklists for each item of equipment or other assembly to be commissioned.
- B. Perform the Functional Tests directed by the Commissioning Authority for each item of equipment or other assembly to be commissioned.
- C. Provide two-way radios for use during the testing.
- D. Valve/Damper Stroke Setup and Check:

- 1. For all valve/damper actuator positions checked, verify the actual position against the control system readout.
- 2. Set pump/fan to normal operating mode.
- 3. Command valve/damper closed; visually verify that valve/damper is closed and adjust output zero signal as required.
- 4. Command valve/damper open; verify position is full open and adjust output signal as required.
- 5. Command valve/damper to a few intermediate positions.
- 6. If actual valve/damper position does not reasonably correspond, replace actuator or add pilot positioner (for pneumatics).
- E. Isolation Valve or System Valve Leak Check: For valves not by coils.
  - 1. With full pressure in the system, command valve closed.
  - 2. Use an ultra-sonic flow meter to detect flow or leakage.
- F. Deficiencies: Correct deficiencies and re-inspect or re-test, as applicable, at no extra cost to Owner.

### 3.3 TAB COORDINATION

- A. TAB: Testing, adjusting, and balancing of HVAC.
- B. Coordinate commissioning schedule with TAB schedule.
- C. Review the TAB plan to determine the capabilities of the control system toward completing TAB.
- D. Provide all necessary unique instruments and instruct the TAB technicians in their use; such as handheld control system interface for setting terminal unit boxes, etc.
- E. Have all required Prefunctional Checklists, calibrations, startup and component Functional Tests of the system completed and approved by the Commissioning Authority prior to starting TAB.
- F. Provide a qualified control system technician to operate the controls to assist the TAB technicians or provide sufficient training for the TAB technicians to operate the system without assistance.

### 3.4 CONTROL SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TESTING

- A. Prefunctional Checklists for control system components will require a signed and dated certification that all system programming is complete as required to accomplish the requirements of Contract Documents and the detailed Sequences of Operation documentation submittal.
- B. Do not start Functional Testing until all controlled components have themselves been successfully Functionally Tested in accordance with Contract Documents.
- C. Using a skilled technician who is familiar with this building, execute the Functional Testing of the control system as required by the Commissioning Authority.
- D. Functional Testing of the control system constitutes demonstration and trend logging of control points monitored by the control system.

- 1. The scope of trend logging is partially specified; trend log up to 50 percent more points than specified at no extra cost to Owner.
- 2. Perform all trend logging specified in Prefunctional Checklists and Functional Test procedures.
- E. Functionally Test integral or stand-alone controls in conjunction with the Functional Tests of the equipment they are attached to, including any interlocks with other equipment or systems; further testing during control system Functional Test is not required unless specifically indicated below.
- F. Demonstrate the following to the Commissioning Authority during testing of controlled equipment; coordinate with commissioning of equipment.
  - 1. Setpoint changing features and functions.
  - 2. Sensor calibrations.
- G. Demonstrate to the Commissioning Authority:
  - 1. That all specified functions and features are set up, debugged and fully operable.
  - 2. That scheduling features are fully functional and setup, including holidays.
  - 3. That all graphic screens and value readouts are completed.
  - 4. Correct date and time setting in central computer.
  - 5. That field panels read the same time as the central computer; sample 10 percent of field panels; if any of those fail, sample another 10 percent; if any of those fail test all remaining units at no extra cost to Owner.
  - 6. Functionality of field panels using local operator keypads and local ports (plug-ins) using portable computer/keypad; demonstrate 100 percent of panels and 10 percent of ports; if any ports fail, sample another 10 percent; if any of those fail, test all remaining units at no extra cost to Owner.
  - 7. Power failure and battery backup and power-up restart functions.
  - 8. Global commands features.
  - 9. Security and access codes.
  - 10. Occupant over-rides (manual, telephone, key, keypad, etc.).
  - 11. O&M schedules and alarms.
  - 12. Occupancy sensors and controls.
  - 13. All control strategies and sequences not tested during controlled equipment testing.
- H. If the control system, integral control components, or related equipment do not respond to changing conditions and parameters appropriately as expected, as specified and according to acceptable operating practice, under any of the conditions, sequences, or modes tested, correct all systems, equipment, components, and software required at no additional cost to Owner.

### 3.5 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. See Section 017800 for additional requirements.
- B. Add design intent documentation furnished by Engineer to manuals prior to submission to Owner.
- C. Submit manuals related to items that were commissioned to Commissioning Authority for review; make changes recommended by Commissioning Authority.
- D. Commissioning Authority will add commissioning records to manuals after submission to Owner.

### 3.6 DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING

- A. See Section 017900 for additional requirements.
- B. Demonstrate operation and maintenance of HVAC system to Owner' personnel; if during any demonstration, the system fails to perform in accordance with the information included in the O&M manual, stop demonstration, repair or adjust, and repeat demonstration. Demonstrations may be combined with training sessions if appropriate.
- C. These demonstrations are in addition to, and not a substitute for, Prefunctional Checklists and demonstrations to the Commissioning Authority during Functional Testing.
- D. Provide classroom and hands-on training of Owner's designated personnel on operation and maintenance of the HVAC system, control system, and all equipment items indicated to be commissioned. Provide the following minimum durations of training:
- E. TAB Review: Instruct Owner's personnel for minimum 8 hours, after completion of TAB, on the following:
  - 1. Review final TAB report, explaining the layout and meanings of each data type.
  - 2. Discuss any outstanding deficient items in control, ducting or design that may affect the proper delivery of air or water.
  - 3. Identify and discuss any terminal units, duct runs, diffusers, coils, fans and pumps that are close to or are not meeting their design capacity.
  - 4. Discuss any temporary settings and steps to finalize them for any areas that are not finished.
  - 5. Other salient information that may be useful for facility operations, relative to TAB.
- F. HVAC Control System Training: Perform training in at least three phases:
  - 1. Phase 1 Basic Control System: Provide minimum of 8 hours of actual training on the control system itself. Upon completion of training, each attendee, using appropriate documentation, should be able to perform elementary operations and describe general hardware architecture and functionality of the system.
    - a. This training may be held on-site or at the manufacturer's facility.
    - b. If held off-site, the training may occur prior to final completion of the system installation.
    - c. For off-site training, Contractor shall pay expenses of up to two attendees.
  - 2. Phase 2 Integrating with HVAC Systems: Provide minimum of 8 hours of on-site, hands-on training after completion of Functional Testing. Include instruction on:
    - a. The specific hardware configuration of installed systems in this facility and specific instruction for operating the installed system, including interfaces with other systems, if any.
    - b. Security levels, alarms, system start-up, shut-down, power outage and restart routines, changing setpoints and alarms and other typical changed parameters, overrides, freeze protection, manual operation of equipment, optional control strategies that can be considered, energy savings strategies and set points that if changed will adversely affect energy consumption, energy accounting, procedures for obtaining vendor assistance, etc.
    - c. Trend logging and monitoring features (values, change of state, totalization, etc.), including setting up, executing, downloading, viewing both tabular and graphically and printing trends; provide practice in setting up trend logging and monitoring during training session.

- d. Every display screen, allowing time for questions.
- e. Point database entry and modifications.
- G. Provide the services of manufacturer representatives to assist instructors where necessary.
- H. Provide the services of the HVAC controls instructor at other training sessions, when requested, to discuss the interaction of the controls system as it relates to the equipment being discussed.



## SECTION 230913 INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL DEVICES FOR HVAC

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Air Supply System:
- B. Control Valves:
  - Radiation valves.
- C. Damper Operators:
- D. Humidistats:
  - 1. Room humidistats.
- E. Thermostats:
  - 1. Line voltage thermostats.
  - 2. Immersion thermostats.
  - 3. Airstream thermostats.
- F. Transmitters:
  - 1. Building static pressure transmitters.
  - 2. Water pressure transmitters (liquid differential pressure transmitters).

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 230519 Meters and Gauges for HVAC Piping: Thermometer sockets and gauge taps.
- B. Section 230993 Sequence of Operations for HVAC Controls.
- C. Section 232113 Hydronic Piping: Installation of control valves, flow switches, temperature sensor sockets, and gauge taps.
- D. Section 232114 Hydronic Specialties.
- E. Section 233300 Air Duct Accessories: Installation of automatic dampers.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AMCA 500-D Laboratory Methods of Testing Dampers for Rating; 2018.
- B. ANSI/FCI 70-2 Control Valve Seat Leakage; 2021.
- C. NEMA DC 3 Residential Controls Electrical Wall-Mounted Room Thermostats; 2013.
- D. NFPA 90A Standard for the Installation of Air-Conditioning and Ventilating Systems; 2024.

### 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Conduct a preinstallation meeting one week before starting work of this section; require attendance by all affected installers.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide description and engineering data for each control system component. Include sizing as requested. Provide data for each system component and software module.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate complete operating data, system drawings, wiring diagrams, and written detailed operational description of sequences. Submit schedule of valves indicating size, flow, and pressure drop for each valve. For automatic dampers indicate arrangement, velocities, and static pressure drops for each system.
- C. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of control components, including panels, thermostats, and sensors. Accurately record actual location of control components, including panels, thermostats, and sensors.
  - 1. Revise shop drawings to reflect actual installation and operating sequences.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include inspection period, cleaning methods, recommended cleaning materials, and calibration tolerances.
- E. Warranty: Submit manufacturer's warranty and ensure forms have been filled out in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.
- F. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. Extra Thermostats and Other Exposed Sensors: One of each type.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Designer Qualifications: Design system under direct supervision of a Professional Engineer experienced in design of this work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum 10 years experience approved by manufacturer.
- D. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc., as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Correct defective work within a five year period after Substantial Completion.
- B. Provide one year manufacturer's warranty for controls from date of final acceptance by Engineer.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 EQUIPMENT - GENERAL

A. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc., as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

#### 2.2 CONTROL VALVES

- A. Ball Valves and Actuators:
  - Manufacturers:
    - a. Belimo Aircontrols (USA), Inc: www.belimo.com/#sle.
    - b. Johnson Controls International, PLC: www.johnsoncontrols.com/#sle.
  - 2. Service: Use for hot water.
  - 3. Replacements in Kind: Provide pressure-independent type.
  - 4. Rangeability: 500 to 1.
  - 5. ANSI Rating: Class 150.
  - 6. Leakage: Class IV (0.1 percent of rated capacity) per ANSI/FCI 70-2.
  - 7. Body Size:
    - a. Under 2-1/2 inches:
      - 1) Connection: NPT.
      - 2) Materials:
        - a) Body: Brass.
        - b) Flanges: Ductile iron.
        - c) Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
        - d) Stem: Nickel-plated brass.
        - e) Seat: Graphite-reinforced PTFE with EPDM O-Ring backing.
        - f) Stem Seal: EPDM O-Rings.
        - g) Flow Control Disk: Thermoplastic synthetic-resin.
    - b. Service Temperature:
      - 1) Fluid Side: 0 to 284 degrees F liquid or 25 psig steam.
- B. Butterfly Pattern:
  - 1. Iron body, bronze disc, resilient replaceable seat for service to 250 degrees F wafer or lug ends, extended neck.
  - 2. Hydronic Systems:
    - a. Rate for service pressure of 125 psig at 250 degrees F.
    - b. Size for 3 psig maximum pressure drop at design flow rate.
- C. Electronic Operators:
  - 1. Select operator for full shut off at maximum pump differential pressure.
- D. Radiation Valves:
  - 1. Bronze body, bronze trim, 2 or 3 port as indicated, replaceable plugs and seats, union and threaded ends.
  - 2. Rate for service pressure of 125 psig at 250 degrees F.
  - 3. Size for 3 psig maximum pressure drop at design flow rate.
  - 4. two-way valves shall have equal percentage characteristics, three way valves linear characteristics. Size two-way valve operators to close valves against pump shut off head.
  - 5. Operators (2 Position): Synchronous motor with enclosed gear train, dual return springs, valve position indicator; 24 v DC, 0.4 amp. Valves shall spring return to normal position for temperature protection.

6. Operators (Modulating): Self-contained, linear motorized actuator with approximately 3/4 inch stroke, 60 second full travel with transformer and SPDT contacts: 24 v DC, 6 watt maximum input.

### 2.3 DAMPERS

- A. Performance: Test in accordance with AMCA 500-D.
- B. Frames: Galvanized steel, welded or riveted with corner reinforcement, minimum 12 gauge, 0.1046 inch.
- C. Blades: Galvanized steel, maximum blade size 8 inches wide, 48 inches long, minimum 22 gauge, 0.0299 inch, attached to minimum 1/2 inch shafts with set screws.
- D. Blade Seals: Synthetic elastomeric, inflatable, mechanically attached, field replaceable.
- E. Jamb Seals: Spring stainless steel.
- F. Shaft Bearings: Oil impregnated sintered bronze or Graphite impregnated nylon sleeve with thrust washers at bearings.
- G. Linkage Bearings: Oil impregnated sintered bronze or graphite impregnated nylon.
- H. Leakage: Less than one percent based on approach velocity of 2000 ft per min and 4 inches wg.
- I. Maximum Pressure Differential: 6 inches wg.
- J. Temperature Limits: Minus 40 to 200 degrees F.

#### 2.4 DAMPER OPERATORS

- A. General: Provide smooth proportional control with sufficient power for air velocities 20 percent greater than maximum design velocity and to provide tight seal against maximum system pressures. Provide spring return for two position control and for fail safe operation.
  - 1. Provide sufficient number of operators to achieve unrestricted movement throughout damper range.
  - 2. Provide one operator for maximum 36 sq ft damper section.

### 2.5 HUMIDISTATS

- A. Room Humidistats:
  - 1. Wall mounted, proportioning type.
  - 2. Throttling Range: Adjustable 2 percent relative humidity.
  - 3. Operating Range: 30 to 80 percent.
  - 4. Maximum Temperature: 110 degrees F.
  - 5. Cover: Set point indication.

# 2.6 INPUT/OUTPUT SENSORS

- A. Carbon Monoxide Detectors:
  - 1. Single or multichannel dual level detectors, using solid state sensors with three year minimum life. Sensor replacement shall take maximum 15 minutes. Suitable over

- temperature range of 23 to 130 degrees F.
- 2. Provide individual indicators and contractors for each level, initially calibrated for 50 ppm and 100 ppm.
- 3. Maximum response time to 100 ppm CO calibration gas: Two minutes.
- 4. Product:
  - a. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

### 2.7 THERMOSTATS

### A. Electric Room Thermostats:

- 1. Type: NEMA DC 3, 24 volts, with setback/setup temperature control.
- 2. Service: Cooling only.
- 3. Covers: Locking with setpoint indication, with thermometer.

### B. Line Voltage Thermostats:

- 1. Integral manual On/Off/Auto selector switch, single or two pole as required.
- 2. Dead Band: Maximum 2 degrees F.
- 3. Cover: Locking with set point adjustment and setpoint indication, with thermometer.
- 4. Rating: Motor load.

### C. Room Thermostat Accessories:

- 1. Thermostat Covers: plastic.
- 2. Insulating Bases: For thermostats located on exterior walls.
- 3. Thermostat Guards: Locking transparent plastic mounted on separate base.
- 4. Adjusting Key: As required for device.
- 5. Aspirating Boxes: Where indicated for thermostats requiring flush installation.

### D. Immersion Thermostats:

1. Remote bulb or bimetallic rod and tube type, proportional action with adjustable setpoint and adjustable throttling range.

### E. Airstream Thermostats:

- 1. Remote bulb or bimetallic rod and tube type, proportional action with adjustable setpoint in middle of range and adjustable throttling range.
- 2. Averaging service remote bulb element: 20 feet.

### F. Electric Low Limit Duct Thermostats:

- 1. Snap acting, single pole, single throw, automatic reset switch that trips if temperature sensed across any 12 inches of bulb length is equal to or below setpoint,
- 2. Bulb length: Minimum 20 feet.
- 3. Provide one thermostat for every 20 sq ft of coil surface.

# G. Electric High Limit Duct Thermostats:

- 1. Snap acting, single pole, single throw, automatic reset switch that trips if temperature sensed across any 12 inches of bulb length is equal to or above setpoint,
- 2. Bulb length: Minimum 20 feet.
- 3. Provide one thermostat for every 20 sq ft of coil surface.

### H. Fire Thermostats:

- 1. UL labeled, factory set in accordance with NFPA 90A.
- 2. Normally closed contacts, manual reset.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify existing conditions before starting work.
- B. Verify that systems are ready to receive work.
- C. Beginning of installation means installer accepts existing conditions.
- D. Sequence work to ensure installation of components is complementary to installation of similar components in other systems.
- E. Coordinate installation of system components with installation of mechanical systems equipment such as air handling units and air terminal units.
- F. Ensure installation of components is complementary to installation of similar components.
- G. Coordinate installation of system components with installation of mechanical systems equipment such as air handling units and air terminal units.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Check and verify location of thermostats with plans and room details before installation. Locate 60 inches above floor. Align with lighting switches and humidistats. See Section 262726.
- C. Mount freeze protection thermostats using flanges and element holders.
- D. Provide separable sockets for liquids and flanges for air bulb elements.
- E. Provide thermostats in aspirating boxes in front entrances.
- F. Provide guards on thermostats in entrances, public areas, and where indicated.
- G. Provide valves with position indicators and with pilot positioners where sequenced with other controls.
- H. Provide isolation (two position) dampers of parallel blade construction.
- I. Install damper motors on outside of duct in warm areas. Do not install motors in locations at outdoor temperatures.
- J. Mount control panels adjacent to associated equipment on vibration free walls or free standing angle iron supports. One cabinet may accommodate more than one system in same equipment room. Provide engraved plastic nameplates for instruments and controls inside cabinet and engraved plastic nameplates on cabinet face.
- K. Install "hand/off/auto" selector switches to override automatic interlock controls when switch is in "hand" position.

L. Provide conduit and electrical wiring in accordance with Section 260583. Electrical material and installation shall be in accordance with appropriate requirements of Division 26.

## 3.3 MAINTENANCE

- A. Provide a separate maintenance contract for specified maintenance service.
- B. Provide service and maintenance of control system for one year from Date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Provide complete service of controls systems, including call backs, and submit written report of each service call.
- D. In addition to normal service calls, make minimum of three complete normal inspections of approximately 3 hours duration to inspect, calibrate, and adjust controls.



# SECTION 230934 VARIABLE-FREQUENCY MOTOR CONTROLLERS FOR HVAC

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 1.1 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. IEC 60529 Degrees of Protection Provided by Enclosures (IP Code); 1989 (Corrigendum 2019).
- B. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2020.
- C. NEMA ICS 6 Industrial Control and Systems: Enclosures; 1993 (Reaffirmed 2016).
- D. NEMA ICS 7 Industrial Control and Systems: Adjustable-Speed Drives; 2020.
- E. NEMA ICS 7.1 Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation, and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems; 2022.
- F. NEMA ICS 7.2 Application Guide for AC Adjustable Speed Drive Systems; 2021.
- G. NEMA ICS 61800-2 Adjustable Speed Electrical Power Drive Systems, Part 2: General Requirements-Rating Specifications for Low Voltage Adjustable Frequency AC Power Drive Systems; 2005.
- H. NEMA MG 1 Motors and Generators; 2021.
- I. UL 508A Industrial Control Panels; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- J. UL 61800-5-1 Standard for Adjustable Speed Electrical Power Drive Systems Part 5-1: Safety Requirements – Electrical, Thermal, and Energy (Ed. 2); Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.2 VARIABLE-FREQUENCY MOTOR CONTROLLERS

- A. Provide variable-frequency motor control system consisting of required controller assemblies, operator interfaces, control power transformers, instrumentation and control wiring, sensors, accessories, system programming, etc. as necessary for complete operating system.
- B. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for purpose intended.
- C. Controller Assemblies: Comply with NEMA ICS 7, NEMA ICS 7.1, and NEMA ICS 61800-2; list and label as complying with UL 61800-5-1 or UL 508A as applicable.
- D. Provide controllers selected for actual installed motors and coupled mechanical loads in accordance with NEMA ICS 7.2, NEMA MG 1 Part 30, and recommendations of manufacturers of both controller and load, where not in conflict with specified requirements; considerations include, but are not limited to:
  - 1. Motor type (e.g., induction, reluctance, and permanent magnet); consider NEMA MG 1 design letter or inverter duty rating for induction motors.

- 2. Motor load type (e.g., constant torque, variable torque, and constant horsepower); consider duty cycle, impact loads, and high inertia loads.
- 3. Motor nameplate data.
- 4. Requirements for speed control range, speed regulation, and braking.
- 5. Motor suitability for bypass starting method, where applicable.
- E. Devices on Load Side of Controller: Suitable for application across full controller output frequency range.
- F. Operating Requirements:
  - 1. Input Voltage Tolerance: Plus/minus 10 percent of nominal.
  - 2. Input Frequency Tolerance: Plus/minus 5 percent of nominal.
  - 3. Efficiency: Minimum of 96 percent at full speed and load.
  - 4. Input Displacement Power Factor: Minimum of 0.96 throughout speed and load range.
  - 5. Overload Rating:
    - a. Variable Torque Loads: Minimum of 110 percent of nominal for 60 seconds.
    - b. Constant Torque Loads: Minimum of 150 percent of nominal for 60 seconds.
- G. Power Conversion System: Microprocessor-based, pulse width modulation type consisting of rectifier/converter, DC bus/link, and inverter.
  - 1. Rectifier/Converter: Diode-based, 6-pulse type unless otherwise indicated.
- H. Control System:
  - 1. Provide microprocessor-based control system for automatic control, monitoring, and protection of motors. Include sensors, wiring, and connections necessary for functions and status/alarm indications specified.
  - 2. Provide integral operator interface for controller programming, display of status/alarm indications, fault reset, and local control functions including motor run/stop, motor forward/reverse selection, motor speed increase/decrease, and local/remote control selection.
  - 3. Control Functions:
    - a. Control Method: Selectable vector and scalar/volts per hertz unless otherwise indicated.
      - 1) Scalar/Volts per Hertz Control: Provide IR compensation for improved low-speed torque.
      - 2) Vector Control: Provide selectable autotuning function.
    - b. Adjustable acceleration and deceleration time; linear and S-curve ramps; selectable coast to stop.
    - c. Selectable braking control; DC injection or flux braking.
    - d. Adjustable minimum/maximum speed limits.
    - e. Adjustable pulse width modulation switching carrier frequency.
    - f. Adjustable motor slip compensation.
    - g. Selectable autorestart after noncritical fault; programmable number of time delay between restart attempts.
  - 4. Status Indications:
    - a. Motor run/stop status.
    - b. Motor forward/reverse status.
    - c. Local/remote control status.
    - d. Output voltage.
    - e. Output current.
    - f. Output frequency.

- g. DC bus voltage.
- h. Motor speed.
- 5. Protective Functions/Alarm Indications:
  - a. Overcurrent.
  - b. Motor overload.
  - c. Undervoltage.
  - d. Overvoltage.
  - e. Controller overtemperature.
  - f. Input/output phase loss.
  - g. Output short circuit protection.
  - h. Output ground fault protection.
- 6. Inputs:
  - a. Digital Input(s): Three.
  - b. Analog Input(s): Two.
- 7. Outputs:
- 8. Features:
  - a. Password-protected security access.
  - b. Event log.
- I. Power Conditioning/Filtering:
  - 1. Provide DC link choke or input/line reactor for each controller unless otherwise indicated or required.
  - 2. Reactor Impedance: 3 percent, unless otherwise indicated or required.
- J. Packaged Controllers: Controllers factory-mounted in separate enclosure with externally operable disconnect and specified accessories.
  - 1. Disconnects: Circuit breaker or disconnect switch type.
    - a. Disconnect Switches: Fusible type or nonfusible type with separate input fuses.
    - b. Provide externally operable handle with means for locking in OFF position.

      Provide safety interlock to prevent opening cover with disconnect in ON position with capability of overriding interlock for testing purposes.
    - c. Provide auxiliary interlock for disconnection of external control power sources where applicable.
  - 2. Provide door-mounted remote operator interface.
- K. Service Conditions:
  - 1. Provide controllers and associated components suitable for operation under following service conditions without derating:
    - a. Altitude: Less than 3,300 feet.
    - b. Ambient Temperature: Between 32 degrees F and 104 degrees F.
  - 2. Provide controllers and associated components suitable for operation at indicated ratings under service conditions at installed location.
- L. Short Circuit Current Rating:
  - 1. Provide line/input reactors where specified by manufacturer for required short circuit current rating.
- M. Conductor Terminations: Suitable for use with conductors to be installed.
- N. Enclosures:
  - 1. Comply with NEMA ICS 6.

- 2. NEMA 250 Environment Type or Equivalent IEC 60529 Rating: Unless otherwise indicated, as specified for following installation locations:
- 3. Finish: Manufacturer's standard unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Cooling: Forced air or natural convection as determined by manufacturer.

# 1.3 OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

## SECTION 230993 SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS FOR HVAC CONTROLS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. This section defines the manner and method by which controls function. Requirements for each type of control system operation are specified. Equipment, devices, and system components required for control systems are specified in other sections.
- B. Sequence of operation for:
  - 1. Air terminal units.
  - 2. Cabinet heaters.
  - 3. Central fan systems.
  - 4. Fan coil units.
  - 5. Heating coils.
  - 6. Heating water zone control.
  - 7. Parking garage ventilation systems.
  - 8. Radiation and convectors.
  - 9. Unit heaters.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 230923 Direct-Digital Control System for HVAC.
- B. Section 262816.13 Enclosed Circuit Breakers.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Sequence of Operation Documentation: Submit written sequence of operation for entire HVAC system and each piece of equipment.
  - 1. State each sequence in small segments and give each segment a unique number for referencing in Functional Test procedures; provide a complete description regardless of the completeness and clarity of the sequences specified in Contract Documents.
  - 2. Include at least the following sequences:
    - a. Start-up.
    - b. Warm-up mode.
    - c. Normal operating mode.
    - d. Unoccupied mode.
    - e. Shutdown.
    - f. Capacity control sequences and equipment staging.
    - g. Temperature and pressure control, such as setbacks, setups, resets, etc.
    - h. Detailed sequences for all control strategies, such as economizer control, optimum start/stop, staging, optimization, demand limiting, etc.
    - i. Effects of power or equipment failure with all standby component functions.
    - j. Sequences for all alarms and emergency shut downs.

- k. Seasonal operational differences and recommendations.
- 1. Interactions and interlocks with other systems.
- 3. Include initial and recommended values for all adjustable settings, setpoints and parameters that are typically set or adjusted by operating staff; and any other control settings or fixed values, delays, etc. that will be useful during testing and operating the equipment.
- 4. For packaged controlled equipment, include manufacturer's furnished sequence of operation amplified as required to describe the relationship between the packaged controls and the control system, indicating which points are adjustable control points and which points are only monitored.
- 5. Include schedules, if known.
- B. Control System Diagrams: Submit graphic schematic of the control system showing each control component and each component controlled, monitored, or enabled.
  - 1. Label with settings, adjustable range of control and limits.
  - 2. Include flow diagrams for each control system, graphically depicting control logic.
  - 3. Include the system and component layout of all equipment that the control system monitors, enables or controls, even if the equipment is primarily controlled by packaged or integral controls.
  - 4. Include a key to all abbreviations.
- C. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components and setpoints of controls, including changes to sequences made after submission of shop drawings.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Design system under direct supervision of a Professional Engineer experienced in design of this Work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 AIR TERMINAL UNITS

- A. Single-duct Variable Volume:
  - 1. Cooling with Reheat:
    - a. On a rise in space temperature above the cooling set-point, the unit modulates to its maximum airflow.
    - b. As the space temperature falls below the cooling set-point, the unit modulates to its minimum airflow.

#### 3.2 CABINET HEATERS

- A. Single temperature electric thermostat mounted in cabinet return air set at 68 degrees F maintains constant space temperature by cycling unit fan motor.
- B. Single temperature thermostat on return heating water line from floor mounted cabinet heaters de-energizes unit on temperatures below 95 degrees F.

### 3.3 CENTRAL FAN SYSTEMS

A. Time Schedule: Start and stop supply and return fans. Determine fan status through auxiliary contactors in motor starter. If fan fails to start as commanded, signal alarm.

## B. Safety Devices:

- 1. Freeze Protection: Stop fans and close outside air dampers if temperature before supply fan is below 37 degrees F; signal alarm.
- 2. High Temperature Protection: Stop fans and close outside dampers if temperature in return air is above 300 degrees F; signal alarm.
- 3. Smoke Detector: Stop fans, close outside dampers, and close smoke dampers if smoke is detected; signal alarm.
- C. Outside Air Damper: When supply fan is running, open outside air damper to minimum position. Prevent supply fan starting until outside air damper is open and position is verified.

### D. Outside, Return, and Relief Dampers:

- 1. When supply fan is not running, outside and relief dampers are closed and return damper is open.
- 2. When supply fan is running, dampers are controlled and operate with outside and relief dampers opening, and return damper closing.
- 3. For cooling and outside air temperatures below 55 degrees F, modulate dampers to maintain mixed air temperature of 55 degrees F or higher.
- 4. For cooling and outside air temperatures above 55 degrees F outside and relief dampers are open and return damper is closed.
- 5. For cooling and outside air temperatures above 55 degrees F compare return and outside air temperatures. If return air temperature is lower, drive outside damper to minimum, close relief damper, and open return damper.
- 6. For outside air temperatures above 79 degrees F, drive outside damper to minimum, close relief damper, and open return damper.
- 7. For heating, drive outside damper to minimum, close relief damper, and open return damper.
- E. Modulate mixed air dampers in sequence to maintain constant mixed air temperature.
- F. Provide CO2 sensors in space to control outsie air for ventilation based on demand through self-contained packaged unit controller.

#### 3.4 HEATING COILS

A. Single temperature room thermostat set at 75 degrees F maintains constant space temperature by energizing electric heaters.

#### 3.5 HEATING WATER ZONE CONTROL

- A. On outside air temperature below 65 degrees F energize hot water heating pump.
- B. On outside temperatures above 65 degrees F, de-energize heating pumps and suppress alarm.

### 3.6 GARAGE VENTILATION SYSTEMS

- A. Carbon Monoxide (CO) detector maintains maximum CO level of 50 ppm by cycling exhaust fan. When CO level exceeds 100 ppm, signal alarm.
- B. When exhaust fan starts, start make-up unit.

#### 3.7 RADIATION AND CONVECTORS

A. Single temperature room thermostat set at 75 degrees F maintains constant space temperature by energizing electric heaters.

## 3.8 TERMINAL AIR UNITS

A. Single temperature thermostat set at 75 degrees F maintains constant space temperature by modulating variable volume damper operator.

### 3.9 UNIT HEATERS

- A. Single temperature electric room thermostat maintains constant space temperature of 68 degrees F by cycling unit fan motor.
- B. Single temperature thermostat on return heating water line from floor mounted cabinet heaters de-energizes unit on temperatures below 95 degrees F.

## 3.10 TOILET EXHAUST

A. Fan shall be started and stopped via a time clock and shall run continuously during occupied hours.

END OF SECTION 230993

## SECTION 232113 HYDRONIC PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Hydronic system requirements.
- B. Heating water piping, above grade.
- C. Pipe and pipe fittings for:
  - 1. Heating water piping system.
  - 2. Equipment drains and overflows.
- D. Pipe hangers and supports.
- E. Unions, flanges, mechanical couplings, and dielectric connections.
- F. Valves:
  - 1. Ball valves.
  - 2. Butterfly valves.
  - 3. Check valves.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 083100 Access Doors and Panels.
- B. Section 099123 Interior Painting.
- C. Section 230516 Expansion Fittings and Loops for HVAC Piping.
- D. Section 230548 Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC.
- E. Section 230553 Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment.
- F. Section 230719 HVAC Piping Insulation.
- G. Section 232114 Hydronic Specialties.
- H. Section 260583 Wiring Connections: Electrical characteristics and wiring connections.

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME B16.3 Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings: Classes 150 and 300; 2021.
- B. ASME B16.18 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings; 2021.
- C. ASME B16.22 Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Pressure Fittings; 2021.
- D. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping; 2020.

- E. ASME BPVC-IX Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX Qualification Standard for Welding, Brazing, and Fusing Procedures; Welders; Brazers; and Welding, Brazing, and Fusing Operators; 2023.
- F. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2022.
- G. ASTM A234/A234M Standard Specification for Piping Fittings of Wrought Carbon Steel and Alloy Steel for Moderate and High Temperature Service; 2023a.
- H. ASTM B32 Standard Specification for Solder Metal; 2020.
- I. ASTM B88 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube; 2022.
- J. ASTM F708 Standard Practice for Design and Installation of Rigid Pipe Hangers; 2024.
- K. ASTM F1476 Standard Specification for Performance of Gasketed Mechanical Couplings for Use in Piping Applications; 2007 (Reapproved 2019).
- L. AWS A5.8M/A5.8 Specification for Filler Metals for Brazing and Braze Welding; 2019.
- M. AWWA C606 Grooved and Shouldered Joints; 2022.
- N. MSS SP-58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation; 2018, with Amendment (2019).

### 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination: Coordinate the installation of radiators with size, location and installation of service utilities.
- B. MSS SP-69 Pipe Hangers and Supports Selection and Application; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2003.
- C. MSS SP-89 Pipe Hangers and Supports Fabrication and Installation Practices; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2003.

### 1.5 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Where more than one piping system material is specified, ensure system components are compatible and joined to ensure the integrity of the system is not jeopardized. Provide necessary joining fittings. Ensure flanges, union, and couplings for servicing are consistently provided.
- B. Use unions, flanges, and couplings downstream of valves and at equipment or apparatus connections. Do not use direct welded or threaded connections to valves, equipment or other apparatus.
- C. Use non-conducting dielectric connections whenever jointing dissimilar metals.
- D. Provide pipe hangers and supports in accordance with ASME B31.9 unless indicated otherwise.
- E. Use ball or butterfly valves for shut-off and to isolate equipment, part of systems, or vertical risers.

- F. Use plug cocks for throttling service. Use non-lubricated plug cocks only when shut-off or isolating valves are also provided.
- G. Use butterfly valves in heating water systems interchangeably with gate and globe valves.
- H. Use 3/4 inch ball valves with cap for drains at main shut-off valves, low points of piping, bases of vertical risers, and at equipment. Pipe to nearest floor drain.

### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include data on pipe materials, pipe fittings, valves, and accessories. Provide manufacturers catalogue information. Indicate valve data and ratings.
- B. Product Data:
  - 1. Include data on pipe materials, pipe fittings, valves, and accessories.
  - 2. Provide manufacturers catalog information.
  - 3. Indicate valve data and ratings.
- C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate hanging and support methods, joining procedures.
- D. Shop Drawings: Indicate fittings, particulars such as sizes, welds, and configuration prior to start of work for all systems.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of valves.
- F. Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions, spare parts lists, exploded assembly views.
- G. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. Valve Repacking Kits: One for each type and size of valve.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products of the type specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified in this section with minimum three years of experience.

### 1.8 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Conform to ASME B31.9 code for installation of piping system.

### 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept valves on site in shipping containers with labeling in place. Inspect for damage.
- B. Provide temporary protective coating on cast iron and steel valves.
- C. Provide temporary end caps and closures on piping and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.

D. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work, and isolating parts of completed system.

#### 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install underground piping when bedding is wet or frozen.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 HYDRONIC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with ASME B31.9 and applicable federal, state, and local regulations.
- B. Piping: Provide piping, fittings, hangers, and supports as required, as indicated, and as follows:
  - 1. Where more than one piping system material is specified, provide joining fittings that are compatible with piping materials and ensure that the integrity of the system is not jeopardized.
  - 2. Use non-conducting dielectric connections whenever jointing dissimilar metals.
  - 3. Provide pipe hangers and supports in accordance with ASME B31.9 or MSS SP-58 unless indicated otherwise.
  - 4. Use flexible joints at connections to pumps and rotating equipment.
  - 5. Three flexible joints may be used in lieu of a flexible connector.
  - 6. Provide pipe hangers and supports in accordance with ASME B31.9 or MSS SP-69 unless indicated otherwise.
- C. Pipe-to-Valve and Pipe-to-Equipment Connections: Use unions to allow disconnection of components for servicing; do not use direct welded, soldered, or threaded connections.
- D. Valves: Provide valves where indicated:
  - 1. Provide drain valves where indicated, and if not indicated, provide at least at main shutoff, low points of piping, bases of vertical risers, and at equipment. Use 3/4 inch gate valves with cap; pipe to nearest floor drain.
  - 2. Isolate equipment using butterfly valves with lug end flanges.
  - 3. For shut-off and to isolate parts of systems or vertical risers, use ball valves.
  - 4. For throttling service, use plug cocks. Use non-lubricated plug cocks only when shut-off or isolating valves are also provided.

#### 2.2 HEATING WATER PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Copper Tube: ASTM B88 (((ASTM B88M))), Type L (B), drawn, using one of the following joint types:
  - 1. Solder Joints: ASME B16.18 cast brass/bronze or ASME B16.22 solder wrought copper fittings.
    - a. Solder: ASTM B32 lead-free solder, HB alloy (95-5 tin-antimony) or tin and silver.
    - b. Braze: AWS A5.8M/A5.8 BCuP copper/silver alloy.

### 2.3 EQUIPMENT DRAINS AND OVERFLOWS

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M, Schedule 40 galvanized; using one of the following joint types:
- B. Copper Tube: ASTM B88 (((ASTM B88M))), Type L (B), drawn; using one of the following joint types:
  - 1. Solder Joints: ASME B16.18 cast brass/bronze or ASME B16.22 solder wrought copper fittings; ASTM B32 lead-free solder, HB alloy (95-5 tin-antimony) or tin and silver.

#### 2.4 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide hangers and supports that comply with MSS SP-58.
  - If type of hanger or support for a particular situation is not indicated, select appropriate type using MSS SP-58 recommendations.
- B. Conform to ASME B31.9 or MSS SP-58, MSS SP-69 ans MSS SP-89.
- C. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 Inches: Malleable iron, adjustable swivel, split ring.
- D. Hangers for Cold Pipe Sizes 2 Inches and Greater: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
- E. Multiple or Trapeze Hangers: Steel channels with welded spacers and hanger rods.
- F. Wall Support for Pipe Sizes to 3 Inches: Cast iron hook.
- G. Vertical Support: Steel riser clamp.
- H. Floor Support for Cold Pipe: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.
- I. Floor Support for Hot Pipe Sizes to 4 Inches: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and concrete pier or steel support.
- J. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.
- K. Hanger Rods: Mild steel threaded both ends, threaded one end, or continuous threaded.

### 2.5 UNIONS, FLANGES, BOLTS, NUTS, AND COUPLINGS

- A. Unions for Pipe of 2 Inches and Less:
  - 1. Ferrous Piping: 150 psi brass or malleable iron, threaded.
  - 2. Copper Pipe: Bronze, soldered joints.
- B. Flanges for Pipe 2 Inches and Greater:
- C. Mechanical Couplings for Grooved and Shouldered Joints: Two or more curved housing segments with continuous key to engage pipe groove, circular C-profile gasket, and bolts to secure and compress gasket.
  - 1. Dimensions and Testing: In accordance with AWWA C606.
  - 2. Mechanical Couplings: Comply with ASTM F1476.
  - 3. Housing Material: Malleable iron or ductile iron, galvanized.
  - 4. Bolts and Nuts: Hot dipped galvanized or zinc-electroplated steel.
  - 5. When pipe is field grooved, provide coupling manufacturer's grooving tools.

D. Dielectric Connections: Union or waterway fitting with water impervious isolation barrier and one galvanized or plated steel end and one copper tube end, end types to match pipe joint types used.

#### 2.6 BALL VALVES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Apollo Valves: www.apollovalves.com/#sle.
  - 2. Crane: www.cranevalve.com
  - 3. Milwaukee Valve Company: www.milwaukeevalve.com.
- B. Up To and Including 2 Inches:
  - 1. Bronze one piece body, chrome plated brass ball, teflon seats and stuffing box ring, lever handle with balancing stops, solder ends with union.

#### 2.7 BUTTERFLY VALVES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Apollo Valves: www.apollovalves.com/#sle.
- B. Body: Cast or ductile iron with resilient replaceable EPDM seat, lugends, extended neck.
- C. Disc: Construct of stainless steel or Buna-N encapsulation.
- D. Stem: Stainless steel with stem offset from the centerline to provide full 360-degree circumferential setting.
- E. Operator: 10 position lever handle.

### 2.8 SWING CHECK VALVES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Crane: www.cranevalve.com
  - 2. Milwaukee Valve Company: www.milwaukeevalve.com.
- B. Up To and Including 2 Inches:
  - 1. Bronze body, bronze trim, bronze rotating swing disc, with composition disc, solder or threaded ends.

#### 2.9 SPRING LOADED CHECK VALVES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Crane Co.: www.cranevalve.com.
  - 2. NIBCO: www.nibco.com
- B. Iron body, bronze trim, split plate, hinged with stainless steel spring, resilient seal bonded to body, wafer, or threaded lug ends.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Prepare pipe for grooved mechanical joints as required by coupling manufacturer.
- C. Remove scale and dirt on inside and outside before assembly.
- D. Prepare piping connections to equipment using jointing system specified.
- E. Keep open ends of pipe free from scale and dirt. Protect open ends with temporary plugs or caps.
- F. After completion, fill, clean, and treat systems. See Section 232500 for additional requirements.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Route piping in orderly manner, parallel to building structure, and maintain gradient.
- C. Install piping to conserve building space and to avoid interference with use of space.
- D. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- E. Sleeve pipe passing through partitions, walls, and floors.
- F. Slope piping and arrange to drain at low points.
- G. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment. See Section 230516.

### H. Pipe Hangers and Supports:

- 1. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2-inch space between finished covering and adjacent work.
- 2. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
- 3. Use hangers with 1-1/2 inches minimum vertical adjustment. Design hangers for pipe movement without disengagement of supported pipe.
- 4. Support vertical piping at every other floor. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping.
- 5. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
- 6. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping.
- 7. Prime coat exposed steel hangers and supports. See Section 09 9123. Hangers and supports located in crawl spaces, pipe shafts, and suspended ceiling spaces are not considered exposed.
- I. Provide clearance in hangers and from structure and other equipment for installation of insulation and access to valves and fittings. See Section 230719.
- J. Provide access where valves and fittings are not exposed. Coordinate size and location of access doors with Section 083100.

- K. Use eccentric reducers to maintain top of pipe level.
- L. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building framing, scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc-rich primer to welds.
- M. Prepare unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories, ready for finish painting. See Section 099123.
- N. Install valves with stems upright or horizontal, not inverted.

# 3.3 SCHEDULES

- A. Hanger Spacing for Copper Tubing.
  - 1. 1/2 Inch and 3/4 inch: Maximum span, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
  - 2. 1 Inch: Maximum span, 6 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
  - 3. 1-1/2 Inches and 2 Inches: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
  - 4. 2-1/2 Inches: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
  - 5. 3 Inches: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- B. Hanger Spacing for Steel Piping.
  - 1. 1/2 Inch, 3/4 Inch, and 1 Inch: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
  - 2. 1-1/4 Inches: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
  - 3. 1-1/2 Inches: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
  - 4. 2 Inches: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- C. Hanger Spacing for Plastic Piping.
  - 1. 1/2 Inch: Maximum span, 42 inches; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
  - 2. 3/4 Inch: Maximum span, 45 inches; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
  - 3. 1 Inch: Maximum span, 51 inches; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.

END OF SECTION 232113

## SECTION 232114 HYDRONIC SPECIALTIES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Expansion tanks.
- B. Air vents.
- C. Air separators.
- D. Strainers.
- E. Pressure-temperature test plugs.
- F. Balancing valves.
- G. Automatic flow control valves.
- H. Flow indicators, controls, meters.
- I. Radiator valves.
- J. Relief valves.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 232113 - Hydronic Piping.

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME B16.1 Gray Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings: Classes 25, 125, and 250; 2020.
- B. ASME B16.11 Forged Fittings, Socket-Welding and Threaded; 2021.
- C. ASME BPVC-VIII-1 Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Division 1: Rules for Construction of Pressure Vessels; 2023.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide product data for manufactured products and assemblies required for this project. Include component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes. Include product description and model.
- B. Certificates: Inspection certificates for pressure vessels from manufacturer or authority having jurisdiction.
- C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate hanging and support methods, joining procedures.

- D. Maintenance Contract.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of flow controls and flow meters.
- F. Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions, assembly views, lubrication instructions, and replacement parts list.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept valves on site in shipping containers with labeling in place. Inspect for damage.
- B. Provide temporary protective coating on cast iron and steel valves.
- C. Provide temporary end caps and closures on piping and fittings. Maintain in place until installation.
- D. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work, and isolating parts of completed system.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 EXPANSION TANKS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Amtrol Inc: www.amtrol.com/#sle.
  - 2. Bell & Gossett, a brand of Xylem, Inc: www.bellgossett.com/#sle.
  - 3. Taco, Inc: www.taco-hvac.com/#sle.
- B. Construction: Welded steel, tested and stamped in accordance with ASME BPVC-VIII-1; supplied with National Board Form U-1, adjustable flexible EPDM diaphragm or bladder seal factory precharged to 12 psi, and steel support stand.
- C. Automatic Cold Water Fill Assembly: Pressure reducing valve, reduced pressure double check backflow preventer, test cocks, strainer, vacuum breaker, and valved by-pass.
- D. Accessories: Provide air-charging fitting, bulls eye sight glass, pressure gauge, and tank drain ball valve.

#### 2.2 AIR VENTS

### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Armstrong International, Inc: www.armstronginternational.com/#sle.
- 2. Bell & Gossett, a brand of Xylem, Inc: www.bellgossett.com/#sle.
- 3. Taco, Inc: www.taco-hvac.com/#sle.

- B. Manual Air Vent: Short vertical sections of 2-inch diameter pipe to form air chamber, with 1/8 inch brass needle valve at top of chamber.
- C. Float Air Vent:
  - 1. Brass or semi-steel body, copper, polypropylene, or solid non-metallic float, stainless steel valve and valve seat; suitable for system operating temperature and pressure; with isolating valve.
  - 2. Cast iron body and cover, float, bronze pilot valve mechanism suitable for system operating temperature and pressure; with isolating valve.
- D. Maximum Fluid Pressure: 150 psi.
- E. Maximum Fluid Temperature: 250 degrees F.

### 2.3 AIR SEPARATORS

- A. Centrifugal Air Separators/Strainers:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Bell & Gossett, a brand of Xylem, Inc: www.bellgossett.com/#sle.
    - b. Taco, Inc: www.taco-hvac.com/#sle.
  - 2. Primed steel body, tested and stamped in accordance with ASME BPVC-VIII-1 with integral bronze strainer, tangential flanged inlet and outlet connections, and internal stainless steel air collector tube.
  - 3. Maximum Service Pressure: 125 PSI.

#### 2.4 STRAINERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Armstrong International, Inc: www.armstronginternational.com/#sle.
  - 2. Grinnell Products: www.grinnell.com/#sle.
  - 3. Spirax Sarco: www.spiraxsarco.com
  - 4. Hoffman Specialty: www.hoffmansales.com
- B. Size 2 inch and Under:
  - 1. Provide threaded or sweat brass or iron body for up to 175 psi working pressure, Y-pattern strainer with 1/32 inch stainless steel perforated screen.
  - 2. Body Material by Fluid Service:
    - a. Cast Iron or Brass:
      - 1) Liquids: Up to 400 psi at 150 degrees F.
- C. Size 2-1/2 inch to 4 inch:
  - 1. Provide flanged iron body for up to 175 psi working pressure, up to 250 degrees F working temperature, Y-pattern strainer with 1/16 inch or 3/64 inch stainless steel perforated screen.
  - 2. Body Material by Fluid Service:
    - a. Cast Iron:
      - 1) Liquids: Up to 200 psi at 150 degrees F.

## 2.5 PUMP CONNECTORS

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. The Metraflex Company; Vane Flex: www.metraflex.com/#sle.
- B. Flexible Connectors: Flanged, braided type with wetted components of stainless steel, sized to match piping.
  - 1. Maximum Operating Service: 150 psi at 120 degrees F.
  - 2. End Connections: Flanged ductile iron; complying with ASME B16.1 Class 125.
  - 3. End Connections: Threaded; complying with ASME B16.11.

#### 2.6 PRESSURE-TEMPERATURE TEST PLUGS

- A. Construction: Brass body designed to receive temperature or pressure probe with removable protective cap, and Neoprene rated for minimum 200 degrees F.
- B. Application: Use extended length plugs to clear insulated piping.

### 2.7 BALANCING VALVES

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Bell & Gossett, a brand of Xylem, Inc: www.bellgossett.com/#sle.
- 2. Nexus Valve, Inc: www.nexusvalve.com/#sle.
- 3. Taco, Inc: www.taco-hvac.com/#sle.

#### B. Size 2 inch and Smaller:

- 1. Provide ball or globe style with flow balancing, shut-off capabilities, memory stops, and minimum of two metering ports and female sweat, NPT threaded, press, or soldered connections.
- 2. Metal construction materials consist of brass or bronze.
- 3. Non-metal construction materials consist of Teflon or EPDM.

#### C. Size 2-1/2 inch and Larger:

- 1. Provide ball or butterfly style with flow balancing, shut-off capabilities, memory stops, and minimum of two metering ports and flanged or weld-end connections.
- 2. Valve body construction materials consist of cast iron, carbon steel, or ductile iron.
- 3. Internal components construction materials consist of brass, bronze, Teflon, or EPDM.

### 2.8 AUTOMATIC FLOW CONTROL VALVES

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Bell & Gossett, a brand of Xylem, Inc: www.bellgossett.com/#sle.
- 2. Nexus Valve, Inc: www.nexusvalve.com/#sle.
- 3. Taco: www.taco-hvac.com
- 4. Amtrol Inc: www.amtrol.com.
- 5. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### B. Construction:

- 1. Brass, bronze, or iron body with union on inlet and outlet, temperature and pressure test plug on inlet and outlet with blowdown/backflush drain.
- 2. Built-in lug-type outlet butterfly valve with 2-position handle.

- C. Calibration: Control flow within 10 percent of selected rating, over operating pressure range of 10 times minimum pressure required for control, minimum pressure 2 psi.
- D. Control Mechanism: Provide stainless steel or nickel-plated, brass piston or regulator cup, operating against stainless steel helical or wave formed spring or elastomeric diaphragm and polyphenylsulfone orifice plate.

#### 2.9 RADIATOR VALVES

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Armstrong International, Inc: www.armstronginternational.com/#sle.
- 2. Bell & Gossett, a brand of Xylem, Inc www.bellgossett.com/#sle.
- B. Angle or straight pattern, rising stem, inside screw globe valve for 125 psi working pressure, with bronze body and integral union for screwed connections, renewable composition disc, plastic wheel handle for shut-off service, and lockshield key cap and set screw memory bonnet for balancing service.

### 2.10 RELIEF VALVES

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Apollo Valves: www.apollovalves.com/#sle.
- 2. Bell & Gossett, a brand of Xylem, Inc: www.bellgossett.com/#sle.
- B. Bronze body, teflon seat, stainless steel stem and springs, automatic, direct pressure actuated, capacities ASME certified and labelled.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install specialties in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide manual air vents at system high points and as indicated.
- C. For automatic air vents in ceiling spaces or other concealed locations, provide vent tubing to nearest drain.
- D. Provide valved drain and hose connection on strainer blowdown connection.
- E. Support pump fittings with floor-mounted pipe and flange supports.
- F. Provide radiator valves on water inlet to terminal heating units such as radiation, unit heaters, and fan coil units.
- G. Provide radiator balancing valves on water outlet from terminal heating units such as radiation, unit heaters, and fan coil units.

END OF SECTION 232114



## SECTION 232123 HYDRONIC PUMPS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. In-line circulators.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 230548 Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC.
- B. Section 230719 HVAC Piping Insulation.
- C. Section 232113 Hydronic Piping.
- D. Section 232114 Hydronic Specialties.
- E. Section 260583 Wiring Connections: Electrical characteristics and wiring connections.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NEMA MG 1 Motors and Generators; 2021.
- B. NEMA OS 1 Sheet-Steel Outlet Boxes, Device Boxes, Covers, and Box Supports; 2013 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- C. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- D. UL 778 Standard for Motor-Operated Water Pumps; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide certified pump curves showing performance characteristics with pump and system operating point plotted. Include NPSH curve when applicable. Include electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
- B. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate hanging and support requirements and recommendations.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions, assembly views, lubrication instructions, and replacement parts list.
- D. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacture, assembly, and field performance of pumps, with minimum three years of documented experience.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Armstrong Fluid Technology, Inc: www.armstrongfluidtechnology.com/#sle.
- B. Bell & Gossett, a Xylem Inc. brand: www.bellgossett.com/#sle.
- C. Taco: www.taco-hvac.com.
- D. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.2 HVAC PUMPS - GENERAL

- A. Provide pumps that operate at specified system fluid temperatures without vapor binding and cavitation, are non-overloading in parallel or individual operation, and operate within 25 percent of midpoint of published maximum efficiency curve.
- B. Minimum Quality Standard: UL 778.
- C. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by UL or testing agency acceptable to Authority Having Jurisdiction as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

### 2.3 SYSTEM LUBRICATED CIRCULATORS

- A. Type: Horizontal shaft, single stage, direct connected with multiple speed wet rotor motor for in-line mounting, for 140 psi maximum working pressure, 230 degrees F maximum water temperature.
- B. Casing: Cast iron with flanged pump connections.
- C. Impeller, Shaft, Rotor: Stainless Steel.
- D. Bearings: Metal Impregnated carbon (graphite) and ceramic.
- E. Motor: Impedance protected, multiple speed, with external speed selector.
- F. Performance:
  - 1. See schedule on drawings.
- G. Electrical Characteristics:
  - See schedule on drawings.

### 2.4 IN-LINE CIRCULATORS

A. Type: Horizontal shaft, single stage, direct connected, with resiliently mounted motor for inline mounting, oil lubricated, for 125 psi maximum working pressure.

- B. Type: Horizontal shaft, single stage, direct connected, with resiliently mounted motor for inline mounting, oil lubricated, for 175 psi maximum working pressure.
- C. Casing: Cast iron, with flanged pump connections.
- D. Impeller: Cadmium plated steel keyed to shaft.
- E. Bearings: Oil-lubricated bronze sleeve.
- F. Shaft: Alloy steel with bronze sleeve, integral thrust collar.
- G. Seal: Mechanical seal, 225 degrees F maximum continuous operating temperature.
- H. Seal: Mechanical seal, 275 degrees F maximum continuous operating temperature.
- I. Drive: Flexible coupling.
- J. Performance:
  - 1. See schedule on drawings.
- K. Electrical Characteristics:
  - 1. See schedule on drawings.

#### 2.5 VERTICAL IN-LINE PUMPS

- A. Type: Vertical, single stage, close coupled, radially or horizontally split casing, for in-line mounting, for 175 psi working pressure.
- B. Casing: Cast iron, with suction and discharge gauge port, casing wear ring, seal flush connection, drain plug, flanged suction and discharge.
- C. Impeller: Bronze, fully enclosed, keyed directly to motor shaft or extension.
- D. Shaft: Carbon steel with stainless steel impeller cap screw or nut and bronze sleeve.
- E. Seal: Mechanical seal, 225 degrees F maximum continuous operating temperature.
- F. Seal: Packing gland with minimum four rings graphite impregnated packing and bronze lantern rings, 250 degrees F maximum continuous operating temperature.
- G. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Armstrong Fluid Technology, Inc; Design Envelope 4300: www.armstrongfluidtechnology.com/#sle.
  - 2. Grundfos..

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

A. Verify that electric power is available and of the correct characteristics.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide access space around pumps for service. Provide no less than minimum space recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Lubricate pumps before start-up.

## 3.3 SCHEDULES

A. See Drawings.

END OF SECTION 232123

## SECTION 232300 REFRIGERANT PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Piping.
- B. Refrigerant.
- C. Flexible connections.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 230719 HVAC Piping Insulation.
- B. Section 23 8129 Variable Refrigerant Volume Systems.
- C. Section 238216 Air Coils.
- D. Section 230993 Sequence of Operations for HVAC Controls.
- E. Section 260583 Wiring Connections: Electrical characteristics and wiring connections.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AHRI 495 Performance Rating of Refrigerant Liquid Receivers; 2005.
- B. AHRI 730 (I-P) Flow Capacity Rating of Suction Line Filters and Suction Line Filter Driers; 2013 (Reapproved 2014).
- C. ASHRAE Std 15 Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems; 2022, with Addendum (2024).
- D. ASHRAE Std 34 Designation and Safety Classification of Refrigerants; 2022, with Errata (2024).
- E. ASME B16.22 Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Pressure Fittings; 2021.
- F. ASME B16.26 Cast Copper Alloy Fittings for Flared Copper Tubes; 2018.
- G. ASME B31.5 Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components; 2022.
- H. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping; 2020.
- I. ASME BPVC-IX Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX Qualification Standard for Welding, Brazing, and Fusing Procedures; Welders; Brazers; and Welding, Brazing, and Fusing Operators; 2023.
- J. ASME BPVC-VIII-1 Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Division 1: Rules for Construction of Pressure Vessels; 2023.

- K. ASTM B88 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube; 2022.
- L. ASTM B280 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Tube for Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Field Service; 2023.
- M. ASTM F708 Standard Practice for Design and Installation of Rigid Pipe Hangers; 2024.
- N. AWS A5.8M/A5.8 Specification for Filler Metals for Brazing and Braze Welding; 2019.
- O. MSS SP-58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation; 2018, with Amendment (2019).
- P. UL 429 Electrically Operated Valves; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- Q. AHRI 710 Performance Rating of Liquid-Line Driers; 2009.
- R. AHRI 750 Standard for Thermostatic Refrigerant Expansion Valves; 2007.
- S. AHRI 760 Standard for Performance Rating of Solenoid Valves for Use With Volatile Refrigerants; 2007.
- T. MSS SP-69 Pipe Hangers and Supports Selection and Application; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2003.
- U. MSS SP-89 Pipe Hangers and Supports Fabrication and Installation Practices; Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc.; 2003.

#### 1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Where more than one piping system material is specified ensure system components are compatible and joined to ensure the integrity of the system is not jeopardized. Provide necessary joining fittings. Ensure flanges, union, and couplings for servicing are consistently provided.
- B. Provide pipe hangers and supports in accordance with ASME B31.5 and MSS SP-69 unless indicated otherwise.
- C. Liquid Indicators:
  - 1. Use line size liquid indicators in main liquid line leaving condenser.
- D. Valves:
- E. Refrigerant Charging (Packed Angle) Valve: Use in liquid line between receiver shut-off valve and expansion valve.
- F. Flexible Connectors: Utilize at or near compressors where piping configuration does not absorb vibration.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Provide general assembly of specialties, including manufacturers catalogue information. Provide manufacturers catalog data including load capacity.

- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate schematic layout of system, including equipment, critical dimensions, and sizes.
- C. Design Data: Submit design data indicating pipe sizing. Indicate load carrying capacity of trapeze, multiple pipe, and riser support hangers.
- D. Test Reports: Indicate results of leak test, acid test.
- E. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate support, connection requirements, and isolation for servicing.
- F. Project Record Documents: Record exact locations of equipment and refrigeration accessories on record drawings.
- G. Maintenance Data: Include instructions for changing cartridges, assembly views, spare parts lists.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Designer Qualifications: Design piping system under direct supervision of a Professional Engineer experienced in design of this type of work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section, with minimum 5 years of documented experience.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store piping and specialties in shipping containers with labeling in place.
- B. Protect piping and specialties from entry of contaminating material by leaving end caps and plugs in place until installation.
- C. Dehydrate and charge components such as piping and receivers, seal prior to shipment, until connected into system.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PIPING

- A. Copper Tube: ASTM B280, H58 hard drawn or O60 soft annealed.
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.22 wrought copper.
  - 2. Joints: Braze, AWS A5.8M/A5.8 BCuP silver/phosphorus/copper alloy.
- B. Copper Tube to 7/8 inch OD: ASTM B88 (((ASTM B88M))), Type K (A), annealed.
- C. Pipe Supports and Anchors:
  - 1. Conform to ASME B31.5, ASTM F 708, MSS SP-58, MSS SP-69, and MSS SP-89.
  - 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 Inch: Carbon steel split ring adjustable copper plated. adjustable swivel, split ring.
  - 3. Vertical Support: Steel riser clamp.

- 4. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.
- 5. Hanger Rods: Mild steel threaded both ends, threaded one end, or continuous threaded.

#### 2.2 REFRIGERANT

A. Refrigerant: R-134a, tetrafluoroethane as defined in ASHRAE Std 34.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and dirt on inside and outside before assembly.
- C. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install refrigeration specialties in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Route piping in orderly manner, with plumbing parallel to building structure, and maintain gradient.
- C. Install piping to conserve building space and avoid interference with use of space.
- D. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations and locations. Slope piping one percent in direction of oil return.
- E. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- F. Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Install in accordance with ASME B31.5.
  - 2. Support horizontal piping as indicated.
  - 3. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2 inch space between finished covering and adjacent work.
  - 4. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
  - 5. Support vertical piping at every other floor. Support riser piping independently of connected horizontal piping.
  - 6. Where several pipes can be installed in parallel and at same elevation, provide multiple or trapeze hangers.
  - 7. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping.
- G. Arrange piping to return oil to compressor. Provide traps and loops in piping, and provide double risers as required. Slope horizontal piping 0.40 percent in direction of flow.
- H. Provide clearance for installation of insulation and access to valves and fittings.
- I. Provide access to concealed valves and fittings. Coordinate size and location of access doors with Section 083100.

- J. Flood piping system with nitrogen when brazing.
- K. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building frame, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer to welding.
- L. Prepare unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories ready for finish painting. See Section 099123.
- M. Follow ASHRAE Std 15 procedures for charging and purging of systems and for disposal of refrigerant.
- N. Install flexible connectors at right angles to axial movement of compressor, parallel to crankshaft.
- O. Fully charge completed system with refrigerant after testing.

### 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Test refrigeration system in accordance with ASME B31.5.
- C. Pressure test system with dry nitrogen to 200 psi. Perform final tests at 27 inches vacuum and 200 psi using electronic leak detector. Test to no leakage.

### 3.4 SCHEDULES

- A. Hanger Spacing for Copper Tubing.
  - 1. 1/2 inch, 5/8 inch, and 7/8 inch OD: Maximum span, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
  - 2. 1-1/8 inch OD: Maximum span, 6 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
  - 3. 1-3/8 inch OD: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.

END OF SECTION 232300



## SECTION 233100 HVAC DUCTS AND CASINGS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Metal ductwork.
- B. Casings and plenums.
- C. Kitchen hood ductwork.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 230130.51 HVAC Air-Distribution System Cleaning: Cleaning ducts after completion of installation.
- B. Section 230713 Duct Insulation: External insulation and duct liner.
- C. Section 233300 Air Duct Accessories.
- D. Section 233700 Air Outlets and Inlets.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASHRAE (FUND) ASHRAE Handbook Fundamentals; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- B. ASTM A36/A36M Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel; 2019.
- C. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- D. ASTM A1008/A1008M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, Required Hardness, Solution Hardened, and Bake Hardenable; 2021a.
- E. ASTM A1011/A1011M Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, and Ultra-High Strength; 2023.
- F. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- G. NFPA 90A Standard for the Installation of Air-Conditioning and Ventilating Systems; 2024.
- H. NFPA 90B Standard for the Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air-Conditioning Systems; 2024.

- I. NFPA 96 Standard for Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations; 2024.
- J. SMACNA (DCS) HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible; 2020.
- K. SMACNA (LEAK) HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual; 2012.
- L. UL 181 Standard for Factory-Made Air Ducts and Air Connectors; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- M. ASTM B209 Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate; 2014.
- N. ASTM B209M Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate [Metric]; 2014.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide data for duct materials, duct liner, and duct connections.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate duct fittings, particulars such as gauges, sizes, welds, and configuration prior to start of work for hot water and refrigerantsystems.
- C. Test Reports: Indicate pressure tests performed. Include date, section tested, test pressure, and leakage rate, following SMACNA (LEAK).
- D. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of ducts and duct fittings. Record changes in fitting location and type. Show additional fittings used.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience, and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the type of work specified in this section, with minimum 5 years of documented experience.

### 1.6 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Construct ductwork to NFPA 90A, NFPA 90B, NFPA 96, and SMACNA standards.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not install duct sealants when temperatures are less than those recommended by sealant manufacturers.
- B. Maintain temperatures within acceptable range during and after installation of duct sealants.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 DUCT ASSEMBLIES

- A. All Ducts: Galvanized steel, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Low Pressure Supply (Heating Systems): 2 inch w.g. pressure class, galvanized steel.
- C. Low Pressure Supply (System with Cooling Coils): 2 inch w.g. pressure class, galvanized steel
- D. Return and Relief: 1/2 inch w.g. pressure class, galvanized steel
- E. General Exhaust: 1/2 inch w.g. pressure class, galvanized steel
- F. Outside Air Intake: 1/2 inch w.g. pressure class, galvanized steel.
- G. Combustion Air: 1/2 inch w.g. pressure class, galvanized steel.

#### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Galvanized Steel for Ducts: Hot-dipped galvanized steel sheet, ASTM A653/A653M FS Type B, with G60 or G90 coating.
- B. Joint Sealers and Sealants: Non-hardening, water resistant, mildew and mold resistant.
  - 1. Type: Heavy mastic or liquid used alone or with tape, suitable for joint configuration and compatible with substrates, and recommended by manufacturer for pressure class of ducts.
  - 2. Manufacturers:
    - a. Ductmate Industries, Inc, a DMI Company: www.ductmate.com/#sle.
- C. Gasket Tape: Provide butyl rubber gasket tape for a flexible seal between transfer duct connector (TDC), transverse duct flange (TDF), applied flange connections, and angle rings connections.
- D. Hanger Rod: ASTM A36/A36M; steel, galvanized; threaded both ends, threaded one end, or continuously threaded.
- E. Ducts: Galvanized steel, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Low Pressure Supply (Heating Systems): 1/2 inch wg pressure class, galvanized steel.
- G. Low Pressure Supply (System with Cooling Coils): 1/2 inch wg pressure class, galvanized steel.
- H. Outside Air Intake: 1/2 inch wg pressure class, galvanized steel.

### 2.3 DUCTWORK FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate and support in accordance with SMACNA (DCS) and as indicated.
- B. No variation of duct configuration or size permitted except by written permission. Size round duct installed in place of rectangular ducts in accordance with ASHRAE (FUND) Handbook Fundamentals.

- C. Duct systems have been designed for metal duct. At the Contractor's option, fibrous glass duct may be substituted for metal duct.
- D. Provide duct material, gages, reinforcing, and sealing for operating pressures indicated.
- E. Construct T's, bends, and elbows with radius of not less than 1-1/2 times width of duct on centerline. Where not possible and where rectangular elbows must be used, provide air foil turning vanes of perforated metal with glass fiber insulation.
- F. Provide turning vanes of perforated metal with glass fiber insulation when acoustical lining is indicated.
- G. Increase duct sizes gradually, not exceeding 15 degrees divergence wherever possible; maximum 30 degrees divergence upstream of equipment and 45 degrees convergence downstream.
- H. Fabricate continuously welded round and oval duct fittings in accordance with SMACNA (DCS).
- I. Where ducts are connected to exterior wall louvers and duct outlet is smaller than louver frame, provide blank-out panels sealing louver area around duct. Use same material as duct, painted black on exterior side; seal to louver frame and duct.

#### 2.4 MANUFACTURED DUCTWORK AND FITTINGS

- A. Flexible Ducts: UL 181, Class 1, aluminum laminate and polyester film with latex adhesive supported by helically wound spring steel wire.
  - 1. Insulation: Fiberglass insulation with aluminized vapor barrier film.
  - 2. Pressure Rating: 10 inches wg positive and 1.0 inches wg negative.
  - 3. Maximum Velocity: 4000 fpm.
  - 4. Temperature Range: Minus 20 degrees F to 210 degrees F.
- B. Transverse Duct Connection System: SMACNA "E" rated rigidly class connection, interlocking angle and duct edge connection system with sealant, gasket, cleats, and corner clips in accordance with SMACNA (DCS).
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Elgen Manufacturing Company, Inc: www.elgenmfg.com/#sle.
- C. Round Duct Connection System: Interlocking duct connection system in accordance with SMACNA (DCS).
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Ductmate Industries, Inc, a DMI Company: www.ductmate.com/#sle.
- D. Two-hour, Fire Rated Ducts:
  - 1. UL or ETL labeled.
  - 2. Construct of 18 gauge, 0.0500 inch galvanized steel.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

# 3.2 CLEANING

- A. Clean duct system and force air at high velocity through duct to remove accumulated dust. To obtain sufficient air, clean half the system at a time. Protect equipment that could be harmed by excessive dirt with temporary filters, or bypass during cleaning.
- B. Clean duct systems with high power vacuum machines. Protect equipment that could be harmed by excessive dirt with filters, or bypass during cleaning. Provide adequate access into ductwork for cleaning purposes.

END OF SECTION 233100



## SECTION 233300 AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Air turning devices/extractors.
- B. Backdraft dampers metal.
- C. Backdraft dampers.
- D. Combination fire and smoke dampers.
- E. Duct access doors.
- F. Duct test holes.
- G. Fire dampers.
- H. Flexible duct connectors.
- I. Volume control dampers.
- J. Low leakage (Class 1A) control dampers.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 230548 Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC.
- B. Section 233100 HVAC Ducts and Casings.
- C. Section 260583 Wiring Connections: Electrical characteristics and wiring connections.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NFPA 90A Standard for the Installation of Air-Conditioning and Ventilating Systems; 2024.
- B. NFPA 96 Standard for Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations; 2024.
- C. SMACNA (DCS) HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible; 2020.
- D. UL 33 Safety Heat Responsive Links for Fire-Protection Service; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- E. UL 555 Standard for Fire Dampers; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- F. UL 555S Standard for Smoke Dampers; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide for shop fabricated assemblies including volume control dampers, duct access doors, and hardware used. Include electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate for shop fabricated assemblies including volume control dampers, duct access doors, and duct test holes.
- C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Provide instructions for fire dampers.
- D. Project Record Drawings: Record actual locations of access doors, fire and volume dampers, test holes, fire and volume dampers, and fire and volume dampers.
- E. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. Extra Fusible Links: Two of each type and size.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect dampers from damage to operating linkages and blades.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 AIR TURNING DEVICES/EXTRACTORS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Ruskin Company: www.ruskin.com/#sle.
  - 2. Titus HVAC, a brand of Johnson Controls: www.titus-hvac.com/#sle.
  - 3. Substitutions: Not permitted.
- B. Multi-blade device with blades aligned in short dimension; steel construction; with individually adjustable blades, mounting straps.
- C. Multi-blade device with radius blades attached to pivoting frame and bracket, steel construction, with ceiling mounted rotary operator knob.

### 2.2 BACKDRAFT DAMPERS - METAL

#### 2.3 BACKDRAFT DAMPERS

#### A. Manufacturers:

1. Nailor Industries, Inc: www.nailor.com/#sle.

- 2. Ruskin Company: www.ruskin.com/#sle.
- B. Multi-Blade, Parallel Action Gravity Balanced Backdraft Dampers: Galvanized steel, with center pivoted blades of maximum 6 inch width, with felt or flexible vinyl sealed edges, linked together in rattle-free manner with 90 degree stop, steel ball bearings, and plated steel pivot pin; adjustment device to permit setting for varying differential static pressure.

## 2.4 COMBINATION FIRE AND SMOKE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Pottorff: www.pottorff.com/#sle.
  - 2. Ruskin Company: www.ruskin.com/#sle.
- B. Fabricate in accordance with NFPA 90A, UL 555, UL 555S, and as indicated.
- C. Provide factory sleeve and collar for each damper.
- D. Multiple Blade Dampers: Fabricate with 16 gauge, 0.0598 inch galvanized steel frame and blades, oil-impregnated bronze or stainless steel sleeve bearings and plated steel axles, stainless steel jamb seals, 1/8 by 1/2 inch plated steel concealed linkage, stainless steel closure spring, blade stops, and lock, and 1/2 inch actuator shaft.
- E. Operators: UL listed and labelled spring return pneumatic type suitable for operation on 0-20 psig instrument air. Provide end switches to indicate damper position. Locate damper operator on interior of duct and link to damper operating shaft.
- F. Multiple Blade Dampers: Fabricate with 16 gage galvanized steel frame and blades, oil-impregnated bronze or stainless steel sleeve bearings and plated steel axles, stainless steel jamb seals, 1/8 x 1/2 inch plated steel concealed linkage, stainless steel closure spring, blade stops, and lock, and 1/2 inch actuator shaft.
- G. Normally Closed Smoke Responsive Fire Dampers: Curtain type, opening by gravity upon actuation of electro thermal link, flexible stainless steel blade edge seals to provide constant sealing pressure.
- H. Normally Open Smoke Responsive Fire Dampers: Curtain type, closing upon actuation of electro thermal link, flexible stainless steel blade edge seals to provide constant sealing pressure, stainless steel springs with locking devices to ensure positive closure for units mounted horizontally.
- I. Electro Thermal Link: Fusible link melting at 165 degrees F; 120 volts, single phase, 60 Hz; UL listed and labeled.

# 2.5 DUCT ACCESS DOORS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc, a DMI Company: www.ductmate.com/#sle.
  - 2. Nailor Industries, Inc: www.nailor.com/#sle.
  - 3. Ruskin Company: www.ruskin.com/#sle.
- B. Fabricate in accordance with SMACNA (DCS) and as indicated.

- C. Fabrication: Rigid and close-fitting of galvanized steel with sealing gaskets and quick fastening locking devices. For insulated ducts, install minimum 1 inch thick insulation with sheet metal cover.
  - 1. Less Than 12 inches Square: Secure with sash locks.
  - 2. Up to 18 inches Square: Provide two hinges and two sash locks.
  - 3. Up to 24 by 48 inches: Three hinges and two compression latches with outside and inside handles.
  - 4. Larger Sizes: Provide an additional hinge.
- D. Access doors with sheet metal screw fasteners are not acceptable.

# 2.6 DUCT TEST HOLES

- A. Temporary Test Holes: Cut or drill in ducts as required. Cap with neat patches, neoprene plugs, threaded plugs, or threaded or twist-on metal caps.
- B. Permanent Test Holes: Factory fabricated, air tight flanged fittings with screw cap. Provide extended neck fittings to clear insulation.

## 2.7 FIRE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Ruskin Company: www.ruskin.com/#sle.
  - 2. Pottorff: www.pottorff.com
- B. Fabricate in accordance with NFPA 90A and UL 555, and as indicated.
- C. Horizontal Dampers: Galvanized steel, 22 gauge, 0.0299 inch frame, stainless steel closure spring, and lightweight, heat retardant non-asbestos fabric blanket.
- D. Curtain Type Dampers: Galvanized steel with interlocking blades. Provide stainless steel closure springs and latches for horizontal installations. Configure with blades out of air stream except for 1.0 inch pressure class ducts up to 12 inches in height.
- E. Multiple Blade Dampers: 16 gauge, 0.0598 inch galvanized steel frame and blades, oil-impregnated bronze or stainless steel sleeve bearings and plated steel axles, 1/8 by 1/2 inch plated steel concealed linkage, stainless steel closure spring, blade stops, and lock.
- F. Curtain Type Dampers: Galvanized steel with interlocking blades. Provide stainless steel closure springs and latches for horizontal installations. Configure with blades out of air stream except for 1.0 inch pressure class ducts up to 12 inches in height.
- G. Fusible Links: UL 33, separate at 160 degrees F with adjustable link straps for combination fire/balancing dampers.

## 2.8 FLEXIBLE DUCT CONNECTORS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc, a DMI Company: www.ductmate.com/#sle.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Fabricate in accordance with SMACNA (DCS) and as indicated.

- C. Flexible Duct Connections: Fabric crimped into metal edging strip.
  - 1. Fabric: UL listed fire-retardant neoprene coated woven glass fiber fabric to NFPA 90A, minimum density 30 oz per sq yd.
    - a. Net Fabric Width: Approximately 2 inches wide.
  - 2. Metal: 3 inches wide, 24 gauge, 0.0239 inch thick galvanized steel.
- D. Leaded Vinyl Sheet: Minimum 0.55 inch thick, 0.87 lbs per sq ft, 10 dB attenuation in 10 to 10,000 Hz range.
- E. Maximum Installed Length: 14 inch.

## 2.9 VOLUME CONTROL DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Nailor Industries, Inc: www.nailor.com/#sle.
  - 2. Ruskin Company: www.ruskin.com/#sle.
- B. Fabricate in accordance with SMACNA (DCS) and as indicated.
- C. Single Blade Dampers:
  - 1. Fabricate for duct sizes up to 6 by 30 inch.
  - 2. Blade: 24 gauge, 0.0239 inch, minimum.
- D. Multi-Blade Damper: Fabricate of opposed blade pattern with maximum blade sizes 8 by 72 inch. Assemble center and edge crimped blades in prime coated or galvanized channel frame with suitable hardware.
  - 1. Blade: 18 gauge, 0.0478 inch, minimum.
- E. End Bearings: Except in round ducts 12 inches and smaller, provide end bearings. On multiple blade dampers, provide oil-impregnated nylon, thermoplastic elastomer, or sintered bronze bearings.
- F. Quadrants:
  - 1. Provide locking, indicating quadrant regulators on single and multi-blade dampers.
  - 2. On insulated ducts mount quadrant regulators on stand-off mounting brackets, bases, or adapters.
  - 3. Where rod lengths exceed 30 inches provide regulator at both ends.

# 2.10 LOW LEAKAGE (CLASS 1A) CONTROL DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Ruskin Company; CD50: www.ruskin.com/#sle.
- B. Frame:
  - 1. Material: 12 gauge galvanized steel.
  - 2. Free-area: Single cross section.
- C. Blade:
  - 1. Type: Single-blade rectangle shape.
  - 2. Operation: Opposed type.
  - 3. Maximum Individual Blade Height: 8 inches.

- 4. Material: 12 gauge galvanized steel.
- 5. Authority: Opposed type, 5 to 50 percent (typically 10 percent).

## 2.11 MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS

A. Damper manual operators furnished per Section 253513.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install accessories in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, NFPA 90A, and follow SMACNA (DCS). Refer to Section 233100 for duct construction and pressure class.
- B. Provide backdraft dampers on exhaust fans or exhaust ducts nearest to outside and where indicated.
- C. Provide duct access doors for inspection and cleaning before and after filters, coils, fans, automatic dampers, at fire dampers, combination fire and smoke dampers, and elsewhere as indicated. Provide for cleaning kitchen exhaust ducts in accordance with NFPA 96 Provide minimum 8 by 8 inch size for hand access, size for shoulder access, and as indicated. Provide 4 by 4 inch for balancing dampers only. Review locations prior to fabrication.
- D. Provide duct test holes where indicated and required for testing and balancing purposes.
- E. Provide fire dampers, combination fire and smoke dampers, and smoke dampers at locations indicated, where ducts and outlets pass through fire rated components, and where required by Authorities Having Jurisdiction. Install with required perimeter mounting angles, sleeves, breakaway duct connections, corrosion resistant springs, bearings, bushings and hinges.
- F. Demonstrate re-setting of fire dampers to Owner's representative.
- G. At fans and motorized equipment associated with ducts, provide flexible duct connections immediately adjacent to the equipment.
- H. At equipment supported by vibration isolators, provide flexible duct connections immediately adjacent to the equipment.
- I. For fans developing static pressures of 5.0 inches and over, cover flexible connections with leaded vinyl sheet, held in place with metal straps.
- J. Provide balancing dampers at points on supply, return, and exhaust systems where branches are taken from larger ducts as required for air balancing. Install minimum 2 duct widths from duct take-off.
- K. Provide balancing dampers on duct take-off to diffusers, grilles, and registers, regardless of whether dampers are specified as part of the diffuser, grille, or register assembly.

END OF SECTION 233300

# SECTION 233416 CENTRIFUGAL HVAC FANS

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 1.1 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ABMA STD 9 Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Ball Bearings; 2015 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- B. AMCA 99 Standards Handbook; 2016.
- C. AMCA 210 Laboratory Methods of Testing Fans for Certified Aerodynamic Performance Rating; 2016, with Errata (2018).
- D. AMCA 300 Reverberation Room Methods of Sound Testing of Fans; 2024.
- E. AMCA 301 Methods for Calculating Fan Sound Ratings from Laboratory Test Data; 2022.
- F. SMACNA (DCS) HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible; 2020.

# 1.2 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Loren Cook Company: www.lorencook.com/#sle.
- B. Greenheck.

# 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Performance Ratings: Determined in accordance with AMCA 210 and bearing the AMCA Certified Rating Seal.
- B. Sound Ratings: AMCA 301, tested to AMCA 300, and bear AMCA Certified Sound Rating Seal.
- C. Fabrication: Comply with AMCA 99.
- D. Performance Base: Sea level conditions.
- E. Temperature Limit: Maximum 300 degrees F.
- F. Static and Dynamic Balance: Eliminate vibration or noise transmission to occupied areas.

## 1.4 WHEEL AND INLET

- A. Backward Inclined: Steel or aluminum construction with smooth curved inlet flange, heavy back plate, backwardly curved blades welded or riveted to flange and back plate; cast iron or cast steel hub riveted to back plate and keyed to shaft with set screws.
- B. Forward Curved: Black enameled steel construction with inlet flange, back plate, shallow blades with inlet and tip curved forward in direction of airflow, mechanically secured to flange and back plate; steel hub swaged to back plate and keyed to shaft with set screw.

C. Airfoil Wheel: Steel construction with smooth curved inlet flange, heavy back plate die formed hollow airfoil shaped blades continuously welded at tip flange, and back plate; cast iron or cast steel hub riveted to back plate and keyed to shaft with set screws.

## 1.5 HOUSING

A. Heavy gauge steel, spot welded for AMCA 99 Class I and II fans, and continuously welded for Class III, adequately braced, designed to minimize turbulence with spun inlet bell and shaped cut.

## 1.6 BEARINGS AND DRIVES

- A. Bearings: Heavy duty pillow block type, selfgreasing ball bearings, with ABMA STD 9 life at 50,000 hours.
- B. Shafts: Hot rolled steel, ground and polished, with keyway, protectively coated with lubricating oil, and shaft guard.
- C. Drive: Cast iron or steel sheaves, dynamically balanced, keyed. Variable and adjustable pitch sheaves for motors 15 hp and under, selected so required rpm is obtained with sheaves set at mid Fixed sheave for 20 hp and over, matched belts, and drive rated as recommended by manufacturer or minimum 1.5 times nameplate rating of the motor.
- D. Belt Guard: Fabricate to SMACNA (DCS); 0.106 inch thick, 3/4 inch diamond mesh wire screen welded to steel angle frame or equivalent, prime coated. Secure to fan or fan supports without short circuiting vibration isolation, with provision for adjustment of belt tension, lubrication, and use of tachometer with guard in place.

# 1.7 ACCESSORIES

- A. Inlet/Outlet Screens: Galvanized steel welded grid.
- B. Access Doors: Shaped to fit scroll, with quick opening latches and gaskets.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 2.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install fans with resilient mountings and flexible electrical leads. See Section 230548.
- C. Install flexible connections between fan inlet and discharge ductwork; see Section 233300. Ensure metal bands of connectors are parallel with minimum one-inch flex between ductwork and fan while running.
- D. Provide fixed sheaves required for final air balance.
- E. Provide safety screen where inlet or outlet is exposed.

END OF SECTION 233416



# SECTION 233600 AIR TERMINAL UNITS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Single-duct terminal units.
  - 1. Single-duct, constant-volume units.
  - 2. Single-duct, variable-volume units.

## 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AHRI 410 Forced-Circulation Air-Cooling and Air-Heating Coils; 2001, with Addenda (2011).
- B. AHRI 880 (I-P) Performance Rating of Air Terminals; 2017 (Reaffirmed 2023).
- C. AHRI 885 Procedure for Estimating Occupied Space Sound Levels in the Application of Air Terminals and Air Outlets; 2008, with Addendum (2011).
- D. ASHRAE Std 52.2 Method of Testing General Ventilation Air-Cleaning Devices for Removal Efficiency by Particle Size; 2017, with Addendum (2022).
- E. ASHRAE Std 130 Laboratory Methods of Testing Air Terminal Units; 2016.
- F. ASTM C1071 Standard Specification for Fibrous Glass Duct Lining Insulation (Thermal and Sound Absorbing Material); 2019.
- G. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- H. ASTM E488/E488M Standard Test Methods for Strength of Anchors in Concrete Elements; 2022.
- I. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2020.
- J. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- K. NFPA 90A Standard for the Installation of Air-Conditioning and Ventilating Systems; 2024.
- L. UL 94 Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- M. UL 181 Standard for Factory-Made Air Ducts and Air Connectors; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 013000 - Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.

- B. Product Data: Provide data indicating configuration, general assembly, and materials used in fabrication. Include catalog performance ratings that indicate air flow, static pressure, and NC designation. Include electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate configuration, general assembly, and materials used in fabrication, and electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
  - 1. Include schedules listing discharge and radiated sound power level for each of second through sixth octave bands at inlet static pressures of 1 to 4 inch wg.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate support and hanging details, installation instructions, recommendations, and service clearances required.
- E. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of units and locations of access doors required for access of valving.
- F. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include manufacturer's descriptive literature, operating instructions, maintenance and repair data, and parts lists. Include directions for resetting constant-volume regulators.
- G. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.
- H. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- 1. SELECT SENTENCE BELOW IF DDC PROJECT
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.

# 1.5 WARRANTY

A. Provide five year manufacturer warranty for air terminal units.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SINGLE-DUCT, VARIABLE-VOLUME and CONSTANT-VOLUME UNITS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Price Industries, Inc: www.priceindustries.com/#sle.
  - 2. Titus HVAC.
- B. Basis of Design: Titus-HVAC: www.krueger-hvac.com/#sle.
- C. General:
  - 1. Factory-assembled, AHRI 880 (I-P) rated and bearing the AHRI seal, air volume control terminal with damper assembly, flow sensor, externally mounted volume controller, duct collars, and all required features.
  - 2. Control box bearing identification, including but not necessarily limited to nominal cfm, maximum and minimum factory-set airflow limits, coil type and coil (right or left hand) connection, where applicable.

## D. Unit Casing:

- 1. Minimum 22 gauge, 0.0299 inch galvanized steel.
- 2. Air Inlet Collar: Provide round, suitable for standard flexible duct sizes.
- 3. Unit Discharge: Rectangular, with slip-and-drive connections.
- 4. Acceptable Liners:
  - a. 1/2 inch thick, coated, fibrous-glass complying with ASTM C1071.
    - 1) Secure with adhesive.
    - 2) Coat edges exposed to airstream with NFPA 90A approved sealant.
    - 3) Cover liner with non-porous foil.
  - b. Liner not to contain pentabrominated diphenyl ether (CAS #32534-81-9) or octabrominated diphenyl ether.

# E. Damper Assembly:

- 1. Provide integral position indicator or alternative method for indicating damper position over full range of 90 degrees.
- 2. Incorporate low leak damper blades for tight airflow shutoff.

#### F. Controls:

- 1. DDC (Direct-Digital Controls):
  - a. Include a factory-installed, unit-mounted, direct-digital controller.
  - b. Bi-directional Damper Actuator: 24 volt, powered closed, spring return open.
  - c. Microprocessor-Based Controller: Air volume controller, pressure-independent with electronic airflow transducers, factory-calibrated maximum and minimum CFM's.
    - 1) Occupied and unoccupied operating mode.
    - 2) Remote reset of temperature or CFM set points.
    - 3) Monitoring and adjusting with portable terminal.
  - d. Room Sensor:
    - 1) Compatible with temperature controls specified.
    - 2) Wall-mounted, system powered, with temperature set-point adjustment including connection access for portable operator terminal.
  - e. See Section 25 1400.
- 2. Airflow Sensor: Differential pressure airflow device measuring total, static, and wake pressures.
  - a. Signal accuracy: Plus/minus five percent throughout terminal operating range.
- 3. Control Sequence:
  - a. Suitable for operation with duct pressures between 0.25 and 3.0 inch wg inlet static pressure.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that conditions are suitable for installation.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

- B. Install the inlets of air terminal units and air flow sensors a minimum of four duct diameters from elbows, transitions, and duct takeoffs.
- C. Provide ceiling access doors or locate units above easily removable ceiling components.
- D. Do not support from ductwork.
- E. Connect to ductwork in accordance with Section 233100.
- F. Verify that electric power is available and of the correct characteristics.

# 3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Reset volume with damper operator attached to assembly allowing flow range modulation from 100 percent of design flow to zero percent full flow. Set units with heating coils for minimum 50 percent full flow.
- 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

# 3.5 CLEANING

- A. Vacuum clean coils and inside of units.
- B. Install new filters.

# 3.6 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

A. See Section 017800 - Closeout Submittals, for closeout submittals.

END OF SECTION 233600

# SECTION 233700 AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS

## PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Diffusers:
- B. Registers/grilles:
  - 1. Ceiling-mounted, exhaust and return register/grilles.
  - 2. Ceiling-mounted, supply register/grilles.
- C. Duct-mounted supply and return registers/louvers.

## 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AMCA 500-L Laboratory Methods of Testing Louvers for Rating; 2023.
- B. AMCA 511 Certified Ratings Program Product Rating Manual for Air Control Devices; 2021, with Editorial Revision (2022).
- C. ASHRAE Std 70 Method of Testing the Performance of Air Outlets and Air Inlets; 2023.
- D. ASHRAE Std 130 Laboratory Methods of Testing Air Terminal Units; 2016.
- E. SMACNA (ASMM) Architectural Sheet Metal Manual; 2012.
- F. SMACNA (DCS) HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible; 2020.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Test and rate air outlet and inlet performance in accordance with ASHRAE Std 70.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Titus: www.titus-hvac.com
- B. Price Industries: www.price-hvac.com/#sle.

## 2.2 DUCT-MOUNTED SUPPLY AND RETURN REGISTERS/LOUVERS

## A. Manufacturers:

1. Titus-HVAC: www.titus-hvac.com/#sle.

# 2.3 CEILING SUPPLY REGISTERS/GRILLES

- A. Manufacturers:
- B. Type: Streamlined and individually adjustable curved blades to discharge air along face of grille, two-way deflection.
- C. Type: Streamlined blades, 3/4 inch minimum depth, 3/4 inch maximum spacing, with blades set at 45 degrees, horizontal face.
- D. Frame: 1-1/4 inch margin with countersunk screw mounting and gasket.
- E. Fabrication: Aluminum extrusions with factory enamel finish.
- F. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard range.
- G. Damper: Integral, gang-operated, opposed blade type with removable key operator, operable from face.
- H. Provide lengths as shown on drawings and filler pieces for non active sections.

## 2.4 CEILING EXHAUST AND RETURN REGISTERS/GRILLES TAG CR

- A. Type: Streamlined blades, 3/4 inch minimum depth, 3/4 inch maximum spacing, with blades set at 45 degrees, vertical face.
- B. Frame: 1-1/4 inch margin with countersunk screw mounting.
- C. Fabrication: Steel with 20 gauge, 0.0359 inch minimum frames and 22 gauge, 0.0299 inch minimum blades, steel and aluminum with 20 gauge, 0.0359 inch minimum frame, or aluminum extrusions, with factory baked enamel finish.
- D. Color: To be selected by Engineer from manufacturer's standard range.
- E. Fabrication: Aluminum extrusions, with factory baked enamel finish.
- F. Damper: Integral, gang-operated, opposed blade type with removable key operator, operable from face where not individually connected to exhaust fans.

## 2.5 WALL SUPPLY REGISTERS/GRILLES TAG TR

- A. Type: Streamlined and individually adjustable blades, 3/4 inch minimum depth, 3/4 inch maximum spacing with spring or other device to set blades, vertical face, double deflection.
- B. Fabrication: Steel with 20 gauge, 0.0359 inch minimum frames and 22 gauge, 0.0299 inch minimum blades, steel and aluminum with 20 gauge, 0.0359 inch minimum frame, or aluminum extrusions, with factory baked enamel finish.

## 2.6 WALL EXHAUST AND RETURN REGISTERS/GRILLES

A. Type: Streamlined blades, 3/4 inch minimum depth, 3/4 inch maximum spacing, horizontal face.

- B. Frame: 1-1/4 inch margin with countersunk screw mounting.
- C. Fabrication: Steel frames and blades, with factory baked enamel finish.
- D. Color: To be selected by Engineer from manufacturer's standard range.
- E. Damper: Integral, gang-operated, opposed blade type with removable key operator, operable from face.

# 2.7 LOUVERS

- A. Type: 4 inch deep frame with blades on 45 degree slope with center baffle and return bend, heavy channel frame, 1/2 inch square mesh screen over intake or exhaust end.
- B. Fabrication: 16 gauge, 0.0598 inch (1.52 mm) thick galvanized steel thick galvanized steel welded assembly, with factory prime coat finish.
- C. Color: as indictaed by architect.
- D. Mounting: Furnish with interior flat flange for installation.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Comply with SMACNA (ASMM) for flashing/counter-flashing of roof penetrations and supports for roof curbs and roof mounted equipment.
- C. Check location of outlets and inlets and make necessary adjustments in position to comply with architectural features, symmetry, and lighting arrangement.
- D. Install diffusers to ductwork with air tight connection.
- E. Provide balancing dampers on duct take-off to diffusers, and grilles and registers, despite whether dampers are specified as part of the diffuser, or grille and register assembly.
- F. Paint ductwork visible behind air outlets and inlets matte black. Refer to Section 099123.

END OF SECTION 233700



# SECTION 235233.13 HIGH EFFICIENCY CONDENSING GAS BOILERS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Hot Water Boilers.
- B. Controls and boiler trim.
- C. Hot water connections.
- D. Fuel connection.
- E. Circulator.

## 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete.
- B. Section 232114 Hydronic Specialties.

## 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. ANSI Z21.13 American National Standard for Gas-Fired Low-Pressure Steam and Hot Water Boilers; 2004 (addendum 2005).
- B. ASME (BPV IV) Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IV Rules for Construction of Heating Boilers; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2004.
- C. ASME (BPV VIII, 1) Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Division 1 Rules for Construction of Pressure Vessels; The American Society of Mechanical Engineers; 2004.
- D. HI BTS Testing and Rating Standard for Commercial Boilers; The Hydronics Institute; 2000.
- E. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); National Electrical Manufacturers Association: 2003.
- F. NFPA 54 National Fuel Gas Code; National Fire Protection Association; 2006.
- G. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; National Fire Protection Association; 2005.
- H. UL (HCVCE) Heating, Cooling, Ventilating and Cooking Equipment Directory; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; current edition.

# 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Performance rating shall be in accordance with Hydronics Institute Testing and Rating Standard for Commercial Boilers.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- SELECT SENTENCE BELOW IF DDC PROJECT
- B. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittals procedures.
- C. Product Data: Provide data indicating general assembly, components, controls, safety controls, and wiring diagrams with electrical characteristics and connection requirements.
- D. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate assembly, support details, connection requirements, and include start up instructions.
- E. Manufacturer's Field Reports: Indicate condition of equipment after start-up including control settings and performance chart of control system.
- F. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include manufacturer's descriptive literature, operating instructions, cleaning procedures, replacement parts list, and maintenance and repair data.
- G. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- SELECT SENTENCE BELOW IF DDC PROJECT
- B. Refer to DDC General Conditions "Quality Requirements".
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.

## 1.7 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Conform to applicable code for internal wiring of factory wired equipment.
- B. Conform to ANSI Z21.13 for boiler construction.
- C. Units: AGA certified.
- D. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc., as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

# 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND PROTECTION

A. Protect units before, during, and after installation from damage to casing by leaving factory shipping packaging in place until immediately prior to final acceptance.

# 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Provide a five year warranty to include coverage for heat exchangers.

## 1.10 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI Z21.13 American National Standard for Gas-Fired Low-Pressure Steam and Hot Water Boilers; 2022.
- B. ISO 9001 Quality Management Systems Requirements; 2015, with Amendment (2024).
- C. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2020.
- D. NFPA 54 National Fuel Gas Code; 2024.
- E. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Raypak Division of Rheem Manufacturing Company: www.raypak.com.

## 2.2 HOT WATER BOILERS

- A. Furnish and install two packaged, modulating, sealed combustion, power-vented, high efficiency gas-fired boilers with cast aluminum heat exchangers that use outside air for combustion.
- B. Install packaged boiler units according to manufacturer's installation instructions. All work to be done in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- C. Product: packaged boilers capable of burning natural gas.
  - 1. Boiler(s) shall be 92.8% minimum DOE efficient as required by National Energy Conservation Act or ASHRAE 90.1.
  - 2. Boiler shall be capable of full modulation firing with a turn down of up to 5 to 1
  - 3. Boiler(s) shall be manufactured by ISO 9001 registered company to conform to Section IV of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
  - 4. Individual cast aluminum mono block to be fire tested and hydrostatically pressure tested at factory in accordance with ASME requirements.
  - 5. Maximum allowable working pressure 30 PSIG water as listed on the rating label.

# D. Regulatory Requirements

- 1. Boiler(s) and controls to comply with applicable regulations.
- 2. Boiler(s) shall meet U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and Department of Energy guidelines for "Energy Star" energy efficiency.

# E. Product

- 1. Acceptable boiler manufacturers include:
- 2. Raypak.
- 3. Other manufacturer or other Weil-McLain boiler(s) must comply with specifying engineer's requirements, including:
  - a. Full intent of these specifications, and
  - b. Provide complete submittal including literature, manuals, and wiring diagrams, fuel piping diagrams, and list of similar installations. The alternate must be of similar size and footprint, piping configuration, clearance requirements and heating

surface.

c. Submittal presented to engineer at least seven working days before bid opening for approval. Substitutions are not permitted after contract is awarded.

#### F. Boiler Construction

- 1. Boilers heat exchanger:
  - a. Cast aluminum mono block heat exchanger.
- 2. Boilers main components:
  - a. The combustion chamber will be sealed and located at the top of the mono block casting which will be of counterflow design, to assure that sediment and any lime that might form will fall to the bottom, away from the crown sheet area.
- 3. Boiler(s) shall be supplied with a gas valve designed with negative pressure regulation (fan suction "pulls" gas through valve rather than gas pressure "pushing" gas through valve). This enables the boiler to operate in a safe condition at a derated output, even if the inlet gas pressure should drop to as low as 4 inches W.C. The inlet natural gas pressure to the boiler gas valve should be a minimum of 4" W.C. and a maximum of 14" W.C. If inlet gas pressure exceeds 14" W.C., a 100% lock-up type gas pressure regulator of adequate size must be installed in gas supply piping and adjusted to prevent pressure in excess of 14" W.C.
- 4. The burner shall be premix combustion type, made with stainless steel and a woven metal fiber outer covering providing a wide range of modulating firing rates.
- 5. The boiler shall be equipped with a variable speed blower system, capable of modulating the boiler firing rate.
- 6. The boiler shall be equipped with a device capable of controlling the air/fuel ratio through a 5 to 1 turndown ratio.
- 7. The control system shall have an electronic display for boiler set-up, boiler status, and boiler diagnostics.

## G. Venting and Combustion Air

- 1. Boilers must be capable of using outside air piped directly to boiler for combustion. Inlet and termination of these pipes must be connected to sidewall terminations as recommended by the manufacture.
- 2. The boiler shall be direct vent using propylene, type B or ABS.
- 3. Provide a vent kit termination for each boiler as indicated.

## H. Boiler Trim

- 1. All electrical components to be high quality manufacture and bear UL label.
- 2. Water boilers controls furnished:
  - a. High limit temperature control (190 degrees F maximum allowable boiler water temperature).
  - b. Combination pressure-temperature gauge. Gauge dial clearly marked and easy to read.
  - c. ASME certified pressure relief valve, set to relieve at 30 PSIG.
  - d. Flue gas, outlet water temperature, and return water temperature sensors.
  - e. Low water protection.
  - f. Built-in freeze protection.

## I. Boiler Manuals

- 1. The boiler(s) shall be provided with complete instruction manuals, including:
  - a. Boiler Installation Manual.
  - b. User's Manual.

c. Venting Supplements and Instructions.

## 2.3 CONTROL SYSTEM - TEKMAR 265

- A. The control shall be able to operate two modulating boilers. Provide (1) AM4 wiring harness for each boiler to interface with the Tekmar controller.
- B. The control shall be able to operate one or two boilers during a call for domestic hot water heating.
- C. The control shall have the ability to calculate the boilers' target temperature based on outdoor reset.
- D. The control shall have the ability to have the boilers' target temperature set using an adjustable setpoint.
- E. The control shall have an adjustable warm weather shut down. The warm weather shut down only applies to outdoor reset operation.
- F. The control shall have a primary pump contact that operates during a call for space heating. Outdoor thermostat with night setback shall energize the heating controls.
- G. The control shall have the ability to operate a domestic hot water contact that operates during a domestic hot water call. Hot water heating shall be priority setting with 200° set boiler water temperature.
- H. The control shall have the ability to display the current temperature difference between the return temperature and the supply temperature, T.
- I. The control shall have an option to rotate the firing sequence of the boilers and the option for rotating the boiler firing sequence shall be based on the boilers' accumulated running hours.
- J. The control shall use proportional, integral and derivative (PID) logic when modulating the boilers.
- K. The control shall have the option to modulate the boilers in sequential order.
- L. The control shall have the option to modulate the boilers in parallel.
- M. The control shall have an adjustable Minimum Supply water temperature setting to help prevent condensation of flue gases and subsequent corrosion and blockage of the boiler's heat exchanger and vents.
- N. The control shall have the option of an automatic differential calculation in order to prevent short cycling of the boilers.
- O. The control shall have the ability to operate a primary pump plus individual boiler pumps.
- P. The boiler pumps shall have an adjustable post purge setting that allows the pump to run for a set period after the boiler has been shut off.
- Q. The control shall have the option for a fixed lead rotation and when this option is selected, the control shall have an option for either a first on / first off, or first on / last off modulating sequence.

- R. The control shall have an adjustable minimum inter-stage delay that can be set manually or calculated automatically by the control.
- S. The control shall have the option of accepting a 0 10 V(dc) input signal from an energy management system.
- T. When operating with a 0 10 V(dc) signal, the control shall have an adjustable offset as well as an adjustable input range.
- U. The control shall have two separate lockable access levels to limit the number of setting adjustments available to various users.
- V. The control shall have a test button that activates a pre-programmed test sequence testing all the control's outputs.
- W. The control shall have the ability to show the current outdoor, boiler supply, and boiler return temperatures.
- X. The control shall continually monitor the temperature sensors and provide an error message upon a control or sensor failure.
- Y. The control shall record and display the running hours of each boiler.
- Z. During extended periods of inactivity, the pumps or valves that are operated by the control shall be periodically exercised to prevent seizure during long idle periods.
- AA. The control shall have the option to gradually modulate the boilers down to low fire before the boilers are shut off.
- BB. The control shall have three 4 20 mA or 0 20 mA modulating external outputs.
- CC. The control shall have the field upgradable option of converting the modulating output to 0 10 V(dc), 2 10 V(dc) and 0 135 ohms.

## 2.4 TRIM

- A. ASME rated pressure relief valve set at 45 psi.
- B. Low water cut-off and inlet flow switch to automatically prevent burner operation when water falls below safe level or on low flow through boiler.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install boiler and provide connection of natural gas service in accordance with requirements of NFPA 54 and applicable codes.
- C. Install boiler on concrete housekeeping base, sized minimum 4 inches larger than boiler base. Refer to Section 033000.

- D. Provide piping connections and accessories as indicated; refer to Section 232114.
- E. Pipe relief valves to nearest floor drain.
- F. Install circulator and diaphragm expansion tank on boiler.
- G. Provide for connection to electrical service. Refer to Section 262717.

# 3.2 MANUFACTURER'S FIELD SERVICES

A. Instruct operating personnel in operation and maintenance of units.

END OF SECTION 235233.13



# SECTION 237223 PACKAGED AIR-TO-AIR ENERGY RECOVERY UNITS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Energy recovery units.
- B. Casing.
- C. Fans.
- D. Total energy wheel.
- E. Filters.
- F. Vibration isolation.
- G. Power and controls.
- H. Accessories.

## 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AHRI 1060 (I-P) Performance Rating of Air-to-Air Exchangers for Energy Recovery Ventilation Equipment; 2023.
- B. ASHRAE Std 52.2 Method of Testing General Ventilation Air-Cleaning Devices for Removal Efficiency by Particle Size; 2017, with Addendum (2022).
- C. ASHRAE Std 84 Method of Testing Air-to-Air Heat/Energy Exchangers; 2024.
- D. ASTM A653/A653M Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process; 2023.
- E. ASTM C1338 Standard Test Method for Determining Fungi Resistance of Insulation Materials and Facings; 2019 (Reapproved 2022).
- F. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- G. ASTM G21 Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to Fungi; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2021).
- H. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- I. NFPA 90A Standard for the Installation of Air-Conditioning and Ventilating Systems; 2024.
- J. UL 94 Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

- K. UL 181 Standard for Factory-Made Air Ducts and Air Connectors; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- L. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Manufacturer's installation instruction, product data, and engineering calculations.
- B. Closeout Submittals: Submit manufacturer's operation and maintenance instructions.
- C. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications:
  - 1. Firm regularly engaged in manufacturing energy recovery units.
  - 2. Products in satisfactory use in similar service for not less than five years.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store products to be installed indoors in dry, heated area.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Warranty energy recovery wheel to be free from defects in material and workmanship for 3 years under circumstances of normal use.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Energy Recovery Ventilators:
  - 1. RenewAire: www.renewaire.com/#sle.
  - 2. Greenheck..
- B. Basis of Design: Greenheck.

# 2.2 ENERGY RECOVERY DESIGN CRITERIA

- A. Summer Conditions:
  - 1. Outside Air:
    - a. Dry Bulb: 89 degrees F.
    - b. Wet Bulb: 77 degrees F.
  - 2. Return Air:

- a. Dry Bulb: 75 degrees F.
- b. Wet Bulb: 67 degrees F.
- B. Winter Conditions:
  - 1. Outside Air:
    - a. Dry Bulb: 12 degrees F.
    - b. Wet Bulb: 10.2 degree F.
  - 2. Return Air:
    - a. Dry Bulb: 70 degrees F.
    - b. Percent Relative Humidity: 35 percent.
- C. Power Supply Electrical Characteristics:
  - 1. Refer to schedules sheet.

## 2.3 ENERGY RECOVERY UNITS

- A. Energy Recovery Units: Provide dessicant wheel type or stationary core air-to-air exchanger; prefabricated packaged system designed by manufacturer.
  - 1. Provide unit with a AHRI 1060 (I-P) compliant air-to-air exchanger.
  - 2. Access: Hinged and/or screwed access panels on front.
  - 3. Lifting holes at the unit base.
  - 4. Permanent name plate listing manufacturer mounted inside door near electrical panel.

## 2.4 CASING

- A. Wall, Floor, and Roof Panels:
  - 1. Panels: Removable.
  - 2. Construction: 1 inch thick, double wall box construction, with formed edges of exterior wall overlapping formed edges of interior wall.
  - 3. Exterior Wall: Galvanized steel sheet.
    - a. 20 gauge, 0.0359 inch galvanized steel.
    - b. 0 inches thick aluminum.
  - 4. Interior Wall: Galvanized sheet metal.
    - a. 22 gauge, 0.0299 inch galvanized sheet metal.
  - 5. Insulation:
    - a. 1 inch insulated fiberglass.
    - b. Panel Cores: Mineral wool board.
    - c. Include antimicrobial protection.
    - d. Mold Resistance: "Pass" when tested according to ASTM C1338.
    - e. Fungal Resistance: No growth when tested according to ASTM G21.
    - f. Flame Spread Index (FSI): 25 or less, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723.
    - g. Smoke Developed Index (SDI): 50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723.
  - 6. Roof Panel: Weatherproof.
  - 7. Coating: Polyurethane enamel.
- B. Access Panels: Provide access to components through a large, tightly sealed and easily removable panel.

#### C. Doors:

- 1. Construct doors of same construction and thickness as wall panels.
- 2. Height: 80 inches.

## 2.5 FANS

- A. Provide separate fans for exhaust and supply blowers.
- B. Fans:
  - 1. Individually driven with a dedicated motor.
  - 2. Backward inclined.
  - 3. Single width, single inlet.
  - 4. AMCA-rated.

# C. Bearings:

- 1. Pillow block.
- 2. Bearings: Permanently lubricated sealed ball bearings.
- 3. Rated for not less than 200,000 hours of operation with accessible greased fittings.
- D. Housings: 12 gauge, 0.1046 inch aluminized steel with plenums integral to general housing and constructed to Class 1 fan standards.
- E. Motors:
  - 1. Motors: Open drip proof.
  - 2. Efficiency: High.
  - 3. Speed: Single.
  - 4. Control: Constant Speed.
  - 5. Motor Slide Bases: Removable and adjustable.
  - 6. Fan Motor: Thermal overload protected.
  - 7. Fan Motor: UL listed and labeled.
- F. Drives:
  - 1. Fans: Belt driven.
  - 2. Service Factor: 1.2.

# 2.6 TOTAL ENERGY WHEEL

- A. Wheel: Transfer heat and humidity from one air stream to the other with minimum carryover of the exhaust air into the supply air stream.
- B. Energy Wheel Media: Cleanable with low temperature steam, hot water or light detergent, without degrading the latent recovery.
- C. Wheel Effectiveness: Rated in accordance with ASHRAE Std 84 and AHRI 1060 (I-P).
- D. Flame Spread Index (FSI): 25 or less, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723.
- E. Smoke Developed Index (SDI): 50 or less, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723.
- F. Energy Recovery Wheel Media Face:

1. Comply with NFPA 90A.

## G. Rotor:

- 1. Type: Non-segmented hygroscopic aluminum wheel.
- 2. Rotor Matrix: Corrosion resistant aluminum alloy composed of alternating corrugated and flat, continuously wound layers of uniform widths.

# H. Desiccant:

- 1. Type: 3A.
- 2. Performance:
  - a. Desiccant: Non-dissolving, permanent, and resistant to damage from compressed air, low temperature steam, hot water or by vacuum cleaning.
- I. Drive:
  - 1. Drive: Tensioned drive with full perimeter link style belt.
- J. Wheel Rotation Detection:
  - 1. Turn off energy recovery unit if improper rotor rotation is detected.

## 2.7 FILTERS

- A. Thickness: 2 inch.
- B. Efficiency: 8 MERV.
- C. Exhaust and Fresh Air Streams: MERV- 8 filters constructed to meet ASHRAE Std 52.2.
- D. Filter Racks: Bolt-on rack constructed of 0.08 inches, minimum, thick aluminum with hinged side access door and snap fasteners.

## 2.8 VIBRATION ISOLATION

A. Vibration Isolation: Provide whole unit vibration isolation with the energy recovery unit assembly.

# 2.9 POWER AND CONTROLS

- A. Motor Control Panels: UL listed.
- B. Include necessary motor starters, fuses, transformers and overload protection according to NFPA 70.
- C. Provide single-point field connection to power supply.
- D. Provide non fused main disconnect integral to control panel.
- E. Install wiring in accordance with NFPA 70.

## 2.10 ACCESSORIES

- A. Rotation Detector:
  - 1. Equip unit with rotation sensor.

- 2. Equip controller with outdoor air temperature sensor that stops energy recovery wheel during moderate temperature periods.
- 3. Alarm Contact: 24 volt AC signal suitable for operating a relay.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that structure is ready for installation of unit, that openings in deck for ductwork, if required, are correctly sized and located, and that mechanical and electrical utilities supplying unit are of correct capacities and are accessible.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Provide openings for suitable ductwork connection.

# 3.3 SYSTEM STARTUP

A. Provide services of manufacturer's authorized representative to provide start up of unit.

## 3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean filters, air plenums, interior and exposed-to-view surfaces prior to Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 237223

# SECTION 237416 PACKAGED ROOFTOP AIR-CONDITIONING UNITS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AHRI 210/240 Performance Rating of Unitary Air-Conditioning and Air-Source Heat Pump Equipment; 2023.
- B. AHRI 270 Sound Performance Rating of Outdoor Unitary Equipment; 2015, with Addendum (2016).
- C. AMCA 611 Certified Ratings Program Product Rating Manual for Airflow Measurement Stations; 2015.
- D. ASHRAE Std 90.1 I-P Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- E. ASHRAE Std 135 A Data Communication Protocol for Building Automation and Control Networks; 2020, with Addendum (2024).

## 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide capacity and dimensions of manufactured products and assemblies required for this project. Indicate electrical service with electrical characteristics and connection requirements, and duct connections.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate capacity and dimensions of manufactured products and assemblies required for this project. Indicate electrical service with electrical characteristics and connection requirements, and duct connections.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate assembly, support details, connection requirements, and include start-up instructions.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: Include manufacturer's descriptive literature, operating instructions, installation instructions, maintenance and repair data, and parts listing.
- E. Warranty: Submit manufacturer's warranty and ensure forms have been filled out in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.
- F. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements for additional provisions.

# 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.

B. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

## 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect units from physical damage by storing off site until roof mounting curbs are in place and ready for immediate installation of units.

## 1.5 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Provide a five year warranty to include coverage for refrigeration compressors.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PACKAGED, INTERMEDIATE-CAPACITY, ROOFTOP AIR-CONDITIONING UNITS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Basis of Design: Daikin Applied Inc.
- B. General: Roof mounted units having gas burner and electric refrigeration that are 7.5 tons to 25 tons in capacity.
- C. Description: Self-contained, packaged, factory assembled and prewired, consisting of cabinet and frame, supply fan, return fan, heat exchanger and burner, heat recovery coil, controls, air filters, refrigerant cooling coil and compressor, condenser coil and condenser fan.
- D. Refrigerant: Use only refrigerants that have ozone depletion potential (ODP) of zero and global warming potential (GWP) of less than 50.

# 2.2 CASING

- A. Cabinet: Steel with baked enamel finish, including access panels with screwdriver-operated flush, cam type fasteners. Structural members to be minimum 18 gauge, 0.0478 inch, with access doors or panels of minimum 20 gauge, 0.0359 inch.
- B. Insulation: One-inch thick, neoprene-coated glass fiber with edges protected from erosion.

## 2.3 FANS

## 2.4 BURNERS

- A. Gas Burner: Atmospheric type burner with adjustable combustion air supply, pressure regulator, gas valves, manual shut-off, intermittent spark or glow coil ignition, flame-sensing device, and automatic 100 percent shutoff pilot.
  - 1. Construction: Welded stainless steel.
- B. Gas Burner Safety Controls: Energize ignition, limit time for establishment of flame, prevent opening of gas valve until pilot flame is proven, stop gas flow on ignition failure, energize

- blower motor, and after airflow proven and slight delay, allow gas valve to open.
- C. High Limit Control: Temperature sensor with fixed stop at maximum permissible setting, deenergize burner on excessive bonnet temperature, and energize burner when temperature drops to lower safe value.
- D. Supply Fan Control: Temperature sensor sensing bonnet temperatures and independent of burner controls, with provisions for continuous fan operation.

## 2.5 EVAPORATOR COIL

- A. Provide copper tube aluminum fin coil assembly with galvanized drain pan and connection.
- B. Provide capillary tubes or thermostatic expansion valves for units of 6 tons capacity and less, and thermostatic expansion valves and alternate row circuiting for units 7.5 tons cooling capacity and larger.

#### 2.6 CONDENSER COIL

- A. Provide copper tube aluminum fin coil assembly with subcooling rows and coil guard.
- B. Provide direct drive propeller fans, resiliently mounted with fan guard, motor overload protection, wired to operate with compressor. Provide high efficiency fan motors.
- C. Provide refrigerant pressure switches to cycle condenser fans.

# 2.7 COMPRESSORS

- A. Provide hermetic compressors, 3600 rpm maximum, resiliently mounted with positive lubrication, crankcase heater, high and low pressure safety controls, motor overload protection, suction and discharge service valves and gauge ports, and filter drier.
- B. Provide step capacity control by hot gas bypass.

## 2.8 MIXED AIR CASING

- A. Dampers: Provide outside, return, and relief dampers with damper operator and control package to automatically vary outside air quantity. Outside air damper to fall to closed position.
- B. Gaskets: Provide tight fitting dampers with edge gaskets maximum leakage 5 percent at 2-inch pressure differential.
- C. Damper Operator, Units 7.5 Ton Cooling Capacity and Larger: 24 volt with gear train sealed in oil with spring return on.
- D. Mixed Air Controls: Maintain selected supply air temperature and return dampers to minimum position on call for heating and above 75 degrees F ambient, or when ambient air temperature exceeds return air temperature.

# 2.9 Air Filters:

A. 2-inch thick, glass fiber disposable media in metal frames.

# 2.10 OPERATING CONTROLS

- A. Provide low voltage, adjustable room thermostat to control burner operation, compressor and condenser fan, and supply fan to maintain temperature setting.
  - 1. Include system selector switch heat-off-cool and auto-on fan control switch.
- B. Provide remote-mounted auto-on fan control switch.

# 2.11 OPERATING CONTROLS - VARIABLE VOLUME UNITS

- A. Temperature transmitter located in supply air to signal electronic logic panel to control mixing dampers and cooling in sequence. Mixing section to operate as first stage of cooling and revert to minimum outside air above approximately 75 degrees F as determined by enthalpy of return and outdoor air.
- B. Control cooling by cycling compressors, cylinder unloading, and hot gas bypass.
- C. Control logic to allow supply air reset under low load or airflow conditions.
- D. Seven day time clock with spring carry over or electronic clock with battery backup to control unit on occupied/unoccupied schedule. At night, unit to switch off. Locate clock in remote control panel with status lights.
- E. Provide two stage morning warm-up thermostat to hold outdoor dampers closed and energize heat until return air temperature reaches setpoint.

## 2.12 ROOF CURBS

A. Roof Mounting Curb: 14 inches high, galvanized steel, channel frame with gaskets, nailer strips.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that roof is ready to receive work and opening dimensions are as required by manufacturer.
- B. Verify that proper power supply is available.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Mount units on factory built roof mounting curb providing watertight enclosure to protect ductwork and utility services. Install roof mounting curb level.

# 3.3 SYSTEM STARTUP

A. Prepare and start equipment. Adjust for proper operation.

END OF SECTION 237416



# SECTION 238129 VARIABLE REFRIGERANT FLOW HVAC SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Variable refrigerant volume HVAC system includes:
  - 1. Outdoor/condensing unit(s).
  - 2. Indoor/evaporator units.
  - 3. Refrigerant piping.
  - 4. Control panels.
  - 5. Control wiring.
- B. Basis of Design Equipment List is in Section 238130.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 221005 Plumbing Piping: Condensate drain piping.
- B. Section 232300 Refrigerant Piping: Additional requirements for refrigerant piping system.
- C. Section 260583 Wiring Connections: Power connections to equipment.

#### 1.3 PRICE AND PAYMENT PROCEDURES

- A. Alternates: Owner requests a bid Alternate for a system designed and manufactured by a manufacturer other than that listed as the Basis of Design.
  - 1. Alternate systems will be considered only under the terms described for Substitutions in the article MANUFACTURERS in PART 2 of this section.
  - 2. Contractor shall include with Contractor's bid the amount to be deducted from the bid amount if the alternate is accepted by the Owner.

#### 1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AHRI 210/240 Performance Rating of Unitary Air-Conditioning and Air-Source Heat Pump Equipment; 2023.
- B. ASCE 7 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- C. ASHRAE (FUND) ASHRAE Handbook Fundamentals; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- D. ASHRAE Std 90.1 I-P Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- E. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.

- F. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- G. UL 1995 Heating and Cooling Equipment; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.5 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meeting: Conduct a preinstallation meeting one week prior to the start of the work of this section; require attendance by all affected installers.

#### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Pre-Bid Submittals: For proposed substitute systems/products, as defined in PART 2, and alternate systems/products, as defined above, proposer shall submit all data described in this article, under the terms given for substitutions stated in PART 2.
- C. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's standard data sheets showing the following for each item of equipment, marked to correlate to equipment item markings indicated in Contract Documents and/ or the equipment schedules:
  - 1. Control Panels: Complete description of options, control points, zones/groups.
- D. Shop Drawings: Installation drawings custom-made for this project; include as-designed HVAC layouts, locations of equipment items, refrigerant piping sizes and locations, condensate piping sizes and locations, remote sensing devices, control components, electrical connections, control wiring connections. Include:
  - 1. Detailed piping diagrams, with branch balancing devices.
  - 2. Condensate piping routing, size, and pump connections.
  - 3. Detailed power wiring diagrams.
  - 4. Detailed control wiring diagrams.
  - 5. Locations of required access through fixed construction.
  - 6. Drawings required by manufacturer.
- E. Operating and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. Manufacturer's complete standard instructions for each unit of equipment and control panel.
  - 2. Custom-prepared system operation, troubleshooting, and maintenance instructions and recommendations.
  - 3. Identification of replaceable parts and local source of supply.
- F. Project Record Documents: Record the following:
  - 1. As-installed routing of refrigerant piping and condensate piping.
  - 2. Locations of access panels.
  - 3. Locations of control panels.

# 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications:

- 1. Company that has been manufacturing variable refrigerant volume heat pump equipment for at least 5 years.
- 2. Company that provides system design software to installers.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Trained and approved by manufacturer of equipment.

# 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, store, and handle equipment and refrigerant piping according to manufacturer's recommendations.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Compressors: Provide manufacturer's warranty for six (6) years from date of installation. During the stated period, should any part fail due to defects in material and workmanship, it shall be repaired or replaced at the discretion of Daikin AC (Americas), Inc. according to Daikin's terms and conditions. All warranty service work shall be preformed by a Daikin factory trained service professional.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis of Design: The system design indicated in Contract Documents is based on equipment and system designed by Trane/ Mitsubishi.
- B. Systems manufactured by other manufacturers will not be considered.
- C. Systems designed and manufactured by other manufacturers will be considered by Owner under the terms described for substitutions with the following exceptions:
  - 1. Substitution requests will be considered only if received at least 10 days prior to the bid date.
  - 2. Substitution requests will be considered only if required submittal data is complete; see article SUBMITTALS above.
  - 3. Contractor (not equipment supplier) shall certify that the use of the substitute system and equipment will not require changes to other work or re-design by Engineer.
  - 4. Contractor or HVAC subcontractor shall certify that the substitute system will achieve the performance specified.
  - 5. Do not assume substitution has been accepted until formal written notice has been issued by Engineer.

#### 2.2 HVAC SYSTEM DESIGN

- A. System Operation: Heating and cooling, simultaneously.
  - 1. Zoning: Provide capability for temperature control for each individual indoor/evaporator unit independently of all other units.
  - 2. Zoning: Provide heating/cooling selection for each individual indoor/evaporator unit independently of all other units.

- a. Exception: Where indicated, multiple indoor/evaporator units may be controlled in groups.
- 3. Provide a complete functional system that achieves the specified performance based on the specified design conditions and that is designed and constructed according to the equipment manufacturer's requirements.
- 4. Conditioned spaces are indicated on drawings.
- 5. Outdoor/Condenser unit locations are indicated on drawings.
- 6. Indoor/Evaporator unit locations are indicated on drawings.
- 7. Branch selector unit locations are not indicated on drawings.
- 8. Required equipment unit capacities are indicated on drawings.
- 9. Refrigerant piping sizes are not indicated on drawings.
- 10. Connect equipment to condensate piping provided by others; condensate piping is indicated on drawings.

#### B. Cooling Mode Interior Performance:

- 1. Daytime Setpoint: 75 degrees F, plus or minus 2 degrees F.
- 2. Setpoint Range: 72 degrees F to 76 degrees F.
- 3. Night Setback: 85 degrees F.
- 4. Interior Relative Humidity: 50 percent, maximum.

# C. Heating Mode Interior Performance:

- 1. Daytime Setpoint: 70 degrees F, plus or minus 2 degrees F.
- 2. Setpoint Range: 65 degrees F to 75 degrees F.
- 3. Night Setback: 60 degrees F.
- 4. Interior Relative Humidity: 30 percent, minimum.

#### D. Outside Air Design Conditions:

- 1. Summer Outside Air Design Temperature: 89 degrees F dry-bulb; 76 degrees F wet-bulb.
- 2. Winter Outside Air Design Temperature: 9 degrees F dry-bulb.

# E. Operating Temperature Ranges:

- F. Refrigerant Piping Lengths: Provide equipment capable of serving system with following piping lengths without any oil traps:
  - 1. Minimum Piping Length from Outdoor/Central Unit(s) to Furthest Terminal Unit: 540 feet, actual; 620 feet, equivalent.
  - 2. Total Combined Liquid Line Length: 3280 feet, minimum.
  - 3. Maximum Vertical Distance Between Outdoor/Central Unit(s) and Terminal Units: 295 feet.
  - 4. Minimum Piping Length Between Indoor Units: 49 feet.

# G. Control Wiring Lengths:

- 1. Between Outdoor/Condenser Unit and Indoor/Evaporator Unit: 6,665 feet, minimum.
- 2. Between Outdoor/Condenser Unit and Central Controller: 3,330 feet, minimum.
- 3. Between Indoor/Evaporator Unit and Remote Controller: 1,665 feet.

# H. Controls: Provide the following control interfaces:

- 1. For Each Indoor/Evaporator Unit: One wall-mounted wired "local" controller, with temperature sensor; locate where indicated.
- 2. One central remote control panel for entire system; locate where indicated.

- I. Remote Temperature Sensors: In addition to temperature sensors integral with indoor/evaporator units, provide wall-mounted, wired remote temperature sensors located in the same room for the following:
  - 1. Wall mounted units mounted up high.
  - 2. Air handling units.

# 2.3 EQUIPMENT

- A. All Units: Factory assembled, wired, and piped and factory tested for function and safety.
  - 1. Refrigerant: R-410A.
  - 2. Performance Certification: AHRI Certified; www.ahrinet.org.
  - 3. Safety Certification: Tested to UL 1995 by UL or Intertek-ETL, listed in ITS (DIR), and bearing the certification label.
  - 4. Provide outdoor/condensing units capable of serving indoor unit capacity up to 200 percent of the capacity of the outdoor/condensing unit.
  - 5. Provide units capable of serving the zones indicated.
  - 6. Thermal Performance: Provide heating and cooling capacity as indicated, based on the following nominal operating conditions:
    - a. Cooling: Indoor air temperature of 75 degrees F dry bulb, 67 degrees F wet bulb; outdoor air temperature of 95 degrees F dry bulb; and 25 feet
    - b. Heating: Outdoor air temperature of 9 degrees F dry bulb, 7 degrees F wet bulb; indoor air temperature of 70 degrees F dry bulb; and 25 feet
  - 7. Energy Efficiency: Report EER and COP based on tests conducted at "full load" in accordance with AHRI 210/240 or alternate test method approved by U.S. Department of Energy.
  - 8. Outdoor Units: Units and their supports designed and installed to resist wind pressures defined in ASCE 7.
- B. Electrical Characteristics:
  - 1. Power Condensing Units: 208 to 230 Volts, 3-phase, 60 Hz.
  - 2. Power Indoor Units: 208 to 230 Volts, single phase, 60 Hz.
  - 3. Control: 16 volts DC.
  - 4. Control: 18 volts DC.
- C. System Controls:
  - 1. Include self diagnostic, auto-check functions to detect malfunctions and display the type and location.
- D. Remote Centralized Control Panel:
- E. Remote On/Off Control Panel:
- F. Time Clock Panel:
- G. Unit Controls: As required to perform input functions necessary to operate system; provided by manufacturer of units.
  - 1. Provide interfaces to remote control and building automation systems as specified.
  - 2. Outside air capability.
- H. Wiring:
  - 1. Control Wiring: 18 AWG, 2-conductor, non-shielded, non-polarized, stranded cable.

2. Control Wiring Configuration: Daisy chain.

# I. Refrigerant Piping:

- 1. Provide three-pipe refrigerant system, including high/low pressure dedicated hot gas, liquid and suction lines; two-pipe systems utilizing lower temperature mixed liquid/gas refrigerant to perform heat recovery are not permitted due to reduced heating capabilities.
- 2. Refrigerant Flow Balancing: Provide refrigerant piping joints and headers specifically designed to ensure proper refrigerant balance and flow for optimum system capacity and performance; T-style joints are prohibited.
- 3. Insulate each refrigerant line individually between the condensing and indoor units.

#### 2.4 OUTDOOR/CONDENSING UNITS

- A. Outdoor/Condensing Units: Air-cooled DX refrigeration units, designed specifically for use with indoor/evaporator units; factory assembled and wired with all necessary electronic and refrigerant controls; modular design for ganging multiple units.
  - 1. Refrigeration Circuit: Scroll compressors, motors, fans, condenser coil, electronic expansion valves, solenoid valves, 4-way valve, distribution headers, capillaries, filters, shut off valves, oil separators, service ports and refrigerant regulator.
  - 2. Refrigerant: Factory charged.
  - 3. Variable Volume Control: Modulate compressor capacity automatically to maintain constant suction and condensing pressures while varying refrigerant volume to suit heating/cooling loads.
  - 4. Capable of being installed with wiring and piping to the left, right, rear or bottom.
  - 5. Capable of heating operation at low end of operating range as specified, without additional low ambient controls or auxiliary heat source; during heating operation, reverse cycle (cooling mode) oil return or defrost is not permitted, due to potential reduction in space temperature.
  - 6. Sound Pressure Level: As specified, measured at 3 feet from front of unit; provide night setback sound control as a standard feature; three selectable sound level steps of 55 dB, 50 dB, and 45 dB, maximum.
  - 7. Power Failure Mode: Automatically restart operation after power failure without loss of programmed settings.
  - 8. Provide refrigerant auto-charging feature and refrigerant charge check function.
  - 9. Provide refrigerant auto-charging feature.
  - 10. Safety Devices: High pressure sensor and switch, low pressure sensor/switch, control circuit fuses, crankcase heaters, fusible plug, overload relay, inverter overload protector, thermal protectors for compressor and fan motors, over current protection for the inverter and anti-recycling timers.
  - 11. Provide refrigerant sub-cooling to ensure the liquid refrigerant does not flash when supplying to us indoor units.
  - 12. Oil Recovery Cycle: Automatic, occurring 2 hours after start of operation and then every 8 hours of operation; maintain continuous heating during oil return operation.
  - 13. Controls: Provide contacts for electrical demand shedding.
- B. Unit Cabinet: Weatherproof and corrosion resistant; rust-proofed mild steel panels coated with baked enamel finish.
  - 1. Designed to allow side-by-side installation with minimum spacing.
  - 2. Size: Module footprint of 37 inches by 31 inches, maximum.

- C. Fans: One or more direct-drive propeller type, vertical discharge, with multiple speed operation via DC (digitally commutating) inverter.
  - 1. Provide minimum of 2 fans for each condensing unit.
  - 2. External Static Pressure: Factory set at 0.12 in WG, minimum.
  - 3. Indoor Mounted Air-Cooled Units: External static pressure field set at 0.32 in WG, minimum; provide for mounting of field-installed ducts.
  - 4. Fan Airflow: As indicated for specific equipment.
  - 5. Fan Motors: Factory installed; permanently lubricated bearings; inherent protection; fan guard; output as indicated for specific equipment.
- D. Condenser Coils: Copper tubes expanded into aluminum fins to form mechanical bond; waffle louver fin and rifled bore tube design to ensure high efficiency performance.
  - 1. Copper Tube: Hi-X seamless copper tube.
  - 2. Coil Design: N-shape internal grooves mechanically bonded on to aluminum fins to an e-Pass Design.
  - 3. Corrosion Protection: Fins coated with anti-corrosion acrylic resin and hydrophilic film type E1; pipe plates coated with powdered polyester powder coating of 2.0 to 3.0 microns thickness.
- E. Compressors: Scroll type, hermetically sealed, variable speed inverter-driven and fixed speed in combination to suit total capacity; minimum of one variable speed, inverter driven compressor per condenser unit; minimum of two compressors per condenser unit; capable of controlling capacity within range of 6 percent to 100 percent of total capacity.
  - 1. Variable Speed Control: Capable of changing the speed to follow the variations in total cooling and heating load as determined by the suction gas pressure; high/low pressures calculated by samplings of evaporator and condenser temperatures every 20 seconds, with compressor capacity adjusted to eliminate deviation from target value by changing inverter frequency or on/off setting of fixed speed compressors.
  - 2. Multiple Condenser Modules: Balance total operation hours of compressors by means of duty cycling function, providing for sequential starting of each module at each start/stop cycle, completion of oil return, and completion of defrost, or every 8 hours.
  - 3. Failure Mode: In the event of compressor failure, operate remaining compressor(s) at proportionally reduced capacity; provide microprocessor and associated controls specifically designed to address this condition.
  - 4. Inverter Driven Compressors: PVM inverter driven, highly efficient reluctance DC (digitally commutating), hermetically sealed scroll "G2-type" with maximum speed of 7,980 rpm.
  - 5. Rotors: Incorporating neodymium magnets for higher torque and efficiency; at complete stop of compressor, position rotor into optimum position for low torque start.
  - 6. Provide each compressor with crankcase heater, high pressure safety switch, and internal thermal overload protector.
  - 7. Provide oil separators and intelligent oil management system.
  - 8. Provide spring mounted vibration isolators.

#### 2.5 INDOOR/EVAPORATOR UNITS

- A. All Indoor/Evaporator Units: Factory assembled and tested DX fan-coil units, with electronic proportional expansion valve, control circuit board, factory wiring and piping, self-diagnostics, auto-restart function, 3-minute fused time delay, and test run switch.
  - 1. Refrigerant: Refrigerant circuits factory-charged with dehydrated air, for field charging.

- 2. Temperature Control Mechanism: Return air thermistor and computerized Proportional-Integral-Derivative (PID) control of superheat.
- 3. Dehumidification Function: In conjunction with wall-mounted wired remote controller.
- 4. Coils: Direct expansion type constructed from copper tubes expanded into aluminum fins to form a mechanical bond; waffle louver fin and high heat exchange, rifled bore tube design; factory tested.
  - a. 2-, 3-, or 4-row cross fin design with 14 to 17 fins per inch.
  - b. Flare connections to refrigerant piping.
  - c. Provide thermistor on liquid and gas lines.
- 5. Fans: Direct-drive, with statically and dynamically balanced impellers; high and low speeds unless otherwise indicated; motor thermally protected.
- 6. Return Air Filter: Washable long-life net filter with mildew proof resin, unless otherwise indicated.
  - a. Where high efficiency filters are indicated, provide air filter rack.
- 7. Condensate Drainage: Built-in condensate drain pan with PVC drain connection.
  - a. Units With Built-In Condensate Pumps: Provide condensate safety shutoff and alarm.
  - b. Units Without Built-In Condensate Pump: Provide built-in condensate float switch and wiring connections.
- 8. Cabinet Insulation: Sound absorbing foamed polystyrene and polyethylene insulation.
- B. Wall Surface-Mounted Units: Finished white casing, with removable front grille; foamed polystyrene and polyethylene sound insulation; wall mounting plate; polystyrene condensate drain pan.
  - 1. Airflow Control: Auto-swing louver that closes automatically when unit stops; five (5) steps of discharge angle, set using remote controller; upon restart, discharge angle defaulting to same angle as previous operation.
  - 2. Sound Pressure Range: Measured at low speed at 3.3 feet below and away from unit.
  - 3. Condensate Pump: Built-in, concealed.
  - 4. Condensate Drain Connection: Back, with piping concealed in wall.
  - 5. Fan: Direct-drive cross-flow type.
  - 6. Fan Motor Output Range: From 0.054 to 0.058 HP.
  - 7. Products:
- C. Air Handling Units: Factory-painted heavy gauge steel casing insulated with sound absorbing foil faced insulation.
  - 1. Vertical Configuration: Top discharge air and bottom return air; floor mounted.
  - 2. Horizontal Right Configuration: Horizontal discharge air and horizontal return air.
  - 3. Secondary condensate drain pan; field installed.
  - 4. Fan: Direct-drive ECM type fan with automatic airflow adjustment.
  - 5. Provide air filter.
  - 6. External insulation; field installed.
  - 7. Products:

## PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that required electrical services have been installed and are in the proper locations prior to starting installation.

- B. Verify that condensate piping has been installed and is in the proper location prior to starting installation.
- C. Notify Engineer if conditions for installation are unsatisfactory.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install refrigerant piping in accordance with equipment manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Perform wiring in accordance with NFPA 70, National Electric Code (NEC).
- D. Coordinate with installers of systems and equipment connecting to this system.

# 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

# 3.4 SYSTEM STARTUP

- A. Provide manufacturer's field representative to perform system startup.
- B. Prepare and start equipment and system in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.
- C. Adjust equipment for proper operation within manufacturer's published tolerances.

#### 3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed components of dirt, finger marks, and other disfigurements.

#### 3.6 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals, for closeout submittals.
- B. See Section 017900 Demonstration and Training, for additional requirements.
- C. Demonstrate proper operation of equipment to Owner's designated representative.
- D. Demonstration: Demonstrate operation of system to Owner's personnel.
  - 1. Use operation and maintenance data as reference during demonstration.
  - 2. Conduct walking tour of project.
  - 3. Briefly describe function, operation, and maintenance of each component.
- E. Training: Train Owner's personnel on operation and maintenance of system.
  - 1. Use operation and maintenance manual as training reference, supplemented with additional training materials as required.
  - 2. Provide minimum of one day of training.
  - 3. Instructor: Manufacturer's training personnel.
  - 4. Location: At project site.

#### 3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed components from subsequent construction operations.
- B. Replace exposed components broken or otherwise damaged beyond repair.

# 3.8 MAINTENANCE

A. Provide a separate maintenance contract for the service and maintenance for 1 years from Date of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 238129

# SECTION 260000 GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR ELECTRICAL WORK

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 DEFINITIONS

- A. "Provide": to furnish, install, and make complete, safe, and operable, the particular work referred to unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- B. "Furnish" or "supply": to purchase, procure, acquire, and deliver complete with related accessories.
- C. "Install": to erect, mount, and make complete with related accessories.
- D. "Work": includes labor, materials, equipment, services, and all related accessories necessary for the proper and complete installation for fully functioning and operational systems.
- E. "Piping": includes pipe, tube, fittings, flanges, valves, controls, strainers, hangers, supports, unions, traps, drains, insulation, and related accessories.
- F. "Wiring": includes wire, raceway, fittings, boxes, and related accessories.
- G. "Concealed": not in view, installed in masonry or other construction, within furred spaces, double partitions, hung ceilings, trenches, crawl spaces, or enclosures.
- H. "Exposed": in view, not installed underground or "concealed" as defined above.
- I. "Indicated," "shown," or "noted": as indicated, shown, or noted on drawings or specifications.
- J. "Similar" or "equal": to base bid manufacturer, equal in quality, materials, weight, size, performance, design and efficiency of specified product, conforming with "Base Bid Manufacturers" as determined and approved by Engineer.
- K. "Approved": satisfactory as reviewed.
- L. "Accepted As Noted": accepted with comments.
- M. "Revise and Resubmit": resubmit with revisions.
- N. "Disapproved": not approved.
- O. "Submit Specified Item":provide specified item directed by Engineer.
- P. "Reviewed": assessed for reference only final approval by others.
- Q. "Substitutions": Changes from Contract Documents requirements proposed by Contractor to materials, products, assemblies, and equipment.

# 1.2 WORK INCLUDED

A. The work covered by this section includes the construction described in the Contract Documents, labor necessary to perform and complete such construction, materials and equipment incorporated or to be incorporated in such construction, and services, facilities, tools and equipment necessary or used to perform and complete such construction.

#### 1.3 DESCRIPTION OF BID DOCUMENTS

- A. Specifications describe quality and character of materials and equipment.
- B. Drawings are diagrammatic and indicate sizes, locations, connections to equipment and methods of installation. Provide additional offsets, fittings, hangers, and supports, as required for construction and coordination with work of other trades.
- C. Scaled and indicated dimensions are approximate and are for estimate purposes only. Before proceeding with work, check and verify dimensions and field conditions.
- D. Make adjustments that may be necessary or requested in order to resolve space problems, preserve headroom, and avoid architectural openings, structural members and work of other trades.
- E. Typical details, where shown on the drawings, apply to each item of the project where such items are applicable. Typical details are not repeated in full on the plans, and are diagrammatic only, but with the intention that such details shall be incorporated in full.
- F. If any part of Specifications or Drawings appears unclear or contradictory, consult Architect and/or Engineer for interpretation and decision as early as possible during bidding period. Do not proceed with work without the Architect's and/or Engineer's consent.

# 1.4 COORDINATION OF WORK

- A. The drawings show the general arrangement of equipment, conduits, and appurtenances. Follow these drawings as closely as the actual conditions will permit. Conform the work to the requirements shown on the drawings. Provide offsets, fittings, and accessories which may be required but not shown on the drawings. Investigate the site, structural and finish ground conditions affecting the work, and arrange the work accordingly. Provide such work and accessories as may be required to meet such conditions.
- B. Certain materials will be provided under other Sections of work. Examine the Contract Documents to ascertain these requirements.
- C. Carefully check space requirements with other Sections to insure that all material can be installed in the spaces allotted thereto including finished suspended ceilings.
- D. Transmit to other Sections all information required for work to be provided under those Sections, in ample time for installation.
- E. Wherever work interconnects with work specified under other Sections, coordinate those sections of work to insure that all necessary information is presented so that all the necessary connections and equipment may be properly installed. Identify all items (pull boxes, splice boxes, equipment, etc.) in order that access doors and panels can be properly located.

- F. Furnish and set all sleeves for passage of conduits through structural masonry, concrete walls, floors, and elsewhere as required for the proper protection of conduits passing through building surfaces.
- G. Provide required supports and hangers for conduit and equipment, designed so as not to exceed allowable loadings of structures.
- H. Examine and compare the contract drawings and specifications with the drawings and specifications of other disciplines, and report any discrepancies between them to the Engineer and obtain from them written instructions for changes necessary in the work of this Section. Install and coordinate the work of this Section in cooperation with installing interrelated work. Before installation, take proper provisions to avoid interferences. All changes required in the work, caused by their neglect to do so, to be made at no additional expense. Before commencing work, examine all adjoining work on which this work is in any way dependent for perfect workmanship and report any conditions which prevent performance of first class work. Become thoroughly familiar with actual existing conditions to which connections must be made or which must be changed or altered.
- I. Wherever the work is of sufficient complexity, prepare additional detail drawings. Such detailed work is to be clearly identified on the drawings as to the area to which it applies. Submit these drawings to the Engineer for review. At completion, however, include a set of such drawings with each set of as-built drawings. When directed by the Engineer, submit drawings for review, clearly showing the work of this Section and its relation to the work of other disciplines before commencing shop fabrication or erection in the field.
- J. Provide required anchor bolts, sleeves, inserts, and supports designed so as not to exceed allowable loadings of structures. Locate anchors, bolts, sleeves, inserts, and supports to insure that they are properly installed. Any expense resulting from the improper location or installation of anchor bolts, sleeves, inserts and supports to be paid for by the Contractor.
- K. Adjust location of conduits, panels, equipment, etc., to accommodate the work to prevent interferences, both anticipated and encountered. Determine the exact route and location of each pipe prior to fabrication.
- L. The Contractor shall prepare fully coordinated composite drawings for the mechanical, electrical, plumbing, and fire protection work. The Contractor shall overlay each discipline's work (in separate colors) on a set of shop drawings. Conflicts and potential conflicts shall be clearly identified. This shall include but not be limited to conflicts with lights, equipment, piping, ductwork and supports of other trades, as well as conflicts with architectural and structural walls, columns, ceilings and structural beams. The contractor shall have representative(s) attend a weekly job site coordination meeting in the field office. All trades shall resolve conflicts at these meetings and sign off each shop drawing indicating acceptance and satisfactory resolution to all conflicts. All conflicts that cannot be resolved shall be brought to the attention of the Engineer for resolution.

# 1.5 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR EVALUATION

A. The Contractor shall review all available data on the location and types of underground utilities. The Contractor shall not operate equipment over the utilities and shall take care not to damage them or otherwise impair their use. The Contractor shall make investigation to verify the location of these utilities before proceeding with construction and/or operations in their vicinity.

- B. The Engineer and Owner make no representations, regarding the character or extent of the subsoils, water levels, existing structural, mechanical, and electrical installations, above or below ground or other subsurface conditions which may be encountered during the work. The contractor must make their own evaluation of existing conditions which may affect methods or cost of performing the work, based on their own examination of the facility or other information. Failure to examine the drawings or other information shall not relieve the contractor of their responsibility for satisfactory accomplishment of the work.
- C. The locations of existing utilities are believed to be as indicated on the plans. The Contractor shall verify the location of these utilities prior to commencing any work and notify the Engineer of any discrepancies.
- D. Prior to Bid, visit the site and examine the site conditions under which the work has to be performed. Report in writing any conditions which might adversely affect the work.
- E. The contractor shall be held to have examined the site for the proposaed work to determine the conditions affecting his work prior to Bid. No extra compensation will be allowed to the contractor because of his failure to inform himself as to the conditions affecting his work.
- F. Connections to existing work:
  - 1. Install new work and connect to existing work with minimum interference to existing facilities.
  - 2. Provide temporary shutdowns of existing services at no additional charges and only with written consent of Owner. Schedule shutdowns not to interfere with normal operation of existing facilities. Written notice shall be provided 1 week in advance of any required shutdowns.
  - 3. Alarm and emergency systems shall not be interrupted without alternative arrangements.
  - 4. Maintain continuous operation of existing facilities as required with necessary temporary connections between new and existing work.
  - 5. Connect new work to existing work in neat and acceptable manner. Restore existing disturbed work to original condition including maintenance of wiring continuity required.
  - 6. Perform service disconnections only after regular working hours.

# 1.6 ACCESS TO FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT

A. The Contractor shall not interfere with access to hydrants, fire exits, fire hose stations, fire extinguishers and fire alarm pull stations. In no case shall the Contractor's material or equipment be within twenty five (25) ft of a hydrant or fire alarm pull station.

# 1.7 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- A. If products and materials are specified or indicated on the drawings for a specific item or system, the Contractor shall use those products or materials. If products and materials are not listed in either of the above, use first class products and materials, in accordance with approved shop drawings.
- B. All products and materials shall be new, clean, free of defects, damage, and corrosion.
- C. No permanent equipment shall be used to provide services during construction.

- D. Ship and store all products and materials in a manner which will protect them from damage, weather, and entry of debris. If items are damaged, do not install, but take immediate steps to obtain replacement or repair.
- E. Make certain that all materials selected directly, or by suppliers, conform to the requirements of the contract drawings and specification. Transmittal of such specifications and drawings, information to persons manufacturing and supplying materials to the project, and rigid adherence thereto, is the Contractor's responsibility. Acceptance of a manufacturer's name by the Engineer does not release the Contractor of the responsibility for providing materials which comply in all respects with the requirements in the Contract Documents.
- F. Applicable equipment and materials to be listed by Underwriters' Laboratories (UL) and manufactured in accordance with ASME, AWWA, or ANSI standards, and as approved by local authorities having jurisdiction.
- G. Fully lubricate all equipment when installed and prior to final acceptance.
- H. Do not put systems in operation until systems have been tested.
- I. Follow manufacturers' instructions for installing, connecting, and adjusting all equipment. Provide one copy of such instructions to the Engineer before installing any equipment. Provide a copy of such instructions at the equipment.

# 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All work shall comply with National Electrical Code and applicable local codes.
- B. Furnish materials and equipment new, free from defects and with listings or labels of Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc. or other nationally approved testing laboratory.
- C. All items of a given type shall be the product of the same manufacturer.
- D. Materials and equipment shall be the product of manufacturers engaged in their manufacture for at least 5 years.
- E. Current characteristics:
  - 1. Provide the following service:
    - a. 120/208 volt, 3 phase, 4 wire, 60 Hz with grounded neutral.
  - 2. Provide the following distribution:
    - a. 120/208 volt, 3 phase, 4 wire, 60 Hz with ground.
- F. Equipment ampere ratings shall be for continuous operation in 104 degrees F (40 degrees C) ambient temperature unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Provide the following heights of outlets and verify with Architect and/or Engineer prior to installation:
  - 1. Provide outlets to match existing.
  - 2. From finished floor to centerline of outlets for:
    - a. Receptacles and telephones:
      - 1) 1'-6"
      - 2) 3'-6"
    - b. Wall switches:

- 1) 4'-0"
- c. 7'-0"
- d. 5'-0"
- 3. The following are exceptions to specified height of outlets:
  - a. At junction of different wall finish materials.
  - b. On molding or break in wall surface.
  - c. In violation of Code.
  - d. As noted or directed.

#### 1.9 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Prepare and submit detailed shop drawings for conduit work and other distribution services, including locations and sizes of all openings in floor, walls, and roofs.
- B. The work described in any shop drawing submission shall be carefully checked for all clearances (including those required for maintenance and servicing), field conditions, maintenance of architectural conditions and proper coordination with all trades on the job. Each submitted shop drawing shall include a certification that all related job conditions have been checked and that no conflict exists.
- C. All drawings shall be submitted in advance of field requirements to allow (15) days for enfineer/architect review. All submittals shall be complete and contain all required and detailed information. Shop drawings with multiple parts shall be submitted as a package.
- D. If submittals differ from the Contract Document requirements, make specific mention of such difference in a letter of transmittal, with request for substitution, together with reasons for same.
- E. Review of any submitted data or shop drawings for material, equipment apparatus, devices, arrangement and layout shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility to furnish same of proper dimensions and weight, capacities, sizes, quantity, quality and installation details to efficiently perform the requirements and intent of the Work. Such review shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for errors, omissions or inadequacies of any sort on submitted data or shop drawings.
- F. Each shop drawing shall contain the job title, the name and phone numbers of the Contractor, references to the applicable design drawing or specification article, date and scale.
- G. Within three (3) weeks after award of Contract, submit a list of all shop drawings which will be submitted in the course of the project. List shall show disposition of each item, including date of submission, review, and the like. List shall be kept up-to-date throughout entire construction period.
- H. Submit shop drawings and manufacturer's data for the following items in accordance with the Contract Documents:
  - 1. Coordinated, detailed shop layout drawings of all electrical rooms, services and distribution systems, including plans, profiles and sections.
  - 2. Hangers, supports, inserts, anchors, guides and foundations.
  - 3. Wire and cable.
  - 4. Switches.
  - 5. Fuses and circuit breakers.
  - 6. Panelboards.
  - 7. Raceways/Conduit.

- 8. Wiring Devices.
- 9. Generator and transfer switches.
- 10. Light fixtures and lighting control devices.
- 11. Equipment and conduit layouts at 3/8 in. scale for the building.
- 12. Location and size of sleeves for openings in floors and walls.
- 13. Flashing.
- 14. Equipment identification and certificates.
- 15. UL listed and tested fire stopping systems with location and type of penetration indicated.
- 16. Other shop drawings and submittals as requested within the specification.

## 1.10 PRODUCT DELIVERY, HANDLING, AND STORAGE

- A. Ship materials and equipment in crated sections of sizes to permit passing through available space, where required.
- B. Receive and accept materials and equipment at the site, properly handle, house, and protect them from damage and the weather until installation. Replace equipment damaged in the course of handling without additional charge.
- C. Arrange for and provide storage space or area at the job site for all materials and equipment to be received and/or installed for this project.
- D. Protect from damage, water, dust, etc. all material, equipment and apparatus provided under this trade both in storage and installed.

# 1.11 ACCESSIBILITY

- A. Install all work so that parts requiring periodic inspection, operation, maintenance, and repair are readily accessible. Minor deviations from the drawings may be made to accomplish this, but changes of substantial magnitude shall not be made without written approval.
- B. Install equipment requiring access so as to be freely accessible through access doors.

#### 1.12 CUTTING AND PATCHING:

A. Provide all carpentry, cutting and patching required for proper installation of material and equipment specified. Do not cut or drill structural members without consent of architect and structural engineer.

#### 1.13 UTILITY CONNECTIONS

- A. Arrange for and pay all fees and costs for all specified utilities including the following:
  - 1. Connection to utility company mains.
  - 2. Payment of service charges.
  - 3. Provision for temporary utilities.
  - 4. Connect in accordance with authority having jurisdiction.

#### 1.14 GUARANTEE

A. The Contractor shall furnish a written guarantee to replace or repair promptly and assume responsibility for all expenses incurred for any workmanship and equipment in which defects develop within one year from the date of final certificate for payment and/or from date of actual use of equipment or occupancy of spaces by Owner included under the various parts of the work, whichever date is earlier. This work shall be done as directed by the Owner. This guarantee shall also provide that where defects occur, the Contractor will assume responsibility for all expenses incurred in repairing and replacing work of other trades affected by defects, repairs or replacements in equipment supplied by the Contractor.

#### 1.15 PERMITS AND FEES

A. The Contractor shall give necessary notice, file drawings and specifications with the department having jurisdiction, obtain permits or licenses necessary to carry out this work and pay all fees therefore. The Contractor shall arrange for inspection and tests of any or all parts of the work if so required by authorities and pay all charges for same. The Contractor shall pay all costs for, and furnish to the Owner before final billing, all certificates necessary as evidence that the work installed conforms with all regulations where they apply to this work.

#### 1.16 BASE BID MANUFACTURERS

- A. Base bid on materials or equipment are specified by name of manufacturer, brand or trade name and catalog reference.
- B. Where two or more manufacturers are named, the bidders will have the option to choose.
- C. Manufacturers, other than specified, will only be considered if at the time of bid, manufacturers' names and proposed substitutions are named and stated and the difference in base bid is indicated including changes in the cost of all affected work.
- D. Submission of equipment of manufacturers other than specified shall detail equality and difference item by item. Delay in ordering of equipment will not be considered a valid cause for substitution.

#### 1.17 ACCESS DOORS

A. Supply access doors as required for complete access. Installation shall be under General Construction Work. Minimum size shall be 18 in. x 18 in. Locating and setting shall be performed after review.

#### B. Access doors

- 1. Flush type access doors shall be similar to Karp Type DSC-211 for wall installation, with No. 13 USSG steel doors and trim and No. 15 USSG steel frame, metal wings for keying into construction, concealed hinges and screwdriver operated stainless steel cam lock. Lift off type access door shall be similar to Karp Type DSC-212 where door cannot swing open.
- 2. Factory finished white access doors shall be similar to Karp Type DSC-210 in acoustic tile ceilings, with No. 13 USSG steel frame, No. 16 USSG steel pan door suitable for receiving tile thickness and hinges that are not visible when door is closed. Access doors shall be screwdriver operated, stainless steel cam locks finishing flush with tile with a minimum of (2) per door.

- 3. Access doors shall be similar to Karp DSC-210-PL in plaster ceilings, with recess to receive plaster.
- 4. Fire rated access doors shall be similar to Karp KRP-150-FR, in accordance with applicable code requirements.
- 5. Access doors shall be shop-painted zinc chromate primer.

#### 1.18 POST-INSTALLED ANCHORS

#### A. Quality Assurance:

- 1. Use Post-Installed Anchors that have been designed and tested in accordance with:
  - a. NYS: ACI 318, as amended by NYSBC Section 1905.
  - b. Current ICC-ES reports considered evidence of successful testing.
- 2. Acceptable Manufacturers:
  - a. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com.
  - b. Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc.: www.strongtie.com
  - c. DeWalt Anchors and Fasteners: www.anchors.dewalt.com/anchors.

# B. Provide Post-Installed Anchors as follows:

- 1. Anchor shall have a current ICC-ES report for the base material.
- 2. Select and install anchor based on concrete strength indicated by core tests. Otherwise, assume 2,000 psi concrete.
- 3. Provide AISI 316 Stainless Steel Post-Installed Anchors in corrosive environments.
- 4. All anchors installed on underside of concrete slab shall be approved for use in cracked concrete.
- 5. Spacing and edge distance of anchors shall conform to the requirements of the structural engineer or anchor manufacture.
- 6. Use a safety factor of 4 to the proof tensile load of the anchor when determining the allowable design tensile load.

# C. Installation Requirements:

- 1. Comply with post-installed anchor manufacturer's recommendations for adhesive storage temperature and conditions for adhesive anchors before, during and after installation.
- 2. Only store solvent-cured materials in ventilated areas.
- 3. Follow OSHA requirements when performing any drilling that can result in silica dust.
- 4. Post-installed adhesive anchors installed overhead shall be installed by persons certified by ACI to perform such installations.
- 5. All post-installed anchors shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions and current ICC-ES reports.

#### D. Inspection of Post-Installed Anchors:

- 1. Method of inspection shall be at the discretion of the Special Inspector.
- 2. Contractor shall provide all required information, drawings, equipment documentation, etc. requested by the Special Inspector a minimum of 10 working days in advance of the inspection.
- 3. Periodic Inspection: Mechanical and screw anchors installed in any orientation are subject to periodic inspection. Frequency of inspections shall be at the Special Inspector's discretion.

#### 1.19 FIRESTOPPING

#### A. Quality Assurance:

- Use firestopping systems that have been tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479. Listing by UL (DIR), UL (FDR), FM (AG), or ITS (DIR) in their certification directories will be considered evidence of successful testing.
- 2. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products for use in fire rated assemblies with minimum three years documented experience.
  - a. 3M Fire Protection Products: www.3m.com/firestop.
  - b. Hilti, Inc: www.us.hilti.com.
  - c. Specified Technologies Inc: www.stifirestop.com.

# B. Firestopping Assembly Requirements

- 1. For membrane and through penetrations, provide firestopping materials to create a listed system, for the assembly being penetrated and field conditions, that have the following properties, except as otherwise permitted by the Building Code:
  - a. Fire Resistance: Provide systems that have been tested to show F-Rating equal to required fire rating of penetrated assembly.
  - b. Temperature Rise: Provide systems that have been tested to show T-Rating equal to or greater than the F-Rating.
  - c. Air Leakage: Provide systems that have been tested to show L-Rating is equal to or greater than the L-Rating of joints in assembly being penetrated.
  - d. Watertightness: Provide systems that have been tested to meet a Class 1 W-Rating for floor penetrations.

#### C. Field Conditions

- 1. Comply with firestopping manufacturer's recommendations for temperature and conditions during and after installation; maintain minimum temperature before, during, and for three days after installation of materials.
- 2. Provide ventilation in areas where solvent-cured materials are being installed.

# D. Inspection of Firestopping Systems

- 1. Method of inspection shall be at the discretion of the Special Inspector. Contractor shall provide all required information, coordinate with Special Inspector at least 10 days in advance of fire stop installation, and arrange site access. Contractor shall completely remove and restore all firestopping that has undergone destructive testing. No claims for additional cost or time will be allowed.
- 2. Visual Inspection: Special Inspector shall be onsite during installation and randomly witness a minimum of 10% of each type of fire stop being installed.
- 3. Destructive Testing: Verification of firestopping after installation has taken place. A minimum of 2%, but not less then one, of each type of fire stop shall be inspected per floor or each area of a floor when a floor area is larger than 10,000 sq. ft.

# 1.20 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests as noted, and in the presence of the Architect and/or Engineer in accordance with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Provide required labor, materials, equipment, and connections necessary for tests and submit for review.
- C. Repair or replace defective work, as directed and pay for restoring or replacing damaged work of others, due to tests, as directed.

#### 1.21 CLEANING

- A. Brush and clean work prior to concealing, painting and acceptance. Perform in stages if directed.
- B. Clean and repair painted exposed work, soiled or damaged, to match adjoining work before final acceptance.
- C. Remove debris from inside and outside of materials and equipment.

# 1.22 OPERATING & MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTION

- A. Prepare operating and maintenance instructions manual including operating instructions, maintenance instructions, manufacturer's data, specific equipment data.
- B. Provide an alphabetical list of all system components, with the name, address, and 24-hour phone number of the company responsible for servicing each item during the first year of operation.
- C. Provide operating instructions for complete system, including:
  - 1. Normal starting, operating, and shut-down
  - 2. Emergency procedures for fire or failure of major equipment
  - 3. Summer and winter special procedures
  - 4. Day and night special procedures
- D. Provide maintenance instructions, including:
  - 1. Proper lubricants and lubricating instructions for each piece of equipment, and date when lubricated
  - 2. Required cleaning, replacement and/or adjustment schedule
- E. Provide manufacturer's data on each piece of equipment, including:
  - 1. Installation instructions.
  - 2. Drawings and specifications.
  - 3. Parts list, including recommended items to be stocked.
  - 4. Complete wiring and temperature control diagrams.
  - 5. Marked or revised prints locating all concealed parts and all variations from the original system design.
  - 6. Test and inspection certificates.
- F. Provide instruction of operating personnel.
  - 1. Instruct Owner's operating personnel in proper starting sequences, operation, shutdown, and maintenance procedures, including normal and emergency procedures.
  - 2. Instruction to be by personnel skilled in operation of equipment. Instructions for major equipment to be by equipment manufacturers' representatives.
  - 3. Make arrangements to give instructions by system and not by building areas.
  - 4. Provide five (5) instruction sessions not to exceed six (6) hours each.
  - 5. Instructions on automatic controls to be by manufacturer's representative.

#### G. Submittals

- 1. Shop Drawings: Submit three copies for review prior to final issuance.
- 2. Provide six (6) copies of each operation and maintenance manual.

- a. Manuals to be 8-1/2" x 11 size in hard-back, 3-ring loose leaf binders. Use more than one volume if required. Do not overfill binders.
- b. Manuals to be completed and delivered to the Engineer for approval at least 20 days prior to instruction of operating personnel.
- 3. Prepare separate manuals for the Electrical system.

# 1.23 TOOLS FOR OPERATION, ADJUSTMENT AND MAINTENANCE

A. Deliver to Owner's representative all special tools needed for proper operation, adjustment and maintenance of equipment.

#### 1.24 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM E814 Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems; 2023a.
- B. FM (AG) FM Approval Guide; Current Edition.
- C. ITS (DIR) Directory of Listed Products; Current Edition.
- D. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.
- E. UL 1479 Standard for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestops; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 NOT USED.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 NOT USED.

END OF SECTION 260000

# SECTION 260505 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION FOR ELECTRICAL

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Electrical demolition.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements: Additional requirements for alterations work.
- B. Section 028400 Polychlorinate Biphenyl (PCB) Remediation: Removal of equipment and materials containing substances regulated under the Federal Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), including but not limited to those containing PCBs and mercury.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

A. Materials and equipment for patching and extending work: As specified in individual sections.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that abandoned wiring and equipment serve only abandoned facilities.
- B. Demolition drawings are based on casual field observation and existing record documents.
- C. Report discrepancies to Engineer before disturbing existing installation.
- D. Beginning of demolition means installer accepts existing conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Disconnect electrical systems in walls, floors, and ceilings.
- B. Coordinate utility service outages with utility company.
- C. Existing Electrical Service: Maintain existing system in service until new system is complete and ready for service. Disable system only to make switchovers and connections. Minimize outage duration.
  - 1. Obtain permission from Owner at least 24 hours before disabling system.

- D. Existing Telephone System: Maintain existing system in service until new system is complete and ready for service. Disable system only to make switchovers and connections. Minimize outage duration.
  - 1. Notify Owner at least 24 hours before disabling system.
  - 2. Notify telephone utility company at least 24 hours before disabling system.

#### 3.3 DEMOLITION AND EXTENSION OF EXISTING ELECTRICAL WORK

- A. Removewiring to source of supply.
- B. Remove conduit, including above accessible ceiling finishes.
- C. Disconnect outlets and remove devices. Remove conduit and wiring serving outlets.
- D. Disconnect and remove panelboards and distribution equipment.
- E. Disconnect and remove electrical devices and equipment serving utilization equipment that has been removed.
- F. Disconnect and remove luminaires. Remove brackets, stems, hangers, and other accessories.
- G. Repair adjacent damaged construction to remain during demolition and extension work.
- H. Extend existing installations using materials and methods compatible with existing electrical installations, or as specified.

END OF SECTION 260505

# SECTION 260526 GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Grounding and bonding requirements.
- B. Conductors for grounding and bonding.
- C. Connectors for grounding and bonding.
- D. Ground bars.
- E. Ground rod electrodes.
- F. Grounding and bonding components.
- G. Provide all components necessary to complete the grounding system(s) consisting of:
  - 1. Metal underground water pipe.
  - 2. Metal frame of the building.
  - 3. Concrete-encased electrode.
  - 4. Metal underground gas piping system.
  - 5. Rod electrodes.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 260519 Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables: Additional requirements for conductors for grounding and bonding, including conductor color coding.
- B. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.

# 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. IEEE 81 IEEE Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance, and Earth Surface Potentials of a Grounding System; 2012.
- B. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- C. NEMA GR 1 Grounding Rod Electrodes and Grounding Rod Electrode Couplings; 2022.
- D. NETA ATS Standard For Acceptance Testing Specifications For Electrical Power Equipment And Systems; 2021.
- E. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- F. UL 467 Grounding and Bonding Equipment; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Coordination:

- 1. Verify exact locations of underground metal water service pipe entrances to building.
- 2. Notify Engineer of any conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

# B. Sequencing:

1. Do not install ground rod electrodes until final backfill and compaction is complete.

# 1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Grounding System Resistance: 5 ohms.

#### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit shop drawings and samples in accordance with "AIA Document 201".
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for grounding and bonding system components.
- C. Product Data: Provide for grounding electrodes and connections.
- D. Test Reports: Indicate overall resistance to ground and resistance of each electrode.
- E. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate application conditions and limitations of use stipulated by product testing agency. Include instructions for storage, handling, protection, examination, preparation, and installation of product.
- F. Field quality control test reports.
- G. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components and grounding electrodes.
- H. Certificate of Compliance: Indicate approval of installation by authority having jurisdiction.

# 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Maintain at the project site a copy of each referenced document that prescribes execution requirements.
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- D. Installer Qualifications for Signal Reference Grids: Company with minimum five years documented experience with high frequency grounding systems.
- E. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience with service facilities within 100 miles of Project.
- C. Products: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 GROUNDING AND BONDING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Do not use products for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.
- B. Unless specifically indicated to be excluded, provide all required components, conductors, connectors, conduit, boxes, fittings, supports, accessories, etc. as necessary for a complete grounding and bonding system.
- C. Where conductor size is not indicated, size to comply with NFPA 70 but not less than applicable minimum size requirements specified.
- D. Grounding System Resistance:
  - 1. Achieve specified grounding system resistance under normally dry conditions unless otherwise approved by Engineer. Precipitation within the previous 48 hours does not constitute normally dry conditions.
  - 2. Grounding Electrode System: Not greater than 5 ohms to ground, when tested according to IEEE 81 using "fall-of-potential" method.

#### E. Grounding Electrode System:

- 1. Provide connection to required and supplemental grounding electrodes indicated to form grounding electrode system.
  - a. Provide continuous grounding electrode conductors without splice or joint.
  - b. Install grounding electrode conductors in raceway where exposed to physical damage. Bond grounding electrode conductor to metallic raceways at each end with bonding jumper.
- 2. Metal Underground Water Pipe(s):
  - a. Provide connection to underground metal water service pipe(s) that are in direct contact with earth for at least 10 feet at an accessible location not more than 5 feet from the point of entrance to the building.
  - b. Provide bonding jumper(s) around insulating joints/pipes as required to make pipe electrically continuous.
  - c. Provide bonding jumper around water meter of sufficient length to permit removal of meter without disconnecting jumper.
- 3. Ground Rod Electrode(s):
  - a. Provide three electrodes in an equilateral triangle configuration unless otherwise indicated or required.

- b. Space electrodes not less than 10 feet from each other and any other ground electrode.
- c. Where location is not indicated, locate electrode(s) at least 5 feet outside building perimeter foundation as near as possible to electrical service entrance; where possible, locate in softscape (uncovered) area.
- 4. Provide additional ground electrode(s) as required to achieve specified grounding electrode system resistance.
- 5. Ground Bar: Provide ground bar, separate from service equipment enclosure, for common connection point of grounding electrode system bonding jumpers as permitted in NFPA 70. Connect grounding electrode conductor provided for service-supplied system grounding to this ground bar.
  - a. Ground Bar Size: 1/4 by 2 by 12 inches unless otherwise indicated or required.
  - b. Where ground bar location is not indicated, locate in accessible location as near as possible to service disconnect enclosure.

# F. Service-Supplied System Grounding:

- 1. For each service disconnect, provide grounding electrode conductor to connect neutral (grounded) service conductor to grounding electrode system. Unless otherwise indicated, make connection at neutral (grounded) bus in service disconnect enclosure.
- 2. For each service disconnect, provide main bonding jumper to connect neutral (grounded) bus to equipment ground bus where not factory-installed. Do not make any other connections between neutral (grounded) conductors and ground on load side of service disconnect.

# G. Separately Derived System Grounding:

- 1. Separately derived systems include, but are not limited to:
  - a. Generators, when neutral is switched in the transfer switch.
- 2. Provide grounding electrode conductor to connect derived system grounded conductor to nearest effectively grounded metal building frame. Unless otherwise indicated, make connection at neutral (grounded) bus in source enclosure.
- 3. Provide bonding jumper to connect derived system grounded conductor to nearest metal building frame and nearest metal water piping in the area served by the derived system, where not already used as a grounding electrode for the derived system. Make connection at same location as grounding electrode conductor connection.
- 4. Provide system bonding jumper to connect system grounded conductor to equipment ground bus. Make connection at same location as grounding electrode conductor connection. Do not make any other connections between neutral (grounded) conductors and ground on load side of separately derived system disconnect.
- 5. Where the source and first disconnecting means are in separate enclosures, provide supply-side bonding jumper between source and first disconnecting means.

# H. Bonding and Equipment Grounding:

- 1. Provide bonding for equipment grounding conductors, equipment ground busses, metallic equipment enclosures, metallic raceways and boxes, device grounding terminals, and other normally non-current-carrying conductive materials enclosing electrical conductors/equipment or likely to become energized as indicated and in accordance with NFPA 70.
- 2. Provide insulated equipment grounding conductor in each feeder and branch circuit raceway. Do not use raceways as sole equipment grounding conductor.
- 3. Where circuit conductor sizes are increased for voltage drop, increase size of equipment grounding conductor proportionally in accordance with NFPA 70.

- 4. Unless otherwise indicated, connect wiring device grounding terminal to branch circuit equipment grounding conductor and to outlet box with bonding jumper.
- 5. Terminate branch circuit equipment grounding conductors on solidly bonded equipment ground bus only. Do not terminate on neutral (grounded) or isolated/insulated ground bus.
- 6. Provide bonding jumper across expansion or expansion/deflection fittings provided to accommodate conduit movement.
- 7. Provide bonding for interior metal piping systems in accordance with NFPA 70. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - a. Metal water piping where not already effectively bonded to metal underground water pipe used as grounding electrode.
  - b. Metal gas piping.
- 8. Provide bonding for interior metal air ducts.
- 9. Provide bonding for metal building frame.
- I. Communications Systems Grounding and Bonding:
  - 1. Provide bonding jumper in raceway from intersystem bonding termination to each communications room or backboard and provide ground bar for termination.
    - a. Bonding Jumper Size: 6 AWG, unless otherwise indicated or required.
    - b. Raceway Size: 3/4 inch trade size unless otherwise indicated or required.
    - c. Ground Bar Size: 1/4 by 2 by 12 inches unless otherwise indicated or required.

#### 2.2 GROUNDING AND BONDING COMPONENTS

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
  - 2. Provide products listed and labeled as complying with UL 467 where applicable.
- B. Conductors for Grounding and Bonding, in Addition to Requirements of Section 260526:
  - 1. Use insulated copper conductors unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Exceptions:
      - 1) Use bare copper conductors where installed underground in direct contact with earth.
      - 2) Use bare copper conductors where directly encased in concrete (not in raceway).
- C. Connectors for Grounding and Bonding:
  - 1. Description: Connectors appropriate for the application and suitable for the conductors and items to be connected; listed and labeled as complying with UL 467.
  - 2. Unless otherwise indicated, use exothermic welded connections for underground, concealed and other inaccessible connections.
  - 3. Unless otherwise indicated, use mechanical connectors, compression connectors, or exothermic welded connections for accessible connections.
- D. Ground Bars:
  - 1. Description: Copper rectangular ground bars with mounting brackets and insulators.
  - 2. Size: As indicated.
  - 3. Holes for Connections: As indicated or as required for connections to be made.
- E. Ground Rod Electrodes:
  - 1. Comply with NEMA GR 1.

- 2. Material: Copper-bonded (copper-clad) steel.
- 3. Size: 3/4 inch diameter by 10 feet length, unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.3 CONNECTORS AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Mechanical Connectors: Bronze.
- B. Exothermic Connections:
- C. Wire: Stranded copper.
- D. Grounding Electrode Conductor: Size to meet NFPA 70 requirements.
- E. Grounding Well:

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that work likely to damage grounding and bonding system components has been completed.
- B. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.
- D. Verify existing conditions prior to beginning work.
- E. Verify that final backfill and compaction has been completed before driving rod electrodes.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- C. Ground Rod Electrodes: Unless otherwise indicated, install ground rod electrodes vertically. Where encountered rock prohibits vertical installation, install at 45 degree angle or bury horizontally in trench at least 30 inches (750 mm) deep in accordance with NFPA 70 or install at 45 degree angle or bury horizontally in trench at least 30 inches (750 mm) deep in accordance with NFPA 70.
- D. Make grounding and bonding connections using specified connectors.
  - 1. Remove appropriate amount of conductor insulation for making connections without cutting, nicking or damaging conductors. Do not remove conductor strands to facilitate insertion into connector.
  - 2. Remove nonconductive paint, enamel, or similar coating at threads, contact points, and contact surfaces.
  - 3. Exothermic Welds: Make connections using molds and weld material suitable for the items to be connected in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
  - 4. Mechanical Connectors: Secure connections according to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.

- 5. Compression Connectors: Secure connections using manufacturer's recommended tools and dies.
- E. Identify grounding and bonding system components in accordance with Section 260553.
- F. Install ground electrodes at locations indicated. Install additional rod electrodes as required to achieve specified resistance to ground.
- G. Provide grounding well pipe with cover at each rod location. Install well pipe top flush with finished grade.
- H. Equipment Grounding Conductor: Provide separate, insulated conductor within each feeder and branch circuit raceway. Terminate each end on suitable lug, bus, or bushing.

# 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect and test in accordance with NETA ATS except Section 4.
- B. Perform inspections and tests listed in NETA ATS, Section 7.13.
- C. Perform ground electrode resistance tests under normally dry conditions. Precipitation within the previous 48 hours does not constitute normally dry conditions.
- D. Investigate and correct deficiencies where measured ground resistances do not comply with specified requirements.
- E. Submit detailed reports indicating inspection and testing results and corrective actions taken.

END OF SECTION 260526



# SECTION 260529 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 Section Includes

A. Support and attachment requirements and components for equipment, conduit, cable, boxes, and other electrical work.

#### 1.2 Related Requirements

- A. Section 260533.13 Conduit for Electrical Systems: Additional support and attachment requirements for conduits.
- B. Section 260533.16 Boxes for Electrical Systems: Additional support and attachment requirements for boxes.
- C. Section 265100 Interior Lighting: Additional support and attachment requirements for interior luminaires.
- D. Section 265600 Exterior Lighting: Additional support and attachment requirements for exterior luminaires.

#### 1.3 Reference Standards

- A. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.
- B. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2023.
- C. ASTM B633 Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Zinc on Iron and Steel; 2023.
- D. MFMA-4 Metal Framing Standards Publication; 2004.
- E. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- F. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- G. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- H. UL 5B Strut-Type Channel Raceways and Fittings; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 Administrative Requirements

A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate sizes and arrangement of supports and bases with actual equipment and components to be installed.
- 2. Coordinate work to provide additional framing and materials required for installation.
- 3. Coordinate compatibility of support and attachment components with mounting surfaces at installed locations.
- 4. Coordinate arrangement of supports with ductwork, piping, equipment and other potential conflicts.
- 5. Notify Engineer of conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

#### 1.5 Submittals

- A. Submit shop drawings and samples in accordance with "AIA Document 201".
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for channel (strut) framing systems, post-installed concrete and masonry anchors, and roof-penetrating supports.
- C. Shop Drawings: Include details for fabricated hangers and supports where materials or methods other than those indicated are proposed for substitution.
- D. Evaluation Reports: For post-installed anchors, and other products specified as requiring evaluation and recognition by ICC Evaluation Service, LLC (ICC-ES), provide current ICC-ES evaluation reports upon request.
- E. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's catalog data for fastening systems.
- F. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate application conditions and limitations of use stipulated by product testing agency. Include instructions for storage, handling, protection, examination, preparation, and installation of product.

# 1.6 Quality Assurance

- A. Installer Qualifications for Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Certified by fastener system manufacturer with current operator's license.
- B. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: Organization recognized by OSHA as Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

# 1.7 Delivery, Storage, and Handling

- A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Products: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for the purpose specified and indicated.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 Support and Attachment Components

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Comply with the following. Where requirements differ, comply with most stringent.

- a. NFPA 70.
- b. Requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Provide required hangers, supports, anchors, fasteners, fittings, accessories, and hardware as necessary for complete installation of electrical work.
- 3. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for purpose intended, where applicable.
- 4. Where support and attachment component types and sizes are not indicated, select in accordance with manufacturer's application criteria as required for load to be supported. Include consideration for vibration, equipment operation, and shock loads where applicable.
- 5. Do not use products for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.
- 6. Do not use wire, chain, perforated pipe strap, or wood for permanent supports unless specifically indicated or permitted.
- 7. Steel Components: Use corrosion-resistant materials suitable for environment where installed.
  - a. Indoor Dry Locations: Use zinc-plated steel or approved equivalent unless otherwise indicated.
  - b. Outdoor and Damp or Wet Indoor Locations: Use galvanized steel, stainless steel, or approved equivalent unless otherwise indicated.
  - c. Zinc-Plated Steel: Electroplated in accordance with ASTM B633.
  - d. Galvanized Steel: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M or ASTM A153/A153M.
- B. Conduit and Cable Supports: Straps and clamps suitable for conduit or cable to be supported.
  - 1. Conduit Straps: One-hole or two-hole type; steel or malleable iron.
  - 2. Conduit Clamps: Bolted type unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Outlet Box Supports: Hangers and brackets suitable for boxes to be supported.
- D. Metal Channel/Strut Framing Systems:
  - 1. Description: Factory-fabricated, continuous-slot, metal channel/strut and associated fittings, accessories, and hardware required for field assembly of supports.
  - 2. Comply with MFMA-4.
  - 3. Channel Material:
    - a. Indoor Dry Locations: Use painted steel, zinc-plated steel, or galvanized steel.
    - b. Outdoor and Damp or Wet Indoor Locations: Use galvanized steel.
  - 4. Minimum Channel Thickness: Steel sheet, 12 gauge, 0.1046 inch.
  - 5. Minimum Channel Dimensions: 1-5/8 inch wide by 13/16 inch high.
- E. Hanger Rods: Threaded, zinc-plated steel unless otherwise indicated.
  - Minimum Size, Unless Otherwise Indicated or Required:
    - a. Equipment Supports: 1/2-inch diameter.
    - b. Single Conduit up to 1-inch (27 mm) Trade Size: 1/4-inch diameter.
    - c. Single Conduit Larger than 1-inch (27 mm) Trade Size: 3/8-inch diameter.
    - d. Trapeze Support for Multiple Conduits: 3/8-inch diameter.
    - e. Outlet Boxes: 1/4-inch diameter.
    - f. Luminaires: 1/4-inch diameter.
- F. Nonpenetrating Rooftop Supports for Low-Slope Roofs:

- 1. Description: Steel pedestals with thermoplastic or rubber bases that rest on top of roofing membrane, not requiring attachment to roof structure and not penetrating roofing assembly, with support fixtures as specified.
- 2. Base Sizes: As required to distribute load sufficiently to prevent indentation of roofing assembly.
- 3. Attachment/Support Fixtures: As recommended by manufacturer, same type as indicated for equivalent indoor hangers and supports.
- 4. Mounting Height: Provide minimum clearance of 6 inches under supported component to top of roofing.

# G. Anchors and Fasteners:

- 1. Unless otherwise indicated and where not otherwise restricted, use anchor and fastener types indicated for specified applications.
- 2. Post-Installed Concrete and Masonry Anchors: Evaluated and recognized by ICC Evaluation Service, LLC (ICC-ES) for compliance with applicable building code.

#### 2.2 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Thomas & Betts Corporation: www.tnb.com.
- B. Threaded Rod Company: www.threadedrod.com.

# C. SUPPLEMENTARY STEEL, CHANNELS AND SUPPORTS

- 1. Furnish supplementary steel, channels, and supports required for proper installations, mounting, and support of electrical work.
- 2. Connect supplementary steel and channels firmly to building construction in an accepted manner.
- 3. Determine type and size of supporting channels and supplementary steel. Supplementary steel and channels shall be of sufficient strength and size to allow only a minimum deflection in conformance with manufacturers' requirements of loading.
- 4. Install supplementary steel and channels in a neat and workmanlike manner parallel to walls, floors, and ceiling construction.
- 5. All supplementary steel, channels and supports shall be submitted to the Structural Engineer for review.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 Examination

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive support and attachment components.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

#### 3.2 Installation

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install hangers and supports in accordance with NECA 1.

- C. Install anchors and fasteners in accordance with ICC Evaluation Services, LLC (ICC-ES) evaluation report conditions of use where applicable.
- D. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
- E. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Engineer, do not provide support from suspended ceiling support system or ceiling grid.
- F. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Engineer, do not provide support from roof deck.
- G. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members without approval of Structural Engineer.
- H. Equipment Support and Attachment:
  - 1. Use metal, fabricated supports or supports assembled from metal channel/strut to support equipment as required.
  - 2. Use metal channel/strut secured to studs to support equipment surface mounted on hollow stud walls when wall strength is not sufficient to resist pull-out.
  - 3. Use metal channel/strut to support surface-mounted equipment in wet or damp locations to provide space between equipment and mounting surface.
  - 4. Securely fasten floor-mounted equipment. Do not install equipment such that it relies on its own weight for support.
- I. Conduit Support and Attachment: See Section 260533.13 for additional requirements.
- J. Box Support and Attachment: See Section 260533.16 for additional requirements.
- K. Interior Luminaire Support and Attachment: See Section 265100 for additional requirements.
- L. Exterior Luminaire Support and Attachment: See Section 265600 for additional requirements.
- M. Secure fasteners in accordance with manufacturer's recommended torque settings.
- N. Remove temporary supports.

# 3.3 Field Quality Control

- A. Inspect support and attachment components for damage and defects.
- B. Repair cuts and abrasions in galvanized finishes using zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer. Replace components that exhibit signs of corrosion.
- C. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective support and attachment components.
- D. Install hangers and supports as required to adequately and securely support electrical system components, in a neat and workmanlike manner parallel to walls, floors, and ceiling construction. as specified in NECA 1.
  - 1. Obtain permission from Engineer before drilling or cutting structural members.
  - 2. Obtain permission from the Structural Engineer before drilling or cutting structural members.
- E. Rigidly weld support members or use hexagon-head bolts to present neat appearance with adequate strength and rigidity. Use spring lock washers under all nuts.

- F. Install surface-mounted cabinets and panelboards with minimum of four anchors.
- G. In wet and damp locations use steel channel supports to stand cabinets and panelboards 1 inch off wall.
- H. Use sheet metal channel to bridge studs above and below cabinets and panelboards recessed in hollow partitions.

END OF SECTION 260529

# SECTION 260533.13 CONDUIT FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC).
- B. Stainless steel rigid metal conduit (RMC).
- C. Galvanized steel intermediate metal conduit (IMC).
- D. Stainless steel intermediate metal conduit (IMC).
- E. Flexible metal conduit (FMC).
- F. Liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC).
- G. Galvanized steel electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- H. Stainless steel electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- I. Rigid polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit.
- J. Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC).
- K. Conduit, fittings and conduit bodies.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Underground Ducts and Manholes.
- B. Section 078400 Firestopping.
- C. Section 260519 Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables.
- D. Section 260526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems.
  - 1. Includes additional requirements for fittings for grounding and bonding.
- E. Section 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- F. Section 260533.16 Boxes for Electrical Systems.
- G. Section 260533.23 Surface Raceways for Electrical Systems.
- H. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.
- I. Section 262100 Low-Voltage Electrical Service Entrance: Additional requirements for electrical service conduits.
- J. Motor Controllers.

- K. Electrical Service System.
- L. Power, Control and Alarm Wiring Systems.
- M. Grounding System.
- N. Devices.
- O. Low Voltage Distribution Equipment
- P. Cable Tray
- Q. Building Wiring and Cable

# 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI C80.1 American National Standard for Electrical Rigid Steel Conduit (ERSC); 2020.
- B. ANSI C80.3 American National Standard for Electrical Metallic Tubing -- Steel (EMT-S); 2020.
- C. ANSI C80.5 American National Standard for Electrical Rigid Metal Conduit -- Aluminum (ERMC-A); 2020.
- D. ANSI C80.6 American National Standard for Electrical Intermediate Metal Conduit; 2018.
- E. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- F. NECA 101 Standard for Installing Steel Conduits (Rigid, IMC, EMT); 2020.
- G. NECA 111 Standard for Installing Nonmetallic Raceways (RNC, ENT, LFNC); 2017.
- H. NEMA FB 1 Fittings, Cast Metal Boxes, and Conduit Bodies for Conduit, Electrical Metallic Tubing, and Cable; 2014.
- I. NEMA RN 1 Polyvinyl-Chloride (PVC) Externally Coated Galvanized Rigid Steel Metal Conduit and Intermediate Metal Conduit; 2018.
- J. NEMA TC 2 Electrical Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Conduit; 2020.
- K. NEMA TC 3 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Fittings for Use with Rigid PVC Conduit and Tubing; 2021.
- L. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- M. UL 1 Flexible Metal Conduit; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- N. UL 6 Electrical Rigid Metal Conduit-Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- O. UL 6A Electrical Rigid Metal Conduit-Aluminum, Red Brass, and Stainless Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- P. UL 360 Liquid-Tight Flexible Metal Conduit; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- Q. UL 514B Conduit, Tubing, and Cable Fittings; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

- R. UL 651 Schedule 40, 80, Type EB and A Rigid PVC Conduit and Fittings; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- S. UL 797 Electrical Metallic Tubing-Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- T. UL 797A Electrical Metallic Tubing Aluminum and Stainless Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- U. UL 1242 Electrical Intermediate Metal Conduit-Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- V. UL 1660 Liquid-Tight Flexible Nonmetallic Conduit; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- W. UL 2419 Outline of Investigation for Electrically Conductive Corrosion Resistant Compounds; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate minimum sizes of conduits with actual type and quantity of conductors to be installed, including adjustments for conductor sizes increased for voltage drop.
- 2. Coordinate arrangement of conduits with structural members, ductwork, piping, equipment, and other potential conflicts.
- 3. Verify exact conduit termination locations required for boxes, enclosures, and equipment.
- 4. Coordinate work to provide roof penetrations that preserve integrity of roofing system and do not void roof warranty.
- 5. Notify Engineer of conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

### B. Sequencing:

1. Do not begin installation of conductors and cables until installation of conduit between termination points is complete.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Include proposed locations of roof penetrations and proposed methods for sealing.
- B. Project Record Documents: Record actual routing for conduits installed underground and conduits 2 inch (53 mm) trade size and larger.
- C. Product Data: Provide for metallic conduit, flexible metal conduit, liquidtight flexible metal conduit, metallic tubing, nonmetallic conduit, flexible nonmetallic conduit, nonmetallic tubing, fittings, and conduit bodies.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: Organization recognized by OSHA as Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Products: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for purpose specified and shown.

### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store conduit and fittings in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Accept conduit on site. Inspect for damage.
- C. Protect conduit from corrosion and entrance of debris by storing above grade. Provide appropriate covering.
- D. Protect PVC conduit from sunlight.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 CONDUIT APPLICATIONS

- A. Do not use conduit and associated fittings for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70, manufacturer's instructions, and product listing.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated and where not otherwise restricted, use conduit types indicated for specified applications. Where more than one listed application applies, comply with most restrictive requirements. Where conduit type for particular application is not specified, use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.

# C. Underground:

- 1. Under Slab on Grade: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit or rigid PVC conduit.
- 2. Exterior, Direct-Buried: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit or rigid PVC conduit.
- 3. Where rigid polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit is provided, transition to galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC), stainless steel rigid metal conduit (RMC), galvanized steel intermediate metal conduit (IMC), stainless steel intermediate metal conduit (IMC), or schedule 80 rigid PVC conduit where emerging from underground.
- 4. Where steel conduit emerges from concrete into soil, use corrosion protection tape to provide supplementary corrosion protection for a minimum of 4 inches on either side of where conduit emerges.
- D. Concealed Within Hollow Stud Walls: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit or electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- E. Concealed Above Accessible Ceilings: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit or electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- F. Interior, Damp or Wet Locations: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC), stainless steel rigid metal conduit (RMC), galvanized steel intermediate metal conduit (IMC), stainless steel intermediate metal conduit (IMC), galvanized steel electrical metallic tubing (EMT), or stainless steel electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- G. Exposed, Interior, Not Subject to Physical Damage: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit or electrical metallic tubing (EMT).

- H. Exposed, Interior, Subject to Physical Damage: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
- I. Exposed, Exterior: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
- J. Concealed, Exterior, Not Embedded in Concrete or in Contact With Earth: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC), stainless steel rigid metal conduit (RMC), galvanized steel intermediate metal conduit (IMC), stainless steel intermediate metal conduit (IMC), galvanized steel electrical metallic tubing (EMT), or stainless steel electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- K. Corrosive Locations Above Ground: Use PVC-coated galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
- L. Flexible Connections to Luminaires Above Accessible Ceilings: Use flexible metal conduit (FMC).
  - 1. Maximum Length: 6 feet.
- M. Flexible Connections to Vibrating Equipment:
  - 1. Dry Locations: Use flexible metal conduit (FMC).
  - 2. Damp, Wet, or Corrosive Locations: Use liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC).
  - 3. Maximum Length: 6 feet unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Vibrating equipment includes, but is not limited to:
    - a. Transformers.
    - b. Motors.

# 2.2 CONDUIT - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NFPA 70.
- B. Electrical Service Conduits: See Section 262100 for additional requirements.
- C. Fittings for Grounding and Bonding: See Section 260526 for additional requirements.
- D. Provide conduit, fittings, supports, and accessories required for complete raceway system.
- E. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for purpose intended.
- F. Minimum Conduit Size, Unless Otherwise Indicated:
  - 1. Branch Circuits: 3/4 inch (21 mm) trade size.
- G. Where conduit size is not indicated, size to comply with NFPA 70 but not less than applicable minimum size requirements specified.

# 2.3 GALVANIZED STEEL RIGID METAL CONDUIT (RMC)

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Allied Tube & Conduit, a division of Atkore International: www.alliedeg.com
  - 2. Nucor Tubular Products: www.nucortubular.com
  - 3. Western Tube, a division of Zekelman Industries: www.westerntube.com
  - 4. Wheatland Tube, a division of Zekelman Industries: www.wheatland.com
- B. Description: NFPA 70, Type RMC galvanized steel rigid metal conduit complying with ANSI C80.1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 6.

## C. Fittings:

- 1. Nonhazardous Locations: Use fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B or UL 6.
- 2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
- 3. Connectors and Couplings: Use threaded type fittings only. Threadless fittings, including set screw and compression/gland types, are not permitted.

# 2.4 STAINLESS STEEL RIGID METAL CONDUIT (RMC)

A. Description: NFPA 70, Type RMC stainless steel rigid metal conduit complying with ANSI C80.1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 6A.

# B. Fittings:

- 1. Nonhazardous Locations: Use fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B or UL 6A.
- 2. Material: Use stainless steel with corrosion resistance equivalent to conduit.
- 3. Connectors and Couplings: Use threaded type fittings only. Threadless fittings, including set screw and compression/gland types, are not permitted.

# 2.5 GALVANIZED STEEL INTERMEDIATE METAL CONDUIT (IMC)

A. Description: NFPA 70, Type IMC galvanized steel intermediate metal conduit complying with ANSI C80.6 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 1242.

### B. Fittings:

- 1. Nonhazardous Locations: Use fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B or UL 1242.
- 2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
- 3. Connectors and Couplings: Use threaded type fittings only. Threadless fittings, including set screw and compression/gland types, are not permitted.

# 2.6 STAINLESS STEEL INTERMEDIATE METAL CONDUIT (IMC)

A. Description: NFPA 70, Type IMC galvanized steel intermediate metal conduit complying with ANSI C80.6 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 1242.

### B. Fittings:

1. Nonhazardous Locations: Use fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B or UL 1242.

### 2.7 FLEXIBLE METAL CONDUIT (FMC)

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc: www.afcweb.com
- 2. Electri-Flex Company: www.electriflex.com
- 3. International Metal Hose: www.metalhose.com
- B. Description: NFPA 70, Type FMC standard-wall steel flexible metal conduit listed and labeled as complying with UL 1, and listed for use in classified firestop systems.

## C. Fittings:

- 1. Manufacturers:
  - a. Bridgeport Fittings, LLC: www.bptfittings.com/#sle.
- 2. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
- 3. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
- D. Description: Interlocked steel construction.
- E. Fittings: NEMA FB 1.

# 2.8 LIQUIDTIGHT FLEXIBLE METAL CONDUIT (LFMC)

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc: www.afcweb.com
  - 2. Electri-Flex Company: www.electriflex.com/#
  - 3. International Metal Hose: www.metalhose.com
- B. Description: NFPA 70, Type LFMC polyvinyl chloride (PVC) jacketed steel flexible metal conduit listed and labeled as complying with UL 360.
- C. Fittings:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Emerson Electric Co; O-Z/Gedney: www.emerson.com/#sle.
  - 2. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
  - 3. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
- D. Description: Interlocked steel construction with PVC jacket.

# 2.9 GALVANIZED STEEL ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING (EMT)

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Allied Tube & Conduit, a division of Atkore International: www.alliedeg.com/#
  - 2. Nucor Tubular Products: www.nucortubular/#sle.
  - 3. Western Tube, a division of Zekelman Industries: www.westerntube.com/#sle.
  - 4. Beck Manufacturing, Inc: www.beckmfg.com.
  - 5. Wheatland Tube, a division of Zekelman Industries: www.wheatland.com
- B. Description: NFPA 70, Type EMT galvanized steel electrical metallic tubing complying with ANSI C80.3 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 797.
- C. Fittings:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Bridgeport Fittings Inc: www.bptfittings.com
    - b. Emerson Electric Co; O-Z/Gedney: www.emerson.com/#sle.
  - 2. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
  - 3. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
    - a. Do not use die cast zinc fittings.

- 4. Connectors and Couplings: Use compression/gland or set-screw type.
  - a. Do not use indenter type connectors and couplings.
- 5. Damp or Wet Locations, Where Permitted: Use fittings listed for use in wet locations.
- 6. Embedded Within Concrete, Where Permitted: Use fittings listed as concrete-tight. Fittings that require taping to be concrete-tight are acceptable.

# 2.10 STAINLESS STEEL ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING (EMT)

- A. Description: NFPA 70, Type EMT stainless steel electrical metallic tubing complying with ANSI C80.3 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 797A.
- B. Fittings:
  - 1. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
  - 2. Connectors and Couplings: Use compression/gland or set-screw type.

# 2.11 RIGID POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) CONDUIT

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc: www.afcweb.com.
  - 2. Electri-Flex Company: www.electriflex.com.
  - 3. International Metal Hose: www.metalhose.com.
- B. Description: NFPA 70, Type PVC rigid polyvinyl chloride conduit complying with NEMA TC 2 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 651; Schedule 40 unless otherwise indicated, Schedule 80 where subject to physical damage; rated for use with conductors rated 90 degrees C.
- C. Fittings:
  - 1. Manufacturer: Same as manufacturer of conduit to be connected.
  - 2. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA TC 3 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 651; material to match conduit.

# 2.12 LIQUIDTIGHT FLEXIBLE NONMETALLIC CONDUIT (LFNC)

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc: www.afcweb.com
  - 2. Electri-Flex Company: www.electriflex.com/#sle.
  - 3. International Metal Hose: www.metalhose.com
- B. Description: NFPA 70, Type LFNC liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit listed and labeled as complying with UL 1660.
- C. Fittings:
  - 1. Manufacturer: Same as manufacturer of conduit to be connected.
  - 2. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B; suitable for type of conduit to be connected.

### 2.13 ACCESSORIES

- A. Conduit Joint Compound: Corrosion-resistant, electrically conductive compound listed as complying with UL 2419; suitable for use with conduit to be installed.
- B. Solvent Cement for PVC Conduit and Fittings: As recommended by manufacturer of conduit and fittings to be installed.
- C. Pull Strings: Use nylon or polyester tape with average breaking strength of not less than 1,250 lbf.
- D. Sealing Compound for Hazardous/Classified Location Sealing Fittings: Listed for use with particular fittings to be installed.
- E. Sealing Systems for Roof Penetrations: Premanufactured components and accessories as required to preserve integrity of roofing system and maintain roof warranty; suitable for conduits and roofing system to be installed; designed to accommodate existing penetrations where applicable.
- F. Flashing Panels for Exterior Wall Penetrations: Premanufactured components and accessories as required to preserve integrity of building envelope; suitable for conduits and facade materials to be installed.
- G. Firestop Sleeves: Listed; provide as required to preserve fire resistance rating of building elements.
- H. Duct Bank Spacers: Nonmetallic; designed for maintaining conduit/duct spacing for concrete encasement in open trench installation; suitable for conduit/duct arrangement to be installed.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive conduits.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.
- D. Verify routing and termination locations of conduit prior to rough-in.
- E. Conduit routing is shown on drawings in approximate locations unless dimensioned. Route as required to complete wiring system.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install conduit in accordance with NECA 1.
- C. Galvanized Steel Rigid Metal Conduit (RMC): Install in accordance with NECA 101.
- D. Intermediate Metal Conduit (IMC): Install in accordance with NECA 101.
- E. Rigid Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Conduit: Install in accordance with NECA 111.

- F. Liquidtight Flexible Nonmetallic Conduit (LFNC): Install in accordance with NECA 111.
- G. Conduit Routing:
  - 1. Unless dimensioned, conduit routing indicated is diagrammatic.
  - 2. When conduit destination is indicated without specific routing, determine exact routing required.
  - 3. Conduits in the following areas may be exposed, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 4. Unless otherwise approved, do not route exposed conduits:
    - a. Across floors.
    - b. Across roofs.
    - c. Across top of parapet walls.
    - d. Across building exterior surfaces.
  - 5. Conduits installed underground or embedded in concrete may be routed in shortest possible manner unless otherwise indicated. Route other conduits parallel or perpendicular to building structure and surfaces, following surface contours where practical.
  - 6. Arrange conduit to maintain adequate headroom, clearances, and access.
  - 7. Arrange conduit to provide no more than equivalent of four 90-degree bends between pull points.
  - 8. Route conduits above water and drain piping.
  - 9. Arrange conduit to prevent moisture traps. Provide drain fittings at low points and at sealing fittings where moisture may collect.
  - 10. Maintain minimum clearance of 6 inches between conduits and piping for other systems.
  - 11. Maintain minimum clearance of 12 inches between conduits and hot surfaces. This includes, but is not limited to:
    - a. Heaters.
    - b. Hot water piping.
    - c. Flues.

### H. Conduit Support:

- 1. Secure and support conduits in accordance with NFPA 70 using suitable supports and methods approved by authorities having jurisdiction; see Section 260529.
- 2. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
- 3. Installation Above Suspended Ceilings: Do not provide support from ceiling support system. Do not provide support from ceiling grid or allow conduits to lay on ceiling tiles.
- 4. Use conduit strap to support single surface-mounted conduit.
  - a. Use clamp back spacer with conduit strap for damp and wet locations to provide space between conduit and mounting surface.
- 5. Use metal channel/strut with accessory conduit clamps to support multiple parallel surface-mounted conduits.
- 6. Use conduit clamp to support single conduit from beam clamp or threaded rod.
- 7. Use trapeze hangers assembled from threaded rods and metal channel/strut with accessory conduit clamps to support multiple parallel suspended conduits.
- 8. Use of wire for support of conduits is not permitted.

# I. Connections and Terminations:

1. Use approved zinc-rich paint or conduit joint compound on field-cut threads of galvanized steel conduits prior to making connections.

- 2. Where two threaded conduits must be joined and neither can be rotated, use three-piece couplings or split couplings. Do not use running threads.
- 3. Use suitable adapters where required to transition from one type of conduit to another.
- 4. Provide drip loops for liquidtight flexible conduit connections to prevent drainage of liquid into connectors.
- 5. Terminate threaded conduits in boxes and enclosures using threaded hubs or double lock nuts for dry locations and raintight hubs for wet locations.
- 6. Provide insulating bushings, insulated throats, or listed metal fittings with smooth, rounded edges at conduit terminations to protect conductors.
- 7. Secure joints and connections to provide mechanical strength and electrical continuity.

### J. Penetrations:

- 1. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members, including footings and grade beams, without approval of Structural Engineer.
- 2. Make penetrations perpendicular to surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Provide sleeves for penetrations as indicated or as required to facilitate installation. Set sleeves flush with exposed surfaces unless otherwise indicated or required.
- 4. Conceal bends for conduit risers emerging above ground.
- 5. Where conduits penetrate waterproof membrane, seal as required to maintain integrity of membrane.
- 6. Make penetrations for roof-mounted equipment within associated equipment openings and curbs where possible to minimize roofing system penetrations. Where penetrations are necessary, seal as indicated or as required to preserve integrity of roofing system and maintain roof warranty.
- 7. Install firestopping to preserve fire resistance rating of partitions and other elements; see Section 078400.

# K. Underground Installation:

- 1. Minimum Cover, Unless Otherwise Indicated or Required:
  - a. Underground, Exterior: 24 inches.
- L. Conduit Movement Provisions: Where conduits are subject to movement, provide expansion and expansion/deflection fittings to prevent damage to enclosed conductors or connected equipment. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - 1. Where conduits cross structural joints intended for expansion, contraction, or deflection.
  - 2. Where calculated in accordance with NFPA 70 for rigid polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit installed above ground to compensate for thermal expansion and contraction.
  - 3. Where conduits are subject to earth movement by settlement or frost.

# M. Conduit Sealing:

- 1. Use foam conduit sealant to prevent entry of moisture and gases. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - a. Where conduits enter building from outside.
  - b. Where service conduits enter building from underground distribution system.
  - c. Where conduits enter building from underground.
  - d. Where conduits may transport moisture to contact live parts.
- 2. Where conduits cross barriers between areas of potential substantial temperature differential, use foam conduit sealant at accessible point near penetration to prevent condensation. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - a. Where conduits pass from outdoors into conditioned interior spaces.

- b. Where conduits pass from unconditioned interior spaces into conditioned interior spaces.
- N. Provide pull string in each empty conduit and in conduits where conductors and cables are to be installed by others. Leave minimum slack of 12 inches at each end.
- O. Provide grounding and bonding; see Section 260526.
- P. Identify conduits; see Section 260553.

# 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Repair cuts and abrasions in galvanized finishes using zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer. Replace components that exhibit signs of corrosion.
- B. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective conduits.

### 3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean interior of conduits to remove moisture and foreign matter.

### 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Immediately after installation of conduit, use suitable manufactured plugs to provide protection from entry of moisture and foreign material and do not remove until ready for installation of conductors.
- B. Join nonmetallic conduit using cement as recommended by manufacturer. Wipe nonmetallic conduit dry and clean before joining. Apply full even coat of cement to entire area inserted in fitting. Allow joint to cure for 20 minutes, minimum.
- C. Use conduit hubs to fasten conduit to sheet metal boxes in damp and wet locations.

### 3.6 INTERFACE WITH OTHER PRODUCTS

- A. Install conduit to preserve fire resistance rating of partitions and other elements, using materials and methods specified in Section 078400.
- B. Route conduit through roof openings for piping and ductwork wherever possible. Where separate roofing penetration is required, coordinate location and installation method with roofing installation.

END OF SECTION 260533.13

# SECTION 260533.16 BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Outlet and device boxes up to 100 cubic inches, including those used as junction and pull boxes.
- B. Cabinets and enclosures, including junction and pull boxes larger than 100 cubic inches.
- C. Floor boxes.
- D. Underground boxes/enclosures.
- E. Accessories.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 078400 Firestopping.
- B. Section 083100 Access Doors and Panels: Panels for maintaining access to concealed boxes.
- C. Section 260526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems.
- D. Section 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- E. Section 260533.13 Conduit for Electrical Systems:
  - 1. Conduit bodies and other fittings.
  - 2. Additional requirements for locating boxes to limit conduit length and/or number of bends between pulling points.
- F. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.
- G. Section 262726 Wiring Devices:
  - 1. Wall plates.
  - 2. Floor box service fittings.
  - 3. Additional requirements for locating boxes for wiring devices.
- H. Section 271000 Structured Cabling: Additional requirements for communications systems outlet boxes.

# 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- B. NECA 130 Standard for Installing and Maintaining Wiring Devices; 2016.
- C. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2020.

- D. NEMA FB 1 Fittings, Cast Metal Boxes, and Conduit Bodies for Conduit, Electrical Metallic Tubing, and Cable; 2014.
- E. NEMA OS 1 Sheet-Steel Outlet Boxes, Device Boxes, Covers, and Box Supports; 2013 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- F. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- G. SCTE 77 Specifications for Underground Enclosure Integrity; 2023.
- H. UL 50 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Non-Environmental Considerations; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- I. UL 50E Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Environmental Considerations; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- J. UL 508A Industrial Control Panels; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- K. UL 514A Metallic Outlet Boxes; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate the work with other trades to avoid placement of ductwork, piping, equipment, or other potential obstructions within the dedicated equipment spaces and working clearances for electrical equipment required by NFPA 70.
- 2. Coordinate arrangement of electrical equipment with the dimensions and clearance requirements of the actual equipment to be installed.
- 3. Coordinate minimum sizes of boxes with the actual installed arrangement of conductors, clamps, support fittings, and devices, calculated according to NFPA 70.
- 4. Coordinate minimum sizes of pull boxes with the actual installed arrangement of connected conduits, calculated according to NFPA 70.
- 5. Coordinate the placement of boxes with millwork, furniture, devices, equipment, etc. installed under other sections or by others.
- 6. Coordinate the work with other trades to preserve insulation integrity.
- 7. Coordinate the work with other trades to provide walls suitable for installation of flush-mounted boxes where indicated.
- 8. Notify Engineer of any conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for outlet and device boxes, junction and pull boxes, cabinets and enclosures, floor boxes, and underground boxes/enclosures.
  - 1. Underground Boxes/Enclosures: Include reports for load testing in accordance with SCTE 77 certified by a professional engineer or an independent testing agency upon request.
- B. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.

1. Keys for Lockable Enclosures: Two of each different key.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 BOXES

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Do not use boxes and associated accessories for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.
  - 2. Provide all boxes, fittings, supports, and accessories required for a complete raceway system and to accommodate devices and equipment to be installed.
  - 3. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
  - 4. Where box size is not indicated, size to comply with NFPA 70 but not less than applicable minimum size requirements specified.
  - 5. Provide grounding terminals within boxes where equipment grounding conductors terminate.
- B. Outlet and Device Boxes Up to 100 cubic inches, Including Those Used as Junction and Pull Boxes:
  - 1. Use sheet-steel boxes for dry locations unless otherwise indicated or required.
  - 2. Use cast iron boxes or cast aluminum boxes for damp or wet locations unless otherwise indicated or required; furnish with compatible weatherproof gasketed covers.
  - 3. Use suitable concrete type boxes where flush-mounted in concrete.
  - 4. Use suitable masonry type boxes where flush-mounted in masonry walls.
  - 5. Use raised covers suitable for the type of wall construction and device configuration where required.
  - 6. Use shallow boxes where required by the type of wall construction.
  - 7. Do not use "through-wall" boxes designed for access from both sides of wall.
  - 8. Sheet-Steel Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 1, and list and label as complying with UL 514A.
  - 9. Cast Metal Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1, and list and label as complying with UL 514A; furnish with threaded hubs.
  - 10. Boxes for Supporting Luminaires and Ceiling Fans: Listed as suitable for the type and weight of load to be supported; furnished with fixture stud to accommodate mounting of luminaire where required.
  - 11. Boxes for Ganged Devices: Use multigang boxes of single-piece construction. Do not use field-connected gangable boxes unless specifically indicated or permitted.
  - 12. Minimum Box Size, Unless Otherwise Indicated:

- a. Wiring Devices (Other Than Communications Systems Outlets): 4 inch square by 1-1/2 inch deep (100 by 38 mm) trade size.
- b. Communications Systems Outlets: 4 inch square by 2-1/8 inch (100 by 54 mm) trade size.
- c. Ceiling Outlets: 4 inch octagonal or square by 1-1/2 inch deep (100 by 38 mm) trade size.
- 13. Wall Plates: Comply with Section 262726.
- C. Cabinets and Enclosures, Including Junction and Pull Boxes Larger Than 100 cubic inches:
  - 1. Comply with NEMA 250, and list and label as complying with UL 50 and UL 50E, or UL 508A.
  - 2. NEMA 250 Environment Type, Unless Otherwise Indicated:
    - a. Indoor Clean, Dry Locations: Type 1, painted steel.
    - b. Outdoor Locations: Type 3R, painted steel.
  - 3. Junction and Pull Boxes Larger Than 100 cubic inches:
    - a. Provide screw-cover or hinged-cover enclosures unless otherwise indicated.
    - b. Boxes 6 square feet and Larger: Provide sectionalized screw-cover or hinged-cover enclosures.
  - 4. Cabinets and Hinged-Cover Enclosures, Other Than Junction and Pull Boxes:
    - a. Provide lockable hinged covers, all locks keyed alike unless otherwise indicated.
    - b. Back Panels: Painted steel, removable.
    - c. Terminal Blocks: Provide voltage/current ratings and terminal quantity suitable for purpose indicated, with 25 percent spare terminal capacity.
  - 5. Finish for Painted Steel Enclosures: Manufacturer's standard grey unless otherwise indicated.

### D. Floor Boxes:

- 1. Description: Floor boxes compatible with floor box service fittings provided in accordance with Section 262726; with partitions to separate multiple services; furnished with all components, adapters, and trims required for complete installation.
- 2. Use sheet-steel or cast iron floor boxes within slab above grade.
- 3. Metallic Floor Boxes: Fully adjustable (with integral means for leveling adjustment prior to and after concrete pour).
- 4. Manufacturer: Same as manufacturer of floor box service fittings.

### E. Underground Boxes/Enclosures:

- 1. Description: In-ground, open bottom boxes furnished with flush, non-skid covers with legend indicating type of service and stainless steel tamper resistant cover bolts.
- 2. Size: As indicated on drawings.
- 3. Depth: As required to extend below frost line to prevent frost upheaval, but not less than 12 inches.
- 4. Provide logo on cover to indicate type of service.
- 5. Applications:
  - Sidewalks and Landscaped Areas Subject Only to Occasional Nondeliberate
     Vehicular Traffic: Use polymer concrete enclosures, with minimum SCTE 77 Tier
     8 load rating.
  - b. Parking Lots, in Areas Subject Only To Occasional Nondeliberate Vehicular Traffic: Use polymer concrete enclosures, with minimum SCTE 77 Tier 15 load rating.

- c. Do not use polymer concrete enclosures in areas subject to deliberate vehicular traffic.
- 6. Polymer Concrete Underground Boxes/Enclosures: Comply with SCTE 77.
  - a. Combination fiberglass/polymer concrete boxes/enclosures are acceptable.

### 2.2 ACCESSORIES

A. Flashing Panels for Exterior Wall Penetrations: Premanufactured components and accessories as required to preserve integrity of building envelope; suitable for boxes and facade materials to be installed.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive boxes.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install boxes in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship) and, where applicable, NECA 130, including mounting heights specified in those standards where mounting heights are not indicated.
- C. Arrange equipment to provide minimum clearances in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and NFPA 70.
- D. Unless otherwise indicated, provide separate boxes for line voltage and low voltage systems.
- E. Flush-mount boxes in finished areas unless specifically indicated to be surface-mounted.

# F. Box Locations:

- 1. Locate boxes to be accessible. Provide access panels in accordance with Section 083100 as required where approved by the Architect.
- 2. Unless dimensioned, box locations indicated are approximate.
- 3. Locate boxes as required for devices installed under other sections or by others.
  - a. Switches, Receptacles, and Other Wiring Devices: Comply with Section 262726.
  - b. Communications Systems Outlets: Comply with Section 271000.
- 4. Locate boxes so that wall plates do not span different building finishes.
- 5. Locate boxes so that wall plates do not cross masonry joints.
- 6. Unless otherwise indicated, where multiple outlet boxes are installed at the same location at different mounting heights, install along a common vertical center line.
- 7. Do not install flush-mounted boxes on opposite sides of walls back-to-back. Provide minimum 6 inches horizontal separation unless otherwise indicated.
- 8. Fire Resistance Rated Walls: Install flush-mounted boxes such that the required fire resistance will not be reduced.

- a. Do not install flush-mounted boxes on opposite sides of walls back-to-back; provide minimum 24 inches separation where wall is constructed with individual noncommunicating stud cavities or protect both boxes with listed putty pads.
- 9. Locate junction and pull boxes as indicated, as required to facilitate installation of conductors, and to limit conduit length and/or number of bends between pulling points in accordance with Section 260533.13.
- 10. Locate junction and pull boxes in the following areas, unless otherwise indicated or approved by the Architect:
  - a. Concealed above accessible suspended ceilings.
  - b. Within joists in areas with no ceiling.
  - c. Electrical rooms.
  - d. Mechanical equipment rooms.

# G. Box Supports:

- 1. Secure and support boxes in accordance with NFPA 70 and Section 260529 using suitable supports and methods approved by the authority having jurisdiction.
- 2. Provide independent support from building structure except for cast metal boxes (other than boxes used for fixture support) supported by threaded conduit connections in accordance with NFPA 70. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
- 3. Installation Above Suspended Ceilings: Do not provide support from ceiling grid or ceiling support system.
- 4. Use far-side support to secure flush-mounted boxes supported from single stud in hollow stud walls. Repair or replace supports for boxes that permit excessive movement.
- H. Install boxes plumb and level.
- I. Flush-Mounted Boxes:
  - 1. Install boxes in noncombustible materials such as concrete, tile, gypsum, plaster, etc. so that front edge of box or associated raised cover is not set back from finished surface more than 1/4 inch or does not project beyond finished surface.
  - 2. Install boxes in combustible materials such as wood so that front edge of box or associated raised cover is flush with finished surface.
  - 3. Repair rough openings around boxes in noncombustible materials such as concrete, tile, gypsum, plaster, etc. so that there are no gaps or open spaces greater than 1/8 inch at the edge of the box.
- J. Install boxes as required to preserve insulation integrity.
- K. Metallic Floor Boxes: Install box level at the proper elevation to be flush with finished floor.
- L. Underground Boxes/Enclosures:
  - 1. Install enclosure on gravel base, minimum 6 inches deep.
  - 2. Mount enclosures located in landscaped areas with top at 1 inch above finished grade.
  - 3. Install additional bracing inside enclosures in accordance with manufacturer's instructions to minimize box sidewall deflections during backfilling. Backfill with cover bolted in place.
- M. Install permanent barrier between ganged wiring devices when voltage between adjacent devices exceeds 300 V.

- N. Install firestopping to preserve fire resistance rating of partitions and other elements, using materials and methods specified in Section 078400.
- O. Close unused box openings.
- P. Install blank wall plates on junction boxes and on outlet boxes with no devices or equipment installed or designated for future use.
- Q. Provide grounding and bonding in accordance with Section 260526.
- R. Identify boxes in accordance with Section 260553.
- S. Coordinate of all outlet boxes related to electrical devices with architect.
- T. Electrical boxes are shown on Drawings in approximate locations unless dimensioned.
  - 1. Adjust box locations up to 10 feet if required to accommodate intended purpose.

### 3.3 CLEANING

A. Clean interior of boxes to remove dirt, debris, plaster and other foreign material.

### 3.4 PROTECTION

- A. Immediately after installation, protect boxes from entry of moisture and foreign material until ready for installation of conductors.
- B. Clean exposed surfaces and restore finish.

END OF SECTION 260533.16



# SECTION 260553 IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Electrical identification requirements.
- B. Identification nameplates and labels.
- C. Wire and cable markers.
- D. Voltage markers.
- E. Underground warning tape.
- F. Warning signs and labels.
- G. Field-painted identification of metal boxes containing Fire Alarm wiring.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 099113 Exterior Painting.
- B. Section 099123 Interior Painting.
- C. Section 260519 Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables: Color coding for power conductors and cables 600 V and less; vinyl color coding electrical tape.
- D. Section 262726 Wiring Devices Lutron: Device and wallplate finishes; factory pre-marked wallplates.
- E. Section 271000 Structured Cabling: Identification for communications cabling and devices.

# 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI Z535.2 American National Standard for Environmental and Facility Safety Signs; 2023.
- B. ANSI Z535.4 American National Standard for Product Safety Signs and Labels; 2023.
- C. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- D. UL 969 Marking and Labeling Systems; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

### A. Coordination:

1. Verify final designations for equipment, systems, and components to be identified prior to fabrication of identification products.

## B. Sequencing:

- 1. Do not conceal items to be identified, in locations such as above suspended ceilings, until identification products have been installed.
- 2. Do not install identification products until final surface finishes and painting are complete.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit shop drawings and samples in accordance with "AIA Document 201".
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for each product.
- C. Product Data: Provide catalog data for nameplates, labels, and markers.
- D. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate application conditions and limitations of use stipulated by product testing agency. Include instructions for storage, handling, protection, examination, preparation and installation of product.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not install adhesive products when ambient temperature is lower than recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Products: Listed and classified by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. as suitable for purpose specified and shown.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 IDENTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Identification for Equipment:
  - 1. Use identification nameplate to identify each piece of electrical distribution and control equipment and associated sections, compartments, and components.
    - a. Panelboards:
      - 1) Identify ampere rating.
      - 2) Identify voltage and phase.
      - 3) Identify power source and circuit number. Include location when not within sight of equipment.
      - 4) Identify main overcurrent protective device. Use identification label for panelboards with a door. For power distribution panelboards without a door, use identification nameplate.
      - 5) Use typewritten circuit directory to identify load(s) served for panelboards with a door. Identify spares and spaces using pencil.
      - 6) For power panelboards without a door, use identification nameplate to identify load(s) served for each branch device. Do not identify spares and spaces.

- b. Enclosed switches and circuit breakers:
  - 1) Identify voltage and phase.
  - 2) Identify power source and circuit number. Include location when not within sight of equipment.
- c. Time Switches:
  - 1) Identify load(s) served and associated circuits controlled. Include location.
- d. Centralized Emergency Lighting Inverters:
  - 1) Identify input and output voltage and phase.
  - 2) Identify power source and circuit number for normal power source. Include location when not within sight of equipment.
  - 3) Identify load(s) served. Include location.
- e. Transfer Switches:
  - 1) Identify short circuit current rating based on the specific overcurrent protective device type and settings protecting the transfer switch.
- 2. Service Equipment:
  - a. Use identification nameplate to identify each service disconnecting means.
- 3. Emergency System Equipment:
  - a. Use identification nameplate or voltage marker to identify emergency system equipment in accordance with NFPA 70.
  - b. Use identification nameplate at each piece of service equipment to identify type and location of on-site emergency power sources.
  - c. Use identification nameplate to identify emergency operating instructions for emergency system equipment.
- 4. Use voltage marker to identify highest voltage present for each piece of electrical equipment.
- 5. Use identification nameplate to identify equipment utilizing series ratings, where permitted, in accordance with NFPA 70.
- 6. Use identification nameplate to identify disconnect location for equipment with remote disconnecting means.
- 7. Use identification label or handwritten text using indelible marker on inside of door at each fused switch to identify required NEMA fuse class and size.
- 8. Use identification label to identify overcurrent protective devices for branch circuits serving fire alarm circuits. Identify with text "FIRE ALARM CIRCUIT".
- 9. Available Fault Current Documentation: Use identification label to identify the available fault current and date calculations were performed at locations requiring documentation by NFPA 70 including but not limited to the following.
  - a. Service equipment.
- 10. Arc Flash Hazard Warning Labels: Use warning labels to identify arc flash hazards.
  - a. Minimum Size: 3.5 by 5 inches.
  - b. Service Equipment: Include the following information in accordance with NFPA 70.
    - 1) Nominal system voltage.
    - 2) Available fault current.
    - 3) Clearing time of service overcurrent protective device(s).
    - 4) Date label applied.
- 11. Use warning signs to identify electrical hazards for entrances to all rooms and other guarded locations that contain exposed live parts operating at 600 V nominal or less with the word message "DANGER; Electrical hazard; Authorized personnel only" or approved equivalent.

- 12. Use warning labels, identification nameplates, or identification labels to identify electrical hazards for equipment where multiple power sources are present with the word message "DANGER; Hazardous voltage; Multiple power sources may be present; Disconnect all electric power including remote disconnects before servicing" or approved equivalent.
- B. Identification for Conductors and Cables:
  - 1. Color Coding for Power Conductors 600 V and Less: Comply with Section 260519.
  - 2. Identification for Communications Conductors and Cables: Comply with Section 271000.
  - 3. Use identification nameplate or identification label to identify color code for ungrounded and grounded power conductors inside door or enclosure at each piece of feeder or branch-circuit distribution equipment when premises has feeders or branch circuits served by more than one nominal voltage system.
  - 4. Use wire and cable markers to identify circuit number or other designation indicated for power, control, and instrumentation conductors and cables at the following locations:
    - a. At each source and load connection.
    - b. Within boxes when more than one circuit is present.
    - c. Within equipment enclosures when conductors and cables enter or leave the enclosure.
  - 5. Use wire and cable markers to identify connected grounding electrode system components for grounding electrode conductors.
  - 6. Use underground warning tape to identify direct buried cables.

### C. Identification for Raceways:

- 1. Use voltage markers to identify highest voltage present for accessible conduits at maximum intervals of 20 feet.
- 2. Use voltage markers, color-coded bands, or factory-painted conduits to identify systems other than normal power system for accessible conduits.
  - a. Maximum Intervals: 20 feet.
  - b. Color-Coded Bands: Use field-painting or vinyl color coding electrical tape to mark bands 3 inches wide.
    - 1) Field-Painting: Comply with Section 099123 and 099113.
    - 2) Vinyl Color Coding Electrical Tape: Comply with Section 260519.
  - c. Color Code:
- 3. Use identification labels, handwritten text using indelible marker, or plastic marker tags to identify spare conduits at each end. Identify purpose and termination location.
- 4. Use underground warning tape to identify underground raceways.

### D. Identification for Boxes:

- 1. Use voltage markers to identify highest voltage present.
- 2. Use voltage markers or color coded boxes to identify systems other than normal power system.
  - a. Color-Coded Boxes: Field-painted in accordance with Section 099123 and 099113 per the same color code used for raceways.
    - 1) Fire Alarm System: Red.

## E. Identification for Devices:

- 1. Identification for Communications Devices: Comply with Section 271000.
- 2. Wiring Device and Wallplate Finishes: Comply with Section 262726.
- 3. Factory Pre-Marked Wallplates: Comply with Section 262726.

- 4. Use identification label to identify fire alarm system devices.
- 5. Use identification label or engraved wallplate to identify serving branch circuit for all receptacles.

# 2.2 IDENTIFICATION NAMEPLATES AND LABELS

### A. Identification Nameplates:

- 1. Materials:
  - a. Indoor Clean, Dry Locations: Use plastic nameplates.
  - b. Outdoor Locations: Use plastic, stainless steel, or aluminum nameplates suitable for exterior use.
- 2. Plastic Nameplates: Two-layer or three-layer laminated acrylic or electrically non-conductive phenolic with beveled edges; minimum thickness of 1/16 inch; engraved text.
- 3. Stainless Steel Nameplates: Minimum thickness of 1/32 inch; engraved or laser-etched text.
- 4. Aluminum Nameplates: Anodized; minimum thickness of 1/32 inch; engraved or laser-etched text.
- 5. Mounting Holes for Mechanical Fasteners: Two, centered on sides for sizes up to 1 inch high; Four, located at corners for larger sizes.

### B. Identification Labels:

- 1. Materials: Use self-adhesive laminated plastic labels; UV, chemical, water, heat, and abrasion resistant.
- 2. Text: Use factory pre-printed or machine-printed text. Do not use handwritten text unless otherwise indicated.

### C. Format for General Information and Operating Instructions:

- 1. Minimum Size: 1 inch by 2.5 inches.
- 2. Legend: Include information or instructions indicated or as required for proper and safe operation and maintenance.
- 3. Text: All capitalized unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Minimum Text Height: 1/4 inch.
- 5. Color: Black text on white background unless otherwise indicated.

### D. Format for Caution and Warning Messages:

- 1. Minimum Size: 2 inches by 4 inches.
- 2. Legend: Include information or instructions indicated or as required for proper and safe operation and maintenance.
- 3. Text: All capitalized unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Minimum Text Height: 1/2 inch.
- 5. Color: Black text on yellow background unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Nameplates: Engraved three-layer laminated plastic, white letters on black background.

# F. Letter Size:

- 1. Use 1/8 inch letters for identifying individual equipment and loads.
- 2. Use 1/4 inch letters for identifying grouped equipment and loads.
- G. Labels: Embossed adhesive tape, with 3/16 inch white letters on black background. Use only for identification of individual wall switches and receptacles and control device stations.

# 2.3 WIRE AND CABLE MARKERS

- A. Markers for Conductors and Cables: Use wrap-around self-adhesive vinyl cloth, wrap-around self-adhesive vinyl self-laminating, heat-shrink sleeve, plastic sleeve, plastic clip-on, or vinyl split sleeve type markers suitable for the conductor or cable to be identified.
- B. Markers for Conductor and Cable Bundles: Use plastic marker tags secured by nylon cable ties.
- C. Legend: Power source and circuit number or other designation indicated.
- D. Text: Use factory pre-printed or machine-printed text, all capitalized unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Do not use handwritten text.
- E. Minimum Text Height: 1/8 inch.
- F. Color: Black text on white background unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Legend:
  - 1. Power and Lighting Circuits: Branch circuit or feeder number indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Control Circuits: Control wire number indicated on schematic and interconnection diagrams on drawings.

# 2.4 VOLTAGE MARKERS

- A. Markers for Conduits: Use factory pre-printed self-adhesive vinyl, self-adhesive vinyl cloth, or vinyl snap-around type markers.
- B. Markers for Boxes and Equipment Enclosures: Use factory pre-printed self-adhesive vinyl or self-adhesive vinyl cloth type markers.
- C. Minimum Size:
  - 1. Markers for Equipment: 1 1/8 by 4 1/2 inches.
  - 2. Markers for Conduits: As recommended by manufacturer for conduit size to be identified.
  - 3. Markers for Pull Boxes: 1 1/8 by 4 1/2 inches.
  - 4. Markers for Junction Boxes: 1/2 by 2 1/4 inches.
- D. Legend:
  - 1. Markers for Voltage Identification: Highest voltage present.
  - 2. Markers for System Identification:
    - a. Emergency Power System: Text "EMERGENCY".
- E. Color: Black text on orange background unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Location: Furnish markers for each conduit longer than 6 feet.
- G. Spacing: 20 feet on center.

# 2.5 UNDERGROUND WARNING TAPE

- A. Materials: Use non-detectable type polyethylene tape suitable for direct burial, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Non-detectable Type Tape: 6 inches wide, with minimum thickness of 4 mil.
- C. Foil-backed Detectable Type Tape: 3 inches wide, with minimum thickness of 5 mil, unless otherwise required for proper detection.
- D. Legend: Type of service, continuously repeated over full length of tape.
- E. Color:

# 2.6 WARNING SIGNS AND LABELS

- A. Comply with ANSI Z535.2 or ANSI Z535.4 as applicable.
- B. Warning Signs:
  - 1. Materials:
    - a. Indoor Dry, Clean Locations: Use factory pre-printed rigid plastic or self-adhesive vinyl signs.
    - b. Outdoor Locations: Use factory pre-printed rigid aluminum signs.
  - 2. Rigid Signs: Provide four mounting holes at corners for mechanical fasteners.
  - 3. Minimum Size: 7 by 10 inches unless otherwise indicated.

# C. Warning Labels:

- 1. Materials: Use factory pre-printed or machine-printed self-adhesive polyester or self-adhesive vinyl labels; UV, chemical, water, heat, and abrasion resistant; produced using materials recognized to UL 969.
- 2. Machine-Printed Labels: Use thermal transfer process printing machines and accessories recommended by label manufacturer.
- 3. Minimum Size: 2 by 4 inches unless otherwise indicated.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces to receive adhesive products according to manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Degrease and clean surfaces to receive nameplates and labels.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install identification products to be plainly visible for examination, adjustment, servicing, and maintenance. Unless otherwise indicated, locate products as follows:
  - 1. Surface-Mounted Equipment: Enclosure front.
  - 2. Flush-Mounted Equipment: Inside of equipment door.
  - 3. Free-Standing Equipment: Enclosure front; also enclosure rear for equipment with rear access.
  - 4. Elevated Equipment: Legible from the floor or working platform.

- 5. Branch Devices: Adjacent to device.
- 6. Interior Components: Legible from the point of access.
- 7. Conduits: Legible from the floor.
- 8. Boxes: Outside face of cover.
- 9. Conductors and Cables: Legible from the point of access.
- 10. Devices: Outside face of cover.
- C. Install identification products centered, level, and parallel with lines of item being identified.
- D. Secure nameplates to exterior surfaces of enclosures using stainless steel screws and to interior surfaces using self-adhesive backing or epoxy cement.
- E. Install self-adhesive labels and markers to achieve maximum adhesion, with no bubbles or wrinkles and edges properly sealed.
- F. Install underground warning tape above buried lines with one tape per trench at 3 inches below finished grade.
- G. Secure rigid signs using stainless steel screws.
- H. Mark all handwritten text, where permitted, to be neat and legible.

# 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Replace self-adhesive labels and markers that exhibit bubbles, wrinkles, curling or other signs of improper adhesion.
- B. Install nameplates and labels parallel to equipment lines.
- C. Secure nameplates to equipment front using epoxy cement.
- D. Secure nameplates to inside surface of door on panelboard that is recessed in finished locations.
- E. Identify underground conduits using underground warning tape. Install one tape per trench as per NFPA 70.

END OF SECTION 260553

# SECTION 260583 WIRING CONNECTIONS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Electrical connections to equipment.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 260519 Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables.
- B. Section 260533.13 Conduit for Electrical Systems.
- C. Section 260533.16 Boxes for Electrical Systems.
- D. Section 262726 Wiring Devices.
- E. Section 262816.16 Enclosed Switches.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NEMA WD 1 General Color Requirements for Wiring Devices; 1999 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- B. NEMA WD 6 Wiring Devices Dimensional Specifications; 2021.
- C. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

### A. Coordination:

- 1. Obtain and review shop drawings, product data, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and manufacturer's instructions for equipment furnished under other sections.
- 2. Determine connection locations and requirements.

### B. Sequencing:

- 1. Install rough-in of electrical connections before installation of equipment is required.
- 2. Make electrical connections before required start-up of equipment.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Cords and Caps: NEMA WD 6; match receptacle configuration at outlet provided for equipment.
  - 1. Colors: Comply with NEMA WD 1.
  - 2. Cord Construction: NFPA 70, Type SO, multiconductor flexible cord with identified equipment grounding conductor, suitable for use in damp locations.
  - 3. Size: Suitable for connected load of equipment, length of cord, and rating of branch circuit overcurrent protection.
- B. Disconnect Switches: As specified in Section 262816.16 and in individual equipment sections.
- C. Wiring Devices: As specified in Section 262726.
- D. Flexible Conduit: As specified in Section 260533.13.
- E. Wire and Cable: As specified in Section 260519.
- F. Boxes: As specified in Section 260533.16.

# 2.2 EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

A. As indicated on drawings.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that equipment is ready for electrical connection, wiring, and energization.

### 3.2 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. Make electrical connections in accordance with equipment manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Make conduit connections to equipment using flexible conduit. Use liquidtight flexible conduit with watertight connectors in damp or wet locations.
- C. Connect heat producing equipment using wire and cable with insulation suitable for temperatures encountered.
- D. Provide receptacle outlet to accommodate connection with attachment plug.
- E. Provide cord and cap where field-supplied attachment plug is required.
- F. Install suitable strain-relief clamps and fittings for cord connections at outlet boxes and equipment connection boxes.
- G. Install disconnect switches, controllers, control stations, and control devices to complete equipment wiring requirements.

- H. Install terminal block jumpers to complete equipment wiring requirements.
- I. Install interconnecting conduit and wiring between devices and equipment to complete equipment wiring requirements.

END OF SECTION 260583



# SECTION 260923 LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Occupancy sensors.
- B. Time switches.
- C. Outdoor photo controls.
- D. Daylighting controls.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 260526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems.
- B. Section 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems
- C. Section 260533.16 Boxes for Electrical Systems.
- D. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.
- E. Section 260918 Remote Control Switching Devices: Remotely controlled devices for lighting control, including networked lighting controls and remote control switching relays.
- F. Section 262726 Wiring Devices: Devices for manual control of lighting, including wall switches and wall dimmers.
- G. Section 262813 Fuses.
- H. Section 265100 Interior Lighting.
- I. Section 265600 Exterior Lighting.

## 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- B. NECA 130 Standard for Installing and Maintaining Wiring Devices; 2016.
- C. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2020.
- D. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- E. UL 773A Nonindustrial Photoelectric Switches for Lighting Control; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

- F. UL 916 Energy Management Equipment; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- G. UL 917 Clock-Operated Switches; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- H. UL 1472 Solid-State Dimming Controls; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- I. NEMA 410 Performance Testing for Lighting Controls and Switching Devices with Electronic Drivers and Discharge Ballasts; 2023.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate the placement of lighting control devices with millwork, furniture, equipment, etc. installed under other sections or by others.
- 2. Coordinate the placement of wall switch occupancy sensors with actual installed door swings.
- 3. Coordinate the placement of occupancy sensors with millwork, furniture, equipment or other potential obstructions to motion detection coverage installed under other sections or by others.
- 4. Coordinate the placement of photo sensors for daylighting controls with windows and luminaires to achieve optimum operation. Coordinate placement with ductwork, piping, equipment, or other potential obstructions to light level measurement installed under other sections or by others.
- 5. Notify Engineer of any conflicts or deviations from Contract Documents to obtain direction prior to proceeding with work.

### B. Sequencing:

1. Do not install lighting control devices until final surface finishes and painting are complete.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include ratings, configurations, standard wiring diagrams, dimensions, colors, service condition requirements, and installed features.
  - 1. Occupancy Sensors: Include detailed motion detection coverage range diagrams.

# B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Occupancy Sensors: Provide lighting plan indicating location, model number, and orientation of each occupancy sensor and associated system component.
- 2. Daylighting Controls: Provide lighting plan indicating location, model number, and orientation of each photo sensor and associated system component.
- C. Field Quality Control Reports.
- D. Project Record Documents: Record actual installed locations and settings for lighting control devices.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.

- B. Maintain at the project site a copy of each referenced document that prescribes execution requirements.
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- D. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND PROTECTION

A. Store products in a clean, dry space in original manufacturer's packaging in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions until ready for installation.

# 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain field conditions within manufacturer's required service conditions during and after installation.

### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Provide five year manufacturer warranty for all occupancy sensors.
- B. Provide two year manufacturer warranty for all daylighting controls.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- B. Unless specifically indicated to be excluded, provide all required conduit, wiring, connectors, hardware, components, accessories, etc. as required for a complete operating system.
- C. The Basis of Design for all lighting control products is Acuity Controls. Substitute manufacturers are acceptable provided that they meet all performance specifications listed within the contract drawings and these specifications. Acceptable manufacturers are:
  - 1. Sensor Switch
  - 2. Wattstopper

### 2.2 OCCUPANCY SENSORS

- A. All Occupancy Sensors:
  - 1. Description: Factory-assembled commercial specification grade devices for indoor use capable of sensing both major motion, such as walking, and minor motion, such as small desktop level movements, according to published coverage areas, for automatic control of load indicated.
  - 2. Sensor Technology:

- a. Passive Infrared/Ultrasonic Dual Technology Occupancy Sensors: Designed to detect occupancy using a combination of both passive infrared and ultrasonic technologies.
- 3. Provide LED to visually indicate motion detection with separate color LEDs for each sensor type in dual technology units.
- 4. Operation: Unless otherwise indicated, occupancy sensor to turn load on when occupant presence is detected and to turn load off when no occupant presence is detected during an adjustable turn-off delay time interval.
- 5. Dual Technology Occupancy Sensors: Field configurable turn-on and hold-on activation with settings for activation by either or both sensing technologies.
- 6. Turn-Off Delay: Field adjustable, with time delay settings up to 15 minutes maximum.
- 7. Compatibility (Non-Dimming Sensors): Suitable for controlling incandescent lighting, LED lighting, low-voltage lighting with electronic and magnetic transformers, fluorescent lighting with electronic and magnetic ballasts, and fractional motor loads, with no minimum load requirements.

# B. Wall Switch Occupancy Sensors:

- 1. All Wall Switch Occupancy Sensors:
  - a. Description: Occupancy sensors designed for installation in standard wall box at standard wall switch mounting height with a field of view of 180 degrees, integrated manual control capability, and no leakage current to load in off mode.
  - b. Unless otherwise indicated or required to control the load indicated on drawings, provide line voltage units with self-contained relay.
  - c. Manual-Off Override Control: When used to turn off load while in automatic-on mode, unit to revert back to automatic mode after no occupant presence is detected during the delayed-off time interval.
- 2. Passive Infrared/Ultrasonic Dual Technology Wall Switch Occupancy Sensors: Capable of detecting motion within an area of 200 square feet.

# C. Ceiling Mounted Occupancy Sensors:

- 1. All Ceiling Mounted Occupancy Sensors:
  - a. Description: Low profile occupancy sensors designed for ceiling installation.
  - b. Unless otherwise indicated or required to control the load indicated on drawings, provide low voltage units, for use with separate compatible accessory power packs.
- 2. Passive Infrared/Ultrasonic Dual Technology Ceiling Mounted Occupancy Sensors:
  - a. Standard Range Sensors: Capable of detecting motion within an area of 450 square feet at a mounting height of 9 feet, with a field of view of 360 degrees.

### D. Directional Occupancy Sensors:

- 1. All Directional Occupancy Sensors: Designed for ceiling mounting.
- 2. Passive Infrared (PIR) Directional Occupancy Sensors:
  - a. High Bay Sensors: Capable of detecting motion within a distance of 50 feet at a mounting height of 30 feet.

# E. Power Packs for Low Voltage Occupancy Sensors:

- 1. Description: Plenum rated, self-contained low voltage class 2 transformer and relay compatible with specified low voltage occupancy sensors for switching of line voltage loads.
- 2. Provide quantity and configuration of power and slave packs with all associated wiring and accessories as required to control the load indicated on drawings.
- 3. Input Supply Voltage: Dual rated for 120/277 V ac.

4. Load Rating: As required to control the load indicated on drawings.

### 2.3 TIME SWITCHES

### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Intermatic, Inc: www.intermatic.com/#sle.
- 2. Paragon, a brand of Invensys Controls: www.invensyscontrols.com
- 3. Tork, a division of NSI Industries LLC: www.tork.com
- 4. Source Limitations: Furnish products produced by a single manufacturer and obtained from a single supplier.

# B. Digital Electronic Time Switches:

- 1. Description: Factory-assembled solid state programmable controller with LCD display, listed and labeled as complying with UL 916 or UL 917.
- 2. Program Capability:
  - a. 24-Hour Time Switches: Single channel, with same schedule for each day of the week and skip-a-day feature to omit selected days.
  - b. 7-Day Time Switches: Single channel, capable of different schedule for each day of the week with additional holiday schedule available to override normal schedule for selected days.
  - c. Astronomic Time Switches: Single channel, capable of different schedule for each day of the week with additional holiday schedule available to override normal schedule for selected days and field-configurable astronomic feature to automatically adjust for seasonal changes in sunrise and sunset times.
- 3. Schedule Capacity: Not less than 16 programmable on/off operations.
- 4. Provide automatic daylight savings time and leap year compensation.
- 5. Provide power outage backup to retain programming and maintain clock.
- 6. Manual override: Capable of overriding current schedule both permanently and temporarily until next scheduled event.
- 7. Input Supply Voltage: As indicated on the drawings.
- 8. Provide lockable enclosure; environmental type per NEMA 250 as specified for the following installation locations:

### C. Electromechanical Time Switches:

- 1. Description: Factory-assembled controller with motor-operated timing dial mechanism and adjustable trippers for setting on/off operations, listed and labeled as complying with UL 917.
- 2. Program Capability:
  - a. 24-Hour Time Switches: With same schedule for each day of the week and skip-aday feature to omit selected days.
  - b. 7-Day Time Switches: Capable of different schedule for each day of the week.
  - c. Astronomic Time Switches: With same schedule for each day of the week and skip-a-day feature to omit selected days with automatic adjustment for seasonal changes in sunrise and sunset times.
- 3. Schedule Capacity:
  - a. 24-Hour Time Switches: Accommodating not less than 12 pairs of selected on/off operations per day.
  - b. 7-Day Time Switches: Accommodating not less than two pairs of selected on/off operations per day.

- c. Astronomic Time Switches: Capable of turning load on at sunset and off at either sunrise or selected fixed time.
- 4. Manual override: Capable of overriding current schedule both permanently and temporarily until next scheduled event.
- 5. Input Supply Voltage: As indicated on the drawings.
- 6. Provide lockable enclosure; environmental type per NEMA 250 as specified for the following installation locations:

# 2.4 OUTDOOR PHOTO CONTROLS

### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Intermatic, Inc: www.intermatic.com
- 2. Paragon, a brand of Invensys Controls: www.invensyscontrols.com
- 3. NSI Industries LLC: www.nsiindustries.com/#sle.
- 4. Source Limitations: Furnish products produced by a single manufacturer and obtained from a single supplier.

### 2.5 DAYLIGHTING CONTROLS

### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Acuity Controls: www.acuitybrands.com
- 2. Douglas Lighting Controls: www.douglaslightingcontrols.com
- 3. Sensor Switch Inc: www.sensorswitch.com/#sle.
- 4. WattStopper: www.wattstopper.com
- 5. Source Limitations: Furnish products produced by a single manufacturer and obtained from a single supplier.
- B. System Description: Control system consisting of photo sensors and compatible control modules and power packs, contactors, or relays as required for automatic control of load indicated according to available natural light; capable of integrating with occupancy sensors and manual override controls.
- C. Daylighting Control Photo Sensors: Low voltage class 2 photo sensor units with output signal proportional to the measured light level and provision for zero or offset based signal.
  - 1. Sensor Type: Filtered silicon photo diode.
  - 2. Sensor Range:
    - a. Indoor Photo Sensors: 5 to 100 footcandles.
- D. Daylighting Control Switching Modules for Low Voltage Sensors: Low voltage class 2 control unit compatible with specified photo sensors, for switching of compatible power packs, contactors, or relays in response to changes in measured light levels according to selected settings.
  - 1. Operation: Unless otherwise indicated, load to be turned on when light level is below selected low set point and load to be turned off when light level is above selected high set point, with a no switching dead band between set points to prevent unwanted cycling.
  - 2. Input Delay: To prevent unwanted cycling due to intermittent light level fluctuations.
  - 3. Control Capability:
    - a. Single Zone Switching Modules: Capable of controlling one programmable channel.

- b. Multi-Zone Switching Modules: Capable of controlling up to three separately programmable channels.
- E. Power Packs for Low Voltage Daylighting Control Modules:
  - 1. Description: Plenum rated, self-contained low voltage class 2 transformer and relay compatible with specified low voltage daylighting control modules for switching of line voltage loads. Provide quantity and configuration of power and slave packs with all associated wiring and accessories as required to control the load indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Input Supply Voltage: Dual rated for 120/277 V ac.
  - 3. Load Ratings: As required to control the load indicated on drawings.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that outlet boxes are installed in proper locations and at proper mounting heights and are properly sized to accommodate devices and conductors in accordance with NFPA 70.
- C. Verify that openings for outlet boxes are neatly cut and will be completely covered by devices or wall plates.
- D. Verify that final surface finishes are complete, including painting.
- E. Verify that branch circuit wiring installation is completed, tested, and ready for connection to lighting control devices.
- F. Verify that the service voltage and ratings of lighting control devices are appropriate for the service voltage and load requirements at the location to be installed.
- G. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Provide extension rings to bring outlet boxes flush with finished surface.
- B. Clean dirt, debris, plaster, and other foreign materials from outlet boxes.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install lighting control devices in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship) and, where applicable, NECA 130, including mounting heights specified in those standards unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Coordinate locations of outlet boxes provided under Section 260533.16 as required for installation of lighting control devices provided under this section.
  - 1. Mounting Heights: Unless otherwise indicated, as follows:
    - a. Wall Switch Occupancy Sensors: 48 inches above finished floor.
  - 2. Install all power packs in accessible locations.
- C. Install lighting control devices in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

- D. Unless otherwise indicated, connect lighting control device grounding terminal or conductor to branch circuit equipment grounding conductor and to outlet box with bonding jumper.
- E. Install lighting control devices plumb and level, and held securely in place.
- F. Where required and not furnished with lighting control device, provide wall plate in accordance with Section 262726.
- G. Provide required supports in accordance with Section 260529.
- H. Where applicable, install lighting control devices and associated wall plates to fit completely flush to mounting surface with no gaps and rough opening completely covered without strain on wall plate. Repair or reinstall improperly installed outlet boxes or improperly sized rough openings. Do not use oversized wall plates in lieu of meeting this requirement.
- I. Occupancy Sensor Locations:
  - 1. Location Adjustments: Within the design intent, reasonably minor adjustments to locations may be made in order to optimize coverage and avoid conflicts or problems affecting coverage.
  - 2. Locate ultrasonic and dual technology passive infrared/ultrasonic occupancy sensors a minimum of 4 feet from air supply ducts or other sources of heavy air flow and as per manufacturer's recommendations, in order to minimize false triggers.
- J. Outdoor Photo Control Locations:
  - 1. Where possible, locate outdoor photo controls with photo sensor facing north. If north facing photo sensor is not possible, install with photo sensor facing east, west, or down.
  - 2. Locate outdoor photo controls so that photo sensors do not face artificial light sources, including light sources controlled by the photo control itself.
- K. Install outdoor photo controls so that connections are weatherproof. Do not install photo controls with conduit stem facing up in order to prevent infiltration of water into the photo control.
- L. Daylighting Control Photo Sensor Locations:
  - 1. Location Adjustments: Within the design intent, reasonably minor adjustments to locations may be made in order to optimize control and avoid conflicts or problems affecting proper detection of light levels.
  - 2. Unless otherwise indicated, locate photo sensors for closed loop systems to accurately measure the light level controlled at the designated task location, while minimizing the measured amount of direct light from natural or artificial sources such as windows or pendant luminaires.
  - 3. Unless otherwise indicated, locate photo sensors for open loop systems to accurately measure the level of daylight coming into the space, while minimizing the measured amount of lighting from artificial sources.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect each lighting control device for damage and defects.
- B. Test occupancy sensors to verify proper operation, including time delays and ambient light thresholds where applicable. Verify optimal coverage for entire room or area. Record test results in written report to be included with submittals.

- C. Test time switches to verify proper operation.
- D. Test outdoor photo controls to verify proper operation, including time delays where applicable.
- E. Test daylighting controls to verify proper operation, including light level measurements and time delays where applicable. Record test results in written report to be included with submittals.
- F. Correct wiring deficiencies and replace damaged or defective lighting control devices.

# 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust devices and wall plates to be flush and level.
- B. Adjust occupancy sensor settings to minimize undesired activations while optimizing energy savings, and to achieve desired function as indicated or as directed by Engineer.
- C. Adjust position of directional occupancy sensors and outdoor motion sensors to achieve optimal coverage as required.
- D. Where indicated or as directed by Architect, install factory masking material or adjust integral blinders on passive infrared (PIR) and dual technology occupancy sensor lenses to block undesired motion detection.
- E. Adjust time switch settings to achieve desired operation schedule as indicated or as directed by Engineer. Record settings in written report to be included with submittals.
- F. Adjust daylighting controls under optimum lighting conditions after all room finishes, furniture, and window treatments have been installed to achieve desired operation as indicated or as directed by Architect. Record settings in written report to be included with submittals. Readjust controls calibrated prior to installation of final room finishes, furniture, and window treatments that do not function properly as determined by Engineer.

# 3.6 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces to remove dirt, paint, or other foreign material and restore to match original factory finish.

END OF SECTION 260923



# SECTION 262416 PANELBOARDS

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Power distribution panelboards.
- B. Lighting and appliance panelboards.
- C. Overcurrent protective devices for panelboards.

### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 260526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems.
- B. Section 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- C. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.
- D. Section 262813 Fuses: Fuses for fusible switches and spare fuse cabinets.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. FS W-C-375 Circuit Breakers, Molded Case; Branch Circuit and Service; 2013e, with Amendments (2022).
- B. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- C. NECA 407 Standard for Installing and Maintaining Panelboards; 2015.
- D. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2020.
- E. NEMA PB 1 Panelboards; 2011.
- F. NEMA PB 1.1 General Instructions for Proper Installation, Operation and Maintenance of Panelboards Rated 1000 Volts or Less; 2023.
- G. NETA ATS Standard For Acceptance Testing Specifications For Electrical Power Equipment And Systems; 2021.
- H. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- I. UL 50 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Non-Environmental Considerations; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- J. UL 50E Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Environmental Considerations; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

- K. UL 67 Panelboards; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- L. UL 489 Molded-Case Circuit Breakers, Molded-Case Switches and Circuit Breaker Enclosures; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- M. UL 943 Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupters; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate the work with other trades to avoid placement of ductwork, piping, equipment, or other potential obstructions within the dedicated equipment spaces and working clearances for electrical equipment required by NFPA 70.
- 2. Coordinate arrangement of electrical equipment with the dimensions and clearance requirements of the actual equipment to be installed.
- 3. Coordinate the work with other trades to provide walls suitable for installation of flush-mounted panelboards where indicated.
- 4. Verify with manufacturer that conductor terminations are suitable for use with the conductors to be installed.
- 5. Notify Engineer of any conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for panelboards, enclosures, overcurrent protective devices, and other installed components and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate outline and support point dimensions, voltage, main bus ampacity, overcurrent protective device arrangement and sizes, short circuit current ratings, conduit entry locations, conductor terminal information, and installed features and accessories.
  - 1. Include dimensioned plan and elevation views of panelboards and adjacent equipment with all required clearances indicated.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store panelboards in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and NECA 407.
- B. Store in a clean, dry space. Maintain factory wrapping or provide an additional heavy canvas or heavy plastic cover to protect units from dirt, water, construction debris, and traffic.

C. Handle carefully in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions to avoid damage to panelboard internal components, enclosure, and finish.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. ABB/GE: www.electrification.us.abb.com
- B. Eaton Corporation: www.eaton.com
- C. Schneider Electric; Square D Products: www.schneider-electric.us
- D. Siemens Industry, Inc: www.usa.siemens.com

# 2.2 PANELBOARDS - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated, provide products suitable for continuous operation under the following service conditions:
  - 1. Altitude: Less than 6,600 feet.
  - 2. Ambient Temperature:
    - a. Panelboards Containing Circuit Breakers: Between 23 degrees F and 104 degrees F.
- C. Short Circuit Current Rating:
  - 1. Provide panelboards with listed short circuit current rating not less than the available fault current at the installed location as indicated on the drawings.
- D. Mains: Configure for top or bottom incoming feed as indicated or as required for the installation.
- E. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: Replaceable without disturbing adjacent devices.
- F. Bussing: Sized in accordance with UL 67 temperature rise requirements.
  - 1. Provide fully rated neutral bus unless otherwise indicated, with a suitable lug for each feeder or branch circuit requiring a neutral connection.
  - 2. Provide solidly bonded equipment ground bus in each panelboard, with a suitable lug for each feeder and branch circuit equipment grounding conductor.
- G. Conductor Terminations: Suitable for use with the conductors to be installed.
- H. Enclosures: Comply with NEMA 250, and list and label as complying with UL 50 and UL 50E.
  - 1. Environment Type per NEMA 250: Unless otherwise indicated, as specified for the following installation locations:
    - a. Indoor Clean, Dry Locations: Type 1.
  - 2. Boxes: Galvanized steel unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Provide wiring gutters sized to accommodate the conductors to be installed.
  - 3. Fronts:
    - a. Fronts for Surface-Mounted Enclosures: Same dimensions as boxes.

- b. Fronts for Flush-Mounted Enclosures: Overlap boxes on all sides to conceal rough opening.
- c. Finish for Painted Steel Fronts: Manufacturer's standard grey unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Lockable Doors: All locks keyed alike unless otherwise indicated.
- I. Future Provisions: Prepare all unused spaces for future installation of devices including bussing, connectors, mounting hardware and all other required provisions.

# 2.3 POWER DISTRIBUTION PANELBOARDS

A. Description: Panelboards complying with NEMA PB 1, power and feeder distribution type, circuit breaker type, and listed and labeled as complying with UL 67; ratings, configurations and features as indicated on the drawings.

### B. Conductor Terminations:

- 1. Main and Neutral Lug Material: Copper, suitable for terminating copper conductors only.
- 2. Main and Neutral Lug Type: Mechanical.

# C. Bussing:

- 1. Phase and Neutral Bus Material: Copper.
- 2. Ground Bus Material: Copper.

### D. Circuit Breakers:

- 1. Provide bolt-on type or plug-in type secured with locking mechanical restraints.
- 2. Provide thermal magnetic circuit breakers unless otherwise indicated.

### E. Enclosures:

- 1. Provide surface-mounted enclosures unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. Fronts: Provide door-in-door trim with hinged cover for access to load terminals and wiring gutters, and separate lockable hinged door with concealed hinges for access to overcurrent protective device handles without exposing live parts.
- 3. Provide clear plastic circuit directory holder mounted on inside of door.

## 2.4 LIGHTING AND APPLIANCE PANELBOARDS

A. Description: Panelboards complying with NEMA PB 1, lighting and appliance branch circuit type, circuit breaker type, and listed and labeled as complying with UL 67; ratings, configurations and features as indicated on the drawings.

## B. Conductor Terminations:

- 1. Main and Neutral Lug Material: Copper, suitable for terminating copper conductors only.
- 2. Main and Neutral Lug Type: Mechanical.

### C. Bussing:

- 1. Phase Bus Connections: Arranged for sequential phasing of overcurrent protective devices.
- 2. Phase and Neutral Bus Material: Copper.
- 3. Ground Bus Material: Copper.

D. Circuit Breakers: Thermal magnetic bolt-on type unless otherwise indicated.

#### E. Enclosures:

- 1. Provide surface-mounted or flush-mounted enclosures as indicated.
- 2. Fronts: Provide door-in-door trim with hinged cover for access to load terminals and wiring gutters, and separate lockable hinged door with concealed hinges for access to overcurrent protective device handles without exposing live parts.
- 3. Provide clear plastic circuit directory holder mounted on inside of door.

### 2.5 OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

### A. Molded Case Circuit Breakers:

- Description: Quick-make, quick-break, over center toggle, trip-free, trip-indicating circuit breakers listed and labeled as complying with UL 489, and complying with FS W-C-375 where applicable; ratings, configurations, and features as indicated on the drawings.
- 2. Interrupting Capacity:
  - a. Provide circuit breakers with interrupting capacity as required to provide the short circuit current rating indicated, but not less than:
    - 1) 10,000 rms symmetrical amperes at 240 VAC or 208 VAC.
  - b. Fully Rated Systems: Provide circuit breakers with interrupting capacity not less than the short circuit current rating indicated.
- 3. Conductor Terminations:
  - a. Lug Material: Aluminum, suitable for terminating aluminum or copper conductors.
- 4. Thermal Magnetic Circuit Breakers: For each pole, furnish thermal inverse time tripping element for overload protection and magnetic instantaneous tripping element for short circuit protection.
- 5. Multi-Pole Circuit Breakers: Furnish with common trip for all poles.
- 6. Provide the following circuit breaker types where indicated:
  - a. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) Circuit Breakers: Listed as complying with UL 943, class A for protection of personnel.
- 7. Do not use tandem circuit breakers.
- 8. Do not use handle ties in lieu of multi-pole circuit breakers.

# 2.6 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Factory test panelboards according to NEMA PB 1.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that the ratings and configurations of the panelboards and associated components are consistent with the indicated requirements.
- C. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive panelboards.

D. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- B. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Install panelboards in accordance with NECA 407 and NEMA PB 1.1.
- D. Arrange equipment to provide minimum clearances in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and NFPA 70.
- E. Provide required support and attachment in accordance with Section 260529.
- F. Install panelboards plumb.
- G. Install flush-mounted panelboards so that trims fit completely flush to wall with no gaps and rough opening completely covered.
- H. Mount panelboards such that the highest position of any operating handle for circuit breakers or switches does not exceed 79 inches above the floor or working platform.
- I. Provide minimum of six spare 1 inch trade size conduits out of each flush-mounted panelboard stubbed into accessible space above ceiling and below floor.
- J. Provide grounding and bonding in accordance with Section 260526.
- K. Install all field-installed branch devices, components, and accessories.
- L. Provide filler plates to cover unused spaces in panelboards.
- M. Provide circuit breaker lock-on devices to prevent unauthorized personnel from de-energizing essential loads where indicated. Also provide for the following:
  - 1. Fire detection and alarm circuits.
  - 2. Communications equipment circuits.
  - 3. Video surveillance system circuits.

# 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect and test in accordance with NETA ATS, except Section 4.
- B. Molded Case Circuit Breakers: Perform inspections and tests listed in NETA ATS, Section 7.6.1.1 for all main circuit breakers. Tests listed as optional are not required.
- C. Ground Fault Protection Systems: Test in accordance with manufacturer's instructions as required by NFPA 70.
- D. Test GFCI circuit breakers to verify proper operation.
- E. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective panelboards or associated components.

### 3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust tightness of mechanical and electrical connections to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.
- B. Adjust alignment of panelboard fronts.

# 3.5 CLEANING

- A. Clean dirt and debris from panelboard enclosures and components according to manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Repair scratched or marred exterior surfaces to match original factory finish.

END OF SECTION 262416



# SECTION 262726 WIRING DEVICES

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Receptacles.
- B. Wall plates and covers.
- C. Poke-through assemblies.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 260519 Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables: Manufactured wiring systems for use with access floor boxes with compatible pre-wired connectors.
- B. Section 260533.16 Boxes for Electrical Systems.
- C. Section 260533.16 Boxes for Electrical Systems.
- D. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.
- E. Section 260583 Wiring Connections: Cords and plugs for equipment.
- F. Section 271000 Structured Cabling: Voice and data jacks.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. FS W-C-596 Connector, Electrical, Power, General Specification for; 2014h, with Amendments (2017).
- B. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- C. NECA 130 Standard for Installing and Maintaining Wiring Devices; 2016.
- D. NEMA WD 1 General Color Requirements for Wiring Devices; 1999 (Reaffirmed 2020).
- E. NEMA WD 6 Wiring Devices Dimensional Specifications; 2021.
- F. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- G. UL 498 Attachment Plugs and Receptacles; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- H. UL 514D Cover Plates for Flush-Mounted Wiring Devices; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- I. UL 943 Ground-Fault Circuit-Interrupters; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate the placement of outlet boxes with millwork, furniture, equipment, etc. installed under other sections or by others.
- 2. Coordinate wiring device ratings and configurations with the electrical requirements of actual equipment to be installed.
- 3. Coordinate the placement of outlet boxes for wall switches with actual installed door swings.
- 4. Coordinate the installation and preparation of uneven surfaces, such as split face block, to provide suitable surface for installation of wiring devices.
- 5. Coordinate the core drilling of holes for poke-through assemblies with the work covered under other sections.
- 6. Notify Engineer of any conflicts or deviations from Contract Documents to obtain direction prior to proceeding with work.

# B. Sequencing:

1. Do not install wiring devices until final surface finishes and painting are complete.

# 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's catalog information showing dimensions, colors, and configurations.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. GFCI Receptacles: Include information on status indicators.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Products: Listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- D. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND PROTECTION

A. Store in a clean, dry space in original manufacturer's packaging until ready for installation.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 Wiring Devices - General Requirements

A. Provide wiring devices suitable for intended use with ratings adequate for load served.

# 2.2 RECEPTACLES

## A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Hubbell Incorporated: www.hubbell.com
- 2. Leviton Manufacturing Company, Inc: www.leviton.com
- 3. Lutron Electronics Company, Inc; Designer Style: www.lutron.com/#sle.
- 4. Pass & Seymour, a brand of Legrand North America, Inc: www.legrand.us
- B. Receptacles General Requirements: Self-grounding, complying with NEMA WD 1 and NEMA WD 6, and listed as complying with UL 498and where applicable FS W-C-596; types as indicated on the drawings.
  - 1. Wiring Provisions: Terminal screws for side wiring or screw actuated binding clamp for back wiring with separate ground terminal screw.
  - 2. NEMA configurations specified are according to NEMA WD 6.

# C. Convenience Receptacles:

- 1. Standard Convenience Receptacles: Industrial specification grade, 20A, 125V, NEMA 5-20R; single or duplex as indicated on the drawings.
- 2. Weather Resistant Convenience Receptacles: Industrial specification grade, 20A, 125V, NEMA 5-20R, listed and labeled as weather resistant type complying with UL 498 Supplement SD suitable for installation in damp or wet locations; single or duplex as indicated on the drawings.

# D. GFCI Receptacles:

- 1. GFCI Receptacles General Requirements: Self-testing, with feed-through protection and light to indicate ground fault tripped condition and loss of protection; listed as complying with UL 943, class A.
- 2. Standard GFCI Receptacles: Industrial specification grade, duplex, 20A, 125V, NEMA 5-20R, rectangular decorator style.
- 3. Weather Resistant GFCI Receptacles: Industrial specification grade, duplex, 20A, 125V, NEMA 5-20R, rectangular decorator style, listed and labeled as weather resistant type complying with UL 498 Supplement SD suitable for installation in damp or wet locations.

# 2.3 Wall Plates and Covers

- A. Wall Plates: Comply with UL 514D.
  - 1. Configuration: One piece cover as required for quantity and types of corresponding wiring devices.
  - 2. Size: Standard.
  - 3. Screws: Metal with slotted heads finished to match wall plate finish.
- B. Nylon Wall Plates: Smooth finish, high-impact thermoplastic.
- C. Weatherproof Receptacle Covers for Damp Locations: Gasketed, cast aluminum, with selfclosing hinged cover and corrosion-resistant screws; listed as suitable for use in wet locations with cover closed.

D. Weatherproof Receptacle Covers for Wet Locations: Gasketed, cast aluminum, with hinged lockable cover and corrosion-resistant screws; listed as suitable for use in wet locations while in use with attachment plugs connected and identified as extra-duty type.

### 2.4 POKE-THROUGH ASSEMBLIES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Hubbell Incorporated: www.hubbell.com/
  - 2. Thomas & Betts Corporation: www.tnb.com
  - 3. Wiremold, a brand of Legrand North America, Inc: www.legrand.us
- B. Description: Assembly comprising floor service fitting, poke-through component, fire stops and smoke barriers, and junction box for conduit termination; fire rating listed to match fire rating of floor and suitable for floor thickness where installed.
- C. Flush Floor Service Fittings:
  - 1. Dual Service Flush Combination Outlets:
    - a. Cover: Hinged door(s).
    - b. Configuration:
      - 1) Power: One standard convenience duplex receptacle(s).
      - 2) Voice and Data Jacks: As specified in Section 271000.
  - 2. Accessories:
    - a. Closure Plugs: Size and fire rating as required to seal unused core hole and maintain fire rating of floor.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that outlet boxes are installed in proper locations and at proper mounting heights and are properly sized to accommodate devices and conductors in accordance with NFPA 70.
- C. Verify that wall openings are neatly cut and will be completely covered by wall plates.
- D. Verify that final surface finishes are complete, including painting.
- E. Verify that branch circuit wiring installation is completed, tested, and ready for connection to wiring devices.
- F. Verify that core drilled holes for poke-through assemblies are in proper locations.
- G. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship) and, where applicable, NECA 130, including mounting heights specified in those standards unless otherwise indicated.

- B. Coordinate locations of outlet boxes provided under Section 260533.16 as required for installation of wiring devices provided under this section.
  - 1. Mounting Heights: Unless otherwise indicated, as follows:
    - a. Receptacles: 18 inches above finished floor or 6 inches above counter.
  - 2. Orient outlet boxes for vertical installation of wiring devices unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Where multiple receptacles, wall switches, or wall dimmers are installed at the same location and at the same mounting height, gang devices together under a common wall plate.
  - 4. Locate receptacles for electric drinking fountains concealed behind drinking fountain according to manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Install wiring devices in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Install permanent barrier between ganged wiring devices when voltage between adjacent devices exceeds 300 V.
- E. Where required, connect wiring devices using pigtails not less than 6 inches long. Do not connect more than one conductor to wiring device terminals.
- F. Connect wiring devices by wrapping conductor clockwise 3/4 turn around screw terminal and tightening to proper torque specified by the manufacturer. Where present, do not use push-in pressure terminals that do not rely on screw-actuated binding.
- G. Unless otherwise indicated, connect wiring device grounding terminal to branch circuit equipment grounding conductor and to outlet box with bonding jumper.
- H. Provide GFCI receptacles with integral GFCI protection at each location indicated. Do not use feed-through wiring to protect downstream devices.
- I. Install wiring devices plumb and level with mounting yoke held rigidly in place.
- J. Install vertically mounted receptacles with grounding pole on top and horizontally mounted receptacles with grounding pole on left.
- K. Install wall plates to fit completely flush to wall with no gaps and rough opening completely covered without strain on wall plate. Repair or reinstall improperly installed outlet boxes or improperly sized rough openings. Do not use oversized wall plates in lieu of meeting this requirement.
- L. Install blank wall plates on junction boxes and on outlet boxes with no wiring devices installed or designated for future use.
- M. Install poke-through closure plugs in each unused core holes to maintain fire rating of floor.

# 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Perform field inspection, testing, and adjusting in accordance with Section 014000.
- C. Inspect each wiring device for damage and defects.
- D. Test each receptacle to verify operation and proper polarity.

- E. Test each GFCI receptacle for proper tripping operation according to manufacturer's instructions.
- F. Correct wiring deficiencies and replace damaged or defective wiring devices.

# 3.4 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust devices and wall plates to be flush and level.

# 3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces to remove dirt, paint, or other foreign material and restore to match original factory finish.

END OF SECTION 262726

# SECTION 262813 FUSES

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Fuses.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.
- B. Section 262816.16 Enclosed Switches: Fusible switches.

# 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NEMA FU 1 Low Voltage Cartridge Fuses; 2012.
- B. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- C. UL 248-1 Low-Voltage Fuses Part 1: General Requirements; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- D. UL 248-4 Low-Voltage Fuses Part 4: Class CC Fuses; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- E. UL 248-8 Low-Voltage Fuses Part 8: Class J Fuses; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- F. UL 248-10 Low-Voltage Fuses Part 10: Class L Fuses; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- G. UL 248-12 Low-Voltage Fuses Part 12: Class R Fuses; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- H. UL 248-15 Low-Voltage Fuses Part 15: Class T Fuses; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate fuse clips furnished in equipment provided under other sections for compatibility with indicated fuses.
  - a. Fusible Enclosed Switches: See Section 262816.16.
- 2. Coordinate fuse requirements according to manufacturer's recommendations and nameplate data for actual equipment to be installed.

3. Notify Engineer of any conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

# 1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 013000 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Bussmann, a division of Eaton Corporation: www.cooperindustries.com
- B. Mersen (formerly Ferraz Shawmut): ferrazshawmut.mersen.com.
- C. Littelfuse, Inc: www.littelfuse.com
- D. Mersen: ep-us.mersen.com
- E. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

# 2.2 APPLICATIONS

- A. Service Entrance:
  - 1. Fusible Switches Larger Than 600 Amperes: Class L, time-delay.
- B. Feeders:
  - 1. Fusible Switches up to 600 Amperes: Class RK1, time-delay.

# 2.3 FUSES

- A. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- B. Unless specifically indicated to be excluded, provide fuses for all fusible equipment as required for a complete operating system.
- C. Provide fuses of the same type, rating, and manufacturer within the same switch.
- D. Comply with UL 248-1.

262813 - 2 FUSES

- E. Unless otherwise indicated, provide cartridge type fuses complying with NEMA FU 1, Class and ratings as indicated.
- F. Voltage Rating: Suitable for circuit voltage.
- G. Class R Fuses: Comply with UL 248-12.
- H. Class J Fuses: Comply with UL 248-8.
- I. Class L Fuses: Comply with UL 248-10.
- J. Class T Fuses: Comply with UL 248-15.
- K. Class CC Fuses: Comply with UL 248-4.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that fuse ratings are consistent with circuit voltage and manufacturer's recommendations and nameplate data for equipment.
- B. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Do not install fuses until circuits are ready to be energized.
- B. Install fuses with label oriented such that manufacturer, type, and size are easily read.

END OF SECTION 262813

262813 - 3 FUSES



# SECTION 262816.16 ENCLOSED SWITCHES

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 260526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems.
- B. Section 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- C. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.
- D. Section 262813 Fuses.

# 1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- B. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2020.
- C. NEMA KS 1 Heavy Duty Enclosed and Dead-Front Switches (600 Volts Maximum); 2013.
- D. NETA ATS Standard For Acceptance Testing Specifications For Electrical Power Equipment And Systems; 2021.
- E. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- F. UL 50 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Non-Environmental Considerations; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- G. UL 50E Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Environmental Considerations; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- H. UL 98 Enclosed and Dead-Front Switches; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.3 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

## A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate the work with other trades. Avoid placement of ductwork, piping, equipment, or other potential obstructions within the dedicated equipment spaces and within working clearances for electrical equipment required by NFPA 70.
- 2. Coordinate arrangement of electrical equipment with the dimensions and clearance requirements of the actual equipment to be installed.
- 3. Verify with manufacturer that conductor terminations are suitable for use with the conductors to be installed.
- 4. Notify Engineer of any conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for enclosed switches and other installed components and accessories.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate outline and support point dimensions, voltage and current ratings, short circuit current ratings, conduit entry locations, conductor terminal information, and installed features and accessories.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store in a clean, dry space. Maintain factory wrapping or provide an additional heavy canvas or heavy plastic cover to protect units from dirt, water, construction debris, and traffic.
- B. Handle carefully in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions to avoid damage to enclosed switch internal components, enclosure, and finish.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain ambient temperature between -22 degrees F and 104 degrees F during and after installation of enclosed switches.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Eaton Corporation: www.eaton.com
- B. Schneider Electric; Square D Products: www.schneider-electric.us
- C. Siemens: www.usa.siemens.com
- D. Source Limitations: Provide enclosed switches and associated components produced by same manufacturer as other electrical distribution equipment used for project and obtained from single supplier.

### 2.2 ENCLOSED SAFETY SWITCHES

- A. Description: Quick-make, quick-break enclosed safety switches listed and labeled as complying with UL 98; heavy duty; ratings, configurations, and features as indicated on the drawings.
- B. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- C. Unless otherwise indicated, provide products suitable for continuous operation under the following service conditions:
  - 1. Altitude: Less than 6,600 feet.
  - 2. Ambient Temperature: Between -22 degrees F and 104 degrees F.
- D. Horsepower Rating: Suitable for connected load.
- E. Voltage Rating: Suitable for circuit voltage.
- F. Short Circuit Current Rating:
  - 1. Provide enclosed safety switches, when protected by the fuses or supply side overcurrent protective devices to be installed, with listed short circuit current rating not less than the available fault current at the installed location as indicated on the drawings.
  - 2. Minimum Ratings:
    - a. Heavy Duty Single Throw Switches Protected by Class R, Class J, Class L, or Class T Fuses: 200,000 rms symmetrical amperes.
- G. Provide with switch blade contact position that is visible when the cover is open.
- H. Conductor Terminations: Suitable for use with the conductors to be installed.
- I. Provide insulated, groundable fully rated solid neutral assembly where a neutral connection is required, with a suitable lug for terminating each neutral conductor.
- J. Provide solidly bonded equipment ground bus in each enclosed safety switch, with a suitable lug for terminating each equipment grounding conductor.
- K. Enclosures: Comply with NEMA 250, and list and label as complying with UL 50 and UL 50E.
  - 1. Environment Type per NEMA 250: Unless otherwise indicated, as specified for the following installation locations:
    - a. Indoor Clean, Dry Locations: Type 1.
    - b. Outdoor Locations: Type 3R.
- L. Provide safety interlock to prevent opening the cover with the switch in the ON position with capability of overriding interlock for testing purposes.
- M. Heavy Duty Switches:
  - 1. Comply with NEMA KS 1.
  - 2. Conductor Terminations:
    - a. Lug Material: Aluminum, suitable for terminating aluminum or copper conductors.
  - 3. Provide externally operable handle with means for locking in the OFF position, capable of accepting three padlocks.
- N. Provide the following features and accessories where indicated or where required to complete installation:
  - 1. Hubs: As required for environment type; sized to accept conduits to be installed.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that the ratings of the enclosed switches are consistent with the indicated requirements.
- C. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive enclosed safety switches.
- D. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- C. Arrange equipment to provide minimum clearances in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and NFPA 70.
- D. Provide required support and attachment in accordance with Section 260529.
- E. Install enclosed switches plumb.
- F. Except where indicated to be mounted adjacent to the equipment they supply, mount enclosed switches such that the highest position of the operating handle does not exceed 79 inches above the floor or working platform.
- G. Provide grounding and bonding in accordance with Section 260526.
- H. Provide fuses complying with Section 262813 for fusible switches as indicated or as required by equipment manufacturer's recommendations.

# 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Perform field inspection and testing in accordance with Section 014000.
- C. Perform inspections and tests listed in NETA ATS, Section 7.5.1.1.
- D. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective enclosed safety switches or associated components.

# 3.4 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust tightness of mechanical and electrical connections to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.

# 3.5 CLEANING

- A. Clean dirt and debris from switch enclosures and components according to manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Repair scratched or marred exterior surfaces to match original factory finish.

END OF SECTION 262816.16



# SECTION 263213 ENGINE GENERATORS

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Packaged engine generator system and associated components and accessories:
  - 1. Engine and engine accessory equipment.
  - 2. Generator set control system.
  - 3. Generator set enclosure.
- B. Packaged engine generator set.
- C. Exhaust silencer and fittings.
- D. Fuel tank.
- E. Remote control panel.
- F. Battery and charger.
- G. Weatherproof enclosure.
- H. Vibration Isolation.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Concrete equipment pads.
- B. Section 235100 Breechings, Chimneys, and Stacks: Engine exhaust piping.
- C. Section 260526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems.
- D. Section 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- E. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.
- F. Section 263600 Transfer Switches.

### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM D975 Standard Specification for Diesel Fuel; 2023a.
- B. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- C. NECA/EGSA 404 Standard for Installing Generator Sets; 2014.
- D. NEMA MG 1 Motors and Generators; 2021.
- E. NFPA 30 Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code; 2024.

- F. NFPA 37 Standard for the Installation and Use of Stationary Combustion Engines and Gas Turbines; 2024, with Amendment.
- G. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- H. NFPA 99 Health Care Facilities Code; 2024, with Errata.
- I. NFPA 110 Standard for Emergency and Standby Power Systems; 2025.
- J. UL 142 Steel Aboveground Tanks for Flammable and Combustible Liquids; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- K. UL 1236 Battery Chargers for Charging Engine-Starter Batteries; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- L. UL 2200 Stationary Engine Generator Assemblies; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate compatibility of generator sets to be installed with work provided under other sections or by others.
- 2. Coordinate arrangement of equipment with the dimensions and clearance requirements of the actual equipment to be installed.
- 3. Coordinate the work to provide electrical circuits suitable for the power requirements of the actual auxiliary equipment and accessories to be installed.
- 4. Notify Engineer of any conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

# 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Fuel Storage Tank Calculations: Indicate maximum running time for generator set configuration provided.
- C. Manufacturer's factory emissions certification.
- D. Source quality control test reports.
- E. Maintenance contracts.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with the following:
  - 1. NFPA 70 (National Electrical Code).
  - 2. NFPA 37 (Standard for the Installation and Use of Stationary Combustion Engines and Gas Turbines).
  - 3. NFPA 30 (Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code).

- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum three years documented experience with engine generator systems of similar size, type, and complexity; manufacturer's authorized installer.
- D. Maintenance Contractor Qualifications: Same entity as installer or different entity with specified qualifications.
  - 1. Contract maintenance office located within 200 miles of project site.
- E. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- F. Conform to requirements of NFPA 70.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store generator sets in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and NECA/EGSA 404.
- B. Store in a clean, dry space. Maintain factory wrapping or provide an additional heavy canvas or heavy plastic cover to protect units from dirt, water, construction debris, and traffic.
- C. Handle carefully in accordance with manufacturer's instructions to avoid damage to generator set components, enclosure, and finish.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain field conditions within manufacturer's required service conditions during and after installation.

## 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Provide minimum one year manufacturer warranty covering repair or replacement due to defective materials or workmanship.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Packaged Engine Generator Set Basis of Design: Generac SD350 with standard alternator.
- B. Packaged Engine Generator Set Other Acceptable Manufacturers:
  - 1. Caterpillar Inc: www.cat.com
  - 2. Cummins Power Generation Inc: www.cumminspower.com
  - 3. Kohler Co: www.kohlerpower.com

# 2.2 PACKAGED ENGINE GENERATOR SYSTEM

- A. Provide new engine generator system consisting of all required equipment, sensors, conduit, boxes, wiring, piping, supports, accessories, system programming, etc. as necessary for a complete operating system that provides the functional intent indicated.
- B. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- C. System Description:
  - 1. Application: Emergency/standby.
  - 2. Configuration: Single packaged engine generator set operated independently (not in parallel).
  - 3. Total System Power Rating: 350 kW, standby.
- D. Packaged Engine Generator Set:
  - 1. Type: Diesel (compression ignition).
  - 2. Power Rating: 350 kW, standby.
  - 3. Voltage: As indicated on drawings.
  - 4. Main Line Circuit Breaker:
    - a. Type: Thermal magnetic.
    - b. Trip Rating: 800 amps.
- E. Generator Set General Requirements:
  - 1. Prototype tested in accordance with NFPA 110 for Level 1 systems.
  - 2. Factory-assembled, with components mounted on suitable base.
  - 3. List and label engine generator assembly as complying with UL 2200.
  - 4. Power Factor: Unless otherwise indicated, specified power ratings are at 0.8 power factor for three phase voltages and 1.0 power factor for single phase voltages.
  - 5. Provide suitable guards to protect personnel from accidental contact with rotating parts, hot piping, and other potential sources of injury.
  - 6. Main Line Circuit Breakers: Provide factory-installed line side connections with suitable lugs for load side connections.
- F. Service Conditions: Provide engine generator system and associated components suitable for operation under the service conditions at the installed location.
- G. Starting and Load Acceptance Requirements:
  - 1. Cranking Method: Cycle cranking complying with NFPA 110 (15 second crank period, followed by 15 second rest period, with cranking limiter time-out after 3 cycles), unless otherwise required.
  - 2. Cranking Limiter Time-Out: If generator set fails to start after specified cranking period, indicate overcrank alarm condition and lock-out generator set from further cranking until manually reset.
  - 3. Start Time: Capable of starting and achieving conditions necessary for load acceptance within 10 seconds (((NFPA 110)), Type 10).
  - 4. Maximum Load Step: Supports 100 percent of rated load in one step.
- H. Exhaust Emissions Requirements:
  - 1. Comply with federal (EPA), state, and local regulations applicable at the time of commissioning; include factory emissions certification with submittals.

- 2. Do not make modifications affecting generator set factory emissions certification without approval of manufacturer and Engineer. Where such modifications are made, provide field emissions testing as necessary for certification.
- I. Description: NFPA 110, engine generator system to provide source of power for Level 1 applications conforming to NFPA 99.

# 2.3 ENGINE AND ENGINE ACCESSORY EQUIPMENT

- A. Provide engine with adequate horsepower to achieve specified power output at rated speed, accounting for alternator efficiency and parasitic loads.
- B. Engine Fuel System Diesel (Compression Ignition):
  - 1. Fuel Source: Diesel, ASTM D975 No. 2-D or approved cold weather diesel blends.
  - 2. Fuel Storage: Sub-base fuel tank.
  - 3. Engine Fuel Supply: Provide engine-driven, positive displacement fuel pump with replaceable fuel filter(s), water separator, check valve to secure prime, manual fuel priming pump, and relief-bypass valve. Provide fuel cooler where recommended by manufacturer.
  - 4. Engine Fuel Connections: Provide suitable, approved flexible fuel lines for coupling engine to fuel source.
  - 5. Day Tank:
    - a. Provide separately mounted double-wall day tank with secondary containment, with fuel transfer pump(s), valves, and automatic controls suitable for operation in the configuration to be installed; listed and labeled as complying with UL 142.
    - b. Tank Capacity: 1000 gal.
    - c. Alarm Indications/Shutdowns:
      - 1) Low fuel level alarm; provides local indication and activates remote output contact.
      - 2) Critical low fuel level alarm; provides local indication and activates remote output contact; can be configured to shut down engine to prevent loss of fuel prime.
      - 3) High fuel level; provides local indication and activates remote output contact.
      - 4) Critical high fuel level alarm; provides local indication and activates remote output contact; shuts down fuel transfer supply pump.
    - d. Features:
      - 1) Direct reading fuel level gauge.
      - 2) Normal atmospheric vent.
      - 3) Emergency pressure relief vent.
  - 6. Sub-Base Fuel Tank:
    - a. Provide sub-base mounted, double-wall fuel tank with secondary containment; listed and labeled as complying with UL 142.
    - b. Features:
      - 1) Direct reading fuel level gauge.
      - 2) Normal atmospheric vent.
      - 3) Emergency pressure relief vent.
      - 4) Fuel fill opening with lockable cap.
      - 5) Dedicated electrical conduit stub-up area.

## C. Engine Starting System:

- 1. System Type: Electric, with DC solenoid-activated starting motor(s).
- 2. Battery(s):
  - a. Battery Type: Lead-acid.
  - b. Battery Capacity: Size according to manufacturer's recommendations for achieving starting and load acceptance requirements under worst case ambient temperature; capable of providing cranking through two complete periods of cranking limiter time-outs without recharging.
  - c. Provide battery rack, cables, and connectors suitable for the supplied battery(s); size battery cables according to manufacturer's recommendations for cable length to be installed.
- 3. Battery-Charging Alternator: Engine-driven, with integral solid-state voltage regulation.
- 4. Battery Charger:
  - a. Provide dual rate battery charger with automatic float and equalize charging modes and minimum rating of 10 amps; suitable for maintaining the supplied battery(s) at full charge without manual intervention.
  - b. Capable of returning supplied battery(s) from fully discharged to fully charged condition within 24 hours, as required by NFPA 110 for Level 1 applications while carrying normal loads.
  - c. Furnished with integral overcurrent protection; current limited to protect charger during engine cranking; reverse polarity protection.
  - d. Provide integral DC output ammeter and voltmeter with five percent accuracy.
  - e. Provide alarm output contacts as necessary for alarm indications.

# D. Engine Speed Control System (Governor):

- 1. Single Engine Generator Sets (Not Operated in Parallel): Provide electronic isochronous governor for controlling engine speed/alternator frequency.
- 2. Frequency Regulation, Electronic Isochronous Governors: No change in frequency from no load to full load; plus/minus 0.25 percent at steady state.

# E. Engine Lubrication System:

1. System Type: Full pressure, with engine-driven, positive displacement lubrication oil pump, replaceable full-flow oil filter(s), and dip-stick for oil level indication. Provide oil cooler where recommended by manufacturer.

# F. Engine Cooling System:

- 1. System Type: Closed-loop, liquid-cooled, with unit-mounted radiator/fan and engine-driven coolant pump; suitable for providing adequate cooling while operating at full load under worst case ambient temperature.
- 2. Fan Guard: Provide suitable guard to protect personnel from accidental contact with fan.

# G. Engine Air Intake and Exhaust System:

- 1. Air Intake Filtration: Provide engine-mounted, replaceable, dry element filter.
- 2. Engine Exhaust Connection: Provide suitable, approved flexible connector for coupling engine to exhaust system.
- H. Type: Water-cooled inline or V-type, four stroke cycle, compression ignition Diesel internal combustion engine.
- I. Rating: Sufficient to operate under 10 percent overload for one hour in an ambient of 90 degrees F at elevation of 500 feet.

- J. Fuel System: No. 2 fuel oil.
- K. Safety Devices: Engine shutdown on high water temperature, low oil pressure, overspeed, and engine overcrank. Limits as selected by manufacturer.
- L. Engine Starting: DC starting system with positive engagement, number and voltage of starter motors in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Include remote starting control circuit, with MANUAL-OFF-REMOTE selector switch on engine-generator control panel.
- M. Engine Accessories: Fuel filter, lube oil filter, intake air filter, lube oil cooler, fuel transfer pump, fuel priming pump, gear-driven water pump. Include fuel pressure gage, water temperature gage, and lube oil pressure gage on engine/generator control panel.
- N. Mounting: Provide unit with suitable spring-type vibration isolators and mount on structural steel base.

# 2.4 ALTERNATOR (GENERATOR)

A. Alternator: Revolving field, synchronous generator complying with NEMA MG 1; connected to engine with flexible coupling; voltage output configuration as indicated, with reconnectable leads for 3 phase alternators.

#### B. Exciter:

- 1. Exciter Type: Brushless; provide permanent magnet generator (PMG) excitation system; self-excited (shunt) systems are not permitted.
- 2. PMG Excitation Short-Circuit Current Support: Capable of sustaining 300 percent of rated output current for 10 seconds.
- 3. Voltage Regulation (with PMG excitation): Plus/minus 0.5 percent for any constant load from no load to full load.
- C. Temperature Rise: Comply with UL 2200.
- D. Insulation System: NEMA MG 1, Class H; suitable for alternator temperature rise.
- E. Enclosure: NEMA MG 1, drip-proof.
- F. Total Harmonic Distortion: Not greater than five percent.

# 2.5 GENERATOR SET CONTROL SYSTEM

A. Provide microprocessor-based control system for automatic control, monitoring, and protection of generator set. Include sensors, wiring, and connections necessary for functions/indications specified.

#### B. Control Panel:

- 1. Control Panel Mounting: Unit-mounted unless otherwise indicated; vibration isolated.
- 2. Generator Set Control Functions:
  - a. Automatic Mode: Initiates generator set start/shutdown upon receiving corresponding signal from remote device (e.g. automatic transfer switch).
  - b. Manual Mode: Initiates generator set start/shutdown upon direction from operator.
  - c. Reset Mode: Clears all faults, allowing generator set restart after a shutdown.

- d. Emergency Stop: Immediately shuts down generator set (without time delay) and prevents automatic restarting until manually reset.
- e. Cycle Cranking: Programmable crank time, rest time, and number of cycles.
- f. Time Delay: Programmable for shutdown (engine cooldown) and start (engine warmup).
- g. Voltage Adjustment: Adjustable through range of plus/minus 5 percent.
- 3. Generator Set Status Indications:
  - a. Voltage (Volts AC): Line-to-line, line-to-neutral for each phase.
  - b. Current (Amps): For each phase.
  - c. Frequency (Hz).
  - d. Real power (W/kW).
  - e. Reactive power (VAR/kVAR).
  - f. Apparent power (VA/kVA).
  - g. Power factor.
  - h. Duty Level: Actual load as percentage of rated power.
  - i. Engine speed (RPM).
  - j. Battery voltage (Volts DC).
  - k. Engine oil pressure.
  - 1. Engine coolant temperature.
  - m. Engine run time.
  - n. Generator powering load (position signal from transfer switch).
- 4. Generator Set Protection and Warning/Shutdown Indications:
  - a. Comply with NFPA 110; configurable for NFPA 110 Level 1 or Level 2, or NFPA 99 systems including but not limited to the following protections/indications:
    - 1) Overcrank (shutdown).
    - 2) Low coolant temperature (warning).
    - 3) High coolant temperature (warning).
    - 4) High coolant temperature (shutdown).
    - 5) Low oil pressure (shutdown).
    - 6) Overspeed (shutdown).
    - 7) Low fuel level (warning).
    - 8) Low coolant level (warning/shutdown).
    - 9) Generator control not in automatic mode (warning).
    - 10) High battery voltage (warning).
    - 11) Low cranking voltage (warning).
    - 12) Low battery voltage (warning).
    - 13) Battery charger failure (warning).
  - b. In addition to NFPA 110 requirements, provide the following protections/indications:
    - 1) High AC voltage (shutdown).
    - 2) Low AC voltage (shutdown).
    - 3) High frequency (shutdown).
    - 4) Low frequency (shutdown).
    - 5) Overcurrent (shutdown).
  - c. Provide contacts for local and remote common alarm.
  - d. Provide lamp test function that illuminates all indicator lamps.
- 5. Other Control Panel Features:
  - a. Event log.

#### C. Remote Annunciator:

- 1. Remote Annunciator Mounting: Wall-mounted; Provide flush-mounted annunciator for finished areas and surface-mounted annunciator for non-finished areas unless otherwise indicated
- 2. Generator Set Status Indications:
  - a. Generator powering load (via position signal from transfer switch).
  - b. Communication functional.
- 3. Generator Set Warning/Shutdown Indications:
  - a. Comply with NFPA 110; configurable for NFPA 110 Level 1 or Level 2, or NFPA 99 systems including but not limited to the following indications:
    - 1) Overcrank (shutdown).
    - 2) Low coolant temperature (warning).
    - 3) High coolant temperature (warning).
    - 4) High coolant temperature (shutdown).
    - 5) Low oil pressure (shutdown).
    - 6) Overspeed (shutdown).
    - 7) Low fuel level (warning).
    - 8) Low coolant level (warning/shutdown).
    - 9) Generator control not in automatic mode (warning).
    - 10) High battery voltage (warning).
    - 11) Low cranking voltage (warning).
    - 12) Low battery voltage (warning).
    - 13) Battery charger failure (warning).
  - b. Provide audible alarm with silence function.
  - c. Provide lamp test function that illuminates all indicator lamps.
- D. Remote Emergency Stop: Provide approved red, mushroom style remote emergency stop button where indicated or required by authorities having jurisdiction.

# 2.6 GENERATOR SET ENCLOSURE

- A. Enclosure Type: Sound attenuating, weather protective.
- B. Enclosure Material: Steel or aluminum.
- C. Hardware Material: Stainless steel.
- D. Color: Manufacturer's standard.
- E. Access Doors: Lockable, with all locks keyed alike.
- F. Openings: Designed to prevent bird/rodent entry.
- G. External Drains: Extend oil and coolant drain lines to exterior of enclosure for maintenance service.
- H. Sound Attenuating Enclosures: Line enclosure with non-hydroscopic, self-extinguishing sound-attenuating material.
- I. Exhaust Silencers: Where exhaust silencers are mounted within enclosure in main engine compartment, insulate silencer to minimize heat dissipation as necessary for operation at rated

load under worst case ambient temperature.

# 2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Perform production tests on generator sets at factory to verify operation and performance characteristics prior to shipment. Include certified test report with submittals.
- C. Diesel Fuel Storage Tanks: Perform pressurized leak test prior to shipment.
- D. Generator: NEMA MG 1, single phase, four pole, reconnectable brushless synchronous generator with brushless exciter.
- E. Rating: 350 kW, 437.5 kVA, at 0.8 power factor, 208Y-120 volts, 60 Hz
- F. Insulation Class: F.
- G. Temperature Rise: 105 degrees C Continuous.
- H. Enclosure: NEMA MG 1, open drip proof.
- I. Voltage Regulation: Include generator-mounted volts per hertz exciter-regulator to match engine and generator characteristics, with voltage regulation plus or minus 1 percent from no load to full load. Include manual controls to adjust voltage droop, voltage level (plus or minus 5 percent) and voltage gain.
- J. Batteries: Heavy duty, diesel starting type Nickel-cadmium storage batteries.
  - 1. Ampere-hour capacity: Crank engine at constant firing speed, in minimum room abient of 60 degrees F for minimum of 4 cranking cycles (12 ten second cranks)
  - 2. Provide batteries with cables, rack, connectors and accessories and treated wooden enclosure with adequate vent openings, strip heaters and thermostat (to maintain minimum battery rated temperature).

#### K. Vibration Isolators:

- 1. For unit to base provide spring type with neoprene acoustical pads, leveling devices and vertical limit stops. Minimum static deflection shall be 1 in.
- 2. For base to concrete pad spring mountings, provide adjustable type to provide minimum clearance 4 in. between structural base and floor, with alignment and lift off restraints.
- 3. Provide for:
  - a. Engine-generator set base.
  - b. Engine-generator set base and remote radiator.
  - c. Silencer and exhaust pipe.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that the ratings and configurations of generator sets and auxiliary equipment are consistent with the indicated requirements.

- C. Verify that rough-ins for field connections are in the proper locations.
- D. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive equipment.
- E. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- B. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Install generator sets and associated accessories in accordance with NECA/EGSA 404.
- D. Arrange equipment to provide minimum clearances and required maintenance access.
- E. Unless otherwise indicated, mount generator set on properly sized, minimum 6 inch high concrete pad constructed in accordance with Section 033000.
- F. Provide required support and attachment in accordance with Section 260529.
- G. Use manufacturer's recommended oil and coolant, suitable for the worst case ambient temperatures.
- H. Provide diesel fuel piping and venting in accordance with Section 231113, where not factory installed.
- I. Install day tank in accordance with Section 231113.
- J. Provide engine exhaust piping in accordance with Section 235100, where not factory installed.
  - 1. Include piping expansion joints, piping insulation, thimble, condensation trap/drain, rain cap, hangers/supports, etc. as indicated or as required.
  - 2. Do not exceed manufacturer's maximum back pressure requirements.
- K. Provide grounding and bonding in accordance with Section 260526.
- L. Identify system wiring and components in accordance with Section 260553.

# 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Notify Owner and Engineer at least two weeks prior to scheduled inspections and tests.
- C. Notify authorities having jurisdiction and comply with their requirements for scheduling inspections and tests and for observation by their personnel.
- D. Provide all equipment, tools, and supplies required to accomplish inspection and testing, including load bank and fuel.
- E. Preliminary inspection and testing to include, at a minimum:
  - 1. Inspect each system component for damage and defects.
  - 2. Verify tightness of mechanical and electrical connections are according to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.

- 3. Check for proper oil and coolant levels.
- F. Prepare and start system in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- G. Inspection and testing to include, at a minimum:
  - 1. Verify compliance with starting and load acceptance requirements.
  - 2. Verify voltage and frequency; make required adjustments as necessary.
  - 3. Verify phase sequence.
  - 4. Verify control system operation, including safety shutdowns.
  - 5. Verify operation of auxiliary equipment and accessories (e.g. battery charger, heaters, etc.).
  - 6. Perform load tests in accordance with NFPA 110 (1.5 hour building load test followed by 2 hour full load test).
- H. Provide field emissions testing where necessary for certification.
- I. Sound Level Tests: Measure sound levels for compliance with specified requirements. Identify and report ambient noise conditions.
- J. Correct defective work, adjust for proper operation, and retest until entire system complies with Contract Documents.
- K. Perform field inspection and testing in accordance with Section 014000.
- L. Provide full load test utilizing portable test bank, if required, for four hours minimum. Simulate power failure including operation of transfer switch, automatic starting cycle, and automatic shutdown and return to normal.

#### 3.4 TESTS

- A. Before shipment, submit:
  - 1. Certified test log of engine-generator set showing the following data taken at and within specified parameters.
    - a. 100% of nameplate rated kVA continuously for 2 hours.
    - b. Full overload for specified continuous hours.
    - c. 4 repetitive 5-minute cycles of one step application and removal of full load.
    - d. Voltage, amperage and frequency readings taken during test to be permanently recorded by chart recorder or light beam oscillograph of sufficient response and resolution to verify generator output characteristics specified.
    - e. Time lag from normal power failure to operation at rated voltage and frequency with no load and 100% load.
    - f. Half hourly log: Fuel consumption and water and exhaust gas temperatures.
    - g. Statement indicating accessories, type of load, power factor and auxiliaries used, ambient temperature, elevation and location.
  - 2. In the engineer's presence test 100% of nameplate rated kVA continuously for 2 hours, full overload for specified continuous hours and 4 repetitive 5-minute cycles of one step application and removal of full load.
  - 3. Voltage, amperage and frequency readings taken during test shall be permanently recorded by chart recorder or light beam oscillograph of sufficient response and resolution to verify generator output characteristics specified.
  - 4. Test time lag from normal power failure to operation at rated voltage and frequency with no load and 100% load.

- 5. Half hourly log shall include fuel consumption and water and exhaust gas temperatures.
- 6. Submit statement indicating accessories, type of load, power factor and auxiliaries used, ambient temperature, elevation and location.
- B. On site, perform load test in the Engineer's presence and notify Engineer at least 7 days in advance:
  - 1. 100% of nameplate rated kVA, continuously for 2 hours.
  - 2. Full overload for specified continuous hours.
  - 3. Provide load bank and all necessary temporary cables and connection for full load and overload test.
  - 4. Half hourly log shall include fuel consumption water, and exhaust gas temperature.
  - 5. Perform emergency system operation test in the Engineer's and Owner's presence, including the following and notify Engineer at least 7 days in advance of testing:
    - a. Simulated power failure
    - b. Time lag from normal power failure to operation at rated voltage and frequency.
    - c. Operation of all features of all automatic transfer switches.
    - d. Elevator operation and sequencing.
    - e. Emergency alarm system operation.
    - f. Fire and life safety system operation.
    - g. Fire pump operation including generator voltage dip.
    - h. Smoke control system fans operation.
    - i. Computer power system operation.
    - j. Building fans and pumps connected to emergency system.
    - k. Emergency lighting system.
- C. Provide services of manufacturer's field representative for a period of 3 days to supervise startup, testing and operating instructions to personnel.

## 3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces to remove dirt, paint, or other foreign material and restore to match original factory finish.

#### 3.6 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

- A. Demonstration: Demonstrate proper operation of system to Owner, and correct deficiencies or make adjustments as directed.
- B. Training: Train Owner's personnel on operation, adjustment, and maintenance of system.
  - 1. Use operation and maintenance manual as training reference, supplemented with additional training materials as required.
  - 2. Provide minimum of four hours of training.
  - 3. Location: At project site.
- C. After successful acceptance test and just prior to Substantial Completion, replace air, oil, and fuel filters and fill fuel storage tank.

#### 3.7 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed engine generator system from subsequent construction operations.

# 3.8 MAINTENANCE

- A. Provide to Owner a proposal as an alternate to the base bid, a separate maintenance contract for the service and maintenance of engine generator system for two years from date of Substantial Completion; Include a complete description of preventive maintenance, systematic examination, adjustment, inspection, and testing, with a detailed schedule.
- B. Provide trouble call-back service upon notification by Owner:
  - 1. Provide on-site response within 4 hours of notification.
  - 2. Include allowance for call-back service during normal working hours at no extra cost to Owner.
  - 3. Owner will pay for call-back service outside of normal working hours on an hourly basis, based on actual time spent at site and not including travel time; include hourly rate and definition of normal working hours in maintenance contract.

END OF SECTION 263213

# SECTION 263600 TRANSFER SWITCHES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Transfer switches for low-voltage (600 V and less) applications and associated accessories:
  - 1. Automatic transfer switches.
  - 2. Remote annunciators.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Concrete equipment pads.
- B. Section 260526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems.
- C. Section 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- D. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.
- E. Section 262816.16 Enclosed Switches: Safety switches not listed for use as transfer switch equipment.
- F. Section 263213 Engine Generators: For interface with transfer switches.
  - 1. Includes code requirements applicable to work of this section.
  - 2. Includes related demonstration and training requirements.

# 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- B. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2020.
- C. NEMA ICS 10 Part 1 Industrial Control and Systems Part 1: Electromechanical AC Transfer Switch Equipment; 2020.
- D. NETA ATS Standard For Acceptance Testing Specifications For Electrical Power Equipment And Systems; 2021.
- E. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- F. NFPA 110 Standard for Emergency and Standby Power Systems; 2025.
- G. UL 1008 Transfer Switch Equipment; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate compatibility of transfer switches to be installed with work provided under other sections or by others.
  - a. Engine Generators: See Section 263213.
- 2. Coordinate the work with other trades to avoid placement of ductwork, piping, equipment, or other potential obstructions within the dedicated equipment spaces and working clearances required by NFPA 70.
- 3. Coordinate arrangement of equipment with the dimensions and clearance requirements of the actual equipment to be installed.
- 4. Coordinate the work with placement of supports, anchors, etc. required for mounting.
- 5. Notify Engineer of any conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for each product, including ratings, configurations, dimensions, finishes, weights, service condition requirements, and installed features.
- C. Shop Drawings: Include dimensioned plan views and sections indicating locations of system components, required clearances, and field connection locations. Include system interconnection schematic diagrams showing all factory and field connections.
  - 1. Clearly indicate whether proposed short circuit current ratings are based on testing with specific overcurrent protective devices or time durations; indicate short-time ratings where applicable.
- D. Source quality control test reports.
- E. Maintenance contracts.
- F. Product Data: Provide catalog sheets showing voltage, switch size, ratings and size of switching and overcurrent protective devices, operating logic, short circuit ratings, dimensions, and enclosure details.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with the following:
  - 1. NFPA 70 (National Electrical Code).
  - 2. NFPA 110 (Standard for Emergency and Standby Power Systems); meet requirements for system Level specified in Section 263213.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
  - 1. Authorized service facilities located within 50 miles of project site.
- C. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum three years documented experience with power transfer systems of similar size, type, and complexity; manufacturer's authorized installer.

- D. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- E. Conform to requirements of NFPA 70.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store transfer switches in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Store in a clean, dry space. Maintain factory wrapping or provide an additional heavy canvas or heavy plastic cover to protect units from dirt, water, construction debris, and traffic.
- C. Handle carefully in accordance with manufacturer's instructions to avoid damage to transfer switch components, enclosure, and finish.

#### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain field conditions within manufacturer's required service conditions during and after installation.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

A. See Section 017800 - Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Transfer Switches:
  - 1. ABB/GE: www.electrification.us.abb.com
  - 2. ASCO Power Technologies: www.ascopower.com
  - 3. Eaton Corporation: www.eaton.com

#### 2.2 TRANSFER SWITCHES

- A. Provide complete power transfer system consisting of all required equipment, conduit, boxes, wiring, supports, accessories, system programming, etc. as necessary for a complete operating system that provides the functional intent indicated.
- B. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- C. Applications:
  - 1. Utilize open transition transfer unless otherwise indicated or required.
  - 2. Neutral Switching (Single Phase, Three Wire and Three Phase, Four Wire Systems):
    - a. Provide neutral switching
- D. Construction Type: Either "contactor type" (open contact) or "breaker type" (enclosed contact) transfer switches complying with specified requirements are acceptable.

- E. Automatic Transfer Switch:
  - 1. Transfer Switch Type: As indicated on the drawings.
  - 2. Transition Configuration: As indicated on the drawings.
  - 3. Voltage: As indicated on the drawings.
  - 4. Ampere Rating: As indicated on the drawings.
  - 5. Neutral Configuration: Solid neutral (unswitched), except as indicated.
  - 6. Load Served: As indicated on the drawings.
  - 7. Primary Source: As indicated on the drawings.
  - 8. Alternate Source: As indicated on the drawings.
- F. Comply with NEMA ICS 10 Part 1, and list and label as complying with UL 1008 for the classification of the intended application (e.g. emergency, optional standby).
- G. Do not use double throw safety switches or other equipment not specifically designed for power transfer applications and listed as transfer switch equipment.
- H. Load Classification: Classified for total system load (any combination of motor, electric discharge lamp, resistive, and tungsten lamp loads with tungsten lamp loads not exceeding 30 percent of the continuous current rating) unless otherwise indicated or required.
- I. Switching Methods:
  - 1. Open Transition:
    - a. Provide break-before-make transfer without a neutral position that is not connected to either source, and with interlocks to prevent simultaneous connection of the load to both sources.
    - b. Where in-phase transfer is indicated, utilize in-phase monitor to initiate transfer when phase angle difference between sources is near zero to limit in-rush currents.
  - 2. Neutral Switching: Use simultaneously switched neutral (break-before-make) method. Overlapping neutral method is not acceptable.
  - 3. Obtain control power for transfer operation from line side of source to which the load is to be transferred.
- J. Service Conditions: Provide transfer switches suitable for continuous operation at indicated ratings under the service conditions at the installed location.

# K. Enclosures:

- 1. Environment Type per NEMA 250: Unless otherwise indicated, as specified for the following installation locations:
  - a. Indoor Clean, Dry Locations: Type 1 or Type 12.
- 2. Finish: Manufacturer's standard unless otherwise indicated.

# L. Short Circuit Current Rating:

1. Withstand and Closing Rating: Provide transfer switches, when protected by the supply side overcurrent protective devices to be installed, with listed withstand and closing rating not less than the available fault current at the installed location as indicated on the drawings.

## M. Automatic Transfer Switches:

- 1. Description: Transfer switches with automatically initiated transfer between sources; electrically operated and mechanically held.
- 2. Control Functions:

- a. Automatic mode.
- b. Test Mode: Simulates failure of primary/normal source.
- c. Voltage and Frequency Sensing:
  - 1) Undervoltage sensing for each phase of primary/normal source; adjustable dropout/pickup settings.
  - 2) Undervoltage sensing for alternate/emergency source; adjustable dropout/pickup settings.
  - 3) Underfrequency sensing for alternate/emergency source; adjustable dropout/pickup settings.

# d. Outputs:

- 1) Contacts for engine start/shutdown (except where direct generator communication interface is provided).
- 2) Auxiliary contacts; one set(s) for each switch position.
- e. Adjustable Time Delays:
  - 1) Engine generator start time delay; delays engine start signal to override momentary primary/normal source failures.
  - 2) Transfer to alternate/emergency source time delay.
  - 3) Retransfer to primary/normal source time delay.
  - 4) Engine generator cooldown time delay; delays engine shutdown following retransfer to primary/normal source to permit generator to run unloaded for cooldown period.
- f. In-Phase Monitor (Open Transition Transfer Switches): Monitors phase angle difference between sources for initiating in-phase transfer.
- g. Engine Exerciser: Provides programmable scheduled exercising of engine generator selectable with or without transfer to load; provides memory retention during power outage.

#### 3. Status Indications:

- a. Connected to alternate/emergency source.
- b. Connected to primary/normal source.
- c. Alternate/emergency source available.
- 4. Automatic Sequence of Operations:
  - a. Upon failure of primary/normal source for a programmable time period (engine generator start time delay), initiate starting of engine generator where applicable.
  - b. When alternate/emergency source is available, transfer load to alternate/emergency source after programmable time delay.
  - c. When primary/normal source has been restored, retransfer to primary/normal source after a programmable time delay. Bypass time delay if alternate/emergency source fails and primary/normal source is available.
  - d. Where applicable, initiate shutdown of engine generator after programmable engine cooldown time delay.

# N. Remote Annunciators:

- 1. Remote Annunciator Mounting: Wall-mounted; Provide flush-mounted annunciator for finished areas and surface-mounted annunciator for non-finished areas unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. Transfer Switch Status Indications:
  - a. Connected to alternate/emergency source.
  - b. Connected to primary/normal source.
  - c. Alternate/emergency source available.
  - d. Primary/normal source available.

- O. Interface with Other Work:
  - 1. Interface with engine generators as specified in Section 263213.

# 2.3 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Perform production tests on transfer switches at factory to verify operation and performance characteristics prior to shipment. Include certified test report with submittals.

# 2.4 AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SWITCH

- A. Description: NEMA ICS 10, automatic transfer switch suitable for use as service equipment.
- B. Configuration: Electrically operated, mechanically held transfer switch.

# 2.5 COMPONENTS

- A. Indicating Lights: Mount in cover of enclosure to indicate NORMAL SOURCE AVAILABLE.
- B. Test Switch: Mount in cover of enclosure to simulate failure of normal source.
- C. Return to Normal Switch: Mount in cover of enclosure to initiate manual transfer from alternate source to normal source.
- D. Transfer Switch Auxiliary Contacts: 1 normally open; 1 normally closed.
- E. Normal Source Monitor: Monitor each line of normal source voltage and frequency; initiate transfer when voltage drops below 85 percent or frequency varies more than 3 percent from rated nominal value.
- F. Alternate Source Monitor: Monitor alternate source voltage and frequency; inhibit transfer when voltage is below 85 percent or frequency varies more than 3 percent from rated nominal value.
- G. In-Phase Monitor: Inhibit transfer until source and load are within 10 electrical degrees.
- H. Switched Neutral: Non-Overlapping contacts.
- I. Enclosure: ICS 10, Type 1, finished with manufacturer's standard gray enamel.

# 2.6 AUTOMATIC SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

- A. Initiate Time Delay to Start Alternate Source Engine Generator: Upon initiation by normal source monitor.
- B. Time Delay To Start Alternate Source Engine Generator: 0 to 10 seconds, adjustable.
- C. Initiate Transfer Load to Alternate Source: Upon initiation by normal source monitor and permission by alternate source monitor.
- D. Time Delay Before Transfer to Alternate Power Source: 0 to 60 seconds, adjustable.

- E. Initiate Retransfer Load to Normal Source: Upon permission by normal source monitor.
- F. Time Delay Before Transfer to Normal Power: 0 to 60 seconds, adjustable; bypass time delay in event of alternate source failure.
- G. Time Delay Before Engine Shut Down: 0 to 30 minutes, adjustable, of unloaded operation.
- H. Engine Exerciser: Start engine every 7 days; run for 30 minutes before shutting down. Bypass exerciser control if normal source fails during exercising period.
- I. Alternate System Exerciser: Transfer load to alternate source during engine exercising period.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that the ratings and configurations of transfer switches are consistent with the indicated requirements.
- C. Verify that rough-ins for field connections are in the proper locations.
- D. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive transfer switches.
- E. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Provide housekeeping pads under the provisions of Section 033000.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- B. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Arrange equipment to provide minimum clearances and required maintenance access.
- D. Provide required support and attachment in accordance with Section 260529.
- E. Install transfer switches plumb and level.
- F. Unless otherwise indicated, mount floor-mounted transfer switches on properly sized 3 inch high concrete pad constructed in accordance with Section 033000.
- G. Provide grounding and bonding in accordance with Section 260526.
- H. Identify transfer switches and associated system wiring in accordance with Section 260553.
- I. Provide engraved plastic nameplates under the provisions of Section 260553.
- J. Provide the following in conjunction with each automatic transfer switch:

- 1. Two #12 3/4"C from auxiliary contact (closed before switch returns to normal power) on transfer switch to each elevator machine room which is served via the emergency generator. Terminate as and when required by the elevator vendor.
- 2. Wiring as necesary from transfer switch to remote annuciator panels and engine control panel for transfer switch position indicator lights. Refer to details on drawings.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Prepare and start system in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Automatic Transfer Switches:
  - 1. Inspect and test in accordance with NETA ATS, except Section 4.
  - 2. Perform inspections and tests listed in NETA ATS, Section 7.22.3. The insulation-resistance tests listed as optional are not required.
- D. Correct defective work, adjust for proper operation, and retest until entire system complies with Contract Documents.
- E. Perform field inspection and testing in accordance with Section 014000.
- F. Perform inspections and tests listed in NETA STD ATS, Section 7.22.3.

#### 3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces to remove dirt, paint, or other foreign material and restore to match original factory finish.

#### 3.6 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

- A. Training: Train Owner's personnel on operation, adjustment, and maintenance of transfer switches.
  - 1. Use operation and maintenance manual as training reference, supplemented with additional training materials as required.
  - 2. Provide minimum of four hours of training.
  - 3. Instructor: Manufacturer's authorized representative.
  - 4. Location: At project site.
- B. Coordinate with related generator demonstration and training as specified in Section 263213.
- C. Demonstrate operation of transfer switch in bypass, normal, and emergency modes.

# 3.7 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed transfer switches from subsequent construction operations.

#### 3.8 MAINTENANCE

A. Provide to Owner a proposal as an alternate to the base bid, a separate maintenance contract for the service and maintenance of transfer switches for two years from date of Substantial

Completion; Include a complete description of preventive maintenance, systematic examination, adjustment, inspection, and testing, with a detailed schedule.

- B. Provide trouble call-back service upon notification by Owner:
  - 1. Provide on-site response within 4 hours of notification.
  - 2. Include allowance for call-back service during normal working hours at no extra cost to Owner.
  - 3. Owner will pay for call-back service outside of normal working hours on an hourly basis, based on actual time spent at site and not including travel time; include hourly rate and definition of normal working hours in maintenance contract.

END OF SECTION 263600



# SECTION 265100 INTERIOR LIGHTING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Interior luminaires.
- B. Exit signs.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- B. Section 260533.16 Boxes for Electrical Systems.
- C. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.
- D. Section 260923 Lighting Control Devices.
- E. Section 262726 Wiring Devices: Manual wall switches and wall dimmers.
- F. Section 265600 Exterior Lighting.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. IES LM-79 Approved Method: Optical and Electrical Measurements of Solid-State Lighting Products; 2019.
- B. IES LM-80 Approved Method: Measuring Maintenance of Light Output Characteristics of Solid-State Light Sources; 2021.
- C. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- D. NECA 500 Standard for Installing Indoor Lighting Systems; 2006.
- E. NECA 502 Standard for Installing Industrial Lighting Systems; 2006.
- F. NECA/IESNA 500 Standard for Installing Indoor Lighting Systems; 2006.
- G. NECA/IESNA 502 Standard for Installing Industrial Lighting Systems; 2006.
- H. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- I. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- J. UL 924 Emergency Lighting and Power Equipment; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

- K. UL 1598 Luminaires; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- L. UL 8750 Light Emitting Diode (LED) Equipment for Use in Lighting Products; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- M. NEMA 410 Performance Testing for Lighting Controls and Switching Devices with Electronic Drivers and Discharge Ballasts; 2023.

## 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate the installation of luminaires with mounting surfaces installed under other sections or by others. Coordinate the work with placement of supports, anchors, etc. required for mounting. Coordinate compatibility of luminaires and associated trims with mounting surfaces at installed locations.
- 2. Coordinate the placement of luminaires with structural members, ductwork, piping, equipment, diffusers, fire suppression system components, and other potential conflicts installed under other sections or by others.
- 3. Coordinate the placement of exit signs with furniture, equipment, signage or other potential obstructions to visibility installed under other sections or by others.
- 4. Notify Engineer of any conflicts or deviations from Contract Documents to obtain direction prior to proceeding with work.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Provide photometric calculations where luminaires are proposed for substitution upon request.
- C. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets including detailed information on luminaire construction, dimensions, ratings, finishes, mounting requirements, listings, service conditions, photometric performance, installed accessories, and ceiling compatibility; include model number nomenclature clearly marked with all proposed features.
  - 1. LED Luminaires:
    - a. Include estimated useful life, calculated based on IES LM-80 test data.
    - b. Include IES LM-79 test report upon request.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND PROTECTION

- A. Receive, handle, and store products according to NECA/IESNA 500 (commercial lighting), NECA/IESNA 502 (industrial lighting), and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Keep products in original manufacturer's packaging and protect from damage until ready for installation.

# 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Maintain field conditions within manufacturer's required service conditions during and after installation.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

A. See Section 017800 - Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 LUMINAIRE TYPES

A. Furnish products as indicated in luminaire schedule included on the drawings.

#### 2.2 LUMINAIRES

- A. Provide products that comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Provide products that are listed and labeled as complying with UL 1598, where applicable.
- C. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- D. Unless otherwise indicated, provide complete luminaires including lamp(s) and all sockets, ballasts, reflectors, lenses, housings and other components required to position, energize and protect the lamp and distribute the light.
- E. Unless specifically indicated to be excluded, provide all required conduit, boxes, wiring, connectors, hardware, supports, trims, accessories, etc. as necessary for a complete operating system.
- F. Provide products suitable to withstand normal handling, installation, and service without any damage, distortion, corrosion, fading, discoloring, etc.

# G. LED Luminaires:

- 1. Components: UL 8750 recognized or listed as applicable.
- 2. Tested in accordance with IES LM-79 and IES LM-80.
- 3. LED Estimated Useful Life: Minimum of 50,000 hours at 70 percent lumen maintenance, calculated based on IES LM-80 test data.

#### 2.3 EXIT SIGNS

- A. Description: Exit signs complying with NFPA 101 and applicable state and local codes, and listed and labeled as complying with UL 924.
  - 1. Number of Faces: Single- or double-face as indicated or as required for installed location.
  - 2. Directional Arrows: As indicated or as required for installed location.
- B. Powered Exit Signs: Internally illuminated with LEDs unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Stems for Suspended Luminaires: Steel tubing, minimum 1/2" size, factory finished to match luminaire or field-painted as directed.
- B. Threaded Rods for Suspended Luminaires: Zinc-plated steel, minimum 1/4" size, field-painted as directed.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that outlet boxes are installed in proper locations and at proper mounting heights and are properly sized to accommodate conductors in accordance with NFPA 70.
- C. Verify that suitable support frames are installed where required.
- D. Verify that branch circuit wiring installation is completed, tested, and ready for connection to luminaires.
- E. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Provide extension rings to bring outlet boxes flush with finished surface.
- B. Clean dirt, debris, plaster, and other foreign materials from outlet boxes.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate locations of outlet boxes provided under Section 260533.16 as required for installation of luminaires provided under this section.
- B. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- C. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Install luminaires securely, in a neat and workmanlike manner, as specified in NECA 500 (commercial lighting) and NECA 502 (industrial lighting).
- E. Provide required support and attachment in accordance with Section 260529.

- F. Install luminaires plumb and square and aligned with building lines and with adjacent luminaires.
- G. Suspended Ceiling Mounted Luminaires:
  - 1. Do not use ceiling tiles to bear weight of luminaires.
  - 2. Do not use ceiling support system to bear weight of luminaires unless ceiling support system is certified as suitable to do so.
  - 3. Secure lay-in luminaires to ceiling support channels using listed safety clips at four corners.
  - 4. See appropriate Division 9 section where suspended grid ceiling is specified for additional requirements.

# H. Suspended Luminaires:

- 1. Install using the suspension method indicated, with support lengths and accessories as required for specified mounting height.
- I. Install accessories furnished with each luminaire.
- J. Bond products and metal accessories to branch circuit equipment grounding conductor.
- K. Exit Signs:
- L. Install lamps in each luminaire.

## 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Inspect each product for damage and defects.
- C. Operate each luminaire after installation and connection to verify proper operation.
- D. Correct wiring deficiencies and repair or replace damaged or defective products. Repair or replace excessively noisy ballasts as determined by Engineer.

## 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Aim and position adjustable luminaires to achieve desired illumination as indicated or as directed by Engineer. Secure locking fittings in place.
- B. Exit Signs with Field-Selectable Directional Arrows: Set as indicated or as required to properly designate egress path as directed by Engineer or authority having jurisdiction.

#### 3.6 CLEANING

A. Clean surfaces according to NECA 500 (commercial lighting), NECA 502 (industrial lighting), and manufacturer's instructions to remove dirt, fingerprints, paint, or other foreign material and restore finishes to match original factory finish.

## 3.7 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed luminaires from subsequent construction operations.

END OF SECTION 265100

# SECTION 265600 EXTERIOR LIGHTING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Exterior luminaires.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 260526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems.
- B. Section 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- C. Section 260533.16 Boxes for Electrical Systems.
- D. Section 262726 Wiring Devices: Receptacles for installation in poles.
- E. Section 265100 Interior Lighting.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- B. NECA/IESNA 501 Standard for Installing Exterior Lighting Systems; 2000 (Reaffirmed 2006).
- C. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- D. UL 1598 Luminaires; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- E. UL 8750 Light Emitting Diode (LED) Equipment for Use in Lighting Products; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate placement of poles and associated foundations with utilities, curbs, sidewalks, trees, walls, fences, striping, etc. installed under other sections or by others. Coordinate elevation to obtain specified foundation height.
- 2. Notify Engineer of any conflicts or deviations from Contract Documents to obtain direction prior to proceeding with work.
- B. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; National Fire Protection Association; 2005 with New York City Amendments.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets including detailed information on luminaire construction, dimensions, ratings, finishes, mounting requirements, listings, service conditions, photometric performance, weight, effective projected area (EPA), and installed accessories; include model number nomenclature clearly marked with all proposed features.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Receive, handle, and store products according to NECA/IESNA 501 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Keep products in original manufacturer's packaging and protect from damage until ready for installation.

# 1.8 WARRANTY

A. See Section 017800 - Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 LUMINAIRE TYPES

A. Furnish products as indicated in luminaire schedule included on the drawings.

## 2.2 LUMINAIRES

- A. Provide products that comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Provide products that are listed and labeled as complying with UL 1598, where applicable.
- C. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- D. Unless otherwise indicated, provide complete luminaires including lamp(s) and all sockets, ballasts, reflectors, lenses, housings and other components required to position, energize and protect the lamp and distribute the light.
- E. Unless specifically indicated to be excluded, provide all required conduit, boxes, wiring, connectors, hardware, poles, foundations, supports, trims, accessories, etc. as necessary for a

complete operating system.

F. Provide products suitable to withstand normal handling, installation, and service without any damage, distortion, corrosion, fading, discoloring, etc.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that outlet boxes are installed in proper locations and at proper mounting heights and are properly sized to accommodate conductors in accordance with NFPA 70.
- C. Verify that suitable support frames are installed where required.
- D. Verify that branch circuit wiring installation is completed, tested, and ready for connection to luminaires.
- E. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Provide extension rings to bring outlet boxes flush with finished surface.
- B. Clean dirt, debris, plaster, and other foreign materials from outlet boxes.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate locations of outlet boxes provided under Section 260533.16 as required for installation of luminaires provided under this section.
- B. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Install luminaires in accordance with NECA/IESNA 501.
- D. Provide required support and attachment in accordance with Section 260529.
- E. Install luminaires plumb and square and aligned with building lines and with adjacent luminaires.
- F. Wall-Mounted Luminaires: Unless otherwise indicated, specified mounting heights are to center of luminaire.
- G. Install accessories furnished with each luminaire.
- H. Bond products and metal accessories to branch circuit equipment grounding conductor.
- I. Install lamps in each luminaire.

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. See Section 014000 - Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.

- B. Inspect each product for damage and defects.
- C. Operate each luminaire after installation and connection to verify proper operation.
- D. Correct wiring deficiencies and repair or replace damaged or defective products. Repair or replace excessively noisy ballasts as determined by Engineer.

#### 3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Aim and position adjustable luminaires to achieve desired illumination as indicated or as directed by Engineer. Secure locking fittings in place.

# 3.6 CLEANING

A. Clean surfaces according to NECA/IESNA 501 and manufacturer's instructions to remove dirt, fingerprints, paint, or other foreign material and restore finishes to match original factory finish.

# 3.7 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed luminaires from subsequent construction operations.

END OF SECTION 265600

# SECTION 270529 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 Section Includes

A. Support and attachment requirements and components for equipment, conduit, cable, boxes, and other communications work.

### 1.2 Related Requirements

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete.
- B. Section 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- C. Section 270533.13 Conduit for Communications Systems: Additional support and attachment requirements for conduits.
- D. Section 271000 Structured Cabling.

#### 1.3 Reference Standards

- A. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.
- B. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2023.
- C. ASTM B633 Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Zinc on Iron and Steel; 2023.
- D. BICSI ITSIMM Information Technology Systems Installation Methods Manual (ITSIMM), 8th Edition; 2022.
- E. BICSI N1 Installation Practices for Telecommunications and ICT Cabling and Related Cabling Infrastructure, 1st Edition; 2019.
- F. MFMA-4 Metal Framing Standards Publication; 2004.
- G. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- H. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- I. TIA-569 Telecommunications Pathways and Spaces; 2019e, with Addendum (2022).
- J. UL 2043 Fire Test for Heat and Visible Smoke Release for Discrete Products and Their Accessories Installed in Air-Handling Spaces; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.4 Administrative Requirements

### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate sizes and arrangement of supports and bases with actual equipment and components to be installed.
- 2. Coordinate work to provide additional framing and materials required for installation.
- 3. Coordinate compatibility of support and attachment components with mounting surfaces at installed locations.
- 4. Coordinate arrangement of supports with ductwork, piping, equipment and other potential conflicts.
- 5. Notify Engineer of conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

## B. Sequencing:

1. Do not install products on or provide attachment to concrete surfaces until concrete has cured; see Section 033000.

#### 1.5 Submittals

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for cable supports, channel/strut framing systems, and post-installed concrete/masonry anchors.
- C. Shop Drawings: Include details for fabricated hangers and supports where materials or methods other than those indicated are proposed for substitution.
- D. Evaluation Reports: For products specified as requiring evaluation and recognition by ICC Evaluation Service, LLC (ICC-ES), provide current ICC-ES evaluation reports upon request.
- E. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate application conditions and limitations of use stipulated by product testing agency. Include instructions for storage, handling, protection, examination, preparation, and installation of product.

# 1.6 Quality Assurance

- A. Maintain at project site one copy of each referenced document that prescribes execution requirements.
- B. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: Organization recognized by OSHA as Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 1.7 Delivery, Storage, and Handling

A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 Support and Attachment Components

### A. General Requirements:

- 1. Comply with the following. Where requirements differ, comply with most stringent.
  - a. TIA-569.
  - b. NFPA 70.
  - c. Applicable building code.
  - d. Requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Provide required hangers, supports, anchors, fasteners, fittings, accessories, and hardware as necessary for complete installation of communications work.
- 3. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for purpose intended, where applicable.
- 4. Where support and attachment component types and sizes are not indicated, select in accordance with manufacturer's application criteria as required for load to be supported with minimum safety factor of 4. Include consideration for vibration, equipment operation, and shock loads where applicable.
- 5. Do not use products for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.
- 6. Do not use wire, chain, perforated pipe strap, or wood for permanent supports unless specifically indicated or permitted.
- 7. Steel Components: Use corrosion-resistant materials suitable for environment where installed.
  - a. Indoor Dry Locations: Use zinc-plated steel or approved equivalent unless otherwise indicated.
  - b. Outdoor and Damp or Wet Indoor Locations: Use galvanized steel, stainless steel, or approved equivalent unless otherwise indicated.
  - c. Zinc-Plated Steel: Electroplated in accordance with ASTM B633.
  - d. Galvanized Steel: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M or ASTM A153/A153M.
- B. Conduit Supports: Straps and clamps suitable for conduit to be supported.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. ABB: www.electrification.us.abb.com
    - b. Eaton Corporation: www.eaton.com
    - c. Emerson Electric Co; O-Z/Gedney: www.emerson.com/#sle.
  - 2. Conduit Straps: One-hole or two-hole type; steel or malleable iron.
  - 3. Conduit Clamps: Bolted type unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Cable Supports: Suitable for cables to be supported, including but not limited to J-hooks, bridle rings, drive rings, and flexible harnesses/slings.
  - 1. Comply with TIA-569.
  - 2. Cable Supports Installed in Spaces Used for Environmental Air: Plenum rated; listed and labeled as complying with UL 2043, suitable for use in air-handling spaces.
  - 3. J-Hooks: Noncontinuous cabling support with removable top retainer clip.
    - a. Material: Use galvanized steel, factory-painted steel, or stainless steel.
    - b. Provide support surfaces with smooth, beveled edges and radius not less than minimum allowable bend radius of cables supported.
    - c. Provide multitiered J-hooks where required to support multiple cabling systems.
- D. Outlet Box Supports: Hangers and brackets suitable for boxes to be supported.
- E. Metal Channel/Strut Framing Systems:

- 1. Description: Factory-fabricated, continuous-slot, metal channel/strut and associated fittings, accessories, and hardware required for field assembly of supports.
- 2. Comply with MFMA-4.
- 3. Channel Material:
  - a. Indoor Dry Locations: Use painted steel, zinc-plated steel, or galvanized steel.
  - b. Outdoor and Damp or Wet Indoor Locations: Use galvanized steel.
- F. Hanger Rods: Threaded, zinc-plated steel unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Anchors and Fasteners:
  - 1. Unless otherwise indicated and where not otherwise restricted, use anchor and fastener for specified applications.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 Examination

- A. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive support and attachment components.
- B. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

### 3.2 Installation

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install hangers and supports in accordance with NECA 1, BICSI ITSIMM, and BICSI N1.
- C. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
- D. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Engineer, do not provide support from suspended ceiling support system or ceiling grid.
- E. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Engineer, do not provide support from roof deck.
- F. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members without approval of Structural Engineer.
- G. Equipment Support and Attachment:
  - 1. Use metal, fabricated supports or supports assembled from metal channel/strut to support equipment as required.
  - 2. Use metal channel/strut secured to studs to support equipment surface mounted on hollow stud walls when wall strength is not sufficient to resist pull-out.
  - 3. Use metal channel/strut to support surface-mounted equipment in wet or damp locations to provide space between equipment and mounting surface.
  - 4. Securely fasten floor-mounted equipment. Do not install equipment such that it relies on its own weight for support.
- H. Secure fasteners in accordance with manufacturer's recommended torque settings.
- I. Remove temporary supports.

- 3.3 Field Quality Control
  - A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for additional requirements.
  - B. Inspect support and attachment components for damage and defects.
  - C. Repair cuts and abrasions in galvanized finishes using zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer. Replace components that exhibit signs of corrosion.
  - D. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective support and attachment components.

END OF SECTION 270529



# SECTION 270533.13 CONDUIT FOR COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC).
- B. Stainless steel rigid metal conduit (RMC).
- C. PVC-coated galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC).
- D. Aluminum electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- E. Rigid polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 078400 Firestopping.
- B. Section 260533.13 Conduit for Electrical Systems.
- C. Section 271000 Structured Cabling.

# 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI C80.1 American National Standard for Electrical Rigid Steel Conduit (ERSC); 2020.
- B. ANSI C80.3 American National Standard for Electrical Metallic Tubing -- Steel (EMT-S); 2020.
- C. BICSI ITSIMM Information Technology Systems Installation Methods Manual (ITSIMM), 8th Edition; 2022.
- D. BICSI N1 Installation Practices for Telecommunications and ICT Cabling and Related Cabling Infrastructure, 1st Edition; 2019.
- E. BICSI TDMM Telecommunications Distribution Methods Manual, 14th Edition; 2020.
- F. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2023.
- G. NECA 101 Standard for Installing Steel Conduits (Rigid, IMC, EMT); 2020.
- H. NECA 111 Standard for Installing Nonmetallic Raceways (RNC, ENT, LFNC); 2017.
- I. NEMA FB 1 Fittings, Cast Metal Boxes, and Conduit Bodies for Conduit, Electrical Metallic Tubing, and Cable; 2014.
- J. NEMA RN 1 Polyvinyl-Chloride (PVC) Externally Coated Galvanized Rigid Steel Metal Conduit and Intermediate Metal Conduit; 2018.

- K. NEMA TC 2 Electrical Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Conduit; 2020.
- L. NEMA TC 3 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Fittings for Use with Rigid PVC Conduit and Tubing; 2021.
- M. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- N. TIA-568.0 Generic Telecommunications Cabling for Customer Premises; 2020e.
- O. TIA-569 Telecommunications Pathways and Spaces; 2019e, with Addendum (2022).
- P. UL 6 Electrical Rigid Metal Conduit-Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- Q. UL 6A Electrical Rigid Metal Conduit-Aluminum, Red Brass, and Stainless Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- R. UL 514A Metallic Outlet Boxes; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- S. UL 514B Conduit, Tubing, and Cable Fittings; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- T. UL 651 Schedule 40, 80, Type EB and A Rigid PVC Conduit and Fittings; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- U. UL 797A Electrical Metallic Tubing Aluminum and Stainless Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Coordination:

- Coordinate minimum sizes of conduits with actual type and quantity of cables to be installed.
- 2. Coordinate arrangement of conduits with structural members, ductwork, piping, equipment and other potential conflicts.
- 3. Verify exact conduit termination locations required for boxes, enclosures, and equipment.
- 4. Notify Engineer of conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

# B. Sequencing:

1. Do not begin installation of communications cables until installation of conduit between termination points is complete.

# 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittals procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Indicate proposed arrangement for conduits to be installed within structural concrete slabs, where permitted.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: Organization recognized by OSHA as Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store conduit and fittings in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 CONDUIT APPLICATIONS

- A. Do not use conduit and associated fittings for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70, TIA-569, BICSI ITSIMM, BICSI TDMM, manufacturers' instructions, and product listing.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated and where not otherwise restricted, use conduit types indicated for specified applications. Where more than one listed application applies, comply with most restrictive requirements. Where conduit type for particular application is not specified, use EMT.
- C. Concealed Within Hollow Stud Walls: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC) or aluminum electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- D. Concealed Above Accessible Ceilings: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC), aluminum electrical metallic tubing (EMT), or inside-plant flexible nonmetallic communications raceway/innerduct.
- E. Interior, Damp or Wet Locations: Use PVC-coated galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC) or stainless steel electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- F. Exposed, Interior, Not Subject to Physical Damage: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC) or aluminum electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- G. Exposed, Interior, Subject to Physical Damage: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC).
  - 1. Locations subject to physical damage include, but are not limited to:
    - a. Where exposed below 8 feet, except within electrical and communication rooms or closets.
- H. Concealed, Exterior, Not Embedded in Concrete or in Contact With Earth: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC), stainless steel rigid metal conduit (RMC), or aluminum electrical metallic tubing (EMT).

# 2.2 CONDUIT - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NFPA 70 and TIA-569.
- B. Provide conduit, fittings, supports, and accessories required for complete communications pathway.
- C. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for purpose intended.

- D. Minimum Conduit Size, Unless Otherwise Indicated:
  - 1. Communications Outlet Box: 1-1/4-inch trade size.
- E. Where conduit size is not indicated, size to comply with NFPA 70, TIA-569, and BICSI TDMM, but not less than applicable minimum size requirements specified. Where specified standards differ, comply with most stringent.

# 2.3 GALVANIZED STEEL RIGID METAL CONDUIT (RMC)

### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Nucor Tubular Products: www.nucortubular.com
- 2. Western Tube, a division of Zekelman Industries: www.westerntube.com
- 3. Wheatland Tube, a division of Zekelman Industries: www.wheatland.com
- B. Description: NFPA 70, Type RMC galvanized steel rigid metal conduit complying with ANSI C80.1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 6.

### C. Fittings:

- 1. Nonhazardous Locations: Use fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B or UL 6.
- 2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
- 3. Connectors and Couplings: Use threaded fittings only. Threadless fittings, including set screw and compression/gland types, are not permitted.
- 4. Conduit Bodies: Use only conduit bodies specifically designed for communications cabling. Standard conduit bodies designed for electrical raceways are not permitted.
  - a. Comply with TIA-568.0 minimum bend radius requirements for fiber optic cables.

# 2.4 STAINLESS STEEL RIGID METAL CONDUIT (RMC)

### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Calbrite, a division of Atkore International: www.calbrite.com
- 2. Gibson Stainless & Specialty, Inc: www.gibsonstainless.com
- 3. Patriot Industries, a division of Patriot Aluminum Products, LLC: www.patriotsas.com
- B. Description: NFPA 70, Type RMC stainless steel rigid metal conduit complying with ANSI C80.1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 6A.

### C. Fittings:

- 1. Nonhazardous Locations: Use fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B or UL 6A.
- 2. Material: Use stainless steel with corrosion resistance equivalent to conduit.
- 3. Connectors and Couplings: Use threaded fittings only. Threadless fittings, including set screw and compression/gland types, are not permitted.
- 4. Conduit Bodies: Standard conduit bodies designed for electrical raceways are not permitted.

# 2.5 PVC-COATED GALVANIZED STEEL RIGID METAL CONDUIT (RMC)

#### A. Manufacturers:

1. ABB; Ocal: www.electrification.us.abb.com

- 2. Calbond, a division of Atkore International www.calbond.com
- 3. Robroy Industries: www.robroy.com
- B. Description: NFPA 70, Type RMC galvanized steel rigid metal conduit with external polyvinyl chloride (PVC) coating complying with NEMA RN 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 6.
- C. Exterior Coating: Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), nominal thickness of 40 mil, 0.040 inch.
- D. PVC-Coated Boxes and Fittings:
  - 1. Manufacturer: Same as manufacturer of PVC-coated conduit to be installed.
  - 2. Nonhazardous Locations: Use boxes and fittings listed and labeled as complying with UL 514A, UL 514B, or UL 6.
  - 3. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
  - 4. Exterior Coating: Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), minimum thickness of 40 mil, 0.040 inch.
  - 5. Conduit Bodies: Standard conduit bodies designed for electrical raceways are not permitted.
- E. PVC-Coated Supports: Furnish with exterior coating of polyvinyl chloride (PVC), minimum thickness of 15 mil, 0.015 inch.

# 2.6 ALUMINUM ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING (EMT)

- A. Description: NFPA 70, Type EMT aluminum electrical metallic tubing listed and labeled as complying with UL 797A.
- B. Fittings:
  - 1. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B; listed for use with aluminum EMT.
  - 2. Material: Use aluminum.
  - 3. Connectors and Couplings: Use compression/gland or set-screw type.
    - a. Do not use indenter type connectors and couplings.
  - 4. Conduit Bodies: Use only conduit bodies specifically designed for communications cabling. Standard conduit bodies designed for electrical raceways are not permitted.
    - a. Comply with TIA-568.0 minimum bend radius requirements for fiber optic cables.

# 2.7 RIGID POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) CONDUIT

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. ABB; Carlon: www.electrification.us.abb.com
  - 2. Allied Tube & Conduit, a division of Atkore International: www.alliedeg.us
  - 3. Cantex Inc: www.cantexinc.com
- B. Description: NFPA 70, Type PVC rigid polyvinyl chloride conduit complying with NEMA TC 2 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 651; Schedule 40 unless otherwise indicated, Schedule 80 where subject to physical damage.
- C. Fittings:
  - 1. Manufacturer: Same as manufacturer of conduit to be connected.
  - 2. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA TC 3 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 651; material to match conduit.

- 3. Conduit Bodies: Use only conduit bodies specifically designed for communications cabling. Standard conduit bodies designed for electrical raceways are not permitted.
  - a. Comply with TIA-568.0 minimum bend radius requirements for fiber optic cables.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive conduits.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install conduit in accordance with NECA 1, BICSI ITSIMM, and BICSI N1.
- C. Galvanized Steel Rigid Metal Conduit (RMC): Install in accordance with NECA 101.
- D. PVC-Coated Galvanized Steel Rigid Metal Conduit (RMC): Install using only tools approved by manufacturer.
- E. Rigid Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Conduit: Install in accordance with NECA 111.

### F. Conduit Support:

- 1. Secure and support conduits in accordance with NFPA 70 using suitable supports and methods approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
- 2. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
- 3. Installation Above Suspended Ceilings: Do not provide support from ceiling support system. Do not provide support from ceiling grid or allow conduits to lay on ceiling tiles.
- 4. Use conduit strap to support single surface-mounted conduit.
  - a. Use clamp back spacer with conduit strap for damp and wet locations to provide space between conduit and mounting surface.
- 5. Use metal channel/strut with accessory conduit clamps to support multiple, parallel, surface-mounted conduits.
- 6. Use conduit clamp to support single conduit from beam clamp or threaded rod.
- 7. Use trapeze hangers assembled from threaded rods and metal channel/strut with accessory conduit clamps to support multiple, parallel, suspended conduits.

### G. Connections and Terminations:

- 1. Use approved zinc-rich paint or conduit joint compound on field-cut threads of galvanized steel conduits prior to making connections.
- 2. Where two threaded conduits must be joined and neither can be rotated, use three-piece couplings or split couplings. Do not use running threads.
- 3. Use suitable adapters where required to transition from one type of conduit to another.
- 4. Terminate threaded conduits in boxes and enclosures using threaded hubs or double lock nuts for dry locations and raintight hubs for wet locations.

- 5. Provide insulating bushings, insulated throats, or listed metal fittings with smooth, rounded edges at conduit terminations to protect cables.
- 6. Secure joints and connections to provide mechanical strength and electrical continuity.

# H. Penetrations:

- 1. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members, including footings and grade beams, without approval of Structural Engineer.
- 2. Make penetrations perpendicular to surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Provide sleeves and/or slots for penetrations as indicated or as required to facilitate installation.
- 4. Where conduits penetrate waterproof membrane, seal as required to maintain integrity of membrane.
- 5. Make penetrations for roof-mounted equipment within associated equipment openings and curbs where possible to minimize roofing system penetrations. Where penetrations are necessary, seal as indicated or as required to preserve integrity of roofing system and maintain roof warranty.
- 6. Install firestopping to preserve fire resistance rating of partitions and other elements; see Section 078400.
- I. Conduit Movement Provisions: Where conduits are subject to movement, provide expansion and expansion/deflection fittings to prevent damage to enclosed cables or connected equipment. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - 1. Where conduits cross structural joints intended for expansion, contraction, or deflection.
  - 2. Where calculated in accordance with NFPA 70 for rigid polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit installed above ground to compensate for thermal expansion and contraction.
  - 3. Where conduits are subject to earth movement by settlement or frost.

### J. Conduit Sealing:

- 1. Use foam conduit sealant to prevent entry of moisture and gases. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - a. Where conduits enter building from outside.
  - b. Where conduits enter building from underground.
  - c. Where conduits may transport moisture to contact live parts.
- 2. Where conduits cross barriers between areas of potential substantial temperature differential, use foam conduit sealant at accessible point near penetration to prevent condensation. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - a. Where conduits pass from outdoors into conditioned interior spaces.
  - b. Where conduits pass from unconditioned interior spaces into conditioned interior spaces.
- K. Provide grounding and bonding.

# 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Repair cuts and abrasions in galvanized finishes using zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer. Replace components that exhibit signs of corrosion.
- C. Where coating of PVC-coated galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC) contains cuts or abrasions, repair in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

D. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective conduits.

# 3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean interior of conduits to remove moisture and foreign matter.

# 3.5 PROTECTION

A. Immediately after installation of conduit, use suitable manufactured plugs to provide protection from entry of moisture and foreign material and do not remove until ready for installation of cables.

END OF SECTION 270533.13

# SECTION 271000 STRUCTURED CABLING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Communications system design requirements.
- B. Communications pathways.
- C. Copper cable and terminations.
- D. Communications outlets.
- E. Communications grounding and bonding.
- F. Communications identification.

# 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 078400 Firestopping.
- B. Section 260526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems.
  - 1. Includes intersystem bonding termination.
- C. Section 260533.16 Boxes for Electrical Systems.
- D. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products.
- E. Section 270533.13 Conduit for Communications Systems.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- B. TIA-568.2 Balanced Twisted-Pair Telecommunications Cabling and Components Standards; 2018d, with Addenda (2020).
- C. TIA-606 Administration Standard for Telecommunications Infrastructure; 2021d.
- D. TIA-607 Generic Telecommunications Bonding and Grounding (Earthing) for Customer Premises; 2019d, with Addendum (2021).
- E. UL 444 Communications Cables; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- F. UL 514C Nonmetallic Outlet Boxes, Flush-Device Boxes, and Covers; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- G. UL 1863 Communications-Circuit Accessories; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

- H. CEA-310 Cabinets, Racks, Panels, and Associated Equipment; Consumer Electronics Association; Revision E, 2005.
- I. ANSI/J-STD-607 Commercial Building Grounding (Earthing) and Bonding Requirements for Telecommunications; Rev A, 2002.

# 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate requirements for service entrance and entrance facilities with Communications Service Provider.
- 2. Coordinate the work with other trades to avoid placement of other utilities or obstructions within the spaces dedicated for communications equipment.
- 3. Coordinate arrangement of communications equipment with the dimensions and clearance requirements of the actual equipment to be installed.
- 4. Notify Engineer of any conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

# 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Evidence of qualifications for installer.
- C. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate application conditions and limitations of use stipulated by product testing agency. Include instructions for storage, handling, protection, examination, preparation, installation, and operation of product.
- D. Field Test Reports.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: At least 3 years experience manufacturing products of the type specified.
- B. Installer Qualifications: A company having at least 3 years experience in the installation and testing of the type of system specified, and:
  - 1. Employing a BICSI Registered Communications Distribution Designer (RCDD).
  - 2. Supervisors and installers factory certified by manufacturers of products to be installed.
- C. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation.
- B. Keep stored products clean and dry.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Correct defective Work within a 2 year period after Date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SYSTEM DESIGN

- A. Provide a complete permanent system of cabling and pathways for voice and data communications, including cables, conduits and wireways, pull wires, support structures, enclosures and cabinets, and outlets.
  - 1. Provide fixed cables and pathways that comply with NFPA 70 and TIA-607 and are UL listed or third party independent testing laboratory certified.
  - 2. Provide connection devices that are rated for operation under conditions of 32 to 140 degrees F at relative humidity of 0 to 95 percent, noncondensing.
  - 3. In this project, the term plenum is defined as return air spaces above ceilings, inside ducts, under raised floors, and other air-handling spaces.
- B. System Description:
  - 1. Horizontal Cabling: Copper.
- C. Main Distribution Frame (MDF): Centrally located support structure for terminating horizontal cables that extend to telecommunications outlets, functioning as point of presence to external service provider.
  - 1. Locate main distribution frame as indicated on the drawings.
- D. Cabling to Outlets: Specified horizontal cabling, wired in star topology to distribution frame located at center hub of star; also referred to as "links".

#### 2.2 PATHWAYS

A. Conduit: See section 270533.13.

# 2.3 COPPER CABLE AND TERMINATIONS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. CommScope: www.commscope.com
  - 2. General Cable Technologies Corporation: www.generalcable.com
  - 3. Siemon Company: www.siemon.com
- B. Copper Horizontal Cable:
  - 1. Description: 100 ohm, balanced twisted pair cable complying with TIA-568.2 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 444.
  - 2. Cable Type Voice and Data: TIA-568.2 Category 6 UTP (unshielded twisted pair); 23 AWG.
  - 3. Cable Capacity: 4-pair.

- 4. Cable Applications: Use listed NFPA 70 Type CMP plenum cable unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Copper Cable Terminations: Insulation displacement connection (IDC) type using appropriate tool; use screw connections only where specifically indicated.
- D. Jacks and Connectors: Modular RJ-45, non-keyed, terminated with 110-style insulation displacement connectors (IDC); high impact thermoplastic housing; suitable for and complying with same standard as specified horizontal cable; UL 1863 listed.
  - 1. Performance: 500 mating cycles.
  - 2. Voice and Data Jacks: 8-position modular jack, color-coded for both T568A and T568B wiring configurations.

# E. Copper Patch Cords:

- 1. Description: Factory-fabricated 4-pair cable assemblies with 8-position modular connectors terminated at each end.
- 2. Patch Cords for Patch Panels:
  - a. Quantity: One for each pair of patch panel ports.

### 2.4 COMMUNICATIONS OUTLETS

- A. Outlet Boxes: Comply with Section 260533.16.
  - 1. Provide depth as required to accommodate cable manufacturer's recommended minimum conductor bend radius.
- B. Wall Plates:
  - 1. Comply with system design standards and UL 514C.
  - 2. Accepts modular jacks/inserts.

# 2.5 IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Comply with TIA-606.
- 2.6 CROSS-CONNECTION EQUIPMENT

### 2.7 ENCLOSURES

- A. Backboards: Interior grade plywood without voids, 3/4 inch thick; UL-labeled fire-retardant.
  - 1. Do not paint over UL label.
- B. Equipment Racks and Cabinets: CEA-310 standard 19 inch wide component racks.
- C. Outlet Boxes: For flush mounting in walls; depth as required to accommodate cable manufacturer's recommended minimum conductor bend radius.
  - 1. Size, Unless Otherwise Indicated: 4 inches square by 2-1/8 inches deep.
  - 2. Labels: Comply with TIA/EIA-606 using encoded identifiers; label each jack on the face plate as to its function with a unique numerical identifier.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Comply with Communication Service Provider requirements.
- B. Grounding and Bonding: Perform in accordance with TIA-607 and NFPA 70.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION OF PATHWAYS

- A. Install pathways with the following minimum clearances:
  - 1. 48 inches from motors, generators, frequency converters, transformers, x-ray equipment, and uninterruptible power systems.
  - 2. 12 inches from power conduits and cables and panelboards.
  - 3. 5 inches from fluorescent and high frequency lighting fixtures.
  - 4. 6 inches from flues, hot water pipes, and steam pipes.

# B. Outlet Boxes:

1. Coordinate locations of outlet boxes provided under Section 260533.16 as required for installation of telecommunications outlets provided under this section.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT AND CABLING

# A. Cabling:

- 1. Do not bend cable at radius less than manufacturer's recommended bend radius; for unshielded twisted pair use bend radius of not less than 4 times cable diameter.
- 2. Do not over-cinch or crush cables.
- 3. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended cable pull tension.
- 4. When installing in conduit, use only lubricants approved by cable manufacturer and do not chafe or damage outer jacket.
- B. Service Loops (Slack or Excess Length): Provide the following minimum extra length of cable, looped neatly:
  - 1. At Distribution Frames: 120 inches.
  - 2. At Outlets Copper: 12 inches.

### C. Copper Cabling:

- 1. Category 5e and Above: Maintain cable geometry; do not untwist more than 1/2 inch from point of termination.
- 2. For 4-pair cables in conduit, do not exceed 25 pounds pull tension.
- 3. Use T568B wiring configuration.

#### D. Identification:

- 1. Use wire and cable markers to identify cables at each end.
- 2. Use manufacturer-furnished label inserts, identification labels, or engraved wallplate to identify each jack at communications outlets with unique identifier.

# 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.
- B. Comply with inspection and testing requirements of specified installation standards.

- C. Visual Inspection:
  - 1. Inspect cable jackets for certification markings.
  - 2. Inspect cable terminations for color coded labels of proper type.
  - 3. Inspect outlet plates and patch panels for complete labels.
- D. Final Testing: After all work is complete, including installation of telecommunications outlets, and telephone dial tone service is active, test each voice jack for dial tone.

END OF SECTION 271000

# SECTION 284600 FIRE ALARM AND DETECTION

### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code; Most Recent Edition Cited by Referring Code or Reference Standard.
- B. UL 38 Standard for Manual Signaling Boxes for Fire Alarm Systems; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- C. UL 268A Standard for Smoke Detectors for Duct Application; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- D. UL 464 Standard for Audible Signaling Devices for Fire Alarm and Signaling Systems, Including Accessories; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- E. UL 521 Standard for Heat Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- F. UL 1481 Power Supplies for Fire-Protective Signaling Systems; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- G. UL 1638 Standard for Visible Signaling Devices for Fire Alarm and Signaling Systems, Including Accessories; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- H. UL 1971 Standard for Signaling Devices for the Hearing Impaired; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.2 DESCRIPTION

- A. The requirements of the Contract Documents, including the General and Supplementary General Condition and Division 1 General Requirements shall apply to the work of this section.
- B. At the time of bid, all exceptions taken to these Specifications, all variances from these Specification and all substitutions of operating capabilities or equipment called for in these Specification shall be listed in writing and forwarded to the Engineer. Any such exception, variances or substitutions which were not listed at the time of bid and are identified in the submittal, shall be grounds for immediate disapproval without comment.
- C. The entire system shall be installed with aesthetics in mind. All control panels and remote annunciators installed in public spaces shall be semi-flush mounted with no exposed conduit or cable trays.

#### 1.3 WORK INCLUDED

- A. The work covered by this Section of the Specification shall include all labor, equipment, materials and services to furnish and install a complete fire alarm system of the addressable, non-coded type. It shall be complete with all necessary hardware, software and memory specifically tailored for this installation. It shall be possible to permanently modify the software on site by using a plug-in programmer. The system shall consist of, but not be limited to, the following:
  - 1. Fire Alarm Control Panel and related remote data gathering panels.
  - 2. Remote Annunciators with semi flush backbox.
  - 3. Addressable manual fire alarm stations.
  - 4. Addressable analog area smoke detectors.
  - 5. Addressable analog duct smoke detectors.
  - 6. Addressable analog heat detectors.
  - 7. Audible notification appliances horns.
  - 8. Visual notification appliances strobes.
  - 9. Central station alarm connection control.
  - 10. Air handling systems shutdown control.
  - 11. Sprinkler supervisory switches and tamper switch supervision.
  - 12. Battery standby.

### 1.4 APPLICABLE CODES AND STANDARDS

- A. All equipment shall be UL listed for its intended use and conform to the latest UL Standards.
- B. Underwriters Laboratories Inc.: The system and all components shall be listed by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. for use in fire protective signaling system under the following standards as applicable:
- C. Control Units for Fire Protective Signaling Systems.
- D. Smoke Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems.
- E. UL 268A Smoke Detectors for Duct Applications.
- F. Smoke Detectors Single Station.
- G. UL 521 Heat Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems.
- H. UL 464 Audible Signaling Appliances.
- I. UL 1638 Visual Signaling Appliances.
- J. UL 38 Manually Activated Signaling Boxes.
- K. UL 346 Waterflow Indicators for Fire Protective Signaling Systems.
- L. UL 1481 Power Supplies for Fire Protective Signaling Systems.
- M. Amplifiers for Fire Protective Signaling Systems.
- N. This installation shall comply with:
  - 1. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
  - 2. National Electric Code, Article 760.
  - 3. National Fire Protection Association Standards: NFPA72

- 4. Local and State Building Codes and the Local Authorities Having Jurisdiction.
- 5. International Standards Organization (ISO): ISO-9001

### 1.5 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Secure permits and approvals prior to installation.
- B. Prior to commencement and after completion of work notify Authorities Having Jurisdiction.
- C. Submit letter of approval for installation before requesting acceptance of system.

# 1.6 RELATED WORK

- A. The Contractor shall coordinate work in this Section with all related trades. Work and/or equipment provided in other Sections and related to the fire alarm system shall include, but not be limited to:
- B. Sprinkler waterflow and supervisory switches shall be furnished and installed by the fire protection contractor but wired and connected by the electrical contractor. Modification of existing sprinkler devices to accommodate monitoring by the new fire alarm system shall be the responsibility of the fire alarm system installing contractor.
- C. Duct smoke detectors shall be furnished, wired and connected by the electrical contractor. The HVAC contractor shall furnish necessary duct opening to install the duct smoke detectors.
- D. New air handling and system fan control circuits and status contacts to be furnished by the HVAC control equipment.
- E. Emergency generator status monitoring
  - 1. Running indication
  - 2. Fail to start indication
- F. Installing dedicated outgoing RJ-31X telephone lines (2) shall be the responsibility of the Installing Electrical Contractor. Establishment of central station monitoring account shall be the responsibility of the fire alarm equipment vendor.

### 1.7 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide list of all types of equipment and components provided. This shall be incorporated as part of a Table of Contents, which will also indicate the manufacturer's part number, the description of the part, and the part number of the manufacturer's product datasheet on which the information can be found.
- B. Provide description of operation of the system (Sequence of Operation), similar to that provided in Part 2 of this Section of the Specifications, to include any and all exceptions, variances or substitutions listed at the time of bid. Any such exceptions, variances or substitutions that were not listed at the time of bid and are identified in the submittal, shall be grounds for immediate disapproval without comment. The sequence of operation shall be project specific and shall provide individual sequences for every type of alarm, supervisory, or trouble condition which may occur as part of normal or off-normal system use.
- C. Provide manufacturer's ORIGINAL printed product data, catalog cuts and description of any special installation procedures. Photocopied and/or illegible product data sheets shall not be

acceptable. All product datasheets shall be highlighted or stamped with arrows to indicate the specific components being submitted for approval.

- D. Provide shop drawings as follows:
  - 1. Coversheet with project name, address and drawing index.
  - 2. General notes drawing with peripheral device backbox size information, part numbers, device mounting height information, and the names, addresses, point of contact, and telephone numbers of all contract project team members.
  - 3. Device riser diagram, which individually depicts all control panels, annunciators, addressable devices, and notification appliances. Shall include a specific, proposed point descriptor above each addressable device. Shall include a specific, discrete point address that shall correspond to addresses depicted on the device layout floor plans. Drawing shall provide wire specifications, and wire tags shown on all conductors depicted on the riser diagram. All circuits shall have designations that shall correspond with those require on the control panel and floor plan drawings. End-of-line resistors (and values) shall be depicted.
  - 4. Control panel termination drawing(s). Shall depict internal component placement and all internal and field termination points. Drawing shall provide a detail indicating where conduit penetrations shall be made, so as to avoid conflicts with internally mounted batteries. For each additional data gathering panel, a separate control panel drawing shall be provided, which clearly indicated the designation, service and location of the control enclosure. End-of-line resistors (and values) shall be depicted.
  - 5. See section 3.4 DOCUMENTATION AND TRAINING for other documents relating to this section.
  - 6. Device typical wiring diagram drawing(s) shall be provided which depict all system components, and their respective field wiring termination points. Wire type, gauge, and jacket shall also be indicated. When an addressable module is used in multiple configurations for monitoring or controlling various types of equipment, different device typical diagrams shall be provided. End-of-line resistors (and values) shall be depicted.
  - 7. Device layout floor plans shall be created for every area served by the fire alarm system. CAD Files (AutoCAD latest edition) shall be provided by the consulting engineer for the fire alarm system equipment vendor in the preparation of the floor plans. Floor plans shall indicate accurate locations for all control and peripheral devices. Drawings shall be NO LESS THAN 1/8-INCH SCALE. All addressable devices shall be depicted with a discrete address that corresponds with that indicated on the Riser Diagram. All notification appliances shall also be provided with a circuit address that corresponds to that depicted on the Riser Diagram. If individual floors need to be segmented to accommodate the 1/8" scale requirements, KEY PLANS and BREAK-LINES shall be provided on the plans in an orderly and professional manner. End-of-line resistors (and values) shall be depicted.
  - 8. Contained in the title block of each drawing shall be symbol legends with device counts, wire tag legends, circuit schedules for all addressable and notification appliance circuits, the project name/address, and a drawing description which corresponds to that indicated in the drawing index on the coversheet drawing. A section of each drawing title block shall be reserved for revision numbers and notes. The initial submission shall be Revision 0, with Revision A, B, or C as project modifications require.
  - 9. Battery calculations shall be provided on a per power supply/charger basis. These calculations shall clearly indicated the quantity of devices, the device part numbers, the supervisory current draw, the alarm current draw, totals for all categories, and the calculated battery requirements (which reflect a 20% DEGRADE, for 24 Hour supervisory, 5 minute alarm operation). Battery calculations shall also reflect all control

- panel component, remote annunciator, and auxiliary relay current draws. Failure to provide these calculations shall be grounds for the complete rejection of the submittal package.
- 10. Table of contents, product data sheets, sequences of operation, battery calculations, installation instructions, licenses, NICET certifications and B-Size (blackline) reduced shop drawings shall be provided by the fire alarm vendor as part of a single, spiral bound submittal book. The submittal book shall have laminated covers indicating the project address, project number, system type, and contractor. The book shall consist of labeled dividers, and shall not exceed 9 ½" in width, and 11 ½" in height. No less than three (3) sets of submittal booklets shall be provided to the consulting engineer for review and comment. Additional copies may be required at no additional cost to the project.
- 11. Scale drawing sets shall be submitted along with the submittal booklets. These drawings may be either D-Size or E-Size Blueline drawings and of a sufficient resolution to be completely read. Sets shall be bound and folded so as to not take up more than 100 square inches of space. No less than three (3) sets of scale drawing sets shall be provided to the consulting engineer for review and comment. Additional copies may be required at no additional cost to the project.

### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. All work performed and all material and equipment furnished under this contract shall be free from defects and shall remain so for a period of at least one (1) year from the date of acceptance or approval by AHJ. The full cost of maintenance, labor and materials required to correct any defect during this one year period shall be included in the submittal bid.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. The catalog numbers used are those of Edwards "or equal", and constitute the type and quality of equipment to be furnished. For a list of Edwards authorized fire alarm vendors, contact Christine Marzano at Edwards (Division of Carrier) at christine.marzano@carrier.com.
- B. If equipment of another manufacturer is to be submitted for approval as equal, the contractor shall, at the time of bid, list all exceptions taken to these Specifications, all variances from these Specifications and all substitutions of operating capabilities or equipment called for in these Specifications and forward said list to the Engineer. Any such exceptions, variances or substitutions that were not listed at the time of bid and are identified in the submittal, shall be grounds for immediate disapproval without comment. Final determination of compliance with these Specifications shall rest with the Engineer, who, at his discretion, may require proof of performance.
- C. Alternate product submissions made without proof of no less than three (3) factory authorized and certified manufacturer's distributors residing within 50 miles of the project job site shall be rejected. These distributors must not only provide installation support but must have a service organization capable of 24-hour emergency call service and MUST HAVE BEEN CONTRACTED AND DELIVERED NO LESS THAN FIVE (5) ACCEPTED PROJECTS USING THE SUBMITTED PRODUCT OVER THE PAST YEAR.
- D. Alternate product submissions based upon use of a product line considered proprietary in its distribution, design, application software, or ongoing maintenance and repair shall not

- acceptable. Proof of a product's non-proprietary nature shall be the burden of the contractor at the time of Bid and shall be in the form of written documentation. The determination of a product's compliance to this requirement shall be exclusively that of the Consulting Engineer.
- E. All products used shall be of a single manufacturer. Submission of notification appliances, auxiliary relays, or documentation from other than a single manufacturer shall not be acceptable and will be grounds for immediate disapproval without comment.

# 2.2 CIRCUITING GUIDELINES

- A. Each addressable analog loop shall be circuited so device loading is not to exceed 80% of loop capacity in order to leave for space for future devices. The loop shall have Class B operation.
- B. Where it is necessary to interface conventional initiating devices provide intelligent input modules to supervise Class B zone wiring.
- C. Each of the following types of devices or equipment shall be provided with supervised circuits as shown on the drawings but shall be typically as follows:
  - 1. Sprinkler Valve Supervisory Switches: Provide one (1) supervisory module circuit for each sprinkler valve supervisory switch.
  - 2. When waterflow and tamper switches exist at the same location, provide one (1) dual input addressable module. When odd numbers of devices exist at a single location, provide additional single input addressable modules.
- D. Each of the following types of alarm notification appliances shall be circuited as shown on the drawings but shall be typically as follows:
  - 1. Audible Signals: Provide sufficient spare capacity to assure that the addition of five (5) audible devices can be supported without the need for addition control components (power supplies, signal circuit modules, batteries, etc.)
  - 2. Visual Signals Provide sufficient spare capacity to assure that the addition of three (3) audible devices can be supported without the need for addition control components (power supplies, signal circuit modules, batteries, etc.)
  - 3. Each of the following types of remote equipment associated with the fire alarm system shall be provided with a form 'C' control relay contact as shown on the drawings, but shall be typically as follows:
    - a. HVAC Fan Systems: Provide one (1) shutdown control relay contact for each HVAC fan system.
    - b. HVAC Supply Fans: Provide one (1) shutdown control relay contact for each HVAC supply fan.
    - c. HVAC Return Fans: Provide one (1) shutdown control relay contact for each HVAC return fan.
- E. Provide a dedicated 24VDC circuit to feed all auxiliary relays required for inductive loads. Circuits shall be supervised via an end-of-line relay and addressable input module. Auxiliary relays shall not derive their power from the starter or load being controlled.
- F. Each control or data gathering panel shall have a dedicated 20Amp-120VAC feed. This feed shall come from an emergency or lighting circuit breaker panel and shall have a locked circuit breaker. Earth grounds shall also terminate to the same circuit breaker panel from each respective control panel.

# 2.3 FIRE ALARM SYSTEM SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

- A. The system shall identify any off normal condition and log each condition into the system database as an event.
- B. The system shall automatically display on the control panel Liquid Crystal Display the first event of the highest priority by type. The priorities and types shall be alarm, supervisory, trouble, and monitor.
- C. The system shall have a Queue operation and shall not require event acknowledgment by the system operator. The system shall have a labeled color coded indicator for each type of event; alarm red, supervisory yellow, trouble yellow, monitor yellow. When an unseen event exists for a given type, the indicator shall be lit.
- D. For each event, the display shall include the current time, the total number of events, the type of event, the time the event occurred and up to a 42-character custom user description.
- E. The user shall be able to review each event by simply selecting scrolling keys (up-down) for each event type.
- F. New alarm, supervisory, or trouble events shall sound a silencing audible signal at the control panel.
- 2.4 Operation of any alarm initiating device shall automatically:
  - A. Update the control/display.
  - B. Sound all audible appliances in a Temporal-3 Pattern. ALL AUDIBLE APPLIANCES SHALL BE SYNCHRONIZED WITH EACH OTHER WHEN TWO OR MORE HORNS CAN BE HEARD. Audible devices shall have the ability to be silenced.
  - C. Activate all strobe appliances throughout the facility. ALL STROBE APPLIANCES SHALL BE SYNCHRONIZED WITH EACH OTHER IN ANY LOCATION WITH TWO OR MORE DEVICES IN A COMMON FIELD OF VIEW. Visual devices shall be non-silenced unless the system is successfully reset.
  - D. Operate control relay contacts to shutdown all HVAC units serving the floor of alarm initiation.
  - E. Operate control relay contacts to return all elevators that serve the floor of alarm initiation to the ground floor. If the alarm originates from the ground floor, operate control circuits contacts to return all elevators to the floor above or to a level as directed by the local fire department.
  - F. Operate control relay contacts to release all magnetically held smoke doors throughout the building.
  - G. Visually annunciate the individual point of alarm on all remote annunciator panels. The visual indication shall remain on until the alarm condition is reset to normal.
  - H. Transmit an alarm condition, via the integral central station communicator, to central station/Local Fire Department (as required by the AHJ).
- 2.5 Activation of a sprinkler supervisory initiating device shall:
  - A. Update the control/display.

- B. Transmit a supervisory condition, via the integral central station communicator, to central station/Local Fire Department (as required by the AHJ).
- C. Visually annunciate the individual point of alarm on all remote annunciator panels. The visual indication shall remain on until the alarm condition is reset to normal.
- 2.6 The entire fire alarm system wiring shall be electrically supervised to automatically detect and report trouble conditions to the fire alarm control panel. Any opens, grounds or disarrangement of system wiring and shorts across alarm signaling wiring shall automatically:
  - A. Update the control/display.
  - B. Transmit a trouble condition, via the integral central station communicator, to central station/Local Fire Department (as required by the AHJ).
  - C. Visually and audibly annunciate a general trouble condition, on the remote annunciator panels. The visual indication shall remain on until the trouble condition is repaired.

# 2.7 Purge / Smoke Control

A. The panel shall be UUKL listed specifically for smoke control operation to allow the smoke purge control to be housed in the FACP cabinet (if approved by the Local Authority). The smoke control switches shall be located behind a locked glass door.

# 2.8 SUPPORT FOR INSTALLER AND OWNER MAINTENANCE

- A. Provide a coded one-man walk test feature. Allow audible or silent testing. Signal alarms and troubles during test. Allow receipt of alarms and programmed operations for alarms from areas not under test.
- B. Provide internal system diagnostics and maintenance user interface controls to display/report the power, communication, and general status of specific panel components, detectors, and modules.
- C. Provide loop controller diagnostics to identify common alarm, trouble, ground fault, Class A fault, and map faults. Map faults include wire changes, device type changes by location, device additions/deletions and conventional open, short, and ground conditions. Ground faults on the circuit wiring of remote module shall be identified by device address.
- D. Allow the user to display/report the condition of addressable analog detectors. Include device address, device type, percent obscuration, and maintenance indicator. The maintenance indicator shall provide the user with a measure of contamination of a device upon which cleaning decisions can confidently be made.
- E. Allow the user to report history for alarm, supervisory, monitor, trouble, smoke verification, watchdog, and restore activity. Include Facility Name, Licensee, Project Program Compilation date, Compiler Version, Project Revision Number, and the time and date of the History Report.
- F. Allow the user to disable/enable devices, zones, actions, timers and sequences. Protect the disable function with a password.

- G. Allow the user to activate/restore outputs, actions, sequences, and simulate detector smoke levels.
- H. Allow the service user to enter time and date, reconfigure an external port for download programming, initiate auto programming and change passwords. Protect these functions with a password.
- I. THE END-USER SHALL RETAIN COMPLETE OWNERSHIP TO THE PROGRAMMING DATABASE RUNNING IN THE SYSTEM. The fire alarm equipment vendor shall provide useable hard and soft copies of the software database to the End-User at the end of the warranty period. The database provided shall be useable by any authorized and certified distributor of the product line and shall include all applicable passwords necessary for total and unrestricted use and modification of the database. The Consulting Engineer shall define the extent of hardcopy database documentation to be provided.

# 2.9 UL LISTED AND APPROVED EQUIPMENT

- A. Fire Command Station/ Fire Alarm Control Panel Requirements: The fire alarm control panel or panels and all system devices including speaker-strobes or Horn Strobes, strobes, pull stations, smoke and heat detectors, etc. shall be Edwards's type EST4 series. All under one label "UL listed and approved" for the use of fire alarm systems in this area of the United States of America. The operating controls shall be located behind locked door with viewing window. All modules shall be labeled, and all zone locations shall be identified.
- В. Main Central Processor, model 4-CPU: The main controller 4-CPU shall be supervised, site programmable, and of modular design supporting up to 125 detectors and 125 remote modules per addressable Signaling line Circuit (SLC). The CPU shall support up to 10 SLC's per network node for a total system capacity of 2500 Intelligent Addressable points. The system shall be designed with peer-to-peer IPV6 networking capability for enhanced survivability, with support for up to 40 nodes, each with up to 2500 points and an overall capacity of 100,000 points. The system shall include 8 Giga bytes of onboard memory which is used to store all system functionality and job specific data. All site specific and operating data shall survive a complete power failure intact. Passwords shall protect any changes to system operations. The system shall include a hot backup file, containing the entire systems database programming, for use in the unlikely event that the systems programs becomes corrupt. The system shall support a single standalone node or multiple nodes communicating on a TCP/IP, IPv6 network that supports mesh configuration. The network shall support physical media connections via fiber, twisted pair or CAT 5 in any combination. The Network shall support data transmission of panel-to-panel data, voice audio and firefighter telephone data on a single twisted pair or single fiber optic cable. The Network shall be configured as Class A or Class B or Class X configuration per the project plans. Networks restricted to Class N wiring shall not be permitted. Network shall support a back-to-back pass-through mode that shall maintain network connectivity on power down or catastrophic failure of a single panel. The network shall support twisted pair links to 5,000 ft., CAT 5 links to 3,280 ft., and fiber links to 130,994 ft. The network shall support hard copy report printing to a system printer connected to any panel in the network, systems that require reports be run from the panel that has a printer connection shall not be considered equal. The systems LCD display shall provide color graphics display of maintenance and sensitivity reports. The system shall support multiple languages/dialects and Unicode character set. The Control panel and network shall not use easily removable devices, such as SD cards or external storage devices for storage of system critical information including programming and project files. Communications outside the life safety network shall meet the

requirements of FIPS Publication 197. Security-relevant information, such as: failed login attempts, failed unauthorized accesses, and user modification shall be logged to panel history. Unsuccessful authentication attempts shall not leak information regarding the presence of the system or users. Credentials shall only be transmitted that are encrypted. The system shall provide for multiple users, roles shall be provided for users to ensure proper access by user for the role they perform on the system. All passwords shall use a cypher algorithm for security purposes to protect any sensitive information. No passwords shall be visible as plain text within the database or entire system. Sensitive information shall not be logged to history or displayed on service tools (e.g. passwords, PINs etc.). The system shall support configuration of multiple IP connections to external services including, central stations, email servers, web interfaces, reports, and third party integration. Email messages shall support multiple languages in native characters that match the languages supported in the panel. Email messages shall support symbolic and color alarm event highlighting. The system shall support logging of up to 20,000 chronological events using FIFO. Is shall be possible to freeze or store the most recent 10,000 events separately from the FIFO log. It shall be supported to download all applications and firmware from the configuration computer at a single location on the fire network. The system shall support upload of a project file from any location on the fire network.

- Main Graphic Touch Screen Display, model 4-LCDLE: The system shall provide a user C. interface that displays system events on a color touch screen display in a text format. The display must be capable of supporting a minimum of two languages including but not limited to English, Spanish, Portuguese or French. The display design shall be simplified for emergency users so that main common controls are provided as switches/buttons that provide positive feedback of operation, common control buttons shall not be part of the touch screen display area. The Common Control Switches and LEDs provided through tactile buttons with indicators shall be; Reset switch and LED, Alarm Silence switch and LED, Panel Silence switch and LED, Acknowledge switch and LED. In addition the following LEDs shall be provided as discrete indicators, Alarm Indicator, CPU Fail Indicator, Trouble Indicator and Power Indicator. It must be possible to add additional common controls as required through the use of modular display units. The user interface must provide a color touchscreen LCD display with minimum resolution of VGA 640 x 480. The display shall provide a minimum of seven events displayed concurrently and support >200,000 colors. Hands free operations shall be provided for viewing the first eight highest priority events. Events of different priorities shall be automatically placed in easy to access queues. It shall be possible to view specific event types separately. Having to scroll through a mixed list of event types is not acceptable. The total number of active events by type must be displayed. Visual indication must be provided of any event type which has not been acknowledged or viewed. It must be possible to customize the designation of all user interface LEDs and Switches for local language requirements. The color LCD display must support scripts & ideograph style font types. It shall be possible to have a custom message for each device in addition to zone messages. Custom device messages must support a minimum of 42 characters each.
- D. Control Display Module(s), model 4-24L Series: The Life Safety system shall support up to 576 tactile switches and 576 indicators incorporating annunciation of Alarm, Supervisory, Trouble and Monitor operations. Annunciation must be through the use of LED display strips, complete with a means to custom label each LED/Switch position as to its function. The labels must support the ability to allow visual custom grouping of LEDs and switches. Where applicable, control of remote smoke control devices must be made available at the control center. Switches with LEDs must provide positive feedback to the operator of remote equipment status. All individual indicator LEDs shall be configurable for color including Red, Yellow, Blue, Green or White to facilitate identification from a distance and maximize display location usage. Where voice audio is required, a means of paging individual zones must be available.

The status of each paging zone must be annunciated. It must be possible to selectively page into specific zones. It shall be possible to manipulate the evacuation of the building from the main control center. It must be possible for the emergency operator to put specific zones into evacuation manually. When being serviced or when it is necessary to disable switches, the system shall not 'remember' if a disabled switch is pressed. Switches' must be rubber to provide tactile feedback as well as a visual indication when a switch is activated.

- E. Common Relay Module, model 4-COMREL: The system shall support dedicated common alarm, trouble and supervisory relays.
- F. Network Controller, model 4-NET: The system shall support communicating on a TCP/IP, IPv6 network that supports multiple network topologies including any mix of ring, bus, star and mesh. The network shall support physical media connections via fiber, twisted pair or CAT5 in any combination. The Network shall support data transmission of panel-to-panel data, voice audio and firefighters' telephone data on a single twisted pair or single optical fiber. The Network shall be configured as Class A, Class B, or Class X (see project plans). Networks restricted to Class N wiring shall not be acceptable. Network shall support a back-to-back pass through mode that maintains network connectivity on power down for servicing or catastrophic failure of a single panel. For retrofit of existing installations the system shall support reuse of existing network wiring that meets the minimum wiring specification of the specified SFP controller, is electrically sound and is acceptable to the Authority Having Jurisdiction.
- G. Network Controller Adder, model 4-NET-AD: Network Adder, model 4-NET-AD: The panel network shall communicate on a TCP/IP based, multicast IPv6 network that supports mesh configuration. The network shall support physical media connections via fiber, twisted pair or CAT5 in any combination. The network shall support data transmission of panel-to-panel data, voice audio, and fire fighter telephone data on a single twisted pair or single fiber optic cable. The Network shall be configured as Class A or Class B or Class X configuration. Networks restricted to Class N wiring shall not be acceptable. The network shall support a back-to-back pass-through degraded- mode for any media type to any media type that shall maintain network connectivity on power down or catastrophic failure of a single panel. Communications outside the life safety network shall meet the requirements of FIPS publication 197. Security relevant information, such as failed login attempts, failed unauthorized accesses, and user modification shall be logged to panel history. Unsuccessful authentication attempts shall not leak information regarding the presence of the system or users. Credentials shall only be transmitted that are encrypted. The system shall provide for multiple users, roles shall be provided for users to ensure proper access by user for the role they perform on the system. All passwords shall use a Cypher Algorithm. Passwords must use a hash. No password or authentication shall be exposed in any format in the system database viewable as plain text. Sensitive information shall not be logged to history or displayed on service tools (e.g. passwords, PINs etc.).
- H. Ground Isolated USB Connections, model 4-USBHUB: The system shall provide USB connections for external peripheral devices including printers. Where a system printer is required the printer shall communicate to the system via USB, be supervised and support ground isolation. The event and status printer shall be a nine-pin, impact, dot matrix printer with a minimum print speed of 232 characters per second. Print parameters shall be set up with a menu drive program in the printer. The printer shall be capable of serial or USB communications protocol. The communications speed for RS-232 communications protocol shall be adjustable from 300 to 9600 Baud. The connection to the printer from the panel shall be supervised. The printer shall list the time, date, type and user defined message for each event printed. Alarm messages shall have a special character printed at the beginning of the message to allow easier location of alarm events on the print out. Where required, Audible notification

appliances shall be coded using a microprocessor based Positive, Successive, Non Interfering (PSNI) coder module. The coder shall have a capacity for 1,000,000 unique codes and be capable of storing pending codes without a loss of an active code or interference from a new code. The coder shall output four rounds of two, three, or four digit code sequences. The coder shall provide both 1 KHz audio tone output as well as a dry relay contact output. The coder shall output a continuous, temporal, or 60/90 BPM March time output as required at the end of the PSNI code sequence. In the event of a failure of the microprocessor, the coder shall automatically output a temporal code.

I. Signaling Line Circuit (SLC) Controller Module, Model 3-SSDC1/3-SDDC1: Up to 125 detectors and 125 modules; 250 addressable devices in total, shall be supported over a single pair of wires by each Signaling Line Circuit (SLC) Controller circuit. Loop distances of 11,000 feet (3300m) shall be possible. Class B, Class A and Class X wiring shall be supported and selected based on the contract drawings. The SLC Controller Module shall use an advanced communication format that provide exceptional response using a "BROADCAST POLL" where the loop controller checks the entire device circuit for any changes of state. Should one or more devices report a change the SLC Controller shall use "DIRECT ADDRESS SEARCH" to find reporting device(s). Devices that have entered the alarm state or become active shall be located nearly instantaneously. The unique use of "BROADCAST POLLING" combined with "DI RECT ADDRESS SEARCH" ensures that only new information is transmitted allowing a reduced baud rate with fast response time. To enhance survivability of the system the SLC Controller shall support a standalone mode for Addressable devices. Two cata strophic failure modes are supported. If the main panel CPU fails, the loop controller will continue to poll its devices. If an alarm is detected it will be sent on the local rail communication bus and received by other local rail modules. A common alarm condition throughout the panel will result. If the SLC controller fails, and a device (smoke or module) detects an alarm, specialized circuitry will make the node aware of the alarm condition. The panel's main CPU will communicate the alarm condition to the rest of the network. Every time the SLC Controller Module communicates with a detector a green LED on the detector shall flash. Normal green LED activity is not disturbing to building occupants but can be quickly spotted by a maintenance technician. A red LED on the detector turns on only in the alarm condition. The Controller shall also supervise the device wiring, physi cal location of each device and the programmed device charac teristics. This characteristic is accomplished by "MAPPING" the SLC circuit and committing the map to memory. Upon power up the loop controller will scan device serial numbers and map their physical location sequence on the loop, including "T" taps. After mapping is complete the controller automatically addresses each detector and module through downloading over the loop. There shall be no switches or dials to set. Each device is assigned a unique soft address generated by the site specific program. The controller then compares the "Actual" physical device data to the "Expected" site specific program data. If any correlations are different, the loop controller issues a trouble to the CPU identifying the devices which do not match and posting a map fault. A graphical map of the loop can be uploaded depicting each device's location on the loop, including branches (T-Taps) and all of the physical attributes associated with the device. The SLC controller shall have the ability to locate ground faults by specific mod ule, speeding up the troubleshooting process. The SLC controller shall include electronic addressing and mapping eliminating duplicate addresses, which are very difficult to locate. During maintenance, should groups of detector heads be removed for service and returned into the wrong smoke detector base (location), the SLC Controller Module will automatically detect the problem. If the attributes of the switched devices are the same, the system will automatically download the correct soft addresses and algorithms to the devices (maintaining location supervision). If the attributes are not the same the systems will send a map fault indication to the system's main CPU and post a trouble indicating the specific devices in fault. The SLC Loop controller shall also monitor the addressable devices for maintenance and

trouble conditions. Each smoke de tector contains intelligence to adjust with environmental changes. This expands the amount of time required between cleaning while maintaining a constant alarm threshold. As the detector begins to exhaust the environmental compensation, and reaches the 80% level, the controller shall indicate a maintenance alert or dirty condition to the system's main CPU and indicate the specific device requiring cleaning. If cleaning is not performed the detector will continue to operate until all of its environmental compensation is utilized. At this point a dirty trou ble indication shall be sent to the panels main CPU and post a trouble condi tion. If maintenance is still not performed the detector will automatically remove itself from service once the programmed threshold window has been breached (preventing a false alarm). When a detector includes carbon monoxide (CO) detection, the detector monitors its CO life remaining for the CO sensor ele ment and provides this information automatically to the panel display. A unique CO maintenance signal is automatically generated by the panel when there is 8% (several months) of CO life remaining. Should the CO sensor not be replaced after the maintenance signal is reported, an "End of Life" trouble automatically posts on the panel when the CO sensor detection capability is exhausted. Remote test capability permits devices to be put in alarm, pre-alarm, supervisory, monitor, or security alarm, or trouble from the panel menu or controls. This facilitates testing of smoke and heat detectors as well as monitor and security devices. Fast test is also provided for CO detectors allowing these devices to be tested quickly in the field. The system shall have a UL Listed Detector Sensitivity test feature, which will be a function of the smoke detectors and performed automatically every 4 hours. The system shall support 100% of all remote devices in alarm and provide support for a 100% compliment of detector isolator bases. All panel modules shall be supervised for placement and return trouble if damaged or removed.

- J. Modular Digital Alarm Communicator Transmitter, model 3-MODCOM: The panel shall have an interface module for remote site monitoring. The control panel shall include built-in (part of the fire alarm control panel) Digital Alarm Communicator Transmitter (DACT)) module to transmit smoke, supervisory, waterflow, trouble, CO Alarm (if included), pump running, and pump trouble events to a Central monitoring Station (CMS) company. The DACT shall support dual telephones lines, Contact I.D. communications, and configured for dual tone multi-frequency (DTMF) or pulse modes. It shall be possible to delay AC power failure reports, auto test call, and be site programmable. The DACT shall be capable of transmitting every individual condition to the central station via Contact I.D. format. Selection of Contact I.D. format SHALL be of the discretion of the engineer and building owner but shall be an available option. Contractors who choose a separate dialer must meet all of the above options and are responsible for all necessary added connections such as power (with FCO/FDS), conduit, wire, addressable interface modules etc.
- K. Optional, IP with Cellular Interface Model DMP Model DUALCOMNF-L\*: The DUALCOMNF-L\*(LV for Verizon Cat M1 LTE or LA for AT&T Cat M1 LTE) is used in conjunction with the 3-MODCOM for applications where Plain Old Telephone (POTs) lines are not available or where Managed Facility Voice Network (MFVN) analog lines do not provide a stable interface. The DUALCOMNF shall capture the contact ID string from the 3-MODCOM and transmit the signal over IP to a UL-Listed central station. This connection captures Contact ID messages from the panel that are based on the SIA communication standard DC-05-1999.09-DCS. Messages are then formatted into a Serial 3 message and sent to an SCS-1R Receiver or SCS-VR Receiver. It shall include a red housing and be powered by regulated 24Vdc from the control panel. The Communicator shall be capable of supporting Network communication using existing Ethernet data networks, satellite communication, fiber optic networks, local area networks, wide area networks. The communicator shall also support LTE cellular communication using retail data networks. The communicator shall be configured as a dual path system with primary network communication, a single path system with network

- communication or a single path system with cellular communication based on local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) and NFPA 72.
- L. Mobile and Web Application Service Software Edwards Connected Safety+: Mobile application software service shall remotely connect the fire alarm control panel to the internet through a secure connection to a remote cloud-based server. An Application Dashboard shall provide a view of all Building Owner sites, individual buildings, and panels in one location. This service shall provide mobile device and/or email event push notifications including Normal, Alarm, Supervisory, Monitor, Other and Trouble. The mobile application shall be able to be view on computer-based website browser accessing the site URL and mobile application installed on Tablet or mobile phone supporting Android & Apple. It shall include the following features:
  - 1. Users and access levels: Administrator, Site Manager, Technician and Invited. Each account shall allow up to 1000 users with unique access and view capability that are customized to the user profile account.
  - 2. Notification shall be customizable by selecting the method; Application, Mobile, Desktop, Email and ALL. Filtered by: Queues. Incidents, User Management, Site Test, Licensing and General Announcements.
  - 3. Dashboard: Master screen allows the ability to view the status of the entire campus. Active Devices by Queue; Total number of Alarm, Supervisory, Trouble, Other and Normal. Total Active Incidents. Unassigned Incidents. Number of Users. Geographical Map of Campus.
  - 4. Floor Plans: Ability to view floor plans with the device locations. Each device shall annunciate current system status of; Normal, Alarm, Supervisory, Monitor and Trouble condition. User shall also be able to note on user mobile device of any corrections needed on floor plans.
  - 5. Technical Support: The system shall be provided connectivity to allow factory support team to view the system remotely for advanced system diagnostics remotely. This high-level technical support shall allow improved system diagnostics with predictive data for resolution.
  - 6. Inspections: The system while in service inspection mode will allow the software application to document system activity for inspections, providing floor plan guided inspection for documenting device pass or fail and comments section. In addition to allow on-site photos to be document for the specific device for supporting information. System shall also document devices not tested within the assigned inspection group. At the conclusion of the inspection system will generate true device inspection report with time date stamp and comments section.
  - 7. Reports: User shall be able to access the system for diagnostics, loops status, mapping, detector analog values, Dirty Detectors, and device faults.
- M. Network alphanumeric annunciators, Model 4-ANN Series: The Life Safety system shall incorporate annunciation of Alarm, Supervisory, Trouble and Monitor operations. Annunciation must be through the use of both LED display strips complete with a means to custom label each LED as to its function. LED color shall be selectable at configuration time. Where applicable control switches must be provided. Switches with LEDs must provide positive feedback to the operator of remote equipment status. A color touchscreen LCD display with basic common control LEDs and switches shall be provided. Optionally a second color touchscreen display may be added to support audio and telephone operations. The Common Control Switches and LEDs provided as minimum will be: Reset switch and LED, Alarm Silence switch and LED, Panel Silence switch and LED, Drill switch and LED. It must be possible to add additional common controls as required through the use of modular display / control units. The LCD must

provide the emergency user, hands free viewing of the first highest priority event. System events must automatically be placed in queues. It shall be possible to view specific event types separately. The total number of active events by type must be displayed. It must be possible to customize the designations of all user interface LEDs and switches for local language requirements. It must be possible to route system event messages to specific annunciator locations. It must be possible for the annunciator to contain a paging microphone and fire fighter telephone.

- N. Lobby Mount Cabinet Enclosure (4-CAB Series): The cabinets shall be 14 gauge rolled steel and available in varies sizes based on the configuration and available in a Bronze or Red finish. Wallboxes have a black baked enamel finish. Lobby enclosure doors feature a modern contoured door design and integral viewing windows. They come with bronze or red baked enamel finishes. The door designs and colors ensure that there is a match to system annunciators and battery cabinets for a consistent look throughout the facility. Doors may be mounted as remote annunciators without the need to have large CAB enclosures behind. This allows larger equipment to be mounted remotely, minimizing wall penetrations in lobbies and public spaces, and removing the need to home-run all field wiring. The EST4 lobby enclosures backboxes, doors and chassis units are ordered and shipped separately for easy staging on project sites. With a variety of sizes available, customized installations offer the flexibility to support up to two color LCD touch screens, and LED and switch modules offering configurations of 576 5 color LED indicators, as well as 576 control switches along with microphone and firefighters' telephone options.
- O. Power Supplies: The power supply shall be a high efficiency switch mode type with line monitoring to automatically switch to batteries for power failure or brown out conditions. The automatic battery charger shall have low battery discharge protection. The power supply shall provide internal power and 24 Vdc at 7.0A continuous for notification appliance circuits. The power supply shall be capable of providing 7A to output circuits for a maximum period of 100 ms. All outputs shall be power limited. The battery shall be sized to support the system for 24 hours of supervisory and trouble signal current plus general alarm for 45 minutes.
- P. Auxiliary power supplies shall be a high efficiency switch mode type with line monitoring to automatically switch to batteries for power failure or brown out conditions. The automatic battery charger shall have low battery discharge protection. The power supply shall provide internal power and 24 Vdc at 7.0A continuous for notification appliance circuits. The power supply shall be capable of providing 7A to output circuits for a maximum period of 100 ms. All outputs shall be power limited. The battery shall be sized to support the system for 24 hours of supervisory and trouble signal current plus general alarm for 45 minutes.

### 2.10 COMPONENTS

A. Intelligent Detectors — General: The System Intelligent Detectors shall be UL268 7th edition (May 2020 UL requirements) approved meeting the new test fires created by UL to target reducing nuisance alarms. They shall be capable of full digital communications using both broadcast and polling protocol. Detectors shall be multi-criteria optical sensing with a full array of detection options including Smoke, Heat, and Carbon Monoxide (CO). Model variations shall be available including Smoke and Heat, Smoke and CO, fixed or fixed and rate of rise Heat, Heat and CO, as well as a three chamber multi criteria multi sensor with Smoke, Heat and CO. Each detector shall be capable of performing independent fire detection algorithms. The fire detection algorithm shall measure sensor signal dimensions, time patterns and combine different fire parameters to increase reliability and distinguish real fire conditions from unwanted deceptive nuisance alarms. Signal patterns that are not typical of fires shall be

eliminated by digital filters. Devices not capable of combining different fire parameters or employing digital filters shall not be acceptable. Each intelligent device shall have a microprocessor with non-volatile memory to support its functionality and serviceability. Each device shall store as required its functionality for the following data: device serial number, device address, device type, personality code, date of manufacture, hours in use, time and date of last alarm, amount of environmental compensation left/used, last maintenance date, job/project number, current detector sensitivity values, diagnostic information (trouble codes) and algorithms required to process sensor data and perform communications with the loop controller. Each device shall be capable of electronic addressing, either automatically or application programmed assigned, to support physical/electrical mapping and supervision by location. Setting a device's address by physical means shall not be necessary. Each detector shall contain an integral microprocessor which shall determine if the device is normal, in alarm, or has an internal trouble. The microprocessor's non-volatile memory shall permanently store the detector's serial number, device type and system address. It shall be possible to address each intelligent device without the use of switches. Devices requiring switches for addressing shall not be considered as equal. Memory shall automatically be updated with the hours of operation, last maintenance date, number of alarms and troubles, time of last alarm, and analog signal patterns for each sensing element just before the last alarm. Each detector shall be capable of identifying up to 32 diagnostic codes. This information shall be available for system maintenance. The diagnostic code shall be stored at the detector. Each addressable detector on the Signaling Line Circuit (SLC) shall transmit information regarding its location with respect to other intelligent devices on the signaling line circuit to the control panel, creating an "As-Built" circuit map. The circuit mapping function shall provide location supervision of all intelligent devices on the signaling line circuit. An intelligent detector's programmed system response functions shall be associated with the detector's actual location on the signaling line circuit and not with the detector's address. After system commissioning, detectors improperly installed in the wrong location shall function according to the mapped programmed response for its location on the circuit, not its detector's address. A status indicator shall be provided on each detector. Flashing green shall indicate normal operation; flashing RED shall indicate the alarm state. The indicator shall be visible from any direction. The system shall allow for changing of detector types for service replacement purposes without the need to reprogram the system. The replacement detector type shall automatically continue to operate with the same programmed sensitivity levels and functions as the detector it replaced, without the need for reprogramming. System shall display an off-normal condition until the proper detector type is installed or a change in the device type profile has been made. The detector shall also store prealarm and alternate pre-alarm sensitivity settings. Pre alarm sensitivity values shall be configurable in 5% increments of the alarm and alternate alarm sensitivity settings respectively. Each detector microprocessor shall contain an environmental compensation algorithm that identifies and sets ambient "Environmental Thresholds" approximately six times an hour. The microprocessor shall continually monitor the environmental impact of temperature, humidity, other contaminates as well as detector aging. The process shall employ digital compensation to adapt the detector to both 24-hour long term and 4-hour short-term environmental changes. The microprocessor shall monitor the environmental compensation value and alert the system operator when the detector approaches 80% and 100% of the allowable environmental compensation value. Differential sensing algorithms shall maintain a constant differential between selected detector sensitivity and the "learned" base line sensitivity. The base line sensitivity information shall be updated and permanently stored at the detector approximately once every hour. The intelligent analog detectors shall be suitable for mounting on a variety of detector mounting bases; including, 3 ½ octagon or 4 inch square standard base, relay base, Isolator base, or Temporal 3 sounder base or Temporal 3 520 Hz sounder base. Intelligent Detectors shall clearly indicate from the outside of the device what type of sensor or sensors is

- within the device with letter description. An "O" designation shall indicate Optical Smoke, an "H" shall indicate a Heat detection device and a "C" shall indicate a Carbon Monoxide device. A combination of letters shall indicate an intelligent multi sensor detector.
- Multi Criteria Optical Smoke Detector, SIGA-OSD: Provide intelligent optical smoke detector, В. SIGA-OSD. The optical detector shall be an intelligent device that gathers analog information from multiple optical sensors converting the data into a digital signal. It shall use dual optical wavelengths combined with multiple detection angles to differentiate particles that are not representative of actual smoke. Particle data is input into digital filters which feed a series of ratios removing signal patterns. An integral microprocessor shall dynamically examine values from the sensor and initiate an alarm based on the analysis of data. Systems using central intelligence for alarm decisions shall not be acceptable. The detector shall continually monitor any changes in sensitivity due to the environmental effects of dirt, smoke, temperature, aging and humidity. The information shall be stored in the integral processor and transferred to the analog loop controller for retrieval using a laptop PC or the SIGA-PRO Signature Program/Service Tool. The Optical detector shall be rated for ceiling installation at a minimum of 30 ft (9.1m) centers and be suitable for wall mount applications. The Optical smoke detector shall be suitable for direct insertion into air ducts up to 3 ft (0.91m) high and 3 ft (0.91m) wide with air velocities up to 4,000 ft/min. (0-20.32 m/sec) without requiring specific duct detector housings or supply tubes. The percent smoke obscuration per foot alarm set point shall be field selectable to any of five sensitivity settings ranging from .5% to 4.36%. The Optical detector shall be suitable for operation in the following environment: Temperature: 32°F to 120°F (0°C to 49°C), Humidity: 0-93% RH, non-condensing, Elevation: no limit, Multi Criteria Optical Smoke detectors that have a fixed or limited life expectancy shall not be acceptable.
- C. Multi Sensor / Multi Criteria Optical Smoke Detector with built in Heat sensor or built-in Heat Sensor and Carbon Monoxide (CO) Sensor, SIGA-OSHD or SIGA-OSHCD: Provide intelligent optical smoke detector, SIGA-OSHD or SIGA-OSHCD. The Optical Smoke and heat multi sensor shall meet all of the above requirements for optical smoke detection and in addition include a low mass thermistor that shall act as fixed temperature 130 to 140 °F (54 to 60 °C) heat sensors and at a temperature rate-of-rise alarm point of 15oF per minute. The smoke/heat/CO sensor shall in addition include a Carbon Monoxide sensor. The percent smoke obscuration per foot alarm set point shall be field selectable to any of five sensitivity settings ranging from .5% to 4.36%. The Optical detector shall be suitable for operation in the following environment: Temperature: 32°F to 100°F (0°C to 38°C), Humidity: 0-93% RH, noncondensing, Elevation: no limit. Smoke and heat conditions shall be fully separated by the control panel and include the ability to program each sensor independently or combined. The smoke, heat and CO sensors shall have the ability to separate alarms (heat/smoke combined) and CO signals. Separated signals shall be fully programmable by the control panel.
- D. Fixed Temperature/Rate of Rise Heat Detector and Combination Heat and CO Detector, models SIGA-HRD and SIGA-HCD: Provide intelligent combination fixed temperature/rate-of-rise heat detectors SIGA-HRD. The heat detector shall have a low mass thermistor heat sensor and operate at a fixed temperature and at a temperature rate-of-rise. It shall continually monitor the temperature of the air in its surroundings to minimize thermal lag to the time required to process an alarm. The integral microprocessor shall determine if an alarm condition exists and initiate an alarm based on the analysis of the data. Systems using central intelligence for alarm decisions shall not be acceptable. The intelligent heat detector shall include a low mass thermistor that shall act as fixed temperature 130 to 140 °F (54 to 60 °C) heat sensors and at a temperature rate-of-rise alarm point of 15oF per minute. The heat detector shall be rated for ceiling installation at a minimum of 50 ft (15.24m) centers and be suitable for wall mount applications. Where shown on the project plans, include SIGA-HCD combination Heat and

- Carbon Monoxide (CO) detector. The combination Heat and CO device shall report separately to the control panel where a heat detection condition is considered a fire alarm and a CO condition is a supervisory alarm with separate and unique evacuation sequence.
- E. Addressable Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detector, model SIGA-COD with sounder base. Provide intelligent addressable Carbon Monoxide Alarms as required the building code. The CO activation shall be programmable type as follows: Alarm, Supervisory Latching, Supervisory Non-Latching, Monitor Latching, or Monitory Non-Latching. The electro-chemical CO sensor shall generate a CO alarm in compliance with UL-2034 requirements. The sensor shall have a nominal six but control panel dependent up to ten-year life. When the sensor approaches the end of its useful life, it shall transmit a maintenance condition to the control panel, indicating the CO sensor board replacement is required. Only when the sensor is no longer operational shall a trouble condition be sent to the control panel. Sensors that transmit a common trouble indication for both sensor end-of-life and other causes of detector trouble shall not be considered as equal. Performing a "sensitivity" check from the panel shall report the approximate number months of CO sensor life remaining.
- F. Standard Detector Mounting Bases, SIGA-SB / SIGA-SB4: Provide standard detector mounting bases SIGA-SB suitable for mounting on North American 1-gang, 3½" or 4" octagon box and 4" square box. The base shall, contain no electronics, support all Signature Series detector types and have the following minimum requirements: Removal of the respective detector shall not affect communications with other detectors, Terminal connections shall be made on the room side of the base, bases that must be removed to gain access to the terminals shall not be acceptable. The base shall be capable of supporting one (1) Signature Series SIGA-LED Remote Alarm LED Indicator. Provide remote LED alarm indicators where shown on the plans.
- G. Audible Detector Mounting Base, SIGA-AB4GT. Where shown on the project plans include detector audible/sounder base model SIGA-AB4GT. The sounder base shall be capable of two tones, Temporal 3 for a fire condition and Temporal 4 for a Carbon monoxide condition. The tones shall be fully programmable and also synchronize the sound with other sounder bases. The system shall be UL2017 listed for dual signaling for this purpose.
- H. Low Frequency Audible Detector Mounting Base, SIGA-AB4G-LF. Provide low frequency 520hz audible detector mounting bases suitable for mounting on 4" square x 2-1/8" (54 mm) deep box. The audible base shall produce tone sound within the frequency range of 520 Hz ±10% square wave tone. The operation of the audible base shall be controlled by its respective detector processor or under program control as required by the application. The base shall support all Signature Series detector types and be capable of single or group operation. The audible base shall emit a temporal 3 alarm tone and/or temporal 4 tone. The audible bases shall be UL268 and UL464 Listed as a system, and nominal sound level shall be 87dBA in anechoic chamber and 80 dBA in reverberant room, listed. All low frequency sounder bases audible temporal 3 tones shall be synchronized throughout the facility.
- I. Duct Detector Housing, SIGA-SD: Provide model SIGA-SD Low profile intelligent addressable DUCT smoke detector as indicated on the project plans. Provide for variations in duct air velocity between 100 and 4,000 feet per minute and include a wide sensitivity range of .79 to 2.46%/ft. Obscuration. Include one Form-C shut down relay rated 2.0 amps @ 30 Vdc and also include slave high contact relays if required. Provide an air exhaust tube and an air sampling inlet tube that extends into the duct air stream up to ten feet. The addressable DUCT housing shall be suitable for extreme environments, including a temperature range of –20 to 158 degrees F (-29 to 70 degrees Celsius) and offer a harsh environment gasket option. Provide Remote Alarm LED Indicators SIGA-LED and/or remote test station model SD-TRK as

indicated on the project plans.

- J. Intelligent Modules General: It shall be possible to address each Intelligent Signature Series module without the use of DIP or rotary switches. Devices using DIP switches for addressing shall not be acceptable. The personality of multifunction modules shall be programmable at site to suit conditions and may be changed at any time using a personality code downloaded from the Analog Loop Controller. Modules requiring EPROM, PROM, ROM changes or DIP switch and/or jumper changes shall not be acceptable. The modules shall have a minimum of 2 diagnostic LEDs mounted behind a finished cover plate. A green LED shall flash to confirm communication with the loop controller. A red LED shall flash to display alarm status. The module shall be capable of storing up to 24 diagnostic codes which can be retrieved for troubleshooting assistance. Input and output circuit wiring shall be supervised for open and ground faults. The module shall be suitable for operation in the following environment: Temperature: 320F to 120oF (0oC to 49oC), Humidity: 0-93% RH, non-condensing.
- K. Single Input Module, SIGA-CT1 (Waterflow Detectors, Tamper Switches etc.): Provide intelligent single input modules SIGA-CT1. The Single Input Module shall provide one (1) supervised Class B input circuit capable of a minimum of 4 personalities, each with a distinct operation. The module shall be suitable for mounting on North American 2 ½" (64mm) deep 1-gang boxes and 1 ½" (38mm) deep 4" square boxes with 1-gang covers. The single input module shall support the following circuit types: Normally-Open Alarm Latching (Manual Stations, Heat Detectors, etc.), Normally-Open Alarm Delayed Latching (Waterflow Switches), Normally-Open Active Non-Latching (Monitor, Fans, Dampers, Doors, etc.), Normally-Open Active Latching (Supervisory, Tamper Switches).
- L. Dual Input Module, SIGA-CT2: Provide intelligent dual input modules SIGA-CT2. The Dual Input Module shall provide two (2) supervised Class B input circuits each capable of a minimum of 4 personalities, each with a distinct operation. The module shall be suitable for mounting on North American 2 ½" deep 1-gang boxes and 1 ½" (38mm) deep 4" square boxes with 1-gang covers. The dual input module shall support the following circuit types: Normally-Open Alarm Latching (Manual Stations, Heat Detectors, etc.), Normally-Open Alarm Delayed Latching (Waterflow Switches), Normally-Open Active Non-Latching (Monitor, Fans, Dampers, Doors, etc.), Normally-Open Active Latching (Supervisory, Tamper Switches).
- M. Single Input Signal Module, SIGA-CC1: Provide intelligent single input signal modules SIGA-CC1. The Single Input (Single Riser Select) Signal Module shall provide one (1) supervised Class B output circuit capable of a minimum of 2 personalities, each with a distinct operation. When selected as a telephone power selector, the module shall be capable of generating its own "ring tone". The module shall be suitable for mounting on North American 2 ½" (64mm) deep 2-gang boxes and 1½" (38mm) deep 4" square boxes with 2-gang covers, or European 100mm square boxes. The single input signal module shall support the following operations: Audible/Visible Signal Power Selector (Polarized 24 Vdc @ 2A).
- N. Control Relay Module, SIGA-CR: Provide intelligent control relay modules SIGA-CR. The Control Relay Module shall provide one form "R" dry relay contact rated at 2 amps @ 24 Vdc to control external appliances or equipment shutdown. The control relay shall be rated for pilot duty and releasing systems. The position of the relay contact shall be confirmed by the system firmware. The control relay module shall be suitable for mounting on North American 2 ½" (64mm) deep 1-gang boxes and 1 ½" deep 4" square boxes with 1-gang covers.
- O. Intelligent Manual Pull Stations General: It shall be possible to address each Signature Series fire alarm pull station without the use of DIP or rotary switches. Devices using DIP switches for addressing shall not be acceptable. The manual stations shall have a minimum of 2

diagnostic LEDs mounted on their integral, factory assembled single or two stage input module. A green LED shall flash to confirm communication with the loop controller. A red LED shall flash to display alarm status. The station shall be capable of storing up to 24 diagnostic codes that can be retrieved for troubleshooting assistance. Input circuit wiring shall be supervised for open and ground faults. The fire alarm pull station shall be suitable for operation in the following environment: Temperature: 32oF to 120oF (0oC to 49oC), Humidity: 0-93% RH, non-condensing.

- P. Manual Pull Station, SIGA-270: Provide intelligent single action, single stage fire alarm stations SIGA-270. The fire alarm station shall be of metal construction with an internal toggle switch. Provide a locked test feature. Finish the station in red with silver "PULL IN CASE OF FIRE" English lettering. The manual station shall be suitable for mounting on North American 2 ½" (64mm) deep 1-gang boxes and 1 ½" (38mm) deep 4" square boxes with 1-gang covers.
- Q. Isolator Module, SIGA-IM2: Provide intelligent isolator modules SIGA-IM2. The isolator module shall enable the Addressable Signaling Line Circuit (SLC) to continue operation should a short circuit occur. On a fault, the isolator module shall cut power to all downstream devices within 23 Msec. Once activated, the line fault isolator module shall continuously check the faulted side of the loop to determine if the short still exists and when the fault is corrected and system reset, the module shall automatically restore the SLC loop to the normal condition. The isolator module shall mount to a North American 2-1/2 inch deep (64mm) deep 2-gang box or a 1-1/2 inch (38mm) deep 4-inch square box.
- R. Notification Appliances General: All appliances shall be UL Listed for Fire Protective Service. All strobe appliances or combination appliances with strobes shall be UL 1971 and ULC S526 Listed. All appliances shall be of the same manufacturer as the Fire Alarm Control Panel (NO EXCEPTIONS) specified to insure absolute compatibility between the appliances and the control panels, and to insure that the application of the appliances are done in accordance with the single manufacturers' instructions. Any appliances that do not meet the above requirements, and are submitted for use must show written proof of their compatibility for the purpose intended. Such proof shall be in the form of documentation from THE CONTROL PANEL MANUFACTURER clearly stating that the control equipment (as submitted) is 100% compatible with the submitted Notification Appliances.
- S. Strobes, Edwards Genesis "LED" Type: Provide Edwards G1VRF (Red) or G1VWF (White) low profile wall mounted LED strobes at the locations shown on the drawings. For 110 candela applications, provide G4VRF (Red) or G4VWF (White) as indicated on the project plans. Strobes shall provide synchronized flash outputs and shall be field selectable as indicated on the drawings in one of the following intensity levels; 15 candela, 30 candela, 75 candela, or 110 candela (use model G4V for 110 candela). Low profile strobes shall mount in a North American 1-gang box or 4 inch electrical box or optionally surface mounted on a matching back box provided by the manufacturer, as directed in the field.
- T. Temporal Horn Strobes, Edwards Genesis "LED" Type Strobe with Horn: Provide Edwards G1AVRF (Red) or G1AVWF (White) low profile wall mounted LED strobes at the locations shown on the drawings. For 110 candela applications, provide G4AVRF (Red) or G4AVWF (White) as indicated on the project plans. The horn/strobe shall provide an audible output of 86 dBA at 10 ft at the high setting and for smaller room size locations (as indicated on the plans) a low dB setting (field selectable) of 80 dB at 10 ft. when measured in reverberation room per UL-464. Strobes shall provide synchronized flash outputs. Strobes shall provide synchronized flash outputs and shall be field selectable as indicated on the drawings in one of the following intensity levels; 15 candela, 30 candela, 75 candela, or 110 candela (use model G4V for 110 candela). The horn shall have a selectable steady or synchronized temporal output. Low profile

- strobes shall mount in a North American 1-gang box or 4 inch electrical box or optionally surface mounted on a matching back box provided by the manufacturer, as directed in the field.
- U. Temporal Horn, Edwards Genesis G1ARF: Provide Edwards Series G1ARF low profile wall mount horn at the locations shown on the drawings. The horn shall provide an audible output of 88 dBA at 10 ft at the high setting and for smaller room size locations (as indicated on the plans) a low dB setting (field selectable) of 80 dB at 10 ft. when measured in reverberation room per UL-464. The horn shall have a selectable steady or synchronized temporal output. Low profile horn shall mount in a North American 1-gang box or surface mounted on a matching back box provided by the manufacturer, as directed in the field.
- V. Multi-Voltage Control Relays, MR-200 Series: Provide remote control relays connected to supervised ancillary circuits for control of fans, dampers, door releases, etc. Relay contact ratings shall be DPDT and rated for 10 amperes at 115 Vac. A single relay may be energized from a voltage source of 24 Vdc, 24 Vac, 115 Vac, or 230 Vac. A red LED shall indicate the relay is energized. A metal enclosure shall be provided.
- W. Wall Mounted, 1504/1505/1508/1509 Series: Provide flush, semi-flush or surface wall mounted electromagnetic doorholder/releases rated at 24 Vac/dc as directed by the Consulting Engineer. Finish shall be brushed zinc.
- X. STI Stopper II Lexan Guards: Manual pull stations that are provided with STI Stopper II lexan guards shall include non-audible alarms as required on the plans. They shall be surface or flush mounting, as required for each individual device.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. The entire system shall be installed in a workmanlike manner, in accordance with approved manufacturer's wiring diagram. The contractor shall furnish all conduit, wiring, outlet boxes, junction boxes, cabinets and similar devices necessary for the complete installation. All wiring shall be of the type recommended by the manufacturer, approved by the local Fire Department and specified with in.
- B. All penetration of floor slabs and firewalls shall be sleeved (1" conduit minimum) fire stopped in accordance with all local fire codes.
- C. End of Line Resistors shall be furnished as required for mounting as directed by the manufacturer. Devices containing end-of-line resistors shall be appropriately labeled. Devices should be labeled so removal of the device is not required to identify the EOL device.
- D. All manual pull stations shall be mounted 48 inches above the finished floor, as measured to the handle.
- E. All audio/visual devices shall be mounted 80 inches above the finished floor, as measured to the lens. Devices shall be mounted no less than 6 inches from the ceiling. All audiovisual devices shall have lexan covers in all areas.
- F. No area smoke detectors shall be mounted within 36 inches of any HVAC supply, return air register or lighting fixture.

- G. No area smoke or heat detector shall be mounted within 12 inches of any wall. All detectors shall be installed in strict accordance with NFPA 72 (1999) guidelines for such devices.
- H. All mechanical rooms, boiler rooms, gymnasiums, wiring closets, custodian rooms, attic spaces, etc. or areas with no hung ceilings shall be piped with 3\4" conduit. All device plenum rated wiring shall be mechanically protected with conduit.
- I. All areas in public view shall be in metal V-700 wiremold (or equal). All boxes must be painted red and labeled "FIRE ALARM".
- J. All addressable modules shall be mounted within 36 inches of the monitored or controlled point of termination. This shall include, but is not necessarily limited to, fan shutdown, elevator recall, shunt trip, sprinkler status points, or door release. Label all addressable modules as to their function.
- K. All low voltage wiring terminated to the fire alarm system shall be PLENUM RATED with no exceptions and no less than No. 18 AWG in size, and solid copper.
- L. All line voltage (120VAC) wiring shall be no less than No. 12 AWG in size, and solid copper. This shall include all system grounding. FACP must have a DEDICATED 20 Amp circuit marked back at the power panel NO EXCEPTIONS.
- M. All wiring shall be color-coded throughout, to National Electrical Code standards.
- N. Power-limited/Non-power-limited NEC wiring standards SHALL BE OBSERVED.
- O. All junction box covers shall be painted federal safety red and labeled FIRE ALARM SYSTEM ONLY in black letters.
- P. Fire alarm system wiring shall not co-mingle with any other system wiring in the facility. Conduits shall not be shared under any circumstance. Only when fire alarm wiring enters the enclosure of a monitored or controlled system will co-habitation be permitted (i.e. at fan starters or elevator controllers). THIS WILL BE FIELD INSPECTED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER.
- Q. Fire alarm control panel enclosures shall have engraved labels indicating, "FIRE ALARM SYSTEM", and the areas of the building served by that panel.
- R. Auxiliary relays shall be appropriately labeled to indicate "FIRE ALARM SYSTEM" and their specific function (i.e. FAN S-1 SHUTDOWN).
- S. All fire alarm wiring shall be continuous and unspliced. Terminations shall only occur at fire alarm devices or control panel enclosures under terminal screws. All other splicing methods are specifically disallowed (i.e. plastic wirenuts).
- T. All fire alarm wiring shall be installed using a dedicated system of supports (i.e. bridle rings). Fire alarm wiring shall not be bundled or strapped to existing conduit, pipe or wire in the facility. THIS WILL BE FIELD INSPECTED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER
- U. All fire alarm wiring shall be sleeved when passing through any wall, using conduit sleeves (1" min.) with bushings, and fire stopped in accordance with Code.
- V. The system shall be arranged to receive power from one three wire 120 Vac, 20 A supply. All low voltage operation shall be provided from the fire alarm control panel.

- W. All fire alarm devices shall be accessible for periodic maintenance. Should a device location indicated on the Contract Drawings not meet this requirement, it shall be the responsibility of the installing contractor to bring it, in writing, to the attention of the Project Engineer. Failure to bring such issues to the attention of the Project Engineer shall be the exclusive liability of the installing Electrical Contractor.
- X. The existing fire alarm system shall remain in operation until such time that approval has been granted for its removal. The installing Electrical Contractor shall be responsible for the upkeep of the existing system until such time that it can be removed.
- Y. The installing Electrical Contractor shall be responsible for the removal of ENTIRE existing fire alarm system components and controls on the demolition drawing shown or not, upon approval of the AHJ and the Consulting Engineer. The End-User reserves the right to retain any existing fire alarm system components, upon their request. All existing fire alarm system components requiring special handling for disposal (due to radioactivity) shall be the responsibility of the installing contractor. Written proof of proper disposal by the installing contractor shall be required prior to release of outstanding retainage.

## 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. The system shall be installed and fully tested under the supervision of a trained manufacturer's representative. The system shall be demonstrated to perform all of the function as specified.
- B. The installing contractor or fire alarm equipment vendor shall have no less than two (2) NICET Level II fire alarm technicians dedicated to this project.
- C. The Installing Contract and the Fire Alarm System Vendor shall, upon the request of the Consulting Engineer or End-User, attend any and all project meetings for the purpose of accurately determining progress.
- D. It shall be the responsibility of the installing contractor to assure that construction debris does not adversely affect any sensing devices installed as part of this project. Should it be deemed necessary by the Consulting Engineer, End-User or AHJ, the installing contractor shall be responsible for the cleaning of all smoke detectors prior to final acceptance.

## 3.3 TESTS

- A. The fire alarm system vendor shall test the system in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and NFPA 72. The vendor shall provide completed NFPA 72 reports to the Consulting Engineer for review and approval prior to final acceptance.
- B. Each individual system operation on a circuit by circuit basis shall be tested for its complete operation. The procedure for testing the entire fire alarm system shall be set forth with the consent of the code enforcement official, the Engineer and the manufacturer.

### 3.4 DOCUMENTATION AND TRAINING

A. The contractor shall compile and provide to the owners three (3) complete manual on the completed system to include SITE SPECIFIC operating and maintenance instruction, catalog cuts of all equipment and components, as-built wiring diagrams and a manufacturer's suggested spare parts list. An operational Video, on DVD media, shall also be included.

- B. In addition to the above manuals, the Electrical Contractor shall provide the services of the manufacturer's trained representative for two (2) separate calendar days for a period of four (4) hours per day to instruct the owners' designated personnel on the operation and maintenance of the entire system.
- 3.5 As-built drawings shall consist of the following:
  - A. Complete revision of all previously submitted drawings
  - B. Point-to-point depiction of all device wiring on the device layout floor plans.
  - C. One (1) set of B-size, laminated as-built drawings.
  - D. Two (2) sets of 30"x42"inch 116"=1' scale drawings showing all points of fire alarm. One set shall be submitted with the close-out documents. Second set shall be mounted in frame with a lexan cover. These drawing must be submitted to project Engineer or approval.
  - E. Turnover of all software database hard/soft copies shall be required. This shall include all possible programming software logs, diskettes or CDs containing exported project files, hard copies of all device maps, the revision number of the version of programming utility used, and all required passwords. The turnover of all database information shall occur prior to the end of the One (1) warranty period (or period as amended earlier in this specification).

END OF SECTION 284600

## SECTION 312200 GRADING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

1	1	SECTION INC	LIDEC

- A. Removal of topsoil.
- B. Rough grading the site for site structures.
- C. Finish grading.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 312316 Excavation.
- B. Section 312316.13 Trenching: Trenching and backfilling for utilities.
- C. Section 312323 Fill: Filling and compaction.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Project Record Documents: Accurately record actual locations of utilities remaining by horizontal dimensions, elevations or inverts, and slope gradients.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform Work in accordance with State of New York, Department of Transportation standards.
  - 1. Maintain one copy on site.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Topsoil Soil Type \_\_\_\_: Complying with State of \_\_\_\_\_, Highway Department standards.
- B. Topsoil Soil Type \_\_\_\_: Topsoil excavated on-site.
  - 1. Graded.
  - 2. Free of roots, rocks larger than 1/2 inch, subsoil, debris, large weeds and foreign matter.
- C. Other Fill Materials: See Section 312323.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify the absence of standing or ponding water.

312200 - 1 Grading

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Stake and flag locations of known utilities.
- B. Locate, identify, and protect from damage above- and below-grade utilities to remain.
- C. Provide temporary means and methods to remove all standing or ponding water from areas prior to grading.
- D. Protect site features to remain, including but not limited to bench marks, survey control points, existing structures, fences, sidewalks, paving, and curbs, from damage by grading equipment and vehicular traffic.
- E. Protect trees to remain by providing substantial fencing around entire tree at the outer tips of its branches; no grading is to be performed inside this line.
- F. Protect plants, lawns, rock outcroppings, and other features to remain as a portion of final landscaping.

#### 3.3 ROUGH GRADING

- A. Remove topsoil from areas to be further excavated, re-landscaped, or re-graded, without mixing with foreign materials.
- B. Do not remove topsoil when wet.
- C. Remove subsoil from areas to be further excavated, re-landscaped, or re-graded.
- D. Do not remove wet subsoil, unless it is subsequently processed to obtain optimum moisture content.
- E. When excavating through roots, perform work by hand and cut roots with sharp axe.
- F. See Section 312323 for filling procedures.
- G. Benching Slopes: Horizontally bench existing slopes greater than 1:4 to key fill material to slope for firm bearing.
- H. Stability: Replace damaged or displaced subsoil to same requirements as for specified fill.
- I. Remove and replace soils deemed unsuitable by classification and which are excessively moist due to lack surface water control.

#### 3.4 SOIL REMOVAL

- A. Stockpile excavated topsoil on site.
- B. Stockpile topsoil to be re-used on site; remove remainder from site.
- C. Stockpile subsoil to be re-used on site; remove remainder from site.
- D. Stockpiles: Use areas designated on site; pile depth not to exceed 8 feet; protect from erosion.

#### 3.5 FINISH GRADING

- A. Before Finish Grading:
  - 1. Verify building and trench backfilling have been inspected.
  - 2. Verify subgrade has been contoured and compacted.
- B. Remove debris, roots, branches, stones, in excess of 1/2 inch in size. Remove soil contaminated with petroleum products.
- C. Where topsoil is to be placed, scarify surface to depth of 3 inches.
- D. In areas where vehicles or equipment have compacted soil, scarify surface to depth of 3 inches.
- E. Place topsoil in areas where seeding are indicated.
- F. Place topsoil where required to level finish grade.
- G. Place topsoil to the following compacted thicknesses:
  - 1. Areas to be Seeded with Grass: 6 inches.
  - 2. Shrub Beds: 18 inches.
  - 3. Flower Beds: 12 inches.
- H. Place topsoil during dry weather.
- I. Remove roots, weeds, rocks, and foreign material while spreading.
- J. Near plants spread topsoil manually to prevent damage.
- K. Fine grade topsoil to eliminate uneven areas and low spots. Maintain profiles and contour of subgrade.
- L. Lightly compact placed topsoil.
- M. Maintain stability of topsoil during inclement weather. Replace topsoil in areas where surface water has eroded thickness below specifications.

### 3.6 TOLERANCES

- A. Top Surface of Subgrade: Plus or minus 0.10 foot (1-3/16 inches) from required elevation.
- B. Top Surface of Finish Grade: Plus or minus 0.04 foot (1/2 inch).

## 3.7 REPAIR AND RESTORATION

- A. Existing Facilities, Utilities, and Site Features to Remain: If damaged due to this work, repair or replace to original condition.
- B. Trees to Remain: If damaged due to this work, trim broken branches and repair bark wounds; if root damage has occurred, obtain instructions from Architect as to remedy.
- C. Other Existing Vegetation to Remain: If damaged due to this work, replace with vegetation of equivalent species and size.

Grading

# 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. See Section 312323 for compaction density testing.

# 3.9 CLEANING

- A. Remove unused stockpiled topsoil. Grade stockpile area to prevent standing water.
- B. Leave site clean and raked, ready to receive landscaping.

END OF SECTION 312200

## SECTION 312316 EXCAVATION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Excavating for footings, slabs-on-grade, site structures, and utilities within the building.
- B. Trenching for utilities outside the building to utility main connections.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 015713 Temporary Erosion and Sediment Control: Slope protection and erosion control.
- B. Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements: Project conditions; protection of bench marks, survey control points, and existing construction to remain; reinstallation of removed products; temporary bracing and shoring. General requirements for dewatering of excavations and water control.
- C. Section 210553 Identification for Fire Suppression Piping and Equipment: Underground warning tapes at underground fire suppression lines.
- D. Section 220553 Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment: Underground warning tapes at underground plumbing lines.
- E. Section 230553 Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment: Underground warning tapes at underground HVAC lines.
- F. Section 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems: Underground warning tapes at underground electrical lines.
- G. Section 312200 Grading: Grading.
- H. Section 312316.13 Trenching: Excavating for utility trenches outside the building to utility main connections.
- I. Section 312323 Fill: Fill materials, backfilling, and compacting.
- J. Section 329119 Landscape Grading.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. 29 CFR 1926 - Safety and Health Regulations for Construction; Current Edition.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 013000 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.

- B. Project Record Documents: Record drawings at project closeout according to 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements. Show locations of installed support materials left in place, including referenced locations and depths, on drawings.
- C. Field Quality Control Submittals: Document visual inspection of load-bearing excavated surfaces.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Temporary Support and Excavation Protection Plan:
  - 1. Indicate sheeting, shoring, and bracing materials and installation required to protect excavations and adjacent structures and property.
  - 2. Include drawings and calculations for bracing and shoring.
  - 3. Bracing and shoring design to meet requirements of OSHA's Excavation Standard, 29 CFR 1926, Subpart P.
- B. Designer Qualifications: For design of temporary shoring and bracing, employ a Professional Engineer experienced in design of this type of work and licensed in the State in which the Project is located.
- C. Shoring Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the shoring and bracing work of this section with minimum three years of documented experience.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Bedding and Fill to Correct Over-Excavation:
  - 1. See Section 312323 for bedding and corrective fill materials at general excavations.
  - 2. See Section 312316.13 for bedding and corrective fill materials at utility trenches.
- B. Underground Warning Tapes:
  - 1. See Section 210553 for underground warning tapes at underground fire suppression lines.
  - 2. See Section 220553 for underground warning tapes at underground plumbing lines.
  - 3. See Section 260553 for underground warning tapes at underground electrical lines.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that survey bench mark and intended elevations for the work are as indicated.
- B. Survey existing adjacent structures and improvements and establish exact elevations at fixed points to act as benchmarks.
- C. Determine the prevailing groundwater level prior to excavation. If the proposed excavation extends less than 1 foot into the prevailing groundwater, control groundwater intrusion with perimeter drains routed to sump pumps, or as directed by Architect. If the proposed excavation extends more than 1 foot into the prevailing groundwater, control groundwater intrusion with a comprehensive dewatering procedures, or as directed by Geotechnical Engineer.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Identify required lines, levels, contours, and datum locations.
- B. Locate, identify, and protect utilities that remain and protect from damage.
- C. Notify utility company to remove and relocate utilities.
- D. Protect bench marks, survey control points, existing structures, fences, sidewalks, paving, and curbs from excavating equipment and vehicular traffic.
- E. Protect plants, lawns, rock outcroppings, and other features to remain.
- F. Grade top perimeter of excavation to prevent surface water from draining into excavation. Provide temporary means and methods, as required, to maintain surface water diversion until no longer needed, or as directed by Architect.

## 3.3 TEMPORARY EXCAVATION SUPPORT AND PROTECTION

- A. Excavation Safety: Comply with OSHA's Excavation Standard, 29 CFR 1926, Subpart P.
  - 1. Excavations in stable rock or in less than 5 feet in depth in ground judged as having no cave-in potential do not require excavation support and protection systems.
  - 2. Depending upon excavation depth, time that excavation is open, soil classification, configuration and slope of excavation sidewalls, design and provide an excavation support and protection system that meets the requirements of 29 CFR 1926, Subpart P:
    - a. Sloping and benching systems.
    - b. Support systems, shield systems, and other protective systems.
- B. Excavation support and protection systems not required to remain in place may be removed subject to approval of Owner or Owner's Representative.
  - 1. Remove temporary shoring and bracing in a manner to avoid harmful disturbance to underlying soils and damage to buildings, structures, pavements, facilities and utilities.

#### 3.4 EXCAVATING

- A. Excavate to accommodate new structures and construction operations.
  - 1. Excavate to the specified elevations.
  - 2. Excavate to the length and width required to safely install, adjust, and remove any forms, bracing, or supports necessary for the installation of the work.
  - 3. Cut utility trenches wide enough to allow inspection of installed utilities.
  - 4. See Section 312316.26 for required excavation clearances for pipes in utility trenches.
  - 5. Hand trim excavations. Remove loose matter.
- B. Notify Architect of unexpected subsurface conditions and discontinue affected Work in area until notified to resume work.
- C. Do not interfere with 45 degree bearing splay of foundations.
- D. Remove lumped subsoil, boulders, and rock up to 1/3 cubic yard measured by volume. See Section 312316.26 for removal of larger material.

E. Provide temporary means and methods, as required, to remove all water from excavations until directed by Architect. Remove and replace soils deemed suitable by classification and which are excessively moist due to lack of dewatering or surface water control.

#### 3.5 SUBGRADE PREPARATION

- A. See Section 312323 for subgrade preparation at general excavations.
- B. See Section 312316.13 for subgrade preparation at utility trenches.

## 3.6 FILLING AND BACKFILLING

- A. Do not fill or backfill until all debris, water, unsatisfactory soil materials, obstructions, and deleterious materials have been removed from excavation.
- B. Install underground warning tape at buried utilities according to Sections 210553, 220553, 230553, and 260553.
- C. See Section 312323 for fill, backfill, and compaction requirements at general excavations.
- D. See Section 312316.13 for fill, backfill, and compaction requirements at utility trenches.
- E. See Section 312200 for rough and fine grading.
- F. See Section 329119 for topsoil placement and finish grading.

#### 3.7 REPAIR

A. Correct areas that are over-excavated and load-bearing surfaces that are disturbed; see Section 312323.

## 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for general requirements for field inspection and testing.
- B. Provide for visual inspection of load-bearing excavated surfaces by Architect before placement of foundations.

#### 3.9 CLEANING

- A. Stockpile excavated material to be re-used in area designated on site in accordance with Section 312200.
- B. Remove excavated material that is unsuitable for re-use from site.
- C. Remove excess excavated material from site.

## 3.10 PROTECTION

A. Divert surface flow from rains or water discharges from the excavation.

- B. Prevent displacement of banks and keep loose soil from falling into excavation; maintain soil stability.
- C. Protect open excavations from rainfall, runoff, freezing groundwater, or excessive drying so as to maintain foundation subgrade in satisfactory, undisturbed condition.
- D. Protect bottom of excavations and soil adjacent to and beneath foundation from freezing.
- E. Keep excavations free of standing water and completely free of water during concrete placement.

END OF SECTION 312316



## SECTION 312316.13 TRENCHING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Backfilling and compacting for utilities outside the building to utility main connections.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 312200 Grading: Site grading.
- B. Section 312316 Excavation: Building and foundation excavating.
- C. Section 312323 Fill: Backfilling at building and foundations.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Finish Grade Elevations: Indicated on drawings.
- B. Subgrade Elevations: Indicated on drawings.

#### 1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AASHTO M 147 Standard Specification for Materials for Aggregate and Soil–Aggregate Subbase, Base, and Surface Courses; 2017 (Reapproved 2021).
- B. AASHTO T 180 Standard Method of Test for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 4.54-kg (10-lb) Rammer and a 457-mm (18-in.) Drop; 2022, with Errata.
- C. ASTM C136/C136M Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates; 2019.
- D. ASTM D698 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft3 (600 kN-m/m3)); 2012 (Reapproved 2021).
- E. ASTM D1556/D1556M Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by Sand-Cone Method; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2016).
- F. ASTM D1557 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft3 (2,700 kN-m/m3)); 2012 (Reapproved 2021).
- G. ASTM D2167 Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Rubber Balloon Method; 2015.
- H. ASTM D2487 Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System); 2017, with Editorial Revision (2020).

- I. ASTM D4318 Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils; 2017, with Editorial Revision (2018).
- J. ASTM D6938 Standard Test Methods for In-Place Density and Water Content of Soil and Soil-Aggregate by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth); 2023.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Materials Sources: Submit name of imported materials source.
- C. Compaction Density Test Reports.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. When necessary, store materials on site in advance of need.
- B. When fill materials need to be stored on site, locate stockpiles where indicated.
  - 1. Separate differing materials with dividers or stockpile separately to prevent intermixing.
  - 2. Prevent contamination.
  - 3. Protect stockpiles from erosion and deterioration of materials.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

<b>つ</b>	1	FII	т	N /	A T	LD.	т .	$\mathbf{r}$
,	1	HIII		11/1	$\Delta$	нк	1 4	

- A. General Fill Fill Type : Subsoil excavated on-site.
  - 1. Graded.
  - 2. Free of lumps larger than 3 inches, rocks larger than 2 inches, and debris.
- B. Structural Fill Fill Type : Subsoil excavated on-site.
  - 1. Graded.
  - 2. Free of lumps larger than 3 inches, rocks larger than 2 inches, and debris.
- C. Granular Fill Fill Type \_\_\_\_: Coarse aggregate, complying with State of \_\_\_\_\_ Highway Department standard.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that survey bench marks and intended elevations for the work are as indicated.

#### 3.2 TRENCHING

- A. Notify Architect of unexpected subsurface conditions and discontinue affected Work in area until notified to resume work.
- B. Slope banks of excavations deeper than 4 feet to angle of repose or less until shored.

- C. Do not interfere with 45 degree bearing splay of foundations.
- D. Cut trenches wide enough to allow inspection of installed utilities.
- E. Hand trim excavations. Remove loose matter.
- F. Remove excavated material that is unsuitable for re-use from site.
- G. Remove excess excavated material from site.
- H. Provide temporary means and methods, as required, to remove all water from trenching until directed by the Architect. Remove and replace soils deemed unsuitable by classification and which are excessively moist due to lack of dewatering or surface water control.
- I. Determine the prevailing groundwater level prior to trenching. If the proposed trench extends less than 1 foot into the prevailing groundwater, control groundwater intrusion with perimeter drains routed to sump pumps, or as directed by the Architect.

## 3.3 PREPARATION FOR UTILITY PLACEMENT

- A. Cut out soft areas of subgrade not capable of compaction in place. Backfill with general fill.
- B. Compact subgrade to density equal to or greater than requirements for subsequent fill material.
- C. Until ready to backfill, maintain excavations and prevent loose soil from falling into excavation.

#### 3.4 BACKFILLING

- A. Backfill to contours and elevations indicated using unfrozen materials.
- B. Employ a placement method that does not disturb or damage other work.
- C. Systematically fill to allow maximum time for natural settlement. Do not fill over porous, wet, frozen or spongy subgrade surfaces.
- D. Maintain optimum moisture content of fill materials to attain required compaction density.
- E. Slope grade away from building minimum 2 inches in 10 feet, unless noted otherwise. Make gradual grade changes. Blend slope into level areas.
- F. Correct areas that are over-excavated.
  - 1. Other areas: Use general fill, flush to required elevation, compacted to minimum 97 percent of maximum dry density.
- G. Compaction Density Unless Otherwise Specified or Indicated:
- H. Reshape and re-compact fills subjected to vehicular traffic.

## 3.5 BEDDING AND FILL AT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for general requirements for field inspection and testing.
- B. Evaluate results in relation to compaction curve determined by testing uncompacted material in accordance with ASTM D1557 ("modified Proctor"), AASHTO T 180, or ASTM D698 ("standard Proctor").
- C. If tests indicate work does not meet specified requirements, remove work, replace and retest.
- D. Frequency of Tests: \_\_\_\_\_.

END OF SECTION 312316.13

## SECTION 312323 FILL

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Filling, backfilling, and compacting for footings, slabs-on-grade, site structures, and utilities within the building.
- B. Backfilling and compacting for utilities outside the building to utility main connections.
- C. Filling holes, pits, and excavations generated as a result of removal (demolition) operations.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 015713 Temporary Erosion and Sediment Control: Slope protection and erosion control.
- B. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete.
- C. Section 312316 Excavation: Removal and handling of soil to be re-used.
- D. Section 312316.13 Trenching: Excavating for utility trenches outside the building to utility main connections.
- E. Section 329119 Landscape Grading.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Finish Grade Elevations: Indicated on drawings.
- B. Subgrade Elevations: Indicated on drawings.

## 1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AASHTO M 147 Standard Specification for Materials for Aggregate and Soil–Aggregate Subbase, Base, and Surface Courses; 2017 (Reapproved 2021).
- B. AASHTO T 180 Standard Method of Test for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 4.54-kg (10-lb) Rammer and a 457-mm (18-in.) Drop; 2022, with Errata .
- C. ASTM C136/C136M Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates; 2019.
- D. ASTM D698 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft3 (600 kN-m/m3)); 2012 (Reapproved 2021).
- E. ASTM D1556/D1556M Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by Sand-Cone Method; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2016).

312323 - 1 Fill

- F. ASTM D1557 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft3 (2,700 kN-m/m3)); 2012 (Reapproved 2021).
- G. ASTM D2167 Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Rubber Balloon Method; 2015.
- H. ASTM D2487 Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System); 2017, with Editorial Revision (2020).
- I. ASTM D4318 Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils; 2017, with Editorial Revision (2018).
- J. ASTM D6938 Standard Test Methods for In-Place Density and Water Content of Soil and Soil-Aggregate by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth); 2023.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data for Manufactured Fill.
- C. Materials Sources: Submit name of imported materials source.
- D. Compaction Density Test Reports.
- E. Manufacturer's Instructions.
- F. Manufacturer's Qualification Statement.
- G. Specimen Warranty.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Independent firm specializing in performing testing and inspections of the type specified in this section.
- B. Copies of Documents at Project Site: Maintain at the project site a copy of each referenced document that prescribes execution requirements.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. When necessary, store materials on site in advance of need.
- B. When fill materials need to be stored on site, locate stockpiles where indicated.
  - 1. Separate differing materials with dividers or stockpile separately to prevent intermixing.
  - 2. Prevent contamination.
  - 3. Protect stockpiles from erosion and deterioration of materials.

## 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Correct defective Work within a five year period after Date of Substantial Completion.

312323 - 2 Fill

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 FILL MATERIALS

- A. General Fill: Subsoil excavated on-site.
  - 1. Graded.
  - 2. Free of lumps larger than 3 inches, rocks larger than 2 inches, and debris.
  - 3. Complying with ASTM D2487 Group Symbol CL.
- B. Structural Fill: Subsoil excavated on-site.
  - 1. Graded.
  - 2. Free of lumps larger than 3 inches, rocks larger than 2 inches, and debris.
  - 3. Complying with ASTM D2487 Group Symbol CL.
- C. Granular Fill: Coarse aggregate, complying with State of New York Department of Transportation standard.
- D. Sand: Complying with State of New York Department of Transportation standard.
- E. Topsoil: See Section 329119.

## 2.2 ACCESSORIES

A. Vapor Retarder: 10 mil thick, polyethylene.

## 2.3 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for general requirements for testing and analysis of soil material.
- B. If tests indicate materials do not meet specified requirements, change material and retest.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that survey bench marks and intended elevations for the Work are as indicated.
- B. Identify required lines, levels, contours, and datum locations.
- C. See Section 312200 for additional requirements.
- D. Verify structural ability of unsupported walls to support imposed loads by the fill.
- E. Verify areas to be filled are not compromised with surface or ground water.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Scarify subgrade surface to a depth of 6 inches to identify soft spots.

312323 - 3 Fill

- B. Cut out soft areas of subgrade not capable of compaction in place. Backfill with general fill.
- C. Compact subgrade to density equal to or greater than requirements for subsequent fill material.
- D. Until ready to fill, maintain excavations and prevent loose soil from falling into excavation.

## 3.3 FILLING

- A. Fill to contours and elevations indicated using unfrozen materials.
- B. Fill up to subgrade elevations unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Employ a placement method that does not disturb or damage other work.
- D. Systematically fill to allow maximum time for natural settlement. Do not fill over porous, wet, frozen or spongy subgrade surfaces.
- E. Maintain optimum moisture content of fill materials to attain required compaction density.
- F. Granular Fill: Place and compact materials in equal continuous layers not exceeding 6 inches compacted depth.
- G. Soil Fill: Place and compact material in equal continuous layers not exceeding 8 inches compacted depth.
- H. Slope grade away from building minimum 2 inches in 10 feet, unless noted otherwise. Make gradual grade changes. Blend slope into level areas.
- I. Correct areas that are over-excavated.
  - 1. Load-bearing foundation surfaces: Use structural fill, flush to required elevation, compacted to 100 percent of maximum dry density.
  - 2. Other areas: Use general fill, flush to required elevation, compacted to minimum 97 percent of maximum dry density.
- J. Compaction Density Unless Otherwise Specified or Indicated:
  - 1. Under slabs-on-grade and similar construction: 97 percent of maximum dry density.
  - 2. At other locations: 95 percent of maximum dry density.
- K. Reshape and re-compact fills subjected to vehicular traffic.
- L. Maintain temporary means and methods, as required, to remove all water while fill is being placed as required, or until directed by the Architect. Remove and replace soils deemed unsuitable by classification and which are excessively moist due to lack of dewatering or surface water control.

#### 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Top Surface of General Filling: Plus or minus 1 inch from required elevations.
- B. Top Surface of Filling Under Paved Areas: Plus or minus 1 inch from required elevations.

#### 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

312323 - 4 Fill

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for general requirements for field inspection and testing.
- B. Soil Fill Materials:
  - 1. Perform compaction density testing on compacted fill in accordance with ASTM D1556, ASTM D2167, or ASTM D6938.
  - 2. Evaluate results in relation to compaction curve determined by testing uncompacted material in accordance with ASTM D698 ("standard Proctor"), ASTM D1557 ("modified Proctor"), or AASHTO T 180.
  - 3. If tests indicate work does not meet specified requirements, remove work, replace and retest.
  - 4. Frequency of Tests: \_\_\_\_\_.

#### 3.6 CLEANING

- A. Remove unused stockpiled materials, leave area in a clean and neat condition. Grade stockpile area to prevent standing surface water.
- B. Leave borrow areas in a clean and neat condition. Grade to prevent standing surface water.

END OF SECTION 312323

312323 - 5 Fill



## SECTION 321123 AGGREGATE BASE COURSES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Aggregate base course.
- B. Paving aggregates.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 312200 Grading: Preparation of site for base course.
- B. Section 312316.13 Trenching: Compacted fill over utility trenches under base course.
- C. Section 312323 Fill: Compacted fill under base course.
- D. Section 321216 Asphalt Paving: Finish and binder asphalt courses.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AASHTO M 147 Standard Specification for Materials for Aggregate and Soil–Aggregate Subbase, Base, and Surface Courses; 2017 (Reapproved 2021).
- B. AASHTO T 180 Standard Method of Test for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 4.54-kg (10-lb) Rammer and a 457-mm (18-in.) Drop; 2022, with Errata.
- C. ASTM C136/C136M Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates; 2019.
- D. ASTM D698 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft3 (600 kN-m/m3)); 2012 (Reapproved 2021).
- E. ASTM D1556/D1556M Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by Sand-Cone Method; 2015, with Editorial Revision (2016).
- F. ASTM D1557 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft3 (2,700 kN-m/m3)); 2012 (Reapproved 2021).
- G. ASTM D2167 Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Rubber Balloon Method; 2015.
- H. ASTM D2487 Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System); 2017, with Editorial Revision (2020).
- I. ASTM D4318 Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils; 2017, with Editorial Revision (2018).

J. ASTM D6938 - Standard Test Methods for In-Place Density and Water Content of Soil and Soil-Aggregate by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth); 2023.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Materials Sources: Submit name of imported materials source.
- C. Aggregate Composition Test Reports: Results of laboratory tests on proposed and actual materials used.
- D. Compaction Density Test Reports.

## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. When necessary, store materials on site in advance of need.
- B. When aggregate materials need to be stored on site, locate where directed by Owner.
- C. Aggregate Storage, General:
  - 1. Separate differing materials with dividers or stockpile separately to prevent intermixing.
  - 2. Prevent contamination.
  - 3. Protect stockpiles from erosion and deterioration of materials.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Coarse Aggregate: Coarse aggregate, complying with State of New York Department of Transportation standard.
- B. Fine Aggregate: Sand; complying with State of New York Department of Transportation standard.

C.	Herbicide:	:	manufactured by	,
$\sim$ .	iioioioiae.	,	manaractarea	•

## 2.2 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for general requirements for testing and analysis of aggregate materials.
- B. If tests indicate materials do not meet specified requirements, change material and retest.
- C. Provide materials of each type from same source throughout the Work.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that survey bench marks and intended elevations for the work are as indicated.
- B. Verify substrate has been inspected, gradients and elevations are correct, and is dry.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Correct irregularities in substrate gradient and elevation by scarifying, reshaping, and recompacting.
- B. Do not place aggregate on soft, muddy, or frozen surfaces.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Under Portland Cement Concrete Paving:
  - 1. Compact to 95 percent of maximum dry density.
- B. Place aggregate in maximum 4 inch layers and roller compact to specified density.
- C. Level and contour surfaces to elevations and gradients indicated.
- D. Add small quantities of fine aggregate to coarse aggregate as appropriate to assist compaction.
- E. Add water to assist compaction. If excess water is apparent, remove aggregate and aerate to reduce moisture content.
- F. Use mechanical tamping equipment in areas inaccessible to compaction equipment.
- G. Apply herbicide to finished surface.

#### 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Flatness: Maximum variation of 1/4 inch measured with 10 foot straight edge.
- B. Scheduled Compacted Thickness: Within 1/4 inch.
- C. Variation From Design Elevation: Within 1/2 inch.

## 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for general requirements for field inspection and testing.
- B. Compaction density testing will be performed on compacted aggregate base course in accordance with ASTM D1556, ASTM D2167, or ASTM D6938.
- C. Results will be evaluated in relation to compaction curve determined by testing uncompacted material in accordance with AASHTO T 180, ASTM D698 ("standard Proctor"), or ASTM D1557 ("modified Proctor").
- D. If tests indicate work does not meet specified requirements, remove work, replace and retest.
- E. Proof roll compacted aggregate at surfaces that will be under slabs-on-grade.

# 3.6 CLEANING

- A. Remove unused stockpiled materials, leave area in a clean and neat condition. Grade stockpile area to prevent standing surface water.
- B. Leave borrow areas in a clean and neat condition. Grade to prevent standing surface water.

END OF SECTION 321123

## SECTION 321216 ASPHALT PAVING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Aggregate base course.
- B. Double course bituminous concrete paving.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 099113 Exterior Painting: Pavement markings.
- B. Section 312200 Grading: Preparation of site for paving and base.
- C. Section 321723 Pavement Markings.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AASHTO M 147 Standard Specification for Materials for Aggregate and Soil–Aggregate Subbase, Base, and Surface Courses; 2017 (Reapproved 2021).
- B. AI MS-2 Asphalt Mix Design Methods; 2015.
- C. ASTM C136/C136M Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates; 2019.
- D. ASTM D946 Standard Specification for Penetration-Graded Asphalt Cement for Use in Pavement Construction; 2009a.
- E. ASTM D2487 Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System); 2017, with Editorial Revision (2020).
- F. ASTM D4318 Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils; 2017, with Editorial Revision (2018).

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform Work in accordance with New York State Department of Transportation standards.
- B. Mixing Plant: Complying with New Yor State Department of Transportation standards...
- C. Obtain materials from same source throughout.

#### 1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not place asphalt when ambient air or base surface temperature is less than 40 degrees F, or surface is wet or frozen.

B. Place bitumen mixture when temperature is not more than 15 F degrees below bitumen supplier's bill of lading and not more than maximum specified temperature.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with applicable code for paving work on public property.

## 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Asphalt Cement: ASTM D946.
- B. Aggregate for Base Course: New Yor State Department of Transportation standards.
- C. Aggregate for Binder Course: New York State Department of Transportation standards.
- D. Aggregate for Wearing Course: New York State Department of Transportation standards.
- E. Mineral Filler: Finely ground particles of limestone, hydrated lime or other mineral dust, free of foreign matter.
- F. Primer: In accordance with New York State Department of Transportation standards.
- G. Tack Coat: Homogeneous, medium curing, liquid asphalt.

## 2.3 ASPHALT PAVING MIXES AND MIX DESIGN

- A. Asphalt Base Course: 3.0 to 6 percent of asphalt cement by weight in mixture in accordance with AI MS-2.
- B. Asphalt Binder Course: 4.5 to 6 percent of asphalt cement by weight in mixture in accordance with AI .
- C. Asphalt Wearing Course: 5 to 7 percent of asphalt cement by weight in mixture in accordance with AI MS-2.
- D. Submit proposed mix design of each class of mix for review prior to beginning of work.

## 2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Test mix design and samples in accordance with AI MS-2.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that compacted subgrade is dry and ready to support paving and imposed loads.
- B. Verify gradients and elevations of base are correct.

## 3.2 AGGREGATE BASE COURSE

A. Place and compact aggregate base course.

## 3.3 PREPARATION - PRIMER

- A. Apply primer in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Apply primer on aggregate base or subbase at uniform rate of 1/3 gal/sq yd.
- C. Use clean sand to blot excess primer.

## 3.4 PREPARATION - TACK COAT

- A. Apply tack coat in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Apply tack coat on asphalt or concrete surfaces over subgrade surface at uniform rate of 1/3 gal/sq yd.
- C. Coat surfaces of manhole frames with oil to prevent bond with asphalt pavement. Do not tack coat these surfaces.

#### 3.5 PLACING ASPHALT PAVEMENT - DOUBLE COURSE

- A. Place asphalt binder course within 24 hours of applying primer or tack coat.
- B. Place asphalt wearing course within two hours of placing and compacting binder course.
- C. Compact pavement by rolling to specified density. Do not displace or extrude pavement from position. Hand compact in areas inaccessible to rolling equipment.
- D. Perform rolling with consecutive passes to achieve even and smooth finish, without roller marks.

## 3.6 TOLERANCES

- A. Flatness: Maximum variation of 1/4 inch measured with 10 foot straight edge.
- B. Compacted Thickness: Within 1/4 inch of specified or indicated thickness.
- C. Variation from True Elevation: Within 1/2 inch.

## 3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements, for general requirements for quality control.
- B. Provide field inspection and testing. Take samples and perform tests in accordance with AI MS-2.

## 3.8 PROTECTION

A. Immediately after placement, protect pavement from mechanical injury for two days or until surface temperature is less than 140 degrees F.

END OF SECTION 321216

## SECTION 321623 SIDEWALKS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Section Includes
  - A. Concrete sidewalks.
  - B. Concrete wheelchair ramps.
- 1.2 Related Requirements
  - A. Section 321123 Aggregate Base Courses.
  - B. Section 321216 Asphalt Paving.
  - C. Section 321723 Pavement Markings.
  - D. Section 321726 Tactile Warning Surfacing.
- 1.3 Reference Standards
  - A. ACI PRC-211.1 Selecting Proportions for Normal-Density and High Density-Concrete Guide; 2022.
  - B. ACI PRC-305 Guide to Hot Weather Concreting; 2020.
  - C. ACI PRC-306 Guide to Cold Weather Concreting; 2016.
  - D. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
  - E. ASTM A1064/A1064M Standard Specification for Carbon-Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete; 2022.
  - F. ASTM C33/C33M Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates; 2023.
  - G. ASTM C94/C94M Standard Specification for Ready-Mixed Concrete; 2023.
  - H. ASTM C157/C157M Standard Test Method for Length Change of Hardened Hydraulic-Cement Mortar and Concrete; 2017.
  - I. ASTM C309 Standard Specification for Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds for Curing Concrete; 2019.
  - J. ASTM C1315 Standard Specification for Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds Having Special Properties for Curing and Sealing Concrete; 2019.
  - K. ASTM D1751 Standard Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Filler for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (Nonextruding and Resilient Bituminous Types); 2018.

- L. ASTM D5268 Standard Specification for Topsoil Used for Landscaping and Construction Purposes; 2023.
- M. COE CRD-C 48 Handbook for Concrete and Cement Standard Test Method for Water Permeability of Concrete; 1992.

#### 1.4 Submittals

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data:
  - 1. Concrete: Provide data on admixtures.
- C. Samples: Submit two sample paver units indicating color, surface finish, and texture.
- D. Design Data: Indicate pavement thickness, design strength, reinforcement, and typical details.
- E. Weather Data: Records during placement of asphalt or concrete, including date, location of placement, quantity, and air temperature.

## 1.5 Field Conditions

- A. Temperature Requirements: Do not place asphalt when ambient air or base surface temperature is less than 40 degrees F, or surface is wet or frozen.
- B. Follow recommendations of ACI PRC-305 and ACI PRC-306 when concreting during hot and cold weather, respectively.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Concrete Sidewalks and Wheelchair Ramps
  - A. Gravel Subbase: Thickness as indicated on drawings.
  - B. Concrete Forms: Wood.
  - C. Concrete Materials: Comply with ASTM C94/C94M.
  - D. Aggregate: Pit Run, washed, 3/8 inch (1 cm) stone; free of shale, clay, friable material and debris.
  - E. Reinforcement:
    - 1. Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A1064/A1064M, plain type, flat sheets, unfinished.
  - F. Waterproofing Admixture: Admixture formulated to reduce permeability to liquid water, with no adverse effect on concrete properties.
  - G. Joint Filler: Preformed expansion, with a thickness of 1/2 inch.
  - H. Curing Compound: Synthetic, Type 1, Class A, according to ASTM C309.
  - I. Surface Sealer: Topical, Type 1, Class A, according to ASTM C1315.

J. Tactile Warning Surfaces: See Section 321726.

## **PART 3 EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 Examination

- A. Verify gradients and elevations of the subgrade are correct as shown on drawings. Where poor subgrade material is encountered, remove and replace with suitable material.
- B. Verify compacted subgrade is acceptable, ready to support imposed loads and paving, and ready to receive work.

# 3.2 Subbase Preparation

- A. Maintain subgrade in a smooth, compacted condition with required section and established grade until concrete is placed.
- B. See Section 321123 for aggregate subbase.
- C. Apply primer on aggregate subbase at uniform rate of 1/3 gallon per square yard.

## 3.3 Concrete Sidewalk and Wheelchair Ramp Installation

## A. Mixing:

- 1. Proportioning Normal Weight Concrete: Comply with ACI PRC-211.1 recommendations.
- 2. Admixtures: Add acceptable admixtures as recommended in ACI PRC-211.1 and at rates recommended by manufacturer.

#### B. Forming:

- 1. Assemble formwork to permit easy stripping and dismantling without damaging concrete.
- 2. Sidewalk Forms: Place and secure forms to location, dimension, profile, and gradient shown on drawings. Height equal to the full depth of the finished sidewalk.
- 3. Wheelchair Ramps: Place and secure forms to location, dimension, profile, and gradient shown on drawings. Comply with ADA Standards.

## C. Reinforcement:

1. Place wire-mesh reinforcement mid-height of forms.

## D. Placement:

- 1. Place concrete in a single lift.
- 2. Consolidate concrete by tamping and spading.
- 3. Install work in accordance with New York State Department of Transportation.

### E. Joints:

- 1. Spacing: Provide scored joints every 10 feet (3 m).
- 2. Filler height equal to the full depth of the finished concrete.

#### F. Finishing:

1. Sidewalk Paving: Light broom, texture perpendicular to direction of travel with troweled and radiused edge, 1/4 inch radius.

- 2. Wheelchair Ramps: Broomed perpendicular to slope.
- 3. Place curing compound on exposed concrete surfaces immediately after finishing. Apply in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- 4. Place surface sealer on exposed concrete surfaces after hardening. Apply in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

## 3.4 Tolerances

- A. Surface Flatness: 1/4 inch, maximum, measured with 10 foot straight edge.
- B. Variation from True Position: 1/4 inch, maximum.
- C. Compacted Thickness: Within 1/4 inch of specified or indicated thickness.

## 3.5 Protection

- A. Immediately after placement, protect sidewalk from premature drying, excessively hot or cold temperatures, and mechanical injury.
- B. Do not permit pedestrian traffic over sidewalk for 7 days minimum after finishing.

END OF SECTION 321623

321623 - 4 Sidewalks

## SECTION 321723 PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Painted pavement markings.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 321216 - Asphalt Paving.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AASHTO M 237 Standard Specification for Epoxy Resin Adhesives for Bonding Traffic Markers to Hardened Portland Cement and Asphalt Concrete; 2005 (Reapproved 2019).
- B. AASHTO MP 24 Standard Specification for Waterborne White and Yellow Traffic Paints; 2015 (Reapproved 2020).
- C. ASTM E303 Standard Test Method for Measuring Surface Frictional Properties Using the British Pendulum Tester; 1993 (Reapproved 2018).
- D. FHWA MUTCD Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices; 2023.

## 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination: Coordinate the work of this section with adjoining work.
- B. Preinstallation Meeting: Conduct a preinstallation meeting one week prior to the start of the work of this section; require attendance by affected installers.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate survey control points and pavement markings.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate traffic management plan with barricades, cones, and temporary markings.
- D. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used.
- E. Certificates: Submit for each batch stating compliance with specified requirements.
  - 1. Painted pavement markings.
- F. Manufacturer's Instructions:
  - 1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
  - 2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.

- 3. Installation methods.
- G. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- H. Installer's qualification statement.
- I. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements for additional provisions.
  - 2. Extra Paint: 2 containers, 1 gallon size, of each type and color.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section, with not less than three years of documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified and with at least three years of documented experience and approved by manufacturer.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver paint in containers of at least 5 gallons accompanied by batch certificate.
- B. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation.

#### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's absolute limits.
- B. Do not apply paint if temperature of surface to be painted or the atmosphere is less than 50 degrees F or more than 95 degrees F.

## 1.9 SEQUENCING

A. Allow new pavement surfaces to cure for a period of not less than 14 days before application of markings.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Painted Pavement Markings:
  - 1. PPG Traffic Solutions; Ennis Flint Fast Dry Waterborne Traffic Paint, 9852x Series.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.2 Painted Pavement Markings

- A. Comply with State of New York Department of Transportation standards.
- B. Painted Pavement Markings: As indicated on drawings.
  - 1. Marking Paint: In accordance with AASHTO MP 24.
    - a. Parking Lots: Yellow.

- b. Symbols and Text: White.
- c. Wheelchair Symbols: Provide blue and white.
- 2. Obliterating Paint: Type I, in accordance with AASHTO MP 24.
  - a. Bituminous Pavement: Black.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Identify existing markings for removal.
- B. Verification of Conditions: Verify that pavement is dry and ready for installation.
- C. Notify Architect of unsatisfactory conditions before proceeding.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Establish survey control points for locating and dimensioning of markings.
- B. Place barricades, warning signs, and flags as necessary to alert approaching traffic.
- C. Clean surfaces prior to installation.
  - 1. Remove dust, dirt, and other debris.
  - 2. Remove rubber deposits, existing paint markings, and other coatings.
- D. Apply paint stencils by type and color at necessary intervals.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

#### A. General:

- 1. Position pavement markings as indicated on drawings.
- 2. Field location adjustments require approval of Architect.
- B. Painted Pavement Markings:
  - 1. Apply in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Apply in accordance with State of New York Department of Transportation standards.
  - 3. Obliterating Paint: Apply as necessary to cover existing markings completely.
  - 4. Marking Paint: Apply uniformly, with sharp edges.
    - a. Applications: One coat.
    - b. Wet Film Thickness: 0.015 inch, minimum.
    - c. Stencils: Lay flat against pavement, align with striping, remove after application.

#### 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation From True Position: 3 inches (76 mm).
- B. Maximum Offset From True Alignment: 3 inches (76 mm).

## 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Perform field inspection for deviations from true alignment or material irregularities.
- C. If inspections indicate work does not meet specified requirements, rework and reinspect at no cost to Owner.
- D. Allow the pavement marking to set at least the minimum time recommended by manufacturer.

## 3.6 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional requirements.
- B. Temporary Markings: Remove without damaging surfaces.

## 3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Prevent approaching traffic from crossing newly applied pavement markings.
- B. Replace damaged or removed markings at no additional cost to Owner.
- C. Preserve survey control points until pavement marking acceptance.

END OF SECTION 321723

## SECTION 321726 TACTILE WARNING SURFACING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Tactile warning surfacing for pedestrian walking surfaces.

## 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Concrete for sidewalks and platforms.
- B. Section 321723 Pavement Markings: Crosswalk and curb markings.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 49 CFR 37 Transportation Services for Individuals with Disabilities (ADA); current edition.
- B. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
- C. ASTM A48/A48M Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings; 2022.
- D. ASTM A666 Standard Specification for Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar; 2023.
- E. ASTM B117 Standard Practice for Operating Salt Spray (Fog) Apparatus; 2019.
- F. ASTM D2047 Standard Test Method for Static Coefficient of Friction of Polish-Coated Flooring Surfaces as Measured by the James Machine; 2017.
- G. ASTM D543 Standard Practices for Evaluating the Resistance of Plastics to Chemical Reagents; 2021.
- H. ASTM D638 Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics; 2022.
- I. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023b.
- J. ATBCB PROWAG Proposed Accessibility Guidelines for Pedestrian Facilities in the Public Right-of-Way; 2011.
- K. SAE AMS-STD-595 Colors Used in Government Procurement; 2017a.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data, standard details, details specific to this project; written installation and maintenance instructions.

- C. Shop Drawings: Submit plan and detail drawings. Indicate:
  - 1. Locations on project site. Demonstrate compliance with referenced accessibility standards.
  - 2. Sizes and layout.
  - 3. Pattern spacing and orientation.
  - 4. Attachment and fastener details, if applicable
- D. Manufacturer's Qualification Statement.
- E. Installer's Qualification Statement.
- F. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty; complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section, with not less than five years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company certified in writing by product manufacturer as having successfully completed work substantially similar to the work of this section.

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver to project site in manufacturer's protective wrapping and in manufacturer's unopened packaging.
- B. Store covered and elevated above grade and in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation. Maintain at ambient temperature between 40 and 90 degrees F.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Cast Iron Detectable Warning Plates:
  - 1. Neenah Foundry, a division of Neenah Enterprises, Inc: www.nfco.com/#sle.
  - 2. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### 2.2 TACTILE AND DETECTABLE WARNING DEVICES

- A. Cast Iron Detectable Warning Plates:
  - 1. Material: Cast gray iron; ASTM A48/A48M, Class 30 A (minimum).
  - 2. Installation Method: Cast in place.
  - 3. Shape: Rectangular.
  - 4. Square Dimensions: 24 inches square.
  - 5. Pattern: Truncated cones in compliance with ADA Standards.
  - 6. Finish: Manufacturer's factory-applied powder coat.
  - 7. Color: SAE AMS-STD-595, Table IV, Federal Yellow No. 33538.
  - 8. Products:

- a. Neenah Foundry, a division of Neenah Enterprises, Inc; Model No. 4984-24Q: www.nfco.com/#sle.
- b. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

## 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners: ASTM A666, Type 304 stainless steel
  - 1. Type: Countersunk, color matched composite sleeve anchors
  - 2. Size: 1/4 inch diameter and 1-1/2 inches long.
- B. Adhesive: Type recommended and approved by surfacing tile manufacturer.
- C. Sealant: Elastomeric sealant of color to match adjacent surfaces; approved by surfacing tile manufacturer.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. When installation location is near site boundary or property line, verify required location using property survey.
- B. Verify that work area is ready to receive work:
  - 1. Examine work area with installer present.
  - 2. If existing conditions are not as required to properly complete the work of this section, notify Architect.
  - 3. Do not proceed with installation until deficiencies in existing conditions have been corrected.
- C. Verify that dimensions, tolerances, and attachment methods for work in this section are properly coordinated with other work on site.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Do not install damaged, warped, bowed, dented, abraded, or otherwise defective units.
  - 2. Do not install when ambient or substrate temperature has been below 40 degrees F during the preceding 8 daylight hours.
- B. Field Adjustment:
  - 1. Locate relative to curb line in compliance with ATBCB PROWAG, Sections 304 and 305.
  - 2. Orient so dome pattern is aligned with the direction of ramp.
  - 3. Align truncated dome pattern between adjacent units.
- C. Install units fully seated to substrate, square to straight edges and flat to required slope.
- D. Align units so that tops of adjacent units are flush and joints between units are uniform in width.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION - CAST IN PLACE, CAST IRON PLATES

- A. Concrete: See Section 033000.
- B. When installing multiple adjacent units, connect plates before placing.
- C. Install by method described in manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Place units into wet concrete.
- E. Press assembly into concrete to achieve final elevation.
- F. Finish concrete adjacent to plate. Remove wet concrete spilled onto plate surface.

## 3.4 Field Quality Control

A. See Section 014000 - Quality Requirements for additional requirements.

## 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed units from traffic, subsequent construction operations or other imposed loads until concrete is fully cured.
- B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products prior to Date of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 321726

## SECTION 329119 LANDSCAPE GRADING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Section Includes
  - A. Topsoil placement.
  - B. Finish grading.
- 1.2 Related Requirements
  - A. Section 312316 Excavation.
  - B. Section 312323 Fill.
- 1.3 Reference Standards
  - A. 29 CFR 1910.266 Logging Operations; Current Edition.
  - B. ASTM D2487 Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System); 2017, with Editorial Revision (2020).
  - C. ASTM D5268 Standard Specification for Topsoil Used for Landscaping and Construction Purposes; 2023.
- 1.4 Submittals
  - A. Project Record Documents: Accurately record actual locations of utilities remaining by horizontal dimensions, elevations or inverts, and slope gradients.
  - B. Field Quality Control Submittals: Topsoil depth measurements.
- 1.5 Quality Assurance
  - A. Perform work in accordance with State of New York, Highway Department standards.
    - 1. Maintain one copy on-site.
- 1.6 Field Conditions
  - A. Place topsoil during dry weather.
  - B. Ambient Conditions: Terminate work during hazardous environmental conditions in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.266.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.1 Materials

A. Topsoil: Comply with ASTM D5268.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 Examination

- A. Verify grading and intended elevations are as indicated on drawings.
- B. Verify absence of standing or ponding water.

## 3.2 Preparation

- A. Protect site features to remain, including bench marks, survey control points, existing structures, fences, sidewalks, paving, and curbs.
- B. Protect trees, plants, lawns, rock outcroppings, and other features to remain.
- C. Remove debris, roots, branches, stones, in excess of 1/2 inch in size.
- D. Scarify surface to depth of 3 inches.

## 3.3 Topsoil Placement

- A. Uniformly distribute and spread topsoil.
- B. Place topsoil in areas where seeding, sodding, and planting as indicated on drawings.
- C. Place topsoil to the following compacted thicknesses:
  - 1. Areas Indicated Seeded with Grass: 6 inches.
  - 2. Areas Indicated as Sodded: 4 inches.

## 3.4 Finish Grading

- A. Maintain profiles and contour of subgrade.
- B. Remove roots, weeds, rocks, and foreign material while spreading.
- C. Maintain uniform topsoil thickness.
- D. Lightly compact placed topsoil.
- E. Maintain stability of topsoil during inclement weather. Replace eroded topsoil.

## 3.5 Tolerances

A. Topsoil Thickness: 1/2 inch plus/minus.

## 3.6 Cleaning

- A. See Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Remove unused topsoil. Grade stockpile area to prevent standing water.
- 3.7 Protection
  - A. Protect from stormwater runoff and subsequent construction operations.
  - B. Do not permit traffic until established.

END OF SECTION 329119