Project Manual Volume 1 of 1



TUCKAHOE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

65 Siwanoy Blvd. Eastchester, NY 10709

MIDDLE SCHOOL/HIGH SCHOOL HVAC REBID

TUCKAHOE MIDDLE SCHOOL/ HIGH SCHOOL

65 Siwanoy Blvd. Eastchester, NY 10709 SED Control Number 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

4 DECEMBER 2023 BID DOCUMENTS

ARCHITECT KG+D Architects

285 Main Street, Mount Kisco, NY 10549 914.666.5900 <u>www.kgdarchitects.com</u>

ENGINEERING CONSULTANT OLA Consulting Engineers

50 Broadway, Hawthorne, NY 10532

914.919.3104

THE UNDERSIGNED CERTIFIES THAT TO THE BEST OF HIS KNOWLEDGE, INFORMATION AND BELIEF, THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEW YORK STATE UNIFORM FIRE PREVENTION AND BUILDING CODE, THE STATE ENERGY CONSERVATION CONSTRUCTION CODE, AND BUILDING STANDARDS OF THE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, AND THAT THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS REQUIRE THAT NO ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL SHALL BE USED.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DIVISION 00 – PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS

001000 002100	ADVERTISEMENT FOR BID INVITATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS
003100 003113	INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO BIDDERS HAZARDOUS MATERIAL REPORT
004100	PROPOSAL FORM
004513	BIDDER QUALIFICATION STATEMENT
004643	WAGE AND HOUR RATES
004644	WAGE RATE ATTACHMENTS
005000	CONTRACT AGREEMENT FORMS – AIA A132
006100	BOND REQUIREMENTS
006101	ACCEPTABLE BONDING COMPANY RATINGS
006102	AIA A310 - BID BOND FORM
006103	AIA A312 - BOND FORMS - PERFORMANCE BOND
006104	AIA A312 – BOND FORMS – LABOR AND MATERIAL PAYMENT BOND
007000	GENERAL CONDITIONS – AIA A232
000702	INSURANCE RIDER

DIVISION 01 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

011000	DESCRIPTION OF WORK
011001	CONSTRUCTION IMPLEMENTATION PLAN
011100	MILESTONE SCHEDULE
011501	SPECIAL PROJECT REQUIREMENTS - EXCERPTS FROM 8 NYCRR SECTION
	155.5 AS THEY ADDRESS "GENERAL SAFETY AND SECURITY STANDARDS
	FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS".
012500	PRODUCT OPTIONS AND SUBSTITUTIONS
012501	SUBSTITUTION REQUEST FORM
012900	APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT
012901	PAYROLL CERTIFICATION
012902	WAIVER OF LIENS FORM
013113	PROJECT COORDINATION
013114	COORDINATION DRAWINGS AND PROCEDURES
013115	REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION (RFI)
013116	RFI FORM
013119	PROJECT MEETINGS
013200	SCHEDULING AND PROGRESS
013300	SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS
013301	SUBMITTAL COVER SHEET
013302	REQUEST FOR ELECTRONIC FILES/CAD FILE PROTOCOLS
013306	CERTIFICATION OF SPECIFICATION COMPLIANCE
013529	HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN (HASP)
014100	PERMITS AND COMPLIANCE
014219	CODES AND STANDARDS
014326	TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

014330	NYSED STATEMENT OF SPECIAL INSPECTIONS
015000	TEMPORARY FACILITIES
015719	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DURING CONSTRUCTION
016100	MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT
017123	FIELD ENGINEERING
017329	CUTTING AND PATCHING
017400	CLEANING
017419	CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT
017700	PROJECT CLOSE OUT
017703	LABOR-MATERIALS AFFIDAVIT
017704	DAILY/WEEKLY WAGE AFFIDAVIT
017719	PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS
017823	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

DIVISION 02 - EXISTING CONDITIONS

024119 SELECTIVE STRUCTURE DEMOLITION AND REMOVALS

DIVISION 03 – 04 NOT USED

DIVISION 05 - METALS

054000	COLD-FORMED METAL FRAMING
055000	METAL FABRICATIONS

DIVISION 06 - WOOD, PLASTICS, AND COMPOSITES

061053 MISCELLANEOUS ROUGH CARPENTRY

DIVISION 07 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

078413	PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING
078446	FIRE-RESISTIVE JOINT SYSTEMS
079200	JOINT SEALANTS

DIVISION 08 - OPENINGS

083113 ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES

DIVISION 09 - FINISHES

04 December 2023 Tuckahoe Union Free School District
Bid Documents Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid
SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

092116.23	GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT WALL ASSEMBLIES
092150	GYPSUM PLASTER REPAIR AND RESTORATION
092216	NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING
092800	GLASS-REINFORCED GYPSUM FABRICATIONS
095113	ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS
099100	PAINTING

DIVISION 10 – 22 NOT USED

DIVISION 23 – HEATING, VENTILATING AND AIRCONDITIONING

230500	COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC
230513	COMMON MOTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR HVAC EQUIPMENT
230517	SLEEVES AND ESCUTCHEONS FOR HVAC PIPING
230529	HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT
230553	DENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING EQUIPMENT
230593	TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC
230713	HVAC DUCTWORK INSULATION
230719	HVAC PIPING INSULATION
230800	COMMISSIONING OF HVAC
230901	DIRECT DIGITAL CONTROL EQUIPMENT
230993	SEQUENCE OF OPERATION
232213	STEAM AND CONDENSATE HEATING PIPING
232216	STEAM AND CONDENSATE HEATING PIPING SPECIALTIES
232300	REFRIGERANT PIPING
233113	METAL DUCTS
233300	AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES
237433	DEDICATED OUTDOOR-AIR UNITS
238129	VARIABLE-REFRIGERANT-FLOW HVAC SYSTEMS

DIVISION 26 - ELECTRICAL

260519	LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES
260526	GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260529	HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260533	RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260544	SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS AND
	CABLING
260553	IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
260923	LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES
260943.16	ADDRESSABLE-LUMINAIRE LIGHTING CONTROLS
262416	PANELBOARDS
262726	WIRING DEVICES
262813	FUSES
262816	ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS
264313	SURGE PROTECTION FOR LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CIRCUITS

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

265119	LED INTERIOR LIGHTING
265219	EMERGENCY AND EXIT LIGHTING
265640	EVTEDIOD LICHTING

265619 EXTERIOR LIGHTING

DIVISION 27 – COMMUNICATIONS

270553	IDENTIFICATION FOR COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS
271513	COMMUNICATIONS COPPER HORIZONTAL CABLING

DIVISION 28 - ELECTRICAL SAFETY AND SECURITY

280513 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES FOR ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY

283111 DIGITAL, ADDRESSABLE FIRE-ALARM SYSTEM

END OF TABLE OF CONTENTS

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS

The Tuckahoe Union Free School District will receive individual sealed proposals before 3:00 pm, on 01/05/2024, for

TUCKAHOE MIDDLE/HIGH SCHOOL HVAC REBID 65 Siwanoy Boulevard Eastchester, NY 10709 Bid #1052-25

The Tuckahoe Union Free School District will receive proposals at the District Business Office, 65 Siwanoy Boulevard, Eastchester, NY, 10709, and at that time and place any and all such proposals that have been received in accordance with the terms hereof will be publicly opened and read aloud.

The District invites bidders to bid on the work described in the Bid Documents that falls within the following bid package:

Bid Package	<u>Trade</u>
1	HVAC
2	Electrical

See the Bid Documents for a further description of the scope of work.

Bidders must use the Bid Proposal Forms included with the Bid Documents in order to make their proposals, and each bid proposal must be made in accordance with those Forms.

Bidders may obtain the Bid Documents **after 2:00 PM**, **on 12/15/2023**, from REV, 330 Route 17A, Goshen, NY, 10924, 877.272.0216. Complete digital sets of Bidding Documents, drawings, and specifications, may be obtained online as a download at the following website: https://revplans.biddyhq.com under 'Projects.' Complete hard copy sets of Bid Documents, drawings and specifications, may be obtained upon depositing the sum of \$100 for each combined set of documents. Checks or money orders shall be made payable to Tuckahoe Union Free School District. Plan deposit is refundable in accordance with the terms in the Instructions to Bidders to all submitting bids. Any bidder requiring documents to be shipped shall make arrangements with the printer and pay for all packaging and shipping costs.

Please note REV (https://revplans.biddyhq.com) is the designated location and means for distributing and obtaining all bid package information. All bidders are urged to register to ensure receipt of all necessary information, including Bid Addenda.

There will be a pre-bid site meeting on 12/20/2023 at 3:00 pm, at Tuckahoe Middle/High School main front entry. Bidders are urged to attend the site meeting. Knowledge of the field conditions is crucial to understanding the Work.

Any proposal must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the Tuckahoe Union Free School District or by a Bid Bond for a sum equal to five percent (5%) of the bid, conditioned as set forth in the Instructions to Bidders.

All bid security, except those of the three low bidders, will be returned within four days after

proposals are submitted. The bid security provided by the three low bidders will be returned after the execution of the Trade Contract.

The district will require the successful bidders to provide separate Performance and Labor & Materials Payment Bonds in the amount of the contract price and in the form specified in the Bid Documents.

To the fullest extent allowed by law, the district reserves the right to reject bids that contain omissions, exceptions or modifications, or in their sole discretion to waive such irregularities, or to reject any or all bids or to accept any bid which is in the best interest of the District.

All Requests for Information must be sent in writing using the RFI form in the Bid Documents to the Architect via fax (914-666-0051) or email (rfendler@kgdarchitects.com) no later than 4:00 PM, 12/22/2023, and will be responded to via Addendum by 01/02/2024

All proposals shall be sealed and in an envelope that is distinctly marked on the outside as follows:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District HVAC Rebid at Tuckahoe Middle/High School Opening Date: 01/05/2024 Bid #1052-25 Name of Bidder "SEALED BID"

Any proposal must be delivered to Faith Sparks, Business Manager, or her designee, no later than the appointed time on the bid opening date, at the District Business Office, 65 Siwanoy Blvd, Tuckahoe, NY, 10709. The District will not open or consider any proposal unless it is received at that location by no later than the appointed time on the bid opening date. Bidders are solely responsible for the arrival of each bid proposal at the place of bid opening by the appointed time, regardless of the means of delivery.

END OF ADVERTISEMENT

SECTION 002100

INVITATION AND INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

1.01 OWNER, PROJECT, ARCHITECT, BID PROCEDURE

- A. The Owner, Tuckahoe Union Free District; located at 65 Siwanoy Blvd, Eastchester, NY 10709 invites sealed bids for Middle School/High School HVAC Rebid located at 65 Siwanoy Blvd, Eastchester, NY 10709 all as described in the accompanying contract documents as prepared by KG+D Architects, P.C. located at 285 Main Street; Mt. Kisco, NY 10549.
- B. Bids shall be received in accordance with the New York State Public Bidding Laws, this project will be executed under MULTIPLE CONTRACTS as noted below:
 - Contract #1 HVAC
 - Contract #2 Electrical
- C. The attention of all bidders is directed to the fact that a single set of documents exist for the construction of the Project as a whole. Work on each sheet, or within any technical specification section may or may not have an effect on the work of any single Contractor. Failure on the part of any Contractor to examine all documents will not be cause for additional cost to the Owner.

1.02 DISCREPANCY

- A. Should any bidder find any discrepancies in, or omission from, the Contract Documents, or should the bidder be in doubt as to the meaning of any portion of said documents, they shall at once notify the Architect and obtain an interpretation or clarification prior to submission of their bid.
- B. Any request for interpretation or clarification given in accordance with this provision shall be in writing.
- C. The bidder may, during the bidding period, be advised by addendum of additions, deletions, or alterations in any of the documents forming a part of this Contract. All such additions, deletions or alterations shall be included in the work covered by the bid and shall become a part of this Contract.

Upon such mailing or delivery and making available for inspection, such addendum shall become a part of the Contract Documents and shall be binding on all Bidders whether or not the Bidder receives or acknowledges the actual notice of such addendum.

The requirements contained in all Contract Documents shall apply to all addenda.

CUTOFF DATE FOR RECEIPT OF REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION (RFI'S) SHALL BE 4 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO DESIGNATED DATE FOR RECEIPT OF BIDS.

D. Only interpretations, corrections or additional Contract provisions made in writing by the Architect as addenda shall be binding. No officer, agent or employee of the Owner or the Architect is authorized to explain or to interpret the Contract Documents by any other method and any such explanation or interpretation, if given,

shall not be relied upon by the Bidder.

1.03 REPRESENTATION - Each bidder, by making their bid, represents that -

- A. They have read and understands the Bidding Documents (consisting of the Project Manual, Drawings and Addenda (if any) and their Bid is made in accordance therewith.
- B. They have visited the site and have familiarized themselves with the conditions under which the work is to be performed.
- C. All materials to be incorporated in the work shall be "asbestos free" in their manufacture.

1.04 DOCUMENTS

- A. Bidders may obtain the Bid Documents after 2:00 PM on December 15, 2023, from REVplans, 28 Church Street, Unit 7, Warwick, NY 10990; 877-272-0216. Complete digital sets of Bidding Documents may be obtained online as a download at the following website: revplans.biddyhq.com . Follow instructions to create an account or login if already registered. Select the "Projects" tab at the top of the screen and use the search function if needed to view this project. All bidders are urged to register to ensure receipt of all necessary information, including bid addenda.
- B. Complete hard copy sets of Bidding Documents, drawings and specifications, may be obtained upon depositing the sum of \$100.00 for each combined set of documents. Checks or money orders shall be made payable to Tuckahoe Union Free School District. The deposit of \$100.00 per set for the first set is refundable as per NYS General Municipal Law Article 5A Section 102. Deposit, for initial sets, will be refunded to all qualified bidders returning plans and specifications in good condition within 30 days following the award of the Contract or rejection of that bidder's Bid.
- C. Additional copies of the documents will be available from the designated printer and at the non-refundable cost of reproduction.
- D. Any bidder requiring documents to be shipped shall make arrangements with the printer and pay for all packaging and shipping costs.
- E. Please note REVplans (revplans.biddyhq.com) is the designated location and means for distributing and obtaining all bid package information. REVplans takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of Bidding Documents obtained from other sources. Obtaining Bidding Documents through REVplans enables a prospective bidder to be identified as a registered plan holder. All Bid Addenda issued after initial document download will be transmitted to registered plan holders via email and will be available at revplans.biddyhq.com. Plan holders who have paid for hard copies of the Bidding Documents may coordinate directly with REVplans if hard copies of Bid Addenda are needed. There is no charge for registered plan holders to obtain hard copies of the Bid Addenda.
- 1.05 INFORMATIONAL MEETING All bidders are advised that an informational meeting will be held as follows:
 - A. Date December 20, 2023
 - B. Local Prevailing Time 3:00 pm
 - C. Location Middle School/High School Main Entrance
 - D. Any and all questions that may arise as a result of this meeting will be recorded and answered by the Addendum process.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

NOTE: ALL BIDDERS WILL BE PRESUMED TO HAVE FULL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE, AND ALL INFORMATION AVAILABLE AT THE PRE-BID WALK THROUGH. NO EXTRA COST OR TIME EXTENSIONS WILL BE GRANTED BECAUSE OF LACK OF KNOWLEDGE OF ON-SITE CONDITIONS, APPARENT, OR DATA AVAILABLE DURING THE WALK THROUGH.

1.06 **BIDDING**

- Sealed bids, with the name and address of the Bidder contained thereon, will be Α. received at the District Office, 65 Siwanoy Blvd, Eastchester, NY 10709 on or before January 5, 2024 until 3:00 P.M., Local Prevailing Time at which time all bids will be opened publicly and read aloud.
- B. All bids shall be submitted in duplicate on the Proposal Forms provided within the specifications and shall be submitted in an opaque sealed envelope with the following contained thereon:
 - Project Name. 1.
 - 2. Contract Number.
 - 3. Type of Construction.
 - 4. Name of Bidder.
 - Mark "SEALED BID".
- C. All spaces on Proposal Form must be completed. All signatures shall be in ink and in longhand.
- D. No oral or telephonic proposals or modifications of proposals will be considered.
- E. Any proposals containing exceptions or modifications may, at the Owner's option, be disqualified.

1.07 **QUALIFICATIONS OF BIDDER**

- The Owner may make such investigation as the Owner deems necessary to Α. determine the responsibility of any Bidder or to determine the ability of any Bidder to perform the Work.
- B. Bidders shall furnish to the Owner all information and data required by the Owner. including complete financial data, within the time and in the form and manner required by the Owner.
- C. The Owner reserves the right to reject any bid if the evidence required by the Owner is not submitted as required or if the evidence submitted by or the investigation of any Bidder fails to satisfy the Owner that the Bidder is responsible or is able or qualified to carry out the obligations of the Contract or to complete the Work as contemplated.

1.08 POST BID PROCEDURES

- The responsibility of bidders and of their proposed subcontractors will be considered in making the award. The Owner through the Architect may make such investigation as the Owner deems necessary to determine the responsibility of any bidder or to determine the ability of any bidder to perform the Work.
- When requested by the Architect, bidders shall furnish all information and data B. required by the Owner, including financial data, within the time and in the form and manner required by the Owner. Upon notification from the Architect, the three apparent low bidders shall furnish within three (3) working days after the bid opening four (4) copies of the following information in writing:
 - a signed and notarized bidder qualification statement (see Section 00 45 13);

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 2. the names, addresses and phone numbers of the subcontractors and suppliers that the bidder proposes to use on the project;
- 3. the bidder's proposed site safety plan;
- 4. a bar chart (see paragraph 1.03, Section 013200 of the General Requirements) showing the bidders' proposed plan and schedule to complete the bidder's work in accordance with the phasing milestones outlined in Section 01 10 00;
- 5. the insurance certificates required by the Bid Documents;
- 6. a proposed schedule of values for the bidder's work;
- 7. a proposed list of submittals and a proposed schedule for making them, all keyed to the bar chart.
- C. After receipt of the above information, the Architect will designate a time and place for a meeting between the Owner, the Architect and the apparent low bidder. The apparent low bidder's principal, project manager and site superintendent will attend that meeting, at which time the parties will discuss the bidder's responsiveness, responsibility and qualifications.
- D. The Owner reserves the right to disapprove the use of any proposed Subcontractor and in such event the bidder shall submit the name of another Subcontractor in like manner within the time specified by the Architect.
- E. To the fullest extent allowed by law, the Owner reserves the right to reject any bid if the evidence required by the Owner is not submitted or fails to satisfy the Owner that the bidder is responsible, able and qualified to carry out the obligations of the Contract or to complete the Work as contemplated. The Owner will consider the information received under paragraphs A through D above in determining whether or not to accept a proposal.
- F. Acceptance of a proposal will be a notice in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of the Owner.
- G. Any bidder whose proposal is accepted will be required to sign the Trade Contract within ten (10) days after receiving notice of acceptance.
- H. In the event that the Owner should reject the proposal of a bidder as provided above or otherwise, at the Owner's option, the Owner may elect to meet with the next lowest bidder and to consider the information as provided in paragraphs A through D above. In the event that the proposal of the next lowest bidder is rejected as provided above or otherwise, at the Owner's option, the Owner may elect to meet with the third lowest bidder and repeat the above process. At all times the Owner retains the right to reject all bids.

1.09 APPROVAL OF SUBCONTRACTORS

- A. When requested by the Owner, Bidders shall, within the time specified by the Owner, submit to the Owner the names of the Subcontractors which the Bidder proposes to use on the project.
- B. The Owner reserves the right to disapprove the use of any proposed Subcontractor and in such event the Bidder shall submit the name of another Subcontractor in like manner within the time specified by the Owner.
- C. The Owner reserves the right to reject any bid if the names of proposed Subcontractors are not submitted as required.

1.10 SECURITY AND BONDS (Coordinate with Section 006100)

A. Every bid shall be accompanied by a Bid Bond in the amount of 5 percent of the Contract Sum drawn by a recognized surety authorized to conduct business in the

State of New York and made payable to the Owner.

- 1. Bid Security shall be submitted in a separate sealed envelope clearly identifying the company and project as well as the name and address of the Surety Company.
- 2. Each Bond must be accompanied by a Power of Attorney, giving names of Attorneys-in-fact, and the extent of their bonding authority. All bonds shall be countersigned by a resident Agent and with a Surety Company or Corporation meeting the following qualifications:
 - Surety must be licensed to do business in the State of New York.
 - b. Surety shall be listed on the current U.S. Treasury Department Circular 570 entitled "Companies Holding Certificates of Authority" from the Secretary of the Treasury under the Act of Congress approved July, 30, 1974 (6 U.S.C., Sec. 6-13), as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds.
 - c. Surety must meet minimum rating requirements as published in current "Best's Key Rating Guide" as listed in the attachment to Section 00 61 00.
 - d. Limitations:
 - Bonding limits or bonding capacity refers to the limit or amount of bond acceptable on any one project.
 - The bonding limit for each contractor shall not exceed the amount listed on the above referenced U.S. Treasury Department List for the Surety issuing the bond.
 - e. All Surety companies are subject to approval and may be rejected by the Owner without cause, in the same manner that bids may be rejected.
 - f. Compliance: In the event any of the requirements outlined herein are not complied with, the Owner shall have the right to reject the bid or annul the Award of the Contract.
- B. Bid security will be returned to all except the three lowest bidders, after formal analysis and evaluation of bids. No bid will be withheld beyond the forty-five (45) day period stipulated above.
- C. Remaining bid security will be returned to bidders after Owner and successful bidder have executed the Agreement and the Owner has received and approved performance and payment bonds.
- D. If the required agreement has not been executed within the specified period of time after the bid opening, bid security of any bidder will be returned upon his request, provided he has not been notified of acceptance of his bid prior to the date of his request.
- E. Separate Performance and Payment Bonds will be required for the work. Each shall be in the amount of 100% of the Contract price.
- F. The Contractors shall include in their proposal amounts the total premiums for the performance and labor and material payment bonds as set forth in Section 00 61 00.
- 1.11 TAX STATUS (Coordinate with Article 3.6 of Section 00 70 00 (AIA A232)
 - A. The Owner, Tuckahoe Union Free School District, is an educational non-profit institution and is therefore "tax-exempt" in accordance with the applicable laws of the State of New York and with Chapter 32 of the Internal Revenue Code, as most recently amended, for collection of all sales and excise taxes.

B. Exemption Certificates will be furnished to each Respective Prime Contractor.

1.12 INSURANCE

A. Insurance as required by Article 11 of the General Conditions and as set forth in the Owner's Insurance Requirements (Section 00 70 02) shall be required of each Respective Prime Contractor and shall be of forms and limits required therein.

1.13 EQUIVALENCY CLAUSE (Coordinate with Section 01 25 00)

- A. When in the project manual/specifications, two or more kinds, types, brands, or manufacturers of materials are named they are regarded as establishing the required standard of quality and not for the purpose of limiting competition.
- B. The contractor may select one of these items or, if the contractor desires to use any kind, type, brand, manufacturer or material other than those named in the specification, he shall, in accordance with the instructions set forth in "Post-Bid Requirements" herein, identify within three (3) days after bid submission, but in any event prior to award of contract, what kind, type, brand, or manufacturer is included in the base bid for the specified item following procedures set forth in Section 012500.
- C. Failure to so identify the perceived "equivalencies", will not relieve contractor from providing the specified items.

1.14 AWARD OF CONTRACT

- A. This notice is an offer to receive proposals for a contract and not an offer of a contract.
- B. The award of the Contract shall be made to the Bidder submitting the lowest bid if, in the opinion of the Owner, such Bidder is qualified to perform the Work involved, is responsible and reliable.
- C. Alternates, if stated in the Proposal Form, shall be chosen at the discretion of the Owner when awarding the Contract. The lowest bid will then be determined by adding to, or subtracting from, to the bidder's total base bid, all Alternates chosen by the Owner.
- D. The Bidder agrees to commence work within ten (10) days of receipt of a Notice to Proceed, Letter of Intent, and/or Execution of Contract whichever is earlier.
- E. The Owner reserves the right to reject any bid or all bids, to waive any informalities or irregularities or omissions in any bid received or to afford any Bidder an opportunity to remedy any informality or irregularity if it is in the Owner's interest to do so.
- F. The award of the Contract shall not be construed as a guarantee by the Owner that the plant, equipment and the general scheme of operations of a Bidder is either adequate or suitable for the satisfactory performance of the Work or that other data supplied by a Bidder is accurate.

1.15 LAWS AND REGULATIONS

- A. All applicable Federal, State, County, Municipal or other laws, orders, ordinances, rules and regulations of all Authorities having jurisdiction over construction work in the locality of the project shall apply to the Contract and shall be deemed to be included in the Contract as if fully set forth therein at length.
- B. This project is subject to wage determination as issued by the Department of Labor. Reference Section 004643.
- C. In accordance with the requirements of General Municipal Law §103-q, the bidder

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

is required to include with its bid either (1) the "Certification of Compliance with the Iran Divestment Act" or, in the case where the bidder is unable to make such certification, (2) the form titled "Declaration of Bidder's Inability to Provide Certification of Compliance with the Iran Divestment Act".

1.16 ARREARS

A. No bids will be accepted from, or contracts awarded to, any person, persons, firms or vendors who are in arrears to the Municipality upon debt, or contract, or who is a defaulter as surety or otherwise upon obligations to the Municipality.

1.17 NONDISCRIMINATION

- A. Notwithstanding implementation of the Owner's Affirmative Action Plan, if any, all Contractors and Subcontractors of all tiers and vendors will be required to comply with all provisions of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Executive Order 11246 of 24 September 1965 and the relevant "Laws", "Acts" rules, regulations and orders of the Labor Department of the State of New York as amended.
- B. Liquidated Damages may be assessed for each and every calendar day that the work is not complete, after the above stated time for total completion of the work at the rates established in the General Conditions, Section 007000.

End of Invitation and Instructions

INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO BIDDERS

1.1 GENERAL

A. Hazardous Material Information: Data in hazardous material investigation reports included herein are provided to the Contractor for information only. Conditions are not intended as representations or warranties of accuracy or continuity between sampling locations. The Owner will not be responsible for interpretations or conclusions drawn from this data by Contractor.

Please Note: This report is for the gymnasium area only. All other areas where the Work occurs have been tested and the results are negative for asbestos-containing materials.



ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLING & ANALYSIS REPORT

[Omega Project #22-1037]

CLIENT NAME/ADDRESS: Robert Fendler

Kaeyer, Garment & Davidson Architects, PC

285 Main Street

Mt. Kisco, NY 10549-3024

SITE/BUILDING: Tuckahoe Middle and High School

2 Siwanoy Boulevard Eastchester, NY 10709

LEVEL/ROOM/AREA: Gym

(Accessible Materials Only)

SURVEY DATE: 1/22 & 2/24/2022

REPORT DATE: 3/28/2022 (Amended 3/28/2022)

PURPOSE OF ASBESTOS

BULK SAMPLING:

Pre-Renovation

SURVEY SCOPE: Full Access (y/n) Yes

Accessible Materials Only (y/n) Yes Probe Cuts (y/n) No Concealed Materials (y/n) Yes Drawing Provided (y/n) Yes PW-1 (NYC only) No

INSPECTOR/INVESTIGATOR: Name: Eddy Montoya, Gboyega Adewuyi &

Anton Rezin

Signature:

License #: 153271/13-12147, 148488/11-10373

& 91-05296

PROJECT MANAGER: Name/Signature:

REPORT QC BY: Name: Veronica Kero, CIH, P.E.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: Asbestos Delineated (y/n) Yes

SAMPLING LIMITATIONS/CONDITIONS:

It is important to note that all asbestos containing materials (ACM) may not be delineated during one single sampling event. Frequently, as a project progresses and wall/ceilings, equipment, and other concealed areas are exposed, additional bulk sampling may potentially be required.

The following limitations/exclusions apply:

- 1. Asbestos bulk sampling report should not be used as sole reference source to determine Contractor scope of work additional field coordination required in order to generate "Abatement Work Plan".
- 2. If scope of renovation changes, and/or walls/ceilings/chases/flooring opened, then additional asbestos bulk sampling required at a later date.
- 3. Until selective demolition is performed, all concealed materials cannot be viewed or accessed for sampling.
- 4. All sampling is representative in nature and does not reflect every square inch of material.
- 5. Roof/façade sampling: Roof leaks may occur as a result of roof bulk sampling. Omega will utilize temporary roof patch; however, since Omega is not a professional roofer, we cannot make guarantees or maintain warrantees against roof leakage.
- 6. Findings are representative of site conditions on day of investigation.
- 7. Subject survey conducted according to published regulations in effect on survey date.

Building/Area Description:

The subject building would be described as an educational facility.

The bulk sampling was performed in the entire school.

Asbestos Sample Analysis Methods and Sample Count:

•	PLM by EPA 600/M4/82/080 and NYS 198.1(friable):	# samples collected 78
•	TEM-NOB by NYS ELAP 198.4 (non-friable):	# samples collected 42
•	PLM-NOB by NYS ELAP 198.6 (non-friable):	# samples collected 42
•	VC-SOF by NYS ELAP 198.8 method	# samples collected 0

Bulk samples were submitted to ELAP accredited Laboratory Testing Services/accreditation #10955 utilizing sealed chain-of-custody procedures.

Definitions:

ACM: asbestos containing material

RACM: regulated asbestos containing material

VCM: vermiculite containing material

TSI: thermal system insulation (pipe insulation)

SSI: surfacing material (spray-on fireproofing, plaster, etc.)

Miscellaneous finish material: sheetrock, floor tile, roofing, other

NOB: non-organically bound non-friable material (e.g. roofing, floor tile, etc.)

Significantly damaged: 20% or more of asbestos surfacing material has visible damage.

Damaged: less than 20% or asbestos surfacing material has visible damage or damage is scattered such that less than 20% of total surface area impacted.

No visible damage: no visible damage noted.

Criteria for Positive Classification as Regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM):

Asbestos containing material (ACM)

The EPA defines ACM as any material having an Asbestos content greater than 1%. If the analytical results for any sample of suspected material indicate that asbestos is present above a level of one percent, the building material is classified as regulated ACM (RACM) which triggers management and/or abatement, if impacted.

Vermiculite 1

NYSDOH requires additional second tier analysis of spray-on fireproofing and other surfacing materials found to contain 1% or greater vermiculite during standard PLM bulk sample analysis. The purpose of the NYS ELAP 198.8 method is to reduce background interference in order to verify asbestos content down to 1%.

Representative Nature of All Sampling:

The purpose of bulk sampling is to characterize representative materials, not remove and test every square inch of material. The Inspector/Investigator uses a combination of EPA recommended bulk sampling criteria and professional judgment to select representative sampling locations of each suspect material type. In certain rare cases, building materials may appear to be homogeneous (e.g. plaster, roofing, etc.) but vary section to section due to patching, different installation methods floor-to-floor, and other causes. Additional testing beyond normal survey protocol can be required for these scenarios.

<u>Asbestos Survey Methodology:</u>

HOMOGENEOUS AREAS: A homogeneous area is a portion of a building/structure with similar/same installed materials such that bulk analysis results from one area can be applied in the next for the purpose of asbestos quantification.

'FIRST POSITIVE STOP': In order to reduce unnecessary survey laboratory analysis costs when samples are collected in groups of three (3) or two (2), as required by EPA sampling criteria, when the first or second sample is reported as positive in a group, then the additional samples are declared positive with no analysis.

SAMPLING FROM SLAB UP: Because older/original bottom layer materials are more likely to contain asbestos versus newer layers, materials such as floor tiles and roofing are sampled from the slab up. If a positive lower or middle layer is identified, all materials in the layered system can be declared ACM if they cannot be separated during the abatement process.

SHEETROCK JOINT COMPOUND TESTING: Since most sheetrock wallboard systems are painted, it is difficult to impossible to assess where one type of material starts and ends. EPA has published memos concerning composite sampling that were not approved by OSHA which requires discrete sampling. This agency does not recognize composite testing of joint compound for the purpose of preventing employee exposure. NYSDOL also requires separate sampling of joint compound. The PLM analysis method has been generally utilized for this material type, where samples in the trace-1% inconclusive range are also run by TEM-NOB for additional accuracy.

Asbestos Bulk Sampling & Analysis Results:

Representative bulk sampling and analysis was conducted on 1/22 & 2/24/2022 by Eddy Montoya, Gboyega Adewuyi and Anton Rezin according to the following:

SAMPLE	на	IA SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL	EST. # OF	FRIABLE/ NON- FRIABLE	LAB RESULTS	
ID	на	SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	LAYERS		%Asbestos	%Vermiculite
1	1	3 rd Floor – Class 352	Spray On Fire Proofing - Fluffy	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
2	1	3 rd Floor – Class 351	Spray On Fire Proofing – Fluffy	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
3	1	2 nd Floor – Class 250	Spray On Fire Proofing – Fluffy	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
4	1	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Spray On Fire Proofing – Fluffy	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
5	1	1st Floor – Class 151	Spray On Fire Proofing – Fluffy	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
6	2	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
7	2	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
8	2	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
9	2	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
10	2	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
11	2	1st Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
12	2	1st Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
13	3	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
14	3	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
15	3	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected None	None Detected None
16	3	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	Detected	Detected
17	3	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
18	3	1st Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected None
19	3	1st Floor – Corridor	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected None
20	4	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	Detected
21	4	3 rd Floor - Corridor	Wall Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
22	4	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected

SAMPLE	TTA	SAMPLE LOCATION MATERIAL OF NON-	MATERIAL		FRIABLE/	LAB RESULTS	
ID	HA			%Asbestos	%Vermiculite		
23	4	2 nd Floor – Library	Wall Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
24	4	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
25	4	1st Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
26	4	1st Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster Brown Coat	2 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
27	5	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
28	5	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
29	5	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
30	5	2 nd Floor – Library	Wall Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
31	5	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
32	5	1st Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
33	5	1st Floor – Corridor	Wall Plaster White Coat	1 of 2	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
34	6	2 nd Floor – Library	Drywall	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
35	6	1st Floor – Cafeteria	Drywall	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
36	7	2 nd Floor – Library	Joint Compouns	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
37	7	2 nd Floor – Library	Joint Compound	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
38	7	1st Floor – Cafeteria	Joint Compound	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
39	7	1st Floor – Cafeteria	Joint Compound	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
40	7	3 rd Floor – Classroom – Soffit	Joint Compound	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
41	7	3 rd Floor – Classroom – Soffit	Joint Compound	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
42	7	2 nd Floor – Classroom – Soffit	Joint Compound	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
43	8	3 rd Floor – MER 317A	Terracotta	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
44	8	1st Floor – Corridor	Terracotta	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
45	9	3 rd Floor – MER 317A	Terracotta - Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
46	9	3 rd Floor – MER 313	Terracotta – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
47	9	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Terracotta – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected

SAMPLE	на	IA SAMPLE LOCATION	MARIDIA	EST. # OF	FRIABLE/	LAB RESULTS	
ID	DESCRIPTION LAVERS	NON- FRIABLE	%Asbestos	%Vermiculite			
48	9	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Terracotta – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
49	9	1st Floor – Corridor	Terracotta – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
50	10	3 rd Floor – MER 317A	Red Brick	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
51	10	1 st Floor – Corridor	Red Brick	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
52	11	3 rd Floor – MER 317A	Red Brick - Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
53	11	3 rd Floor – MER 313	Red Brick - Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
54	11	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Red Brick - Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
55	11	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Red Brick - Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
56	11	1st Floor – Corridor	Red Brick - Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
57	12	2 nd Floor – Library	CMU	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
58	12	3 rd Floor – MER 313	CMU	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
59	13	2 nd Floor – Library	CMU – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
60	13	3 rd Floor – MER 313	CMU – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
61	13	1 st Floor – Staircase	CMU – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
62	13	1st Floor – Staircase	CMU – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
63	13	2 nd Floor – Corridor	CMU – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
64	14	3 rd Floor – Cut Zone	Terrazzo Flooring	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
65	14	2 nd Floor – Cut Zone	Terrazzo Flooring	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
66	15	3 rd Floro – Corridor	Glue Dollups – Brown	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
67	15	1st Floor – Cafeteria	Glue Dollups – Brown	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
68	16	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Fiberglass Pipe Wrap	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
69	16	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Fiberglass Pipe Wrap	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
70	16	1st Floor – Corridor	Fiberglass Pipe Wrap	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
71	17	2 nd Floor – Library	2x4 Design Ceiling Tile	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
72	17	2 nd Floor – Library	2x4 Design Ceiling Tile	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected

SAMPLE	TTA	A CAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL	EST.#	FRIABLE/	LAB RESULTS	
ID	HA	SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	OF LAYERS	NON- FRIABLE	%Asbestos	%Vermiculite
73	18	3 rd Floor – Corridor	2x2 Ceiling Tile – Fiberglass Wrap	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
74	18	2 nd Floor – Corridor	2x2 Ceiling Tile – Fiberglass Wrap	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
75	19	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Fiberglass Duct Wrap	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
76	19	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Fiberglass Duct Wrap	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
77	19	1st Floor – Corridor	Fiberglass Duct Wrap	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
78	20	1st Floor – Cafeteria	2x1 Ceiling Tile	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
79	20	1 st Floor – Cafeteria	2x1 Ceiling Tile	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
80	21	1st Floor – Cafeteria	1x1 Ceiling Tile	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
81	21	1st Floor – Cafeteria	1x1 Ceiling Tile	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
82	22	2 nd Floor – Library	2x4 Fischer Ceiling Tile	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
83	22	2 nd Floor – Library	2x4 Fischer Ceiling TIle	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
84	23	3 rd Floor – Room 352	2x2 Ceiling Tile - Pinholes	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
85	23	3 rd Floor – Room 352	2x2 Ceiling Tile – Pinholes	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
86	24	3 rd Floor – Weight Room – MER	Pink Fire Stop Caulk	1	Non-Friable	Trace Chrysotile	None Detected
87	24	3 rd Floor – Weight Room – MER	Pink Fire Stop Caulk	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
88	25	2 nd Floor – Library	Blue Cove Base Glue	2 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
89	26	2 nd Floor – Library	Blue Cove Base	1 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
90	25	2 nd Floor – Library	Blue Cove Base Glue	2 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
91	26	2 nd Floor – Library	Blue Cove Base	1 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
92	27	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Red Fire Stop Caulk	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
93	27	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Red Fire Stop Caulk	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
94	28	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Beige Duct Caulk	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
95	28	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Beige Duct Caulk	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
96	29	3 rd Floor – MER 313	Gray Duct Caulk	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
97	29	3 rd Floor – MER 313	Gray Duct Caulk	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected

SAMPLE	НА	IA CAMBLE LOCATION	MATERIAL	EST.#	FRIABLE/ NON- FRIABLE	LAB RESULTS	
ID	HA	SAMPLE LOCATION	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	OF LAYERS		%Asbestos	%Vermiculite
98	30	3 rd Floor – Corridor	Expanison Caulk	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
99	30	2 nd Floor – Corridor	Expansion Caulk	1	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
100	31	3 rd Floor – Room 352	Mastic Under 12x12 Tan Tile	2 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
101	32	3 rd Floor – Room 352	12x12 Tan Tile with Blue Specks	1 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
102	31	2 nd Floor – Room 206	Mastic Under 12x12 Tan Tile	2 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
103	32	2 nd Floor – Room 206	12x12 Tan Tile with Blue Specks	1 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
104	33	3 rd Floor – Room 313	Mastic Under 12x12 White Tile	2 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
105	34	3 rd Floor – Room 313	12x12 White Tile	1 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
106	33	1st Floor – Principal Office	Mastic Under 12x12 White Tile	2 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
107	34	1st Floor – Principal Office	12X12 White Tile	1 of 2	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
108	35	2 nd Floor – Library	Leveling Compound	3 of 3	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
109	35	2 nd Floor – Library	Leveling Compound	3 of 3	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
110	36	2 nd Floor – Library	Glue Under Carpet	2 of 3	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
111	36	2 nd Floor – Library	Glue Under Carpet	2 of 3	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
112	37	Façade – Exterior	Decorative Stone	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
113	37	Façade – Exterior	Decoartive Stone	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
114	38	Façade – Exterior	Decorative Stone – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
115	38	Façade – Exterior	Decorative Stone – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
116	38	Façade – Exterior	Decorative Stone – Mortar	1	Friable	None Detected	None Detected
			2/24/2022				
1	1	Gym	Black Mastic	-	Non-Friable	5.55% Chrysotile	None Detected
2	1	Gym	Black Mastic	-	Non-Friable	Positive Stop	-
3	2	Gym	Glue	-	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected
4	2	Gym	Glue	-	Non-Friable	None Detected	None Detected

Survey Field Notes:

The following was noted during the survey process:

• Inspection was limited and partial to specific SOW detailed on drawings.

Exclusions/exemptions/assumptions

The following areas/materials were found to be inaccessible:

➤ N/A

These materials were not reflected in the total estimated quantity of ACM listed below.

Next Step in Asbestos Survey Process:

POSITIVE MATERIAL(S) DELINEATED

The following positive ACM was delineated:

TABLE 3: POSITIVE MATERIAL SUMMARY							
LOCATION	MATERIAL	ASSESSED	ESTIMATED QUANTITY*				
LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	(square/linear feet)				
Gym	Black Mastic	Good	Throughout				

^{*}Since many asbestos materials continue through adjoining areas and/or layers, final estimated quantities of abatement scope have to be determined in the field when project details are confirmed.

Since the subject delineated ACM is going to be removed or otherwise disturbed, an "Asbestos Abatement Work Plan" should be developed so that an abatement Contractor can be retained to perform the work. ACM must be removed prior to the onset of general trade work and can impact overall project schedule.

Material condition classification "significantly damaged" would trigger immediate clean-up of damaged ACM.

If risers/chases/walls/ceilings opened for mechanical tie-in work, then additional asbestos investigation will be required.

If you or your associates have any questions regarding this report, please contact office @ 201.489.8700.

Attachments:

- Copies of survey personnel and company asbestos license
- Survey photo-documentation
- Laboratory analysis reports with chain-of-custody

New York State - Department of Labor

Division of Safety and Health License and Certificate Unit State Cempus, Building 12 Alberry, NY 12240

ASBESTOS HANDLING LICENSE

Omega Laboratories, Inc.

280 Huyler Street

S. Hackensack, NJ 07606

FILE NUMBER: 99-0200 LICENSE NUMBER: 29673 LICENSE CLASS: RESTRICTED DATE OF ISSUE: 03/04/2022 EXPIRATION DATE: 03/31/2023

granting (

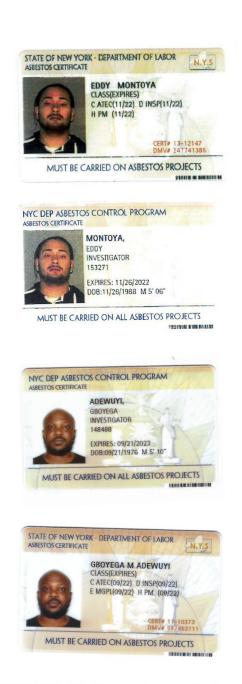
Duly Authorized Representative - Gary Mellor:

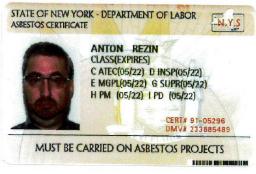
This license has been issued in accordance with applicable provisions of Article 30 of the Labor Law of New York State and of the New York State Codes, Rules and Regulations (12 NYCRR Part 56). It is subject to suspension or revocation for a (1) serious violation of state, federal or local laws with regard to the conduct of an asbestos project, or (2) demonstrated lack of responsibility in the conduct of any job involving asbestos or asbestos material.

This license is valid only for the contractor named above and this license or a photocopy must be prominently displayed at the asbestos project worksite. This license verifies that all persons employed by the licensee on an asbestos project in New York State have been issued an Asbestos Certificate, appropriate for the type of work they perform, by the New York State Department of Labor.

Anny Phillips, Director For the Commissioner of Labor

SH 432 (8/12)





Photos



1x1 Ceiling Tile



2x1 Ceiling Tile

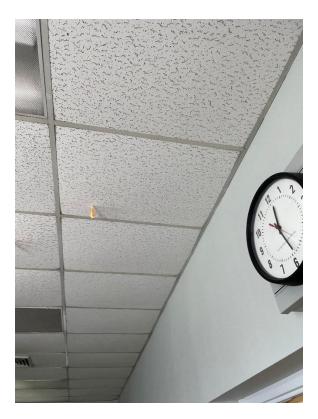
Page 13: Asbestos bulk sampling report



2x2 Fiberglass Ceiling Tile Wrap



2x2 Pinhole Ceiling Tile



2x4 Fissured Ceiling Tile



12x12 Tan Tile With Mastic

Page 15: Asbestos bulk sampling report Ω Omega Environmental Services, Inc. 280 Huyler Street \bullet So. Hackensack, NJ 07606 \bullet Tel: (201) 489-8700 \bullet Fax: (201) 342-5412



12x12 White Tile and Mastic

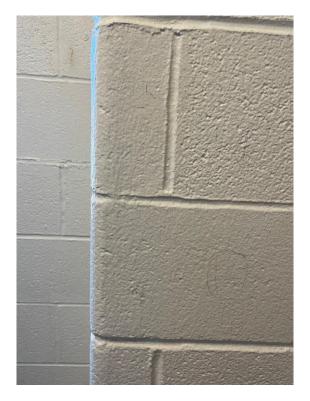


Blue Cove Base and Glue

Page 16: Asbestos bulk sampling report



Brick and Mortar



CMU Mortar



Decorative 2x4 Ceiling Tile



Decorative Stone and Mortar



Drywall



Duct Fiberglass Wrap

Page 19: Asbestos bulk sampling report

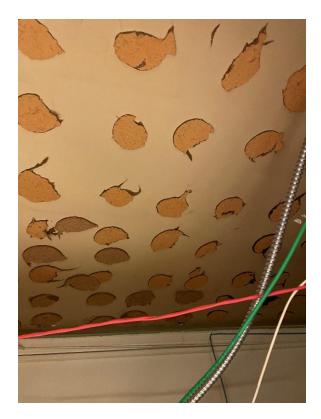


Expanison Caulk

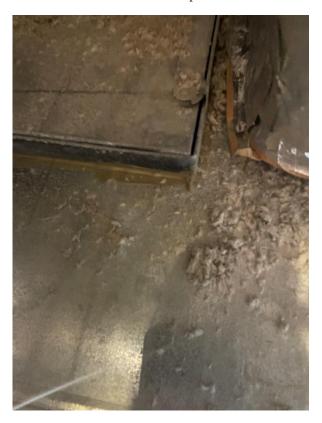


Fiberglass Pipe Wrap

Page 20: Asbestos bulk sampling report Ω Omega Environmental Services, Inc. 280 Huyler Street \bullet So. Hackensack, NJ 07606 \bullet Tel: (201) 489-8700 \bullet Fax: (201) 342-5412



Glue Dollups



Gold Duct Insulation

Page 21: Asbestos bulk sampling report



Gray Duct Caulk



Joint Compound

Page 22: Asbestos bulk sampling report



No Door Insulation



Partition Build Up

Page 23: Asbestos bulk sampling report

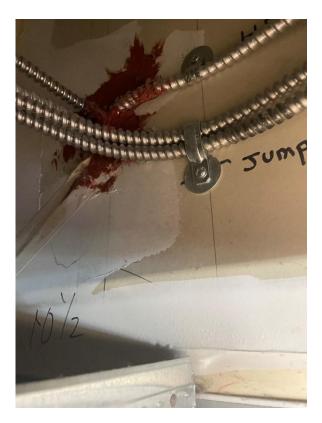


Pink Fire Stop Caulk

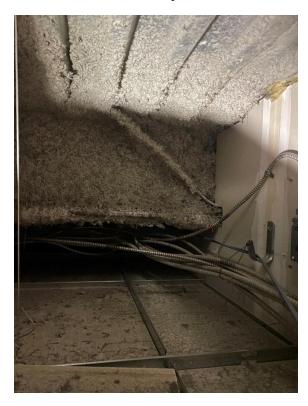


Plaster Ceiling

Page 24: Asbestos bulk sampling report Ω Omega Environmental Services, Inc. 280 Huyler Street ullet So. Hackensack, NJ 07606 ullet Tel: (201) 489-8700 ullet Fax: (201) 342-5412



Red Fire Stop Caulk

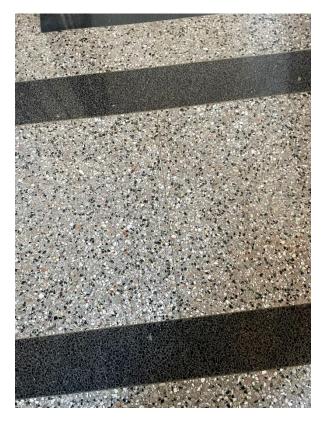


SOFP – Fluffy

Page 25: Ashestos bulk sampling report



Terracotta and Mortar



Terrazzo Flooring

Page 26: Asbestos bulk sampling report

NAD NAD	Client/Addre	ss: On	iega En	iviron	mental/2	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	۴	Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	Blvd	Pro	Proj#: 22-1037	
Sample Description Sample	Laboratory	(D : 22-	01-043			Date of Report: 02/03/22		ate of Analysis: 01	/25/22,	01/27/22		
NAD NAD												
A CR E 60 31 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Client ID # Lab ID #	Stereo	microsc	cope A	vnalysis	,			% AII	% PLM NOB Results	% *TEM NOB Results	% TOTAL Asbestos
B 1 F 1 F 1 1 1 1 1 1	-		GR	Э	09			NAD				
C 198.1 G H H H H H H H H H	-	В	-	표			l	NVD	-			2
D	il.			g		***************************************)))					a ex
A GR E 60 Spray on Fire 40,00 NVD B 1 F	01	D		H								
B 1 F And Proofing-Fluffy on Fluffy 40.00 NVD NAD NAD <td></td> <td></td> <td>GR</td> <td>Ξ</td> <td>09</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>NAD</td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td> <td></td>			GR	Ξ	09			NAD		<u> </u>		
C 198.1 C C C C C C C C C	ì	В	-	ഥ			L	DAN				2
A GR E 60 NAD	TAKE WED			D D). 		7			avi
A GR E 60	02	D		Н								
B 1 F 2nd Floor, Class 250, Spray on Fire 40.00 NVD NAD NAD A GR E 60 A GR E 60 NVD	7		GR	Ξ	09			NAD				
C 198.1 G Proofing- Fluffy Total Fluffy NAD	n	В	-	ш				NVD				2
A GR E 60 NAD				5		1						TAN .
A GR E 60 NAD NAD NAD C 198.1 G Proofing- Fluffy A GR E 60 NAD B <	03	Q		Н			L					
B 1 F and Floor, Corridor, Spray on Fire 40.00 NVD N			GR	山	09			NAD				
C 198.1 G Proofing-Fluffy TOTAL MAD	t	В	1	ĹĽ				NVD				NAD
D H M MAD NAD				D			 ?:					
A GR E 60 . And D NAD And D	04	D		Н	\$60. pr							
B 1 F 1st Floor, Class 151, Spray on Fire 40.00 NVD NVD NAD NVD	v			3	09		ļ	NAD				
C 198.1 G Proofing- Fluffy Tuno D H NAD N	•	В	1	Щ				NVD				ZĄZ
D H H NAD NAD Industrial (Control or control o				9			3					av.
A BR E NAD NAD B 1 F 3rd Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster 100.00 NVD Property Control of the property of	05	D		ш								
B 1 F 3rd Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster 100.00 NVD Rown Coat NVD Rown Coat Rown Coat<	y			E)				NAD				
C 198.1 G D H	>	В	-	ĹĻ,				NVD				Z A Z
D	22-01-043-			G								
	90	D		H								

Sample Description Sample Description Fibrous NAD Results NAD Results NAD NAD	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hacker Laboratory ID: 22-01-043 Date of Report: 02/03/22
NAD	Stereomicroscope Analysis Sample Descript
100.00 NVD	Ţ
100.00 NAD	
100.00 NAD	G Brown Coat
100.00	H
100.00 NAD	H
100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00	F 3rd Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster
100.00 NAD	G Brown Coat
100.00 NAD	H
100.00 NAD	Ш
100.00 NAD	F 2nd Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster
100.00 NVD	G Brown Coat
100.00 NAD	H
100.00 NVD NAD NAD NAD NAD NAD NAD NAD NAD NAD NA	3
100.00 NAD	F 2nd Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster
100.00 NVD	G Brown Coat
100.00 NVD NAD NAD NAD NAD NAD NAD NAD NAD NAD NA	Н
100.00 NVD NAD NAD NAD NVD	Ш
NAD NAD NOD NOD NOD NOD NOD NOD NOD NOD NOD NO	F 1st Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster
NAD NVD NVD	G Brown Coat
100.00 NVD	—
100.00 NVD	<u>m</u>
	F lst Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster
	G Brown (
	Н

Client/Addr	ess:	Omega E	vironme	ental/2	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St So. Hackensack. NJ 07606	90	Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	by Blvd	Pro	Proj#: 22-1037	
Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	Ë	22-01-04			Date of Report: 02/03/22		Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	01/25/22,	01/27/22		
Client ID# Lab ID#	Ste	Stereomicroscope Analysis	cope Ana	alysis	Sample Description	% Non- Fibrous Material	% Friable Results	% AII	% PLM NOB Results	% *TEM NOB Results	% TOTAL Asbestos
,	A	MM	Ξ				NAD				
<u>5</u>	В	1	ᄕ		3rd Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster	100 00	NVD				NAD
22-01-043-	ပ	198.1	Ð		White Coat	00:001					
13	D		Н								
-	V	WH	田				NAD		\$		
ŗ	В	-	F		3rd Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster	100.00	NVD				NAD
22-01-043-	ပ	198.1	ß		White Coat	100.00		<i>\</i>			
14	Δ		Н								
	A	WH	田				NAD				
CI .	m	-	נבי		3rd Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster	100.00	NVD				NAD
22-01-043-	Ü	198.1	9		W. 10	100.00		11.00			
15	Ω		H								
71	V	WH	E				NAD				
0	В	П	Ŧ		2nd Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster	100 00	NVD				NAD
22-01-043-	ပ	198.1	Ð		White Coat						
16	Ω		Н								
ţ	A	MM	Ξ				NAD				
`	В		F		2nd Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster	100.00	NVD				NAD
22-01-043-	ပ	198.1	5		White Coat		, consequence				
17	Ω		H								
01	Ч	MH	Ξ				NAD				
10	В	1	H		1st Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster	100 00	NVD				NAD
22-01-043-	ပ	198.1	g		White Coat	200					
18	D		Н								

		%	TOTAL Asbestos		NAD				NAD				NAD				NAD			1	NAD				NAD		
Proj#: 22-1037			% *TEM NOB Results																								
Pro	01/27/22		% PLM NOB Results					\$ T																			
by Blvd	01/25/22,		% AII						%	<i>(</i>																	
Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22		% Friable Results	NAD	MAD			NAD	NVD			NAD	NVD			NAD	NVD			NAD	NVD	* "70869		NAD	NVD		
			% Non- Fibrous Material		100 001				100 00)))			100.00	20.001	3.		100 001	200			100.00	100.001			100 00	00.001	
Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	Date of Report : 02/03/22		Sample Description		1st Floor, Corridor, Ceiling Plaster	White Coat			3rd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster	Brown Coat			3rd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster	Brown Coat			3rd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster	Brown Coat			2nd Floor, Library, Wall Plaster Brown	Coat			2nd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster	Brown Coat	
onmental/2			Analysis																	*Con.							
Envire	43		oscope	Ε	Ŧ	G	Н	E	ഥ	Ð	王	田	F	Ō	田	Ш	ഥ	Ŋ	H	Ξ	F	G	E.	ਸ	ഥ	Ŋ	Н
: Отеда	22-01-0		Stereomicroscope Analysis	MM	1	198.1		BR	_	198.1	200	BR		198.1		BR	1	198.1		BR		198.1		BR	-	198.1	
dress	ry ID	$\ \cdot\ $		∀	В	3 .		A	<u>m</u>	3. C		A	B	3- C	Ω	≺_	B	3- C	Ω	A	<u>l</u> m	13- C	<u> </u>	A	<u> m</u>	C C	Ω
Client/Ad	Laboratory ID: 22-01-043		Client ID# Lab ID#	ç	ار ا	22-01-043-	19	θc	3	22-01-043-	20	;	7	22-01-043-	21	ć	77	22-01-043-	22	Š	73	22-01-043-	23		5 7	22-01-043-	24

Pate of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22 Pate of Analysis: 01/25/22 Pate of Analysis: 01	Client/Addr	ess: (Omega E	nvironmenta	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	90	Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	by Blvd	Pro	Proj#: 22-1037	
Stereomicroscope Analysis Sample Description Stereomicroscope Analysis Sample Description Stereomicroscope Analysis Sample Description Sample Description Marchael Marcha	Laboratory	ID: 2	22-01-04.	3			Date of Analysis:	01/25/22,	01/27/22		
Stereomicroscope Analysis Sample Description Fibrous Fibro											
NAD NAD	Client ID # Lab ID #	Ster	reomicros	cope Analysi	Samı	% Non- Fibrous Material	% Friable Results	% AII	% PLM NOB Results	% *TEM NOB Results	% TOTAL Asbestos
D	30	A	BR	ョ			NAD				
NAD NAD	5	В	1	ഥ	1st Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster Brown	100 00	NVD	***************************************			NAD
D	22-01-043-	၁	198.1	Ð	Coat	100.001					
A BR E	25	Ω		Н							
NAD F F 1st Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster Brown 100 00 NVD F F St Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White 100.00 NVD F F St Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White F F F F F F F F F	, ,	A	BR	E			NAD		-3500		
C 198.1 C Coat Coat) 1	В	П	ш	1st Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster Brown	100.00	NVD				NAD
D H I	22-01-043-	10000000	198.1	Ð	Coat	20.001		~			
A WH E AvD NAD NAD NAD C 198.1 G Std Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White 100.00 NVD NVD NVD NVD A WH E Std Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White 100.00 NVD	26	a		H		ş))			
B 1 F 3rd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White Coat 100.00 Load NAD NAD <td>7.0</td> <td>V</td> <td>WH</td> <td>E</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	7.0	V	WH	E							
C 198.1 G Coat NAD NAD P P A WH E A WH E NAD NAD P P B 1 F A WH E NAD P P P A WH E A WH E NAD P <td>/7</td> <td>В</td> <td>-</td> <td>Ľ.</td> <td></td> <td>100.00</td> <td>NVD</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>NAD</td>	/7	В	-	Ľ.		100.00	NVD				NAD
A WH E NAD	22-01-043-		198.1	Ð		100.00					}
A WH E NAD NAD NAD R<	27	Ω		H) >					
B 1 F 3rd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White Coat 100.00 NVD NAD	9,0	А	MM	Ξ			NAD				
C 198.1 G Coat LOGOA LOGOA LOGOA LOGOA NAD	07	В	1	F	3rd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White	100 00	NVD				NAD
D H MAD NAD	22-01-043-		198.1	Ð	Coat	20.001					}
A WH E 3rd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White Coat 100.00 NVD NAD	28	Q		H							
B 1 F 3rd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White Coat 100.00 NVD NAD NAD NVD NAD	or c	V	WH	Ξ			NAD				
C 198.1 G Coat Coat LOG LOG <td>67</td> <td>В</td> <td>1</td> <td>ഥ</td> <td>3rd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White</td> <td>100.00</td> <td>NVD</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>N O O</td>	67	В	1	ഥ	3rd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White	100.00	NVD				N O O
D H	22-01-043-		198.1	ව	Coat	77.70					<u>}</u>
A WH E 2nd Floor, Library, Wall Plaster White IO0.00 NVD R IOD <	29	Ω		* <mark>ard</mark> **							
B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, Wall Plaster White IOO.00 NVD R </td <td>3.0</td> <td>A</td> <td>WH</td> <td>ш</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>NAD</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	3.0	A	WH	ш			NAD				
C 198.1 G D H	2	В	-	Ħ	2nd Floor, Library, Wall Plaster White	100 00	NVD				NAD
D	22-01-043-		198.1	G	Coat	100:00					}
	30	D		Н							

Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22 Non- brous % Friable Results % All Results Results Results Results NAD NA	ient/Addre	ss: Omega	Environ	mental/2	80 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	90	Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	by Blvd	Pro	Proj#: 22-1037	
Stereomiter scope Analysis Sample Description Stereomiter Stereomite	oratory l	D: 22-01-0)43				Date of Analysis:	01/25/22,	01/27/22		
WH E	ent ID# Ib ID#	Stereomics	oscope A	Analysis	Sample Description	% Non- Fibrous	% Friable Results	% AII	% PLM NOB Results	% *TEM NOB Results	% TOTAL Asbestos
B		L	田			TAT CALL	NAD				
C 198.1 G		B 1	ഥ		2nd Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White	000	NAD				6
NAD NAD			T		Coat	100.00					awı
NAD NAD		D	Н								
Name F 198.1 G 198.1			Ε				NAD		8.		
C 198.1 C Coat Coat		B 1	ഥ		1st Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White	100 00					Z
MAD F MAD	- VM 60000				Coat	106.50		7			
A WH E Ist Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White 100.00 NVD NVD D 198.1 G	je de la companya de	D	Н								
B 1 F 1st Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White Coat 100.00 NAD			Ш								
C 198.1 G Coat Load	1	B 1	Ŧ		1st Floor, Corridor, Wall Plaster White	100.00					C V N
A BR/GR E NAD		<u> </u>				100.00					
A BR/GR E 2nd Floor, Library, Drywall 75.00 NAD NAD P	•	D	H)					
B 2 F 2nd Floor, Library, Drywall 75.00 MAD C C C 198.1 G C							NAD				
C 198.1 G Introduct, Library, Jojint Compound 70.00 NAD P </td <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>75.00</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ZAD</td>	1					75.00					ZAD
D 25 H mode mode <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>00:01</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•					00:01					
A BR/GR E 1st Floor, Cafeteria, Drywall 70.00 And Description NAD And Description NAD And Description And Description <td></td> <td></td> <td>Н</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			Н								
B 2 F 1st Floor, Cafeteria, Drywall 70.00		<u> </u>	\vdash				NAD				
C 198.1 G Intercept of the content of	,		F			70.00					NAN
D 30 H NAD											}
A WH E NAD NAD B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, Joint Compound 100.00 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>Ĥ</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•		Ĥ								
B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, Joint Compound 100.00 6 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 8 9 8 9			ш				NAD				
C 198.1 G Zind Floot, Library, Joint Compound 100.00 D H	2	B 1	L www.		Lange Tiberen Inches	100 00					ž
D					ziid Fioot, Etotaly, Joint Compound	100.00					aevi –
		D	Н								

		% TOTAL Asbestos			L AN	1		5	NAN I	1			I AND				A W			į	U.V.	I		<u>;</u>		T
Proj#: 22-1037		% *TEM NOB Results																								
Proj	/27/22	% PLM NOB Results					Jr.	()																		
oy Blvd	01/25/22, 01	% AII		<u> </u>	<u> 1</u>	<u> </u>		Les				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O			<u>L</u>	<u> </u>	I		<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>
Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	% Friable Results	NAD				NAD				NAD				NAD				NAD		- France		NAD			
		% Non- Fibrous Material		00 001	100.00				90:90 1			10000	00.00	I		0000	100.00	L			00.001	1		0000	00.001	1
280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	Date of Report: 02/03/22	Sample Description		2nd Eloce Library Joint Commonwal	ziid riooi, Lioraly, Joint Compound			1 - FI	1st Floor, Careteria, Joint Compound			SHOW THE REAL	₽ (3rd Floor, Classroom- Soffit, Joint	Compound	A.	Ź	3rd Floor, Classroom- Soffit, Joint	Compound			2nd Floor, Classroom- Soffit, Joint	Compound	
ironmental/		pe Analysis			r bo							_									844		-			
: Omega Env	: 22-01-043	Stereomicroscope Analysis	WH E	1 F	198.1 G	H	MH E	1 F	198.1 G	Н	WH E	1 F	198.1 G	H	WH E	1 F	198.1 G	H	WH E	1 F	198.1 G	5	MH E	1	198.1 G	1
Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St.	Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	Client ID # St	A A	3, B	22-01-043- C	37 <u>D</u>	3.8 A	B B	22-01-043- C	38 <u>D</u>	A	39 B	22-01-043- C	39 D	A) A0	A B	22-01-043- C	40 D	A A 1	B	22-01-043- C	41 D	A) CL	B	22-01-043- C	7

LABORATORY TESTING SERVICES INC. 29-12 38th Ave. LIC, NY 11101 Phone: (718) 729 2100

Laboratory ID: 22-01-043 Client ID # Stereomicroscope Analysis Lab ID # A R E		Date of Report: 02/03/22				The state of the s		
1 1 1 1 1				Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	/25/22, (01/27/22		
A R B 1 C 198.1	pe Analysis	Sample Description	% Non- Fibrous	% Friable Results %	% AII	% PLM NOB	% *TEM NOB Results	% TOTAL
A R B 1 C 198.1			Material			Wesults	CHREAT	Asbestos
B 1 C 198.1				NAD	l			
C 198.1		3rd Floor MEB 217A Terrocotto	100 00		1			2
)		ora i root, intervo 1775, rendootta	100.00		<u> </u>			ary.
43 D H				The second secon	1			
A R E				NAD		***		
B 1 F	-	E :: 50 :: 5	7		4	<u>\</u>		2
22-01-043- C 198.1 G	. T	ist riou; Collidol, Terracolla	20.00		anay)			NAU
44 D H					er (3)			
A BR E				NAD (
B I		3rd Floor, MER 317A, Terracotta-			1			Ş
22-01-043- C 198.1 G		. É	100.00					NAD
45 D H			*		1			
A BR E				NAD				
В 1 F		3rd Floor, MER 313, Terracotta-	100 00		.			Z
22-01-043- C 198.1 G]	Mortar	100.001					IAD
46 D H								
A BR E				NAD NAD				
4, B 1 F		2nd Elon Comiden Township Market	00.001		1			Z Y
22-01-043- C 198.1 G			100.00		•			IAN
47 D H					1			
A BR E				NAD				
B 1 F		2nd Elon Comider Townsontte Mortes	100 00		I			Z 4 7
22-01-043- C 198.1 G		ziid i 1001, Collinol, i cilacolla- iviolitai	100.001		ł			TAN .
48 D H			,					

		% TOTAL Asbestos		2	NAD			2	NAD			C 4 2	aevi			2	Q W			0.470	IVAD			NAN	TAN .	
Proj#: 22-1037		% *TEM NOB Results																								
Pro	01/27/22	% PLM NOB Results					d. Vi																			
oy Blvd	01/25/22,	% AII		-					7																	
Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	% Friable Results	NAD				NAD				NAD				NAD				NAD				NAD			
		% Non- Fibrous Material		0000	100.001			100.001	30.00			I - 9	20.001			100 001	100.001			00000	100.00	•		100 001	100.001	
280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	Date of Report: 02/03/22	Sample Description		T	ist floor, Coffidor, Lenfacotta- Mortar			244 Elect MED 217A P. 2 B. 21.	3rd F100r, MEN 31/A, Ned Brick			1st Bloom Corridon Bad Bridy	Collidol, IXed Diller			3rd Floor, MER 317A, Red Brick-	Mortar			3rd Floor, MER 313, Red Brick-	Mortar			2nd Floor Corridor Dad Briol Morton	ziid 1 1001, Collidol, Ned Dilen- Moltal	
ronmental/		oe Analysis																								
Omega Envi	22-01-043	Stereomicroscope Analysis	BR E	1 F	198.1 G	H	R E	1 F	198.1 G	H	R E	1 F	198.1 G	H	GR E	1 F	198.1 G	H	GR E	1 F	198.1 G	4	GR E	1 F	198.1 G	H
Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St.	Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	Client ID # Str Lab ID #	A	44 B	22-01-043- C	49 D	A S	B	22-01-043- C	50 D	51 A	В	22-01-043- C	51 D	A 52	B	22-01-043- C	52 D	A A	B	22-01-043- C	53 D	A A	B	22-01-043- C	54 D

LABORATORY TESTING SERVICES INC. 29-12 38th Ave. LIC, NY 11101 Phone: (718) 729 2100

NAD NAD	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hacker Laboratory ID: 22-01-043 Date of Report: 02/03/22	vironmental/280 Huyler St., Date of Repo			So. Hackensack, NJ 07606 rt: 02/03/22	Projed Date o	Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	lvd :5/22, 0		Proj#: 22-1037	
A GR E	Client ID # Lab ID #	Stereom	icrosc	Stereomicroscope Analysis	Sample Description			AII	% PLM NOB Results	% *TEM NOB Results	% TOTAL Asbestos
B	5.5			(r)		NAL					
C 198.1 G C C C C C C C C C)	B 1		ĹŢ.		00.00					Z Y Z
D	22-01-043-			£		0.00					
A GR E	55	D	-	T				L			
B 1 F Ist Floor, Corridor, Red Brick-Mortar 100.00 NAD D H A GR E NAD NAD C 198.1 G A GR E NAD NAD D H A GR E NAD NAD NAD A GR E A GR E NAD NAD A GR E A GR E NAD NAD B 1 F A GR E NAD NAD C 198.1 G A	2.8			(tr)		NAL			43.77		
C 198.1 G C C C C C C C C C	?	B 1		[1.		w 0		1 25			Ž
A GR E 2nd Floor, Library, CMU 100.00 NAD H C 198.1 G NAD NAD A GR E NAD NAD B 1 F NAD NAD A GR E NAD NAD B 1 F NAD NAD B 1 F NAD NAD B 1 F NAD NAD A GR E NAD NAD B 1 F NAD <td>22-01-043-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ל'ז</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>tareny,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>OW.</td>	22-01-043-			ל'ז				tareny,			OW.
A GR E 2nd Floor, Library, CMU 100.00 C 198.1 G 100.00 A GR E 3rd Floor, Library, CMU 100.00 D H 3rd Floor, Library, CMU- Mortar 100.00 C 198.1 G 2nd Floor, Library, CMU- Mortar 100.00 A GR E 100.00 A GR E 100.00 B 1 F 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00 C 198.1 G 100.00 D H 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00	56	D		H.				e e			
B I F 2nd Floor, Library, CMU 100.00 D H 3rd Floor, Library, CMU 100.00 B I F 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU 100.00 D H 3rd Floor, Library, CMU- Mortar 100.00 D H 2nd Floor, Library, CMU- Mortar 100.00 D H 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00 C 198.1 G 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00 D H H 100.00 H	5.7			(n)		NAL					
C 198.1 G A GR E B A GR E B B B CMU 100.00 100.00 C 198.1 G C 198.1	'n	В		[T.				<u></u>			Ž
D H 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU 100.00 B 1 F 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU 100.00 D H C 198.1 G C A GR E C 2nd Floor, Library, CMU- Mortar 100.00 D H C 198.1 G C B 1 F C 100.00 C 198.1 G C 100.00 D H C 198.1 G C D H H C 100.00 C D H H C 100.00 C	22-01-043-			5		0.00 0.00		<u></u>			INAD
A GR E 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU 100.00 C 198.1 G 100.00 A GR E 2nd Floor, Library, CMU- Mortar 100.00 D H 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00 B 1 F 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00 C 198.1 G 100.00 100.00	57	Q		H.							
B 1 F 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU 100.00 D H 100.00 100.00 A GR E 2nd Floor, Library, CMU- Mortar 100.00 D H 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00 B 1 F 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00 C 198.1 G 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00	88			(II)		NAL					
C 198.1 G C C C C C C C C C	90	B 1		(I	MED 212 CMII			L			Ž
D H C A GR E 2nd Floor, Library, CMU- Mortar 100.00 C 198.1 G 2nd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00 A GR E 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00 C 198.1 G 100.00	22-01-043-			Ĵ	, MEN 313, CMO	0.00		l			avi [
A GR E 2nd Floor, Library, CMU- Mortar 100.00 C 198.1 G C 100.00 A GR E C 198.1 F C B 1 F Srd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00 C D H H C 100.00 C	58	D		F							
B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, CMU- Mortar 100,00 C 198.1 G A GR E B 1 F A	60			[1]		NAL					
C 198.1 G Zila 11001, Elbrary, CMO-1Moltar 100,000 C 198.1 G 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.000 C 198.1 G H H H H H H H H H	ì	B 1		Œ.	ibrowy CMII Moston	000		L			2
D H A GR E B 1 F C 198.1 G D H	22-01-043-			Car tin	olotaly, CIVIOT INIOI tai	20.00		<u> </u>			aw.
A GR E B 1 F C 198.1 G 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar 100.00	59	D	u nd ig	Ļ				I			1
B 1 F 3rd Floor, MER 313, CMU- Mortar C 198.1 G G D H H	60			נדו		NAL					
C 198.1 G JILLION, MEN. 313, CMO-1MORIAN D H	3	B 1	-	[r.				L			<u> </u>
D	22-01-043-		S	Ü		00.0		L			T WAD
<i>\(\)</i>	09	D		F				L			1

Client/Addre	ss: Ome	ga Envir	onmental/	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606		Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	oy Blvd	Pro	Proj#: 22-1037	
Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	D: 22-0	1-043		Date of Report: 02/03/22		Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	01/25/22,	01/27/22		
Client ID # Lab ID #	Stereom	icroscop	Stereomicroscope Analysis	Sample Description	% Non- Fibrous Material	% Friable Results	% AII	% PLM NOB Results	% *TEM NOB Results	% TOTAL Asbestos
1.7	A GR	3 E				NAD				
<u> </u>	B 1	ഥ		1st Eloca Stairman CMII Moston	100 00					Ž
22-01-043-	C 198.1	1 G		ist floot, staircase, CiviO- Mortar	100.00					JAN
19	Ω	H								
69	A GR	S E				NAD		-		
3	B 1	F		1 of Elon Ofoliogo OMI Morton	100.00					2
22-01-043-	C 198.1	1 G		15t F1001, Stailcase, CMO-Moltal	100.00			grader. The		JEN I
62	D	Н								
67	A GR	R E				NAD				
20	B	<u>н</u>			100.00					2
22-01-043-	C 198.1	1 G	**		100.00					ARVI .
63	D	H								
77	A GR	<u>ы</u>				NAD				
r S	B 1	ᇿ		3rd Eloca Cut Zone Terrozo Elocaina	100 00					Z
22-01-043-	C 198.1	1 G			100.00					
64	D	H								
39	A GR	E				NAD				
CO	B 1	ഥ		2nd Eloor Cut Zone Terrozo Elooring	100.00					2
22-01-043-	C 198.1	<u>6</u>			70.00 70.00					aw.
65	D	H								
77	A BR	S E						INC. NAD	NAD	
3	B 1	[L		3rd Floor, Corridor, Glue Dollops-			78 67			Z
22-01-043-	C 198.4/6	4/6 G		Brown			77.00			av. [
99	D	H								

NAD NAD	ient/Addr	ess:	Omega E	nvirc	onmental/2	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	Siwano	y Blvd	d	Proj#: 22-1037	
Sample Description Fritzens Sample Description Sample Description Fritzens Sample Description Sample Descri	oratory	ä	22-01-04	6		Date of Report: 02/03/22	Date of An	alysis: (01/25/22,			
Naterial Naterial	ient ID # ab ID #	Ste	reomicros	scope	Analysis	ole Description	 		% AII	% PLM NOB Results	% *TEM NOB Results	% TOTAL
A BR E		╛		ļ		Mate	rial					Asbestos
B	29	A	BR	ш						INC. NAD	NAD	
C 198.4/6 G H NAD	ò	В	-	4		1st Floor, Cafeteria, Glue Dollops-	8840		47 60			,
Math	-01-043-	၁	198.4/6	G		Brown			45.39			NAU
NAD NAD	29			H								
B 2 F 31d Floor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe 50.00 NAD	89	V	S/HM	田	10		NAD			***		
C 198.1 G Wrap Wrap Wrap So.00 Wab Wrap So.00 Wrap Wrap So.00 Wrap Wrap Wrap So.00 Wrap Wra	9	В	2	H.						0		,
May H	-01-043-	ပ	198.1	Ð								NAD
A WH/S E 10 B 2 F 2nd Floor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe \$0.00 NAD A WH/S E 10 Ist Floor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe \$0.00 NAD C 198.1 G Ist Floor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe \$0.00 NAD C 198.1 G Ist Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling NC NAD A GR E INC NAD A GR E INC NAD B 1 F INC NAD B 1 F INC NAD C 198.4/6 G INC NAD B 1 F INC NAD C 198.4/6 G INC NAD C 198.4/6 G INC NAD C 198.4/6 G INC NAD	. 89	a	40	Н				10 0	Š.			·
B 2 F 2nd Floor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe 50.00 NAD NAD A WH/S E Ist Floor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe 50.00 NAD NAD B 2 F Ist Floor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe 50.00 NAD NAD A GR E Inc. NAD NA NA A GR E Inc. NAD NA A GR E Inc. NAD NA B I F Inc. NAD NA C 198.4/6 G Inc. NAD NA A GR E Inc. NAD NA B I F Inc. NAD NA C 198.4/6 G Inc. NAD NA C 198.4/6 G Inc. NAD NA B I F Inc. NAD NA C 198.4/6 G Inc. NA NA C 198.4/6 G<	709	А	S/H/W	Ξ	10		NAD	50				
C 198.1 G Wrap NAD NAD D 40 H Ist Floor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe \$0.00 NAD Image: Corridor of the property of the prop	60	В	2	[L ,]								2
D 40 H NAD NAD A WH/S E 10 NAD NAD B 2 F 1st Floor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe \$0.00 NAD Inc. NAD C 198.1 G Inc. NAD Inc. NAD Inc. NAD A GR E Inc. NAD Inc. NAD C 198.4/6 G Inc. NAD Inc. NAD A GR E Inc. NAD Inc. NAD B 1 F Inc. NAD Inc. NAD C 198.4/6 G Inc. NAD Inc. NAD A GR E Inc. NAD Inc. NAD B 1 F Inc. NAD Inc. NAD C 198.4/6 G Inc. NAD Inc. NAD	-01-043-	ပ	198.1	Ø		a						IVAD
A WH/S E f0 NAD NAD C 198.1 G S0.00 Ist Floor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe 50.00 Inc. NAD Inc. NAD D 40 H Inc. NAD Inc. NAD Inc. NAD Inc. NAD C 198.4/6 G Inc. NAD Inc. NAD Inc. NAD Inc. NAD A GR E Inc. NAD Inc. NAD Inc. NAD C 198.4/6 G Inc. NAD Inc. NAD B I F Inc. NAD Inc. NAD C 198.4/6 G Inc. NAD Inc. NAD C 198.4/6 G Inc. NAD Inc. NAD	69	Ω	40	王		99%.						•
B 2 F IstFloor, Corridor, Fiberglass Pipe 50.00 50.00 Inc. NaD C 198.1 G A GR E Inc. NaD Inc. NaD Inc. NaD A GR E Tile Inc. NaD	70	A	S/H/M	Э	10		NAD					
C 198.1 G Wrap Journal Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling Journal Library, 2x4 Design Ceil	2	В	2	ĹĽ,								2
A GR E INC. NAD B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling 72.05 INC. NAD C 198.4/6 G 72.05 INC. NAD A GR E INC. NAD B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling 68.29 INC. NAD C 198.4/6 G H 68.29 INC. NAD	01-043-	၁	198.1	G								INAD
A GR E INC. NAD B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling 72.05 INC. NAD C 198.4/6 G INC. NAD INC. NAD A GR F 2nd Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling 68.29 INC. NAD C 198.4/6 G Tile Tile 198.4/6 G	70		40	H								
B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling 72.05 72.05 72.05 C 198.4/6 G H INC. NAD INC. NAD A GR E INC. NAD INC. NAD C 198.4/6 G Tile 68.29 INC. NAD D H H H H H	7.1	∢	GR	Э						INC. NAD	NAD	
C 198.4/6 G Tile 7.2.03 Mon. Nap A GR E Inc. Nap Inc. Nap B 1 F Inc. Nap Inc. Nap C 198.4/6 G G 68.29 Inc. Nap D H H H H H H	-	В	1	E		2nd Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling			30 62			<u> </u>
D H INC. NAD A GR E INC. NAD B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling 68.29 68.29 C 198.4/6 G Tile D H H	-01-043-	၁	198.4/6	O		Tile						IWAD
A GR E Inc. NAD B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling 68.29 68.29 C 198.4/6 G Tile D H H	71	Ω		H								·
B 1 F 2nd Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling C 198.4/6 G Tile D H H	7.	А	GR	n H						INC. NAD	NAD	
C 198.4/6 G Tile	4	В		ഥ		2nd Floor, Library, 2x4 Design Ceiling			06.63			<u> </u>
Q	-01-043-	C	198.4/6	g		Tile			00.29			IAD
	72	Ω		H		and the second of the second o						

Client/Addre	ss: Omega	Envi	ronmental/2	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606		Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	by Blvd	Pro	Proj#: 22-1037	
Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	D: 22-01-0	43				Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	01/25/22,	01/27/22		
										/0
Client ID# Lab ID#	Stereomicroscope Analysis	oscop	e Analysis	% Sample Description Fi	% Non- Fibrous Material	% Friable Results	% AII	% PLM NOB Results	% *TEM NOB Results	70 TOTAL Asbestos
72	A Y/WH	E						INC. NAD	NAD	
L	B 2	ഥ		3rd Floor, Corridor, 2x2 Ceiling Tile-			59 34			NAD
	C 198.4/6	0		Fiberglass Wrap						
73	D	工								
7.4	A Y/WH	Ε						INC. NAD	NAD	
	B 2	F		2nd Floor, Corridor, 2x2 Celling Tile-			78.74			NAD
22-01-043-	C 198.4/6	5 G		Fiberglass Wrap			7)		
74	D	Н								
27.	A BR/S	E	10		,	NAD				
3	B 2	ഥ		iberglass Duct	20.00					NAD
22-01-043-	C 198.1	O		Wrap						
7.5	D 40	H			•					
7.6	A BR/S	田	10			NAD				
2	B 2	규		Fiberglass Duct	20.00					NAD
22-01-043-	C 198.1	G		Wrap						
92	D 40	Η								
7.1	A BR/S	ш	10			NAD				
	B 2	F		iberglass Duct	00 U.S					NAD
22-01-043-	C 198.1	Ð	escali.	Wrap)))					
77	D 40									
7.8	A BR	田						INC. NAD	NAD	
9	B 1	[I]		1st Floor Cafeteria 2x1 Ceiling Tile	-		21.89			NAD
22-01-043-	C 198.4/6	9 G		131 1001, Calciola, 231 (Cilling 1110						·
78	D	픠								

% All Results % * TEM NOB Results N * TEM NOB Asbestos 26.53 INC. NAD INC
26.53 INC. NAD INC. N
26.53 INC. NAD INC
20.83 INC. NAD INC. N
20.83 INC. NAD INC. N
20.83 INC. NAD INC. N
20.83 INC. NAD INC. NAD INC. NAD INC. NAD INC. NAD INC. NAD INC. NAD
18.71 INC. NAD
18.71 INC. NAD
18.71 INC. NAD
18.71 INC. NAD INC. N
INC. NAD INC. NAD INC. NAD
INC. NAD INC. NAD INC. NAD
INC. NAD INC. NAD INC. NAD
INC. NAD
INC. NAD
INC. NAD
INC. NAD
INC. NAD
INC. NAD
INC. NAD
INC. NAD
56.14
56.14

Client/Addre	ss: Omega	a Envir	onmental/2	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	oy Blvd	Pre	Proj#: 22-1037	
Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	D: 22-01-	043		Date of Report: 02/03/22	Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	01/25/22,	01/27/22		
Client ID#	Stereomicroscope Analysis	roscope	Analysis	% Non-Sample Description	on- ous % Friable Results	% AII	% PLM NOB	% *TEM NOB	% TOTAL
Lab ID#		•		I			Kesuits	Kesults	Asbestos
58	A GR	臼					INC. NAD	NAD	
6	B 1	দ		3rd Floor, Room 352, 2x2 Ceiling Tile-		82.02			
22-02-043-	C 198.4/6	9/ D		Pinholes		20.20			agy:
85	D	Н							
88	A R	Ξ					INC. NAD	TRACE CH	
2	B 1	ഥ		3rd Floor, Weight Room, MER, Pink		2986			TDACE
22-02-043-	C 198.4/6	9/		Fire Stop Caulk		0.07			TOWN
98	Q	Н							
60	A R	Ξ					INC. NAD	NAD	
0	B 1	ഥ		MER, Pink		78.38			Ž
22-02-043-	C 198.4/6	D 9/		ressrip.		70.30			awi.
87	D	Н							
88	A Y	E					INC. NAD	NAD	
00	B 1	ഥ		2nd Floor, Library, Blue Cove Base		76.15			Z Z
22-02-043-	C 198.4/6	D 9/		Glue		7.07			
88	Q	Н							
G	A BL	田	i de la companya de				INC. NAD	NAD	
60	B 1	Н		2nd Floor I ihram, Blue Cove Base	1	7.42			Z 2
22-02-043-	C 198.4/6	9/		Zilu i iooi, Lioialy, Diuc Cove Dase		7t: /			
68	D	E.							
00	Y Y	B					INC. NAD	NAD	
2	B 1	ĹĽ,		2nd Floor, Library, Blue Cove Base		17.65			Z Z
22-02-043-	C 198.4/6	9/		Glue		6.71			
06	р	H							

LABORATORY TESTING SERVICES INC. 29-12 38th Ave. LIC, NY 11101 Phone: (718) 729 2100

		% TOTAL Asbestos		2	TAN D			2				2	A CALL			C 4 7	O. P. I.			2	A VI			2	TW.	
37		% *TEM NOB Results																								
Proj#: 22-1037		% *TE	NAD				NAD				NAD				NAD				NAD				NAD			
Pro	:2	% PLM NOB Results									C								a				D			
	, 01/27/2	% PI R	INC. NAD				INC. NAD				INC. NAD				INC. NAD				INC. NAD				INC. NAD			
oy Blvd	Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	% AII		77.	C / . +			10.63				70.07	70.07			15.70	17:77			20 07	30.04			10.78	10.70	
Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	Analysis	% Friable Results			486.	25000																				
Project:	Date of	% Friabl								il i																
		% Non- Fibrous Material										Y	renge Li	Ŷ.												
Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	Date of Report: 02/03/22	Sample Description		2nd Eloon I ihmam, Dlus Cours Bore	ziiu riooi, Libiaiy, Biue Cove Base			3rd Floor, Corridor, Red Fire Stop	Caulk			2nd Floor, Corridor, Red Fire Stop	Caulk			2 rd Elong Comiden Doing Dung Coully	Station, Collinol, Deige Duct Cauth			Sad Discontinuo and and and Discontinuo	Zila F1001, COLLIGOI, Beige Duct Caulk			2rd Floor MED 313 Grav Duot Coully	Jim 11001, William Jia, Cicy Duct Cault	
onmental		e Analysis																		***************************************						
Envir	43	oscopi	田	H	Ð	Н	Ξ	ഥ	g G	Н	E	ഥ	Ð	Н	Э	Щ	. G	Н	E	д	to.	E,	Э	ш	D	H
s: Omega	1: 22-01-0	Stereomicroscope Analysis	BL	-	198.4/6		R	-	198.4/6		R	I	198.4/6		, X		198.4/6		Y	-	198.4/6		GR	-1	198.4/6	
ldres	ry ID	-	A	В	. 2 .		Y_	В	3- C	D	H	В	3- C	D	H	В	3- C	Q	A	В	3- C	Ω	А	В	3- C	Ω
Client/Ac	Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	Client ID # Lab ID #	5	1	22-01-043-	16	ે	,	22-01-043-	92	03	3	22-01-043-	93	70	<u></u>	22-01-043-	94	30	2	22-01-043-	95	90	2	22-01-043-	96

Client/Addre	ess: C	тева Еп	viror	mental/2	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St. So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	Project: 65 Siwanov Blvd	S Siwan	v Blvd	Pre	Proi#: 22-1037		
I ahoratory ID: 22-01-043		2-01-043			Date of Denort 02/02/2	Data of Analysis: 01/05/10 01/07/10	nolycie	01/05/00				
Daboratory	7	C+0-10-2			Date of Report: 02/03/22	Date of A	illalysis.	01/23/22,	01/2//22			
Client ID # Lab ID #	Ster	Stereomicroscope Analysis	cope A	\nalysis	% Sample Description Fib	% Non- Fibrous % Friable Results Material	Results	% AII	% PLM NOB Results	% *TEM NOB Results		% TOTAL Asbestos
20	А	GR	Ξ						INC. NAD	NAD		
	В	1	ഥ		3rd Floor MED 313 Gray Duot Coulk			77 8				Ž
22-01-043-	C	198.4/6	G		ord 1001, MEN 313, Orey Duct Caulty		.48	0.75				aevi
24	Ω		H									
80	A	MH	田						INC. NAD	NAD		
?	В	1	ഥ		2 nd Fl. co Co D. C. C			7				2
22-01-043-	ט	198.4/6	Ð		old Floor, Collinor, Expansion Caulk			7.0.7				TAN.
86	a,		Н				22					
00	Y	WH	Э				2		INC. NAD	NAD		
66	В	-	щ			V		1 27				2
22-01-043-	C	198.4/6	Ð		Sid Floot, Collidor, Expansion Caulk			1.3/				JAN
66	Ω		H									
100	A	BK	Э						INC. NAD	NAD	-	
001	В	1	Ŧ		3rd Floor, Room 352, Mastic Under			2.02				2
22-01-043-	C 1	198.4/6	G		(2x12 Tan Tile			50.5				aw.
100	D		Н									
101	∀	F	<u>Э</u>						INC. NAD	NAD		
707	В		Ľ.		3rd Floor, Room 352, 12x12 Tan Tile			101				2
22-01-043-	ر ا	198.4/6	G		W/ Blue Specks			/0./				A V
101	D		H									
102	A	BK	<u></u>						INC. NAD	NAD		
701	В	П	[1,		2nd Floor, Room 206, Mastic Under			24 62				Z
22-01-043-	C 1	198.4/6	G		12x12 Tan Tile			70:17				aren -
102	D		Н									

		% TOTAL Asbestos		2	av.			Ž	ari.			C A Z	ac.			2	aw.			2				C V	aw.	
2-1037		% *TEM NOB Results	ND				Ω\ 				NAD				NAD				NAD							
Proj#: 22-1037			NAD				NAD				Ž V				Ň				ž							
	22	% PLM NOB Results	D				Ω				D				D				Q							
	, 01/27/2	% PI R	INC. NAD		L		INC. NAD		je prosesta		INC. NAD				INC. NAD				INC. NAD							
oy Blvd	Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	% AII		10.79	10.7			00 09	00.00			64.85	04:67			31 87	00.73			21 68	21.00			ř		
65 Siwar	Analysis	% Friable Results			48																					
Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	Date of	% Friabl						4													- Services		NAD			
		% Non- Fibrous Material										V	terenger											100 00	00.001	
280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	Date of Report: 02/03/22	Sample Description		2nd Floor, Room 206, 12x12 Tan Tile	W/ Blue Specks			3rd Floor, Room 313, Mastic Under	12x12 White Tile			13rd Floor Room 313 12x12 White Tile				1st Floor, Principal Office, Mastic	Under 12x12 White Tile			1st Floor, Principal Office, 12x12	White Tile			2nd Floor, Library, Leveling	Compound	
Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St.	.043	Stereomicroscope Analysis	Е	F	9/	H	П	Ŧ	/9 B	H	E	F	9/ 9/	Н	E	Ħ	🧷 D 9/	П	П	F	9/	Ħ	Ξ	F	1 G	Н
s: Omeg): 22-01	Stereomic	A T	B 1	C 198.4/6	6	A Y	3 1	198.4/6		A WH	B 1	C 198.4/6		A Y	3 1	C 198.4/6		A WH	3 1	C 198.4/6		A GR	3 1	2 198.1	(
Client/Addres.	Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	Client ID # S	103		3-	103 D	1.0d	B	22-01-043- C	104 D	A 105	4	22-01-043- C	105 D	A 106	B	22-01-043- C	106 D	A 107	B B	22-01-043- C	107 D	108	B	22-01-043- C	108 D

3.7		M NOB % TOTAL Asbestos		NAD					Ž	NAD	NAD	NAD	NAD GAN	NAD NAD	NAD NAD	NAD NAD	NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD NAD
Proj#: 22-1037		B % *TEM NOB Results						NAD	NAD	NAD	NAD	NAD	NAD NAD	NAD	NAD	NAD NAD	NAD	NAD NAD	NAD	NAD NAD	NAD	NAD NAD	NAD	NAD NAD	NAD NAD	NAD NAD
	01/27/22	% PLM NOB Results						INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD	INC. NAD
anoy Blvd	is: 01/25/22,	ts % AII						_	7	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	36.36	36.36	36.36	36.36	36.36	36.36	36.36	36.36	36.36	36.36
Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	% Friable Results	NAD						1							NAD	NAD	NAD	NAD	NAD NAD	NAD NAD	NAD NAD	NAD NAD	NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD	NAD NAD NAD
	a	% Non- Fibrous %		100 00	200001								Lesifes.					0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00
Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	Date of Report: 02/03/22	Sample Description		2nd Floor, Library, Leveling	Compound					- 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet	- 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet -	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet Paçade, Exterior, Decorative Stone	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone Fraçade, Exterior, Decorative Stone	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone	2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet 2nd Floor, Library, Glue Under Carpet Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone
/ironmental/2		ope Analysis	[1]	ĹĽ	G	1	E	Ľ.		G	() 1	9 H E	G G	D H H	G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	D H H H H H		D H H H G F G G	D H G F B H H H H H							
: Omega Env	: 22-01-043	Stereomicroscope Analysis	GR E	1	198.1	H	CN	-		198.4/6	198.4/6	198.4/6 GN	198.4/6 GN	198.4/6 GN 1 198.4/6	198.4/6 GN 1 198.4/6	198.4/6 GN 1 198.4/6	198.4/6 GN 1 198.4/6 GR	198.4/6 GN 1 198.4/6 GR 1 1	198.4/6 GN 1 198.4/6 198.1	198.4/6 GN 1 198.4/6 GR 1 1 198.1	198.4/6 GN 1 198.4/6 1 1 198.1	GR 198.4/6 198.4/6 198.1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 198.1	198.4/6 GN 1 198.4/6 1 1 198.1 1 1 198.1	GR GR GR 198.4/6 198.1 1 1 1 1 1 1 198.1	GR GR GR GR GR 1 1 198.1 198.1 198.1	GR GR GR 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
lient/Address:	Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	Client ID # Ste Lab ID #	1,00	B	22-01-043- C	109 D	110 A	B	- Companie	22-01-043- C	.up/Emm/en/	urb/band/ext	.0000000000	.100mm692	.156mm/697	VerStandeldin	September 2	D20mm2925	destantes			uddanier/	utransfers	.nt/pawkey2	uit transfer c	advanter/

Client/Addr	ess: Or	nega E	nvir	onmental/.	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	909	Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd	oy Blvd	Pro	Proj#: 22-1037	
Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	ID: 22	-01-04	3		Date of Report: 02/03/22		Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	01/25/22,	01/27/22		
Client ID # Lab ID #		omicros	scope	Stereomicroscope Analysis	Sample Description	% Non- Fibrous Material	% Non- Fibrous % Friable Results % AII Material	% AII	% PLM NOB Results	% *TEM NOB Results	% TOTAL Asbestos
115	А	GR	田				NAD				
	В	_	ഥ		Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone-	100 00					2
22-01-043-	0	198.1	Ŋ		Mortar	100.00					NAD
115	D		Н								
<u>~</u>	A	GR	Ш				NAD		3		
i	В	_	ഥ		Façade, Exterior, Decorative Stone-	109.00					2
22-01-043- C		198.1	G		Mortar	100.00		7			O.V.
116	Q		Н)			

Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St	., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606	Project: 65 Siwanoy Blvd P	Proj#: 22-1037
Laboratory ID: 22-01-043	Date of Report: 02/03/22	Date of Analysis: 01/25/22, 01/27/22	



PLM ANALYST M. Young



PLM-NOB ANALYST M. Young

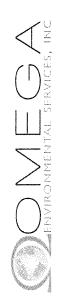
TEM-NOB ANALYST



M. Young

LABORATORY ACCREDITATION NUMBERS: NYSDOH ELAP LAB ID 12005 and NVLAP Lab Code 600253-

- *TEM-NOB was subcontracted and analysis was performed by Laboratory Testing Services Inc. at 45-09 Greenpoint Ave, LIC, NY 11104 ELAP ID # 10955, NVLAP Lab Code 101958,
- Director: Emanuel Dimitrakas
- Samples will be stored for sixty (60) days. LTS Inc. should be notified within this time frame for a true duplicate analysis.
- Above results relate only to samples submitted and analyzed. This report must not be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any U.S. Government agency. Test reports may not be reproduced except in full and with prior approval of LTS Inc.
- ELAP 6.3.2.2. Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor covering and similar non-friable organically bound materials. Quantitative transmission electron microscopy is currently the only method that can be used to determine if this material can be considered or treated as non-asbestos containing.
- The liability of LTS Inc., with respect to the services charged, shall in no event exceed the amount of the invoice.
- Analytical Methodologies: ELAP Method 198.1, 198.6, EPA 600/M4-82-020, as found in 40 CER. Part 763, App E to Subpart E, and EPA/600/R-93/116 (Point Count only).
- INC.: Inconclusive, NAD: No Asbestos Detected, NVD: No Vermiculite Detected, SAFP: Stop at First Positive
- CH: Chrysotile, AMOS: Amosite, TRE: Tremolite, ANTH: Anthophyllite, ACT: Actinolite, and CRO: Crocidolite.
- Stereomicroscopic Analysis: A. Color, B. Layers, C. Methodology, D. Cellulose, E. Fiberglass, F. Hair, G. Vermiculite, H. OTHER
- Color: BK: Black, BR: Brown, Dk BR: Dark Brown, Lt BR: Light Brown, R BR: Reddish Brown, GR: Gray, Dk GR: Dark Gray, Lt GR: Light Gray, BE: Beige, P: Pink, R: Red, T: Tan, W.H.: White, Off W.H.: Off White, Y.: Yellow, B.L.: Blue, C.R.: Cream, G.N.: Green, O.: Orange, Multi.: Multiple Colors



280 Huyler Street South Hackensack, NJ 07606 T 201.489.8700 F 201.342.5412

22-01-043

page 1 of

CHAIN OF CUSTODY/ANALYSIS REQUEST FOR ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLES

eddym@omega-env.com

and

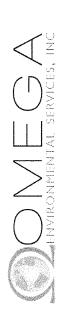
email results to: lab@omega-env.com

Project Name:		KG&D Architects	ects					Turnaround Time Requested:	1 Time Req	uested:			*	,	24 Hr TAT
Project #		22-1037						Total # of Samples:	amples:					e ⁵	1 - 116 of 116
Site Location:		65 Siwanoy I	65 Siwanoy Blvd Eastchester, NY 10709	9070			•	Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated	each indiv	idual la	yer or as	indicat	pa:	£	Ą
Sampled By:		Eddy Monto	Eddy Montoya 13-12147				•	Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop	samples w	/ithout	1 st positi	ve stop		1.	0
Date Sampled:		1/22/22	7:00 AM - 7:00PM	V			-	St	Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area	st positi	ve for e	ach hon	nogenec	ous area	¥
									10 t	Ar	Analysis Requested	adueste	٦		
3	# <u>C</u> 	L		·	٥	Description of Homogeneous Material	General		Estimated I	MJq	PLM-NOB	TEM-NOB	Other Analysis	Notes and Comments	Comments
# aldiller	# ID #	3rd Floor	Class 352			Spray On Fire Profing - Fluffy	NVD	3,000 SF		æ	0	0		GIMAD NVO)
2		3rd Floor	Class 351		1 Sp		NVD	3,000 SF	1	¥	0		0		
m		2nd Floor	Class 250	1	1 Sp		NVD	3,000 SF	+	74	۵	0	0		
4		2nd Floor	Corridor		1 Sp	Spray On Fire Profing - Fluffy	NVD	3,000 SF	1	¥	0		0		
5		1st Floor	Class 151	1	7	Juffy	NVD	3,000 SF	Ţ	A	0	0	0		
9		3rd Floor	Corridor	2	2	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	2 of 2	24	0	0	-		
7		3rd Floor	Corridor		2	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	2 of 2	186	0	-	0		
8		3rd Floor	Corridor	.7	2	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	2 of 2	4	0	_	-		
6		2nd Floor	Corridor	. 7	2	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	2 of 2	#		0	0		
10		2nd Floor	Corridor	,7	2	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	2 of 2	Ą	0	0			
11		1st Floor	Corridor	, ,	2	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF 2 of 2	2 of 2	4	0	0			
12		1st Floor	Corridor	. 7	2	Ceiling Plaster Brown Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	2 of 2	Þγ	0	_	-		
13		3rd Floor	Corridor	(1)	3	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	1 of 2	*	0		-		
14		3rd Floor	Corridor	,	<u>ن</u> ع	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF 1 of 2	1 of 2	Ą			0		
15		3rd Floor	Corridor		ٽ «	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	1 of 2	ы	0	В			
16		2nd Floor	Corridor	,,,	3	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	1 of 2	*4			0		
17		2nd Floor	Corridor	,	<u>ن</u> 3	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	1 of 2	2	0	0	-		
18		1st Floor	Corridor	~~~	3 Cr	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	Damaged	6,000 SF	1 of 2	9	0	0	0	>	
Relinquished By & Company:	y & Company:		Eddy Montoya	they made	8	Omega Environmental	Received By Company:	Company:		101	5	SALA.	MAN S		
Date & Time:			1/22/22	1	3	19:00PM	Date & Time:			_	d		7	1/25/25	
													-	4:0	

78 Plm

Analyzed By: Date & Time:

38 Plm/TEM NOB



22-01-043

9 22-1037 page 2 of Project #:

г			1		1		T		1				1	T	T	·			1	- 1	- 1	-	- 1	- 1			11
		Notes and Comments	(-INAD, NVD														→	(-1WAD						>		1/20/22	
.		Other Analysis		0				_					п		0								_		X	250	
	uested	LEM-NOB					0									_	0									Ŋ	
	Analysis Requested	PLM-NO8	0	0		0			0	0	0		0		0		0	_		0						*	
S	Analy	MJq	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	A	3	4	76	la la	¥	J	16 16	19	DF DF	A	7 8	*	#	W	*	- Sp	JE .	*	- Ja		70	
MPLE		layers	©¥															· 	-	щ	1	₽	-	1	-		
K SA	ło	# bətemitz3	1 of 2	= 2 of 2	- 2 of 2	- 2 of 2	F 1 of 2						- 11	- 11													
OS BUL		Quantity	6,000 SF	14,000 SF	14,000 SF 2 of 2	14,000 SF 1 of 2	4,500 SF	4,500 SF	4,500 SF	4,500 SF	4,500 SF	4,500 SF	4,500 SF		Company												
ASBEST		General	Damaged	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	DVN	NVD	NVD	NVD		Received By Company:	חקוב מי זווום													
DY/ANALYSIS REQUEST FOR ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLES		Description of Homogeneous Material (type, color, size, etc)	Ceiling Plaster White Coat	Wall Plaster Brown Coat	Wall Plaster White Coat	Drywali	Drywail	Joint Compound		Omega Environmental	- 1																
CUSTO		## H	8	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	52	5	5	5	5	25	2	9	9	7	7	7	7	7		Command Story	
CHAIN OF CUSTO		Location (Room, Area, etc)	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Library	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Library	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Library	Cafeteria	Library	Library	Cafeteria	Cafeteria	Classroom - Soffit		ntoya	777777
		Floor/ Level	1st Floor	3rd Floor	3rd Floor	3rd Floor	2nd Floor	2nd Floor	1st Floor	1st Floor	3rd Floor	3rd Floor	3rd Floor	2nd Floor	2nd Floor	1st Floor	1st Floor	2nd Floor	1st Floor	2nd Floor	2nd Floor	1st Floor	1st Floor	3rd Floor			
		Lab ID #																								Relinquished By & Company:	
		Sample #	19	70	21	22	23	24	25	26	72	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40		Relinquished	Date & Time:

Analyzed By: Date & Time:



27-01-043

22-1037 page 3 of Project #:

CHAIN OF CUSTODY/ANALYSIS REQUEST FOR ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLES

)	り・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・								
								10	An	Analysis Requested	adneste	٦	
***************************************								mated #	M	80N-	NOB	sisylen/	
Sample #	Lab ID #	Floor/ Level	Location (Room, Area, etc)	HA#	Description of Homogeneous Material (type, color, size, etc)	al General Condition	Quantity	iits3	1d	-MJ9	-M3T	Other	Notes and Comments
41	WATER TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	3rd Floor	Classr	7	Joint Compound	NVD	4,500 SF	1	25.	٥	0	0	(-)WAD
42		2nd Floor	Classroom - Soffit	7	Joint Compound	NVD	4,500 SF	-	Jah			0	
43		3rd Floor	MER 317A	∞	Terracotta	NVD	3,200 SF	1	Æ		٥	0	
44		1st Floor	Corridor	∞	Terracotta	NVD	3,200 SF	T	×	0			
45		3rd Floor	MER 317A	6	Terracotta - Mortar	NVD	3,200 SF	T	×	0		٥	
46		3rd Floor	MER 313	6	Terracotta - Mortar	NVD	3,200 SF	1	4			0	
47		2nd Floor	Corridor	6	Terracotta - Mortar	NVD	3,200 SF	T	œf	0		0	
48		2nd Floor	Corridor	6	Terracotta - Mortar	NVD	3,200 SF	Ţ	A	0	o	0	
49		1st Floor	Corridor	6	Terracotta - Mortar	NVD	3,200 SF	1	М		0	0	
20		3rd Floor	MER 317A	10	Red Brick	NVD	4,700 SF	H	W	0	0	٥	
51		1st Floor	Corridor	10	Red Brick	NVD	4,700 SF	1	ķ	0	0	0	
52		3rd Floor	MER 317A	11	Red Brick - Mortar	NVD	4,700 SF	⊣	•	0	۵	_	
23		3rd Floor	MER 313	11	Red Brick - Mortar	NVD	4,700 SF	+	×	0	0	0	
54		2nd Floor	Corridor	11	Red Brick - Mortar	NVD	4,700 SF	1	X 0	0	٥	o	
52		2nd Floor	Corridor	11	Red Brick - Mortar	NVD	4,700 SF	1	4	0	0		
95		1st Floor	Corridor	11	Red Brick - Mortar	NVD	4,700 SF	7	4	0	0	0	
25		2nd Floor	Library	12	сми	NVD	2,200 SF	17	×	0	В	О	
28		3rd Floor	MER 313	12	сми	NVD	2,200 SF	1	W			۵	
29		2nd Floor	Library	13	CMU - Mortar	NVD	2,200 SF	H	V	0	О	۵	
09		3rd Floor	MER 313	13	CMU - Mortar	NVD	2,200 SF	1)	0	0	o	
61		1st Floor	Staircase	13	CMU - Mortar	NVD	2,200 SF	1	*	0	0	0	
62		1st Floor	Staircase	13	CMU - Mortar	NVD	2,200 SF	1	4	0	0	0	
				1					,				
Relinquished By & Company:	& Company:		Eddy Montoya Y 244	Jan many	Omega Environmental	Received By Company:	Company:		.///	となるか	2	- ج	125/22
חמוב מי וווובי	***************************************		1/77/77	-	13.00rlvi	ממב מי ווווני							Ш

Analyzed By: Date & Time:



22-01-043

9 22-1037 page 4 of Project #:

CHAIN OF CUSTODY/ANALYSIS REQUEST FOR ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLES

 					_1		Т				T						٦	T		T	T		\neg
	Notes and Comments				F)240, (-) NAD	7				(-)~40, C-1NAD			>				(-)NAO, CANAD						7
	Notes and	(-1UA-1)		>	(+)	-	(-)WAD		>	Ĵ			7	(-)w4 ₉		→	V(-)						
şç	SizylenA 19d1O	0	0	0	0	0	0		_		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
equest	80N-M3T	0	0	o	Ŋ	¥	0	۵	0	×	*	~	₽	0	а	0	2	*	×	*	4	4	- €a
Analysis Requested	80N-MJ9	0	а	0	Þ	k	a	0	0	¥	Q	be .	¥	0	0	0	Ą	Y 5	¥	¢	¥	-8	a)r
Ā	MJq	Ä	M	þe	0		A	Y a	Ж.	٦ -		0		¥	¥ a≡	1	1 0	1 0	1	 	1 0	п П	- I
to t	Estimated #	T			← +	1	Ţ	Ţ	``		, 1	` '	, ,										
	Quantity	2,200 SF	4,800 SF	4,800 SF	3,900 SF	3,900 SF	290 Ln FT	290 Ln FT	290 Ln FT	550 SF	550 SF	1,800 SF	1,800 SF	2,300 SF	2,300 SF	2,300 SF	3,300 SF	3,300 SF	3,300 SF	3,300 SF	380 SF	380 SF	900 SF
	General	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	DVN	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	Damaged	Damaged	Damaged	Damaged	NVD	NVD	NVD
	Description of Homogeneous Material (type, color, size, etc)	CMU - Mortar	Terrazzo Flooring	Terrazzo Flooring	Glue Dullops - Brown	Glue Dullops - Brown	Fiberglass Pipe Wrap	Fiberglass Pipe Wrap	Fiberglass Pipe Wrap	2x4 Design Ceiling Tile	2x4 Design Ceiling Tile	2x2 Ceiling Tile - Fiberglass Wrap	2x2 Ceiling Tile - Fiberglass Wrap	Fiberglass Duct Wrap	Fiberglass Duct Wrap	Fiberglass Duct Wrap	2x1 Ceiling Tile	2x1 Ceiling Tile	1x1 Ceiling Tile	1x1 Ceiling Tile	2x4 Fischer Ceiling Tile	2x4 Fischer Ceiling Tile	2x2 Ceiling Tile - Pinholes
	HA#	13	14	14	15	15	16	16	16	17	17	18	18	19	19	19	70	20	21	21	22	22	23
	Location (Room, Area, etc)	Corridor	Cut Zone	Cut Zone	Corridor	Cafeteria	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Library	Library	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Cafeteria	Cafeteria	Cafeteria	Cafeteria	Library	Library	Room 352
	Floor/ Level					1st Floor	3rd Floor	2nd Floor	1st Floor	2nd Floor		3rd Floor	2nd Floor	3rd Floor			1st Floor	1st Floor	1st Floor	1st Floor	2nd Floor	2nd Floor	3rd Floor
	Lab ID #																						
	Sample #	63	64	9	99	29	89	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	9/	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84

Omega Environmental Received By Company: ///, CALLY
9:00PM Date & Time: 0 1/25/22

Eddy Montoya 1/22/22

Relinquished By & Company: Date & Time:

- althor	1/252//22
11.7	D
Analyzed By:	Date & Time:



22-1037 page 5 of Project #:

22-01-043

CHAIN OF CUSTODY/ANALYSIS REQUEST FOR ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLES

	Notes and Comments	GINAD, CANAD	(-) TRCH	C-) NAD																			→	
pa	Other Analysis	D	0		0	В		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		٥	٥	0	a	0	0	
Sequest	TEM-NO8	4	ø	9	×	ø	×	¥	*	9	•	•	10	-64	5	-4	Ē	*	76	4	*	75	4	
Analysis Requested	PLM-NOB	A	4	À	þ	·\k	*	à	¥	×	4	Þ	9	Æ	4	À	þ	8	*	æ) B	Æ	ø	
Ā	MJ4	0	0	0	0	0	0		1 0	- -	1 0	1 0	1 0			1	0	0	0	0			0	
ło	# Estimated #	1			2 of 2	1 of 2	2 of 2	1 of 2		` .							2 of 2	1 of 2	2 of 2	1 of 2	2 of 2	1 of 2	2 of 2	
	Quantity	900 SF	12 SF	12 SF	130 SF	130 SF	130 SF	130 SF	25 Sf	25 SF	30 SF	30 SF	15 SF	15 Sf	150 SF	150 SF	1,063 SF	1,063 SF 1 of 2	715 SF	715 SF	680 SF	680 SF	120 SF	
	General	GAN	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	QAN	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	NVD	
	Description of Homogeneous Material	2x2 Ceiling Tile - Pinholes	Pink Fire Stop Caulk	Pink Fire Stop Caulk	Blue Cove Base Glue	Blue Cove Base	Blue Cove Base Glue	Blue Cove Base	Red Fire Stop Caulk	Red Fire Stop Caulk	Beige Duct Caulk	Beige Duct Caulk	Gray Duct Caulk	Gray Duct Caulk	Expansion Caulk	Expansion Caulk	Mastic under 12x12 Tan Tile	12x12 Tan Tile w/Blue Specks	Mastic under 12x12 Tan Tile	12x12 Tan Tile w/Blue Specks	Mastic Under 12x12 White Tile	12x12 White Tile	Mastic Under 12x12 White Tile	
	# V	23	24	24	25	26	25	26	27	27	78	28	29	29	30	30	31	32	31	32	33	34	33	
	Location (Room Area etc)	PM 352	Weight Rooom - MER	Weight Rooom - MER	library	library	library	library	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	Corridor	MER 313	MER 313	Corridor	Corridor	Room 352	Room 352	Room 206	Room 206	Room 313	Room 313	Principal Office	(
	Floor/ I ave											2nd Floor	3rd Floor	3rd Floor		Ι.		3rd Floor	Π.		3rd Floor	3rd Floor	1st Floor	
	# C!																							
	# alume?	Janipie #	98	87	88	68	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	86	66	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	

				The second second
Relinquished By & Company:	Eddy Montoya 6	they modes	Omega Environmental	Receiv
Date & Time:	1/22/22	0	19:00PM	Date 8

Received By Company:	M > RAMPS	
Date & Time:	(25)	122

Analyzed By:	M. XXIII
Date & Time:	1/25,27/2



9 22-1037 page 6 of Project #:

22-01-043

CHAIN OF CUSTODY/ANALYSIS REQUEST FOR ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLES

									ło	An	Analysis Requested	quested			
					C this is a second	Occariation of Homographic Material			# bətemits rəyers	MJq	80N-W1	EM-NO8	er Analysis		
Sample #	Lab ID #	Floor/ Level	(Roc	HA#	(type, co	(type, color, size, etc)	Condition	Quantity	3		d	ı	110	Notes and Comments	
107		1st Floor	Principal Off.	34	12x12 White Tile		NVD	120 SF	1 of 2	۵	B	X80		(JWAD, CHNAD	0
108		2nd Floor	Library	35	Leveling Compound	pu	NVD	2,800 SF	3 of 3	g/	0) -	(-)WAD	
109	-	2nd Floor	Library	35	Leveling Compound		NVD	2,800 SF 3 of 3	3 of 3	ملا		0	0	→	
110		2nd Floor	Library	36	Glue Under Carpet		NVD	2,800 SF 2 of 3	2 of 3		y e	¥		(-) MAD (-) MAD	۵
111		2nd Floor	Library	36	Glue Ur	Glue Under Carpet	NVD	2,800 SF	2 of 3	۵	æ	-Sir		→	
112		Façade	Exterior	37	Decor	Decortive stone	NVD	140 SF	+-1	¥) -	(-)WAO	
113		Façade	Exterior	37	Decor	Decortive stone	NVD	140 SF	-	y			0		
114		Façade	Exterior	38	Decortive :	Decortive stone - Mortar	NVD	140 SF	1	Þ	۵		0		
115		Façade	Exterior	38	Decortive	Decortive stone - Mortar	NVD	140 SF	1	y	0	0			
116		Façade	Exterior	38	Decortive	Decortive stone - Mortar	NVD	140 SF	Ţ	D ()	0			\	\neg
										0	0	0	0		
											_	0			
										0	0		0		
										٥	0	0			
										٥	<u>–</u>				
										a	0				
											0	0	0		
										0		0	0		
										0	O	۵	0		
										0			0		
										0	٥	0	0		
										0		0	_		
-				1. mark			-			11		1	Z		
Relinquished	Relinquished By & Company:		t (2/cc/cc/	Roman Rover	Omega Environmental	Ironmental	Received by Company:	company:		3 M/	*	X X	Ž	1/25/27	
חמוב מי ווווב.			1/22/22		T3.00FIN		חשוני א ווווני							; N	\prod

Received By Company:	M: > grad
Date & Time:	22/22/1

Analyzed By: Date & Time:

Client/Addr	ess: (Omega Ei	nvironmental	Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. Hackensack, NJ 07606		Project: Tuckahoe Middle School	Middle S		Project #: 22-1037	1	
Laboratory ID: 22-02-233	ID: 5	2-02-23		Date of Report: 02/28/22		Date of Analysis: 02/25/22	02/25/22				
Client ID # Lab ID #	Ster	eomicros	Stereomicroscope Analysis	Sample Description	% Non- Fibrous Material	% Friable Results	% AII	% PLM NOB Results	%	FEM NOB Results	% TOTAL Asbestos
	A B	BK 1	пш					TRACE CH	5.55	СН	
22-02-233-	Ü	198.4/6	Ð	1st Floor, Gym, Black Mastic			36.97				5.55
01	Ω		Н								
,	V	BK	田					TRACE CH	NA		
۷	В	-	땁								4
22-02-233-	C	198.6	Ð	1st r 100r, Gym, Black Mastic			77:14				SAFF
02	Ω		Ξ.								
2	A	BR	B					NAD	NAD		
n	В		F								2
22-02-233-	ပ	198.4/6	Ð	ISEF 100r, Gym, Glue			4.90				NAD
03			H								
7	A	BR	Ξ					NAD	NAD		
t	В	-	ĹĨ-	0 :- 1			ŗ				2
22-02-233-	၁	198.4/6	g	1St F100r, Gym, Gitte			5.17				TAN .
04	D		Н								

Client/Address: Omega Environmental/280 Huyler St., So. H.	ackensack, N	VJ 07606 Project: Tuckahoe Middle School Project #: 22-103	Project #: 22-1037
3	Date of Report: 02/28/22 Date	e of Analysis: 02/25/22	

PLM-NOB ANALYST

Y. Selevich

PLM ANALYST

LABORATORY DIRECTOR

TEM-NOB ANALYST

E. Loukianova

E. Dimitrakas

Samples will be stored for sixty (60) days. LTS Inc. should be notified within this time frame for a true duplicate analysis.

LABORATORY ACCREDITATION NUMBERS: NVLAP Lab Code 101958-0, NYSDOH ELAP Lab ID 10955

- Above results relate only to samples submitted and analyzed. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any other agency of the U.S. Government. Test reports may not be reproduced except in full and with prior approval of LTS Inc.
- The liability of LTS Inc., with respect to the services charged, shall in no event exceed the amount of the invoice.
- Analytical Methodologies: EPA 600/M4-82-020 (Point Count only) and ELAP Methods 198.1, 198.4,198.6.
- NAD: No Asbestos Detected, NVD: No Vermigulite Detected, SAFP: Stopped at First Positive, CH: Chrysotile, AMOS: Amosite, TRE: Tremolite, ANTH: Anthophyllite, ACT: Actinolite, and CRO: Crocidolite.
- Stereomicroscopic Analysis: A: Color, B: Layers, C: Methodology, D: Cellulose, E: Fiberglass, F: Hair, G: Vermiculite, H: OTHER
- Color: BK: Black, BR: Brown, Dk BR: Dark Brown, Lt BR: Light Brown, R BR: Reddish Brown, GR: Gray, Dk GR: Dark Gray, Lt GR: Light Gray, BE: Beige, P: Pink, R: Red, T: Tan, WH: White, Off WH: Off White, Y: Yellow, BL: Blue, CR: Cream, GN: Green, O: Orange, Multi.: Multiple Colors

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC

280 Huyler Street South Hackensack, NJ 07606 T 201.489.8700 F 201.342.5412

T 201,489,8700 F 201,342,541 website www.omega-env.com

Page / of /

22-02-23/13

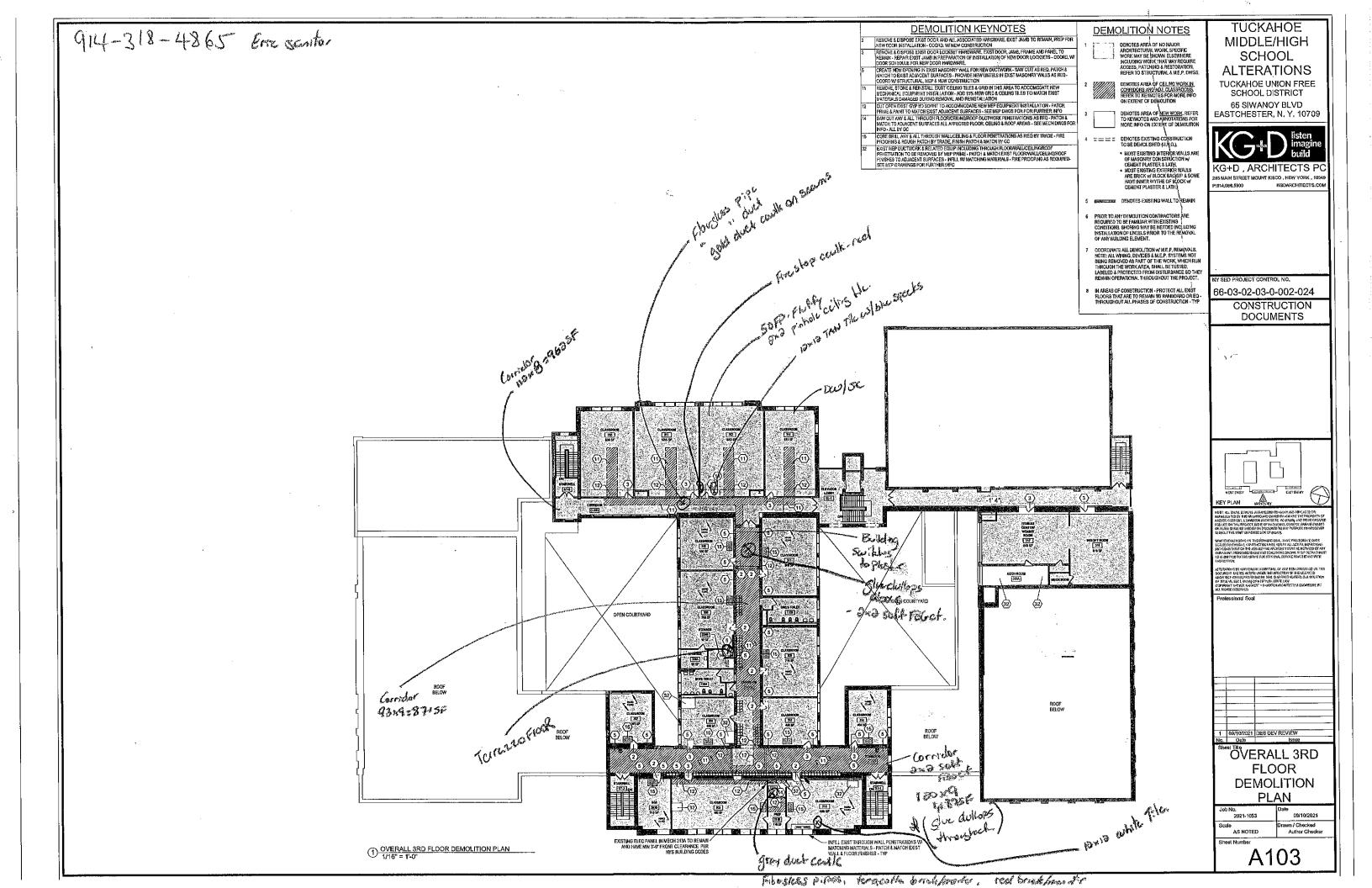
CHAIN OF CUSTODY/ANALYSIS REQUEST FOR ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLES

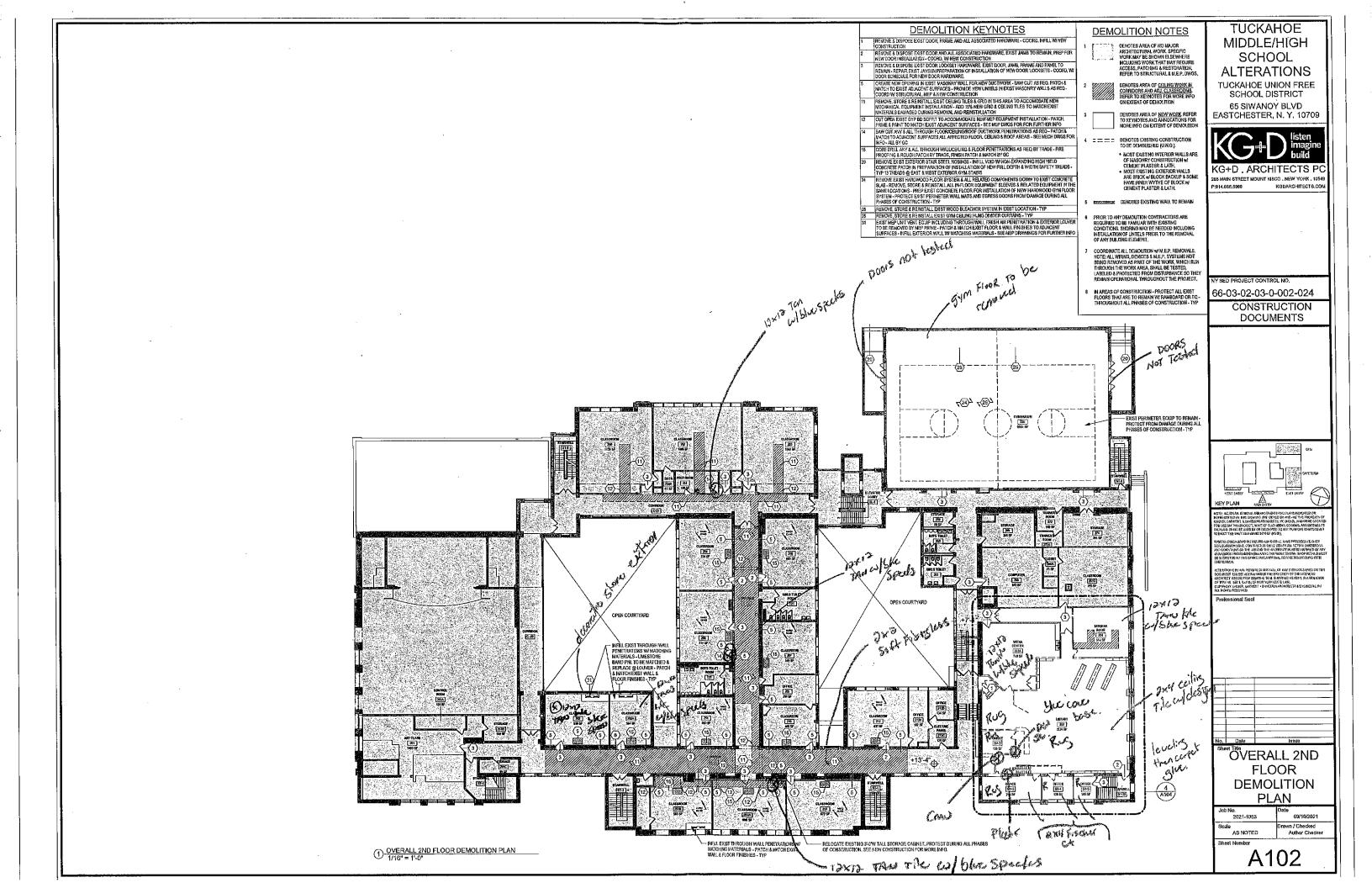
email results to: lab@omega-env.com and_

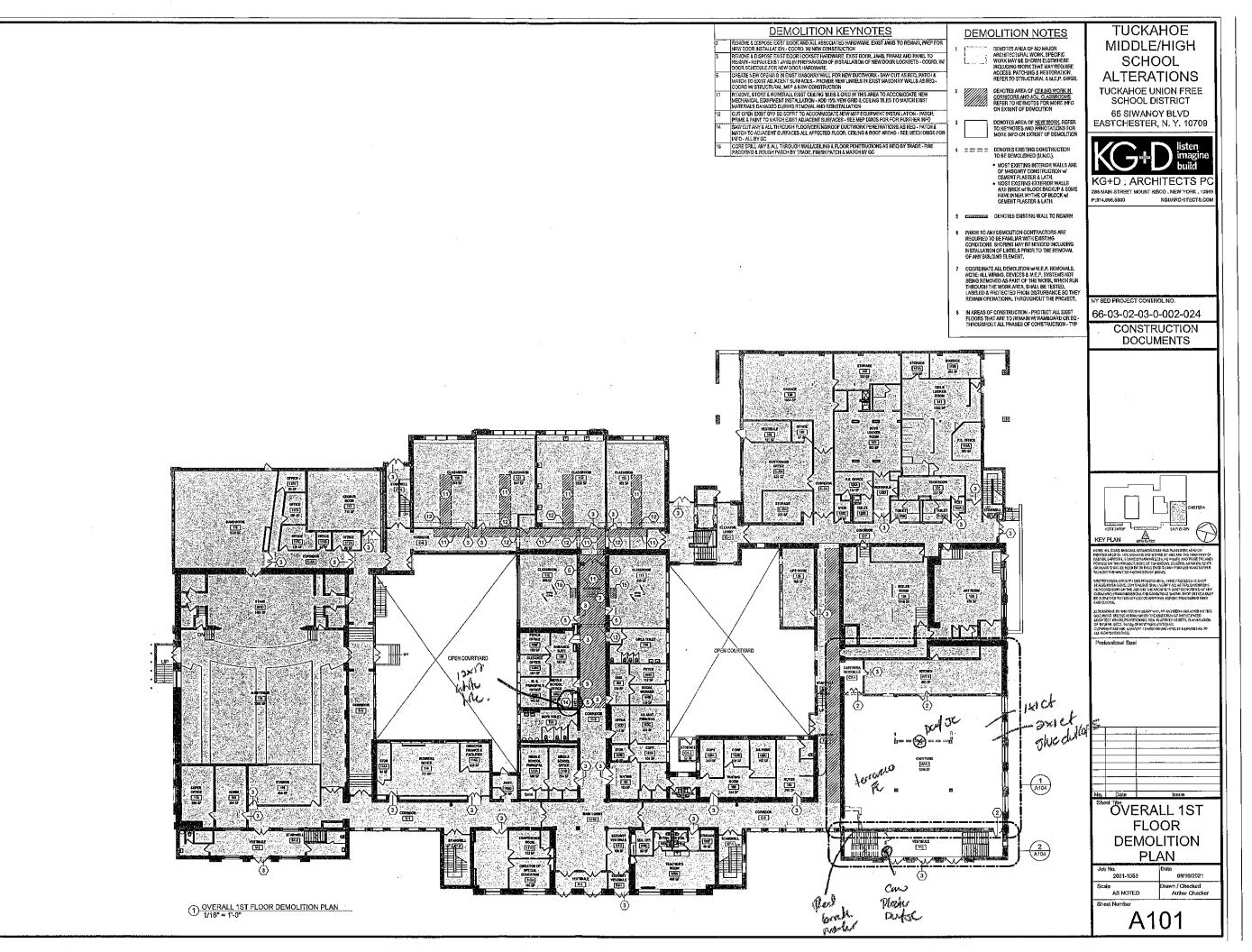
Relinquished By & Company: Textiques Washington Section Washington Washingt	l By & Company:	By & Company:		Total Internation	Droiper Name: The Regulated: Zone See Contracted: Z
M. P.	l By & Company:	l By & Company:	Total # of Samples: 22 - 10.37 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates X Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates X Analyze all samples without II positive stop X X X X X X X X X	1 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Total # of Samples: Analyze all sampleswithout II positive stop Stop after II positive for each homogeneous are Comments	22 × 1027 Hitfelfe getter Hitfelfe getter Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each or
			1 Total # of Samples: Purific goloc	Lab ID # 1 Coral # of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as Indicated Room, Area Location of Geometria Hoot/Level Floor/Level	122 - 123 - 123 - 124 -
	C (C (C (C (C (C (C (C (C (C (0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Lab ID # 1 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze all samples without It positive stop Analyze and Analyze all samples without It positive stop Analyze and	Leb ID # Location of Coordinate of Samples. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated from the confidence of Coordinate of Samples. Analyze all samples without if positive stop after if positive for each homogeneous area (type, color, free, etc.) Homogeneous Condition Condition Analysis Requested Condition Analysis Requested Comments Co	Continued Cont
			Total # of Samples: Analyze als samples with a superior of samples with	1 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated and the samples without if positive for each individual layer or as indicated and the samples without if positive for each individual layer or as indicated and samples. Analyze all samples without if positive for each individual layer or as indicated and samples. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze by each each of the samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous	1. Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all samples without in footboomy. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze by each indicate. Analyze b
# C 66/ PG///	# C 66/ PG///		Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without I positive stop	1 Continue of the samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated and the samples. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated and the samples without if positive for each individual layer or as indicated and the samples without if positive for each individual layer or as indicated and samples. I don't level the samples without if positive for each homogeneous area (type, color). Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area (type, color). Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area (type, color). Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area (type, color). Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area (type, color). Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area (type, color). Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze al	1. Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all samples without I'm positive store and individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all samples without I'm positive store and indicate. Analyze all samples without I'm positive store as indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Condition of the without I'm positive store and indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze and Analyze and Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze and Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze by each ind
- C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without I positive stop	1 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as Indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as Indicated Analyze all samples without if positive for each individual layer or as Indicated Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous area Comments Comments Comments	122 - 1627
			Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without I positive stop Analyze all samples without I positive s	1 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as Indicates Analyze by each individual layer or as Indicates Analyze all samples without I* positive for each individual layer or as Indicates Analyze all samples without I* positive for each homogeneous area (Room, Area (Room, Area (Roompany) (A X C TR. CATA C Commany (A X C TR. CATA C Commany (A X C TR. CATA C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	12 2 - 12 3 Total # of Samples: Analyze als samples without 1# positive for each homogeneous area indicate individual layer or as indicate indicat
	0 1 0 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Total # of Samples: Analyze al Samples wheth individual layer or as indicate Analyze al Samples without I positive stop Lab ID # Location Lab ID # Analyze al Samples without I positive stop Analyze IS Requested Analyze IS Requested Notes and Comments A X - Th. Earline So Notes and Notes and A X - Th. Earline So Notes and A	1 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without # of Analyze and Analyze and Analyze all samples without # of Analyze and Ana	122 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 - 123 7 - 124 / 12 / 12 / 12 / 12 / 12 / 12 / 12
		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Total # of Samples: Analyze als amples who are individual layer or as indicate Loon for the general control of the foreign o	Lab ID # 1	122 - 163.7 - 124.1616 - 50-163.7 - 124.161
	0 - 0 - 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Location Analyze all samples without II positive stop Analyze all samp	Lab ID # Manage by each individual layer or as indicated to the following the state of	Lab ID # 122 - 163.7
			Lab ID # 1	Leb 1D # Management of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated from the following from the first or f	122 - 142 - 3.7 Middle geleval Mulyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all samples without if positive stop Stop after 1" positive for each homogeneous area Location of the food
	The company.	Sy a company.	Lab ID # Of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Location of Goon, Area Analyze all samples without If positive stop Analyze and Analyze and Analyze Anal	Lab ID # Lab ID	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate
12 / 12 / 12 / 12 / 12 / 12 / 12 / 12 /	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze Samples with Analyze Supples Analyze Supples	1 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated by the sample and sample an	Lab ID # 122 - 142 - 27 124 - 142 - 27 125 - 142 - 27 126 - 27 127 127 127 127 127 127 127
The Co	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Plught Samples: Plught Samples: Plught Samples: Plught Samples: Plught Samples: Plught Samples:	1 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as Indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as Indicated Analyze all isamples without if positive stop Analyze all isamples without if positive stop Stop after 1" positive for each homogeneous area (Experiments) A Analyze by each individual layer or as Indicated Stop after 1" positive for each homogeneous area Comments Comments A Analyze By each individual layer or as Indicated Stop after 1" positive for each homogeneous area Comments Comments A X X C TH. Exprise Comments A X X TH. Exprise A X X TH. Expr	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated
My DI	I By & Company:	l By & Company:	1 Total # of Samples: Put	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 14 positive for a sample for a sa	122 - 123 7
Me , W	By & Company:	By & Company:	1 Total # of Samples: PLIANTE getter Comments Total # of Samples:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each indicat	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Bescription of Homogeneous area Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Condition of Analyze by each indicate Condition of
Se B	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Purific golds Purific	Total H of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without I floosity from of Homogeneous Analyze all samples without I floosity from of Homogeneous Analyze all samples without I floosity from of Homogeneous Analyze all samples without I floosity from of Homogeneous Analyze all samples without I floosity from of Homogeneous Analyze all samples without I floosity from of Homogeneous Analyze all samples without I floosity from of Homogeneous Analyze all samples without I floosity from of Homogeneous Analyze all samples without I floosity from of Homogeneous Analyze all samples without I floosity floosity from of Homogeneous Analyze all samples without I floosity	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Boescription of Condition of Conditi
See , Del	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each individual layer or as Indicate Analyze all samples without 14 positive stop Confidence Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze all samples without 14 positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze and Ana	Total H of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without I # positive for each homogeneous area (Room, Area, (Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze color, size, etc.) Analyze color, size, etc.) Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each indicate Analyze by eac
Sold , Bod	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze all samples without 14 positive for as Indiate Analyze all samples without 14 positive for as Indiate Analyze all samples without 14 positive for as Indiate Analyze all samples without 14 positive for as Indiate Analyze all samples without 14 positive for as Indiate Analyze all samples without 14 positive for as Indiate Analyze and samples without 14 positive for as Indiate Analyze and samples without 14 positive for as Indiate Analyze and samples without 14 positive for as Indiate Comments A X C IND A X	Total if of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates. Analyze all samples without I'm positive top after I'm positive for each homogeneous area. I CAM I Alak Analyze all samples without I'm positive for each homogeneous area. Stop after I'm positive for each homogeneous area. I CAM I Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates. Analyze all samples without I'm positive for each homogeneous area. Stop after I'm positive for each homogeneous area. Comments Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates. Analyze all samples without I'm positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates. Analyze by each indic	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or
M. D	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze all samples without 14 positive for as Indicate Analyze all samples without 14 positive for as Indicate	Total if of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze by each indicate: Analyze by eac	122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 123 10 Samples. 124 - 1027 125 - 1027 126 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
See . Del	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze by each individua	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all samples without II* positive stop. Analyze all samples without II* positive stop. Analyze all samples without II* positive or as indicate. Analyze all samples without II* positive or as indicate. Analyze all samples without II* positive or as indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze by each indicate.	122 - 1627 122 - 1627 122 - 1627 122 - 1627 123 - 1627 124 - 1627 125 - 1627 125 - 1627 126 - 1627 127 - 1627 127 - 1627 128 - 1627 129 -
Sold in the second	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all sampleswithout 1s positive stop each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all sampleswithout 1s positive stop each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all sampleswithout 1s positive stop each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all sampleswithout 1s positive stop each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze and Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area Comments Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate.	Total # of Samples:
May By	I By & Company:	By & Company:	1012 1013 10	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze by each individua	Location of Homogeneous are comments of the first of Samples. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individ
M. D.	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1the positive stop Analyze and Analyze	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze all samples without 1# positive stop Analyze all samples without 1# positive stop Analyze all samples or as indicate: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicat	Lab ID # Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate or as i
Sold in the second seco	By & Company:	By & Company:	1 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyz	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze by each individua	Lab ID # Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each or as indicate or as ind
Sold in the second seco	I By & Company:	By & Company:	1 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Anal	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze by each or as indicate: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze by each or as indicates or as in	122 - 1027
Sale , Del	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyz	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individua	122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 123 - 1027 124 - 1027 125 -
M, M	By & Company:	By & Company:	122-16237 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by i	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze by each individua	Total # of Samples:
Sold in the second seco	l By & Company:	By & Company:	1. Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate or as indica	122-1637 Mulyze gc.Lco.C Mulyze by each individual layer or as indicate and the control of the	Lab ID # Lind # Comments Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate o
Sold in the second seco	I By & Company:	By & Company:	122 - 1623 + Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated without 12 control of Samples: 27 12020 12 12020 13 12020 14 12020 15 12021 15 120	1. Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate and forestion exists. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate and forestion of the forestion of	22 × 1027 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated with the grace of the samples. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated analyze by each individual layer or as indi
S. Jan.	By & Company:	By & Company:	122 - 1023 + Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individu	Location et al. Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate and conversion et al. Samples without 1st positive stop and conversion et al. Samples and conversion et al	Lab ID # 1 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1" positive stop Analyze al
	l By & Company:	By & Company:	122 - 1023 + Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated with the general samples and the general samples by each individual layer or as indicated with the general samples by each individual layer or as indicated with the general samples without 1º positive stop and solve size of the general samples without 1º positive stop and size of color of the general samples without 1º positive stop and size of color of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of color of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of color of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of color of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of color of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples without 1º positive stop and size of general samples stop and size of general sa	Level Coordinates Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze and	Local field and the samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate and the samples by each individual layer or as indicate and so i
Sold in the second seco	I By & Company:	By & Company:	1. Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by ea	Total # of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by eac	Lab ID # Lab ID # Lack Level Lab ID # Lack Lack Lack Lack Lack Lack Lack Lack
S. Jan.	By & Company:	By & Company:	1 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated the samples of samples or as indicated to sample service or as indicated to sample service or as indicated to sample service or samples o	Cocation at the process of the pro	122 - 1037 Hitfelfe getter Hitfelfe getter Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze is each or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze is each or as indicate Analyze is each or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze is each or as
A, M	l By & Company:	By & Company:	10 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated and the samples without 1º positive stop and samples stop and sampl	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate.	22 × 1027 Rivelle getter Higher getter Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze in ana
S. Jan.	l By & Company:	By & Company:	100 at the first of the first o	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each	22.123, 123, 124, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125, 125
A, My	I By & Company:	By & Company:	10 Cym 1	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate or as indi	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate
A, M	By & Company:	By & Company:	10 Stop after 1	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate	Total # of Samples: Analyze deciding Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	10 Comments 10	100 the following single of th	1 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each indicated Analyze
A May	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1" positive stop Analyze all samples without 1" positive stop Stop after 1" positive for each homogeneous are Listimated # of Analyzis Requested Comments Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1" positive stop Analyze and Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze and Anal	1 Corn	1 Cotal # of Samples: Privide General Privide General Privide General Privide General Privide General Privide General General Fig. F
S. Jan.	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1" positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze by each indicates Analyze	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples with 1st positive stop Analyze all samples wit	222-1027 Hiddle gollon Malyze by each individual layer or as indicated analyze by each individual layer or as indicated analyze all samples. Analyze all samples without 1" positive stop analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze all samples without 1" positive stop and central analyze
A, M	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze by each indicates Analyze	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Comments I flow Mashric General I flow Mas	22 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 123 - 1027 124 - 1037 125 - 1027 126 - 1037 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 1
A MA	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze by each indicates Analyze	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1# positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each indicate Analyze all samples with indicate Analyze by each indica	22 - 1027 Hiddle getter Middle getter Malyze by each individual layer or as indicate and properties all samples without 1st positive stop and properties of the properties of the positive stop and properties of the properties of the positive stop and properties all samples without 1st positive stop and properties of the positive stop and properties of the positive stop and properties and properties of the proper
A, M	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each indicated Analyze by	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each indicate Analyze b	122 - 1027 Hiddle golder Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1" positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each indicated A
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated	22 - 1027 High lef Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop	122 - 1237 Middle golder for the first of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated	22. 16.3.7	22-10-37 4. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated the following control of the follo
A, M	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: **Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each in	Total # of Samples: **Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated to the stop of the	22.1027 Higher of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated the form of samples without 1# positive stop and series of condition of the form of
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Partial Control Partial Parti	22 - 102 7 Higher of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated and the stop and analyze all samples without 1st positive stop and analyze and analyze and analyze and analyze analyze and analyze analyze and analyze anal	22 - 1027 Higher of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated and the state of Samples without 1st positive stop and service of Stop after 1st positive for each individual layer or as indicated and service of Stop after 1st positive for each individual layer or as indicated and service of Stop after 1st positive for each individual layer or as indicated and Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop stop of Stop after 1st positive for each individual layer or as indicated and Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop and Area of Stop after 1st positive for each individual layer or as indicated and Area of Stop after 1st positive stop and Area of Stop after 1st positive stop and Area of Stop after 1st positive for each indicated and Area of Stop after 1st positive stop and Area of
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Middle gelloc. Middle gelloc. Middle gelloc. Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each indicate Ana	Total # of Samples: **Author Control # of Samples: **Author 1	22 - 1027 4.14 (E 92.6.2.7 4
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Middle general Malyze by each individual layer or as indicate Malyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze layer or as indicate Analyze layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze layer or as indicate Analyz	10tal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze	22 - 1027 4.14 6 gcl. c. C. 1. 27 - 1027 4.14 6 gcl. c. C. 5. 1027 4.14 6 gcl. c. C. 5. 1027 4.14 6 gcl. c. C. 7 gcl. c. C. 7 gcl. c. C. 7 gcl. c. C. 8 gcl. c. C. 8 gcl. c. C. 9 gcl. c. C. 9 gcl. c. C. 1 gcl. c
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Part Color Factor F	10tal # of Samples: Alalyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze py each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze py each individual layer or as indicate Analyze py each individual layer or as indicate Analyze py each individual layer or as indicate Analyze or as indicated Analyze py each individual layer or	22 - 1027 Audic galace Audic galace Audic galace Audicate Aud
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each in	Total # of Samples: Authoric gollos Authoric gollos Analyze all samples without 1* positive for each individual layer or as indicated and second for each or as indicated and second for each individual layer or as indicated and second for each or as ind	22 - 1027 Analyze all samples. Analyze all samples are indicater and analyze and analyze and analyze and analyze and analyze analy
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze pe act indicate Analyze pe act indicate Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze pe act indicate	Total # of Samples: **Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated tool of the positive for each individual layer or as indicated tool or as indicated	22 - 1037 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples. Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples. Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze indicates Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyz
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop An	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1* positive tor as indicated Analyze all samples without 1* positive stop Stop after 1* positive for each homogeneous are Location of Homogeneous Condition Condition Condition Condition Condition Condition Comments	22 - 1037
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Purifule general Properties of Samples Purifule general Properties	Total # of Samples: **Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: **Analyze all samples without 1** positive stop **Analyze all	22 - 1037
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Highlife getter. Highlife	# Comments Contact Contact Comments	22 - 1037
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop	Total # of Samples: **Rivial(& 9cLoc.**) *	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze by each individua
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop	Total # of Samples: **Rivial Control # of Samples: **Rivial Control # of Samples: **Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples. Analyze all samples without 1** positive stop Anal
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Public Structure Public St	22 × 1027 Holder goller goll	22 - 1027 22 - 1027 22 - 1027 Middle selection of Malyze by each individual layer or as indicater and malyze by each in
	By & Company:	By & Company:	#1.14(le gelles Total # of Samples: #1.14(le gelles Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate) #1.14(le gelles Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate) #1.14(le gelles Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate) #1.15(le gelles Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate) #1.15(le gelles Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate) #1.15(le gelles Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate) #2.17(loof) #3.15(loof) #4.25(loof) #4.25(loof) #5.15(loof) #6.15(loof)	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates	122 - 1637 122 - 1637 122 - 1637 122 - 1637 123 - 1637 124 - 1637 125 - 1637 126 - 1637 127 -
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated	Total # of Samples: Middle_gelles Malyze by each individual layer or as indicates Malyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples are indicates Analyze all samples are indicates Analyze all samples are indicates Analyze by each indicates Analyze all samples are indicates Analyze by each indicates Analyze all samples are indicates Analyze all samples a	22 - 1037 22 - 1037 Malyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without stop Ana
	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples:	22 > 1027 2020. Middle gelles Malyze by each individual layer or as indicates Malyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive for e	22 1037 22 1037 22 1037 Malyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples. Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area indicated the coordinate of the coordinate
N 7 U	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1# positive stop Stop after 1# positive for each homogeneous arez Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1# positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1# Parket or as indicates Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze and each individual layer or as indicates Analyze by each indicates Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze and each individual layer or as indicat	# Total # of Samples: 10
D Z W	I By & Company:	By & Company:	22 - 1037 Hidele gelle. Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop	22 - 10374 Middle golool Malyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Ana	22 > 10.37 22 > 10.37 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated and samples. Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop and seven individual layer or as indicated and seven indicated and seven individual layer or as indicated and seven indica
n 2 n	I By & Company:	By & Company:	22 - 1037 Middle getter Malyze by each individual layer or as indicate Malyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive for each	22 - 10374 Middle goloc. Middle goloc. Middle goloc. Malyze all samples without 1st positive stop after 1st positive for each individual layer or as indicated and samples without 1st positive stop after 1st positive for each nonogeneous are stop of the confiction of the confict	22 - 1037 122 - 1037 122 - 1037 122 - 1037 123 - 1037 12020 13 - 1037 14 - 1048 15 - 1037 15 - 1037 16 - 1048 17 - 1048 18 - 1048 19 - 1048 10 - 1048
7 7 N	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without	22 - 1027 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples	22 - 10 37 122 - 10 37 122 - 10 37 122 - 10 37 134 C Samples: 144 C C C C C C C C C
Jan 2 day	By & Company:	By & Company:	22 - 1037 Hidele gelea Hidele gelea Hidele gelea Interval a gelea Hidele gelea Hidele gelea Hidele gelea Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each	1 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze and Analyze and Individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze and Individual layer or as indica	22 - 1037 122 - 1037 122 - 1037 123 - 1037 124 - 1037 125 - 1
m 2 due	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1# positive stop	22 - 1027 Middle gelles. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop and Analyze all samples with a sample stop and Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop and Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop and Analyze all samples with a sample stop and Analy	22 - 1037 122 - 1037 122 - 1037 123 - 1037 133 - 1037 144 (1e gollectic structure) 15 - 1037 16 - 1037 17 - 1037 18 - 1037 19 - 1037 19 - 1037 19 - 1037 19 - 1037 19 - 1037 19 - 1037 19 - 1037 19 - 1037 19 - 1037 19 - 1037 10 - 1037
m 2 chuc	By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: Put delice getter Control	22 - 1027 Middle getter. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all sampleswithout 1# positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze by each indicater Analyze by	22 - 1037 22 - 1037 1
n 2 Chue	I By & Company:	By & Company:	22.1037 Middle golloo Malyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each indicated Ana	22 - 1027 1014 101	22 - 1037 122 - 1037 123 - 1037 124 - 1037 125 - 1
2 6/4C	I By & Company:	By & Company:	Total # of Samples: **Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop **Analyze all samples without 1st po	22 - 1027 Middle geller Middle geller Malyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated indica	22 - 1037 122 - 1037 123 - 1037 124 - 1037 125 - 1037 127 - 1037 127 - 1037 127 - 1037 127 - 1037 127 - 1037 127 - 1037 127 - 1037 127 - 1037 127 - 1037 128 - 1037 129 - 1
2 2 dae 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	By & Company:	By & Company:	22-1037 High Color School Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples or as indicate Analyze all samples or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples or as indicate Analyze all samples or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate o	22 - 1027 Middle gcloc. Malyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze and Analy	22~1037 72~1037 72~1037 72.
on 2 W	By & Company:	By & Company:	22-1037 Middle gelection of the control of the con	22 - 1037 Middle gelles. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicaten analyze by analyze all samples without 1st positive stop and analyze all samples without 1st positive stop and analyze and analyze a	122 - 1027 122 - 1027 122 - 1027 123 - 1027 123 - 1027 123 - 1027 124 - 1027 125 -
2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1		22 - 1027 Middle gelection of the state of	22 - 1037 Middle gelle. Malyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop and stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area. By Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze and	22 × 1027 22 × 1027 1
17 2 W			Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive sto	22 - 1037 Middle gelle. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated and service and	22 ~ 1037 22 ~ 1037 Alalyze by each individual layer or as indicate Alalyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop A
10 2 W			Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples or as indicated Analyze all samples or as indicated or as indica	22 - 1037 122 - 1037 122 - 1037 134 - 1043 # of Samples: 135 - 1043 # of Samples: 144 - 144	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each indicated or as indic
I Clue V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V			Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop A	22 - 1027 High (E. geller) High of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop are stop out of the properties of the samples without 1st positive stop are stop of the properties of the positive for each homogeneous area and the properties of the propertie	22 > 1037 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1* positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1* positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1* positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	I BY & Company: The Received By Company by Fershary		Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze all sampleswith 1st positive stop Analyze all sampleswith 1st positive stop Ana	Total # of Samples: **Authorized General Problems of Samples and Samples without 1st positive stop are stop and samples without 1st positive stop	22 ~ 10 3 7 22 ~ 10 3 7 1. Jall # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze all sam
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze pe confidence Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze all samp	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze all samplesmither or as indicated Analy	22 - 1037 1
CYM 1 Stack Messfic Good 180 X X -TR. N 2 U V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	1 C/M Nashic Good 180 X X C-TR. 1 A Z U V V Y X C-TR. 1 By & Company: My Received By Company by I farehapy	1 C/M Nashic Good 180 X X C-TR. 1 A Z U V V X C-TR. 1 By & Company: My X C-TR.	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze and individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each indicated Analyze	22 - 1037 Hiddle gollon Malyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop	22 - 1037
CYM 1 Washic Good 18D X X -TR. 1	CYM Ashic Geed BD	CYM Asstric Geed BD	22 > 1023	22 - 1037	22 - 1037 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples. Analyze all samples or as indicater Analyze and analyze or as indicater Analyze or as indicater Analyze or as indicater Analyze or as in
Cym I that russfic Good TBD XXCTR. I Chue XXCIN R X CIN N X Y X CIN N X Y X CIN N X Y X CIN N X X X X X CIN N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	1 Gym 1 Alack Massfic Good TBD XXCTP. 1 N 2 Glue YXCTP. 1 N X X CIN X X Y X CIN X X Y X CIN X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	1 Cym 1 Lack Mastric Good TBD XX LTP. 1 N Z Clue 1 N X X LTP. 1 N Z LU 1 N X X LTP. 1 N Y X LTP. 1 N X X X X LTP. 1 N X X X X X LTP. 1 N X X X X X X X LTP. 1 N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	22 > 102子 402子 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples: Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positiv	22 - 1037 High ID Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples or as indicate. Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples or as indicate. Analyze all samples or as indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples or as indicate.	22 - 1037 122 - 1037 122 - 1037 122 - 1037 123 - 1037 123 - 1037 124 105 1
Cym 1 dach nesstic Good TBD XX -TR. 1 1 1 1 1 XX -TR. N X X (-)N N X Y X (-)N N X Y X X (-)N N X Y X X X (-)N N X Y X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Cym Aach nastic Good TBD	Cym Aach nastic Good TBD	22 > 102 子	22 × 1027 High of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop are individual layer or as indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop are individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop are indicate. Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate. Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop are indicate. Analyze all samples are indicate. Analyze all samp	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples with a specific or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual l
GYM I Stack Mastric Good TBD YXCTR. N Z UL N X X CTR.	Cym Aach nastic Geed TBD Y X L-TB Y	CyM Aach nastic Geed TBD Y X L-TB Y	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Mulyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Analysis Requested HA	22 - 1037 22 - 1037 1
67M 1 dach Mostric Good TBD XX - TI 1 2 dule 1 X X (-) 2 UL 1 Received By Company 1/201 Forelly a	1 Cym 1 Slack resplic Good TBD XXC-TT N Z U V X C-TT N Z U V V X U V X C-TT N Z U V X	1 Cym 1 Slack resplic Good TBD XXC-TT 1 1 7 4 X C-TT X X X X X C-TT X X X X X C-TT X X X X X X X C-TT X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	22、103子 # Of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 ^{4t} positive stop Analyze and Ana	Total # of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area Stop after 1 ^s	22 > 1027 22 > 1027 1
67M 1 Slack Mash'c Good TBD XX - T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CyM Vach negstic Great TBD V X - TT V X - TT V X	CyM Vadd nash'c Good TBD V X - TT V X C-1 V X C-1 V X C-1 V X C-1 V X V V V V V V V V	22 > 102子 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	22、103子 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	22 > 10 3 4 1
6ym 1 Slack Mastic Good TBD W X CT. 1	CyM Alack ruestic Green TBD Y X - TT	CyM Alack ruestic Green TBD Y X C. Y X L. Y X L. X X C. Y X Y L. X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	22 > 102子 40 5amples: 1.14c 2c Lo2子 Analyze Bampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze Analyze Bampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze Ana	22、103子 Hild C School Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous arec to comments Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Anal	22 > 10 2 3 4
67M 1 Slack Mash'c Geed TBD XXC-TT (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Cym Aach riestic Geed TBD Y X C-TT	Cym Aach rieshic Good TBD Y X C-pt	22 > 102子 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive st	22 > 1023 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples wi
CYM I Stade Mastric Good TBD II X X CTT X X CTT X X X X X X X X X X X X	CyM Vach neght Good TBD V X (-)	Cym Jack ruggh'c Good TBD V X (-)T	22、1 位 3 子 Comments Comme	Total # of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1# positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1# positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1# positive stop Stop after 1# positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all sampleswithout 1# positive stop Stop after 1# positive for each homogeneous area Stop after 1# positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all sampleswithout 1# positive stop Stop after 1# positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1# positive stop Analyze all samp	22 × 102 7 22 × 102 7 Malyze all samples: Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze all samples or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all
	CyM Add Nush'c Green TBD Y X - T Add Nush'c Green TBD Y X - T Y X Y X - T Y X Y X - T Y X Y X - T Y X Y X - T Y X Y X - T Y X Y X - T Y X Y X - T Y X	CYM Add nash'c Geed TBD Y X (-)	22 > 1 @ 3 +	22 ~ 102子 Total # of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each indicated Analyze by	22 × 103 7 22 × 103 7 1
CYM 1 Stack Massfic Greed TBD XX X - TI N Z U V X X (-) N X X X (-) N X X (-) N X X (-) N X X X X X (-) N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	CyM Mach resplic Good TBD Y X (-) T Mach resplic Good TBD Y X (-) T	I GYM I Mach Mashic Good TBD Y Y Y C-TY I M 2 M W Y Y C-TY I M 2 M W Y Y C-TY I W Y Y C-TY I W Y Y C-TY I W Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	22 > 1023	Total # of Samples: **Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: **Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop **Analyze all samples or as indicate: **Analyze all samples	22、103子
CYM I Stack Mastric Good TBD XX CITNER OF THE OTHER OF THE OTHER OF THE OTHER	I GYM I Wash's Good TBD Y X CTMM I Wash's Good TBD Y X CTMM X X CTMM X X CTMM X X CTMM X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	I GYM I Washic Good TBD Y X CTMM X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	22 - 10 3子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples out a rectangle Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples out a rectangle Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples out a rectangle Analyze all samples out a rectangle Analyze all samples out a rectangle Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples out a rectangle Analyze and a rect	22、103子	22、103子
CYM I Slack Mastric Good TBD ST TO S	I GYM I Nach Massic Great TBD Y X CTMM Y X CTMM X Y X X CTMM X Y X CTMM X Y X X CTMM X Y X X CTMM X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	I GYM I Hadde Massic Good TBD Y X C-MS Fill I N Z U X C-MS Fill X X Y X C-MS Fill X X X C-MS Fill X X X C-MS Fill X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	22 > 1 @ 3 +	Total # of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous Stop after 1 st positive for each	22、103子
CYM I Nacht's Good TBD K K CHR. I Clue C Cool C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Ho Log Company: Cym Vaul Massive Good TBD V X Charles of the Company Post Company P	Ho Log Company: Cym Vaul Massive Good TBD V X Charles Club Club V X Charles N Z U U U U U U U N Z U U U U U U U U U	22 > 102子 102子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous Stop after 1 st positive for eac	Total # of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area Domestic Do	22、103升
CYM 1 Mach Mashic Greet TBD Estimate PLAN Y X CT MAIL MASH. C Greet TBD Estimate PLAN Y X CT MAIL MASH. C Greet TBD Y X X CT MAIL MASH. C Greet By Company 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	How & Company: PART Part	He company: Cym Vaul Nashic Good TBD V X C-MAN V X C-MAN	22 > 102子 102子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all sampleswithout 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area Stop after 1st positive for each positive for each homogeneous area Stop after 1st positive fo	Total # of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area Diption of the prior of t	22、103子
CYM (Room) 1 CAUC Mashir Cood TBD Estim 15 Col Cool Cool Cool Cool Cool Cool Cool	Flood Cym Cym Cor Coed TBD Flood Flood Cor Cor	Hoo Good I Start Mastric Geed TBD Estimated Prompany: Company: Received By Company Park C	22 > 102子 102子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop area Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop area Analyze and analyze analyze and analyze analyze and analyze anal	22 × 102子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Dec	22 ~ 10名子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec and property of the pro
MA Company Received By Company Part (Roor) Received By Company Part (Roor) Par	Hoop PLAN (Nobel Mass). Company: Received By Company Park Park	Hoop Company: Packer Pack	22 > 10 3子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples and Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze	22 × 102子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Analysis Requested Ball Ball Ball Ball Ball Ball Ball Ba	22 ~ 10名子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop in the st
(Roon of the Peceived By Company) (A) (Roon of the Peceived By Company) (B) (Roon of the Peceived By Company) (C) (Roon of the Peceived By Company)	Homoe Homoe Con	Hooried By Company: Part	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneo	Total # of Samples: Middle gelles gell	22 ~ 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec ***********************************
(Room) (Room) (Room) (Room) (Room) (Room) (Room) (Room) (A K Chapter)	By & Company: Part	Homog Arcompany: Part Par	22 > 102子 402子 Total # of Samples: Middle gollos Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are Stop af	22 > 102 子	22 ~ 102子
CYM (Room) (Room) (I be ceived By Company)	By & Company: Part	Hoory Company: Received By Company Park Pa	22 > 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous Stop after 1 st positive for each	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area Analyze and Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze and Analyze an	22、103子 Total # of Samples:
Paceripe Conditions of the Property of the Pro	By & Company: By & Company: By & Company By	Hoory Received By Company: Park	22 > 103子 Polyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area Total # of Samples: Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples:
Paceriptics of the condition of the cond	By & Company: By & Company: By & Company By	Hoory	22 ~ 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneo	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec	22 ~ 10名子 Total # of Samples:
CAM Cocati (Room), etc. Cocati (Room), etc. CAM CA	Hoorly Company: Part	Hoorly (Room): Company: Comp	22 ~ 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous arec	Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are Stop after 1 st positive for eac	22 ~ 10名子 Total # of Samples:
Condition of the control of the cont	Hoor/L Company: Received by Company Lab ID Locati Received by Company Lab ID Locati Received by Company Lab ID	Hoor/L Locati Received By Company: Lab IC L	22 ~ 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec	1 Total # of Samples:	22 ~ 103子 Total # of Samples:
CARTINGER (Room, A PLES (Room), A PL	Hoor/Li Floor/Li Floor/L	Horopany: Page Company Page Page Page Page	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneo	1 Total # of Samples:	22 ~ 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec 要 この
CAMPANOS (Room, A Condition of	Hoor/Li Floor/Li Floor/L	Hoorly Floorly Company: Page Company Page Comp	22 > 102子 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are c Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are c Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are c Stop after 1 st pos	1 Total # of Samples:	22 ~ 103子 Total # of Samples:
Part (Room, A etc) And Andrew Estimated By Company Received By Company And	By & Company: Part	Hoof/La Company: Received By Company Lab ID Lab ID	22 > 102子 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positi	22 > 102子 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec こ。	22、103子 Total # of Samples:
Parent (Room, A etc.) A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Lab ID Ploor/Leg Ploor/Le	Lab ID Ploor/Leg Ploor/Leg	22 > 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are considered as Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are considered as Stop after 1 st positive for ea	22、142子	22、103子 Total # of Samples:
Received By Company	FlooryLed Lab ID	Hoor/Leg Floor/Leg F	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples:	10tal # of Samples:	22~103子 Total # of Samples:
Pescription Analysis Received By Company Location (Room, Ariant Received By Company Analysis Analysis Analysis	Estimated layers Company: Paceived By Company Paceived By Com	Hoor/Leg (Room, Al Floor/Leg (Room, Al Estimated Isyers Company). Pacceived By Company	22 > 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area 立	22、103升 Total # of Samples: Hiddle gollo and individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares are an analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous are and analyze and analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous are and analyze and analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are and analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are and analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous are and analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous are and analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous are and analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous are and analyze and analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous are and analyze analyze analyze and analyze	22、103子 Total # of Samples:
Received By Company	Estimated By Company. Pacering Pacering	Floor/Lev Page Pa	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area カンプリンの20 で	22、103升 Total # of Samples: Hiddle gollow C Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop and analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and analyze analyze and analyze analyze analyze and analyze analy	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples:
Received By Company To a location (Room, Arrestor) To a location (Room, Arrestor) To a location (Hope, cold) Size, etc Condition Condition Area Condition Condition Area Condition Ar	Estimated Secription Page Company: Page Company Page Company	Estimated By Company. Page Company. Page	22~103子 Analyze all samples: Hiddle gelea individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area area area area area area are	22、103升 Total # of Samples: Hiddle gelled and search individual layer or as indicater Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Total # of Samples:	22 - 1037 Cotal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares コール・イルシンク Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares The stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous ares Analyze all samples with a sample
Received By Company Location (Room, Arr (Room, Arr (Room, Arr (Room, Arr (Room, Arr (Room, Arr (Room) (Room, Arr (Room) (Ro	By & Company: Pace	Floor/Lev Plant	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec 古	22、103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec コード カロ	22 ~ 1037 # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec
Received By Company Received By Company Location (Room, Are etc.) Location (Room) Are etc.) Locati	Estimated # Ploor/Lev Pl	Floor/Lev Ply & Company. Ply & Com	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec さい こっぱ	10tal # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec コアイフシンク Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Analyze all samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec	22 ~ 1037 Cotal # of Samples: Hiddle golled golled layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec and the stop at the stop after 1 cotal # of Samples and a samples without 1 cotal # of Stop after 1 cotal # of Stop afte
Condition Received By Company Location (Room, Area etc.) Received By Company Condition Condit	Eab ID # Lab ID ID ID # Lab ID	Lab ID # Lab ID	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples: Malyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec 古	22、103升 (Addle getter 1th positive for each homogeneous arec and samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1th positive stop Stop after 1th positive for each homogeneous arec and the samples are and	22 ~ 1037 Color of Samples: Hiddle golloof of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec and the stop of
Received By Company Location Room, Are etc.	Estimated # PLM-NOB Ploor/Leve Ploor/Le	Floor/Leve Roompany:	22~103子 Total # of Samples:	22、1037 Middle gollos: Middle gollos all samples or as indicate: Malyze by each individual layer or as indicate: Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area	22~103구 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arez
Received By Company Received	Estimated # Secription Company: Procession	Estimated # Secription Other Company. Page Page Page	22 - 103구 Total # of Samples: Middle golloof	10tal # of Samples: Hiddle golloof	22~1037 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arez
Partition of their parking and the state of	Estimated # Company: Preceived By Company Lab ID # Lab	Estimated # Company Lab ID #	22 - 103구 Total # of Samples: Hiddle geled individual layer or as indicated and samples without 1 st positive stop and samples without 1 st positive stop atter 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and samples without 1 st positive for each homogeneous area and samples with a sample	22、1037 Potal # of Samples: Malyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area	22 - 1037 22 - 1037 Middle gelles: Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area
Pacerived By Company Pacerial Pace	By & Company: Received by Company Lab ID # Lab I	Floor/Level	ス2~1037 Total # of Samples: Malyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous areɛ	22 - 102子 Middle gelles: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arez	22 ~ 103升 Total # of Samples: Middle golled for as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec
Pacceived By Company Location (Room, Area, etc.) (Room, Area, etc.) (Room, Area, etc.) (Lype, color, size, etc.) (Lype, size, etc.)	By & Company; Paceived by Company Lab ID # Paceived by Company Lab ID # Paceived by Company Lab ID # Lab I	Floor/Level	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples:	22 - 1037 Total # of Samples: Middle golles Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop 3: 27/72020 Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area	22~103구 Total # of Samples:
Pescription of (Room, Area, Area) (AM (Room, Area, Area) (Boom, Area, Area) (Chype, color, Area (Lype, color, Size, etc) (Lype, Size, etc)	By & Company: Pacerived by Company Lab ID #	Floor/Level	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples: Middle gollo or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area	22 - 1037 Hiddle geloof Individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area	22~1037 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated and samples all samples without 1 st positive stop stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arez
Mayor, Area, (Room, Area, etc.) Analysis Received By Company Location (Room, Area, etc.) Analysis Received By Company Analysis Requested the other or the condition of the	By & Company: By & Company Lab ID #	Estimated By Company Lab ID #	22 - 103子 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous area area and analyze all samples without 1 and a supplementations.	22 - 1037 Middle gelle	$22 \sim 10 3 7$ $10 \times 10 \times$
Received By Company Received By Company Location Location (Room, Area, Area, etc) Location Received By Company Received By Company Location Location Received By Company Received By Co	By & Company: Paceived By Company Lab ID #	By & Company: Received By Company Lab ID #	22 - 1037 Total # of Samples: Malyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec	22 - 102子 Total # of Samples: Middle gelles individual layer or as indicater Malyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all sampleswithout 1 st positive stop	22~103구 Total # of Samples:
Peceived By Company Received By Company Location of (Room, Area, etc.) Location of Homogeneous size, etc.) Estimated # of Islanded # of Is	By & Company: Paper Paper Paper Paper	Estimated # Of English Page Page Page Page Page	22 - 103구 Total # of Samples: Middle golloof	22 - 1037 Total # of Samples: Middle gelled flayer or as indicated and samples of samples of samples or as indicated and samples without 1st positive stop stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area stop stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area stop stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area stop area stop stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area stop area stop stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area stop stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area stop stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area stop stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area stop stop after 1st positive for each homogeneous area stop stop stop stop stop stop stop stop	22~1037 Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater and samples all samples stop stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arez
Partition of General HA# Received By Company Rece	Lab ID #	Lab ID #	22 - 1037 Total # of Samples:	22 - 1037 Place generally and the state of as indicated and seed in the state of a sindicated and seed in the state of a sindicated and seed in the state of seed in the seed in the seed of seed in the seed of seed in the seed i	22、1037 Cotal # of Samples:
Received By Company Received	Estimated # of Company Lab ID # Received By Company Lab ID # Lab	Estimated # Of Company: Received By Company Lab ID #	22、103子 Total # of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous arec Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous Stop after 1 st positive for each homogeneous Stop after 1	22 - 102子 Total # of Samples: Middle gelles gelle	22 - 1037 Color golde golde golden for a sindicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop Stop after 1 st bositive for each homogeneous arec
Lab ID # Lab ID # Lab ID # Location of (Room, Area, etc.) Location of (Room, Area, etc.) Location of Homogeneous aize, etc.) Lab ID	We Company: Received By Company Lab ID #	We Company: Received By Company Lab ID #	22 - 103子 Total # of Samples: Middle gollo or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop	22~103子	22 - 1037
Lab ID # Lab ID ID ID # Lab ID	We Company: Received By Company Lab ID # Lab ID	We Company: Received By Company Lab ID # Los Los	22~103구 Total # of Samples: Hiddle gellocater Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop	22~1037 Hiddle gelle g	22 - 1037 Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop
Supparity Supp	Hoor/Level Hoo	Stop arter 1" positive to reach nonogen (Noom, Area) Stop arter 1" positive to reach nonogen (Noom, Area) Stop arter 1" positive to reach nonogen (Noom, Area) Stop arter 1" positive to reach nonogen (Noom, Area) Stop arter 1" positive out (Noom, Area) Stop arter 1" posi	22、1037 Total # of Samples:	22、1037 Middle gollos individual layer or as indicater Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1 st positive stop	22~103구 Total # of Samples:
Stop after 1st positive for each homogen (Room), Area, etc.) Analysis Requested # Of Condition of HA# 1	Stop after 1* Dositive for each homogen (Room). Level CYM	Stop after 1* Dostfive for each homogen (Room, Area, Room, Area, Analysis of Condition of Homogeneous Stop after 1* Dostfive for each homogeneous Stop aft	22~103子 Total # of Samples: Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop	22 - 1037 Middle gollon Individual layer or as indicater Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop	22、1037 22、1037 Middle gelles individual layer or as indicater Analyze by each individual layer or as indicater Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop
Lab ID # Location Location Lab ID # Location Lab ID # Location	Lab ID #	Lab ID #	22、1037 Total # of Samples: Middle gelle	22 - 1027 Total # of Samples: Middle geller Geller individual layer or as indicater	22 - 1037 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate:
Floor/Level Postitive for each homogen of the control of the c	Part	Part	22、1037 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated	22~103子 Middle gollooul	22~1037 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated
Lab ID # Analyze all samples without if por Analyze all samples without if por (Room, Area, (Room, Area, Stop after 14 positive for each homogeneous all samples without if por (Room, Area, etc.) A Analyze all samples without if positive for each homogeneous all samples without if positive for each positive for each homogeneous all samples without if positive for each homogeneous all samples without if positive for each	Analyze all samples without I* post (Noom, Area). Floor/Level (Room, Area). Floor/Level (Room). Flo	Analyze all samples without I* post (Noon, Area). Floor/Level (Room, Area). Floor/Level (Room, Area). Floor/Level (Room, Area). Floor/Level (Hype, color, Condition of Condition of Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.) Framework (Hype, color, Condition of Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.) Framework (Hype, color, Condition of Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.) Framework (Hype, color, Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.) Framework (Hype, Color, Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.) Framework (Hype, Color, Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.) Framework (Hype, Color, Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.) Framework (Hype, Color, Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.) Framework (Hype, Color, Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.) Framework (Hype, Color, Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.) Framework (Hype, Color, Condition of Stop after I* positive for each homogeneous size, etc.)	22~103구 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated	22、1037 Total # of Samples: Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated	22 > 1037 Total # of Samples: Addle geloof
Lab ID # Lab ID	Lab ID # Analysis Requested homogen Lab ID # Lab ID # Analysis Requested homogen Lab ID # Lab ID # Analysis Requested homogen Lab ID # Lab ID # Analysis Requested homogen Lab ID # Analysis Requested Lab ID # Analysis Requested Analysis Analy	Lab ID # Lab ID	Total # of Samples:	72 - 1037 Total # of Samples:	22 - 1037 Analyze of Samples:
Lab ID # Loor/Level Loor/Loor Loor/Level Loor/Leve	Lab ID # Analyze all samples without I # positive stop	Lab ID # Analyze all samples without 18 positive stop	722-1037, Total # of Samples:	22~103子。 Total # of Samples:	22 - 1037 Total # of Samples:
Floory Level Part Part Positive for as included Part Positive for a single by each included Part Positive for a single by each Part Positive for a single by each Part Positive for a single by Company. Part Positive for a single by Company. Part Positive for a single by Company. Part Part Part Part Positive by Part Pa	Lab ID # Location of General Lamples without 1 # positive for as indicated to the control of th	Lab ID # Location of Received By Company: Analyze by each informatical layer of ast indicated and the peach informatical layer of ast indicated and the peach informatical layer of ast indicated and the peach informatical layer of the peach informatic	72-1037	22-1037 Tota	22 · 1037
HA# Continue Description of General Comments	Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated have by each individual layer or as indicated layer or as ind	Analyze by each individual layer or as indicated layer or as ind	t801-77	t801-72	22 - 1037 Total # of Samples:
Higher gells amples without I ayer or as indicated Analyze all samples without I ayer or as indicated Analyze all samples without I ayer or as indicated Analyze all samples without I ayer or as indicated Analyze all samples without I ayer or as indicated Analyze all samples without I ayer or	Hoor/Level Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze by each individual layer or as indicates Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze and Analy	Hoor/Level Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Analyze all samples without 1st positive stop Analyze and Ana	C201-4.C	22.1027	20 × 10.27 Total # of Samples:
Lab ID # Analyze by each individual layer or as indicate Company Compan	Company: Privale getter Company Privale getter G	Company: Received by Company Privalle garloa.	C 201		
Lab ID # Analyze get minder or as indicated by Company. All Me gachar. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company. Analyze get individual layer or as indicated by Company.	Lab ID # Aright C gcCuc. Aright C gcCu	Lab ID # Analyze getter Analyze all samples without 1" positive stop Confidence and the getter of as indicated and getter of as indicated and getter of as indicated and getter of gett	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O		
Total # of Samples: Print Express Total # of Samples Total # of Samples	Lab ID # Lab ID	Lab ID # Lack Level Location of Company: Lab ID # Lab ID			

Analyzed By: E. Loul

Date & Time:







1.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SECTION 004513

BIDDER QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

After receipt of bids and upon notification from the Architect, the bidder shall answer all questions set forth in the form within the time required in Article 1.07 of the Invitation and Instructions to Bidders. Failure to answer these questions in full may be cause for rejection of the bidder's proposal. If more space is required, please attach additional sheets.

How many years has your organization been in business under your present business

	name?			
2.		years experience in co	onstruction work of a similar typ	e has your organization
3.	List below	the construction project	ts your organization has under	way as of this date:
Con	tract Sum	Class of Work/%Complete	Name/Address of Owner	Name & Phone # of Contact at Owner
4.			projects which your firm, <u>as a fir</u> will qualify you for this work. Name/Address of Owner	nm, has performed in the Name & Phone # of Contact at Owner
5.	•	ever failed to complete and what is a second where and where a supplication and where a supplication are also and which are also are also and which are also a	any work awarded to you? ny?	

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

6.	-	-	organization ever been an officer or partner of some mplete a construction contract? ☐ Yes ☐ No; If Yes,
Nam	e of Individual(s)	Name of Owner(s)	Reason(s)
7.	Has any officer of	or partner of you	r organization ever failed to complete a construction
	contract handled ☐ Yes ☐ No; If yes	in his own name?	
Nam	e of Individual(s)	Name of Owner(s)	Reason(s)
8.	Has your firm or o	•	received a Notice of Default or Notice of Termination ed on a Project.
inform		the Owner or A	equests any firm, person or corporation to furnish any rchitect in verification of the matters contained in the
Dated		, 20	
	(Name of Bidder)		
			Ву
AFFIC	AVIT		Title
STAT)

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

COUNTY OF		S.S.)
		being duly sworn and says that he/she is
	of	
(Title)		(Name of Organization)
and that the and true and correct		ng interrogatories and all statements therein contained are
Subscribed and	sworn to before me	;
this	day of	20
Signature		
Notary Public, C	County of	

End of Section

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SECTION 004644 - WAGE AND HOUR RATES

1.1 GENERAL

- A. The following are instructions for obtaining the minimum wage rates, health and welfare and pension fund contributions as determined by the Industrial Commissioner of the State of New York in accordance with the provisions of Section 220 of the Labor Law.
- B. All contractors will be bound and obligated by the Laws of New York State to ensure payment to all workers involved with the construction of the Project.

1.2 MINIMUM WAGE RATES

A. The current wage and benefit rates are available when following the instructions on the attached page.

The "Request for Wage and Supplement Information" (PW 39) you have submitted has been accepted, and a Prevailing Rate Case Number (PRC# 2023013697 - TUFSD Cottle & MS HS Rebid) has been assigned to the project.

To access the PDF file of your schedule, click on https://apps.labor.ny.gov/wpp/publicViewProject.do?method=showIt&id=1559545 or copy and paste into your browser

DRAFT AIA Document A132 - 2019

Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Contractor,

Construction Manager as Adviser Edition

AGREEMENT made as of the « » day of « » in the year « » (*In words, indicate day, month, and year.*)

BETWEEN the Owner:

(Name, legal status, address, and other information)

```
«Tuckahoe Union Free School District »
«65 Siwanoy Blvd.»
«Eastchester, NY 10709 »
« »
```

and the Contractor:

(Name, legal status, address, and other information)

```
« »« »
« »
« »
« »
Contract #
```

for the following Project:

(Name, location, and detailed description)

```
« Tuckahoe Middle School/High School HVAC Rebid »
«65 Siwanoy Blvd.»
«Eastchester, NY 10709 »
SED # 66-03-02-03-0-002-024
```

The Construction Manager:

(Name, legal status, address, and other information)

```
«Calgi Construction Management »« »
«56 Lafayette Avenue, Ste 350 »
«White Plains, NY 10603 »
«Telephone : 914-682-9423 »
```

The Architect:

(Name, legal status, address, and other information)

```
«KG+D Architects, P.C. »
«285 Main Street »
«Mount Kisco, NY 10549 »
«Telephone 914.666.5900 »
« »
```

The Owner and Contractor agree as follows.

ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS:

The author of this document has added information needed for its completion. The author may also have revised the text of the original AIA standard form. An Additions and Deletions Report that notes added information as well as revisions to the standard form text is available from the author and should be reviewed.

This document has important legal consequences. Consultation with an attorney is encouraged with respect to its completion or modification.

This document is intended to be used in conjunction with AIA Documents A232™-2019, General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, Construction Manager as Adviser Edition; $B132^{\text{TM}}-2019$, Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Architect, Construction Manager as Adviser Edition; and C132™-2019, Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Construction Manager as Adviser. AIA Document A232™-2019 is adopted in this document by reference. Do not use with other general conditions unless this document is modified.

ELECTRONIC COPYING of any portion of this AIA® Document to another electronic file is prohibited and constitutes a violation of copyright laws as set forth in the footer of this document.

TABLE OF ARTICLES

- 1 THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS
- 2 THE WORK OF THIS CONTRACT
- 3 DATE OF COMMENCEMENT AND DATES OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION
- 4 CONTRACT SUM
- 5 PAYMENTS
- 6 DISPUTE RESOLUTION
- 7 TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION
- 8 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
- 9 ENUMERATION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

EXHIBIT A INSURANCE AND BONDS
EXHIBIT B DETERMINATION OF THE COST OF THE WORK

ARTICLE 1 THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

The Contract Documents consist of this Agreement, Conditions of the Contract (General, Supplementary, and other Conditions), Drawings, Specifications, Addenda issued prior to execution of this Agreement, other documents listed in this Agreement, and Modifications issued after execution of this Agreement, all of which form the Contract, and are as fully a part of the Contract as if attached to this Agreement or repeated herein. The Contract represents the entire and integrated agreement between the parties hereto and supersedes prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral. An enumeration of the Contract Documents, other than Modifications, appears in Article 9.

ARTICLE 2 THE WORK OF THIS CONTRACT

The Contractor shall fully execute the Work of **contract** # described in the Contract Documents, except as specifically indicated in the Contract Documents to be the responsibility of others.

ARTICLE 3 DATE OF COMMENCEMENT AND DATES OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

§ 3.1 The date of commencement of the Work shall be:

(Check one of the following boxes.)

[« »] The date of this Agreement.

[(»] A date set forth in a notice to proceed issued by the Owner.

[(X X)] Established as follows:

(Insert a date or a means to determine the date of commencement of the Work.)

« »

If a date of commencement of the Work is not selected, then the date of commencement shall be the date of this Agreement.

§ 3.2 The Contract Time shall be measured from the date of commencement of the Work.

§ 3.3 Substantial Completion of the Project or Portions Thereof

§ 3.3.1 Subject to adjustments of the Contract Time as provided in the Contract Documents, the date of Substantial Completion of the Work of all of the Contractors for the Project will be:

(Insert the date of Substantial Completion of the Work of all Contractors for the Project.)

« »

§ 3.3.2 Subject to adjustments of the Contract Time as provided in the Contract Documents, if portions of the Work of all of the Contractors for the Project are to be completed prior to Substantial Completion of the entire Work of all of the Contractors for the Project, the Contractors shall achieve Substantial Completion of such portions by the following dates:

Portio	n of Work	Substantial Completion Date	
§ 3.4.1 Subject to substantially con			e Contractor shall
[« »]	Not later than « » (« ») calendar	days from the date of commencement of	the Work.
[« X »]	By the following date: « See attac	hed Milestone Schedule »	
this Contract are	to be substantially complete prior to	s provided in the Contract Documents, if when the entire Work of this Contract sh such portions by the following dates: N /2	all be substantially
Portio	n of Work	Date to be substantially complete	
	ntractor fails to substantially completed damages, if any, shall be assess	te the Work of this Contract, or portions to used as set forth in Section 4.5.	hereof, as provided in this
§ 4.1 The Owner	ontract Sum shall be one of the follow	et Sum in current funds for the Contractor ving:	's performance of the
[«X »]	Stipulated Sum, in accordance with	Section 4.2 below	
[« »]	Cost of the Work plus the Contractor	or's Fee, in accordance with Section 4.3 b	pelow
[« »]	Cost of the Work plus the Contractor Section 4.4 below	or's Fee with a Guaranteed Maximum Pri	ce, in accordance with
(Based on the se	lection above, complete Section 4.2,	4.3 or 4.4 below.)	
§ 4.2 Stipulated § 4.2.1 The Cont Documents.		t to additions and deductions as provided	in the Contract
§ 4.2.2 Alternates § 4.2.2.1 Alterna	stes, if any, included in the Contract S	Sum: N/A	

§ 4.2.2.2 Subject to the conditions noted below, the following alternates may be accepted by the Owner following execution of this Agreement. Upon acceptance, the Owner shall issue a Modification to this Agreement. (Insert below each alternate and the conditions that must be met for the Owner to accept the alternate.)

§ 4.2.3 Allowances, if any, included in the Contract Sum: N/A (Identify each allowance.) § 4.2.4 Unit prices, if any: N/A (Identify the item and state the unit price, and quantity limitations, if any, to which the unit price will be applicable.) § 4.3 Cost of the Work Plus Contractor's Fee without a Guaranteed Maximum Price - N/A § 4.3.1 The Cost of the Work is as defined in Exhibit B, Determination of the Cost of the Work § 4.4 Cost of the Work Plus Contractor's Fee with a Guaranteed Maximum Price - N/A § 4.4.1 The Cost of the Work is as defined in Exhibit B, Determination of the Cost of the Work § 4.4.5 Rental rates for Contractor-owned equipment shall not exceed « » percent (« » %) of the standard rental rate paid at the place of the Project. § 4.4.6 Unit Prices, if any: (Identify the item and state the unit price and quantity limitations, if any, to which the unit price will be applicable.) **Units and Limitations** Price per Unit (\$0.00) Item § 4.4.7 Guaranteed Maximum Price N/A § 4.4.8 To the extent that the Contract Documents are anticipated to require further development, the Guaranteed Maximum Price includes the costs attributable to such further development consistent with the Contract Documents and reasonably inferable therefrom. Such further development does not include changes in scope, systems, kinds and quality of materials, finishes, or equipment, all of which, if required, shall be incorporated by Change Order. § 4.4.9 The Owner shall authorize preparation of revisions to the Contract Documents that incorporate the agreed-upon assumptions contained in Section 4.4.7.4. The Owner shall promptly furnish such revised Contract Documents to the Contractor. The Contractor shall notify the Owner and Architect of any inconsistencies between the agreed-upon assumptions contained in Section 4.4.7.4 and the revised Contract Documents. § 4.5 Liquidated damages, if any: N/A (Insert terms and conditions for liquidated damages, if any, to be assessed in accordance with Section 3.4.) « » **§ 4.6** Other: (Insert provisions for bonus, cost savings or other incentives, if any, that might result in a change to the Contract Sum.) ARTICLE 5 **PAYMENTS** § 5.1 Progress Payments § 5.1.1 Based upon Applications for Payment submitted to the Construction Manager by the Contractor, and Certificates for Payment issued by the Construction Manager and Architect, the Owner shall make progress payments on account of the Contract Sum, to the Contractor, as provided below and elsewhere in the Contract Documents. § 5.1.2 The period covered by each Application for Payment shall be one calendar month ending on the last day of the month, or as follows:

§ 5.1.3 Provided that an Application for Payment is received by the Construction Manager not later than the $<15^{th}>$ day of a month, the Owner shall make payment of the amount certified to the Contractor not later than the $<15^{th}>$ day of the $<15^{th}>$ month. If an Application for Payment is received by the Construction Manager after the application date fixed above, payment of the amount certified shall be made by the Owner not later than $<15^{th}>$ day of the $<15^{$

(Federal, state or local laws may require payment within a certain period of time.)

§ 5.1.4 Progress Payments Where the Contract Sum is Based on a Stipulated Sum

- § 5.1.4.1 Each Application for Payment shall be based on the most recent schedule of values submitted by the Contractor in accordance with the Contract Documents. The schedule of values shall allocate the entire Contract Sum among the various portions of the Work. The schedule of values shall be prepared in such form, and supported by such data to substantiate its accuracy, as the Construction Manager and Architect may require. This schedule of values shall be used as a basis for reviewing the Contractor's Applications for Payment.
- § 5.1.4.2 Applications for Payment shall show the percentage of completion of each portion of the Work as of the end of the period covered by the Application for Payment.
- § 5.1.4.3 In accordance with AIA Document A232TM—2019, General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, Construction Manager as Adviser Edition, and subject to other provisions of the Contract Documents, the amount of each progress payment shall be computed as follows:
- § 5.1.4.3.1 The amount of each progress payment shall first include:
 - .1 That portion of the Contract Sum properly allocable to completed Work;
 - .2 That portion of the Contract Sum properly allocable to materials and equipment delivered and suitably stored at the site for subsequent incorporation in the completed construction, or, if approved in advance by the Owner, suitably stored off the site at a location agreed upon in writing; and
 - .3 That portion of Construction Change Directives that the Architect determines, in the Architect's professional judgment, to be reasonably justified.
- § 5.1.4.3.2 The amount of each progress payment shall then be reduced by:
 - .1 The aggregate of any amounts previously paid by the Owner;
 - .2 The amount, if any, for Work that remains uncorrected and for which the Architect has previously withheld a Certificate for Payment as provided in Article 9 of AIA Document A232–2019;
 - .3 Any amount for which the Contractor does not intend to pay a Subcontractor or material supplier, unless the Work has been performed by others the Contractor intends to pay;
 - .4 For Work performed or defects discovered since the last payment application, any amount for which the Architect may withhold payment, or nullify a Certificate of Payment in whole or in part, as provided in Article 9 of AIA Document A232–2019;
 - **.5** Retainage withheld pursuant to Section 5.1.7.
 - One hundred fifty percent (150%) of the amount of any lien(s) filed against the contract sum that have not been released or discharged.
- § 5.1.5 Progress Payments Where the Contract Sum is Based on the Cost of the Work without a Guaranteed Maximum Price N/A
- § 5.1.6 Progress Payments Where the Contract Sum is Based on the Cost of the Work with a Guaranteed Maximum Price N/A

§ 5.1.7 Retainage

§ 5.1.7.1 For each progress payment made prior to when the Work of this Contract is substantially complete, the Owner may withhold the following amount, as retainage, from the payment otherwise due:

(Insert a percentage or amount to be withheld as retainage from each Application for Payment. The amount of retainage may be limited by governing law.)

« 5% »

§ 5.1.7.1.1 The following items are not subject to retainage: N/A

(Insert any items not subject to the withholding of retainage, such as general conditions, insurance, etc.)

« »

§ 5.1.7.2 Reduction or limitation of retainage, if any, shall be as follows: N/A

(If the retainage established in Section 5.1.7.1 is to be modified prior to when the entire Work of this Contract is substantially complete, including modifications for completion of portions of the Work as provided in Section 3.4.2, insert provisions for such modifications.)

« »

§ 5.1.7.3 Except as set forth in this Section 5.1.7.3, when the Work of this Contract is substantially complete, the Contractor may submit an Application for Payment that includes the retainage withheld from prior Applications for Payment pursuant to this Section 5.1.7. The Application for Payment submitted when the Work of this Contract is substantially complete shall include retainage as follows:

(Insert any other conditions for release of retainage when the Work of this Contract is substantially complete, or upon Substantial Completion of the Work of all Contractors on the Project or portions thereof.)

 \ll (1) two times the amount as the Construction Manager recommends and the Architect determines for incomplete and defective work; (2) one hundred fifty percent (150%) of any lien(s) filed against the contract that have not been discharged or released. »

§ 5.2 Final Payment

§ 5.2.1 Final Payment Where the Contract Sum is Based on a Stipulated Sum - N/A

§ 5.2.2 Final Payment Where the Contract Sum is Based on the Cost of the Work with or without a Guaranteed Maximum Price - N/A

§ 5.3 Payments due and unpaid under the Contract shall bear interest from the date payment is due at the rate stated below, or in the absence thereof, at the legal rate prevailing from time to time at the place where the Project is located. (*Insert rate of interest agreed upon, if any.*)

«5»% «»

ARTICLE 6 DISPUTE RESOLUTION

§ 6.1 Initial Decision Maker

The Architect will serve as Initial Decision Maker pursuant to Article 15 of AIA Document A232–2019, unless the parties appoint below another individual, not a party to this Agreement, to serve as Initial Decision Maker. (If the parties mutually agree, insert the name, address and other contact information of the Initial Decision Maker, if other than the Architect.)

« »

« »

" "

§ 6.2 Binding Dispute Resolution

For any Claim subject to, but not resolved by, mediation pursuant to Article 15 of AIA Document A232–2019, the method of binding dispute resolution shall be as follows: (Check the appropriate box.)

[(»] Arbitration pursuant to Article 15 of AIA Document A232–2019.

[«X »] Litigation in a court of competent jurisdiction in Westchester County, NY.

[**« »**] Other: (Specify)

« >

If the Owner and Contractor do not select a method of binding dispute resolution, or do not subsequently agree in writing to a binding dispute resolution method other than litigation, Claims will be resolved by litigation in a court of competent jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 7 TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION

§ 7.1 Where the Contract Sum is a Stipulated Sum

§ 7.1.1 The Contract may be terminated by the Owner or the Contractor as provided in Article 14 of AIA Document A232–2019.

§ 7.1.1.1 If the Contract is terminated for the Owner's convenience in accordance with Article 14 of AIA Document A232–2019, then the Owner shall pay the Contractor a termination fee as follows:

(Insert the amount of, or method for determining, the fee, if any, payable to the Contractor following a termination for the Owner's convenience.)

« »

§ 7.1.2 The Work may be suspended by the Owner as provided in Article 14 of AIA Document A232–2019.

§ 7.2 Where the Contract Sum is Based on the Cost of the Work with or without a Guaranteed Maximum Price § 7.2.1 Termination

§ 7.2.1.1 The Contract may be terminated by the Owner or the Contractor as provided in Article 14 of AIA Document A232–2019.

§ 7.2.1.2 Termination by the Owner for Cause

§ 7.2.1.2.1 If the Owner terminates the Contract for cause as provided in Article 14 of AIA Document A232–2019, the Owner shall then only pay the Contractor an amount as follows:

- .1 Take the Cost of the Work incurred by the Contractor to the date of termination;
- .2 Add the Contractor's Fee, computed upon the Cost of the Work to the date of termination at the rate stated in Section 4.3.2 or 4.4.2, as applicable, or, if the Contractor's Fee is stated as a fixed sum in that Section, an amount that bears the same ratio to that fixed-sum Fee as the Cost of the Work at the time of termination bears to a reasonable estimate of the probable Cost of the Work upon its completion;
- .3 Subtract the aggregate of previous payments made by the Owner; and
- **.4** Subtract the costs and damages incurred, or to be incurred, by the Owner under Article 14 of AIA Document A232–2019.

§ 7.2.1.2.2 When the Contract Sum is based on the Cost of the Work with a Guaranteed Maximum Price, if the Owner terminates the Contract for cause as provided in Article 14 of AIA Document A232-2019, the amount, if any, to be paid to the Contractor under Article 14 of AIA Document A232-2019 shall not cause the Guaranteed Maximum Price to be exceeded, nor shall it exceed the amount calculated in Section 7.2.1.2.1.

§ 7.2.1.2.3 The Owner shall also pay the Contractor fair compensation, either by purchase or rental at the election of the Owner, for any equipment owned by the Contractor that the Owner elects to retain and that is not otherwise included in the Cost of the Work under Section 7.2.1.2.1.1. To the extent that the Owner elects to take legal assignment of subcontracts and purchase orders (including rental agreements), the Contractor shall, as a condition of receiving the payments referred to in this Article 7, execute and deliver all such papers and take all such steps, including the legal assignment of such subcontracts and other contractual rights of the Contractor, as the Owner may require for the purpose of fully vesting in the Owner the rights and benefits of the Contractor under such subcontracts or purchase orders. All Subcontracts, purchase orders and rental agreements entered into by the Contractor will contain provisions allowing for assignment to the Owner as described above.

§ 7.2.1.3 Termination by the Owner for Convenience

If the Owner terminates the Contract for convenience in accordance with Article 14 of AIA Document A232–2019, then the Owner shall pay the Contractor a termination fee as follows: **\$0.00**

(Insert the amount of or method for determining the fee, if any, payable to the Contractor following a termination for the Owner's convenience.)

«The Owner will pay per section 14.4.3 of the General Conditions »

§ 7.3 Suspension

The Work may be suspended by the Owner as provided in Article 14 of AIA Document A232–2019; in such case, the Contract Sum and Contract Time shall be increased as provided in Article 14 of AIA Document A232–2019, except that the term "profit" shall be understood to mean the Contractor's Fee as described in Section 4.3.2 or 4.4.2, as applicable, of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 8 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

§ 8.1 Where reference is made in this Agreement to a provision of AIA Document A232–2019 or another Contract Document, the reference refers to that provision as amended or supplemented by other provisions of the Contract Documents.

§ 8.2 The Owner's representative:

(Name, address, email address, and other information)

Superintendent of Schools and/or Business Manager «Tuckahoe Union Free School District» «65 Siwanoy Blvd.» «Eastchester, NY 10709» «Phone No. 914.337.5376« »

§ 8.3 The Contractor's representative:

(Name, address, email address, and other information)

« » «. >> **«»** « » « »

§ 8.4 Neither the Owner's nor the Contractor's representative shall be changed without ten days' prior notice to the other party.

§ 8.5 Insurance and Bonds

§ 8.5.1 The Owner and the Contractor shall purchase and maintain insurance as set forth in AIA Document A132TM 2019, Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Contractor, Construction Manager as Adviser Edition, Exhibit A, Insurance and Bonds, and elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

§ 8.5.2 The Contractor shall provide bonds as set forth in AIA Document A132TM—2019, Exhibit A, and elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

§ 8.6 Notice in electronic format, pursuant to Article 1 of AIA Document A232–2019, may be given in accordance with AIA Document E203TM–2013, Building Information Modeling and Digital Data Exhibit, if completed, or as otherwise set forth below:

(If other than in accordance with AIA Document E203–2013, insert requirements for delivering notice in electronic format such as name, title, and email address of the recipient and whether and how the system will be required to generate a read receipt for the transmission.)

« »

§ 8.7 Relationship of the Parties

Where the Contract is based on the Cost of the Work plus the Contractor's Fee, with or without a Guaranteed Maximum Price, the Contractor accepts the relationship of trust and confidence established by this Agreement and covenants with the Owner to cooperate with the Architect and exercise the Contractor's skill and judgment in furthering the interests of the Owner; to furnish efficient business administration and supervision; to furnish at all times an adequate supply of

workers and materials; and to perform the Work in an expeditious and economical manner consistent with the Owner's interests. The Owner agrees to furnish and approve, in a timely manner, information required by the Contractor and to make payments to the Contractor in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

§ 8.8 Other provisions:

« »								
ARTICLE 9 § 9.1 This Ag .1 .2 .3	1 This Agreement is comprised of the following documents: .1 AIA Document A132 TM –2019, Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Construction Manager as Adviser Edition .2 AIA Document A132 TM –2019, Exhibit A, Insurance and Bonds Exhibit							
	« »							
.5	Drawings							
	Number	Title	Date					
.6	Specifications							
	Section	Title	Date					
.7	Addenda, if any:							
	Number	Date	Pages /					
		ating to bidding or proposal requiposal requirements are also enu	uirements are not part of the Contract Documents amerated in this Article 9.					
.8	Other Exhibits: (Check all boxes that apply and include appropriate information identifying the exhibit where required.)							
	[« »] AIA Document A132 TM –2019, Exhibit B, Determination of the Cost of the Work							
	Edition, dated	t E235 TM —2019, Sustainable Proas indicated below: of the E235-2019 incorporated	jects Exhibit, Construction Manager as Adviser into this Agreement.)					
	[« »] The Sustainabi	lity Plan						
	Title	Date	Pages					

Document Title Date **Pages** .9 Other documents, if any, listed below: (List here any additional documents that are intended to form part of the Contract Documents. AIA Document A232-2019 provides that the advertisement or invitation to bid, Instructions to Bidders, sample forms, the Contractor's bid or proposal, portions of Addenda relating to bidding or proposal requirements, and other information furnished by the Owner in anticipation of receiving bids or proposals, are not part of the Contract Documents unless enumerated in this Agreement. Any such documents should be listed here only if intended to be part of the Contract Documents.) « » This Agreement is entered into as of the day and year first written above. **OWNER** (Signature) **CONTRACTOR** (Signature) «Tuckahoe UFSD BOE President »« » (Printed name and title) (Printed name and title)

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SECTION 006100

BOND REQUIREMENTS

SEE ATTACHMENT TO SECTION FOR ACCEPTABLE BONDING COMPANY RATINGS

1.1 Prior to the Owner signing the contract agreement, he will require the Contractor (s) to furnish <u>separate</u> performance and labor and material payment bonds covering the faithful performance of the entire construction contract agreement.

The performance bond and the labor and material payment bond shall each be made out in one hundred percent (100%) of the guaranteed maximum contract amount.

1.2 The "Performance Bond" and "Labor and Material Payment Bond", A.I.A. Document A-312, as published by The American Institute of Architects shall be used and modified, if necessary, to comply with applicable statutes.

NOTE: Date of forms to be used shall be complementary to the date of the contract form and general conditions incorporated within these Bidding and Contract Requirements.

- 1.3 The bonds shall be signed by an official of the bonding company and shall be accompanied by the bonding agent's written power of attorney.
- 1.4 Provide four (4) copies each of the bonds and the power of attorney in order that one (1) copy of each may be attached to each copy of the contract agreement.
- 1.5 The Contractor (s) shall include in his/their proposal(s) amount the total premiums for the performance and labor and material payment bonds.

End of Section

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

Section 006101 -Bonding Requirements

Acceptable Bonding Company Ratings

Contract Amounts (C)	A.M. Best Company Rating							
Contract Amounts (\$)	A + XII	B + XI	B + X	ВХ	BIX	B VIII	B VII	B VI
10 Million and Over								
7.5 to 10 Million								
5.0 to 7.5 Million								
2.5 to 5.0 Million		A	A	A				
1.0 to 2.5 Million		A	A	A	A			
0.5 to 1.0 Million				A				
0.25 to 0.5 Million				A				
0.25 and Under				A			A	

DRAFT AIA Document A310™ - 2010

Bid Bond

CONTRACTOR:

(Name, legal status and address)

« »« » « »

SURETY:

(Name, legal status and principal place of business)

« »« » « »

OWNER:

(Name, legal status and address)

«Tuckahoe Union Free School District»« » «65 Siwanoy Blvd. Eastchester, NY 10709»

BOND AMOUNT: \$ « »

PROJECT:

(Name, location or address, and Project number, if any)

« Tuckahoe Middle School/High School HVAC Rebid »

«65 Siwanoy Blvd.»

«Eastchester, NY 10709 »

SED # 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

The Contractor and Surety are bound to the Owner in the amount set forth above, for the payment of which the Contractor and Surety bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, as provided herein. The conditions of this Bond are such that if the Owner accepts the bid of the Contractor within the time specified in the bid documents, or within such time period as may be agreed to by the Owner and Contractor, and the Contractor either (1) enters into a contract with the Owner in accordance with the terms of such bid, and gives such bond or bonds as may be specified in the bidding or Contract Documents, with a surety admitted in the jurisdiction of the Project and otherwise acceptable to the Owner, for the faithful performance of such Contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof; or (2) pays to the Owner the difference, not to exceed the amount of this Bond, between the amount specified in said bid and such larger amount for which the Owner may in good faith contract with another party to perform the work covered by said bid, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect. The Surety hereby waives any notice of an agreement between the Owner and Contractor to extend the time in which the Owner may accept the bid. Waiver of notice by the Surety shall not apply to any extension exceeding sixty (60) days in the aggregate beyond the time for acceptance of bids specified in the bid documents, and the Owner and Contractor shall obtain the Surety's consent for an extension beyond sixty (60) days.

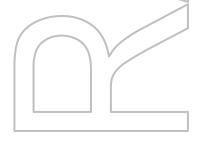
If this Bond is issued in connection with a subcontractor's bid to a Contractor, the term Contractor in this Bond shall be deemed to be Subcontractor and the term Owner shall be deemed to be Contractor.

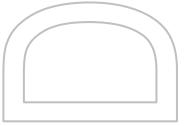
When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location of the Project, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted herefrom and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. When so furnished, the intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.

ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS: The author of this document has added information needed for its completion. The author may also have revised the text of the original AIA standard form. An Additions and Deletions Report that notes added information as well as revisions to the standard form text is available from the author and should be reviewed.

This document has important legal consequences. Consultation with an attorney is encouraged with respect to its completion or modification.

Any singular reference to Contractor, Surety, Owner or other party shall be considered plural where applicable.





ELECTRONIC COPYING of any portion of this AIA® Document to another electronic file is prohibited and constitutes a violation of copyright laws as set forth in the footer of this document.

	« »	
	(Contractor as Principal)	(Seal)
	« »	
(Witness)	(Title)	
	« »	
	(Surety)	(Seal)
	« »	
(Witness)	(Title)	

DRAFT AIA Document A312 - 2010

Performance Bond

CONTRACTOR:	SURETY:	
(Name, legal status and address)	(Name, legal status and principal place of business)	
« »« » « »	<pre>of business) « »« » « »</pre>	ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS: The author of this document has added information needed for
OWNER: (Name, legal status and address) «Tuckahoe Union Free School District»« «65 Siwanoy Blvd. Eastchester, NY 10709»	* *	its completion. The author may also have revised the text of the original AIA standard form. An Additions and Deletions Report that notes added information as well as revisions to the standard form text is
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT Date: «»		available from the author and should be reviewed.
Amount: \$ «0.00» Description: (Name and location) « Tuckahoe Middle School/High School «65 Siwanoy Blvd.»	HVAC Rebid »	This document has important legal consequences. Consultation with an attorney is encouraged with respect to its completion or modification.
«Eastchester, NY 10709 » SED # 66-03-02-03-0-002-024		Any singular reference to Contractor, Surety, Owner or other party shall be
BOND		considered plural where applicable.
Date: (Not earlier than Construction Contract I	Date)	
« » Amount: \$ « » Modifications to this Bond: (« ») None	e See Section 16	
CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL SURI Company: (Corporate Seal) Com	ETY pany: (Corporate Seal)	
ē	•	
(FOR INFORMATION ONLY — Name, a AGENT or BROKER:	nddress and telephone) OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE: (Architect, Engineer or other party:)	
« » « »	«» «» «»	
	«»	ELECTRONIC COPYING of any

ELECTRONIC COPYING of any portion of this AIA® Document to another electronic file is prohibited and constitutes a violation of copyright laws as set forth in the footer of this document.

- § 1 The Contractor and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns to the Owner for the performance of the Construction Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference.
- § 2 If the Contractor performs the Construction Contract, the Surety and the Contractor shall have no obligation under this Bond, except when applicable to participate in a conference as provided in Section 3.
- § 3 If there is no Owner Default under the Construction Contract, the Surety's obligation under this Bond shall arise after
 - .1 the Owner first provides notice to the Contractor and the Surety that the Owner is considering declaring a Contractor Default. Such notice shall indicate whether the Owner is requesting a conference among the Owner, Contractor and Surety to discuss the Contractor's performance. If the Owner does not request a conference, the Surety may, within five (5) business days after receipt of the Owner's notice, request such a conference. If the Surety timely requests a conference, the Owner shall attend. Unless the Owner agrees otherwise, any conference requested under this Section 3.1 shall be held within ten (10) business days of the Surety's receipt of the Owner's notice. If the Owner, the Contractor and the Surety agree, the Contractor shall be allowed a reasonable time to perform the Construction Contract, but such an agreement shall not waive the Owner's right, if any, subsequently to declare a Contractor Default:
 - .2 the Owner declares a Contractor Default, terminates the Construction Contract and notifies the Surety;
 - .3 the Owner has agreed to pay the Balance of the Contract Price in accordance with the terms of the Construction Contract to the Surety or to a contractor selected to perform the Construction Contract.
- § 4 Failure on the part of the Owner to comply with the notice requirement in Section 3.1 shall not constitute a failure to comply with a condition precedent to the Surety's obligations, or release the Surety from its obligations, except to the extent the Surety demonstrates actual prejudice.
- § 5 When the Owner has satisfied the conditions of Section 3, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense take one of the following actions:
- § 5.1 Arrange for the Contractor, with the consent of the Owner, to perform and complete the Construction Contract;
- § 5.2 Undertake to perform and complete the Construction Contract itself, through its agents or independent contractors;
- § 5.3 Obtain bids or negotiated proposals from qualified contractors acceptable to the Owner for a contract for performance and completion of the Construction Contract, arrange for a contract to be prepared for execution by the Owner and a contractor selected with the Owner's concurrence, to be secured with performance and payment bonds executed by a qualified surety equivalent to the bonds issued on the Construction Contract, and pay to the Owner the amount of damages as described in Section 7 in excess of the Balance of the Contract Price incurred by the Owner as a result of the Contractor Default: or
- § 5.4 Waive its right to perform and complete, arrange for completion, or obtain a new contractor and with reasonable promptness under the circumstances:
 - After investigation, determine the amount for which it may be liable to the Owner and, as soon as practicable after the amount is determined, make payment to the Owner; or
 - .2 Deny liability in whole or in part and notify the Owner, citing the reasons for denial,
- § 6 If the Surety does not proceed as provided in Section 5 with reasonable promptness, the Surety shall be deemed to be in default on this Bond seven days after receipt of an additional written notice from the Owner to the Surety demanding that the Surety perform its obligations under this Bond, and the Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to the Owner. If the Surety proceeds as provided in Section 5.4, and the Owner refuses the payment or the Surety has denied liability, in whole or in part, without further notice the Owner shall be entitled to enforce any remedy available to the Owner.
- § 7 If the Surety elects to act under Section 5.1, 5.2 or 5.3, then the responsibilities of the Surety to the Owner shall not be greater than those of the Contractor under the Construction Contract, and the responsibilities of the Owner to the

Surety shall not be greater than those of the Owner under the Construction Contract. Subject to the commitment by the Owner to pay the Balance of the Contract Price, the Surety is obligated, without duplication, for

- .1 the responsibilities of the Contractor for correction of defective work and completion of the Construction Contract;
- .2 additional legal, design professional and delay costs resulting from the Contractor's Default, and resulting from the actions or failure to act of the Surety under Section 5; and
- .3 liquidated damages, or if no liquidated damages are specified in the Construction Contract, actual damages caused by delayed performance or non-performance of the Contractor.
- § 8 If the Surety elects to act under Section 5.1, 5.3 or 5.4, the Surety's liability is limited to the amount of this Bond.
- § 9 The Surety shall not be liable to the Owner or others for obligations of the Contractor that are unrelated to the Construction Contract, and the Balance of the Contract Price shall not be reduced or set off on account of any such unrelated obligations. No right of action shall accrue on this Bond to any person or entity other than the Owner or its heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.
- § 10 The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Construction Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders and other obligations.
- § 11 Any proceeding, legal or equitable, under this Bond may be instituted in any court of competent jurisdiction in the location in which the work or part of the work is located and shall be instituted within two years after a declaration of Contractor Default or within two years after the Contractor ceased working or within two years after the Surety refuses or fails to perform its obligations under this Bond, whichever occurs first. If the provisions of this Paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum period of limitation available to sureties as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.
- § 12 Notice to the Surety, the Owner or the Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address shown on the page on which their signature appears.
- § 13 When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location where the construction was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted herefrom and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. When so furnished, the intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.

§ 14 Definitions

- § 14.1 Balance of the Contract Price. The total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor under the Construction Contract after all proper adjustments have been made, including allowance to the Contractor of any amounts received or to be received by the Owner in settlement of insurance or other claims for damages to which the Contractor is entitled, reduced by all valid and proper payments made to or on behalf of the Contractor under the Construction Contract.
- § 14.2 Construction Contract. The agreement between the Owner and Contractor identified on the cover page, including all Contract Documents and changes made to the agreement and the Contract Documents.
- § 14.3 Contractor Default. Failure of the Contractor, which has not been remedied or waived, to perform or otherwise to comply with a material term of the Construction Contract.
- § 14.4 Owner Default. Failure of the Owner, which has not been remedied or waived, to pay the Contractor as required under the Construction Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other material terms of the Construction Contract.
- § 14.5 Contract Documents. All the documents that comprise the agreement between the Owner and Contractor.
- § 15 If this Bond is issued for an agreement between a Contractor and subcontractor, the term Contractor in this Bond shall be deemed to be Subcontractor and the term Owner shall be deemed to be Contractor.

Space is provided CONTRACTOR AS Company:	d below for add S PRINCIPAL	litional signatures of add	ded parties, other the SURETY Company:	in those appea	ring on the cover page.) (Corporate Seal)
Signature:			Signature:		
Name and Title: Address:	« »« » « »		Name and Title: Address:	« »« » « »	
				l	
				[
				Į.	
				Į	
					'

RAFT AIA® Document A312™ - 2010

Payment Bond

CONTRACTOR:	SURETY:	
(Name, legal status and address)	(Name, legal status and principal place	e
	of business)	
« »« »	« »« »	ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS: The author of this document has
« »	« »	added information needed for
OMMED.		its completion. The author
OWNER:		may also have revised the
(Name, legal status and address)		text of the original AIA standard form. An <i>Additions</i>
«Tuckahoe Union Free School District»«	»	and Deletions Report that
«65 Siwanoy Blvd. Eastchester, NY 10709»		notes added information as
Eastchester, N 1 10/09»		well as revisions to the standard form text is
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT		available from the author and
Date: «»		should be reviewed.
Amount: \$ «0.00»		This document has important
Description:		legal consequences.
(Name and location)		Consultation with an attorney is encouraged with
«« Tuckahoe Middle School/High School	HVAC Rehid w	respect to its completion or
«65 Siwanoy Blvd.»	TIVIE ROOM	modification.
«Eastchester, NY 10709 »		Any singular reference to
SED # 66-03-02-03-0-002-024		Contractor, Surety, Owner or
		other party shall be considered plural where
		applicable.
BOND		
Date:		
(Not earlier than Construction Contract I	Date)	
« »		
Amount: \$ « »		
Modifications to this Bond: (» N	Ione « » See Section 18	
CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL	SURETY	
Company: (Corporate Seal)	Company: (Corporate Seal)	
Signature:	Signature:	
Name and « »« »	Name and « »« »	
Title:	Title:	
(Any additional signatures appear on the		
(Thry daditional signatures appear on the	iasi page of inis I aymeni Bona.)	
(FOR INFORMATION ONLY — Name, a	address and telephone)	
AGENT or BROKER:	OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE:	
	(Architect, Engineer or other party:)	
« »	«»	
« »	«»	TT TOTTONTC
« »	«»	ELECTRONIC COPYING of any portion of this AIA® Document to
	«»	another electronic file is

AIA Document A312TM - 2010 Payment Bond. The American Institute of Architects. All rights reserved. WARNING: This AIA® Document is protected by U.S. Copyright Law and International Treaties. Unauthorized reproduction or distribution of this AIA® Document, or any portion of it, may result in severe civil and criminal penalties, and will be prosecuted to the maximum extent possible under the law. This draft was produced by AIA software at 12:16:35 on 05/07/2018 under Order No.7663250520 which expires on 02/15/2019, and is not for resale.

(2053522265)

«»

prohibited and constitutes a

document.

violation of copyright laws as set forth in the footer of this

- § 1 The Contractor and Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns to the Owner to pay for labor, materials and equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference, subject to the following terms.
- § 2 If the Contractor promptly makes payment of all sums due to Claimants, and defends, indemnifies and holds harmless the Owner from claims, demands, liens or suits by any person or entity seeking payment for labor, materials or equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, then the Surety and the Contractor shall have no obligation under this Bond.
- § 3 If there is no Owner Default under the Construction Contract, the Surety's obligation to the Owner under this Bond shall arise after the Owner has promptly notified the Contractor and the Surety (at the address described in Section 13) of claims, demands, liens or suits against the Owner or the Owner's property by any person or entity seeking payment for labor, materials or equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract and tendered defense of such claims, demands, liens or suits to the Contractor and the Surety.
- § 4 When the Owner has satisfied the conditions in Section 3, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Owner against a duly tendered claim, demand, lien or suit.
- § 5 The Surety's obligations to a Claimant under this Bond shall arise after the following:
- § 5.1 Claimants, who do not have a direct contract with the Contractor,
 - 1 have furnished a written notice of non-payment to the Contractor, stating with substantial accuracy the amount claimed and the name of the party to whom the materials were, or equipment was, furnished or supplied or for whom the labor was done or performed, within ninety (90) days after having last performed labor or last furnished materials or equipment included in the Claim; and
 - .2 have sent a Claim to the Surety (at the address described in Section 13).
- § 5.2 Claimants, who are employed by or have a direct contract with the Contractor, have sent a Claim to the Surety (at the address described in Section 13).
- § 6 If a notice of non-payment required by Section 5.1.1 is given by the Owner to the Contractor, that is sufficient to satisfy a Claimant's obligation to furnish a written notice of non-payment under Section 5.1.1.
- § 7 When a Claimant has satisfied the conditions of Sections 5.1 or 5.2, whichever is applicable, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense take the following actions:
- § 7.1 Send an answer to the Claimant, with a copy to the Owner, within sixty (60) days after receipt of the Claim, stating the amounts that are undisputed and the basis for challenging any amounts that are disputed; and
- § 7.2 Pay or arrange for payment of any undisputed amounts.
- § 7.3 The Surety's failure to discharge its obligations under Section 7.1 or Section 7.2 shall not be deemed to constitute a waiver of defenses the Surety or Contractor may have or acquire as to a Claim, except as to undisputed amounts for which the Surety and Claimant have reached agreement. If, however, the Surety fails to discharge its obligations under Section 7.1 or Section 7.2, the Surety shall indemnify the Claimant for the reasonable attorney's fees the Claimant incurs thereafter to recover any sums found to be due and owing to the Claimant.
- § 8 The Surety's total obligation shall not exceed the amount of this Bond, plus the amount of reasonable attorney's fees provided under Section 7.3, and the amount of this Bond shall be credited for any payments made in good faith by the Surety.
- § 9 Amounts owed by the Owner to the Contractor under the Construction Contract shall be used for the performance of the Construction Contract and to satisfy claims, if any, under any construction performance bond. By the Contractor furnishing and the Owner accepting this Bond, they agree that all funds earned by the Contractor in the performance of the Construction Contract are dedicated to satisfy obligations of the Contractor and Surety under this Bond, subject to the Owner's priority to use the funds for the completion of the work.

§ 10 The Surety shall not be liable to the Owner, Claimants or others for obligations of the Contractor that are unrelated to the Construction Contract. The Owner shall not be liable for the payment of any costs or expenses of any Claimant under this Bond, and shall have under this Bond no obligation to make payments to, or give notice on behalf of, Claimants or otherwise have any obligations to Claimants under this Bond.
§ 11 The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Construction Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders and other obligations.
§ 12 No suit or action shall be commenced by a Claimant under this Bond other than in a court of competent jurisdiction in the state in which the project that is the subject of the Construction Contract is located or after the expiration of one year from the date (1) on which the Claimant sent a Claim to the Surety pursuant to Section 5.1.2 or
5.2, or (2) on which the last labor or service was performed by anyone or the last materials or equipment were furnished by anyone under the Construction Contract, whichever of (1) or (2) first occurs. If the provisions of this Paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum period of limitation available to sureties as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.
§ 13 Notice and Claims to the Surety, the Owner or the Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address shown on the page on which their signature appears. Actual receipt of notice or Claims, however accomplished, shall be sufficient compliance as of the date received.
§ 14 When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location where the construction was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted herefrom and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. When so furnished, the intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.
§ 15 Upon request by any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of this Bond, the Contractor and Owner shall promptly furnish a copy of this Bond or shall permit a copy to be made.
§ 16 Definitions § 16.1 Claim. A written statement by the Claimant including at a minimum: .1 the name of the Claimant; .2 the name of the person for whom the labor was done, or materials or equipment furnished; .3 a copy of the agreement or purchase order pursuant to which labor, materials or equipment was furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract; .4 a brief description of the labor, materials or equipment furnished; .5 the date on which the Claimant last performed labor or last furnished materials or equipment for use in the performance of the Construction Contract; .6 the total amount earned by the Claimant for labor, materials or equipment furnished as of the date of the Claim; .7 the total amount of previous payments received by the Claimant; and .8 the total amount due and unpaid to the Claimant for labor, materials or equipment furnished as of the date of the Claim.
§ 16.2 Claimant. An individual or entity having a direct contract with the Contractor or with a subcontractor of the Contractor to furnish labor, materials or equipment for use in the performance of the Construction Contract. The term Claimant also includes any individual or entity that has rightfully asserted a claim under an applicable mechanic's lien or similar statute against the real property upon which the Project is located. The intent of this Bond shall be to include without limitation in the terms "labor, materials or equipment" that part of water, gas, power, light, heat, oil, gasoline, telephone service or rental equipment used in the Construction Contract, architectural and engineering services required for performance of the work of the Contractor and the Contractor's subcontractors, and all other items for which a mechanic's lien may be asserted in the jurisdiction where the labor, materials or equipment were furnished.

§ 16.3 Construction Contract. The agreement between the Owner and Contractor identified on the cover page, including all Contract Documents and all changes made to the agreement and the Contract Documents.

§ 16.4 Owner Default. Failure of the Owner, which has not been remedied or waived, to pay the Contractor as required under the Construction Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other material terms of the Construction Contract.

§ 16.5 Contract Documents. All the documents that comprise the agreement between the Owner and Contractor.

§ 17 If this Bond is shall be deemed to	issued for an be Subcontrac	agreement between a Co ctor and the term Owner	ontractor and subcont shall be deemed to b	tractor, the termoe Contractor.	n Contractor in this Bond
§ 18 Modifications	to this bond a	re as follows:			
« »					
(Space is provided CONTRACTOR AS I Company:	below for add PRINCIPAL	itional signatures of add	led parties, other that SURETY Company:	ın those appea	ring on the cover page.) (Corporate Seal)
Signature: Name and Title: Address:	« »« » « »		Signature: Name and Title: Address:	« »« » « »	

DRAFT AIA Document A232 - 2019

General Conditions of the Contract for Construction,

Construction Manager as Adviser Edition

for the following PROJECT:

(Name, and location or address)

<<

« Tuckahoe Middle School/High School HVAC Rebid »

«65 Siwanoy Blvd.»

«Eastchester, NY 10709 »

SED # 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER:

(Name, legal status, and address)

«Calgi Construction Management »« »

«56 Lafayette Avenue, Ste 350 »

«White Plains, NY 10603 »

«Telephone: 914-682-9423

THE OWNER:

(Name, legal status, and address)

«Tuckahoe Union Free School District »

«65 Siwanov Blvd.

Eastchester, NY 10709»

THE ARCHITECT:

(Name, legal status, and address)

«KG+D Architects, P.C. »

«285 Main Street »

«Mount Kisco, NY 10549 »

ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS:

The author of this document has added information needed for its completion. The author may also have revised the text of the original AIA standard form. An Additions and Deletions Report that notes added information as well as revisions to the standard form text is available from the author and should be reviewed.

This document has important legal consequences. Consultation with an attorney is encouraged with respect to its completion or modification.

This document is intended to be used in conjunction with AIA Documents A132™-2019, Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Contractor, Construction Manager as Adviser Edition; B132™-2019, Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Architect, Construction Manager as Adviser Edition; and C132™-2019, Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Construction Manager as Adviser.



ELECTRONIC COPYING of any portion of this AIA® Document to another electronic file is prohibited and constitutes a violation of copyright laws as set forth in the footer of this document.

TABLE OF ARTICLES

- 1 **GENERAL PROVISIONS**
- 2 **OWNER**
- 3 CONTRACTOR
- ARCHITECT AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGER
- 5 **SUBCONTRACTORS**
- **CONSTRUCTION BY OWNER OR BY SEPARATE CONTRACTORS** 6
- 7 **CHANGES IN THE WORK**
- 8 TIME
- 9 PAYMENTS AND COMPLETION
- PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY 10
- 11 **INSURANCE AND BONDS**
- 12 **UNCOVERING AND CORRECTION OF WORK**
- **MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS** 13
- TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF THE CONTRACT 14
- **CLAIMS AND DISPUTES** 15



ARTICLE 1 **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

§ 1.1 Basic Definitions

- § 1.1.1 The Contract Documents. The Contract Documents are enumerated in the Agreement between the Owner and Contractor (hereinafter the Agreement or Contract) and consist of the Agreement, Conditions of the Contract (General, Supplementary and other Conditions), Drawings, Specifications, Addenda issued prior to execution of the Contract, other documents listed in the Agreement, and Modifications issued after execution of the Contract. A Modification is (1) a written amendment to the Contract signed by both parties, (2) a Change Order, (3) a Construction Change Directive, or (4) a written order for a minor change in the Work issued by the Architect. Unless specifically enumerated in the Agreement, the Contract Documents do not include the advertisement or invitation to bid, Instructions to Bidders, sample forms, other information furnished by the Owner in anticipation of receiving bids or proposals, the Contractor's bid or proposal, or portions of addenda relating to bidding or proposal requirements.
- § 1.1.2 The Contract. The Contract Documents form the Contract for Construction. The Contract represents the entire and integrated agreement between the parties hereto and supersedes prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral. The Contract may be amended or modified only by a Modification. The Contract Documents shall not be construed to create a contractual relationship of any kind (1) between the Contractor and the Architect or the Architect's consultants, (2) between the Owner and the Construction Manager or the Construction Manager's consultants, (3) between the Owner and the Architect or the Architect's consultants, (4) between the Contractor and the Construction Manager or the Construction Manager's consultants, (5) between the Owner and a Subcontractor or Sub-subcontractor (6) between the Construction Manager and the Architect, or (7) between any persons or entities other than the Owner and Contractor. The Construction Manager and Architect shall, however, be entitled to performance and enforcement of obligations under the Contract intended to facilitate performance of their duties.
- § 1.1.3 The Work. The term "Work" means the construction and services required by the Contract Documents, whether completed or partially completed, and includes all other labor, materials, equipment, and services provided or to be provided by the Contractor to fulfill the Contractor's obligations. The Work may constitute the whole or a part of the Project.
- § 1.1.4 The Project. The Project is the total construction of which the Work performed under the Contract Documents may be the whole or a part and which may include construction by other Contractors, and by the Owner's own forces and Separate Contractors.
- § 1.1.5 Contractors. Contractors are persons or entities, other than the Contractor or Separate Contractors, who perform Work under contracts with the Owner that are administered by the Architect and Construction Manager.
- § 1.1.6 Separate Contractors. Separate Contractors are persons or entities who perform construction under separate contracts with the Owner not administered by the Architect and Construction Manager.
- § 1.1.7 The Drawings. The Drawings are the graphic and pictorial portions of the Contract Documents showing the design, location and dimensions of the Work, generally including plans, elevations, sections, details, schedules, and diagrams.
- § 1.1.8 The Specifications. The Specifications are that portion of the Contract Documents consisting of the written requirements for materials, equipment, systems, standards and workmanship for the Work, and performance of related services.
- § 1.1.9 Instruments of Service. Instruments of Service are representations, in any medium of expression now known or later developed, of the tangible and intangible creative work performed by the Architect and the Architect's consultants under their respective professional services agreements. Instruments of Service may include, without limitation, studies, surveys, models, sketches, drawings, specifications, and other similar materials.
- § 1.1.10 Initial Decision Maker. The Initial Decision Maker is the person identified in the Agreement to render initial decisions on Claims in accordance with Section 15.2. The Initial Decision Maker shall not show partiality to the Owner or Contractor and shall not be liable for results of interpretations or decisions rendered in good faith.

§ 1.2 Correlation and Intent of the Contract Documents

§ 1.2.1 The intent of the Contract Documents is to include all items necessary for the proper execution and completion of the Work by the Contractor. The Contract Documents are complementary, and what is required by one shall be as binding as if required by all; performance by the Contractor shall be required only to the extent consistent with the Contract Documents and reasonably inferable from them as being necessary to produce the indicated results. Addenda supersede the provisions they amended. The Contract Documents are complementary, and what is required by one shall be as binding as if required by all; performance by the Contractor shall be required only to the extent consistent with the Contract Documents and reasonably inferable from them as being necessary to produce the indicated results.

- All dimensions shown on the Drawings are for bidding purposes only. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to verify all dimensions in the field to ensure proper and accurate fit of materials and items to be installed.
- 2. The lists of equipment, tabulations of data and schedules appearing in the Specifications or Drawings are included for assistance and guidance in arriving at a more complete understanding of the intended installation. They are not intended, or to be construed, as relieving the responsibility of the Prime Contractors in making their own takeoffs.
- 3. It is intended that all mechanical and electrical systems will be complete and in proper operation and that all construction components will be complete and in compliance with accepted construction practice upon completion of the Work. Even if items are missing from the Plans and/or Specifications but are normally required for proper operation of mechanical and electrical systems, or to complete otherwise incomplete construction or to meet governing code requirements, they shall be included by the Contractor, unless he sought and received contradictory interpretation or clarification from the Architect.
- § 1.2.1.1 The invalidity of any provision of the Contract Documents shall not invalidate the Contract or its remaining provisions. If it is determined that any provision of the Contract Documents violates any law, or is otherwise invalid or unenforceable, then that provision shall be revised to the extent necessary to make that provision legal and enforceable. In such case the Contract Documents shall be construed, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to give effect to the parties' intentions and purposes in executing the Contract.
- § 1.2.2 Organization of the Specifications into divisions, sections and articles, and arrangement of Drawings shall not control the Contractor in dividing the Work among Subcontractors or in establishing the extent of Work to be performed by any trade.
- § 1.2.3 Unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, words that have well-known technical or construction industry meanings are used in the Contract Documents in accordance with such recognized meanings.

§ 1.3 Capitalization

Terms capitalized in these General Conditions include those that are (1) specifically defined, (2) the titles of numbered articles, or (3) the titles of other documents published by the American Institute of Architects.

§ 1.4 Interpretation

In the interest of brevity the Contract Documents frequently omit modifying words such as "all" and "any" and articles such as "the" and "an," but the fact that a modifier or an article is absent from one statement and appears in another is not intended to affect the interpretation of either statement.

§ 1.5 Ownership and Use of Drawings, Specifications, and Other Instruments of Service

§ 1.5.1 For the purposes of this Agreement, the Architect and the Architect's consultants shall be deemed the authors and owners of their respective Instruments of Service, including the Drawings and Specifications, and retain all common law, statutory, and other reserved rights in their Instruments of Service, including copyrights. The Contractor, Subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, and suppliers shall not own or claim a copyright in the Instruments of Service. Submittal or distribution to meet official regulatory requirements or for other purposes in connection with the Project is not to be construed as publication in derogation of the Architect's or Architect's consultants' reserved rights.

§ 1.5.2 The Contractor, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, and suppliers are authorized to use and reproduce the Instruments of Service provided to them, subject to any protocols established pursuant to Sections 1.7 and 1.8, solely and exclusively for execution of the Work. All copies made under this authorization shall bear the copyright notice, if any, shown on the Instruments of Service. The Contractor, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, and suppliers may not use the Instruments of Service on other projects or for additions to the Project outside the scope of the Work without the specific written consent of the Owner, Architect, and the Architect's consultants.

§ 1.6 Notice

- § 1.6.1 Except as otherwise provided in Section 1.6.2, where the Contract Documents require one party to notify or give notice to the other party, such notice shall be provided in writing to the designated representative of the party to whom the notice is addressed and shall be deemed to have been duly served if delivered in person, by mail, by courier, or by electronic transmission if a method for electronic transmission is set forth in the Agreement.
- § 1.6.2 Notice of Claims as provided in Section 15.1.3 shall be provided in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly served only if delivered to the designated representative of the party to whom the notice is addressed by certified or registered mail, or by courier providing proof of delivery.

§ 1.7 Digital Data Use and Transmission

The parties shall agree upon protocols governing the transmission and use of Instruments of Service or any other information or documentation in digital form. The parties will use AIA Document E203TM_2013, Building Information Modeling and Digital Data Exhibit, to establish the protocols for the development, use, transmission, and exchange of digital data.

§ 1.8 Building Information Models Use and Reliance

Any use of, or reliance on, all or a portion of a building information model without agreement to protocols governing the use of, and reliance on, the information contained in the model and without having those protocols set forth in AIA Document E203TM–2013, Building Information Modeling and Digital Data Exhibit, and the requisite AIA Document G202TM_2013, Project Building Information Modeling Protocol Form, shall be at the using or relying party's sole risk and without liability to the other party and its contractors or consultants, the authors of, or contributors to, the building information model, and each of their agents and employees.

ARTICLE 2 **OWNER**

§ 2.1 General

§ 2.1.1 The Owner is the person or entity identified as such in the Agreement and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number. The Owner shall designate in writing a representative who shall have express authority to bind the Owner with respect to all matters requiring the Owner's approval or authorization. Except as otherwise provided in Section 4.2.1, the Construction Manager and the Architect do not have such authority. The term "Owner" means the Owner or the Owner's authorized representative.

§ 2.1.2 Deleted

§ 2.2 Deleted

§ 2.3 Information and Services Required of the Owner

- § 2.3.1 Except for permits and fees that are the responsibility of the Contractor under the Contract Documents, including those required under Section 3.7.1, the Owner shall secure and pay for necessary approvals, easements, assessments and charges required for construction, use or occupancy of permanent structures or for permanent changes in existing facilities. Unless otherwise provided under the Contract Documents, the Owner, assisted by the Construction Manager, shall secure and pay for the building permit.
- § 2.3.2 The Owner shall retain an architect lawfully licensed to practice architecture, or an entity lawfully practicing architecture, in the jurisdiction where the Project is located. That person or entity is identified as the Architect in the Agreement and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number.
- § 2.3.3 The Owner shall retain a construction manager adviser lawfully practicing construction management in the jurisdiction where the Project is located. That person or entity is identified as the Construction Manager in the Agreement and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number.

- § 2.3.4 If the employment of the Construction Manager or Architect terminates, the Owner shall employ a successor construction manager or architect and whose status under the Contract Documents shall be that of the Construction Manager or Architect, respectively.
- § 2.3.5 The Owner shall furnish surveys describing physical characteristics, legal limitations and utility locations for the site of the Project, and a legal description of the site. The Contractor shall be entitled to rely on the accuracy of information furnished by the Owner but shall exercise proper precautions relating to the safe performance of the Work.
- § 2.3.6 The Owner shall furnish information or services required of the Owner by the Contract Documents with reasonable promptness. The Owner shall also furnish any other information or services under the Owner's control and relevant to the Contractor's performance of the Work with reasonable promptness after receiving the Contractor's written request for such information or services.
- § 2.3.7 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Owner shall furnish to the Contractor one copy of the Contract Documents for purposes of making reproductions pursuant to Section 1.5.2.
- § 2.3.8 The Owner shall forward all communications to the Contractor through the Construction Manager. Other communication shall be made as set forth in Section 4.2.6.

§ 2.4 Owner's Right to Stop the Work

If the Contractor fails to correct Work that is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents as required by Section 12.2 or fails to carry out Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Owner may issue a written order to the Contractor to stop the Work, or any portion thereof, until the cause for such order has been eliminated; however, the right of the Owner to stop the Work shall not give rise to a duty on the part of the Owner to exercise this right for the benefit of the Contractor or any other person or entity, except to the extent required by Section 6.1.3.

§ 2.5 Owner's Right to Carry Out the Work

If the Contractor defaults or neglects to carry out the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents and fails within a *seven*-day period after receipt of notice from the Owner to commence and continue correction of such default or neglect with diligence and promptness, the Owner may, without prejudice to other remedies the Owner may have, correct such default or neglect. Such action by the Owner and amounts charged to the Contractor are both subject to review by the Construction Manager and prior approval of the Architect, and the Construction Manager or Architect may, pursuant to Section 9.5.1, withhold or nullify a Certificate for Payment in whole or in part, to the extent reasonably necessary to reimburse the Owner for the reasonable cost of correcting such deficiencies, including Owner's expenses and compensation for the Construction Manager's and Architect's and their respective consultants' additional services made necessary by such default, neglect, or failure. If current and future payments are not sufficient to cover such amounts, the Contractor shall pay the difference to the Owner. If the Contractor disagrees with the actions of the Owner or the Architect, or the amounts claimed as costs to the Owner, the Contractor may file a Claim pursuant to Article 15.

§ 2.6 ACCELERATION CLAUSE

- § 2.6.1 The Owner reserves the right to accelerate the work of the Contract. In the event that the Owner directs acceleration, such directive will be only in written form. The Contractor shall keep cost and other project records related to the acceleration directive separately from normal project costs and records and shall provide a written record of acceleration cost to the Owner on a daily basis.
- § 2.6.2 In the event that the Contractor believes that some action or inaction on the part of the Owner constitutes an acceleration directive, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Owner in writing that the Contractor considers the actions an acceleration directive, with copies to the Architect and Construction Manager. This written notification shall detail the circumstances of the claimed acceleration directive. The Contractor shall not accelerate their work efforts until the Owner responds in writing to the written notification. If acceleration is then directed or required by the Owner, all cost records referred to above shall be maintained by the Contractor and provided to the Owner on a daily basis.
- § 2.6.3 In order to preserve a claim to recover additional costs due to acceleration, the Contractor must document that

additional expenses were incurred and paid by the Contractor. Labor costs recoverable will be only overtime or shift premium costs or the cost of additional laborers brought to the site to accomplish the accelerated work effort. Equipment costs recoverable will be only the cost of added equipment mobilized to the site to accomplish the accelerated work effort.

ARTICLE 3 CONTRACTOR

§ 3.1 General

- § 3.1.1 The Contractor is the person or entity identified as such in the Agreement and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number. The Contractor shall be lawfully licensed, if required in the jurisdiction where the Project is located. The Contractor shall designate in writing a representative who shall have express authority to bind the Contractor with respect to all matters under this Contract. The term "Contractor" means the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative.
- § 3.1.2 The Contractor shall perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- § 3.1.3 The Contractor shall not be relieved of its obligations to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents either by activities or duties of the Construction Manager or Architect in their administration of the Contract, or by tests, inspections or approvals required or performed by persons or entities other than the Contractor.

§ 3.2 Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions by Contractor

- § 3.2.1 Execution of the contract by the Contractor is a representation that the Contractor has carefully examined the Contract Documents and the site, and represents that the Contractor is thoroughly familiar with the nature and location of the Work, the site, the specific conditions under which the Work is to be performed, and all matters which may in any way affect the Work or its performance. The Contractor further represents that as a result of such examinations and investigations, the Contractor thoroughly understands the Contract Documents and their intent and purpose, and is familiar with all applicable codes, ordinances, laws, regulations, and rules as they apply to the Work, and that the Contractor will abide by same. Claims for additional time or additional compensation as a result of the Contractor's failure to follow the foregoing procedure and to familiarize itself with all local conditions and the Contract Documents will not be permitted.
- § 3.2.2 Because the Contract Documents are complementary, the Contractor shall, before starting each portion of the Work, carefully study and compare the various Contract Documents relative to that portion of the Work, as well as the information furnished by the Owner pursuant to Section 2.3.5, shall take field measurements of any existing conditions related to that portion of the Work, and shall observe any conditions at the site affecting it. These obligations are for the purpose of facilitating coordination and construction by the Contractor and are not for the purpose of discovering errors, omissions, or inconsistencies in the Contract Documents; however, the Contractor shall promptly report to the Construction Manager and Architect any errors, inconsistencies or omissions discovered by or made known to the Contractor as a request for information submitted to the Construction Manager in such form as the Construction Manager and Architect may require. It is recognized that the Contractor's review is made in the Contractor's capacity as a contractor and not as a licensed design professional, unless otherwise specifically provided in the Contract Documents. If the Contractor performs any construction activity which involves an error, inconsistency or omission in the Contract Documents without first providing notice to the Owner, Architect and Construction Manager of such condition and receiving authorization to proceed, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for such performance and shall bear an appropriate amount of the attributable costs for correction.
- § 3.2.3 The Contractor is not required to ascertain that the Contract Documents are in accordance with applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, or lawful orders of public authorities, but the Contractor shall promptly report to the Construction Manager and Architect any nonconformity discovered by or made known to the Contractor as a request for information submitted to Construction Manager in such form as the Construction Manager and Architect may require.
- § 3.2.4 If the Contractor believes that additional cost or time is involved because of clarifications or instructions the Architect issues in response to the Contractor's notices or requests for information pursuant to Sections 3.2.2 or 3.2.3, the Contractor shall submit Claims as provided in Article 15. If the Contractor fails to perform the obligations of Sections 3.2.2 or 3.2.3, the Contractor shall pay such costs and damages to the Owner, subject to section 15.1.7, as would have been avoided if the Contractor had performed such obligations. If the Contractor performs those obligations, the Contractor shall not be liable to the Owner or Architect for damages resulting from errors,

inconsistencies or omissions in the Contract Documents, for differences between field measurements or conditions and the Contract Documents, or for nonconformities of the Contract Documents to applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, and lawful orders of public authorities.

- § 3.2.5 Where existing conditions are obscured or concealed from the Owner or Architect's view prior to the start of this Project's construction activities, portrayal of such conditions in the documents is based on reasonable implications and assumptions. The Owner and Architect do not imply or guarantee to the Contractor in any way that such portrayals in the Documents are accurate or true.
- §3.2.5.1 The Contractor may submit requests for information to the Architect to help facilitate the Contractor's performance of the contract. Prior to submitting each request for information, the Contractor shall first carefully study and compare the Contract Documents, field conditions, other Owner provided information, Contractor prepared Coordination Drawings, and prior Project correspondence and documentation to determine that the information to be requested is not reasonably obtainable from such sources.
- § 3.2.5.2 Each request for information shall be submitted to the Construction Manager, in writing. Each request for information shall identify the specific sources which were reviewed by the Contractor in an effort to determine the information requested, and a statement to the effect that the information being requested could not be determined from such sources. After review, the Construction Manager will forward the request to the Architect.
- § 3.2.5.3 The Contractor shall submit each request for information sufficiently in advance of the date by which such information is requested in order to allow the Architect sufficient time, in the Architect's professional judgment, to permit adequate review and response and to permit Contractor compliance with the latest construction schedule.
- § 3.2.5.4 The Construction Manager shall maintain a log at the Project site that sequentially numbers and lists each request for information. This log shall contain the Drawings reference or Specification section to which the request pertains, the date of the request, to whom the request was made, by whom the request was made, the nature of the request, and the Architect's resolution thereof. This log shall be reviewed at each Project meeting and the status of the requests for information shall be made part of the minutes of such meetings.
- § 3.2.5.5 The Contractor shall reimburse the Owner amounts charged to the Owner by the Architect or Construction Manager for responding to Contractor requests for information where such information is available to the Contractor from a careful study and comparison of the Contract Documents, field conditions, other Owner provided information, Contractor prepared Coordination Drawings, or prior Project correspondence or documentation.

§ 3.3 Supervision and Construction Procedures

- § 3.3.1 The Contractor shall supervise and direct the Work, using the Contractor's best skill and attention. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for, and have control over, construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures, and for coordinating all portions of the Work under the Contract. If the Contract Documents give specific instructions concerning construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures, the Contractor shall evaluate the jobsite safety thereof and shall be solely responsible for the jobsite safety of such means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures. If the Contractor determines that such means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures may not be safe, the Contractor shall give timely notice to the Owner, the Construction Manager, and the Architect, and shall propose alternative means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures. The Architect shall evaluate the proposed alternative solely for conformance with the design intent for the completed construction. The Construction Manager shall review the proposed alternative for sequencing, constructability, and coordination impacts on the other Contractors. Unless the Architect or the Construction Manager objects to the Contractor's proposed alternative, the Contractor shall perform the Work using its alternative means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures.
- § 3.3.2 The Contractor shall be responsible to the Owner for acts and omissions of the Contractor's employees, Subcontractors and their agents and employees, and other persons or entities performing portions of the Work for, or on behalf of, the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors.
- § 3.3.3 The Contractor shall be responsible for inspection of portions of the Project already performed to determine that such portions are in proper condition to receive subsequent Work.

§ 3.4 Labor and Materials

- § 3.4.1 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall provide and pay for labor, materials, equipment, tools, construction equipment and machinery, water, heat, utilities, transportation, and other facilities and services necessary for proper execution and completion of the Work, whether temporary or permanent and whether or not incorporated or to be incorporated in the Work.
- § 3.4.2 Except in the case of minor changes in the Work approved by the Architect in accordance with Section 3.12.8 or ordered by the Architect in accordance with Section 7.4, the Contractor may make substitutions only with the consent of the Owner, after evaluation by the Architect, in consultation with the Construction Manager, and in accordance with a Change Order or Construction Change Directive.
- § 3.4.3 The Contractor shall enforce strict discipline and good order among the Contractor's employees and other persons carrying out the Work. The Contractor shall not permit employment of unfit persons or persons not properly skilled in tasks assigned to them.

§ 3.5 Warranty

- § 3.5.1 The Contractor warrants to the Owner, Construction Manager, and Architect that materials and equipment furnished under the Contract will be of good quality and new unless the Contract Documents require or permit otherwise. The Contractor further warrants that the Work will conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents and will be free from defects, except for those inherent in the quality of the Work the Contract Documents require or permit. Work, materials, or equipment not conforming to these requirements may be considered defective. The Contractor's warranty excludes remedy for damage or defect caused by abuse, alterations to the Work not executed by the Contractor, improper or insufficient maintenance, improper operation, or normal wear and tear and normal usage. If required by the Construction Manager or Architect, the Contractor shall furnish satisfactory evidence as to the kind and quality of materials and equipment.
- § 3.5.2 All material, equipment, or other special warranties required by the Contract Documents shall be issued in the name of the Owner, or shall be transferable to the Owner, and shall commence in accordance with Section 9.8.4.

§ 3.6 Taxes

The Contractor shall pay sales, consumer, use and similar taxes for the Work or portions thereof provided by the Contractor that are legally enacted when bids are received or negotiations concluded, whether or not yet effective or merely scheduled to go into effect.

§ 3.7 Permits, Fees, Notices, and Compliance with Laws

- § 3.7.1 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Owner, assisted by the Construction Manager, shall secure and pay for the building permit. The Contractor shall secure and pay for other permits, fees, licenses, and inspections by government agencies necessary for proper execution and completion of the Work that are customarily secured after execution of the Contract and legally required at the time bids are received or negotiations concluded.
- § 3.7.2 The Contractor shall comply with and give notices required by applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, and lawful orders of public authorities applicable to performance of the Work.
- § 3.7.3 If the Contractor performs Work knowing it to be contrary to applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, or lawful orders of public authorities, the Contractor shall assume appropriate responsibility for such Work and shall bear the costs attributable to correction.
- § 3.7.4 Concealed or Unknown Conditions. If the Contractor encounters conditions at the site that are (1) subsurface or otherwise concealed physical conditions that differ materially from those indicated in the Contract Documents or (2) unknown physical conditions of an unusual nature that differ materially from those ordinarily found to exist and generally recognized as inherent in construction activities of the character provided for in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall promptly provide notice to the Owner, Construction Manager, and the Architect before conditions are disturbed and in no event later than 14 days after first observance of the conditions. The Architect and Construction Manager will promptly investigate such conditions and, if the Architect, in consultation with the Construction Manager, determines that they differ materially and cause an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or time required for, performance of any part of the Work, will recommend that an equitable adjustment be

made in the Contract Sum or Contract Time, or both. If the Architect, in consultation with the Construction Manager, determines that the conditions at the site are not materially different from those indicated in the Contract Documents and that no change in the terms of the Contract is justified, the Architect shall promptly notify the Owner, Construction Manager, and Contractor, stating the reasons. If the Owner or Contractor disputes the Architect's determination or recommendation, either party may submit a Claim as provided in Article 15.

§ 3.7.5 If, in the course of the Work, the Contractor encounters human remains or recognizes the existence of burial markers, archaeological sites or wetlands not indicated in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall immediately suspend any operations that would affect them and shall notify the Owner, Construction Manager, and Architect. Upon receipt of such notice, the Owner shall promptly take any action necessary to obtain governmental authorization required to resume the operations. The Contractor shall continue to suspend such operations until otherwise instructed by the Owner but shall continue with all other operations that do not affect those remains or features. Requests for adjustments in the Contract Sum and Contract Time arising from the existence of such remains or features may be made as provided in Article 15.

§ 3.8 Allowances

- § 3.8.1 The Contractor shall include in the Contract Sum all allowances stated in the Contract Documents. Items covered by allowances shall be supplied for such amounts and by such persons or entities as the Owner may direct, but the Contractor shall not be required to employ persons or entities to whom the Contractor has reasonable objection.
- § 3.8.2 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents:
 - allowances shall cover the cost to the Contractor of materials and equipment delivered at the site and all required taxes, less applicable trade discounts;
 - .2 Contractor's costs for unloading and handling at the site, labor, installation costs, overhead, profit, and other expenses contemplated for stated allowance amounts shall be included in the Contract Sum but not in the allowances; and
 - .3 whenever costs are more than or less than allowances, the Contract Sum shall be adjusted accordingly by Change Order. The amount of the Change Order shall reflect (1) the difference between actual costs and the allowances under Section 3.8.2.1 and (2) changes in Contractor's costs under Section 3.8.2.2.
- § 3.8.3 Materials and equipment under an allowance shall be selected by the Owner with reasonable promptness.

§ 3.9 Superintendent

- § 3.9.1 The Contractor shall employ a competent superintendent and necessary assistants who shall be in attendance at the Project site during performance of the Work. The superintendent shall represent the Contractor, and communications given to the superintendent shall be as binding as if given to the Contractor.
- § 3.9.2 The Contractor, as soon as practicable after award of the Contract, shall notify the Owner and Architect, through the Construction Manager, of the name and qualifications of a proposed superintendent. Within 14 days of receipt of the information, the Construction Manager may notify the Contractor, stating whether the Owner, the Construction Manager, or the Architect (1) has reasonable objection to the proposed superintendent or (2) require additional time for review. Failure of the Construction Manager to provide notice within the 14-day period shall constitute notice of no reasonable objection.
- § 3.9.3 The Contractor shall not employ a proposed superintendent to whom the Owner, Construction Manager, or Architect has made reasonable and timely objection. The Contractor shall not change the superintendent without the Owner's consent, which shall not unreasonably be withheld or delayed.

§ 3.10 Contractor's Construction and Submittal Schedules

§ 3.10.1 The Contractor, promptly after being awarded the Contract, shall submit for the Owner's and Architect's information, and the Construction Manager's use in developing the Project schedule, a Contractor's construction schedule for the Work. The schedule shall contain detail appropriate for the Project, including (1) the date of commencement of the Work, interim schedule milestone dates, and the date of Substantial Completion; (2) an apportionment of the Work by construction activity; and (3) the time required for completion of each portion of the Work. The schedule shall provide for the orderly progression of the Work to completion and shall not exceed time

limits current under the Contract Documents. The schedule shall be revised at appropriate intervals as required by the conditions of the Work and Project. The Contractor shall cooperate with the Construction Manager in scheduling and performing the Contractor's Work to avoid conflict with, and as to cause no delay in, the work or activities of other Contractors, or the construction or operations of the Owner's own forces or Separate Contractors.

- § 3.10.2 The Contractor, promptly after being awarded the Contract and thereafter as necessary to maintain a current submittal schedule, shall submit a submittal schedule for the Construction Manager's and Architect's approval. The Architect and Construction Manager's approval shall not be unreasonably delayed or withheld. The submittal schedule shall (1) be coordinated with the Contractor's construction schedule, and (2) allow the Construction Manager and Architect reasonable time to review submittals. If the Contractor fails to submit a submittal schedule, or fails to provide submittals in accordance with the approved submittal schedule, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any increase in Contract Sum or extension of Contract Time based on the time required for review of submittals.
- § 3.10.3 The Contractor shall participate with other Contractors, the Construction Manager, and the Owner in reviewing and coordinating all schedules for incorporation into the Project schedule that is prepared by the Construction Manager. The Contractor shall make revisions to the construction schedule and submittal schedule as deemed necessary by the Construction Manager to conform to the Project schedule.
- § 3.10.4 The Contractor shall perform the Work in general accordance with the most recent schedules submitted to the Owner, Construction Manager, and Architect, and incorporated into the approved Project schedule.

§ 3.11 Documents and Samples at the Site

The Contractor shall make available, at the Project site, the Contract Documents, including Change Orders, Construction Change Directives, and other Modifications, in good order and marked currently to indicate field changes and selections made during construction, and the approved Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and similar required submittals. These shall be in electronic form or paper copy, available to the Construction Manager, Architect, and Owner, and delivered to the Construction Manager for submittal to the Owner upon completion of the Work as a record of the Work as constructed.

§ 3.12 Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples

- § 3.12.1 Shop Drawings are drawings, diagrams, schedules, and other data specially prepared for the Work by the Contractor or a Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier, or distributor to illustrate some portion of the Work.
- § 3.12.2 Product Data are illustrations, standard schedules, performance charts, instructions, brochures, diagrams, and other information furnished by the Contractor to illustrate materials or equipment for some portion of the Work.
- § 3.12.3 Samples are physical examples that illustrate materials, equipment, or workmanship, and establish standards by which the Work will be judged.
- § 3.12.4 Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and similar submittals are not Contract Documents. Their purpose is to demonstrate how the Contractor proposes to conform to the information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents for those portions of the Work for which the Contract Documents require submittals. Review by the Architect and Construction Manager is subject to the limitations of Sections 4.2.10 through 4.2.12. Informational submittals upon which the Construction Manager and Architect are not expected to take responsive action may be so identified in the Contract Documents. Submittals that are not required by the Contract Documents may be returned by the Construction Manager or Architect without action.
- § 3.12.5 The Contractor shall review for compliance with the Contract Documents, approve, and submit to the Construction Manager, Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and similar submittals required by the Contract Documents, in accordance with the Project submittal schedule approved by the Construction Manager and Architect or, in the absence of an approved Project submittal schedule, with reasonable promptness and in such sequence as to cause no delay in the Work or in the activities of other Contractors, Separate Contractors, or the Owner's own forces. The Contractor shall cooperate with the Construction Manager in the coordination of the Contractor's Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and similar submittals with related documents submitted by other Contractors.

- § 3.12.6 By submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and similar submittals, the Contractor represents to the Owner, Construction Manager, and Architect, that the Contractor has (1) reviewed and approved them, (2) determined and verified materials, field measurements and field construction criteria related thereto, or will do so, and (3) checked and coordinated the information contained within such submittals with the requirements of the Work and of the Contract Documents.
- § 3.12.7 The Contractor shall perform no portion of the Work for which the Contract Documents require submittal and review of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, or similar submittals, until the respective submittal has been reviewed and approved by the Architect.
- § 3.12.8 The Work shall be in accordance with approved submittals except that the Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents by the Architect's approval of Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, or similar submittals, unless the Contractor has specifically notified the Construction Manager and Architect of such deviation at the time of submittal and (1) the Architect has given written approval to the specific deviation as a minor change in the Work, or (2) a Change Order or Construction Change Directive has been issued authorizing the deviation. The Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for errors or omissions in Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, or similar submittals, by the Architect's approval thereof.
- § 3.12.9 The Contractor shall direct specific attention, in writing or on resubmitted Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, or similar submittals, to revisions other than those requested by the Construction Manager and Architect on previous submittals. In the absence of such notice, the Architect's approval of a resubmission shall not apply to such revisions.
- § 3.12.10 The Contractor shall not be required to provide professional services that constitute the practice of architecture or engineering unless such services are specifically required by the Contract Documents for a portion of the Work or unless the Contractor needs to provide such services in order to carry out the Contractor's responsibilities for construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures. The Contractor shall not be required to provide professional services in violation of applicable law.
- § 3.12.10.1 If professional design services or certifications by a design professional related to systems, materials, or equipment are specifically required of the Contractor by the Contract Documents, the Owner and the Architect will specify all performance and design criteria that such services must satisfy. The Contractor shall be entitled to rely upon the adequacy and accuracy of the performance and design criteria provided in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall cause such services or certifications to be provided by an appropriately licensed design professional, whose signature and seal shall appear on all drawings, calculations, specifications, certifications, Shop Drawings, and other submittals prepared by such professional. Shop Drawings, and other submittals related to the Work, designed or certified by such professional, if prepared by others, shall bear such professional's written approval when submitted to the Architect. The Owner, the Architect, and the Construction Manager shall be entitled to rely upon the adequacy and accuracy of the services, certifications, and approvals performed or provided by such design professionals, provided the Owner and Architect have specified to the Contractor the performance and design criteria that such services must satisfy. Pursuant to this Section 3.12.10, the Architect will review and approve or take other appropriate action on submittals only for the limited purpose of checking for conformance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents. The Construction Manager shall review submittals for sequencing, constructability, and coordination impacts on other Contractors.
- § 3.12.10.2 If the Contract Documents require the Contractor's design professional to certify that the Work has been performed in accordance with the design criteria, the Contractor shall furnish such certifications to the Construction Manager and Architect at the time and in the form specified by the Architect.

§ 3.13 Use of Site

- § 3.13.1 The Contractor shall confine operations at the site to areas permitted by applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, lawful orders of public authorities, and the Contract Documents and shall not unreasonably encumber the site with materials or equipment.
- § 3.13.2 The Contractor shall coordinate the Contractor's operations with, and secure the approval of, the Construction Manager before using any portion of the site.

§ 3.14 Cutting and Patching

§ 3.14.1 The Contractor shall be responsible for cutting, fitting, or patching required to complete the Work or to make its parts fit together properly. All areas requiring cutting, fitting, or patching shall be restored to the condition existing prior to the cutting, fitting, or patching, unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents.

§ 3.14.2 The Contractor shall not damage or endanger a portion of the Work or fully or partially completed construction of the Owner, Separate Contractors, or of other Contractors by cutting, patching, or otherwise altering such construction, or by excavation. The Contractor shall not cut or otherwise alter construction by the Owner, Separate Contractors, or by other Contractors except with written consent of the Construction Manager, Owner, and such other Contractors or Separate Contractors. Consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. The Contractor shall not unreasonably withhold, from the Separate Contractors, other Contractors, or the Owner, its consent to cutting or otherwise altering the Work.

§ 3.15 Cleaning Up

§ 3.15.1 The Contractor shall keep the premises and surrounding area free from accumulation of waste materials and rubbish caused by operations under the Contract. At completion of the Work, the Contractor shall remove waste materials, rubbish, the Contractor's tools, construction equipment, machinery, and surplus materials from and about the Project.

§ 3.15.2 If the Contractor fails to clean up as provided in the Contract Documents, the Owner, or Construction Manager with the Owner's approval, may do so and the Owner shall be entitled to reimbursement from the Contractor.

§ 3.16 Access to Work

The Contractor shall provide the Owner, Construction Manager, and Architect with access to the Work in preparation and progress wherever located.

§ 3.17 Royalties, Patents and Copyrights

The Contractor shall pay all royalties and license fees. The Contractor shall defend suits or claims for infringement of copyrights and patent rights and shall hold the Owner, Construction Manager, and Architect harmless from loss on account thereof, but shall not be responsible for defense or loss when a particular design, process, or product of a particular manufacturer or manufacturers is required by the Contract Documents, or where the copyright violations are contained in Drawings, Specifications, or other documents prepared by the Owner, Architect, or Construction Manager. However, if an infringement of a copyright or patent is discovered by, or made known to, the Contractor, the Contractor shall be responsible for the loss unless the information is promptly furnished to the Architect through the Construction Manager.

§ 3.18 Indemnification

§ 3.18.1 To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect, Construction Manager's and Architect's consultants, and agents and employees of any of them from and against claims, damages, losses, and expenses, including but not limited to attorneys' fees, arising out of or resulting from performance of the Work, provided that such claim, damage, loss, or expense is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property (other than the Work itself), but only to the extent caused by the negligent acts or omissions of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, regardless of whether or not such claim, damage, loss, or expense is caused in part by a party indemnified hereunder. Such obligation shall not be construed to negate, abridge, or reduce other rights or obligations of indemnity that would otherwise exist as to a party or person described in this Section 3.18. The provisions of this Section shall survive termination of this Agreement.

§ 3.18.2 In claims against any person or entity indemnified under this Section 3.18 by an employee of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, the indemnification obligation under Section 3.18.1 shall not be limited by a limitation on amount or type of damages, compensation, or benefits payable by or for the Contractor or a Subcontractor under workers' compensation acts, disability benefit acts, or other employee benefit acts.

§ 3.19 DAILY RECORDS CLAUSE

- § 3.19.1 The Contractor shall prepare and maintain Daily Inspection Records to document the progress of the work on a daily basis. Such daily records shall include a daily accounting of all labor and all equipment on the site for the Contractor and all subcontractors, at any tier. Such daily records will make a clear distinction between work being performed under Change Order, base scope work and/or disputed work.
- § 3.19.2 In the event that any labor or equipment is idled, solely as a result of Owner actions or inactions, the daily records shall record which laborers and equipment were idled and for how long. In the event that specific work activities were stopped, solely as a result of Owner actions or inactions, and labor and equipment was reassigned to perform work on other activities, the daily records will make a clear record of which activities were stopped and where labor and equipment was redirected to.
- § 3.19.3 Such daily records shall be copied and provided to the Owner through the Construction Manager at the end of every week.

ARCHITECT AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGER ARTICLE 4

§ 4.1 General

- § 4.1.1 The Architect is the person or entity retained by the Owner pursuant to Section 2.3.2 and identified as such in the Agreement.
- § 4.1.2 The Construction Manager is the person or entity retained by the Owner pursuant to Section 2.3.3 and identified as such in the Agreement.
- § 4.1.3 Duties, responsibilities, and limitations of authority of the Construction Manager and Architect as set forth in the Contract Documents shall not be restricted, modified, or extended without written consent of the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect, and Contractor. Consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

§ 4.2 Administration of the Contract

- § 4.2.1 The Construction Manager and Architect will provide administration of the Contract as described in the Contract Documents and will be the Owner's representatives during construction until the date the Architect issues the final Certificate for Payment. The Construction Manager and Architect will have authority to act on behalf of the Owner only to the extent provided in the Contract Documents.
- § 4.2.2 Deleted
- § 4.2.3 Deleted
- § 4.2.4 Deleted.
- § 4.2.5 The Construction Manager, except to the extent required by Section 4.2.4, and Architect will not have control over, charge of, or responsibility for, the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, or for the safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work, since these are solely the Contractor's rights and responsibilities under the Contract Documents, and neither will be responsible for the Contractor's failure to perform the Work in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Neither the Construction Manager nor the Architect will have control over or charge of, or be responsible for acts or omissions of, the Contractor, Subcontractors, or their agents or employees, or of any other persons or entities performing portions of the Work.
- § 4.2.6 Communications. The Owner shall communicate with the Contractor and the Construction Manager's consultants through the Construction Manager about matters arising out of or relating to the Contract Documents. The Owner and Construction Manager shall include the Architect in all communications that relate to or affect the Architect's services or professional responsibilities. The Owner shall promptly notify the Architect of the substance of any direct communications between the Owner and the Construction Manager otherwise relating to the Project. Communications by and with the Architect's consultants shall be through the Architect. Communications by and with Subcontractors and suppliers shall be through the Contractor. Communications by and with other Contractors shall be through the Construction Manager. Communications by and with the Owner's own forces and Separate Contractors shall be through the Owner. The Contract Documents may specify other communication protocols.

- **§ 4.2.7** The Construction Manager and Architect will review and certify all Applications for Payment by the Contractor, in accordance with the provisions of Article 9.
- § 4.2.8 The Architect and Construction Manager have authority to reject Work that does not conform to the Contract Documents, and will notify each other about the rejection. Whenever the Construction Manager considers it necessary or advisable, the Construction Manager will have authority to require inspection or testing of the Work in accordance with Sections 13.4.2 and 13.4.3, upon written authorization of the Owner, whether or not the Work is fabricated, installed or completed. The foregoing authority of the Construction Manager will be subject to the provisions of Sections 4.2.18 through 4.2.20 inclusive, with respect to interpretations and decisions of the Architect. However, neither the Architect's nor the Construction Manager's authority to act under this Section 4.2.8 nor a decision made by either of them in good faith either to exercise or not to exercise such authority shall give rise to a duty or responsibility of the Architect or the Construction Manager to the Contractor, Subcontractors, suppliers, their agents or employees, or other persons performing any of the Work.
- § 4.2.9 Utilizing the submittal schedule provided by the Contractor, the Construction Manager shall prepare, and revise as necessary, a Project submittal schedule incorporating information from other Contractors, the Owner, Owner's consultants, Owner's Separate Contractors and vendors, governmental agencies, and participants in the Project under the management of the Construction Manager. The Project submittal schedule and any revisions shall be submitted to the Architect for approval.
- § 4.2.10 The Construction Manager will receive and promptly review for conformance with the submittal requirements of the Contract Documents, all submittals from the Contractor such as Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples. Where there are other Contractors, the Construction Manager will also check and coordinate the information contained within each submittal received from the Contractor and other Contractors, and transmit to the Architect those recommended for approval. By submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and similar submittals, the Construction Manager represents to the Owner and Architect that the Construction Manager has reviewed and recommended them for approval. The Construction Manager's actions will be taken in accordance with the Project submittal schedule approved by the Architect or, in the absence of an approved Project submittal schedule, with reasonable promptness while allowing sufficient time to permit adequate review by the Architect.
- § 4.2.11 The Architect will review and approve, or take other appropriate action upon, the Contractor's submittals such as Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples, but only for the limited purpose of checking for conformance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents. The Architect's action will be taken in accordance with the submittal schedule approved by the Architect or, in the absence of an approved submittal schedule, with reasonable promptness while allowing sufficient time in the Architect's professional judgment to permit adequate review. Upon the Architect's completed review, the Architect shall transmit its submittal review to the Construction Manager.
- § 4.2.12 Review of the Contractor's submittals by the Construction Manager and Architect is not conducted for the purpose of determining the accuracy and completeness of other details such as dimensions and quantities, or for substantiating instructions for installation or performance of equipment or systems, all of which remain the responsibility of the Contractor as required by the Contract Documents. The Construction Manager and Architect's review of the Contractor's submittals shall not relieve the Contractor of the obligations under the Contract Documents. The Construction Manager and Architect's review shall not constitute approval of safety precautions or of any construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures. The Architect's approval of a specific item shall not indicate approval of an assembly of which the item is a component.
- § 4.2.13 The Construction Manager will prepare Change Orders and Construction Change Directives.
- § 4.2.14 The Construction Manager and the Architect will take appropriate action on Change Orders or Construction Change Directives in accordance with Article 7, and the Architect will have authority to order minor changes in the Work as provided in Section 7.4. The Architect, in consultation with the Construction Manager, will investigate and make determinations and recommendations regarding concealed and unknown conditions as provided in Section 3.7.4.
- § 4.2.15 Utilizing the documents provided by the Contractor, the Construction Manager will maintain at the site for the Owner one copy of all Contract Documents, approved Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and similar

(1215777641)

required submittals, in good order and marked currently to record all changes and selections made during construction. These will be available to the Architect and the Contractor, and will be delivered to the Owner upon completion of the Project.

- § 4.2.16 The Construction Manager will assist the Architect in conducting inspections to determine the date or dates of Substantial Completion and the date of final completion; issue Certificates of Substantial Completion in conjunction with the Architect pursuant to Section 9.8; and receive and forward to the Owner written warranties and related documents required by the Contract and assembled by the Contractor pursuant to Section 9.10. The Construction Manager will forward to the Architect a final Application and Certificate for Payment or final Project Application and Project Certificate for Payment upon the Contractor's compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- § 4.2.17 If the Owner and Architect agree, the Architect will provide one or more Project representatives to assist in carrying out the Architect's responsibilities at the site. The Owner shall notify the Construction Manager of any change in the duties, responsibilities and limitations of authority of the Project representatives,
- § 4.2.18 The Architect will interpret and decide matters concerning performance under, and requirements of, the Contract Documents on written request of the Construction Manager, Owner, or Contractor through the Construction Manager. The Architect's response to such requests will be made in writing within any time limits agreed upon or otherwise with reasonable promptness.
- § 4.2.19 Interpretations and decisions of the Architect will be consistent with the intent of, and reasonably inferable from, the Contract Documents and will be in writing or in the form of drawings. When making such interpretations and decisions, the Architect will endeavor to secure faithful performance by both Owner and Contractor, will not show partiality to either, and will not be liable for results of interpretations or decisions so rendered in good faith.
- § 4.2.20 The Architect's decisions on matters relating to aesthetic effect will be final if consistent with the intent expressed in the Contract Documents.
- § 4.2.21 The Construction Manager will receive and review requests for information from the Contractor, and forward each request for information to the Architect, with the Construction Manager's recommendation. The Architect will review and respond in writing, through the Construction Manager, to requests for information about the Contract Documents. The Construction Manager's recommendation and the Architect's response to each request will be made in writing within any time limits agreed upon or otherwise with reasonable promptness. If appropriate, the Architect will prepare and issue supplemental Drawings and Specifications in response to the requests for information.

ARTICLE 5 **SUBCONTRACTORS**

§ 5.1 Definitions

- § 5.1.1 A Subcontractor is a person or entity who has a direct contract with the Contractor to perform a portion of the Work at the site. The term "Subcontractor" is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number and means a Subcontractor or an authorized representative of the Subcontractor. The term "Subcontractor" does not include other Contractors or Separate Contractors or the subcontractors of other Contractors or Separate Contractors.
- § 5.1.2 A Sub-subcontractor is a person or entity who has a direct or indirect contract with a Subcontractor to perform a portion of the Work at the site. The term "Sub-subcontractor" is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number and means a Sub-subcontractor or an authorized representative of the Subsubcontractor.

§ 5.2 Award of Subcontracts and Other Contracts for Portions of the Work

§ 5.2.1 Unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, the Contractor, as soon as practicable after award of the Contract, shall notify the Construction Manager, for review by the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect, of the persons or entities proposed for each principal portion of the Work, including those who are to furnish materials or equipment fabricated to a special design. Within 14 days of receipt of the information, the Construction Manager may notify the Contractor whether the Owner, the Construction Manager or the Architect (1) has reasonable

objection to any such proposed person or entity or, (2) requires additional time for review. Failure of the Construction Manager to provide notice within the 14-day period shall constitute notice of no reasonable objection.

§ 5.2.2 The Contractor shall not contract with a proposed person or entity to whom the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect has made reasonable and timely objection. The Contractor shall not be required to contract with anyone to whom the Contractor has made reasonable objection.

§ 5.2.3 If the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect has reasonable objection to a person or entity proposed by the Contractor, the Contractor shall propose another to whom the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect has no reasonable objection. If the proposed but rejected Subcontractor was reasonably capable of performing the Work, the Contract Sum and Contract Time shall be increased or decreased by the difference, if any, occasioned by such change, and an appropriate Change Order shall be issued before commencement of the substitute Subcontractor's Work. However, no increase in the Contract Sum or Contract Time shall be allowed for such change unless the Contractor has acted promptly and responsively in submitting names as required.

§ 5.2.4 The Contractor shall not substitute a Subcontractor, person, or entity for one previously selected if the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect makes reasonable objection to such substitution.

§ 5.3 Subcontractual Relations

By appropriate written agreement, the Contractor shall require each Subcontractor, to the extent of the Work to be performed by the Subcontractor, to be bound to the Contractor by terms of the Contract Documents, and to assume toward the Contractor all the obligations and responsibilities, including the responsibility for safety of the Subcontractor's Work, that the Contractor, by these Contract Documents, assumes toward the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect. Each subcontract agreement shall preserve and protect the rights of the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect under the Contract Documents with respect to the Work to be performed by the Subcontractor so that subcontracting thereof will not prejudice such rights, and shall allow to the Subcontractor. unless specifically provided otherwise in the subcontract agreement, the benefit of all rights, remedies, and redress against the Contractor that the Contractor, by the Contract Documents, has against the Owner. Where appropriate, the Contractor shall require each Subcontractor to enter into similar agreements with Sub-subcontractors. The Contractor shall make available to each proposed Subcontractor, prior to the execution of the subcontract agreement, copies of the Contract Documents to which the Subcontractor will be bound, and, upon written request of the Subcontractor, identify to the Subcontractor terms and conditions of the proposed subcontract agreement that may be at variance with the Contract Documents. Subcontractors will similarly make copies of applicable portions of such documents available to their respective proposed Sub-subcontractors.

§ 5.4 Contingent Assignment of Subcontracts

§ 5.4.1 Each subcontract agreement for a portion of the Work is assigned by the Contractor to the Owner, provided that

- .1 assignment is effective only after termination of the Contract by the Owner for cause pursuant to Section 14.2 and only for those subcontract agreements that the Owner accepts by notifying the Subcontractor and Contractor; and
- .2 assignment is subject to the prior rights of the surety, if any, obligated under bond relating to the Contract.

When the Owner accepts the assignment of a subcontract agreement, the Owner assumes the Contractor's rights under the subcontract.

§ 5.4.2 Upon assignment to the Owner under this Section 5.4, the Owner may further assign the subcontract to a successor Contractor or other entity.

CONSTRUCTION BY OWNER OR BY SEPARATE CONTRACTORS ARTICLE 6

§ 6.1 Owner's Right to Perform Construction with Own Forces and to Award Other Contracts

§ 6.1.1 The Owner reserves the right to perform construction or operations related to the Project with the Owner's own forces, and with Separate Contractors retained under Contract substantially similar to those of this Contract, including those provisions of the Contract related to insurance and waiver of subrogation.

- § 6.1.2 When the Owner performs construction or operations with the Owner's own forces or Separate Contractors, the Owner shall provide for coordination of such forces and Separate Contractors with the Work of the Contractor, who shall cooperate with them.
- **§ 6.1.3** Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, when the Owner performs construction or operations related to the Project with the Owner's own forces or with Separate Contractors, the Owner or its Separate Contractors shall have the same obligations and rights that the Contractor has under the Conditions of the Contract, including, without excluding others, those stated in Article 3, this Article 6, and Articles 10, 11, and 12.

§ 6.2 Mutual Responsibility

- § 6.2.1 The Contractor shall afford the Owner's own forces, Separate Contractors, Construction Manager and other Contractors reasonable opportunity for introduction and storage of their materials and equipment and performance of their activities, and shall connect and coordinate the Contractor's construction and operations with theirs as required by the Contract Documents.
- § 6.2.2 If part of the Contractor's Work depends for proper execution or results upon construction or operations by the Owner's own forces, Separate Contractors or other Contractors, the Contractor shall, prior to proceeding with that portion of the Work, promptly notify the Construction Manager and Architect of apparent discrepancies or defects in the construction or operations by the Owner or Separate Contractor or other Contractors that would render it unsuitable for proper execution and results of the Contractor's Work. Failure of the Contractor to notify the Construction Manager and the Architect of apparent discrepancies or defects prior to proceeding with the Work shall constitute an acknowledgment that the Owner's or Separate Contractor's or other Contractors' completed or partially completed construction is fit and proper to receive the Contractor's Work. The Contractor shall not be responsible for discrepancies or defects in the construction or operations by the Owner or Separate Contractors or other Contractors that are not apparent.
- § 6.2.3 The Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for costs the Owner incurs, including costs that are payable to a Separate Contractors or to other Contractors, because of the Contractor's delays, improperly timed activities or defective construction. The Owner shall be responsible to the Contractor for costs the Contractor incurs because of delays, improperly timed activities, damage to the Work or defective construction by the Owner's own forces, Separate Contractors, or other Contractors.
- § 6.2.4 The Contractor shall promptly remedy damage that the Contractor wrongfully causes to completed or partially completed construction, or to property of the Owner, Separate Contractors, or other Contractors as provided in Section 10.2.5.
- **§ 6.2.5** The Owner, Separate Contractors, and other Contractors shall have the same responsibilities for cutting and patching as are described for the Contractor in Section 3.14.

§ 6.3 Owner's Right to Clean Up

If a dispute arises among the Contractor, Separate Contractors, other Contractors, and the Owner as to the responsibility under their respective contracts for maintaining the premises and surrounding area free from waste materials and rubbish, the Owner may clean up and the Construction Manager, with notice to the Architect, will allocate the cost among those responsible.

ARTICLE 7 CHANGES IN THE WORK

§ 7.1 General

- § 7.1.1 Changes in the Work may be accomplished after execution of the Contract, and without invalidating the Contract, by Change Order, Construction Change Directive or order for a minor change in the Work, subject to the limitations stated in this Article 7 and elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- § 7.1.2 A Change Order shall be based upon agreement among the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect and Contractor. A Construction Change Directive requires agreement by the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect and may or may not be agreed to by the Contractor. An order for a minor change in the Work may be issued by the Architect alone.

§ 7.1.3 Changes in the Work shall be performed under applicable provisions of the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall proceed promptly with changes in the Work, unless otherwise provided in the Change Order, Construction Change Directive, or order for a minor change in the Work.

§ 7.2 Change Orders

A Change Order is a written instrument prepared by the Construction Manager and signed by the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect, and Contractor, stating their agreement upon all of the following:

- .1 The change in the Work;
- .2 The amount of the adjustment, if any, in the Contract Sum; and
- .3 The extent of the adjustment, if any, in the Contract Time.

§ 7.3 Construction Change Directives

§ 7.3.1 A Construction Change Directive is a written order prepared by the Construction Manager and signed by the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect, directing a change in the Work prior to agreement on adjustment, if any, in the Contract Sum or Contract Time, or both. The Owner may by Construction Change Directive, without invalidating the Contract, order changes in the Work within the general scope of the Contract consisting of additions, deletions, or other revisions, the Contract Sum and Contract Time being adjusted accordingly.

§ 7.3.2 A Construction Change Directive shall be used in the absence of total agreement on the terms of a Change Order.

§ 7.3.3 If the Construction Change Directive provides for an adjustment to the Contract Sum, the adjustment shall be based on one of the following methods:

- .1 Mutual acceptance of a lump sum properly itemized and supported by sufficient substantiating data to permit evaluation;
- .2 Unit prices stated in the Contract Documents or subsequently agreed upon;
- .3 Cost to be determined in a manner agreed upon by the parties and a mutually acceptable fixed or percentage fee; or
- .4 As provided in Section 7.3.4.

§ 7.3.4 If the Contractor does not respond promptly or disagrees with the method for adjustment in the Contract Sum, the Construction Manager shall determine the adjustment on the basis of reasonable expenditures and savings of those performing the Work attributable to the change, including, in case of an increase in the Contract Sum, an amount for overhead and profit as set forth in the Agreement, or if no such amount is set forth in the Agreement, a reasonable amount. In such case, and also under Section 7.3.3.3, the Contractor shall keep and present, in such form as the Construction Manager may prescribe, an itemized accounting together with appropriate supporting data. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, costs for the purposes of this Section 7.3.4 shall be limited to the following:

- .1 Costs of labor, including applicable payroll taxes, fringe benefits required by agreement or custom, workers' compensation insurance, and other employee costs approved by the Construction Manager and Architect;
- .2 Costs of materials, supplies, and equipment, including cost of transportation, whether incorporated or consumed:
- **.3** Rental costs of machinery and equipment, exclusive of hand tools, whether rented from the Contractor or others;
- .4 Costs of premiums for all bonds and insurance, permit fees, and sales, use, or similar taxes, directly related to the change; and
- .5 Costs of supervision and field office personnel directly attributable to the change.

§ 7.3.5 If the Contractor disagrees with the adjustment in the Contract Time, the Contractor may make a Claim in accordance with applicable provisions of Article 15.

§ 7.3.6 Upon receipt of a Construction Change Directive, the Contractor shall promptly proceed with the change in the Work involved and advise the Construction Manager of the Contractor's agreement or disagreement with the method, if any, provided in the Construction Change Directive for determining the proposed adjustment in the Contract Sum or Contract Time.

§ 7.3.7 A Construction Change Directive signed by the Contractor indicates the Contractor's agreement therewith, including adjustment in Contract Sum and Contract Time or the method for determining them. Such agreement shall be effective immediately and shall be recorded as a Change Order.

§ 7.3.8 Deleted

- § 7.3.9 Pending final determination of the total cost of a Construction Change Directive to the Owner, the Contractor may request payment for Work completed under the Construction Change Directive in Applications for Payment. The Construction Manager and Architect will make an interim determination for purposes of monthly certification for payment for those costs and certify for payment the amount that the Construction Manager and Architect determine to be reasonably justified. The interim determination of cost shall adjust the Contract Sum on the same basis as a Change Order, subject to the right of either party to disagree and assert a Claim in accordance with Article 15.
- § 7.3.10 When the Owner and Contractor agree with a determination made by the Construction Manager and Architect concerning the adjustments in the Contract Sum and Contract Time, or otherwise reach agreement upon the adjustments, such agreement shall be effective immediately and the Construction Manager shall prepare a Change Order. Change Orders may be issued for all or any part of a Construction Change Directive.

§ 7.4 Minor Changes in the Work

The Architect may order minor changes in the Work that are consistent with the intent of the Contract Documents and do not involve an adjustment in the Contract Sum or an extension of the Contract Time. The Architect's order for minor changes shall be in writing. If the Contractor believes that the proposed minor change in the Work will affect the Contract Sum or Contract Time, the Contractor shall notify the Construction Manager and shall not proceed to implement the change in the Work. If the Contractor performs the Work set forth in the Architect's order for a minor change without prior notice to the Construction Manager that such change will affect the Contract Sum or Contract Time, the Contractor waives any adjustment to the Contract Sum or extension of the Contract Time.

§ 7.5 OVERHEAD AND PROFIT

- § 7.5.1 The combined overhead and profit included in the total cost to the Owner shall be based on the following schedule:
- § 7.5.1.a Prime Contractor: For Work performed by the Prime Contractor's own forces, markup shall not exceed a total of fifteen percent (15%), of the value of labor and materials (L+M).
 - .1 Example: Total Prime Contractor Amount = (L+M) + 15% O&P
- § 7.5.1.b Prime Contractor's Subcontractor: For Work performed by the Subcontractor's own forces, markup shall not exceed a total of ten percent (10%), of the value of labor and material (L+M). For the Prime Contractor, for work performed by that Prime Contractor's Subcontractor, markup shall not exceed five percent (5%) for the value of the Subcontractor amount.
 - .1 Example: Total Subcontractor Amount = (L+M) + 10% O&P
 - .2 Example: Total Prime Contractor Amount = Total Subcontract Amount + 5% O&P
- § 7.5.1.c Sub-Subcontractor: For Work performed by the Subcontractor's own forces, markup shall not exceed a total of five percent (5%) of the value of labor and materials (L+M). For the Subcontractor, for work performed by the Subcontractor's Sub-subcontract, markup shall not exceed 5% of the Subcontractor Amount. For the Prime Contractor, for Work performed by the Subcontractor's Sub-subcontractor, markup shall not exceed 5% of the Subcontractor Amount.
 - .1 Example: Total Sub-subcontractor Amount = (L+M) + 5% O&P
 - .2 Example: Total Subcontractor Amount = Sub-subcontractor Amount + 5% O&P
 - .3 Example: Total Prime Contractor Amount = Subcontractor Amount + 5% O&P

ARTICLE 8 TIME

- § 8.1 Definitions
- **§ 8.1.1** Unless otherwise provided, Contract Time is the period of time, including authorized adjustments, allotted in the Contract Documents for Substantial Completion of the Work.
- § 8.1.2 The date of commencement of the Work is the date established in the Agreement.
- § 8.1.3 The date of Substantial Completion is the date certified by the Architect in accordance with Section 9.8.
- § 8.1.4 The term "day" as used in the Contract Documents shall mean calendar day unless otherwise specifically defined.

§ 8.2 Progress and Completion

- § 8.2.1 Time limits stated in the Contract Documents are of the essence of the Contract. By executing the Agreement, the Contractor confirms that the Contract Time is a reasonable period for performing the Work.
- **§ 8.2.2** The Contractor shall not knowingly, except by agreement or instruction of the Owner in writing, commence the Work prior to the effective date of insurance required to be furnished by the Contractor and Owner.
- § 8.2.3 The Contractor shall proceed expeditiously with adequate forces and shall achieve Substantial Completion within the Contract Time.

§ 8.3 Delays and Extensions of Time

- § 8.3.1 If the Contractor is delayed at any time in the commencement or progress of the Work by (1) an act or neglect of the Owner, Architect, Construction Manager, or an employee of any of them, or of the Owner's own forces, Separate Contractors, or other Contractors; (2) by changes ordered in the Work; (3) by labor disputes, fire, unusual delay in deliveries, unavoidable casualties, adverse weather conditions documented in accordance with Section 15.1.6.2, or other causes beyond the Contractor's control; (4) by delay authorized by the Owner pending mediation and binding dispute resolution; or (5) by other causes that the Contractor asserts and the Architect, based on the recommendation of the Construction Manager, determines justify delay, then the Contract Time shall be extended for such reasonable time as the Architect may determine.
- § 8.3.2 Claims relating to time shall be made in accordance with applicable provisions of Article 15.
- § 8.3.3 The Owner shall not be liable to the Contractor and/or any subcontractor for claims or damages of any nature caused by or arising out of delays. The sole remedy against the Owner for delays shall be the allowance of additional time for completion of the Work, the amount of which shall be subject to the claims procedure set forth herein. Except to the extent, if any, expressly prohibited by law, the Contractor expressly agrees not to make and hereby waives any claim for damages for delay, including, but not limited to, those resulting from increased labor or material costs; directions given or not given by the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect, including scheduling and coordination of the Work; the Architect's preparation of drawings and specifications or review of shop drawings and requests for instruction(s); or, on account of any delay, obstruction or hindrance for any cause whatsoever by the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect, or any other contractor on the project, whether or not foreseeable or anticipated. The Contractor agrees that its sole right and remedy therefor shall be an extension of time, if appropriate. IT IS EMPHASIZED THAT NO MONETARY RECOVERY MAY BE OBTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR FOR DELAY AGAINST THE OWNER, CONSTRUCTION MANAGER, OR ARCHITECT BASED ON ANY REASON AND THAT THE CONTRACTOR'S SOLE REMEDY, IF APPROPRIATE, IS ADDITIONAL TIME.

ARTICLE 9 PAYMENTS AND COMPLETION

§ 9.1 Contract Sum

- § 9.1.1 The Contract Sum is stated in the Agreement and, including authorized adjustments, is the total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor for performance of the Work under the Contract Documents.
- § 9.1.2 If unit prices are stated in the Contract Documents or subsequently agreed upon, and if quantities originally contemplated are materially changed so that application of such unit prices to the actual quantities causes substantial inequity to the Owner or Contractor, the applicable unit prices shall be equitably adjusted.

§ 9.2 Schedule of Values

Where the Contract is based on a stipulated sum or Guaranteed Maximum Price, the Contractor shall submit a schedule of values to the Construction Manager, before the first Application for Payment, allocating the entire Contract Sum to the various portions of the Work. The schedule of values shall be prepared in the form, and supported by the data to substantiate its accuracy, required by the Construction Manager and the Architect. This schedule, unless objected to by the Construction Manager or Architect, shall be used as a basis for reviewing the Contractor's Applications for Payment. The Construction Manager shall forward to the Architect the Contractor's schedule of values. Any changes to the schedule of values shall be submitted to the Construction Manager and supported by such data to substantiate its accuracy as the Construction Manager and the Architect may require, and unless objected to by the Construction Manager or the Architect, shall be used as a basis for reviewing the Contractor's subsequent Applications for Payment.

§ 9.3 Applications for Payment

- § 9.3.1 At least fifteen days before the date established for each progress payment, the Contractor shall submit to the Construction Manager an itemized Application for Payment prepared in accordance with the schedule of values, if required under Section 9.2, for completed portions of the Work. The application shall be notarized, if required, and supported by all data substantiating the Contractor's right to payment that the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect require, such as copies of requisitions, and releases of waivers of lien from Subcontractors and suppliers, and shall reflect retainage if provided for in the Contract Documents.
- § 9.3.1.1 As provided in Section 7.3.9, such applications may include requests for payment on account of changes in the Work that have been properly authorized by Construction Change Directives, or by interim determinations of the Construction Manager and Architect, but not yet included in Change Orders.
- § 9.3.1.2 Applications for Payment shall not include requests for payment for portions of the Work for which the Contractor does not intend to pay a Subcontractor or supplier, unless such Work has been performed by others whom the Contractor intends to pay.
- § 9.3.2 Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, payments shall be made on account of materials and equipment delivered and suitably stored at the site for subsequent incorporation in the Work. If approved in advance by the Owner, payment may similarly be made for materials and equipment suitably stored off the site at a location agreed upon in writing. Payment for materials and equipment stored on or off the site shall be conditioned upon compliance by the Contractor with procedures satisfactory to the Owner to establish the Owner's title to such materials and equipment or otherwise protect the Owner's interest, and shall include the costs of applicable insurance, storage, and transportation to the site, for such materials and equipment stored off the site.
- § 9.3.3 The Contractor warrants that title to all Work covered by an Application for Payment will pass to the Owner no later than the time of payment. The Contractor further warrants that upon submittal of an Application for Payment all Work for which Certificates for Payment have been previously issued and payments received from the Owner shall, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge, information, and belief, be free and clear of liens, claims, security interests, or encumbrances, in favor of the Contractor, Subcontractors, suppliers, or other persons or entities that provided labor, materials and equipment relating to the Work.

§ 9.4 Certificates for Payment

§ 9.4.1 Where there is only one Contractor, the Construction Manager will, within a reasonable time after the Construction Manager's receipt of the Contractor's Application for Payment, review the Application, certify the amount the Construction Manager determines is due the Contractor, and forward the Contractor's Application and Certificate for Payment to the Architect. Within seven days after the Architect receives the Contractor's Application for Payment from the Construction Manager, the Architect will either (1) issue to the Owner a Certificate for Payment, in the full amount of the Application for Payment, with a copy to the Construction Manager; or (2) issue to the Owner a Certificate for Payment for such amount as the Architect determines is properly due, and notify the Construction Manager and Owner of the Architect's reasons for withholding certification in part as provided in Section 9.5.1; or (3) withhold certification of the entire Application for Payment, and notify the Construction Manager and Owner of the Architect's reason for withholding certification in whole as provided in Section 9.5.1. The Construction Manager will promptly forward to the Contractor the Architect's notice of withholding certification.

- § 9.4.2 Where there is more than one Contractor performing portions of the Project, the Construction Manager will, within a reasonable time after the Construction Manager receives all of the Contractors' Applications for Payment: (1) review the Applications and certify the amount the Construction Manager determines is due each of the Contractors; (2) prepare a Summary of Contractors' Applications for Payment by combining information from each Contractor's application with information from similar applications for progress payments from the other Contractors; (3) prepare a Project Application and Certificate for Payment; (4) certify the amount the Construction Manager determines is due all Contractors; and (5) forward the Summary of Contractors' Applications for Payment and Project Application and Certificate for Payment to the Architect.
- § 9.4.2.1 Within a reasonable time after the Architect receives the Project Application and Project Certificate for Payment and the Summary of Contractors' Applications for Payment from the Construction Manager, the Architect will either (1) issue to the Owner a Project Certificate for Payment, with a copy to the Construction Manager; or (2) issue to the Owner a Project Certificate for Payment for such amount as the Architect determines is properly due, and notify the Construction Manager and Owner of the Architect's reasons for withholding certification in part as provided in Section 9.5.1; or (3) withhold certification of the entire Project Application for Payment, and notify the Construction Manager and Owner of the Architect's reason for withholding certification in whole as provided in Section 9.5.1. The Construction Manager will promptly forward the Architect's notice of withholding certification to the Contractors.
- § 9.4.3 The Construction Manager's certification of an Application for Payment or, in the case of more than one Contractor, a Project Application and Certificate for Payment, shall be based upon the Construction Manager's evaluation of the Work and the data in the Application or Applications for Payment. The Construction Manager's certification will constitute a representation that, to the best of the Construction Manager's knowledge, information, and belief, the Work has progressed to the point indicated, the quality of the Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents, and that the Contractor is, or Contractors are, entitled to payment in the amount certified.
- § 9.4.4 The Architect's issuance of a Certificate for Payment or, in the case of more than one Contractor, Project Application and Certificate for Payment, shall be based upon the Architect's evaluation of the Work, the recommendation of the Construction Manager, and data in the Application for Payment or Project Application for Payment. The Architect's certification will constitute a representation that, to the best of the Architect's knowledge, information, and belief, the Work has progressed to the point indicated, the quality of the Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents, and that the Contractor is, or Contractors are, entitled to payment in the amount certified.
- § 9.4.5 The representations made pursuant to Sections 9.4.3 and 9.4.4 are subject to an evaluation of the Work for conformance with the Contract Documents upon Substantial Completion, to results of subsequent tests and inspections, to correction of minor deviations from the Contract Documents prior to completion, and to specific qualifications expressed by the Construction Manager or Architect.
- § 9.4.6 The issuance of a Certificate for Payment or a Project Certificate for Payment will not be a representation that the Construction Manager or Architect has (1) made exhaustive or continuous on-site inspections to check the quality or quantity of the Work; (2) reviewed construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures; (3) reviewed copies of requisitions received from Subcontractors and suppliers and other data requested by the Owner to substantiate the Contractor's right to payment; or (4) made examination to ascertain how or for what purpose the Contractor has used money previously paid on account of the Contract Sum.

§ 9.5 Decisions to Withhold Certification

§ 9.5.1 The Construction Manager or Architect may withhold a Certificate for Payment or Project Certificate for Payment in whole or in part, to the extent reasonably necessary to protect the Owner, if in the Construction Manager's or Architect's opinion the representations to the Owner required by Section 9.4.3 and 9.4.4 cannot be made. If the Construction Manager or Architect is unable to certify payment in the amount of the Application, the Construction Manager will notify the Contractor and Owner as provided in Section 9.4.1 and 9.4.2. If the Contractor, Construction Manager and Architect cannot agree on a revised amount, the Architect will promptly issue a Certificate for Payment or a Project Certificate for Payment for the amount for which the Architect is able to make such representations to the Owner. The Construction Manager or Architect may also withhold a Certificate for Payment or, because of subsequently discovered evidence, may nullify the whole or a part of a Certificate for Payment or Project Certificate for Payment previously issued, to such extent as may be necessary in the

Construction Manager's or Architect's opinion to protect the Owner from loss for which the Contractor is responsible, including loss resulting from the acts and omissions described in Section 3.3.2 because of

- .1 defective Work not remedied;
- .2 third party claims filed or reasonable evidence indicating probable filing of such claims, unless security acceptable to the Owner is provided by the Contractor;
- .3 failure of the Contractor to make payments properly to Subcontractors or suppliers for labor, materials or equipment;
- .4 reasonable evidence that the Work cannot be completed for the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum;
- .5 damage to the Owner or a Separate Contractor or other Contractor;
- reasonable evidence that the Work will not be completed within the Contract Time, and that the unpaid balance would not be adequate to cover actual or liquidated damages for the anticipated delay; or
- .7 failure to carry out the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- § 9.5.2 When either party disputes the Architect's decision regarding a Certificate for Payment under Section 9.5.1, in whole or in part, that party may submit a Claim in accordance with Article 15.
- § 9.5.3 When the reasons for withholding certification are removed, certification will be made for amounts previously withheld.
- § 9.5.4 If the Architect or Construction Manager withholds certification for payment under Section 9.5.1, the Owner may, at its sole option, issue joint checks to the Contractor and to any Subcontractor or supplier to whom the Contractor failed to make payment for Work properly performed or material or equipment suitably delivered. If the Owner makes payments by joint check, the Owner shall notify the Architect and the Construction Manager, and both will reflect such payment on the next Certificate for Payment.

§ 9.6 Progress Payments

- § 9.6.1 After the Architect has issued a Certificate for Payment or Project Certificate for Payment, the Owner shall make payment in the manner and within the time provided in the Contract Documents, and shall so notify the Construction Manager and Architect.
- § 9.6.2 The Contractor shall pay each Subcontractor, no later than seven days after receipt of payment from the Owner, the amount to which the Subcontractor is entitled, reflecting percentages actually retained from payments to the Contractor on account of the Subcontractor's portion of the Work. The Contractor shall, by appropriate agreement with each Subcontractor, require each Subcontractor to make payments to Sub-subcontractors in a similar manner.
- § 9.6.3 The Construction Manager will, on request, furnish to a Subcontractor, if practicable, information regarding percentages of completion or amounts applied for by the Contractor and action taken thereon by the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect on account of portions of the Work done by such Subcontractor.
- § 9.6.4 The Owner has the right to request written evidence from the Contractor that the Contractor has properly paid Subcontractors and suppliers amounts paid by the Owner to the Contractor for subcontracted Work. If the Contractor fails to furnish such evidence within seven days, the Owner shall have the right to contact Subcontractors and suppliers to ascertain whether they have been properly paid. Neither the Owner, Construction Manager nor Architect shall have an obligation to pay, or to see to the payment of money to, a Subcontractor or supplier, except as may otherwise be required by law.
- § 9.6.5 The Contractor's payments to suppliers shall be treated in a manner similar to that provided in Sections 9.6.2, 9.6.3 and 9.6.4.
- § 9.6.6 A Certificate for Payment, a progress payment, or partial or entire use or occupancy of the Project by the Owner shall not constitute acceptance of Work not in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- § 9.6.7 Unless the Contractor provides the Owner with a payment bond in the full penal sum of the Contract Sum, payments received by the Contractor for Work properly performed by Subcontractors or provided by suppliers shall be held by the Contractor for those Subcontractors or suppliers who performed Work or furnished materials, or both,

under contract with the Contractor for which payment was made by the Owner. Nothing contained herein shall require money to be placed in a separate account and not commingled with money of the Contractor, create any fiduciary liability or tort liability on the part of the Contractor for breach of trust, or entitle any person or entity to an award of punitive damages against the Contractor for breach of the requirements of this provision.

§ 9.6.8 Provided the Owner has fulfilled its payment obligations under the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall defend and indemnify the Owner from all loss, liability, damage or expense, including reasonable attorney's fees and litigation expenses, arising out of any lien claim or other claim for payment by any Subcontractor or supplier of any tier. Upon receipt of notice of a lien claim or other claim for payment, the Owner shall notify the Contractor. If approved by the applicable court, when required, the Contractor may substitute a surety bond for the property against which the lien or other claim for payment has been asserted.

§ 9.7 Deleted

§ 9.8 Substantial Completion

- § 9.8.1 Substantial Completion is the stage in the progress of the Work when the Work or designated portion thereof is sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents so the Owner can occupy or utilize the Work for its intended use.
- § 9.8.2 When the Contractor considers that the Work, or a portion thereof which the Owner agrees to accept separately, is substantially complete, the Contractor shall notify the Construction Manager, and the Contractor and Construction Manager shall jointly prepare and submit to the Architect a comprehensive list of items to be completed or corrected prior to final payment. Failure to include an item on such list does not alter the responsibility of the Contractor to complete all Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- § 9.8.3 Upon receipt of the list, the Architect, assisted by the Construction Manager, will make an inspection to determine whether the Work or designated portion thereof is substantially complete. If the Architect's inspection discloses any item, whether or not included on the list, which is not sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents so that the Owner can occupy or utilize the Work or designated portion thereof for its intended use, the Contractor shall, before issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, complete or correct such item upon notification by the Architect. In such case, the Contractor shall then submit a request for another inspection by the Architect, assisted by the Construction Manager, to determine Substantial Completion.
- § 9.8.3.1 Except with the consent of the Owner, the Architect in conjunction with the Construction Manager will perform no more than two (2) inspections to determine whether the Work or a designated portion thereof has attained Substantial Completion in accordance with the Contract Documents. The three (3) inspections will include not only determining if the area is substantially complete, but will also include any follow-up inspection to confirm all open punchlist items have been completed for that specific item. The Owner may deduct from the Contract Sum amounts paid to the Architect for any additional inspections necessitated by the Contractor's misrepresentation of conditions.
- § 9.8.4 When the Architect, assisted by the Construction Manager, determines that the Work of all of the Contractors, or designated portion thereof, is substantially complete, the Construction Manager will prepare, and the Construction Manager and Architect shall execute, a Certificate of Substantial Completion that shall establish the date of Substantial Completion; establish responsibilities of the Owner and Contractor for security, maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work and insurance; and fix the time within which the Contractor shall finish all items on the list accompanying the Certificate. Warranties required by the Contract Documents shall commence on the date of Substantial Completion of the Work or designated portion thereof unless otherwise provided in the Certificate of Substantial Completion.
- § 9.8.5 The Certificate of Substantial Completion shall be submitted to the Owner and Contractor for their written acceptance of responsibilities assigned to them in the Certificate. Upon such acceptance, and consent of surety if any, the Owner shall make payment of retainage applying to the Work or designated portion thereof. Such payment shall be adjusted for Work that is incomplete or not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. The payment shall be sufficient to increase the total payments to one-hundred percent (100%) of the Contract Sum, less two and one-half times the value of any remaining items to be completed and any amount necessary to satisfy

claims, liens or judgments against the Contractor which have not been suitably discharged, as determined by the Architect assisted by the Construction Manager.

§ 9.9 Partial Occupancy or Use

- § 9.9.1 The Owner may occupy or use any completed or partially completed portion of the Work at any stage when such portion is designated by separate agreement with the Contractor, provided such occupancy or use is consented to by the insurer and authorized by public authorities having jurisdiction over the Project. Such partial occupancy or use may commence whether or not the portion is substantially complete, provided the Owner and Contractor have accepted in writing the responsibilities assigned to each of them for payments, retainage if any, security, maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work and insurance, and have agreed in writing concerning the period for correction of the Work and commencement of warranties required by the Contract Documents. When the Contractor considers a portion substantially complete, the Contractor and Construction Manager shall jointly prepare and submit a list to the Architect as provided under Section 9.8.2. Consent of the Contractor to partial occupancy or use shall not be unreasonably withheld. The stage of the progress of the Work shall be determined by written agreement between the Owner and Contractor or, if no agreement is reached, by decision of the Architect after consultation with the Construction Manager.
- § 9.9.2 Immediately prior to such partial occupancy or use, the Owner, Construction Manager, Contractor, and Architect shall jointly inspect the area to be occupied or portion of the Work to be used in order to determine and record the condition of the Work.
- § 9.9.3 Unless otherwise agreed upon, partial occupancy or use of a portion or portions of the Work shall not constitute acceptance of Work not complying with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

§ 9.10 Final Completion and Final Payment

- § 9.10.1 Upon completion of the Work, the Contractor shall forward to the Construction Manager a notice that the Work is ready for final inspection and acceptance, and shall also forward to the Construction Manager a final Contractor's Application for Payment. Upon receipt, the Construction Manager shall perform an inspection to confirm the completion of Work of the Contractor. The Construction Manager shall make recommendations to the Architect when the Work of all of the Contractors is ready for final inspection, and shall then forward the Contractors' notices and Application for Payment or Project Application for Payment, to the Architect, who will promptly make such inspection. When the Architect finds the Work acceptable under the Contract Documents and the Contract fully performed, the Construction Manager and Architect will promptly issue a final Certificate for Payment or Project Certificate for Payment stating that to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, and on the basis of their on-site visits and inspections, the Work has been completed in accordance with the Contract Documents and that the entire balance found to be due the Contractor and noted in the final Certificate is due and payable. The Construction Manager's and Architect's final Certificate for Payment or Project Certificate for Payment will constitute a further representation that conditions listed in Section 9.10.2 as precedent to the Contractor's being entitled to final payment have been fulfilled.
- § 9.10.1.1 Except with the consent of the Owner, the Architect in conjunction with the Construction Manager will perform no more than two (2) inspections to determine whether the Work or a designated portion thereof has attained Final Completion in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Owner may deduct from the Contract Sum amounts paid to the Architect for any additional inspections necessitated by the Contractor's misrepresentation of final completion.
- § 9.10.2 Neither final payment nor any remaining retained percentage shall become due until the Contractor submits to the Architect through the Construction Manager (1) an affidavit that payrolls, bills for materials and equipment, and other indebtedness connected with the Work for which the Owner or the Owner's property might be responsible or encumbered (less amounts withheld by Owner) have been paid or otherwise satisfied, (2) a certificate evidencing that insurance required by the Contract Documents to remain in force after final payment is currently in effect, (3) a written statement that the Contractor knows of no reason that the insurance will not be renewable to cover the period required by the Contract Documents, (4) consent of surety, if any, to final payment (5) documentation of any special warranties, such as manufacturers' warranties or specific Subcontractor warranties, and (6), if required by the Owner, other data establishing payment or satisfaction of obligations, such as receipts and releases and waivers of liens, claims, security interests, or encumbrances arising out of the Contract, to the extent and in such form as may be designated by the Owner. If a Subcontractor refuses to furnish a release or waiver required by the Owner, the

Contractor may furnish a bond satisfactory to the Owner to indemnify the Owner against such lien, claim, security interest, or encumbrance. If a lien, claim, security interest, or encumbrance remains unsatisfied after payments are made, the Contractor shall refund to the Owner all money that the Owner may be compelled to pay in discharging the lien, claim, security interest, or encumbrance, including all costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.

§ 9.10.3 If, after Substantial Completion of the Work, final completion thereof is materially delayed through no fault of the Contractor or by issuance of Change Orders affecting final completion, and the Construction Manager and Architect so confirm, the Owner shall, upon application by the Contractor and certification by the Construction Manager and Architect, and without terminating the Contract, make payment of the balance due for that portion of the Work fully completed, corrected, and accepted. If the remaining balance for Work not fully completed or corrected is less than retainage stipulated in the Contract Documents, and if bonds have been furnished, the written consent of the surety to payment of the balance due for that portion of the Work fully completed and accepted shall be submitted by the Contractor to the Architect through the Construction Manager prior to certification of such payment. Such payment shall be made under terms and conditions governing final payment, except that it shall not constitute a waiver of Claims.

§ 9.10.4 The making of final payment shall constitute a waiver of Claims by the Owner except those arising from

- liens, Claims, security interests, or encumbrances arising out of the Contract and unsettled;
- .2 failure of the Work to comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents;
- .3 terms of special warranties required by the Contract Documents; or
- audits performed by the Owner, if permitted by the Contract Documents, after final payment.

§ 9.10.5 Acceptance of final payment by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or a supplier, shall constitute a waiver of claims by that payee except those previously made in writing and identified by that payee as unsettled at the time of final Application for Payment.

PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY ARTICLE 10

§ 10.1 Safety Precautions and Programs

The Contractor shall be responsible for initiating, maintaining, and supervising all safety precautions and programs in connection with the performance of the Contract. The Contractor shall submit the Contractor's safety program to the Construction Manager for review and coordination with the safety programs of other Contractors. The Construction Manager's responsibilities for review and coordination of safety programs shall not extend to direct control over or charge of the acts or omissions of the Contractors, Subcontractors, agents or employees of the Contractors or Subcontractors, or any other persons performing portions of the Work and not directly employed by the Construction Manager.

§ 10.2 Safety of Persons and Property

§ 10.2.1 The Contractor shall take reasonable precautions for safety of, and shall provide reasonable protection to prevent damage, injury, or loss to

- employees on the Work and other persons who may be affected thereby;
- .2 the Work and materials and equipment to be incorporated therein, whether in storage on or off the site, under care, custody, or control of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or a Sub-subcontractor;
- .3 other property at the site or adjacent thereto, such as trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures, and utilities not designated for removal, relocation, or replacement in the course of construction; and
- construction or operations by the Owner, Separate Contractors, or other Contractors.

§ 10.2.2 The Contractor shall comply with, and give notices required by applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, and lawful orders of public authorities, bearing on safety of persons or property or their protection from damage, injury, or loss.

§ 10.2.3 The Contractor shall implement, erect, and maintain, as required by existing conditions and performance of the Contract, reasonable safeguards for safety and protection, including posting danger signs and other warnings against hazards; promulgating safety regulations; and notifying the owners and users of adjacent sites and utilities of the safeguards.

- § 10.2.4 When use or storage of explosives or other hazardous materials or equipment or unusual methods are necessary for execution of the Work, the Contractor shall exercise utmost care and carry on such activities under supervision of properly qualified personnel.
- § 10.2.5 The Contractor shall promptly remedy damage and loss (other than damage or loss insured under property insurance required by the Contract Documents) to property referred to in Sections 10.2.1.2, 10.2.1.3 and 10.2.1.4 caused in whole or in part by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, a Sub-subcontractor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or by anyone for whose acts they may be liable and for which the Contractor is responsible under Sections 10.2.1.2, 10.2.1.3 and 10.2.1.4. The Contractor may make a Claim for the cost to remedy the damage or loss to the extent such damage or loss is attributable to acts or omissions of the Owner, Construction Manager or Architect or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, and not attributable to the fault or negligence of the Contractor. The foregoing obligations of the Contractor are in addition to the Contractor's obligations under Section 3.18.
- § 10.2.6 The Contractor shall designate a responsible member of the Contractor's organization at the site whose duty shall be the prevention of accidents. This person shall be the Contractor's superintendent unless otherwise designated by the Contractor in writing to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect.
- § 10.2.7 The Contractor shall not permit any part of the construction or site to be loaded so as to cause damage or create an unsafe condition.

§ 10.2.8 Injury or Damage to Person or Property

If the Contractor suffers injury or damage to person or property because of an act or omission of the Owner, or of others for whose acts the Owner is legally responsible, notice of the injury or damage, whether or not insured, shall be given to the Owner within a reasonable time not exceeding 21 days after discovery. The notice shall provide sufficient detail to enable the *Owner* to investigate the matter.

§ 10.3 Hazardous Materials

- § 10.3.1 The Contractor is responsible for compliance with any requirements included in the Contract Documents regarding hazardous materials or substances. If the Contractor encounters a hazardous material or substance not addressed in the Contract Documents and if reasonable precautions will be inadequate to prevent foreseeable bodily injury or death to persons resulting from a material or substance, including but not limited to asbestos or polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), encountered on the site by the Contractor, the Contractor shall, upon recognizing the condition, immediately stop Work in the affected area and notify the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect of the condition.
- § 10.3.2 Deleted
- § 10.3.3 Deleted
- § 10.3.4 The Owner shall not be responsible under this Section 10.3 for hazardous materials or substances the Contractor brings to the site unless such materials or substances are required by the Contract Documents. The Owner shall be responsible for hazardous materials or substances required by the Contract Documents, except to the extent of the Contractor's fault or negligence in the use and handling of such materials or substances.
- § 10.3.5 The Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for the cost and expense the Owner incurs (1) for remediation of hazardous materials or substances the Contractor brings to the site and negligently handles, or (2) where the Contractor fails to perform its obligations under Section 10.3.1, except to the extent that the cost and expense are due to the Owner's fault or negligence.
- § 10.3.6 Deleted

§ 10.4 Emergencies

In an emergency affecting safety of persons or property, the Contractor shall act, at the Contractor's discretion, to prevent threatened damage, injury, or loss. Additional compensation or extension of time claimed by the Contractor on account of an emergency shall be determined as provided in Article 15 and Article 7.

ARTICLE 11 INSURANCE AND BONDS

§ 11.1 Contractor's Insurance and Bonds

- § 11.1.1 The Contractor shall purchase and maintain insurance of the types and limits of liability, containing the endorsements, and subject to the terms and conditions, as described in the Agreement or elsewhere in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall purchase and maintain the required insurance from an insurance company or insurance companies lawfully authorized to issue insurance in the jurisdiction where the Project is located. The Owner, Construction Manager and Construction Manager's consultants, and the Architect and Architect's consultants, shall be named as additional insureds under the Contractor's commercial general liability policy or as otherwise described in the Contract Documents.
- § 11.1.2 The Contractor shall provide surety bonds of the types, for such penal sums, and subject to such terms and conditions as required by the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall purchase and maintain the required bonds from a company or companies lawfully authorized to issue surety bonds in the jurisdiction where the Project is located.
- § 11.1.3 Upon the request of any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of bonds covering payment of obligations arising under the Contract, the Contractor shall promptly furnish a copy of the bonds or shall authorize a copy to be furnished.
- § 11.1.4 Notice of Cancellation or Expiration of Contractor's Required Insurance. Within three (3) business days of the date the Contractor becomes aware of an impending or actual cancellation or expiration of any insurance required by the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall provide notice directly to the Owner, and separately to the Construction Manager, of such impending or actual cancellation or expiration. Upon receipt of notice from the Contractor, the Owner shall, unless the lapse in coverage arises from an act or omission of the Owner, have the right to stop the Work until the lapse in coverage has been cured by the procurement of replacement coverage by the Contractor. The furnishing of notice by the Contractor shall not relieve the Contractor of any contractual obligation to provide any required coverage.

§ 11.2 Owner's Insurance

§ 11.2.1 The Owner shall purchase and maintain insurance of the types and limits of liability, containing the endorsements, and subject to the terms and conditions, as described in the Agreement or elsewhere in the Contract Documents. The Owner shall purchase and maintain the required insurance from an insurance company or insurance companies lawfully authorized to issue insurance in the jurisdiction where the Project is located.

§ 11.2.2 Deleted

§ 11.2.3 Deleted

§ 11.3 Waivers of Subrogation

§ 11.3.1 The Owner and Contractor waive all rights against (1) each other and any of their subcontractors, subsubcontractors, agents, and employees, each of the other; (2) the Construction Manager and Construction Manager's consultants; (3) the Architect and Architect's consultants; (4) other Contractors and any of their subcontractors, subsubcontractors, agents, and employees; and (5) Separate Contractors, if any, and any of their subcontractors, subsubcontractors, agents, and employees, for damages caused by fire, or other causes of loss, to the extent those losses are covered by property insurance required by the Agreement or other property insurance applicable to the Project, except such rights as they have to proceeds of such insurance. The Owner or Contractor, as appropriate, shall require similar written waivers in favor of the individuals and entities identified above from the Construction Manager, Construction Manager's consultants, Architect, Architect's consultants, other Contractors, Separate Contractors, subcontractors, and sub-subcontractors. The policies of insurance purchased and maintained by each person or entity agreeing to waive claims pursuant to this Section 11.3.1 shall not prohibit this waiver of subrogation. This waiver of subrogation shall be effective as to a person or entity (1) even though that person or entity would otherwise have a duty of indemnification, contractual or otherwise, (2) even though that person or entity did not pay the insurance premium directly or indirectly, or (3) whether or not the person or entity had an insurable interest in the damaged property.

§ 11.3.2 If during the Project construction period the Owner insures properties, real or personal or both, at or adjacent to the site by property insurance under policies separate from those insuring the Project, or if after final

payment property insurance is to be provided on the completed Project through a policy or policies other than those insuring the Project during the construction period, to the extent permissible by such policies, the Owner waives all rights in accordance with the terms of Section 11.3.1 for damages caused by fire or other causes of loss covered by this separate property insurance.

§ 11.4 Loss of Use, Business Interruption, and Delay in Completion Insurance

The Owner, at the Owner's option, may purchase and maintain insurance that will protect the Owner against loss of use of the Owner's property, or the inability to conduct normal operations, due to fire or other causes of loss.

§ 11.5 Adjustment and Settlement of Insured Loss

§ 11.5.1 A loss insured under the property insurance required by the Agreement shall be adjusted by the Owner as fiduciary and made payable to the Owner as fiduciary for the insureds, as their interests may appear, subject to requirements of any applicable mortgagee clause and of Section 11.5.2. The Owner shall pay the Construction Manager, Architect and Contractor their just shares of insurance proceeds received by the Owner, and by appropriate agreements the Construction Manager, Architect and Contractor shall make payments to their consultants and Subcontractors in similar manner.

§ 11.5.2 Prior to settlement of an insured loss, the Owner shall notify the Contractor of the terms of the proposed settlement as well as the proposed allocation of the insurance proceeds. The Contractor shall have 14 days from receipt of notice to object to the proposed settlement or allocation of the proceeds. If the Contractor does not object, the Owner shall settle the loss and the Contractor shall be bound by the settlement and allocation. Upon receipt, the Owner shall deposit the insurance proceeds in a separate account and make the appropriate distributions. Thereafter, if no other agreement is made or the Owner does not terminate the Contract for convenience, the Owner and Contractor shall execute a Change Order for reconstruction of the damaged or destroyed Work in the amount allocated for that purpose. If the Contractor timely objects to either the terms of the proposed settlement or the allocation of the proceeds, the Owner may proceed to settle the insured loss, and any dispute between the Owner and Contractor arising out of the settlement or allocation of the proceeds shall be resolved pursuant to Article 15. Pending resolution of any dispute, the Owner may issue a Construction Change Directive for the reconstruction of the damaged or destroyed Work.

§ 11.6 PERFORMANCE BOND AND PAYMENT BOND

- § 11.6.1 The Owner shall have the right to require the Contractor to furnish bonds covering faithful performance of the Contract and payment of obligations arising thereunder as stipulated in bidding requirements or specifically required in the Contract Documents on the date of execution of the Contract.
- § 11.6.1.1 The Contractor shall furnish bonds covering faithful performance of the Contract and payment of obligations arising thereunder. The value of each bond shall be for one-hundred percent (100%) of the Contract Sum and shall be adjusted during the Project construction period to reflect changes in the Contract Sum. Bonds shall be issued by a bonding company licensed in the State of New York, on AIA Document A312, Performance and Payment Bond.
- § 11.6.1.2 Contractor shall deliver bonds in conjunction with executed Agreement and they shall be dated the same date as Agreement.
- § 11.6.1.3 The attorney in fact who executes the required bonds on behalf of the surety, shall affix thereto a certified and current copy of the power of attorney.
- § 11.6.1.4 Status Reports issued by a Bonding Company shall be sent to and completed by the Owner and then returned to the Bonding Company by the Owner.
- § 11.6.1.5 Any additional cost for bonding premium shall not be itemized within individual Change Orders. Adjustments for Contractor's bonding cost shall be adjusted at the end of the Project based on approved executed changes in the Work and the Bonding Company's final adjusted premium at project closeout.
- § 11.6.2 Upon the request of any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of bonds covering payment of obligations arising under the Contract, the Contractor shall promptly furnish a copy of the bonds or shall authorize a copy to be furnished.

ARTICLE 12 UNCOVERING AND CORRECTION OF WORK

§ 12.1 Uncovering of Work

- § 12.1.1 If a portion of the Work is covered contrary to the Construction Manager's or Architect's request or to requirements specifically expressed in the Contract Documents, it must, if requested in writing by either, be uncovered for their examination and be replaced at the Contractor's expense without change in the Contract Time.
- § 12.1.2 If a portion of the Work has been covered that the Construction Manager or Architect has not specifically requested to examine prior to its being covered, the Construction Manager or Architect may request to see such Work and it shall be uncovered by the Contractor. If such Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment to the Contract Sum and Contract Time as may be appropriate. If such Work is not in accordance with the Contract Documents, the costs of uncovering the Work, and the cost of correction, shall be at the Contractor's expense.

§ 12.2 Correction of Work

§ 12.2.1 Before Substantial Completion

The Contractor shall promptly correct Work rejected by the Construction Manager or Architect or failing to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents, discovered before Substantial Completion, and whether or not fabricated, installed or completed. Costs of correcting such rejected Work, including additional testing and inspections, the cost of uncovering and replacement, and compensation for the Construction Manager's and Architect's services and expenses made necessary thereby, shall be at the Contractor's expense.

§ 12.2.2 After Substantial Completion

- § 12.2.2.1 In addition to the Contractor's obligations under Section 3.5, if, within one year after the date of Substantial Completion of the Work or designated portion thereof, or after the date for commencement of warranties established under Section 9.9.1, or by terms of any applicable special warranty required by the Contract Documents, any of the Work is found to be not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall correct it promptly after receipt of notice from the Owner to do so.
- § 12.2.2.2 The one-year period for correction of Work shall be extended with respect to portions of Work first performed after Substantial Completion by the period of time between Substantial Completion and the actual completion of that portion of the Work.
- § 12.2.2.3 The one-year period for correction of Work shall not be extended by corrective Work performed by the Contractor pursuant to this Section 12.2.
- § 12.2.3 The Contractor shall remove from the site portions of the Work that are not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents and are neither corrected by the Contractor nor accepted by the Owner.
- § 12.2.4 The Contractor shall bear the cost of correcting destroyed or damaged construction of the Owner, Separate Contractors, or other Contractors, whether completed or partially completed, caused by the Contractor's correction or removal of Work that is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- § 12.2.5 Nothing contained in this Section 12.2 shall be construed to establish a period of limitation with respect to other obligations the Contractor has under the Contract Documents. Establishment of the one-year period for correction of Work as described in Section 12.2.2 relates only to the specific obligation of the Contractor to correct the Work, and has no relationship to the time within which the obligation to comply with the Contract Documents may be sought to be enforced, nor to the time within which proceedings may be commenced to establish the Contractor's liability with respect to the Contractor's obligations other than specifically to correct the Work.

§ 12.3 Acceptance of Nonconforming Work

If the Owner prefers to accept Work that is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Owner may do so instead of requiring its removal and correction, in which case the Contract Sum will be reduced as appropriate and equitable. Such adjustment shall be effected whether or not final payment has been made.

ARTICLE 13 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

§ 13.1 Governing Law

The Contract shall be governed by the law of the place where the Project is located excluding that jurisdiction's choice of law rules. The parties expressly agree that any claim, dispute or other controversy of any nature arising out of the Agreement or performance of The Work shall be venued in the New York State Supreme Court where the Owner is located.

§ 13.1.2 The Contractor shall at all times observe and comply with all Federal and State Laws, and all Laws, Ordinances and Regulations of the Owner, in any manner affecting the work, and all such orders decreed as exist at present and those which may be enacted later, by bodies or tribunals having jurisdiction or authority over the Work, and the Contractor shall indemnify and save harmless the Owner and all its officers, agents or servants against any claim or liability arising from, or based on, a violation of any such law, ordinances, regulation or order, whether by himself or by his employee or agents.

§ 13.1.3 The Contractor specifically agrees as required by Labor Law, Sections 220 and 220-d, as amended that:

- 1. No laborer, workman or mechanic in the employ of the Contractor, subcontractor or other person doing contracting or contracting to do the whole or any part of the work contemplated by the Contract, shall be permitted or required to work more than eight hours in one calendar day or more than five days in one week, except in the emergencies set forth in the Labor Law.
- 2. The wages paid for a legal day's work shall not be less than the prevailing rate of wages as defined by law, and
- 3. The minimum hourly rate of wages to be paid shall not be less than that stated in the Specifications, and any re-determination of the prevailing rate of wages after the Contract is approved shall be deemed to be incorporated herein by reference as of the effective date of re-determination and shall form a part of this Contract. The Labor Law provides that the Contract may be forfeited and no sum paid for any work done thereunder on a second conviction of willfully paying less than:
 - a. the stipulated wage scale as provided in Labor Law, Section 220, Sub-division 3, as amended; or
 - b. the stipulated minimum hourly wage scale as provided in Labor Law, 220-d, as amended.

§ 13.1.4 The Contractor specifically agrees as required by the provisions of Labor Law, Section 220-e, as amended that:

- 1. In hiring of employees for the performance of work under this Contract or any subcontract hereunder or for the manufacture, sale, or distribution of materials, equipment or supplies, hereunder, no Contractor or Subcontractor nor any person acting on behalf of such Contractor or Subcontractor, shall by reason of race, creed, color, disability, sex, or national origin discriminate against any citizen of the State of New York who is qualified and available to perform the work to which the employment relates.
- 2. No Contractor, Subcontractor, nor any person on his behalf shall, in any manner, discriminate against or intimidate any employee under this Contract on account of race, creed, color, disability, sex, or national origin.
- 3. There may be deducted from the amount payable to the Contractor by the Owner under this Contract, a penalty of fifty dollars (\$50) for each person for each calendar day during which such a person was discriminated against or intimidated in violation of the provisions of the Contract, and
- **4.** The provisions of this section covering every Contract for or on behalf of the Owner, the State or a municipality for the manufacture or sale or distribution of materials, equipment or supplies shall be limited to operations performed within the territorial limits of the State of New York.

§ 13.1.5 During the performance of this Contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:

- 1. The Contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of age, race, creed, color, national origin, sexual orientation, military status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, marital status, or domestic violence victim status.
- 2. If directed to do so by the Owner or the State Commissioner of Human Rights, the Contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers which with the Contractor has or is bound by a collective bargaining or other agreement or understanding, a notice, to be provided by the State Commissioner of Human Rights, advising such labor union or representative of the Contractor's

agreement under clauses (1) through (6) (hereinafter called "non-discrimination clauses"). If the Contractor was directed to do so by the Owner as part of the bid or negation of this Contract, the Contractor shall request such labor union or representative to furnish a written statement that such a labor union representative will not discriminate because of age, race, creed, color, national origin, sexual orientation, military status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, or marital status, and that such labor union or representative will cooperate, within the limits of its legal contractual authority, in the implementation of the policy and provisions of these non-discrimination clauses and that it consents and agrees that the recruitment, employment and the terms and conditions of employment under this Contract shall be in accordance with the purposes and provision of these non-discrimination clauses. If such labor union or representative fails or refuses to comply with such a request that it furnish such a statement, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Owner and the State Commissioner of Human Rights of such failure or refusal.

- 3. If directed to do so by the Owner or the Commissioner of Human Rights, the Contractor will post and keep posted in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided by the State Commissioner of Human Rights setting forth the substance of provisions of clauses (1) and (2) and such provision of the State's law against discrimination as the State Commissioner of Human Rights shall determine.
- **4.** The Contractor will state in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, that all qualified applicants will be afforded equal employment opportunities without discrimination because of age, race, creed, color, national origin, sexual orientation, military status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, marital status, or domestic violence victim status.
- 5. The Contractor will comply with the provisions of Sections 290-299 of the Executive Law, and with the Civil Rights Law, will furnish all information and reports deemed necessary by the State Commissioner of Human Rights under these non-discrimination clauses and such section of the Executive Law, and will permit access to the Contractor's books, records, and accounts by the Owner, the State Commissioner of Human Rights, the Attorney General and the Industrial Commissioner for the purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with the non-discrimination clauses and such sections of the Executive Law Civil Rights Law.
- 6. This Contract may be forthwith cancelled, terminated or suspended, in whole or in part, by the Owner upon the basis of a finding made by the State Commissioner of Human Rights that the Contractor has not complied with the non-discrimination clauses, and that the Contractor may be declared ineligible for future contracts made by or on behalf of the Owner, the State or a public authority or agency of the State, until the Contractor satisfies the State Commissioner of Human Rights that the Contractor has established and is carrying out a program in conformity with the provisions of these non-discrimination clauses. Such findings may be made by the State Commissioner of the Human Rights after conciliation efforts by the Commissioner have failed to achieve compliance with these non-discrimination clauses and after a verified complaint has been filed with the Commissioner, notice thereof has been given to the Contractor to be heard publicly in accordance with the Executive Law. Such sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked independently of or in addition to sanctions and remedies otherwise provided by law, and
- 7. The Contractor will include the provisions of clauses .1 through .6 in every subcontract or purchase order in such a manner that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor as to operations to be performed within the State of New York. The Contractor will take action in enforcing such provisions of such subcontract or purchase order as the State Commissioner of Human Rights or the Owner may direct, including sanctions or remedies for non-compliance. If the Contractor becomes involved or is threatened with litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such directions by the State Commissioner of Human Rights or the Owner, the Contractor shall promptly so notify the Owner and the Attorney General requesting the Attorney General to intervene and protect the interests of the State of New York.

13.1.6 The Contractor shall maintain policies of employment as follows:

1. he Contractor and the Contractor's Subcontractors shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, sex or national origin. The Contractor shall take affirmative action to insure that applicants are employed and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, religion, color, sex and national origin. Such action shall include, but not limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or

- transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection of training, including apprenticeship. The Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices setting forth the policies of non-discrimination, and
- the Contractor and the Contractor's Subcontractors shall, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by them or on their behalf, state all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, religion, color, sex or national origin.

§ 13.2 Successors and Assigns

- § 13.2.1 The Owner and Contractor respectively bind themselves, their partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives to covenants, agreements, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents. Except as provided in Section 13.2.2, neither party to the Contract shall assign the Contract as a whole without written consent of the other. If either party attempts to make an assignment without such consent, that party shall nevertheless remain legally responsible for all obligations under the Contract.
- § 13.2.2 The Owner may, without consent of the Contractor, assign the Contract to a lender providing construction financing for the Project, if the lender assumes the Owner's rights and obligations under the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall execute all consents reasonably required to facilitate the assignment.

§ 13.3 Rights and Remedies

- § 13.3.1 Duties and obligations imposed by the Contract Documents and rights and remedies available thereunder shall be in addition to and not a limitation of duties, obligations, rights, and remedies otherwise imposed or available by law.
- § 13.3.2 No action or failure to act by the Owner, Construction Manager, Architect, or Contractor shall constitute a waiver of a right or duty afforded them under the Contract, nor shall such action or failure to act constitute approval of or acquiescence in a breach thereunder, except as may be specifically agreed upon in writing.

§ 13.4 Tests and Inspections

- § 13.4.1 Tests, inspections, and approvals of portions of the Work shall be made as required by the Contract Documents and by applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules, and regulations or lawful orders of public authorities. Unless otherwise provided, the Contractor shall make arrangements for such tests, inspections, and approvals with an independent testing laboratory or entity acceptable to the Owner, or with the appropriate public authority, and shall bear all related costs of tests, inspections, and approvals. The Contractor shall give the Construction Manager and Architect timely notice of when and where tests and inspections are to be made so that the Construction Manager and Architect may be present for such procedures. The Owner shall bear costs of tests, inspections, or approvals that do not become requirements until after bids are received or negotiations concluded. The Owner shall directly arrange and pay for tests, inspections, or approvals where building codes or applicable laws or regulations so require.
- § 13.4.2 If the Construction Manager, Architect, Owner, or public authorities having jurisdiction determine that portions of the Work require additional testing, inspection, or approval not included under Section 13.4.1, the Construction Manager and Architect will, upon written authorization from the Owner, instruct the Contractor to make arrangements for such additional testing, inspection, or approval, by an entity acceptable to the Owner, and the Contractor shall give timely notice to the Construction Manager and Architect of when and where tests and inspections are to be made so that the Construction Manager and Architect may be present for such procedures. Such costs, except as provided in Section 13.4.3, shall be at the Owner's expense.
- § 13.4.3 If procedures for testing, inspection, or approval under Sections 13.4.1 and 13.4.2 reveal failure of the portions of the Work to comply with requirements established by the Contract Documents, all costs made necessary by such failure, including those of repeated procedures and compensation for the Construction Manager's and Architect's services and expenses, shall be at the Contractor's expense.
- § 13.4.4 Required certificates of testing, inspection, or approval shall, unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents, be secured by the Contractor and promptly delivered to the Construction Manager for transmittal to the Architect.

§ 13.4.5 If the Construction Manager or Architect is to observe tests, inspections, or approvals required by the Contract Documents, the Construction Manager or Architect will do so promptly and, where practicable, at the normal place of testing.

§ 13.4.6 Tests or inspections conducted pursuant to the Contract Documents shall be made promptly to avoid unreasonable delay in the Work.

§ 13.5 Interest

Payments due and unpaid under the Contract Documents shall bear interest from the date payment is due at the rate the parties agree upon in writing or, in the absence thereof, at the legal rate prevailing from time to time at the place where the Project is located.

TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF THE CONTRACT ARTICLE 14

§ 14.1 Termination by the Contractor

- § 14.1.1 The Contractor may terminate the Contract if the Work is stopped for a period of 90 consecutive days through no act or fault of the Contractor, a Sub-contractor, a Sub-subcontractor, their agents or employees, or any other persons or entities performing portions of the Work, for any of the following reasons:
 - Issuance of an order of a court or other public authority having jurisdiction that requires all Work to be stopped;
 - .2 An act of government, such as a declaration of national emergency, that requires all Work to be stopped;
 - .3 Because the Construction Manager has not certified or the Architect has not issued a Certificate for Payment and has not notified the Contractor of the reason for withholding certification as provided in Section 9.4, or because the Owner has not made payment on a Certificate for Payment within the time stated in the Contract Documents; or
 - The Owner has failed to furnish to the Contractor reasonable evidence as required by Section 2.2.
- § 14.1.2 The Contractor may terminate the Contract if, through no act or fault of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, a Sub-subcontractor, their agents or employees, or any other persons or entities performing portions of the Work, repeated suspensions, delays, or interruptions of the entire Work by the Owner as described in Section 14.3, constitute in the aggregate more than 100 percent of the total number of days scheduled for completion, or 120 days in any 365-day period, whichever is less.
- § 14.1.3 If one of the reasons described in Section 14.1.1 or 14.1.2 exists, the Contractor may, upon seven days' notice to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect, terminate the Contract and recover from the Owner payment for Work properly executed and no other amounts.
- § 14.1.4 If the Work is stopped for a period of 90 consecutive days through no act or fault of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, a Sub-subcontractor, or their agents or employees, or any other persons performing portions of the Work because the Owner has repeatedly failed to fulfill the Owner's obligations under the Contract Documents with respect to matters important to the progress of the Work, the Contractor may, upon seven additional days' notice to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect, terminate the Contract and recover from the Owner as provided in Section 14.1.3.

§ 14.2 Termination by the Owner for Cause

- § 14.2.1 The Owner may terminate the Contract if the Contractor
 - refuses or fails to supply enough properly skilled workers or proper materials;
 - .2 fails to make payment to Subcontractors or suppliers in accordance with the respective agreements between the Contractor and the Subcontractors or suppliers;
 - .3 disregards applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, or lawful orders of a public authority; or
 - .4 otherwise is guilty of substantial breach of a provision of the Contract Documents.
- § 14.2.2 When any of the reasons described in Section 14.2.1 exist, after consultation with the Construction Manager, and upon certification by the Architect that sufficient cause exists to justify such action, the Owner may, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the Owner and after giving the Contractor and the Contractor's

surety, if any, seven days' notice, terminate employment of the Contractor and may, subject to any prior rights of the surety:

- .1 Exclude the Contractor from the site and take possession of all materials, equipment, tools, and construction equipment and machinery thereon owned by the Contractor;
- .2 Accept assignment of subcontracts pursuant to Section 5.4; and
- .3 Finish the Work by whatever reasonable method the Owner may deem expedient. Upon written request of the Contractor, the Owner shall furnish to the Contractor a detailed accounting of the costs incurred by the Owner in finishing the Work.
- § 14.2.3 When the Owner terminates the Contract for one of the reasons stated in Section 14.2.1, the Contractor shall not be entitled to receive further payment until the Work is finished.
- § 14.2.4 If the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum exceeds costs of finishing the Work, including compensation for the Construction Manager's and Architect's services and expenses made necessary thereby, and other damages incurred by the Owner and not expressly waived, such excess shall be paid to the Contractor. If such costs and damages exceed the unpaid balance, the Contractor shall pay the difference to the Owner. The amount to be paid to the Contractor or Owner, as the case may be, shall, upon application, be certified by the Initial Decision Maker after consultation with the Construction Manager, and this obligation for payment shall survive termination of the Contract.

§ 14.3 Suspension by the Owner for Convenience

- § 14.3.1 The Owner may, without cause, order the Contractor in writing to suspend, delay or interrupt the Work, in whole or in part for such period of time as the Owner may determine.
- § 14.3.2 The Contract Time shall be adjusted for increases in the time caused by suspension, delay, or interruption under Section 14.3.1. No adjustment shall be made to the extent:
 - that performance is, was, or would have been, so suspended, delayed, or interrupted, by another cause .1 for which the Contractor is responsible; or
 - .2 that an equitable adjustment is made or denied under another provision of this Contract

§ 14.4 Termination by the Owner for Convenience

- § 14.4.1 The Owner may, at any time, terminate the Contract for the Owner's convenience and without cause.
- § 14.4.2 Upon receipt of notice from the Owner of such termination for the Owner's convenience, the Contractor shall
 - .1 cease operations as directed by the Owner in the notice;
 - .2 take actions necessary, or that the Owner may direct, for the protection and preservation of the Work;
 - .3 except for Work directed to be performed prior to the effective date of termination stated in the notice, terminate all existing subcontracts and purchase orders and enter into no further subcontracts and purchase orders.
- § 14.4.3 In case of such termination for the Owner's convenience, the Owner shall pay the Contractor for Work properly executed; and shall not be entitled to compensation for any additional amounts.

ARTICLE 15 **CLAIMS AND DISPUTES**

§ 15.1 Claims

§ 15.1.1 Definition. A Claim is a demand or assertion by one of the parties seeking, as a matter of right, payment of money, a change in the Contract Time, or other relief with respect to the terms of the Contract. The term "Claim" also includes other disputes and matters in question between the Owner and Contractor arising out of or relating to the Contract. The responsibility to substantiate Claims shall rest with the party making the Claim. This Section 15.1.1 does not require the Owner to file a Claim in order to impose liquidated damages in accordance with the Contract Documents.

§ 15.1.2 Time Limits on Claims

The Contractor shall commence all Claims and causes of action against the Owner and arising out of or related to the Contract, whether in contract, tort, breach of warranty or otherwise, in accordance with the requirements of the binding dispute resolution method selected in the Agreement and within the period specified by applicable law, but in any case not more than 10 years after the date of Substantial Completion of the Work. The Contractor waives all Claims and causes of action not commenced in accordance with this Section 15.1.2.

§ 15.1.3 Notice of Claims

§ 15.1.3.1 Claims by the Contractor, where the condition giving rise to the Claim is first discovered prior to expiration of the period for correction of the Work set forth in Section 12.2.2, shall be initiated by notice to the *Owner* and to the Initial Decision Maker with a copy sent to the Construction Manager and Architect, if the Architect is not serving as the Initial Decision Maker. Claims by the Contractor under this Section 15.1.3.1 shall be initiated within 21 days after occurrence of the event giving rise to such Claim or within 21 days after the *Contractor* first recognizes the condition giving rise to the Claim, whichever is later.

§ 15.1.3.2 Claims by the Contractor, where the condition giving rise to the Claim is first discovered after expiration of the period for correction of the Work set forth in Section 12.2.2, shall be initiated by notice to the *Owner*. In such event, no decision by the Initial Decision Maker is required.

§ 15.1.4 Continuing Contract Performance

§ 15.1.4.1 Pending final resolution of a Claim, except as otherwise agreed in writing or as provided in Section 9.7 and Article 14, the Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of the Contract and the Owner shall continue to make payments in accordance with the Contract Documents.

§ 15.1.4.2 The Contract Sum and Contract Time shall be adjusted in accordance with the Initial Decision Maker's decision, subject to the right of either party to proceed in accordance with this Article 15. The Architect will issue Certificates for Payment in accordance with the decision of the Initial Decision Maker.

§ 15.1.5 Claims for Additional Cost. If the Contractor wishes to make a Claim for an increase in the Contract Sum, notice as provided in Section 15.1.3 shall be given before proceeding to execute the portion of the Work that is the subject of the Claim. Prior notice is not required for Claims relating to an emergency endangering life or property arising under Section 10.4.

§ 15.1.6 Claims for Additional Time

§ 15.1.6.1 If the Contractor wishes to make a Claim for an increase in the Contract Time, notice as provided in Section 15.1.3 shall be given. The Contractor's Claim shall include an estimate of cost and of probable effect of delay on progress of the Work. In the case of a continuing delay only one Claim is necessary.

§ 15.1.6.2 If adverse weather conditions are the basis for a Claim for additional time, such Claim shall be documented by data substantiating that weather conditions were abnormal for the period of time, could not have been reasonably anticipated and had an adverse effect on the scheduled construction.

§ 15.1.7 Waiver of Claims for Consequential Damages. The Contractor waives Claims against *the Owner* for consequential damages arising out of or relating to this Contract. This mutual waiver includes

.1 damages incurred by the Contractor for principal office expenses including the compensation of personnel stationed there, for losses of financing, business and reputation, and for loss of profit except anticipated profit arising directly from the Work.

This mutual waiver is applicable, without limitation, to all consequential damages due to either party's termination in accordance with Article 14. Nothing contained in this Section 15.1.7 shall be deemed to preclude assessment of liquidated damages, when applicable, in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

§15.1.8 CLAIM PROCEDURE

§15.1.8.1 Claims by the Contractor must be made by written notice in accordance with the following procedures:

- .1 the Contractor may submit a claim concerning a matter properly noticed in accordance with the time requirements of this Contract.
- .2 failure by the Contractor to furnish the required claim documentation within the time set forth above shall constitute waiver of the Contractor's right to compensation for such claim.
- .3 Contractor shall furnish three (3) certified copies of the required claim documentation, with a copy submitted to the Owner, Architect, and Construction Manager. The claim documentation shall be

complete when furnished. The evaluation of the Contractor's claim will be based, among other things, upon the Owner project records and the Contractor's furnished claim documentation.

- .4 claim documentation shall conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and shall be in the following format:
 - a. General Introduction
 - b. General Background Discussion
 - c. Issues
 - A. Index of Issues (listed numerically)
 - B. For each issue
 - (1) Background
 - (2) Chronology
 - (3) Contractor's position (reason for Owner's potential liability)
 - (4) Supporting documentation of merit or entitlement
 - (5) Supporting documentation of damages
 - (6) Begin each issue on a new page
- **4**. all critical path method schedules, (as-planned, monthly updates, schedule revisions, and as-built) along with the computer disks of all schedules related to the claim.
- **5.** Productivity exhibits (if appropriate)
- **6**. Summary of Issues and Damages
- 7. Supporting documentation of merit for each issue shall be cited by reference, photocopies, or explanation. Supporting documentation may include, but shall not be limited to, general conditions; general requirements; technical specifications; drawings; correspondence; conference notes; shop drawings and submittals; shop drawing logs; survey books; inspection reports; delivery schedules; test reports; daily reports; subcontracts; fragmentary CPM schedules or time impact analyses; photographs; technical reports; requests for information; field instructions; and all other related records necessary to support the Contractor's claim.
- 8. Supporting documentation of damages for each issue shall be cited, photocopies, or explained. Supporting documentation may include, but shall not be limited to, any or all documents related to the preparation and submission of the bid; certified, detailed labor records including labor distribution reports; material and equipment procurement records; construction equipment ownership cost records or rental records; subcontractor or vendor files and cost records; service cost records; purchase orders; invoices; project as-planned and as-built cost records; general ledger records; variance reports; accounting adjustment records; and any other accounting materials necessary to support the Contractor's claim.
- **9.** Each copy of the claim documentation shall be certified by a responsible officer of the Contractor in accordance with the requirements of these Contract Documents.

§15.1.8.2 <u>Claims and Actions Thereon.</u> No claim against the Owner for damages for breach of contract or compensation for extra work shall be made or asserted in any action or proceeding at law, or in equity, unless the Contractor shall have strictly complied with all the requirements relating to the giving of notice and of information with respect to such claims all as provided in this Agreement.

§15.1.8.3 No Estoppel. Neither the Owner nor any department officer, agent or employees thereof, shall be bound, precluded or estopped by any determination, decision, approval, order, letter, payment or certificate made or given under or in connection with this Contract by the Owner, or any officer, agent or employee of the Owner, either before or after the final completion and acceptance of the Work and payment therefor: (1) from showing the true and correct classification, amount, quality or character of the Work actually done; or that any such termination, decision, order, letter, payment or certificate was untrue, incorrect or improperly made in any particular matter, or that the Work or any part thereof does not in fact conform to the requirements of this Contract; or (2) from demanding and recovering from the Contractor any overpayments made to him, or such damages as it may sustain by reason of his failure to perform each and every part of this Contract in strict accordance with its terms; or (3) both (1) and (2) hereto.

§ 15.2 Initial Decision

§ 15.2.1 Claims by the Contractor, excluding those where the condition giving rise to the Claim is first discovered after expiration of the period for correction of the Work set forth in Section 12.2.2 or arising under Sections 10.3, 10.4, and 11.5, shall be referred to the Initial Decision Maker for initial decision. The Architect will serve as the

Initial Decision Maker, unless otherwise indicated in the Agreement. Except for those Claims excluded by this Section 15.2.1, an initial decision shall be required as a condition precedent to mediation of any Claim. If an initial decision has not been rendered within 30 days after the Claim has been referred to the Initial Decision Maker, the Contractor may demand mediation and binding dispute resolution without a decision having been rendered. Unless the Initial Decision Maker and all affected parties agree, the Initial Decision Maker will not decide disputes between the Contractor and persons or entities other than the Owner.

- § 15.2.2 The Initial Decision Maker will review Claims and within ten days of the receipt of a Claim take one or more of the following actions: (1) request additional supporting data from the claimant or a response with supporting data from the other party, (2) reject the Claim in whole or in part, (3) approve the Claim, (4) suggest a compromise, or (5) advise the parties that the Initial Decision Maker is unable to resolve the Claim if the Initial Decision Maker lacks sufficient information to evaluate the merits of the Claim or if the Initial Decision Maker concludes that, in the Initial Decision Maker's sole discretion, it would be inappropriate for the Initial Decision Maker to resolve the Claim.
- § 15.2.3 In evaluating Claims, the Initial Decision Maker may, but shall not be obligated to, consult with or seek information from either party or from persons with special knowledge or expertise who may assist the Initial Decision Maker in rendering a decision. The Initial Decision Maker may request the Owner to authorize retention of such persons at the Owner's expense.
- § 15.2.4 If the Initial Decision Maker requests a party to provide a response to a Claim or to furnish additional supporting data, such party shall respond, within ten days after receipt of the request, and shall either (1) provide a response on the requested supporting data, (2) advise the Initial Decision Maker when the response or supporting data will be furnished, or (3) advise the Initial Decision Maker that no supporting data will be furnished. Upon receipt of the response or supporting data, if any, the Initial Decision Maker will either reject or approve the Claim in whole or in part.
- § 15.2.5 The Initial Decision Maker will render an initial decision approving or rejecting the Claim, or indicating that the Initial Decision Maker is unable to resolve the Claim. This initial decision shall (1) be in writing; (2) state the reasons therefor; and (3) notify the parties, the Construction Manager, and the Architect, if the Architect is not serving as the Initial Decision Maker, of any change in the Contract Sum or Contract Time or both. The initial decision shall be final and binding on the parties but subject to mediation and, if the parties fail to resolve their dispute through mediation, to binding dispute resolution.
- § 15.2.6 Either party may file for mediation of an initial decision at any time, subject to the terms of Section 15.2.6.1.
- § 15.2.6.1 Either party may, within 30 days from the date of receipt of an initial decision, demand in writing that the other party file for mediation. If such a demand is made and the party receiving the demand fails to file for mediation within 30 days of receipt thereof, then both parties waive their rights to mediate or pursue binding dispute resolution proceedings with respect to the initial decision.
- § 15.2.7 In the event of a Claim against the Contractor, the Owner may, but is not obligated to, notify the surety, if any, of the nature and amount of the Claim. If the Claim relates to a possibility of a Contractor's default, the Owner may, but is not obligated to, notify the surety and request the surety's assistance in resolving the controversy.
- § 15.2.8 If a Claim relates to or is the subject of a mechanic's lien, the party asserting such Claim may proceed in accordance with applicable law to comply with the lien notice or filing deadlines.

§ 15.3 Mediation

- § 15.3.1 Claims, disputes, or other matters in controversy arising out of or related to the Contract, except those waived as provided for in Sections 9.10.4, 9.10.5, and 15.1.7, shall be subject to mediation as a condition precedent to binding dispute resolution.
- § 15.3.2 The parties shall endeavor to resolve their Claims by mediation which, unless the parties mutually agree otherwise, shall be administered by the American Arbitration Association in accordance with its Construction Industry Mediation Procedures in effect on the date of the Agreement. A request for mediation shall be made in

writing, delivered to the other party to the Contract, and filed with the person or entity administering the mediation. The request may be made concurrently with the filing of binding dispute resolution proceedings but, in such event, mediation shall proceed in advance of binding dispute resolution proceedings, which shall be stayed pending mediation for a period of 60 days from the date of filing, unless stayed for a longer period by agreement of the parties or court order. If an arbitration is stayed pursuant to this Section 15.3.2, the parties may nonetheless proceed to the selection of the arbitrator(s) and agree upon a schedule for later proceedings.

- § 15.3.3 Either party may, within 30 days from the date that mediation has been concluded without resolution of the dispute or 60 days after mediation has been demanded without resolution of the dispute, demand in writing that the other party file for binding dispute resolution. If such a demand is made and the party receiving the demand fails to file for binding dispute resolution within 60 days after receipt thereof, then both parties waive their rights to binding dispute resolution proceedings with respect to the initial decision.
- § 15.3.4 The parties shall share the mediator's fee and any filing fees equally. The mediation shall be held in the place where the Project is located, unless another location is mutually agreed upon. Agreements reached in mediation shall be enforceable as settlement agreements in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

§ 15.4 Arbitration

- § 15.4.1 If the parties have selected arbitration as the method for binding dispute resolution in the Agreement, any Claim subject to, but not resolved by, mediation shall be subject to arbitration which, unless the parties mutually agree otherwise, shall be administered by the American Arbitration Association in accordance with its Construction Industry Arbitration Rules in effect on the date of the Agreement. The Arbitration shall be conducted in the place where the Project is located, unless another location is mutually agreed upon. A demand for arbitration shall be made in writing, delivered to the other party to the Contract, and filed with the person or entity administering the arbitration. The party filing a notice of demand for arbitration must assert in the demand all Claims then known to that party on which arbitration is permitted to be demanded.
- § 15.4.1.1 A demand for arbitration shall be made no earlier than concurrently with the filing of a request for mediation, but in no event shall it be made after the date when the institution of legal or equitable proceedings based on the Claim would be barred by the applicable statute of limitations. For statute of limitations purposes, receipt of a written demand for arbitration by the person or entity administering the arbitration shall constitute the institution of legal or equitable proceedings based on the Claim.
- § 15.4.2 The award rendered by the arbitrator or arbitrators shall be final, and judgment may be entered upon it in accordance with applicable law in any court having jurisdiction thereof.
- § 15.4.3 The foregoing agreement to arbitrate and other agreements to arbitrate with an additional person or entity duly consented to by parties to the Agreement, shall be specifically enforceable under applicable law in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

§ 15.4.4 Consolidation or Joinder

- § 15.4.4.1 Subject to the rules of the American Arbitration Association or other applicable arbitration rules, either party may consolidate an arbitration conducted under this Agreement with any other arbitration to which it is a party provided that (1) the arbitration agreement governing the other arbitration permits consolidation, (2) the arbitrations to be consolidated substantially involve common questions of law or fact, and (3) the arbitrations employ materially similar procedural rules and methods for selecting arbitrator(s).
- § 15.4.4.2 Subject to the rules of the American Arbitration Association or other applicable arbitration rules, either party may include by joinder persons or entities substantially involved in a common question of law or fact whose presence is required if complete relief is to be accorded in arbitration, provided that the party sought to be joined consents in writing to such joinder. Consent to arbitration involving an additional person or entity shall not constitute consent to arbitration of any claim, dispute or other matter in question not described in the written consent.
- § 15.4.4.3 The Owner and Contractor grant to any person or entity made a party to an arbitration conducted under this Section 15.4, whether by joinder or consolidation, the same rights of joinder and consolidation as those of the Owner and Contractor under this Agreement.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

J

Section 007002

Insurance Rider
(Supplement to Article 11 of Section 007000, AIA A232-2019
For Insurance Requirements for this Project)

Name of Insurance Producer:	
Name of Insured:	

The Contractor shall purchase and maintain during the life of the contract insurances as listed herein. This insurance must be purchased from a New York State licensed, A.M. Best Rated "A" or "A+" carrier. The Owner, the Architect, their Consultants and Subconsultants shall, with the exception of Worker's Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance, be named as additional named insureds on a primary and non-contributory basis. Contractor must submit additional insured endorsements to the District for approval.

At least ten (10) working days prior to the commencement of the Work, the Contractor and all Subcontractors shall submit to the Owner, through the Architect, a Certificate of Insurance (AIA Form G705) or Accord 25-s showing evidence of insurance coverage as required by these documents. The standard Accord Form of Certificate of Insurance or insurance carrier certificate will be acceptable for employer's liability and statutory Disability. Submit all Workers' Compensation Certificates on form C-105.2, or if funded though the New York State Insurance Fund, on form U-26.3.

All Certificates of Insurance must be signed by a licensed agent or authorized representative of the insurance carrier.

The certificate shall be issued to the Owner with a provision that in the event the policies are either canceled or diminished, at least 30 days prior notice thereof shall be given to the Owner.

The insurance required for this project shall be written for not less than limits of liability specified in this attachment or otherwise within the Contract Documents or required by law, whichever coverage is greater. Coverages, whether written on an occurrence or claims-made basis, shall be maintained without interruption from date of commencement of the Work until date of final payment and termination of any coverage required to be maintained after final payment.

.1 General Liability: (Occurrence Form) – Limits Per Project using ISO Form CG 00 01 07 98 or later date

\$2,000,000	General Aggregate	
\$2,000,000	Products/Completed	
	Operations	
\$1,000,000	Personal and Adv. Injury	
\$1,000,000	Occurrence	
\$ 100,000	Fire Damage	
\$ 10,000	Medical Expense	

Coverage to include Broad Form Property Damage, Contractual Liability, Independent Contractors, and Personal Injury. No exclusion for XCU or hazards shall be endorsed to the Policy.

Products and Completed Operations Coverage to be kept in force for 12 months after final payment; a renewal certificate is to be submitted for the project if the coverage renews in less than 12 months following the completion of the project.

Coordinate requirements for additional insurance covering contractual obligations assumed by Contractor as established in Articles 3.18 and 10.3 of these Conditions by using Endorsement ISO Form B, CG2010 11/85 or CG 20 10 10/01 plus CG 20 37 10/01 or equivalent. This endorsement must also reflect that the coverage provided is Primary and Non-Contributory. Waiver of Subrogation applies to all policies for all additional insureds.

.2 Auto Liability to cover ALL autos; or Owned, Hired, Leased and Non-Owned Autos.

\$1,000,000	Combined Single Limit or	
\$ 500,000	Bodily injury (per person)	
\$1,000,000	Bodily injury (per accident)	
\$ 500,000	Property Damage	
\$ 5,000	Medical Payments	

.3 Excess Liability: Insurance is to cover all stated insurance coverages listed within this Attachment

\$5,000,000	Each Occurrence	
\$5,000,000	Aggregate	
\$ 10,000	Retention (Maximum)	

.4 Workers' Compensation

Statutory	Part A
Statutory	Disability
Employer's Liability	Part B
\$ 500,000	Each Accident
\$1,000,000	Disease Policy Limit
\$ 500,000	Disease Each Employee

.5 Hazardous Material Coverage

Hazardous material liability insurance as	\$2,000,000 occurrence/\$2,000,000 aggregate,
follows:	including products and completed operations.

Such insurance shall include coverage for the Contractor's operations including, but not limited to, removal, replacement enclosure, encapsulation and/or disposal of asbestos, or any other hazardous material, along with any related pollution events, including coverage for third-party liability claims for bodily injury, property damage and clean-up costs. If a retroactive date is used, it shall pre-date the inception of the Contract.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

If motor vehicles are used for transporting hazardous materials, the Contractor shall provide pollution liability broadened coverage (ISO endorsement CA 9948) as well as proof of M CS 90.

Coverage shall fulfill all requirements of the Contract and General Conditions and shall extend for a period of three (3) years following acceptance by the Owner of the Certificate of Completion.

.6 Testing Company Errors and Omission Insurance

\$1,000,000	Each Occurrence
\$2,000,000	Aggregate

for the testing and other professional acts of the Contractor performed under the contract with the Owner.

Further, Contractor shall require all Subcontractors to carry similar insurance coverages and limits of liability as set forth above and adjusted to the nature of Subcontractors' operations and submit same to Owner for approval prior to start of any Work.

Further, it is not the intention of these insurance requirements to require each Subcontractor, vendor or material man involved in the work to provide "excess" coverage in the amounts stated herein but the "excess" limit shall be at least 2 times the contract sum entered into between the individual Contractor and the particular Subcontractor, vendor or material man but not less than \$1,000,000.00, each occurrence, \$3,000,000 aggregate and \$10,000 retention (Maximum).

In the event Contractor fails to obtain the required certificates of insurance from the Subcontractor and a claim is made or suffered, the Contractor shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Owner, Architect, Engineers, Consultants and Subconsultants and their agents or employees from any and all claims for which the required insurance would have provided coverage. This indemnity obligation is in addition to any other indemnity obligation provided in the Contract.

The following shall be included as Additional Insureds

- School District (NAME), Members of the Board of Education, any officer, member of its staff, employee, or representative of school district.
- KG+D Architects and ALL consultants listed on the cover of the PROJECT/SPECIFICATIONS MANUAL

Proof of Insurance shall show the following Insureds and Holder:		
(a)	Certificate Holder:	
(b)	Additional Named Insureds, on a primary basis:	
	Owner	
	Architect	
	Construction Manager (if applicable)	
	Consultants:	

OWNER'S INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Notwithstanding any terms, conditions or provisions, in any other writing between the parties, the contractor hereby agrees to effectuate the naming of the District/BOCES, the Architect, their Consultants and Subconsultants as an Additional Insured on the contractor's insurance policies, except for workers' compensation and N.Y. State Disability insurance.
- 2. The policy naming the District as an Additional Insured shall:
 - **a.** Be an insurance policy from an A.M. Best A- rated or better insurer, **licensed and admitted** to conduct business in New York State. A New York licensed and admitted insurer is **required.**
 - b. State that the organization's coverage shall be primary and non-contributory coverage for the District/BOCES, its Board, employees and volunteers and the Architect, their Consultants and Subconsultants (KG+D Architects and all consultants listed on the cover of the project/specifications manual), and the Construction Manager (if applicable) including a waiver of subrogation in favor of the District/BOCES for all coverages including Workers Compensation.
 - c. Additional insured status for General Liability coverage shall be provided by standard or other endorsements that extend coverage to the District/BOCES for ongoing operations (CG 20 38 or equivalent) and products and completed operations (CG 20 37 or equivalent). The decision to accept an endorsement rest solely with the District/BOCES. A completed copy of the endorsements must be attached to the Certificate of Insurance to include General Liability, Auto Liability and Umbrella/Excess coverages.
- 3. a. The certificate of insurance must describe **all services** provided by the contractor (e.g., roofing, carpentry or plumbing) that are covered by the liability policies.
 - b. At the District's/BOCES' request, the contractor shall provide a copy of the declaration page of the liability and umbrella/excess policies with a list of endorsements and forms. If requested, the contractor will provide a copy of the policy endorsements and forms.
 - c. There will be no coverage restrictions and/or exclusions involving New York State Labor Law statutes or gravity related injuries.
 - d. No policies containing escape clauses or exclusions contrary to the Owner's interests will be accepted.
 - e. A fully completed New York Construction Certificate of Liability Insurance Addendum (ACORD 855 2014/15) must be included with the certificates of insurance. For any "Yes" answers on Items G through L on this Form—additional details must be provided in writing. Policy exclusions may not be accepted.

- 4. The contractor agrees to indemnify the District/BOCES for applicable deductibles and self-insured retentions.
- 5. Minimum Required Insurance:

a. Commercial General Liability Insurance

\$1,000,000 per Occurrence/\$2,000,000 Aggregate \$2,000,000 Products and Completed Operations \$1,000,000 Personal and Advertising Injury \$100,000 Fire Damage \$10,000 Medical Expense

The general aggregate shall apply on a per-project basis.

b. Owners Contractors Protective (OCP) Insurance

For projects less than or equal to \$1,000,000 and/or work on 1 story (10 feet) only; \$1,000,000 per occurrence, \$2,000,000 aggregate with the District/BOCES as the Named Insured.

For projects greater than \$1,000,000 and/or work over 1 story (10 feet); \$2,000,000 per occurrence, \$4,000,000 aggregate with the District/BOCES as the Named Insured.

The OCP Policy must be with a NYS licensed and admitted carrier.

The District/BOCES will be the Named Insured on OCP Policies. There will be no Additional Insureds on any OCP Policies.

c. Automobile Liability

\$1,000,000 combined single limit for owned, hired, borrowed and non-owned motor vehicles.

d. Workers' Compensation and NYS Disability Insurance

Statutory Workers' Compensation (C-105.2 or U-26.3); and NYS Disability Insurance (DB-120.1) for all employees. Proof of coverage must be on the approved specific form, as required by the New York State Workers' Compensation Board. ACORD certificates are not acceptable. A person seeking an exemption must file a CE-200 Form with the state. The form can be completed and submitted directly to the WC Board online.

e. Builder's Risk

Must be purchased and maintained by the Owner to include interest of the Owner, Contractor, Subcontractors and Sub subcontractors jointly. The limit must reflect the total completed value (all material and labor costs) and provide coverage for fire, lightning, explosion, extended coverage, vandalism, malicious mischief,

windstorm, hail and/or flood. Coverage will remain in effect until the Owner is the only entity that has an insurable interest in the property.

f. Umbrella/Excess Insurance

\$5,000,000 each Occurrence and Aggregate for general construction and no work at elevation (1 story or 10 feet) and project values less than or equal to \$1,000,000.

\$10,000,000 each Occurrence and Aggregate for high-risk construction, work at elevation (>1 story or 10 feet) and project values greater than \$1,000,000.

Umbrella/Excess coverage shall be on a follow-form basis or provide broader coverage over the General Liability and Auto Liability coverages.

- 6. Contractor acknowledges that failure to obtain such insurance on behalf of the District/BOCES constitutes a material breach of contract and subjects it to liability for damages, indemnification and all other legal remedies available to the District/BOCES. The contractor is to provide the District/BOCES with a certificate of insurance, evidencing the above requirements have been met, prior to the commencement of work. The failure of the District/BOCES to object to the contents of the certificate or the absence of same shall not be deemed a waiver of any rights held by the District/BOCES.
- 7. Subcontractors are subject to the same terms and conditions as stated above and must submit same to the District/BOCES for approval prior to the start of any work.
- 8. In the event the General Contractor fails to obtain the required certificates of insurance from the Subcontractor and a claim is made or suffered, the General Contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the District/BOCES, its Board, employees and volunteers, the Architect, their Consultants and Subconsultants (KG+D Architects and all consultants listed on the cover of the project/specifications manual), and the Construction Manager (if applicable) from any and all claims for which the required insurance would have provided coverage. This indemnity obligation is in addition to any other indemnity obligation provided in the Contract.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS ASBESTOS, LEAD ABATEMENT AND/OR HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Asbestos/Lead Abatement/Pollution Liability Insurance

\$2,000,000 per occurrence/\$2,000,000 aggregate, including products and completed operations. Such insurance shall include coverage for the Contractor's operations including, but not limited to, removal, replacement, enclosure, encapsulation and/or disposal of asbestos, or any other hazardous material, along with any related pollution events, including coverage for third-party liability claims for bodily injury, property damage and clean-up costs. If a retroactive date is used, it shall pre-date the inception of the Contract.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

If the Contractor is using motor vehicles for transporting hazardous materials, the Contractor shall maintain pollution liability broadened coverage (ISO Endorsement CA 9948 or CA 01 12), as well as proof of MCS 90. Coverage shall fulfill all requirements of these specifications and shall extend for a period of three (3) years following acceptance by the District/BOCES of the Certificate of Completion.

Testing Company Errors and Omission Insurance

\$1,000,000 per occurrence/\$2,000,000 aggregate for the testing and other professional acts of the Contractor performed under the Contract with the District/BOCES.

SECTION 011000

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

1.01 GENERAL PROJECT DESCRIPTION

A. The scope of work of this project generally consists of Middle School/High School located at 65 Siwanoy Blvd, Eastchester, NY 10709 as depicted on the accompanying Contract Drawings and the Technical Specifications. The Work generally includes:

RENOVATION WORK

- HVAC and electrical related improvements and related architectural work.
- Electrical related improvements and related architectural work.
- B. Architect Identification: The Contract Documents were prepared for Project by KG+D Architects, PC.
- C. Construction Manager: Calgi Construction Company has been engaged as Construction Manager for this Project to serve as an advisor to Owner and to provide assistance in administering the Contract for Construction between Owner and Contractor, according to a separate contract between Owner and Construction Manager.
- D. Bids shall be received in accordance with the New York State Public Bidding Laws; this project shall be executed under MULTIPLE PRIME CONTRACTS known as:

Contract No. 1: HVAC Construction Contract No. 2: Electrical Construction

Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project.

- 1. "The Contractor" or "Contractor" meaning that Respective Prime Contractor normally responsible for that work referenced;
- 2. "Respective Prime Contractor" meaning either the –Mechanical or Electrical Contractors normally responsible for the referenced work;
- 3. "Trade Contractor" meaning that Respective Prime Contractor as above;

and such other terms relating to Contractors to be taken in context with respect to referenced work.

Further, wherein said Division 00 and 01 and respective Sections therein, any reference is made to "General Contractor", same shall be construed to mean "Contractor for the General Construction".

One set of Documents is issued covering all contracts. Each Prime Contractor shall review all drawings and specifications for complete understanding and knowledge of the Work

- E. Existing conditions are shown on the drawings to the best knowledge of the Architect. The Architect, however, cannot guarantee the correctness of the existing conditions shown and assumes no responsibility therefore. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to visit the site and verify all existing conditions.
- F. The Contractor's attention is directed to Articles 6.1.4 through 6.2.1.2 of Section 007000, which required coordination of this Contractor's work with the work and progress of other separate contracts.
- G. SECURITY PROVISIONS: Coordinate and comply with AIA 232-2019, General Conditions, and Section 011501 Special Project Requirements.
 - All Contractors' employees shall use a single means of access and egress, except in the case of emergency, to be designated by the General Contractor.
 - 2. Each Contractor and each Subcontractor shall require his employees, while on the job site, to wear, in a conspicuous location, a Photo I.D. badge bearing the name of the individual and the Contractor for whom working. The badges of each Contractor shall be numbered consecutively. An up-to-date list of all I.D. badges, indicating the name and number along with a copy of the photograph for each employee, shall be furnished to the Owner.
- H. SCOPE OF WORK SEPARATE PRIME CONTRACTS: Each Prime Contractor is responsible for all of Bidding and Contract Requirement, General Requirements (Division 1), and all work specifically indicated, including the following:
 - 1. HVAC Work: Structural and architectural drawings and Division 02 through 14, Mechanical drawings and Division 23, and such work types, such as cutting and patching, firesafing, and access doors, as specifically required to complete the work of the HVAC installations.
 - 2. Electrical Work: Electrical drawings and Division 26, 27 and 28, and such work types, such as cutting and patching and firesafing / firestopping and access doors, as specifically required to complete the work of the electrical (and telecommunications) installations.
- I. All Prime Contractors are responsible to provide a complete installation of their work with the exception of such work that is specifically indicated to be by another Contractor. Exceptions or clarifications are as follows:
 - Cutting and patching in the existing building generally will be by the trade needing that work. When mechanical or electrical work is above a ceiling, the Prime Contractor doing that work will be responsible for providing their own access and restoration. When the Prime Contractor is making sanitary connections below grade at the existing, they will be responsible for accessing the existing pipe and restoration (subject to exceptions).
 - 2. Exceptions for cutting and patching at the existing building will be:

- a. The Prime Contractor will be responsible for penetrations through the existing façade and roof.
- b. The Prime Contractor will provide restoration of Floor Finish after the restored floor for below grade sanitary and electrical conduit.
- 3. All trades shall coordinate, schedule, and sequence work so no cutting and patching is required in new work (or the trade failing to comply would be responsible).
- 4. Excavation for any sub grade mechanical / plumbing (within 5'-0" of the building) would be by the trade requiring same unless otherwise specifically noted on the Drawings. Outside of 5'-0", including any structures would be by the General Contractor, who would provide their own excavation.
- 5. The EC may coordinate their conduit to be in the gravel layer under new slab on grade. They may run non-crossing conduit on the deck, perpendicular or parallel to column lines, provided conduit do not cross or otherwise impact on slabs over 1". Conduit that would cross, are larger than 1", or would otherwise impact slabs by more than 1, will be run by EC by other routes.
- 6. Fire-safing / fire-stopping will be by the trade needing / installing that work.
- 7. All trades to provide access doors as required by their work, to be installed by the GC.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Asbestos and lead paint awareness requirements.
- B. Construction time requirements and phasing if applicable
- C. Proof of orders and delivery dates
- D. Intent of Documents
- E. Field Measurements
- F. Initial Submittal Requirements
- G. Quality Requirements
- H. Testing and Inspection Laboratory Services
- I. Manufacturers Field Services and Reports
- J. Coordination.
- K. Field Engineering.
- L. Design Responsibility
- M. Schedules and Milestones
- N. Additional Requirements
- O. Mold Mitigation Requirements
- P. Waste Management
- Q. Use of Premises
- R. Owner Occupancy Requirements
- S. Payrolls and Payroll Records Coordinate with Sections 012900, 012901 and 017700

1.03 ASBESTOS AND LEAD PAINT AWARENESS REQUIREMENTS

- A. Contractor agrees not to use or permit the use of any asbestos containing material in or on any property belonging to the Owner.
- B. For purposes of this requirement, asbestos free shall mean free from all forms of asbestos including actinolite, amosite, anthrophyhllite, chrysotile, cricidolite and

011000 - 3

tremolite both in friable and non-friable states and without regard to the purposes for which such material is used.

1.04 CONSTRUCTION TIME AND PHASING REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor is advised the "time is of the essence" of the Contract as defined in Article 8 of the "Conditions". It is understood that the work is to be carried through to completion with the utmost speed consistent with good workmanship. Further, safe and legal ingress and egress shall be maintained at all times to and through the occupied portions of the construction site.
- B. Work shall proceed in such a manner as to cause the least amount of disruption to the ongoing operations as possible. COORDINATE CLOSELY WITH SCHOOL OPERATING PERSONNEL.
- C. All work and storage areas shall be completely enclosed by a fence or barricade at all times so that no student or the public can approach the area or the equipment. The Contractor shall maintain fences and barricades at all times and shall -
 - ° Provide signs posted on fence 50 feet on center that read "Work Area Keep Out".
 - ° Maintain at all times, all exits and walkways from the Building.

Where the barricade is removed for work, the Contractor performing such work shall provide adequate safety personnel to prevent unauthorized persons from approaching the work area.

- 1. The Contractor is advised that areas of the existing buildings which are to be added to and/or altered under this Contract will remain in use during construction, coordinate with Section 015000 for temporary facilities.
- 2. Electrical and mechanical services to functioning spaces shall be maintained at all times.
- 3. The Contractor shall provide and maintain all required separations between old and new construction to prevent:
 - a. Entrance to construction areas by unauthorized individuals.

D. CONSTRUCTION PHASING

- 1. The phasing and/or milestone schedule included as Section 011100 has been established for the overall construction of the project.
- 2. The Contractor is advised that areas of the existing buildings which are to be added to and/or altered under this Contract will remain in use during construction, coordinate with Section 01 50 00 for temporary facilities.
- 3. Electrical and mechanical services to functioning spaces shall be maintained at all times. Swing-overs to new services shall be made so as to cause the least interruption to the facilities' operations. Limit utility shutdowns to two consecutive work days at no additional cost to the Owner unless prior agreement is made with the operating personnel of the facility.
- 4. The Contractor shall provide and maintain all required separations between old and new construction to prevent:
 - b. Entrance to construction areas by unauthorized individuals.
 - c. Heat loss from existing buildings.
 - d. Water (rain or ground water) infiltration into existing building.
- 1.05 PROOF OF ORDERS AND DELIVERY DATES Coordinate w/Sections 013300 and 013200.

- A. Within 2 weeks after the approval of shop drawings, samples, product data and the like, the Contractor shall provide copies of purchase orders for all equipment and materials which are not available in local stock. The Contractor shall submit written statements from suppliers confirming the orders and stating promised delivery dates.
- B. This information shall be incorporated within the progress schedules so required as part of Section 013200 and shall be monitored so as to insure compliance with promised dates.
- 1.06 INTENT OF DOCUMENTS See Article 1, Subparagraph 1.2.1 of Section 007000 for resolution of conflicts between drawings and specifications.

Regardless of hierarchy listed in reference paragraph, in cases of conflict as to the type or quality of materials to be supplied, the more restrictive shall govern.

1.07 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

- A. Each Respective Contractor shall take all necessary field measurements prior to fabrication and installation of work and shall assume complete responsibility for accuracy of same.
- B. This project is an ALTERATION and therefore necessitates additional attention to existing conditions receiving newly fabricated and installed equipment, i.e. note the requirements for field dimensioning of shop fabricated items whether or not so required by each technical section.

1.08 INITIAL SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

- As outlined in Sections 005000, 007000, 013300, 013200 and 015000 Contractor shall provide items noted including bonds, insurance, emergency telephone numbers, progress scheduling, schedules of submittals, subcontractor listings, and the like prior to the start of any work.
- B. Schedule of Values
 - 1. Submit schedule on AIA Form G703.
 - 2. Submit Schedule of Values in duplicate within 15 days after date of Owner-Contractor Agreement or as established in Notice to Proceed, whichever is earliest.

1.04 QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Monitor quality control over suppliers, manufacturers, Products, services, site conditions, and workmanship, to produce Work of specified quality.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Comply with specified standards as minimum quality for the Work except when more stringent tolerances, codes, or specified requirements indicate higher standards or more precise workmanship.
- D. Monitor fabrication and installation tolerance control of installed Products over suppliers, manufacturers, Products, site conditions, and workmanship, to produce acceptable Work. Do not permit tolerances to accumulate.
- E. Comply fully with manufacturer's tolerances.
- 1.10 TESTINGAND INSPECTION LABORATORY SERVICES Coordinate with Section 01 43 26

- A. Owner will appoint, employ, and pay for specified services of independent firm to perform testing and inspection.
- B. Independent firm will perform tests, inspections, and other services as required.
- C. Cooperate with independent firm; furnish samples as requested.
- D. Re-testing required because of non-conformance to specified requirements will be charged to Contractor.

1.05 MANUFACTURER'S FIELD SERVICES AND REPORTS

- A. When specified in individual specification sections, require material or Product suppliers or manufacturers to furnish qualified staff personnel to observe site conditions and to initiate instructions when necessary.
- B. Report observations and site decisions or instructions that are supplemental or contrary to manufacturer's written instructions.

1.11 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate scheduling, submittals, and Work of various sections of specifications to ensure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of interdependent construction elements.
- B. Verify utility requirement characteristics of operating equipment are compatible with building utilities.
- C. Coordinate space requirements and installation of mechanical and electrical work indicated diagrammatically on Drawings. Follow routing shown for pipes, ducts, and conduit, as closely as practicable.
- D. In finished areas, conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring within construction.

1.12 FIELD ENGINEERING – Coordinate with Section 017123 of Division #1.

- A. Contractor shall establish elevations, lines, and levels and certify elevations and locations of the Work conform with Contract Documents.
- 1.13 DESIGN RESPONSIBILITY Contractor is responsible for design of the following components of construction:
 - A. Metal railings.
 - B. Other systems as specified

1.14 SCHEDULES

- A. General
 - 1. The objective of this project is to complete the overall work in the shortest period of time and to protect the building and occupants from damages caused by weather and construction activity during the progress of the work.
 - 2. To meet these objectives, the Contractor shall plan the work, obtain materials, and execute the construction on the most expeditious manner possible in accordance with the requirements listed below.
 - 3. If the Contractor fails to expedite and pursue any part of the work, the Owner may terminate the contract as per Article 14.2 or may carry out the work as per Article 2.4 of the General Conditions.
 - 4. The Contractor shall work in coordination with work of other Contractors and with School activities with special attention to noise, dust, safety and other contract requirements for work in and around the occupied building.

B. Work Period and Milestones – refer to the Milestone Schedule comprising Section 011100.

1.16 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. If it appears that some of the work cannot be completed by the scheduled date, the Contractor shall increase the work force or increase the hours of work, including evenings and weekends or necessary, at no additional cost to the Owner. If the work is complete but the area is not cleaned and debris or equipment is not removed, the Owner shall have the right to prepare the area for occupancy with his own forces and deduct the costs from the Contract Amount.
- B. If the Contractor fails to staff the job adequately to meet the completion date, the Owner reserves the right to assume possession of the material and complete installation with the Owner's forces or other Contractors or to require the Contractor to work evenings and weekends.
- C. The school can be made available on weekends and evenings to allow the Contractor adequate time to complete the work before final completion date. Any custodial cost resulting in this after hours scheduling will be the Contractor's responsibility.
- D. In addition to the above-stated requirements for phasing of the work, the Contractors shall not do any noisy work in the areas where examinations will be conducted as per the published school calendar.
- E. The Contractor is responsible for temporary protection of all work until acceptance.
- F. The school will be closed on Saturdays, Sundays, regularly scheduled district holidays and school vacations, and at night after cleaning crews have finished. . If any Contractor wishes to work at any time when the school is normally closed, that Contractor must receive prior approval by the Owner and also shall arrange and pay for custodial services for the building at the applicable district pay rates. All work taking place within the schools/buildings/grounds on weekends, holidays and school vacations must be approved in advance by the Owner.
- G. To assist the Contractor in scheduling work, the following is a listing of the school's schedule from the date bids are received through the length of the work.

Refer to the Milestone Schedule comprising Section 011100 milestones and working schedule.

Refer to the Construction Implementation Plan comprising Section 011001 for hours of work on the site and scheduling restrictions due to school occupancy and continuing use of the building.

The school district's academic calendar listing school holidays and vacation days

https://echalk-slate-

prod.s3.amazonaws.com/private/districts/450/resources/76ba6241-84bc-48fd-8ab6-

9526f489a6a6?AWSAccessKeyId=AKIAJSZKIBPXGFLSZTYQ&Expires=2015615 937&response-cache-control=private%2C%20max-age%3D31536000&response-content-

<u>disposition=%3Bfilename%3D%22School%2520District%2520Calendar%2520-</u>%25202023-2024%281%29.pdf%22&response-content-

type=application%2Fpdf&Signature=t4oyVJY52NRdD0Y2knJUyxKtvG4%3D

1.17 MOLD MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS (As applicable to Project Construction)

- A. All return air ductwork and all exhaust air ductwork be sealed tight with mastic.
- B. Do not allow open plenum returns above dropped ceilings unless the plenum is sealed tightly with respect to the exterior walls and roof.
- C. The buildings HVAC system shall not be operated during construction.
- D. All gypsum wallboard be installed with a fire sealant bead of 3/8 in. (9 mm) between the floor and the bottom edge of the gypsum.
- E. The moisture content (or water vapor emission rate) of all concrete block walls be measured and documented by the general contractor, and that no gypsum board be hung on those walls until the moisture content of the blocks in the wall measures the same as the identical type of block that has been stored away from any rain exposure.
- F. The moisture content of the taped and sanded gypsum board walls be measured and documented by the general contractor at two locations on each wall: the bottom edge and halfway between floor and ceiling. Interior finish may not be applied until the moisture content of the wallboard is below 0.4% on a gypsum moisture meter or below 12% on a wood meter, coordinate with Division 9 sections as applicable.
- G. The moisture content of the concrete floor slab shall be measured as soon as the building has been closed in and as soon as the slab temperature can be brought within the 65°F to 75°F (18.3°C to 23.9°C) temperature required for the measurement. If the moisture content is excessive, the air above the concrete shall be held below 30% relative humidity until the material is dry enough to meet the specification established by the respective flooring manufacturers, coordinate with Division 9 sections as applicable.

1.18 WASTE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES AND DEFINITIONS

- A. Waste Management Coordination: Coordinate recycling of materials with Owner and as required to conform to the Construction Waste Management Plan defined in Section 017419.
- B. Contractor shall conduct Construction Waste Management meetings as outlined in Section 013119 Project Meetings. At a minimum, waste management goals and issues shall be discussed at the following meetings:
 - 1. Pre-bid meeting.
 - 2. Pre-construction meeting.
 - 3. Regular job-site meetings.
 - 4. Job safety meetings.
- C. Use on-site waste as primers, sealers, underlayments, supports, backing, blocking, furring, suspension systems, and accessories as required for any purpose in patching work damaged as a result of construction activities.
- D. Waste Management Definitions
 - 1. Clean: Untreated and unpainted; not contaminated with oils, solvents, caulk, or the like.
 - 2. Construction and Demolition Waste: Solid wastes typically including building materials, packaging, trash, debris, and rubble resulting from construction, remodeling, repair and demolition operations.
 - 3. Hazardous: Exhibiting the characteristics of hazardous substances, i.e., ignitability, corrosivity, toxicity or reactivity.
 - 4. Nonhazardous: Exhibiting none of the characteristics of hazardous substances, i.e., ignitability, corrosivity, toxicity, or reactivity.

- 5. Nontoxic: Neither immediately poisonous to humans nor poisonous after a long period of exposure.
- 6. Recyclable: The ability of a product or material to be recovered at the end of its life cycle and remanufactured into a new product for reuse by others.
- 7. Recycle: To remove a waste material from the Project site to another site for remanufacture into a new product for reuse by others.
- 8. Recycling: The process of sorting, cleansing, treating and reconstituting solid waste and other discarded materials for the purpose of using the altered form. Recycling does not include burning, incinerating, or thermally destroying waste.
- Return: To give back reusable items or unused products to vendors for credit.
- 10. Reuse: To reuse a construction waste material in some manner on the Project site.
- 11. Salvage: To remove a waste material from the Project site to another site for resale or reuse by others.
- 12. Sediment: Soil and other debris that has been eroded and transported by storm or well production run-off water.
- 13. Source Separation: The act of keeping different types of waste materials separate beginning from the first time they become waste.
- 14. Toxic: Poisonous to humans either immediately or after a long period of exposure.
- 15. Trash: Any product or material unable to be reused, returned, recycled, or salvaged.
- 16. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs): Chemical compounds common in and emitted by many building products over time through outgassing including solvents in paints and other coatings; wood preservatives; strippers and household cleaners; adhesives in particleboard, fiberboard, and some plywoods; and foam insulation.
- 17. Waste: Extra material or material that has reached the end of its useful life in its intended use. Waste includes salvageable, returnable, recyclable, and reusable material.
- 18. Waste Management Plan: A Project-related plan for the collection, transportation, and disposal of the waste generated at the construction site. The purpose of the plan is to ultimately reduce the amount of material being landfilled.

1.19 USE OF PREMISES

- A. Use of Buildings and Sites:
 - Limits: Confine constructions operations to areas within contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of the site beyond the areas in which the Work is indicated. All areas of the site with the exception of the project area where the Work is being performed are off limits to Contractor and his employees
 - 2. Owner Occupancy: Allow for Owner occupancy of the buildings and sites and use by the public. Conduct the Work to provide the least possible interference to the activities of the Owner's personnel and use of the buildings and sites by the public

011000 - 9

- Driveways and Entrances: Keep driveways and entrances serving premises clear and available to Owner, Owner's employees, the public and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials.
 - a. Schedule deliveries to minimize use of driveways and entrances.
 - b. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
 - c. Coordinate staging, parking and storage areas with the Construction Manager.
 - d. Refer to the Construction Implementation Plan for additional requirements
- 4. Damages: Promptly repair damages caused to adjacent facilities by work of the Contract to a good-as-new condition acceptable to the Owner.
- 5. Existing Facilities: The following facilities are specifically noted as **not** to be used by Contractor or his employees:
 - a. Toilet facilities.
 - b. Food service facilities, including kitchen and dining areas.
 - c. Telephones.
- 6. Utility Shutdowns: Coordinate all utility shut downs and cross overs with the Construction Manager, schedule during off hours and non-occupied times only.

1.20 OWNER OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Owner will occupy site and existing buildings during entire construction period. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner's operations. Occupancy level will be reduced during summer months when school is not in session. Coordinate with Construction Manager for schedule of working hours and work restrictions during period when school is in session.
- B. Architect will prepare a Certificate of Substantial Completion for each specific portion of the Work to be occupied before Owner occupancy. Obtain a Certificate of Occupancy from authorities having jurisdiction before Owner occupancy. Before partial Owner occupancy, mechanical and electrical systems shall be fully operational, and required tests and inspections shall be successfully completed. On occupancy, Owner will provide, operate, and maintain mechanical and electrical systems serving occupied portions of building. On occupancy, Owner will assume responsibility for maintenance and custodial service for occupied portions of building and site.
- C. Comply with standards for construction projects as follows:
 - 1. Interaction with employees and the public is strictly forbidden.
 - 2. Use of offensive or inappropriate language is strictly forbidden.
 - 3. The use of radios, tape and CD players is prohibited on the site and in the buildings.
 - 4. Smoking is prohibited on the site and in the buildings.

1.21 PAYROLLS AND PAYROLL RECORDS – See Section 012900 and 012901

A. In accordance with Article 8, Section 220 of the New York State Labor Law and applicable Article in the General Conditions, every contractor and subcontractor must keep original payrolls or transcripts subscribed and affirmed as true under

penalty of perjury. Payrolls must be maintained for at least three years from the project's date of completion. At a minimum, payrolls must show the following information for each person employed on a public work project:

- Name
- 2. Classification(s) in which the worker was employed
- 3. Hourly wage rate(s) paid
- 4. Supplements paid or provided
- 5. Daily and weekly number of hours worked in each classification.
- B. Every contractor and subcontractor shall submit, within thirty (30) days after issuance of its first payroll and every thirty (30) days thereafter, a transcript of the original payrolls, subscribed and affirmed as true under penalty of perjury.

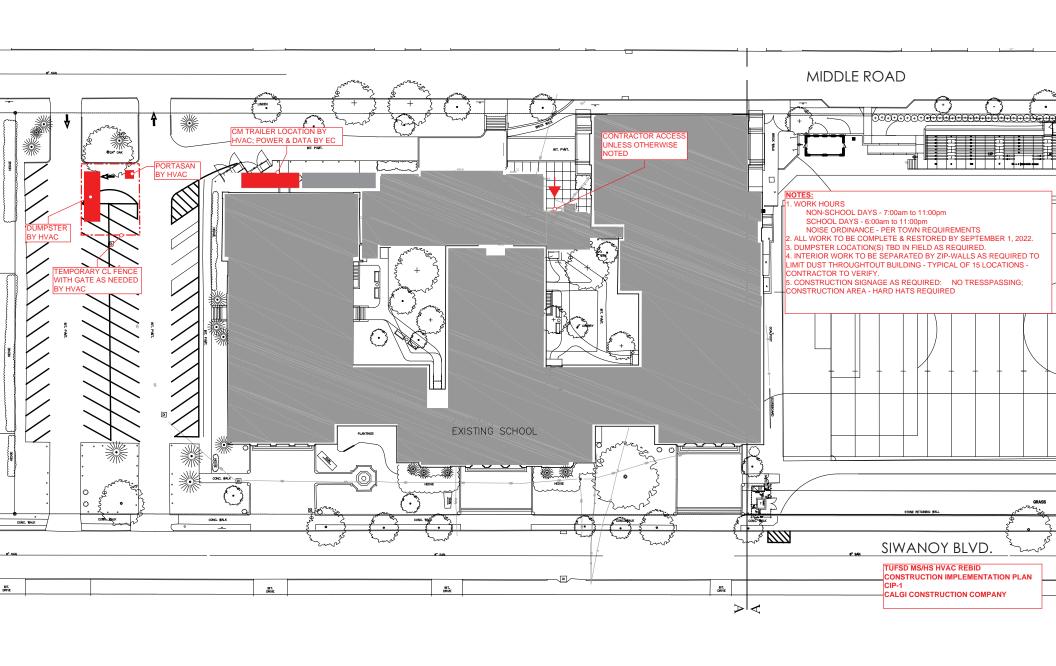
End of Section

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

CONSTRUCTION IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

1	1	I GEN	П		\Box	Λ	П
	١.1	GEI	v	ᆮ	ҡ	м	ш

A. See the following page for the Construction Implementation Plan for this project.



	ruction.com						Dated December 15, 2023
Act ID	Responsibility	Description	Orig Dur	Rem Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	2023 2024 2025
			Dui	Dai	Otart	I IIIIOII	NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR AP
Start -	M/HS HVAC	Repla					Original Duration and Remaining Duration are Working Days
			0		15DEC23		
1000		Project Start	0	0	15DEC23		Project Start
Pre-C	onstruction	Phase					
			35d	35d	15DEC23	05FEB24	
1015	TEAM	Bid Phase	14d	14d	15DEC23	05JAN24	Bid Phase
1020	TEAM	Pre-Bid Meeting	1d	1d	20DEC23	20DEC23	Pre-Bid Meeting
1030	TEAM	Bids Due/Opening	1d	1d	05JAN24	05JAN24	⊢ Bids Due/Opening
1062	TEAM	Bid Analysis & Recommendation	5d	5d	08JAN24	12JAN24	■ Bid Analysis & Recommendation
1063	TEAM	Interview Contractors	5d			12JAN24	Interview Contractors
1065	TUFSD	BOE Approved & Award	1d			22JAN24	BOE Approved & Award (BOE Special Meeting)
1072	CCC	Bonds, Insurance & Contracts	10d		23JAN24		Bonds, Insurance & Contracts
1080	CCC	RFP for Material Testing Services	10d	10d	23JAN24	05FEB24	RFP for Material Testing Services
1090		Completion of Bidding Phase	0	0		05FEB24	Completion of Bidding Phase
Const	ruction Star	t					
			101d	101d	06FEB24	27JUN24	
1095	ccc	Notice to Proceed	1d	1d	06FEB24	06FEB24	Notice to Proceed
1102	ALL	Pre Construction Meeting	1d		06FEB24		Pre Construction Meeting
1106	ALL	Master Construction Schedule	15d	_	07FEB24		Master Construction Schedule
1112		Submittals Approval	40d		07FEB24		Submittals Approval
1117		Material & Eq. Procurement	84d		29FEB24		Material & Eq. Procurement
1122		Contractors Mobilization	5d		21JUN24		Contractors Mobilization
	- HVAC/GC (
	PRIME		77d	77d	27JUN24	15OCT24	
1128	PRIME	Temp. Services + Protection	5d		27JUN24		■ Temp. Services + Protection
1140		Demolition	15d		27JUN24		Demolition
1150		Building Renovation	40d		27JUN24		Building Renovation
1335	PRIME	HVAC Renovation	40d		27JUN24		HVAC Renovation
1340		Substantial Completion	1d		22AUG24		- Substantial Completion
1350	PRIME	Punchlist Completion	6d		23AUG24		Punchlist Completion
1360		Commissioning	6d		23AUG24		Commissioning
1370		Closeout Documents	10d		03SEP24		Closeout Documents
1380		Final Payments	21d		17SEP24		Final Payments
1390		Completion of HVAC/GC Contract	0			15OCT24	Completion of HVAC/GC Contract
	- Electrical C						·
	PRIME		77d	774	27JUN24	15OCT24	
1410	ı	Electrical Penavation					Electrical Renovation
1410 1420	PRIME	Electrical Renovation Substantial Completion	40d 1d		27JUN24 22AUG24		Substantial Completion
1430	PRIME PRIME	Punchlist Completion	6d		23AUG24		Punchlist Completion
1440		Closeout Documents	10d		03SEP24		Closeout Documents
1450	PRIME	Final Payments	21d		17SEP24		Final Payments
1460		Completion of Electrical Contract	0			150CT24	Completion of Electrical Contract
Start date 1 Finish date 1	5DEC23 5OCT24	Completion of Electrical Contract	1 0				Early bar
Data date 1 Run date 1 Page number 1 © Primavera Sy	5DEC23 1DEC23 A ystems, Inc.						© Union Free School District Middle/High School Progress bar Critical bar ── Summary bar ♦ Start milestone poin Firsh milestone poin

SECTION 011501 - SPECIAL PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

Excerpts from 8 NYCRR Section 155.5 as they address "General Safety and Security Standards for Construction Projects".

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE: "The occupied portion of any school building shall always comply with the minimum requirements necessary to maintain a certificate of occupancy"

1.1 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. All contractors, subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, vendors and the like shall monitor their workers and require that they adhere to the following safety provisions during all construction and maintenance activities for the duration of the project.

1.2 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION AS APPLICABLE TO THE PARTICULAR PROJECT SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Safe and Secure Storage of Construction Materials
- B. Fencing Project; Material storage areas; Container/Refuse areas
- C. Gates Manned during working hours; locked and secure off hours.
- D. Sidewalk bridges, security barriers, etc. reference "Exterior Renovations"
- E. Worker identification system
- F. Temporary partitions separation of construction areas from occupied spaces; construction, materials, inspection and maintenance.
- G. Worker access both horizontal and vertical in occupied buildings
- H. Debris removal.
- I. Ventilation of work spaces
- J. Exiting
- K. Fire and hazard prevention
- L. No Smoking
- M. Fire extinguishers
- N. Temporary sprinklers (if any)
- O. Smoke detectors (temporary)
- P. Fire watch and maintenance of existing fire alarm systems
- Q. Storage of gas and welding equipment
- R. Noise abatement procedures
- S. Construction fume controls
- T. Off-Gassing/bake out procedures
- U. Material Safety Data Sheet log
- V. Asbestos Code Rule 56
- W. Asbestos TEM
- X. Lead Abatement/Lead paint
- Y. Indoor Air Quality

- 1.3 SAFE AND SECURE STORAGE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS Coordinate with Sections 01 50 00 and 01 61 00 each as included with these documents.
 - A. Materials stored on the Site shall be neatly arranged and protected, and shall be stored in an orderly fashion in locations that shall not interfere with the progress of the Work.

<u>NOTE</u>: If approval is given to store materials in any part of the building area, they shall be so stored as to cause no overloading of the structure.

- 1.4 FENCING PROJECT; MATERIAL STORAGE AREAS; CONTAINER/REFUSE AREAS Coordinate with Section 01 50 00
 - A. Barrier fencing constructed as outlined in Section 01 50 00 shall be provided surrounding all work areas, material storage locations and around dumpsters and/or chutes when involved with demolition/removal operations.
 - B. Fencing shall be maintained in good sound condition throughout the entire course of construction by the Owner's Representative and/or Contractor and removed only when directed by the Architect and/or Owner's Representative.

1.5 GATES

- A. Gates in construction fencing shall be of construction outlined in Section 01 50 00 and shall be under either the Owner's Representative or Contractors' supervision throughout the work day and shall be secured in a locked condition at the close of any single business day and on all non work days. Gates shall be manned at all times work is in progress.
- 1.6 SIDEWALK BRIDGES, SECURITY BARRIERS, ETC. REFERENCE "EXTERIOR RENOVATIONS"
 - A. As applicable to the project involved, provide overhead protective devices for the work consisting of tubular framed scaffold bridges, joist trusses and solid decking. Provide guard rails, lights and warning signs.
- 1.7 WORKER IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM Coordinate with Section 01 10 00, Article 1.01.
 - A. All Contractors' employees shall use a single means of access and egress, except in the case of emergency, to be designated by the General Contractor.
 - B. The Contractor shall, for all work covered under the Contract, establish a security control system for personnel and material involved with the work herein.
 - C. The control system shall include photo identification badges and the like so as to insure against unauthorized entry to the site and resultant entry to the building proper.
- 1.8 TEMPORARY PARTITIONS SEPARATION OF CONSTRUCTION AREAS FROM OCCUPIED SPACES; CONSTRUCTION, MATERIALS, INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE Coordinate with Section 01 50 00 as applicable to project type.
 - A. Provide temporary partitions from floors to underside of structure above, in sash and any other openings created by new construction, additions and alterations.
 - B. Such partitions shall be constructed dust-tight using steel studs and acoustically and/or thermally insulated, Level 1 taped fire rated gypsum board as specified in Section 09 29 00.
 - C. Locate enclosures as directed by the Architect and/or as shown on the drawings.

- D. In addition to partitions and closures, provide tight fitting filters over all return air grilles and/or open ducts in order to properly protect central air handling equipment.
- E. <u>Take all necessary precautions to avoid unnecessary dust spreading to adjoining</u> rooms and spaces.
- F. Keep all doors to spaces closed and provide positive seals around cracks, frames, doors and other openings within work areas.
- G. WHERE EXTERIOR CLOSURES ARE REQUIRED, INSULATE SAME TO MAINTAIN A TEMPERATURE OF SIXTY-FIVE (65) DEGREES F. WITHIN THE PLANT WITHOUT THE USE OF SPECIAL HEATING EQUIPMENT.
- H. All temporary enclosures/partitions/containment barriers shall be periodically inspected and maintained in good repair so as to prevent exposure to dust and contaminants outside the work and/or containment areas.

1.9 WORKER ACCESS BOTH HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL IN OCCUPIED BUILDINGS

A. A specific stairwell and/or elevator shall be assigned for construction worker use during work hours. Workers may not use corridors, stairs or elevators designated for students or school staff.

1.10 DEBRIS REMOVAL – Coordinate with Sections 01 50 00, 01 77 00 and 02 41 19/20.

- A. Large amounts of debris must be removed by use of enclosed chutes or similar systems. There shall be no movement of debris through corridors of occupied spaces of the building. No materials shall be dropped or thrown outside the walls of the building.
- B. All occupied parts of the building or buildings affected by renovation activity shall be cleaned at the close of each work day.
- C. School buildings occupied during any construction period shall maintain required health, safety and educational capabilities at all times that classes are in session.

1.11 VENTILATION OF WORK SPACES

- A. The General Contractor shall provide indoor air quality management as follows:
 - 1. Provide at exhaust air system for the project indoor areas which could produce fumes, VOC's off-gasses, gasses, dusts, mists, or other emissions both during construction activities **and** during required curing periods, coordinate with manufacturer's requirements for all materials used.
 - 2. Exhaust air system for the project areas which could produce emissions listed in Paragraph 1 shall be utilized. Work area exhaust shall terminate at the building exterior.
 - 3. Provide temporary partitions and air seals to prevent the migration of airborne contaminants from unoccupied areas to occupied areas when applicable.
 - 4. Quality assurance:
 - a. Maintain a negative pressure between the work area and the space surrounding the work area.
 - b. Before start of work, submit a design for the exhaust air system. Do not begin work until approval of the Construction Manager is obtained. The design shall include, but not be limited to:
 - 1. The number of machine required.
 - 2. Location of the machines in the work space.

- 3. Description of the methods used to test air flow and pressure differential.
- 5. System operation:
 - a. A sufficient quantity of exhaust fans in existing window openings or other approved locations shall be operated in accordance with the following standards:

Provide one work place air change every 15 minutes.

To calculate total air flow requirements:

TOTAL FT/3MIN – VOLUME OF WORK AREA (IN FT3) 15 MINUTES

To calculate the number of units needed for the work area.

NUMBER OF UNITS NEEDED – TOTAL FT3/MIN (CAPACITY OF UNIT IN FT3/MIN)

- b. Exhaust air system shall operate for a minimum of 72 hours after work is completed, or until all materials have cured sufficiently as to stop out gassing of fumes or odors and area has been ventilated to remove all detectable traces of odors and fumes.
- c. Maintain 25 feet clearance from all temporary exhaust outlets to all active building outdoor air intakes.
- 6. During reroofing operations, roof patching and new HVAC installations on the existing roof, air intakes shall be "shut-down" or made safe in other approved manners.
- B. The HVAC Specialty Contractor is to be completely responsible for maintaining all required ventilation in the occupied areas of the building during construction as follows:
 - 1. Prior to construction, the HVAC Specialty contractor will examine the existing ductwork in the occupied areas of the building.
 - 2. The layout of existing ductwork is shown, to the extent that it was originally documented, on the HVAC drawings.
 - 3. The HVAC Specialty contractor will reroute, disconnect or cap nay duct, which because of its proximity to the construction area, may carry contaminants from the construction area to the occupied area.
 - 4. This alteration of the existing ventilation system must prevent contaminants from entering the occupied areas, but must not prevent the maintenance of necessary ventilation in the occupied area.

Additionally, as the HVAC Specialty contractor provides and connects new ductwork it will continue to evaluate the effect of such ducts and connections on contaminant migration. It will reroute, disconnect or cap this ductwork as needed to prevent contaminants from the construction area from entering the occupied section of the building.

At each point in the construction where such evaluation and rerouting, disconnecting or capping is required, the HVAC Specialty contractor will confer with the Architect and Construction Manager (as appropriate) in determining its course of action and will obtain the Architect's approval prior to executing this work."

1.12 EXITING

A. At all times, the General Contractor is responsible for maintenance of safety and egress requirements from work areas.

NOTE: All legal forms of egress must be maintained at all times.

- B. Provide temporary exit passage system(s) with guard and hand rails and ramps and such other measures indicated on the drawings and as specified.
- 1.13 FIRE AND HAZARD PREVENTION See Section 01 50 00 for requirements for fire watches, storage and maintenance of welding gasses and temporary heating and the like.
- 1.14 NO SMOKING No smoking is permitted on the grounds or within the construction area of any project.
- 1.15 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS Fire extinguishers shall be provided within the work area and shall be monitored on a scheduled maintenance basis and so tagged to indicate same.
- 1.16 TEMPORARY SPRINKLERS (IF ANY) See Section 01 50 00 for applicable text and requirements.
- 1.17 SMOKE DETECTORS The Electrical contractor shall provide a temporary battery powered smoke detection system for all areas under construction.
- 1.18 FIRE WATCH AND MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING FIRE ALARM SYSTEMS See Sections 01 35 16 and 01 50 00
 - A. All Contractors shall comply with the safety provisions of the National Fire Protection Association's "National Fire Codes" pertaining to the work and, particularly, in connection with any cutting or welding performed as part of the work.
 - B. During welding or cutting operations, a contractor's man shall act as a fire watcher. The fire watcher shall have proper eye protection and suitable fire fighting equipment including fire extinguisher (bearing current inspection Certificate), protective gloves and any other equipment deemed necessary.
 - C. The Electrical Specialty Contractor will provide for and maintain the proper operation of fire alarm and smoke detection systems in all areas throughout the course of the project. The Electrical Specialty Contractor will provide all labor and material required to accomplish this in occupied areas of the school buildings and in areas under construction.
- 1.19 STORAGE OF GAS AND WELDING EQUIPMENT See Section 01 50 00 for specific requirements and controls.
- 1.20 NOISE ABATEMENT PROCEDURES

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- A. Develop and maintain a noise abatement program and enforce strict discipline over all personnel to keep noise to a minimum. Equipment and work shall not produce noise in excess of 60db in occupied areas or shall be scheduled for off hours or acoustical abatement procedures shall be taken. Noise level measurements (dba) shall be taken with a type 2 sound level meter in the occupied space in a location closest to the source of the noise.
- B. Execute construction work by methods and by use of equipment which will reduce excess noise.
- Equip air compressors with silencers, and power equipment with mufflers.
- D. As established in Section 01 10 00, all contractors shall abide by the "no work" periods designated by the Owner.
- 1.21 CONSTRUCTION FUME CONTROLS See Article 1.11 herein.

1.22 OFF-GASSING/BAKE OUT PROCEDURES – See Section 01 77 00

- A. Heat all areas of new construction to 95 degrees for a minimum of 72 hours.
- B. At the end of this period ventilate area with 100 percent outside air and exhaust air for a minimum of 24 hours to eliminate off gassing that occurs during bake out period.
- C. Change all air filters upon completion.
- D. Manufacturers shall be contacted to obtain information regarding appropriate temperatures and times needed to cure or ventilate the product during use and before safe occupancy of a space can be assured. Building materials or furnishings which "off-gas" chemical fumes, gases, or other contaminants shall be aired out in well-ventilated heated warehouse before they are brought to the project for installation or the manufacturer's recommended "off-gassing" periods must be scheduled between installation and use of the space. If the work will generate toxic gases that cannot be contained in an isolated area, the work must be done when school classes and programs are not in session. The building must be properly ventilated and the material must be given proper time to cure or "off-gas" before re-occupancy.

1.23 MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET LOG – Coordinate with Section 01 33 00

- A. Contractor shall maintain "MSDS" file on site, accessible to workers and otherwise in compliance with jurisdiction's "Right To Know" legislation.
- B. The submittal of the required MSDS information shall be segregated from the required material/shop drawing/sample submittals in a separate binder and not comingled with the technical submittals, failure to so conform will be cause for rejection of any submittal.

1.24 ASBESTOS CODE RULE 56 AND ASBESTOS CONTAMINATED MATERIALS (ACM)

- A. Abatement projects as defined by Rule 56 shall not be performed while the building is occupied.
- B. In the event asbestos-contaminated materials are encountered during the work Contractor shall immediately notify the Architect and/or Owner for instructions as to procedures to be taken.
- C. All asbestos abatement projects shall comply with all applicable federal and State laws including but not limited to the New York State Department of Labor industrial code rule 56(12 NYCRR 56), and the federal Asbestos Hazard Emergency

Response Act (AHERA), 40 CFR Part 763 (Code of Federal Regulations, 1998 Edition, Superintendent of Public Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402; 1998; available at the Office of Facilities Planning, Education Building Annex, Room 1060, State Education Department, Albany, New York 12234). Large and small asbestos projects as defined by 12 NYCRR 56 shall not be performed while the building is occupied. Minor asbestos projects defined by 12 NYCRR 56 as an asbestos project involving the removal, disturbance, repair, encapsulation, enclosure or handling of 10 square feet or less of asbestos or asbestos material, or 25 linear feet or less of asbestos or asbestos material may be performed in unoccupied areas of an occupied building in accordance with the above referenced regulations.

1.25 LEAD ABATEMENT/LEAD PAINT

- A. In the event lead based paint is encountered during the work Contractor shall immediately notify the Architect and/or Owner for instructions as to procedures to be taken.
- B. Attention is directed to technical Section 09 90 00 for "protocols" concerning lead paint removals and preparation.
- C. Any construction or maintenance operations which will disturb lead based paint shall be abated pursuant to protocols detailed in the "Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing" (June 1995; U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410; available at the Office of Facilities Planning, Education Building Annex, Room 1060, State Education Department, Albany, NY 12234). All areas scheduled for construction as well as areas of flaking and peeling paint shall be tested for the presence of lead and abated or encapsulated in accordance with the above noted guidelines

End of Section

SECTION 012500

PRODUCT OPTIONS AND SUBSTITUTIONS

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Approved Equal Clause
- B. Substitution Requests
- C. Options
- D. Contractor's Representation
- E. Reimbursements

1.03 APPROVED EQUAL CLAUSE

- A. Throughout the Specifications, types of material may be specified by manufacturer's name and catalog number in order to establish standards of quality and performance and not for the purpose of limiting competition. Inclusion by name, of more than one manufacturer or fabricator, does NOT necessarily imply acceptability of standard products of those named. All manufacturers, named or proposed, shall conform, with modification as necessary, to criteria established by Contract Documents for performance, efficiency, materials and special accessories.
- B. Contractor may assume the phrase "or approved equal" except that the burden is upon the Contractor to prove such equality and to satisfy Architect that proposed substitute is equal to, or superior to, the item specified.

1.04 SUBSTITUTION REQUESTS

- A. If the Contractor elects to prove such equality, he must request the Architect's and the Owner's approval in writing for substitution of such items for the specified items, stating the differences involved with and submitting supporting data and samples, if required, to permit a fair evaluation of the proposed substitution with respect to -
 - 1. Performance:
 - 2. Delivery times and effect on schedules, if any;
 - 3. Safety;
 - 4. Function;
 - 5. Appearance;
 - 6. Quality and durability;
 - 7. Any required license fees or royalties;
 - 8. Warranty terms and conditions;

The contractor shall submit a separate request for each product, supported with complete data, with drawings and samples as are appropriate to substantiate the above.

B. The Architect, as set forth in the Post Bid Requirements in Section 002100, will review requests for substitutions with reasonable promptness, and notify the

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

Contractor, in writing, of the decision to accept or reject the requested substitution.

1.05 OPTIONS

- A. Where Technical Specifications permit Contractor to select optional materials, items, systems, or equipment, the selection of such options is subject to the following conditions:
 - 1. Once an option has been selected and approved, it shall be used for the entire contract.
 - 2. The Contractor shall coordinate his selection with the drawings and specifications and make all necessary adjustments without additional cost to the Owner.

1.06 CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATION

- A. A request for a substitution constitutes a representation that the Contractor:
 - 1. Has investigated the proposed product and determined that it is equal to or superior in all respects to that specified;
 - 2. Will provide the same warranties or bonds for the substitution as for the product specified;
 - 3. Will coordinate the installation of an accepted substitution in the work, and make such other changes in the work as may be required for installation to make the work complete in all respects;
 - 4. Will waive all claims for additional costs, under its responsibility, which may subsequently become apparent.
 - 5. Will have coordinated installation with all affected trade contractors, specialty contractors and the like and will be responsible for any and all costs which may arise as a result of this substitution.

1.07 REIMBURSEMENTS

A. As outlined in Section 013300, when resubmittals of materials, equipment and accessories to be incorporated in the project are necessary due to failure of Contractors to properly coordinate submittals, the submitting Contractor shall compensate the Design Professionals for required re-reviews of said submittals in accordance with the following fee schedule:

Principal's Time	\$ 250.00 per hour
Associate's Time	\$ 175.00 perhour
Employees Time	Direct Personnel Expenses X 3.0

Engineer's Time......\$ 200.00 per hour

The charges incurred will be deducted from the ensuing requisition at the direction of the Owner.

End of Section

substitution.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SUBSTITUTION REQUEST FORM

<u>To:</u>				Project:		
				- -		
Section	Page	Paragraph	Specified Item	-		
THE UNDER	SIGNED REC	QUESTS CONS	SIDERATION OF TI	HE FOLLOWING SUBSTITUTION:		
Atta	ched data shall	include, in a tabu	ular format to provide a	a line by line comparison - product description,		
spe	cifications, draw	ings, photograph	s, performance and la	aboratory tests and the like with applicable portions of		
said	data <u>clearly</u> ide	entified.				
CHIDTLE	D The Dre	spaced Sul	hetitution WII	L (OR WILL NOT) Affect:		
		icated on the		L (OK WILL NOT) Allect.		
				ices indicated on the drawings?		
				ork?		
Ma	nufacturer's	guarantees a	nd warranties?			
The	e construction	n schedule?_				
Ma	intenance ar	nd service par	ts locally available	9?		
	(NOTE	- If Substitut	ion WILL affect a	ny item above, explain in detail.)		
In addition	on to the a	bove. the	undersigned a	agrees to pay for -		
1.				sign, including structural, civil or		
				ng (if any), detailing; and		
2.				ts caused by the requested		

The undersigned further states that the function, appearance and quality of the Proposed Substitution are equivalent or superior to the Specified Item.

SUBMITTED:	DESIGN P	DESIGN PROFESSIONAL'S COMMENTS			
By:	Accepted	Accepted as Noted			
Firm: _	Not Accepted	Received Too Late			
Address:					
		Ву:			
Date:		Date:			
Telephone/Fax:		Remarks:			
Approved For Subcontractor Submittal:					
Ву:	Contractor:	Date:			

SECTION 012900

APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements governing the Contractor's Applications for Payment, and supplements provisions of the Contract.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Schedule of Values
- B. Applications for Payment

1.03 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Coordination: Each prime Contractor shall coordinate preparation of its Schedule of Values for its part of the Work with preparation of the Contractors' Construction Schedule.
 - 1. Correlate line items in the Schedule of Values with other required administrative schedules and forms, including:
 - a. Contractor's Construction Schedule.
 - b. Application for Payment forms, including Continuation Sheets.
 - c. List of subcontractors.
 - d. Schedule of alternates.
 - e. Schedule of allowances
 - f. List of products.
 - g. List of principal suppliers and fabricators.
 - h. Schedule of submittals.
 - 2. Submit the Schedule of Values to the Architect and Construction Manager at the earliest possible date but no later than seven (7) days before the date scheduled for submittal of the initial Applications for Payment.
 - 3. Subschedules: Where Work is separated into phases requiring separately phased payments, provide subschedules showing values correlated with each phase of payment.
- B. Format and Content: Use the Project Manual Table of Contents as a guide to establish the format for the Schedule of Values. Provide at least one line-item for each Specification Section. For major trades with total line items exceeding \$25,000, provide a separate, back-up breakdown of each such trade with line items for identifiable units of work within such trade each of which has a value not exceeding \$25,000. Provide a computed unit price for each line total.
 - Identification: Include the following Project identification on the Schedule of Values:
 - a. Project name and location.
 - b. Name of the Architect
 - c. Name of the Construction Manager
 - d. Project number.
 - e. Contractor's name and address.
 - f. Date of submittal.

- 2. Arrange the Schedule of Values in tabular form with separate columns to indicate the following for each item listed:
 - a. Related Specification Section or Division
 - b. Description of Work
 - c. Name of subcontractor
 - d. Name of manufacturer or fabricator
 - e. Name of supplier.
 - f. Change Orders (numbers) that affect value
 - g. Dollar value
 - h. Percentage of Contract Sum to nearest one-hundredth percent, adjusted to total 100 percent
 - i. Phase Area (as applicable)

<u>NOTE</u>: Margins of Cost: Show line items for indirect costs and margins on actual costs only when such items are listed individually in Applications for Payment. Each item in the Schedule of Values and Applications for Payment shall be complete. Include the total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit margin for each item.

- 3. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum by Phase Area in sufficient detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Coordinate with the Project Manual table of contents. Break principal subcontract amounts down into several line items.
- 4. Round amounts to nearest whole dollar; the total shall equal the Contract Sum.
- 5. Provide a separate line item in the Schedule of Values for each part of the Work where Application for Payment may include materials or equipment, purchased or fabricated and stored, but not installed.

Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site. Include requirements for insurance and bonded warehousing, if required.

- 6. Provide separate line items on the Schedule of Values for initial cost of the materials, for each subsequent stage of completion, and for total installed value of that part of the Work.
- 7. Unit Price Work: Show the line-item value of unit-cost allowances, as a product of the unit multiplied by the measured quantity. Estimate quantities from the best indication in the Contract Documents.
- 8. Temporary facilities, clean up and other major cost items and correction of existing conditions are not direct cost of actual work-in-place may be shown either as separate line items in the Schedule of Values or distributed as general overhead expense, at the Contractor's option.
- 9. Schedule Updating: Update and resubmit the Schedule of Values prior to the next Application for Payment when Change Orders result in a change in the Contract Sum.

1.04 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

A. Each Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments as certified by the Architect and paid for by the Owner.

The initial Application for Payment, the Application for Payment at time of Substantial Completion and the final Application for Payment involve additional requirements.

- B. Payment-Application Times: Each progress-payment date is indicated in the Agreement. The period of construction Work covered by each Application for Payment is the period indicated in the Agreement or in absence thereof the previous month.
- C. Payment-Application Forms: Use AIA Document G732 and Continuation Sheets G703 as the form of Applications for Payment. Separate Continuation Sheets shall be provided for work which takes place on each building which shall detail that portion of the contract which is attributable to the specific building. The project name shall be clearly shown on the top of each continuation form.
- D. Application Preparation: Complete every entry on the form. Include notarization and execution of person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of the Contractor. The Architect and Construction Manager will reject, and return, incomplete applications without action.
 - 1. Entries shall match data on the approved Schedule of Values and the Contractor's Construction Schedule. Update schedules if revisions were made
 - 2. Include amounts of Change Orders and Construction Change Directives issued prior to the last day of the construction period covered by the application.
 - 3. Provide copies of payrolls which are signed and notarized documenting compliance with prevailing wage laws as applicable to particular project.
- E. Transmittal: Submit three (3) signed and notarized original copies of each Application for Payment to the Architect by a method ensuring receipt within 24-hours. One copy shall be complete, including waivers of lien and similar attachments, when required.

Transmit each copy with a transmittal form listing attachments and recording appropriate information related to the application, in a manner acceptable to the Architect.

- F. Waivers of Mechanics Lien: With each Application for Payment, submit waivers of mechanics liens from subcontractors, sub subcontractors and suppliers for the construction period covered by the previous application.
 - 1. Submit partial waivers on each item for the amount requested, prior to deduction for retainage, on each item.
 - 2. When an application shows completion of an item, submit final or full waivers.
 - 3. The Owner reserves the right to designate which entities involved in the Work must submit waivers.

Submit final Applications for Payment with or preceded by final waivers from every entity involved with performance of the Work covered by the application who is lawfully entitled to a lien.

4. Waiver Forms: Submit waivers of lien on forms provided, and executed in a manner, acceptable to the Owner.

- G. Initial Application for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals, that must precede or coincide with submittal of the first Application for Payment, shall include the following prerequisites to processing:
 - 1. List of subcontractors, approved
 - 2. List of principal suppliers and fabricators, approved
 - 3. Schedule of Values, approved
 - 4. Contractor's Construction Schedule, approved
 - 5. Schedule of principal products
 - 6. Schedule of unit prices, approved
 - 7. Submittal Schedule, approved
 - 8. List of Contractor's staff assignments
 - 9. List of Contractor's principal consultants
 - 10. Copies of building permits as applicable to project requirements
 - 11. Copies of authorizations and licenses from governing authorities for performance of the Work
 - 12. Initial progress report
 - 13. Report of pre-construction meeting
 - 14. Certificates of insurance and insurance policies
 - 15. Performance and payment bonds
 - 16. Data needed to acquire the Owner's insurance
 - 17. Initial settlement survey and damage report, if required by particular project
 - 18. Safety plan
- H. Monthly Application for Payment Administrative actions and submittals, that must precede or coincide with submittal of the periodic Application for Payment, shall include the following:
 - As-built Record documents, required documents and submittal records on site
 - 2. Contractor's construction schedule, updated, with corrective action plan as applicable.
 - 3. Material Status Report
 - 4. Stored Materials forms
 - 5. Submittal Schedule and submittal status reports
 - 6. RFI submittal and status log
 - 7. Monthly Progress report, and Notarized Progress Report Statement from each Contractor's manager/superintendent stating that the work is on schedule, and that Contractor will meet the Substantial Completion date for the Work, and the Substantial Completion dates for every portion established under Construction Phasing Schedule Section
- I. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion: Following issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment.
 - 1. This application shall reflect Certificates of Partial Substantial Completion issued previous to Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.
 - 2. Administrative actions and submittals that shall precede or coincide with this application include:
 - a. Occupancy permits and similar approvals.
 - b. Warranties (guarantees) and maintenance agreements.
 - c. Test/adjust/balance records.
 - d. Maintenance instructions.

- e. Meter readings.
- f. Startup performance reports.
- g. Changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance
- h. Final cleaning.
- i. Application for reduction of retainage and consent of surety.
- j. Advice on shifting insurance coverages.
- k. Final progress photographs.
- I. List of incomplete Work, recognized as exceptions to Architect's Certificate of Substantial Completion.
- J. Final Payment Application: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of the final Application for Payment include the following:
 - Completion of Project closeout requirements.
 - 2. Completion of items specified for completion after Substantial Completion.
 - 3. Ensure that unsettled claims will be settled.
 - 4. Ensure that incomplete Work is not accepted and will be completed without undue delay.
 - 5. Transmittal of required Project construction records to the Owner.
 - 6. Certified property survey as and/if required by project documents.
 - 7. Proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
 - 8. Removal of temporary facilities and services.
 - 9. Removal of surplus materials, rubbish, and similar elements.
 - 10. Change of door locks to Owner's access.
 - 11. Consent of Surety to final payment.

Part 2 - PRODUCTS - NOT USED

Part 3 - EXECUTION - NOT USED

End of Section

PAYROLL CERTIFICATION

		am an officer with the title of
	ofto the validity and accuracy of the	_and am authorized by that firm to sign and swear, under penalty e statements below.
	(1) I pay or supervise the paymer	ent of laborers, workers and mechanics employed byon the
were paid	_day of20 the wages and supplements reco e either directly or indirectly from t	cing on theday of20and ending theall laborers, workers and mechanics employed on said project orded as earned on the attached payroll records. No deductions have the wages and supplements other than deductions shown on the
wage rates	age rates for laborers, workers, ar s stated in the Contract and as de	ed for the above project and attached hereto are correct and complete, and mechanics contained therein are not less than the applicable esignated by the State Labor Department. The number of hours all hours worked by that employee. The classification shown for each the work he or she performed.
will be pai	(3) Supplements required in the od to the appropriate plans, funds of	Contract that are in addition to the basic hourly wages have been or or programs.
own know	ment subscribed by him or her an	d shall be verified by the oath of the Contractor that he or she has read and knows the content thereof, and that the same is true of his or her ses and supplements owing by subcontractors which may be
employees completed	ch has been reviewed and signed s' file. Also, any and all subcontrac	ve submitted completed Form I-9, Employment Eligibility Verification I by authorized representatives of the firm and are kept in the actors have certified to us that all of their employees have submitted Verification Form, which have been reviewed and signed by authorized the employees' file.
By: Title: Date:		Firm Name Firm Address
Date.		
	Prime	NOTARY
	Subcontractor	

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

REQUISITION FOR PARTIAL PAYMENT - WAIVER OF LIENS

PROJECT	OWNER
GENERAL CONTRACTOR	SUBCONTRACTOR/VENDOR
CONTRACT	WORK COMPLETE
PROJECT:	CONTRACT - \$
TRADE:	CHANGE ORDERS - \$
CONTRACT - \$	TOTAL COMPLETE - \$
CHANGE ORDERS - \$	RETAINAGE (%) - \$
TOTAL CONTRACT - \$	LESS PRE. REQ \$
	THIS REQUISITION - \$

Waiver of Liens

The undersigned, upon receipt of the above requisition payment hereby releases and discharges the Owner of and from any liability or obligation in any way related to or arising out of this project up to and including the date of this document.

The undersigned further covenants and agrees that it shall not in any way claim or file a mechanic's or other lien against the premises of the above designated project, or any part thereof, or against any fund applicable thereto for any of the work, labor, materials heretofore furnished by it in connection with the improvement of said premises.

The undersigned further warrants that, in order to induce the Owner to release this partial payment, they have paid all claims for labor, material, insurance, taxes, equipment, etc., employed in the prosecution of the work above, to date of this requisition.

The undersigned hereby releases and agrees to hold the Owner harmless from any and all claims in connection with the furnishing of such labor and materials, etc., for the construction of the aforementioned project.

The undersigned further guarantees that all portions of the work furnished and/or provided by them are in accordance with the contract and that the terms of the contract with respect to these guarantees will hold for the period specified in said contract.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have executed under seal this release on the date below and to be legally bound hereby:

WITNESS:	FIRM:
BY:	DATE:

business under the name of_

instrument on behalf of said partnership.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

CORPORATE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT State of)SS. County of ____day of_____, before me came_____ and who by me being duly sworn did depose and say that he resides at_____ that he is the officer of the said corporation executing the foregoing instrument, that he knows the seal of said corporation, that the seal affixed to said instrument is such corporate seal, that it was so affixed by order of the Board of Directors of said corporation and that he signed his name thereto by like order. **Notary Public** INDIVIDUAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT State of)SS. County of On the _____day of _____, before me came ______to me known and who by me being duly sworn did depose and say that he resides at ______ that he is the individual who executed the foregoing instrument. **Notary Public** PARTNERSHIP ACKNOWLEDGEMENT State of)SS. County of _____ day of______, before me came_____ known and who by me being duly sworn did depose and say that he resides at

_____; that he is the partner in the firm of_____

and that he executed the foregoing

Notary Public

doina

SECTION 013113

PROJECT COORDINATION

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 011000. Article 1.01.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Coordination of Work
- B. Trade Contractor Obligations

1.03 COORDINATION OF WORK

A. As required by the General Conditions, and restated herein, each Trade and/or Specialty Contractor or Subcontractor shall compare the architectural, structural, civil/site, mechanical and electrical Drawings and Specifications with those for all other trades and shall report any discrepancies between them to the Architect, thru the Construction Manager, and obtain from him written instructions for changes necessary to the work.

All work shall be installed in cooperation with other trades installing interrelated work.

Before installation, each Trade Contractor shall make proper provisions to avoid interference in a manner approved by the Architect.

All changes required in the work caused by neglect to so advise the Architect shall be made by the offending Contractor at his own expense.

B. Each Trade Contractor shall be responsible for exact location of anchor bolts, sleeves, inserts, supports, chases, conduits and openings that may be required for the work.

Attention is directed to Section 013114. Each Trade Contractor shall prepare layout drawings for incorporation of items to be built-in the work, pass through the work and the like in sufficient time so as not to cause any undue delay in the execution of the work.

Built-in items shall be furnished under the same Section of the Specifications as the respective items to be supported, and they shall be installed, except as otherwise specified, by the trade furnishing and installing the material in which they are to be located.

The trade responsible for the installation of anchor bolts shall also insure that they are properly installed.

Chases, conduits and openings shall be laid out in advance to permit provision in work.

Sleeves and inserts shall not be used in any portion of the building, where their use would impair strength or construction features of the building.

Sleeves, conduits and inserts shall be set in forms before concrete is poured.

Extra work required where anchor bolts, supports, sleeves, chase openings, conduits or inserts have been omitted or improperly placed shall be performed at expense of trade which made error or omission.

- C. Slots, chases, openings and recesses through floors, walls, ceilings and roofs as specified will be provided for the various trades in their respective materials under general construction work, but the trade requiring them shall see that they are properly located and shall do any cutting and patching caused by the neglect to do so.
- Locations of pipes, ducts, electrical raceways, switches, panels, equipment, fixtures, etc. shall be adjusted to accommodate the work to interferences anticipated and encountered.

Each Trade Contractor shall determine, and submit for approval, the exact route and location of each pipe, duct and electrical raceway prior to fabrication.

Approval by the Architect is required prior to any such modifications.

E. Lines which pitch shall have the right of way over those which do not pitch.

For example, plumbing and condensate piping drains shall normally have right of way.

Lines whose elevations cannot be changed shall have the right of way over lines whose elevations can be changed.

- F. Offsets, transitions and changes in direction in pipes, ducts and electrical raceways shall be made as required to maintain proper headroom and pitch of sloping lines whether or not indicated on the Drawings. Each Trade Contractor shall provide air vents, sanitary vents, pull boxes, etc.; as required to effect these offsets, transitions and changes in direction.
- G. Each Trade Contractor shall install all mechanical and electrical work to permit removal (without damage to other parts) of coils, heat exchanger bundles, fan shafts and wheel, draw-out circuit breakers, filters, belt guards, sheaves and drives and all other parts requiring periodic replacement or maintenance. Each Trade Contractor shall arrange pipes, ducts, raceways, traps, starters, motors, control components, and the like, to clear the openings of swinging and overhead doors and of access panels.
- H. The General Contractor shall provide temporary weathertight and protected openings in structure to facilitate placement of equipment.

1.04 TRADE CONTRACTOR OBLIGATIONS

- A. The Trade Contractors are required to supply all necessary supervision and coordination information to any other trades who are supplying work to accommodate the electrical and mechanical installations.
- B. Where a trade is required to install items which it does not purchase, it shall include for such items:
 - 1. The coordination of their delivery.
 - 2. Their unloading from delivery trucks driven in to any designated point on the property line at grade level.
 - 3. Their safe handling and field storage up to the time of permanent placement in the project.
 - 4. The correction of any damage, defacement or corrosion to which they may have been subjected.
 - 5. Their field assembly and internal connection as may be necessary for their proper operation.
 - 6. Their mounting in place including the purchases and installation of all dunnage supporting members and fastenings necessary to adapt them to architectural and structural conditions unless support members are shown on structural or architectural drawings.
 - 7. Their connection to building systems including the purchase and installation of all terminating fittings necessary to adapt and connect them to the building systems.
- C. Items which are to be installed but not purchased as part of the work of a particular trade shall be carefully examined by this trade upon delivery to the project.

Claims that any of these have been received in such condition that their installation will require procedures beyond the reasonable scope of the work of the installing trade will be considered only if presented in writing within one week of the date of delivery to the project of the items in question.

The work of the installing trade shall include all procedures, regardless of how extensive, necessary to put into satisfactory operation, all items for which no claims have been submitted as outlined above.

End of Section

SECTION 013114

COORDINATION DRAWINGS AND PROCEDURES

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 011000, Article 1.01.
- D. Coordination of the work shall be performed as outlined below.
- E. Coordination drawings are critical to the proper execution of the Work and failure to comply with these requirements may become the basis for claims and/or denial of claims in accordance with the Contract.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Scheduling (Coordinate with Section 013200)
- B. Coordination Drawings and Procedures General Construction Work
- C. Coordination Drawings and Procedures Mechanical/Electrical Work
- D. Meetings
- E. Penalties

1.03 SCHEDULING

- A. Development of coordination drawings shall begin immediately upon award and shall not be dependent upon structural shop drawings; development shall be based upon structural information included on the Contract Documents.
- B. During the "final" review of the coordination drawings, the approved structural shop/fabrication drawings shall be checked and any conflicts identified. General Contractor shall coordinate and insure structural shop drawings are processed so as to meet this requirement. Failure to prosecute same in a timely manner will be cause for implementation of penalties as outlined in 1.07 herein.
- C. Sheet metal specialty contractor or subcontractor shall provide initial drawings as indicated in Article 1.05 herein within six (6) weeks of issuance of Letter or Intent or Contract, whichever is earliest. Time to complete all drawings may vary based upon size and complexity of project. Extension to the six (6) weeks for final coordination drawings shall be determined prior to award by the Design Professional Team in consultation with the Contractors.
- D. Each subsequent contractor, as listed in 1.05.E shall complete their work within three (3) weeks of receipt of the sheet metal drawings.
- E. Progress of coordination drawings must be reported at every project meeting until accepted.

1.04 COORDINATION DRAWINGS AND PROCEDURES - GENERAL CONSTRUCTION WORK

A. The Contractor shall provide fully integrated building, structural, mechanical/electrical coordination drawings and field installation layouts for such work as directed by the Architect and/or Construction Manager and/or required by

job requirements so as to resolve tight field conditions except as modified in Paragraph 1.05 below.

- B. These composite shop drawings and field installation layouts shall be coordinated in the field among the Contractors to verify the proper relationship to the work of other trades based on field conditions, and shall be checked for accuracy and approved by the Contractors before submission to the Architect for his review and concurrence and shall become the basis for more specific shop drawing submittals as required by the technical specifications.
- C. Reflected Ceiling Systems as described in Technical Sections with the "Base" drawings for ceiling work for each area composed of reflected ceiling plans with overlay of contract drawings for structural framing. Elevations of bottom of structural members and ceiling heights to be clearly identified.
 - Section 092900, Gypsum Drywall GENERAL CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY.
 - 2. Section 095113, Acoustical Panel Ceilings SPECIALTY CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY.

The reflected ceiling drawings shall then be forwarded to the next succeeding Contractor in the following order:

- 1. Sheet Metal Subcontractor.
- 2. Fire Protection (Sprinkler) Subcontractor (As applicable);
- 3. HVAC Piping and Associated Control Systems.
- 4. Plumbing System.
- 5. Electrical.
- 6. General Contractor for final structural review and submission to the Architect when all internal coordination requirements have been satisfied.

1.05 COORDINATION DRAWINGS AND PROCEDURES - MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL WORK

- A. Mechanical/electrical work shall be coordinated as indicated by the following procedure.
- B. The HVAC Contractor and/or the Sheet Metal Subcontractor shall prepare a complete draft set of drawings on "bond" to act as background drawings at scale not less than 3/8 inch equals 1 foot, showing structure and other information as needed for coordination. He shall show sheet metal layout thereon. Upon acceptance of these "bond" drawings, the HVAC Contractor shall plot, or have plotted, a final coordination set on Vellum and these will be the Coordination Drawings.
- C. <u>ALL FIREWALLS AND SMOKE PARTITIONS MUST BE HIGHLIGHTED ON THE</u> SHEET METAL DRAWINGS FOR APPROPRIATE COORDINATION.
- D. The main paths of egress and for equipment removal, from main mechanical and electrical rooms must be clearly shown on the coordination drawings.
- E. Each of the below specialty trades shall add its work to these background drawings with appropriate elevations and grid dimensions using a color coding system to be developed between trades.

Specialty trade information is required for fan rooms and mechanical rooms, horizontal exits from duct shafts, crossovers, and for spaces in and above ceilings where congestion of work may occur such as corridors, and even entire floors.

Drawings shall indicate horizontal and vertical dimensions, to avoid interference

with structural framing, ceilings, partitions, and other services.

- Specialty Trades
 - a. Sheet Metal Subcontractor.
 - b. Fire Protection (Sprinkler) Subcontractor (As applicable);
 - c. HVAC Piping and Associated Control Systems.
 - d. Plumbing System.
 - e. Electrical.
 - f. General Contractor.
- F. Each specialty trade shall sign and date each mylar coordination drawing. Return drawings to the Sheet Metal Subcontractor, who shall route them sequentially to all specialty trades.
- G. Where conflicts occur with placement of materials of various trades, the Sheet Metal Subcontractor will be responsible to coordinate the available space to accommodate all trades. Any resulting adjustments shall be initialed and dated by the specialty trade. The Sheet Metal Subcontractor shall then final date and sign each drawing. If he cannot resolve conflicts, the decision of the General Contractor shall be final.
- H. A Subcontractor who fails to promptly review and incorporate his work on the drawings shall assume full responsibility of any installation conflicts affecting his work and of any schedule ramifications.
- I. Sheet Metal Subcontractor shall make copies of all coordination drawings. Fabrication shall not start until such transparencies of completed coordination drawings are received by the Architect/Engineer and have been reviewed.
- J. Review of coordination drawings shall not diminish responsibility under this Contract for final coordination of installation and maintenance clearances of all systems and equipment with Architectural, Structural, Mechanical, Electrical and other work.
- K. After Architect/Engineer Review:
 - After review of coordination drawings, the method used to resolve interferences not previously identified shall be as in 1.06 "MEETINGS" below.
 - 2. All changes to reviewed coordination drawings shall be approved in writing by the Architect/Engineer prior to start of work in affected area.
- L. Distribution of Coordination Drawings:
 - The Sheet Metal Subcontractor shall provide the following distribution of documents:
 - a. One vellum of each Coordination Drawing to each specialty trade and affected Contractor for their use.
 - b. One vellum of each Coordination Drawing to Owner.
 - c. One vellum of each coordination drawing to General Trades Contractor.
 - d. One vellum of each coordination drawing to the Construction Manager.

<u>NOTE</u>: Electronic documents (CAD files) can be used for these operations based upon agreement between all parties and in accordance with terms and conditions set for obtaining of CAD files as per attachment to Section 013300.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- M. Coordination Drawings include but are not necessarily limited to:
 - 1. Structure.
 - 2. Partition/room layout.
 - 3. Ceiling tile and grid.
 - 4. Light fixtures.
 - 5. Access panels.
 - 6. Sheet metal, coils, boxes, grilles, diffusers, etc.
 - 7. HVAC piping and valves.
 - 8. Smoke and fire dampers.
 - 9. Soil, waste and vent piping.
 - 10. Water piping
 - 11. Roof drain piping.
 - 12. Major electrical conduit runs, panelboards, feeder conduit and racks of branch conduit.
 - 13. Above ceiling miscellaneous metal.
 - 14. Fire Protection Systems.
 - 15. Heat tracing of piping.
 - 16. Equipment support, anchors, guides and seismic restraints.
- N. The color coded transparencies shall be kept at the Owner's Representative's field office for future reference in the event of conflict between the trades.
- O. All coordination drawings shall be delivered to the Architect at the end of the project as part of the record drawing requirements set forth in Article 3.11.2 of the General Conditions.
- 1.06 MEETINGS Coordinate with Section 013119
 - A. Coordination meetings to resolve interferences in the work will be held at the project site under the direction of the Architect and Construction Manager.
 - B. Representatives of each Contractor shall be present at each meeting.
 - C. <u>Each Contractor shall provide the necessary manpower and/or overtime to insure that the coordination process described herein does not delay the Project Schedule.</u>

1.07 PENALTIES

- A. FAILURE OF ANY INDIVIDUAL PRIME CONTRACTOR TO PARTICIPATE IN THE PREPARATION OF SAID COORDINATION DRAWINGS AND TO OBTAIN ARCHITECT'S REVIEW AND CONCURRENCE THEREOF WILL RESULT IN FORFEITURE OF THEIR RIGHT OF PAYMENT UNTIL SAID DRAWINGS ARE ACCEPTED.
- B. REPEATED VIOLATIONS OF THIS CONTRACTUAL REQUIREMENT MAY RESULT IN TECHNICAL DEFAULT OF THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE OWNER AND THE OFFENDING PRIME CONTRACTOR;

HOWEVER, THE FAILURE OF THE OWNER TO SO TERMINATE SHALL NOT RELIEVE THE CONTRACTOR FROM FUTURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS SECTION.

End of Section

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SECTION 013115

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION (RFI)

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for handling requests for information (RFI's) made after award of Contract.
- 1.2 Attention is directed to Sections 01 33 00 and 01 32 00 of Division #1 as same concerns construction progress schedules, submittal schedules and submittals of shop drawings, samples and product data in general.
- 1.3 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES: RFI's shall be submitted in the following manner:
 - A. One (1) completed copy of form following to Architect and Construction Manager with copies to Owner (as directed) and appropriate Consultants with the following minimum information:
 - 1. Work identified by RFI listing affected Drawing(s) and specific detail(s) and Specification paragraph reference(s).
 - 2. Identify specific field conditions and "as-built" conditions on sketches attached to RFI submittal.
 - 3. If RFI addresses conflict(s) in, or between, Contract Documents, describe completely and provide such data necessary to permit thorough and proper response by affected discipline.
 - 4. Indicate proposed solution along with any impacts on cost and construction time.
 - 5. Listing of Trade/Specialty Contractors affected by RFI and indication that RFI proposal has been coordinated with said contractors.

INCOMPLETE RFI'S WILL BE RETURNED TO CONTRACTOR WITHOUT ACTION TAKEN.

1.4 REVIEW PROCEDURES/ACTIONS

- A. Architect/Engineer may request additional information or documentation as may be deemed necessary for fair evaluation of RFI.
- B. Architect/Engineer will respond with reasonable promptness as outlined in Section 01 33 00 in writing and may, if deemed appropriate, issue a "Bulletin" as a clarification to the Contract Documents.

End of Section

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

Date of Request:		RFI NUMBER		
Contractor:		Architect: KG+D Architects, PC		
Address:		Address: 285 Main St., Mt. Kisco, NY 10549		
Telephone:		Telephone : 914.666.5900		
Fax:		Fax: 914.666.0051		
Email:		Email: rfendler@kgdarchitects.com		
Project Name:		Project Location:		
Description, complete with back	ckup data as nece	ssary attached h	nereto:	
			T	
Sketches of Conditions	Spec Reference) :	Drawing Reference:	
Proposed Solution:				
Cost Impact:		Time Impact:		
Trade/Specialty Contractors Af	fected:			
Trade/Specialty Contractors Co	oordinated With:			
Submitted By:				
Architect's Response:				
'				
Posnonco Rv		Data of Book	onco:	
Response By:		Date of Respo	ліse.	

013116 RFI FORM

SECTION 013119

PROJECT MEETINGS

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" that may be involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 011000, Article 1.01.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Initial (Kick-Off or Orientation) Meeting
- B. Regular Project Meetings
- C. Job Progress Meetings
- D. Pre-Installation Meetings
- E. Job Coordination Meetings
- F. Mockup Review Meetings
- G. Recording

<u>NOTE</u>: As part of all individual meetings outlined above there shall be a Waste Management program discussion held with all responsible parties in attendance.

1.03 INITIAL (KICK-OFF OR ORIENTATION) MEETING

- A. The Construction Manager will schedule the initial job meeting, <u>prior to the start of any work</u>, at the project site and will notify all parties concerned of the time and place of the meeting.
- B. Attendance:
 - 1. Prime Contractors
 - 2. Construction Manager.
 - 3. Architect and principal consultants.
 - 4. Major subcontractors and suppliers as deemed appropriate.
 - 5. Representative of Testing Laboratory if independent.
- C. Review and Discuss:
 - 1. Relation and coordination of various parties, and responsible personnel for each party.
 - 2. Use of premises, including office and storage areas, temporary controls, and security procedures.
 - Construction schedule and critical work sequencing.
 - 4. Use of project management software
 - 5. Processing of:
 - a. Contract modifications.
 - b. Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples.
 - c. Applications for Payment.
 - d. Substitutions.
 - e. Requests for Information.
 - f. Other required submittals.

- 6. Adequacy of distribution of Contract Documents.
- 7. Procedures for maintaining contract closeout submittals.
- 8. Installation and removal of temporary facilities.
- 9. Notification procedures and extent of testing and inspection services.

1.04 REGULAR PROJECT MEETING AGENDA

- A. Coordinate the Work of the Project (Reference Section 01 31 14).
- B. Establish a sound working relationship among the Contractors, the Architect and the Owner.
- C. Review and update progress, submittal and delivery schedules.
- D. Review job progress.
- E. Review progress payment requests; change proposals and change orders.
- F. Expedite the work to completion within the project schedule.
- G. Provide a 2 week look ahead schedule.

1.05 PRE-INSTALLATION CONFERENCES

- A. Where required in individual specification Section, convene a pre-installation conference at project site or other designated location.
- B. Require attendance of parties directly affecting or affected by work of the specific Section.
- C. Review conditions of installation, preparation and installation procedures, and coordination with related work.

1.06 JOB PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. Unless otherwise directed, bi-weekly job meetings will be held by the Construction Manager. Present at these meetings shall be EACH CONTRACTOR or a representative authorized to make commitments for action on behalf of the Contractor and the Owner.
- B. EACH CONTRACTOR shall arrange for the participation of its Subcontractors when their presence is required by the Construction Manager and/or the Architect.
- C. The minimum agenda will cover:
 - 1. Review minutes of previous meetings.
 - 2. Note field observations, problems, and decisions.
 - 3. Identify present problems and resolve them.
 - 4. Plan work progress during next work period and its effect on the related work of others.
 - 5. Review shop drawings and submittal schedules.
 - 6. Review change order status.
 - 7. Review status of construction progress schedule.
 - 8. Coordinate occupancy arrangements and access requirements with Owner.
 - Discussions on waste management requirements as outlined in Section 01
 74 19 shall be part of the agenda.

1.07 JOB COORDINATION MEETINGS (Reference Section 01 31 14)

A. On a bi-weekly basis, either on the day of the schedule job progress meeting, or such other time established, a "working" coordination meeting will be held at the project site. Present at these meetings shall be **each contractor's site**

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

supervisor with men working, or **scheduled to work within the ensuing 2 weeks**, and the Construction Manager.

Further, prior to the start of any major trade work, a coordination meeting following the guidelines established herein shall be held subject to the same parties presence as for general meetings.

- B. Meeting shall be used to coordinate work between contracts for the ensuing 2 weeks. At the close of the meeting, each supervisor shall, in an agreed format, provide a summarized 2 week work plan to the other contractors and the Construction Manager.
- C. The time and place for the meetings will be as established in the preconstruction meeting.
- D. Minutes will be taken by the Construction Manager who will provide, at the next regular progress meeting, a verbal report of the date and time of the last coordination meeting and a listing of those present.
- 1.08 MOCKUP REVIEW MEETING If Specified in Technical Sections
 - A. Prior to start of any mockup that may be specified or required herein or within the technical specifications the following shall be accomplished:
 - 1. Submittal of shop drawings for respective mockup;
 - 2. Submittal of samples for respective mockup;
 - 3. Coordination and review meeting between specialty contractors responsible for mockup and Architect and Construction Manager.
- 1.09 RECORDING: The Construction Manager will take the minutes of all meetings and distribute them to all parties present and to those on the distribution list given out at the orientation meeting within 48 hours of the meeting.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not used

End of Section

SECTION 013200 - SCHEDULING AND PROGRESS

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the "Conditions of the Contract" and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project.
 - 1. "Contractor for General Construction (CGC)" meaning the party responsible for the preparation of, and monitoring of, the <u>coordinated project progress schedule</u> (CPPS) prepared in consort with the "Prime Contractors" as defined below;
 - 2. "The Contractor" or "Contractor" meaning that Prime Contractor normally responsible for that work referenced;
 - 3. "Prime/Trade Contractor" meaning either the Site, General, Plumbing, HVAC or Electrical Contractors normally responsible for the referenced work:
 - 4. "Coordinated Project Progress Schedule (CPPS)" meaning that schedule prepared by the "Contractor for General Construction" with all required input from each of the "Prime Contractors" as defined in Paragraph 1.01.C.3 above.

and such other terms relating to Contractors to be taken in context with respect to referenced work.

- D. The requirements set forth within this section are directed to all Contractors involved in the work and shall be considered <u>mandated</u> requirements subject to penalties as defined elsewhere in this Section.
- E. The coordinated project progress schedule (CPPS) shall be in the form of a CPM schedule and shall be prepared and maintained using Primavera Scheduling Program. Excel bar charts will not be acceptable. The schedule submitted shall be a complete, time-scaled CPM network analysis diagram for the Work
- F. All Prime Contracts shall provide their input to the CPPS in whatever format is required by the GC to produce the overall CPM network analysis diagram for the Work.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Preliminary Requirements
- B. Commencement, Prosecution and Completion of the work
- C. Coordinated Submittal Schedules
- D. Proposed Product List and Status Report on Material Orders See Article 1.11 of Section 01 33 00; failure to comply with these requirements shall result in rejection of schedules and withholding of any requisitions.
- E. Coordinated Project Progress Schedule
- F. Breach of Contract
- G. Time of Completion

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1.03 PRELIMINARY REQUIREMENTS (Coordinate with Post-Bid Requirements set forth in Section 00 21 00)
 - A. Within seven (7) days after bids are opened, and before the Contract is executed, the three (3) apparent low bidder for each trade/contract must submit to the Architect and Construction Manager, in writing, a list of duration's and a sequence, in the form of a bar chart, for all activities that are the responsibility of the bidder. Contractor's proposed work force and other resource loading for each activity of the bar chart, broken down by trades, must also be provided. Failure to comply with this requirement may be cause for rejection of the bid.
 - B. The apparent low bidders, concurrent with the submission of bar chart for each school, shall also submit to the Architect and Construction Manager, in writing, the following information:
 - 1. Shop drawing and material sample schedules keyed to the duration's submitted in the bar chart. (See Section 01 33 00)
 - 2. Schedules for the award of subcontractor and equipment contracts keyed to the duration's submitted for the bar chart.
 - 3. The name of the person who, as Scheduling Coordinator for the apparent low bidder, is authorized to act on behalf of the apparent low bidder on all matters of scheduling included in this Section. Once named, the Scheduling Coordinator may only be replaced after written notice is given to the Architect and Construction Manager. The Contractor agrees, upon the request of either of the two parties, to replace the Scheduling Coordinator.
 - C. Failure to comply with this subsection 1.03 of this Section of the General Requirements may be cause for rejection of the bid and forfeiture of security. (See the "Post-Bid Procedures" in the Instructions to Bidders.)

1.04 COMMENCEMENT, PROSECUTION AND COMPLETION OF THE WORK

- A. Contractor shall commence work under this contract upon receipt by him of Letter of Intent to Award, Notice to Proceed, and/or Execution of the Contract, and shall prosecute said work diligently and complete the work within the stated calendar days for each portion of the work as set forth in Section 01 1000.
- B. The time stated for completion for contract work includes final cleanup of area. Upon completion of total Contract work, ALL AREAS SHALL BE CLEAN.
- C. The Contractor is to carry on responsibility for services and maintenance of such items as temporary roads, walks, ramps, field offices, parking areas, environmental controls and the like until work under this contract is complete, unless otherwise directed by the Owner. Coordinate work herein with Section 01 10 00, Description of Work.

1.05 COORDINATED SUBMITTAL SCHEDULES

A. Within two (2) weeks after receipt of Letter of Intent to Award, Notice to Proceed, and/or Execution of the Contract, <u>each Contractor shall submit</u>, to <u>each other for review and comment prior to submittal to the Contractor for General Construction</u>, a detailed listing of all items to be incorporated within the work, including all items of mechanical and electrical.

This agreed upon information will then be incorporated in the "CPPS" as prepared by the "CGC" in accordance with Paragraph 1.05 of this Section.

Listing should generally include the following:

- Overall project milestones;
- 2. Proposed products list and status report on material orders.
- 3. Dates of shop drawing/sample submittals;
- 4. Guaranteed delivery dates after shop drawing and/or sample approvals;
- 5. Date of installation start;
- 6. Date of installation completion.

1.06 COORDINATED PROJECT PROGRESS SCHEDULE

A. Within two (2) weeks after receipt of Letter of Intent to Award, Notice to Proceed, and/or Execution of the Contract, but <u>prior to the actual start of the field work</u>, the Contractor for General Construction shall submit to the Construction Manage for his approval the proposed Coordinated Project Progress Schedule giving the information listed below.

In order to complete the "CPPS" <u>each Contractor shall submit to each other for review, comment and time coordination prior to submittal to the Contractor for General Construction</u>, their requirements so as to allow for said schedule to be drawn.

EACH CONTRACTOR SHALL SIGNIFY ACCEPTANCE OF SAID COORDINATED PROJECT PROGRESS SCHEDULE BY SIGNING PRIOR TO SUBMITTAL.

FAILURE OF THE "CGC" TO SUBMIT SAID COORDINATED PROJECT PROGRESS SCHEDULE AND TO OBTAIN APPROVAL THEREOF WILL RESULT IN FORFEITURE OF RIGHT OF PAYMENT UNTIL SAID SCHEDULE IS APPROVED.

SHOULD SUCH FAILURE BE CAUSED BY THE LACK OF COOPERATION ON THE PART OF ANY CONTRACTOR, SAID CONTRACTOR WILL BE PENALIZED BY FORFEITURE OF RIGHT OF PAYMENT AS WELL AS BEING HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DELAYS AND RESULTANT COSTS AS OUTLINED IN THE GENERAL CONDITIONS THAT MAY ACCRUE UNTIL SUCH PARTICIPATION IS FORTHCOMING AND SAID SCHEDULE IS APPROVED.

The minimum information contained within the required project progress schedule shall consist of -

- 1. The estimated dates the various classes of work included in the Schedule of Values will be started and completed.
- 2. The estimated percentages of completion to be obtained and the total dollar value of the various classes of said work projected to the end of each calendar month until substantial completion.

Calculations shall be based upon - work in place; materials on site and not installed; materials fabricated and stored under suitable conditions and insured to full value in a manner satisfactory to Architect Owner and Construction Manager; and such other items as may be agreed to among the Contractor, Architect, Construction Manager and Owner.

3. The estimated delivery and installation dates of the major pieces of

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- equipment to be furnished and installed by the Contractor.
- 4. The estimated projected progress of work that will be performed away from the job site.
- 5. A delineation of the work that will be performed by the Contractor's own forces and by his Subcontractors.
- 6. The estimated calendar dates on which all the work under the contract will be completed and ready for substantial completion and final inspections.
- B. The Coordinated Project Progress Schedule shall be based on an orderly progression of the Work, allowing adequate time for each operation, and leading to a reasonable certainty of Substantial Completion by the date established in Section 01 10 00.

The "CPPS" will be reviewed by the Architect and Construction Manager for compliance with the requirements of this article and will be accepted by them or returned to the "CGC" for revision and resubmittal.

In the event that said schedule is returned, each contractor shall participate in the revision, as required, to prepare same for resubmittal.

<u>Unless specifically required by law, no payment under this Contract shall be due until the Progress Schedule has been submitted to the Architect and Construction Manager and approved by both parties.</u>

C. As the work progresses, an up-to-date copy of the "CPPS" with the actual percent completion of the various classes of the work indicated in red shall be submitted by the "CGC", with input from each Prime Contractor, to the Architect and/or Construction Manager during the first week of each calendar month. (Distribution to be established as part of "preconstruction meeting".

Each Prime Contractor shall sign the monthly schedules as a prerequisite to the requisitioning process.

The "CPPS" may be adjusted and revised to meet unforeseen job conditions, but such changes shall, at all times, be approved by the Architect and Construction Manager.

D. A copy of the "CPPS" shall be available at all times at the job site for the inspection and guidance of other Contractors, Subcontractors and Vendors engaged on any construction phase of the project.

It shall be the responsibility of Each Contractor to ascertain that all his Subcontractors, Vendors and Material men periodically consult the Schedule so that their work schedule shall be maintained in conformance with his own.

It shall also be the responsibility of Each Contractor to periodically consult the Job Progress Schedules of any other Contractors that may be engaged on any separate construction of the project, so that undue delay in progress on their part shall not delay the work of the other Contractors.

E. AN UP TO DATE COPY OF COORDINATED PROJECT PROGRESS

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SCHEDULE MUST BE ATTACHED TO MONTHLY REQUISITION IN ORDER FOR PROCESSING TO BEGIN.

INCOMPLETE REQUISITIONS WILL BE REJECTED.

1.07 BREACH OF CONTRACT

- A. The Contractor's failure to comply with any requirement called for in subsections 1.04, 1.05 and 1.06 above shall constitute a material breach of the Contract, and the Owner shall have the right to and may terminate the Contract, provided, however, that the failure of the Owner to so terminate shall not relieve the Contractor from future compliance.
- 1.08 TIME OF COMPLETION Coordinate with Article 8, Sections 00 70 00 and 01 10 00
 - A. Notwithstanding the implementation of the Construction Schedule, it is the sole responsibility of the Contractor to complete the Work within a Contract Time which will assure the substantial completion of the Project by the required date.

End of Section

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

SECTION 013300 - SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, Samples, and other miscellaneous submittals.
- B. Related Sections include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Division 01 Section "Scheduling and Progress" for submitting schedules and reports, including Contractor's Construction Schedule and the Submittals Schedule.
 - 2. Division 01 Section "Closeout Procedures" for submitting warranties, Project Record Documents and operation and maintenance manuals.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Action Submittals: Written and graphic information that requires Architect's responsive action.
- B. Informational Submittals: Written information that does not require Architect's approval. Submittals may be rejected for not complying with requirements.

1.3 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. General: Electronic copies of CAD Background Drawings of the Contract Drawings will available from the Architect for use in preparing submittals. Refer to "Request for Electronic Files/CAD File Protocols" attached to the end of this Section for procedures for ordering and transfer of files and for Architect's limitations of liability for transfer.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.
 - 1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
 - 2. Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related parts of the Work so processing will not be delayed because of need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
 - 3. Architect reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.
 - 4. Submit product data, shop drawings and samples relating to a complete assembly at one time. Partial submittals will be returned without action.
 - 5. Interrelated color selections will not be made until all pertinent samples are received by the Architect.

C. Submittals Schedule:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Comply with requirements in Division 01 Section ""Scheduling and Progress" for list of submittals and time requirements for scheduled performance of related construction activities.
- D. Processing Time: Allow sufficient review time so that installation will not be delayed as a result of the time required to process submittals, including time for resubmittals.
 - 1. No extension of Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals to the Architect sufficiently in advance of the Work to permit processing.
 - 2. The average review time required by the Architect for a submittal will be fifteen (15) business days for processing solely by the Architect's office and twenty (20) business days for processing when review by Architect's consultant is required.
- E. Identification: Place a permanent label or title block on each submittal for identification.
 - 1. Indicate name of firm or entity that prepared each submittal on label or title block.
 - 2. Provide a space approximately 4 by 5 inches on label or beside title block to record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken by Architect.
- F. Paper and Physical Sample Submittals: Place Architect's Submittal Cover Sheet, which is included at the end of this section, on each submittal for identification. Complete all required information before submitting to Architect. Submittals received without Submittal Cover Sheet or with incomplete information on cover sheet will be returned for resubmission.
 - 1. Include Contractor's stamp indicating information complies with Contract Document requirements.
 - 2. Submittals indicating less than complete review by Contractor will be returned for Contractor's compliance without Architect's review.
 - Transmit all submittals to Architect with a copy to the Construction Manager unless otherwise indicated. Package each submittal individually and appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal using a transmittal form. Architect will return submittals, without review, received from sources other than Contractor.
 - a. When submittal requires review of data by Structural Engineer or Mechanical or Electrical Engineers, submit a copy directly to such engineer with a copy to the Architect and the Construction Manager.
- G. Electronic Submittals: Identify and incorporate information in each electronic submittal file as follows:
 - 1. Assemble complete submittal package into a single indexed file incorporating submittal requirements of a single Specification Section and transmittal form with links enabling navigation to each item.
 - 2. Name file with submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Transmittal Form for Electronic Submittals: Use software-generated form from electronic project management software or electronic form acceptable to Construction Manager.
- H. Deviations: Highlight, encircle, or otherwise identify deviations from the Contract Documents on submittals.
- I. Architect's Re-review of Submittals: When resubmittals are required due to Contractor's failure to properly coordinate submittals, including coordination with other Prime Contractors, Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for fees paid to the Architect for re-review of submittals through a credit change order, in accordance with the Architect's current fee schedule.
- J. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittals to manufacturers, subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, installers, authorities having jurisdiction, and others as necessary for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
- K. Use for Construction: Use only final submittals with mark indicating action taken by Architect in connection with construction.
 - 1. The Contractor shall perform no portion of its work requiring submittal and review of shop drawings, product data, samples or similar submittals until the respective submittal has been approved by the Architect. Such work shall be in accordance with approved submittals.
 - 2. The Contractor shall supply shop drawings to other Contractors engaged by the Owner to perform work in connection with the project to ensure proper coordination of its work with theirs.
 - 3. Do not proceed with installation until an applicable copy of the submittal is in the installer's possession.
 - 4. Do not permit use of unmarked copies of submittals in connection with construction.
- L. Project Information Management System: The submittal process will be implemented through the use of the Construction Manager's digital processing and tracking software "Procore". Use this Project Information Management (PIM) software to transmit all submittals. Contractors must participate in and become capable in using this system

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Prepare and submit Action Submittals required by individual Specification Sections.
 - Post electronic submittals as PDF electronic files directly to Construction Manager's Project Information Management (PIM) web based software specifically established for Project.
 - a. Architect will return annotated file. Annotate and retain one copy of file as an electronic Project record document file.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. Product Data: Collect information into a single submittal for each element of construction and type of product or equipment.
 - 1. If information must be specially prepared for submittal because standard printed data are not suitable for use, submit as Shop Drawings, not as Product Data.
 - 2. Do not submit Product Data until compliance with requirements of the Contract Documents has been confirmed.
 - 3. Mark each copy of each submittal to show which products and options are applicable. Strike extraneous information prior to submittal
 - 4. Include the following information, as applicable:
 - a. Manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - b. Manufacturer's product specifications.
 - c. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
 - d. Standard color charts.
 - e. Manufacturer's catalog cuts.
 - f. Wiring diagrams showing factory-installed wiring.
 - g. Printed performance curves.
 - h. Operational range diagrams.
 - i. Standard product operating and maintenance manuals.
 - j. Compliance with recognized trade association standards.
 - k. Compliance with recognized testing agency standards.
 - I. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
 - m. Notation of coordination requirements.
 - 5. Submittals: Submit pdf electronic file.
- C. Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data. Standard information prepared without specific reference to the Project is not considered a Shop Drawing. Verify field measurements prior to preparation of shop drawings.
 - 1. Preparation: Include the following information, as applicable:
 - a. Dimensions.
 - b. Identification of products.
 - c. Fabrication and installation drawings.
 - d. Roughing-in and setting diagrams.
 - e. Wiring diagrams showing field-installed wiring, including power, signal, and control wiring.
 - f. Shopwork manufacturing instructions.
 - g. Schedules.
 - h. Compliance with specified standards.
 - i. Notation of coordination requirements.
 - j. Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
 - 2. Wiring Diagrams: Differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Number of Copies: Submit pdf electronic file, unless paper copies are specifically required by Architect.
- D. Samples: Prepare physical units of materials or products, including the following:
 - 1. Samples for Initial Selection: Submit manufacturer's color charts consisting of units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available.
 - 2. Samples for Verification: Submit full-size units or Samples of size indicated, prepared from the same material to be used for the Work, cured and finished in manner specified, and physically identical with the product proposed for use, and that show full range of color and texture variations expected. Samples include, but are not limited to, the following: partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components; small cuts or containers of materials; complete units of repetitively used materials; swatches showing color, texture, and pattern; color range sets; and components used for independent testing and inspection.
 - Submit Samples for review of kind, color, pattern, and texture for a final check of these characteristics with other elements and for a comparison of these characteristics between final submittal and actual component as delivered and installed.
 - a. If variation in color, pattern, texture, or other characteristic is inherent in the product represented by a Sample, submit at least three sets of paired units that show approximate limits of the variations.
 - b. Refer to individual Specification Sections for requirements for Samples that illustrate workmanship, fabrication techniques, details of assembly, connections, operation, and similar construction characteristics.
 - 4. Number of Samples for Initial Selection: Submit one full set of available choices where color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics are required to be selected from manufacturer's product line. Architect, will return submittal with options selected.
 - 5. Number of Samples for Verification: Submit three sets of Samples. Architect will retain two Sample sets; remainder will be returned.
 - a. Submit a single Sample where assembly details, workmanship, fabrication techniques, connections, operation, and other similar characteristics are to be demonstrated.
 - 6. Schedule: Include significant sample submittals in the Contractor's Construction Schedule.
 - 7. Disposition: Maintain sets of approved Samples at Project site, available for quality-control comparisons throughout the course of construction activity. Sample sets may be used to determine final acceptance of construction associated with each set.
 - a. Samples not incorporated into the Work, or otherwise designated as Owner's property, are the property of Contractor.
- E. Mockups: Mock-ups and field samples specified in individual Sections are full-size, physical example assemblies to illustrate finishes and materials. Mockups are used to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects and, where indicated, qualities of materials and execution, and to review construction,

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

coordination, testing, or operation; they are not Samples. Mockups establish the standard by which the Work will be judged.

- 1. Comply with submittal requirements to fullest extent possible. Process transmittal forms to provide record of activity.
- F. Submittals Schedule: Comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Scheduling and Progress."

2.2 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Prepare and submit Informational Submittals required by other Specification Sections.
 - 1. Number of Copies: Submit pdf electronic file.
 - Certificates and Certifications: Provide a notarized statement that includes signature of entity responsible for preparing certification. Certificates and certifications shall be signed by an officer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of that entity.
 - 3. Test and Inspection Reports: Comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Testing Laboratory Services."
- B. Qualification Data: Prepare written information that demonstrates capabilities and experience of firm or person. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- C. Product Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that product complies with requirements.
- D. Welding Certificates: Prepare written certification that welding procedures and personnel comply with requirements. Submit record of Welding Procedure Specification (WPS) and Procedure Qualification Record (PQR) on AWS forms. Include names of firms and personnel certified.
- E. Installer Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that Installer complies with requirements and, where required, is authorized for this specific Project.
- F. Manufacturer Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that manufacturer complies with requirements. Include evidence of manufacturing experience where required.
- G. Material Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that material complies with requirements.
- H. Material Test Reports: Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting test results of material for compliance with requirements.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- I. Preconstruction Test Reports: Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of tests performed before installation of product, for compliance with performance requirements.
- J. Compatibility Test Reports: Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of compatibility tests performed before installation of product. Include written recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed for adhesion.
- K. Field Test Reports: Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of field tests performed either during installation of product or after product is installed in its final location, for compliance with requirements.
- L. Product Test Reports: Prepare written reports indicating current product produced by manufacturer complies with requirements. Base reports on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, or on comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- M. Research/Evaluation Reports: Prepare written evidence, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, that product complies with building code in effect for Project. Include the following information:
 - 1. Name of evaluation organization.
 - 2. Date of evaluation.
 - 3. Time period when report is in effect.
 - 4. Product and manufacturers' names.
 - Description of product.
 - 6. Test procedures and results.
 - 7. Limitations of use.
- N. Maintenance Data: Prepare written and graphic instructions and procedures for operation and normal maintenance of products and equipment. Comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Closeout."
- O. Design Data: Prepare written and graphic information, including, but not limited to, performance and design criteria, list of applicable codes and regulations, and calculations. Include list of assumptions and other performance and design criteria and a summary of loads. Include load diagrams if applicable. Provide name and version of software, if any, used for calculations. Include page numbers.
- P. Manufacturer's Instructions: Prepare written or published information that documents manufacturer's recommendations, guidelines, and procedures for installing or operating a product or equipment. Include name of product and name, address, and telephone number of manufacturer. Include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Preparation of substrates.
 - 2. Required substrate tolerances.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Sequence of installation or erection.
- 4. Required installation tolerances.
- 5. Required adjustments.
- 6. Recommendations for cleaning and protection.
- Q. Manufacturer's Field Reports: Prepare written information documenting factory-authorized service representative's tests and inspections. Include the following, as applicable:
 - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of factory-authorized service representative making report.
 - 2. Statement on condition of substrates and their acceptability for installation of product.
 - 3. Statement that products at Project site comply with requirements.
 - 4. Summary of installation procedures being followed, whether they comply with requirements and, if not, what corrective action was taken.
 - 5. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
 - 6. Statement whether conditions, products, and installation will affect warranty.
 - 7. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.
- R. Insurance Certificates and Bonds: Prepare written information indicating current status of insurance or bonding coverage. Include name of entity covered by insurance or bond, limits of coverage, amounts of deductibles, if any, and term of the coverage.
- S. Material Safety Data Sheets: Submit information directly to Construction Manager. If submitted to Architect, Architect will not review this information but will return it with no action taken.
 - 1. Submit MSDS's for all products used during construction whether incorporated in the Work or used in the performance of the Work.
 - 2. Construction Manager will compile a central file of MSDS's on the site, which will be available to workers and others in accordance with "Right to Know" legislation.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

- A. Review each submittal and check for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field verify all dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Architect.
- B. Approval Stamp: Stamp each submittal and submittal cover sheet with a uniform, approval stamp. Include Project name and location, submittal number, Specification Section title and number, name of reviewer, date of Contractor's approval, and statement certifying that submittal has been reviewed, checked, and approved for compliance with the Contract Documents.

3.2 ARCHITECT'S ACTION

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- A. General: Architect will not review submittals that do not bear Contractor's approval stamp and will return them without action.
- B. Except for submittals for information or similar purposes, where action and return is required or requested, Architect will review each submittal, mark to indicate action taken, and return.
 - 1. Compliance with specified characteristics is Contractor's responsibility.
- C. Action Submittals: Architect will review each submittal, make marks to indicate corrections or modifications required, and return it. Architect will stamp each submittal with an action stamp and will mark stamp appropriately to indicate action taken, as follows:
 - Contractor may proceed with fabrication on "REVIEWED" or "FURNISH AS NOTED" shop drawings provided that the Contractor adheres to the corrections noted.
 - 2. Contractor may not proceed with fabrication on shop drawings noted "REVISE AND RESUBMIT" or "REJECTED" until "REVIEWED" or "FURNISH AS NOTED" stamp is received on resubmitted drawing.
 - a. Do not permit submittals marked "Revise and Resubmit," or "Rejected," to be used at Project site, or elsewhere where Work is in progress.
 - 3. Other Action: Where submittal is primarily for information or record purposes, special processing or other activity, submittal will be returned, marked "Action Not Required."
- D. Informational Submittals: Architect will review each submittal and will not return it, or will reject and return it if it does not comply with requirements. Architect will forward each submittal to appropriate party.
- E. Submittals not required by the Contract Documents will not be reviewed and may be discarded.

END OF SECTION 013300

ATTACHMENTS: SUBMITTAL COVER SHEET REQUEST FOR ELECTRONIC FILES/CAD FILE PROTOCOLS

SUBMITTAL COVER SHEET

Contractor:	
Address:	Telephone: ()
Owner:	
Name of Project:	
TYPE OF SUBMITTAL: ☐ Shop Drawings ☐ Technical Data ☐ Test Report	□Schedule □Physical Sample □Certificate □Color Sample □Warranty □
Submission #: 1st 2nd 3rd	4 th (circle one)
Description:	
Product Identification:	
Manufacturer: Subcontractor/Supplier:	T REFERENCES: (Must be fully filled out)
Spec Section No.:	· ,
Paragraph:	
Contractor Remarks:	Contractor Submittal Review Stamp
	THE ATTACHED MATERIAL HAS BEEN REVIEWED BY THE UNDERSIGNED AND IS BELIEVED TO COMPLY WITH ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. THE UNDERSIGNED UNDERSTANDS VERIFICATION OF FIELD DIMENSIONS, AND COORDINATION WITH OTHER TRADES, REMAINS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. DATE: BY (SIGN):
Consultant use below this line:	Architect Submittal Review Stamp
	□ NO EXCEPTIONS □ MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED □ REJECTED □ REVISE AND RESUBMIT □ EXAMINED □ SUBMIT SPECIFIED ITEM
	CHECKING IS ONLY FOR GENERAL CONFORMANCE WITH THE DESIGN CONCEPT OF THE PROJECT AND GENERA COMPLIANCE WITH THE INFORMATION GIVEN IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. ANY ACTION SHOWN IS SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DIMENSIONS WHICH SHALL BE CONFIRMED & CORRELATED AT THE JOB SITE; FABRICATION PROCESSES AND TECHNIQUES OF CONSTRUCTION COORDINATION OF HIS WORK WITH THAT OF ALL OTHER TRADES & THE SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE OF HIS WORK KG+D ARCHITECTS, P.C.
	DATE: BY:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

CONTRACTOR REQUEST FOR ELECTRONIC DRAWING FILES

The Architect, for the convenience of the Client/Owner, has electronic copies or representations of Drawings, Specifications and Project Manuals. Requests for electronic copies of such Drawings, Specifications and Project Manuals by the Contractor, for the Contractors use or the use of Subcontractors, shall be made in writing to the Client/Owner as outlined hereinbelow and shall outline the benefit derived from such a request. The Contractor shall be prepared to reimburse the Client/Owner for any costs involved in preparing such electronic documents for the Contractors use.

Architect's Project Number:	
Project Name:	
Architect:	
Client/Owner:	
Contractor/Recipient's Name:	
Attention to:	
Contractor/Recipient's Address:	
Date of Request:	
Date of Release:	

As requested, attached is a list of electronic drawing files in DWG/DWF format (Drawings may be compressed). For the release of these electronic drawing files to the recipient, the following items shall be understood, acknowledged and signed by the authorized personnel of the recipient with the fee included as may be required.

- A. The electronic drawing files are the property of the Architect and the Contractor is granted a license to use the electronic files only in connection with the subject project.
- B. The electronic drawing files do not necessarily represent the Contract Documents associated with the referenced project. These files are solely for the use of the recipient and are not a representation of the scope of work for the project. Any use by contractors, subcontractors or fabricators shall be on all of the same terms and conditions being applicable to such users who shall acknowledge the same in writing. The Recipient may use the electronic drawing files only. Electronic drawing files or portions thereof, shall not be provided to anyone else without the written approval of the Client/Owner. The use of the electronic drawing files, documents and any reprographics shall not identify any member of the Architect or Architect's consultants or subconsultants or the Client/Owner without the written approval from the parties.
- C. The entire risks as to the results and performance of the package including the electronic drawing files, are assumed by the Contractor/recipient. The Client/Owner, the Architect and the Architect's consultants and sub-consultants, including directors, employees, representatives, and licensors of the company, shall not have any liability to the Contractor/recipient or any other person or entity for any direct, incidental special or consequential damages whatsoever, including, but not limited to, the loss of revenue or profit, lost data, or any other personnel, commercial or economic loss, and claims by third parties. Even if the Client/Owner and Architect and the Architect's consultants and sub-consultants has been advised of the possibility of such damages; said Client/Owner and Architect and the Architect's consultants and sub-consultants shall not be held liable as stated above.
- D. The Contractor/recipient hereby agrees to indemnify and hold the Client/Owner, the Architect and the Architect's consultants and sub-consultants harmless from and against any cost, damage, liability, loss or claim arising from violation of this license. The Contractor/recipient and all

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

subcontractors of all tiers also agrees that, in addition to all other remedies hereunder, the Contractor/recipient and such parties grant the Client/Owner the right to seek injunctive or other equitable relief to prevent the violation or require the performance of any of the Contractor's/recipient's obligations under this license, and the Contractor/recipient hereby consents to the issuance of such relief by any court of competent jurisdiction without the need to post any bond or security.

E. The electronic files requested are as follows:

Electronic file name	Corresponding Drawing
	(close approximation)
1.	
2.	
3.	
Etc.	
Total number of files:	
Total Fee: US\$	

CONTRACTOR'S/RECIPIENT'S AGENT SIGNATURE:
NAME IN BLOCK LETTERS:
AUTHORIZED POSITION HELD:
DATE OF SIGNATURE:

End of Attachment

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

,		ER and INSTALLER of			
as spe	cified in Section Number	of the Contract Documents prepared by			
Kaeyer	Garment + Davidson Architec	ts, PC; 285 Main Street; Mt. Kisco, NY 10549 for			
		le School/High School HVAC REBID ahoe Union Free School District			
		65 Siwanoy Blvd.			
		Eastchester, NY 10709			
do (do	es) herein certify that -				
1.	All materials furnished for said project do fully comply with all specification requirements as stated within the Contract Documents;				
2.	That no asbestos containing materials of any nature are used in the work;				
3.	That execution of the Work codrawings prepared by the des	overed by this certification has been performed in accordance with the sign professional team.			
CONT	RACTOR:				
CERTI	FICATION BY:	TITLE:			
ADDRI	ESS:				
CERTI	FICATION DATED:				
Distribu	ution:				
Origina	al and One Copy to:	Kaeyer, Garment + Davidson Architects, PC 285 Main Street Mt. Kisco, NY 10549			
One Co	opy to:	To Be Issued at Pre-Construction Meeting			

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

CERTIFICATION OF SPECIFICATION COMPLIANCE

CORPORATE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

)SS.)		
On theday of known and who by me being duly swo	orn did depose a	, before me came and say that he resides at ficer of the said corporation exec	
instrument, that he knows the seal or corporate seal, that it was so affixed by his name thereto by like order.	f said corporation	on, that the seal affixed to said	instrument is such
		Notary Public	
INDIVIDUAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT			
State of)SS.		
County of)		
known and who by me being	duly sworn	, before me came did depose and say that ividual who executed the foregoin	he resides at
		Notary Public	
PARTNERSHIP ACKNOWLEDGEMEN	NT		
State of)SS.)		
County of			
On theday of_ known and who by me being	duly sworn that he	, before me came	he resides at the firm of
partnership.	doing _and that he exe	business under the ecuted the foregoing instrument or	name of n behalf of said
		Notary Public	

SECTION 013529

HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 01 10 00, Article 1.01.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Provide all labor, equipment and materials and perform all operations in connection with monitoring air quality, decontaminating equipment and providing worker health and safety protection for all Contractor and Subcontractor personnel.
- B. Develop a site specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) specifically addressing the potential hazards that may be encountered. This plan shall meet all Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements.
- C. Review the requirements and data presented and supplement the program with any additional measures deemed necessary to fully comply with regulatory requirements and adequately protect personnel on the site.

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. OSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1910.120
- B. OSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1926.62

1.04 DEFINITIONS

- A. Site Safety Official (SSO): The individual who is responsible to the Contractor and has the authority and knowledge necessary to implement the site safety and health plan and verify compliance with applicable safety and health requirements.
- B. SSO shall possess full and complete authority to order stoppage of any work which he deems unsafe.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide within seven (7) days after execution of the Agreement.
 - Site-specific HASP including the Emergency Response Plan to the Owner, Construction Manager and Architect for review, including provisions for decontamination and a contingency plan for unforeseen emergencies. The review is only to determine if the HASP meets basic regulatory requirements and the minimum requirements of this Section. The review will not determine the adequacy of the HASP to address all potential hazards, as that remains the sole responsibility of the Contractor.
 - 2. Current certification of employee's health and safety training and certification of employee's baseline medical exam status.
 - 3. Certification of additional required health and safety training for Supervisors.
 - Qualifications and experience of the SSO for approval.
- B. Submit minutes of weekly safety meetings at periodic progress meetings.

C. Refer to related submittal requirements in Section (s) 02 82 00 - Asbestos Abatement for project.

1.06 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Contractor is solely responsible for the health and safety of workers employed by the Contractor, any Subcontractor and anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them.
- B. Develop and follow a site specific Health & Safety Plan (HASP) in accordance with the requirements of paragraph 1.07.
- C. Provide a full-time SSO regardless of whether or not the Work is at a defined Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Site.
- D. Pre-arrange emergency medical care services at a nearby hospital, including establishment of emergency routes of travel.
- E. Meetings:
 - 1. Conduct daily job briefings with all site personnel to discuss relevant health and safety issues including but not limited to hazards, monitoring, procedures and controls. Document attendance and topics covered.
 - 2. At a minimum, conduct weekly safety meetings with all site personnel, documenting attendance and topics covered.
- F. Train all workers assigned to areas where contaminated media are likely to be encountered in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.120.
- G. Include those workers involved with the abatement of Asbestos containing materials in a medical surveillance program and respiratory protection program that meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.120 and 29 CFR 1910.134, respectively.
- H. In areas where contaminated media are likely to be encountered, monitor air quality in and around work area using appropriate air monitoring equipment/analysis, as indicated in Part 2. Record all readings and maintain record on site. Stop work and/or upgrade respiratory protection or personal protective equipment levels if action levels established in the HASP are exceeded. Ensure that degree and type of respiratory protection provided is consistent with the monitored concentrations and individual chemical parameters. Lawfully dispose of all contaminated clothing and equipment that cannot be decontaminated.

1.07 HEALTH & SAFETY PLAN (HASP) REQUIREMENTS

- A. The following items shall be addressed in the HASP:
 - 1. safety and health hazard assessment;
 - 2. procedures for emergency medical treatment and first aid;
 - 3. map indicating route to hospital for emergency medical care:
 - 4. Lead Exposure Control Plan (29 CFR 1926.62);
 - 5. equipment decontamination procedures;
 - 6. air monitoring procedures and action levels;
 - 7. personal protective equipment and decontamination;
 - 8. physical hazard evaluation and abatement including:
 - a. equipment operation;
 - b. confined space entry;
 - c. slips and falls;
 - d. building collapse;
 - e. falling debris;

- f. encountering unmarked utilities;
- g. cold and heat stress;
- h. hot work (cutting and welding);
- excavation entry;
- 9. training requirements;
- 10. recordkeeping requirements;
- 11. emergency response plan that includes:
 - a. names of three (3) Emergency Response Contractors, experienced in the removal and disposal of oils and hazardous chemicals, that the Contractor intends to use in the event of an emergency:
 - b. evacuation routes and procedures;
 - c. emergency alerting and response procedures.

1.08 CONTINGENCY MEASURES & NOTIFICATIONS

- A. The potential for encountering hazardous buried objects or materials that could pose a threat to human health or the environment exists at the Project Site. In the event that potentially hazardous materials are encountered during the work under this contract, the responsibilities of the Contractor and the Construction Manager are described herein.
- B. The procedures and protocols to be used by the SSO in defining materials that are potentially hazardous include screening with a photoionization detector, odor, visual appearance of a material, and obvious oil or chemical contaminated materials.
- C. Upon encountering suspected hazardous buried objects or materials as described above, cover the excavation immediately if no imminent danger, as defined by the SSO, is present. If there is an imminent danger, as defined by the SSO, evacuate the area immediately. The SSO shall then notify the Construction Manager of the situation.
- D. Establish, properly barricade, and mark the area as an exclusion zone under the direction of the SSO. The SSO shall establish the exclusion zone boundaries based upon air quality monitoring using a photoionization detector and other equipment as appropriate. The exclusion zone shall be established at a minimum 50-foot radius around the location where the potentially hazardous material is encountered. Work within the exclusion zone shall be discontinued until the hazardous condition has been remediated and testing indicates that a hazard does not exist. Other activities of the site, outside the limits of the exclusion zone shall continue. Ambient air quality monitoring shall be performed by the SSO to demonstrate that ambient air quality in other portions of the site is not adversely impacted by the exclusion zone condition.
- E. Notify Construction Manager regarding the presence of potentially hazardous materials. Construction Manager may direct the Contractor to notify regulators and to obtain necessary regulatory approvals for remediation.
- F. Mobilize the appropriate equipment and personnel to sample and test the hazardous material within the exclusion zone to determine the remedial action required, subject to the Construction Manager's direction. Contractor may be directed to remove and legally dispose of the material. Compensation for the removal and disposal of hazardous material will be as a Change in Work and Change in Contract Price in accordance with the Subcontract Agreement, if not covered under a specific bid item.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

Part 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 AIR MONITORING EQUIPMENT

- A. Provide and maintain portable photoionization detector or organic vapor analyzer capable of detecting organic vapors or total hydrocarbons. Equipment shall be sensitive to the 0.5 PPM level.
- B. Provide and maintain an oxygen analyzer to measure oxygen concentration in any trench or confined space prior to entry, as determined by the SSO.
- C. Provide and maintain an explosimeter whenever the potential for accumulation of explosive gases exists, as determined by the SSO.
- D. Provide and maintain air monitoring equipment as required for the collection/monitoring of airborne asbestos fibers. All air samples related to abatement work shall be analyzed by a laboratory accredited by the American Industrial Hygiene Association.
- E. All air monitoring equipment shall remain the property of the Contractor.

Part 3 - EXECUTION - NOT USED

End of Section

SECTION 014100

PERMITS AND COMPLIANCE

Part 1 - GENERAL

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" that may be involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 01 10 00, Article 1.01.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Preconstruction Meeting
- B. Permits and Licenses
- C. Compliance
- D. Additional Compliance

1.03 PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

A. After award of Contract and prior to the commencement of the Work, schedule and conduct meeting with Construction Manager and Architect to discuss the applicable environmental regulations and requirements; coordinate with Sections 01 57 13, 01 57 19 and 01 74 19.

1.04 PERMITS AND LICENSES

- A. The Contractor shall obtain, maintain and pay for all permits and licenses necessary for the execution of the work and for the use of such work when completed.
- B. For Owner's records, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgments, correspondence, records, and similar documents, established for compliance with environmental regulations bearing on performance of the Work.

1.05 COMPLIANCE

A. The Contractor shall give all notices, pay all fees and comply with all laws, rules and regulations applicable to the work.

1.06 ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE

- A. The Contractor, Subcontractors, and the employees of the Contractor and Subcontractors, shall comply with all regulations governing conduct, access to the premises, operation of equipment and systems, and conduct while in or near the premises and shall perform the work in such a manner as not to unreasonably interrupt or interfere with the conduct of business of the Facility.
- B. Further, attention is directed to requirements of Section 01 15 01.

Part 2 – PRODUCTS

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

Part 3 - EXECUTION

End of Section

SECTION 014219

CODES AND STANDARDS

Part 1 - GENERAL

1.01 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Applicability of Standards: Unless the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference
- B. Publication Dates: Comply with standards in effect as of date of the Contract Documents, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Conflicting Requirements: Where compliance with two or more standards is specified, and the standards may establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels comply with the most stringent requirement. Refer uncertainties and requirements that are different, but apparently equal, to Architect for a decision before proceeding.
- 1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS The abbreviations, which may be used in the construction specifications, refer to the organizations and specifications of the organizations listed below.

Associated Air Balance Council
American Boiler Manufacturers Association
American Institute of Steel Construction
Air Diffusion Council
Air Movement and Control Association
Adhesive and Sealant Council
American Society of Landscape Architects
American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers, Inc.
American Society for Testing and Materials International
Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute
Carpet and Rug Institute
Commercial Standard of NBS
Glass Association of North America
Green Seal
Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
Illuminating Engineering Society of North America
Insulating Glass Manufacturers Alliance
Laminators Safety Glass Association
North American Insulation Manufacturers Association
National Fire Protection Association
National Fenestration Rating Council
National Paint and Coatings Association
National Particleboard Association
National Sanitation Foundation International
Resilient Floor Covering Institute
Southern Forest Products Association

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SIGMA	Sealed Insulating Glass Manufacturers Association
SPC	Southern Pine Inspection Bureau (Grading Rules)
SSPC	Steel Structures Painting Council
WDMA	Window & Door Manufacturers Association
WRI	Wire Reinforcement Institute, Inc.
WSFI	Wood and Synthetic Flooring Institute
WWPA	Woven Wire Products Association

B. Federal Agencies:

CE	Army Corps of Engineers)
CPC	Consumer Product Safety Commission
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
DOE	Department of Energy
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Administration

Part 2 - PRODUCTS

NOT USED

Part 3 – EXECUTION

NOT USED

End of Section

SECTION 014326

TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 01 10 00, Article 1.01.
- D. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 01 33 00, Submittal Requirements, it is further required that unless otherwise specified, tests called for in the Specifications applicable to the work and/or required to implement the work shall be paid for by the Owner.
- E. Where tests are required by the Architect to substantiate conformance to the specifications the Owner will pay all costs of such tests and engineering services unless said tests indicate that the workmanship or materials used by the Contractor are not in conformance with the Drawings, Specifications, Approved Shop Drawings or the approved materials. In such event, the Contractor shall pay for the tests, remove all work and material so failing to conform, REPLACE with work and materials which are in full conformity.
- F. Requirements related to testing services and specified elsewhere in these documents include:
 - 1. Inspections and testing as required by laws, ordinances, rules, regulations or orders of public authorities having jurisdiction over the work.
 - 2. Certification of compliance as required by individual specification sections.
 - 3. Testing, adjusting and balancing of mechanical equipment and systems.
 - 4. Project record documents, including operation and maintenance manuals, record drawings and the like.
 - 5. Subsurface exploration records.
 - 6. Tests and standards governing work and/or materials as may be specified throughout these specifications and/or as shown on the drawings.
- G. Employment of the Testing Laboratory shall not relieve the Contractor of his obligation to perform Work in accordance with the Contract.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Laboratory Qualifications
- B. Laboratory Duties
- C. Contractor's Responsibilities
- D. Tests Required

1.03 LABORATORY QUALIFICATIONS

- A. Laboratory shall meet -
 - 1. The "Recommended Requirements for Independent Laboratory Qualifications", latest edition as published by the American Council of Independent Laboratories.
 - 2. Basic requirements of ASTM E 329, latest edition, governing "Standards of

Recommended Practice for Inspection and Testing Agencies for Concrete and Steel as Used in Construction".

- B. Laboratory shall submit copy of inspection of facilities as made by Materials Reference Laboratory of the National Bureau of Standards during most recent tour of inspection; with memorandum of remedies of any deficiencies reported by inspection.
- C. Testing equipment shall be calibrated at maximum 12 month intervals by devices of accuracy traceable to either - National Bureau of Standards or accepted values of natural physical constants; submit copy of certificate of calibration as executed by an accredited calibration agency.

1.04 LABORATORY DUTIES

- A. Cooperate and coordinate with Architect and Contractor. Provide qualified personnel promptly upon notice.
- B. Perform specified inspections, sampling and testing of materials and methods of construction in conformance with specified standards, recognized authorities and the like so as to ascertain compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- C. Promptly notify Architect and Contractor of irregularities or deficiencies of Work which are observed during performance of services.
- D. Promptly submit sufficient written reports and tests to Architect for distribution. Reports shall contain -
 - 1. Issue date
 - 2. Project title and number
 - 3. Testing laboratory name and address
 - 4. Name and signature of inspector
 - 5. Date of inspection or sampling
 - 6. Temperature and weather observations
 - 7. Test date
 - 8. Identification of product and specification section
 - 9. Location in project
 - 10. Type of inspection or test
 - 11. Observations regarding Contract Document compliance.
- E. Perform additional services as required by the Owner and/or Architect.
- F. The laboratory is not authorized to release, revoke, alter or enlarge on, requirements of the Contract Documents; approve or accept any portion of Work; perform any duties of the Contractor.

1.05 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. The Contractor shall to the best of his ability -
 - 1. Cooperate with laboratory personnel, provide access to the Work and to Manufacturer's operations as may be necessary.
 - 2. Provide to the laboratory preliminary representative samples of materials to be tested in required quantities.
 - 3. Furnish copies of mill test reports.
 - 4. Provide casual labor and facilities as required to provide access to Work to be tested; to obtain and handle samples at the Site; to facilitate inspections and tests; for laboratory's exclusive use for storage and curing of test samples.
 - 5. Notify laboratory sufficiently in advance of operations to allow for his

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- assignment of personnel and scheduling of tests.
- 6. Arrange with laboratory and PAY FOR, additional sampling and testing required for the Contractor's convenience.
- 7. Employ, AND PAY FOR, services of a separate, equally qualified Independent Testing Laboratory to perform additional inspections, sampling and testing required when initial tests indicate Work does not comply with Contract Documents. Coordinate with Paragraph 1.05.A.4 above.

End of Section

SECTION 014329 - SPECIAL INSPECTIONS AND TESTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for performing Special Inspections and Tests in accordance with requirements of Chapter 17 of the *Building Code of New York State* (BCNYS). Testing and inspecting services are required to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated in the contract documents. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with the Contract Document requirements.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Registered Design Professional: The Registered Architect whose seal appears on the Construction Drawings.
- B. Testing/Inspecting Agency: An agent retained by the Owner and coordinated by the Special Inspector, to perform some of the testing and/or inspection services on behalf of the Special Inspector. (An example of an Inspecting Agency would be a Geotechnical Engineer).
- C. Statement of Special Inspections: A document prepared by the Registered Design Professional that includes the Schedule of Special Inspections listing the materials and work requiring Special Inspections. A copy of this document is included at the end of this Section.
- D. Continuous Special Inspection: The full-time observation of work requiring Special Inspections by the Special Inspector who is present in the area where the work is being performed.
- E. Periodic Special Inspections: The part-time or intermittent observation of work requiring Special Inspections by the Special Inspector who is present in the area where the work has been or is being performed and at the completion of the work

1.3 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Contractor shall cooperate with the Special Inspector and his agents so that Special Inspections and testing may be performed without hindrance.
- B. Contractor shall notify the Special Inspector and/or Testing/Inspecting Agency at least 48 hours in advance of a required inspection or test. Contractor shall coordinate sequence of activities to accommodate required inspection and testing services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing and inspecting.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Schedule times for tests, inspections, obtaining samples, and similar activities.
- C. The Contractor shall provide incidental labor and facilities to provide access to the work to be inspected or tested, to obtain and handle samples at the site or at source of products to be tested, to facilitate tests and inspections, and for storage and curing of test samples.
- D. The Contractor shall keep at the project site the latest set of Construction Drawings, field sketches, accepted shop drawings, and specifications for field use by the Inspectors and Testing Technicians.
- E. The Special Inspection program shall in no way relieve the Contractor of his obligation to perform work in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents or from implementing an effective Quality Control program.

1.4 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Construction Manager will hold a Special Inspections preconstruction meeting at least 7 days prior to the initial planned date for start of construction.
 - 1. Discussion shall include review of specifications and Schedule of Special Inspections for work requiring Special Inspections; responsibilities of Contractor, Owner, Testing Agency, Special Inspector, and Registered Design Professional; notification procedures; and reporting procedures.
 - 2. Attendees shall include the Contractor, Owner's representative, Testing Agency, Special Inspector, and Registered Design Professionals for Structural Engineering and for Architecture.

1.5 LIMITS ON AUTHORITY

- A. The Special Inspector or Testing/Inspecting Agency shall not release, revoke, alter, or enlarge on the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. The Special Inspector or Testing/Inspecting Agency shall not have control over the Contractor's means and methods of construction.
- C. The Special Inspector or Testing/Inspecting Agency shall not be responsible for construction site safety.
- D. The Special Inspector or Testing/Inspecting Agency shall not have the authority to stop the work.

1.6 STATEMENT OF SPECIAL INSPECTIONS

A. The Statement of Special Inspections and Tests, on the form included at the end of this Section, will be prepared by the Registered Design Professional.

B. Required inspections and tests are described in the Schedule of Special Inspections and Tests attached to the end of this Section and in the individual specification sections for the items to be inspected or tested .

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used).

END OF SECTION 014329
ATTACHMENTS
SPECIAL INSPECTION NON-CONFORMANCE REPORT FORM
NYSED STATEMENT OF SPECIAL INSPECTIONS AND TESTS

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SPECIAL INSPECTION NON-CONFORMANCE REPORT NO.

DATE:			
TO:	Registered Design Professional (RDP) Kaeyer, Garment& Davidson Architects, PC 285 Main St., Mount Kisco, NY 10549 Fax: (914) 666-0051	0	
CC:	Contractor:		
FROM:	, Special	Inspector	
PROJECT:	William E. Cottle Elementary School Addition KG&D Project #2021-1052	ons & Alterati	ions
PART I: REFEREN	CE SPECIAL INSPECTION REPORT NO.		<u>.</u>
DESCRIPTION OF	NON-CONFORMANCE:		(Attach copy of report.)
RDP RESPONSE:	(PROVIDE ATTACHMENTS IF NECESSAR	(Y)	
RDP SIGNATURE_		_DATE	
IS REINSPECTION	BY SPECIAL INSPECTOR REQUIRED	GYES	GNO
or Construction M RDP.)	CTOR VERIFICATION (To be completed by lanager] or Subcontractor and returned to the	ne Special Ins	spector and the
I verify that as of the required.	e date listed, the non-conforming item noted	above has b	een corrected as
SIGNATURE	DA ⁻	TE	

page 1 of 5 FP-SSI BCNYS 2020

NYS EDUCATION DEPARTMENT Office of Facilities Planning 89 Washington Avenue, Room 1060 EBA Albany, NY 12234

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL INSPECTIONS AND TESTS

As required by the Building Code of NYS (BCNYS)

BCNYS § 1704.1.1 requires the project Design Professional to complete the Statement of Special Inspections and Tests. Completion of the Statement of Special Inspections & Tests and submission to the Office of Facilities Planning with the Construction Permit Application is a condition for issuance of the Building Permit.

Scho	ol District			Building			
Tuck	tahoe UFSD	Middle Sch	ool/ Hig	h School			
Proje	ect Title						
	ahoe Middle/High School Reconstruc	ction 202	21				
	Project #			Project Add			
	3-02-03-0-002-024			65 Siwanoy	Blvd Eastel	nester, N	Y 10709
	itect/Engineer						
KG+	D Architects, P.C. / The DiSalvo Eng	gineering	g Group				
Nam	e of Person Completing this Statemer	nt			Phone		Date
Com	ments						
		S		T			
(Con	ECTION AND TESTING tinuous & Periodic is as Defined by CNYS)	CONTINUOUS	PERIODIC	REFERENCE STANDARD	BCNYS REFERENCE	CHECK IF REQUIRED	IDENTIFY SPEC SECTION AND PROVIDE CLARIFYING NOTES IF NECESSARY
A.	Steel Construction						
1.	Material verification of high- strength bolts, nuts and washers.		X	Applicable ASTM material specifications. AISC 360, Section A3.3	1705.2	7	051200
2.	Inspection of high-strength bolting.	X	X	AISC 360, Section M5.6-3	1705.2	7	051200
3.	Material verification of structural steel.			AISC360 Ch. N	1705.2	V	051200
4.	Material verification of weld filler materials.			AISC 360, Ch. N	1705.2	7	051200
5.	Inspection of welding:				1705.2		
	a. Structural steel	X	X	AISC360 Table N5.4-1	1705.2	7	051200
	b. Reinforcing steel	X	X	AISC360 Table N5.4-1	1705.2		
6.	Inspection of steel frame joint details.		X	AISC360 Table N6.1	1704.3, 1704.3.2	V	051200
B.	Concrete Construction						
1.	Inspection of reinforcing steel, including prestressing tendons, and placement.		X	ACI 318: 20,25.2, 25.3, 26.6.1-26.6.3	175.3 1908.4		051200
2.	Inspection of reinforcing steel welding.			AWS D1.4; ACI 318: 26.6.4	1704.4		

FP-SSI 01/2020 page 2 of 5

INSPECTION AND TESTING (Continuous & Periodic is as Defined by the BCNYS)		CONTINUOUS	PERIODIC	REFERENCE STANDARD		BCNYS REFERENCE	CHECK IF REQUIRED	IDENTIFY SPEC SECTION AND PROVIDE CLARIFYING NOTES IF NECESSARY
3.	Inspection of bolts to be installed in concrete prior to and during placement.	X		Ch. N: Section N Tables N5.6-1, N N5.6-3		1705.3	√	033000
4.	Verify use of required design mix.		X	ACI 318: Ch. 19,26.4.3,26.4.4		1904.1 1904.2 1908.2 1908.3	✓	033000
5.	Sampling fresh concrete: slump, air content, temperature, strength test specimens.	X		ASTM C 172, C 31; ACI 318: 5.6, 5.8		1908.9	J	033000
6.	Inspection of placement for proper application techniques.	X		ACI, 318: 26.5		1904.1 1904.2 1908.2 1908.3	V	033000
7.	Inspection for maintenance of specified curing temperature and techniques.		X	ACI, 318: 26.5.3	-26.5.5	1908.9	J	033000
8.	Inspection of prestressed concrete.	X		ACI 318: 18.18.4	4, 18.20	1705.2		
9.	Erection of precast concrete members.		X	ACI 318: Ch. 26	.8	1705.3		
10.	Verification of in-situ concrete strength prior to stressing of tendons and prior to removal of shores and forms from beams and slabs.		X	ACI 318:26.11	2	1705.3		
11.	Inspection of formwork		X	ACI 318: 26.11.	2	1705.3	√	033000
C.	Masonry Construction			<u> </u>				
	L1 = Level 1 Inspection required for nonessential facilities.			ACI 530/ ASCE 5/TMS 402, Ch. 35			✓	042000
	L2 = Level 2 Inspection required for essential facilities. In general, schools are not considered essential facilities unless they are a designated emergency shelter			ACI 530/ ASCE 5/TMS 402, Ch. 35		1705.4		
ED 00	SI 01/2020							page 3 of

FP-SSI 01/2020 page 3 of 5

INSPECTION AND TESTING (Continuous & Periodic is as Defined by the BCNYS)		CONTINUOUS	PERIODIC	REFERENCE STANDARD		BCNYS REFERENCE	CHECK IF REQUIRED	IDENTIFY SPEC SECTION AND PROVIDE CLARIFYING NOTES IF NECESSARY	
1.	Verif	y to ensure compliance:							
	a.	Proportions of site prepared mortar and grout.		L1 & L2	Table 3.1.2.2.a. Table 3.1.2.3.d.	2.1, 2.6A, 2.6B	1705.4	✓	042000
	b.	Placement of masonry units and construction of mortar joints.		L1 & L2	Table 3.1.2.4.a	3.3F	1705.4	V	042000
	c.	Location and placement of reinforcement, connectors, tendons, anchorages.		L1	Section 1.13 Table 3.1.2.2.d.; Table 3.1.2.3.c.	3.2E, 3.4	7105.4	✓	042000
				L2	Sec. 1.13	3.4, 3.6A	7105.4		
	d.	Prestressing technique.		L1			7105.4		
		Grout space prior to grouting.	L2				1705.4		
	e.	Grade and size of prestressing tendons and anchorages.		L1			7105.4		
		Placement of grout.	L2				7105.4		
	f.	Grout specs prior to grouting.	L2				7105.4		
2.	Inspe	ction program shall verify:							
	a.	Size and location of structural elements.		L1 & L2		3.3F	1705.4	✓	042000
	b.	Type, size, and location of anchors.	L2	L1	Sec. 1.2.2(e), 2.1.4, 3.1.6		1705.4	✓	042000
	c.	Specified size, grade, and type of reinforcement.		L1 & L2	Sec. 1.13	2.4, 3.4	1705.4	✓	042000
	d.	Welding of reinforcing bars.	L1 & L2		2.1.7.10.2, 3.3.3.4(b)		7105.4		
	e.	Cold/hot weather protection of masonry construction.		L1 & L2	Table 3.1.2.4.d	1.8C, 1.8D	1705.4	✓	042000
	f.	Prestressing force measurement and application.	L2	L1		3.6B	7105.4		
3.	Verif	ication prior to grouting.		L1	1.13		1704.5	V	042000
			L2			3.2D, 3.4, 2.6B, 3.3B 1.4	1704.5 2105.2.2, 2105.3		
4.	Grout	t placement.	L1		Table 3.1.2.3.a Table 3.1.2.1.f	3.2D, 3.2F, 3.5	1705.4	✓	042000

FP-SSI 01/2020 page 4 of 5

(Cont	ECTION AND TESTING inuous & Periodic is as Defined by CNYS)	CONTINUOUS	PERIODIC	REFERENCE STANDARD	BCNYS REFERENCE	CHECK IF REQUIRED	IDENTIFY SPEC SECTION AND PROVIDE CLARIFYING NOTES IF NECESSARY
5.	Preparation of grout specimens, mortar specimens, and/or prisms.	L1 & L2			1705.2		
6.	Compliance with documents and submittals.		L1 & L2	Table 3.1.2.4.a 3.3F	1705.4		
1.	Wood Construction Fabrication process of prefabricated wood structural elements and assemblies.				1704.2.5		
2.	High-load diaphrams designed in accordance with Table 2306.3.2			Table 2306.2	1705.5		
E.	Soils				1705.6	√	312000
F.	Pile Foundations				1705.7		
G.	Pier Foundations				1705.8		
Н.	Sprayed Fire-Resistant Materials	S			•		
1.	Structural member surface conditions.				1705.14.2		078100
2.	Application.				1705.14.3		078100
3.	Thickness.			ASTM E 605	1705.14.4		078100
4.	Density.			ASTM E 605	0705.14.5		078100
5.	Bond strength.			ASTM E 736	1705.14.6		078100
I.	Mastic and Intumescent Fire-Res	sistant Co	oatings		1705.15		078123
J.	Exterior Insulation and Finish Sy	stems (l	EIFS)		1705.16		
K.	Special Cases				1705.17		
L.	Smoke Control				1705.18		
M.	Special Inspections for Seismic R	esistance	9				_
1.	Structural steel.	X		AISC 341	1705.12.1		
2.	Structural wood.	X			1705.12.2		
3.	Cold-formed steel framing.		X		1705.12.3		
4.	Pier Foundations.		X		1705.8,170 5.12		
5.	Storage racks and access floors.		X		1705.12.5, 1705.12.7		

FP-SSI 01/2020 page 5 of 5

(Cont	ECTION AND TESTING inuous & Periodic is as Defined by CNYS)	CONTINUOUS	PERIODIC	REFERENCE STANDARD	BCNYS REFERENCE	CHECK IF REQUIRED	IDENTIFY SPEC SECTION AND PROVIDE CLARIFYING NOTES IF NECESSARY
6.	Architectural components.		X		1705.12.5		
7.	Mechanical and electrical components.		X		1705.12.6		
8.	Designated seismic system verifications				1705.13.3		
9.	Seismic isolation system.		X		1705.13.4		
N.	Structural Testing for Seismic Re	sistance			•		•
1.	Testing and verification of				1705.13.2		
	masonry materials and assemblies						
	prior to construction.						
2.	Testing for seismic resistance.				1705.13		
3.	Reinforcing and prestressing steel.			ACI 318	1705.13		
4.	Structural steel.			AISC 341, AWS D1.1	1705.13		
5.	Seismic qualification of mechanical and electrical equipment.				1705		
6.	Seismically isolated structures.			Section 17.8 of ASCE 7	1705.13.4		
0.	Structural Observations				L		
1.	Seismic resistance.				1704.6		
2.	Wind requirements.				1704.6		
P.	Test Safe Load				1707		
Q.	In-Situ Load Tests	1708					
R.	Preconstruction Load Tests		1709				
S.	Other (list)	_	_				

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SECTION 015000

TEMPORARY FACILITIES

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. In general this Section includes requirements for construction facilities and temporary controls, including temporary utilities, support facilities, and security and protection.
- C. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- D. Provide environmental protection as required by authorities having jurisdiction and as indicated in the Contract Documents.
- E. Refer to the Construction Implementation Plan comprising Section 011001 for related information on temporary facilities and utilities

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Field Office
- B. Temporary and Permanent Services, General
- C. Temporary Light and Power
- D. Temporary Heating/Cooling Facilities
- E. Temporary Toilet Facilities
- F. Temporary Water
- G. Storage Facilities
- H. Scaffolding and Staging
- I. Construction Fencing and Barriers See drawings for location of construction fencing. Barriers shall be constructed of steel studs and fire rated gypsum with level 1 tape finish. Fire safe all temporary partitions.
- J. Janitorial Service/Daily Cleanup
- K. Burning
- L. Dust Control
- M. Fire Prevention Control
- N. Temporary Fire Protection
- O. Discontinuance, Changes and Removal

1.03 FIELD OFFICE

- A. The General Contractor, until all the work covered by the Contract is accepted by the Owner, shall provide a temporary office structure, with sanitary facilities, prior to the commencement of work of any Prime Contractor at the project site, for the use of the Construction Manager and for project meeting space.
- B. Construction Manager Field Office: Provide a separate insulated, weather-tight, heated and air-conditioned field office for use by only Construction Management personnel engaged in construction activities; of sufficient size to accommodate required office personnel and meetings of 20 persons at Project site. Construction Manager Field office to be maintained for the **DURATION** of the project.

- 1. Furnish and equip each office as follows:
- a. Provide one room furnished with one desk and three chairs, four-drawer file cabinet, a plan table, a plan rack, 4-foot-square tack board and bookcase.
- b. Provide one room of not less than 240 sq. ft. for Project meetings. Furnish room with conference table, 20 folding chairs, 3-foot by 4-foot white marker board, and 4-foot-square tack board.
- c. Water cooler and private toilet complete with water closet, lavatory, and medicine cabinet with mirror.
- d. Provide one 3.6 cu. ft. refrigerator.
- e. Provide one microwave.
- f. Provide one first aid kit: Johnson and Johnson Co., Model No. 25 or equal.
- g. Provide one EcoTank Pro ET-5150 Wireless All-in-One Supertank Printer:
 - 1) Provide ink and supplies for the project duration
- h. Provide 20-reams (5,000 sheets) of 8-1/2-inch by 11-inch, 24-pound laser paper
- i. Provide one personal computer from the following options, including all required cables, with the following attributes:
 - 1) DELL or HP Business Classic PC
 - 2) 8th Generation Intel Core i700-8700 Processor
 - 3) Windows 10 Pro 64-bit English
 - 4) MS Office 2016 Professional
 - 5) 24" LCD monitor
 - 6) 6GB, DDR4, 2666MHz
 - 7) 3.5 inch 1TB 7200rpm SATA Hard Drive
 - 8) Wireless and Ethernet Networking
- j. SSD External Hard Drive 2TB
- k. Provide security bars at doors and security screens at all windows.
- Provide stairs at each door
- 2. Provide heater with thermostat capable of maintaining a uniform indoor temperature of 68 deg F.
- 3. Provide fluorescent light fixtures capable of maintaining average illumination of 25 fc at desk height. Provide 110- to 120-V duplex outlets spaced at not more than 12-foot intervals, 1 per wall in each room.
- 4. Provide one large and two small trash cans with bags for project duration.
- 5. Janitorial Services: Provide janitorial services on a weekly basis for temporary Construction Manager field office.
- 6. The contents of the Field Office shall become the property of the Owner upon Substantial Completion of the Contract.
- C. All Prime Contractors may with permission from the Construction Manager, establish a field office for their own use. Said offices for the individual Prime Contractors shall be of such size and design as approved by the Construction Manager and shall be located as directed by the Construction Manager.
- D. Each Contractor shall provide daily housekeeping for their office spaces.
- E. Maintain, in the Contractor's field office, all articles necessary for First Aid treatment; further, the Contractor shall establish standing arrangements for the immediate removal and hospital treatment of any employees and other persons on

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

the job site who may be injured or who may become ill during the course of the work.

1.04 TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SERVICES, GENERAL

- A. The Contractor shall provide and maintain, either directly or through its' subcontractors, all temporary services and utilities, including all labor, materials, equipment and the like necessary to adequately furnish, deliver and maintain said services at all times when required during the term of the Contract.
- B. Temporary work shall generally include, but not be limited to temporary light and power; temporary heat; temporary toilets; temporary water; hoisting systems; rubbish chutes; temporary stairs, rails and shaft protection; storage; temporary fences; roof protection; temporary enclosures and the like required to conduct the work in a proper manner.
- C. The Contractor's use of any permanent system or service of the building or portions thereof shall be subject to the Owner's approval.
- D. The Contractor shall be responsible for any and all damage to permanent services used, and shall make good any and all damage to the satisfaction of the Owner, prior to final completion and acceptance.

1.05 TEMPORARY LIGHT AND POWER

- A. The energy will be supplied, **and paid for**, by the Owner for all work within the present building. <u>Abuse of service will be cause for termination of service.</u> No reimbursement will be made by Owner in the event of disconnect.
- B. Where feasible locations for temporary power shall be from the nearest adequate duplex or simplex outlet to the work of this Contract.
- C. Because of the high concentration of computers within the building, electrically powered welding equipment shall not be connected to the Owner's wiring system. Self-generated welding equipment shall be used. It shall be the responsibility of the General Contractor that any electric welding equipment used on the project will not have any harmful effect on existing computers, computer storage systems or other computer equipment.
- D. Electrical contractor shall provide temporary power to all Prime Contractor's temporary field offices and the Construction Manager's field office.

1.06 TEMPORARY HEATING/COOLING FACILITIES

- A. The existing heating/cooling/dehumidification system within the building may be used to provide required ambient temperatures within the project, however, the Owner reserves the right to terminate service, without incurring additional cost, in the event of abuse of system.
- B. When the permanent heating/cooling/dehumidification system within the building is disconnected to perform the Work of this project, and until such time the permanent system may be operable again, the HVAC Contractor shall provide and pay for all temporary heating/cooling/dehumidification systems and required fuel to maintain the ambient temperature and humidity in such areas at the level the Owner typically maintains in that area. In addition, the HVAC Contractor shall maintain the critical installation temperatures, provided in the technical provisions of the specifications, herein, for all work in those areas where same is being performed.

Attention is directed to specific temperature requirements for painting, carpentry, flooring and such other temperature sensitive operations connected with the execution of the Work.

- C. Before and during the placing of wood finish and the application of other interior finishing, varnishing, painting, etc. and until final acceptance by the Owner of all work covered by the Contract, the Contractor shall, unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents, maintain a temperature of between 65 and 85 degrees F. Coordinate with Division 9 of the Technical Specifications.
- D. The existing and new heating/cooling/dehumidification systems may be used to furnish temporary heating and cooling upon receiving permission from the Construction Manager. The warranty for the new HVAC system shall not commence until Owner acceptance of such facilities. Upon Substantial completion, clean all ducts and filters of the HVAC system used during construction.
- E. HVAC Contractor shall provide up to (3) filter changes during the course of the project and final cleaning of all existing mechanical equipment affected by construction project including but not limited to all ductwork, fans, register covers, fin tubes, covers, etc.

1.07 TEMPORARY TOILET FACILITIES

- A. The General Contractor shall provide suitable toilet facilities for the use of all Prime Contractors, at approved locations complying with all state and local requirements in every respect as follows:
 - 1. Toilets shall be portable chemical type with screened enclosures each having a urinal and closet and mounted on skids. One (1) unit shall be provided for every 25 employees.
 - 2. Each unit shall be serviced by the renter at least twice a week, including removal of water matter, sterilizing, recharging tank, refilling tissue holders and thorough cleaning and scrubbing of entire interior.
 - 3. Each unit shall be delivered to site, located as directed, relocated if desired, and removed from site by rental company when required.

1.08 TEMPORARY WATER

- A. The Owner will provide water service to the Prime Contractor without charge, but reserves the right to terminate, without incurring additional cost, said service in the event of abuse of such service.
- B. Each Contractor shall make all necessary connections and extend piping to areas required at no additional cost to the Owner.
- C. Each Contractor shall have all equipment for the temporary water removed at the completion of the Project or when directed by the Construction Manager.

1.09 STORAGE FACILITIES

- A. Each Contractor shall provide tool houses, sheds, storage trailers and other facilities as required for his own use. Locate where directed by the Construction Manager. No storage will be permitted inside the building.
- B. Materials delivered to the site shall be safely stored and adequately protected against loss or damage. Particular care shall be taken to protect and cover materials that are liable to be damaged by the elements.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

C. Due to limited on site storage space, each Contractor shall coordinate delivery of materials with the building operating personnel, who will determine when large deliveries shall be made and shall designate storage locations on site for delivered materials.

1.10 SCAFFOLDING AND STAGING

A. All scaffold, staging and appurtenances thereto shall comply in total to the requirements of Safety and Health Regulations for Construction Chapter XVII of OSHA, Part 1926 and all related amendments.

1.11 EXTERIOR CLOSURES

- A. GC shall provide temporary weathertight closures for exterior openings to provide acceptable interior working conditions, to allow for temporary heating and maintenance of ambient temperatures required in individual specification sections, to protect the Work, and to prevent entry of unauthorized persons.
- B. GC shall provide access doors with locking hardware.

1.12 TEMPORARY PARTITIONS

- A. GC shall provide floor-to-ceiling dustproof partitions to limit dust and dirt migration and to separate areas occupied by the Owner from fumes and noise.
 - 1. Construct dustproof partitions with fire rated gypsum wallboard with joints taped on occupied side, and fire-retardant plywood on construction operations side.
 - 2. Where fire-resistance-rated temporary partitions are required by authorities having jurisdiction, construct partitions according to the rated assemblies.
 - 3. Insulate partitions to control noise transmission to occupied areas.
 - 4. Seal joints and perimeter. Equip partitions with gasketed dustproof doors and security locks where openings are required.
 - 5. Protect air-handling equipment.
 - 6. Provide walk-off mats at each entrance through temporary partition.
 - 7. Doors shall be equipped with panic devices at all temporary partitions.

1.13 ROOF PROTECTION

- A. During the construction period the Contractor shall take strict precautions against unnecessary traffic on the roofing surface.
- B. The Contractor shall provide temporary protection on the roof surface when it is necessary for work to take place on completed sections.
- C. Upon such notification as required in subparagraph A, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for damages, if any, to the roofing system caused by the work of other trades, except that financial liability for any and all damages rests with the offending trade

1.14 RUBBISH CONTAINER

- A. General Contractor shall provide suitable rubbish container device(s) for the use of all Prime Contractors, properly maintained and serviced, replaced as required and protected from access by the public by fencing as may be specified herein or approved by the Construction Manager.
- B. Each Contractor and Subcontractor shall sweep up and gather together daily all his own rubbish and removed materials and place same in containers to be provided by the Contractor. Wood crates and similar matter shall be broken up.

securely tied into bundles and stacked alongside rubbish containers OR in locations as directed by the Contractor. Items larger then container capacity shall be removed from the site by the respective contractor

1.15 CONSTRUCTION FENCING

- A. Construction fencing shall be provided by the GC enclosing all work and storage areas or where indicated on the drawings. Unless otherwise shown or directed, all fencing shall be 8 feet high, accurately aligned and plumb, adequately braced, and complete with gates, locks, and hardware as required. UNDER NO CONDITIONS SHALL FENCING BE ATTACHED OR ANCHORED TO EXISTING CONSTRUCTION OR TREES.
- B. Fencing shall be as follows:
 - Fencing traversing paved areas shall be free standing sandbagged barrier type in a continuous manner, firmly aligned and securely mounted. Fencing shall essentially consist of heavy timber wood sill with chainlink fencing consisting of 2 inch posts with top and bottom rails of 1 inch pipe and No. 9 wire fabric. All fencing shall be galvanized.
- C. Site access gates shall be provided as required of same material as site fence complete with all operating hardware and security devices.
- D. Contractor shall submit drawings showing type, materials and construction of fencing to Construction Manager for approval before proceeding with installation.
- E. All wood or metal products, unless galvanized, shall receive 2 coats of latex exterior paint of color and manufacturer as approved by the Architect.
- F. Should fencing be required to be relocated during the course of the project, same shall be done at the total expense of the Contractor. At the completion of the project, the Contractor shall remove and dispose of the construction fencing.
- G. The construction fence shall be MAINTAINED IN GOOD ORDER by the Contractor throughout the life of the project.

1.16 PROTECTION OF TREES

A. All trees in the immediate project area, including fenced staging areas, shall be protected from construction operations.

1.17 JANITORIAL SERVICE/DAILY CLEANUP

A. Each Contractor shall furnish daily janitorial services for the project and perform any required maintenance of facilities as deemed necessary by the Architect during the entire life of the contract.

Toilet facilities shall be kept clean and sanitary at all times. Services shall be accomplished to the satisfaction of the Architect.

Each Contractor shall provide daily trash collection and cleanup of the project area and shall dispose of all discarded debris, and the like in a manner approved by the Architect.

- B. The General Contractor shall place foot wiping carpet at all entrances, exits to the work areas and provide daily cleaning for all dust and footprints from the corridors, stairs, and the like, caused by construction.
- C. The General Contractor shall perform a weekly clean up of the project site and building areas under construction every Friday afternoon.

- 1.18 BURNING: Burning will not be permitted.
- 1.19 DUST CONTROL: The Contractor shall, at all times, provide adequate dust control measures. He shall accomplish this without interference with the operations of the Owner or the safe progress of the work.

1.20 PROJECT SIGN

A. Provide a 4' x 8' plywood project identification sign painted with content as directed by Construction Manager, and placed on the site where directed by the Construction Manager.

1.21 MAINTENANCE OF PERMANENT ROADWAYS

A. The General Contractor, for the life of the project, shall immediately remove dirt and debris which may collect on permanent roadways due to the work. This includes permanent roads and sidewalks adjacent to the project site.

1.22 TRAFFIC CONTROL

- A. Road closing permits, if needed, shall be procured and paid for by the General Contractor.
- B. Parking areas for the use of those engaged in the work shall be on the street; no school on-site parking is available.

1.23 FIRE PREVENTION CONTROL

A. All Contractors shall comply with the safety provisions of the National Fire Protection Association's "National Fire Codes" pertaining to the work and, particularly, in connection with any cutting or welding performed as part of the work.

1.24 TEMPORARY FIRE PROTECTION

A. Each Contractor shall take all possible precautions for the prevention of fires. Where flame cutting torches, blow torches, or welding tools are required to be used within the building, their use shall be as approved by the Architect at the site.

When welding tools or torches of any type are in use, have available in the immediate vicinity of the work a fire extinguisher of the dry chemical 20 lbs. type. The fire extinguisher (s) shall be provided and maintained by the Contractor doing such work.

- B. Fuel for cutting and heating torches shall be gas only and shall be contained in Underwriter's laboratory approved containers. Storage of gas shall be in locations as approved by the Owner and subject to Fire Department regulations and requirements.
- C. No volatile liquids shall be used for cleaning agents or as fuels for motorized equipment or tools within a building except with the express approval of the Owner and/or Architect and in accordance with local codes. On-site bulk storage of volatile liquids shall be outside the buildings at locations directed by the Owner, who shall determine the extent of volatile liquid allowed within the building at any given time.

- D. The Contractor shall comply with the following requirements relating to compressed gas:
 - Where compressed gas of any type is used for any purpose at the site, it shall be contained in cylinders complying with ICC regulations. Gases of different types shall not be stored together except when in use and when such proximity is required.
 - 2. All gas cylinders shall be stored in sheds constructed of noncombustible materials. Sheds shall be well ventilated and without electric lights or fixtures and shall be located as far from other buildings as is practicable. All gas cylinders not in actual use, or in proposed immediate use, shall be removed from the building under construction or reconstruction. Empty gas cylinders shall be removed prior to bringing in a replacement cylinder. Cylinders shall at all times be supported and braced in an upright position. When not is use, the protective cap shall be screwed over the valve.
 - 3. All persons required to handle gas cylinders or to act as temporary firemen (Fire Watchers) shall be able to read, write and understand the English language; they shall also be required by the Contractor to read Part 3 of Pamphlet P-1 "Safe Handling of Compressed Gases" published by the Compressed Gas Association, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 10036.
 - 4. Where LP-Gas is required for Temporary Heat (including Construction Heat), the number of the cylinders within the structure or building shall be limited to the least amount required; in general, one (1) cylinder per heater. Cylinders and heaters shall be connected with two (2) braid neoprene hoses fitted at each end with threaded unions and capable of withstanding a pressure of 250 P.S.I. The length of those shall not exceed 30 feet and shall be protected from mechanical injury, kinking and abrasion. Heaters shall not be less than 6 feet from any cylinder and not less 10 feet from any tarpaulins or type closure. All debris and rubbish shall be removed to prevent fire hazards.
 - 5. Where local ordinances are in effect regarding gas cylinders, (their use, appurtenances and handling), such ordinances shall supplement the requirements of this paragraph. All personnel engaged in firewatch shall be certified by the Local Fire Department having jurisdiction.
 - 6. LP-Gas Heating will not be permitted in enclosed areas below grade.
 - 7. Any cylinder not having the proper ICC markings or reinspection marking, or any cylinder with a leak shall be isolated immediately away from any building and the supplier shall be immediately notified; such other precautions as may be required to prevent damage or injury shall also be taken by the Contractor.
- E. The Contractor shall comply with the following requirements relating to welding and cutting:
 - 1. All cutting and/or welding (electric or gas) must be done only by skilled, certified and licensed personnel.
 - During welding or cutting operations, a contractor's man shall act as a fire watcher. The fire watcher shall have proper eye protection and suitable firefighting equipment including fire extinguisher (bearing current inspection Certificate), protective gloves and any other equipment deemed necessary.
 - 3. Welding or cutting shall not be done near flammable liquid, vapors or tanks containing such material.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 4. Where cutting or welding is done above or adjacent to (within two feet) combustible material or persons, a shield of incombustible material shall be installed to protect against fire or injury to sparks or hot metal.
- 5. Tanks supplying gases for welding or cutting are to be placed in an upright position securely fastened, and as close as practical to the operation. Tanks, actives or spares, shall be protected from excess heat and shall not be placed in stairways, hallways or exits. When not in use, protective valve cap shall be screwed on the cylinder.
- 6. Adequate fire extinguishing equipment shall be maintained at all welding or cutting operations.
- 7. The Contractor shall secure all required inspections.
- 8. All equipment, hoses, gauges, pressure reducing valves, torches, etc., shall be maintained in good working order and all defective equipment shall immediately be removed from the job.
- 9. No person shall be permitted to do any welding or cutting until his name, address and current license number have been submitted in writing to the Owner.
- F. Contractors for work outside the building shall commence operations promptly on award of Contract, and shall be responsible for same being kept clear of materials and debris in connection with their own work and that of other Contractors. If a Contractor for outside work allows other contractors to deposit material and debris over its lines, the Contractor shall be responsible for all delay and extra cost occasioned thereby.

1.25 DISCONTINUANCE, CHANGES AND REMOVAL

- A. All Contractors shall:
 - Discontinue all temporary services required by the Contract when so directed by the Owner or the Architect.
 - The discontinuance of any such temporary service prior to the completion of the work shall not render the Owner liable for any additional cost entailed thereby and each Contractor shall thereafter furnish, at no additional cost to the Owner, any and all temporary service required by such Contractor's work.
 - 3. Remove and relocate such temporary facilities as directed by the Owner or the Architect without additional cost to the Owner, and shall restore the site and the work to a condition satisfactory to the Owner.

End of Section

SECTION 015719

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DURING CONSTRUCTION

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions to the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 01 10 00, Article 1.01.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Scope
- B. Applicable Regulations
- C. Protection of Land Resources
- D. Protection of Water Resources
- E. Burning
- F. Maintenance of Pollution Control Facilities During Construction

1.03 SCOPE

A. The work covered by this section consists of furnishing all labor, material and equipment and performing all work required for the prevention of environmental pollution during and as the result of construction operations under this contract except for those measures set forth in other Technical Provisions of these specifications.

For the purpose of this specification environmental pollution is defined by regulatory authorities as the presence of chemical, physical or biological elements or agents which adversely affect human health or welfare; unfavorably alter ecological balances of importance to human life; affect other species of importance to man; or degrade the utility of the environment for aesthetic and recreational purposes.

The control of environmental pollution requires consideration of air, water and land, and involves noise, solid waste-management and management of radiant energy and radioactive materials, as well as other pollutants.

B. Compliance with the provisions of this section by all Subcontractors shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

1.04 APPLICABLE REGULATIONS

A. In order to provide for abatement and control of any environmental pollution arising from the construction activities of the Contractor and his subcontractors in the performance of this contract, they shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws, and regulations concerning environmental pollution control and abatement as well as the specific requirements stated elsewhere in the contract specifications.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

1.05 PROTECTION OF LAND RESOURCES

- A. It is intended that the land resources within the project boundaries and outside the limits of permanent work performed under this contract be preserved in their present condition or be restored to a condition after completion of construction that will appear to be natural and not detract from the appearance of the project. Insofar as possible, the Contractor shall confine his construction activities to areas defined by the plans or specifications.
- B. The following additional requirements are intended to supplement and clarify the requirements contained in the General Conditions.

The location on the project site of the Contractor's storage and other construction buildings, required temporarily in the performance of the work, shall be upon assigned portions of the job site and shall require written approval of the Architect.

The preservation of the landscape shall be an imperative consideration in the selection of all sites and in the overall construction of buildings.

Plans showing storage and office facilities shall be submitted for approval of the Construction Manager.

- C. If the Contractor proposes or is required to construct temporary roads or embankments and excavations for plant and/or work areas, he shall submit the following for approval at least 21 days prior to scheduled start of such temporary work.
 - 1. A layout of all temporary access roads, excavations and embankments to be constructed with the work area.
 - 2. Plans and cross sections of proposed embankments and their foundations, including a description of proposed materials.

1.06 PROTECTION OF WATER RESOURCES

- A. The Contractor shall not pollute streams, lakes, reservoirs or public waters with fuels, oils, bitumens, calcium chloride, acids or harmful materials.
- B. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to investigate and comply with all applicable Federal, State, County and Municipal laws concerning pollution of surrounding public waters.
- C. All work under this contract shall be performed in such a manner that objectionable conditions will not be created in public waters through or adjacent to the project areas
- D. Prior to any major construction the Contractor shall submit a plan for approval by the Architect showing his scheme for controlling erosion and disposing of waste.
- E. Surface drainage from cuts and fills within the construction limits, whether or not completed, and from borrow and waste disposal areas, shall, if turbidity producing materials are present, be held in suitable sedimentation ponds or shall be graded to control erosion within acceptable limits. Temporary erosion and sediment control measures such as berms, dikes, drains, or sedimentation basins, if required to meet the above standards, shall be provided until permanent drainage and erosion control facilities are completed and operative. Fills and waste areas shall be constructed by selecting placement to eliminate silts or clays on the surface that will erode and contaminate adjacent public waters.
- D. At all times of the year, special measures shall be taken to prevent chemicals,

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- fuels, oils, grease, bituminous materials, waste washings, herbicides and insecticides, and cement and surface drainage from entering public waters.
- E. Disposal of any materials, wastes, effluents, trash, garbage, oil, grease, chemicals, etc., in areas adjacent to public waters shall be subject to the approval of the Architect.
- F. If any waste material is dumped in unauthorized areas the Contractor shall remove the material and restore the area to the condition of the adjacent undisturbed area.
- G. If necessary, contaminated ground shall be excavated, disposed of as directed by the Architect, refilled with clean material and compacted all at the expense of the Contractor.

1.07 BURNING

Burning will not be permitted.

1.08 MAINTENANCE OF POLLUTION CONTROL FACILITIES DURING CONSTRUCTION

- A. During the life of this contract the Contractor shall maintain all facilities constructed for pollution control under this contract as long as the operations creating the particular pollutant are being carried out or until the material concerned has become stabilized to the extent that pollution is no longer being created.
- B. During the construction period the Contractor shall conduct frequent training courses for his maintenance personnel. The curriculum shall include methods of detection of pollution, familiarity with pollution standards, and installation and care of vegetation covers, plants and other facilities to prevent and correct environmental pollution.

End of Section

SECTION 016100

MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. General Standards
- B. Products
- C. Sustainability
- D. Transportation and Handling
- E. Storage and Protection

1.03 GENERAL STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO ALL SPECIFICATION SECTIONS

- A. These provisions, standards, and tolerances shall apply to all work under this Contract. Where stricter standards and tolerances are specified elsewhere in these Specifications or in references specified in these Specifications, they shall take precedence over these standards and tolerances.
- B. Build and install parts of the Work level, plumb, square, and in correct position unless specifically shown or specified otherwise.
 - No part shall be out of plumb, level, square, or correct position so much as to impair the proper functioning of the part or the Work as judged by the Architect.
 - 2. No part shall be out of plumb, level, square, or correct position so much as to impair the aesthetic effect of the part or the Work as judged by the Architect.
- C. Make joints tight and neat. Provide uniform joints in exposed work. Arrange joints to achieve the best visual effect. Refer choices of questionable visual effect to the Architect.
- D. Under potentially damp conditions, provide galvanic insulation between different metals which are not adjacent on the galvanic scale.
- E. Manufacturers, subcontractors, and workmen shall be experienced and skillful in performing the work assigned to them; coordinate with Article 5 of Section 00 70 00.
- F. All paint used on all products shall conform to ANSI Z66.1, Specifications for Paints and Coatings Accessible to Children to Minimize Dry Film Toxicity.
- G. The Drawings do not attempt to show every item of existing work to be demolished and every item of repair required to existing surfaces. Perform work required to remove existing materials which are not to be saved and to restore existing surfaces to condition equivalent to new as judged by Architect. If possible, repairs shall be indistinguishable from adjacent sound surfaces. Where it is impossible to achieve repairs which are indistinguishable from adjacent sound surfaces to remain, notify Architect, and proceed according to his instructions.

1.04 PRODUCTS

- A. Products include material, equipment and systems.
- B. Comply with Specifications and referenced standards as minimum requirements.
- C. Components required to be supplied in quantity within a Specification Section shall be the same, and shall be interchangeable.
- D. In the case of an inconsistency between Drawings and the Specifications, or within either document which is not clarified by addendum, the product of greater quality or greater quantity of work shall be provided in accordance with the Designer's interpretation.
- E. Provide environmentally preferable products to the greatest extent possible. To the greatest extent possible, provide products and materials that have a lesser or reduced effect on the environment considering raw materials acquisition, production, manufacturing, packaging, distribution, reuse, operation, maintenance, and/or disposal of the product.

1.05 SUSTAINABILITY

- A. In the selection of the products and materials of this section as well as for the entire project, preference will be given to those with the following characteristics:
 - 1. Water based.
 - 2. Water-soluble.
 - 3. Can be cleaned up with water.
 - 4. Non-flammable.
 - 5. Biodegradable.
 - 6. Low or preferably no Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) content.
 - 7. Manufactured without compounds that contribute to ozone depletion in the upper atmosphere.
 - 8. Manufactured without compounds that contribute to smog in the lower atmosphere.
 - 9. Do not contain methylene-chloride.
 - 10. Do not contain chlorinated hydrocarbons.
 - 11. Contains the least possible of post-consumer or post-industrial waste.

1.06 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

A. Arrange deliveries of materials in accordance with construction schedules in order to avoid delay in, conflict with, or the impeding of the progress of the Work and conditions at the site.

Deliveries shall be made during regular work hours, unless approved otherwise by the Owner.

B. Deliver materials in undamaged condition, in manufacturer's original containers or packaging, with identifying labels intact and legible.

1.07 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

A. Store materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, with seals and labels accessible for inspection.

Contractor shall be responsible for work and equipment until fully inspected, tested and accepted. Carefully store materials and equipment which are not immediately installed after delivery to site. Close open ends of work with temporary covers or

plug during construction to prevent entry of obstructing material or damaging water.

- B. Materials stored on the Site shall be neatly arranged and protected, and shall be stored in an orderly fashion in locations that shall not interfere with the progress of the Work or with the operations of the Owner.
- C. Interior Storage: Maintain temperature and humidity within the ranges required by manufacturer's instructions.
- D. If it becomes necessary to remove and restack materials to avoid impeding the progress of any part of the Work or interfering with the work to be done by any other contractor employed on the Work, or interfering with the Owner's activities, the Contractor shall remove and restack such materials at no additional cost to the Owner.
- E. Protection After Installation
 - 1. Provide adequate coverings to protect installed materials from damage resulting from natural elements, traffic, and subsequent construction.
 - 2. Remove when no longer needed.

End of Section

SECTION 017329

CUTTING AND PATCHING

Part 1 - GENERAL

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 01 10 00, Article 1.01.
- D. Provide materials, labor, equipment and services necessary and/or required to execute the work of this Section as shown on the drawings, specified herein and/or required by job conditions.
- E. All cutting, removing, relocation, fitting, altering and rough patching for the installation and completion of his work <u>in other than finished surfaces noted below</u> shall be performed by the Trade or Subcontractor requiring said cutting and patching.

FINISH PATCHING SHALL BE BY THE RESPECTIVE TRADE OR SUBCONTRACTOR THAT NORMALLY DOES THAT FINISH WORK.

- F. All finish patching of finished surfaces including exposed concrete, concrete masonry, brick masonry, glazed masonry and the like shall be performed by the trade customarily involved with the finished work.
- G. All coring and finish patching shall be performed by the Contractors requiring such coring work.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Definitions
- B. Cutting and Patching Requirements
- C. Specific Requirements All Trades

1.03 DEFINITIONS

The following definitions shall apply to all work of this Contract involving cutting, patching, filling and the like.

- A. <u>Cutting</u> those operations required to expose existing construction, or required to permit the installation of work under this contract, or passage of new or relocated work through existing construction.
- B. <u>Patching</u> Those operations required to bring surfaces to a level to permit the application of a finish treatment.

The Contractor responsible for performing the patching shall be responsible for the restoration of the substrate to match adjacent areas, whether new or existing, except for the following conditions:

Coordinate with Paragraph 1.05 of this Section

- 1. Exposed masonry, concrete or similar surfaces which do not require or call for painting.
- 2. Those patched surfaces which are wholly contained within an area which is to receive a new finish treatment as called for elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- C. <u>Replace</u> Shall mean to furnish and install an entirely new element which matches the original element's material, color, dimension and design.
- D. <u>Repair</u> Shall mean to make the existing element as nearly "new", as possible, by the means and methods indicated for each element.
- E. <u>Fill</u> Shall mean to carefully and thoroughly remove, by approved methods, loose and deteriorated surface material and to install "new" material in the element so that the original contour is completely restored and color matched if exposed as a finished element. Follow manufacturers' instructions as applicable.
- F. <u>Match Original</u> Where indicated, this type of replacement will match the best available representative element, in design, dimension, and installation, with improvements which represent the best standards of fabrication, so that even if an existing best example of an element is gouged or pitted, or otherwise worn, the new element shall be unworn and without defects and fabricated of new material. The Architect will provide identifications of all original elements.

1.04 CUTTING AND PATCHING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Where cutting, drilling or removals are required in existing and/or newly constructed wall, floor or roof construction, the work shall be done in a manner that will safeguard and not endanger the structure, and shall, in all cases, be as approved by the Architect.
- B. Prior to any cutting, drilling or removals, the Contractor shall investigate both sides of the surface involved, shall determine the exact location of adjacent structural members by visual examination, and shall avoid interference with such members.
- C. No structural members such as joists, beams, columns supporting work that is to remain shall be cut, drilled or removed unless such conditions are shown in detail on the Contract Documents and reinforcing of members affected or new members to compensate for such drilling, cutting and removals are shown. Positive instructions shall be obtained from the Architect before cutting beams or other structural members, arches, lintels and the like and the Contractor shall be guided by such instructions.
- D. Each Trade Contractor shall provide all sleeves, inserts, hangers and the like required for the execution of their respective work; failing to provide such, said responsible Contractor shall reimburse the General Contractor who shall do all necessary cutting and patching required for the execution of his work.

Coordinate with individual trade sections for sleeve types, packing of sleeves, pipe penetrations and duct openings for fire safing material and/or caulking; coordinate with Section 078413 for firestopping systems.

E. No Contractor shall:

- 1. endanger any work by cutting or drilling or otherwise;
- 2. cut or alter the work of any other contractor except with the written consent of the Architect.
- 3. cut or drill above the minimum needed to install work.

- F. All holes cut through masonry exposed to view in the finished work and concrete slabs shall be core drilled except for specific holes that have been structurally detailed per Contract Documents. The Contractor shall locate adjacent structural members before core drilling to ensure that structural members are not damaged. No jack hammering will be permitted in the work within any occupied portions of a structure.
- G. Exposed patches and repairs shall be as inconspicuous as possible. Where new work does not match exactly the color, finish, dimension, size and the like of the existing, the new work <u>shall</u> be carried across the surface to which it is applied and be continued to a natural stopping point or corner.
- H. All cutting and patching shall be performed using skilled mechanics of the trade or craft involved. Where two or more contractors are involved with work within same penetration, safing shall be performed by the trade with the largest share of the opening being used.
- I. Each Contractor shall perform specific work for installation of new mechanical, plumbing, electrical, telecom and AV in existing exterior and interior masonry, concrete, stone, plaster and drywall walls. Patching where existing conduit and devices were surface mounted and required to be removed shall be performed by the specialty trade customarily responsible for that type of work.
- J. Cutting and Patching of Existing Roofing System: Contractors performing cutting and patching of the existing roof membrane shall be certified installers by the existing roof membrane manufacturer for their products. When existing roofing system is still under warranty, coordinate all work on the existing roofing system with manufacturer. All cutting and patching work on roofing system shall be performed in a manner that does not void the warranty.

1.05 SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS BY CONTRACTS

- A. The General Contractor, or Subcontractors directly related to the "general construction operations", shall perform -
 - 1. All cutting and patching required to install their work under the Contract and as indicated on the Architectural, Structural and Site drawings.
 - Cutting and patching of existing concrete slabs on grade in connection with underground utility work for all plumbing, heating, electric and other services; work shall be ascertained from the companion plumbing, heating and fire protection drawings; all such excavations needed shall further be accomplished by the General Contractor.
 - 3. GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL REQUIRED CUTTING AND PATCHING OF ROOF MEMBRANE AND INSULATION SYSTEMS FOR REFRAMING, CURBS, AND FLASHINGS AS REQUIRED FOR NEW ROOF EQUIPMENT OR PENETRATIONS PROVIDED BY OTHER CONTRACTORS.
- B. The HVAC Contractor shall perform -
 - 1. All cutting and rough patching required to install his work under the Contract.
 - 2. Cutting, rough and finish patching of existing walls, floors and ceilings, including refinishing of all disturbed surfaces, for the installation of new ductwork, piping and equipment, which are beyond the extent of work areas that will be removed/replaced by the General Contractor as indicated on the Architectural, Structural and Site drawings. This work statement shall be deemed to include any required trenching, bedding and backfill

- operations made necessary.
- 3. Cutting and patching of existing slabs <u>within the General Contractors</u> <u>immediate work areas</u> for the installation of new ductwork and piping shall be accomplished by the General Contractor.
- C. Electrical Contractor shall perform -
 - All cutting and rough patching required to install his work under the Contract.
 - 3. Cutting and rough and finish patching of existing walls, floors and ceilings, including refinishing of disturbed surfaces, for the installation of new conduits, busduct, feeders, fixtures and equipment, which are beyond the extent of work areas that will be removed/replaced by the General Contractor as indicated on the Architectural, Structural and Site drawings. This work statement shall be deemed to include any required trenching, bedding and backfill operations made necessary.
 - 4. Cutting and patching of existing slabs <u>within the General Contractors</u> <u>immediate work areas</u> for the installation of new ductwork and piping shall be accomplished by the General Contractor.

End of Section

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SECTION 017400

CLEANING

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 01 10 00, Article 1.01.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

- A. Description
- B. Safety Requirements
- C. Materials
- D. Cleaning During Construction
- E. Final Cleaning

1.03 DESCRIPTION

- A. In addition to that work required under Articles 3.15 and 6.3 of the AIA General Conditions, the Work included shall generally consist of the following:
 - 1. Maintain premises and all properties free from accumulations of waste, debris and rubbish caused by operations connected with the Work.
 - 2. The General Contractor shall provide for the continual removal of rubbish and debris from the area until completion of the Work and shall bear the cost of all tipping fees.
 - 3. Each Prime Contractor shall sweep up and gather together daily, all his own rubbish and deposit same at a location, or locations, as directed by the Contractor.
 - 4. At completion of Work, each respective Contractor shall remove waste materials, rubbish, tools, equipment, machinery and surplus materials, and clean all sight-exposed surfaces; leave project clean and ready for occupancy;
 - 5. Staging areas, walkways, grounds and any areas affected by the work shall be cleaned of debris and restored to "new" condition by the General Contractor.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere
 - 1. 01 10 00 Description of Work
 - 2. 01 31 13 Mechanical and Electrical Coordination
 - 3. 01 73 29 Cutting and Patching
 - 4. 01 50 00 Temporary Facilities
 - 5. 01 77 00 Project Closeout
 - 6. Cleaning for specific products or work: Reference specific Section for that work.

1.04 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

A. Standards: Maintain project in accord with following safety and insurance standards:

017400 - 1 CLEANING

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
- 2. 2016 New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code and 2016 and 2017 Uniform Code Supplements
- 3. State Education Department Manual of Planning Standards
- B. Hazards Control
 - 1. Store volatile wastes in covered metal containers, and remove from premises daily.
 - 2. Prevent accumulation of wastes which create hazardous conditions.
 - 3. Provide adequate ventilation during use of volatile or noxious substances.
- C. Conduct cleaning and disposal operations to comply with local ordinances and anti-pollution laws.
 - 1. Do not burn or bury rubbish and waste materials on project site.
 - 2. Do not dispose of volatile wastes such as mineral spirits, oil, or paint thinner in storm or sanitary drains.
 - 3. Do not dispose of wastes into streams or waterways.

1.05 MATERIALS

- A. Utilize non-toxic cleaning materials and methods.
 - 1. Comply with GS 37 for general purpose cleaning and bathroom cleaning.
 - 2. Use natural cleaning materials where feasible. Natural cleaning materials include:
 - a. abrasive cleaners: substitute 1/2 lemon dipped in borax.
 - b. ammonia: substitute vinegar, salt and water mixture, or baking soda and water.
 - c. disinfectants: substitute 1/2 cup borax in gallon water.
 - d. drain cleaners: substitute 1/4 cup baking soda and 1/4 cup vinegar in boiling water.
 - e. upholstery cleaners: substitute dry cornstarch.

1.06 CLEANING DURING CONSTRUCTION

- A. Execute cleaning to ensure that building, grounds, and public properties are maintained free from accumulations of waste materials and rubbish.
- B. Wet down dry materials and rubbish to lay dust and prevent blowing dust.
- C. At reasonable intervals during progress of work, clean site and public properties, and dispose of waste materials, debris and rubbish.
- D. Provide on-site containers for collection of waste materials, debris and rubbish.
- E. Should waste materials, debris and rubbish be too large for containers above, remove same from site and legally dispose of at public or private dumping areas off Owner's property.
- F. Vacuum clean interior building areas when ready to receive finish painting, and continue vacuum cleaning on an as-needed basis until building is ready for substantial completion or occupancy.
- G. Handle materials in a controlled manner with as few handlings as possible; do not drop or throw materials from heights.
- H. Schedule cleaning operations so that dust and other contaminants resulting from cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly painted surfaces.
- I. All materials and equipment shall be properly and effectively protected by Prime Contractors. All piping and conduits must be properly capped by installing contractor during construction so as to prevent obstruction and damage. Any

017400 - 2 CLEANING

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

damage resulting in the failure to use proper precautions to this work shall be replaced or altered to the satisfaction of the Architect.

1.07 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Employ experienced workmen, or professional cleaners, for final cleaning.
- B. In preparation for substantial completion or occupancy, conduct final inspection of sight-exposed interior and exterior surfaces, and of concealed spaces.
- C. At completion of Work, remove all remaining waste materials, rubbish, tools, equipment, machinery and surplus materials, and clean all exposed surfaces; leave Project clean and ready for occupancy.

End of Section

017400 - 3 CLEANING

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SECTION 017419

CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT

Part 1 - GENERAL

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Any and all "Waste Handlers and Haulers" shall be licensed by the Authority having jurisdiction over "Solid Waste Management" and a copy of said license shall be submitted in accordance with Article 1.05 herein.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. This Section specifies requirements for a complete program for implementation of waste management controls and systems for the duration of the Work and to
 - 1. Protect the environment, both on-site and off-site, during construction operations.
 - 2. Prevent environmental pollution and damage.
 - 3. Maximize source reduction, reuse and recycling of solid waste.

1.03 INTENT

- A. The Owner has established that this Project shall generate the least amount of waste practical and that processes that ensure the generation of as little waste as possible due to error, poor planning, breakage, mishandling, contamination, or other factors shall be employed.
- B. Of the waste that is generated, as many of the waste materials as economically feasible shall be reused, salvaged, or recycled. Waste disposal in landfills shall be minimized to the greatest extent practical. Regarding these goals, the Contractor shall develop, for Construction Manager's and Architect's review, a Waste Management Plan for this Project. The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring that debris will be disposed of at appropriately designated licensed solid waste disposal facilities, as defined by governing laws of the jurisdiction of the Work.

1.04 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

- A. After award of Contract and prior to the commencement of the Work, schedule and conduct meeting with Construction Manager and Architect to discuss the proposed Waste Management Plan and to develop mutual understanding relative to details of environmental protection.
- B. Waste Management Plan: The Contractor shall provide a plan containing the following:
 - 1. Analysis of the proposed jobsite waste to be generated, including types and rough quantities.
 - 2. Landfill Options: The name of the landfills where trash and building debris will be disposed of, the applicable landfill tipping fees, and the projected cost of disposing of all Project waste in the landfills.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 3. Landfill Certification: Contractor's statement of verification that landfills proposed for use are licensed for types of waste to be deposited and have sufficient capacity to receive waste from this project.
- 4. Alternatives to Landfilling: A list of each material proposed to be salvaged or recycled during the course of the Project. Include the following and any additional items proposed:
 - a. Cardboard.
 - b. Clean dimensional wood.
 - c. Beverage containers.
 - d. Land clearing debris.
 - e. Concrete.
 - f. Bricks and masonry.
 - g. Asphalt.
 - h. Gypsum boards.
 - i. Acoustical ceiling material (grid separate).
 - j. Metals from framing, banding, stud trim, ductwork, piping, rebar, roofing, other trim, steel, iron, galvanized sheet steel, stainless steel, aluminum, copper, zinc, lead, brass, and bronze.
 - k. Glass, colored glass allowed.
 - Plastic.
 - 1. Type 1: Polyethylene Terephthalate (PET, PETE).
 - 2. Type 2: High Density Polyethylene (HDPE).
 - 3. Type 3: Vinyl (Polyvinyl Chloride or PVC).
 - 4. Type 4: Low Density Polyethylene (LDPE).
 - 5. Type 5: Polypropylene (PP).
 - 6. Type 6: Polystyrene (PS).
 - 7. Type 7: Other. Use of this code indicates that the package in question is made with a resin other than the six listed above, or is made of more than one resin listed above, and used in a multi-layer combination.
 - m. Paint and paint cans.
 - n. Carpet.
 - o. Insulation.
 - p. Light Fixtures and other electrical apparatus.
 - q. Others as appropriate.
- 5. Meetings: A description of the regular meetings to be held to address waste management.
- 6. Materials Handling Procedures: A description of the means by which any waste materials identified above will be protected from contamination, and a description of the means to be employed in recycling the above materials consistent with requirements for acceptance by designated facilities.
- 7. Transportation: A description of the means of transportation of the recyclable materials (whether materials will be site-separated and self-hauled to designated centers, or whether mixed materials will be collected by a waste hauler and removed from the site) and destination of materials.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

A. Construction Waste Management Plan: Submit 3 copies of plan within 21 days of date established for the Notice to Proceed.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- B. Calculations and supporting documentation to demonstrate end-of-project recycling rates meeting the requirements for Construction Waste Management Plan of Item above.
- C. For materials separated for recycling off-site, establish a method for tracking the weight of the recycled material. The method shall be included in the CWM Plan for the Construction Manager's and Architect's review and approval.
- D. Waste Reduction Progress Reports: Concurrent with the Applications for Payment, submit three copies of report. Include monthly tabulations for demolition and construction waste sent off-site for disposal or recycling.
- E. Waste haulers solid waste management license.

Part 2 - PRODUCTS - NOT USED

Part 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 RECYCLING

- A. Metal, including but not limited to aluminum stairs, structural beams and sections, and reinforcing steel shall be recycled.
- B. Wood that is not painted and does not contain preservatives (i.e. creosote, arsenic, and chromium-containing preservatives) shall be segregated and recycled.
- 3.02 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN IMPLEMENTATION All sorting will be done "off site" by a recognized construction and demolition processing facility who will be responsible for provision of all documentation as to where loads were processed, and the recycling rate achieved.

**End of Section **

SECTION 017700

PROJECT CLOSE OUT

Part 1 - GENERAL

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the General Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 01 10 00, Article 1.01.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Final Cleanup
- B. Required Close Out Documentation
- C. Orientation Instruction
- D. Project Close Out Inspections
- E. Bake Out Procedures

1.03 FINAL CLEANUP

- A. The Contractor shall leave the work ready for use and occupancy without the need of further cleaning of any kind.
- B. The Contractor shall remove all tools, appliances, project signs, material and equipment from the phased areas as soon as possible upon completion of the work.
- C. The work is to be turned over to the Owner in new condition, in proper repair and in perfect adjustment.

1.04 REQUIRED CLOSE OUT DOCUMENTATION

- A. Prior to final payment the Owner shall receive, in addition to those documents required by the General Conditions, the following:
 - 1. Project record documents as per Section 01 77 19.
 - 2. The Contractor's general guarantees.
 - Specific guarantees of material, equipment and systems installed in the work.
 - 4. A copy of all test data taken in connection with the work.
 - 5. Three (3) copies of all operation and maintenance manuals which shall include:
 - a. Parts List, including illustrations, assembly drawings and diagrams required for maintenance, predicted life of parts subject to wear, and recommendations for stocking spare parts.
 - b. Copies of accepted shop drawings, charts and diagrams.
 - c. Names, addresses and telephone numbers of manufacturer's representative and service company.
 - d. Letters from each manufacturer certifying that his equipment was properly installed and is operating in accordance with manufacturer's intent.

- 6. All keys, tools, screens, spare construction material and equipment required to be furnished to the Owner as part of the work.
- 7. Copies of all Certification of Specifications Compliance as per Section 01 33 00.
- 8. Final survey if required by Municipality AND/OR Owner.
- 9. Record of Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).
- 10. Certified Payroll Records.
- 11. Fully executed Labor-Materials Affidavit
- 12. Fully executed Daily/Weekly Wage Affidavit

1.05 ORIENTATION INSTRUCTION

A. Prior to final payment appropriate maintenance personnel of the Owner shall be oriented and instructed by the Contractor in the operation of all systems and equipment as required by the Contract.

1.06 PROJECT CLOSE OUT INSPECTIONS

- A. When the Work has reached such a point of completion that the building or buildings, equipment, apparatus or phase of construction or any part thereof required by the Owner for occupancy or use can be so occupied and used for the purpose intended, the Contractor, prior to notification to the Architect, shall make a preliminary inspection of the Work to insure that all the requirements of the Contract have been met and the Work is substantially complete and is acceptable.
- B. Upon such notification, the Owner or the Architect and the Construction manager shall make a detailed inspection of the Work to insure that all the requirements of the Contract have been met and that the Work is complete and is acceptable.
- C. A copy of the report of the inspection shall be furnished to the Contractor as the inspection progresses so that the Contractor may proceed without delay with any part of the Work found to be incomplete or defective.
- D. When the items appearing on the report of inspection have been completed or corrected, the Contractor shall so advise the Construction Manager and the Architect. After receipt of this notification, the Construction Manager or the Architect shall inform the Contractor of the date and time of final inspection.
- E. A copy of the report of the final inspection containing all remaining contract exceptions, omissions and incompletions shall be furnished to the Contractor.
- F. After the receipt of notification of completion and all remaining contract exceptions, omissions and incompletions from the Contractor, the Owner and Architect and the Construction Manager will reinspect the Work to verify completion of the exception items appearing on the report of final inspection.
- G. Upon completion of reinspection, the Architect will prepare a certificate of final acceptance or will furnish to the Contractor a copy of the report of the Architect's reinspection detailing Work that is incomplete or obligations that have not been fulfilled but are required for final acceptance.
- H. The Contractor shall pay the Architect and Construction Manager for services performed in inspection beyond the original inspection and two reinspections of the same area, through a "credit" change order to the Owner in accordance with Schedule outlined in Section 01 25 00.
- 1.07 BAKE OUT PROCEDURES HVAC CONTRACT Coordinate with Section 01 15 01
 - A. Heat all areas of new construction to 95 degrees for a minimum of 72 hours.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- B. At the end of this period ventilate area with 100 percent outside air and exhaust air for a minimum of 24 hours to eliminate off gassing that occurs during bake out period.
- C. Change all air filters upon completion.

End of Section

SECTION 017703 LABOR AND/OR MATERIALS AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF:)		
COUNTY OF:)		
(Name)	-	
being duly sworn, deposes and says that he	/she is the(Officer)	
of(Nam	e of Company)	
furnishing Labor and or Materials in connect		
Turnishing Labor and or Materials in Connect	ion with a public improvement for	
(Description	on of Improvement)	
That, to his/her knowledge, all subcontracto	rs for Labor and/or Materials Dealers ha	ve been
paid the amount of money due them or not I	ess than the amount paid by Owner to the	ne
•		10
Contractor as shown by previous requisition	S.	
(Signature)		
(Title)		
(Corporate Seal)	State of)	
)ss:	
	County of)	
	Sworn to Before Me	
	ThisDay of	_, 20
	Note m. Dukli-	
	Notary Public	
	(Stamp)	

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SECTION 017704

DAILY AND WEEKLY WAGE AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF:)		
COUNTY OF:)		
(Name)		
being duly sworn, deposes and says that he/she is	s the(Officer)	
of		
(Name of Cor		
furnishing Labor and or Materials in connection wi	th a public improvement for	
(Description of Improvement)		
That, to his/her knowledge, all laborers for Daily a	nd Weekly Wages employed by	
, or	n such improvement, have been p	aid in full
except_		
(Name and Amoun	t Due, If Any)	
This statement read, subscribed and sworn to by under Contract for such improvement.	me to induce the said Owner to m	nake payment
(Signature)		
(Title)		
(Corporate Seal)	State of)
	County of	ss:)
	Sworn to Before Me	
	ThisDay of	, 20
	Notary Public (Stamp)	

SECTION 017719

PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

(Coordinate with Article 6 of the General Conditions)

Part 1 - GENERAL

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the General Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 01 10 00, Article 1.01.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Project Record Drawings
- B. Record Drawing Certification

1.03 PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS

A. The purpose of the project drawings is to record the actual location of the work in place including but not limited to underground lines, concealed piping within buildings, concealed valves and control equipment, and to record changes in the work.

In addition to the above, these drawings shall be "color-coded", by each trade, on a daily basis to indicate progress of the work. Color legend will be assigned by the Architect.

B. In addition to the sets of contract drawings that are required by the Contractor on the site to perform the work, the Contractor shall maintain, at the site, one (1) copy of all drawings, specifications and addenda that are part of the Contract as awarded.

Each of these documents should be clearly marked "Project Record Copy", maintained in a clean and neat condition available at all times for inspection by the Owner, Construction Manager or the Architect, and shall not be used for any other purpose during the progress of the work.

The Construction Manager will be the custodian of the project record documents until the end of the Project.

- C. Project Record Requirements
 - 1. The Contractor shall mark-up the "Project Record Copy" to show:
 - a. Approved changes in the work.
 - b. Location of underground work and concealed work.
 - c. Details not shown in the original Contract Documents.
 - d. Any relocation of work including piping, conduits, ducts and the like.
 - e. All changes in dimensions.

- f. All access doors <u>and</u> "tack" locations access points in accessible ceilings.
- g. Location of all plumbing, heating, ventilating, air conditioning or electrical assemblies, whether existing to remain or newly installed.
- h. Revisions to any electrical circuitry.
- 2. Such information shall include, but shall not be limited to:
 - a. Footing depth in relation to finished grade elevations.
 - b. Any change in floor elevations.
 - c. Any structural changes.
 - d. Any substitutions.
 - e. Elevations and locations of all underground utilities, services, or structures referenced to permanent above ground structures or monuments.
 - f. Designation of all utilities as to the size and use of such utilities.
 - g. All invert elevations of manholes.
 - h. The location of all utilities, services and appurtenances concealed in building structures that have been installed differently from that required by the Contract.
 - Any approved change order.

and other such data as required by the Architect and/or Owner so as to establish a complete record of "As-Constructed" conditions.

- D. The Contractor shall keep the project record documents up-to-date from day to day as the work progresses. Appropriate documents are to be updated promptly and accurately; no work is to be permanently concealed until all required information has been recorded.
- E. The project record drawings are to be submitted by the Contractor to the Architect through the Construction Manager when all the work is completed and is approved by the Owner and the Architect before the Contractor may request final payment.

If the project record drawings as submitted are found to be unacceptable due to incompleteness or inaccurate information, the drawings shall be returned to the offending Contractor for corrective action and resubmitted for approval prior to the release of final payment.

FINAL PAYMENT IS CONTINGENT UPON PREPARATION OF FINAL PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS ON A SET OF "PRINTS" and CAD USB DRIVES IN "DXF" or "DWG" FORMAT AS APPROVED BY THE OWNER (A SET OF BASE USB DRIVES WILL BE FURNISHED BY THE ARCHITECT) AND SUBMITTAL OF SAME TO THE OWNER, THROUGH THE ARCHITECT.

F. In addition to the drawings required as mentioned above, the Contractor shall submit a list of all approved Shop Drawings of the Work as installed.

From this list the Architect will select the drawings desired for permanent records. The Contractor shall furnish these in a bound set to the Owner as part of the closeout requirements.

1.04 RECORD DRAWING CERTIFICATION

A. The record drawings required under the terms and conditions of this Section shall be reviewed and processed by each of the Prime Contractors as part of their

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

overall contractual responsibility.

B. This certification may be issued for individual trades or as a collective document to cover the entire record drawing requirements of the project.

The format of this certification shall be as follows:

These record drawings prepared by:		
forreviewed by the undersigned and:	have	been
Appear to be an accurate representation of the work incorporated w and are accepted as submitted in accordance with the technical do		•
This record document review made by this office is for determination of corequirements of the contract documents.	mpliance	e to the
Firm		Name:
Review Date:		

End of Section

SECTION 017823

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS (Coordinate with Division 26, Most Restrictive Provisions Apply)

Part 1 - GENERAL

1.01 GENERAL

- A. Requirements set forth herein are in addition to and shall be considered as complementary to the General Conditions of the Contract and the balance of Division #1 and Technical Specifications.
- B. All Contractors, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, Vendors and the like shall be required to familiarize themselves with said provisions.
- C. Definitions as apply to "Contractors" involved with the work of this Project shall be as set forth in Section 01 10 00, Article 1.01.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Start Up and Demonstration
- B. Parts List
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data

1.03 START UP AND DEMONSTRATION

- A. The work required herein consists of starting up and demonstrating all systems and equipment to operating personnel <u>and</u> includes training of said operating personnel.
- B. The respective Trade or Subcontractor shall make arrangements, via the Construction Manager (with notification to the Architect), as to whom the instructions are to be given in the operation of the basic and auxiliary systems and the period of time in which they are to be given.
- C. As specified in individual sections, furnish the services of instructors to train designated personnel in adjustment, operation, maintenance, and safety requirements of equipment and systems. If procedures are not specified for specific items of equipment, follow that recommended by the item Manufacturer.
- D. Instructors shall be thoroughly familiar with the equipment and systems and shall be trained in operating theory as well as practical operation and maintenance work. Instruction shall be given after the equipment or system has been accepted and turned over to the Owner. The duration of instruction shall be as specified in individual sections but shall be not less than two (2) days on each portion of operating mechanical/electrical systems. Use Operating and Maintenance Data as a training guide.
- E. The Architect shall be completely satisfied that the representative of the Owner has been thoroughly and completely instructed in the proper operation of all systems and equipment before final payment is made. If the Architect determines that complete and thorough instructions have not been given by the contractor to the Construction Manager, then the offending Contractor shall be directed by the Architect to provide whatever instructions are necessary until the intent of this paragraph of the Specification has been complied with as determined by the Architect.

1.04 PARTS LIST

04 December 2023
Bid Documents

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

A. As required the respective Trade or Subcontractor shall furnish three (3) typed sets of instructions for the ordering and stocking of spare parts for all equipment installed. The lists shall include parts numbered and suggested supplier. Each set shall also include an itemized list of component parts that should be kept on hand and where such parts can be purchased.

1.05 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. The Contractor shall submit to the Construction Manager for approval three (3) typed sets, bound neatly in hard backed loose leaf binders, of all instructions for the installation, operation, care and maintenance of all equipment, fixtures and systems.
 - 1. Provide typed or printed label identifying binder as operating and maintenance data. List title of project, contract number, and location of equipment.
 - 2. Furnish manufacturer's printed data or sheets neatly typewritten on 8-1/2 inch by 11 inch, 20 pound minimum white paper. Provide indexed tabs.
 - 3. Drawings: Bind in with text. Provide reinforcement rings. Fold larger drawings to the size of the text pages.

Information shall indicate possible problems with equipment and suggested corrective action.

B. CONTENT OF MANUAL FOR EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

The instructions shall contain information deemed necessary by the Architect and include but not be limited to the following:

- 1. Introduction:
 - a. Explanation of Manual and its use.
 - b. Summary description of all mechanical and electrical and equipment operating systems.
 - c. Purpose of systems.
 - d. Maintenance scheduling summary analysis, sheets and software operating instructions and diskette(s).
- 2. System:
 - a. Detailed description of all systems.
 - b. Illustrations, schematics, block diagrams, photographs and other exhibits.
 - c. Complete wiring diagrams, tabulations and installation drawings.
 - d. Valve tag charts and control diagrams.
 - e. 1/2 size reduced copy of "Record Drawings".
- 3. Operations:
 - a. Complete detailed, step-by-step, sequential description of all phases of operation for portion of the systems, including startup, shutdown, adjusting and balancing, and emergency procedures. Include all posted instruction charts.
- 4. Maintenance:
 - a. Parts list and parts number.
 - b. Maintenance, lubrication and replacement charts and Contractor's recommendations for preventative maintenance.
 - c. Trouble shooting charts for systems and components.
 - d. Instructions of testing each type of part.

- e. Recommended list of on-hand spare parts.
- f. Complete calibration instructions for all parts and entire systems.
- g. Instruction for charging, filling, draining and purging.
- h. General or miscellaneous maintenance notes.
- 5. Manufacturer's Literature:
 - Complete listing for all parts with names, addresses and telephone numbers.
 - b. Care and operation.
 - c. All and only pertinent brochures, illustrations, drawings, cuts, bulletins, technical data, certified performance charts and other literature with the model actually furnished to be clearly and conspicuously identified.
 - d. Internal wiring diagrams and engineering data sheets for all items and/or equipment to be furnished.
 - e. Guarantee and warranty data.
- 6. Instructions for lubricating each piece of equipment installed. Instructions shall state type of lubricant, where and how frequently lubrication is required.

Frame all instructions under glass and hang in the Mechanical Room <u>or</u> other location as directed by Construction Manager.

- C. MANUALS FOR PRODUCTS, MATERIALS, AND FINISHES:
 - 1. Submit three (3) copies of complete manual.
 - 2. Content: Provide complete information for architectural products, applied materials, and finishes.
 - a. Manufacturer's data, including catalog number, size, composition, color and texture designations, and information for reordering.
 - b. Instructions for care and maintenance, including manufacturer's recommendations for cleaning agents and methods; cautions against detrimental cleaning agents and methods; and recommended schedule for cleaning and maintenance.

End of Section

SECTION 024119 - SELECTIVE STRUCTURE DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of a building or structure.
 - 2. Salvage of selected building components and elements.
 - 3. Repair procedures for selective demolition operations.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 01 General Requirements for temporary construction and environmental-protection measures for selective demolition operations.
 - 2. Division 01 General Requirements for cutting and patching procedures for selective demolition operations.
 - 3. Selective removal and replacement of brick and cast stone at exterior walls is specified in Division 04 Section "Masonry Replacement Work."

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site, unless indicated to be removed and salvaged or removed and reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Salvage: Detach items from existing construction and deliver them to Owner ready for reuse.
- C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, prepare them for reuse, and reinstall them where indicated.
- D. Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.

1.3 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

A. Except for items or materials indicated to be reused, salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, demolished materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from Project site.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.

- B. Proposed Dust-Control, Noise-Control and Other Special Measures: Submit statement or drawing that indicates the measures proposed for use, proposed locations, and proposed time frame for their operation. Identify options if proposed measures are later determined to be inadequate.
- C. Schedule of Selective Demolition Activities: Indicate the following:
 - 1. Detailed sequence of selective demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity. Ensure Owner's on-site operations are uninterrupted.
 - 2. Interruption of utility services.
 - 3. Coordination for shutoff, capping, and continuation of utility services.
- D. Inventory: After selective demolition is complete, submit a list of items that have been removed and salvaged.
- E. Predemolition Photographs or Videotape: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction and site improvements, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by selective demolition operations. Submit before Work begins.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Demolition Firm Qualifications: An experienced firm that has specialized in demolition work similar in material and extent to that indicated for this Project.
- B. Professional Engineer Qualifications: Comply with Division 01 General Requirements.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Standards: Comply with ANSI A10.6 and NFPA 241.
- E. Predemolition Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 General Requirements.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Owner will occupy portions of site and buildings immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted. Provide not less than 2 weeks' notice to Owner of activities that will affect Owner's operations.
- B. Owner may elect to salvage certain items from areas of construction other than those indicated on Drawings as "salvage" prior to selective demolition operations. Give 2 weeks

notice to Owner prior to commencing any selective demolition processes to allow for Owner salvage operations.

- C. Maintain access to existing walkways, roadways, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities.
 - 1. Do not close or obstruct walkways, roadways, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Owner assumes no responsibility for condition of areas to be selectively demolished.
 - 1. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- E. Hazardous Materials: Remediation of existing hazardous materials, if any, will be completed prior to commencement of selective demolition in the areas where hazardous materials are present.
 - 1. If materials suspected of containing hazardous materials that have not been previously identified in the Contract Documents are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner.
 - 2. A hazardous materials report is included in the Specifications for information only.
- F. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site will not be permitted.
- G. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 REPAIR MATERIALS

- A. Use repair materials identical to existing materials.
 - 1. If identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used for exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match existing adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible.
 - 2. Use materials whose installed performance equals or surpasses that of existing materials.
- B. Comply with material and installation requirements specified in individual Specification Sections.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped.

- B. Survey existing conditions and correlate with requirements indicated to determine extent of selective demolition required.
- C. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and reinstalled and items to be removed and salvaged.
- D. When unanticipated mechanical, electrical, or structural elements that conflict with intended function or design are encountered, investigate and measure the nature and extent of conflict. Promptly submit a written report to Architect.
- E. Perform surveys as the Work progresses to detect hazards resulting from selective demolition activities.

3.2 UTILITY SERVICES

- A. Existing Utilities: Maintain services indicated to remain and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
- B. Do not interrupt existing utilities serving occupied or operating facilities unless authorized in writing by Owner and authorities having jurisdiction. Provide temporary services during interruptions to existing utilities, as acceptable to Owner and to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Provide at least 2 weeks' notice to Owner if shutdown of service is required during changeover.
- C. Utility Requirements: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off indicated utilities serving areas to be selectively demolished.
 - 1. Arrange to shut off indicated utilities with utility companies.
 - 2. If utility services are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, before proceeding with selective demolition provide temporary utilities that bypass area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of service to other parts of building.
 - 3. Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal remaining portion of pipe or conduit after bypassing.
 - 4. Do not start selective demolition work until utility disconnecting and sealing have been completed and verified in writing.

3.3 PREPARATION

- A. Dangerous Materials: Drain, purge, or otherwise remove, collect, and dispose of chemicals, gases, explosives, acids, flammables, or other dangerous materials before proceeding with selective demolition operations.
- B. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, walkways, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic ways if required by governing regulations.
- 2. Erect temporary protection, such as walks, fences, railings, canopies, and covered passageways, where required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Temporary Facilities: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent site improvements, structures and facilities to remain.
 - 1. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area and to and from occupied portions of building.
 - 2. Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.
 - 3. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.
 - 4. Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, and equipment that have not been removed.
 - 5. Provide special protection measures as required by Owner.
- D. Temporary Enclosures: Provide temporary enclosures for protection of existing building and construction, in progress and completed, from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities. Provide temporary weathertight enclosure for building exterior.
 - 1. Where heating or cooling is needed and permanent enclosure is not complete, provide insulated temporary enclosures. Coordinate enclosure with ventilating and material drying or curing requirements to avoid dangerous conditions and effects
- E. Temporary Partitions: Erect and maintain dustproof partitions and temporary enclosures to limit dust and dirt migration and to separate areas from fumes and noise.
- F. Temporary Shoring: Provide and maintain interior and exterior shoring, bracing, or structural support to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
 - 1. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selective demolition.

3.4 POLLUTION CONTROLS

- A. Dust Control: Use water mist, temporary enclosures, and other suitable methods to limit spread of dust and dirt. Comply with governing environmental-protection regulations.
 - 1. Do not use water when it may damage existing construction or create hazardous or objectionable conditions, such as ice, flooding, and pollution.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- B. Disposal: Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
 - 1. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
- C. Cleaning: Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

3.5 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
 - 1. Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.
 - 2. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping, to minimize disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
 - 3. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
 - 4. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
 - 5. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.
 - 6. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
 - 7. Remove structural framing members and lower to ground by method suitable to avoid free fall and to prevent ground impact or dust generation.
 - 8. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
 - 9. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly.
 - 10. Return elements of construction and surfaces that are to remain to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.
- B. Removed and Salvaged Items: Comply with the following:
 - 1. Clean salvaged items.
 - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
 - 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
 - 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area designated by Owner.
 - 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- C. Removed and Reinstalled Items: Comply with the following:
 - 1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse. Paint equipment to match new equipment.
 - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.
 - 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
 - 4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.
- D. Salvage items indicated on the Drawings as "salvage".
- E. Existing Facilities: Comply with Owner's requirements for using and protecting elevators, stairs, walkways, building entries, and other building facilities during selective demolition operations.
- F. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.
- G. Concrete: Demolish in small sections. Cut concrete to a depth of at least 3/4 inch (19 mm) at junctures with construction to remain, using power-driven saw. Dislodge concrete from reinforcement at perimeter of areas being demolished, cut reinforcement, and then remove remainder of concrete indicated for selective demolition. Neatly trim openings to dimensions indicated.
- H. Masonry: Demolish in small sections. Cut masonry at junctures with construction to remain, using power-driven saw, then remove masonry between saw cuts.
- I. Concrete Slabs-on-Grade: Saw-cut perimeter of area to be demolished, then break up and remove.
- J. Air-Conditioning Equipment: Remove equipment without releasing refrigerants.

3.6 PATCHING AND REPAIRS

- A. General: Promptly repair damage to adjacent construction caused by selective demolition operations.
- B. Patching: Comply with Division 01 Section "Cutting and Patching."
- C. Repairs: Where repairs to existing surfaces are required, patch to produce surfaces suitable for new materials.
 - 1. Completely fill holes and depressions in existing masonry walls that are to remain with an approved masonry patching material applied according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- D. Finishes: Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend restoration into adjoining construction in a manner that eliminates evidence of patching and refinishing.
- E. Floors and Walls: Where walls or partitions that are demolished extend one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform finish color, texture, and appearance. Remove existing floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, if necessary, to achieve uniform color and appearance.
 - 1. Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Sections of these Specifications.
 - 2. Where patching occurs in a painted surface, apply primer and intermediate paint coats over patch and apply final paint coat over entire unbroken surface containing patch. Provide additional coats until patch blends with adjacent surfaces.
 - 3. Where feasible, test and inspect patched areas after completion to demonstrate integrity of installation.
- F. Ceilings: Patch, repair, or rehang existing ceilings as necessary to provide an even-plane surface of uniform appearance.
- G. Roof Coverings: Patch and repair existing roof covering system to match existing construction and to provide a watertight finished roof covering. If roof system is still under warranty, work must be performed by roof system manufacturer's approved and certified installer in accordance with all roof manufacturer's requirements to maintain warranty.

3.7 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. General: Promptly dispose of demolished materials. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.
- C. Disposal: Transport demolished materials off Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

END OF SECTION 024119

SECTION 054000 - COLD-FORMED METAL FRAMING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Interior load bearing steel stud framing at learning stair.
 - 2. Interior load bearing steel floor joist framing at learning stair.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for miscellaneous steel framing.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance: Provide cold-formed metal framing capable of withstanding design loads within limits and under conditions indicated.
 - 1. Design Loads: As indicated in structural notes on the Drawings.
 - 2. Deflection Limits: Design framing systems to withstand design loads without deflections greater than the following:
 - a. Load Bearing Studs: Horizontal deflection of 1/120 of the horizontally projected span.
 - b. Floor Joists: L/360 for live load and L/240 for total load
 - 3. Design framing systems to provide for movement of framing members without damage or overstressing, sheathing failure, connection failure, undue strain on fasteners and anchors, or other detrimental effects when subject to a maximum ambient temperature change of 120 deg F (67 deg C).
- B. Cold-Formed Steel Framing, General: Design according to AISI's "Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Framing General Provisions."
- C. Cold-Formed Steel Framing Design Standards:
 - 1. Wall Studs: AISI S211.
 - 2. Headers: AISI S212.
 - 3. Lateral Design: AISI S213.
- D. AISI Specifications and Standards: Unless more stringent requirements are indicated, comply with AISI S100 and AISI S200.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of cold-formed metal framing product and accessory indicated.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- B. Shop Drawings: Show layout, spacings, sizes, thicknesses, and types of cold-formed metal framing; fabrication; and fastening and anchorage details, including mechanical fasteners. Show reinforcing channels, opening framing, supplemental framing, strapping, bracing, bridging, splices, accessories, connection details, and attachment to adjoining work.
 - 1. For cold-formed metal framing indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the professional engineer licensed in the State of New York, who is responsible for their preparation.
- C. Welding certificates.
- D. Qualification Data: For professional engineer.
- E. Product Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency, unless otherwise stated, indicating that each of the following complies with requirements, based on evaluation of comprehensive tests for current products:
 - 1. Steel sheet.
 - 2. Expansion anchors.
 - 3. Power-actuated anchors.
 - 4. Mechanical fasteners.
 - 5. Vertical deflection clips.
 - 6. Horizontal drift deflection clips
 - 7. Miscellaneous structural clips and accessories.
- F. Research/Evaluation Reports: For cold-formed metal framing.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings, design calculations, and other structural data by a qualified professional engineer.
- B. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer who is licensed in the State of New York and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of cold-formed metal framing that are similar to those indicated for this Project in material, design, and extent.
- C. Product Tests: Mill certificates or data from a qualified independent testing agency indicating steel sheet complies with requirements, including base-metal thickness, yield strength, tensile strength, total elongation, chemical requirements, and metallic-coating thickness.
- D. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code--Steel," and AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code--Sheet Steel."
- E. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Where indicated, provide cold-formed metal framing identical to that of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

- F. AISI Specifications and Standards: Comply with AISI's "North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members" and its "Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Framing General Provisions."
 - 1. Comply with AISI's "Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Framing Truss Design."
- G. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect cold-formed metal framing from corrosion, deformation, and other damage during delivery, storage, and handling.
- B. Store cold-formed metal framing, protect with a waterproof covering, and ventilate to avoid condensation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering cold-formed metal framing that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. ClarkDietrich Building Systems.
 - 2. MarinoWare; a division of Ware Industries.
 - 3. Super Stud Building Products, Inc.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1003/A 1003M, Structural Grade, Type H, metallic coated, of grade and coating weight as follows:
 - 1. Grade: ST33H (ST230H) and ST50H (ST340H) as required by structural performance.
 - 2. Coating: G60 (Z180).

2.3 INTERIOR LOAD BEARING WALL FRAMING

- A. Built-up Members: Built-up members of manufacturer's standard C-shaped steel section, with stiffened flanges, nested into a U-shaped steel section joist track, with unstiffened flanges; unpunched; of web depths indicated; and as follows:
 - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 16 gauge minimum, unless otherwise indicated Drawings.
 - 2. Flange Width: 1-5/8 inches (41 mm), minimum.

2.4 FLOOR JOIST FRAMING

- A. Steel Floor Joists: Manufacturer's standard C-shaped steel sections, of web depths indicated, unpunched, with stiffened flanges, and as follows:
 - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0538 inch (1.37 mm) minimum, unless otherwise indicated Drawings.
 - 2. Flange Width: 1-5/8 inches (41 mm), minimum

2.5 FRAMING ACCESSORIES

- A. Fabricate steel-framing accessories from steel sheet, ASTM A 1003/A 1003M, Structural Grade, Type H, metallic coated, of same grade and coating weight used for framing members.
- B. Provide accessories of manufacturer's standard thickness and configuration, unless otherwise indicated, as follows:
 - 1. Supplementary framing.
 - 2. Bracing, bridging, and solid blocking.
 - 3. Web stiffeners.
 - 4. Anchor clips.
 - 5. End clips.
 - 6. Gusset plates.
 - 7. Hole reinforcing plates.
 - 8. Backer plates.

2.6 ANCHORS, CLIPS, AND FASTENERS

- A. Steel Shapes and Clips: ASTM A 36/A 36M, zinc coated by hot-dip process according to ASTM A 123/A 123M.
- B. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36, threaded carbon-steel hex-headed bolts headless, hooked bolts headless bolts, with encased end threaded, and carbon-steel nuts; and flat, hardened-steel washers; zinc coated by hot-dip process according to ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C mechanically deposition according to ASTM B 695, Class 50.
- C. Expansion Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 5 times design load, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
- D. Power-Actuated Anchors: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times design load, as determined by testing per ASTM E 1190 conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
- E. Mechanical Fasteners: ASTM C 1513, corrosion-resistant-coated, self-drilling, self-tapping steel drill screws.
 - 1. Head Type: Low-profile head beneath sheathing, manufacturer's standard elsewhere.

F. Welding Electrodes: Comply with AWS standards.

2.7 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Galvanizing Repair Paint: SSPC-Paint 20 or DOD-P-21035
- B. Cement Grout: Portland cement, ASTM C 150, Type I; and clean, natural sand, ASTM C 404. Mix at ratio of 1 part cement to 2-1/2 parts sand, by volume, with minimum water required for placement and hydration.
- C. Nonmetallic, Nonshrink Grout: Premixed, nonmetallic, noncorrosive, nonstaining grout containing selected silica sands, portland cement, shrinkage-compensating agents, and plasticizing and water-reducing agents, complying with ASTM C 1107, with fluid consistency and 30-minute working time.
- D. Shims: Load bearing, high-density multimonomer plastic, nonleaching.
- E. Sealer Gaskets: Closed-cell neoprene foam, 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) thick, selected from manufacturer's standard widths to match width of bottom track or rim track members.

2.8 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate cold-formed metal framing and accessories plumb, square, and true to line, and with connections securely fastened, according to referenced AISI's specifications and standards, manufacturer's written instructions, and requirements in this Section.
 - 1. Fabricate framing assemblies using jigs or templates.
 - 2. Cut framing members by sawing or shearing; do not torch cut.
 - 3. Fasten cold-formed metal framing members by welding, screw fastening, clinch fastening, or riveting as standard with fabricator. Wire tying of framing members is not permitted.
 - Comply with AWS D1.3 requirements and procedures for welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.
 - b. Locate mechanical fasteners and install according to Shop Drawings, with screw penetrating joined members by not less than three exposed screw threads.
 - 4. Fasten other materials to cold-formed metal framing by welding, bolting, or screw fastening, according to Shop Drawings.
- B. Reinforce, stiffen, and brace framing assemblies to withstand handling, delivery, and erection stresses. Lift fabricated assemblies to prevent damage or permanent distortion.
- C. Fabrication Tolerances: Fabricate assemblies level, plumb, and true to line to a maximum allowable tolerance variation of 1/8 inch in 10 feet (1:960) and as follows:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Spacing: Space individual framing members no more than plus or minus 1/8 inch (3 mm) from plan location. Cumulative error shall not exceed minimum fastening requirements of sheathing or other finishing materials.
- 2. Squareness: Fabricate each cold-formed metal framing assembly to a maximum out-of-square tolerance of 1/8 inch (3 mm).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine supporting substrates and abutting structural framing for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
 - 1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Before sprayed fire-resistive materials are applied, attach continuous angles, supplementary framing, or tracks to structural members indicated to receive sprayed fire-resistive materials.
- B. After applying sprayed fire-resistive materials, remove only as much of these materials as needed to complete installation of cold-formed framing without reducing thickness of fire-resistive materials below that are required to obtain fire-resistance rating indicated. Protect remaining fire-resistive materials from damage.
- C. Install load bearing shims or grout between the underside of wall bottom track or rim track and the top of foundation wall or slab at stud or joist locations to ensure a uniform bearing surface on supporting concrete or masonry construction.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Cold-formed metal framing may be shop or field fabricated for installation, or it may be field assembled.
- B. Install cold-formed metal framing according to AISI's "Standard for Cold-Formed Steel Framing General Provisions" and to manufacturer's written instructions unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
- C. Install shop- or field-fabricated, cold-formed framing and securely anchor to supporting structure.
 - 1. Screw, bolt, or weld wall panels at horizontal and vertical junctures to produce flush, even, true-to-line joints with maximum variation in plane and true position between fabricated panels not exceeding 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
- D. Install cold-formed metal framing and accessories plumb, square, and true to line, and with connections securely fastened.

- 1. Cut framing members by sawing or shearing; do not torch cut.
- 2. Fasten cold-formed metal framing members by welding, screw fastening, clinch fastening, or riveting. Wire tying of framing members is not permitted.
 - a. Comply with AWS D1.3 requirements and procedures for welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.
 - b. Locate mechanical fasteners and install according to Shop Drawings, and complying with requirements for spacing, edge distances, and screw penetration.
- E. Install framing members in one-piece lengths unless splice connections are indicated for track or tension members.
- F. Install temporary bracing and supports to secure framing and support loads comparable in intensity to those for which structure was designed. Maintain braces and supports in place, undisturbed, until entire integrated supporting structure has been completed and permanent connections to framing are secured.
- G. Do not bridge building expansion and control joints with cold-formed metal framing. Independently frame both sides of joints.
- H. Fasten hole reinforcing plate over web penetrations that exceed size of manufacturer's standard punched openings.
- I. Erection Tolerances: Install cold-formed metal framing level, plumb, and true to line to a maximum allowable tolerance variation of 1/8 inch in 10 feet (1:960) and as follows:
 - 1. Space individual framing members no more than plus or minus 1/8 inch (3 mm) from plan location. Cumulative error shall not exceed minimum fastening requirements of sheathing or other finishing materials.

3.4 INTERIOR LOAD-BEARING WALL INSTALLATION

- A. Install continuous tracks sized to match studs. Align tracks accurately and securely anchor to supporting structure as indicated.
- B. Fasten both flanges of studs to top and bottom track, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Space studs as indicated on Shop Drawings.
- D. Set studs plumb, except as needed for diagonal bracing or required for nonplumb walls or warped surfaces and similar requirements.
- E. Isolate non-load-bearing steel framing from building structure as required on Drawings to prevent transfer of vertical loads while providing lateral support.
 - 1. Install single-leg deflection tracks and anchor to building structure.
 - 2. Install double deep-leg deflection tracks and anchor outer track to building structure.
 - 3. Connect vertical deflection clips to studs and anchor to building structure.

- 4. Connect drift clips to cold formed metal framing and anchor to building structure.
- F. Install horizontal bridging in wall studs, spaced in rows indicated on Shop Drawings but not more than 48 inches (1220 mm) apart. Fasten at each stud intersection.
 - 1. Install additional row of horizontal bridging in curtain wall stud beneath deflection track when curtain wall studs are not fastened to an additional top track.
 - 2. Bridging: Cold-rolled steel channel, welded or mechanically fastened to webs of punched studs.
- G. Install miscellaneous framing and connections, including stud kickers, web stiffeners, clip angles, continuous angles, anchors, fasteners, and stud girts, to provide a complete and stable wall-framing system.

3.5 INSTALLATION OF JOIST FRAMING

- A. Install perimeter joist track sized to match joists. Align and securely anchor or fasten track to supporting structure at corners, ends, and spacings indicated on Shop Drawings.
- B. Install joists bearing on supporting frame, level, straight, and plumb; adjust to final position, brace, and reinforce. Fasten joists to both flanges of joist track.
- C. Install bridging at intervals indicated on Shop Drawings.
- D. Install miscellaneous joist framing and connections, including web stiffeners, closure pieces, clip angles, continuous angles, hold-down angles, anchors, and fasteners, to provide a complete and stable joist-framing assembly.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Field and shop welds and screw connections will be subject to testing and inspecting.
- C. Testing agency will report test results within 24 hours and in writing to Contractor and Architect.
- D. Remove and replace work where test results indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.
- E. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
- F. Inspect all prefabricated trusses before installation.

3.7 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- A. Galvanizing Repairs: Prepare and repair damaged galvanized coatings on fabricated and installed cold-formed metal framing with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A 780 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer, that ensure that cold-formed metal framing is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 054000

SECTION 055000 - METAL FABRICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Steel stairs with concrete-filled treads.
 - 2. Handrails and railings at stairs.
 - 3. Handrails attached to walls adjacent to stairs.
 - 4. Guardrails at roof.
 - 5. Loose bearing and leveling plates.
 - 6. Loose steel lintels.
 - 7. Steel framing and supports for ceiling hung equipment, and other items indicated on Drawings.
 - 8. Steel framing and supports for mechanical and electrical equipment.
 - 9. Steel framing and supports for part height partitions.
 - 10. Steel framing and supports for applications where framing and supports are not specified in other Sections.
 - 11. Steel perforated radiator covers.
 - 12. Metal performance trusses
 - 13. Aluminum stair treads at exterior.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design metal stairs, handrails and railings, and guardrails.
- B. Structural Performance of Metal Stairs, Walkways and Platforms: Provide metal stairs, walkways and platforms capable of withstanding the following structural loads without exceeding the allowable design working stress of the materials involved, including anchors and connections. Apply each load to produce the maximum stress in each component of metal stairs, walkways and platforms.
 - 1. Treads and Platforms of Metal Stairs, and Walkways: Capable of withstanding a uniform load of 100 lbf/sq. ft. (4.79 kN/sq. m) or a concentrated load of 300 lbf (1.33 kN) on an area of 4 sq. in. (25.8 sq. cm), whichever produces the greater stress.
 - 2. Stair and Walkway Framing: Capable of withstanding stresses resulting from loads specified above in addition to stresses resulting from railing system loads.
 - 3. Limit deflection of treads, platforms, walkways and framing members to L/360 or 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), whichever is less.
- C. Structural Performance of Handrails and Railings: Provide handrails and railings capable of withstanding the following structural loads without exceeding the allowable design working stress of materials for handrails, railings, anchors, and connections:

- 1. Top Rail of Guards: Capable of withstanding the following loads applied as indicated:
 - a. Concentrated load of 200 lbf (890 N) applied at any point and in any direction.
 - b. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ft. (730 N/m) applied horizontally and concurrently with uniform load of 100 lbf/ft. (1460 N/m) applied vertically downward.
 - c. Concentrated and uniform loads above need not be assumed to act concurrently.
- 2. Handrails Not Serving as Top Rails: Capable of withstanding the following loads applied as indicated:
 - a. Concentrated load of 200 lbf (890 N) applied at any point and in any direction.
 - b. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ft. (730 N/m) applied in any direction.
 - c. Concentrated and uniform loads above need not be assumed to act concurrently.
- 3. Infill Area of Guards: Capable of withstanding a horizontal concentrated load of 200 lbf (890 N) applied to 1 sq. ft. (0.09 sq. m) at any point in system, including panels, intermediate rails, balusters, or other elements composing infill area.
 - a. Load above need not be assumed to act concurrently with loads on top rails in determining stress on guards.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For all fabricated products including the following:
 - 1. Paint products.
 - 2. Grout.
 - 3. Performance trusses.
 - 4. Treads
 - 5. Radiator covers
- B. Shop Drawings: Detail fabrication and erection of each metal fabrication indicated. Include plans, elevations, sections, and details of metal fabrications and their connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.
 - 1. For installed products indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
- C. Samples for Verification: Sample of the following:
 - 1. 6" square piece of perforated steel plate used for radiator covers, with final painted finish.
 - 2. 6" long fabricated stainless steel handrail

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Welding Certificates: Copies of certificates for welding procedures and personnel.

- B. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For stairs, handrails and railings, and guardrails, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: A firm experienced in producing metal fabrications similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units.
- B. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of metal stairs, platforms, walkways, and handrails and railing systems that are similar to those indicated for this Project in material, design, and extent.
- C. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - 1. AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."
 - 2. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code--Sheet Steel."
 - 3. AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code--Aluminum."
 - 4. AWS D1.6, "Structural Welding Code--Stainless Steel."
 - 5. Certify that each welder has satisfactorily passed AWS qualification tests for welding processes involved and, if pertinent, has undergone recertification.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Where metal fabrications are indicated to fit walls and other construction, verify dimensions by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
 - Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating metal fabrications without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions. Allow for trimming and fitting.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate installation of anchorages for metal fabrications. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts,

anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

1.8 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

- A. Sequence and coordinate installation of wall handrails as follows:
 - 1. Mount handrails only on completed walls. Do not support handrails temporarily by any means not satisfying structural performance requirements.
 - 2. Mount handrails only on gypsum board assemblies reinforced to receive anchors, and where the location of concealed anchor plates has been clearly marked for benefit of Installer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METALS, GENERAL

A. Metal Surfaces, General: For metal fabrications exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces without blemishes. Do not use materials with exposed pitting, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or roughness.

2.2 FERROUS METALS

- A. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- B. Steel Tubing: Cold-formed steel tubing complying with ASTM A 500. For exterior installations and where indicated, provide tubing with hot-dip galvanized coating.
- C. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53, standard weight (Schedule 40), unless another weight is indicated or required by structural loads. For exterior installations and where indicated, provide pipe with hot-dip galvanized coating.
- D. Slotted Channel Framing: Cold-formed metal channels with flange edges returned toward web and with 9/16-inch- (14.3-mm-) wide slotted holes in webs at 2 inches (51 mm) o.c.
 - 1. Width of Channels: 1-5/8 inches (41 mm).
 - 2. Depth of Channels: As indicated.
 - 3. Metal and Thickness: Galvanized steel complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, structural quality, Grade 33 (Grade 230), with G90 (Z275) coating; 0.108-inch (2.8-mm) nominal thickness.
 - 4. Finish: Unfinished.
- E. Malleable-Iron Castings: ASTM A 47, Grade 32510 (ASTM A 47M, Grade 22010).
- F. Gray-Iron Castings: ASTM A 48, Class 30 (ASTM A 48M, Class 200), unless another class is indicated or required by structural loads.

- G. Cast-in-Place Anchors in Concrete: Anchors of type indicated below, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials capable of sustaining, without failure, the load imposed within a safety factor of 4, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
 - 1. Threaded or wedge type; galvanized ferrous castings, either ASTM A 47 (ASTM A 47M) malleable iron or ASTM A 27/A 27M cast steel. Provide bolts, washers, and shims as needed, hot-dip galvanized per ASTM A 153/A 153M.
- H. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.
- I. Perforated Steel Radiator Covers: Provide custom perforated plate steel radiator covers based on pattern "234 Pebbles" by Architectural Grille to provide a minimum of 50% open area. Panels shall have a 12" x 12" access door, shall be predrilled to accommodate required screw fastening pattern, and shall be powder painted after fabrication in color as selected by Architect. Provide strippable protective film after factory finishing. Size shall be as indicated on HVAC drawings. Provide all required trim pieces and fasteners in color to match panels.

2.3 STAINLESS STEEL

A. Tubing: ASTM A 554, Grade MT 304

B. Pipe: ASTM A 312/A 312M, Grade TP 304

C. Castings: ASTM A 743/A 743M, Grade CF 8 or CF 20.

D. Plate and Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304

2.4 ALUMINUM

- A. Extruded Bars, Shapes and Mouldings: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), alloy 6063-T6 or 6063-T52.
- B. Castings: ASTM B 26, Almag 35.

2.5 PAINT

- A. Shop Primer for Interior Ferrous Metal: Modified oil-alkyd primer, Tnemec 88-559 or 10-1009, or equivalent. Primer shall be compatible with finish paint specified in Section 09900.
- B. Shop Primer for Galvanized Ferrous Metal: Polyamide epoxy primer, Tnemec F.C. Typoxy Series 27, or equivalent. Primer shall be compatible with finish paint specified in Section 09900.
- C. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint for regalvanizing welds in steel, complying with SSPC-Paint 20.

- D. Shop Primer for Exterior Ferrous Metal: Organic zinc-rich primer, complying with SSPC-Paint 20 and compatible with topcoat; Tneme-Zinc 90-97; Tnemec Company, Inc.
- E. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt mastic complying with SSPC-Paint 12, except containing no asbestos fibers, or cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.

2.6 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide Type 304 or 316 stainless-steel fasteners for exterior use and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5, where built into exterior walls, except as noted below. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.
- B. Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon-head bolts, ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6); with hex nuts, ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M); and, where indicated, flat washers.
- C. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36.
- D. Machine Screws: ASME B18.6.3 (ASME B18.6.7M).
- E. Lag Bolts: ASME B18.2.1 (ASME B18.2.3.8M).
- F. Wood Screws: Flat head, carbon steel, ASME B18.6.1.
- G. Plain Washers: Round, carbon steel, ASME B18.22.1 (ASME B18.22M).
- H. Lock Washers: Helical, spring type, carbon steel, ASME B18.21.1 (ASME B18.21.2M).
- I. Expansion Anchors: Anchor bolt and sleeve assembly of material indicated below with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and equal to four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
 - 1. Material: Carbon-steel components zinc-plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5.
- J. Toggle Bolts: FS FF-B-588, tumble-wing type, class and style as needed.

2.7 GROUT

A. Nonshrink, Nonmetallic Grout: Factory-packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107. Provide grout specifically recommended by manufacturer for interior and exterior applications.

2.8 CONCRETE FILL

A. Concrete Materials and Properties: Normal-weight, ready-mixed concrete with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi (20 MPa), unless higher strengths are indicated.

2.9 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in shop to greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
- B. Shear and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs.
- C. Ease exposed edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch (1 mm), unless otherwise indicated. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.
- D. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with the following:
 - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- E. Provide for anchorage of type indicated; coordinate with supporting structure. Fabricate and space anchoring devices to secure metal fabrications rigidly in place and to support indicated loads.
- F. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap metal fabrications as indicated to receive finish hardware, screws, and similar items.
- G. Fabricate joints that will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water, or provide weep holes where water may accumulate.
- H. Allow for thermal movement resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening up of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - 1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.
- I. Form exposed work true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces and straight sharp edges.

- J. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed traffic surfaces.
- K. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners where possible. Use exposed fasteners of type indicated or, if not indicated, Phillips flat-head (countersunk) screws or bolts. Locate joints where least conspicuous.

2.10 ROUGH HARDWARE

- A. Furnish bent or otherwise custom fabricated bolts, plates, anchors, hangers, dowels, and other miscellaneous steel and iron shapes as required for framing and supporting woodwork, and for anchoring or securing woodwork to concrete or other structures. Straight bolts and other stock rough hardware items are specified in Division 6 sections.
- B. Fabricate items to sizes, shapes, and dimensions required. Furnish malleable-iron washers for heads and nuts which bear on wood structural connections; elsewhere, furnish steel washers.

2.11 METAL STAIRS

- A. General: Construct stairs to conform to sizes and arrangements indicated. Join pieces together by welding, unless otherwise indicated. Provide complete stair and bleacher assemblies, including metal framing, hangers, struts, clips, brackets, bearing plates, and other components necessary for the support of stairs, and platforms, and as required to anchor, hang, and contain the stairs on the supporting structure.
- B. NAAMM Stair Standard: Comply with "Recommended Voluntary Minimum Standards for Fixed Metal Stairs" in NAAMM AMP 510, "Metal Stairs Manual," for class of stair designated, unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
 - 1. Commercial class.
- C. Stair Framing: Fabricate stringers of structural steel channels, or plates, or a combination thereof, as indicated. Provide closures for exposed ends of stringers. Construct platforms of structural steel channel headers and miscellaneous framing members as indicated. Weld headers to strings, and framing members to strings and headers.
 - 1. Where required, provide hanger rods to support landings from floor construction above. Locate hanger rods within stud space of shaft-wall construction.
 - 2. Where masonry walls support metal stairs, provide temporary supporting struts designed for erecting steel stair components before installing masonry.
- D. Metal Risers, Subtread Pans, and Subplatforms: Form to configurations shown from steel sheet of thickness necessary to support indicated loads, but not less than 0.0677 inch (1.7 mm).
 - 1. Steel Sheet: Uncoated cold-rolled steel sheet, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Attach risers and subtreads to stringers with brackets made of steel angles or bars. Weld brackets to stringers and attach metal pans to brackets by welding, riveting, or bolting.

3. Shape metal pans to include nosing integral with riser.

E. Steel Stair Finishes:

- 1. Provide hot-dipped galvanized finish for all components of exterior stair and platform system including fittings, brackets, anchors, fasteners, and sleeves
- 2. Shop prime and field paint all steel stairs systems

2.12 HANDRAILS AND RAILINGS AND GUARDRAILS

- A. General: Fabricate handrails and railings to comply with requirements indicated for design, dimensions, details, finish, and member sizes, including wall thickness of tube, post spacings, and anchorage, but not less than that needed to withstand indicated loads.
- B. Interconnect members by butt-welding or welding with internal connectors, at fabricator's option, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. At tee and cross intersections of pipe and tube, cope ends of intersecting members to fit contour of tube to which end is joined, and weld all around.
- C. Form changes in direction of handrails and rails as detailed.
- D. Form simple and compound curves by bending members in jigs to produce uniform curvature for each repetitive configuration required; maintain cross section of member throughout entire bend without buckling, twisting, cracking, or otherwise deforming exposed surfaces of components.
- E. Close exposed ends of pipe and tube handrail and railing members with prefabricated end fittings.
- F. Provide wall returns at ends of wall-mounted handrails, unless otherwise indicated. Close ends of returns, unless clearance between end of rail and wall is 1/4 inch (6 mm) or less.
- G. Brackets, Flanges, Fittings, and Anchors: Provide wall brackets, end closures, flanges, miscellaneous fittings, and anchors for interconnecting railings and for attaching to other work. Furnish inserts and other anchorage devices for connecting to concrete or masonry work.
 - 1. Connect railing posts to metal framing by direct welding, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Connect railing posts to concrete by inserting into preset sleeves, attaching to floor brackets, or core drilling, as indicated.
- H. Fillers: Provide fillers made from steel plate, or other suitably crush-resistant material, where needed to transfer wall bracket loads through wall finishes to structural supports. Size fillers to suit wall finish thicknesses and to produce adequate bearing area to prevent bracket rotation and overstressing of substrate.

- I. Provide inserts and other anchorage devices for connecting railings to concrete or masonry work. Fabricate anchorage devices capable of withstanding loads imposed by railings. Coordinate anchorage devices with supporting structure.
- J. For railing posts set in concrete, provide steel sleeves not less than 6 inches (150 mm) long with inside dimensions not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) greater than outside dimensions of post, with steel plate forming bottom closure.
- K. For galvanized handrails and railings, provide galvanized fittings, brackets, fasteners, sleeves, and other ferrous-metal components.
- L. For nongalvanized handrails and railings, provide nongalvanized ferrous-metal fittings, brackets, fasteners, and sleeves, except galvanize anchors embedded in exterior masonry and concrete construction.

M. Steel Handrail Finishes:

- 1. Provide non-galvanized finish for steel components of interior steel railings and handrails. Provide nongalvanized ferrous metal fittings, brackets, fasteners, and sleeves, except galvanize anchors embedded in masonry and concrete construction.
- 2. Provide hot-dipped galvanized finish for all components of exterior steel handrail and railing system including fittings, brackets, anchors, fasteners, and sleeves.
- 3. Shop prime and field paint all steel handrails and railings.
- N. Stainless Steel Handrail Finishes: No. 4.

2.13 LOOSE BEARING AND LEVELING PLATES

- A. Provide loose bearing and leveling plates for steel items bearing on masonry or concrete construction. Drill plates to receive anchor bolts and for grouting.
- B. Galvanize plates after fabrication.

2.14 LOOSE STEEL LINTELS

- A. Fabricate loose structural-steel lintels from steel angles and shapes of size indicated for openings and recesses in masonry walls and partitions at locations indicated.
- B. Weld adjoining members together to form a single unit where indicated.
- C. Size loose lintels to provide bearing length at each side of openings equal to one-twelfth of clear span, but not less than 8 inches (200 mm), unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Galvanize loose steel lintels located in exterior walls.
- E. Shop prime and field paint all lintels, leave embedded portions of lintels unpainted.

2.15 MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND SUPPORTS

- A. General: Provide steel framing and supports that are not a part of structural-steel framework as necessary to complete the Work.
- B. Fabricate units from structural-steel shapes, plates, tubes, and bars of welded construction, unless otherwise indicated. Fabricate to sizes, shapes, and profiles indicated and as necessary to receive adjacent construction retained by framing and supports. Cut, drill, and tap units to receive hardware, hangers, and similar items.
 - 1. Fabricate units from slotted channel framing where indicated.
 - 2. Where units are indicated to be cast into concrete or built into masonry, equip with integrally welded steel strap anchors 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) wide by 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick by 8 inches (200 mm) long at 24 inches (600 mm) o.c., unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Furnish inserts if units must be installed after concrete is placed.
- C. Fabricate supports for ceiling hung performance trusses from continuous steel beams of sizes indicated with attached bearing plates, anchors, and braces as indicated. Drill or punch bottom flanges of beams to receive hanger rods; locate holes where indicated on Shop Drawings.
- D. Galvanize miscellaneous framing and supports where indicated, and in exterior locations.

2.16 SAFETY TREADS

- A. Fabricate units of extruded aluminum in sizes and configurations indicated and in lengths necessary to accurately fit existing stair treads and conditions. Provide units with an integral abrasive finish consisting of aluminum oxide, silicon carbide, or a combination of both.
- B. Configurations: Provide units in the following configurations, unless otherwise indicated:
 - Safety Renovation Treads: Nosings: Extruded aluminum base with abrasive filler; two-toned with contrasting color strip at nosing; 11" wide, 9/32" thick, nose 1-1/8" underside, beveled back, beveled ends, and countersunk holes for fasteners, designed for surface application over existing concrete steps. Colors shall be as selected by Architect.
- C. Provide anchoring cement and mechanical fasteners for installation over existing treads.
- D. Provide leveling compound for leveling out existing surfaces.
- E. Apply bituminous paint to concealed bottoms, sides, and edges of units set on concrete.
- F. Basis of Design Product: Provide Stairmaster® type 511 safety renovation treads as manufactured by Wooster Products Inc. or equal products by one of the following:
 - 1. American Safety Tread Co., Inc.
 - 2. Amstep Products.

3. Safe-T-Metal Co.

2.17 METAL PERFORMANCE TRUSSES

- A. Provide structural, modular aluminum truss systems fabricated from 50mm x 3mm aluminum tube, and 25mm x 3mm bracing. Provide 15.74" outside diameter cross section truss in the following configurations:
 - 1. Box truss, 9.84 ft (3m) long for each section; overall truss length required as indicated on Drawings
 - 2. Basis of Design Product: Provide DT44P Square Truss, Model DT-4166P by Global Truss, available from Starlight Entertainment, or equal.
- B. Accessories: Provide all accessories and fittings as required for complete installation including the following:
 - 1. Connection system/coupler components
 - 2. Threaded rod with bracket as indicated on Drawings.
 - a. Brackets shall be Mega Truss Pick for Threaded Rod Installations, size as required, by The Light Source, or equal.
 - 3. Television Mount: Global Truss Model DT-TV-MT34, 29.25 inches long aluminum mounting bar, or equal. Provide two mounting bars per screen and turn bar to run vertically with a clamp on the end of the mounting bar.
 - 4. Other accessories as required
- C. Finish: Clear anodized aluminum.

2.18 FINISHES, GENERAL

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Finish metal fabrications after assembly.

2.19 STEEL AND IRON FINISHES

- A. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with applicable standard listed below:
 - 1. ASTM A 123, for galvanizing steel and iron products.
 - 2. ASTM A 153/A 153M, for galvanizing steel and iron hardware..
- B. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated ferrous-metal surfaces to comply with minimum requirements indicated below for SSPC surface-preparation specifications and environmental exposure conditions of installed metal fabrications:
 - 1. Exteriors (SSPC Zone 1B): SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
 - 2. Interiors (SSPC Zone 1A): SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."

- C. Apply shop primer to uncoated surfaces of metal fabrications, except those with galvanized finishes indicated as unpainted, and those to be embedded in concrete, sprayed-on fireproofing, or masonry, unless otherwise indicated. Paint embedded steel that is partially exposed on exposed portions and initial 2 inches of embedded areas only.
 - 1. Do not paint surfaces to be welded or high-strength bolted with friction-type connections.
 - 2. Apply 2 coats of paint to surfaces that are inaccessible after assembly or erection. Change color of second coat to distinguish it from first.
- D. Powder-Coat Finish: Provide Weather Resistant TGIC Polyester Powder Coating "TIGER Drylac" Series 49 or equal. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.
 - 1. Color(s): As scheduled or if not scheduled, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.20 ALUMINUM FINISHES

- A. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
- B. As-Fabricated Finish: AA-M10 (Mechanical Finish: as fabricated, unspecified).
- C. Clear Anodized Finish: AAMA 611; AA-M12C22A31.
- D. Powder Paint: Manufacturer's standard process.
 - 1. Color(s): As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.21 STAINLESS-STEEL FINISHES

- A. Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines or blend into finish.
- B. Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform, directionally textured, polished finish indicated, free of cross scratches. Run grain with long dimension of each piece.
- C. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.
- D. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- A. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing metal fabrications to in-place construction. Include threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through-bolts, lag bolts, wood screws, and other connectors.
- B. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.
- C. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete, masonry, or similar construction.
- D. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.
- E. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:
 - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- F. Corrosion Protection: Coat concealed surfaces of aluminum that will come into contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood, or dissimilar metals with a heavy coat of bituminous paint.

3.2 INSTALLING METAL STAIRS WITH GROUTED BASEPLATES

- A. Clean concrete and masonry bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen to improve bond to surfaces. Clean bottom surface of baseplates.
- B. Set steel stair baseplates on wedges, shims, or leveling nuts. After stairs have been positioned and aligned, tighten anchor bolts. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of bearing plate before packing with grout.
 - 1. Use nonmetallic, nonshrink grout, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates to ensure that no voids remain.

3.3 INSTALLING RAILINGS AND HANDRAILS

- A. Adjust handrails and railing systems before anchoring to ensure matching alignment at abutting joints. Space posts at spacing indicated or, if not indicated, as required by design loads. Plumb posts in each direction. Secure posts and railing ends to building construction as follows:
 - 1. Anchor posts to steel by welding directly to steel supporting members.
 - Use steel pipe sleeves preset and anchored into concrete for installing posts where indicated. After posts have been inserted into sleeves, fill annular space between post and sleeve with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout, mixed and placed to comply with anchoring material manufacturer's written instructions. Leave anchorage joint exposed; wipe off surplus anchoring material; and leave 1/8-inch (3-mm) buildup, sloped away from post.
 - 3. Where indicated, core-drill holes not less than 5 inches (125 mm) deep and 3/4 inch (20 mm) larger than OD of post for installing posts in concrete. Clean holes of loose material, insert posts, and fill annular space between post and concrete with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout, mixed and placed to comply with anchoring material manufacturer's written instructions
 - 4. Cover anchorage joint of post with flange of same metal as post where indicated.
 - 5. Anchor handrail ends to concrete and masonry with steel round flanges welded to rail ends and anchored with postinstalled anchors and bolts.
 - 6. Anchor railing ends to metal surfaces with flanges bolted to metal surfaces and welded to railing ends.
- B. Attach handrails to wall with wall brackets. Provide bracket with 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) clearance from inside face of handrail and finished wall surface. Locate brackets as indicated or, if not indicated, at spacing required to support structural loads. Secure wall brackets to building construction as follows:
 - 1. Use type of bracket with predrilled hole for exposed bolt anchorage.
 - 2. For concrete and solid masonry anchorage, use drilled-in expansion shields and hanger or lag bolts.
 - 3. For hollow masonry anchorage, use toggle bolts.
 - 4. For steel-framed gypsum board assemblies, use hanger or lag bolts set into wood backing between studs. Coordinate with stud installation to locate backing members

3.4 SETTING BEARING AND LEVELING PLATES

- A. Clean concrete and masonry bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen to improve bond to surfaces. Clean bottom surface of plates.
- B. Set bearing and leveling plates on wedges, shims, or leveling nuts. After bearing members have been positioned and plumbed, tighten anchor bolts. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of bearing plate before packing with grout.

- 1. Use nonshrink grout, either metallic or nonmetallic, in concealed locations where not exposed to moisture; use nonshrink, nonmetallic grout in exposed locations, unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. Pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates to ensure that no voids remain.

3.5 INSTALLING MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND SUPPORTS

- A. General: Install framing and supports to comply with requirements of items being supported, including manufacturers' written instructions and requirements indicated on Shop Drawings, if any.
- B. Support steel girders on solid grouted masonry, concrete, or steel pipe columns. Secure girders with anchor bolts embedded in grouted masonry or concrete or with bolts through top plates of pipe columns.
 - 1. Where grout space under bearing plates is indicated at girders supported on concrete or masonry, install as specified above for setting and grouting bearing and leveling plates.

3.6 INSTALLING TREADS

- A. Install over existing stairs to comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Apply leveling compound over existing stairs to provide a level bearing surface for the safety stair treads.
- C. Secure treads to existing construction using adhesive and mechanical fasteners.

3.7 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint are specified in Division 9 Section "Painting."
- B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 055000

SECTION 061053 - MISCELLANEOUS ROUGH CARPENTRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Wood blocking, cants, furring, supports, and nailers.
 - 2. Plywood backing panels.
 - 3. Plywood subfloor.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Lumber grading agencies, and the abbreviations used to reference them, include the following:
 - 1. NELMA Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association.
 - 2. NLGA National Lumber Grades Authority.
 - 3. SPIB Southern Pine Inspection Bureau.
 - 4. WCLIB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau.
 - 5. WWPA Western Wood Products Association.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
 - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used, net amount of preservative retained, and chemical treatment manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, installing, and finishing treated material.
 - Include data for fire-retardant treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Include physical properties of treated materials, both before and after exposure to elevated temperatures when tested according to ASTM D 5516 and ASTM D 5664.
 - 3. For products receiving a waterborne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to levels specified before shipment to Project site.
 - 4. Include copies of warranties from chemical treatment manufacturers for each type of treatment.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Material Certificates: For dimension lumber specified to comply with minimum allowable unit stresses.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- B. Research/Evaluation Reports: For the following, showing compliance with building code in effect for Project:
 - 1. Preservative-treated wood.
 - 2. Fire-retardant-treated wood.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. All composite wood, engineered wood, or agrifber products (e.g., plywood, particleboard, medium density fiberboard) shall contain no added urea-formaldehyde resins. Laminating adhesives used to fabricate on-site and shop-applied composite wood and agrifiber assemblies shall contain no added urea-formaldehyde resins. Acceptable resins and binders include, but are not limited to, phenol formaldehyde and methyl diisocyanate (MDI).

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack lumber, plywood, and other panels; place spacers between each bundle to provide air circulation. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings..

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of lumber grading agencies certified by the American Lumber Standards Committee Board of Review.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
 - 2. Provide dressed lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Provide dry lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content at time of dressing for 2-inch nominal (38-mm actual) thickness or less, unless otherwise indicated.

2.2 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED MATERIALS

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with ground, and Use Category UC3b for exterior construction not in contact with ground.
 - 1. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium. Do not use inorganic boron (SBX) for sill plates.
 - 2. The use of CCA preservative treated wood is prohibited.
- B. Kiln-dry material after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent for lumber and 15 percent for plywood.
- C. Mark each treated item with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the American Lumber Standards Committee Board of Review.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- D. Application: Treat items indicated on Drawings, and the following:
 - 1. Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers, and waterproofing.
 - 2. Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring, stripping, and similar concealed members in contact with masonry or concrete.

2.3 FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED MATERIALS

- A. General: Where fire-retardant-treated materials are indicated, materials shall comply with requirements in this article, that are acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and with fire-test-response characteristics specified as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated by a qualified testing agency.
- B. Fire-Retardant-Treated Lumber and Plywood by Pressure Process: Products with a flame-spread index of 25 or less when tested according to ASTM E84, and with no evidence of significant progressive combustion when the test is extended an additional 20 minutes, and with the flame front not extending more than 10.5 feet beyond the centerline of the burners at any time during the test.
 - 1. Use treatment that does not promote corrosion of metal fasteners.
 - 2. Exterior Type: Treated materials shall comply with requirements specified above for fire-retardant-treated lumber and plywood by pressure process after being subjected to accelerated weathering according to ASTM D2898. Use for exterior locations and where indicated.
 - 3. Interior Type A: Treated materials shall have a moisture content of 28 percent or less when tested according to ASTM D3201 at 92 percent relative humidity. Use where exterior type is not indicated.
- C. Identify fire-retardant-treated wood with appropriate classification marking of qualified testing agency.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER

- A. Provide miscellaneous lumber for support or attachment of other construction, including the following:
 - 1. Blocking.
 - 2. Nailers.
 - 3. Furring.
 - 4. Sleepers
 - 5. Cants
- B. For items of dimension lumber size, provide Construction, Stud, or No. 2 grade lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content and the following species: Mixed southern pine; SPIB.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- C. For concealed boards, provide lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content of the following species and grades:
 - 1. Spruce-pine-fir (south) or Spruce-pine-fir, Construction or 2 Common grade; NELMA, NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA.

2.5 PLYWOOD PANELS

- A. Telephone and Electrical Equipment Backing Panels: DOC PS 1, Exposure 1, C-D Plugged, fire-retardant treated, in thickness indicated or, if not indicated, not less than 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) thick.
 - 1. Paint before mounting of equipment.
- B. Plywood Subfloor: DOC PS 1, Exposure 1, Structural I sheathing; span rating to suit framing in each location and in thickness indicated.
- C. Miscellaneous Concealed Plywood: Exposure 1 sheathing, span rating to suit framing in each location, and thickness as indicated but not less than ½ inch (13 mm).
 - 1. Provide fire-retardant-treated panels for interior locations unless indicated.
 - 2. Provide preservative-treated panels for exterior locations unless indicated.

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Fasteners:

- 1. Where rough carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A 153/A 153M.
- 2. Bolts: Steel bolts complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6); with ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) hex nuts and, where indicated, flat washers.

2.7 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

A. Weather Resistant Barrier: Asphalt-saturated organic felt, ASTM D 226, Type 1 (No. 15 asphalt felt), unperforated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Discard units of material with defects that impair quality of carpentry and that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement.
- B. Set rough carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit rough carpentry to other construction; scribe and cope as needed for

- accurate fit. Locate furring, nailers, blocking, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.
- C. Apply field treatment complying with AWPA M4 to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber and plywood.
- D. Securely attach carpentry work as indicated and according to applicable codes and recognized standards.
- E. Use fasteners of appropriate type and length. Predrill members when necessary to avoid splitting wood.

3.2 PANEL PRODUCT INSTALLATION

- A. Fastening Methods: Fasten panels as indicated below:
 - 1. Plywood Backing Panels: Screw to supports.
 - 2. Miscellaneous Concealed Plywood Panels: Screw to supports.
 - 3. Plywood Subfloor: Screw to supports.

3.3 WOOD BLOCKING, AND NAILER INSTALLATION

- A. Install where indicated and where required for screeding or attaching other work. Form to shapes indicated and cut as required for true line and level of attached work. Coordinate locations with other work involved.
- B. Attach items to substrates to support applied loading. Recess bolts and nuts flush with surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.

END OF SECTION 061053

SECTION 078413 - PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Penetrations in fire-resistance-rated walls.
- 2. Penetrations in fire-resistance-rate horizontal assemblies.
- 3. Penetrations in non-fire-resistance-rate horizontal assemblies.
- 4. Penetrations in smoke barriers, smoke partitions and smoke tight partitions.

B. Related Sections:

1. Section 078446 "Fire-Resistive Joint Systems" for joints in or between fire-resistance-rated construction, at exterior curtain-wall/floor intersections, and in smoke barriers.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Product Schedule: For each penetration firestopping system. Include location and design designation of qualified testing and inspecting agency.
 - 1. Where Project conditions require modification to a qualified testing and inspecting agency's illustration for a particular penetration firestopping condition, submit illustration, with modifications marked, approved by penetration firestopping manufacturer's fire-protection engineer as an engineering judgment or equivalent fire-resistance-rated assembly.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- B. Installer Certificates: From Installer indicating penetration firestopping has been installed in compliance with requirements and manufacturer's written recommendations.
- C. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for penetration firestopping.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A firm experienced in installing penetration firestopping similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful performance. Qualifications include

having the necessary experience, staff, and training to install manufacturer's products per specified requirements. Manufacturer's willingness to sell its penetration firestopping products to Contractor or to Installer engaged by Contractor does not in itself confer qualification on buyer.

- B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Penetration firestopping shall comply with the following requirements:
 - 1. Penetration firestopping tests are performed by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Penetration firestopping is identical to those tested per testing standard referenced in "Penetration Firestopping" Article. Provide rated systems complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Penetration firestopping products bear classification marking of qualified testing and inspecting agency.
 - b. Classification markings on penetration firestopping correspond to designations listed by the following:
 - UL in its "Fire Resistance Directory."
 - 2) Intertek ETL SEMKO in its "Directory of Listed Building Products."
 - 3) FM Global in its "Building Materials Approval Guide."
- C. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install penetration firestopping when ambient or substrate temperatures are outside limits permitted by penetration firestopping manufacturers or when substrates are wet because of rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
- B. Install and cure penetration firestopping per manufacturer's written instructions using natural means of ventilations or, where this is inadequate, forced-air circulation.

1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate construction of openings and penetrating items to ensure that penetration firestopping is installed according to specified requirements.
- B. Coordinate sizing of sleeves, openings, core-drilled holes, or cut openings to accommodate penetration firestopping.
- C. Notify Owner's testing agency at least seven days in advance of penetration firestopping installations; confirm dates and times on day preceding each series of installations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Penetration Firestop Systems specified in the Schedule in Part 3 include:
 - a. Fire Barrier Products, 3M Fire Protection Products
 - b. RectorSeal Corporation.
 - 2. Subject to compliance with specified requirements, provide Penetration Firestop Systems (XHEZ) listed in Volume II of the UL Fire Resistance Directory (BXRH), by one of the following:
 - a. Hilti, Inc.
 - b. Nelson Firestop Products.
 - c. RectorSeal Corporation.
 - d. Specified Technologies Inc.
 - e. 3M Fire Protection Products.
 - f. Wiremold/Legrand

2.2 PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING

- A. Provide penetration firestopping that is produced and installed to resist spread of fire according to requirements indicated, resist passage of smoke and other gases, and maintain original fire-resistance rating of construction penetrated. Penetration firestopping systems shall be compatible with one another, with the substrates forming openings, and with penetrating items if any.
- B. Penetrations in Fire-Resistance-Rated Walls: Provide penetration firestopping with ratings determined per ASTM E 814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg (2.49 Pa).
 - 1. Fire-resistance-rated walls include fire walls, fire-barrier walls, smoke-barrier walls, and fire partitions.
 - 2. F-Rating: Not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
- C. Penetrations in Horizontal Assemblies: Provide penetration firestopping with ratings determined per ASTM E 814 or UL 1479, based on testing at a positive pressure differential of 0.01-inch wg (2.49 Pa).
 - 1. Horizontal assemblies include floors and floor/ceiling assemblies.
 - 2. F-Rating: At least 1 hour, but not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated.
 - 3. T-Rating: At least 1 hour, but not less than the fire-resistance rating of constructions penetrated except for floor penetrations within the cavity of a wall.
- D. Penetrations in Smoke Barriers: Provide penetration firestopping with ratings determined per UL 1479.
 - 1. L-Rating: Not exceeding 5.0 cfm/sq. ft. (0.025 cu. m/s per sq. m) of penetration opening at 0.30-inch wg (74.7 Pa) at both ambient and elevated temperatures.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- E. W-Rating: Provide penetration firestopping showing no evidence of water leakage when tested according to UL 1479.
- F. Exposed Penetration Firestopping: Provide products with flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, as determined per ASTM E 84.
- G. VOC Content: Penetration firestopping sealants and sealant primers shall comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1. Sealants: 250 g/L.
 - 2. Sealant Primers for Nonporous Substrates: 250 g/L.
 - 3. Sealant Primers for Porous Substrates: 775 g/L.
- H. Accessories: Provide components for each penetration firestopping system that are needed to install fill materials and to maintain ratings required. Use only those components specified by penetration firestopping manufacturer and approved by qualified testing and inspecting agency for firestopping indicated.
 - 1. Permanent forming/damming/backing materials, including the following:
 - a. Slag-wool-fiber or rock-wool-fiber insulation.
 - b. Sealants used in combination with other forming/damming/backing materials to prevent leakage of fill materials in liquid state.
 - c. Fire-rated form board.
 - d. Fillers for sealants.
 - 2. Temporary forming materials.
 - 3. Substrate primers.
 - 4. Collars.
 - 5. Steel sleeves.

2.3 FILL MATERIALS

- A. Cast-in-Place Firestop Devices: Factory-assembled devices for use in cast-in-place concrete floors and consisting of an outer metallic sleeve lined with an intumescent strip, a radial extended flange attached to one end of the sleeve for fastening to concrete formwork, and a neoprene gasket.
- B. Latex Sealants: Single-component latex formulations that do not re-emulsify after cure during exposure to moisture.
- C. Firestop Devices: Factory-assembled collars formed from galvanized steel and lined with intumescent material sized to fit specific diameter of penetrant.
- D. Intumescent Composite Sheets: Rigid panels consisting of aluminum-foil-faced elastomeric sheet bonded to galvanized-steel sheet.
- E. Intumescent Putties: Nonhardening dielectric, water-resistant putties containing no solvents, inorganic fibers, or silicone compounds.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- F. Intumescent Wrap Strips: Single-component intumescent elastomeric sheets with aluminum foil on one side.
- G. Mortars: Prepackaged dry mixes consisting of a blend of inorganic binders, hydraulic cement, fillers, and lightweight aggregate formulated for mixing with water at Project site to form a nonshrinking, homogeneous mortar.
- H. Pillows/Bags: Reusable heat-expanding pillows/bags consisting of glass-fiber cloth cases filled with a combination of mineral-fiber, water-insoluble expansion agents, and fire-retardant additives. Where exposed, cover openings with steel-reinforcing wire mesh to protect pillows/bags from being easily removed.
- I. Silicone Foams: Multicomponent, silicone-based liquid elastomers that, when mixed, expand and cure in place to produce a flexible, nonshrinking foam.
- J. Silicone Sealants: Single-component, silicone-based, neutral-curing elastomeric sealants of grade indicated below:
 - Grade: Pourable (self-leveling) formulation for openings in floors and other horizontal surfaces, and nonsag formulation for openings in vertical and sloped surfaces, unless indicated firestopping limits use of nonsag grade for both opening conditions.

2.4 MIXING

A. For those products requiring mixing before application, comply with penetration firestopping manufacturer's written instructions for accurate proportioning of materials, water (if required), type of mixing equipment, selection of mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other items or procedures needed to produce products of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for application indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for opening configurations, penetrating items, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning: Clean out openings immediately before installing penetration firestopping to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and with the following requirements:
 - 1. Remove from surfaces of opening substrates and from penetrating items foreign materials that could interfere with adhesion of penetration firestopping.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 2. Clean opening substrates and penetrating items to produce clean, sound surfaces capable of developing optimum bond with penetration firestopping. Remove loose particles remaining from cleaning operation.
- 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
- B. Priming: Prime substrates where recommended in writing by manufacturer using that manufacturer's recommended products and methods. Confine primers to areas of bond; do not allow spillage and migration onto exposed surfaces.
- C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape to prevent penetration firestopping from contacting adjoining surfaces that will remain exposed on completion of the Work and that would otherwise be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods used to remove stains. Remove tape as soon as possible without disturbing firestopping's seal with substrates.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install penetration firestopping to comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and published drawings for products and applications indicated.
- B. Install forming materials and other accessories of types required to support fill materials during their application and in the position needed to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths required to achieve fire ratings indicated.
 - 1. After installing fill materials and allowing them to fully cure, remove combustible forming materials and other accessories not indicated as permanent components of firestopping.
- C. Install fill materials for firestopping by proven techniques to produce the following results:
 - 1. Fill voids and cavities formed by openings, forming materials, accessories, and penetrating items as required to achieve fire-resistance ratings indicated.
 - 2. Apply materials so they contact and adhere to substrates formed by openings and penetrating items.
 - 3. For fill materials that will remain exposed after completing the Work, finish to produce smooth, uniform surfaces that are flush with adjoining finishes.

3.4 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify penetration firestopping with preprinted metal or plastic labels. Attach labels permanently to surfaces adjacent to and within 6 inches (150 mm) of firestopping edge so labels will be visible to anyone seeking to remove penetrating items or firestopping. Use mechanical fasteners or self-adhering-type labels with adhesives capable of permanently bonding labels to surfaces on which labels are placed. Include the following information on labels:
 - 1. The words "Warning Penetration Firestopping Do Not Disturb. Notify Building Management of Any Damage."
 - 2. Contractor's name, address, and phone number.

- 3. Designation of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
- 4. Date of installation.
- 5. Manufacturer's name.
- 6. Installer's name.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Where deficiencies are found or penetration firestopping is damaged or removed because of testing, repair or replace penetration firestopping to comply with requirements.
- C. Proceed with enclosing penetration firestopping with other construction only after inspection reports are issued and installations comply with requirements.

3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean off excess fill materials adjacent to openings as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials that are approved in writing by penetration firestopping manufacturers and that do not damage materials in which openings occur.
- B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions during and after installation that ensure that penetration firestopping is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, immediately cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated penetration firestopping and install new materials to produce systems complying with specified requirements.

3.7 PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING SCHEDULE

- A. Where UL-classified systems are indicated, they refer to system numbers in UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" under product Category XHEZ.
- B. For penetrations in non-fire rated horizontal assemblies, smoke barriers, smoke partitions and smoke tight partitions, provide systems tested for 1 hour unless otherwise noted.
- C. Basis of Design Assemblies: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the design indicated below or a comparable UL design by one of manufacturer's listed in Part 2 above.
 - 1. Schedule of construction components, type of penetrant, and U.L. Penetration Firestop Systems include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 2. Schedule of construction components, type of penetrant, and U.L. Penetration Firestop Systems include, but are not limited to the following:

PENETRANT

	Metal Conduit	Cable Tray⁴	Cables	Non- Insul. Metal Pipe	Insul. Pipe	FR Polypro- pylene Pipe	Insul. Metal Duct
GWB Stud Wall, or Shaft Wall up to 2 Hr Rating	W-L- 1001	W-L- 4004	W-L- 3001	W-L- 1001	W-L- 5011	W-L- 2002	W-L- 7006 ³
CMU Wall up to 2 Hr Rating	C-AJ 1044	C-AJ- 4003	C-AJ- 3030	C-AJ- 1044	C-AJ- 5001	C-AJ- 2001	C-AJ- 7003 ³ , 7016 ³
Concrete Floor / Metal Deck 1 Hr Rated F and T- Rating ²	C-AJ- 1008	N/A	C-AJ- 3029	C-AJ- 1008	C-AJ- 5002	F-A- 2002	C-AJ- 7009⁵
Concrete Floor / Metal Deck 2 Hr Rated F and T- Rating ²	C-AJ- 1008	N/A	C-AJ- 3029	C-AJ- 1008	C-AJ- 5060	F-A- 2002	N/A
Concrete Floor / Metal Deck up to 2 Hr F Rated ¹	F-A- 1002	N/A	C-AJ- 3030	C-AJ- 1044	C-AJ- 5001	F-A- 2002	N/A

KEY TO NOTES

- 1. Penetration within wall cavity.
- 2. Penetration that does not fall within wall cavity, T-Rating required.
- 3. Up to 1 hour rating, submit engineered judgement firestopping system for this combination of penetrant, wall/floor assembly, and fire rating. Install fire dampers in 2-hour walls in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and testing agency requirements.
- 4. Where cable tray extends through wall.
- 5. For floor penetrations not enclosed above and below the floor with shaft wall.

D. Membrane Penetrations:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Firestop membrane penetrations by cables, pipes and conduit similar to through wall penetrations.
- 2. Provide putty pad box wrap firestopping for membrane penetrations in rated walls for electrical back boxes over 16 sq. inches, where any back boxes are located within 24 inches horizontal of another back box, or when total area of back boxes exceeds 100 sq in. in 100 sq. ft. of wall area.
- E. Where another type of construction or penetrant is encountered, or if field conditions vary from those described in the U.L. System listed (i.e. annular space is greater/smaller, insulation type varies, etc.), provide firestopping systems which are appropriate, and U.L. tested, for that condition.

END OF SECTION 078413

SECTION 078446 - FIRE-RESISTIVE JOINT SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Joints in or between fire-resistance-rated constructions.
- 2. Joints in smoke barriers.

B. Related Sections:

1. Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for penetrations in fire-resistance-rated walls, horizontal assemblies, and smoke barriers.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Product Schedule: For each fire-resistive joint system. Include location and design designation of qualified testing agency.
 - Where Project conditions require modification to a qualified testing agency's illustration for a particular fire-resistive joint system condition, submit illustration, with modifications marked, approved by fire-resistive joint system manufacturer's fire-protection engineer as an engineering judgment or equivalent fire-resistancerated assembly.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- B. Installer Certificates: From Installer indicating fire-resistive joint systems have been installed in compliance with requirements and manufacturer's written recommendations.
- C. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for fire-resistive joint systems.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: A firm experienced in installing fire-resistive joint systems similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful performance. Qualifications include having the necessary experience, staff, and training to install manufacturer's products per specified requirements. Manufacturer's willingness to sell its fire-resistive joint

system products to Contractor or to Installer engaged by Contractor does not in itself confer qualification on buyer.

- B. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Fire-resistive joint systems shall comply with the following requirements:
 - 1. Fire-resistive joint system tests are performed by a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Fire-resistive joint systems are identical to those tested per testing standard referenced in "Fire-Resistive Joint Systems" Article. Provide rated systems complying with the following requirements:
 - a. Fire-resistive joint system products bear classification marking of qualified testing agency.
 - b. Fire-resistive joint systems correspond to those indicated by reference to designations listed by the following:
 - 1) UL in its "Fire Resistance Directory."
- C. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install fire-resistive joint systems when ambient or substrate temperatures are outside limits permitted by fire-resistive joint system manufacturers or when substrates are wet due to rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
- B. Install and cure fire-resistive joint systems per manufacturer's written instructions using natural means of ventilation or, where this is inadequate, forced-air circulation.

1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate construction of joints to ensure that fire-resistive joint systems are installed according to specified requirements.
- B. Coordinate sizing of joints to accommodate fire-resistive joint systems.
- C. Notify Owner's testing agency at least seven days in advance of fire-resistive joint system installations; confirm dates and times on day preceding each series of installations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FIRE-RESISTIVE JOINT SYSTEMS

A. Where required, provide fire-resistive joint systems that are produced and installed to resist spread of fire according to requirements indicated, resist passage of smoke and other gases, and maintain original fire-resistance rating of assemblies in or between which fire-resistive joint systems are installed. Fire-resistive joint systems shall

accommodate building movements without impairing their ability to resist the passage of fire and hot gases.

- B. Joints in or between Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction: Provide fire-resistive joint systems with ratings determined per ASTM E 1966 or UL 2079:
 - 1. Joints include those installed in or between fire-resistance-rated walls, floor or floor/ceiling assemblies and roofs or roof/ceiling assemblies.
 - 2. Fire-Resistance Rating: Equal to or exceeding the fire-resistance rating of construction they will join.
 - 3. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Grace Construction Products.
 - b. Hilti, Inc.
 - c. RectorSeal Corporation.
 - d. Specified Technologies Inc.
 - e. 3M Fire Protection Products.
 - f. Tremco, Inc.; Tremco Fire Protection Systems Group.
- C. Joints in Smoke Barriers: Provide fire-resistive joint systems with ratings determined per UL 2079.
 - 1. L-Rating: Not exceeding 5.0 cfm/ft (0.00775 cu. m/s x m) of joint at 0.30 inch wg (74.7 Pa) at both ambient and elevated temperatures.
 - 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Grace Construction Products.
 - b. Hilti, Inc.
 - c. Johns Manville.
 - d. RectorSeal Corporation.
 - e. Specified Technologies Inc.
 - f. 3M Fire Protection Products.
 - g. Tremco, Inc.; Tremco Fire Protection Systems Group.
- D. Exposed Fire-Resistive Joint Systems: Provide products with flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of less than 25 and 450, respectively, as determined per ASTM E 84.
- E. VOC Content: Fire-resistive joint system sealants shall comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1. Architectural Sealants: 250 g/L.
 - 2. Sealant Primers for Nonporous Substrates: 250 g/L.
 - 3. Sealant Primers for Porous Substrates: 775 g/L.
- F. Accessories: Provide components of fire-resistive joint systems, including primers and forming materials, that are needed to install fill materials and to maintain ratings

required. Use only components specified by fire-resistive joint system manufacturer and approved by the qualified testing agency for systems indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configurations, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning: Clean joints immediately before installing fire-resistive joint systems to comply with fire-resistive joint system manufacturer's written instructions and the following requirements:
 - 1. Remove from surfaces of joint substrates foreign materials that could interfere with adhesion of fill materials.
 - 2. Clean joint substrates to produce clean, sound surfaces capable of developing optimum bond with fill materials. Remove loose particles remaining from cleaning operation.
 - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
- B. Priming: Prime substrates where recommended in writing by fire-resistive joint system manufacturer using that manufacturer's recommended products and methods. Confine primers to areas of bond; do not allow spillage and migration onto exposed surfaces.
- C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape to prevent fill materials of fire-resistive joint system from contacting adjoining surfaces that will remain exposed on completion of the Work and that would otherwise be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods used to remove stains. Remove tape as soon as possible without disturbing fire-resistive joint system's seal with substrates.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install fire-resistive joint systems to comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and published drawings for products and applications indicated.
- B. Install forming materials and other accessories of types required to support fill materials during their application and in position needed to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths required to achieve fire ratings indicated.
 - After installing fill materials and allowing them to fully cure, remove combustible forming materials and other accessories not indicated as permanent components of fire-resistive joint system.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- C. Install fill materials for fire-resistive joint systems by proven techniques to produce the following results:
 - 1. Fill voids and cavities formed by joints and forming materials as required to achieve fire-resistance ratings indicated.
 - 2. Apply fill materials so they contact and adhere to substrates formed by joints.
 - 3. For fill materials that will remain exposed after completing the Work, finish to produce smooth, uniform surfaces that are flush with adjoining finishes.

3.4 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify fire-resistive joint systems with preprinted metal or plastic labels. Attach labels permanently to surfaces adjacent to and within 6 inches (150 mm) of joint edge so labels will be visible to anyone seeking to remove or penetrate joint system. Use mechanical fasteners or self-adhering-type labels with adhesives capable of permanently bonding labels to surfaces on which labels are placed. Include the following information on labels:
 - 1. The words "Warning Fire-Resistive Joint System Do Not Disturb. Notify Building Management of Any Damage."
 - 2. Contractor's name, address, and phone number.
 - 3. Designation of applicable testing agency.
 - 4. Date of installation.
 - 5. Manufacturer's name.
 - 6. Installer's name.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspecting Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Where deficiencies are found or fire-resistive joint systems are damaged or removed due to testing, repair or replace fire-resistive joint systems so they comply with requirements.
- C. Proceed with enclosing fire-resistive joint systems with other construction only after inspection reports are issued and installations comply with requirements.

3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

- A. Clean off excess fill materials adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials that are approved in writing by fire-resistive joint system manufacturers and that do not damage materials in which joints occur.
- B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions during and after installation that ensure fire-resistive joint systems are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion. If damage or deterioration occurs despite such protection, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated fire-resistive joint systems immediately and install new materials to produce fire-resistive joint systems complying with specified requirements.

3.7 FIRE-RESISTIVE JOINT SYSTEM / FIRESTOP JOINT SYSTEM SCHEDULE

A. Where UL-classified firestop joint systems are indicated, they refer to alphanumeric designations listed in UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" under product Category XHBN.

Firestop Joint System Location	Basis- of- Design	Assembly Rating	Nominal Joint Width	Movement Capabilities ²
Floor-to-Wall				
Rated concrete masonry wall construction intersection with adjacent floor construction	FW-D- 1012, FW-D- 1013	1 hour or 2 hours ¹	As indicated, or required by tested assembly	Class II
Head-of-Wall				
Rated gypsum wall construction intersection with steel floor deck above	HW-D- 0087, or HW-D- 0089	1 hour or 2 hours ¹	As indicated, or required by tested assembly	Class II or III,
Rated gypsum wall construction intersection with concrete floor deck above	HW-D- 0083, HW-D- 209	1 hour or 2 hours ¹	As indicated, or required by tested assembly	Class II
Rated concrete masonry wall construction intersection with steel floor deck above	HW-D- 0081, or HW-D- 0098	1 hour or 2 hours ¹	As indicated, or required by tested assembly	Class II
Rated concrete masonry wall construction intersection with concrete floor deck above	HW-D- 0268, HW-D- 0097	1 hour or 2 hours ¹	As indicated, or required by tested assembly	Class II
Bottom-of-Wall				
Rated gypsum wall construction intersection with concrete floor	BW-S- 0002	1 hour or 2 hours ¹	As indicated, or required by tested assembly	Static

- 1. Rating to match wall construction.
- 2. Class UL2079
 - B. Where another type of construction is encountered, or if field conditions vary from those described in the U.L. System listed (i.e. annular space is greater/smaller,

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

insulation type varies, etc.), provide firestopping systems which are appropriate, and U.L. tested, for that condition.

END OF SECTION 078446

ATTACHMENT: FIRESTOP JOINT SYSTEMS SUBMITTAL SHEET

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

3.8 FIRESTOP JOINT SYSTEMS SUBMITTAL SHEET

A.	HEAD-OF-WALL FIRESTOPPING: Fill in the U.L. Design number and attach copy of U.L. Test. Insert n/a if condition is not applicable.									
	1.	Gypsum wall construction intersection with floor deck above:								
	2.	Gypsum wall construction intersection with roof deck above: Concrete masonry wall construction intersection with floor deck above:								
	3.	Concrete masonry wall construction intersection with roof deck above:								
B.		FLOOR-TO-WALL FIRESTOPPING: Fill in the U.L. Design number and attach copy of U.L. Test. Insert n/a if condition is not applicable.								
	1.	Concrete masonry wall construction intersection with adjacent floor construction:								
C.		TOM-OF-WALL FIRESTOPPING: Fill in the U.L. Design number and attach copy L. Test. Insert n/a if condition is not applicable.								
	1.	Gypsum wall construction intersection with floor deck: Gypsum wall construction intersection with roof deck above:								
	2.	Concrete masonry wall construction intersection with floor								
	3.	Concrete masonry wall construction intersection with roof deck above:								
D.	CURTAIN WALL FIRESTOPPING: Fill in the design number and copy test. Insert n/a if condition is not applicable.									
	1.	Aluminum mullion and glass spandrel panel curtainwall intersection with adjacent floor construction:								
	2.	Gypsum sheathed curtainwall intersection with adjacent floor construction:								
E.		ER: Where another type of construction or penetrant is encountered, attach a rate sheet listing each condition and attach copy of the U.L. Test.								

SECTION 079200 - JOINT SEALANTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes joint sealants for the following locations:
 - 1. Exterior joints in the following vertical surfaces and nontraffic horizontal surfaces:
 - a. Control and expansion joints in cast-in-place concrete
 - b. Joints in cast stone wall surfaces.
 - c. Joints in brick veneer wall surfaces.
 - d. Joints at stone steps.
 - e. Joints between different materials listed above
 - f. Perimeter joints between materials listed above and frames of doors, louvers and windows.
 - g. Control and expansion joints in ceiling and overhead surfaces.
 - h. Other joints as indicated.
 - 2. Exterior joints in the following horizontal traffic surfaces:
 - a. Control, expansion, and isolation joints in cast-in-place concrete slabs and steps.
 - b. Joints at stone steps.
 - c. Other joints as indicated.
 - 3. Interior joints in the following vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces:
 - a. Control and expansion joints on exposed interior surfaces of exterior walls.
 - b. Perimeter joints of exterior openings where indicated.
 - c. Vertical control joints on exposed surfaces of interior unit masonry and concrete walls and partitions.
 - d. Perimeter joints between interior wall surfaces and frames of interior door frames, storefront framing, and entrances.
 - e. Joints between plumbing fixtures and adjoining walls, floors, and counters.
 - f. Tile control and expansion joints
 - g. Openings and joints in sound-rated partitions.
 - h. Other joints as indicated.
 - 4. Interior joints in the following horizontal traffic surfaces:
 - a. Control and expansion joints in cast-in-place concrete slabs.
 - b. Other joints as indicated.
- B. Related Sections include the following:

- 1. Sealants used in glazing are specified in Division 08 "Glazing."
- 2. Coordinate work of this section with all sections referencing it.

1.2 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide elastomeric joint sealants that establish and maintain watertight and airtight continuous joint seals without staining or deteriorating joint substrates.
- B. Provide joint sealants for interior applications that establish and maintain airtight and water-resistant continuous joint seals without staining or deteriorating joint substrates.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product indicated.
- B. Samples for initial selection purposes in form of manufacturer's standard bead samples, consisting of strips of actual products showing full range of colors available, for each product exposed to view.
- C. Samples for verification purposes of each type and color of joint sealant required. Install joint sealant samples in 1/2-inch (13-mm)) wide joints formed between two 6-inch (150-mm) long strips of material matching the appearance of exposed surfaces adjacent to joint sealants.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Certificates from manufacturers of joint sealants attesting that their products comply with specification requirements and are suitable for the use indicated.
- B. Qualification data complying with requirements specified in "Quality Assurance" article. Include list of completed projects with project names addresses, names of Architects and Owners, plus other information specified.
- C. Compatibility and adhesion test reports from elastomeric sealant manufacturer indicating that materials forming joint substrates and joint sealant backings have been tested for compatibility and adhesion with joint sealants. Include sealant manufacturer's interpretation of test results relative to sealant performance and recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed to obtain adhesion.
- D. Product test reports for each type of joint sealants indicated, evidencing compliance with requirements specified.
- E. Preconstruction field test reports indicating which products and joint preparation methods demonstrate acceptable adhesion to joint substrates.
- F. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an installer who has successfully completed at least three (3) joint sealer applications similar in type and size to that of this project within the last five (5) years. All workers used for work of this Section shall be experienced in the techniques of sealant application and shall be completely familiar with the published recommendations of the manufacturer of the joint sealant materials being used.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of joint sealant through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Preconstruction Field Testing: Prior to installation of joint sealants, field-test their adhesion to joint substrates as follows:
 - 1. Locate test joints where indicated or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
 - 2. Conduct field tests for each application indicated below:
 - a. Each type of elastomeric sealant and joint substrate indicated.
 - b. Each type of non-elastomeric sealant and joint substrate indicated.
 - 3. Notify Architect one week in advance of the dates and times when mock-ups will be erected.
 - 4. Arrange for tests to take place with joint sealant manufacturer's technical representative present.
 - 5. Test Method: Test joint sealants by hand pull method described below:
 - a. Install joint sealants in 60 inches (1500 mm)) joint lengths using same materials and methods for joint preparation and joint sealant installation required for completed Work. Allow sealants to cure fully before testing.
 - b. Make knife cuts horizontally from one side of joint to the other followed by 2 vertical cuts approximately 2 inches (50 mm) long at side of joint and meeting horizontal cut at top of 2-inch (50-mm) cuts. Place a mark 1 inch (25 mm) from top of 2-inch (50-mm) piece.
 - c. Use fingers to grasp 2-inch (50-mm) piece of sealant just above 1-inch (25-mm) mark; pull firmly down at a 90-degree angle or more while holding a ruler along side of sealant. Pull sealant out of joint to the distance recommended by sealant manufacturer for testing adhesive capability, but not less than that equaling specified maximum movement capability in extension; hold this position for 10 seconds.
 - 6. Report whether or not sealant in joint connected to pulled-out portion failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each type of product and joint substrate.
 - 7. Evaluation of Field Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing, in absence of other indications of noncompliance with requirements, will be considered satisfactory. Do not use sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing.
- D. Field-Constructed Mock-Ups: Prior to installation of joint sealants, apply elastomeric sealants as follows to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects as well as qualities of materials and execution:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Joints in field-constructed mock-ups of assemblies specified in other Sections that are indicated to receive elastomeric joint sealants specified in this Section.
- E. Pre-Installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements of the Division 01 Section covering this activity.
- F. Random Field Tests: Periodically test sealants, in place, for adhesion, using methods recommended by sealant manufacturer. Promptly replace any sealant that does not adhere, fails to cure, or fails to perform as specified by the sealant manufacturer.
- G. Field Water Test: Perform two field water tests on completed areas including as many conditions as possible. If leakage occurs during testing, repair as required, and re-test area and also test two additional locations.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials to Project site in original unopened containers or bundles with labels indicating manufacturer, product name and designation, color, expiration period for use, pot life, curing time, and mixing instructions for multicomponent materials.
- B. Store and handle materials in compliance with manufacturer's recommendations to prevent their deterioration or damage due to moisture, high or low temperatures, contaminants, or other causes.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:
 - 1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside the limits permitted by joint sealant manufacturer or below 40 deg F (4 deg C).
 - 2. When joint substrates are wet.
- B. Joint Width Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants where joint widths are less than allowed by joint sealant manufacturer for application indicated.
- C. Joint Substrate Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants until contaminants capable of interfering with their adhesion are removed from joint substrates.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate the work with all sections referencing this section.

1.9 WARRANTY

A. Special Installer's Warranty: Installer's standard form in which Installer agrees to repair or replace elastomeric joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Manufacturer's Warranty: Provide written warranty agreeing to repair or replace, at no cost to Owner, defective materials for twenty (20) years, and workmanship for two (2) years from the Date of Substantial Completion. Defective materials and workmanship shall include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Deterioration, aging or weathering of the work;
 - 2. Water leakage and/or air leakage;
 - 3. Sealant loss of adhesion, loss of cohesion, cracking or discoloration;
 - 4. Staining or discoloration of adjacent surfaces;
 - 5. Joint failure due to building or joint movement up to the limits prescribed by the manufacturer:
 - 6. Cracks or bubbles on sealant surface.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, joint fillers, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- B. Colors: Provide color of exposed joint sealants to comply with the following:
 - 1. Provide selections made by Architect from manufacturer's standards or custom colors to match Architect's samples, as directed by Architect.
- C. Additional Movement Capability: Where additional movement capability is specified, provide products with the capability, when tested for adhesion and cohesion under maximum cyclic movement per ASTM C 719, to withstand the specified percentage change in the joint width existing at time of installation and remain in compliance with other requirements of ASTM C 920 for Uses indicated.
- D. VOC Content of Interior Sealants: Provide sealants and sealant primers for use inside the weatherproofing system that comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Part 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1. Architectural Sealants: 250 g/L.
 - 2. Sealant Primers for Nonporous Substrates: 250 g/L.
 - 3. Sealant Primers for Porous Substrates: 775 g/L.
- E. Stain-Test-Response Characteristics: Where sealants are specified to be nonstaining to porous substrates, provide products that have undergone testing according to ASTM C 1248 and have not stained porous joint substrates indicated for Project

2.2 LATEX JOINT SEALANT

- A. Acrylic-Emulsion Sealant: Manufacturer's standard, one part, nonsag, mildew-resistant, paintable latex acrylic-emulsion sealant complying with ASTM C 834, formulated to be paintable and recommended for exposed applications on interior locations involving joint movement of not more than plus or minus 5 percent.
 - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, latex joint sealants that may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. AC-20; Pecora Corporation.
 - b. Tremflex 834; Tremco.
 - c. ALEX PLUS; DAP.
- B. Uses: General interior use, paintable.

2.3 MILDEW-RESISTANT SILICONE JOINT SEALANT

- A. Single-Component Mildew-Resistant Silicone Sealant: Manufacturer's standard, non-modified, one-part, silicone sealant; complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses NT, G, A, and, as applicable to non-porous joint substrates indicated, O. Formulate sealant with fungicide and specifically intended for sealing interior joints with nonporous substrates and subject to in-service exposure to conditions of high humidity and temperature extremes.
 - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, silicone joint sealants that may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. 786 Mildew Resistant; Dow Corning.
 - b. Sanitary 1700; GE Silicones.
 - c. 898 Silicone Sanitary Sealant; Pecora Corporation.
 - d. Tremsil 600 White; Tremco.
- B. Uses: Interior use in wet locations, and all toilet and shower rooms.

2.4 NONSAG URETHANE JOINT SEALANT

- A. Multicomponent Nonsag Urethane Sealant: Manufacturer's standard, non-modified, multipart, nonsag urethane sealant; complying with ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses NT, M, G, A, and as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.
 - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, urethane joint sealants that may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Dynatrol II, Pecora Corporation
 - b. Sikaflex-2c NS, Sika Corporation
 - c. Dymeric 240FC; Tremco.
 - d. Masterseal NP 2; Master Builders Solutions Div., BASF
- B. Uses: Interior use for exposed concrete or masonry wall control joints
- 2.5 SILICONE JOINT SEALANT

- A. Single-Component, Nonsag, Neutral-Curing Silicone Joint Sealant: ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100, for Use G, A, M, O; non-staining and field-tintable.
 - 1. Basis of Design Product: Provide Pecora Corporation "890FTS" sealant or equal manufactured by one of the following:
 - a. Dow Corning Corporation.
 - b. GE Advanced Materials Silicones
 - c. Sika Corporation, Construction Products Division
 - d. Tremco Incorporated
- B. Additional Movement Capability: 100 percent movement in extension and 50 percent in compression for a total of 150 percent movement.
- C. Uses: General exterior use.

2.6 POURABLE URETHANE JOINT SEALANT

- A. Multicomponent Pourable Urethane Sealant: Manufacturer's standard, non-modified, two-part, urethane sealant; complying with ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade P, Class 25, Uses T, M, A and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.
 - Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, urethane joint sealants that may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. NR-200 Urexpan, Pecora Corporation
 - b. Sikaflex 2c SL, Sika Corporation
 - c. Masterseal SL 2; Master Builders Solutions Div., BASF
- B. Uses: Interior or exterior use for level pavement or slab joints.

2.7 NONSAG URETHANE JOINT SEALANT

- A. Multi-Part Non-Sag Urethane Sealant: Except as otherwise indicated, provide manufacturer's standard, non-modified, two-part, urethane sealant; complying with ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses T, M, A and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.
 - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, urethane joint sealants that may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Sikaflex 2c NS; Sika Corp
 - b. Dynatred, Pecora Corporation
 - c. Masterseal NP 2: Master Builders Solutions Div., BASF
- B. Uses: Interior or exterior use for pavement or slab joints where slope exceeds one percent.

2.8 ACOUSTICAL JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Acoustical Sealant: Non-sag (gun grade), non-flammable, latex-based sealant designed to limit sound transmission through interior STC-rated partitions. Sealant remains flexible and adhered to metal, wood, plaster, gypsum, and concrete after drying.
 - 1. Maintains the STC rating of partitions with intersections and penetrations sealed with product: Tested by independent, accredited, NVLAP facility according to ASTM F 90
 - 2. Products: Provide one of the following:
 - a. QuietZone Acoustic Sealant by Owens Corning.
 - b. OSI GreenSeries SC-175 Draft & Acoustical Sound Sealant by Henkel Corporation
 - c. Pecora AIS-919: Acoustical and Insulation Latex Sealant by Pecora Corporation
 - d. Smoke 'N' Sound Acoustical Sealant by Specified Technologies Inc.
- B. Uses: At penetrations through and intersections of sound-rated wall, floor and ceiling assemblies in order to preserve their ability to reduce airborne sound impact noise transmission.

2.9 PREFORMED FOAM SEALANTS

- A. Preformed Foam Sealants: Manufacturer's standard preformed, precompressed, impregnated open-cell foam sealant manufactured from high-density urethane foam impregnated with a nondrying, water repellent agent; factory-produced in precompressed sizes and in roll or stick form to fit joint widths indicated and to develop a watertight and airtight seal when compressed to the degree specified by manufacturer; and complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Properties: Permanently elastic, mildew-resistant, nonmigratory, nonstaining, and compatible with joint substrates and other joint sealants.
 - 2. Impregnating Agent: Chemically stabilized acrylic.
 - 3. Density: Manufacturer's standard.
 - 4. Backing: None.
 - 5. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, preformed foam sealants that may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. "Emseal," Emseal Corp.
 - b. "Emseal Greyflex," Emseal Corp.
 - c. "Wil-Seal 150," Wil-Seal Construction Foams Div., Illbruck.
 - d. "Wil-Seal 250," Wil-Seal Construction Foams Div., Illbruck.

2.10 JOINT SEALANT BACKING

A. General: Provide sealant backings of material and type that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- B. Plastic Foam Joint Fillers: Preformed, compressible, resilient, nonstaining, nonwaxing, nonextruding strips of flexible plastic foam of material indicated below and of size, shape, and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance:
 - 1. Closed-cell polyethylene foam, nonabsorbent to liquid water and gas, nonoutgassing in unruptured state.
 - 2. Manufacturer: Provide Cera-Rod manufactured by W.R. Meadows, Inc., or equivalent.
- C. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape as recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint where such adhesion would result in sealant failure. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.

2.11 JOINT FILLERS FOR EXTERIOR CONCRETE SLABS

- A. General: Provide joint fillers of thickness and depth indicated, or if not indicated 1/2" thick by depth of joint.
- B. Bituminous Fiber Joint Filler: Provide preformed strips of with asphalt binder encased between two layers of saturated felt or glass-fiber felt, complying with ASTM D 1751.
 - 1. Protect top edge of joint filler during concrete placement with a metal, plastic, or other temporary preformed cap. Remove protective cap after concrete has been placed on both sides of joint and seal with sealant.

2.12 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Primer: Material recommended by joint sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint sealant-substrate tests and field tests.
- B. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials, free of oily residues or other substances capable of staining or harming in any way joint substrates and adjacent nonporous surfaces, and formulated to promote optimum adhesion of sealants with joint substrates.
- C. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

affecting joint sealant performance. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with recommendations of joint sealant manufacturer and the following requirements:
 - Remove all foreign material from joint substrates that could interfere with adhesion
 of joint sealant, including dust, paints (except for permanent, protective coatings
 tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant
 manufacturer), old joint sealants, oil, grease, waterproofing, water repellents, water,
 surface dirt, and frost.
 - 2. Clean concrete, masonry, unglazed surfaces of ceramic tile, and similar porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, blast cleaning, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants. Remove loose particles remaining from above cleaning operations by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air.
 - 3. Remove laitance and form release agents from concrete.
 - 4. Clean metal, glass, porcelain enamel, glazed surfaces of ceramic tile, and other nonporous surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants.
- B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where indicated or where recommended by joint sealant manufacturer based on preconstruction joint sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint sealant manufacturer's recommendations. Confine primers to areas of joint sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.
- C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

- A. General: Comply with joint sealant manufacturer's printed installation instructions applicable to products and applications indicated, except where more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations of ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- C. Installation of Sealant Backings: Install sealant backings to comply with the following requirements:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- Install joint fillers of type indicated to provide support of sealants during application and at position required to produce the cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
 - a. Do not leave gaps between ends of joint fillers.
 - b. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear joint fillers.
 - c. Remove absorbent joint fillers that have become wet prior to sealant application and replace with dry material.
- 2. Install bond breaker tape between sealants where backer rods are not used between sealants and joint fillers or back of joints.
- D. Installation of Sealants: Install sealants by proven techniques that result in sealants directly contacting and fully wetting joint substrates, completely filling recesses provided for each joint configuration, and providing uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability. Install sealants at the same time sealant backings are installed.
- E. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and prior to time skinning or curing begins, tool sealants to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated, to eliminate air pockets, and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint. Remove excess sealants from surfaces adjacent to joint. Do not use tooling agents that discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces or are not approved by sealant manufacturer.
 - 1. Provide concave joint configuration per Figure 5A in ASTM C 1193, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Use masking tape to protect adjacent surfaces of recessed tooled joints.
- F. Installation of Preformed Foam Sealants: Install each length of sealant immediately after removing protective wrapping, taking care not to pull or stretch material, and to comply with sealant manufacturer's directions for installation methods, materials, and tools that produce seal continuity at ends, turns, and intersections of joints. For applications at low ambient temperatures where expansion of sealant requires acceleration to produce seal, apply heat to sealant in conformance with sealant manufacturer's recommendations.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean off excess sealants or sealant smears adjacent to joints as work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

3.5 PROTECTION

A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances or from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so that they are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

deteriorated joint sealants immediately so that and installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from original work.

END OF SECTION 079200

SECTION 083113 - ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Wall access doors and frames for interior locations.
- 2. Fire-rated wall access doors and frames for interior locations
- 3. Ceiling access doors and frames for interior locations.
- 4. Fire-rated ceiling access doors and frames for interior locations.
- 5. Fire-rated insulated wall access doors and frames for interior locations.
- B. Locations and Quantities of Access Doors: Not all access doors are shown on the Drawings. It is the intent of this section that access doors be provided wherever access is required for operation and maintenance of concealed equipment, dampers, valves, controls or similar devices.
- C. Cylinders for access doors are specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware."
- D. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Division 23 Section "Air Duct Accessories" for heating and air-conditioning duct access doors.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include construction details, fire ratings, materials, individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 2. Detail fabrication and installation of access doors and frames for each type of substrate.
- C. Samples: For each door face material, at least 3 by 5 inches (75 by 125 mm) in size, in specified finish.
- D. Product Schedule: Provide complete access door and frame schedule, including types, locations, sizes, latching or locking provisions, and other data pertinent to installation.

1.3 COORDINATION

A. Verification: Determine specific locations and sizes for access doors needed to gain access to concealed equipment, and indicate on schedule specified in "Submittals" Article

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Rated Access Doors and Frames: Units complying with NFPA 80 that are identical to access door and frame assemblies tested for fire-test-response characteristics according to the following test method and that are listed and labeled by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:
 - 1. NFPA 252 or UL 10B for fire-rated access door assemblies installed vertically.
 - 2. NFPA 288 for fire-rated access door assemblies installed horizontally.

2.2 PRODUCTS, GENERAL

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of access door and frame from single source from single manufacturer.

2.3 ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Babcock-Davis.
 - 2. J. L. Industries, Inc.; Div. of Activar Construction Products Group.
 - 3. Karp Associates, Inc.
 - 4. Larsen's Manufacturing Company.
 - 5. Milcor Inc.
 - 6. Nystrom, Inc.
- B. Flush Access Doors, with Exposed Trim, for CMU Surfaces: Units consisting of frame with exposed trim, door, hardware, and complying with the following requirements
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Karp Model DSC-214M, Universal Flush Access Door.
 - 2. Assembly Description: Fabricate door to fit flush to frame. Provide flange integral with frame, 3/4 inch (19 mm) wide, overlapping surrounding finished surface.
 - 3. Locations: Provide at non-rated concrete block walls.
 - 4. Uncoated Steel Sheet for Door: Nominal 0.074 inch (1.9 mm), 14 gage.
 - a. Finish: Factory prime.
 - 5. Stainless-Steel Sheet for Door for Toilet Rooms, Shower Rooms, and Other Wet Areas: Nominal 0.074 inch (1.9 mm), 14 gage; No. 4 finish.
 - 6. Frame Material: Nominal 0.060 inch (1.52 mm), 16 gage
 - 7. Hinges: Concealed continuous piano hinge.
 - 8. Latches: Self-latching key-operated bolt type, with interior release; for locking.
- C. Trimless, Flush Access Doors for Gypsum Board Surfaces: Units consisting of frame, concealed edge trim, door, hardware, and complying with the following requirements:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Karp KDW for drywall
- 2. Assembly Description: Fabricate door to fit flush to frame. Provide frame with gypsum board beads for concealed flange installation.
- 3. Locations: Provide at non-rated gypsum board walls and ceilings.
- 4. Uncoated Steel Sheet for Door: Nominal 0.074 inch (1.9 mm), 14 gage.
 - a. Finish: Factory prime.
- 5. Stainless-Steel Sheet for Door for Toilet Rooms, Shower Rooms, and Other Wet Areas: Nominal 0.074 inch (1.9 mm), 14 gage; No. 4 finish.
- 6. Frame Material: Nominal 0.060 inch (1.52 mm), 16 gage.
- 7. Hinges: Concealed continuous piano hinge.
- 8. Latches: Self-latching key-operated bolt type, with interior release; for locking.
- D. Recessed Doors for Acoustical Ceiling Tiles: Units consisting of frame with no exposed trim, recessed door to receive tile, hardware, and complying with the following requirements.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Karp, Model DSC-210, Recessed Acoustical Ceiling Tile Access Doors.
 - 2. Locations: Provide at non-rated acoustical ceilings tiles.
 - 3. Uncoated Steel Sheet for Door: Nominal 0.060 inch (1.52 mm), 16 gage thick steel sheet; recessed 1-inch (25.4 mm).
 - a. Finish: Factory prime.
 - 4. Stainless-Steel Sheet for Door for Toilet Rooms, Shower Rooms, and Other Wet Areas: Nominal 0.060 inch (1.52 mm), 16 gage; No. 4 finish.
 - 5. Frame Material: Nominal 0.074 inch (1.9 mm), 14 gage.
 - 6. Hinges: Concealed, pivoting-rod type.
 - 7. Latches: Self-latching key-operated bolt type, with interior release; for locking.
- E. Insulated, Fire-Rated Access Doors for Ceilings and Walls: Units consisting of frame with exposed edge trim, self-latching insulated door, and hardware, and complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Nystrom Model IT Insulated Fire-Rated Access Door, with Exposed Flange, for Walls and Ceilings.
 - 2. Assembly Description: Fabricate door to fit flush to frame, with a core of mineral-fiber insulation enclosed in sheet metal. Provide flange integral with frame, 1 inch (25 mm) wide, overlapping surrounding finished surface. Provide self-latching door with automatic closer and interior latch release.
 - 3. Locations: Provide at pipe tunnel and elsewhere as required.
 - 4. Fire-Resistance Ratings:
 - a. Walls: 1-1/2 hours.
 - 5. Uncoated Steel Sheet for Door: 20 ga., 0.0359-inch- (0.91-mm-) thick steel sheet, welded pan type, filled with 2-inch (50 mm) thick fire-rated mineral-fiber insulation.
 - 6. Frame Material: 16 ga., 0.0598-inch- (1.52-mm-) thick steel sheet, 1-inch (25.4 mm) wide exposed trim.
 - 7. Finish: White powder coat.
 - 8. Hinges: Flush continuous piano hinge.

9. Hardware: Self-latching key-operated with mortise lock prep, with interior release; for locking.

F. Hardware:

- 1. Lock: Cylinder, keyed alike for project
- 2. Lock for Fire Rated Access Doors: Mortise cylinder.
 - Lock Preparation: Prepare door panel to accept cylinder specified in Section 087100 "Door Hardware."

2.4 MATERIALS

- A. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- B. Steel Sheet: Uncoated or electrolytic zinc coated, ASTM A 879/A 879M, with cold-rolled steel sheet substrate complying with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), exposed.
- C. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; with minimum G60 (Z180) or A60 (ZF180) metallic coating.
- D. Stainless-Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bars: ASTM A 666, Type 304. Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines or blend into finish.
- E. Frame Anchors: Same type as door face.
- F. Inserts, Bolts, and Anchor Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized steel according to ASTM A 153/A 153M or ASTM F 2329.

2.5 FABRICATION

- A. General: Provide access door and frame assemblies manufactured as integral units ready for installation.
- B. Metal Surfaces: For metal surfaces exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces without blemishes. Do not use materials with exposed pitting, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or roughness.
- C. Doors and Frames: Grind exposed welds smooth and flush with adjacent surfaces. Furnish attachment devices and fasteners of type required to secure access doors to types of supports indicated.
 - 1. For concealed flanges with drywall bead, provide edge trim for gypsum board securely attached to perimeter of frames.
 - 2. For concealed flanges with plaster bead for full-bed plaster applications, provide zinc-coated expanded metal lath and exposed casing bead welded to perimeter of frames.
 - 3. Provide mounting holes in frames for attachment of units to metal or wood framing.
 - 4. Provide mounting holes in frame for attachment of masonry anchors.

- D. Recessed Access Doors: Form face of panel to provide recess for application of applied finish. Reinforce panel as required to prevent buckling.
- E. Latching Mechanisms: Furnish number required to hold doors in flush, smooth plane when closed.
 - 1. Non-Rated Doors: For cylinder locks, furnish two keys per lock and key all locks alike.
 - 2. Fire-Rated Doors: Cylinder and keys are specified in Section 087100 "Door Hardware."

2.6 FINISHES

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- D. Steel and Metallic-Coated-Steel Finishes:
 - 1. Factory Prime: Apply manufacturer's standard, VOC-free, electrostatic-applied powder coat finish immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment.

E. Stainless-Steel Finishes:

- 1. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
- 2. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
 - a. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
 - b. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
 - c. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing access doors and frames.
- B. Set frames accurately in position and attach securely to supports with plane of face panels aligned with adjacent finish surfaces.
- C. Install doors flush with adjacent finish surfaces or recessed to receive finish material.

3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust doors and hardware, after installation, for proper operation.
- B. Remove and replace doors and frames that are warped, bowed, or otherwise damaged.

END OF SECTION 083113

SECTION 092116.23 - GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT WALL ASSEMBLIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Gypsum board shaft wall assemblies.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each component of gypsum board shaft wall assembly.

1.3 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction traffic, and other potential causes of damage. Stack panels flat and supported on risers on a flat platform to prevent sagging.

1.4 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or with gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.
- B. Do not install interior products until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.
- C. Do not install panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
 - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, and irregular shape.
 - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.
- B. STC-Rated Assemblies: Provide materials and construction identical to those of assemblies tested according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by a testing and inspecting agency.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

2.2 GYPSUM BOARD SHAFT WALL ASSEMBLIES

- A. Fire-Resistance Rating: 1 hour and 2 hours as indicated.
- B. STC Rating: As indicated.
- C. Studs: Manufacturer's standard profile for repetitive members, corner and end members, and fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated.
 - 1. Depth: 2-1/2 inches (64 mm), 4 inches (102 mm) and 6 inches (152 mm) as indicated on the Partition Type Drawing.
 - 2. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.033 inch (0.84 mm).
- D. Runner Tracks: Manufacturer's standard J-profile track with manufacturer's standard long-leg length, but at least 2 inches (51 mm) long and matching studs in depth.
 - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: Matching steel studs.
- E. Room-Side Finish: As indicated.
- F. Shaft-Side Finish: Gypsum shaftliner board, moisture- and mold-resistant Type X.
- G. Insulation: Sound attenuation blankets.

2.3 PANEL PRODUCTS

- A. Panel Size: Provide in maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.
- B. Gypsum Shaftliner Board, Type X: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M; manufacturer's proprietary fire-resistive liner panels with paper faces.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Lafarge North America, Inc.; Firecheck Type X Shaftliner.
 - b. National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond Brand Fire-Shield Shaftliner.
 - c. USG Corporation; Sheetrock Brand Gypsum Liner Panel.
 - d. American Gypsum; Shaft Liner.
 - 2. Thickness: 1 inch (25.4 mm).
 - 3. Long Edges: Double bevel.
- C. Gypsum Shaftliner Board, Moisture- and Mold-Resistant Type X: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M; manufacturer's proprietary fire-resistive liner panels with moisture- and mold-resistant core and surfaces.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Lafarge North America, Inc.; Firecheck Moldcheck Type X Shaftliner.
 - b. National Gypsum Company; Gold Bond Brand Fire-Shield Shaftliner XP.
 - c. USG Corporation; Sheetrock Brand Mold Tough Gypsum Liner Panel.
 - 2. Thickness: 1 inch (25.4 mm).
 - 3. Long Edges: Double bevel.
 - 4. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

D. Gypsum Board: As specified in Section 092900 "Gypsum Board."

2.4 NON-LOAD-BEARING STEEL FRAMING

- A. Steel Framing Members: Comply with ASTM C 645 requirements for metal unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Protective Coating: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40 (Z120), hot-dip galvanized unless otherwise indicated.

2.5 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with manufacturer's written recommendations.
- B. Trim Accessories: Cornerbead, edge trim, and control joints of material and shapes as specified in Section 092900 "Gypsum Board" that comply with gypsum board shaft wall assembly manufacturer's written recommendations for application indicated.
- C. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C 1002 unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Track Fasteners: Power-driven fasteners of size and material required to withstand loading conditions imposed on shaft wall assemblies without exceeding allowable design stress of track, fasteners, or structural substrates in which anchors are embedded.
 - Expansion Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 5 times design load, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488 conducted by a qualified testing agency.
 - 2. Power-Actuated Anchors: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times design load, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 1190 conducted by a qualified testing agency.
- E. Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from slag wool, or rock wool; Provide mineral-fiber SAFB.
- F. Acoustical Sealant: As specified in Section 079200 "Sealants."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates to which gypsum board shaft wall assemblies attach or abut, with Installer present, including hollow-metal frames, elevator hoistway door frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing. Examine for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Sprayed Fire-Resistive Materials: Coordinate with gypsum board shaft wall assemblies so both elements of Work remain complete and undamaged. Patch or replace sprayed fire-resistive materials removed or damaged during installation of shaft wall assemblies to comply with requirements specified in Section 078100 "Applied Fireproofing."
- B. After sprayed fire-resistive materials are applied, remove only to extent necessary for installation of gypsum board shaft wall assemblies and without reducing the fire-resistive material thickness below that which is required to obtain fire-resistance rating indicated. Protect remaining fire-resistive materials from damage.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install gypsum board shaft wall assemblies to comply with requirements of fire-resistance-rated assemblies indicated, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and ASTM C 754 other than stud-spacing requirements.
- B. Do not bridge building expansion joints with shaft wall assemblies; frame both sides of expansion joints with furring and other support.
- C. Install supplementary framing in gypsum board shaft wall assemblies around openings and as required for blocking, bracing, and support of gravity and pullout loads of fixtures, equipment, services, heavy trim, furnishings, wall-mounted door stops, and similar items that cannot be supported directly by shaft wall assembly framing.
 - 1. Reinforcing: Where handrails directly attach to gypsum board shaft wall assemblies, provide galvanized steel reinforcing strip with 0.033-inch (0.84-mm) minimum thickness of base metal (uncoated), accurately positioned and secured behind at least one layer of face panel.
- D. Penetrations: At penetrations in shaft wall, maintain fire-resistance rating of shaft wall assembly by installing supplementary steel framing around perimeter of penetration and fire protection behind boxes containing wiring devices, elevator call buttons, elevator floor indicators, and similar items.
- E. Isolate perimeter of gypsum panels from building structure to prevent cracking of panels, while maintaining continuity of fire-rated construction.
- F. Control Joints: Install control joints according to ASTM C 840 and in specific locations approved by Architect while maintaining fire-resistance rating of gypsum board shaft wall assemblies.
 - 1. Install control joints on 30 foot maximum centers, for all partitions, at locations indicated, and as detailed. Align control joints with door frames wherever

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

possible, with space between edges of adjoining gypsum panels, as well as supporting framing behind gypsum panels.

- G. Sound-Rated Shaft Wall Assemblies: Seal gypsum board shaft walls with acoustical sealant at perimeter of each assembly where it abuts other work and at joints and penetrations within each assembly.
- H. Cant Panels: At projections into shaft exceeding 4 inches (102 mm), install 1/2- or 5/8-inch- (13- or 16-mm-) thick gypsum board cants covering tops of projections.
 - 1. Slope cant panels at least 75 degrees from horizontal. Set base edge of panels in adhesive and secure top edges to shaft walls at 24 inches (610 mm) o.c. with screws fastened to shaft wall framing.
 - 2. Where steel framing is required to support gypsum board cants, install framing at 24 inches (610 mm) o.c. and extend studs from the projection to shaft wall framing.
- I. Installation Tolerance: Install each framing member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch (3 mm) from the plane formed by faces of adjacent framing.

3.4 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Fire walls, fire barriers, fire partitions, smoke barriers and smoke partitions or any other wall required to have protected openings or penetrations shall be effectively and permanently identified with signs or stenciling. Such identification shall:
 - 1. Be located in accessible concealed floor, floor-ceiling or attic spaces.
 - 2. Be repeated at intervals not exceeding 30 feet (914 mm) measured horizontally along the wall or partition.
 - 3. Include lettering not less than 0.5 inch (12.7 mm)) in height, incorporating the followings wording: "FIRE AND/OR SMOKE BARRIER—PROTECT ALL OPENINGS," or other wording to reflect the wall type as indicated on the Code Summary Drawings.

3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.
- B. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
 - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, and irregular shape.
 - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

END OF SECTION 092116.23

SECTION 092150 - GYPSUM PLASTER REPAIR AND RESTORATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Repair of existing plaster on interior walls and ceilings to the extent indicated on drawings.
 - 2. Repair of existing plaster on interior walls and ceilings that requires cutting or removal to accommodate new conduit, piping, or other components of mechanical and electrical systems or other new construction.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data consisting of manufacturer's product specifications and installation instructions for each product, including data showing compliance with specified requirements.
- B. Samples for verification in units at least 12 inches (300 mm) square of each type of finish indicated; in sets for each color, texture, and pattern specified, showing the full range of variations expected in these characteristics.
- C. Material Certificates: Submit certificate signed by manufacturer for each kind of plaster aggregate certifying that materials comply with requirements.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer: A firm having not less than five (5) years successful experience in plaster work similar to work of this project.
- B. Workmen: Skilled plasterers who have demonstrated experience in the type of work specified and who are thoroughly familiar with the requirements of the work. In acceptance or rejection of plaster work, no allowance will be made for lack of skill on the part of the workmen.
- C. Single-Source Responsibility: Obtain gypsum plaster from one source and by a single manufacturer.
- D. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Where fire-resistance-rated plaster assemblies are indicated, provide materials and construction identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Fire-Resistance Ratings: As indicated by GA File Numbers in GA-600 "Fire Resistance Design Manual" or design designations in UL "Fire Resistance

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

Directory" or in the listing of another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

- E. Mockups: Prior to proceeding with plaster repair and restoration work, prepare mock-up panels for each type of finish and application required to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects as well as qualities of materials and execution. Build mockups to comply with the following requirements, using materials indicated for final unit of Work.
 - 1. Provide in-place 2' x 2' (min. size) sample of each type of repair work at existing plaster wall or ceiling surfaces to demonstrate quality of work expected in finished work in location directed by Architect.
 - 2. Execute mock-up in presence of Architect using all materials indicated for final Work including lath, support system, and control joints.
 - 3. Notify Architect 7 days in advance of the dates and times when mockups will be constructed.
 - 4. Demonstrate the proposed range of aesthetic effects and workmanship.
 - 5. Obtain Architect's approval of mockups before proceeding with remainder of plaster repair and restoration work.
 - 6. Retain and maintain mockups during construction in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging the completed plasterwork.
 - 7. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials to Project site in original packages, containers, or bundles, labeled with manufacturer's name, product brand name, and lot number.
- B. Store materials inside, under cover, and dry, protected from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, aging, corrosion, and damage from construction traffic and other causes. Protect plaster material from dampness and intrusion of foreign material.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Requirements, General: Comply with requirements of referenced plaster application standards and recommendations of plaster manufacturer for environmental conditions before, during, and after plaster application.
- B. Temperature Requirements: Maintain continuous uniform room temperature of not less than 40 deg F (4 deg C) nor more than 80 deg F (27 deg C) for at least 7 days before beginning plaster application, during its application, and until plaster is dry but for at least 7 days after application is complete. Distribute heat evenly; prevent concentrated or uneven heat from contacting plaster near heat source.
- C. Ventilation Requirements: Ventilate building spaces as required to remove water in excess of that required for hydrating plaster. Begin ventilation immediately after plaster is applied and continue until it sets.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

D. Protect contiguous work from soiling, spattering, moisture deterioration, and other harmful effects caused by plastering.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Gypsum Plasters and Accessories:
 - a. National Gypsum Co.
 - b. United States Gypsum Co.

2.2 LATH

- A. Expanded-Metal Lath: Fabricate expanded-metal lath from uncoated or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet to produce lath complying with ASTM C 847 for type, configuration, and other characteristics indicated below, with uncoated steel sheet coated after fabrication into lath.
 - 1. Diamond-Mesh Lath: Weighing 3.4 lb/sq. yd. (1.8 kg/sq. m).
 - a. Provide self-furring type for plastering directly on masonry, concrete, plywood and other flat surfaces.
 - b. Provide rib lath for ceiling locations.
 - c. Provide expanded metal flat diamond mesh lath for all other locations.

2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Comply with material provisions of ASTM C 841 and the requirements indicated below; coordinate depth of accessories with thicknesses and number of plaster coats required.
 - 1. Galvanized Steel Components: Fabricated from zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653, G40 (ASTM A 653M, Z90) minimum coating designation.
- B. Metal Cornerbeads: Type as indicated below, fabricated from zinc-coated (galvanized) steel.
 - 1. Type: Small nose with perforated flanges, for use on curved corners.
 - 2. Type: Small nose with expanded flanges reinforced by perforated stiffening rib, for use on columns and for finishing masonry corners.
 - 3. Type: Bull nose, radius 3/4 inch (19 mm) minimum, with expanded flanges, at locations indicated.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- C. Strip Reinforcement: Smooth-edge strips of expanded-metal lath fabricated from uncoated or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet, with uncoated steel sheet coated after fabrication; in the following forms:
 - 1. Cornerite: Strips bent lengthwise in center for internal plaster angles not otherwise reinforced by metal lath lapped or carried around.
 - 2. Stripite: Flat strips for reinforcing joints in gypsum lath, nonmetallic bases, and between dissimilar plaster bases.
- D. Casing Beads: Square-edged style, with short or expanded flanges to suit kinds of plaster bases indicated; of the following material:
 - 1. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel.
- E. Control Joints: Prefabricated, zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; one-piece type with folded pair of nonperforated screeds in M-shaped configuration, with expanded or perforated flanges.
 - 1. Provide removable protective tape on plaster face of control joints.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Water for Mixing and Finishing Plaster: Potable and free of substances capable of affecting plaster set or of damaging plaster, lath, or accessories.
- B. Bonding Compound: ASTM C 631.
- C. Repair and Reinforcing Tape: Open-mesh, glass fiber.

2.5 PLASTER MATERIALS

- A. Base-Coat Plasters: ASTM C 28, types as indicated below:
 - 1. High-strength gypsum neat plaster with a minimum, average, dry compressive strength of 2800 psi (19 MPa) per ASTM C 472 for a mix of 100 lb (45 kg) of plaster and 2 cu. ft. (0.06 cu. m) of sand.
- B. Finish-Coat Plasters: Gypsum Keene's cement, ASTM C 61.
- C. Finishing Hydrated Limes: ASTM C 206, type S, special hydrated lime for finishing purposes.
- D. Aggregates for Base-Coat Plasters: ASTM C 35, type as indicated below:
 - 1. Sand aggregate, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Aggregates for Finish-Coat Plaster with Floated Finish: ASTM C 35, sand aggregate. graded per ASTM C 842.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- F. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. High-Strength Gypsum Neat Plaster:
 - a. Structo-Base; United States Gypsum Co.
 - 2. Gypsum Keene's Cement:
 - a. Red Top Keene's Cement; United States Gypsum Co.
 - 3. Finishing Hydrated Limes, Type S:
 - a. Ivory Finish Lime; United States Gypsum Co.
 - b. Snowdrift Finish Lime; United States Gypsum Co.

2.6 PLASTER MIXES AND COMPOSITIONS

- A. Plaster Base-Coat Compositions: Comply with ASTM C 842 and manufacturer's written instructions for plaster base-coat proportions that correspond to application methods and plaster bases indicated below:
 - 1. Three-Coat Work over Masonry and Metal Lath: Base coats as indicated below:
 - a. Scratch Coat: High-strength gypsum plaster with job-mixed sand.
 - b. Brown Coat: High-strength gypsum plaster with job-mixed sand.
- B. Finish Coats: Proportion materials in parts by dry weight for finish coats to comply with the following requirements for each type of finish coat and texture indicated:
 - 1. Troweled Finishes: Finish-coat proportion as indicated below:
 - a. Gypsum Keene's Cement: 2 parts plaster to 1 part lime.

2.7 MIXING

- A. Mechanically mix cementitious and aggregate materials for plasters to comply with applicable referenced application standard and with recommendations of plaster manufacturer.
- B. Use materials without admixture of materials other than those specified herein in each instance. No retempering or retarding of partially set plaster mixes will be permitted, trade custom or local practices notwithstanding.
- C. Mix plaster in a batch type mixer at the construction site. Frozen, caked or lumpy material shall not be used. Clean mixer of all set or hardened material before materials for a new batch are loaded.
- D. Mix each batch of plaster separately. Thoroughly mix to obtain uniformity of color and workable consistency of mass and only in such quantities as will be used before it has started to set. Retempering after the plaster has started to set will not be permitted and such plaster shall be discarded.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- E. Machine mix special finishing hydrated lime with amount of water called for in printed directions of the manufacturer to form a putty and allow to stand for at least 15 minutes before using. Treat hydrated lime in a manner to obtain smooth or lump-free putty. Protect the putty from sun and take preventive measures to prevent excessive evaporation while stored.
- F. Batches for base coats shall not be in excess of an amount that can be entirely used within two hours. Batches for finish coats shall not be in excess of an amount that can be entirely used within 30 minutes.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

A. Examine surfaces to which the work is to be attached or applied and notify Architect of existing conditions that are detrimental to the proper and expeditious installation of the work. Starting of work shall imply acceptance of surfaces to perform work as specified.

3.2 PROTECTION

- A. Exercise care to avoid soiling or spattering plaster onto the work of other trades. Use cover cloths or other suitable means of protection.
- B. Cover and protect furniture, equipment and fixtures to remain from soiling or damage when plaster repair work is performed in areas from which such items have not been removed.
- C. Take precautions to prevent unnecessary staining and smearing of floors by covering the floors with polyethylene.

3.3 PLASTER REMOVAL:

A. Remove deteriorated plaster and corroded metal lath in areas indicated on drawings. Carefully remove all existing plaster that is loose, friable, bubbled, crumbling or otherwise deteriorated or unsuitable to remain. Make clean, sharp edges beveled inward to insure firm bond of new plaster.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF LATH AND FURRING, GENERAL

- A. Interior Lathing and Furring: Install materials indicated for plaster to comply with ASTM C 841.
- B. Isolation: Where lathing and metal support system abuts building structure horizontally and where partition or wall abuts overhead structure, sufficiently isolate from structural movement to prevent transfer of loading from building structure. Install slip- or cushion-type joints to absorb deflections but maintain lateral support.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

1. Frame both sides of control joints independently and do not bridge joints with furring and lathing or accessories.

3.5 METAL LATHING

A. Install expanded-metal lath for applications where plaster base coats are required. Provide appropriate type, configuration, and weight of metal lath selected from materials indicated that comply with referenced lathing installation standards.

3.6 INSTALLATION OF PLASTERING ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Comply with referenced lathing and furring installation standards for provision and location of plaster accessories of type indicated. Miter or cope accessories at corners; install with tight joints and in alignment. Attach accessories securely to plaster bases to hold accessories in place and in alignment during plastering.
- B. Accessories: Provide the following types to comply with requirements indicated for location:
 - 1. Cornerbeads: Install at external corners.
 - 2. Casing Beads: Install at terminations of plaster work, except where plaster passes behind and is concealed by other work and where metal screeds, bases, or frames act as casing beads.
 - 3. Control Joints: Install at locations indicated or, if not indicated, at spacings and locations required by referenced standard, recommended by plaster manufacturer, and approved by Architect. Spacing between joints in either direction shall not exceed the following:
 - a. Partitions: 30 feet (9 m).

3.7 PLASTER APPLICATION, GENERAL

- A. Prepare monolithic surfaces for bonded base coats and use bonding compound to comply with requirements of referenced plaster application standards for conditioning monolithic surfaces.
- B. Tolerances: Do not deviate more than plus or minus 1/8 inch in 10 feet (3 mm in 3 m) from a true plane in finished plaster surfaces, as measured by a 10-foot (3-m) straightedge placed at any location on surface.
- C. Grout hollow-metal frames, bases, and similar work occurring in plastered areas, with base-coat plaster material, before lathing where necessary. Except where full grouting is indicated or required for fire-resistance rating, grout at least 6 inches (152 mm) at each jamb anchor.
- D. Sequence plaster application with installation and protection of other work so that neither will be damaged by installation of other.
- E. Plaster flush with metal frames and other built-in metal items or accessories that act as a plaster ground, unless otherwise indicated. Where plaster is not terminated at metal

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

frame by casing beads, cut base coat free from metal frame before plaster sets and groove finish coat at junctures with metal.

- F. Apply thicknesses and number of coats of plaster as indicated or as required by referenced standards.
- G. Concealed Plaster: Where plaster application will be concealed by wood paneling, above suspended ceilings and in similar locations, finish coat may be omitted; where concealed behind cabinets, similar furnishings, and equipment, apply finish coat; where used as a base for adhesive application of tile and similar finishes, omit finish coat, coordinate thickness with overall dimension as shown, and comply with tolerances specified.

3.8 PLASTER APPLICATION

- A. Plaster Application Standard: Apply plaster materials, composition, mixes, and finishes indicated to comply with ASTM C 842.
- B. Execute work to provide a finish free from depressions, bulges, slick spots, scratches, brush and tool marks, cracks, visible joints, crazing, and discolorations. Surfaces shall have true planes, with uniform texture to match the adjoining surfaces and with lines and arises that are straight, plumb and level. Work shall be true to grounds and guidelines and free from blemishes and defects of any sort.
 - 1. Ventilation: During the application of each coat of interior plaster, keep the exterior openings closed until the plaster has set, then adjust for proper ventilation to regulate the drying and curing of the plaster.
 - 2. Thickness of Plaster: Match original thickness where patching.
 - a. Where plastering over existing walls in which existing surface is uneven and bumpy, adjust plaster thickness as much as possible to compensate for existing surface irregularities.
 - 3. Joints: Lap joints in succeeding coats including joints at interior angles; continue past the angle and corner and feather off on adjacent wall.

C. Scratch (First) Coat:

- 1. Apply plaster with sufficient materials and pressure to force plaster to form good bond with solid base material and cover well.
- 2. Leave surface level.
- 3. Scratch this coat and allow to set and thoroughly dry out before the application of the brown coat.

D. Brown (Second) Coat:

1. Do not apply brown coat until after scratch coat has hardened, not sooner than 48 hours after application of scratch coat. Evenly dampen scratch coat to provide uniform suction before brown coat is applied.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 2. Prior to application of gypsum brown coat place plaster screeds at angles and corners and at intervals of 8' in both walls and ceilings unless grounds occur at smaller intervals.
- 3. Thickness of Brown Coat: Approximately 3/8". Bring brown coat out to ground and required lines, to true, even surfaces. Straighten with rod and darby and leave rough to accept finish coat.
- 4. Moist cure brown coat for 48 hours after application and then allow coat to set and dry out.

E. Finish Coat:

- 1. Thickness of Finish: 1/16 to 1/8 inch thick and treated and finished as directed.
- 2. Before application of finish coat, cut out shrinkage cracks and fill with scratch coat mortar.
- 3. Apply finish coats well ground to scratched surfaces, then double back and trowel down to a true plane, filling all imperfections. Delay troweling as long as possible and used only to eliminate uneven points and to force aggregate particles into the plaster surface. Avoid excessive troweling.
 - a. For smooth coat finish, trowel surface to a smooth, highly polished surface.
- 4. Finish surfaces plumb, straight, level, and true throughout, varying from a true plane by not more than 1/8" when tested with a 10' straightedge at any point and finish surface to match adjacent existing texture.
- F. Washdown: When plaster work has been completed, wash down the new plaster with a zinc sulphate solution (2 pounds per gallon of water) and allow to dry.

3.9 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Cut, patch, replace, and repair plaster as necessary to accommodate other work and to restore cracks, dents, and imperfections. Repair or replace work to eliminate blisters, buckles, excessive crazing and check cracking, dry outs, efflorescence, sweat outs, and similar defects and where bond to substrate has failed.
- B. Leave plaster ready for painting.

3.10 PATCHING AND REPAIRS TO EXISTING PLASTER

- A. General: Provide patching and repairs to existing plasterwork that is damaged or deteriorated or has been disturbed to accommodate installation of new mechanical or electrical equipment or other construction. Make all such repairs and prepare all surfaces as required to obtain a complete and first class job, as required by job conditions. Comply with plaster manufacturer's recommendations for preparation of surfaces, including installation of lath.
- B. Preparation: Scrape and sand existing plaster surfaces to be repaired, removing all loose and peeling paint.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- C. Bonding Compound on Existing Plaster Surfaces: Apply bonding agent to existing plaster to receive new repair material and allow to dry until no longer tacky before proceeding.
- D. Apply plaster, filling repaired areas in accordance with general plastering provisions described herein. Repair cracks, spalls, gaps and holes, restoring surfaces to a smooth, true, and flush condition.
- E. Reinforce interior angles and flat joints with joint tape and embedding material to comply with ASTM C 843 and manufacturer's written recommendations.
- F. Bumps and Wavy Surfaces: Thoroughly sand bumps and waves as much as possible and apply skim coats of plaster compound filling all depressions to obtain a smooth and true surface. Contractor may use spackling compound that is compatible for use over plaster if approved in advance by the Architect.
- G. Fill hairline cracks with plaster flush and smooth. All other cracks shall have a channel cut along full length of crack of sufficient width to attain tight bond and to receive new plaster. Reverse cut side walls of channel to insure proper bonding of new plaster. Fill channel with successive coats specified herein bringing finish coat out flush for invisible appearance.
- H. Skim coat plaster where base is sound but surface is cracked or crazed or surface was not originally an acceptable finish coat or where for other reasons surface is not hard, smooth, acceptable finish for scheduled surface treatment.
- I. Do not apply plaster coat over any existing painted surfaces.
- J. Execute pointing around fixtures, outlet boxes, switches, plates, piping, registers, and all other elements abutting or extending through plaster.
- K. Repaired and patched areas shall match adjoining work in texture and finish.

3.11 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

- A. Remove temporary protection and enclosure of other work. Promptly remove plaster from door frames, windows, and other surfaces not to be plastered. Repair floors, walls, and other surfaces stained, marred, or otherwise damaged during plastering. When plastering is completed, remove unused materials, containers, and equipment and clean floors of plaster debris.
- B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer, that ensure plaster work is without damage or deterioration at the time of Substantial Completion.

3.12 CURING

A. Allow plaster to cure 30 days prior to application of paint or other finishes.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

END OF SECTION 092150

SECTION 092216 - NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Non-load-bearing steel framing systems for interior gypsum board assemblies.
- 2. Suspension systems for interior gypsum ceilings, soffits, and grid systems.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies that incorporate non-load-bearing steel framing, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.
- B. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 90 and classified according to ASTM E 413 by an independent testing agency.

2.2 FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. Framing Members, General: Comply with ASTM C 754 for conditions indicated.
 - 1. Steel Sheet Components: Comply with ASTM C 645 requirements for metal unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Protective Coating: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G40 (Z120), hot-dip galvanized, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645.
 - Steel Studs and Runners:
 - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.0296 inch, 20 ga. (0.752 mm).
 - b. Depth: As scheduled on Drawings for each location.
- C. Slip-Type Head Joints: Provide one of the following:
 - 1. Single Long-Leg Runner System: ASTM C 645 top runner with 2-inch- (51-mm-) deep flanges in thickness not less than indicated for studs, installed with studs

- friction fit into top runner and with continuous cold rolled channel bridging attached to each stud located within 12 inches (305 mm) of the top of studs to provide lateral bracing.
- 2. Double-Runner System: ASTM C 645 top runners, inside runner with 2-inch-(51-mm-) deep flanges in thickness not less than indicated for studs and fastened to studs, and outer runner sized to friction fit inside runner.
- 3. Deflection Track: Steel sheet top runner manufactured to prevent cracking of finishes applied to interior partition framing resulting from deflection of structure above; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
 - a. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - 1) ClarkDietrich; MaxTrak Slotted Deflection Track
 - 2) Steel Network Inc. (The); VertiClip SLD Series.
 - 3) Telling Industries; True-Action™ Slotted Track.
- D. Flat Strap and Backing Plate: Steel sheet for blocking and bracing in length and width indicated.
 - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.033 inch, 20 ga. (0.84 mm).
- E. Cold-Rolled Channel Bridging and Bracing: Steel, 0.053-inch (1.34-mm) minimum base-metal thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges.
 - 1. Depth: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Clip Angle: Not less than 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inches (38 by 38 mm), 0.068-inch-(1.72-mm-) thick, galvanized steel.
- F. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645.
 - 1. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.018 inch (0.45 mm).
 - 2. Depth: 7/8 inch (22.2 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Resilient Furring Channels: 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) deep, steel sheet members designed to reduce sound transmission.
 - 1. Configuration: Asymmetrical.
- H. Cold-Rolled Furring Channels: 0.053-inch (1.34-mm) uncoated-steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges.
 - 1. Depth: 3/4 inch (19 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Furring Brackets: Adjustable, corrugated-edge type of steel sheet with minimum uncoated-steel thickness of 0.033 inch (0.8 mm).
 - 3. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.062-inch-(1.59-mm-) diameter wire, or double strand of 0.048-inch- (1.21-mm-) diameter wire.

2.3 SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

- A. Tie Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.062-inch- (1.59-mm-) diameter wire, or double strand of 0.048-inch- (1.21-mm-) diameter wire.
- B. Hanger Attachments to Concrete:
 - 1. Anchors: Fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials with holes or loops for attaching wire hangers and capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to 5 times that imposed by construction as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488 by an independent testing agency.
 - a. Type: Postinstalled, chemical anchor or postinstalled, expansion anchor.
 - 2. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials with clips or other devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by construction as determined by testing according to ASTM E 1190 by an independent testing agency.
- C. Wire Hangers: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper, 0.16 inch (4.12 mm) in diameter.
- D. Flat Hangers: Steel sheet, 1 by 3/16 inch (25 by 5 mm) by length indicated.
- E. Carrying Channels: Cold-rolled, commercial-steel sheet with a base-metal thickness of 0.053 inch (1.34 mm) and minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges.
 - 1. Depth: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
- F. Furring Channels (Furring Members):
 - 1. Cold-Rolled Channels: 0.053-inch (1.34-mm) uncoated-steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) wide flanges, 3/4 inch (19 mm) deep.
 - 2. Steel Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645.
 - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.018 inch, 25 ga. (0.45 mm).
 - b. Depth: As indicated on Drawings.
 - 3. Hat-Shaped, Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, 7/8 inch (22 mm) deep.
 - a. Minimum Base-Metal Thickness: 0.018 inch (0.45 mm).
 - 4. Resilient Furring Channels: 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) deep members designed to reduce sound transmission.
 - a. Configuration: Asymmetrical or hat shaped.
- G. Grid Suspension System for Gypsum Board Ceilings: ASTM C 645, direct-hung system composed of main beams and cross-furring members that interlock.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- a. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.; Drywall Grid Systems.
- b. Chicago Metallic Corporation; Drywall Grid System.
- c. USG Corporation; Drywall Suspension System.

2.4 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards.
 - 1. Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.
- B. Isolation Strip at Exterior Walls: Provide one of the following:
 - 1. Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt: ASTM D 226, Type I (No. 15 asphalt felt), nonperforated.
 - 2. Foam Gasket: Adhesive-backed, closed-cell vinyl foam strips that allow fastener penetration without foam displacement, 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick, in width to suit steel stud size.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Suspended Assemblies: Coordinate installation of suspension systems with installation of overhead structure to ensure that inserts and other provisions for anchorages to building structure have been installed to receive hangers at spacing required to support the Work and that hangers will develop their full strength.
 - 1. Furnish concrete inserts and other devices indicated to other trades for installation in advance of time needed for coordination and construction.
- B. Coordination with Sprayed Fire-Resistive Materials:
 - 1. Before sprayed fire-resistive materials are applied, attach offset anchor plates or ceiling runners (tracks) to surfaces indicated to receive sprayed fire-resistive materials. Where offset anchor plates are required, provide continuous plates fastened to building structure not more than 24 inches (610 mm) o.c.
 - 2. After sprayed fire-resistive materials are applied, remove them only to extent necessary for installation of non-load-bearing steel framing. Do not reduce

thickness of fire-resistive materials below that required for fire-resistance ratings indicated. Protect adjacent fire-resistive materials from damage.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Installation Standard: ASTM C 754, except comply with framing sizes and spacing indicated.
 - 1. Gypsum Board Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C 840 that apply to framing installation.
- B. Install supplementary framing, and blocking to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, or similar construction.
- C. Install bracing at terminations in assemblies.
- D. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with non-load-bearing steel framing members. Frame both sides of joints independently.
- E. Cutting, Notching and Boring Holes in Nonstructural Steel Wall Framing:
 - 1. Flanges and lips of nonstructural steel wall studs shall not be cut or notched.
 - 2. Holes in webs of nonstructural steel wall studs shall be permitted along the centerline of the web of the framing member, shall not exceed 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) in width or 4 inches (102 mm) in length, and the holes shall not be spaced less than 24 inches (610 mm) center to center from another hole or less than 10 inches (254 mm) from the bearing end.

3.4 INSTALLING FRAMED ASSEMBLIES

- A. Where studs are installed directly against exterior masonry walls or dissimilar metals at exterior walls, install isolation strip between studs and exterior wall.
- B. Install studs so flanges within framing system point in same direction.
 - 1. Space studs at 16 inches (406 mm) o.c. unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install tracks (runners) at floors and overhead supports. Extend framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings, except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling.
 - 1. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where framing extends to overhead structural supports, install to produce joints at tops of framing systems that prevent axial loading of finished assemblies.
 - 2. Door Openings: Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
 - a. Install two studs at each jamb unless otherwise indicated.

- b. Install cripple studs at head adjacent to each jamb stud, with a minimum 1/2-inch (13-mm) clearance from jamb stud to allow for installation of control joint in finished assembly.
- c. Extend jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of overhead structure.
- 3. Other Framed Openings: Frame openings other than door openings the same as required for door openings unless otherwise indicated. Install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.
- 4. Fire-Resistance-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated and support closures and to make partitions continuous from floor to underside of solid structure.
- 5. Sound-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with sound-rated assembly indicated.
- 6. Curved Partitions:
 - Bend track to uniform curve and locate straight lengths so they are tangent to arcs.
 - b. Begin and end each arc with a stud, and space intermediate studs equally along arcs. On straight lengths of no fewer than two studs at ends of arcs, place studs 6 inches (150 mm) o.c.
- D. Install steel studs used as furring with clip angles at midpoint of wall span. Install additional clips to limit deflection to L/240 for walls finished with gypsum wall board and L/360 for walls finished with tile or plaster when subject to 5 psf (239 Pa) lateral load.
- E. Direct Furring: Attach to concrete or masonry with stub nails, screws designed for masonry attachment, or powder-driven fasteners spaced 24 inches (610 mm) o.c.
- F. Installation Tolerance: Install each framing member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch (3 mm) from the plane formed by faces of adjacent framing.

3.5 INSTALLING SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

- A. Install suspension system components in sizes and spacings indicated on Drawings, but not less than those required by referenced installation standards for assembly types and other assembly components indicated.
- B. Isolate suspension systems from building structure where they abut or are penetrated by building structure to prevent transfer of loading imposed by structural movement.
- C. Suspend hangers from building structure as follows:
 - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structural or suspension system.
 - a. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 2. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with locations of hangers required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in the form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
 - a. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced installation standards.
- 3. Wire Hangers: Secure by looping and wire tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for substrate, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
- 4. Flat Hangers: Secure to structure, including intermediate framing members, by attaching to inserts, eye screws, or other devices and fasteners that are secure and appropriate for structure and hanger, and in a manner that will not cause hangers to deteriorate or otherwise fail.
- 5. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck.
- 6. Do not attach hangers to permanent metal forms. Furnish cast-in-place hanger inserts that extend through forms.
- 7. Do not attach hangers to rolled-in hanger tabs of composite steel floor deck.
- 8. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes, or conduit.
- D. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Wire tie furring channels to supports.
- E. Grid Suspension Systems: Attach perimeter wall track or angle where grid suspension systems meet vertical surfaces. Mechanically join main beam and cross-furring members to each other and butt-cut to fit into wall track.
- F. Installation Tolerances: Install suspension systems that are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.6 m) measured lengthwise on each member that will receive finishes and transversely between parallel members that will receive finishes.

END OF SECTION 092216

SECTION 092800 - GLASS-REINFORCED GYPSUM FABRICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following preformed products for interior use, fabricated in glass reinforced gypsum:
 - Column covers.
- B. Related Work include the following:
 - 1. Framing and furring for items requiring anchorage are specified in Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications."
 - 2. Blocking, nailers, and shims for items requiring anchorage are specified in Division 06 Section "Miscellaneous Carpentry."
 - 3. Finishing of column covers is specified in Division 09 Section "Ceramic Tile."

1.2 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Fabricate and install glass-reinforced gypsum units to withstand, without failure or cracking, loads from gravity and structural movement, including thermally induced movement, and to resist other conditions of in-service use that the building will experience.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product data for each type of product specified.
- B. Shop drawings showing thickness, finish, ornamentation, tolerances, and anchorage details. Indicate attachment methods, imbedded supports, reinforcement, fabrication, joint treatments, and supports.
- C. Samples for verifying glass-reinforced gypsum units. Show the full range of variations in detail expected.
 - 1. Glass-Reinforced Gypsum Units: 2-foot- (0.50-m-) long section with finished joint, typical of the units specified.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Installer certificates signed by manufacturer certifying that Installers comply with requirements under "Quality Assurance" Article.
- B. Qualification data for firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced Installer who has completed glassreinforced gypsum installations similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and with a construction record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Manufacturer must be able to show that he has at least 5 years experience in this type of work, has experienced personnel, physical facilities, established quality control procedures and management capacity sufficient to produce the required parts without causing delay of the project.
- C. Single Source Responsibility for Glass-Reinforced Gypsum Materials: Obtain glassreinforced gypsum fabrications from a single manufacturer.
- D. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide glass-reinforced gypsum units with the following surface-burning characteristics as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Flame Spread: 25 or less.
 - 2. Smoke Developed: 450 or less.
- E. Mockups: Prior to installing glass-reinforced gypsum units, construct mockups for each form of construction and finish required to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects as well as qualities of materials and execution. Build mockups to comply with the following requirements, using materials indicated for final unit of Work.
 - 1. Locate mockups on site in the location and of the size indicated or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
 - 2. Demonstrate the proposed range of aesthetic effects and workmanship.
 - 3. Apply specified tile finish to column covers.
 - 4. Retain and maintain mockups during construction in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging the completed Work.

- 5. Accepted mockups in an undisturbed condition at the time of Substantial Completion may become part of the completed Work.
- F. Engineering Responsibility: Engineer glass-reinforced gypsum units by qualified professional engineer legally authorized to practice in the jurisdiction where Project is located.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver glass-reinforced gypsum units in factory-wrapped crates, packaged to keep units dry and free of moisture.
- B. Store glass-reinforced gypsum units at Project site to prevent cracking, distortion, warping, staining, or other physical damage.
- C. Comply with manufacturer's recommendations for storing and handling units.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Verify dimensions by field measurements before fabricating glassreinforced gypsum units and show recorded measurements on shop drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
- B. Space Enclosure and Environmental Limitations: Do not install glass-reinforced gypsum units until space is enclosed and weatherproof, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are and will be continuously maintained at values near those indicated for final occupancy.
 - 1. Acclimatize glass-reinforced gypsum units by removing packaging and storing in the installation space not less than 48 hours before installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by Castle Access Panels and Forms Inc. or equal products of one of the following:
 - 1. Decoform Corporation
 - 2. Casting Designs, Inc.
 - 3. GRG Technologies
 - 4. Plastrglas.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Gypsum Material: Provide alpha-based, calcined gypsum produced from materials complying with ASTM C 22.
- B. Glass Fibers: Comply with ASTM D 578 "E" glass type chopped into 1 inch lengths.
- C. Glass-Reinforced Gypsum Units: Glass fiber shall be 5 to 6 percent by weight of gypsum and glass mixture. Provide units identical to those tested for the following performance characteristics, per test method indicated below, by testing and inspecting organizations acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Hardness: 95 RH min Rockwell Scale.
 - 2. Modulus of Rupture 3200 3500 psi when tested in accordance with ASTM C 109.
 - 3. Modulus of Elasticity: 2.7 3.8 x 106 psi when tested in accordance with ASTM C 109.
 - 4. Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion: 8 x 10-6 inch/inch/deg F when tested in accordance with ASTM D 696.
- D. Material Compatibility: Provide GFRG products with surface characteristics prepared for mortar attachment of ceramic tile.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Embedded or Inserted Hardware: Complying with ASTM A 641, and integrated into the members without visibility on the finish face.
- B. Fasteners: Self-tapping gypsum wallboard screws.
- C. Adhesives: As recommended in manufacturer's printed instructions. and meeting VOC requirements of jurisdiction.
- D. Sealants: Refer to Section 079200 for sealant materials.

2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Basis of Design Product: GFRG Column Covers by Castle Access Panels & Forms, Inc. or equal.
 - 1. Shape: Round
 - 2. Diameter: As indicated on Drawings
 - 3. Column Base: Recessed.
 - 4. Column Top: Straight, no capital.
 - 5. Shaft: Straight

- 6. Shell Thickness: Minimum 1/4", and minimum ½" at edges.
- 7. Appearance: Seamless.
- B. Fabricate units as large as possible to minimize joints.
- C. Fabricate units with smooth finished surfaces, prepared to accept application of ceramic tile finish. Repair hollows, voids, scratches, and finish surface imperfections.
- D. Dimensional Tolerances of Units: As follows:
 - 1. Warpage or Bowing: Plus or minus 1/16 inch.
 - 2. Dimensional, all Directions: Plus or minus 1/8 inch.
 - 3. Plane Surface Straightness: Plus or minus 1/8 inch.
 - 4. Overall Assembled Length and Width: Plus or minus 1/8 inch per 10 feet.
 - 5. Out of Round: Plus or minus 1/16 inch.
- E. Construct molds for column cover units of materials resulting in smooth, finished products conforming to profiles and dimensions indicated.
- F. Combine glass fiber and matrix slurry at rates to achieve desired mix proportions and glass content, and sprayed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- G. Embed indicated or required inserts in matrix to develop full strengths. Embed items after required minimum body thickness have been achieved.
- H. Form columns to dimensions indicated. Tolerance as specified. Curved panels accurately formed to radii. Fabricate column covers in two sections with vertical butt joint, suitable for field finishing.
- I. Carefully remove units from molds and repair hollows, voids, scratches and other surface imperfections. Surface shall be primer ready.
- J. Factory fabricate accessories and trim components, hardware, including attachment devices, ready for installation.
- K. Provide base and ceiling joints as indicated, or if not indicated, as per manufacturer's standard detail.

2.5 FINISH

A. Column cover panels shall be free of scratches and blemishes; column covers to be field finished as specified in Division 09 Sections.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates areas and conditions with Installer present for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of glass-reinforced gypsum units. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install glass-reinforced gypsum units plumb, level, true, and aligned with adjacent materials. Use concealed shims where required for alignment.
- B. Erection Tolerances: As follows:
 - 1. Plane Alignment (Panel to Panel): 1/16 inch (1.6 mm).
 - 2. Variation from Plumb: Plus or minus 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) per 10 feet (3 m).
 - 3. Variation from Straightness: Plus or minus 1/4 inch (6.3 mm) per 25 feet (7.6 m).
 - 4. Assembly Deflection: Not greater than the length of the assembly divided by 240.
 - 5. Joint Alignment: Not more than 1/8 inch (3.2 mm).
 - 6. Joint Width: Not more than 3/8 inch (9.5 mm).
- C. Predrill fastener holes in ornamentation. Clean fastener holes, removing dirt and oil.
- D. Screw fasteners in place by hand. Do not use pneumatic staple guns. Countersink flathead screws.
- E. Fasten as required to comply with dimensional tolerances and not less than 5/16 inch (7.9 mm) from edge and end.
- F. Patch fastener holes with bedding compound and fiberglass tape applied flush with finish face. Sand patch smooth and level.
- G. Attach pieces at joints with adhesive, and band or brace together until adhesive is cured. Cure adhesive according to manufacturer's printed instructions.
- H. Joint Finishing: Comply with ASTM C 840. Provide smooth and contiguous surface.

END OF SECTION 092800

SECTION 095113 - ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes ceilings consisting of acoustical panels and exposed suspension systems.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Acoustical sealants are specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants"

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product specified
- B. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans drawn to scale and coordinating penetrations and ceiling-mounted items. Show the following:
 - 1. Ceiling suspension members.
 - 2. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
 - 3. Ceiling-mounted items including lighting fixtures, diffusers, grilles, speakers, sprinklers, access panels, and special moldings.
 - 4. Minimum Drawing Scale: 1:100
- C. Samples for Verification: For each component indicated and for each exposed finish required, prepared on samples of size indicated below.
 - 1. 6-inch- (150-mm-) square samples of each acoustical panel type, pattern, and color.
 - 2. Set of 12-inch- (300-mm-) long samples of exposed suspension system members, including moldings, for each color and system type required.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Test Reports: Indicate compliance of acoustical panel ceilings and components with requirements based on comprehensive testing of current products.
- B. Research/Evaluation Reports: Evidence of acoustical panel ceiling's and components' compliance with building code in effect for Project, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Maintenance Data: For finishes to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer who has completed acoustical panel ceilings similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling panel and supporting suspension system through one source from a single manufacturer..
- C. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide acoustical panel ceilings that comply with the following requirements:
 - 1. Fire-Resistance Characteristics: Where indicated, provide acoustical panel ceilings identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - a. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Indicated by design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another testing and inspecting agency.
 - b. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
 - 2. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide acoustical panels with the following surface-burning characteristics complying with ASTM E 1264 for Class A materials as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84:
 - a. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver acoustical panels and suspension system components to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
- B. Before installing acoustical panels, permit them to reach room temperature and a stabilized moisture content.
- C. Handle acoustical panels carefully to avoid chipping edges, soiling panels or damaging units in any way.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical panel ceilings until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet-work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of acoustical panels and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Components: 10% of each type of panel installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Basis of Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide specified products by Armstrong World Industries or equivalent products.

2.2 ACOUSTICAL PANELS

- A. Acoustical Panel Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard panels of configuration indicated that comply with ASTM E 1264 classifications as designated by types, patterns, acoustical ratings, and light reflectances, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Mounting Method for Measuring Noise Reduction Coefficient: Type E-400; plenum mounting in which face of test specimen is 15-3/4 inches (400 mm) away from test surface per ASTM E 795.
 - 2. Provide fire-resistance rated panels where indicated.
- B. Acoustical Panels for Acoustical Panel Ceiling ACT 1: Provide panels to match existing; 24" x 24" x 5/8" Armstrong Fine Fissured FireGuard Angled Tegular 1833 in white (for 15/16" grid)
- C. Acoustical Panels for Acoustical Panel Ceiling ACT 2: Where this designation is indicated, provide acoustical panels complying with the following:
 - 1. Classification: Panels fitting ASTM E 1264 for Type XII, fiberglass with membrane-faced overlay; Form 2, water felted.
 - 2. Pattern: Panels fitting ASTM E 1264 pattern designation (description) E (lightly textured).
 - 3. Color: White.
 - 4. Light Reflectance Coefficient: Not less than LR 0.88.
 - 5. Noise Reduction Coefficient: 0.95
 - 6. Ceiling Attenuation Class: N/A
 - 7. AC: 190
 - 8. Fire Rating: Class A
 - 9. Sag Resistance Treatment: Armstrong HumiGuard Plus
 - 10. Anti-Mold and Mildew Treatment: BioBlock
 - 11. Warranty: 30 year
 - 12. Edge Detail: Square tegular lay-in.
 - 13. Thickness: 1 inch.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 14. Size: 48 by 48 inches.
- 15. Basis of Design Product: Armstrong Optima Square Tegular #3256.
- 16. Location: Cafeteria
- D. Acoustical Panels for Acoustical Panel Ceiling ACT 4: Provide panels complying with the following:
 - 1. Classification: Panels fitting ASTM E 1264 for Type IV, wet-formed mineral fiber with membrane-faced overlay; Form 2, water felted.
 - 2. Pattern: Panels fitting ASTM E 1264 pattern designation (description) E (lightly textured).
 - 3. Color: White.
 - 4. Light Reflectance Coefficient: Not less than LR 0.88.
 - 5. Noise Reduction Coefficient: N/A
 - 6. Ceiling Attenuation Class: N/A
 - 7. Fire Rating: Class A
 - 8. Sag Resistance Treatment: Armstrong HumiGuard Plus
 - 9. Anti-Mold and Mildew Treatment: BioBlock
 - 10. Warranty: 30 year
 - 11. Edge Detail: Beveled tegular.
 - 12. Thickness: 3/4 inch.
 - 13. Size: 6 by 48 inches.
 - 14. Basis of Design Product: Armstrong Ultima Tech Zone, No. 1423
 - 15. Location: Library
- E. Acoustical Panels for Acoustical Panel Ceiling ACT 5: Provide panels complying with the following:
 - 1. Classification: Panels fitting ASTM E 1264 for Type IV, wet-formed mineral fiber with membrane-faced overlay; Form 2, water felted.
 - 2. Pattern: Panels fitting ASTM E 1264 pattern designation (description) E (lightly textured).
 - 3. Color: White.
 - 4. Light Reflectance Coefficient: Not less than LR 0.88.
 - 5. Noise Reduction Coefficient: NRC 0.75
 - 6. Ceiling Attenuation Class: Not less than CAC 35
 - 7. Fire Rating: Class A
 - 8. Sag Resistance Treatment: Armstrong HumiGuard Plus
 - 9. Anti-Mold and Mildew Treatment: BioBlock
 - 10. Warranty: 30 year
 - 11. Edge Detail: Beveled tegular.
 - 12. Thickness: 3/4 inch.
 - 13. Size: 24 by 24 inches.
 - 14. Basis of Design Product: Armstrong Ultima, No. 1912
 - 15. Location: Library, Tech Zone field.

2.3 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- A. Metal Suspension System Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard direct-hung metal suspension systems of types, structural classifications, and finishes indicated that comply with applicable ASTM C 635 requirements.
 - 1. Provide fire-resistance rated metal suspension system where indicated
- B. Suspension System for Acoustical Panel Ceilings ACT 2, ACT 4 and ACT 5: Narrow-Face, Capped, Double-Web, Steel Suspension System: Main and cross runners roll formed from cold-rolled steel sheet, prepainted, electrolytically zinc coated, or hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 653/A 653M, G30 (Z120) coating designation, with prefinished 9/16-inch- wide metal caps on flanges; other characteristics as follows:
 - 1. Structural Classification: Intermediate-duty system.
 - 2. End Condition of Cross Runners: Override (stepped) or butt-edge type, as standard with manufacturer.
 - 3. Face Design: Flush face.
 - 4. Cap Material: Steel sheet.
 - 5. Cap Finish: White.
 - 6. Basis of Design Product: Armstrong Suprafine.
- C. Attachment Devices: Size for five times design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, Direct Hung, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hangers of type indicated, and with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 10 times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined by testing per ASTM E 1190, conducted by a qualified testing and inspecting agency.
- D. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Zinc-Coated Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
 - 2. Size: Select wire diameter so its stress at three times hanger design load (ASTM C 635, Table 1, Direct Hung) will be less than yield stress of wire, but provide not less than 0.106-inch- (2.69-mm-) diameter wire.
- E. Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Type and profile indicated or, if not indicated, manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations that fit acoustical panel edge details and suspension systems indicated; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish and color as that used for exposed flanges of suspension system runners.
- F. Hold-Down Clips: Where indicated or required for fire-rating, provide manufacturer's standard hold-down clips spaced 24 inches (610 mm) o.c. on all cross tees.
- 2.4 ACOUSTICAL SEALANT

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

A. Refer to Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants".

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and structural framing to which acoustical panel ceilings attach or abut, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections that affect ceiling installation and anchorage, and other conditions affecting performance of acoustical panel ceilings.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Coordination: Furnish layouts for cast-in-place anchors, clips, and other ceiling anchors whose installation is specified in other Sections.
- B. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical panels to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width panels at borders, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install acoustical panel ceilings to comply with publications referenced below per manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."
 - 1. Standard for Ceiling Suspension System Installations: Comply with ASTM C 636.
 - 2. Fire-Rated Assembly: Install fire-rated ceiling systems according to tested fire-rated design.
- B. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
 - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
 - 2. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
 - 3. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards and publications.
 - 4. Secure wire hangers to ceiling suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly either to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure; that are appropriate for

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- substrate; and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
- 5. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
- 6. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
- 7. Space hangers not more than 48 inches (1200 mm) o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers, unless otherwise indicated; and provide hangers not more than 8 inches (200 mm) from ends of each member.
- C. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical panels.
 - 1. Apply acoustical sealant in a continuous ribbon concealed on back of vertical legs of moldings before they are installed.
 - 2. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches (400 mm) o.c. and not more than 3 inches (75 mm) from ends, leveling with ceiling suspension system to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 12 feet (3 mm in 3.6 m). Miter corners accurately and connect securely.
 - 3. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.
- D. Install suspension system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
- E. Install acoustical panels with undamaged edges and fitted accurately into suspension system runners and edge moldings. Scribe and cut panels at borders and penetrations to provide a neat, precise fit.
 - 1. Arrange directionally patterned acoustical panels as indicated on reflected ceiling plans.
 - 2. Install hold-down clips in areas indicated, in areas required by authorities having jurisdiction, and for fire-resistance ratings; space as recommended by panel manufacturer's written instructions, unless otherwise indicated.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical panel ceilings, including trim, edge moldings, and suspension system members. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage. Remove and replace ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

END OF SECTION 095113

SECTION 099100 - PAINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint and stain systems on the following interior and exterior substrates:
 - 1. Steel and iron.
 - 2. Galvanized metal.
 - 3. Gypsum board.
 - 4. Plaster
 - 5. Wood
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 05 Sections for shop priming of metal substrates with primers specified in this Section.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of topcoat product indicated.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of paint system and in each color and gloss of topcoat indicated.
 - 1. Submit Samples on rigid backing, 8 inches (200 mm) square.
 - 2. Step coats on Samples to show each coat required for system.
 - 3. Label each coat of each Sample.
 - 4. Label each Sample for location and application area.
- D. Product List: For each product indicated, include the following:
 - 1. Cross-reference to paint system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
 - 2. Printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 2, with the proposed product highlighted.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: Provide paint codes for all colors and paint materials provided on the Project, to accommodate color matching for maintenance stock of paint.

099100 - 1 PAINTING

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. MPI Standards: Maintain copy of this standard at the Project site at all times.
 - 1. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
 - 2. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" for products and paint systems indicated.
- B. Mockups: Apply benchmark samples of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system specified in Part 3.
 - a. Wall and Ceiling Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft.
 - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - 2. Apply benchmark samples after permanent lighting and other environmental services have been activated.
 - 3. Final approval of color selections will be based on benchmark samples.
 - a. If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional benchmark samples of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
 - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).
- B. Do not apply paints when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.
- C. Do not apply paints in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

099100 - 2 PAINTING

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
 - 2. PPG Architectural Finishes, Inc.
 - 3. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
 - 4. Tnemec

2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

A. Material Compatibility:

- 1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. VOC Content of Field-Applied Interior Paints and Coatings: Provide products that comply with the following limits for VOC content, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24)and the OTC (Ozone Transport Commission) restrictions; these requirements do not apply to paints and coatings that are applied in a fabrication or finishing shop:
 - 1. Flat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - 2. Nonflat Paints, Coatings, and Primers: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - 3. Anti-Corrosive and Anti-Rust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: VOC not more than 250 g/L.
 - 4. Floor Coatings: VOC not more than 100 g/L.
 - 5. Shellacs, Clear: VOC not more than 730 g/L.
 - 6. Shellacs, Pigmented: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - 7. Flat Topcoat Paints: VOC content of not more than 50 g/L.
 - 8. Nonflat Topcoat Paints: VOC content of not more than 150 g/L.
 - 9. Anti-Corrosive and Anti-Rust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: VOC not more than 250 g/L.
 - 10. Floor Coatings: VOC not more than 100 g/L.
 - 11. Shellacs, Clear: VOC not more than 730 g/L.
 - 12. Shellacs, Pigmented: VOC not more than 550 g/L.
 - 13. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: VOC content of not more than 200 q/L.
 - 14. Dry-Fog Coatings: VOC content of not more than 400 g/L.
 - 15. Zinc-Rich Industrial Maintenance Primers: VOC content of not more than 340 g/L.
 - 16. Pre-Treatment Wash Primers: VOC content of not more than 420 g/L.
 - 17. Fire Retardant Paint: VOC content of not more than 60 g/L.
- C. Colors: Four colors as selected by Architect, plus black and white.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

099100 - 3 PAINTING

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:

1. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.

Plaster: 12 percent
 Wood: 15 percent

- C. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- D. Begin coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.
 - 1. Beginning coating application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
- B. Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
 - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
 - 2. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
 - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- D. Steel Substrates: Remove rust and loose mill scale. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer.
- E. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.

099100 - 4 PAINTING

- F. Gypsum Board Substrates: Do not begin paint application until finishing compound is dry and sanded smooth.
- G. Wood: Clean surfaces of dirt, oil, and other foreign substances with scrapers, mineral spirits, and sandpaper, as required. Sand surfaces exposed to view smooth and dust off.
 - 1. Scrape and clean small, dry, seasoned knots, and apply a thin coat of white shellac or other recommended knot sealer before applying primer. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dried.
 - 2. Prime, stain, or seal wood to be painted immediately on delivery. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of wood, including cabinets, counters, cases, and paneling.
 - 3. Seal tops, bottoms, and cutouts of unprimed wood doors with a heavy coat of varnish or sealer immediately on delivery.
 - 4. When transparent finish is required, backprime with spar varnish or polyurethane.

3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
 - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
 - 3. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
- B. Application Procedures: Apply paints and coatings by brush or roller according to the manufacturer's directions, except s noted below. Spray application is not permitted for trim, ceilings and walls, unless specifically approved by Architect in advance for each individual situation. Roller application on woodwork is not permitted.
 - 1. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
 - 2. Brushes: Use brushes best suited for the type of material applied. Use brush of appropriate size for the surface or item being painted.
 - 3. Rollers: Use rollers of carpet, velvet back, or high-pile sheep's wool as recommended by the manufacturer for the material and texture required.
- C. Minimum Coating Thickness: Apply paint materials no thinner than manufacturer's recommended spreading rate. Provide the total dry film thickness of the entire system as recommended by the manufacturer.
- D. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.

099100 - 5 PAINTING

- E. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- F. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- G. Painting Mechanical and Electrical Work: Paint items exposed in equipment rooms and occupied spaces including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Mechanical Work:
 - Uninsulated metal piping.
 - b. Uninsulated plastic piping.
 - c. Pipe hangers and supports.
 - d. Tanks that do not have factory-applied final finishes.
 - e. Visible portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets.
 - f. Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
 - g. Mechanical equipment that is indicated to have a factory-primed finish for field painting.
 - 2. Electrical Work:
 - a. Switchgear.
 - b. Panelboards.
 - c. Electrical equipment that is indicated to have a factory-primed finish for field painting.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing of Paint Materials: Owner reserves the right to invoke the following procedure at any time and as often as Owner deems necessary during the period when paints are being applied:
 - 1. Owner will engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample paint materials being used. Samples of material delivered to Project site will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
 - 2. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with product requirements.
 - 3. Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying paints if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying-paint materials from Project site, pay for testing, and repaint surfaces painted with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously painted surfaces if, on repainting with complying materials, the two paints are incompatible.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.

099100 - 6 PAINTING

- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.6 EXTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. General: Provide listed products or equal products of other named manufacturers in Part 2.
- B. Steel and Iron Substrates: Polyurethane, Pigmented, Epoxy Zinc Rich Primer and High-Build Epoxy Coating System: Gloss or Semi-Gloss as selected by the Architect.
 - 1. Prime Coat: Epoxy Zinc Rich Primer. Tnemec: Tneme-Zinc Series 90-97 or equal.
 - 2. Intermediate Coat: High-performance, polyamide-epoxy coating; High-Build Epoxy Marine Coating, Low Gloss: Tnemec: Hi-Build Epoxoline, Series 66, tinted slightly lighter than top coat.. or equal
 - 3. Topcoat (Gloss)t: Aliphatic Acrylic Polyurethane, Two-Component, Pigmented, Gloss: Tnemec Endura-Shield II Series 1074.
 - 4. Topcoat (Semi-Gloss)t: Aliphatic Acrylic Polyurethane, Two-Component, Pigmented, Semi-Gloss: Tnemec Endura-Shield II Series 1075.
- C. Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Metal: Full-gloss, acrylic latex enamel finish 2 coats self-priming.
 - 1. Prime Coat: Gloss acrylic latex enamel paint; MPI # 114, X-Green 114, 154, X-Green 154, 164, LEED 2009, LEED V4.
 - a. Benjamin Moore Ultra Spec D.T.M. Acrylic Gloss Enamel HP28
 - 2. Top Coat: Gloss acrylic latex enamel paint; MPI # 114, X-Green 114, 154, X-Green 154, 164, LEED 2009, LEED V4.
 - Benjamin Moore Ultra Spec D.T.M. Acrylic Gloss Enamel HP28
- D. Steel Lintels: Epoxy Mastic Primer and Polyurethane TopCoat Coating System: Gloss.
 - 1. Prime Coat: Epoxy mastic primer; Pittguard 95-245 Series Rapid-Coat DTR Epoxy Mastic Coating by PPG or equal
 - 2. Topcoat (Gloss): Two component gloss acrylic aliphatic urethane; Pitthane Ultra 95-812 Series by PPG or equal.

3.7 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

099100 - 7 PAINTING

- A. General: Provide listed products or equal products of other named manufacturers in Part 2.
- B. Gypsum Board and Plaster Ceilings: Eggshell acrylic finish.
 - 1. Prime Coat: Latex-based, interior primer; MPI # 50, X-Green 50, 149, X-Green 149, LEED 2009, LEED V4, CHPS Certified.
 - a. Benjamin Moore; Ultra Spec 500 Interior Latex Primer N534
 - 2. Intermediate Coat and Topcoat: Low-luster (eggshell or satin), acrylic-latex, interior enamel; MPI # 52, X-Green 52, 145, X-Green 145, 139, X-Green 139, LEED 2009 LEED V4, CHPS Certified.
 - a. Benjamin Moore; Ultra Spec 500 Interior Latex Eggshell N538.
- C. Gypsum Drywall and Plaster Walls: Semi-gloss, acrylic finish.
 - 1. Prime Coat: Latex-based, interior primer; MPI # 50, X-Green 50, 149, X-Green 149, LEED 2009, LEED V4, CHPS Certified.
 - a. Benjamin Moore; Ultra Spec 500 Interior Latex Primer N534
 - 2. Intermediate Coat and Topcoat: Semigloss acrylic-latex, interior enamel; MPI # 43, X-Green 43, 146, X-Green 146, 140, X-Green 140, LEED 2009, LEED V4, CHPS Certified.
 - a. Benjamin Moore; Ultra Spec 500 Latex Semigloss N539.
- D. Hollow Metal Doors, Frames, and Sidelights, and Ferrous Metals: Semigloss, acrylic-enamel finish.
 - 1. Prime Coat: Rust-Inhibitive Primer (Water Based), MPI #107, X-Green 107, 134, LEED 2009, CHPS Certified.
 - a. Benjamin Moore; Super Spec HP Acrylic Metal Primer P04.
 - 2. Intermediate Coat and Topcoat: Factory-formulated semigloss acrylic-latex enamel for interior application; MPI # 141, X-Green 141, 153, X-Green 153, LEED 2009, LEED V4.
 - a. Benjamin Moore; Ultra Spec HP D.T.M. Acrylic Semi-Gloss Enamel, HP29
- E. Painted Woodwork: Semigloss, acrylic finish.
 - 1. Prime Coat: Latex-based, interior primer; MPI # 50, X-Green 50, 149, X-Green 149, LEED 2009, LEED V4, CHPS Certified.
 - a. Benjamin Moore; Ultra Spec 500 Interior Latex Primer N534
 - 2. Intermediate Coat and Topcoat: Semigloss acrylic-latex, interior enamel; MPI # 43, X-Green 43, 146, X-Green 146, 140, X-Green 140, LEED 2009, LEED V4, CHPS Certified.
 - a. Benjamin Moore; Ultra Spec 500 Latex Semigloss N539.
- F. Stained Wood and Woodwork: Satin, waterborne clear acrylic urethane over stain.

099100 - 8 PAINTING

- 1. Stain Coat: Penetrating wood stain, water-based; MPI # 186 LEED Credit.
 - Lenmar (Benjamin Moore); Waterborne Interior Wiping Stain 1WB.1300 (240 g/L)
- 2. Intermediate Coat and Topcoat: Satin, interior waterborne clear acrylic urethane varnish; MPI # 121, 128.
 - a. Lenmar (Benjamin Moore); Waterborne Aqua-Plastic Urethane Satin, 1WB.1427 (335 g/L)
- G. Natural-Finish Wood and Woodwork: Satin, waterborne clear acrylic urethane.
 - 1. Three Finish Coats: Satin, interior waterborne clear acrylic urethane varnish; MPI # 121, 128.
 - Lenmar (Benjamin Moore); Waterborne Aqua-Plastic Urethane Satin, 1WB.1427 (335 g/L).

END OF SECTION 099100

099100 - 9 PAINTING

SECTION 230500 - COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. These basic Mechanical Requirements apply to all Division 23 Sections.
- B. The work of this Section consists of providing of all materials, labor and equipment and the like necessary and/or required for the complete execution of all HVAC and related work for this project, as required by the contract documents.

1.2 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.3 PRODUCTS FURNISHED BUT NOT INSTALLED UNDER RESPECTIVE SECTIONS OF THIS DIVISION

A. Motor starters shall be furnished under this Division. Refer to Specification Section 230513 Common motor requirements for HVAC equipment" for technical information.

1.4 REFERENCES

- A. ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers Guides and Standards, latest editions.
- B. SMACNA Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association.
- C. ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers.
- D. UL Underwriters Laboratory.
- E. NFPA National Fire Protection Association.

1.5 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Conform to New York State Building Codes and Energy Code as well as all local codes.
- B. Mechanical: Conform to New York State Mechanical, Fuel Gas and Plumbing Code.
- C. Obtain permits, and request inspections from authority having jurisdiction.

D. NY State Education Department Facility Guidelines

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The Contractor shall have the work indicated on the drawings and/or specified in each section performed by vendors or mechanics experienced and skilled in its implantation or by a "Specialist", "Specialty Contractor" or "Specialty Subcontractor" under contractual agreement with the Contractor. These terms mean an individual or firm of established reputation, or, if newly organized, whose personnel have previously established a reputation in the same field, which is regularly engaged in, and which maintains a regular force of workmen skilled in either manufacturing or fabricating items required by the Contract, installing items required by the Contract, or otherwise performing work required by the Contract.
- B. Where the Contract Specifications require installation by a "Specialist," that term shall also be deemed to mean either the manufacturer of the item, an individual or firm licensed by the manufacturer, or an individual or firm who will perform such work under the manufacturer's direct supervision.

1.7 PROJECT/SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Install Work in locations shown on Drawings, unless prevented by Project conditions.
- B. Prepare drawings showing proposed arrangement of Work to meet Project conditions, including changes to Work specified in other Sections.

1.8 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. This Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating his work with all other trades.
- B. The Contractor shall provide all materials, labor, equipment, tools, appliances, services, hoisting, scaffolding, supervision and overhead for the furnishing and installing of all Plumbing work indicated on plan and in the specifications and related work including but not limited to the following:
 - 1. Demolition of existing work including, piping, sheet metal work, miscellaneous equipment, fans, air-handlers, and roof top units.
 - 2. VRF heat recovery systems.
 - 3. Dedicated outdoor air systems
 - 4. Steam and condensate piping and specialties
 - 5. Fans.
 - 6. Ductwork and specialties.
 - 7. Pipe and duct insulation.
 - 8. Equipment Supports
 - 9. Automatic temperature controls.
 - 10. Grilles, registers, louvers, and diffusers.
 - 11. Vibration isolation.
 - Equipment supports.

- 13. Motor starters and disconnects.
- 14. Protection.
- 15. Identification.
- 16. Coordination.
- 17. Phasing.
- 18. Rigging.
- 19. Testing and Balancing Reports Air and Water.
- 20. Shop Drawings.
- 21. As-Built Drawings and Maintenance Manuals.
- 22. Warrantees.
- 23. Commissioning.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. Construct all apparatus of materials and pressure ratings suitable for the conditions encountered during continuous operation.
- B. Construct all equipment in accordance with requirements of all applicable codes. All pressure vessels and safety devices that fall within the scope of the ASME Code shall conform to the Code and bear the ASME label or stamp.
- C. Match and balance all system components to achieve compatibility of equipment or satisfactory operation and performance throughout the entire operating temperature and control ranges. All installations shall be in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- D. Provide all controls, wiring, piping, valves, accessories and other components necessary to make all systems complete and operable.
- E. The contractor shall warranty all work, including labor and materials, and equipment furnished and installed as part of this contract for a minimum period of year from the date of acceptance by the owner, in writing. Certain equipment, such as underground fuel tanks, may have longer warranties as indicated in the specifications. In such cases the longer of the two warranties shall prevail.

3.2 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SUBMITTALS (COORDINATE WITH DIVISION 1)

A. Shop drawings and samples shall be prepared and submitted in accordance with the requirements established in the contract and shall consist of the all items listed in the following paragraphs.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. Manufacturer's data or shop drawings giving full information as to dimensions, materials, and all information pertinent to the adequacy of the submitted equipment shall be submitted for review. Shop drawings shall include, but not be limited to the following:
- C. Submit all Mechanical equipment noted and scheduled on plans including but not limited to the following:
 - Automatic Temperature Controls, Operation Sequences & Wiring Diagrams, and Control Diagrams hardware and software
 - 2. Motor Starters and Controllers
 - 3. Air handling units and curbs
 - 4. Heat pump systems, condensing units
 - 5. Dedicated outdoor air systems
 - 6. Indoor evaporators
 - 7. Steam and condensate pipe, valves fittings and specialties.
 - 8. Fin tube radiation and enclosures
 - 9. Vibration isolation
 - 10. Fans
 - 11. Hangers and Inserts
 - 12. Equipment Supports and Vibration Eliminators
 - 13. Sheet Metal Construction Standards
 - 14. Piping Layout (1/4 scale)
 - 15. Ductwork Layout (1/4 scale)
 - 16. Insulation (piping and ductwork)
 - 17. Piping, Valves, fittings, and Specialties
 - 18. Filters
 - 19. Fan Curves and Sound Rating
 - 20. Coils
 - 21. Fire dampers, Motorized Dampers, Smoke dampers
 - 22. Diffusers Registers and Grilles
 - 23. Balancing Reports, Air and Water
 - 24. Coordinated Composite Drawings with Piping, Ductwork, Conduits, Lights, registers Grilles and Smoke Detectors, etc.
- D. The contractor shall, upon award, submit a schedule for the engineers review indicating when each of the above shop drawings shall be submitted. Submittals shall be made in a timely manner as the project progresses in accordance with the Construction manager or General contractor's work schedules. The contractor shall allow sufficient time for the engineers to perform his review. A minimum of 10 business days shall be required. Untimely submittals shall be cause for the owner to make a delay against the contractor.
- E. Demolition, purchase and or installation shall not begin until shop drawings pertaining to the equipment associated with any related potion of the work have been submitted.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- F. Sheet metal shop drawings shall indicate all existing and/or new lights, walls, piping, structural elements, existing work, etc. and dimension locations of ductwork including elevations in relation to these items.
- G. Where shop drawings have been reviewed by the Engineer, such review shall not be considered as a guarantee of measurements or building conditions. Where drawings have been reviewed, said review does not mean that drawings have been checked in detail; said review does not substantiate any quantities and in any way relieve the Contractor from his responsibility nor the necessity of furnishing materials or performing work required by the Contract Drawings and Specifications. It does not relieve the contractor of the responsibility to perform all work to accepted industry standards and in a code compliant manor. Approval of shop drawings containing errors does not relieve the contractor from making corrections at his expense.
- H. Where substitutions are submitted for approval the review shall be for general performance comparison to the specified product. Products shall not be reviewed for size, clearance or coordination with other trades. Coordination with other trades shall be the responsibility of the contractor. And changes to existing conditions or changes required to the work of other trades such as a result of substituted material or equipment approved or not shall be the responsibility of this contractor.
- I. Approval of shop drawings
 - 1. The Contractor shall be specifically responsible for checking equipment dimensions and clearances and confirming that equipment will fit into the designated space and connect properly to adjoining equipment and/or materials.
 - 2. Submittals marked "Make Corrections Noted" give authority to proceed in accordance with the notes. However, if drawings are also marked "Amend and Resubmit", corrected drawings must be resubmitted for final review.
 - 3. Submittals marked "Rejected" do not give authority to proceed with any portion of the work shown there-on. Drawings must be resubmitted.
 - 4. Submittals marked "Rejected" or "Amend and Resubmit" shall include a specific written response to the engineer's comments. Resubmission of a submittal without a written response to the engineer's comments will be considered incomplete and shall be returned un-reviewed.
- J. The contractor shall submit a composite shop drawing layout plan. This shall include all trades including plumbing mechanical and electrical trades. It shall indicate all equipment, piping conduit. It shall include an accurate architectural background. The composite drawing is for contractors and subcontractors to coordinate their work with the work of other trades prior to submitting to the engineer for review and approval. Identify equipment clearances as required for service and maintenance by the manufacture. Indicate conflicts for resolution.

K. Coordination submittals for piping, conduit and equipment within the building shall be made using 3-D software such as Autocad and shall include plan view sections and elevations as necessary to full illustrate and evaluate and resolve all structural, piping, major conduit and equipment for conflicts with other trades.

3.3 CHARTS AND TAGS

- A. The Contractor shall provide three sets of charts and diagrams of all piping systems indicating the number and location of valves, controls, etc.
- B. All valves, dampers, and controls shall be designated with brass tags. Refer to section 23 05 23 Identification for HVAC Piping and equipment.
- C. General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

3.4 CODES AND STANDARDS

A. All equipment and installation methods shall conform to the applicable standards and/or recommendations set forth in the New York State Building Code, Local Codes as well as all Codes and Standards listed in the general requirements sections of the specification.

3.5 FEES & PERMITS

A. The Contractor shall obtain all permits and pay all fees required related to this scope of work

3.6 PAINTING

- A. All motors, fans and all other factory manufactured and assembled apparatus shall be factory coated with one coat of primer and one coat of machinery enamel standard color at the factory and after installation, all finishes shall be cleaned and touched up to repair any damage incurred during construction.
- B. All piping shall be painted in colors conforming with OSHA Standards. All new and existing exposed iron and supplementary dunnage steel shall be finished according to specifications.
- C. All supports, nuts, bolts and hanger fasteners located outside shall be galvanized or nickel plated.

3.7 RIGGING

A. Furnish all labor, materials and equipment required to rig equipment and materials.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. The rigger shall secure any necessary permits and comply with all applicable Federal, State and local safety regulations. A copy of permits to be kept at both the project site and Engineer's Office.
- C. The rigger shall have a minimum of five (5) years of practical experience and hold a master riggers license if required.
- D. The procedure for rigging shall be submitted to the Engineer for review. All possible precautions should be taken to prevent damage to the structure, streets, sidewalks, curbs, lawns, etc.

3.8 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. All cutting and patching required for piping, ductwork, control conduits, etc., passing through walls, floors, and roof shall be provided by this Contractor under this contract unless otherwise noted. This Contractor shall be responsible for any damage done to the structure due to his negligence.
- B. Patching materials and application shall match existing construction. It also includes patch to match any voids left behind by HVAC removals. MC will hire a skilled tradesman (mason, carpenter, etc.) to perform this work.
- C. Where applicable, new holes for piping installation shall be core drilled.
- D. Pipe Sleeves & Fire-stopping:
 - 1. Provide for all pipes, conduits ducts, and other elements passing through floors, walls, partitions and structural elements, sleeves as specified. Sleeves shall be of adequate diameter to allow for a minimum of 3/4 inches clear all around sleeve and pipe. When pipe, conduit ducts or other such element penetrates other than fire rated assembly and is insulated, insulation shall pass continuously through sleeves with 1/2 inch clearance between insulation and sleeve.
 - 2. Where pipes, conduits and other such elements penetrate fire rated assemblies, or where holes or voids are created to extend mechanical systems through fire rated assemblies (walls, floors, ceilings, structure, etc.); sleeves and fire-stopping systems shall be installed.
- E. Furnish access doors, to the General Contractor for installation where required in finished walls, partitions and the like for access to junction boxes, controls, valves, etc, concealed behind finished construction.
- F. Submit location drawings and sizes for review prior to installation.

3.9 PROTECTION-COORDINATE WITH DIVISION 1

A. Special protection is required for installation of a Derrick or other device for rigging purposes. This Contractor shall coordinate with the rigger to facilitate rigging work.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. Recommendations and Provisions of ANSI Bulletin A10.2 and OSHA shall be complied with in-so-far as applicable to the work.
- C. The Contractor shall provide temporary partitions or tarpaulins to protect adjacent spaces and/or equipment. He shall be responsible for any damage or injury to person or property of any character resulting from any act, omission, neglect or misconduct in his manner or method of executing his work.
- D. The Contractor shall restore at his own expense such property to a condition similar or equal to that existing before such damage or injury in an acceptable manner.
- E. The Contractor, furthermore, shall conduct his operations in such a manner as to prevent dust and debris from transferring on to adjoining property or into existing spaces.
- F. All openings cut in walls, floors, roof or ceilings of the building, for conduit, pipe, ductwork, etc., shall be closed off with box-type temporary protective enclosures of ¼" tempered hardboard, except when mechanics are actually working at the particular opening. Enclosures shall be constructed of fireproof 2x4 frame, four (4) sides covered and made completely dust and watertight.
- G. All finished floor areas through which the contractor must pass with materials or equipment shall be protected with a layer of ¼" hardboard, "Masonite", "Ramboard" laid with joints taped together.
- H. The roof shall be protected with $\frac{1}{2}$ plywood in all areas of work.

3.10 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. A.Provide supplementary steel dunnage, curbs, angle iron stands, etc., to properly set and install all equipment, including supports necessary to properly pitch piping.
- B. Existing dunnage shall be supplemented with angle iron supports and cross members as required to support new equipment at all supports point or continuously as recommended by the manufacture. Provide spring isolators under all new dunnage mounted equipment.

3.11 WELDING

- A. Welding and equipment shall conform to the American Welding Society's Code for Welding in Building Construction, latest edition as well as state and local laws and ordinances.
- B. The handling and storage of all welding materials, acetylene and oxygen tanks, burners, and other equipment required for the execution of welding and cutting work shall be subject at all times to the approval of the Owner and/or Architect. All welding materials and gas tanks shall be promptly removed from the premises upon completion of each day's work or stored in a manner satisfactory to the owner. Welding and

- equipment shall conform to the American Welding Society's Code for Welding in Building Construction, latest edition as well as state and local laws and ordinances.
- C. Provide all temporary ventilation, and ventilation air systems required during welding operations as required by OSHA.

3.12 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

- A. The Contractor shall provide a complete set of As-Built drawings showing actual installation and locations of all new and existing equipment, piping, and ductwork in the entire building. Schedules shall be revised to indicate actual equipment installed.
- B. As-Built drawings shall be submitted as per contract requirements in accordance with Division 1 and shall be submitted in paper format for review. Accepted as builts shall then be submitted in AutoCAD format on hard disc.

3.13 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- A. Inspection: Prior to all work of this Section, carefully inspect the installed work of all other trades and verify that all such work is complete to the point where this installation may properly commence. Verify that the work of this Section may be completed in strict accordance with all pertinent codes and regulations, the approved Shop Drawings, and the Manufacturers' recommendations.
- B. Discrepancies: In the event of discrepancy, immediately notify the Engineer. Do not proceed in areas of discrepancy until all such discrepancies have been fully resolved.

3.14 INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT

- A. Locations: Install all equipment in the locations shown on the approved Shop Drawings except where specifically otherwise approved on the job by the Owner and/or Engineer.
- B. Interferences: Avoid interference with structure, and with work of other trades, preserving adequate headroom and clearing all doors and passageways to the approval of the Engineer.
- C. Inspection: Check each piece of equipment in the system for defects, verifying that all parts are properly furnished and installed, and that all items function properly, and that all adjustments have been made.

3.15 CLOSING-IN OF UNINSPECTED WORK

A. General: Do not allow or cause any of the work to be covered up or enclosed until it has been inspected, tested, and accepted by the Engineer and by all other authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Uncovering: Should any of the work of this Section be covered up or enclosed before it has been completely inspected, tested, and approved, do all things necessary to uncover all such work. After the work has been completely inspected, tested, and approved, provide all materials and labor necessary and make all repairs necessary to restore the work to its original and proper condition at no additional cost to the owner.

3.16 BUILDING ACCESS

- A. The Contractor shall inform himself fully regarding peculiarities and limitations of space available for the passage and installation of all equipment and materials under the Contract.
- B. Verify and coordinate removal of existing construction and/or knock-down of equipment to suit conditions. Special attention should be given to equipment installation. Provide all labor and material to facilitate installation.

3.17 COOPERATION WITH OTHER TRADES PHASING

- A. Cooperate with other trades in order that all systems in the work may be installed in the best arrangements.
- B. Coordinate as required with all other trades to share space in common areas and to provide the maximum of access to each system.
- C. This Contractor shall submit fully coordinated shop drawings showing all piping, ductwork and equipment, as well as relevant work of all other trades such as light, conduits, structural and steel, which may impact the final size or placement of piping, ductwork, equipment, diffusers and grilles.
- D. The work shall be scheduled and phased in accordance with the requirements of the contract and the client. Prior to the commencement of work the HVAC contractor shall submit a schedule in writing to the Architect and owner for approval. There shall be no shut downs of any systems without prior written approval from the owner. The contractor shall include in his bid all costs associated with providing temporarily piping controls, ductwork and fans and air conditioning units to maintain operations in the phase II area while work is being performed on the Phase I area. It shall also be noted that ductwork, piping and controls will have to be extended through the phase II work areas in order to reach the area(s) under construction in phase I as part of this work. The contractor shall include in his bid all provisions to perform such phasing work

3.18 CLEANING

A. It is the intent of the contract documents that all work, including the inside of equipment be left in a clean condition. All construction dirt shall be removed from material and equipment.

B. All removed items shall be taken off the premises and discarded in a manner satisfactory to the Owner.

3.19 COMPLETENESS

A. It is the intent of the contract documents to provide complete systems. Completeness shall mean not only that all material and equipment has been installed properly, but that all material and equipment is installed, adjusted, and operating as per the design intent in the opinion of the Engineer and in accordance with generally accepted industry good practice.

3.20 FIRE PREVENTION DURING HOT WORK

- A. Before starting operations, the Contractor shall furnish trained personnel to provide fire watches for locations where hot work is to be performed. One fire watcher may observe several locations in a relatively small contiguous area. Contractor shall furnish suitable type, fully-charged, operable portable fire extinguisher to each fire watcher.
- B. The Contractor shall provide fire watchers who know how to operate the fire extinguisher, how to turn on a fire alarm and how to summon the fire department.
- C. Before starting operations, take suitable precautions to minimize the hazard of a fire communicating to the opposite side of walls, floors, ceilings and roofs from the operations.

3.21 SAFETY MEASURES

- A. Hot work shall not be done in or near rooms or areas where flammable liquids or explosive vapors are present or thought to be present. A combustible gas indicator (explosimeter) test shall be conducted to assure that each area is safe. The Contractor is responsible for arranging and paying for each test.
- B. Insofar as possible, the Contractor shall remove and keep the area free from all combustibles, including rubbish, paper and waste within a radius of 25 feet from hot operations.
- C. If combustible material cannot be removed, the Contractor shall furnish fireproof blankets to cover such materials. At the direction of the owner floors, walls, and ceilings of combustible material shall be wetted thoroughly with water before, during, and after operations sufficiently to afford adequate protection.
- D. Where possible, the Contractor shall furnish and use baffles of metal or gypsum board to prevent the spraying of sparks, hot slag and other hot particles into surrounding combustible material.
- E. The Contractor shall prevent the spread of sparks and particles of hot metal through open windows, doors, and holes and cracks in floors, walls, ceilings and roofs.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- F. Cylinders of gas used in hot work shall be placed a safe distance from the work. The Contractor shall provide hoses and equipment free of deterioration, malfunction and leaks. Suitable supports shall be provided to prevent accidental overturning of cylinders. All cylinder control valves shall be shut off while in use with the gas pressure regulator set at 15 psi or less.
- G. When hot work operations are completed or ended for the day, each location of the days work shall be inspected by the Contractor 30 to 60 minutes after completion of operations to detect for hidden or smoldering fires and to ensure that proper housekeeping is maintained. Contractor shall cleanup the area of work at the end of each shift or workday.
- H. Where sprinkler protection exists, the sprinkler system shall be maintained without interruption while operations are being performed. If operations are performed close to automatic sprinkler heads, gypsum board sheets or damp cloth guards may be used to shield the individual heads temporarily. The heads shall be inspected by the Contractor immediately after hot work operations cease, to ensure all materials have been removed from the heads and that the heads have not been damaged.
- I. Suitable type, fully-charged, operable portable fire extinguisher shall be available at all times during hot work operations.
- J. If any of the above safeguards are not employed, or are violated, the Contracting owners Representative may, by written notice, stop the work until compliance is obtained. Such stoppage shall not relieve the Contractor form performing his work within the Contract period for the Contract price.

3.22 USE OF OWNERS EQUIPMENT

A. The contractor shall not use any the owner's HVAC system or equipment, new or existing, for any purpose. The contractor shall provide temporary hvac equipment, ductwork, power, and controls for use during construction for the purpose of ventilation, or heating during the construction process. All such equipment, ductwork, power, and controls shall be removed and the completion of work.

3.23 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

- A. General Operating and Maintenance Instructions: Arrange for each installer of operating equipment and other work that requires regular or continuing maintenance, to meet at the site with the Owner's personnel to provide necessary basic instructions in the proper operation and maintenance of the entire Work. Where installers are not expert in the required procedures, include instruction by the manufacturer's representatives.
- B. Where applicable, provide onsite instruction and training, including application of special coatings systems, at manufacturer's recommendation.

- C. Provide a detailed review of the following items:
 - Maintenance manuals
 - 2. Record documents and catalog cuts for each piece of equipment.
 - 3. Spare parts and materials
 - 4. Tools
 - 5. Lubricants
 - 6. Fuels
 - 7. Identification systems
 - 8. Control sequences
 - 9. Hazards
 - 10. Cleaning
- D. Warranties, bonds, maintenance agreements, and similar continuing commitments.
- E. Demonstrate the following procedures:
 - 1. Start-up
 - 2. Shut-down
 - 3. Emergency operations
 - 4. Noise and vibration adjustments
 - 5. Safety procedures
 - 6. Economy and efficiency adjustments
 - 7. Effective energy utilization.
 - 8. Periodic maintenance
- F. Prepare instruction periods to consist of classroom and or "hands-on" instruction. Provide all equipment including the following.
 - 1. All control systems
 - 2. All Roof top units
 - 3. VRF split systems
 - 4. Dedicated outdoor air systems
 - 5. Make up air and exhaust systems

Consult individual equipment specification sections for additional training requirements.

- G. Prepare a written agenda for each session and submit for review and approval. Include date, location, purpose, specific scope, proposed attendance and session duration.
- H. Record training sessions in digital format, format as selected by the Owner. Turn over digital files to the Owner after training has been completed.

END OF SECTION 230500

SECTION 230513 - COMMON MOTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR HVAC EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Division 24 Equipment Wiring Systems: Electrical characteristics and wiring connections.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes general requirements for single-phase and polyphase, general-purpose, horizontal, small and medium, squirrel-cage induction motors for use on alternating-current power systems up to 600 V and installed at equipment manufacturer's factory or shipped separately by equipment manufacturer for field installation.

1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate features of motors, installed units, and accessory devices to be compatible with the following:
 - 1. Motor controllers.
 - 2. Torque, speed, and horsepower requirements of the load.
 - 3. Ratings and characteristics of supply circuit and required control sequence.
 - 4. Ambient and environmental conditions of installation location.

1.4 REFERENCES

- A. AFBMA 9 Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Ball Bearings.
- B. AFBMA 11 Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Roller Bearings.
- C. NEMA MG 1 Motors and Generators.
- D. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.

1.5 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Conform to UL Component Recognition for appropriate sizes.

- B. Conform to NFPA 70 applicable electrical code, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., and NEMA
- C. Conform to I ECC 2015

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND PROTECTION

A. Protect motors stored on site from weather and moisture by maintaining factory covers and suitable weatherproof covering. For extended outdoor storage, remove motors from equipment and store separately.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Provide five-year manufacturer warranty for all motors larger than ½ horsepower.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, available products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Gould.
 - 2. Century.
 - 3. General Electric.
 - 4. Square D

2.2 GENERAL MOTOR REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NEMA MG 1 unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Comply with IEEE 841 for severe-duty motors.
- C. All electric motors of sizes and types as specified for driving mechanical equipment shall be provided under this section.
- D. Electrical Service: All motors shall be 60 Hertz unless otherwise noted. Refer to Electrical Specifications for required electrical characteristics.
- E. Motors: Design for continuous operation in 40° C environment, and for temperature rise in accordance with ANSI/NEMA MG limits for insulation class, Service Factor, and motor enclosure type. Motors shall be of sufficient size for duty to be performed.
- F. Visible Nameplate: Indicating manufacturer's name and model number, motor horsepower, RPM, frame size, voltage, phase, cycles, full load amps, insulation system class, service factor, maximum ambient temperature, temperature rise at rated horsepower, minimum efficiency, power factor.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- G. Electrical Connection: Conduit connection boxes, threaded for conduit. For fractional horsepower motors where connection is made directly, provide screwed conduit connection in end frame. Size motor boxes to receive motor feeders and ground cable indicated on electrical drawing schedules.
- H. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 40 deg C and at altitude of 3300 feet above sea level.
- I. Capacity and Torque Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, and operate connected loads at designated speeds, at installed altitude and environment, with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate ratings or considering service factor.

2.3 MOTOR EFFICIENCY

- A. Electric motors shall meet the minimum efficiency requirement of the following tables in accordance with International Energy conservation code when tested in accordance with DOE CFR 431. Performance data shall be certified by approved testing agency.
- B. Subtype I motors NEMA premium efficiency as per table NEMA MG 1 table 12-12 and Energy Conservation code table 405.8(1). This shall apply to general purpose, T-frame, single speed, squirrel cage, induction type; 230/460-V, NEMA Designs A or B, continuous rated, 60 Hz, from 1 to 200 hp, 2-, 4- and 6-pole (3600-, 1800- and 1200-rpm), open and enclosed. Subtype I motors 250 hp to 500 hp motor efficiency shall be able NEMA MG 1 table 12-11 and Energy Conservation Code table 405.8(1).
- C. Subtype II motors NEMA efficiency as per table NEMA MG 1 table 12-11 and Energy Conservation code table 405.8(2). This shall apply to general purpose motors but can configured as U-frame motors; NEMA Design C motors; close-coupled pump motors; footless motors; vertical solid shaft normal thrust motors (as tested in a horizontal position); eight-pole (900 rpm) motors, and polyphase motors with a voltage of not more than 600 V (other than 230 or 460 V).
- D. Minimum average full load efficiency of polyphase small electric motors up to 3 hp shall be in accordance with Table C405.8(3) of the International Energy Conservation Code
- E. Minimum average full load efficiency for capacitor-start, capacitor-run and capacitor-start induction-run small electric motors up to 3 hp shall be in accordance with Table C405.8(4) of the International Energy Conservation Code.

2.4 POLYPHASE MOTORS

- A. Description: NEMA MG 1, Design B, medium induction motor.
- B. Service Factor: 1.15.
- C. Multispeed Motors: Variable torque.

- 1. For motors with 2:1 speed ratio, consequent pole, single winding.
- 2. For motors with other than 2:1 speed ratio, separate winding for each speed.
- D. Multispeed Motors: Separate winding for each speed.
- E. Rotor: Random-wound, squirrel cage.
- F. Bearings: Regreasable, shielded, antifriction ball bearings suitable for radial and thrust loading. Grease lubricated anti-friction ball bearings with housings equipped with plugged provision for relubrication, rated for minimum AFBMA 9, L-10 life of 200,000 hours. Calculate bearing load with NEMA minimum V-belt pulley with belt centre line at end of NEMA standard shaft extension. Stamp bearing sizes on nameplate.
- G. Thermistor System (Motor Frame Sizes 254T and Larger): Three PTC thermistors embedded in motor windings and epoxy encapsulated solid state control relay with wiring to terminal box.
- H. Sound Power Levels: To NEMA MG 1.
- I. Temperature Rise: Match insulation rating.
- J. Insulation: Class B or better.
- K. Code Letter Designation:
 - 1. Motors [15] HP and Larger: NEMA starting Code F or Code G.
 - 2. Motors Smaller Than 15 HP: Manufacturer's standard starting characteristic.
- L. Enclosure Material: Cast iron for motor frame sizes 324T and larger; rolled steel for motor frame sizes smaller than 324T.

2.5 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR POLYPHASE MOTORS

- A. Motors Used with Reduced-Voltage and Multispeed Controllers: Match wiring connection requirements for controller with required motor leads. Provide terminals in motor terminal box, suited to control method.
- B. Use part winding Start above 254T Frame Size: Use part of winding to reduce locked rotor starting current to approximately 60 percent of full winding locked rotor current while providing approximately 50 percent of full winding locked rotor torque.
- C. Motors Used with Variable-Frequency Controllers: Ratings, characteristics, and features coordinated with and approved by controller manufacturer.
 - 1. Windings: Copper magnet wire with moisture-resistant insulation varnish, designed and tested to resist transient spikes, high frequencies, and short time rise pulses produced by pulse-width-modulated inverters.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Premium-Efficient Motors: Class B temperature rise; Class F insulation.
- 3. Inverter-Duty Motors: Class F temperature rise; Class H insulation.
- 4. Thermal Protection: Comply with NEMA MG 1 requirements for thermally protected motors.
- D. Severe-Duty Motors: Comply with IEEE 841, with 1.15 minimum service factor.

2.6 SINGLE-PHASE MOTORS

- A. Motors larger than 1/20 hp shall be one of the following, to suit starting torque and requirements of specific motor application:
 - 1. Permanent-split capacitor.
 - 2. Split phase.
 - 3. Capacitor start, inductor run.
 - 4. Capacitor start, capacitor run.
- B. Multispeed Motors: Variable-torque, permanent-split-capacitor type.
- C. Bearings: Pre-lubricated, antifriction ball bearings or sleeve bearings suitable for radial and thrust loading.
- D. Motors 1/20 HP and Smaller: Shaded-pole type.
- E. Thermal Protection: Internal protection to automatically open power supply circuit to motor when winding temperature exceeds a safe value calibrated to temperature rating of motor insulation. Thermal-protection device shall automatically reset when motor temperature returns to normal range.
- F. Drip-proof Enclosure: Class A (50 degrees C temperature rise) insulation, NEMA Service Factor, pre-lubricated sleeve ball bearings.

2.7 POWER FACTOR CORRECTION

A. Provide a capacitor for each three phase, single speed motor rated 3 HP or larger shall be provided to correct the full load power factor to 95%. The capacitor shall be mounted at the motor for connection across the motor terminals by Electrical Contractor

B. Capacitors:

- 1. Capacitors shall be totally enclosed, fused and with discharge resistors.
- Capacitors based on nominal motor RPM shall be provided in accordance with the following table to correct power factor to 95% and verify sizes with motor manufacturer.

Motor HP	Capacitor KVAR	Capacitor KVAR	
	3600 RPM Motor	1800 RPM Motor	
3	1.5	1.5	
5	2	2	
7.5	2.5	2.5	
10	3	3	
15	4	4	
20	5	5	
25	6	6	
30	7	7	
40	9	9	
50	12	12	
60	14	14	

2.8 STARTERS

A. GENERAL

- 1. See specification Section 16485 and Division 1 for additional information.
- 2. Starters for motors operating at 120 volts shall be manual starters unless otherwise indicated. Starters for motors operating at other than 120 volts shall be magnetic starters.
- 3. All starters shall be enclosed. Enclosures shall be surface mounted NEMA 1 unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Where weatherproof starters are required, the enclosure shall be NEMA 4.
- 5. It shall be verified that the correct overload heaters have been installed in the starter before energizing any motor. Sizing shall be based on motor nameplate current and taking into account any reduction in current due to power factor correction.
- 6. Alternate Manufacturers
 - a. Allen-Bradley
 - b. Crouse-Hinds Co.
 - c. Cutler-Hammer, Inc.
 - d. General Electric Co.
 - e. Square D Co.
 - f. Westinghouse Electric Corp.

B. MANUAL STARTERS

- 1. Two-pole, toggle operated, thermal overload device in each phase leg, handle guard for padlocking toggle handle and with indicated control and signal devices.
- 2. Where a motor is controlled automatically by an interlock or pilot device, a "HAND-OFF-AUTO" switch shall be provided in the starter cover. Where the rating of the interlock or pilot device is inadequate to control the motor currents

directly, a properly rated contactor shall be provided between the controlling device and the motor.

3. An "ON" pilot light shall be provided in the starter cover.

C. MAGNETIC STARTERS

 Starters shall be sized in accordance with NEMA standards and the following table, except that starters shall not be smaller than NEMA size 0. Starters shall be provided with one N.O. electrical holding interlock, under voltage protection and two additional auxiliary contacts within the same enclosure. NEMA size starters shall be provided as follows

STARTER	MAX HP
SIZE	AT 460 VOLTS
0	5
1	10
2	25

- 2. All starters shall be combination type with the starter and disconnect in the same enclosure. All starters shall be Type 2 coordination protected. Fuses shall be Bussman "Low Peak" type or equal sized at 125% of motor nameplate rating. Verify and coordinate requirements for fused disconnect switches with the Electrical Contractor prior to ordering starters.
- 3. Provide S.S.P.B. or H-O-A switches and pilot light in covers as required to facilitate control operation sequences.

D. CRITICAL FAULT

1. Where starters are not integral to equipment and are furnished and installed separately from equipment by the contractor, provide a 3 phase line voltage monitor by ICM Controls model 450 or approved equal. Unit shall be installed in the motor starter or in a separate enclosure with the same rating as the starter. It shall be arranged to monitor critical faults including phase loss or reversal, and when detected, de-energize the load. It shall monitor non-critical faults including high/low voltage, voltage unbalance and when detected, after a time delay deenergize the load.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

A. Suitable starting and controlling equipment and devices shall be furnished and installed as specified hereinafter and as shown on the Drawings. The starting equipment shall be arranged, generally, in control groups, or in certain cases, as isolated combination starters as specified or indicated. The Heating Ventilating and Air Conditioning 04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Sequences of Operation, drawings and specifications shall be referred to for the manner of control, operation and monitoring of motors and the electrically operated equipment.

- A starter and disconnect switch or combination motor starter disconnect shall be B. provided for every motor and each and every electrically operated piece of equipment by this contractor except where complete starters and controls are furnished by the manufacturer of the motor or piece of equipment. Starters shall be internally wired to provide the required control operation and monitoring. All control devices such as push buttons, break-glass stations, alternators, relays, pilot lights, etc., shall be provided as required for operation of mechanical equipment. All roof top and remotely located equipment shall have remote starters as located on plan and shall have local disconnect switches. All equipment located in equipment rooms can use combination starters/disconnects located within line of site of controlled equipment. All starters and disconnect switches shall be in enclosures suitable for the environment in which they are installed. Starters and disconnect switches located in machine rooms shall use NEMA 1. Starters and disconnect switches located outdoors shall use NEMA 4x. Starters and disconnect switches located in machine rooms which are subject to potential water damage shall use NEMA 2
- C. Starting equipment and devices specified in this section (and section 23 29 13 Variable Frequency Controllers), shall be furnished by the mechanical subcontractor and shall be installed by the Electrical subcontractor. In general the mechanical subcontractor shall furnish all motor starters and disconnect switches except where they are an integral part of a motor control center, in this case starters and disconnects shall be provided, (furnished and installed), by the electrical contractor. The Electrical subcontractor shall also provide all wiring necessary to supply power to the electric motors specified under this section, including connections from the starters to the motors. Starters and disconnects shall also include variable frequency drives.
- D. The mechanical Contractor shall furnish and install all wiring between control devices and controlled equipment furnished under this Section, including interlock control wiring between motor starters, and all automatic temperature control wiring. All wiring shall be installed in conformance with applicable codes and the requirements of the Electrical Division of the Specifications.
- E. The Electrical Contractor shall furnish a 120-volt power source to temperature control panels and equipment requiring a separate 120 volt control power source. Power for control circuits for all devices connecting to motor starters shall be obtained from 120-volt control transformers provided in each starter operating at other than 120 volts. Provide transformers for all low voltage control systems as required.
- F. Furnish detailed composite wiring diagrams and such other information necessary to assure the proper connection, operation and control of motorized equipment, including interlocks, automatic controls, safety controls and all auxiliary circuits.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- G. All control units shall be furnished with a nameplate indicating which device or equipment it controls, the voltage. Additional nameplates on each push button, selector switch and pilot light indicating their functions shall be provided. Nameplates shall be laminated phenolic with white letters on black background, minimum 2" high.
- H. All motors supplied either with equipment or installed separately that are to be used in conjunction with variable frequency drive shall be inverter duty motors.

END OF SECTION 230513

SECTION 230517 - SLEEVES AND ESCUTCHEONS FOR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- Sleeves.
- 2. Grout.
- 3. Escutcheons.
- 4. Floor plates.
- 5. Acoustic split seal rings

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SLEEVES

- A. Cast-Iron Wall Pipes: Cast or fabricated of cast or ductile iron and equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral water stop unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Galvanized-Steel Wall Pipes: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Schedule 40, with plain ends and welded steel collar; zinc coated.
- C. Galvanized-Steel-Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, zinc coated, with plain ends.
- D. PVC-Pipe Sleeves: ASTM D 1785, Schedule 40.
- E. Galvanized-Steel-Sheet Sleeves: 0.0239-inch minimum thickness; round tube closed with welded longitudinal joint.
- F. Molded-PE or -PP Sleeves: Removable, tapered-cup shaped, and smooth outer surface with nailing flange for attaching to wooden forms.
- G. Molded-PVC Sleeves: With nailing flange for attaching to wooden forms.

2.2 GROUT

- A. Standard: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M, Grade B, post-hardening and volume-adjusting, dry, hydraulic-cement grout.
- B. Characteristics: Non-shrink; recommended for interior and exterior applications.
- C. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.
- D. Packaging: Premixed and factory packaged.

2.3 ESCUTCHEONS

- A. One-Piece, Deep-Pattern Type: Deep-drawn, box-shaped brass with chrome-plated finish and spring-clip fasteners.
- B. One-Piece, Stamped-Steel Type: With chrome-plated finish and spring-clip fasteners.
- C. Split-Casting Brass Type: With polished, chrome-plated finish and with concealed hinge and setscrew.
- D. Split-Plate, Stamped-Steel Type: With chrome-plated finish, concealed hinge, and spring-clip fasteners.

2.4 FLOOR PLATES

- A. One-Piece Floor Plates: Cast-iron flange with holes for fasteners.
- B. Split-Casting Floor Plates: Cast brass with concealed hinge.

2.5 ACOUSTIC SPLIT SEALS

A. Acoustic Split Seals: consist of pipe halves with minimum 3/4" thick neoprene sponge cemented to the inner faces. The seal shall be tightened around the pipe to eliminate clearance between the inner sponge face and the piping. Grout seals to make it integral with the floor, wall or ceiling in masonry construction. Seals shall project a minimum of 1" past either face of the wall. Where temperatures exceed 240F, 10 lb. density fiberglass may be used in lieu of the sponge. Seals shall be Type SPS or SWS as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SLEEVE INSTALLATION

A. Install sleeves for piping passing through penetrations in floors, partitions, roofs, and walls. Sleeves for building service piping entering the building shall be one nominal line size larger than the service pipe.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. For sleeves that will have sleeve-seal system installed, select sleeves of size large enough to provide 1-inch annular clear space between piping and concrete slabs and walls.
 - 1. Sleeves are not required for core-drilled holes.
- C. Install sleeves in concrete floors, concrete roof slabs, and concrete walls as new slabs and walls are constructed.
 - Permanent sleeves are not required for holes in slabs formed by molded-PE or -PP sleeves.
 - 2. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces.
 - a. Exception: Extend sleeves installed in floors of mechanical equipment areas or other wet areas 2 inches above finished floor level.
 - 3. Using grout, seal the space outside of sleeves in slabs and walls without sleeveseal system.
- D. Install sleeves for pipes passing through interior partitions.
 - 1. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces.
 - 2. Install sleeves that are large enough to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and pipe or pipe insulation.
 - 3. Seal annular space between sleeve and piping or piping insulation; use joint sealants appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Comply with requirements for sealants specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
- E. Fire-Barrier Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings, and floors at pipe penetrations. Seal pipe penetrations with firestop materials. Comply with requirements for firestopping specified in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

3.2 ESCUTCHEON INSTALLATION

- A. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and finished floors.
- B. Install escutcheons with ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of piping and with OD that completely covers opening.
 - 1. Escutcheons for Piping:
 - a. Piping with Fitting or Sleeve Protruding from Wall: One-piece, deep-pattern type.
 - b. Chrome-Plated Piping: One-piece, cast-brass or split-casting brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish.
 - c. Insulated Piping: One-piece, stamped-steel type or split-plate, stamped-steel type with concealed hinge.

- d. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type or split-plate, stamped-steel type with concealed hinge.
- e. Bare Piping at Ceiling Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type or split-plate, stamped-steel type with concealed hinge.
- f. Bare Piping in Unfinished Service Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type or split-plate, stamped-steel type with concealed hinge.
- g. Bare Piping in Equipment Rooms: One-piece, stamped-steel type or splitplate, stamped-steel type with concealed hinge or split-plate, stamped-steel type with exposed-rivet hinge.
- C. Install floor plates for piping penetrations of equipment-room floors.
- D. Install floor plates with ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of piping and with OD that completely covers opening.
 - 1. New Piping: One-piece, floor-plate type.
 - 2. Existing Piping: Split-casting, floor-plate type.
- 3.3 ACOUSTIC SPLIT SEAL
 - A. Install Acoustic split seals on all hydronic piping 3" and over, penetrating mechanical equipment room walls.
- 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Replace broken and damaged escutcheons and floor plates using new materials.

END OF SECTION 230517

SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Metal pipe hangers and supports.
- 2. Trapeze pipe hangers.
- 3. Metal framing systems.
- 4. Thermal-hanger shield inserts.
- 5. Fastener systems.
- 6. Pipe stands.
- 7. Equipment supports.

B. Related Sections:

- 1. Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for structural-steel shapes and plates for trapeze hangers for pipe and equipment supports.
- 2. Section 233113 "Metal Ducts" for duct hangers and supports.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. MSS: Manufacturers Standardization Society of The Valve and Fittings Industry Inc.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Structural Performance: Hangers and supports for HVAC piping and equipment shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 - 1. Design supports for multiple pipes, including pipe stands, capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, system contents, and test water.
 - 2. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.

3. Design seismic-restraint hangers and supports for piping and equipment.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details and include calculations for the following; include Product Data for components:
 - 1. Trapeze pipe hangers.
 - 2. Metal framing systems.
 - 3. Pipe stands.
 - 4. Equipment supports.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For trapeze hangers indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
 - 1. Detail fabrication and assembly of trapeze hangers.
 - 2. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for designing trapeze hangers.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Welding certificates.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Structural Steel Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
- B. Pipe Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and operators according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METAL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Carbon-Steel Pipe Hangers and Supports:
 - 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, factory-fabricated components.
 - 2. Galvanized Metallic Coatings: Pregalvanized or hot dipped.
 - 3. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coating, jacket, or liner.
 - 4. Padded Hangers: Hanger with fiberglass or other pipe insulation pad or cushion to support bearing surface of piping.
 - 5. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of carbon steel.
- B. Stainless-Steel Pipe Hangers and Supports:

- 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, factory-fabricated components.
- 2. Padded Hangers: Hanger with fiberglass or other pipe insulation pad or cushion to support bearing surface of piping.
- 3. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of stainless steel.

C. Copper Pipe Hangers:

- 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, copper-coated-steel, factory-fabricated components.
- 2. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of copper-coated steel or stainless steel.

2.2 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS

A. Description: MSS SP-69, Type 59, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made from structural carbon-steel shapes with MSS SP-58 carbon-steel hanger rods, nuts, saddles, and U-bolts.

2.3 METAL FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. MFMA Manufacturer Metal Framing Systems:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. B-line, an Eaton business.
 - b. Flex-Strut Inc.
 - c. Thomas & Betts Corporation; A Member of the ABB Group.
 - d. Unistrut; Part of Atkore International.
 - e. Wesanco, Inc.
 - 2. Description: Shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly for supporting multiple parallel pipes.
 - 3. Standard: MFMA-4.
 - 4. Channels: Continuous slotted steel channel with inturned lips.
 - 5. Channel Nuts: Formed or stamped steel nuts or other devices designed to fit into channel slot and, when tightened, prevent slipping along channel.
 - 6. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of carbon steel or stainless steel.
 - 7. Metallic Coating: Electroplated zinc, Hot-dipped galvanized, Mill galvanized, Inline, hot galvanized, or Mechanically-deposited zinc.
 - 8. Paint Coating: Epoxy or Alkyd.
 - 9. Plastic Coating: PVC or Polyurethane.
 - 10. Combination Coating:

B. Non-MFMA Manufacturer Metal Framing Systems:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Anvil International.
 - b. ERICO International Corporation.
 - c. PHD Manufacturing, Inc.
- 2. Description: Shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made of steel channels, accessories, fittings, and other components for supporting multiple parallel pipes.
- 3. Standard: Comply with MFMA-4.
- 4. Channels: Continuous slotted steel channel with inturned lips.
- 5. Channel Nuts: Formed or stamped steel nuts or other devices designed to fit into channel slot and, when tightened, prevent slipping along channel.
- 6. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of carbon steel or stainless steel.
- 7. Coating: Zinc, Paint or PVC.

2.4 THERMAL-HANGER SHIELD INSERTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Clement Support Services.
 - 2. ERICO International Corporation.
 - 3. National Pipe Hanger Corporation.
 - 4. Pipe Shields Inc.
 - 5. Piping Technology & Products, Inc.
 - 6. Rilco Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- B. Insulation-Insert Material for Hot and cold Piping: Water-repellent treated, ASTM C 533, Type I calcium silicate with 100-psig minimum compressive strength.
- C. For Trapeze or Clamped Systems: Insert and shield shall cover entire circumference of pipe.
- D. For Clevis or Band Hangers: Insert and shield shall cover lower 180 degrees of pipe.
- E. Insert Length: Extend 2 inches beyond sheet metal shield for piping operating below ambient air temperature.

2.5 FASTENER SYSTEMS

- A. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened Portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
- B. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, stainless- steel anchors, for use in hardened Portland cement concrete; with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

2.6 PIPE STANDS

- A. General Requirements for Pipe Stands: Shop- or field-fabricated assemblies made of manufactured corrosion-resistant components to support roof-mounted piping.
- B. Compact Pipe Stand: One-piece plastic unit with integral-rod roller, pipe clamps, or V-shaped cradle to support pipe, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
- C. Low-Type, Single-Pipe Stand: One-piece stainless-steel base unit with plastic roller, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
- D. High-Type, Single-Pipe Stand:
 - 1. Description: Assembly of base, vertical and horizontal members, and pipe support, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
 - 2. Base: Stainless steel.
 - 3. Vertical Members: Two or more cadmium-plated-steel or stainless-steel, continuous-thread rods.
 - 4. Horizontal Member: Cadmium-plated-steel or stainless-steel rod with plastic or stainless-steel, roller-type pipe support.

E. High-Type, Multiple-Pipe Stand:

- 1. Description: Assembly of bases, vertical and horizontal members, and pipe supports, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
- 2. Bases: One or more; plastic.
- 3. Vertical Members: Two or more protective-coated-steel channels.
- 4. Horizontal Member: Protective-coated-steel channel.
- 5. Pipe Supports: Galvanized-steel, clevis-type pipe hangers.
- F. Curb-Mounted-Type Pipe Stands: Shop- or field-fabricated pipe supports made from structural-steel shapes, continuous-thread rods, and rollers, for mounting on permanent stationary roof curb.

2.7 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural carbon-steel shapes.

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- B. Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
 - 1. Properties: Non-staining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
 - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

C. Flashing;

Metal Flashing: 26gage galvanized steel.

- 1. Metal Counter-flashing: 22 gage thick galvanized steel.
- 2. Flexible Flashing: 47 mil thick sheet butyl or other material compatible with roofing. Verify with roofing manufacturer.
- 3. Caps: Steel, 22-gage minimum; 16 gage at fire resistant elements.

D. Sleeves:

- Ductwork Sleeve 18 gauge Installation and Closure for Fire Rated Walls and Floors: Fire damper assembly with continuous angles on all sides as per NFPA-90A requirements.
- 2. Provide and install sleeves for all penetrations in accordance with Division 1.

E. Escutcheons;

1. Chrome plated cast brass escutcheons with set screws on all exposed piping at wall penetrations in finished spaces.

F. Hanger Rods:

 Hanger Rods: Hot rolled steel threaded both ends, threaded one end, or continuous threaded. In accordance with the following schedule.

HANGER ROD SIZE SCHEDULE				
Pipe Size (in)	Min Rod Dia (in)			
3/4" to 2"	3/8"			
½" to 3-1/2"	1/2"			
4" to 5"	5/8"			
6"	3/4"			

8" to 12"	7/8"
14"	1"
16" to 18"	1-1/8"
20"	1-1/4"
24"	1-1/2"
30"	1-7/8"

2. Hanger spacing shall be in accordance with the following schedule for maximum allowable distance. Provide hanger all changes in direction.

PIPE SUPPORT SPACING SCHEDULE				
Pipe Material/ Size (in)	Maximum	Maximum Vertical		
. ,	Horizontal	Spacing (ft)		
	Spacing (ft)			
Steel				
Up to 1 1/4"	8	15		
1 ½" to 2 ½"	10	15		
3" and over	12	15		
Copper Pipe	8	10		
Copper Tubing				
Up to 1 1/4"	6	10		
1 ½" and over	8	10		
PVC / HDPE				
Up to 1"	3	10		
1 1/4" and over	4	10		

3. Fiberglass piping supports spacing shall be in accordance with the manufacture's guidelines.

2.9 VIBRATION ISOLATION HANGERS

A. Vibration isolation pipe hangers: pre-compressed and locked at the rated deflection by means of a resilient up-stop to keep the piping or equipment at a fixed elevation during installation. The hangers shall be designed with a release mechanism to free the spring after the installation is complete and the hanger is subjected to its full load. Deflection shall be clearly indicated by means of a scale. Submittals shall include a drawing of the hanger showing the 30° capability. Hangers shall be type PC30N as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Metal Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from the building structure.
- B. Metal Trapeze Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping, and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.
 - 1. Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipes as specified for individual pipe hangers.
 - 2. Field fabricate from ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- C. Fiberglass Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with applicable portions of MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers and attachments as required to properly support piping from building structure.
- D. Metal Framing System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping, and support together on field-assembled metal framing systems.
- E. Fiberglass Strut System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping, and support together on field-assembled fiberglass struts.
- F. Thermal-Hanger Shield Installation: Install in pipe hanger or shield for insulated piping.
- G. Fastener System Installation:
 - Install powder-actuated fasteners for use in lightweight concrete or concrete slabs less than 4 inches thick in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Use operators that are licensed by powder-actuated tool manufacturer. Install fasteners according to powder-actuated tool manufacturer's operating manual.
 - 2. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.

H. Pipe Stand Installation:

1. Pipe Stand Types except Curb-Mounted Type: Assemble components and mount on smooth roof surface. Do not penetrate roof membrane.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 2. Curb-Mounted-Type Pipe Stands: Assemble components or fabricate pipe stand and mount on permanent, stationary roof curb. See Section 077200 "Roof Accessories" for curbs.
- I. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary attachments, inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- J. Equipment Support Installation: Fabricate from welded-structural-steel shapes.
- K. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- L. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- M. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, and strainers, NPS 2-1/2 and larger and at changes in direction of piping. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.
- N. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so that piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- O. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and to not exceed maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- P. Insulated Piping:
 - 1. Attach clamps and spacers to piping.
 - a. Piping Operating above Ambient Air Temperature: Clamp may project through insulation.
 - b. Piping Operating below Ambient Air Temperature: Use thermal-hanger shield insert with clamp sized to match OD of insert.
 - Do not exceed pipe stress limits allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
 - 2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39, protection saddles on all piping with roller hangers installed outside of insulation. Fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
 - Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weightdistribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
 - 3. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40, protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier not on roller hangers. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.

- a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
- 4. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
 - a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
 - b. NPS 4: 12 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
 - c. NPS 5 and NPS 6: 18 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
 - d. NPS 8 to NPS 14: 24 inches long and 0.075 inch thick.
 - e. NPS 16 to NPS 24: 24 inches long and 0.105 inch thick.
- 5. Pipes NPS 8 and Larger: Include wood or reinforced calcium-silicate-insulation inserts of length at least as long as protective shield.
- 6. Thermal-Hanger Shields: Install with insulation same thickness as piping insulation.

3.2 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Fabricate structural-steel stands to suspend equipment from structure overhead or to support equipment above floor.
- B. Grouting: Place grout under supports for equipment and make bearing surface smooth.
- C. Provide lateral bracing, to prevent swaying, for equipment supports.

3.3 METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports.
- B. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M procedures for shielded, metal arc welding; appearance and quality of welds; and methods used in correcting welding work; and with the following:
 - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. Finish welds at exposed connections so no roughness shows after finishing and so contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- B. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

3.5 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
 - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide a minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply cold galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780. ZRC cold galvanizing compound

3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT SCHEDULE

- A. Specific hanger and support requirements are in Sections specifying piping systems and equipment.
- B. Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- C. Use hangers and supports with galvanized metallic coatings for piping and equipment that will not have field-applied finish.
- D. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.
- E. Use carbon-steel pipe hangers and supports or metal trapeze pipe hangers and metal framing systems and attachments for general service applications.
- F. Use stainless-steel pipe hangers and stainless-steel attachments for hostile environment applications.
- G. Use copper-plated pipe hangers and copper or stainless-steel attachments for copper piping and tubing.
- H. Use padded hangers for piping that is subject to scratching.
- I. Use thermal-hanger shield inserts for insulated piping and tubing.

- J. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of noninsulated or insulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
 - 2. Yoke-Type Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 2): For suspension of up to 1050 deg F, pipes NPS 4 to NPS 24, requiring up to 4 inches of insulation.
 - Carbon- or Alloy-Steel, Double-Bolt Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 3): For suspension of pipes NPS 3/4 to NPS 36, requiring clamp flexibility and up to 4 inches of insulation.
 - 4. Pipe Hangers (MSS Type 5): For suspension of pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 4, to allow off-center closure for hanger installation before pipe erection.
 - 5. Adjustable, Steel Band Hangers (MSS Type 7): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
 - 6. Adjustable, Swivel-Ring Band Hangers (MSS Type 10): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
 - 7. Extension Hinged or Two-Bolt Split Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 12): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 3/8 to NPS 3.
 - 8. Pipe Saddle Supports (MSS Type 36): For support of pipes NPS 4 to NPS 36, with steel-pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange or carbon-steel plate.
 - 9. Pipe Stanchion Saddles (MSS Type 37): For support of pipes NPS 4 to NPS 36, with steel-pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange or carbon-steel plate, and with U-bolt to retain pipe.
 - 10. Adjustable Pipe Saddle Supports (MSS Type 38): For stanchion-type support for pipes NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 36 if vertical adjustment is required, with steel-pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange.
 - Single-Pipe Rolls (MSS Type 41): For suspension of pipes NPS 1 to NPS 30, from two rods if longitudinal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur.
 - Adjustable Roller Hangers (MSS Type 43): For suspension of pipes NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 24, from single rod if horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur.
 - 13. Complete Pipe Rolls (MSS Type 44): For support of pipes NPS 2 to NPS 42 if longitudinal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur but vertical adjustment is not necessary.
 - 14. Pipe Roll and Plate Units (MSS Type 45): For support of pipes NPS 2 to NPS 24 if small horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur and vertical adjustment is not necessary.
 - 15. Adjustable Pipe Roll and Base Units (MSS Type 46): For support of pipes NPS 2 to NPS 30 if vertical and lateral adjustment during installation might be required in addition to expansion and contraction.
- K. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

- 1. Extension Pipe or Riser Clamps (MSS Type 8): For support of pipe risers NPS 3/4 to NPS 24.
- 2. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): For support of pipe risers NPS 3/4 to NPS 24 if longer ends are required for riser clamps.
- L. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
 - 2. Steel Clevises (MSS Type 14): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
 - 3. Swivel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 15): For use with MSS Type 11, split pipe rings.
 - 4. Malleable-Iron Sockets (MSS Type 16): For attaching hanger rods to various types of building attachments.
 - 5. Steel Weldless Eye Nuts (MSS Type 17): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
- M. Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Steel or Malleable Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from concrete ceiling.
 - 2. Top-Beam C-Clamps (MSS Type 19): For use under roof installations with barioist construction, to attach to top flange of structural shape.
 - 3. Side-Beam or Channel Clamps (MSS Type 20): For attaching to bottom flange of beams, channels, or angles.
 - 4. Center-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 21): For attaching to center of bottom flange of beams.
 - 5. Welded Beam Attachments (MSS Type 22): For attaching to bottom of beams if loads are considerable and rod sizes are large.
 - 6. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
 - 7. Top-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 25): For top of beams if hanger rod is required tangent to flange edge.
 - 8. Steel-Beam Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 28): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads.
 - 9. Linked-Steel Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 29): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads, with link extensions.
 - 10. Malleable-Beam Clamps with Extension Pieces (MSS Type 30): For attaching to structural steel.
 - 11. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:
 - a. Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
 - b. Medium (MSS Type 32): 1500 lb.
 - c. Heavy (MSS Type 33): 3000 lb.
 - 12. Side-Beam Brackets (MSS Type 34): For sides of steel or wooden beams.

- 13. Plate Lugs (MSS Type 57): For attaching to steel beams if flexibility at beam is required.
- N. Saddles and Shields: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Steel-Pipe-Covering Protection Saddles (MSS Type 39): To fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
 - 2. Protection Shields (MSS Type 40): Of length recommended in writing by manufacturer to prevent crushing insulation.
 - 3. Thermal-Hanger Shield Inserts: For supporting insulated pipe.
- O. Spring Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Restraint-Control Devices (MSS Type 47): Where indicated to control piping movement.
 - 2. Spring Cushions (MSS Type 48): For light loads if vertical movement does not exceed 1-1/4 inches.
 - 3. Spring-Cushion Roll Hangers (MSS Type 49): For equipping Type 41, roll hanger with springs.
 - 4. Spring Sway Braces (MSS Type 50): To retard sway, shock, vibration, or thermal expansion in piping systems.
 - 5. Variable-Spring Hangers (MSS Type 51): Preset to indicated load and limit variability factor to 25 percent to allow expansion and contraction of piping system from hanger.
 - 6. Variable-Spring Base Supports (MSS Type 52): Preset to indicated load and limit variability factor to 25 percent to allow expansion and contraction of piping system from base support.
 - 7. Variable-Spring Trapeze Hangers (MSS Type 53): Preset to indicated load and limit variability factor to 25 percent to allow expansion and contraction of piping system from trapeze support.
 - 8. Constant Supports: For critical piping stress and if necessary to avoid transfer of stress from one support to another support, critical terminal, or connected equipment. Include auxiliary stops for erection, hydrostatic test, and load-adjustment capability. These supports include the following types:
 - a. Horizontal (MSS Type 54): Mounted horizontally.
 - b. Vertical (MSS Type 55): Mounted vertically.
 - c. Trapeze (MSS Type 56): Two vertical type supports and one trapeze member.
 - 9. Install vibration isolation hangers or supports on all piping connected to motor driven equipment for a distance of 20' or the first two hangers.
- P. Comply with MSS SP-69 for trapeze pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.

- Q. Comply with MFMA-103 for metal framing system selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- R. Use powder-actuated fasteners or mechanical-expansion anchors instead of building attachments where required in concrete construction.

3.7 MISCELLANEOUS:

- A. Equipment bases and supports.
 - Provide housekeeping pads of concrete, minimum 4 inches thick and extending 6 inches beyond supported equipment. Champers edges all four side. Provide dowels into concrete floor for equipment that is seismically braced.
 - 2. Provide templates, anchor bolts, and accessories for mounting and anchoring equipment. Provide for all equipment, pumps, air handling units, etc.
 - 3. Refer to 23 0548 Vibration controls for HVAC piping and piping and equipment for vibration inertia bases.
 - 4. Construct supports of steel members. Brace and fasten with flanges bolted to structure.
 - Provide rigid anchors for pipes after vibration isolation components are installed.

B. Flashing;

- 1. Provide flexible flashing and metal counter-flashing where piping penetrate weather or waterproofed walls, floors, and roofs.
- 2. Flash piping projecting above finished roof surface with prefabricated steel reinforced boot and counter flashing sleeve.

C. Sleeves:

- 1. Sleeves are required for all piping passing through walls and/or slabs. Sleeve diameter to be large enough to accommodate insulated piping.
- 2. Sleeves through interior non-fire rated walls are to have annular space between pipe and sleeve filled with materials specified in Division 1.
- 3. Sleeves thru fire rated walls to have annular space filled with fire stopping wrapping strips and expanding caulking applied with a caulking gun for a minimum depth of 3" or in another manner suitable for the application as recommended by the manufacturer.

 See Division 1.

D. Escutcheons:

1. Provide escutcheons on all wall pipe penetrations that are visible outside MER spaces. All escutcheons shall be chrome plated.

END OF SECTION 230529

SECTION 230553 IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Equipment labels
- 2. Warning signs and labels.
- 3. Pipe labels.
- 4. Stencils.
- 5. Valve tags.
- 6. Warning tags.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples: For color, letter style, and graphic representation required for each identification material and device.
- C. Equipment Label Schedule: Include a listing of all equipment to be labeled with the proposed content for each label.
- D. Valve numbering scheme.
- E. Valve Schedules: For each piping system to include in maintenance manuals.

1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with locations of access panels and doors.
- C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

PART 2-PRODUCTS

2.1 NAMEPLATES, TAGS, MARKERS, ETC

A. Manufacturer: W.H. Brady Co., Signmark Div

- B. Acceptable manufacturers offering equivalent products
 - 1. Atlantic Engraving Company.
 - 2. Seton Name Plate Co.
 - 3. MSI Services
 - 4. Substitutions as per Contract Requirements.
- C. Description: Nameplates should be as specified in Division 1.

2.3 EQUIPMENT LABELS

A. Metal Labels for Equipment:

- Material and Thickness: Brass 0.032-inch, stainless steel 0.025-inch, aluminum, 0.032-inch or anodized aluminum, 0.032-inch minimum thickness, and having predrilled or stamped holes for attachment hardware.
- 2. Letter Color: Black Blue Red White Yellow. As per ANSI depending on service
- 3. Background Color: Black Blue Red White Yellow as per ANSI depending on service
- 4. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- 5. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
- 6. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- 7. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.

B. Plastic Labels for Equipment:

- 1. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- 2. Letter Color: Black Blue Red White Yellow as per ANSI depending on service
- 3. Background Color: Black Blue Red White Yellow ANSI depending on service
- 4. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
- 5. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- 6. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
- 7. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- 8. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- C. Label Content: Include equipment's Drawing designation or unique equipment number, drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules), and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified.
- D. Equipment Label Schedule: For each item of equipment to be labeled, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate equipment identification number and identify Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules) and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified. Equipment schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

2.4 WARNING SIGNS AND LABELS

- A. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- B. Letter Color: White.
- C. Background Color: Black.
- D. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
- E. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- F. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-fourths the size of principal lettering.
- G. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- H. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- I. Label Content: Include caution and warning information, plus emergency notification instructions.

2.5 PIPE LABELS

- A. General Requirements for Manufactured Pipe Labels: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing flow direction.
- B. Pretensioned Pipe Labels: Pre-coiled, semirigid plastic formed to partially cover circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe without fasteners or adhesive.
- C. Self-Adhesive Pipe Labels: Printed plastic with contact-type, permanent-adhesive backing.

- D. Pipe Label Contents: Include identification of piping service using same designations or abbreviations as used on Drawings, pipe size, and an arrow indicating flow direction.
- E. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions, or as separate unit on each pipe label to indicate flow direction.
- F. Lettering Size: At least 1-1/2 inches high.

2.6 STENCILS (ductwork only)

- Stencils: Prepared with letter sizes according to ASME A13.1 for piping; and minimum Α. letter height of 3/4 inch for access panel and door labels, equipment labels, and similar operational instructions.
 - Stencil Paint: Exterior, gloss, black unless otherwise indicated. Paint may be in pressurized spray-can form.
 - 2. Identification Paint: Exterior, enamel in colors according to ASME A13.1 unless otherwise indicated.
 - Use on uninsulated pipe or bare painted pipe only.

2.7 **VALVE TAGS**

- Α. Valve Tags: Stamped or engraved with 1/4-inch letters for piping system abbreviation and 1/2-inch numbers.
 - Tag Material: Brass, 0.032-inch minimum thickness, and having predrilled or 1. stamped holes for attachment hardware.
 - 2. Fasteners: Brass wire-link or beaded chain; or S-hook.
- B. Valve Schedules: For each piping system, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate valve number, piping system, system abbreviation (as shown on valve tag), location of valve (room or space), normal-operating position (open, closed, or modulating), and variations for identification. Mark valves for emergency shutoff and similar special uses.
- C. All new mechanical valves shall be tagged.

2.8 WARNING TAGS

- Preprinted or partially preprinted, accident-prevention tags, of Α. Warning Tags: plasticized card stock with matte finish suitable for writing.
 - Size: 3 by 5-1/4 inches minimum. 1.
 - 2. Fasteners: Brass grommet and wire.
 - Nomenclature: Large-size primary caption such as "DANGER." "CAUTION," or 3. "DO NOT OPERATE."
 - 4. Color: Yellow background with black lettering.

PART 3-EXECUTION

3.1 **PREPARATION**

A. Clean piping and equipment surfaces of substances that could impair bond of identification devices, including dirt, oil, grease, release agents, and incompatible primers, paints, and encapsulants

3.2 PIPE LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Painting of Pipe: all piping that does not receive insulation shall be painted with rust inhibiting machine enamel.
 - 1. Clean piping in accordance with paint manufactures recommendations. Remove all grease oil and surface rust before painting.
 - 2. All Fuel oil piping shall be painted yellow with black labels and flow arrow.
 - 3. All new and existing gas piping shall be painted yellow with black labels.
 - 4. Label piping as per ANSI color code
- B. Locate pipe labels where piping is exposed and above accessible ceilings in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior exposed locations as follows:
 - Near each valve and control device.
 - 2. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
 - 3. Near penetrations through walls, floors, ceilings, and inaccessible enclosures.
 - 4. At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed piping.
 - 5. Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
 - 6. Spaced at maximum intervals of 25' along each run. Reduce intervals to 15 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.
 - 7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced labels.
- C. Directional Flow Arrows: provide directional flow arrows spaced at maximum intervals of 25' along each run. Reduce intervals to 15 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.
- D. All Plumbing piping including above ground storm and sanitary, domestic hot and coldwater hot water recirculation, fuel oil and gas shall be labeled. Background color and service name shall be in accordance with ANSI and industry standards.
- E. Lettering shall be no less than 1" on small piping and 2" on piping 3" and larger.

3.3 VALVE-TAG INSTALLATION

A. Install tags on valves and control devices in all plumbing piping systems, except check valves; valves within factory-fabricated equipment units; shutoff valves; faucets; convenience and lawn-watering hose connections; and similar roughing-in connections of end-use fixtures and units. List tagged valves in a valve schedule.

B. All new HVAC valves shall be tagged. All existing HVAC valves that are to remain in the Mer shall be retagged in sequence with new valves. This includes gas fuel oil and domestic water piping systems.

3.4 WARNING-TAG INSTALLATION

A. Write required message on, and attach warning tags to, equipment and other items where required.

3.5 INSTALLATION

- A. Install tags, markers, etc. in conformance with Division 1.
- B. Unless otherwise specified, color shall conform with ANSI/ASME A13.1
- C. Install identifying devices after completion of coverings and painting.
- D. Install plastic nameplates with corrosive-resistant mechanical fasteners, or adhesive.
- E. Install labels with sufficient adhesive to ensure permanent adhesion and seal with clear lacquer. For unfinished cloth covering, apply paint primer before applying labels.
- F. Install tags using corrosion resistant chain. Number tags consecutively by location.
- G. Apply stencil painting only to bare or painted pipe. Do not apply stencils to insulated pipe.
- H. Identify all equipment, including pumps, air handlers, air cooled condensers, boilers, chillers, pumps, packaged AC units, and hot water heater with nameplates. Small devices, such as in-line pumps, may be identified with metal tags. Identify service of all air handling units, ac units split and packaged units. I.E. Ground floor offices.
- I. Identify control panels and major control components outside panels with nameplates.
- J. Identify valves in main and branch piping with brass tags. Main shutoff valves for boilers shall be furnished with special wording as required by ASME IV HG 710.5 "Supply or Return Valve No. X Do Not Close Without Also Closing Supply or Return Valve No. Y".
- K. Tag automatic controls, instruments, and relays. Key to control schematic.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- L. Identify piping, concealed or exposed, with markers. Use tags on piping 3/4 inch diameter and smaller. Identify service, flow direction, and pressure. Install in clear view and align with axis of piping. Locate identification not to exceed 20 feet on straight runs including risers and drops, adjacent to each valve and tee, at each side of penetration of structure or enclosure, and at each obstruction. Labeling shall be in conformance with OSHA and ANSI A13.1.
- M. Identify all ductwork every 20' with flow arrows and unit or air handler served as well as service, such as SUPPLY AIR, RETURN AIR, EXHAUST AIR. Etc
- N. All smoke purge system components (including supply and exhaust ductwork) shall be clearly identified as such by stenciling the function and zone on the components, e.g., Smoke Purge Supply Zone 2; Smoke Purge Exhaust Zone 3; Smoke Damper No. 5; etc. Stenciling shall be 6" high red letters located (every 10 feet along duct).
- O. Identify all Smoke Dampers and Fire Dampers. All dampers shall be sequentially numbered by floor. For example fire damper FD-1-1 (Fire damper #1, floor 1) Tag shall be 1" high red letters located on damper. Provide red dot stencil on ceiling below damper.
- P. Provide permanent labels for all controls and limits which state function of each control and control set-points.
- Q Provide tags for all new and on re-piped existing equipment.

END OF SECTION 230553

SECTION 230593 - TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Balancing Air Systems:
 - Constant-volume air systems.
 - 2. Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Equipment:
 - a. Motors.
 - b. Dedicated outside air units
 - 3. Testing, adjusting, and balancing existing systems and equipment.
 - 4. Control system verification.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. AABC: Associated Air Balance Council.
- B. BAS: Building automation systems.
- C. NEBB: National Environmental Balancing Bureau.
- D. TAB: Testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- E. TABB: Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Bureau.
- F. TAB Specialist: An independent entity meeting qualifications to perform TAB work.
- G. TDH: Total dynamic head.

1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. TAB Conference: If requested by the engineer, conduct a TAB conference at Project site after approval of the TAB strategies and procedures plan to develop a mutual understanding of the details. Provide a minimum of 14 days' advance notice of scheduled meeting time and location.

- 1. Minimum Agenda Items:
 - a. The Contract Documents examination report.
 - b. The TAB plan.
 - c. Needs for coordination and cooperation of trades and subcontractors.
 - d. Proposed procedures for documentation and communication flow.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: Within 30 days of Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit documentation that the TAB specialist and this Project's TAB team members meet the qualifications specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.
- B. Contract Documents Examination Report: Within 30 days of Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit the Contract Documents review report as specified in Part 3.
- C. Certified TAB reports.
- D. Sample report forms.
- E. Instrument calibration reports, to include the following:
 - 1. Instrument type and make.
 - 2. Serial number.
 - 3. Application.
 - 4. Dates of use.
 - Dates of calibration.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. TAB Specialists Qualifications: Certified by AABC NEBB or TABB.
 - 1. TAB Field Supervisor: Employee of the TAB specialist and certified by AABC or NEBB or TABB.
 - 2. TAB Technician: Employee of the TAB specialist and certified by AABC or NEBB as a TAB technician.
- B. Instrumentation Type, Quantity, Accuracy, and Calibration: Comply with requirements in ASHRAE 111, Section 4, "Instrumentation."

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Full Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy the site and existing building during entire TAB period. Cooperate with Owner during TAB operations to minimize conflicts with Owner's operations.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

B. Partial Owner Occupancy: Owner may occupy completed areas of building before Substantial Completion. Cooperate with Owner during TAB operations to minimize conflicts with Owner's operations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine the Contract Documents to become familiar with Project requirements and to discover conditions in systems designs that may preclude proper TAB of systems and equipment.
- B. Examine installed systems for balancing devices, such as test ports, gage cocks, thermometer wells, flow-control devices, balancing valves and fittings, and manual volume dampers. Verify that locations of these balancing devices are applicable for intended purpose and are accessible.
- C. Examine the approved submittals for HVAC systems and equipment.
- D. Examine design data including HVAC system descriptions, statements of design assumptions for environmental conditions and systems output, and statements of philosophies and assumptions about HVAC system and equipment controls.
- E. Examine ceiling plenums and underfloor air plenums used for supply, return, or relief air to verify that they are properly separated from adjacent areas. Verify that penetrations in plenum walls are sealed and fire-stopped if required.
- F. Examine equipment performance data including fan and pump curves.
 - 1. Relate performance data to Project conditions and requirements, including system effects that can create undesired or unpredicted conditions that cause reduced capacities in all or part of a system.
 - Calculate system-effect factors to reduce performance ratings of HVAC equipment when installed under conditions different from the conditions used to rate equipment performance. To calculate system effects for air systems, use tables and charts found in AMCA 201, "Fans and Systems," or in SMACNA's "HVAC Systems Duct Design." Compare results with the design data and installed conditions.
- G. Examine system and equipment installations and verify that field quality-control testing, cleaning, and adjusting specified in individual Sections have been performed.
- H. Examine test reports specified in individual system and equipment Sections.

- I. Examine HVAC equipment and verify that bearings are greased, belts are aligned and tight, filters are clean, and equipment with functioning controls is ready for operation.
- J. Examine terminal units, such as variable-air-volume boxes, and verify that they are accessible, and their controls are connected and functioning.
- K. Examine strainers. Verify that startup screens have been replaced by permanent screens with indicated perforations.
- L. Examine control valves for proper installation for their intended function of throttling, diverting, or mixing fluid flows.
- M. Examine heat-transfer coils for correct piping connections and for clean and straight fins.
- N. Examine operating safety interlocks and controls on HVAC equipment.
- O. Report deficiencies discovered before and during performance of TAB procedures. Observe and record system reactions to changes in conditions. Record default set points if different from indicated values.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare a TAB plan that includes the following:
 - 1. Equipment and systems to be tested.
 - 2. Strategies and step-by-step procedures for balancing the systems.
 - 3. Instrumentation to be used.
 - 4. Sample forms with specific identification for all equipment.
- B. Perform system-readiness checks of HVAC systems and equipment to verify system readiness for TAB work. Include, at a minimum, the following:

1. Airside:

- a. Verify that leakage and pressure tests on air distribution systems have been satisfactorily completed.
- b. Duct systems are complete with terminals installed.
- c. Volume, smoke, and fire dampers are open and functional.
- d. Clean filters are installed.
- e. Fans are operating, free of vibration, and rotating in correct direction.
- f. Variable-frequency controllers' startup is complete and safeties are verified.
- g. Automatic temperature-control systems are operational.
- h. Ceilings are installed.
- i. Windows and doors are installed.
- j. Suitable access to balancing devices and equipment is provided.

3.3 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR TESTING AND BALANCING

- A. Perform testing and balancing procedures on each system according to the procedures contained in AABC's "National Standards for Total System Balance" ASHRAE 111 NEBB's "Procedural Standards for Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Environmental Systems" SMACNA's "HVAC Systems Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" and in this Section.
- B. Cut insulation, ducts, pipes, and equipment cabinets for installation of test probes to the minimum extent necessary for TAB procedures.
 - 1. After testing and balancing, install test ports and duct access doors that comply with requirements in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."
 - Install and join new insulation that matches removed materials. Restore insulation, coverings, vapor barrier, and finish according to Section 230713 "Duct Insulation," Section 230716 "HVAC Equipment Insulation," and Section 230719 "HVAC Piping Insulation."
- C. Mark equipment and balancing devices, including damper-control positions, valve position indicators, fan-speed-control levers, and similar controls and devices, with paint or other suitable, permanent identification material to show final settings.
- D. Take and report testing and balancing measurements in inch-pound (IP) units.

3.4 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR BALANCING AIR ALL SYSTEMS

- A. Prepare test reports for both fans and outlets. Obtain manufacturer's outlet factors and recommended testing procedures. Cross-check the summation of required outlet volumes with required fan volumes.
- B. Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" duct layouts.
- C. For variable-air-volume systems, develop a plan to simulate diversity.
- D. Determine the best locations in main and branch ducts for accurate duct-airflow measurements.
- E. Check airflow patterns from the outdoor-air louvers and dampers and the return- and exhaust-air dampers through the supply-fan discharge and mixing dampers.
- F. Locate start-stop and disconnect switches, electrical interlocks, and motor starters.
- G. Verify that motor starters are equipped with properly sized thermal protection.
- H. Check dampers for proper position to achieve desired airflow path.
- I. Check for airflow blockages.

- J. Check condensate drains for proper connections and functioning.
- K. Check for proper sealing of air-handling-unit components.
- L. Verify that air duct system is sealed as specified in Section 233113 "Metal Ducts."
- M. Code requirements.

Each supply air outlet and zone terminal device shall be equipped with means for air balancing in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 6 of the Mechanical Code. Discharge dampers used for air-system balancing are prohibited on constant-volume fans and variable volume fans with motors 10 hp and larger. Air systems shall be balanced in a manner to first minimize throttling losses then, for fans with system power greater than 1 hp, fan speed shall be adjusted to meet design flow conditions.

Therefore, all fans greater than 1 hp shall be provided with variable frequency drives for speed control.

3.5 PROCEDURES FOR CONSTANT-VOLUME AIR SYSTEMS

- A. Adjust fans to deliver total indicated airflows within the maximum allowable fan speed listed by fan manufacturer.
 - 1. Measure total airflow.
 - a. Set outside-air, return-air, and relief-air dampers for proper position that simulates minimum outdoor-air conditions.
 - b. Where duct conditions allow, measure airflow by Pitot-tube traverse. If necessary, perform multiple Pitot-tube traverses to obtain total airflow.
 - c. Where duct conditions are not suitable for Pitot-tube traverse measurements, a coil traverse may be acceptable.
 - d. If a reliable Pitot-tube traverse or coil traverse is not possible, measure airflow at terminals and calculate the total airflow.
 - 2. Measure fan static pressures as follows:
 - a. Measure static pressure directly at the fan outlet or through the flexible connection.
 - b. Measure static pressure directly at the fan inlet or through the flexible connection.
 - c. Measure static pressure across each component that makes up the air-handling system.
 - d. Report artificial loading of filters at the time static pressures are measured.
 - 3. Review Record Documents to determine variations in design static pressures versus actual static pressures. Calculate actual system-effect factors. Recommend adjustments to accommodate actual conditions.

- 4. Obtain approval from engineer for adjustment of fan speed higher or lower than indicated speed. Comply with requirements in HVAC Sections for air-handling units for adjustment of fans, belts, and pulley sizes to achieve indicated air-handling-unit performance.
- 5. Do not make fan-speed adjustments that result in motor overload. Consult equipment manufacturers about fan-speed safety factors. Modulate dampers and measure fan-motor amperage to ensure that no overload occurs. Measure amperage in full-cooling, full-heating, economizer, and any other operating mode to determine the maximum required brake horsepower.
- B. Adjust volume dampers for main duct, submain ducts, and major branch ducts to indicated airflows.
 - 1. Measure airflow of submain and branch ducts.
 - 2. Adjust submain and branch duct volume dampers for specified airflow.
 - 3. Re-measure each submain and branch duct after all have been adjusted.
- C. Adjust air inlets and outlets for each space to indicated airflows.
 - 1. Set airflow patterns of adjustable outlets for proper distribution without drafts.
 - 2. Measure inlets and outlets airflow.
 - 3. Adjust each inlet and outlet for specified airflow.
 - 4. Re-measure each inlet and outlet after they have been adjusted.
- D. Verify final system conditions.
 - 1. Re-measure and confirm that minimum outdoor, return, and relief airflows are within design. Readjust to design if necessary.
 - 2. Re-measure and confirm that total airflow is within design.
 - 3. Re-measure all final fan operating data, rpms, volts, amps, and static profile.
 - 4. Mark all final settings.
 - 5. Test system in economizer mode. Verify proper operation and adjust if necessary.
 - 6. Measure and record all operating data.
 - 7. Record final fan-performance data.

3.6 PROCEDURES FOR STEAM SYSTEMS

- A. Measure and record upstream and downstream pressure of each piece of equipment.
- B. Measure and record upstream and downstream steam pressure of pressure-reducing valves.
- C. Check settings and operation of automatic temperature-control valves, self-contained control valves, and pressure-reducing valves. Record final settings.
- D. Check settings and operation of each safety valve. Record settings.

E. Verify the operation of each steam trap.

3.7 PROCEDURES FOR MOTORS

- A. Motors 1/2 HP and Larger: Test at final balanced conditions and record the following data:
 - 1. Manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number.
 - 2. Motor horsepower rating.
 - 3. Motor rpm.
 - 4. Phase and hertz.
 - 5. Nameplate and measured voltage, each phase.
 - 6. Nameplate and measured amperage, each phase.
 - 7. Starter size and thermal-protection-element rating.
 - Service factor and frame size.
- B. Motors Driven by Variable-Frequency Controllers: Test manual bypass of controller to prove proper operation.

3.8 PROCEDURES FOR HEAT-TRANSFER COILS

- A. Measure, adjust, and record the following data for each steam coil:
 - 1. Dry-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 2. Airflow.
 - 3. Inlet steam pressure.
- B. Measure, adjust, and record the following data for each refrigerant coil:
 - 1. Dry-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 2. Wet-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - Airflow.

3.9 DUCT LEAKAGE TESTS

A. All Ducts shall be sealed in accordance with specifications Section 23 31 13 Metal Ducts. All duct systems designed to operate at static pressures in excess of 3 inches w.g. or ductwork that is part of a life safety system, including smoke control, smoke purge, stair pressurization and all ductwork that is located outdoor shall be leak tested in accordance with the procedures given SMACNA HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual.

Leakage and Seal Classification Table							
System operating pressure in wc		<2" low	2"≥med<3"	High≥3"			
Seal Class		С	В	А			
Sealing		Transverse joints	Transverse joints and seams	Transverse joints and seams and all wall penetrations			
Leakage class CL factor - Rectangular me		24	12	4			
Leakage class CL factor - round metal		12	6	3			

- B. Air leakage rates must *(CL)* less than or equal to 4.0 as determined in accordance with Equations below
 - 1. $CL=F/P^{0.65}$ where:
 - 2. F-The measured leakage rate in cfm per 100 square feet of duct surface.
 - 3. *P* -The static pressure of the test.
- C. Documentation shall be furnished by the test and balancing contractor demonstrating that representative sections totaling at least 25 percent of the duct area have been tested and that all tested sections meet the requirements of this section.
- D. Perform duct pressure testing in coordination with Installer.
- E. Verify that proper test methods are used and that leakage rates are within specified tolerances.
- F. Report; submit a report indicating which ductwork sections were tested. Provide single line or double line duct submittal drawing. The drawing shall indicate all systems in their entirety to 3/8' =1'-0" scale. Sections that air leakage tested shall be clearly indicated.
- G. The report shall include full test procedure including how the ductwork was isolated for pressure testing, the pressure of the test and the duration of the test.
- H. Submit duct pressure test procedures used for this project.
- I. Submit summary of test results on a section by section basis, to include all CL, F,P and time.
- J. Witness the duct pressure testing performed by Installer.
- K. Verify that proper test methods are used and that leakage rates are within specified tolerances.

L. Report deficiencies observed.

3.10 CONTROLS VERIFICATION

- A. In conjunction with system balancing, perform the following:
 - 1. Verify temperature control system is operating within the design limitations.
 - 2. Confirm that the sequences of operation are in compliance with Contract Documents
 - 3. Verify that controllers are calibrated and function as intended.
 - 4. Verify that controller set points are as indicated.
 - 5. Verify the operation of lockout or interlock systems.
 - 6. Verify the operation of valve and damper actuators.
 - 7. Verify that controlled devices are properly installed and connected to correct controller.
 - 8. Verify that controlled devices travel freely and are in position indicated by controller: open, closed, or modulating.
 - 9. Verify location and installation of sensors to ensure that they sense only intended temperature, humidity, or pressure.
- B. Reporting: Include a summary of verifications performed, remaining deficiencies, and variations from indicated conditions.

3.11 TOLERANCES

- A. Set HVAC system's airflow rates and water flow rates within the following tolerances:
 - 1. Supply, Return, and Exhaust Fans and Equipment with Fans: Plus or minus 10 percent.
 - 2. Air Outlets and Inlets: Plus or minus 10 percent.
 - 3. Heating-Water Flow Rate: Plus or minus 10 percent.
 - 4. Cooling-Water Flow Rate: Plus or minus 10 percent.
- B. Maintaining pressure relationships as designed shall have priority over the tolerances specified above.

3.12 PROGRESS REPORTING

- A. Initial Construction-Phase Report: Based on examination of the Contract Documents as specified in "Examination" Article, prepare a report on the adequacy of design for systems balancing devices. Recommend changes and additions to systems balancing devices to facilitate proper performance measuring and balancing. Recommend changes and additions to HVAC systems and general construction to allow access for performance measuring and balancing devices.
- B. Status Reports: Prepare progress reports to describe completed procedures, procedures in progress, and scheduled procedures. Include a list of deficiencies and

problems found in systems being tested and balanced. Prepare a separate report for each system and each building floor for systems serving multiple floors.

3.13 FINAL REPORT

- A. General: Prepare a certified written report; tabulate and divide the report into separate sections for tested systems and balanced systems.
 - 1. Include a certification sheet at the front of the report's binder, signed and sealed by the certified testing and balancing engineer.
 - 2. Include a list of instruments used for procedures, along with proof of calibration.
 - 3. Certify validity and accuracy of field data.
- B. Final Report Contents: In addition to certified field-report data, include the following:
 - 1. Pump curves.
 - 2. Fan curves.
 - Manufacturers' test data.
 - 4. Field test reports prepared by system and equipment installers.
 - 5. Other information relative to equipment performance; do not include Shop Drawings and Product Data.
- C. General Report Data: In addition to form titles and entries, include the following data:
 - 1. Title page.
 - 2. Name and address of the TAB specialist.
 - 3. Project name.
 - 4. Project location.
 - 5. Architect's name and address.
 - 6. Engineer's name and address.
 - 7. Contractor's name and address.
 - 8. Report date.
 - 9. Signature of TAB supervisor who certifies the report.
 - 10. Table of Contents with the total number of pages defined for each section of the report. Number each page in the report.
 - 11. Summary of contents including the following:
 - a. Indicated versus final performance.
 - b. Notable characteristics of systems.
 - c. Description of system operation sequence if it varies from the Contract Documents.
 - 12. Nomenclature sheets for each item of equipment.
 - 13. Data for terminal units, including manufacturer's name, type, size, and fittings.
 - 14. Notes to explain why certain final data in the body of reports vary from indicated values
 - 15. Test conditions for fans and pump performance forms including the following:

- a. Settings for outdoor-, return-, and exhaust-air dampers.
- b. Conditions of filters.
- c. Cooling coil, wet- and dry-bulb conditions.
- d. Face and bypass damper settings at coils.
- e. Fan drive settings including settings and percentage of maximum pitch diameter.
- f. Inlet vane settings for variable-air-volume systems.
- g. Settings for supply-air, static-pressure controller.
- h. Other system operating conditions that affect performance.
- D. System Diagrams: Include schematic layouts of air and hydronic distribution systems. Present each system with single-line diagram and include the following:
 - 1. Quantities of outdoor, supply, return, and exhaust airflows.
 - 2. Water and steam flow rates.
 - 3. Duct, outlet, and inlet sizes.
 - 4. Pipe and valve sizes and locations.
 - 5. Terminal units.
 - 6. Balancing stations.
 - 7. Position of balancing devices.
- E. Dedicated OA units Test Reports: For air-handling units with coils, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. Unit identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Make and type.
 - d. Model number and unit size.
 - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
 - f. Unit arrangement and class.
 - g. Discharge arrangement.
 - h. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - i. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - j. Number, make, and size of belts.
 - k. Number, type, and size of filters.
 - 2. Motor Data:
 - a. Motor make, and frame type and size.
 - b. Horsepower and rpm.
 - c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
 - d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
 - e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.

- f. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
- 3. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
 - c. Fan rpm.
 - d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Filter static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - f. Preheat-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - g. Cooling-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - h. Heating-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - i. Outdoor airflow in cfm.
 - j. Return airflow in cfm.
 - k. Outdoor-air damper position.
 - I. Return-air damper position.
 - m. Vortex damper position.

F. Apparatus-Coil Test Reports:

- 1. Coil Data:
 - a. System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Coil type.
 - d. Number of rows.
 - e. Fin spacing in fins per inch o.c.
 - f. Make and model number.
 - g. Face area in sq. ft..
 - h. Tube size in NPS.
 - i. Tube and fin materials.
 - j. Circuiting arrangement.
- 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Average face velocity in fpm.
 - c. Air pressure drop in inches wg.
 - d. Outdoor-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - e. Return-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - f. Entering-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - g. Leaving-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - h. Water flow rate in gpm.
 - i. Water pressure differential in feet of head or psig.
 - j. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
 - k. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.

- I. Refrigerant expansion valve and refrigerant types.
- m. Refrigerant suction pressure in psig.
- n. Refrigerant suction temperature in deg F.
- o. Inlet steam pressure in psig.
- G. Electric-Coil Test Reports: For electric furnaces, duct coils, and electric coils installed in central-station air-handling units, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Coil identification.
 - d. Capacity in Btu/h.
 - e. Number of stages.
 - f. Connected volts, phase, and hertz.
 - g. Rated amperage.
 - h. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - i. Face area in sq. ft..
 - j. Minimum face velocity in fpm.
 - 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Heat output in Btu/h.
 - b. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - c. Air velocity in fpm.
 - d. Entering-air temperature in deg F.
 - e. Leaving-air temperature in deg F.
 - f. Voltage at each connection.
 - g. Amperage for each phase.
- H. Fan Test Reports: For supply, return, and exhaust fans, include the following:
 - 1. Fan Data:
 - a. System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Make and type.
 - d. Model number and size.
 - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
 - f. Arrangement and class.
 - g. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - h. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - 2. Motor Data:

- a. Motor make, and frame type and size.
- b. Horsepower and rpm.
- c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
- d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
- e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
- f. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave, and amount of adjustments in inches.
- g. Number, make, and size of belts.
- 3. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
 - c. Fan rpm.
 - d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Suction static pressure in inches wg.
- I. Round, Flat-Oval, and Rectangular Duct Traverse Reports: Include a diagram with a grid representing the duct cross-section and record the following:
 - 1. Report Data:
 - a. System and air-handling-unit number.
 - b. Location and zone.
 - c. Traverse air temperature in deg F.
 - d. Duct static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Duct size in inches.
 - f. Duct area in sq. ft..
 - g. Indicated airflow rate in cfm.
 - h. Indicated velocity in fpm.
 - i. Actual airflow rate in cfm.
 - j. Actual average velocity in fpm.
 - k. Barometric pressure in psig.
- J. Air-Terminal-Device Reports:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. System and air-handling unit identification.
 - b. Location and zone.
 - c. Apparatus used for test.
 - d. Area served.
 - e. Make.
 - f. Number from system diagram.
 - g. Type and model number.
 - h. Size.
 - i. Effective area in sq. ft..

- 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Air velocity in fpm.
 - c. Preliminary airflow rate as needed in cfm.
 - d. Preliminary velocity as needed in fpm.
 - e. Final airflow rate in cfm.
 - f. Final velocity in fpm.
 - g. Space temperature in deg F.
- K. System-Coil Reports: For reheat coils and water coils of terminal units, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. System and air-handling-unit identification.
 - b. Location and zone.
 - c. Room or riser served.
 - d. Coil make and size.
 - e. Flowmeter type.
 - 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
 - c. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
 - d. Water pressure drop in feet of head or psig.
 - e. Entering-air temperature in deg F.
 - f. Leaving-air temperature in deg F.
- L. Instrument Calibration Reports:
 - 1. Report Data:
 - a. Instrument type and make.
 - b. Serial number.
 - c. Application.
 - d. Dates of use.
 - e. Dates of calibration.

3.14 VERIFICATION OF TAB REPORT

- A. The TAB specialist's test and balance engineer shall conduct the inspection in the presence of commissioning authority.
- B. Commissioning authority shall randomly select measurements, documented in the final report, to be rechecked. Rechecking shall be limited to either 10 percent of the

- total measurements recorded or the extent of measurements that can be accomplished in a normal 8-hour business day.
- C. If rechecks yield measurements that differ from the measurements documented in the final report by more than the tolerances allowed, the measurements shall be noted as "FAILED."
- D. If the number of "FAILED" measurements is greater than 10 percent of the total measurements checked during the final inspection, the testing and balancing shall be considered incomplete and shall be rejected.
- E. If TAB work fails, proceed as follows:
 - 1. TAB specialists shall recheck all measurements and make adjustments. Revise the final report and balancing device settings to include all changes; resubmit the final report and request a second final inspection.
 - 2. If the second final inspection also fails, Owner may contract the services of another TAB specialist to complete TAB work according to the Contract Documents and deduct the cost of the services from the original TAB specialist's final payment.
- F. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.15 ADDITIONAL TESTS

- A. Within 90 days of completing TAB, perform additional TAB to verify that balanced conditions are being maintained throughout and to correct unusual conditions.
- B. Seasonal Periods: If initial TAB procedures were not performed during near-peak summer and winter conditions, perform additional TAB during near-peak summer and winter conditions.

END OF SECTION 230593

SECTION 230713 HVAC DUCTWORK INSULATION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Ductwork insulation.
- B. Duct Liner.
- C. Insulation jackets.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 23 05 53 Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment.
- B. Section 23 31 13 Ductwork.

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM C553 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for Commercial and Industrial Applications.
- B. ASTM C612 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal Insulation.
- C. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- D. NAIMA National Insulation Standards.
- E. NFPA 255 Standard Method of Test of Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- F. SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible.
- G. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- H. ASHRAE 90-75 Insulation Standards

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Division 1 - Submittals: Procedures for submittals.

- B. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- C. Submit manufacturers' insulation instructions under provisions of Division 1.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with minimum three years' experience approved by manufacturer.

1.06 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Materials: Flame spread/fuel contributed/smoke developed rating of 25/50/50 in accordance with NFPA 255.
- B. Insulation thickness shall comply with all applicable energy conservation codes.

1.07 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures and conditions required by manufacturers of adhesives, mastics, and insulation cements.
- B. Maintain temperature during and after installation for minimum period of 24 hours.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS - INSULATION

- A. Owen Corning Fiberglass Corp.
- B. Manville Industrial Products
- C. Certain Teed Corporation
- D. 3M Corporation "Firemaster" for Kitchen Exhaust
- E. Substitutions: Under provisions of Division 1.

2.02 GLASS FIBER, RIGID

A. Type A: Flexible glass fiber duct insulation; ANSI/ASTM C612; commercial grade; "K" value of 0.25 at 75° F; minimum density of 1-1/2 pounds per cu. ft.; factory applied vapor barrier jacket of 0.7 mil minimum aluminum foil laminated to glass fiber reinforced Kraft paper. Similar to Owens-Corning type FRK-25-ED Type 150 commercial grade.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. Type B: Rigid glass fiber board insulation with resin binder; ANSI/ASTM C612, Class 1; "K" value of 0.23 at 75° F minimum density of 6 pounds per cu. ft; factory applied white Kraft faced flame retardant vapor barrier jacket of aluminum laminated to heavy Kraft paper with a flame retardant snuffer type adhesive and reinforced with glass fibers; permeability of 0.2. Similar to Owens-Corning type 705 with AST jacket.
- C. Type C: Molded block or board insulation made of asbestos free hydrous calcium silicate; "K" value of 0.42 at 200° F; minimum density of 14 pounds per cubic foot; temperature range up to 1200° F.
- D. Type D: Flexible Glass Duct Liner: (For standard applications)

ANSI/ASTM C553; "K" value of 0.23 at 75° F; minimum density of 1.5 pounds per cu. ft.; surface finish of black pigmented fire-resistant resilient mastic coated on air side for maximum velocity of 4000 feet per minute.

- a. Maximum Thermal Conductivity
- 1) Type I, Flexible: 0.27 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. x deg F at 75 deg F mean temperature.
- 2) Type II, Rigid: 0.23 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. x deg F at 75 deg F mean temperature.
- b. Antimicrobial Erosion-Resistant Coating: Apply to the surface of the liner that will form the interior surface of the duct to act as a moisture repellent and erosion-resistant coating. Antimicrobial compound shall be tested for efficacy by an NRTL and registered by the EPA for use in HVAC systems.
- c. Solvent Water-Based Liner Adhesive: Comply with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B and with ASTM C 916.
- E Type "E" Fire resistant duct wrap consisting of light weight, non-asbestos high temperature non-organic ceramic fiber blanket encapsulated in foil/scrim having a service temperature rating of 2300° F. Wrap shall be applied in two temperature layers to provide a two-hour rated enclosure assembly. Bonding material shall be 304 stainless steel, 3/4" wide and .015" thick.
- G Adhesives: Waterproof fire-retardant type. Smoke and flame spread rating less than 50.
- H. Indoor Jacket: Pre-sized glass cloth, minimum 7.8 oz/sq. yd unless otherwise specified above.
- I. Outdoor Jackets: All exterior ductwork shall be jacketed as per the specification and jacket with Alumaguard Cool Wrap by Polyguard. For watertight insulation jacket install as per manufacturers recommendations. Furnish all mastics and adhesives as per manufacture system.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Install insulation materials only after ductwork has been sealed, tested and approved.
- B. All insulated surfaces are to be cleaned and dried of any foreign material. This includes but is not limited to oil, water, dirt, rust and scale. Completely cover the entire surface to present a tight, smooth appearance.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Division 1 Quality Control: Install materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, specification requirements and in compliance with local code
- B. Install in accordance with NAIMA National Insulation Standards.
- C. Apply insulation in such a way as to permit expansion and/or contraction of metal without causing damage to insulation, joints, seams or finish.
- D. Do not apply additional coats of mastic, adhesive, or sealers until previous coats have thoroughly dried.
- E. Fill in all surface imperfections such as chipped edges, small joints, cracks, holes and small voids with materials o match insulation. Make smooth with a skim coat of insulation cement. Extend surface finish to protect all surfaces and leave no exposed edges.
- F. Provide flashing for insulation installed outdoors to enclose all exposed edges or ends.
- G. Repair existing insulation where damaged by new work. Use materials to match existing.
- H. Cut, score or miter insulation to fit the slope and contour of surface to be covered. Insulation up to 3 inches thick to be applied in single layer. Over 3 inches apply in multiple layers, with joints staggered.

3.03 HVAC DUCT INSULATION SCHEDULE

Service	Туре	Insulation
Thickness		
¹ Interior H&V, AC systems; SA, RA & EA,	В	1-1/2"
ductwork that is exposed in equip rooms.		

¹ Interior H&V, AC systems; SA, RA & EA including flexible run outs, that is concealed.	Α	2"
Outside air intake ductwork All	В	1 1/2"
² Exterior H&V, AC systems; SA, RA & RA, ductwork that that is exposed outdoors.	В	2"
Acoustically line all SA & RA ductwork For a distance of 20' from fan inlet and outlet and 10' downstream of all VAV boxes.	D	1/2"
⁵ Interior exposed H&V, AC systems; SA, RA located in conditioned spaces rectangular, spiral round or oval ductwork;		
Located in conditioned space Located in unconditioned space, plenum or equipment room.	D D	1 " 11/2"
⁴ Smoke purge exhaust and supply	E	2"
All Stair pressure ductwork	E	2"
Generator exhaust pipe and muffler	С	2"
Kitchen hood exhaust (grease duct) (2) 1" layers.	Е	2" applied in

- 1. Reduce external insulation to 1" for internally lined ductwork except for outdoor installations. On outdoor installations insulation thickness shall be as scheduled but not less than the height of standing seams or angle bracing.
- 2. Insulation Thickness shall be no less than the size indicated or the height of standing seams or angle bracing.
- 3. Outside air intake and Kitchen exhaust ducts shall not be internally lined.
- 4. Smoke purge system supply and exhaust ducts passing through a rated Exit-way or within a fire-rated suspended ceiling assembly and all Kitchen Hood exhaust ducts shall be wrapped with thermal fiber two (2) hour or encased in a two (2) hour rated enclosure. Trapeze hangers to be outside of thermal wrapping.
- 5. All square or rectangular ductwork that is exposed to view in finished spaces shall be internally insulated.
- 6. All exterior ductwork shall be insulated and jacketed.

END OF SECTION 230713

SECTION 230719 - HVAC PIPING INSULATION

PART 1-GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Piping insulation
- B. Jackets and accessories

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 23 05 53 Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment.
- B. Section 23 21 13 Hydronic Piping.

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM C177 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded Hot Plate Apparatus
- B. ASTM C195 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Thermal Insulating Cement.
- C. ASTM C449/C449M Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Hydraulic-Setting Thermal Insulating and Finishing Cement
- D. ASTM C518 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus
- E. ASTM C533 Standard Specification for Calcium Silicate Block and Pipe Thermal Insulation.
- F. ASTM C547 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Preformed Pipe Insulation
- G. ASTM C552 Standard Specification for Cellular Glass Thermal Insulation.
- H. ASTM C578 Standard Specification for Preformed, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation
- I. ASTM C610 Standard Specification for Expanded Perlite Block and Pipe Thermal Insulation
- J. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials

- K. NAIMA National Insulation Standards
- L. NFPA 255 Standard Method of Test of Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- M. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- N. ASHRAE 90-75 Insulation Standards

1.04 SUBMITTALS FOR REVIEW

- A. Division 1 Submittal Requirements.
- B. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation procedures that ensure acceptable workmanship and installation standards will be achieved.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years' experience.

1.06 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Conform to maximum flame spread/smoke developed rating of 25/50 in accordance with NFPA 255
- B. Insulation thickness shall comply with applicable Energy Conservation Codes.

PART 2-PRODUCTS

2.01 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Pittsburgh Corning Corporation
- B. Certainteed Corporation.
- C. Armstrong Corporation.
- D. Manville Industrial Products.
- E. Owens-Corning Fiberglass Corporation

F. Polyguard

2.02 INSULATION

- A. Type A: Molded glass fiber insulation; ANSI/ASTM C547; 'k' value of 0.23 at 75° F; noncombustible. Minimum density of 3.5 lbs./cu. Ft.; temperature range 35° F to 450° F.
- B. Type B: Cellular glass insulation; ASTM C552; 'K' Value of 0.53 at 75°F; non-combustible. Minimum density of 8.0 lbs./cu. ft. similar to Pittsburgh Corning Foamglas.
- C. Type C: Elastomeric insulation; ASTM C518, C177; 'K' Value of 0.27 at 75°F; non-combustible. Similar to Armstrong "AP Armaflex"; temperature range -40° F to 220° F. All Elastomeric insulation located outdoors or in a finished or occupied room shall be coated with Armaflex WB finish.
- D. Type D; Underground engineered pipe insulation system shall be as follows; Service pipe insulation shall be spray applied .16k-factor, R141B blowing agent, nominal 2 pound per cubic foot density, polyurethane foam for straight sections and preformed polyurethane foam for all fittings. Insulation shall not be less than 2" and shall be Perma-pipe polytherm

2.03 JACKETS

A. Interior Applications:

1. Insulation Type A - Factory applied, white, flame retardant, all service (ASJ) vapor barrier jacket of .001" aluminum foil laminated to Kraft paper with a flame retardant snuffer type adhesive reinforced with glass fibers and having a self-sealing lap. Provide 2" longitudinal lap and 4" circumferential sealing strips. Permeability .02 perm.

B. Exterior Applications:

- Insulation Type A thickness as scheduled with ASJ vapor barrier jacket Cover factory interior jacket with Alumaguard Cool Wrap by Polyguard, rubberized bitumen membrane designed specifically to be installed over insulation on exterior piping, tanks, vessels, and equipment. The membrane shall be 'peel and stick', self-healing if punctured, UV stable, and will expand and contract with the mechanical system. All seams shall be sealed watertight. Permeability .0053 perm
- C. Piping exposed in Mechanical Rooms or any space: (not used)

- 1. All exposed piping and fittings shall be completely covered with white Zeston 2000 PVC insulated piping and fitting covers. Apply as per manufacturer with perma weld adhesive.
- D. Underground applications: (not used)

All straight sections of the insulated piping system shall be filament wound, polyester resin/fiberglass reinforcement composite directly applied on the insulating foam. The jacket shall be either filament wind fiberglass directly onto the polyurethane foam or injected foam into a fiberglass outer casing.

Fiberglass outer casing shall be A.O. Smith Red Thread or Ameron Bondstrand 3000. Thermoplastic casing material that are not rated for temperatures above 140 degrees F will not be allowed, e.g., PVC or HDPE. The minimum thickness for FRP jacket shall be as 0.55"

2.04 ACCESSORIES

- A. Insulation Bands: 3/4" wide; 0.007-inch-thick aluminum.
- B. Metal Jacket Bands: 3/8" wide; 0.015-inch-thick aluminum.
- C. Insulating Cement: ANSI/ASTM C195; hydraulic setting mineral wool.
- D. Finishing Cement: ASTM C449
- E. Fibrous Glass Cloth: Untreated; 9 oz/sq. yd weight.
- F. Adhesives: Compatible with insulation and fire retardant.

PART 3-EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that piping has been tested before applying insulation materials.
- B. Verify that surfaces are clean and dry, with all foreign material removed. This includes but is not limited to water, oil, dirt, scale and rust.
- D. Only insulation and finish materials including adhesive cements and mastic which conform to the requirements of all-governing codes and ordinances shall be used.

3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Division 1 – Quality Control: Install materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and the best practice of the trade.

- B. Install in accordance with NAIMA National Insulation Standards.
- C. Insulation on all piping shall be vapor sealed. On insulated piping with vapor barrier, insulate all fittings, valves, unions, flanges, strainers, flexible connections, and expansion joints. Vapor seal all exposed edges with jacket material and vapor barrier type adhesive.
- D. Repair or replace any existing insulation and surface finish disturbed or damaged by installation of new work using materials to match existing.
- E. Apply insulation to completely cover metal surface. Surface shall be applied to present a tight, smooth appearance.
- F. Exposed Piping: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
- G. For hot piping conveying fluids 140 degrees F or less, and on insulated piping without vapor barrier, do not insulate flanges and unions at equipment, but bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- H. For hot piping conveying fluids over 140 degrees F, insulate flanges and unions at equipment.
- I. Neatly finish insulation at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.
- J. Do not use staples on vapor barrier insulation.

K. Jackets:

- 1. Indoor, Concealed Applications: Insulated pipes conveying fluids above ambient temperature shall have standard jackets, with vapor barrier, factory-applied or field-applied. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with insulation of like material and thickness as adjoining pipe, and finish with glass cloth and adhesive. PVC jackets may be used
- Indoor, Concealed Applications: Insulated dual-temperature pipes or pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature shall have vapor barrier jackets, factory-applied. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with molded insulation of like material and thickness as adjacent pipe, and finish with glass cloth and vapor barrier adhesive.
- 3. Indoor, Exposed Applications: For pipe exposed in mechanical equipment rooms or in finished spaces, insulate and jacket as for concealed applications, and finish with PVC jackets. up to 10' from finished floor.
- 4. Cover factory interior jacket with Alumaguard Cool Wrap by Polyguard, rubberized bitumen membrane designed specifically to be installed over insulation on exterior piping, tanks, vessels, and equipment. The membrane shall be 'peel and stick', self-healing if punctured, UV stable, and will expand

and contract with the mechanical system. All seams shall be sealed watertight. Permeability .0053 perm

L. Inserts and Shields:

- 1. Application: All insulated Piping 2 inches diameter or larger shall be installed with inserts and shields as follows.
- 2. Shields: Galvanized steel between pipe hangers or pipe hanger rolls and inserts.
- 3. Insert location: Between support shield and piping and under the finish jacket.
- 4. Insert configuration: Minimum 6 inches long, of same thickness and contour as adjoining insulation; may be factory fabricated.
- 5. Insert material: Hydrous calcium silicate insulation or other heavy density insulating material suitable for the planned temperature range.
- M. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, pipe hangers, and other pipe penetrations. Finish at supports, protrusions, and interruptions.
- N Underground applications: (NOT USED)

The internal pipe shall be hydrostatically tested to 150 psig or 1½ times the operating pressure, whichever is greater. Insulation shall then be poured in place into the field weld area. All field applied insulation shall be placed only in straight sections. Field insulation of fittings shall not be acceptable. The mold for the polyurethane shall be made of clear adhesive backed polyester film. The installer shall seal the field joint area with a heat shrinkable adhesive backed wrap or with wrappings of glass reinforcement fully saturated with a catalyzed resin identical in properties to the factory-applied resin. Backfilling shall not begin until the heat shrink wrap has cooled or until the FRP lay-up has cured. All insulation and coating materials for making the field joint shall be furnished by the piping system manufacture

3.3 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Roof Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through roof penetrations.
 - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
 - 2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation above roof surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
 - 3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside roof flashing at least 2 inches below top of roof flashing.
 - 4. Seal jacket to roof flashing with flashing sealant.

- B. Insulation Installation at Underground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Terminate insulation flush with sleeve seal. Seal terminations with flashing sealant.
- C. Insulation Installation at Aboveground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through wall penetrations.
 - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
 - 2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation inside wall surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
 - 3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside wall flashing and overlap wall flashing at least 2 inches.
 - 4. Seal jacket to wall flashing with flashing sealant.
- D. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- E. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through penetrations of fire-rated walls and partitions.
 - 1. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems" for firestopping and fire-resistive joint sealers.
- F. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:
 - 1. Pipe: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations.
 - 2. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

3.4 GENERAL PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. Requirements in this article generally apply to all insulation materials except where more specific requirements are specified in various pipe insulation material installation articles.
- B. Insulation Installation on Fittings, Valves, Strainers, Flanges, and Unions:
 - 1. Install insulation over fittings, valves, strainers, flanges, unions, and other specialties with continuous thermal and vapor-retarder integrity unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Insulate pipe elbows using preformed fitting insulation or mitered fittings made from same material and density as adjacent pipe insulation. Each piece shall be butted tightly against adjoining piece and bonded with adhesive. Fill joints, seams, voids, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement finished to a smooth, hard, and uniform contour that is uniform with adjoining pipe insulation.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Insulate tee fittings with preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Cut sectional pipe insulation to fit. Butt each section closely to the next and hold in place with tie wire. Bond pieces with adhesive.
- 4. Insulate valves using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. For valves, insulate up to and including the bonnets, valve stuffing-box studs, bolts, and nuts. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement.
- 5. Insulate strainers using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement. Insulate strainers so strainer basket flange or plug can be easily removed and replaced without damaging the insulation and jacket. Provide a removable reusable insulation cover. For belowambient services, provide a design that maintains vapor barrier.
- 6. Insulate flanges and unions using a section of oversized preformed pipe insulation. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker.
- 7. Cover segmented insulated surfaces with a layer of finishing cement and coat with a mastic. Install vapor-barrier mastic for below-ambient services and a breather mastic for above-ambient services. Reinforce the mastic with fabric-reinforcing mesh. Trowel the mastic to a smooth and well-shaped contour.
- 8. For services not specified to receive a field-applied jacket except for flexible elastomeric and polyolefin, install fitted PVC cover over elbows, tees, strainers, valves, flanges, and unions. Terminate ends with PVC end caps. Tape PVC covers to adjoining insulation facing using PVC tape.
- 9. Stencil or label the outside insulation jacket of each union with the word "union." Match size and color of pipe labels.
- C. Insulate instrument connections for thermometers, pressure gages, pressure temperature taps, test connections, flow meters, sensors, switches, and transmitters on insulated pipes. Shape insulation at these connections by tapering it to and around the connection with insulating cement and finish with finishing cement, mastic, and flashing sealant.
- D. Install removable insulation covers at locations indicated. Installation shall conform to the following:
 - 1. Make removable flange and union insulation from sectional pipe insulation of same thickness as that on adjoining pipe. Install same insulation jacket as adjoining pipe insulation.
 - 2. When flange and union covers are made from sectional pipe insulation, extend insulation from flanges or union long at least two times the insulation thickness over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of flange or union. Secure flange

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- cover in place with stainless-steel or aluminum bands. Select band material compatible with insulation and jacket.
- 3. Construct removable valve insulation covers in same manner as for flanges, except divide the two-part section on the vertical center line of valve body.
- 4. When covers are made from block insulation, make two halves, each consisting of mitered blocks wired to stainless-steel fabric. Secure this wire frame, with its attached insulation, to flanges with tie wire. Extend insulation at least 2 inches (50 mm) over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of valve. Fill space between flange or union cover and pipe insulation with insulating cement. Finish cover assembly with insulating cement applied in two coats. After first coat is dry, apply and trowel second coat to a smooth finish.

INSULATION SCHEDULE

Refer to the insulation schedule below for pipe insulation thickness by system. Not all systems are necessarily included in this project.

	<u>.</u>	INSULATI	ON SCHEDU	 Л.Е			
SERVICE	INSULATION	INSULATION TEMPERATURE NOMINAL PIPE SIZE					
	TYPE	RANGE (F°)	<1"	1" to< 1 1/2"	1 1/2" to< 4"	4" to< 8"	≥ 8"
			INSULATION THICKNESS				
Hot Water (HW)		> 350°	4 1/2	5	5	5	5
		251°-350°	3	4	4	4 1/2	4 1/2
	A	201°-250°	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	3	3
		141°-200°	1 1/2	1 1/2	2	2	2
		105°-140°	1	1	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
Buried (HW)		> 350°	4 1/2	5	5	5	5
		251°-350°	3	4	4	4 1/2	4 1/2
	С	201°-250°	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	3	3
Buriou (1111)		141°-200°	2	2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
		105°-140°	1 1/2	1 1/2	2	2	2
					_	_	
Chilled Water (CHW)	A	40°- 60°	1/2	1/2	1	1	1
Crimed Water (Criw)	71	< 40°	1/2	1	1	1	1
		40°- 60°	1	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
Buried (CHW)	С	< 40°	1	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
Steam & Condensate	A	Low Pressure	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	3	3
Steam & Condensate	71	Low ressure	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	3	3
Steam Condensate	A	Low Pressure	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	3	3
Condensate Drains	A	All	1/2	1/2	1	1	1
Cold Water Make up	A	All	1/2	1/2	1	1	1
Refrigerant Hot Gas	С	All	1 1/2	1 1/2	2	2	2
Humidifier Steam	A	All	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	3	3
Refrigerant Suction	С	All	1/2	1/2	1	1	1

END OF SECTION 230719

SECTION 230800 - COMMISSIONING OF HVAC

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes commissioning process requirements for HVAC&R systems, assemblies, and equipment.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Division 23

1.3 SCOPE

- A. Commissioning requires the participation of Division 23, Mechanical Contractor and Subcontractors, to ensure that all systems are operating in a manner consistent with the Contract Documents.
- B. Commissioning on all HVAC systems listed below shall be a <u>Delegated Design</u>. The mechanical contractor shall include in his bid all cost associated hiring a commissioning agent to execute the scope of work as outlined below.
- C. Submit for review and approval by the engineer a commissioning plan, pre-functional test checklist, functional check lists, and all test results. A report shall be issued at the time of functional testing indicating each piece of equipment, the test performed, the result of each test, and the recommended corrective measure.
- D. Functional tests shall be repeated until all equipment is functioning properly and in accordance with the sequence of operation.
- E. Functional tests must include simulating conditions that will make the automatic temperature controls systems perform all sequences of operation automatically. Example. Simulate pump failure by shutting down the running pump to test automatic pump change over.
- F. Final functional testing shall be performed in the presence of the Engineer.
- G. SYSTEMS TO BE COMMISSIONED

- H. The following Mechanical systems will be commissioned on this project:
 - Mechanical Systems
 - a. DOAS units
 - b. Condensing Units
 - c. VRF heat pump systems
 - d. Control Dampers and Control Valves
 - e. Automatic Controls
 - 2. Spot checking of air balancing readings including total building space pressurization.
 - 3. All Direct Digital Controls (DDC) shall be verified for proper operation as it relates to the above equipment including interfaces for remote monitoring.
 - 4. Fire Alarm System: Verification of the fire alarm system as it interfaces with the HVAC system such as duct smoke detectors and fire/smoke dampers shall be verified.

1.4 RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Commissioning responsibilities applicable to the Mechanical contractor of Division 23.

1.5 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (O&M) MANUALS

- A. Compile and prepare documentation for all equipment and systems covered in Division 23, Mechanical, and deliver to Construction Manager for inclusion in O&M Manuals in accordance with Division 1.
- B. Provide the Commissioning Agent with a copy of O&M Manuals for review.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

A. Provide test equipment necessary to fulfill testing requirements of Division 23, Mechanical.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREFUNCTIONAL CHECKLISTS AND STARTUP

A. Pre-functional tests and checklists (PFT's) are important to ensure that the equipment and systems are connected properly and are operational. PFT's ensure that functional performance testing may proceed without unnecessary delays. The Contractor shall be responsible for performing Pre-functional testing. EVERY piece of equipment to be commissioned receives a full Pre-functional checkout.

B. Division 23, Mechanical contractor, has start-up responsibility and is required to complete systems and sub-systems so they are fully functional, meeting design objectives of Contract Documents. Commissioning procedures and functional testing do not relieve or lessen this responsibility for deficiency resolution or shift that responsibility partially to Engineer or Owner.

3.2 FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE TESTS

- A. Functional testing is intended to begin upon completion of a system. Functional testing may proceed prior to completion of systems or sub-systems at discretion of commissioning agent and the engineer. Beginning system testing before full completion does not relieve Contractor from fully completing system as soon as possible, including pre-functional checklists. Refer
- B. Functional performance testing requirements are in addition to and do not replace any testing required by Code or listed elsewhere in Division 23.
- C. Functional performance testing procedures will be performed on but not be limited to the following system types and equipment. Final functional testing requirements and procedures will be developed based on approved equipment shop drawings.
 - Mechanical Systems
 - a. Rooftop Units
 - b. Rooftop ERVs
 - c. DOAS units
 - d. Condensers
 - e. VRF systems
 - f. Control Dampers and Control Valves
 - g. Automatic Controls

3.3 ISSUES AND DEFICIENCIES

A. All deficiencies shall be detailed in functional testing report and or log. The report shall also include the corrective measures required and resolution of issues and deficiencies.

3.4 TRAINING OF OWNER PERSONNEL

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for training coordination and scheduling and ultimately to ensure that training is completed.
- B. Duration of Training: Mechanical Contractor shall provide training on each piece of equipment. Allow as least (2) separate 4-hour sessions.

END OF SECTION 230800

04 December 2023 Bid Documents

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SECTION 230901 - DIRECT DIGITAL CONTROL EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. These basic Mechanical Requirements apply to all Division 23 Sections.
- B. The work of this Section consists of providing of all materials, labor and equipment and the like necessary and/or required for the complete execution of all mechanical for this project, as required by the contract documents.
- 1.2 Qualifications of Bidder
- A. All bidders must be building automation contractors in the business of installing direct digital control building automation systems for a minimum of 5 years.
- B. All bidders must have a service and installation office in the Westchester area.
- C. All bidders must be authorized distributors or branch offices of the manufacturers specified.
- D. All bidders must have a trained staff of application engineers, who have been certified by the manufacturer in the configuration, programming and service of the automation system.
- E. Manufacturers: Basis of design shall be Andover Controls Corporation by Schneider Electric. Other manufacturers must be compatible with the existing BMS system.
- 1.3 Scope of Work
- A. Except as otherwise noted, the control system shall consist of all Ethernet Network Controllers, Standalone Digital Control Units, software, sensors, transducers, relays, valves, dampers, valve and damper operators, control panels, and other accessory equipment, along with a complete system of electrical interlocking wiring to fill the intent of the specification and provide for a complete and operable system. Unless otherwise specified, provide operators for equipment such as dampers and valves if the equipment manufacturer does not provide these. Coordinate requirements with the mechanical contractors.
- B. The Building Automation System (BAS) contractor shall review and study all HVAC drawings and the entire specification to familiarize himself with the equipment and system operation, and to verify the quantities and types of dampers, operators, alarms, controllers etc. to be provided. Review the existing temperature controls equipment installed in the building. ALL NEW TEMPERATURE CONTROLS EQUIPMENT SHALL BE SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC ECOSTRUXURE or ANDOVER CONTINUUM SERIES VERSION 1.9. OR LATER.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- C. All interlocking, wiring and installation of control devices associated with the equipment listed below shall be provided under this Contract. When the BAS system is fully installed and operational, the BAS Contractor and representatives of the Owner will review and check out the system. At that time, the BAS contractor shall demonstrate the operation of the system and prove that it complies with the intent of the drawings and specifications.
- D. The Contractor shall furnish and install a complete building automation system including all necessary hardware, network wiring, all operating applications software, and all programming necessary to perform the control sequences of operation as called for in the specifications. The scope of work shall include control over, and graphic representation all new mechanical equipment installed as part of this project.
- E. At a minimum, provide controls for the following:
 - 1. All new control valves and dampers
 - 2. VRF split systems
 - 3. Dedicated outdoor air systems (DOAS)
- F. New packaged roof top units, DOAS, and VRF split systems shall be supplied with the manufactures operating controller. Provide BACnet interface with all new equipment as required provide scheduling and reset functions and as well as the sequence of operations for all equipment as given in this section or in specification sections.
- G. Provide services and manpower necessary for commissioning of system in coordination with the HVAC Contractor, Balancing Contractor and Owner's representative.
- H. All work performed under this section of the specifications will comply with all codes, laws and governing bodies. If this specification and associated drawings exceed governing code requirements, the specification will govern. The Contractor shall obtain and pay for all necessary construction permits and licenses.
- I. Provide all labor and materials to perform all programming necessary at the owners existing operator workstation located in the HS/MS complex. Graphically represent and control each and every piece of equipment in the lists above all input and output status points, and functional points.
- 1.4 System Description
- A. The Building Automation System (BAS) shall consist of PC-based workstation and microcomputer controllers of modular design providing distributed processing capability and allowing future expansion of both input/output points and processing/control functions. For this project the system shall consist of the following components:
- B. Operator Workstations. (Not in Scope)

The BAS Contractor shall furnish (1) Operator Workstation Computer and (1) printer as described in Part 2 of the specification. This workstation must be running the standard

workstation software developed and tested by the manufacturer of the network controllers and the standalone controllers. No third-party front-end workstation software will be acceptable. Provide all necessary software and licensing as required

C. Ethernet-based Network Controllers.

 The BAS Contractor shall furnish Ethernet-based network controllers as described in Part 2 of the specification. These controllers will connect directly to the Operator Workstation over Ethernet, provide communication to the Standalone Digital Control Units and/or other Input/Output Modules and serve as a gateway to equipment furnished by others (if applicable).

D. Standalone Digital Control Units (SDCUs).

1. Provide the necessary quantity and types of SDCUs to meet the requirements of the project for mechanical equipment control including air handlers, control, and terminal unit control. Each SDCU will operate completely standalone, containing all of the I/O and programs to control its associated equipment.

E. Service Tool. (Not in Scope)

 Provide a portable service tool for monitoring and commissioning of the network and Standalone Digital Control Units. The tool shall have all the appropriate software for system access and have the same functionality as the main work station.

F. Modem. (Not in Scope)

 A modem shall be furnished for remote interrogation of the system. The modem shall operate at a minimum of 28.8 KBaud and allow for access to the entire network of controllers.

1.5 Work by Others

- A. The BAS Contractor shall cooperate with other contractors performing work on this project necessary to achieve a complete and neat installation. To that end, each contractor shall consult the drawings and specifications for all trades to determine the nature and extent of others' work
- B. The BAS Contractor shall furnish all control valves, sensor wells, flow meters and other similar equipment for installation by the Mechanical Contractor.
- C. The BAS Contractor shall provide field supervision to the designated contractor for the installation of the following as required:
 - 1. Automatic control dampers
 - 2. Fire/smoke dampers
 - 3. Sheet metal baffle plates to eliminate stratification.

D. The Electrical Contractor shall provide:

- 1. All 120v power wiring to motors, heat trace, junction boxes for power to BAS panels.
- 2. Smoke detectors. HVAC Contractor to mount devices. BAS Contractor to hardwire to fan shut down. BAS contractor to coordinate this with the electrical contractor.

E. The BAS Contractor shall provide:

BAS Contractor to hardwire to fan shut down. BAS contractor to coordinate this
with the electrical contractor.

1.6 Code Compliance

- A. Provide BAS components and ancillary equipment, which are UL-916 listed and labeled.
- B. All equipment or piping used in conditioned air streams, spaces or return air plenums shall comply with NFPA 90A Flame/Smoke/Fuel contribution rating of 25/50/0 and all applicable building codes or requirements.
- C. All wiring shall conform to the National Electrical Code.
- D. All smoke dampers shall be rated in accordance with UL 555S.
- E. Comply with FCC rules, Part 15 regarding Class A radiation for computing devices and low power communication equipment operating in commercial environments.
- F. Comply with FCC, Part 68 rules for telephone modems and data sets.

1.7 Submittals

- A. The Contractor shall furnish all submittals in PDF format. Drawings shall be B size or larger.
- B. Shop drawings shall include a riser diagram depicting locations of all controllers and workstations, with associated network wiring. Also included shall be individual schematics of each mechanical system showing all connected points with reference to their associated controller. Typical will be allowed where appropriate.
- C. Submittal data shall contain manufacturer's data on all hardware and software products required by the specification. Valve, damper and air flow station schedules shall indicate size, configuration, capacity and location of all equipment.
- D. Software submittals shall contain narrative descriptions of sequences of operation, program listings, point lists, and a complete description of the graphics, reports, alarms and configuration to be furnished with the workstation software. All literature,

descriptions, equipment spec sheets, sequences etc shall be on 8 1/2 x 11 or larger sized sheets. All details diagrams and schematics shall be on 11X17 sized sheets or larger.

- E. Submit shop drawings to the Engineer for review and approval prior to ordering or fabrication of the equipment. The Contractor prior to submitting shall check all documents for accuracy.
- F. The Engineer will make corrections and return to the Contractor. The Contractor will then resubmit with the corrected or additional data. No controls submittals shall approved until all controls have fully coordinated with equipment manufactures requirements.
- G. Submit a training class syllabus and training manual for review with the temperature controls submittal. The training manual shall be custom made for this project. Manufactures brochures, and installation manuals will not be acceptable for this purpose. Submit a type written overview and a written summary of each topic to be covered. The document shall be suitable for a system operator to use as a quick reference guide to basic system operation as applicable for this project. Refer to section 1.9 paragraph B, for the minimum requirement of training to be included.
- 1.8 System Startup & Commissioning
 - A. Each point in the system shall be tested for both hardware and software functionality. In addition, each mechanical and electrical system under control of the BAS will be tested against the appropriate sequence of operation specified herein. Successful completion of the system test shall constitute the beginning of the warranty period. A written report will be submitted to the owner indicating that the installed system functions in accordance with the plans and specifications.
 - B. The BAS contractor shall commission and set in operating condition all major equipment and systems, such as the chilled water, hot water and all air handling systems, in the presence of the equipment manufacturer's representatives, as applicable, and the Owner and Architect's representatives.
 - C. The BAS Contractor shall provide all manpower and engineering services required to assist the HVAC Contractor and Balancing Contractor in testing, adjusting, and balancing all systems in the building. The BAS Contractor shall have a trained technician available on request during the balancing of the systems. The BAS Contractor shall coordinate all requirements to provide a complete air balance with the Balancing Contractor and shall include all labor and materials in his contract.

1.9 Training

A. The BAS Contractor shall provide both on-site training to the Owner's representative and maintenance personnel per the following description:

- B. On-site training shall consist of a minimum of (2) separate 2-hour sessions of hands-on instruction geared at the operation and maintenance of the systems. The sessions shall be scheduled at the beginning of substantial completion and spaced out over the first year of owner use. The first session curriculum shall include
 - 1. System Overview
 - 2. System Software and Operation
 - a. System access
 - b. Software features overview
 - c. Changing set-points and other attributes
 - d. Scheduling
 - e. Editing programmed variables
 - f. Displaying color graphics
 - g. Running reports
 - h. Workstation maintenance
 - Application programming
 - 3. Operational sequences including start-up, shutdown, adjusting and changing system variables. These items shall be reviewed for all equipment installed under this project and or connected to the BMS under this project.
 - 4. Equipment and hardware overview and maintenance. This shall include:
 - a. Review of all hardware installed under this project
 - b. Review of a system schematic.
 - c. Review of where each controller is located in the building and what its function is. This shall include a walking, hands-on tour and demonstration of each and every controller.
- 1.10 Operating and Maintenance Manuals
 - A. The operation and maintenance manuals shall contain all information necessary for the operation, maintenance, replacement, installation, and parts procurement for the entire BAS. This documentation shall include specific part numbers and software versions and dates. A complete list of recommended spare parts shall be included with the lead-time and expected frequency of use of each part clearly identified.
 - B. Following project completion and testing, the BAS contractor will submit as-built drawings reflecting the exact installation of the system. The as-built documentation shall also include a copy of all application software both in written form and on diskette.
- 1.11 Warranty
 - A. The BAS contractor shall warrant the system for 12 months after system acceptance and beneficial use by the owner. During the warranty period, the BAS contractor shall be responsible for all necessary revisions to the software as required to provide a complete and workable system consistent with the letter and intent of the Sequence of Operation section of the specification.

B. Updates to the manufacturer's software shall be provided at no charge during the warranty period.

1.12 Programming

A. Sequence of operations: The controls contractor shall review the sequences of operation given in section 23 09 93 of this specification. "Canned", preprogrammed, or typical sequences by the manufacture may not be acceptable and shall only be used if accepted by the engineer. Otherwise, the controls contractor shall be capable of and responsible for providing custom programming, hardware, software, and labor as required to achieve the sequences of operation as specified.

PART 2 - SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

2.1 General

A. The Building Automation System (BAS) shall consist of all new Network Control Units (NCUs), a family of Standalone Digital Control Units (SDCUs), Input/Output Unit Modules (IOU Modules), Operator Workstations (OWs), and one File Server to support system configurations where more than one operator workstation is required. The BAS shall provide control, alarm detection, scheduling, reporting and information management for the entire classroom building and all new and existing equipment in the building, and Wide Area Network (WAN) if applicable, from a single ODBC-compliant database

B. Level 1 Network Description

- C. Level 1, the main backbone of the system, shall be an Ethernet LAN/WAN. Network Control Units, Operator Workstations, and the Central File Server shall connect directly to this network without the need for Gateway devices. The contractor shall visit the site and review the existing Andover temperature controls equipment installed in the building and in the physical plant. Certain of these controllers may be suitable for reuse. The network shall be an extension of the existing in the building as required to achieve a complete system,
- D. Level 2 Network Description
- E. Level 2 of the system shall consist of one or more field buses managed by the Network Control Units. The Level 2 field buses may consist of one or both of the following types:
- F. An RS485, token passing bus that supports up to 127 Standalone Digital Control Units (SDCUs) for operation of HVAC equipment and lighting, or
- G. An RS485 field bus that supports up to 32 devices from a family of plug-in, IOU modules.
- H. These IOU modules may be mounted within the NCU enclosure or remotely mounted via a single, twisted, shielded pair of wires.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- I. The BAS shall be capable of being segmented, through software, into multiple local area networks (LANs) distributed over a wide area network (WAN), sharing a single file server. This enables workstations to manage a single LAN (or building), and/or the entire system with all devices being assured of being updated by and sharing the most current database. In the case of a single workstation system, the workstation shall contain the entire database with no need for a separate file server.
- J. Standard Network Support
- K. All NCUs, Workstation(s) and File Server shall be capable of residing directly on the owner's Ethernet TCP/IP LAN/WAN with no required gateways. Furthermore, the NCU's, Workstation(s) and File Server shall be capable of using standard, commercially available, off-the-shelf Ethernet infrastructure components such as routers, switches and hubs. With this design the owner may utilize the investment of an existing or new enterprise network or structured cabling system. This also allows the option of the maintenance of the LAN/WAN to be performed by the owner's Information Systems Department as all devices utilize standard TCP/IP components.
- L. Remote Communications
- M. In addition to the above LAN/WAN architecture support, the same workstation software (front end) must be capable of managing remote systems via standard dial-up phone lines as a standard component of the software. Front-end "add-on" software modules to perform remote site communication shall not be acceptable.
- N. The remote system architecture shall consist of two levels providing control, alarm detection, reporting and information management for the remote facility. Level 1 shall contain the Remote Site Control Unit, communicating to the remotely located, Operator Workstation(s) through the use of a modem and a standard dial-up phone line. Level 2 shall consist of one or more field buses controlled by the RSCU. The field buses may consist of one or both of two types:
- O. 1) An RS485, token passing bus that supports up to 127 Standalone Digital Control Units (SDCUs) for operation of HVAC equipment and lighting, or
- P. 2) An RS485 field bus that supports up to 32 devices from a family of plug-in, IOU modules that may be mounted within the RSCU enclosure or remotely mounted on a single, twisted, shielded pair of wires.
- Q. System Expansion
- R. The BAS system shall be scalable and expandable at all levels of the system using the same software interface, and the same Level 1 and Level 2 controllers. Systems that require replacement of either the workstation software or field controllers in order to expand the system shall not be acceptable.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- S. The BAS shall be expandable to include Security and Access Control functions at any time in the future with no additional workstations, front-end software or Level 1 controllers required. Standalone Digital Control Units or IOU modules shall be able to be added to the existing Level 1 controller's field bus(es), to perform security and card access applications. In this way, an owner's existing investment in wiring infrastructure may be leveraged and the cost and inconvenience of adding new field bus wiring will be minimized.
- T. Additionally, an integrated video badging option must be able to be included with no additional workstations required. This photo ID option must share the same database as the BAS in order to eliminate the need for updating multiple databases.
- U. The system shall use the same application programming language for all levels: Operator Workstation, Network Control Unit, Remote Site Control Unit and Standalone Digital Control Unit. Furthermore, this single programming language shall be used for all applications: environmental control, card access control, intrusion detection and security, lighting control, leak detection / underground storage tank monitoring, and digital data communication interfaces to third party microprocessor-based devices.
- V. Support For Open Systems Protocols

The BAS design must include solutions for the integration of the following "open systems" protocols: BACnet, LonTalk $^{\text{TM}}$, and digital data communication to third party microprocessors such as chiller controllers, fire panels and variable frequency drives (VFDs).

W. The system shall also provide the ability to program custom ASCII communication drivers, that will reside in the NCU, for communication to third party systems and devices. These drivers will provide real time monitoring and control of the third-party systems.

2.2 Network Control Units (NCUs)

A. Network Control Units shall be microprocessor based, multi-tasking, multi-user, and employ a real time operating system. Each NCU control panel shall consist of modular hardware including power supply, CPU board, and input/output modules. A sufficient number of NCUs shall be supplied to fully meet the requirements of this specification and the attached point list. NCUs for telephone dialup sites shall be of the same design as the Ethernet control units but without the plug-in Ethernet network interface card (NIC), i.e., NCUs, which include a NIC, shall be interchangeable whether used on a LAN/WAN or a dialup site.

B. Webserver Functionality

All NCUs on the Ethernet TCP/IP LAN/WAN shall be capable, out-of-the box, to be set up as a Web Server. The NCU shall have the ability to store HTML code and "serve" pages to a web browser. This provides the ability for any computing device utilizing a TCP/IP Ethernet connection and capable of running a standard Internet browser

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

(Microsoft Internet Explorer™, Netscape Navigator™, etc.) to access real-time data from the entire BAS via any NCUs.

Graphics and text-based web pages shall be constructed using standard HTML code. The interface shall allow the user to choose any of the standard text or graphics-based HTML editors for page creation. It shall also allow the operator to generate custom graphical pages and forms.

The WEB server interface shall be capable of password security, including validation of the requesting PC's IP address. The WEB server interface shall allow the sharing of data or information between any controller, or process or network interface (BACnet, LonTalk and TCP/IP) that the BMS has knowledge of, regardless of where the point is connected on the BAS network or where it is acquired from.

The BAS network controller must act directly as the WEB server. It must directly generate the HTML code to the requesting user (i.e. WEB browser), eliminating the need for and reliance on any PC-based WEB server hardware or software. To simplify graphic image space allocation, HTML graphic images, if desired, shall be stored on any shared network device. The BAS WEB server shall have the ability to acquire any necessary graphics using standard pathing syntax within the HTML code mounted within the BAS WEB server. External WEB server hardware and software are not acceptable.

C. Hardware Specifications

1. Memory:

A minimum of 64MB of RAM shall be provided for NCUs with expansion up to 128 MB. The 64 MB versions shall include a floating-point math co-processor.

2. Communication Ports:

Each NCU shall provide communication to both the Workstation(s) and the field buses. In addition, each NCU must have at least 3 other communications ports that support a telephone modem, portable service tool, serial printer and connection to third party controllers such as a chiller control panel. On a LAN/WAN system the NCU shall be provided with a 10Mbps plug-in Ethernet TCP/IP network interface card (NIC).

3. Input/Output (I/O):

Each NCU shall support the addition of the following types of inputs and outputs:

- Digital Inputs for status/alarm contacts
- Counter Inputs for summing pulses from meters.
- Thermistor inputs for measuring temperatures in space, ducts and thermowells.
- Analog inputs for pressure, humidity, flow and position measurements.
- Digital Outputs for on/off equipment control.
- Analog Outputs for valve and damper position control, and capacity control of primary equipment including all air handler and fan coil control valves

4. Modular Expandability:

The system shall employ a modular I/O design to allow easy expansion. Input and output capacity is to be provided through plug-in modules of various types or DIN-mountable IOU modules. It shall be possible to combine I/O modules as desired to meet the I/O requirements for individual control applications.

5. Hardware Override Switches:

All digital output units shall include three position manual override switches to allow selection of the ON, OFF, or AUTO output state. These switches shall be built into the unit and shall provide feedback to the controller so that the position of the override switch can be obtained through software. In addition, each analog output shall be equipped with an override potentiometer to allow manual adjustment of the analog output signal over its full range, when the 3 position manual override switch is placed in the ON position.

6. Local Status Indicator Lamps:

Provide as a minimum LED indication of CPU status, Ethernet LAN status, and field bus status. For each output, provide LED indication of the value of the output (On/Off). For each output module provide an LED which gives a visual indication of whether any outputs on the module are manually overridden.

7. Real Time Clock (RTC):

Each NCU shall include a battery-backed, real-time clock, accurate to 10 seconds per day. The RTC shall provide the following: time of day, day, month, year, and day of week. In normal operation the system clock will be based on the frequency of the AC power. The system shall automatically correct for daylight savings time and leap years and be Year 2000 compliant.

8. Power Supply:

The power supply for the NCUs shall be auto sensing, 120-220VAC, 60/50 Hz power, with a tolerance of +/- 20%. Line voltage below the operating range of the system shall be considered outages. The controller shall contain over voltage surge protection, and require no additional AC power signal conditioning. Optionally, if indicated on the drawings, the power supply shall accept an input voltage of (-48 VDC).

9. Automatic Restart After Power Failure:

Upon restoration of power after an outage, the ECU shall automatically and without human intervention: update all monitored functions; resume operation based on current, synchronized time and status, and implement special start-up strategies as required.

10. Battery backup:

Each NCU with the standard 120-220VAC power supply shall include a programmable DC power backup system rated for a minimum of 72 hours of battery backup to maintain all volatile memory or, a minimum of 2 hours of full UPS including modem power. This power backup system shall be configurable such that at the end of a settable timeframe (such as 1 hour) of running on full UPS, the unit will shut off full UPS and switch to memory retention-only mode for

the remainder of the battery power. The system shall allow the simple addition of more batteries to extend the above minimum battery backup times.

D. Software Specifications

General.

The NCU shall contain flash ROM as the resident operating system. Application software will be RAM resident. Application software will only be limited by the amount of RAM memory. There will be no restrictions placed on the type of application programs in the system. Each NCU shall be capable of parallel processing, executing all control programs simultaneously. Any program may affect the operation of any other program. Each program shall have the full access of all I/O facilities of the processor. This execution of control function shall not be interrupted due to normal user communications including interrogation, program entry, printout of the program for storage, etc.

2. User Programming Language:

The application software shall be user programmable. This includes all strategies, sequences of operation, control algorithms, parameters, and setpoints. The source program shall be English language-based and programmable by the user. The language shall be structured to allow for the easy configuration of control programs, schedules, alarms, reports, telecommunications, local displays, mathematical calculations, passwords, and histories. The language shall be self-documenting. Users shall be able to place comments anywhere in the body of a program. Program listings shall be configurable by the user in logical groupings.

E. Control Software:

- 1. The NCU shall have the ability to perform the following pre-tested control algorithms:
 - a. Proportional, Integral plus Derivative Control (PID)
 - b. Self Tuning PID
 - c. Two Position Control
 - d. Digital Filter
 - e. Ratio Calculator
 - f. Equipment Cycling Protection

2. Mathematical Functions:

a. Each controller shall be capable of performing basic mathematical functions (+, -, *, /), squares, square roots, exponential, logarithms, Boolean logic statements, or combinations of both. The controllers shall be capable of performing complex logical statements including operators such as >, <, =, and, or, exclusive or, etc. These must be able to be used in the

same equations with the mathematical operators and nested up to five parentheses deep.

3. Energy Management Applications:

- a. NCUs shall have the ability to perform any or all of the following energy management routines:
- b. Time of Day Scheduling
- c. Calendar Based Scheduling
- d. Holiday Scheduling
- e. Temporary Schedule Overrides
- f. Optimal Start
- g. Optimal Stop
- h. Night Setback Control
- i. Enthalpy Switchover (Economizer)
- j. Peak Demand Limiting
- k. Temperature Compensated Duty Cycling
- 1. CFM Tracking
- m. Heating/Cooling Interlock
- n. Supply air temp Reset

4. History Logging:

a. Each controller shall be capable of logging any system variable over user defined time intervals ranging from 1 second to 1440 minutes. Any system variables (inputs, outputs, math calculations, flags, etc.) can be logged in history. A maximum of 32767 values can be stored in each log. Each log can record either the instantaneous, average, minimum or maximum value of the point. Logs can be automatic or manual. Logged data shall be downloadable to the Operator Workstation for long term archiving based upon user-defined time intervals, or manual command.

5. Alarm Management:

a. For each system point, alarms can be created based on high/low limits or conditional expressions. All alarms will be tested each scan of the NCU and can result in the display of one or more alarm messages or reports. Up to 8 alarms can be configured for each point in the controller. Messages and reports can be sent to a local terminal, to the front-end workstation(s), or via modem to a remote-computing device. Alarms will be generated based on their priority. A minimum of 255 priority levels shall be provided. If communication with the Operator Workstation is temporarily interrupted, the alarm will be buffered in the NCU. When communications return, the alarm will be transmitted to the Operator Workstation if the point is still in the alarm condition.

6. Reporting.

a. The NCU shall be able to generate user-definable reports to a locally connected printer or terminal. The reports shall contain any combination of text and system variables. Report templates shall be able to be created by users in a word processing environment. Reports can be displayed based on any logical condition or through a user command.

2.3 Standalone Digital Control Units (SDCUs)

A. General:

1. Standalone Digital Control Units shall provide control of HVAC and lighting. Each controller shall have its own control programs and will continue to operate in the event of a failure or communication loss to its associated NCU.

B. Memory:

 Control programs shall be stored in battery backed-up RAM and EPROM. Each controller shall have a minimum of 32K bytes of user RAM memory and 128K bytes of EPROM.

C. Communication Ports:

 SDCUs shall provide a communication port to the field bus. In addition, a port shall be provided for connection of a portable service tool to support local commissioning and parameter changes with or without the NCU online. It shall be possible from a service port on any SDCU to view, enable/disable, and modify values of any point or program on any controller on the local field bus, any NCU or any SDCU on a different field bus.

D. Input/Output:

- 1. Each SDCU shall support the addition of the following types of inputs and outputs:
 - a. Digital Inputs for status/alarm contacts
 - b. Counter Inputs for summing pulses from meters.
 - c. Thermistor Inputs for measuring temperatures in space, ducts and thermowells.
 - d. Analog inputs for pressure, humidity, flow and position measurements.
 - e. Digital Outputs for on/off equipment control.
 - f. Analog Outputs for valve and damper position control, and capacity control of primary equipment.

E. Expandability:

1. Input and output capacity shall be expandable through the use of plug-in modules. A minimum of two modules shall be added to the base SDCU before additional power is required.

F. Networking:

1. Each SDCU will be able to exchange information on a peer-to-peer basis with other Standalone Digital Control Units during each field bus scan. Each SDCU shall be capable of storing and referencing global variables (on the LAN) with or without any workstations online. Each SDCU shall be able to have its program viewed and/or enabled/disabled either locally through a portable service tool or through a workstation connected to an NCU.

G. Indicator Lamps:

1. SDCUs will have as a minimum, LED indication of CPU status, and field bus status.

H. Real Time Clock (RTC):

An SDCU shall have a real time clock in either hardware or software. The
accuracy shall be within 10 seconds per day. The RTC shall provide the
following information: time of day, day, month, year, and day of week. Each
SDCU shall receive a signal, every hour, over the network from the NCU which
synchronizes all SDCU real time clocks.

I. Automatic Restart After Power Failure:

1. Upon restoration of power, the SDCU shall automatically and without human intervention, update all monitored functions, resume operation based on current, synchronized time and status, and implement special start-up strategies as required.

J. Battery Back Up:

 Each SDCU shall have at least 3 years of battery back up to maintain all volatile memory.

K. Alarm Management:

1. For each system point, alarms can be created based on high/low limits or conditional expressions. All alarms will be tested each scan of the SDCU and can result in the display of one or more alarm messages or reports. Up to 8 alarms can be configured for each point in the controller enabling the escalation of the alarm priority (urgency) based upon which alarm(s) is/are triggered. Alarm messages can be sent to a local terminal or modem connected to an NCU or to the Operator's Workstation(s). Alarms will be generated based on their priority. A minimum of 255 priority levels shall be provided. If communication with the NCU is temporarily interrupted, the alarm will be buffered in the SDCU. When communications return, the alarm will be transmitted to the NCU if the point is still in the alarm condition.

L. Air Handler Controllers

- AHU Controllers shall be capable of meeting the requirements of the sequence of operation found in the Execution portion of this specification and for future expansion.
- 2. AHU Controllers shall support all the necessary point inputs and outputs as required by the sequence and operate in a standalone fashion.
- 3. AHU Controllers shall be fully user programmable to allow for modification of the application software.
- 4. An LCD display shall be optionally available for readout of point values and to allow operators to change setpoints and system parameters.
- 5. A manual override switch shall be provided for all digital and analog outputs on the AHU Controller. The position of the switch shall be monitored in software and available for operator displays and alarm notification.

M. VAV Terminal Unit Controllers

- 1. VAV Terminal Unit Controllers shall support, but not be limited to the control of the following configurations of VAV boxes to address current requirements as described in the Execution portion of this specification, and for future expansion:
 - a. Single Duct Cooling Only
 - b. Single Duct Cooling with Reheat (Electric or Hot Water)
 - c. Fan Powered (Parallel or Series)
 - d. Dual Duct (Constant or Variable Volume)
 - e. Supply/Exhaust
- 2. VAV Controllers for single duct applications will come equipped with a built-in actuator for modulation of the air damper. The actuator shall have a minimum torque rating of 35 in.-lb., and contain an override mechanism for manual positioning of the damper during startup and service. VAV Controllers shall contain an integral velocity sensor accurate to +/- 5% of the full range of the box's CFM rating. Each controller shall perform the sequence of operation described in Part 3 of this specification, and have the capability for time of day scheduling, occupancy mode control, after hours operation, lighting control, alarming, and trending. VAV Controllers shall be able to communicate with any other Standalone Digital Control Unit on the same field bus with or without communication to the NCU managing the field bus. Systems that fail to provide this (true peer-to-peer) capability will be limited to a maximum of 32 VAV controllers per field bus.

3. Unitary Controllers

a. Unitary Controllers shall support, but not be limited to, the control of the following systems as described in the Execution portion of this specification, and for future expansion:

- 1) Cabinet heater and convectors
- 2) Rooftop top air handling units
- 3) Fan Coils
- 4) Unit and cabinet heaters
- b. The I/O of each Unitary Controller shall contain the sufficient quantity and types as required to meet the sequence of operation found in the Execution portion of this specification. In addition, each controller shall have the capability for time of day scheduling, occupancy mode control, after hour operation, lighting control, alarming, and trending.

N. Display Controllers (Not used)

- 1. Display controllers are standalone, touch screen based operator interfaces. The controller shall be designed for flush mounting in a finished space, with a minimum display size of 9 x 9 inches. Software shall be user programmable allowing for custom graphical images that simulate floor plans, menus, equipment schematics along with associated real time point values coming from any NCU on the network. The touch screen display shall contain a minimum of 64 possible touch cells that permit user interaction for changing screens, modifying set-points or operating equipment. Systems that do not offer a display controller as specified must provide a panel mounted computer with touch screen capability as an alternative. All air handling units shall use display controllers.
- 2.4 Operator Workstation Requirements (NOT USED)
 - A. The building Andover system has an existing operator workstation that shall be reused.
- 2.5 Portable Operator's Terminal (NOT USED)
- 2.6 DDC Sensors and Point Hardware
 - A. Temperature Sensors
 - 1. All temperature devices shall use precision thermistors accurate to +/- 1 degree F over a range of -30 to 230 degrees F. Space temperature sensors shall be accurate to +/- .5 degrees F over a range of 40 to 100 degrees F.
 - 2. Space sensors shall have off white enclosure and shall be mounted on a standard electrical box. Space sensors shall use surface mounted finished cast electrical box for surface mounting with metal "wire-mold" to conceal wiring for all solid masonry partitions. For space sensors located on gypsum board partitions, wiring shall be concealed inside the walls with recessed flush mounted electrical boxes. In general, control wiring shall run from the ceiling plenum to the box which shall be wall mounted next to the door or as shown on plan. (This shall be the standard for this project)

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. The space sensor housing shall utilize buttons for adjusting the space temperature set-point, as well as a push button for selecting after hours operation, fan speed and all and other operator selectable parameters. Operators shall be able to adjust set points directly from the sensor. All space sensors, (located in public location, office, classrooms), shall incorporate either an LED or LCD display for viewing the space temperature, set-point and other operator selectable parameters. Space sensors located in store rooms, MER, and unoccupied space are not required have LED or LCD display.
- 4. Duct temperature sensors shall incorporate a thermistor bead embedded at the tip of a stainless steel tube. Probe style duct sensors are useable in air handling applications where the coil or duct area is less than 14 square feet.
- 5. Averaging sensors shall be employed in ducts which are larger than 14 square feet. The averaging sensor tube must contain at least one thermistor for every 3 feet, with a minimum tube length of 12 feet.
- 6. Immersion sensors shall be employed for measurement of temperature in all chilled and hot water applications as well as refrigerant applications. Thermal wells shall be brass or stainless steel for non-corrosive fluids below 250 degrees F and 300 series stainless steel for all other applications.
- 7. A pneumatic signal shall not be allowed for sensing temperature.

B. Humidity Sensors

- 1. Humidity devices shall be accurate to +/- 5% at full scale for space and +/- 3% for duct and outside air applications. Suppliers shall be able to demonstrate that accuracy is NIST traceable.
- 2. Provide a handheld field calibration tool that both reads the output of the sensor and contains a reference sensor for ongoing calibration.

C. Pressure Sensors

- 1. Air pressure measurements in the range of 0 to 10" water column will be accurate to +/- 1% using a solid-state sensing element. Acceptable manufacturers include Modus Instruments and Mamac.
- 2. Differential pressure measurements of liquids or gases shall be accurate to =/-0.5% of range. The housing shall be Nema 4 rated.

D. Current and KW Sensors

- 1. Current status switches shall be used to monitor fans, pumps, motors and electrical loads. Current switches shall be available in solid and split core models, and offer either a digital or an analog signal to the automation system. Acceptable manufacturer is Veris or approved equal.
- 2. Measurement of three phase power shall be accomplished with a kW/kWH transducer. This device shall utilize direct current transformer inputs to calculate the instantaneous value (kW) and a pulsed output proportional to the energy usage (kWH). Provide Veris Model 6000 Power Transducer or approved equal.

E. Flow Sensors

- 1. Provide an insertion vortex flowmeter for measurement of liquid, gas or steam flows in pipe sizes above 3 inches.
- 2. Install the flow meter on an isolation valve to permit removal without process shutdown.
- 3. Sensors shall be manufactured by EMCO or approved equal.

F. Electric/Pneumatic Transducers

- 1. Electric to pneumatic transducers shall operate from either a PWM or analog signal. E/P transducers shall be rated for 0 20 psi operation and accurate to 2% of full scale. E/P transducers shall have a maximum air consumption of 100 SCIM.
- E/P transducers may be installed at the end device (damper or valve), or mounted separately in a field interface panel, or as part of the controller. All transducers will be calibrated. Panel mounted transducers shall be Sensycon or approved equal.

G. Electric/Pneumatic Solenoid Valves

Electric solenoid operated pneumatic valves (EP's) shall have a three-port operation: common, normally open and normally closed. They shall be rated for 50 psig when used for 25 psig or less applications, or rated for 150 psig when used for 100 psig or less applications. The coils shall be equipped with transient suppression devices to limit transients to 150 percent of the rated coil voltage.

2.7 Control Valves

- A. Provide automatic control valves suitable for the specified controlled media (steam, water or glycol). Provide valves which mate and match the material of the connected piping. Equip control valves with the actuators of required input power type and control signal type to accurately position the flow control element and provide sufficient force to achieve required leakage specification.
- B. Control valves shall meet the heating and cooling loads specified, and close off against the differential pressure conditions within the application. Valves should be sized to operate accurately and with stability from 10 to 100% of the maximum design flow.
- C. Trim material shall be stainless steel for steam and high differential pressure applications.
- D. Electric actuation should be provided on all terminal unit reheat applications.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

2.8 Dampers

- A. Automatic dampers, furnished by the Building Automation Contractor shall be single or multiple blade as required. Dampers are to be installed by the HVAC Contractor under the supervision of the BAS Contractor. All blank-off plates and conversions necessary to install smaller than duct size dampers are the responsibility of the Sheet Metal Contractor.
- B. Damper frames are to be constructed of 13 gauge galvanized sheet steel mechanically joined with linkage concealed in the side channel to eliminate noise as friction. Compressible spring stainless steel side seals, and acetal or bronze bearings shall also be provided.
- C. Damper blade width shall not exceed eight inches. Seals and 3/8 inch square steel zinc plated pins are required. Blade rotation is to be parallel or opposed as shown on the schedules.
- D. For high performance applications, control dampers will meet or exceed the UL Class I leakage rating.
- E. Control and smoke dampers shall be Ruskin, or approved equal.
- F. Provide opposed blade dampers for modulating applications and parallel blade for two position control.

2.9 Damper Actuators

A. Electronic Actuators – the actuator shall be direct coupled over the shaft, enabling it to be mounted directly to the damper shaft without the need for connecting linkage. The actuator shall have electronic overload circuitry to prevent damage. For power-failure/safety applications, an internal mechanical, spring return mechanism shall be built into the actuator housing. Non-spring return actuators shall have an external manual gear release to allow positioning of the damper when the actuator is not powered.

2.10 Smoke Detectors

- A. Air duct smoke detectors shall be by Air Products & Controls or approved equal. The detectors shall operate at air velocities from 300 feet per minute to 4000 feet per minute.
- B. The smoke detector shall utilize a photoelectric detector head.
- C. The housing shall permit mechanical installation without removal of the detector cover.
- D. The detectors shall be listed by Underwrites Laboratories and meet the requirements of UL 268A.

2.11 Airflow Measuring Stations

- A. Provide a thermal anemometer using instrument grade self-heated thermistor sensors with thermistor temperature sensors.
- B. The flow station shall operate over a range of 0 to 5,000 feet/min with an accuracy of +/- 2% over 500 feet/min and +/- 10 ft/min for reading less than 500 feet/min.
- C. The output signal shall be linear with field selectable ranges including 0-5 VDC, 0-10VDC and 4-20 mA.
- D. Furnish Ebtron Series 3000 airflow stations or approved equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 Contractor Responsibilities

A. General

Installation of the building automation system shall be performed by the Contractor or a subcontractor. However, all installation shall be under the personal supervision of the Contractor. The Contractor shall certify all work as proper and complete. Under no circumstances shall the design, scheduling, coordination, programming, training, and warranty requirements for the project be delegated to a subcontractor.

B. Demolition

 Remove controls which do not remain as part of the building automation system, all associated abandoned wiring and conduit, and all associated pneumatic tubing and or wiring. The Owner will inform the Contractor of any equipment which is to be removed that will remain the property of the Owner. All other equipment which is removed will be disposed of by the Contractor.

C. Access to Site

 Unless notified otherwise, entrance to building is restricted. No one will be permitted to enter the building unless their names have been cleared with the Owner or the Owner's Representative.

D. Code Compliance

 All wiring shall be installed in accordance with all applicable electrical codes and will comply with equipment manufacturer's recommendations. Should any discrepancy be found between wiring specifications in Division 17 and Division 16, wiring requirements of Division 17 will prevail for work specified in Division 17.

E. Cleanup

 At the completion of the work, all equipment pertinent to this contract shall be checked and thoroughly cleaned, and all other areas shall be cleaned around equipment provided under this contract.

3.2 Wiring, Conduit, and Cable

A. All wire will be copper and meet the minimum wire size and insulation class listed below:

Wire Class	Wire Size	Isolation Class
Power	12 Gauge	600 Volt
Class One	14 Gauge Std.	600 Volt
Class Two	18 Gauge Std.	300 Volt
Class Three	18 Gauge Std.	300 volt
Communications	Per Mfr.	Per Mfr.

- B. Power and Class One wiring may be run in the same conduit. Class Two and Three wiring and communications wiring may be run in the same conduit.
- C. Where different wiring classes terminate within the same enclosure, maintain clearances and install barriers per the National Electric Code.
- D. Where wiring is required to be installed in conduit, EMT shall be used. Conduit shall be minimum 1/2 inch galvanized EMT. Set screw fittings are acceptable for dry interior locations. Watertight compression fittings shall be used for exterior locations and interior locations subject to moisture. Provide conduit seal off fitting where exterior conduits enter the building or between areas of high temperature/moisture differential.
- E. Flexible metallic conduit (max. 3 feet) shall be used for connections to motors, actuators, controllers, and sensors mounted on vibration producing equipment. Liquid-tight flexible conduit shall be use in exterior locations and interior locations subject to moisture.
- F. Junction boxes shall be provided at all cable splices, equipment termination, and transitions from EMT to flexible conduit. Interior dry location J-boxes shall be galvanized pressed steel, nominal four-inch square with blank cover. Exterior and damp location JH-boxes shall be cast alloy FS boxes with threaded hubs and gasketed covers.
- G. Where the space above the ceiling is a supply or return air plenum, the wiring shall be plenum rated. Teflon wiring can be run without conduit above suspended ceilings. EXCEPTION: Any wire run in suspended ceilings that is used to control outside air dampers or to connect the system to the fire management system shall be in conduit.
- H. Coaxial cable shall conform to RG62 or RG59 rating. Provide plenum rated coaxial cable when running in return air plenums.
- I. Fiber optic cable shall include the following sizes; 50/125, 62.5/125 or 100/140.
- J. Only glass fiber is acceptable, no plastic.

- K. Fiber optic cable shall only be installed and terminated by an experienced contractor. The BAS contractor shall submit to the Engineer the name of the intended contractor of the fiber optic cable with his submittal documents.
- L. Hardware Installation
- 3.3 Installation Practices for Wiring
 - A. All controllers are to be mounted vertically and per the manufacturer's installation documentation.
 - B. The 120VAC power wiring to each Ethernet or Remote Site controller shall be a dedicated run, with a separate breaker. Each run will include a separate hot, neutral and ground wire. The ground wire will terminate at the breaker panel ground. This circuit will not feed any other circuit or device.
 - C. A true earth ground must be available in the building. Do not use a corroded or galvanized pipe, or structural steel.
 - D. Wires are to be attached to the building proper at regular intervals such that wiring does not droop. Wires are not to be affixed to or supported by pipes, conduit, etc.
 - E. Conduit in finished areas, will be concealed in ceiling cavity spaces, plenums, furred spaces and wall construction. Exception: metallic surface raceway may be used in finished areas on masonry walls. All surface raceway in finished areas must be color matched to the existing finish within the limitations of standard manufactured colors.
 - F. Conduit, in non-finished areas where possible, will be concealed in ceiling cavity spaces, plenums, furred spaces, and wall construction. Exposed conduit will run parallel to or at right angles to the building structure.
 - G. Wires are to be kept a minimum of three (3) inches from hot water, steam, or condensate piping.
 - H. Where sensor wires leave the conduit system, they are to be protected by a plastic insert.
 - I. Wire will not be allowed to run across telephone equipment areas.
- 3.4 Installation Practices for Field Devices
 - A. Well-mounted sensors will include thermal conducting compound within the well to insure good heat transfer to the sensor.
 - B. Actuators will be firmly mounted to give positive movement and linkage will be adjusted to give smooth continuous movement throughout 100 percent of the stroke.

- C. Relay outputs will include transient suppression across all coils. Suppression devices shall limit transients to 150% of the rated coil voltage.
- D. Water line mounted sensors shall be removable without shutting down the system in which they are installed.
- E. For duct static pressure sensors, the high pressure port shall be connected to a metal static pressure probe inserted into the duct pointing upstream. The low pressure port shall be left open to the plenum area at the point that the high pressure port is tapped into the ductwork.
- F. For building static pressure sensors, the high pressure port shall be inserted into the space via a metal tube. Pipe the low pressure port to the outside of the building.

3.5 Enclosures

- A. For all I/O requiring field interface devices, these devices where practical will be mounted in a field interface panel (FIP). The Contractor shall provide an enclosure which protects the device(s) from dust, moisture, conceals integral wiring and moving parts.
- B. FIPs shall contain power supplies for sensors, interface relays and contactors, safety circuits, and I/P transducers.
- C. The FIP enclosure shall be of steel construction with baked enamel finish, NEMA 1 rated with a hinged door and keyed lock. The enclosure will be sized for twenty percent spare mounting space. All locks will be keyed identically.
- D. All wiring to and from the FIP will be to screw type terminals. Analog or communications wiring may use the FIP as a raceway without terminating. The use of wire nuts within the FIP is prohibited.
- E. All outside mounted enclosures shall meet the NEMA-4 rating.
- F. The wiring within all enclosures shall be run in plastic track. Wiring within controllers shall be wrapped and secured.

3.6 Identification

- A. Identify all control wires with labeling tape or sleeves using either words, letters, or numbers that can be exactly cross-referenced with as-built drawings.
- B. All field enclosures, other than controllers, shall be identified with a bakelite nameplate. The lettering shall be in white against a black or blue background.
- C. Junction box covers will be marked to indicate that they are a part of the BAS system.

- D. All I/O field devices (except space sensors) that are not mounted within FIP's shall be identified with name plates.
- E. All I/O field devices inside FIP's shall be labeled.
- 3.7 Existing Controls.
 - A. Existing controls which are to be reused must each be tested and calibrated for proper operation. Existing controls which are to be reused and are found to be defective requiring replacement, will be noted to the Owner.
 - B. All existing controllers, thermostats, pneumatic tubing, actuators, panels gauges and any device associated with equipment is to be removed completely. Remove pneumatic lines back to wall or floor and cap airtight
- 3.8 Control System Switch-over
 - A. Demolition of the existing control system will occur after the new temperature control system is in place including new sensors and new field interface devices.
 - B. Switch-over from the existing control system to the new system will be fully coordinated with the Owner. A representative of the Owner will be on site during switch-over.
 - C. The Contractor shall minimize control system downtime during switch-over. Sufficient installation mechanics will be on site so that the entire switch-over can be accomplished in a reasonable time frame.
- 3.9 Location
 - A. The location of sensors is per mechanical and architectural drawings.
 - B. Space humidity or temperature sensors will be mounted away from machinery generating heat, direct light and diffuser air streams.
 - C. Outdoor air sensors will be mounted on the north building face directly in the outside air. Install these sensors such that the effects of heat radiated from the building or sunlight is minimized.
 - D. Field enclosures shall be located immediately adjacent to the controller panel(s) to which it is being interfaced.
- 3.10 Software Installation
 - A. General.

The Contractor shall provide all labor necessary to install, initialize, start-up and debug all system software as described in this section. This includes any operating system software or other third-party software necessary for successful operation of the system.

B. Database Configuration.

The Contractor will provide all labor to configure those portions of the database that are required by the points list and sequence of operation.

C. Color Graphic Slides.

Unless otherwise directed by the owner, the Contractor will provide color graphic displays as depicted in the mechanical drawings for each system and floor plan. For each system or floor plan, the display shall contain the associated points identified in the point list and allow for setpoint changes as required by the owner. Graphically represent each and every piece of equipment in the classroom building, new and existing, all input and put status point, and functional points. This shall include all new HVAC equipment

D. Reports.

The Contractor will configure the following trend data reports for the owner.

1. DOAS Units

- a. Unit operating status.
- b. SA temp and set point
- c. SA static pressure and set point
- d. Room temps and set point.
- e. OA temp and set point
- f. RA temp and set point
- g. General fault alarm

2. VRF Systems

- a. Unit operating status.
- b. Room temps and set point.
- c. Heating / cooling mode status
- d. Fan status
- e. General fault alarms

E. Commissioning and System Startup

F. Point to Point Checkout.

Each I/O device (both field mounted as well as those located in FIPs) shall be inspected and verified for proper installation and functionality. A checkout sheet itemizing each device shall be filled out, dated and approved by the Project Manager for submission to the owner or owner's representative.

G. Controller and Workstation Checkout.

A field checkout of all controllers and front-end equipment (computers, printers, modems, etc.) shall be conducted to verify proper operation of both hardware and software. A checkout sheet itemizing each device and a description of the associated tests shall be prepared and submitted to the owner or owner's representative by the completion of the project.

H. System Acceptance Testing

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

All application software will be verified and compared against the sequences of operation. Control loops will be exercised by inducing a setpoint shift of at least 10% and observing whether the system successfully returns the process variable to setpoint. Record all test results and attach to the Test Results Sheet.

- I. Test each alarm in the system and validate that the system generates the appropriate alarm message, that the message appears at all prescribed destinations (workstations or printers), and that any other related actions occur as defined (i.e. graphic panels are invoked, reports are generated, etc.). Submit a Test Results Sheet to the owner.
- J. Perform an operational test of each unique graphic display and report to verify that the item exists, that the appearance and content are correct, and that any special features work as intended. Submit a Test Results Sheet to the owner.
- K. Perform an operational test of each third-party interface that has been included as part of the automation system. Verify that all points are properly polled, that alarms have been configured, and that any associated graphics and reports have been completed. If the interface involves a file transfer over Ethernet, test any logic that controls the transmission of the file, and verify the content of the specified information.

END OF SECTION 230901

SECTION 230993 - SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

PART 1-GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Sequence of operation:
 - 1. General
 - 2. VRF System
 - 3. Indoor Evaporators
 - 4. Dedicated Outside Air Units (DOAS)
 - 5. Miscellaneous.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Section 23 0901 - Digital Control Equipment.

1.03 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. This Section defines the manner and method by which controls function. Requirements for each type of control system operation are specified. Equipment, devices, and system components required for control systems are specified in other Sections.
- B. Provide DDC based electronic controls, panels, wiring and all accessories required to achieve the specified control sequences and establish a complete system for all new equipment. All new temperature controls shall be networked into the existing Andover Continuum system.
- C. Provide the necessary quantity and types of SDCUs to meet the requirements of the project for mechanical equipment. Each SDCU will operate completely standalone, containing all the I/O and programs to control its associated equipment.
- D. Certain controls are specified to be furnished with the equipment. This contractor shall provide all components, (gateways), to communicate with factory furnished controls and connect them to the building automation control system. The contractor shall also provide all controls, wiring and auxiliaries required to operate equipment not furnished with factory controls. Work required includes, but is not limited to the following:
 - 1. Control wiring between factory mounted unit panels and factory supplied remote panels.
 - 2. Installation and wiring for factory supplied devices requiring field installation.

- 3. Panel mounted transformers and control power wiring for all controllers and control devices.
- 4. Control wiring to each remote device (room thermostats, outdoor air sensors, static pressure controllers, control actuators, control panels, etc.).
- 5. All control valves, motorized dampers thermostats, relays, sensors, etc. unless furnished as an integral part of the equipment.
- 6. All interlock control wiring (24 volt and 120 volt) between units, fans, etc. All control and interlock wiring shall be run in EMT for indoor locations and in galvanized conduit for outdoor locations.
- 7. All new controllers, hardware software, programming and accessories shall be Andover continuum system by Schneider Electric.

1.04 SUBMITTALS FOR REVIEW

- A. Division 1 Submittals: Procedures for submittals.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate mechanical system controlled and control system components.
 - 1. Label with settings, adjustable range of control and limits. Include written description of control sequence.
 - 2. Include flow diagrams for each control system, graphically depicting control logic.
 - 3. Include draft copies of graphic displays indicating mechanical system components, control system components, and controlled function status and value.
 - 4. Submit a complete written sequence of operation for each and every controlled piece of equipment.

1.05 SUBMITTALS AT PROJECT CLOSEOUT

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data.
- B. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components and setpoints of controls, including changes to sequences made after submission of shop drawings.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Design system under direct supervision of a Professional Engineer experienced in design of this Work and licensed in the State of New York.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

A. Refer to specification section 23 09 01 – Direct Digital Controls

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

A. General

- 1. The building automation System (BAS) or Building management System (BMS) shall index the equipment into either summer or winter control based upon outdoor air temperature. Below 65 F, (adjustable), outside air temperature, the cooling shall be disabled. Above 55F, (adjustable), outside air temperature the heating shall disabled. The system operator shall have capacity of overriding the system for manual change over. A minimum time delay, (24 hrs adjustable), between summer/winter changes over shall prevent cycling between the 2 modes. During heating mode, the DX systems shall be locked out.
- B. The VRF system shall be operated through the manufacturers building or system wide controller. AC Smart 5 PACS5A000. The controller shall be programmed so the indoor units are operated in groups. Groups shall be arranged on a floor-by-floor basis and or a department basis. The owner and engineer shall review and approve operating groups.

C. Indoor Evaporators

1. Each indoor unit shall be operated through a programmable room thermostat. PREMTBVCO. Each unit shall be arranged to run continuously during occupied hours. Alternately indoor units can be arranged to cycle during occupied hours. The units are designed for simultaneous heating and cooling operation. The room thermostat shall automatically switch each unit from heating to cooling as required to maintain set point. The thermostat shall also be arranged to modulate fan speed in direct proportion to space load. Thermostats shall be programed with to maintain set point to with in +- 2 deg F. each thermostat shall also be programed to limit set point between 70°-75° F. Rooms with auxiliary hydronic heating elements, (cabinet convectors), shall use an auxiliary relay kit to operate the control valve on the convector from the LG thermostat. The control action shall open the valve on a cool for heating as the second stage of heating.

D. Dedicated Outside Air Units (DOAS)

1. Shall be arranged to operate during scheduled occupied hours. When the units are off. The outside air intake and exhaust dampers shall be closed. The fans shall be off. The DX coil shall be arranged to maintain a supply air temperature of neutral at 70 deg F. Provide outside air temperature and humidity sensors. Provide SA temperature sensors. When OA temp drops below set point the DX coil shall be arranged to heat the SA. When OA temp rises above set point the DX coil shall be arranged to cool the SA. The system shall also be arranged to maintain % RH of the SA at a maximum of 50% RH adjustable. When SA RH rises

- above set point the unit shall active DX cooling and sub cool the SA in order to reduce RH. The air shall be reheated by use of modulating hot gas reheat coil.
- 2. Energy Recovery Wheel shall be arranged to run with their respective DOAS unit and shall run continuously. When the units are energized to run the intake and exhaust dampers shall open. When the units are stopped the dampers shall close. [enthalpy wheel, and fans shall run continuously when the unit is energized to run]. Provide enthalpy controls arranged to allow economizer cycle. When OA temperature and humidity conditions allow economizer to cycle, the unit shall operate in the bypass mode and bypass the heat exchanger and or enthalpy wheel. Provide defrost controls arranged to operate the defrost cycle as per the manufacture's recommendations.

E. Miscellaneous:

- 1. Motor starters shall be supplied for each Air Handler, H & V Unit, Fan, pump, etc. When starters are located at the unit, (factory or field installed), or within line of site of the unit combination Starters/disconnects shall be used. All starters shall be equipped with H-O-A switches and pilot lights in cover. For units with remote mounted starters, (i.e. roof-top exhaust fans) furnish disconnects at the unit.
- 2. All safety devices shall be interlocked with "hand" and "Automatic" positions in series with motor controller holding coil circuit. Interlocking with other fans and equipment of system shall be through "Automatic" position "Hand" position shall be for maintenance only. Remote starting shall be from through "automatic" position only.
- 3. All air handling units 2,000 cfm or greater shall have a duct mounted smoke detector arranged to stop the unit and position all dampers and valves in the "unit off" sequence as described in this section, upon detecting smoke.

END OF SECTION 230993

SECTION 232213 - STEAM AND CONDENSATE HEATING PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. The section includes pipe and fittings for LP and HP steam and condensate piping:
 - 1. Steel pipe and fittings.
 - 2. Joining materials.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 232216 "Steam and Condensate Heating Piping Specialties" . for strainers, special-duty valves, steam traps, thermostatic air vents, and vacuum breakers.,

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following:
 - 1. Steel pipe and fitting.
 - 2. Joining material.

B. Delegated-Design Submittal:

- 1. Design calculations and detailed fabrication and assembly of pipe anchors and alignment guides, hangers and supports for multiple pipes, expansion joints, and loops, and attachments of the same to the building structure.
- 2. Locations of pipe anchors and alignment guides and expansion joints and loops.
- 3. Locations of and details for penetrations, including sleeves and sleeve seals for exterior walls, floors, basement, and foundation walls.
- 4. Locations of and details for penetration and fire stopping for fire- and smokerated wall and floor and ceiling assemblies.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Coordination Drawings: Piping layout, drawn to 3/8 = 1'-0" scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Suspended ceiling components.
- 2. Other building services.
- 3. Structural members
- 4. Steam and condensate equipment.
- B. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- C. Welding certificates.
- D. Field quality-control reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Steel Support Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
- B. Pipe Welding: Qualify procedures and operators according to the following:
 - 1. ASME Compliance: Comply with ASME B31.1, "Power Piping," and ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping," for materials, products, and installation.
 - 2. Certify that each welder has passed AWS qualification tests for welding processes involved and that certification is current.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressures and temperatures unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. LP Steam Piping: up to 15psig.
 - 2. HP Steam Piping: over 15 psi.
 - 3. Condensate Piping: 15 PSIG at 250 deg F.
 - 4. Makeup-Water Piping: 75 PSIG at 150 deg F.
 - 5. Blowdown-Drain Piping: Equal to the pressure of the piping system to which it is attached.
 - 6. Air-Vent and Vacuum-Breaker Piping: Equal to the pressure of the piping system to which it is attached.
 - 7. Safety-Valve-Inlet and -Outlet Piping: Equal to the pressure of the piping system to which it is attached.

2.2 STEEL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, black steel, plain ends, welded and seamless, Grade B, and Schedule as indicated in piping applications articles.
- B. Cast-Iron Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.4; Classes 150, and 300 as indicated in piping applications articles.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- C. Malleable-Iron Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.3; Classes 150 and 300 as indicated in piping applications articles.
- D. Malleable-Iron Unions: ASME B16.39; Classes 150, 250, and 300 as indicated in piping applications articles.
- E. Cast-Iron Threaded Flanges and Flanged Fittings: ASME B16.1, Classes 125 and 250 as indicated in piping applications articles; raised ground face, and bolt holes spot faced.
- F. Wrought-Steel Fittings: ASTM A 234/A 234M, wall thickness to match the adjoining pipe.
- G. Wrought-Steel Flanges and Flanged Fittings: ASME B16.5, including bolts, nuts, and gaskets of the following material group, end connections, and facings:
 - 1. Material Group: 1.1.
 - 2. End Connections: Butt welding.
 - 3. Facings: Raised face.
- H. Steel Pipe Nipples: ASTM A 733, made of ASTM A 53/A 53M, black steel of the same Type, Grade, and Schedule as the pipe in which installed.

2.3 JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials: Suitable for chemical and thermal conditions of piping system contents.
 - 1. ASME B16.21, nonmetallic, flat, asbestos-free, 1/8-inch maximum thickness unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Full-Face Type: For flat-face, Class 125, cast-iron, and cast-bronze flanges.
 - b. Narrow-Face Type: For raised-face, Class 250, cast-iron, and steel flanges.
- B. Flange Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Welding Filler Metals: Comply with AWS D10.12M/D10.12 for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of steel pipe being welded.
- D. Welding Materials: Comply with Section II, Part C, of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of pipe being welded.
- E. Fiberglass Pipe Adhesive: As furnished or recommended by the pipe manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 LP STEAM PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. LP Steam Piping, NPS 2 and Smaller: Schedule 40, Type S, Grade B, steel pipe; Class 125 cast-iron fittings; and threaded joints.
- B. LP Steam Piping, NPS 2-1/2 through NPS 12: Schedule 40, Type E, Grade B, steel pipe; Class 150 wrought-steel fittings, flanges, and flange fittings; and welded and flanged joints.
- C. Condensate piping above grade, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be the following:
 - 1. Schedule 80, Type S, Grade B, steel pipe; Class 125 cast-iron fittings; and threaded joints.
- D. Condensate piping above grade, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, shall be the following:
 - 1. Schedule 80, Type E, Grade B, steel pipe; Class 150 wrought-steel fittings, flanges, and flange fittings; and welded and flanged joints.
- E. Condensate piping below grade, NPS 2 and smaller shall be the following:
 - 1. Schedule 80, Type S, Grade B, steel pipe; Class 125 cast-iron fittings; and threaded joints.
- F. Condensate piping below grade, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, shall be the following:
 - 1. Schedule 80, Type E, Grade B, steel pipe; Class 150 wrought-steel fittings, flanges, and flange fittings; and welded and flanged joints.

3.2 HP STEAM PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. HP Steam Piping, NPS 2 and Smaller: Schedule 80, Type S, Grade B, steel pipe; Class 125 cast-iron fittings; and threaded joints.
- B. HP Steam Piping, NPS 2-1/2 through NPS 12: Schedule 80, Type E, Grade B, steel pipe; Class 150 wrought-steel fittings, flanges, and flange fittings; and welded and flanged joints.
- C. Condensate piping above or below grade, NPS 2 and smaller: Schedule 80, Type S, Grade B, steel pipe; Class 125 cast-iron fittings; and threaded joints
- D. Condensate piping above or below grade, NPS 2-1/2 and larger: Schedule 80, Type E, Grade B, steel pipe; Class 150 wrought-steel fittings, flanges, and flange fittings; and welded and flanged joints

3.3 ANCILLARY PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. Blowdown-Drain Piping: Same materials and joining methods as for piping specified for the service in which blowdown drain is installed.
- B. Vacuum-Breaker Piping: Outlet, same as service where installed.
- C. Safety-Valve-Inlet and -Outlet Piping: Same materials and joining methods as for piping specified for the service in which the safety valve is installed.

3.4 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate the general location and arrangement of piping systems. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.
- B. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- C. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- E. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- F. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- G. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- H. Install piping to allow application of insulation.
- I. Select system components with a pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- J. Install groups of pipes parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation and servicing of valves.
- K. Install drains, consisting of a tee fitting, NPS 3/4 full port-ball valve, and short NPS 3/4 threaded nipple with cap, at low points in piping system mains and elsewhere as required for system drainage.
- L. Install steam supply piping at a minimum uniform grade of 0.2 percent downward in direction of streamflow.
- M. Install condensate return piping at a minimum uniform grade of 0.4 percent downward in the direction of condensate flow.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- N. Reduce pipe sizes using eccentric reducer fitting installed with the level side down.
- O. Install branch connections to mains using tee fittings in the main pipe, with the branch connected to the top of the main pipe.
- P. Install valves according to the following Sections or other Sections as needed: Do not use butterfly valves in steam or condensate lines or services or steam equipment.
- Q. Install unions in piping, NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to valves, at final connections of equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.
- R. Install flanges in piping, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, at final connections of equipment and elsewhere as indicated.
- S. Install shutoff valve immediately upstream of each dielectric fitting.
- T. Install strainers on the supply side of control valves, pressure-reducing valves, traps, and elsewhere as indicated. Install NPS 3/4 nipple and full port ball valve in blowdown connection of strainers NPS 2 and larger. Match the size of strainer blowoff connection for strainers smaller than NPS 2.
- U. Comply with requirements in Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment" for identifying piping.
- V. Install drip legs at low points and natural drainage points such as ends of mains, bottoms of all risers, and ahead of pressure regulators, and control valves.
 - 1. On straight runs with no natural drainage points, install drip legs at intervals not exceeding 300 feet.
 - 2. Size drip legs same size as main. In steam mains NPS 6 and larger, drip leg size can be reduced, but to no less than NPS 4.
- W. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- X. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs. Comply with requirements for sleeve seals specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- Y. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Section 230518 "Escutcheons for HVAC Piping."
- Z. For piping passing through equipment room walls to occupied spaces provide split seals for sound and vibration attenuation between rooms. Comply with section 23 22 16.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

AA. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction.

3.5 STEAM AND CONDENSATE PIPING SPECIALTIES INSTALLATION

A. Comply with requirements in Section 232216 "Steam and Condensate Heating Piping Specialties" for installation requirements for strainers, flash tanks, special-duty valves, steam traps, thermostatic air vents, and vacuum breakers, and steam and condensate meters.

3.6 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 230529 "Hangers and Supports for HVAC Piping and Equipment" for hanger, support, and anchor devices. Comply with the following requirements for maximum spacing of supports and hanger rod size.
- B. Install vibration isolation hangers or supports on all piping connected to motor-driven equipment for a distance of 20' or the first two hangers. Refer to section 232112.13 Hydronic Piping specialties.
- C. Install the following pipe attachments:
 - 1. Adjustable steel clevis hangers are for individual horizontal piping less than 20 feet long.
 - 2. Adjustable roller hangers and spring hangers for individual horizontal piping 20 feet or longer.
 - 3. Pipe Roller: MSS SP-58, Type 44 for multiple horizontal piping 20 feet or longer, supported on a trapeze.
 - 4. Spring hangers to support vertical runs.
- D. Install hangers for steel steam supply piping with the following maximum spacing:
 - 1. NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 9 feet.
 - 2. NPS 1: Maximum span, 9 feet.
 - 3. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 12 feet.
 - 4. NPS 2: Maximum span, 13 feet.
 - 5. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 14 feet.
 - 6. NPS 3 and Larger: Maximum span, 15 feet.
- E. Install hangers for steel steam condensate piping with the following maximum spacing:
 - 1. NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 7 feet.
 - 2. NPS 1: Maximum span, 7 feet.
 - 3. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 9 feet.
 - 4. NPS 2: Maximum span, 10 feet.
 - 5. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 11 feet.
 - 6. NPS 3 and Larger: Maximum span, 12 feet
- F. Support vertical runs at the roof, at each floor, and 10-foot intervals between floors.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

G. Fiberglass Piping Hanger Spacing: Space hangers according to pipe manufacturer's written instructions for service conditions. Avoid point loading. Space and install hangers with the fewest practical rigid anchor points.

3.7 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and remove the burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.
- C. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
 - 1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dry seal threading is specified.
 - 2. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.
- D. Welded Joints: Construct joints according to AWS D10.12M/D10.12, using qualified processes and welding operators according to the "Quality Assurance" Article.
- E. Flanged Joints: Select appropriate gasket material, size, type, and thickness for service application. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads.
- F. Fiberglass Bonded Joints: Prepare pipe ends and fittings, apply adhesive, and join according to pipe manufacturer's written instructions.

3.8 TERMINAL EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

- A. Size for supply and return piping connections shall be the same as or larger than equipment connections.
- B. Install traps and control valves in accessible locations close to connected equipment.
- C. Install bypass piping with globe valve around a control valve. If parallel control valves are installed, only one bypass is required.
- D. Install vacuum breakers downstream from the control valve, close to coil inlet connection.
- E. Install a drip leg at the coil outlet.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prepare steam and condensate piping according to ASME B31.1, "Power Piping," and ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping," and as follows:
 - 1. Leave joints, including welds, uninsulated and exposed for examination during the test.
 - 2. Provide temporary restraints for expansion joints that cannot sustain reactions due to test pressure. If temporary restraints are impractical, isolate expansion joints from testing.
 - 3. Flush system with clean water. Clean strainers.
 - 4. Isolate equipment from the piping. If a valve is used to isolate equipment, its closure shall be capable of sealing against test pressure without damage to the valve. Install blinds in flanged joints to isolate equipment.
- B. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- C. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- D. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - Use ambient temperature water as a testing medium unless there is a risk of damage due to freezing. Another liquid that is safe for workers and compatible with piping may be used.
 - Subject piping system to hydrostatic test pressure that is not less than 1.5 times
 the working pressure. Test pressure shall not exceed maximum pressure for any
 vessel, pump, valve, or other components in the system under test. Verify that
 stress due to pressure at bottom of vertical runs does not exceed 90 percent of
 the specified minimum yield strength.
 - 3. After hydrostatic test pressure has been applied for at least 10 minutes, examine piping, joints, and connections for leakage. Eliminate leaks by tightening, repairing, or replacing components, and repeat the hydrostatic test until there are no leaks.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 232213

SECTION 232216 - STEAM AND CONDENSATE HEATING PIPING SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes the following piping specialties for steam and condensate piping:
 - 1. Strainers.
 - 2. Stop-check valves.
 - 3. Steam Safety valves.
 - 4. Steam traps.
 - 5. Thermostatic air vents and vacuum breakers.
 - 6. Vibration isolators for hangers
 - 7. Expansion Fittings
 - 8. Alignment guides and anchors
 - 9. Control valves
 - 10. Shut off valves

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 232316 "Steam and Condensate Specialties".

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Strainer.
 - 2. Valve.
 - 3. Steam trap.
 - 4. Air vent and vacuum breaker.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For valves, safety valves, pressure-reducing valves, steam traps, air vents, vacuum breakers, and meters to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Pipe Welding: Qualify procedures and operators according to the following:

1. ASME Compliance: Safety valves and pressure vessels shall bear the appropriate ASME label. Fabricate and stamp flash tanks to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressures and temperatures unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. HP Steam Piping: over 15 psig.
 - 2. LP Steam Piping: up to 15 psig.
 - 3. Condensate Piping: 15 psig at 250 deg F.
 - 4. Makeup-Water Piping: 70 psig Insert value at 75 deg F.
 - 5. Blowdown-Drain Piping: Equal to pressure of the piping system to which it is attached.
 - 6. Air-Vent and Vacuum-Breaker Piping: Equal to pressure of the piping system to which it is attached.
 - 7. Safety-Valve-Inlet and -Outlet Piping: Equal to pressure of the piping system to which it is attached.

2.2 STRAINERS

A. Y-Pattern Strainers:

- 1. Body: ASTM A 126, Class B cast iron, with bolted cover and bottom drain connection.
- 2. End Connections: Threaded ends for strainers NPS 2 and smaller; flanged ends for strainers NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- 3. Strainer Screen: Stainless-steel, 20-mesh strainer or perforated stainless-steel basket.
- 4. Tapped blowoff plug.
- 5. CWP Rating: 250-psig working steam pressure.

B. Basket Strainers:

- 1. Body: ASTM A 126, Class B cast iron, with bolted cover and bottom drain connection.
- 2. End Connections: Threaded ends for strainers NPS 2 and smaller; flanged ends for strainers NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- 3. Strainer Screen: Stainless-steel, 20-mesh strainer and perforated stainless-steel basket with 50 percent free area.
- 4. CWP Rating: 250-psig working steam pressure.

2.3 STOP-CHECK VALVES

A. Stop-Check Valves:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. A.Y. McDonald Mfg. Co.
 - b. Crane; Crane Energy Flow Solutions.
 - c. Jenkins Valves.
 - d. Lunkenheimer Valves.
- 2. Body and Bonnet: Malleable iron.
- 3. End Connections: Flanged.
- 4. Disc: Cylindrical with removable liner and machined seat.
- 5. Stem: Brass alloy.
- 6. Operator: Outside screw and yoke with cast-iron handwheel.
- 7. Packing: PTFE-impregnated packing with two-piece packing gland assembly.
- 8. Pressure Class: 250.

2.4 STEAM SAFETY VALVES

- A. Bronze or Brass Steam Safety Valves: ASME labeled, NPS 1/2 through NPS 2-1/2
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Apollo Valves; Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - b. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - c. Spirax Sarco, Inc.
 - d. Watts; a Watts Water Technologies company.
 - 2. Disc Material: Forged copper alloy.
 - 3. End Connections: Threaded inlet and outlet.
 - 4. Spring: Fully enclosed steel spring with adjustable pressure range and positive shutoff; factory set and sealed.
 - 5. Pressure Class: 250.
 - 6. Drip-Pan Elbow: Cast iron and having threaded inlet and outlet, with threads complying with ASME B1.20.1.
 - 7. Size and Capacity: As required for equipment according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- B. Cast-Iron Steam Safety Valves: ASME labeled NPS 1-1/2 through NPS 6.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Apollo Valves; Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - b. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - c. Spirax Sarco, Inc.
 - d. Watts; a Watts Water Technologies company.
 - e. Spence
- 2. Disc Material: Forged copper alloy with bronze nozzle.
- 3. End Connections: Raised-face flanged inlet and threaded or flanged outlet connections.
- 4. Spring: Fully enclosed cadmium-plated steel spring with adjustable pressure range and positive shutoff, factory set and sealed.
- 5. Pressure Class: 250.
- 6. Drip-Pan Elbow: Cast iron and having threaded inlet, outlet, and drain, with threads complying with ASME B1.20.1.
- 7. Exhaust Head: Cast iron and having threaded inlet and drain, with threads complying with ASME B1.20.1.
- 8. Size and Capacity: As required for equipment according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

2.5 STEAM TRAPS

- A. Thermostatic Steam Traps:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - b. Dunham-Bush, Inc.
 - c. Hoffman Specialty.
 - d. Spirax Sarco, Inc.
 - e. Sterling.
 - f. Tunstall Corporation.
 - 2. Body: Bronze angle-pattern body with integral union tailpiece and screw-in cap.
 - 3. Trap Type: Balanced pressure.
 - 4. Bellows: Stainless steel or monel.
 - 5. Head and Seat: Replaceable, hardened stainless steel.
 - 6. Pressure Class: 125.
- B. Thermodynamic Steam Traps:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - b. Dunham-Bush, Inc.
 - c. Hoffman Specialty.
 - d. Spirax Sarco, Inc.
- 2. Body: Stainless steel with screw-in cap.
- 3. End Connections: Threaded.
- 4. Disc and Seat: Stainless steel.
- 5. Maximum Operating Pressure: 600 psig.
- C. Float and Thermostatic Steam Traps:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - b. Dunham-Bush, Inc.
 - c. Hoffman Specialty.
 - d. Spirax Sarco, Inc.
 - 2. Body and Bolted Cap: ASTM A 126 cast iron.
 - 3. End Connections: Threaded.
 - 4. Float Mechanism: Replaceable, stainless steel.
 - 5. Head and Seat: Hardened stainless steel.
 - 6. Trap Type: Balanced pressure.
 - 7. Thermostatic Bellows: Stainless steel or monel.
 - 8. Thermostatic air vent capable of withstanding 45 deg F of superheat and resisting water hammer without sustaining damage.
 - 9. Vacuum Breaker: Thermostatic with phosphor bronze bellows, and stainless-steel cage, valve, and seat.
 - 10. Maximum Operating Pressure: 125 psig.
- D. Inverted Bucket Steam Traps:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - b. Dunham-Bush, Inc.
 - c. Hoffman Specialty.
 - d. Spirax Sarco, Inc.

- 2. Body and Cap: Cast iron.
- 3. End Connections: Threaded.
- 4. Head and Seat: Stainless steel.
- 5. Valve Retainer, Lever, and Guide Pin Assembly: Stainless steel.
- 6. Bucket: Brass or stainless steel.
- 7. Strainer: Integral stainless-steel inlet strainer within the trap body.
- 8. Air Vent: Stainless-steel thermostatic vent.
- 9. Pressure Rating: 250 psig.

2.6 THERMOSTATIC AIR VENTS AND VACUUM BREAKERS

A. Thermostatic Air Vents:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - b. Dunham-Bush, Inc.
 - c. Hoffman Specialty.
 - d. Spirax Sarco, Inc.
- 2. Body: Cast iron, bronze, or stainless steel.
- 3. End Connections: Threaded.
- 4. Float, Valve, and Seat: Stainless steel.
- 5. Thermostatic Element: Phosphor bronze bellows in a stainless-steel cage.
- 6. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
- 7. Maximum Temperature Rating: 350 deg F.

B. Vacuum Breakers:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - b. Dunham-Bush, Inc.
 - c. Hoffman Specialty.
 - d. Spirax Sarco, Inc.
- 2. Body: Cast iron, bronze, or stainless steel.
- 3. End Connections: Threaded.
- 4. Sealing Ball, Retainer, Spring, and Screen: Stainless steel.
- 5. O-Ring Seal: Ethylene propylene rubber.
- 6. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
- 7. Maximum Temperature Rating: 350 deg F.

2.7 VIBRATION ISOLATION PIPE HANGERS

A. Vibration isolation pipe hangers: pre-compressed and locked at the rated deflection by means of a resilient up-stop to keep the piping or equipment at a fixed elevation during installation. The hangers shall be designed with a release mechanism to free the spring after the installation is complete and the hanger is subjected to its full load. Deflection shall be clearly indicated by means of a scale. Submittals shall include a drawing of the hanger showing the 30° capability. Hangers shall be type PC30N as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc

2.8 ALIGNMENT GUIDES AND ANCHORS

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Advanced Thermal Systems, Inc.
 - b. Flexicraft Industries.
 - c. Mason Industries. Inc.
 - d. Metraflex Company (The).
- 2. Description: Steel, factory-fabricated alignment guide, with bolted two-section outer cylinder and base for attaching to structure; with two-section guiding slider for bolting to pipe.
- 3. Steel Shapes and Plates: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- 4. Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.10 or ASTM A 183, steel hex head.
- 5. Washers: ASTM F 844, steel, plain, flat washers.
- 6. Mechanical Fasteners: Insert-wedge-type stud with expansion plug anchor for use in hardened concrete, with tension and shear capacities appropriate for application. Threaded stud, expansion plug, nuts and washers shall be zink-coated carbon steel.
- 7. Chemical Fasteners: Insert-type stud, bonding-system anchor for use with hardened concrete, with tension and shear capacities appropriate for application.
 - a. Bonding Material: ASTM C 881/C 881M, Type IV, Grade 3, two-component epoxy resin suitable for surface temperature of hardened concrete where fastener is to be installed.
 - b. Stud: threaded stud washers and nuts shall be ASTM A 307, zinc-coated carbon steel.
 - c. Alignment Guides
 - 1) Horizontal split spider type guide Metraflex Style IV
 - 2) Slide guide - Metraflex model PTFE
 - 3) Pre-insulated guide Metraflex model PG PRE
 - 4) Vertical glide riser - Metraflex model PGQ
 - d. Anchors
 - 1) Anchor clamp Metraflex model PA

- 2) Structural I Beam Anchors Metraflex
- 3) Pre-insulated Anchor Metraflex model PAPI
- 4) Modular riser guide Metraflex modular riser with EPDM insert

2.9 CONTROL VALVES

- A. Body & Trim. Body and trim style and materials shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for design conditions and service shown in compliance with the following at a minimum: in general valves up to 3" shall be bronze body, valves over 3' shall be iron body.
- B. Valve pattern, angle or straight through, shall be as indicated on Drawings.
- C. Modulating two-way pattern control valves shall have equal percentage flow-throttling characteristics unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Valve bodies shall meet or exceed pressure and temperature class rating based upon design operating temperature and 150% design operating pressure. Unless otherwise specified or scheduled, minimum body rating for any valve is 125 psi and a maximum fluid temperature of 350°F.
- E. Steam Valves. Body and trim style and materials shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for design conditions and service shown in compliance with the following at a minimum:
 - 1. Linear percentage ports for modulating service.
 - 2. Two-position service: Pressure drop 10% to 20% of inlet pressure.
 - 3. Modulating service: 15 psig or less; pressure drop 80% of inlet pressure.
 - 4. Modulating service: 16-50 psig or less; pressure drop 50% of inlet pressure.
 - 5. Modulating service: Greater than 50 psig; pressure drop as scheduled
 - 6. Valves shall have stainless-steel stems and stuffing boxes with extended necks to clear the piping insulation.
 - 7. Globe valves shall have replaceable seats.
 - 8. Valves on heating systems shall fail open.

2.10 SELF-CONTAINED TEMPERATURE REGULATING VALVE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - 1. Jordan Valve; Richards Industries Company.
 - 2. Spartin
 - Danfoss
- B. Description:
 - 1. Self-contained and self-operated temperature regulating valve. Direct acting or reverse acting as required by application.

- 2. Direct Acting: A rise in temperature at the sensing bulb vaporizes some of the liquid in the bulb, forcing the remaining liquid through a capillary to apply pressure at the diaphragm, in turn closing the valve. The valve shall fail open.
- 3. Reverse Acting: A rise in temperature at the sensing bulb vaporizes some of the liquid in the bulb, forcing the remaining liquid through a capillary to apply pressure at the diaphragm, in turn opening the valve. The valve shall fail close.
- 4. Body: Carbon steel.
- 5. Trim and Seats: 300 series stainless steel.
- 6. Yoke: Cast iron.
- 7. Actuator: 300 series stainless steel.
- 8. End Connections: Threaded.
- 9. Capillary, Bulb, and Armor: 300 series stainless steel.
- 10. Thermal Fill Material: Match to the temperature range.
- 11. Thermowell: Type 316 stainless-steel thermowell sized to fit the bulb and pipe.
- C. Operational Characteristics: Control flow from between 5 to 100 percent of rated capacity.
- D. Interchangeable trim for one size smaller.
- E. Valve Leakage: Comply with FCI 70-2, Class IV.
- F. Temperature Range: Match application.
- G. Valve Size: Size to pass the design flow required with not more than 95 percent of the stem lift while operating at design pressure.

2.11 SHUT OFF VALVES

- A. Class 150 Bronze Angle Valves:
 - 1. Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-80, Type 1.
 - b. CWP Rating: 300 psig.
 - c. Body Material: ASTM B 62, bronze with integral seat and union-ring bonnet.
 - d. Ends: Threaded.
 - e. Stem and Disc: Bronze
 - f. Packing: Asbestos free.
 - g. Handwheel: Malleable iron, bronze, or aluminum.
- B. Class 150 Bronze Globe Valves:
 - 1. Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-80, Type 2.
 - b. CWP Rating: 300 psig.
 - c. Body Material: ASTM B 62, bronze with integral seat and union-ring bonnet.
 - d. Ends: Threaded.
 - e. Stem: Bronze.
 - f. Disc: Bronze or PTFE.

- g. Packing: Asbestos free.
- h. Handwheel: Malleable iron, bronze, or aluminum.
- C. Class 250 Iron Globe Valves:
 - 1. Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-85, Type I.
 - b. CWP Rating: 500 psig.
 - c. Body Material: ASTM A 126, gray iron with bolted bonnet.
 - d. Ends: Flanged.
 - e. Trim: Bronze.
 - f. Packing and Gasket: Asbestos free.
 - g. Operator: Handwheel or chainwheel.
- D. Two-Piece Brass Ball Valves with Full Port and Brass Trim:
 - Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-110.
 - b. SWP Rating: 150 psig.
 - c. CWP Rating: 600 psig.
 - d. Body Design: Two piece.
 - e. Body Material: Forged brass.
 - f. Ends: Threaded.
 - g. Seats: PTFE.
 - h. Stem: Brass.
 - i. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
 - j. Port: Full.
- E. Two-Piece Bronze Ball Valves with Full Port and Bronze or Brass Trim:
 - 1. Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-110.
 - b. SWP Rating: 150 psig.
 - c. CWP Rating: 600 psig.
 - d. Body Design: Two piece.
 - e. Body Material: Bronze.
 - f. Ends: Threaded.
 - g. Seats: PTFE.
 - h. Stem: Bronze.
 - i. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
 - j. Port: Full.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 VALVE APPLICATIONS

A. Install shutoff duty valves at branch connections to steam supply mains, at steam supply connections to equipment, and at the outlet of steam traps.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

B. Install safety valves on pressure-reducing stations and elsewhere as required by ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Install safety-valve discharge piping, without valves, to nearest floor drain or as indicated on Drawings. Comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1, for installation requirements.

3.2 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- B. Install drains, consisting of a tee fitting, NPS 3/4 full-port ball valve, and short NPS 3/4 threaded nipple with cap, at low points in piping system mains and elsewhere as required for system drainage.
- C. Install valves according to Section 230523.10 "Valves for HVAC Piping,"
- D. Install unions in piping, NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to valves, at final connections of equipment and elsewhere as indicated.
- E. Install flanges in piping, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, at final connections of equipment and elsewhere as indicated.
- F. Install shutoff valve immediately upstream of each dielectric fitting.
- G. Install strainers on supply side of control valves, pressure-reducing valves, traps, and elsewhere as indicated. Install NPS 3/4 nipple and full-port ball valve in blowdown connection of strainers NPS 2 and larger. Match size of strainer blowoff connection for strainers smaller than NPS 2.

3.3 STEAM-TRAP INSTALLATION

- A. Install steam traps in accessible locations as close as possible to connected equipment.
- B. Install full-port ball valve, strainer, and union upstream from trap; install union, check valve, and full-port ball valve downstream from trap unless otherwise indicated.

3.4 SAFETY VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. Install safety valves according to ASME B31.1, "Power Piping." ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping." ASME B31.1, "Power Piping," and ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping."
- B. Pipe safety-valve discharge without valves to atmosphere outside the building.
- C. Install drip-pan elbow fitting adjacent to safety valve and pipe drain connection to nearest floor drain.
- D. Install exhaust head with drain to waste, on vents equal to or larger than NPS 2-1/2.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

3.5 TERMINAL EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

- A. Install traps and control valves in accessible locations close to connected equipment.
- B. Install bypass piping with globe valve around control valve. If parallel control valves are installed, only one bypass is required.
- C. Install vacuum breakers downstream from control valve, close to coil inlet connection.

3.6 EXPANSION JOINT INSTALLATION

A. Install expansion joints of sizes matching sizes of piping in which they are installed.

3.7 PIPE LOOP AND SWING CONNECTION INSTALLATION

- A. Install pipe loops cold-sprung in tension or compression as required to partly absorb tension or compression produced during anticipated change in temperature.
- B. Connect risers and branch connections to terminal units with at least four pipe fittings, including tee in riser.
- C. Connect mains and branch connections to terminal units with at least four pipe fittings, including tee in main.

3.8 ALIGNMENT-GUIDE AND ANCHOR INSTALLATION

- A. Install alignment guides to guide expansion and to avoid end-loading and torsional stress.
- B. Install one guide(s) on each side of pipe expansion fittings and loops. Install guides nearest to expansion joint or loop not more than three pipe diameters from expansion joint.
- C. Attach guides to pipe, and secure guides to building structure.
- D. Install anchors at locations to prevent stresses from exceeding those permitted by ASME B31.9 and to prevent transfer of loading and stresses to connected equipment.

E. Anchor Attachments:

- 1. Anchor Attachment to Steel Pipe: Attach by welding. Comply with ASME B31.9 and ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."
- 2. Anchor Attachment to Copper Tubing: Attach with pipe hangers. Use MSS SP-69, Type 24; U bolts bolted to anchor.

- F. Fabricate and install steel anchors by welding steel shapes, plates, and bars. Comply with ASME B31.9 and AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
 - 1. Anchor Attachment to Steel Structural Members: Attach by welding.
 - 2. Anchor Attachment to Concrete Structural Members: Attach by fasteners. Follow fastener manufacturer's written instructions.
- G. Use grout to form flat bearing surfaces for guides and anchors attached to concrete.

3.9 CONTROL VALVES

- A. Install pipe reducers for valves smaller than line size. Position reducers as close to valve as possible but at distance to avoid interference and impact to performance. Install with manufacturer-recommended clearance.
- B. Install flanges or unions to allow drop-in and -out valve installation.
- C. Where indicated, install control valve with three-valve bypass manifold to allow for control valve isolation and removal without interrupting system flow by providing manual throttling valve in bypass pipe.
- D. Install drain valves in piping upstream and downstream of each control valve installed in a three-valve manifold and for each control valve larger than NPS 4.
- E. Install pressure temperature taps in piping upstream and downstream of each control valve larger than NPS 2.

F. Valve Orientation:

- 1. Where possible, install globe and ball valves installed in horizontal piping with stems upright and not more than 15 degrees off of vertical, not inverted.
- 2. Install valves in a position to allow full stem movement.
- Where possible, install butterfly valves that are installed in horizontal piping with stems in horizontal position and with low point of disc opening with direction of flow.

G. Clearance:

- 1. Locate valves for easy access and provide separate support of valves that cannot be handled by service personnel without hoisting mechanism.
- 2. Install valves with at least 12 inches of clear space around valve and between valves and adjacent surfaces.

H. Threaded Valves:

- 1. Note internal length of threads in valve ends, and proximity of valve internal seat or wall, to determine how far pipe should be threaded into valve.
- 2. Align threads at point of assembly.
- 3. Apply thread compound to external pipe threads, except where dry seal threading is specified.

- 4. Assemble joint, wrench tight. Apply wrench on valve end as pipe is being threaded.
- I. Flanged Valves:
 - 1. Align flange surfaces parallel.
 - 2. Assemble joints by sequencing bolt tightening to make initial contact of flanges and gaskets as flat and parallel as possible. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads. Tighten bolts gradually and uniformly with a torque wrench.

END OF SECTION 232216

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

SECTION 232300 - REFRIGERANT PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Refrigerant pipes and fittings.
- 2. Refrigerant piping valves and specialties.
- 3. Refrigerants.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of valve, refrigerant piping, and piping specialty.
 - 1. Include pressure drop, based on manufacturer's test data, for the following:
 - a. Thermostatic expansion valves.
 - b. Solenoid valves.
 - c. Hot-gas bypass valves.
 - d. Filter dryers.
 - e. Strainers.
 - f. Pressure-regulating valves.

B. Shop Drawings:

- Show piping size and piping layout, including oil traps, double risers, specialties, and pipe and tube sizes to accommodate, as a minimum, equipment provided, elevation difference between compressor and evaporator, and length of piping to ensure proper operation and compliance with warranties of connected equipment.
- 2. Show interface and spatial relationships between piping and equipment.
- 3. Shop Drawing Scale: 1/4 inch equals 1 foot.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For refrigerant valves and piping specialties to include in maintenance manuals.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."
- B. Comply with ASHRAE 15, "Safety Code for Refrigeration Systems."
- C. Comply with ASME B31.5, "Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components."

1.7 PRODUCT STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store piping with end caps in place to ensure that piping interior and exterior are clean when installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Line Test Pressure for Refrigerant R-134a:
 - 1. Suction Lines for Air-Conditioning Applications: 115 psig.
 - 2. Suction Lines for Heat-Pump Applications: 225 psig.
 - 3. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines: 225 psig.
- B. Line Test Pressure for Refrigerant R-407C:
 - 1. Suction Lines for Air-Conditioning Applications: 230 psig.
 - 2. Suction Lines for Heat-Pump Applications: 380 psig.
 - 3. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines: 380 psig.
- C. Line Test Pressure for Refrigerant R-410A:
 - 1. Suction Lines for Air-Conditioning Applications: 300 psig.
 - 2. Suction Lines for Heat-Pump Applications: 535 psig.
 - 3. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines: 535 psig.

2.2 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- A. Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type L Refer to section 3 for applications
- B. ASTM B 280, Type ACR. Refer to section 3 for applications

- C. Wrought-Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22.
- D. Wrought-Copper Unions: ASME B16.22.
- E. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32. Use 95-5 tin antimony or alloy HB solder to join copper socket fittings on copper pipe.
- F. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8/A5.8M.

G. Flexible Connectors:

- 1. Body: Tin-bronze bellows with woven, flexible, tinned-bronze-wire-reinforced protective jacket.
- 2. End Connections: Socket ends.
- 3. Offset Performance: Capable of minimum 3/4-inch misalignment in minimum 7-inch-long assembly.
- 4. Working Pressure Rating: Factory test at minimum 500 psig.
- 5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.

H. Flexible Connectors:

- 1. Body: Stainless-steel bellows with woven, flexible, stainless-steel-wire-reinforced protective jacket.
- 2. End Connections:
 - a. NPS 2 and Smaller: With threaded-end connections.
 - b. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: With flanged-end connections.
- 3. Offset Performance: Capable of minimum 3/4-inch misalignment in minimum 7-inch-long assembly.
- 4. Pressure Rating: Factory test at minimum 500 psig.
- 5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.

2.3 VALVES AND SPECIALTIES

A. Manufactures:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Danfoss Inc.
 - b. Heldon Products; Henry Technologies.
 - c. Paul Mueller Company.
 - d. Danfoss Inc.
 - e. Parker Hannifin Corp.
 - f. Keep-Rite Co.

B. Diaphragm Packless Valves:

- 1. Body and Bonnet: Forged brass or cast bronze; globe design with straight-through or angle pattern.
- 2. Diaphragm: Phosphor bronze and stainless steel with stainless-steel spring.
- 3. Operator: Rising stem and hand wheel.
- 4. Seat: Nylon.
- 5. End Connections: Socket, union, or flanged.
- 6. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

C. Packed-Angle Valves:

- 1. Body and Bonnet: Forged brass or cast bronze
- 2. Packing: Molded stem, back seating, and replaceable under pressure.
- 3. Operator: Rising stem.
- 4. Seat: Nonrotating, self-aligning polytetrafluoroethylene.
- 5. Seal Cap: Forged-brass or valox hex cap.
- 6. End Connections: Socket, union, threaded, or flanged.
- 7. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 8. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

D. Check Valves:

- 1. Body: Ductile iron, forged brass, or cast bronze; globe pattern.
- 2. Bonnet: Bolted ductile iron, forged brass, or cast bronze; or brass hex plug.
- 3. Piston: Removable polytetrafluoroethylene seat.
- 4. Closing Spring: Stainless steel.
- 5. Manual Opening Stem: Seal cap, plated-steel stem, and graphite seal.
- 6. End Connections: Socket, union, threaded, or flanged.
- 7. Maximum Opening Pressure: 0.50 psig.
- 8. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 9. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

E. Service Valves:

- 1. Body: Forged brass with brass cap including key end to remove core.
- 2. Core: Removable ball-type check valve with stainless-steel spring.
- 3. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
- 4. End Connections: Copper spring.
- Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- F. Solenoid Valves: Comply with AHRI 760 and UL 429; listed and labeled by a National Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL).
 - Body and Bonnet: Plated steel.
 - 2. Solenoid Tube, Plunger, Closing Spring, and Seat Orifice: Stainless steel.
 - 3. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
 - 4. End Connections: Threaded.
 - 5. Electrical: Molded, watertight coil in NEMA 250 enclosure of type required by location with 1/2-inch conduit adapter, and 24-V ac coil.

- 6. Working Pressure Rating: 400 psig.
- 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.
- G. Safety Relief Valves: Comply with 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code; listed and labeled by an NRTL.
 - 1. Body and Bonnet: Ductile iron and steel, with neoprene O-ring seal.
 - 2. Piston, Closing Spring, and Seat Insert: Stainless steel.
 - 3. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
 - 4. End Connections: Threaded.
 - 5. Working Pressure Rating: 400 psig.
 - 6. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.
- H. Thermostatic Expansion Valves: Comply with AHRI 750.
 - 1. Body, Bonnet, and Seal Cap: Forged brass or steel.
 - 2. Diaphragm, Piston, Closing Spring, and Seat Insert: Stainless steel.
 - 3. Packing and Gaskets: Non-asbestos.
 - 4. Capillary and Bulb: Copper tubing filled with refrigerant charge.
 - 5. Suction Temperature: 40 deg F.
 - 6. Superheat: Adjustable or Nonadjustable.
 - 7. Reverse-flow option (for heat-pump applications).
 - 8. End Connections: Socket, flare, or threaded union.
 - 9. Working Pressure Rating: 700 psig.
- I. Hot-Gas Bypass Valves: Comply with UL 429; listed and labeled by an NRTL.
 - 1. Body, Bonnet, and Seal Cap: Ductile iron or steel.
 - 2. Diaphragm, Piston, Closing Spring, and Seat Insert: Stainless steel.
 - 3. Packing and Gaskets: Non-asbestos.
 - 4. Solenoid Tube, Plunger, Closing Spring, and Seat Orifice: Stainless steel.
 - 5. Seat: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
 - 6. Equalizer: Internal or External.
 - 7. Electrical: Molded, watertight coil in NEMA 250 enclosure of type required by location with 1/2-inch conduit adapter and 24-V ac coil.
 - 8. End Connections: Socket.
 - 9. Throttling Range: Maximum 5 psig.
 - 10. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
 - 11. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.
- J. Straight-Type Strainers:
 - Body: Brass or welded steel with corrosion-resistant coating.
 - 2. Screen: 100-mesh stainless steel.
 - 3. End Connections: Socket or flare.
 - 4. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
 - 5. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.
- K. Angle-Type Strainers:
 - Body: Forged brass or cast bronze.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Drain Plug: Brass hex plug.
- 3. Screen: 100-mesh monel.
- 4. End Connections: Socket or flare.
- 5. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 6. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

L. Moisture/Liquid Indicators:

- 1. Body: Forged brass.
- 2. Window: Replaceable, clear, fused glass window with indicating element protected by filter screen.
- 3. Indicator: Color coded to show moisture content in parts per million (ppm).
- 4. Minimum Moisture Indicator Sensitivity: Indicate moisture above 60 ppm.
- 5. End Connections: Socket or flare.
- Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.

M. Replaceable-Core Filter Dryers: Comply with AHRI 730.

- 1. Body and Cover: Painted-steel shell with ductile-iron cover, stainless-steel screws, and neoprene gaskets.
- 2. Filter Media: 10 micron, pleated with integral end rings; stainless-steel support.
- 3. Desiccant Media: Activated alumina or charcoal.
- 4. Designed for reverse flow (for heat-pump applications).
- 5. End Connections: Socket.
- 6. Access Ports: NPS 1/4 connections at entering and leaving sides for pressure differential measurement.
- 7. Maximum Pressure Loss: 2 psig.
- 8. Rated Flow: .
- 9. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 10. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.

N. Permanent Filter Dryers: Comply with AHRI 730.

- 1. Body and Cover: Painted-steel shell.
- 2. Filter Media: 10 micron, pleated with integral end rings; stainless-steel support.
- 3. Desiccant Media: Activated alumina or charcoal.
- 4. Designed for reverse flow (for heat-pump applications).
- 5. End Connections: Socket.
- 6. Access Ports: NPS 1/4 connections at entering and leaving sides for pressure differential measurement.
- 7. Maximum Pressure Loss: 2 psig.
- 8. Rated Flow: .
- 9. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
- 10. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.

O. Mufflers:

- 1. Body: Welded steel with corrosion-resistant coating.
- 2. End Connections: Socket or flare.
- 3. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.

- 4. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.
- P. Receivers: Comply with AHRI 495.
 - Comply with 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code; listed and labeled by an NRTL.
 - 2. Comply with UL 207; listed and labeled by an NRTL.
 - 3. Body: Welded steel with corrosion-resistant coating.
 - 4. Tappings: Inlet, outlet, liquid level indicator, and safety relief valve.
 - 5. End Connections: Socket or threaded.
 - 6. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
 - 7. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.
- Q. Liquid Accumulators: Comply with AHRI 495.
 - 1. Body: Welded steel with corrosion-resistant coating.
 - 2. End Connections: Socket or threaded.
 - 3. Working Pressure Rating: 500 psig.
 - 4. Maximum Operating Temperature: 275 deg F.

R. FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

1. Corrugated stainless steel bronze hose with single layer of stainless steel exterior braiding, minimum 6 inches long with copper tube ends; for maximum working pressure 500 psi.

2.4 REFRIGERANTS

- A. ASHRAE 34, R-134a: Tetrafluoroethane.
- B. ASHRAE 34, R-407C: Difluoromethane/Pentafluoroethane/1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane.
- C. ASHRAE 34, R-410A: Pentafluoroethane/Difluoromethane.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING APPLICATIONS FOR REFRIGERANT:

- A. All refrigerant piping shall meet the equipment manufacturers requirements and recommendations.
- B. Suction Lines NPS 1-1/2 and Smaller for Conventional Air-Conditioning Applications: Copper, Type ACR, annealed-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed or soldered joints.
- C. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines, and Suction Lines for Heat-Pump Applications: Copper, Type ACR, annealed-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed or soldered joints.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- D. Hot-Gas and Liquid Lines, and Suction Lines for Heat-Pump Applications: Copper, Type K or Type L, drawn-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with soldered joints.
- E. Safety-Relief-Valve Discharge Piping: Schedule 40, black-steel and wrought-steel fittings with welded joints.
- F. Safety-Relief-Valve Discharge Piping: Copper, Type K or Type L, drawn-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with soldered joints.
 - 1. Copper, Type L, drawn-temper tubing and wrought-copper fittings with brazed or soldered joints.

3.2 VALVE AND SPECIALTY APPLICATIONS

- A. Install diaphragm packless valves in suction and discharge lines of compressor.
- B. Install service valves for gage taps at inlet and outlet of hot-gas bypass valves and strainers if they are not an integral part of valves and strainers.
- C. Install a check valve at the compressor discharge and a liquid accumulator at the compressor suction connection.
- D. Except as otherwise indicated, install diaphragm packless or packed-angle valves on inlet and outlet side of filter dryers.
- E. Install a full-size, three-valve bypass around filter dryers.
- F. Install solenoid valves upstream from each expansion valve and hot-gas bypass valve. Install solenoid valves in horizontal lines with coil at top.
- G. Install thermostatic expansion valves as close as possible to distributors on evaporators.
 - 1. Install valve so diaphragm case is warmer than bulb.
 - 2. Secure bulb to clean, straight, horizontal section of suction line using two bulb straps. Do not mount bulb in a trap or at bottom of the line.
 - 3. If external equalizer lines are required, make connection where it will reflect suction-line pressure at bulb location.
- H. Install safety relief valves where required by 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Pipe safety-relief-valve discharge line to outside according to ASHRAE 15.
- I. Install moisture/liquid indicators in liquid line at the inlet of the thermostatic expansion valve or at the inlet of the evaporator coil capillary tube.
- J. Install strainers upstream from and adjacent to the following unless they are furnished as an integral assembly for the device being protected:

- 1. Solenoid valves.
- 2. Thermostatic expansion valves.
- Hot-gas bypass valves.
- 4. Compressor.
- K. Install filter dryers in liquid line between compressor and thermostatic expansion valve, and in the suction line at the compressor.
- L. Install receivers sized to accommodate pump-down charge.
- M. Install flexible connectors at compressors.

3.3 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems; indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings.
- B. Install refrigerant piping according to ASHRAE 15 and in accordance the unit manufactures guidelines. Maintain refrigerant velocities within manufactures recommendations in order to keep oil entrained.
- C. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- D. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- E. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- F. Install piping adjacent to machines to allow service and maintenance.
- G. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- I. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- J. Refer to Section 230923 "Direct Digital Control (DDC) System for HVAC" and Section 230993.11 "Sequence of Operations for HVAC DDC" for solenoid valve controllers, control wiring, and sequence of operation.

- K. Install piping as short and direct as possible, with a minimum number of joints, elbows, and fittings.
- L. Arrange piping to allow inspection and service of refrigeration equipment. Install valves and specialties in accessible locations to allow for service and inspection. Install access doors or panels as specified in Section 083113 "Access Doors and Frames" if valves or equipment requiring maintenance is concealed behind finished surfaces.
- M. Install refrigerant piping in protective conduit where installed belowground.
- N. Install refrigerant piping in rigid or flexible conduit in locations where exposed to mechanical injury.
- O. Slope refrigerant piping as follows:
 - 1. Install horizontal hot-gas discharge piping with a uniform slope downward away from compressor.
 - 2. Install horizontal suction lines with a uniform slope downward to compressor.
 - 3. Install traps and double risers to entrain oil in vertical runs.
 - 4. Liquid lines may be installed level.
- P. When brazing or soldering, remove solenoid-valve coils and sight glasses; also remove valve stems, seats, and packing, and accessible internal parts of refrigerant specialties. Do not apply heat near expansion-valve bulb.
- Q. Before installation of steel refrigerant piping, clean pipe and fittings using the following procedures:
 - 1. Remove coarse particles of dirt and dust by drawing a clean, lintless cloth through tubing by means of a wire or electrician's tape.
 - 2. Draw a clean, lintless cloth saturated with trichloroethylene through the tube or pipe. Continue this procedure until cloth is not discolored by dirt.
 - 3. Draw a clean, lintless cloth, saturated with compressor oil, squeezed dry, through the tube or pipe to remove remaining lint. Inspect tube or pipe visually for remaining dirt and lint.
 - 4. Finally, draw a clean, dry, lintless cloth through the tube or pipe.
 - 5. Safety-relief-valve discharge piping is not required to be cleaned but is required to be open, to allow unrestricted flow.
- R. Install piping with adequate clearance between pipe and adjacent walls and hangers or between pipes for insulation installation.
- S. Identify refrigerant piping and valves according to Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment."
- T. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- U. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs. Comply with requirements for sleeve seals specified in Section 230517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for HVAC Piping."
- V. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Section 230518 "Escutcheons for HVAC Piping."
- W. Install refrigerant pipping to allow expansion and contraction of piping without deformation or bending or sagging. Provide expansion fittings, bends or elbows to allow expansion in accordance with manufactures temperature operating range.

3.4 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.
- C. Fill pipe and fittings with an inert gas (nitrogen or carbon dioxide), during brazing or welding, to prevent scale formation.
- D. Soldered Joints: Construct joints according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."
- E. Brazed Joints: Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," Chapter "Pipe and Tube."
 - 1. Use Type BCuP (copper-phosphorus) alloy for joining copper socket fittings with copper pipe.
 - 2. Use Type BAg (cadmium-free silver) alloy for joining copper with bronze or steel.
- F. Threaded Joints: Thread steel pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and to restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
 - 1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dryseal threading is specified.
 - 2. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.
- G. Steel pipe can be threaded, but threaded joints must be seal brazed or seal welded.
- H. Welded Joints: Construct joints according to AWS D10.12M/D10.12.

I. Flanged Joints: Select appropriate gasket material, size, type, and thickness for service application. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads.

3.5 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with requirements for pipe hangers and supports specified in Section 230529 "Hangers and Supports for HVAC Piping and Equipment."
- B. Install the following pipe attachments:
 - 1. Adjustable steel clevis hangers for individual horizontal runs less than 20 feet long.
 - 2. Roller hangers and spring hangers for individual horizontal runs 20 feet or longer.
 - 3. Pipe Roller: MSS SP-58, Type 44 for multiple horizontal piping 20 feet or longer, supported on a trapeze.
 - 4. Spring hangers to support vertical runs.
 - 5. Copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper pipe.
- C. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1/2: Maximum span, 60 inches; minimum rod, 1/4 inch.
 - 2. NPS 5/8: Maximum span, 60 inches; minimum rod, 1/4 inch.
 - 3. NPS 1: Maximum span, 72 inches; minimum rod, 1/4 inch.
 - 4. NPS 1-1/4: Maximum span, 96 inches; minimum rod, 3/8 inch.
 - 5. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 96 inches; minimum rod, 3/8 inch.
 - 6. NPS 2: Maximum span, 96 inches; minimum rod, 3/8 inch.
 - 7. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 108 inches; minimum rod, 3/8 inch.
 - 8. NPS 3: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod, 3/8 inch.
 - 9. NPS 4: Maximum span, 12 feet; minimum rod, 1/2 inch.
- D. Install hangers for steel piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 2: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod, 3/8 inch.
 - 2. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 11 feet; minimum rod, 3/8 inch.
 - 3. NPS 3: Maximum span, 12 feet: minimum rod, 3/8 inch.
 - 4. NPS 4: Maximum span, 14 feet; minimum rod, 1/2 inch.
- E. Support multifloor vertical runs at least at each floor.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform the following tests and inspections:

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Comply with ASME B31.5, Chapter VI.
- Test refrigerant piping, specialties, and receivers. Isolate compressor, condenser, evaporator, and safety devices from test pressure if they are not rated above the test pressure.
- 3. Test high- and low-pressure side piping of each system separately at not less than the pressures indicated in "Performance Requirements" Article.
 - a. Fill system with nitrogen to the required test pressure.
 - b. System shall maintain test pressure at the manifold gage throughout duration of test.
 - c. Test joints and fittings with electronic leak detector or by brushing a small amount of soap and glycerin solution over joints.
 - d. Remake leaking joints using new materials, and retest until satisfactory results are achieved.
- B. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.7 SYSTEM CHARGING

- A. Charge system using the following procedures:
 - 1. Install core in filter dryers after leak test but before evacuation.
 - 2. Evacuate entire refrigerant system with a vacuum pump to 500 micrometers. If vacuum holds for 12 hours, system is ready for charging.
 - 3. Break vacuum with refrigerant gas, allowing pressure to build up to 2 psig.
 - 4. Charge system with a new filter-dryer core in charging line.

3.8 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust thermostatic expansion valve to obtain proper evaporator superheat.
- B. Adjust high- and low-pressure switch settings to avoid short cycling in response to fluctuating suction pressure.
- C. Adjust set-point temperature of air-conditioning or chilled-water controllers to the system design temperature.
- D. Perform the following adjustments before operating the refrigeration system, according to manufacturer's written instructions:
 - 1. Open shutoff valves in condenser water circuit.
 - 2. Verify that compressor oil level is correct.
 - Open compressor suction and discharge valves.
 - 4. Open refrigerant valves except bypass valves that are used for other purposes.
 - 5. Check open compressor-motor alignment and verify lubrication for motors and bearings.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

E. Replace core of replaceable filter dryer after system has been adjusted and after design flow rates and pressures are established.

END OF SECTION 232300

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

SECTION 233113 - METAL DUCTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Single-wall rectangular ducts and fittings.
- 2. Single-wall round and flat-oval ducts and fittings.
- 3. Sheet metal materials.
- 4. Duct liner.
- 5. Sealants and gaskets.
- 6. Hangers and supports.
- 7. Seismic-restraint devices.

B. Related Sections:

- 1. Section 230593 "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC" for testing, adjusting, and balancing requirements for metal ducts.
- 2. Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for dampers, sound-control devices, duct-mounting access doors and panels, turning vanes, and flexible ducts.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Duct Design: Duct construction, including sheet metal thicknesses, seam and joint construction, reinforcements, and hangers and supports, shall comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" and performance requirements and design criteria indicated in "Duct Schedule" Article.
- B. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with the airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following products:
 - Liners and adhesives.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

2. Sealants and gaskets.

B. Sustainable Design Submittals:

- 1. Product Data: For adhesives, indicating VOC content.
- 2. Laboratory Test Reports: For adhesives, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.
- 3. Product Data: For sealants, indicating VOC content.
- 4. Laboratory Test Reports: For sealants, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.
- 5. Laboratory Test Reports: For antimicrobial coatings, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.

C. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Fabrication, assembly, and installation, including plans, elevations, sections, components, and attachments to other work.
- 2. Factory- and shop-fabricated ducts and fittings.
- 3. Duct layout indicating sizes, configuration, liner material, and static-pressure classes.
- 4. Elevation of top of ducts.
- 5. Dimensions of main duct runs from building grid lines.
- 6. Fittings.
- 7. Reinforcement and spacing.
- 8. Seam and joint construction.
- 9. Penetrations through fire-rated and other partitions.
- 10. Equipment installation based on equipment being used on Project.
- 11. Locations for duct accessories, including dampers, turning vanes, and access doors and panels.
- 12. Hangers and supports, including methods for duct and building attachment.
- 13. Seismic restraints, where applicable
- 14. Vibration isolation.

D. Delegated-Design Submittal:

- 1. Sheet metal thicknesses.
- 2. Joint and seam construction and sealing.
- 3. Reinforcement details and spacing.
- 4. Materials, fabrication, assembly, and spacing of hangers and supports.
- 5. Design Calculations: Calculations, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation for selecting hangers and supports and seismic restraints. For seismic bracing only

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Coordination Drawings: Plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Duct installation in congested spaces, indicating coordination with general construction, building components, and other building services. Indicate proposed changes to duct layout.
- 2. Suspended ceiling components.
- 3. Structural members to which duct will be attached.
- 4. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
- 5. Penetrations of smoke barriers and fire-rated construction.
- 6. Items penetrating finished ceiling including the following:
 - a. Luminaires.
 - b. Air outlets and inlets.
 - c. Speakers.
 - d. Sprinklers.
 - e. Access panels.
 - f. Perimeter moldings.
- B. Welding certificates.
- C. Field quality-control reports.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel," for hangers and supports.
 - 2. AWS D9.1M/D9.1, "Sheet Metal Welding Code," for duct joint and seam welding.
- B. ASHRAE/IES Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IES 90.1, Section 6.4.4 "HVAC System Construction and Insulation."
- C. Construct ductwork to NFPA 90A and NFPA 90B standards. All work, materials and equipment shall comply with the latest requirements of NFPA 90A, standards and the local authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. All ductwork and fan and apparatus plenums constructed and having supported in accordance with the latest standards of the ASHRAE Guide and the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA).
- E. Bracing, gauges, and supports indicated in SMACNA manuals are the minimum acceptable. Additional bracing or supports shall be installed to eliminate any distortion or vibration when the systems are operating or under tests.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 General

- A. General: Non-combustible or conforming to requirements for Class 1 air duct materials, or UL 181.
- B. Galvanized Steel Ducts: ASTM A525 and ASTM A527 galvanized steel sheet, lock-forming quality, having zinc coating of 1.25 oz per sq ft for each side in conformance with ASTM A90.
- C. Dissimilar Metals: Separate connections between dissimilar metals with Dielectric Insulation. Joints between dissimilar metal duct sections to be made with Companion flanges separated by a Neoprene gasket.
- D. Fasteners: Rivets, bolts, screens, and other hardware used in the sheet metal construction to be constructed of materials identical or similar to the duct material to prevent galvanic corrosion.
- E. Sealant: Non-hardening, water resistant, fire resistive, compatible with mating materials; liquid used alone or with tape, or heavy mastic as manufactured by 3M Company EC-800.
- F. Hanger Rod: Steel, galvanized; threaded both ends, threaded one end, or continuously threaded.

2.2 SINGLE-WALL RECTANGULAR DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-1, "Rectangular Duct/Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- C. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Duct/Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- D. Elbows, Transitions, Offsets, Branch Connections, and Other Duct Construction: Select types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 4, "Fittings and Other Construction," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."

2.3 DOUBLE-WALL RECTANGULAR DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. Provide products from one of the following manufactures
 - 1. McGill Airflow LLC
 - 2. Zen Industries
 - Lindab
 - 4. Spiral Manufacturing Co. Inc.
- B. Rectangular Ducts: Fabricate ducts with indicated dimensions for the inner duct.
- C. Outer Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-1, "Rectangular Duct/Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- E. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Duct/Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- F. Interstitial Insulation: Fibrous-glass liner complying with ASTM C 1071, NFPA 90A, or NFPA 90B; and with NAIMA AH124, "Fibrous Glass Duct Liner Standard." For standard applications
 - 1. Maximum Thermal Conductivity: 0.27 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. x deg F at 75 deg F mean temperature.
 - 2. Install spacers that position the inner duct at uniform distance from outer duct without compressing insulation.
 - 3. Coat insulation with antimicrobial coating.
 - 4. Cover insulation with polyester film complying with UL 181, Class 1.
- G. Interstitial Insulation: Flexible elastomeric duct liner complying with ASTM C 534, Type II for sheet materials, and with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B. For Humid and damp area applications including Natatoriums and Saunas.
- H. Inner Duct: Minimum 0.028-inch perforated galvanized sheet steel having 3/32-inch-diameter perforations, with overall open area of 23 percent.
- I. Formed-on Transverse Joints (Flanges): Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-1, "Rectangular Duct/Traverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."

J. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Duct/Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."

2.4 SINGLE-WALL ROUND AND FLAT-OVAL DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 3, "Round, Oval, and Flexible Duct," based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Provide products from one of the following manufactures
 - 1. McGill Airflow LLC
 - 2. Zen Industries
 - 3. Lindab
 - 4. Spiral Manufacturing Co. Inc.
- C. Flat-Oval Ducts: Indicated dimensions are the duct width (major dimension) and diameter of the round sides connecting the flat portions of the duct (minor dimension).
- D. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-1, "Round Duct Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
 - 1. Transverse Joints in Ducts Larger Than 60 Inches in Diameter: Flanged.
- E. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-2, "Round Duct Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
 - 1. Fabricate round ducts larger than 90 inches in diameter with butt-welded longitudinal seams.
 - 2. Fabricate flat-oval ducts larger than 72 inches in width (major dimension) with butt-welded longitudinal seams.
- F. Tees and Laterals: Select types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-5, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-6, "Conical Tees," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 2.5 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- A. General Material Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.
- B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - 1. Galvanized Coating Designation: G90.
 - 2. Finishes for Surfaces Exposed to View: Mill phosphatized.
- C. PVC-Coated, Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - 1. Galvanized Coating Designation: G90.
 - 2. Minimum Thickness for Factory-Applied PVC Coating: 4 mils thick on sheet metal surface of ducts and fittings exposed to corrosive conditions, and minimum 1 mil thick on opposite surface.
 - 3. Coating Materials: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for use on ducts listed and labeled by an NRTL for compliance with UL 181, Class 1.
- D. Carbon-Steel Sheets: Comply with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, with oiled, matte finish for exposed ducts.
- E. Stainless-Steel Sheets: Comply with ASTM A 480/A 480M, Type 316, as indicated in the "Duct Schedule" Article; cold rolled, annealed, sheet. Exposed surface finish shall be No. 2B, No. 2D, No. 3, or No. 4 as indicated in the "Duct Schedule" Article.
- F. Aluminum Sheets: Comply with ASTM B 209 Alloy 3003, H14 temper; with mill finish for concealed ducts, and standard, one-side bright finish for duct surfaces exposed to view.
- G. Factory- or Shop-Applied Antimicrobial Coating:
 - 1. Apply to the surface of sheet metal that will form the interior surface of the duct. An untreated clear coating shall be applied to the exterior surface.
 - 2. Antimicrobial compound shall be tested for efficacy by an NRTL and registered by the EPA for use in HVAC systems.
 - 3. Coating containing the antimicrobial compound shall have a hardness of 2H, minimum, when tested according to ASTM D 3363.
 - 4. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Maximum flame-spread index of 25 and maximum smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
 - 5. Shop-Applied Coating Color: Black OR White.
 - 6. Antimicrobial coating on sheet metal is not required for duct containing liner treated with antimicrobial coating.
- H. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- Where black- and galvanized-steel shapes and plates are used to reinforce aluminum ducts, isolate the different metals with butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM gasket materials.
- I. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

2.6 DUCT LINER

- A. Fibrous-Glass Duct Liner: Comply with ASTM C 1071, NFPA 90A, or NFPA 90B; and with NAIMA AH124, "Fibrous Glass Duct Liner Standard."
 - a. Maximum Thermal Conductivity:
 - 1) Type I, Flexible: 0.27 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. x deg F at 75 deg F mean temperature.
 - 2) Type II, Rigid: 0.23 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. x deg F at 75 deg F mean temperature.
 - 2. Antimicrobial Erosion-Resistant Coating: Apply to the surface of the liner that will form the interior surface of the duct to act as a moisture repellent and erosion-resistant coating. Antimicrobial compound shall be tested for efficacy by an NRTL and registered by the EPA for use in HVAC systems.
 - 3. Solvent Water-Based Liner Adhesive: Comply with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B and with ASTM C 916.
- B. Flexible Elastomeric Duct Liner: Preformed, cellular, closed-cell, sheet materials complying with ASTM C 534, Type II, Grade 1; and with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B.
 - Surface-Burning Characteristics: Maximum flame-spread index of 25 and maximum smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
- C. Liner Adhesive: As recommended by insulation manufacturer and complying with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B. For application in damp or humid environments including natatoriums and Saunas.
- D. Insulation Pins and Washers:
 - 1. Cupped-Head, Capacitor-Discharge-Weld Pins: Copper- or zinc-coated steel pin, fully annealed for capacitor-discharge welding, 0.135-inch- diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated with integral 1-1/2-inch galvanized carbon-steel washer.
 - 2. Insulation-Retaining Washers: Self-locking washers formed from 0.016-inch-thick galvanized steel, aluminum, or stainless steel to match ductwork; with beveled edge sized as required to hold insulation securely in place but not less than 1-1/2 inches in diameter.
- E. Shop Application of Duct Liner: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 7-11, "Flexible Duct Liner Installation."

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- Adhere a single layer of indicated thickness of duct liner with at least 90 percent adhesive coverage at liner contact surface area. Attaining indicated thickness with multiple layers of duct liner is prohibited.
- 2. Apply adhesive to transverse edges of liner facing upstream that do not receive metal nosing.
- 3. Butt transverse joints without gaps, and coat joint with adhesive.
- 4. Fold and compress liner in corners of rectangular ducts or cut and fit to ensure butted-edge overlapping.
- 5. Do not apply liner in rectangular ducts with longitudinal joints, except at corners of ducts, unless duct size and dimensions of standard liner make longitudinal joints necessary.
- 6. Apply adhesive coating on longitudinal seams in ducts with air velocity of 2500 fpm.
- 7. Secure liner with mechanical fasteners 4 inches from corners and at intervals not exceeding 12 inches transversely; at 3 inches from transverse joints and at intervals not exceeding 18 inches longitudinally.
- 8. Secure transversely oriented liner edges facing the airstream with metal nosings that have either channel or "Z" profiles or are integrally formed from duct wall. Fabricate edge facings at the following locations:
 - a. Fan discharges.
 - b. Intervals of lined duct preceding unlined duct.
 - c. Upstream edges of transverse joints in ducts where air velocities are higher than 2500 fpm or where indicated.
- 9. Terminate inner ducts with buildouts attached to fire-damper sleeves, dampers, turning vane assemblies, or other devices. Fabricated buildouts (metal hat sections) or other buildout means are optional; when used, secure buildouts to duct walls with bolts, screws, rivets, or welds.

2.7 SEALANT AND GASKETS

- A. General Sealant and Gasket Requirements: Surface-burning characteristics for sealants and gaskets shall be a maximum flame-spread index of 25 and a maximum smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
- B. Two-Part Tape Sealing System:
 - 1. Tape: Woven cotton fiber impregnated with mineral gypsum and modified acrylic/silicone activator to react exothermically with tape to form hard, durable, airtight seal.
 - 2. Tape Width: 4 inches.
 - 3. Sealant: Modified styrene acrylic.
 - Water resistant.
 - 5. Mold and mildew resistant.
 - 6. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive and negative.
 - 7. Service: Indoor and outdoor.
 - 8. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

9. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum.

C. Water-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:

- 1. Application Method: Brush on.
- 2. Solids Content: Minimum 65 percent.
- 3. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 20.
- 4. Water resistant.
- 5. Mold and mildew resistant.
- 6. VOC: Maximum 75 g/L (less water).
- 7. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive and negative.
- 8. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
- 9. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum sheets.

D. Solvent-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:

- 1. Application Method: Brush on.
- 2. Base: Synthetic rubber resin.
- 3. Solvent: Toluene and heptane.
- 4. Solids Content: Minimum 60 percent.
- 5. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 60.
- 6. Water resistant.
- 7. Mold and mildew resistant.
- 8. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive or negative.
- 9. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
- 10. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum sheets.

E. Flanged Joint Sealant: Comply with ASTM C 920.

- 1. General: Single-component, acid-curing, silicone, elastomeric.
- 2. Type: S.
- 3. Grade: NS.
- 4. Class: 25.
- Use: O.
- F. Flange Gaskets: Butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM polymer with polyisobutylene plasticizer.

G. Round Duct Joint O-Ring Seals:

- 1. Seal shall provide maximum leakage class of 3 cfm/100 sq. ft. at 1-inch wg and shall be rated for10-inch wg static-pressure class, positive or negative.
- 2. EPDM O-ring to seal in concave bead in coupling or fitting spigot.
- 3. Double-lipped, EPDM O-ring seal, mechanically fastened to factory-fabricated couplings and fitting spigots.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 2.8 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Hanger Rods for Noncorrosive Environments: Cadmium-plated steel rods and nuts.
- B. Hanger Rods for Corrosive Environments: Electrogalvanized, all-thread rods or galvanized rods with threads painted with zinc-chromate primer after installation.
- C. Strap and Rod Sizes: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct."
- D. Steel Cables for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized steel complying with ASTM A 603.
- E. Steel Cables for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless steel complying with ASTM A 492.
- F. Steel Cable End Connections: Cadmium-plated steel assemblies with brackets, swivel, and bolts designed for duct hanger service; with an automatic-locking and clamping device.
- G. Duct Attachments: Sheet metal screws, blind rivets, or self-tapping metal screws; compatible with duct materials.
- H. Trapeze and Riser Supports:
 - 1. Supports for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized-steel shapes and plates.
 - 2. Supports for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless-steel shapes and plates.
 - 3. Supports for Aluminum Ducts: Aluminum or galvanized steel coated with zinc chromate.

2.9 SEISMIC-RESTRAINT DEVICES

- A. General Requirements for Restraint Components: Rated strengths, features, and applications shall be as defined in reports by an evaluation service member of the ICC Evaluation Service or an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Structural Safety Factor: Allowable strength in tension, shear, and pullout force of components shall be at least four times the maximum seismic forces to which they will be subjected.
- B. Channel Support System: Shop- or field-fabricated support assembly made of slotted steel channels rated in tension, compression, and torsion forces and with accessories for attachment to braced component at one end and to building structure at the other end. Include matching components and corrosion-resistant coating.
- C. Restraint Cables: ASTM A 603, galvanized or ASTM A 492, stainless-steel cables with end connections made of cadmium-plated steel assemblies with brackets, swivel, and bolts designed for restraining cable service; and with an automatic-locking and clamping device or double-cable clips.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- D. Hanger Rod Stiffener: Steel tube or steel slotted-support-system sleeve with internally bolted connections or Reinforcing steel angle clamped to hanger rod.
- E. Mechanical Anchor Bolts: Drilled-in and stud-wedge or female-wedge type. Select anchor bolts with strength required for anchor and as tested according to ASTM E 488.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DUCT INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of duct system. Indicated duct locations, configurations, and arrangements were used to size ducts and calculate friction loss for air-handling equipment sizing and for other design considerations. Install duct systems as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings and Coordination Drawings.
- B. Install ducts according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install ducts in maximum practical lengths and with fewest possible joints
- D. Install factory- or shop-fabricated fittings for changes in direction, size, and shape and for branch connections. Increase duct sizes gradually, not exceeding 15 degrees divergence wherever possible; maximum 0 degrees divergence upstream of equipment and 45 degrees convergence downstream.
- E. Unless otherwise indicated, install ducts vertically and horizontally, and parallel and perpendicular to building lines.
- F. Install ducts close to walls, overhead construction, columns, and other structural and permanent enclosure elements of building.
- G. Install ducts with a clearance of 2 inch, plus allowance for insulation thickness and with sufficient space around equipment to allow normal operating and maintenance activities. Provide easements where ductwork conflicts with piping and structure. Where easements exceed 10 percent duct area, split into two ducts maintaining original duct area.
- H. Provide standard 45 degree lateral wye takeoffs unless otherwise indicated where 90 degree conical tee connections may be used.
- I. Route ducts to avoid passing through transformer vaults and electrical equipment rooms and enclosures.
- J. Where ducts pass through non-fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls and are exposed to view, cover the opening between the partition and duct or duct insulation with sheet metal flanges of same metal thickness as the duct. Overlap openings on four sides by at least 1-1/2 inches.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- K. Where ducts pass through fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls, install fire dampers. Comply with requirements in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for all installations as well as fire and smoke dampers.
- L. Protect duct interiors from moisture, construction debris and dust, and other foreign materials. Comply with SMACNA's "IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction," Appendix G, "Duct Cleanliness for New Construction Guidelines."
- M. Provide openings in ductwork where required to accommodate thermometers and controllers. Provide pilot tube openings where required for testing of systems, complete with metal can with spring device or screw to ensure against air leakage. Where openings are provided in insulated ductwork, install insulation material inside a metal ring.
- N. Where hanger rods must pierce ducts, provide closure plates around rods and fasten to duct using screws, rivets or welding. Seal with sealing compound.
- O. Construct T's, bends, and elbows with radius of not less than 1-1/2 times width of duct on centerline. Where not possible and where rectangular elbows are used, provide airfoil turning vanes. Where acoustical lining is indicated, provide turning vanes of perforated metal with glass fiber insulation.
- P. Where ductwork penetrates roofs or outside walls, seal the space around ductwork air tight with fire rated expanding spray foam sealer similar to 3-M Fire Block Foam. This also applies to duct roof penetrations into roof curbs.
- Q. All ductwork shall be inspected and pressure tested prior to enclosing in general construction or concealment above hung ceilings

3.2 INSTALLATION OF EXPOSED DUCTWORK

- A. Protect ducts exposed in finished spaces from being dented, scratched, or damaged.
- B. Trim duct sealants flush with metal. Create a smooth and uniform exposed bead. Do not use two-part tape sealing system. Use clear duct sealant.
- C. Grind welds to provide smooth surface free of burrs, sharp edges, and weld splatter. When welding stainless steel with a No. 3 or 4 finish, grind the welds flush, polish the exposed welds, and treat the welds to remove discoloration caused by welding.
- D. Maintain consistency, symmetry, and uniformity in the arrangement and fabrication of fittings, hangers and supports, duct accessories, and air outlets.
- E. Repair or replace damaged sections and finished work that does not comply with these requirements.
- F. Where indicated on plans, and specifically gymnasium, stage and cafeteria, Prime ductwork and paint with one coat enamel base paint. Color as per architectural plans.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations prior to priming by "pickling" in accordance

All ductwork surface finish shall be treated prior to priming by "pickling" in accordance with industry standards and paint manufactures requirements.

G. Duct sealants used on exposed ductwork of any type shall be clear.

3.3 DUCT SEALING

A. Seal ducts at a minimum to the following seal classes according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible": typical for all services;

Leakage and Seal Classification Table					
System operating pressure in wc	<2" low	2"≥med<3"	High≥3"		
Seal Class	c	В	А		
Sealing	Transvers e joints	Transverse joints and seams	Transverse joints and seams and all wall penetrations		
Leakage class CL factor	24	12	4		

In addition to the above, any variable air volume system duct of 1" and ½" wg con-struction class that is upstream of the VAV boxes shall meet Seal Class C.

3.4 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 5, "Hangers and Supports."
- B. Building Attachments: Concrete inserts, powder-actuated fasteners, or structural-steel fasteners appropriate for construction materials to which hangers are being attached.
 - 1. Where practical, install concrete inserts before placing concrete.
 - 2. Install powder-actuated concrete fasteners after concrete is placed and completely cured.
 - 3. Use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for standard-weight aggregate concretes or for slabs more than 4 inches thick.
 - 4. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for lightweight-aggregate concretes or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
 - 5. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for seismic restraints.
- C. Hanger Spacing: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct," for maximum hanger spacing; install hangers and supports within 24 inches of each elbow and within 48 inches of each branch intersection.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- D. Hangers Exposed to View: Threaded rod and angle or channel supports.
- E. Support vertical ducts with steel angles or channel secured to the sides of the duct with welds, bolts, sheet metal screws, or blind rivets; support at each floor and at a maximum interval of 16 feet.
- F. Install upper attachments to structures. Select and size upper attachments with pullout, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
- G. Where hanger rods must pierce ducts, provide closure plates around rods and fasten to duct using screws, rivets or welding. Seal with sealing compound

3.5 SEISMIC-RESTRAINT-DEVICE INSTALLATION

- A. Install ducts with hangers and braces designed to support the duct and to restrain against seismic forces required by applicable building codes. Comply with SMACNA's "Seismic Restraint Manual: Guidelines for Mechanical Systems." ASCE/SEI 7.
 - 1. Space lateral supports a maximum of 40 feet o.c., and longitudinal supports a maximum of 80 feet o.c.
 - 2. Brace a change of direction longer than 12 feet.
- B. Select seismic-restraint devices with capacities adequate to carry present and future static and seismic loads.
- C. Install cables so they do not bend across edges of adjacent equipment or building structure.
- D. Install cable restraints on ducts that are suspended with vibration isolators.
- E. Install seismic-restraint devices using methods approved by an evaluation service member of the ICC Evaluation Service or an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- F. Attachment to Structure: If specific attachment is not indicated, anchor bracing and restraints to structure, to flanges of beams, to upper truss chords of bar joists, or to concrete members.
- G. Drilling for and Setting Anchors:
 - Identify position of reinforcing steel and other embedded items prior to drilling holes for anchors. Do not damage existing reinforcement or embedded items during drilling. Notify the Architect if reinforcing steel or other embedded items are encountered during drilling. Locate and avoid prestressed tendons, electrical and telecommunications conduit, and gas lines.
 - 2. Do not drill holes in concrete or masonry until concrete, mortar, or grout has achieved full design strength.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 3. Wedge Anchors: Protect threads from damage during anchor installation. Heavyduty sleeve anchors shall be installed with sleeve fully engaged in the structural element to which anchor is to be fastened.
- 4. Set anchors to manufacturer's recommended torque, using a torque wrench.
- 5. Install zinc-coated steel anchors for interior applications and stainless-steel anchors for applications exposed to weather.

3.6 CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections to equipment with flexible connectors complying with Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."
- B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for branch, outlet and inlet, and terminal unit connections.
- C. Smoke purge supply and exhaust systems and stair pressure systems. Flexible connection shall be permitted at diffusers, a maximum of 3' long, and flexible connections are permitted at air handling equipment for vibration isolation only.

D. INSULATED FLEXIBLE DUCTS

- UL 181, Class 0, interlocking spiral of aluminum foil; fiberglass insulation; polyethylene vapor barrier film.
- 2. Pressure Rating: 8 inches WG positive or negative.
- 3. Maximum Velocity: 5000 fpm
- 4. Temperature Range: -20 degrees F to 250 degrees F.

3.7 PAINTING

A. Paint interior of metal ducts that are visible through registers and grilles and that do not have duct liner. Apply one coat of flat, black, latex paint over a compatible galvanized-steel primer. Paint materials and application requirements are specified in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting" and Section 099123 "Interior Painting."

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Leakage Tests:
 - 1. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual." Submit a test report for each test.

233113 - 16

- 2. Test the following systems:
 - a. All Ducts with a Pressure Class equal to or Higher Than 2-Inch wg: Test representative duct sections totaling no less than 25 percent of total installed duct area for each system of the designated pressure class.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- b. All smoke purge system Ducts, including supply exhaust and return air. All stair pressurization ductwork. Test representative duct sections totaling no less than 50 percent of total installed duct area of each system.
- 3. Disassemble, reassemble, and seal segments of systems to accommodate leakage testing and for compliance with test requirements.
- 4. Test for leaks before applying external insulation.
- Conduct tests at static pressures equal to maximum design pressure of system or section being tested. If static-pressure classes are not indicated, test system at maximum system design pressure. Do not pressurize systems above maximum design operating pressure.
- 6. Give seven days' advance notice for testing.

C. Duct System Cleanliness Tests:

- 1. Visually inspect duct system to ensure that no visible contaminants are present.
- 2. Test sections of metal duct system, chosen randomly by Owner, for cleanliness according to "Vacuum Test" in NADCA ACR, "Assessment, Cleaning and Restoration of HVAC Systems."
 - Acceptable Cleanliness Level: Net weight of debris collected on the filter media shall not exceed 0.75 mg/100 sq. cm.
- D. Duct system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.9 DUCT CLEANING

- A. Clean new duct system(s) before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- B. Use service openings for entry and inspection.
 - Create new openings and install access panels appropriate for duct staticpressure class if required for cleaning access. Provide insulated panels for insulated or lined duct. Patch insulation and liner as recommended by duct liner manufacturer. Comply with Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for access panels and doors.
 - 2. Disconnect and reconnect flexible ducts as needed for cleaning and inspection.
 - 3. Remove and reinstall ceiling to gain access during the cleaning process.

C. Particulate Collection and Odor Control:

- 1. When venting vacuuming system inside the building, use HEPA filtration with 99.97 percent collection efficiency for 0.3-micron-size (or larger) particles.
- 2. When venting vacuuming system to outdoors, use filter to collect debris removed from HVAC system, and locate exhaust downwind and away from air intakes and other points of entry into building.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- D. Clean the following components by removing surface contaminants and deposits:
 - 1. Air outlets and inlets (registers, grilles, and diffusers).
 - 2. Supply, return, and exhaust fans including fan housings, plenums (except ceiling supply and return plenums), scrolls, blades or vanes, shafts, baffles, dampers, and drive assemblies.
 - 3. Air-handling unit internal surfaces and components including mixing box, coil section, air wash systems, spray eliminators, condensate drain pans, humidifiers and dehumidifiers, filters and filter sections, and condensate collectors and drains.
 - 4. Coils and related components.
 - 5. Return-air ducts, dampers, actuators, and turning vanes except in ceiling plenums and mechanical equipment rooms.
 - 6. Supply-air ducts, dampers, actuators, and turning vanes.
 - 7. Dedicated exhaust and ventilation components and makeup air systems.

E. Mechanical Cleaning Methodology:

- 1. Clean metal duct systems using mechanical cleaning methods that extract contaminants from within duct systems and remove contaminants from building.
- 2. Use vacuum-collection devices that are operated continuously during cleaning. Connect vacuum device to downstream end of duct sections so areas being cleaned are under negative pressure.
- 3. Use mechanical agitation to dislodge debris adhered to interior duct surfaces without damaging integrity of metal ducts, duct liner, or duct accessories.
- 4. Clean fibrous-glass duct liner with HEPA vacuuming equipment; do not permit duct liner to get wet. Replace fibrous-glass duct liner that is damaged, deteriorated, or delaminated or that has friable material, mold, or fungus growth.
- 5. Clean coils and coil drain pans according to NADCA 1992. Keep drain pan operational. Rinse coils with clean water to remove latent residues and cleaning materials; comb and straighten fins.
- 6. Provide drainage and cleanup for wash-down procedures.
- 7. Antimicrobial Agents and Coatings: Apply EPA-registered antimicrobial agents if fungus is present. Apply antimicrobial agents according to manufacturer's written instructions after removal of surface deposits and debris.

3.10 SMOKE AND HEAT DETECTOR INSTALLATION

A. Duct mounted smoke and heat detectors will be supplied under the Electrical Division. This Contractor to coordinate duct sizes and provide labor to install sensing probes into ductwork.

3.11 DUCTWORK PROTECTION

A. Duct work under construction or alteration shall not be left open ended during dust producing construction. All new and existing ductwork systems in the area of alteration or under construction shall be protected during construction. Open ends ducts shall be sealed with sheet metal or as approved. Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

B. For unenclosed buildings ductwork shall be kept dry and water tight. Seal open ends water tight during construction to prevent water infiltration. Keep all acoustical lining dry during construction. Lining that has become we shall be replaced. all incomplete ductwork being used to condition spaces in phase I or phase II that will be completed under a later phase must be protect from being internally contaminated by construction dust. All returns opening must have filters placed over then to prevent dust from being returned to the unit.

3.12 DUCT SCHEDULE

- A. Fabricate ducts using the following material;
 - 1. Underground Ducts: Concrete-encased, PVC-coated, stainless steel, fiberglass
 - 2. Natatorium ductwork PVC coated.
 - 3. Kitchen exhaust welded stainless steel or black steel 18 gage
 - 4. Smoke purge ductwork welded stainless steel or black steel. 18 gage
 - 5. Shower room exhaust aluminum
 - 6. Dryer exhaust aluminum
 - 7. Outside air intake plenum and ductwork Aluminum
 - 8. All exposed ductwork in any occupied area, (does not include MER), shall be constructed of double wall round or oval spiral ductwork.

B. Duct Pressure class;

All duct systems shall be constructed to have a pressure classification based on the maximum static pressure (positive or negative) developed by the air handling apparatus connected to the ductwork system. Unless otherwise noted below, refer to the equipment schedules and equipment notes for the design operating pressure of each system. Systems with operating pressures between pressure classes shall be constructed to the next higher-pressure class.

Pressure Classification Table								
System operating pressure (OP) in wc		OP≤1"	1"≥OP<2"	2"≥OP<3"	3"≥OP<4"	4"≥OP<6"	6"≥OP<10"	
SMACNA Construction classification		1"	2"	3"	4"	6"	10"	

- 2. All ductwork shall be constructed in accordance with the leakage and seal classification. Note that the leakage and seal classification required by current code is more stringent than SMACNA requirements.
- 3. The following Leakage and Seal Classification Table applies to all ductwork, supply, exhaust, or return air, rectangular, round, or oval single or double wall. Every system

Tuckar	<u>noe Middle/F</u>	<u>ligh School</u>	Alterations
:f:cotion	Table		

Leakage and Seal Classification Table					
System operating pressure in wc		<2" low	2"≥med<3"	High≥3"	
Seal Class			С	В	Α
Sealing			lTransvers		Transverse joints and seams and all wall penetrations
Leakage class CL factor		24	12	4	
In addition	+ 0 + h 0 0 h 0r	ra any vaniahlas	in valuena a ava	tom dust of 1/	/ and 1/a// x.x.

In addition to the above, any variable air volume system duct of 1" and ½" wg con-struction class that is upstream of the VAV boxes shall meet Seal Class C.

C. Intermediate Reinforcement:

- 1. Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized steel.
- PVC-Coated Ducts:
 - a. Exposed to Airstream: Match duct material.
 - b. Not Exposed to Airstream: Match duct material.

3. Stainless-Steel Ducts:

- a. Exposed to Airstream: Match duct material.
- b. Not Exposed to Airstream: Match duct material.
- 4. Aluminum Ducts: Aluminum or galvanized sheet steel coated with zinc chromate.

D. Liner for sound attenuation:

- 1. Supply, Return and exhaust air ducts: ½" inches thick.
- 2. Supply and return fan Plenums: 1" inches thick.
- 3. Transfer Ducts: 1 inch thick.
- 4. Ductwork down stream from VAV boxes for 15', 1" thick.
- 5. At the inlet and discharge of all fans for a distance of 20'
- 6.

E. Double-Wall Duct Interstitial Insulation:

- 1. Supply, Return, Exhaust Air Ducts: 1" inches thick. (when ducts are exposed in the conditions space)
- 2. Supply, Return, Exhaust Air Ducts: 1 1/2" inches thick. (when ducts are concealed in plenums or are located in unconditioned spaces)

F. Elbow Configuration:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-2, "Rectangular Elbows."
 - a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower:
 - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
 - 2) Mitered Type RE 4 without vanes.
 - b. Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm:
 - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio.
 - 2) Radius Type RE 3 with minimum 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and two vanes.
 - 3) Mitered Type RE 2 with turning vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
 - c. Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher:
 - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
 - 2) Radius Type RE 3 with minimum 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio and two vanes.
 - 3) Mitered Type RE 2 with turning vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
- 2. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-2, "Rectangular Elbows."
 - a. Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
 - b. Radius Type RE 3 with minimum 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio and two vanes.
 - c. Mitered Type RE 2 with turning vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
- 3. Round Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-4, "Round Duct Elbows."
 - a. Minimum Radius-to-Diameter Ratio and Elbow Segments: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Table 3-1, "Mitered Elbows." Elbows with less than 90-degree change of direction have proportionately fewer segments.
 - 1) Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower: 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and three segments for 90-degree elbow.
 - 2) Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm: 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio and four segments for 90-degree elbow.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 3) Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher: 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and five segments for 90-degree elbow.
- 4) Radius-to Diameter Ratio: 1.5.
- b. Round Elbows. 12 Inches and Smaller in Diameter:
- c. Round Elbows, 14 Inches and Larger in Diameter:

G. Branch Configuration:

- Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards

 Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-6, "Branch Connection."
 - a. Rectangular Main to Rectangular Branch: 45-degree entry.
 - b. Rectangular Main to Round Branch: Spin in.
- 2. Round and Flat Oval: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-5, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-6, "Conical Tees." Saddle taps are permitted in existing duct.
 - a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower: 90-degree tap.
 - b. Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm: Conical tap.
 - c. Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher: 45-degree lateral.

3.13 DUCTWORK PRESSURE TESTING

- A. All high-pressure ductwork design or operated at 3wc or greater shall pressure tested in accordance with specification section 23 05 93 Testing Adjusting and Balancing.
- B. The contractor review test report results and repair or replace any sections of ductwork with and air leakage rate over 4.0

END OF SECTION 233113

SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Backdraft and pressure relief dampers.
- 2. Barometric relief dampers.
- 3. Manual volume dampers.
- 4. Control dampers.
- 5. Fire dampers.
- 6. Ceiling radiation dampers.
- 7. Smoke dampers.
- 8. Combination fire and smoke dampers.
- 9. Corridor dampers.
- 10. Flange connectors.
- 11. Duct silencers.
- 12. Turning vanes.
- 13. Remote damper operators.
- 14. Duct-mounted access doors.
- 15. Flexible connectors.
- 16. Duct security bars.
- 17. Duct accessory hardware.
- 18. Duct Roof Supports

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 233113 Metal Ducts

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. For duct silencers, include pressure drop and dynamic insertion loss data. Include breakout noise calculations for high transmission loss casings.
- B. Shop Drawings: For duct accessories. Include plans, elevations, sections, details and attachments to other work.

- Detail duct accessories fabrication and installation in ducts and other construction. Include dimensions, weights, loads, and required clearances, and method of field assembly into duct systems and other construction. Include the following:
 - a. Special fittings.
 - b. Manual volume damper installations.
 - c. Control-damper installations.
 - d. Fire-damper, smoke-damper, combination fire- and smoke-damper, ceiling, and corridor damper installations, including sleeves; and duct-mounted access doors and remote damper operators.
 - e. Duct security bars.
 - f. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which ceiling-mounted access panels and access doors required for access to duct accessories are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from Installers of the items involved.
- B. Source quality-control reports.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For air duct accessories to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Fusible Links: Furnish quantity equal to 10 percent of amount installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

- A. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems," and with NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."
- B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - 1. Galvanized Coating Designation: G90.
 - 2. Exposed-Surface Finish: Mill phosphatized.
- B. Stainless-Steel Sheets: Comply with ASTM A 480/A 480M, Type 304, and having a No. 2 finish for concealed ducts and finish for exposed ducts.
- C. Aluminum Sheets: Comply with ASTM B 209, Alloy 3003, Temper H14; with mill finish for concealed ducts and standard, 1-side bright finish for exposed ducts.
- D. Extruded Aluminum: Comply with ASTM B 221, Alloy 6063, Temper T6.
- E. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: Galvanized-steel reinforcement where installed on galvanized sheet metal ducts; compatible materials for aluminum and stainless-steel ducts.
- F. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

2.3 BACKDRAFT AND PRESSURE RELIEF DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 2. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - 3. Pottorff.
 - 4. Ruskin Company.
 - Buckley
- B. Description: Gravity balanced.
- C. Maximum Air Velocity: 1000 fpm.
- D. Maximum System Pressure: up to 6"wc.
- E. Frame: Hat-shaped, 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel] 0.063-inch-thick extruded aluminum [0.03-inch-thick stainless steel, with welded corners or mechanically attached and mounting flange.
- F. Blades: Multiple single-piece blades, center pivoted, or off-center pivoted, maximum 6-inch width, 0.025-inch-thick, roll-formed aluminum or 0.050-inch-thick aluminum sheet noncombustible, tear-resistant, neoprene-coated fiberglass with sealed edges.

- G. Blade Action: Parallel.
- H. Blade Seals: Neoprene, mechanically locked.
- I. Blade Axles:
 - 1. Material: Galvanized, steel Stainless steel, or Aluminum.
 - 2. Diameter: 0.20 inch min.
- J. Tie Bars and Brackets: Aluminum or Galvanized steel.
- K. Return Spring: Adjustable tension.
- L. Bearings: Steel ball or synthetic pivot bushings.
- M. Accessories:
 - 1. Adjustment device to permit setting for varying differential static pressure.
 - 2. Counterweights and spring-assist kits for vertical airflow installations.
 - 3. Electric actuators.
 - 4. Chain pulls.
 - 5. Screen Mounting: Front mounted in sleeve.
 - a. Sleeve Thickness: 20 gage minimum.
 - b. Sleeve Length: 6 inches minimum.
 - 6. Screen Mounting: Rear mounted.
 - 7. Screen Material: Galvanized steel or Aluminum.
 - 8. Screen Type: Bird. ½ x ½ max opening
 - 9. 90-degree stops.

2.4 BAROMETRIC RELIEF DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 2. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - 3. Pottorff.
 - 4. Ruskin Company.
 - 5. Buckley
- B. Suitable for horizontal or vertical mounting.
- C. Maximum Air Velocity: 1000 fpm.
- D. Maximum System Pressure: upto 6-inch wg.

- E. Frame: Hat-shaped, 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel 0.063-inch-thick extruded aluminum 0.05-inch-thick stainless steel, with welded corners or mechanically attached and mounting flange.
- F. Blades:
 - 1. Multiple, 0.025-inch-thick, roll-formed aluminum or 0.050-inch-thick aluminum sheet.
 - 2. Maximum Width: 6 inches.
 - Action: Parallel.
 - 4. Balance: Gravity.
 - Eccentrically pivoted or Off-center pivoted.
- G. Blade Seals: Neoprene.
- H. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel, aluminum, or Stainless steel.
- I. Tie Bars and Brackets:
 - 1. Material: Aluminum or Galvanized steel.
 - 2. Rattle free with 90-degree stop.
- J. Return Spring: Adjustable tension.
- K. Bearings: Synthetic, Stainless steel, Bronze.
- L. Accessories:
 - 1. Flange on intake.
 - 2. Adjustment device to permit setting for varying differential static pressures.

2.5 MANUAL VOLUME DAMPERS

- A. Standard, Steel, Manual Volume Dampers:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Flex-Tek Group.
 - b. McGill AirFlow LLC.
 - c. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - d. Pottorff.
 - e. Ruskin Company.
 - f. Vent Products Co., Inc.
 - g. Buckley
 - 2. Standard leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream.

- 3. Suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.
- 4. Frames:
 - a. Frame: Hat-shaped, 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.05-inch-thick stainless steel.
 - b. Mitered and welded corners.
 - c. Flanges for attaching to walls and flangeless frames for installing in ducts.

5. Blades:

- a. Multiple or single blade.
- b. Parallel- or opposed-blade design.
- c. Stiffen damper blades for stability.
- d. Galvanized or Stainless-steel, 0.064 inch thick.
- 6. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel, Stainless or steel Nonferrous metal.
- 7. Bearings:
 - a. Oil-impregnated bronze, Molded synthetic, Oil-impregnated stainless-steel sleeve.
 - b. Dampers in ducts with pressure classes of 3-inch wg or less shall have axles full length of damper blades and bearings at both ends of operating shaft.
- 8. Tie Bars and Brackets: Galvanized steel.
- B. Standard, Aluminum, Manual Volume Dampers:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. McGill AirFlow LLC.
 - b. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - c. Pottorff.
 - d. Ruskin Company.
 - e. Vent Products Co., Inc.
 - 2. Standard leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream.
 - 3. Suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.
 - 4. Frames: Hat-shaped, 0.10-inch-thick, aluminum sheet channels; frames with flanges for attaching to walls and flangeless frames for installing in ducts.
 - 5. Blades:
 - a. Multiple or single blade.
 - b. Parallel- or opposed-blade design.
 - c. Stiffen damper blades for stability.

- d. Roll-Formed Aluminum Blades: 0.10-inch-thick aluminum sheet.
- e. Extruded-Aluminum Blades: 0.050-inch-thick extruded aluminum.
- 6. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel or Stainless steel.
- 7. Bearings:
 - a. Oil-impregnated bronze, Molded synthetic, or Stainless-steel sleeve.
 - b. Dampers in ducts with pressure classes of 3-inch wg or less shall have axles full length of damper blades and bearings at both ends of operating shaft.
- 8. Tie Bars and Brackets: Aluminum.
- C. Low-Leakage, Steel, Manual Volume Dampers:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. McGill AirFlow LLC.
 - b. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - c. Pottorff.
 - d. Ruskin Company.
 - e. Vent Products Co., Inc.
 - 2. Comply with AMCA 500-D testing for damper rating.
 - 3. Low-leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream, and bearing AMCA's Certified Ratings Seal for both air performance and air leakage.
 - 4. Suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.
 - 5. Frames:
 - a. U or Angle shaped.
 - b. 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.05-inch-thick stainless steel.
 - c. Mitered and welded corners.
 - d. Flanges for attaching to walls and flangeless frames for installing in ducts.
 - 6. Blades:
 - a. Multiple or single blade.
 - b. Parallel- or opposed-blade design.
 - c. Stiffen damper blades for stability.
 - d. Galvanized or Stainless, roll-formed steel, 0.064 inch thick.
 - 7. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel or Stainless steel.
 - 8. Bearings:
 - a. Oil-impregnated bronze, Molded synthetic, Oil-impregnated stainless-steel sleeve, Stainless-steel sleeve.

- b. Dampers in ducts with pressure classes of 3-inch wg or less shall have axles full length of damper blades and bearings at both ends of operating shaft.
- 9. Blade Seals: Neoprene.
- 10. Jamb Seals: Cambered stainless steel or aluminum.
- 11. Tie Bars and Brackets: Galvanized steel or Aluminum.
- Accessories:
 - a. Include locking device to hold single-blade dampers in a fixed position without vibration.
- D. Low-Leakage, Aluminum, Manual Volume Dampers:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. McGill AirFlow LLC.
 - b. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - c. Pottorff.
 - d. Ruskin Company.
 - e. Vent Products Co., Inc.
 - 2. Comply with AMCA 500-D testing for damper rating.
 - 3. Low-leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream, and bearing AMCA's Certified Ratings Seal for both air performance and air leakage.
 - 4. Suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.
 - 5. Frames: U or Angle-shaped, 0.10-inch-thick, aluminum sheet channels; frames with flanges for attaching to walls and flangeless frames for installing in ducts.
 - 6. Blades:
 - a. Multiple or single blade.
 - b. Parallel- or opposed-blade design.
 - c. Roll-Formed Aluminum Blades: 0.10-inch-thick aluminum sheet.
 - d. Extruded-Aluminum Blades: 0.050-inch-thick extruded aluminum.
 - 7. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel, Stainless steel.
 - 8. Bearings:
 - a. Oil-impregnated bronze, Molded synthetic, Oil-impregnated stainless-steel sleeve, Stainless-steel sleeve.
 - b. Dampers in ducts with pressure classes of 3-inch wg or less shall have axles full length of damper blades and bearings at both ends of operating shaft.
 - 9. Blade Seals: Neoprene.
 - 10. Jamb Seals: Cambered stainless steel, aluminum.

- 11. Tie Bars and Brackets: Galvanized steel, Aluminum.
- Accessories:
 - a. Include locking device to hold single-blade dampers in a fixed position without vibration.

E. Jackshaft:

- 1. Size: 0.5-inch diameter min.
- 2. Material: Galvanized-steel pipe rotating within pipe-bearing assembly mounted on supports at each mullion and at each end of multiple-damper assemblies.
- 3. Length and Number of Mountings: As required to connect linkage of each damper in multiple-damper assembly.

F. Damper Hardware:

- 1. Zinc-plated, die-cast core with dial and handle made of 3/32-inch-thick zincplated steel, and a 3/4-inch hexagon locking nut.
- 2. Include center hole to suit damper operating-rod size.
- 3. Include elevated platform for insulated duct mounting.

2.6 CONTROL DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Arrow United Industries.
 - 2. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 3. McGill AirFlow LLC.
 - 4. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - 5. Pottorff.
 - 6. Ruskin Company.
- B. Low-leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream, and bearing AMCA's Certified Ratings Seal for both air performance and air leakage.

C. Frames:

- 1. U or Angle shaped.
- 2. 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.05-inch-thick stainless steel.
- Mitered and welded corners.

D. Blades:

- 1. Multiple blade with maximum blade width of 6 inches.
- 2. Parallel blade for non modulating application
- 3. Opposed-blade design for all modulating applications

- 4. Galvanized-steel, Stainless steel, Aluminum.
- 5. 0.064 inch thick single skin or 0.0747-inch-thick dual skin.
- 6. Blade Edging: Closed-cell neoprene.
- 7. Blade Edging: Inflatable seal blade edging, or replaceable rubber seals.
- E. Blade Axles: 1/2-inch-diameter; galvanized steel, or stainless steel; blade-linkage hardware of zinc-plated steel and brass; ends sealed against blade bearings.
 - 1. Operating Temperature Range: From minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.

F. Bearings:

- 1. Oil-impregnated bronze, Molded synthetic, Oil-impregnated, stainless-steel sleeve, or Stainless-steel sleeve.
- 2. Dampers in ducts with pressure classes of 3-inch wg or less shall have axles full length of damper blades and bearings at both ends of operating shaft.
- 3. Thrust bearings at each end of every blade.

2.7 FIRE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Arrow United Industries.
 - 2. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 3. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - 4. Pottorff.
 - 5. Ruskin Company.
 - 6. Ward Industries; a brand of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Type: Dynamic; rated and labeled according to UL 555 by an NRTL.
- C. Closing rating in ducts up to 4-inch wg static pressure class and minimum 2000-fpm velocity.
- D. Fire Rating: 1-1/2 and 3 hours.
- E. Frame: Curtain type with blades inside airstream for application in duct over 24" in height. Curtain type with blades outside airstream for ducts 24" or less in height. Multiple-blade type; fabricated with roll-formed, 0.034-inch-thick galvanized steel; with mitered and interlocking corners.
- F. Mounting Sleeve: Factory- or field-installed, galvanized sheet steel.
 - 1. Minimum Thickness: 0.138 inch up to 4 SF 0.39 over 4 SF inch thick, as indicated, and of length to suit application.

- 2. Exception: Omit sleeve where damper-frame width permits direct attachment of perimeter mounting angles on each side of wall or floor; thickness of damper frame must comply with sleeve requirements.
- G. Mounting Orientation: Vertical or horizontal as indicated.
- H. Blades: Roll-formed, interlocking, 0.034-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel. In place of interlocking blades, use full-length, 0.034-inch-thick, galvanized-steel blade connectors.
- I. Horizontal Dampers: Include blade lock and stainless-steel closure spring.
- J. Heat-Responsive Device: Replaceable, 165 deg F rated, fusible links.

2.8 CEILING RADIATION DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Aire Technologies.
 - 2. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - 3. Pottorff.
 - 4. Prefco.
 - 5. Ruskin Company.

B. General Requirements:

- 1. Labeled according to UL 555C by an NRTL.
- 2. Comply with construction details for tested floor- and roof-ceiling assemblies as indicated in UL's "Fire Resistance Directory."
- C. Frame: Galvanized sheet steel, round or rectangular, style to suit ceiling construction.
- D. Blades: Galvanized sheet steel with refractory insulation.
- E. Heat-Responsive Device: Replaceable, 165 deg F rated, fusible links.
- F. Fire Rating: 1hr for applications in assemblies up to 1 ½ hr rating. 2hr for application in assemblies of up to 3hr

2.9 SMOKE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 2. Nailor Industries Inc.

- 3. Pottorff.
- 4. Ruskin Company.
- B. General Requirements: Label according to UL 555S by an NRTL.
- C. Smoke Detector: Integral, factory wired for single-point connection. Except for NYC smoke detector shall be provided by the fire alarm contractor.
- D. Frame: Hat-shaped, 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel, with welded or mechanically attached corners and mounting flange.
- E. Blades: Roll-formed, horizontal, overlapping, 0.063-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel.
- F. Leakage: Class I.
- G. Rated pressure and velocity to exceed design airflow conditions.
- H. Mounting Sleeve: Factory-installed, 0.05-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel; length to suit wall or floor application with factory-furnished silicone calking.
- I. Damper Motors: Modulating or two-position action.
- J. Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - 1. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
 - 2. Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Wiring: Comply with requirements for electrical devices and connections specified in Section 230923 "Direct Digital Control (DDC) System for HVAC."
 - 3. Permanent-Split-Capacitor or Shaded-Pole Motors: With oil-immersed and sealed gear trains.
 - 4. Spring-Return Motors: Equip with an integral spiral-spring mechanism where indicated. Enclose entire spring mechanism in a removable housing designed for service or adjustments. Size for running torque rating of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque rating of 150 in. x lbf.
 - 5. Outdoor Motors and Motors in Outdoor-Air Intakes: Equip with O-ring gaskets designed to make motors weatherproof. Equip motors with internal heaters to permit normal operation at minus 40 deg F.
 - 6. Nonspring-Return Motors: For dampers larger than 25 sq. ft., size motor for running torque rating of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque rating of 300 in. x lbf.
 - 7. Electrical Connection: 115 V, single phase, 60 Hz.

K. Accessories:

1. Auxiliary switches for signaling fan control and position indication.

- 2. Test and reset switches, damper or remote mounted.
- 3. Manual damper testing by physically depressing the low temperature thermal disc from the inside of the damper sleeve and resetting the sensor from the exterior side of the damper sleeve.
- 4. Dual position blade indicator switch package shall connect directly to the blade axel for positive annunciation (interconnecting arms, wire-forms, or brackets shall not be accepted) and provide full open and full closed blade indication to a remote location.
- 5. Dual Position Indicator Switch Package: Shall connect directly to the blade axel for positive annunciation (interconnecting arms, wire-forms, or brackets shall not be accepted) and provide full open and full closed blade indication to a remote location.
- 6. Duct Smoke Detector: Factory mounted in the damper sleeve with interconnecting wiring from the damper actuator to the smoke detector enabling a single power connection point for easy field wiring.

2.10 COMBINATION FIRE AND SMOKE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 2. Pottorff.
 - 3. Ruskin Company.
- B. Type: Dynamic; rated and labeled according to UL 555 and UL 555S by an NRTL.
- C. Closing rating in ducts up to 4-inch wg static pressure class and minimum 2000-fpm velocity.
- D. Fire Rating: 1-1/2 for assemblies up to 2 hour and 3 hr. rating for assemblies over 1 1/2hours.
- E. Frame: Hat-shaped, 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel, with welded corners and mounting flange.
- F. Primary heat responsive device set at 285 deg F, resettable.
- G. Secondary heat closure device, set at 350 deg F, resettable.
- H. Smoke Detector: Integral, factory wired for single-point connection.
- I. Blades: Roll-formed, horizontal, interlocking, 0.063-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel.
- J. Leakage: Class I.
- K. Rated pressure and velocity to exceed design airflow conditions.

- L. Mounting Sleeve: Factory-installed, 0.039-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel; length to suit wall or floor application with factory-furnished silicone calking.
- M. Master control panel for use in dynamic smoke-management systems.
- N. Damper Motors: Modulating or two-position action.
- O. Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - 1. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
 - Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Wiring: Comply with requirements for electrical devices and connections specified in Section 230923 "Direct Digital Control (DDC) System for HVAC."
 - 3. Permanent-Split-Capacitor or Shaded-Pole Motors: With oil-immersed and sealed gear trains.
 - 4. Spring-Return Motors: Equip with an integral spiral-spring mechanism where indicated. Enclose entire spring mechanism in a removable housing designed for service or adjustments. Size for running torque rating of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque rating of 150 in. x lbf.
 - 5. Outdoor Motors and Motors in Outdoor-Air Intakes: Equip with O-ring gaskets designed to make motors weatherproof. Equip motors with internal heaters to permit normal operation at minus 40 deg F.
 - 6. Nonspring-Return Motors: For dampers larger than 25 sq. ft., size motor for running torque rating of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque rating of 300 in. x lbf.
 - 7. Electrical Connection: 115 V, single phase, 60 Hz.

P. Accessories:

- A. DRS-30 Two-Temperature Fire Closure Device:
 - UL classified two-temperature device permits the damper to be re-opened after initial temperature closure allowing the damper to remain operable for smoke management purposes until the high temperature limit is reached.
 - 2. Manual damper testing is permitted by physically depressing the low temperature thermal disc from the inside of the damper sleeve and resetting the sensor from the exterior side of the damper sleeve.
 - Dual position blade indicator switch package shall connect directly to the blade axel for positive annunciation (interconnecting arms, wire-forms, or brackets shall not be accepted) and provide full open and full closed blade indication to a remote location.
- B. PI-50 Dual Position Indicator Switch Package: Shall connect directly to the blade axel for positive annunciation (interconnecting arms, wire-forms, or brackets shall not be accepted) and provide full open and full closed blade indication to a remote location.

C. Duct Smoke Detector: Factory mounted in the damper sleeve with interconnecting wiring from the damper actuator to the smoke detector enabling a single power connection point for easy field wiring.

2.11 FLANGE CONNECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. CL WARD & Family Inc.
 - 2. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - 3. Hardcast, Inc.
 - 4. Ward Industries; a brand of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Description: Add-on or roll-formed, factory-fabricated, slide-on transverse flange connectors, gaskets, and components.
- C. Material: Galvanized steel.
- D. Gage and Shape: Match connecting ductwork.

2.12 DUCT SILENCERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Industrial Noise Control, Inc.
 - 2. McGill AirFlow LLC.
 - 3. Ruskin Company.
 - 4. Vibro-Acoustics.
 - Industrial Acoustics

B. General Requirements:

- 1. Factory fabricated.
- 2. Fire-Performance Characteristics: Adhesives, sealants, packing materials, and accessory materials shall have flame-spread index not exceeding 25 and smokedeveloped index not exceeding 50 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
- 3. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with the airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.

C. Shape:

- 1. Rectangular straight with splitters or baffles.
- 2. Round straight with center bodies or pods.
- 3. Rectangular elbow with splitters or baffles.
- 4. Round elbow with center bodies or pods.

- 5. Rectangular transitional with splitters or baffles.
- D. Rectangular Silencer Outer Casing: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90, galvanized sheet steel, 0.040 inch thick.
- E. Round Silencer Outer Casing: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90, galvanized sheet steel.
 - 1. Sheet Metal Thickness for Units up to 24 Inches in Diameter: 0.034 inch thick.
 - 2. Sheet Metal Thickness for Units 26 through 40 Inches in Diameter: 0.040 inch
 - 3. Sheet Metal Thickness for Units 42 through 52 Inches in Diameter: 0.05 inch thick.
 - 4. Sheet Metal Thickness for Units 54 through 60 Inches in Diameter: 0.064 inch thick.
- F. Inner Casing and Baffles: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 galvanized sheet metal, 0.034 inch thick, and with 1/8-inch-diameter perforations.
- G. Special Construction:
 - 1. Suitable for outdoor use.
 - 2. High transmission loss to achieve STC 45.
- H. Connection Sizes: Match connecting ductwork unless otherwise indicated.
- I. Principal Sound-Absorbing Mechanism:
 - 1. Controlled impedance membranes and broadly tuned resonators without absorptive media.
 - 2. Dissipative or Film-lined type with fill material.
 - a. Fill Material: Inert and vermin-proof fibrous material, packed under not less than 15 percent compression and Moisture-proof nonfibrous material.
 - b. Erosion Barrier: Polymer bag enclosing fill, and heat sealed before assembly.
 - 3. Lining: Fiberglas cloth.
- J. Fabricate silencers to form rigid units that will not pulsate, vibrate, rattle, or otherwise react to system pressure variations. Do not use mechanical fasteners for unit assemblies.
 - 1. Joints: Lock formed and sealed or continuously welded or flanged connections.
 - 2. Suspended Units: Factory-installed suspension hooks or lugs attached to frame in quantities and spaced to prevent deflection or distortion.
 - 3. Reinforcement: Cross or trapeze angles for rigid suspension.

K. Accessories:

- 1. Integral 1-1/2 3-hour fire damper with access door. Access door to be high transmission loss to match silencer.
- 2. Factory-installed end caps to prevent contamination during shipping.
- 3. Removable splitters.
- 4. Airflow measuring devices.
- L. Source Quality Control: Test according to ASTM E 477.
 - 1. Testing to be witnessed by Engineer.
 - 2. Record acoustic ratings, including dynamic insertion loss and generated-noise power levels with an airflow of at least 2000-fpm face velocity.
 - 3. Leak Test: Test units for airtightness at 200 percent of associated fan static pressure or 6-inch wg static pressure, whichever is greater.

M. Capacities and Characteristics:

- 1. Configuration: Straight or 90-degree elbow as indicated on plan
- 2. Shape: Rectangular or Round as indicated on plan
- 3. Attenuation Mechanism: Acoustical glass fiber with protective film liner.
- 4. Maximum Pressure Drop: 0.25-inch wg.
- 5. Casing:
 - Attenuation: Standard.
 - b. Outer Material: Galvanized steel.
 - c. Inner Material: Galvanized steel.
- 6. Velocity Range: 500 fpm max.
- 7. End Connection: 1-inch slip joint or Flange.
- 8. Length: as per plan
- 9. Face Dimension:
 - a. Width: as per planb. Height: as per plan
- 10. Face Velocity: as per plan
- 11. Dynamic Insertion Loss: as per plan
- 12. Generated Noise: as per plan
- 13. Accessories:
 - a. Access door.
 - b. Birdscreen.

2.13 TURNING VANES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Aero-Dyne Sound Control Co.
 - 2. CL WARD & Family Inc.
 - 3. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - 4. Duro Dyne Inc.
 - 5. METALAIRE, Inc.
 - 6. Ward Industries; a brand of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Manufactured Turning Vanes for Metal Ducts: Curved blades of galvanized sheet steel; support with bars perpendicular to blades set; set into vane runners suitable for duct mounting.
 - 1. Acoustic Turning Vanes: Fabricate airfoil-shaped aluminum extrusions with perforated faces and fibrous-glass fill.
- C. Manufactured Turning Vanes for Nonmetal Ducts: Fabricate curved blades of resinbonded fiberglass with acrylic polymer coating; support with bars perpendicular to blades set; set into vane runners suitable for duct mounting.
- D. General Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible"; Figures 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
- E. Vane Construction: Single wall for ducts up to 48 inches wide and double wall for larger dimensions.

2.14 REMOTE DAMPER OPERATORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Pottorff.
 - 2. Ventfabrics, Inc.
 - 3. Young Regulator Company.
- B. Description: Cable system designed for remote manual damper adjustment.
- C. Tubing: Copper or Aluminum.
- D. Cable: Steel.
- E. Wall-Box Mounting: Recessed.

F. Wall-Box Cover-Plate Material: Stainless steel.

2.15 DUCT-MOUNTED ACCESS DOORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. CL WARD & Family Inc.
 - 2. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - 3. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
 - 4. McGill AirFlow LLC.
 - 5. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - 6. Pottorff.
- B. Duct-Mounted Access Doors: Fabricate access panels according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible"; Figures 7-2, "Duct Access Doors and Panels," and 7-3, "Access Doors Round Duct."
 - 1. Door:
 - a. Double wall, rectangular.
 - b. Galvanized sheet metal with insulation fill and thickness as indicated for duct pressure class.
 - c. Vision panel.
 - d. Hinges and Latches: 1-by-1-inchbutt or piano hinge and cam latches.
 - e. Fabricate doors airtight and suitable for duct pressure class.
 - 2. Frame: Galvanized sheet steel, with bend-over tabs and foam gaskets.
 - Number of Hinges and Locks:
 - a. Access Doors Less Than 12 Inches Square: No hinges and two sash locks.
 - b. Access Doors up to 18 Inches Square: Two hinges and two sash locks.
 - c. Access Doors up to 24 by 48 Inches: Three hinges and two compression latches with outside and inside handles for plenum applications.
 - d. Access Doors Larger Than 24 by 48 Inches: Four hinges or Continuous and two compression latches with outside and inside handles.
- C. Pressure Relief Access Door:
 - 1. Door and Frame Material: Galvanized sheet steel.
 - 2. Door: Double wall with insulation fill with metal thickness applicable for duct pressure class.
 - 3. Operation: Open outward for positive-pressure ducts and inward for negative-pressure ducts.
 - 4. Factory set at 3.0- to 8.0-inch wg.
 - 5. Doors close when pressures are within set-point range.
 - 6. Hinge: Continuous piano.

- 7. Latches: Cam.
- 8. Seal: Neoprene or foam rubber.
- 9. Insulation Fill: 1-inch-thick, fibrous-glass or polystyrene-foam board.

2.16 DUCT ACCESS PANEL ASSEMBLIES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. 3M.
 - 2. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - 3. Flame Gard, Inc.
- B. Labeled according to UL 1978 by an NRTL.
- C. Panel and Frame: Minimum thickness 0.0528-inch carbon steel.
- D. Fasteners: Carbon steel. Panel fasteners shall not penetrate duct wall.
- E. Gasket: Comply with NFPA 96; grease-tight, high-temperature ceramic fiber, rated for minimum 2000 deg F.
- F. Minimum Pressure Rating: 10-inch wg, positive or negative.

2.17 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. CL WARD & Family Inc.
 - 2. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - 3. Duro Dyne Inc.
 - 4. Elgen Manufacturing.
- B. Materials: Flame-retardant or noncombustible fabrics.
- C. Coatings and Adhesives: Comply with UL 181, Class 1.
- D. Metal-Edged Connectors: Factory fabricated with a fabric strip 3-1/2 inches or 5-3/4 inches wide attached to two strips of 2-3/4-inch-wide, 0.028-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.032-inch-thick aluminum sheets. Provide metal compatible with connected ducts.
- E. Indoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with neoprene.
 - 1. Minimum Weight: 26 oz./sq. yd.
 - 2. Tensile Strength: 480 lbf/inch in the warp and 360 lbf/inch in the filling.

- 3. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
- F. Outdoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with weatherproof, synthetic rubber resistant to UV rays and ozone.
 - 1. Minimum Weight: 24 oz./sq. yd.
 - 2. Tensile Strength: 530 lbf/inch in the warp and 440 lbf/inch in the filling.
 - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 50 to plus 250 deg F.
- G. High-Temperature System, Flexible Connectors: Glass fabric coated with silicone rubber.
 - 1. Minimum Weight: 16 oz./sq. yd.
 - 2. Tensile Strength: 285 lbf/inch in the warp and 185 lbf/inch in the filling.
 - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 67 to plus 500 deg F.
- H. High-Corrosive-Environment System, Flexible Connectors: Glass fabric with chemical-resistant coating.
 - 1. Minimum Weight: 14 oz./sq. yd.
 - 2. Tensile Strength: 450 lbf/inch in the warp and 340 lbf/inch in the filling.
 - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 67 to plus 500 deg F.
- I. Thrust Limits: Combination coil spring and elastomeric insert with spring and insert in compression, and with a load stop. Include rod and angle-iron brackets for attaching to fan discharge and duct.
 - 1. Frame: Steel, fabricated for connection to threaded rods and to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
 - 2. Outdoor Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 - 3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
 - 4. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
 - 5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
 - 6. Elastomeric Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene.
 - 7. Coil Spring: Factory set and field adjustable for a maximum of 1/4-inch movement at start and stop.

2.18 DUCT ACCESSORY HARDWARE

A. Instrument Test Holes: Cast iron or cast aluminum to suit duct material, including screw cap and gasket. Size to allow insertion of pitot tube and other testing instruments and of length to suit duct-insulation thickness.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

B. Adhesives: High strength, quick setting, neoprene based, waterproof, and resistant to gasoline and grease.

2.19 DUCT ROOF SUPPORTS

- A. Ductwork shall be supported a minimum of 12" above the roof with "H" stand manufactured by RTS. Roof support systems. All parts shall be manufactured from hot dipped galvanized steel 1 5/8" channels. All fasteners shall be hot dipped galvanized steel or nickel plated. All channels that are filed cut shall be finished with cold galvanizing at all unfinished edges. All stands shall have two lateral horizontal cross members
- B. "H" stands shall use double base. Gusseted 2"x2" square receiver base plate mounted on 14.5"x17.5" x2" think neoprene pad model RTSF21G.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install duct accessories according to applicable details in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for metal ducts and in NAIMA AH116, "Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards," for fibrous-glass ducts.
- B. Install duct accessories of materials suited to duct materials; use galvanized-steel accessories in galvanized-steel and fibrous-glass ducts, stainless-steel accessories in stainless-steel ducts, and aluminum accessories in aluminum ducts.
- C. Compliance with ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-2004 includes Section 6.4.3.3.3 "Shutoff Damper Controls," restricts the use of backdraft dampers, and requires control dampers for certain applications. Install backdraft dampers at inlet of exhaust fans or exhaust ducts as close as possible to exhaust fan unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install volume dampers at points on supply, return, and exhaust systems where branches extend from larger ducts. Where dampers are installed in ducts having duct liner, install dampers with hat channels of same depth as liner, and terminate liner with nosing at hat channel.
 - 1. Install steel volume dampers in steel ducts.
 - 2. Install aluminum volume dampers in aluminum ducts.
 - 3. Install stainless steel volume dampers in stainless steel ducts.
- E. Set dampers to fully open position before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- F. Install test holes at fan inlets and outlets and elsewhere as indicated.
- G. Install fire and smoke dampers according to UL listing.

- H. Install duct security bars. Construct duct security bars from 0.164-inchsteel sleeve, continuously welded at all joints and 1/2-inch-diameter steel bars, 6 inches o.c. in each direction in center of sleeve. Weld each bar to steel sleeve and each crossing bar. Weld 2-1/2-by-2-1/2-by-1/4-inch steel angle to 4 sides and both ends of sleeve. Connect duct security bars to ducts with flexible connections. Provide 12-by-12-inch hinged access panel with cam lock in duct in each side of sleeve.
- Connect ducts to duct silencers rigidly.
- J. Install duct access doors on sides of ducts to allow for inspecting, adjusting, and maintaining accessories and equipment at the following locations:
 - 1. On both sides of duct coils.
 - 2. Upstream from duct filters.
 - 3. At outdoor-air intakes and mixed-air plenums.
 - 4. At drain pans and seals.
 - 5. Downstream from manual volume dampers, control dampers, backdraft dampers, and equipment.
 - 6. Adjacent to and close enough to fire or smoke dampers, to reset or reinstall fusible links. Access doors for access to fire or smoke dampers having fusible links shall be pressure relief access doors and shall be outward operation for access doors installed upstream from dampers and inward operation for access doors installed downstream from dampers.
 - 7. At each change in direction and at maximum 50-foot spacing and the bottom of all riser in Laundry exhaust ducts.
 - 8. Upstream from turning vanes.
 - 9. Upstream or downstream from duct silencers.
 - 10. Control devices requiring inspection.
 - 11. Elsewhere as indicated.
- K. Install access doors with swing against duct static pressure.
- L. Access Door Sizes:
 - 1. One-Hand or Inspection Access: 8 by 5 inches.
 - 2. Two-Hand Access: 12 by 6 inches.
 - 3. Head and Hand Access: 18 by 10 inches.
 - 4. Head and Shoulders Access: 21 by 14 inches.
 - 5. Body Access: 25 by 14 inches.
 - 6. Body plus Ladder Access: 25 by 17 inches.
- M. Label access doors according to Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment" to indicate the purpose of access door.
- N. Install flexible connectors to connect ducts to equipment.

- O. For fans developing static pressures of 5-inch wg and more, cover flexible connectors with loaded vinyl sheet held in place with metal straps.
- P. Connect terminal units to supply ducts with maximum 12-inch lengths of flexible duct. Do not use flexible ducts to change directions.
- Q. Connect diffusers or light troffer boots to ducts with maximum 30-inch lengths of flexible duct clamped or strapped in place.
- R. Connect flexible ducts to metal ducts with draw bands.
- S. Install duct test holes where required for testing and balancing purposes.
- T. Install thrust limits at centerline of thrust, symmetrical on both sides of equipment. Attach thrust limits at centerline of thrust and adjust to a maximum of 1/4-inch movement during start and stop of fans.
- U. Install remote volume damper operators for all volume dampers that are concealed an not accessible after finished construction is complete.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Operate dampers to verify full range of movement.
 - 2. Inspect locations of access doors and verify that purpose of access door can be performed.
 - 3. Operate fire, smoke, and combination fire and smoke dampers to verify full range of movement and verify that proper heat-response device is installed.
 - 4. Inspect turning vanes for proper and secure installation.
 - 5. Operate remote damper operators to verify full range of movement of operator and damper.

END OF SECTION 233300

SECTION 237433 - DEDICATED OUTDOOR AIR UNITS (DOAS)

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 284621.11 "Addressable Fire-Alarm Systems."

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes factory-assembled, dedicated outdoor air-handling units, including multiple components, capable of heating and cooling 100 percent outdoor air.

1.3 DEFINITIONS:

- A. ECM: Electronically commutated motor.
- B. ISCOP: Integrated Seasonal Coefficient of Performance.
- C. ISMRE: Integrated Seasonal Moisture Removal Efficiency.
- D. MRC: Moisture Removal Capacity.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each dedicated outdoor-air unit.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
 - 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
 - 3. Include unit dimensions and weight.
 - 4. Include cabinet material, metal thickness, finishes, insulation, and accessories.
 - 5. Fans:
 - a. Certified fan-performance curves with system operating conditions indicated.
 - b. Certified fan-sound power ratings.
 - c. Fan construction and accessories.
 - d. Motor ratings, electrical characteristics, and motor accessories.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 6. Include certified coil-performance ratings with system operating conditions indicated.
- 7. Include filters with performance characteristics.
- 8. Include heat exchangers with performance characteristics.
- 9. Include dampers, including housings, linkages, and operators.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each dedicated outdoor-air unit.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting details.
 - 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 3. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Delegated Design Submittal: For dedicated outdoor-air-unit supports indicated to comply with performance and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
 - 1. Include design calculations for selecting vibration isolators seismic restraints and wind restraints, and for designing vibration isolation bases.
 - 2. Wind Restraint Details: Detail fabrication and attachment of wind and seismic restraints and snubbers. Show anchorage details and indicate quantity, diameter, and depth of penetration of anchors.
 - 3. Detail mounting, securing, and flashing of roof curb to roof structure. Indicate coordinating requirements with roof membrane system.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Floor/roof plans and other details, or BIM model, drawn to scale, showing the items described in this Section, and coordinated with all building trades.
- B. Sample Warranty: For manufacturer's warranty.
- C. Seismic Qualification Data: Certificates, for dedicated outdoor-air units, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
 - 1. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
 - 3. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
 - 4. Restraint of internal components.
- D. Product Certificates: Submit certification that specified equipment will withstand wind forces identified in "Performance Requirements" Articles a

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- E. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculations.
 - 1. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of wind force and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
 - 2. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- F. Source quality-control reports.
- G. Startup service reports.
- H. Field quality-control reports.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For dedicated outdoor-air units to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Fan Belts: One sets for each belt-driven fan.
 - 2. Filters: One sets for each unit.
 - 3. Gaskets: One sets for each access door.

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to replace components of dedicated outdoor-air units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period for Dedicated Outdoor-Air-Handling Units: Three Insert number years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - 2. Warranty Period for Compressors: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - 3. Warranty Period for Heat Exchangers: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - 4. Warranty Period for Rotary Heat Exchangers: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by an "NRTL" (nationally recognized testing laboratory) and marked for intended location and application.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. NFPA Compliance: Comply with NFPA 90A for design, fabrication, and installation of units and components.
- C. ASHRAE 62.1 Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE 62.1, Section 5 "Systems and Equipment" and Section 7 "Construction and Startup."
- D. ASHRAE 15 and ASHRAE 34 Compliance: For refrigeration system safety.
- E. ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IES 90.1, Section 6 "Heating, Ventilating, and Air-Conditioning."
- F. ASHRAE 84 Compliance: Comply with capacity ratings for heat-wheel energy-recovery equipment.
- G. UL Compliance:
 - 1. Electric Coils: Comply with requirements in UL 1995.
- H. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design vibration isolation and wind restraints.

2.2 CAPACITIES AND CHARACTERISTICS

A. Refer to plans and schedules

2.3 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the basis of design manufacture LG. The following manufactures may be use subject compliance with the contract documents and review and approval by the engineer.
 - 1. AAON.
 - 2. LG
 - 3. Desert Aire.
 - 4. Munters Corporation.
 - 5. Addison
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain dedicated outdoor-air units from single manufacturer.

2.4 UNIT CASING

- A. General Fabrication Requirements for Casings: Formed and reinforced double-wall insulated panels, fabricated to allow removal for access to internal parts and components, with joints between sections sealed.
- B. Configuration: Horizontal unit with horizontal, bottom discharge for roof-mounting installation.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

C. Double-Wall Configuration:

- 1. Outside Casing Wall: Galvanized steel, minimum 18 gauge thick with manufacturer's standard finish, with pitched roof panels and knockouts with grommet seals for electrical and piping connections and lifting lugs.
- 2. Inside Casing Wall:
 - a. Inside Casing, All Other Sections: Galvanized steel, solid or perforated.
 - b. Antimicrobial Coating: Applied during the manufacturing process. Coating is to be EPA approved, NSF approved, and FDA listed.
- 3. Floor Plate: Reinforced metal surface; reinforced to limit deflection when walked on by service personnel. Insulation is provided below metal walking surface.
- 4. Roof: Standing seam or membrane; sloped to drain water.
- 5. Casing Insulation:
 - a. Materials: Polyurethane foam insulation.
 - b. Casing Panel R-Value: Minimum R-13.
 - c. Insulation Thickness: 2 inches.
 - d. Thermal Break: Provide continuity of insulation with no through-casing metal in casing walls, floors, or roofs of air-handling unit.
- D. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.

E. Static-Pressure Classifications:

- 1. For Unit Sections Upstream of Fans: Minus 2 inches wg.
- 2. For Unit Sections Downstream and Including Fans: 3 inches wg.

F. Panels and Doors:

1. Panels:

- a. Fabrication: Formed and reinforced double-wall and insulated panels of same materials and thicknesses as casing.
- b. Fasteners: Two or more camlock-type fasteners for panel lift-out operation. Arrangement shall allow panels to be opened against airflow
- c. Gasket: Neoprene, applied around entire perimeters of panel frames.
- d. Size: Large enough to allow unobstructed access for inspection and maintenance of unit's internal components

2. Doors:

- a. Fabrication: Formed and reinforced double-wall and insulated panels of same materials and thicknesses as casing.
- b. Hinges: A minimum of two ball-bearing hinges or stainless-steel piano hinge and two wedge-lever latches, operable from inside and outside.

- Arrange doors to be opened against airflow. Provide safety latch retainers on doors so that doors do not open uncontrollably.
- c. Gasket: Neoprene, applied around entire perimeters of panel frames.
- d. Size: Large enough to allow for unobstructed access for inspection and maintenance of air-handling unit's internal components.

3. Locations and Applications:

- a. Fan Section:
- b. Access Section: Doors.
- c. Damper Section:
- d. Filter Section: large enough to allow periodic removal and installation of filters.
- e. Relief Section: Doors.

G. Condensate Drain Pans:

- 1. Location: Each refrigerant coil and rotary heat exchanger.
- Construction:
 - a. Single-wall, noncorrosive polymer or stainless steel sheet.
- 3. Size: Large enough to collect condensate from cooling coils, including coil piping connections, coil headers, and return bends.
- 4. Drain Connection:
 - a. Located on one end or both ends of pan, at lowest point of pan.
 - b. Terminated with threaded nipple.
 - c. Minimum Connection Size: NPS 1.
- 5. Slope: Minimum 0.125-inch/ft. slope in at least two planes to collect condensate from cooling coils (including coil piping connections, coil headers, and return bends) and from humidifiers and to direct water toward drain connection.
- 6. Length: Extend drain pan downstream from leaving face for distance to comply with ASHRAE 62.1.
- 7. Width: Entire width of water-producing device.
- 8. Depth: A minimum of 2 inches deep.
- 9. Pan-Top Surface Coating for Galvanized-Steel Drain Pans: Asphaltic waterproofing compound.
- 10. Provide units having stacked coils with intermediate drain pan to collect condensate from top coil.

2.5 FANS, DRIVES, AND MOTORS

A. Fan and Drive Assemblies: Statically and dynamically balanced and designed for continuous operation at maximum-rated fan speed and motor horsepower.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- B. Supply-Air Fans and Relief-Air Fans: Centrifugal; galvanized or painted steel; mounted on solid-steel shaft.
 - 1. Shafts: With field-adjustable alignment.
 - a. Turned, ground, and polished hot-rolled steel with keyway.
 - 2. Shaft Bearings:
 - a. Heavy-duty, self-aligning, pillow-block type with an L-50 rated life of minimum 100,000 hours in accordance with ABMA 9.
 - 3. Housings: Formed- and reinforced-steel panels to form curved scroll housings with shaped cutoff and spun-metal inlet bell.
 - a. Bracing: Steel angle or channel supports for mounting and supporting fan scroll, wheel, motor, and accessories.
 - 4. Housings, Plenum Fans: Steel frame and panel; fabricated without fan scroll and volute housing. Provide inlet screens for Type SWSI fans.
 - 5. Backward-Inclined, Centrifugal Fan Wheels: Construction with curved inlet flange, backplate, backward-inclined blades welded or riveted to flange and backplate; steel or aluminum hub riveted to backplate and fastened to shaft with setscrews.
 - 6. Forward-Curved, Centrifugal Fan Wheels: Inlet flange, backplate, and shallow blades with inlet and tip curved forward in direction of airflow and mechanically fastened to flange and backplate; steel or aluminum hub swaged to backplate and fastened to shaft with setscrews.
 - 7. Airfoil, Centrifugal Fan Wheels (Plenum Fan Wheels): Smooth-curved inlet flange, backplate, and hollow die-formed airfoil-shaped blades continuously welded at tip flange and backplate; steel hub riveted to backplate and fastened to shaft with setscrews.
 - 8. Mounting: For internal vibration isolation. Factory mount fans with manufacturer's standard restrained vibration isolation mounting devices having a minimum static deflection of 1 inch.
 - 9. Shaft Lubrication Lines: Extended to a location outside the casing.
 - Flexible Connector: Factory fabricated with a fabric strip minimum 3-1/2 inches wide, attached to two strips of minimum 2-3/4-inch-wide by 0.028-inch-thick, galvanized-steel sheet.
 - a. Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric, double coated with neoprene. Fabrics, coatings, and adhesives shall comply with UL 181, Class 1.
- C. Drive, Belt: Factory-mounted V-belt drive, with adjustable alignment and belt tensioning, and with 1.25 service factor based on fan motor.
 - 1. Pulleys: Cast iron or cast steel with split, tapered bushing, dynamically balanced at the factory.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Belts: Oil resistant, nonsparking and nonstatic; in matched sets for multiple-belt drives.
- 3. Belt Guards: Comply with requirements specified by OSHA and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards"; 0.146 inch thick, 3/4-inch diamond-mesh wire screen, welded to steel angle frame; prime coated.
- D. Condenser-Coil Fan: Variable-speed propeller, mounted on shaft of permanently lubricated motors.

E. Motors:

- Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
- 2. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
- 3. Enclosure Type: Open, drip proof.
- 4. Enclosure Materials: Cast iron.
- 5. Motor Bearings: .
- 6. Unusual Service Conditions:
 - a. Ambient Temperature: 5 deg C.
 - b. Altitude: 1000' above sea level.
- 7. Efficiency: Premium efficient as defined in NEMA MG 1.
- 8. NEMA Design:
- 9. Motor Pulleys: Adjustable pitch for use with 5 hp motors and smaller; fixed pitch for use with motors larger than 5 hp. Select pulley size so pitch adjustment is at the middle of adjustment range at fan design conditions.
- 10. Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Wiring: Comply with requirements for electrical devices and connections specified in electrical Sections.
- 11. Mount unit-mounted disconnect switches on exterior or interior of unit.
- F. Variable-Frequency Motor Controller: Serving each fan individually in fan array.
 - 1. Manufactured Units: Pulse-width modulated; constant torque and variable torque for Design A and Design B inverter-duty motors.
 - 2. Output Rating: Three phase; 10 to 60 Hz, with voltage proportional to frequency throughout voltage range; maximum voltage equals input voltage.
 - 3. Unit Operating Requirements:
 - a. Internal Adjustability:
 - 1) Minimum Speed: 5 to 25 percent of maximum rpm.
 - 2) Maximum Speed: 80 to 100 percent of maximum rpm.
 - 3) Acceleration: 0.1 to 999.9 seconds.
 - 4) Deceleration: 0.1 to 999.9 seconds.

- 5) Current Limit: 30 to minimum of 150 percent of maximum rating.
- b. Self-Protection and Reliability Features:
 - 1) Surge suppression.
 - 2) Loss of input signal protection.
 - 3) Under- and overvoltage trips.
 - Variable-frequency motor controller and motoroverload/overtemperature protection.
 - 5) Critical frequency rejection.
 - 6) Loss-of-phase protection.
 - 7) Reverse-phase protection.
 - 8) Motor-overtemperature fault.
- c. Bidirectional autospeed search.
- d. Torque boost.
- e. Motor temperature compensation at slow speeds.
 - 1) Panel-mounted operator station.
 - 2) Historical logging information and displays.
 - 3) Digital indicating devices.
- f. Control Signal Interface: Electric.
- g. Proportional Integral Directive (PID) control interface.
- 4. Line Conditioning:
 - a. Input line conditioning.
 - b. Output filtering.
 - c. EMI/RFI filtering.
- 5. Bypass Systems:
 - a. Bypass Mode: Manual operation only.
 - b. Bypass Controller, Two-Contactor Style: With bypass and output isolating contactors and isolating switch.
- 6. Weather proof enclosure.

2.6 COILS

- A. General Requirements for Coils:
 - 1. Comply with AHRI 410.
 - 2. Fabricate coils section to allow removal and replacement of coil for maintenance and to allow in-place access for service and maintenance of coil(s).
 - 3. Coils are not to act as structural component of unit.
- B. Supply-Air Refrigerant Coils:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Tubes: Copper.
- 2. Fins:
 - a. Material: Aluminum.
 - b. Fin Spacing: Maximum 12, 10, or 8 fins per inch.
- 3. Fin and Tube Joints: Mechanical bond.
- 4. Headers: Seamless-copper headers with brazed connections.
- 5. Frames: Galvanized steel.
- 6. Coatings: None.
- 7. Ratings: Designed, tested, and rated in accordance with ASHRAE 33 and AHRI 410.
 - a. Working Pressure: Minimum 300 psig.

C. Hot-Gas Reheat Refrigerant Coils:

- 1. Tubes: Copper.
- 2. Fins:
 - a. Material: Aluminum.
 - b. Fin Spacing: Maximum 12, 10, or 8 Insert spacing fins per inch.
- 3. Fin and Tube Joints: Mechanical bond.
- 4. Headers: Seamless-copper headers with brazed connections.
- 5. Frames: Galvanized steel.
- Coatings: None.
- 7. Ratings: Designed, tested, and rated in accordance with ASHRAE 33 and AHRI 410.
 - Working Pressure: Minimum 300 psig.
- 8. Suction-discharge bypass valve.

D. Condenser Refrigerant coils:

- 1. Tube Material: Copper.
- 2. Fin Material: Aluminum.
- 3. Fin and Tube Joint: Mechanical bond.
- 4. Coating: None.

2.7 REFRIGERATION CIRCUIT COMPONENTS

- A. Compressors: Hermetic, variable-speed scroll compressors, mounted on integral vibration isolators; with internal overcurrent and high-temperature protection, internal pressure relief, and crankcase heater.
- B. Refrigerant: [R-410A].

C. Refrigeration Specialties:

- 1. Expansion valve with replaceable thermostatic element.
- 2. Refrigerant filter/dryer.
- 3. Manual-reset high-pressure safety switch.
- 4. Automatic-reset low-pressure safety switch.
- 5. Minimum off-time relay.
- 6. Automatic-reset compressor motor thermal overload.
- 7. Thermostat for coil freeze-up protection during low-ambient-temperature operation or loss of air.
- 8. Brass service valves installed in discharge and liquid lines.
- 9. Low-ambient kit high-pressure sensor.
- 10. Single compressor with evaporator and condenser coil within the refrigerant section to provide initial pre-cooling and to reheat for humidity control.
- 11. Modulating hot-gas reheat solenoid valve with a replaceable magnetic coil.
- Heat-pipe heat exchanger, wrapped around the evaporator coil to pre-cool the air entering the evaporator coil and reheat the air leaving the evaporator coil to control humidity.
- 13. Hot-gas bypass refrigerant control for capacity control with continuous dehumidification for single-speed compressor.

2.8 AIR FILTRATION

A. Particulate air filtration is specified in Section 234100 "Particulate Air Filtration."

B. Panel Filters:

- 1. Description: Flat, non-pleated pre-filters and Pleated factory-fabricated, self-supported disposable air filters with holding frames.
- 2. Filter Unit Class: UL 900.
- 3. Media: Interlaced glass, synthetic, or cotton fibers coated with nonflammable adhesive and antimicrobial coating.
- 4. Filter-Media Frame: High wet-strength beverage board with perforated metal retainer, or metal grid, on outlet side.

C. Mounting Frames:

- 1. Panel filters arranged for flat or angular orientation, with access doors on both sides of unit. Filters shall be removable from one side or from access plenum.
- 2. Cartridge filters arranged for flat orientation, removable from access plenum.
- 3. Galvanized or stainless steel with gaskets and fasteners, suitable for bolting together into built-up filter banks with space for prefilter.

2.9 ROTARY HEAT EXCHANGER

A. Casing:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Galvanized steel, stainless steel, or aluminum with manufacturer's standard factory-painted finish.
- 2. Integral purge section limiting carryover of exhaust air to between 0.05 percent at 1.6-inch wg and 0.20 percent at 4-inch wg differential pressure.
- 3. Casing seals on periphery of rotor and on duct divider and purge section.
- 4. Support vertical rotor on grease-lubricated ball bearings having extended grease fittings or permanently lubricated bearings. Support horizontal rotors on tapered roller bearings.
- B. Rotor Aluminum, Metallic, or Polymer: Aluminum, metallic, or polymer segmented wheel, strengthened with radial spokes impregnated with nonmigrating, water-selective, molecular-sieve desiccant coating.
- C. Drive: Fractional horsepower motor and gear reducer, with speed changed by variable-frequency controller. Provide permanently lubricated wheel bearings.

D. Controls:

- 1. Starting relay, factory mounted and wired, and manual motor starter for field wiring.
- 2. Variable-frequency controller, factory mounted and wired, permitting input of 4-20 mA or 1-10 V control signal.
- 3. Control energy recovery to permit air economizer operation.
 - a. Bypass dampers to assist energy recovery control.
- 4. Pilot-Light Indicator: Display rotor rotation and speed.
- 5. Speed Settings: Adjustable settings for maximum and minimum rotor speed limits.
- 6. Integral purge section limiting carryover of exhaust air to between 0.05 percent at 1.6-inch wg and 0.20 percent at 4-inch wg differential pressure.
- 7. Defrost cycle.

2.10 DAMPERS

A. Outdoor- and Relief-Air Dampers: Low-leakage, double-skin, airfoil-blade, galvanized-steel dampers with compressible jamb seals and extruded-vinyl blade edge seals in opposed-blade arrangement with zinc-plated steel operating rods rotating in sintered bronze or nylon bearings mounted in a single galvanized-steel frame, and with operating rods connected with a common linkage. Leakage rate shall not exceed 4 cfm/sq. ft. at 1 inch wg and 8 cfm/sq. ft. at 4 inches wg.

B. Electronic Damper Operators:

- 1. Direct-coupled type designed for minimum 60,000 full-stroke cycles at rated torque.
- 2. Electronic damper position indicator shall have visual scale indicating percentage of travel and 2 to 10 V dc feedback signal.

3. Operator Motors:

- a. Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
- b. Size to operate with sufficient reserve power to provide smooth modulating action or two-position action.
- c. Permanent Split-Capacitor or Shaded-Pole Type: Gear trains completely oil immersed and sealed. Equip spring-return motors with integral spiral-spring mechanism in housings designed for easy removal for service or adjustment of limit switches, auxiliary switches, or feedback potentiometer.
- 4. Non-spring-Return Motors for Dampers Larger Than 25 Sq. Ft.: Size for running torque of 150 in. x lbf and breakaway torque of 300 in. x lbf.
- 5. Spring-Return Motors for Dampers Larger Than 25 Sq. Ft.: Size for running and breakaway torque of 150 in. x lbf.
- 6. Size dampers for running torque calculated as follows:
 - a. Parallel-Blade Damper with Edge Seals: 7 inch-lb/sq. ft. of damper.
 - b. Opposed-Blade Damper with Edge Seals: 5 inch-lb/sq. ft. of damper.
 - c. Dampers with 2 to 3 Inches wg of Pressure Drop or Face Velocities of 1000 to 2500 fpm: Increase running torque by 1.5.
 - d. Dampers with 3 to 4 Inches wg of Pressure Drop or Face Velocities of 2500 to 3000 fpm: Increase running torque by 2.0.
- 7. Coupling: V-bolt and V-shaped, toothed cradle.
- 8. Overload Protection: Electronic overload or digital rotation-sensing circuitry.
- 9. Fail-Safe Operation: Mechanical, spring-return mechanism with external, manual gear release on non-spring-return actuators.
- 10. Power Requirements (Two-Position Spring Return): 24 V dc.
- 11. Power Requirements (Modulating): Maximum 10 VA at 24 V ac or 8 W at 24 V dc.
- 12. Proportional Signal: 2 to 10 V dc or 4 to 20 mA, and 2 to 10 V dc position feedback signal.
- 13. Temperature Rating: Minus 22 to plus 122 deg F.

2.11 ELECTRICAL POWER CONNECTIONS

- A. Single-Point Power Connection: Factory-installed and -wired switches, motor controllers, transformers, and other necessary electrical devices shall provide a single-point field power connection to unit.
- B. Enclosure: NEMA 250, Type 3R, mounted in unit with hinged access door in unit cabinet having a lock and key or padlock and key.
- C. Wiring: Numbered and color-coded to match wiring diagram.
- D. Wiring Location: Install factory wiring outside an enclosure in a raceway.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- E. Power Interface: Field power interface to be NEMA KS 1, heavy-duty, non--fused disconnect switch.
- F. Factory Wiring: Branch power circuit to each motor and to controls with one of the following disconnecting means:
 - 1. NEMA KS 1, heavy-duty, fusible switch with rejection-type fuse clips rated for fuses. Select and size fuses to provide Type 2 protection in accordance with IEC 60947-4-1.
 - 2. NEMA KS 1, heavy-duty, non-fusible switch.
 - 3. UL 489, motor-circuit protector (circuit breaker) with field-adjustable, short-circuit trip coordinated with motor locked-rotor amperes.
- G. Factory-Mounted, Overcurrent-Protection Service: For each motor.
- H. Transformer: Factory mounted with primary and secondary fuses and sized with enough capacity to operate electrical load plus spare capacity.
- I. Controls: Factory wire unit-mounted controls where indicated.
 - 1. Service Lights: 60watt LED vaporproof luminaire with individual switched junction box located inside, adjacent to each access door and panel.
 - a. Locations: Each section accessed with door or panel.
 - 2. Convenience Outlets: One 20 A duplex GFCI receptacle per location with junction box located on outside casing wall.
 - a. Locations: Fan section.
- J. Control Relays: Auxiliary and adjustable time-delay relays.

2.12 CONTROLS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 230923 "Direct Digital Control (DDC) System for HVAC" and Section 230993.11 "Sequence of Operations for HVAC DDC" for control equipment and sequence of operation.
- B. Control Wiring: Factory wire connection for controls' power supply.
- C. Control Devices: Sensors, transmitters, relays, switches, detectors, operators, actuators, and valves shall be manufacturer's standard items to accomplish indicated control functions.
- D. Remote or Unit-Mounted Status Panel:
 - 1. Cooling/Off/Heating Controls: Control operational mode.

- 2. Damper Position: Indicate position of outdoor-air dampers in terms of percentage of outdoor air.
- 3. Status Lights:
 - a. Filter dirty.
 - b. Fan operating.
 - c. Cooling operating.
 - d. Heating operating.
 - e. Smoke alarm.
 - f. General alarm.

4. Digital Numeric Display:

- a. Outdoor airflow.
- b. Supply airflow.
- c. Outdoor dry-bulb temperature.
- d. Outdoor dew point temperature.
- e. Space temperature.
- f. Supply temperature.
- g. Space relative humidity.
- h. Space carbon dioxide level.

E. Refrigeration System Controls:

- 1. Unit-mounted enthalpy controller shall lock out refrigerant system when outdoor-air enthalpy is less than 28 Btu/lb of dry air or outdoor-air temperature is less than 60 deg F.
- 2. Outdoor-air sensor de-energizes dehumidifier operation when outdoor-air temperature is less than 60 deg F.
- 3. Relative-humidity sensor energizes dehumidifier operation when relative humidity is more than 50 percent.

F. Rotary Heat-Exchanger Control:

- 1. Sequence with refrigeration system controls and heating controls.
- 2. For operation of rotary heat exchanger itself, see "Rotary Heat Exchanger" Article.
- G. Damper Controls: Space-pressure sensor modulates outdoor- and relief-air dampers to maintain a positive pressure in space at a minimum of 0.05-inch wg with respect to outdoor reference.
- H. DDC Temperature Control: Standalone control module for link between unit controls and DDC temperature-control system. Control module shall be compatible with control system specified in Section 230923 "Direct Digital Control (DDC) System for HVAC." Links shall include the following:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Start/stop interface relay and relay to notify DDC temperature-control system alarm condition.
- 2. Hardware interface or additional sensors for the following:
 - a. Room temperature.
 - b. Discharge-air temperature.
 - c. Refrigeration system operation.
- I. Interface with DDC System for HVAC: Factory-installed hardware and software to enable the DDC system for HVAC to monitor, control, and display unit status and alarms.
 - 1. Hardwired Points:
 - a. Monitoring: On-off status, common trouble alarm.
 - b. Control: On-off operation, supply temperature set-point adjustment space humidity set-point adjustment.
 - ASHRAE 135 (BACnet) Modbus communication interface with the DDC system for HVAC shall enable the DDC system for HVAC operator to remotely control and monitor the unit from an operator workstation. Control features and monitoring points displayed locally at unit control panel shall be available through the DDC system for HVAC.

2.13 ROOF CURBS

- A. SPRING VIBRATION ISOLATION ROOF CURBS
- B. Wind Restraints: Metal brackets compatible with the curb and casing, painted to match RTU, used to anchor unit to the curb, and designed for loads at Project site. Comply with code requirements for wind-load requirements.
- C. Materials: Galvanized steel with corrosion-protection coating, watertight gaskets, and factory-installed wood nailer; complying with NRCA standards.
- D. Curb Insulation and Adhesive: Comply with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B.
- E. Materials: ASTM C 1071, Type I or II.
- F. Minimum Thickness: 1-1/2 inches. 3 pound per cubic foot density fiberglass insulation.
- G. Application: Factory applied with adhesive and mechanical fasteners to the internal surface of curb.
- H. Liner Adhesive: Comply with ASTM C 916, Type I.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

I. Mechanical Fasteners: Galvanized steel, suitable for adhesive attachment, mechanical attachment, or welding attachment to duct without damaging liner when applied as recommended by manufacturer and without causing leakage in cabinet.

- J. Liner materials applied in this location shall have air-stream surface coated with a temperature-resistant coating or faced with a plain or coated fibrous mat or fabric depending on service air velocity.
- K. Liner Adhesive: Comply with ASTM C 916, Type I.
- L. Curb Dimensions: Height of 24 inches full length and width of unit.
- M. The lower member shall consist of galvanized steel Z section or channel containing adjustable and removable steel springs that support the upper floating section. The upper frame shall provide continuous support for the equipment and shall be captive so as to resiliently resist wind forces. All directional neoprene snubber bushings shall be a minimum of 1/4" thick. Steel springs shall be laterally stable and rest on 1/4" thick neoprene acoustical pads. Hardware must be nickel plated and the springs provided with a rust resistant finish. The curbs waterproofing shall consist of a continuous galvanized flexible counter flashing fastened over the lower curb's waterproofing and joined at the corners by EPDM bellows. All spring locations shall have access ports with removable waterproof covers. Lower curbs shall have provision for 2" of insulation. Curb shall be type RSC as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc
 - 1. Optional equipment.
 - 2. Sheet metal access doors in front of spring isolators
 - Acoustic package (2) sealed layers of gypsum attached to the floating upper base supported by steel members around the perimeter and across the width of the curb.
- N. Curb Dimensions: Height of 24 inches. Provide adaptable horizontal dimensions as required for existing roof openings.
- O. Wind and Seismic Restraints: Metal brackets compatible with the curb and casing, painted to match unit, used to anchor unit to the curb, and designed for loads at Project site. Comply with requirements in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC" for wind-load requirements.

2.14 INTAKE AND RELIEF OPENINGS

- A. Type: Manufacturer's standard hood or louver, including moisture eliminator, at all unit intake and relief openings.
- B. Materials: Match material and finish of casing exterior.
- C. Bird Screen: Comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.
- D. Configuration: Designed to inhibit wind-driven rain and snow from entering unit.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

2.15 MATERIALS

A. Steel:

- 1. ASTM A36/A36M for carbon structural steel.
- 2. ASTM A568/A568M for steel sheet.

B. Stainless Steel:

- 1. Manufacturer's standard grade for casing.
- 2. Manufacturer's standard type, ASTM A240/A240M for bare steel exposed to airstream or moisture.
- C. Galvanized Steel: ASTM A653/A653M.
- D. Aluminum: ASTM B209.
- E. Comply with Section 230546 "Coatings for HVAC" for corrosion-resistant coating.

2.16 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. AHRI 920: Manufacturer to certify that performance ratings are in accordance with AHRI 920 if AHRI 920 certification program is not in place. Provide AHRI 920 certification if AHRI 920 certification program is in place.
- B. AHRI 260 or AMCA 311 Sound Performance Rating Certification: Test, rate, and label unit fan sound ratings in accordance with AHRI 260 or AMCA 311.
- C. Fan Aerodynamic Performance Rating: Test and rate fan performance for airflow, pressure, power, air density, rotation speed, and efficiency.
 - 1. Fan Aerodynamic Performance Rating: Test and rate fan performance in accordance with AMCA 210 or 211
- D. Fan Energy Index (FEI): Test in accordance with AMCA 210 and rate in accordance with AMCA 99, AMCA 207, and AMCA 208.
- E. Fan Operating Limits: Classify fans in accordance with AMCA 99, Section 14.
- F. Damper Leakage and Air
- G. Performance:
 - 1. Damper Rating: Test and rate dampers for leakage and air performance in accordance with AMCA 510 or AMCA 511
- H. Water Coils: Factory tested to 300 psig in accordance with AHRI 410 and ASHRAE 33.

I. Refrigerant Coils: Factory tested to minimum 300 psig internal pressure and to minimum 300 psig internal pressure while under water, in accordance with AHRI 410 and ASHRAE 33.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for piping, ducts, and electrical systems to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- C. Examine roof curbs and equipment supports for suitable conditions where units will be installed.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Roof Curb: Install on roof structure or concrete base, level and secure, in accordance with NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing Manual: Membrane Roof Systems" <Insert reference document>. Install units on curbs and coordinate roof penetrations and flashing with roof construction specified in Section 077200 "Roof Accessories." Secure units to upper curb rail, and secure curb base to roof framing or concrete base with anchor bolts. Coordinate sizes and locations of roof curbs with actual equipment provided.
- B. Unit Support: Install unit level on structural curbs. Coordinate roof penetrations and flashing with roof construction. Secure units to structural support with anchor bolts. Coordinate sizes and locations of curbs with actual equipment provided.
- C. Do not operate fan system until filters (temporary or permanent) are in place. Replace temporary filters used during construction and testing with new, clean filters.
- D. Install filter-gauge, static-pressure taps upstream and downstream of filters. Mount filter gauges on outside of filter housing or filter plenum in accessible position. Provide filter gauges on filter banks, installed with separate static-pressure taps upstream and downstream of filters.
- E. Connect duct to air-handling units with flexible connections. Comply with requirements in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."
- F. Install wall- and duct-mounted sensors furnished by manufacturer for field installation. Install control wiring and make final connections to control devices and unit control panel.

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- G. Install separate devices furnished by manufacturer and not factory installed.
- H. Install new filters at completion of equipment installation and before testing, adjusting, and balancing.

3.3 PIPING CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Where installing piping adjacent to units, allow space for service and maintenance.
- C. Connect piping to units mounted on vibration isolators with flexible connectors.
- D. Refrigerant Piping: Comply with applicable requirements in Section 232300 "Refrigerant Piping." Install shutoff valve and union or flange at each supply and return connection.

E. Duct Connections:

- Comply with requirements in Section 233113 "Metal Ducts."
- 2. Drawings indicate the general arrangement of ducts.
- 3. Connect ducts to units with flexible duct connectors. Comply with requirements for flexible duct connectors in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."

3.4 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect wiring in accordance with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- B. Ground equipment in accordance with Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- C. Install electrical devices furnished by manufacturer, but not factory mounted, in accordance with NFPA 70 and NECA 1.
- D. Install nameplate for each electrical connection, indicating electrical equipment designation and circuit number feeding connection.
 - 1. Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs, as specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 2. Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs with a black background and engraved white letters at least 1/2 inch high.

3.5 CONTROL CONNECTIONS

A. Install control and electrical power wiring to field-mounted control devices.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

B. Connect control wiring in accordance with Section 260523 "Control-Voltage Electrical Power Cables."

3.6 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.
 - 1. Complete installation and startup checks in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Inspect units for visible damage to refrigerant compressor, condenser and evaporator coils, and fans.
 - 3. Start refrigeration system when outdoor-air temperature is within normal operating limits. and measure and record the following:
 - a. Cooling coil leaving-air, dry- and wet-bulb temperatures.
 - b. Cooling coil entering-air, dry- and wet-bulb temperatures.
 - c. Condenser coil entering-air dry-bulb temperature.
 - d. Condenser coil leaving-air dry-bulb temperature.
 - 4. Simulate maximum cooling demand and inspect the following:
 - a. Compressor refrigerant suction and hot-gas pressures.
 - b. Short-circuiting of air through outside coil or from outside coil to outdoor-air intake.
 - 5. Inspect casing insulation for integrity, moisture content, and adhesion.
 - 6. Verify that clearances have been provided for servicing.
 - 7. Verify that controls are connected and operable.
 - 8. Verify that filters are installed.
 - 9. Clean coils and inspect for construction debris.
 - 10. Inspect operation of power vents.
 - 11. Purge gas line.
 - 12. Inspect and adjust vibration isolators and seismic restraints.
 - 13. Verify bearing lubrication.
 - 14. Clean fans and inspect fan-wheel rotation for movement in correct direction without vibration and binding.
 - 15. Adjust fan belts to proper alignment and tension.
 - 16. Start unit.
 - 17. Inspect and record performance of interlocks and protective devices, including response to smoke detectors by fan controls and fire alarm.
 - 18. Operate unit for run-in period.
 - 19. Calibrate controls.
 - 20. Adjust and inspect high-temperature limits.
 - 21. Inspect outdoor-air dampers for proper stroke and interlock with return-air dampers.
 - 22. Verify operational sequence of controls.
 - 23. Measure and record the following airflows. Plot fan volumes on fan curve.

- a. Supply-air volume.
- b. Relief-air flow.
- c. Outdoor-air flow.
- B. After startup, change filters, verify bearing lubrication, and adjust belt tension.
- C. Remove and replace components that do not properly operate and repeat startup procedures as specified above.
- D. Prepare written report of the results of startup services.

3.7 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust initial temperature and humidity set points.
- B. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges as indicated.
- C. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months from date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.8 CLEANING

A. After completing system installation; testing, adjusting, and balancing dedicated outdoor-air unit and air-distribution systems; and completing startup service, clean air-handling units internally to remove foreign material and construction dirt and dust. Clean fan wheels, casings, dampers, coils, and filter housings, and install new, clean filters.

3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- C. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
 - 1. Leak Test: After installation, fill water and steam coils with water, and test coils and connections for leaks.
 - 2. Charge refrigerant coils with refrigerant and test for leaks.
 - 3. Fan Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.

3.10 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain units.

END OF SECTION 237433

SECTION 238129 - VARIABLE REFRIGERANT FLOW HVAC SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes complete VRF HVAC system(s) including, but not limited to the following components to make a complete operating system(s) according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Indoor, concealed, ceiling and floor mounted units for ducting.
 - 2. Indoor, exposed, floor and wall mounted units.
 - 3. Indoor, recessed, ceiling-mounted units.
 - 4. Indoor, dedicated outdoor air ventilation units.
 - 5. Indoor, energy recovery ventilator.
 - 6. Outdoor, air-source heat recovery units.
 - 7. Heat recovery control units.
 - 8. System controls.
 - 9. System refrigerant and oil.
 - 10. System condensate drain piping.
 - 11. System refrigerant piping.
 - 12. Metal hangers and supports.
 - 13. Metal framing systems.
 - 14. Fastener systems.
 - 15. Miscellaneous support materials.
 - 16. Piping and tubing insulation.
 - 17. System control cable and raceways.
 - 18. Materials
 - 19. Source quality controls
 - 20. Vibration isolation.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Air-Conditioning System Operation: System capable of operation with all zones in cooling only.
- B. Heat-Pump System Operation: System capable of operation with all zones in either heating or cooling, but not with simultaneous heating and cooling zones that transfer heat between zones.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- C. Heat Recovery System Operation: System capable of operation with simultaneous heating and cooling zones that transfer heat between zones.
- HRU: Heat Recovery Unit. HRUs are used in heat recovery VRF HVAC systems to D. manage and control refrigerant between indoor units to provide simultaneous heating and cooling zones. "Heat Recovery Control Unit" is the term used by ASHRAE for what different manufacturers term as branch circuit controller, branch selector box, changeover box, flow selector unit, mode change unit, and other such terms.
- Low Voltage: As defined in NFPA 70 for circuits and equipment operating at less than E. 50 V or for remote-control, signaling power-limited circuits.
- F. Plenum: A space forming part of the air distribution system to which one or more air ducts are connected. An air duct is a passageway, other than a plenum, for transporting air to or from heating, ventilating, or air-conditioning equipment.
- G. Three-Pipe System Design: One high pressure refrigerant vapor line, one low pressure refrigerant vapor line, and one refrigerant liquid line connect a single outdoor unit or multiple manifold outdoor units in a single system to associated system HRUs. One liquid line and refrigerant vapor line connect HRUs to associated indoor units.
- Н. Two-Pipe System Design: One refrigerant vapor line and one refrigerant liquid line connect a single outdoor unit or multiple manifold outdoor units in a single system to associated system HCUs. One refrigerant liquid line and refrigerant vapor line connect HCUs to associated indoor units. HCUs used in two pipe systems act as an intermediate heat exchanger and include diverting valves and gas/liquid separators to move high- and low-pressure refrigerant between indoor units.
- I. VRF: Variable refrigerant flow.

ACTION SUBMITTALS 1.4

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual 1. components and profiles, and finishes for indoor and outdoor units and for HRUs.
 - 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
 - 3. Include operating performance at design conditions and at extreme maximum and minimum outdoor ambient conditions.
 - Include description of system controllers, dimensions, features, control interfaces 4. and connections, power requirements, and connections.
 - Include system operating sequence of operation in narrative form for each unique 5. indoor- and outdoor-unit and HRU control.
 - Include description of control software features. 6.
 - Include total refrigerant required and a comprehensive breakdown of refrigerant 7. required by each system installed.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 8. Include refrigerant type and data sheets showing compliance with requirements indicated.
- 9. For system design software.
- 10. Indicate location and type of service access.
- B. Shop Drawings: For VRF HVAC systems.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting and attachment details.
 - 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 3. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include adjustable motor bases, rails, and frames for equipment mounting.
 - 4. Include diagrams and details of refrigerant piping and tubing showing installation requirements for manufacturer-furnished divided flow fittings.
 - 5. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For fully and partially exposed indoor units with factory finishes viewable by occupants.
 - 1. Include a Sample for each unique finish with unit identification, detailed description of application, and cross-referenced floor plans showing locations.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Plans, elevations, sections, and details, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
 - 1. Suspended ceiling components.
 - 2. Structural floors, roofs and associated members to which equipment, piping, ductwork, cables, and conduit will be attached.
 - 3. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
 - 4. Wall-mounted controllers located in finished space showing relationship to light switches, fire-alarm devices, and other installed devices.
 - 5. Size and location of access doors and panels installed behind walls and inaccessible ceilings for products installed behind walls and requiring access.
 - 6. Items penetrating finished ceiling including the following:
 - a. Luminaires.
 - b. Air outlets and inlets.
 - c. Speakers.
 - d. Sprinklers.
 - e. Service access panels.
 - f. Fire alarm devices
- B. Qualification Data:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- For Installer: Certificate from VRF HVAC system manufacturer certifying that 1. Installer has successfully completed prerequisite training administered by manufacturer for proper installation of systems, including but not limited to, equipment, piping, controls, and accessories indicated and furnished for installation.
 - Retain copies of Installer certificates on-site and make available on a. request.
- 2. For VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
- 3. For VRF HVAC system provider.
- C. Product Test Reports: Where tests are required, for each product, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.
- D. Source quality-control reports.
- E. Field quality-control reports.
- F. Sample Warranties: For manufacturer's warranties.

1.6 **CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS**

- Operation and Maintenance Data: For VRF HVAC systems to include in emergency, Α. operation, and maintenance manuals.
- Software and Firmware Operational Documentation: B.
 - 1. Software operating and upgrade manuals.
 - Program Software Backup: On CD or DVD, USB media, or approved cloud 2. storage platform, complete with data files.
 - Device address list. 3.
 - Printout of software application and graphic screens.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- Α. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Filters:
 - One set(s) for each unit with replaceable filters. a.
 - One set(s) for each unit type and unique size of washable filters.
 - 2. Indoor Units: One for each unique size and type installed.
 - Controllers for Indoor Units: One for each unique controller type installed. 3.
 - 4. Insert maintenance material requirements.

1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications:

- 1. Nationally recognized manufacturer of VRF HVAC systems and products.
- 2. Shipped VRF HVAC systems with similar requirements to those indicated for a continuous period of five years within time of bid.
- 3. VRF HVAC systems and products that have been successfully tested and in use on at least five completed projects.
- 4. Having complete published catalog literature, installation, and operation and maintenance manuals for all products intended for use.
- 5. Having full-time in-house employees for the following:
 - a. Product research and development.
 - b. Product and application engineering.
 - c. Product manufacturing, testing, and quality control.
 - d. Technical support for system installation training, startup, commissioning, and troubleshooting of installations.
 - e. Owner training.

B. Factory-Authorized Service Representative Qualifications:

- 1. Authorized representative of, and trained by, VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
- 2. Demonstrated past experience with products being installed for period within three consecutive years before time of bid.
- 3. Demonstrated past experience on five projects of similar complexity, scope, and value.
 - a. Each person assigned to Project shall have demonstrated past experience.
- 4. Staffing resources of competent and experienced full-time employees that are assigned to execute work according to schedule.
- 5. Service and maintenance staff assigned to support Project during warranty period.
- 6. VRF HVAC system manufacturer's backing to take over execution of Work if necessary to comply with requirements indicated. Include Project-specific written letter, signed by manufacturer's corporate officer, if requested.
- C. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
 - 1. Each employee shall be certified by manufacturer for proper installation of systems, including, but not limited to, equipment, piping, controls, and accessories indicated and furnished for installation.
 - 2. Installer certification shall be valid and current for duration of Project.
 - 3. Retain copies of Installer certificates on-site and make available on request.
 - 4. Each person assigned to Project shall have demonstrated past experience.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- a. Demonstrated past experience with products being installed for period within three consecutive years before time of bid.
- b. Demonstrated past experience on five projects of similar complexity, scope, and value.
- D. Mockups: Build mockups to set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Build mockups to show a finished installation for each of the following applications:
 - For each different indoor unit type with exposed surfaces viewable by occupants.
 - b. One typical ceiling cassette unit
 - 2. Mockups need to be operational to test controls and sound.
 - Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
 - 4. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.
- E. ISO Compliance: System equipment and components furnished by VRF HVAC system manufacturer shall be manufactured in an ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 facility.
- 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
 - A. Deliver and store products in a clean and dry place.
 - B. Comply with manufacturer's written rigging and installation instructions for unloading and moving to final installed location.
 - C. Handle products carefully to prevent damage, breaking, denting, and scoring. Do not install damaged products.
 - D. Protect products from weather, dirt, dust, water, construction debris, and physical damage.
 - 1. Retain factory-applied coverings on equipment to protect finishes during construction and remove just prior to operating unit.
 - 2. Cover unit openings before installation to prevent dirt and dust from entering inside of units. If required to remover coverings during unit installation, reapply coverings over openings after unit installation and remove just prior to operating unit.
 - E. Replace installed products damaged during construction.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace equipment and components that fail(s) in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Structural failures.
 - b. Faulty operation.
 - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.
 - d.

2. Warranty Period:

- a. For Compressor: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
- b. For Parts, Including Controls: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
- c. For Labor: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: the basis of design shall be LG Electronics. Other manufactures that may be acceptable, subject to compliance with requirements of the contract documents, and review and approval by the engineer.
 - 1. Carrier Corporation /Toshiba.
 - 2. Daikin AC (Americas), Inc.
 - 3. Samsung HVAC.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain products from single source from single manufacturer including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Indoor and outdoor units, including accessories.
 - 2. Controls and software.
 - 3. HRUs.
 - 4. Refrigerant isolation valves.
 - 5. Specialty refrigerant pipe fittings.

2.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Direct-expansion (DX) VRF HVAC system(s) with variable capacity in response to varying cooling and heating loads. System shall consist of multiple indoor units, HRUs, outdoor unit(s), piping, controls, and electrical power to make complete operating system(s) complying with requirements indicated.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Three-pipe system design.
- 2. System(s) operation, heat recovery as indicated on Drawings.
- Each system with one refrigerant circuit shared by all indoor units connected to 3. system.
- Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in B. NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- AHRI Compliance: System and equipment performance certified according to C. AHRI 1230 and products listed in AHRI directory.
- ASHRAE Compliance: D.
 - ASHRAE 15: For safety code for mechanical refrigeration. 1.
 - ASHRAE 62.1: For indoor air quality. 2.
 - ASHRAE 135: For control network protocol with remote communication. 3.
 - ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: For system and component energy efficiency.
- E. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 1995.

2.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- Α. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer or specialist, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design complete and operational VRF HVAC system(s) complying with requirements indicated.
 - 1. Provide system refrigerant calculations.
 - Refrigerant concentration limits shall be within allowable limits of a. ASHRAE 15 and governing codes.
 - Indicate compliance with manufacturer's maximum vertical and horizontal b. travel distances. Prepare a comparison table for each system showing calculated distances compared to manufacturer's maximum allowed distances.
 - 2. Include a mechanical ventilation system and gas detection system as required to comply with ASHRAE 15 and governing codes.
 - 3. System Refrigerant Piping and Tubing:
 - Arrangement: Arrange piping to interconnect indoor units, HRUs, and a. outdoor unit(s) in compliance with manufacturer requirements and requirements indicated.
 - Routing: Conceal piping above ceilings and behind walls to maximum b. extent possible.
 - Sizing: Size piping system, using a software program acceptable to C. manufacturer, to provide performance requirements indicated. Consider requirements to accommodate future change requirements.

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

4. System Controls:

- a. Network arrangement.
- b. Network interface with other building systems.
- c. Product selection.
- d. Sizing.

B. Service Access:

- 1. Provide and document service access requirements.
- 2. Locate equipment, system isolation valves, and other system components that require service and inspection in easily accessible locations. Avoid locations that are difficult to access if possible.
- 3. Where serviceable components are installed behind walls and above inaccessible ceilings, provide finished assembly with access doors or panels to gain access. Properly size the openings to allow for service, removal, and replacement.
- 4. If less than full and unrestricted access is provided, locate components within an 18-inch reach of the finished assembly.
- 5. Where ladder access is required to service elevated components, provide an installation that provides for sufficient access within ladder manufacturer's written instructions for use.
- 6. Comply with OSHA regulations.

C. System Design and Installation Requirements:

- 1. Design and install systems indicated according to manufacturer's recommendations and written instructions.
- 2. Where manufacturer's requirements differ from requirements indicated, contact Architect for direction. The most stringent requirements should apply unless otherwise directed in writing by Architect.
- D. Isolation of Equipment: Provide isolation valves to isolate each HRU, indoor unit and outdoor unit for service, removal, and replacement without interrupting system operation.
- E. System Capacity Ratio: The sum of connected capacity of all indoor units shall be within the following range of outdoor-unit rated capacity:
 - 1. Not less than 60 percent.
 - 2. Not more than 130 percent.
 - 3. Range acceptable to manufacturer.
- F. System Turndown: Stable operation down to 20 percent of outdoor-unit capacity.
- G. System Auto Refrigerant Charge: Each system shall have an automatic refrigerant charge function to ensure the proper amount of refrigerant is installed in system.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Η. **Outdoor Conditions:**

- 1. Suitable for outdoor ambient conditions encountered.
 - Design equipment and supports to withstand snow and ice loads of governing code and ASCE/SEI 7.
 - b. Provide corrosion-resistant coating for components and supports where located in coastal or industrial climates that are known to be harmful to materials and finishes.
- Maximum System Operating Outdoor Temperature: See Drawings. 2.
- Thermal Movements: Allow for controlled thermal movements from ambient, surface, I. and system temperature changes.
- J. Capacities and Characteristics: As indicated on Drawings.

2.4 INDOOR, CONCEALED, HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL UNITS FOR DUCTING

Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, A. wiring, and controls required for mating to ductwork, piping, power, and controls field connections.

B. Cabinet:

- 1. Material: 22-gauge Pre-Coated Metal Galvanized or painted steel.
- Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation, complying 2. with ASHRAE 62.1, to provide thermal resistance and prevent condensation.
- Duct Connections: Extended collar or flange, or designated exterior cabinet 3. surface, designed for attaching field-installed ductwork.
- Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation. 4.
- Internal Access: Removable panels or hinged doors of adequate size for field 5. access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.
- The inside surface of fan assembly door access panel shall be treated with 1/2 6. inch polystyrene fiber insulation, encapsulated on both sides.
- 7. The external insulation shall be plenum rated and conform to ASTM Standard D-1418.

C. DX Coil Assembly:

- 1. Coil Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
- Coil Fins: Aluminum, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required 2. by performance.
- 3. Coil Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- Unit shall have minimum two to three row coil, 18 fins per inch. 4.
- Unit shall have a factory supplied condensate drain pan below the coil 5. constructed of HIPS (high impact polystyrene resin).

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 6. Expansion Valve: Electronic modulating type with linear or proportional characteristics.
- 7. Unit Internal Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- 8. Unit Internal Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 9. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 10. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 11. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

D. Drain Assembly:

- 1. Pan: Non-ferrous material, with bottom sloped to low point drain connection.
- 2. Condensate Removal: Unit-mounted pump or other integral lifting mechanism, capable of lifting drain water to an elevation above top of cabinet.
- 3. Field Piping Connection: Non-ferrous material with threaded NPT.
- 4. Unit shall have a factory supplied condensate drain pan below the coil constructed of HIPS (high impact polystyrene resin).
- 5. The unit shall have a secondary drain port plug for overflow.

E. Fan and Motor Assembly:

1. Fan(s):

- a. Direct-drive arrangement.
- b. Single or multiple fans connected to a common motor shaft and driven by a single motor.
- c. Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion-resistant finish.
- d. Wheels statically and dynamically balanced.
- 2. Motor: Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings.
- 3. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
- 4. Speed Settings and Control: Two (low, high), three (low, medium, high), or more than three speed settings or variable speed with a speed range of least 50 percent.
- 5. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.
- 6. The fan speed shall be controlled using microprocessor based direct digitally controlled algorithm that provides a minimum of three pre-programed fan speeds. Each setting is also adjustable by field setting to compensate for a limited amount of additional resistance to airflow by adjusting the RPM of the fan motor.
- 7. In cooling mode, the indoor fan shall have the following settings: Low, Med, High, and Auto.
- 8. In heating mode, the indoor fan shall have the following settings: Low, Med, High, and Auto.
- 9. Each of the settings can be field adjusted from the factory setting (RPM/ESP).

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Unit shall be designed for high-speed air volume against an external static pressure of up to 1.0" water gauge model dependent.

F. Filter Assembly:

- 1. Access: Bottom, side, or rear to accommodate field installation without removing ductwork and to accommodate filter replacement without need for tools.
- The filter access shall be from the front of the unit without removing coil or fan 2. area access panel.
- The filter access door shall be fitted with thumb screws that can be removed 3. without the use of any tool.
- Efficiency: ASHRAE 52.2, MERV 11. 4.
- 5. Media:
 - Replaceable: Extended surface, panel, or cartridge with antimicrobial a. treatment fiber media.

G. Unit Accessories:

- Outdoor Air Ventilation Kit: Connection, motorized damper, and control sized to 1. allow sequence of operation indicated on Drawings.
- Remote Room Temperature Sensor Kit: Wall-mounted, hardwired room 2. temperature sensor kit for use in rooms that do not have room temperature measurement.

Unit Controls: Н.

- 1. Enclosure: Metal, suitable for indoor locations.
- Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control. 2.
- Microprocessor Control 3.
 - The unit shall have a factory installed microprocessor controller capable of performing functions necessary to operate the system with or without the use of a wall mounted controller. The unit shall have a factory mounted return air thermistor for use as a space temperature control device. All operating parameters except scheduling shall be stored in non-volatile memory resident on the microprocessor. The microprocessor shall provide the following functions, self-diagnostics, auto re-start after a power failure and a test run mode
 - The unit shall be able to communicate with other indoor units and the b. outdoor unit using a field supplied minimum of 18 AWG, two core, stranded, twisted, and shielded communication cable.
 - The unit controls shall operate the indoor unit using one of the five C. operating modes:
 - 1) Auto changeover (Heat Recovery System only)
 - 2) Heating
 - 3) Cooling
 - 4) Dry

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 5) Fan only
- d. The unit shall be able to operate in either cooling or heating mode for testing and/or commissioning.
- e. The unit shall be able to operate with the fan turned off during system cooling thermal off.
- f. The unit shall be able to operate with a continuous fan setting.
- g. The unit shall have adjustable, multi-step cooling and heating mode thermal on/off temperature range settings.
- h. The system shall include a product check function to access and display indoor unit type and capacity from a wired programmable zone controller.

4. Factory-Installed Sensors:

- a. Unit inlet air temperature.
- b. Coil entering refrigerant temperature.
- c. Coil leaving refrigerant temperature.

5. Field-Customizable I/O Capability:

- a. Analog Inputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
- b. Digital Inputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
- c. Digital Outputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.

6. Features and Functions:

- a. Self-diagnostics.
- b. Time delay.
- c. Auto-restart.
- d. External static pressure control.
- e. Auto operation mode.
- f. Manual operation mode.
- g. Filter service notification.
- h. Power consumption display.
- i. Drain assembly high water level safety shutdown and notification.
- j. Run test switch.
- 7. Communication: Network communication with other indoor and outdoor units.
- 8. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 9. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 10. Unit shall use controls provided by the manufacturer to perform all functions necessary to operate the system effectively and efficiently and communicate with the outdoor unit over an RS-485 daisy chain.

I. Unit Electrical:

1. Enclosure: Metal, suitable for indoor locations.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in raceways.

2.5 INDOOR, EXPOSED, FLOOR and WALL MOUNTED UNITS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to piping, power, and controls field connections.
 - 1. Unit shall be factory assembled, wired, piped and run tested.
 - 2. Unit shall be designed to be installed for indoor application.
 - 3. The unit shall be designed to be free standing on the floor against a wall with factory supplied enclosure or may be located within a field provided architectural enclosure
 - 4. The back plate of the unit shall have two side mounting flanges with bolt holes to allow a secure attachment of the unit to a vertical surface at or above the floor
 - 5. The discharge shall be vertical from the top of the unit.
 - 6. The return air shall be from the bottom front through a toe slot at floor level.
 - 7. The discharge air opening shall be covered with an architectural grille for units supplied with factory enclosure
 - 8. Floor standing indoor units without enclosure shall be installed under a field supplied and installed enclosure that does not introduce any significant external static pressure.

B. Cabinet:

- 1. Material: Painted steel, or coated steel frame covered by a plastic cabinet, with an architectural acceptable finish suitable for tenant occupancy on exposed surfaces.
- 2. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation, complying with ASHRAE 62.1, to provide thermal resistance and prevent condensation.
- 3. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 4. Internal Access: Removable panels of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.
- 5. The cold surface shall be covered with a coated polystyrene insulating material.
- 6. The unit shall have a flip open controller access door that shall cover the control mounting bays located on both ends of the top panel.
- 7. The unit shall have a polymeric resin coated metal safety grille provided behind the removable filters.
- 8. Unit shall have one supply air outlet and one return air inlet at the toe slot at the floor level.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

C. DX Coil Assembly:

- 1. Coil Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
- Coil Fins: Aluminum, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required 2. by performance.
- 3. Coil Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- Expansion Valve: Electronic modulating type with linear or proportional 4.
- Unit Internal Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints. 5.
- Unit Internal Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness 6. to prevent condensation.
- Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard. 7.
- Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen. 8.
- Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks. 9.
- Unit shall have minimum of a two-row coil, 19 fins per inch.
- The coil shall be factory pressure tested at a minimum of 550 psig.
- All refrigerant piping from outdoor unit to indoor unit shall be field insulated. Each pipe should be insulated separately. Thickness and heat transfer characteristics shall be determined by the design engineer and shall meet all code requirements.

D. Drain Assembly:

- Pan: Non-ferrous material, with bottom sloped to low point drain connection. 1.
- Condensate Removal: Gravity.
 - If a floor drain is not available at unit, provide unit with field-installed a. condensate pump accessory.
- Field Piping Connection: Non-ferrous material with threaded NPT. 3.
- Unit shall have a factory supplied condensate drain pan below the coil 4. constructed of EPS (expandable polystyrene resin).

E. Fan and Motor Assembly:

1. Fan(s):

- Direct-drive arrangement. a.
- Single or multiple fans connected to a common motor shaft and driven by a b. single motor.
- Materials: Non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion-C. resistant finish.
- d. Statically and dynamically balanced.
- 2. Motor: Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings.
- Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage 3. fluctuations.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 4. Speed Settings and Control: Two (low, high), three (low, medium, high), or more than three speed settings or variable speed with a speed range of least 50 percent.
- Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission. 5.
- The fan speed shall be controlled using microprocessor based direct digitally controlled algorithm that provides a minimum of three pre-programed fan speeds in the heating mode and fan only mode and four speeds in the cooling mode. The fan speed algorithm provides a field selectable fixed speed.
- 7. In cooling mode, the indoor fan shall have the following settings: Low, Med, High, and Auto.
- 8. In heating mode, the indoor fan shall have the following settings: Low, Med, High, and Auto.
- 9. Unit shall be designed for high-speed air volume against an external static pressure of up to 0.08" water gauge (uncased).

F. Filter Assembly:

- 1. Access: Front, to accommodate filter replacement without the need for tools.
- 2. Efficiency: MERV 11
- The unit shall have access to the filter media through toe slot located on the front 3. of unit without the need to remove any panels.
- 4. The filters shall be accessible without removing the unit panel.
- G. Grille Assembly: Manufacturer's standard discharge grille with field-adjustable air pattern mounted in top of unit cabinet.

H. Unit Accessories:

- 1. Remote Room Temperature Sensor Kit: Wall-mounted, hardwired room temperature sensor kit for use in rooms that do not have room temperature measurement.
- 2. Condensate Pump: Integral reservoir and control with electrical power connection through unit power.

Unit Controls: I.

- Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations. 1.
- Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control. 2.
- Microprocessor Control 3.
 - The unit shall have a factory installed microprocessor controller capable of performing functions necessary to operate the system with or without the use of a wall mounted controller. The unit shall have a factory mounted return air thermistor for use as a space temperature control device. All operating parameters except scheduling shall be stored in non-volatile memory resident on the microprocessor. The microprocessor shall provide the following functions, self-diagnostics, auto re-start after a power failure and a test run mode

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- b. The unit shall be able to communicate with other indoor units and the outdoor unit using a field supplied minimum of 18 AWG, two core, stranded, twisted, and shielded communication cable.
- c. The unit controls shall operate the indoor unit using one of the five operating modes:
- d. Auto changeover (Heat Recovery System only)
- e. Heating
- f. Cooling
- g. Dry
- h. Fan only
- i. The unit shall be able to operate in either cooling or heating mode for testing and/or commissioning.
- j. The unit shall be able to operate with the fan turned off during system cooling thermal off.
- k. The unit shall be able to operate with a continuous fan setting.
- I. The unit shall have adjustable, multi-step cooling and heating mode thermal on/off temperature range settings.
- m. The system shall include a product check function to access and display indoor unit type and capacity from a wired programmable zone controller.

4. Factory-Installed Sensors:

- a. Unit inlet air temperature.
- b. Coil entering refrigerant temperature.
- c. Coil leaving refrigerant temperature.

5. Field-Customizable I/O Capability:

- a. Analog Inputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
- b. Digital Inputs: Insert number for use in customizable control strategies.
- c. Digital Outputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.

Features and Functions:

- a. Self-diagnostics.
- b. Time delay.
- c. Auto-restart.
- d. External static pressure control.
- e. Auto operation mode.
- f. Manual operation mode.
- g. Filter service notification
- h. Power consumption display.
- i. Drain assembly high water level safety shutdown and notification.
- j. Run test switch.
- 7. Communication: Network communication with other indoor units and outdoor unit(s).

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 8. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 9. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.

J. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in raceways.

2.6 INDOOR, RECESSED, CEILING-MOUNTED UNITS (CEILING CASSETTES)

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to ductwork, piping, power, and controls field connections.
 - 1. Unit shall be designed to mount recessed in the ceiling and has a surface mounted grille on the bottom of the unit.
 - 2. The unit shall be available in both nominal 2' x 2' and 3' x 3' chassis.

B. Cabinet:

- 1. Material: Painted steel, or coated steel frame covered by a plastic cabinet, with an architectural acceptable finish suitable for tenant occupancy on exposed surfaces.
- 2. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation, complying with ASHRAE 62.1, to provide thermal resistance and prevent condensation.
- 3. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 4. Internal Access: Removable panels of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.
- 5. The unit panel shall be provided with an off-white or black Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS) polymeric resin grille.
- 6. The grille shall have a tapered trim edge, and a hinged, spring clip (screw-less) return air filter-grille door.
- 7. Unit shall be provided with metal ears designed to support the unit weight on four corners.
- 8. Ears shall have pre-punched holes designed to accept field supplied all thread rod hangers.
- 9. Unit shall be supplied with snap off access panels to facilitate leveling of unit without removing the grille.
- 10. Unit shall have four supply air outlets and one return air inlet.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 11. The supply air outlet shall be through four directional slot diffusers each equipped with independent oscillating motorized guide vanes designed to change the airflow direction.
- 12. The grille shall have a discharge range of motion of 40° in an up/down direction with capabilities of locking the vanes.
- 13. The unit shall have a guide vane algorithm designed to sequentially change the predominant discharge airflow direction in counterclockwise pattern.
- 14. Guide vanes shall provide airflow in all directions.

C. DX Coil Assembly:

- 1. Coil Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
- 2. Coil Fins: Aluminum, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
- 3. Coil Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- 4. Unit shall have a minimum one or two row coil, 18-19 fins per inch.

5.

- 6. Expansion Valve: Electronic modulating type with linear or proportional characteristics.
- 7. Internal Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- 8. Internal Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 9. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 10. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 11. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

D. Drain Assembly:

- 1. Pan: Non-ferrous material, with bottom sloped to low point drain connection.
- 2. Condensate Removal: Unit-mounted pump or other integral lifting mechanism, capable of lifting drain water to an elevation above top of cabinet.
- 3. Field Piping Connection: Non-ferrous material with threaded NPT.
- 4. Unit shall have a factory supplied condensate drain pan below the coil constructed of EPS (expandable polystyrene resin).

5.

E. Fan and Motor Assembly:

1. Fan(s):

- a. Direct-drive arrangement.
- b. Single or multiple fans connected to a common motor shaft and driven by a single motor.
- c. Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion protection finish.
- d. Wheels statically and dynamically balanced.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Motor: Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings.
- 3. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
- 4. Speed Settings and Control: Two (low, high), three (low, medium, high), or more than three speed settings or variable speed with a speed range of least 50 percent.
- 5. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.
- 6. The fan speed shall be controlled using microprocessor based direct digitally controlled algorithm that provides a minimum of four pre-programed fan speeds in the heating mode and fan only mode and five speeds in the cooling mode. The fan speed algorithm provides a field selectable fixed speed.
- 7. A field setting shall be provided to vary air throw pattern to compensate for high ceiling installations.
- 8. In cooling mode, the indoor fan shall have the following settings: Low, Med, High, Super high, Power Cool, and Auto.
- 9. In heating mode, the indoor fan shall have the following settings: Low, Med, High, Super high and Auto.
- 10. Unit shall have factory installed motorized louver to provide flow of air in up and down direction for uniform airflow

F. Filter Assembly:

- 1. Access: Bottom, to accommodate filter replacement without the need for tools.
- 2. Efficiency: ASHRAE 52.2, MERV 10.
- Media:
 - a. Replaceable: Extended surface, panel, or cartridge with antimicrobial treatment fiber media.
- 4. The filter access shall be from the bottom of the unit without the need for tools.
- 5. The nominal 3'x3' cabinet unit shall have provision for an optional auto-elevating grille kit designed to provide motorized ascent/descent of the return air grille/pre filter assembly.
- 6. The ascent/descent of the return air grille shall be up to a distance of 14-3/4 feet allowing access to remove and clean the filter.
- 7. The auto-elevating grille shall have a control algorithm to accept up, down and stop control commands from the controller.
- G. Discharge-Air Grille Assembly: Mounted in bottom of unit cabinet.
 - 1. Discharge Pattern: One-, two-, three-, or four-way throw as indicated on Drawings.
 - a. Discharge Pattern Adjustment: Field-adjustable limits for up and down range of motion.
 - b. Discharge Pattern Closure: Ability to close individual discharges of units with multiple patterns.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Motorized Vanes: Modulating up and down flow pattern for uniform room air distribution.
- 3. Additional Branch Supply Duct Connection: Sheet metal knockout for optional connection to one additional supply branch duct.
- H. Return-Air Grille Assembly: Manufacturer's standard grille mounted in bottom of unit cabinet.
- I. Outdoor Air Ventilation Connection: Sheet metal knockout for optional connection to outdoor air ventilation duct.

J. Unit Accessories:

- 1. Outdoor Air Ventilation Kit: Connection, motorized damper, and control to satisfy unit control sequence of operation indicated on Drawings.
- 2. Remote Room Temperature Sensor Kit: Wall-mounted, hardwired room temperature sensor kit for use in rooms that do not have room temperature measurement.

K. Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control.
- 3. Microprocessor Control
 - a. The unit shall have a factory installed microprocessor controller capable of performing functions necessary to operate the system.
 - b. The unit shall be able to communicate with other indoor units and the outdoor unit using a field supplied minimum of 18 AWG, two core, stranded twisted and shielded communication cable.
 - c. The unit controls shall operate the indoor unit using one of the five operating modes:
 - d. Auto changeover (Heat Recovery System only)
 - e. Heating
 - f. Cooling
 - g. Dry
 - h. Fan only
 - i. The unit shall be able to operate in either cooling or heating mode for testing and/or commissioning.
 - j. The unit shall be able to operate with the fan turned off during system cooling thermal off.
 - k. The unit shall have adjustable, multi-step cooling and heating mode thermal on/off temperature range settings.
 - I. The system shall include a product check function to access and display indoor unit type and capacity from a wired programmable thermostat controller.
 - m. Unit shall have a field settable method to choose auto fan speed change operation based on mode of operation, on/off fan operation based on mode of operation, or continuous minimum set fan speed operation.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 4. Factory-Installed Sensors: Unit inlet air temperature Coil entering refrigerant temperature Coil leaving refrigerant temperature.
- 5. Field-Customizable I/O Capability:
 - a. Analog Inputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
 - b. Digital Inputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
 - c. Digital Outputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
- 6. Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, time delay, auto-restart, external static pressure control, auto operation mode , manual operation mode , filter service notification , power consumption display , drain assembly high water level safety shutdown and notification , run test switch.
- 7. Communication: Network communication with other indoor units and outdoor unit(s).
- 8. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 9. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.

L. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch, complying with NFPA 70.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in raceways to comply with NFPA 70.

2.7 INDOOR, DEDICATED OUTDOOR AIR VENTILATION UNITS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to ductwork, piping, power, and controls field connections.
 - 1. Specially designed for up to 100 percent outdoor air entering unit.
 - All OAU indoor unit coils shall pressure tested with dry nitrogen to a minimum of 500 psi in the field, coils and indoor units containing coils not rated for 500 psi or more shall not be permitted.

B. Cabinet:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Material: Galvanized or painted steel.
- 2. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation, complying with ASHRAE 62.1, to provide thermal resistance and prevent condensation.
- 3. The cold surfaces of the unit shall be covered externally with sheet insulation made of Ethylene Propylene Diene Monomer (M-Class) (EPDM)
- 4. The external insulation shall be plenum rated and conform to ASTM Standard D-1418.
- 5. Duct Connections: Extended collar or flange, or designated exterior cabinet surface, designed for attaching field-installed ductwork.
- 6. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 7. Internal Access: Removable panels or hinged doors of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.

C. DX Coil Assembly:

- 1. Coil Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
- 2. Coil Fins: Aluminum, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
- 3. Coil Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- 4. Expansion Valve: Electronic modulating type with linear or proportional characteristics.
- 5. Unit Internal Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- 6. Unit Internal Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 7. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 8. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 9. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.
- 10. All refrigerant piping from outdoor unit to indoor unit shall be field insulated. Each pipe should be insulated separately. Thickness and heat transfer characteristics shall be determined by the design engineer and shall meet all code requirements.
- D. DX Coil Assembly for Reheat Applications: Provide units with a reheat coil where indicated on Drawings.
 - 1. Coil Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
 - 2. Coil Fins: Aluminum, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
 - 3. Unit shall have a minimum two to three row coil, 19-21 fins per inch.
 - 4. Coil Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
 - 5. Expansion Valve: Electronic modulating type with linear or proportional characteristics.
 - 6. Unit Internal Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
 - 7. Unit Internal Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation.
 - 8. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
 - 9. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
 - 10. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 11. Unit shall have a factory assembled, piped and wired electronic expansion valve (EEV) for refrigerant control.
- 12. The coil shall be factory pressure tested at a minimum of 550 psig.

13.

E. Drain Assembly:

- 1. Pan: Non-ferrous material, with bottom sloped to low point drain connection. Unit shall have a factory supplied condensate drain pan below the coil constructed of HIPS (high impact polystyrene resin).
- 2. Condensate Removal: Unit-mounted pump or other integral lifting mechanism, capable of lifting drain water to an elevation above top of cabinet capable of providing minimum 27.5 inch lift from bottom surface of the unit. The unit drain pan is supplied with a secondary drain port/plug allowing the pan to be gravity drained and serviced.

3.

4. Field Piping Connection: Non-ferrous material with threaded NPT.

F. Fan and Motor Assembly:

1. Fan(s):

- a. Direct-drive arrangement.
- b. Single or multiple fans connected to a common motor shaft and driven by a single motor.
- c. Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion protection finish.
- d. Wheels statically and dynamically balanced.
- 2. Motor: Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings.
- 3. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
- 4. Speed Settings and Control: Two (low, high), three (low, medium, high), or more than three speed settings or variable speed with a speed range of least 50 percent.
- 5. The fan speed shall be controlled using microprocessor based direct digitally controlled algorithm that provides a minimum of three pre-programed fan speeds, each setting is also adjustable by field setting to compensate for a limited amount of additional resistance to airflow by adjusting the RPM of the fan motor.
- 6. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.

G. Filter Assembly:

- 1. Access: Bottom, side, or rear to accommodate field installation without removing ductwork and to accommodate filter replacement without need for tools.
- 2. Efficiency: ASHRAE 52.2, MERV 13.
- 3. Replaceable Media: Extended surface, panel, or cartridge with antimicrobial treatment fiber media.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

4. The filter access shall be from the rear of the unit.

H. Unit Accessories:

1. Motorized Inlet Damper Kit: Low-leakage damper with spring return electric actuator to fail closed on loss of power. Damper controlled by unit to open when unit is operating and close when unit off.

I. Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Metal, similar to enclosure, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Microprocessor Control:
 - a. The unit shall have a factory installed microprocessor controller capable of performing functions necessary to operate the system with or without the use of a wall mounted controller. The unit shall have a factory mounted entering air and discharge air thermistor for use as discharge air control. All operating parameters except scheduling shall be stored in non-volatile memory resident on the microprocessor. The microprocessor shall provide the following functions, self-diagnostics, auto re-start after a power failure and a test run mode.
 - b. The unit shall be able to communicate with other indoor units and the outdoor unit using a field supplied minimum of 18 AWG, two core, stranded, twisted, and shielded communication cable.
 - c. The unit controls shall operate the indoor unit using one of the four operating modes:
 - d. Auto
 - e. Heating
 - f. Cooling
 - g. Fan only
 - h. The unit shall be able to operate in either cooling or heating mode for testing and/or commissioning.
 - i. The unit shall be able to shut off the fan when entering air temperature falls below 23F
 - j. The unit shall operate with a continuous fan setting.
- 3. Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control.
- 4. Factory-Installed Sensors: Coil entering refrigerant temperature Coil leaving refrigerant temperature Unit entering-air temperature Unit leaving-air temperature Unit entering-air relative humidity Unit leaving-air relative humidity.
- 5. Field-Customizable I/O Capability:
 - a. Analog Inputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
 - b. Digital Inputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
 - c. Digital Outputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
- 6. Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, time delay, auto-restart, external static pressure control, auto operation mode, manual operation mode, filter service

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- notification, power consumption display, drain assembly high water level safety shutdown and notification, run test switch.
- 7. Communication: Network communication with other indoor units and outdoor unit(s).
- 8. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 9. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.

J. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Metal, similar to enclosure, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch, complying with NFPA 70.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in raceways to comply with NFPA 70.

2.8 INDOOR, ENERGY RECOVERY UNIT

A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, wiring, and controls required for mating to ductwork, power, and controls field connections.

B. Cabinet:

- 1. Material: Galvanized steel.
- Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation, complying with ASHRAE 62.1.
- 3. Duct Connections: Extended collar or flange, or designated exterior cabinet surface, designed for attaching field-installed ductwork.
- 4. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- Internal Access: Removable panels or hinged doors of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.
- 6. Unit shall be capable of following operating between 14°F and 113°F ambient temperature.
- 7. The ERV unit shall have
 - a. interlock capability to indoor unit
 - o. auto restart function
- 8. Unit shall have an internally mounted control circuit board to communicate with other indoor units and to the outdoor unit.

9.

C. Damper Assemblies:

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 1. Outdoor Air Intake and Exhaust Air Discharge:
 - a. Low-leakage damper with spring return electric actuator to fail closed on loss of power.
 - b. Damper controlled by unit to open when unit is operating and close when unit off.
- 2. Energy Recovery Heat-Exchanger Bypass:
 - a. Low leakage damper with electric actuator with integral controls to bypass outdoor air around the energy recovery heat exchanger during times of favorable weather, and there is no energy-saving benefit to circulate air across the energy recovery heat exchanger.
- D. Fan and Motor Assemblies: Separate fan and motor assemblies for supply and exhaust airstreams with control for equal airflow.
 - 1. Fan(s):
 - a. Direct-drive arrangement.
 - b. Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion protection finish.
 - c. Wheels statically and dynamically balanced.
 - 2. Motor: Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings.
 - 3. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
 - 4. Speed Settings and Control: Two (low, high), three (low, medium, high), or more than three speed settings or variable speed with a speed range of least 50 percent.
 - 5. The fan speed shall be controlled using microprocessor based direct digitally controlled algorithm.
 - 6. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.
- E. Filter Assemblies: Separate filter assemblies for outdoor air and exhaust airstreams entering energy recovery heat exchanger.
 - 1. Access: To accommodate filter replacement without the need for tools.
 - 2. Efficiency: ASHRAE 52.2, MERV 10.
 - 3. Replaceable Media: Extended surface, panel, or cartridge with antimicrobial treatment fiber media.
 - 4. The filter access shall be from the bottom of the unit.
- F. Energy Recovery Heat Exchanger:
 - 1. Total (sensible and latent) energy exchange between outdoor air and exhaust airstreams with performance indicated on Drawings.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Fixed element with no moving parts.
- 3. AHRI 1060 certified and bearing the AHRI labe1.

G. Cross Flow Air-to-Air heat exchanger

- 1. The heat exchanger shall be constructed of non-flammable, specially processed paper to allow transfer of heat and humidity.
- 2. The heat exchanger shall recover energy from indoor air as the air is exhausted outdoors
- 3. The recovered energy shall be transferred to the in-coming outdoor air without mixing airstreams.
- 4. Unit shall have an access panel with a retainer on one side and a hinge on the other to remove air to air cross flow heat exchanger.
- 5. The air-to-air cross flow heat exchanger shall be able to slide between guides provided on either side inside the unit.
- 6. The air-to-air cross flow heat exchanger shall be assembled with no moving parts.
- 7. The supply air passage and exhaust air passage shall be arranged to prevent mixing of airstreams

H. Unit Accessories:

1. Electric Duct Preheater:

- a. Heater operation interlocked with energy recovery ventilator unit.
- b. Heater with integral controls to control outdoor air temperature entering energy recovery ventilator unit to a temperature set-point determined by energy recovery ventilator unit manufacturer.
- c. Listed and labeled.

I. Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Metal, similar to enclosure, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Microprocessor Control
 - a. The unit shall have a factory installed microprocessor controller capable of performing functions necessary to operate the system.
 - b. The unit shall be capable of independent operation with a wall controller or interlocked to Multi V system.
 - c. The unit shall be able to communicate with other indoor units and the outdoor unit using a field supplied minimum of 18 AWG, 2 core, stranded and shielded communication cable.
 - d. The Microprocessor control shall provide following functions:
 - e. Auto restart following power restoration
 - f. External Static Pressure (ESP) control of fans
 - g. ERV mode allowing air to pass through air-to-air heat exchanger
- 3. Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control.
- 4. Factory-Installed Sensors:
 - a. Unit entering outdoor air temperature.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- b. Unit leaving supply air temperature.
- c. Unit entering exhaust air temperature.
- d. Unit leaving exhaust air temperature.
- e. Unit entering outdoor air relative humidity.
- f. Unit leaving supply air relative humidity.
- g. Unit entering exhaust air relative humidity.
- h. Unit leaving exhaust air relative humidity.

5. Field-Customizable I/O Capability:

- a. Analog Inputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
- b. Digital Inputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
- c. Digital Outputs: Four for use in customizable control strategies.
- 6. Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, time delay, auto-restart, external static pressure control, local auto operation mode , auto operation through remote signal , manual operation mode , filter service notification , power consumption display , run test switch
- 7. Communication: Network communication with other indoor units and outdoor unit(s).
- 8. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 9. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.

J. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Metal, similar to enclosure, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch, complying with NFPA 70.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in raceways to comply with NFPA 70.

2.9 OUTDOOR, AIR-SOURCE HEAT RECOVERY (CONDENSING) UNITS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to piping, power, and controls field connections.
 - 1. Specially designed for use in systems with simultaneous heating and cooling.
 - 2. Systems shall consist of one unit, or multiple unit modules that are designed by variable refrigerant system manufacturer for field interconnection to make a single refrigeration circuit that connects multiple indoor units.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 3. All units installed shall be from the same product development generation.
- 4. Heat recovery system shall require three pipes between the outdoor unit and the heat recovery unit and two pipes between the heat recovery unit and each indoor unit to support simultaneous heating and cooling. Between the outdoor unit and heat recovery unit, one pipe shall support bidirectional flow single state liquid refrigerant. The second pipe shall deliver flow of low pressure, low temperature refrigerant gas from the heat recovery unit to outdoor unit. The third pipe shall deliver single state, super-heated, refrigerant hot gas during simultaneous and 100% heating operations from the outdoor unit to heat recovery unit. Heat Recovery systems using two pipes that deliver mixed state (hot gas and liquid) with separation occurring in heat recovery unit shall not be accepted.
- 5. Heat pump and Heat recovery outdoor units shall be designed to communicate directly with all VRF indoor units manufactured by the same supplier over a field supplied stranded, twisted and shielded pair wire. Systems requiring intermediary protocol translators, signal boosters, integration with a third party building management systems (BMS) or any other device required for communication possible shall not be accepted.

B. Operating Conditions

- a. The VRF systems shall be capable of providing continuous compressor operation over the required ambient operating range. Submittal or technical performance data that indicates the required operating ambient range includes data points that do not guarantee continuous compressor operation, noted or footnoted as reference data, shall not be accepted. The required ambient operating range is defined as follows:
- b. Cooling:
 - 1) Heat Pump & Heat recovery System: With optional low ambient kit from -9.9°F DB to 122°F DB
- c. Heating:
 - 1) Heat Recovery: -13°F WB to 61°F WB
- d. Heat Recovery Synchronous (Simultaneous heating and cooling)
 - 1) Cooling based: 14°F DB to 81°F
 - 2) Heating-based: 14°F WB to 61°F WB

C. General Features

- 1. The unit shall be shipped from the factory fully assembled including internal refrigerant piping, inverter driven compressor, controls, contacts, relay(s), fan(s), power and communication wiring.
- 2. All outdoor units, regardless of the Heat Pump or Heat Recovery models, shall be the same generation and provide with most up to date firmware version at the time of delivery. Manufacturers commissioning agents shall assure the owner in the commissioning report that the latest software version.
- 3. If the specifications include both heat pump and heat recovery outdoor models, the manufacturer shall provide the most recent generation equipment only. Old stock or obsolete models will not be accepted. Products purchased over the internet and not from the manufacturer's authorized local mechanical representative or authorized distributer will not be accepted.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 4. The outdoor unit refrigeration circuit at a minimum shall include the following components:
 - a. Refrigerant strainer(s)
 - b. Check valve(s)
 - c. Inverter driven, high pressure shell compressor
 - d. Oil separator
 - e. Accumulator/receiver
 - f. 4-way reversing valve
 - g. Electronic expansion valve(s)
 - h. Double spiral tube sub-cooler and EEV
 - i. High/low Schrader valve service ports with caps
 - j. High/low service valves
 - k. Threaded fusible plug
 - I. High pressure switch
- 5. The VRF outdoor unit shall use the sub-cooler while operating in cooling mode to sub-cool liquid refrigerant coming from the condenser coil well below saturation temperature to ensure that refrigerant remains in 100% liquid state when it reaches the farthest indoor unit's EEV valve. The amount of sub-cooling shall be modified by the microprocessor controller and minimized at all times to maximize efficiency by not overcooling the liquid.
- 6. Third Party Controls platform Integration
 - a. The VRF system manufacturer's central controls platform shall be able to communicate with third party building management systems (BMS) via BACnet IP, Modbus TCP, or LonWorks™ protocol allowing third party BMS system control and/or monitoring of the LG air conditioning and heating system. See controls specification for more detailed description of integration and points to be controlled and monitored.
 - b. The VRF system manufacturer shall have available off-the shelf devices that allows on/off binary interfaces between third party ancillary devices such as fans, door locks, photo eyes, key card switches, motion sensors, exhaust fans, dampers, and a single (or group of) VRF indoor units. Indoor units shall have the ability to start/stop the third party device, receive a contact closure signal from the third party device, or have the third party device change the operating conditions of the VRF indoor unit. Operating conditions shall include one or more of the following indoor unit functions: fan speed, fan on/off, thermal on/off cooling or heating, or indoor unit start/stop.
- 7. Wi-Fi communication:
 - a. The outdoor unit shall be Wi-Fi-capable. Wi-Fi shall allow service or maintenance personal access to the operating system diagnostics and monitoring functions, via the manufacturer's provided maintenance and diagnostic software over a mobile device or personal computer. Communication between devices shall include: 1) Real-time system operation monitoring with the ability to capture all system operating data for a field determined period of time into a downloadable csv file format to a wireless connected device; 2) Collection of point in time (snapshot) information including all current outdoor unit operating conditions and each indoor unit, system EEV and solenoid valves, sensors, compressor speed,

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

and refrigerant operating pressures. Systems that require computers with a hard wire only connection or other devices to collect, review or record operating conditions shall not be allowed.

8. Microprocessor Control

- a) Factory installed microprocessor control in the outdoor unit, heat recovery unit(s), and indoor unit(s) shall communicate using the same protocol. Translators of any kind are not allowed. Communication between VRF system components shall be via field supplied stranded, shielded and twisted wire pair in a RS 485 network configuration. Integrated control system shall perform functions to optimize the operation of the VRF system.
- b) Power and communication interruption: The system shall be capable of performing continuous operation when an individual or several indoor units are being serviced; communication wire cut or power to indoor unit is disconnected. Systems that alarm and/or shut down because of a lack of power to any number of indoor units shall not be acceptable or allowed.
- c) Main microprocessor shall include human interface capability that provides a visual code that reports systems operation status. If any malfunction occurs, or system is operating with an unstable refrigerant cycle sensors shall report the malfunction to the visual display.
- d) Main processor shall provide the commissioning agent the ability to customize the VRF systems operation based on the environment in which it is installed. Customization function to include defrost operation, modifying target superheat, sub-cooling, low pressure and high pressure values, and invoke other algorithms such as smart load control to optimize system operating efficiency.
- 9. Outdoor unit microprocessor shall have the capability of reporting malfunction and diagnostic codes to remote control devices such as the VRF manufacturer's central controller, Zone controllers, and Building Management System (BMS).

10. Refrigerant Flow Control

- a. The refrigerant cycle operation core logic shall establish and maintain target evaporating temperature (Te) to be constant in cooling mode and condensing temperature (Tc) constant in heating mode and maintain system stable operation while operating compressors across the range of environmental conditions guaranteeing continuous compressor operation. VRF system core logic shall be able to dynamically modify the target evaporator and condenser temperatures to maximize energy savings when system is operating at part load conditions.
- b. Smart Load Control (SLC): Smart load control operation shall enhance energy savings and increase indoor comfort by monitoring the real time ambient temperature, real time weighted mean average building load, and the outdoor relativity humidity (if enabled).
 - Smart load control shall be field selectable to optimize system operation for project location and building use. Smart Load Control field setting shall select one of three operating algorithms. The

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

commissioning agent shall select at the time of commissioning and can be changed at any other time:

- 2) The Smart Load Control available settings shall:
 - The system shall be influenced by any one of the chosen algorithm
 - b) Off mode: Smart load control algorithm shall be in off mode
 - c) Smooth mode: Smart Load control shall maximize energy savings. The rate of temperature change shall be insignificant.
 - d) Normal Mode: Smart Load Control shall balance the rate of temperature change with energy consumed.
 - e) Peak Mode: Smart Load shall quickly cool/heat the building. The energy consumption shall not be the priority in this mode.
- 3) For the first 20 minutes after the initial startup, the Smart Load Control will influence the outdoor unit operation for the chosen algorithm. This operation will be available at every start up.
- 4) After 20 minutes of compressor operation
 - a) Smart Load control will maintain the chosen logic and system will operate with the same core logic.
- 5) Smart Load Control monitors two or three inputs:
 - a) Weighted mean average building load
 - b) Outdoor ambient dry bulb temperature
 - c) Outdoor ambient relative humidity or indoor relative humidity (when enabled)
- c. Enhance energy savings
 - 1) Cooling Mode:
 - a) Smart Load Control raises the system target low pressure during off-peak operation.
 - b) Raising the operating low pressure shall reduce the compressor lift, reduce compressor's speed and power consumption.
 - 2) Heating Mode
 - Smart Load control shall lower the system target high pressure during off-peak heating operation.
 - b) Lowering the operating high-pressure target shall reduce compressor lift, reduce compressor speed and power consumption.
 - c) Energy saved is in addition to the energy savings basic VRF load control provides.
- d. Increased indoor comfort
 - Smart Load control shall use one (or two) sensors to measure changing outdoor weather conditions and shall prepare the VRF system to operate under the revised weather conditions. This operation shall be activated before the changed ambient conditions have an impact on indoor units.
- 11. Field Supplied Refrigerant Piping Design Parameters
 - a. The outdoor unit shall be capable of operating at an elevation difference of up to of 164 feet above or 131 feet below the lowest or highest indoor unit

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- respectively without the requirement of field installed sub cooler or other forms of performance enhancing booster devices.
- b. The outdoor unit shall be capable of operating with up to 984 equivalent length feet of interconnecting liquid line refrigerant pipe in the network.
- c. The outdoor unit shall be capable of operating with up to 492 actual feet or 574 equivalent length feet of liquid line refrigerant pipe spanning between outdoor unit and farthest indoor unit.
- d. The elevation difference between the highest and lowest indoor units shall not exceed 49 feet.
- e. The piping system shall be designed with pipe expansion and contraction possibilities in mind. Required expansion devices shall be field designed, supplied and installed based on proper evaluation of the proposed piping design. In addition to these requirements, the piping system installation must conform to the VRF equipment manufacturer's published guidelines.
- f. The installation of pipe hangers, supports, insulation, and in general the methods chosen to attach the pipe system to the structure must allow for expansion and contraction of the piping system and shall not interfere with that movement.

12. Defrost Operations

- a. Heat Pump
 - The outdoor unit(s) shall be capable of auto defrost operation to melt accumulated frost off the outdoor unit heat exchanger. The defrost cycle control shall monitor the outdoor ambient temperature and outdoor unit heat exchanger surface temperature.
 - 2) The frequency of operating the defrost cycle shall be determined by the system's ability to maintain sufficient system head pressure to deliver comfortable warm air to the building.

b. Heat Recovery

- The outdoor unit(s) shall be capable of intelligent defrost operation to melt accumulated frost off the outdoor unit heat exchanger. The defrost cycle control shall monitor the outdoor ambient temperature, humidity (if enabled), building load, and outdoor unit heat exchanger surface temperature in real time.
- 2) The frequency of operating the defrost cycle shall be determined by the system's ability to maintain sufficient system head pressure to deliver comfortable warm air to the building.
- The intelligent defrost algorithm shall be field selectable at the time of commissioning of the outdoor unit based on anticipated winter weather conditions. Intelligent defrost continuously calculates the dew point of the ambient air using the outdoor unit's temperature and humidity sensors (if enabled) and maintains the outdoor unit's coil surface temperature above the dew point delaying defrost operation while maintaining indoor space temperature.
- 4) The intelligent defrost algorithm shall provide smart heating that will extend the system's heating operation and reduce the frequency of defrost cycles.

13. Oil Management

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- a. The system shall have an oil injection mechanism to ensure a consistent film of oil on all moving compressor parts.
- b. The system shall be provided with a factory installed oil separator at the discharge port of the compressor and designed to separate, condense, and collect oil vapor from the discharge refrigerant gas and return oil to the sump of the compressor. The oil separator shall have no moving parts in the separation chamber.
- c. The system oil return control algorithm shall operate every 8 hours at a minimum, for a 3-minute period. When activated, the algorithm shall operate the system with the reversing valve in the cooling position, open all electronic expansion valves at the indoor unit(s) and raise the compressor speed to flush oil back to the compressor.

D. Cabinet:

- 1. Galvanized steel and coated with a corrosion-resistant finish.
 - a. Coating with documented salt spray test performance of 1000 hours according ASTM B117 surface scratch test (SST) procedure.
- 2. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 3. Internal Access: Removable panels or hinged doors of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.

E. Compressor and Motor Assembly:

- 1. One or more positive-displacement, direct-drive and hermetically sealed scroll compressor(s) with inverter drive and turndown to 15 percent of rated capacity.
- 2. The compressor design shall be of the high-pressure shell scroll type where the internal pressure below the suction valves of the compressor shall be at the same high pressure and high temperature. The motor shall be cooled by high pressure gas at temperatures above saturation conditions and minimize the mixing of refrigerant liquid with oil in the sump. The system shall employ a high pressure oil return method returning recovered oil from the oil separator directly into the oil sump of the compressor; oil shall not be allowed to return via the suction line. Bearing surfaces are continually coated with oil. The compressor shall employ an Aero-bearing constructed with high lubricity materials increasing operation time in case of low sump oil level. Compressor shall have a nominal operating range from 12Hz to 110 Hz.
- 3. The compressor(s) shall be wrapped with heat resistant foil faced, sound deadening blanket that covers all exposed surfaces of the compressor. Sound deadening blankets shall be secured in place by use of a Velcro™ tool-less joint sealing system with a minimum of ½" of overlap along all seams. The sound deadening compressor blanket shall be engineered to leave no direct sound path between the outer surface of the body of the compressor and the surrounding environment.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 4. The compressor(s) shall be mounted on rubber isolation grommets. Compressor shall ship with removable clamps that secure the compressor in place while transported. The installing contractor shall remove and discard (or optionally adjust the clamps to allow the isolator to properly function) the clamps prior to commissioning the water source unit.
- 5. Manufacturers' published data shall include sound pressure and sound power levels.
 - a. Sound pressure level shall not exceed 57 dB(A) during cooling operation for Heat Pump and Heat Recovery outdoor units when tested in an anechoic chamber under ISO3745 standard. Other testing conditions shall not be allowed
- 6. Protection: Integral protection against the following:
 - a. High refrigerant pressure.
 - b. Low oil level.
 - c. High oil temperature.
 - d. Thermal and overload.
 - e. Voltage fluctuations.
 - f. Phase failure and phase reversal.
 - g. Short cycling.
- 7. Speed Control: Variable to automatically maintain refrigerant suction and condensing pressures while varying refrigerant flow to satisfy system cooling and heating loads.
- 8. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.
- 9. Oil management system to ensure safe and proper lubrication over entire operating range.
- 10. Crankcase heaters with integral control to maintain safe operating temperature.
- 11. Fusible plug.

F. Condenser Coil Assembly:

- Plate Fin Coils:
 - a. Casing: Aluminum, galvanized, or stainless steel.
 - b. Fins: Aluminum or copper, mechanically bonded to tubes, with arrangement required by performance.
 - c. Tubes: Copper, of diameter and thickness required by performance.
- 2. Aluminum Microchannel Coils:
 - a. Series of flat tubes containing a series of multiple, parallel-flow microchannels layered between refrigerant header manifolds.
 - b. Single- or multiple-pass arrangement.
 - c. Construct fins, tubes, and header manifolds of aluminum alloy.
- 3. Coating: Corrosion resistant.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 4. Hail Protection: Provide condenser coils with louvers, baffles, or hoods to protect against hail damage.
- 5. The outdoor unit coil shall have a minimum of 14 Fins per Inch (FPI).
- 6. The outdoor unit coil, all indoor units and the interconnecting field provided pipe network shall be field tested to a minimum pressure of 550 psig. Manufacturers that do not specify and/or specify field testing pressures at less than 550 psig shall not be acceptable.

G. Condenser Fan and Motor Assembly:

- 1. Fan(s): Propeller type.
 - Direct-drive arrangement. direct drive variable speed axial flow fan(s) with a horizontal air discharge. Each fan shall be provided with an independent dedicated Brushless Digitally Controlled (BLDC), variable speed, inverter driven motors
 - Fabricated from non-ferrous components or ferrous components with corrosion protection finish to match performance indicated for condenser coil.
 - c. Statically and dynamically balanced.
- 2. Fan Guards: Removable safety guards complying with OSHA regulations. If using metal materials, coat with corrosion-resistant coating to match performance indicated for condenser coil.
- 3. Motor(s): Brushless dc or electronically commutated with permanently lubricated bearings and rated for outdoor duty.
- 4. Motor Protection: Integral protection against thermal, overload, and voltage fluctuations.
- 5. Speed Settings and Control: Variable speed with a speed range of least 75 percent.
- 6. Vibration Control: Integral isolation to dampen vibration transmission.
- H. Drain Pan: If required by manufacturer's design, provide unit with non-ferrous drain pan with bottom sloped to a low point drain connection.

Unit Controls:

- 1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for unprotected outdoor locations.
- 2. Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control.
- 3. Factory-Installed Sensors:
 - a. Refrigerant suction temperature.
 - b. Refrigerant discharge temperature.
 - c. Outdoor air temperature.
 - d. Refrigerant high pressure.
 - e. Refrigerant low pressure.
 - f. Oil level.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

g.

- 4. Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, time delay, auto-restart, fuse protection, auto operation mode, manual operation mode, night setback control, power consumption display, run test switch equalize run time between multiple same components. Communication: Network communication with indoor units and other outdoor unit(s).
- 5. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.

J. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Metal, similar to enclosure, and suitable for unprotected outdoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch, complying with NFPA 70.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in metal raceways to comply with NFPA 70.
- K. Unit Hardware: Zinc-plated steel, or stainless steel. Coat exposed surfaces with additional corrosion-resistant coating if required to prevention corrosion when exposed to salt spray test for 1000 hours according to ASTM B117.

L. Unit Piping:

- 1. Unit Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- 2. Unit Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 3. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 4. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 5. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

M. Wind Load Installations for Outdoor Units

 Wind load Installation Drawings meet the requirements of the 2017 Florida Building Code, 6th Edition and ASCE Standard 7-2010

N. Seismic Installations

 Provide OSHPD Special Seismic Certification Preapproval (OSP) documents for certified product list of VRF equipment to be installed in high seismic risk areas. Provide LG supplemental installation documents in conformance with CBC 2013,

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

2016 and 2019 California Building Code and IBC 2012, 2015 and 2018 International Building Code.

2.10 HEAT RECOVERY UNITS (HRUs) (Branch Box)

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested complete unit with components, piping, wiring, and controls required for mating to piping, power, and controls field connections.
 - 1. Specially designed for use in systems with simultaneous heating and cooling.
 - 2. Systems shall consist of one unit, or multiple unit that are designed by variable refrigerant system manufacturer for field interconnection to make a single refrigeration circuit that connects multiple indoor units.

B. Cabinet:

- 1. Galvanized-steel construction.
- 2. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard internal insulation to provide thermal resistance and prevent condensation.
- 3. Mounting: Manufacturer-designed provisions for field installation.
- 4. Internal Access: Removable panels or hinged doors of adequate size for field access to internal components for inspection, cleaning, service, and replacement.
- C. Drain Pan: If required by manufacturer's design, provide unit with non-ferrous drain pan with bottom sloped to a low point drain connection.
- D. Refrigeration Assemblies and Specialties:
 - 1. Specially designed by manufacturer for type of VRF HVAC system being installed, either two or three pipe.
 - 2. Each refrigerant branch circuit shall have refrigerant control valve(s) to control refrigerant flow.
 - 3. Spares: Each heat recovery control unit shall include at least one branch circuit port(s) for future use.
 - 4. Each system piping connection upstream of heat recovery unit shall be fitted with an isolation valve to allow for service to any heat recovery control unit in the system without interrupting operation of the system.
 - 5. Each branch circuit connection shall be fitted with an isolation valve and capped service port to allow for service to any individual branch circuit without interrupting operation of the system.
 - a. If not available as an integral part of the heat recovery control unit, isolation valves shall be field installed adjacent to the unit pipe connection.

E. Unit Controls:

1. Enclosure: Manufacturer's standard, and suitable for indoor locations.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Factory-Installed Controller: Configurable digital control.
- 3. Factory-Installed Sensors: .
- 4. Features and Functions: Self-diagnostics, fuse protection.
- 5. Communication: Network communication with indoor units and outdoor unit(s).
- 6. Cable and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 7. Field Connection: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.

F. Unit Electrical:

- 1. Enclosure: Metal, similar to enclosure, and suitable for indoor locations.
- 2. Field Connection: Single point connection to power entire unit and integral controls.
- 3. Disconnecting Means: Factory-mounted circuit breaker or switch, complying with NFPA 70.
- 4. Control Transformer: Manufacturer's standard. Coordinate requirements with field power supply.
- 5. Wiring: Manufacturer's standard with each connection labeled and corresponding to a unit-mounted wiring diagram.
- 6. Raceways: Enclose line voltage wiring in raceways to comply with NFPA 70.

G. Unit Piping:

- 1. Unit Tubing: Copper tubing with brazed joints.
- 2. Unit Tubing Insulation: Manufacturer's standard insulation, of thickness to prevent condensation.
- 3. Field Piping Connections: Manufacturer's standard.
- 4. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- 5. Testing: Factory pressure tested and verified to be without leaks.

2.11 SYSTEM CONTROLS

A. General Requirements:

- 1. Network: Indoor units, HRUs, and outdoor units shall include integral controls and connect through a TIA-485A or manufacturer-selected control network.
- 2. Network Communication Protocol: Manufacturer proprietary or open control communication between interconnected units.
- 3. Integration with Building Automation System: ASHRAE 135, BACnet IP and certified by BACnet Testing Lab (BTL), including the following:
 - a. Ethernet connection via RJ-45 connectors and port with transmission at 100 Mbps or higher.
 - b. Integration devices shall be connected to local uninterruptible power supply unit(s) to provide at least 5 minutes of battery backup operation after a power loss.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

 Integration shall include control monitoring scheduling change of value notifications.

4. System Description

a. LG's Multi V™ Controls Network is the integrated controls platform for LG's Multi V™ Variable Refrigerant Flow (VRF) systems. The customizable Multi V™ Controls Network shall be programed for the level of control to as directed by the owner. Provide the controller options for space, central controller as specified and indicated in the schedules. Provide application controllers for third-party equipment control such as radiation valves, and BACnet™ interfaces for integration with Building Management Systems (BMS).

5. Operator Interface:

- a. Operators shall interface with system and unit controls through the following:
 - 1) Web interface through web browser software.
 - 2) The Premium Wired Remote Controller PREMTA000. Refer to the specifications in this section.
- b. Users shall be capable of interface with controllers for indoor units' control to extent privileges are enabled. Refer to the control features of the Remote Controller PREMTBVCO. Refer to the specifications in this section.

B. VRF HVAC System Operator Software for PC:

- 1. Software offered by VRF HVAC system manufacturer shall provide system operators with ability to monitor and control VRF HVAC system(s) from a single dedicated Owner-furnished PC.
- 2. Software shall provide operator with a graphic user interface to allow monitoring and control of multiple central controllers from a single device location through point-and-click mouse exchange.
- 3. Plan views shall show building plans with location of indoor units and identification superimposed on plans.
- Controls operation mode of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units. Operation modes available through central controller shall match those operation modes of controllers for indoor units.
- 5. Schedules operation of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units. Schedules daily, weekly, and annual events.
- 6. Changes operating set points of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units.
- 7. Optimized start feature to start indoor units before scheduled time to reach temperature set-point at scheduled time based on operating history.
- 8. Night setback feature to operate indoor units at energy-conserving heating and cooling temperature set-points during unoccupied periods.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 9. Supports Multiple Languages: English.
- 10. Supports Imperial and Metric Temperature Units: Fahrenheit or Celsius.
- Displays service notifications and error codes. 11.
- Monitors and displays up to 3000 item error history and 10000 item operation history for regular reporting and further archiving.
- Monitors and displays cumulative operating time of indoor units. 13.
- Able to disable and enable operation of individual controllers for indoor units. 14.
- Information displayed on individual controllers shall also be available for display. 15.
- Information displayed for outdoor units, including refrigerant high and low pressures percent capacity.

C. Central Controllers: (LG AC SMART 5 – PACS5A00)

- Overview
 - The LG AC Smart 5 shall be capable of monitoring and control of up to 128 devices including indoor units, or 64 devices and 9 I/O Modules through its touchscreen interface and embedded web browser. The LG AC Smart 5 shall provide multiple energy management schemes and control of thirdparty equipment when paired with associated I/O Module. Additionally, the LG AC Smart 5 shall be capable of providing daily, weekly, yearly, and holiday programmable scheduling of Occupied/Unoccupied settings, On/Off, Mode of Operation, set point and fan speed based on the available functions of the connected system. Centralized control for all indoor and outdoor units from a single central controller location.
 - Include multiple interconnected controllers as required.
- 3. Controls operation mode of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units. Operation modes available through central controller shall match those operation modes of controllers for indoor units.
- 4. Schedule operation of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units.
 - b. Sets schedule for daily, weekly, and annual events.
 - C. Schedule options available through central controller shall at least include the schedule options of controllers for indoor units.
- 5. Changes operating set points of indoor units as individual units, by selected groups of indoor units, or as collection of all indoor units.
- 6. Optimized start feature to start indoor units before scheduled time to reach temperature set-point at scheduled time based on operating history.
- 7. Night setback feature to operate indoor units at energy-conserving heating and cooling temperature set-points during unoccupied periods.
- 8. Service diagnostics tool.
- Able to disable and enable operation of individual controllers for indoor units. 9.
- Information displayed on individual controllers shall also be available for display through central controller.
- Information displayed for outdoor units, including refrigerant high and low 11. pressures percent capacity.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 12. Multiple RJ-45 ports for direct connection to a local PC and an Ethernet network switch.
- 13. Operator interface through a backlit, high-resolution color display touch panel and web accessible through standard web browser software.
- 14. Other General Features.
 - b. The LG AC Smart 5 shall communicate to the LG Multi V™ VRF indoor unit via the VRF RS-485 daisy-chain communication protocol.
 - c. The LG AC Smart 5 shall communicate to a third-party Building Automation System via BACnet/IP and Modbus TCP.
 - d. The LG AC Smart 5 shall have a 10.2" backlit touchscreen LCD display screen.
 - e. The LG AC Smart 5 shall have web access with user control.
 - f. The LG AC Smart 5 shall be able to generate an operation and error history log with reporting capabilities.
 - g. The LG AC Smart 5 shall be able to generate an operational trending report.
 - h. The LG AC Smart 5 shall be able to control up to 128 indoor units in a group or as a single zone.
 - i. The LG AC Smart 5 shall support two digital input and two digital outputs for device interlock.
 - j. The LG AC Smart 5 shall have two set point auto changeover.
 - k. The LG AC Smart 5 shall have occupied/unoccupied set point control.
 - I. The LG AC Smart 5 shall have remote controller lock (All, Setpoint, Mode, and Fan Speed).
 - m. The LG AC Smart 5 shall have error e-mail notification.
 - n. The LG AC Smart 5 shall have visual floor plan navigation.

D. Wired Controllers for Indoor Units: CRC1 REMOTE CONTROLLER: PREMTBVC0

- Overview:
 - b. The MultiSITE CRC1 Remote Controller shall be capable of controlling up to 16 indoor units (1 group). The MultiSITE CRC1 Remote Controller shall be capable of monitoring and controlling the group in terms of On/Off, Mode of Operation, Airflow direction, Fan Speed, space temperature, and space temperature Set Point. Additionally, the Remote Controller shall be capable of providing 7-day programmable scheduling of Occupied/Unoccupied settings, On/Off, Mode of operation, Set Point and Fan Speed. Remote Controllers shall be capable of communicating via the BACnet MS/TP protocol and the ability to communicate with wireless sensors.
- 3. Single controller capable of controlling multiple indoor units as group.
- 4. Auto Timeout Touch Screen LCD: Timeout duration shall be adjustable.
- 5. Multiple Language: English.
- 6. Temperature Units: Fahrenheit and Celsius.
- 7. On/Off: Turns indoor unit on or off.
- 8. Hold: Hold operation settings until hold is released.
- 9. Operation Mode: Cool, Heat, Auto, Dehumidification, Fan Only, and Setback.
- 10. Temperature Display: 1-degree increments.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 11. Temperature Set-Point: Separate set points for Cooling, Heating, and Setback. Adjustable in 1-degree increments between.
- Relative Humidity Display: 1 percent increments. 12.
- Relative Humidity Set-Point: Adjustable in 1 percent increments between.
- Fan Speed Setting: Select between available options furnished with the unit.
- Airflow Direction Setting: If applicable to unit, select between available options furnished with the unit.
- Seven-day programmable operating schedule with up to eight events per day. 16. Operations shall include On/Off, Operation Mode, and Temperature Set-Point.
- 17. Auto Off Timer: Operates unit for an adjustable time duration and then turns unit
- 18. Occupancy detection.
- 19. Service Notification Display: "Filter".
- Service Run Tests: Limit use by service personnel to troubleshoot operation.
- Error Code Notification Display: Used by service personnel to troubleshoot abnormal operation and equipment failure.
- 22. User and Service Passwords: Capable of preventing adjustments by unauthorized users.
- Setting stored in nonvolatile memory to ensure that settings are not lost if power is lost. Battery backup for date and time only.
- 24. Low-voltage power required for controller shall be powered through non-polar connections to indoor unit.
- Remote Controllers shall be capable of all of the following funtions. 25.
 - Communicate to the VRF indoor unit via the indoor unit remote controller communication bus.
 - Communicate with a BMS using BACnet MS/TP protocol. C.
 - Ability to communicate with wireless sensors using a ZigBee Pro Wireless d. Sensor network.
 - A touch-screen, backlit, LCD display with screen saver capability. e.
 - Support the ability to display or hide user accessible functions from the f. home screen.
 - Shall have an internal time clock and calendar. g.
 - h. Support the creation of five scheduled events per day.
 - Shall be able to create a scheduled event on a single page. i.
 - Shall be able to provide a summary view of currently applied schedules. j.
 - Shall be able to display temperature in °F or °C based on user settings and k. shall be able to be configured in either °F or °C for all functions.
 - Shall support and allow the scheduling of dual Set Point Auto operation in I. both occupied and unoccupied settings.
 - Shall have configuration menus based on roles: Building Manager. m. Installer, BMS Configuration and Basic Diagnostics.
 - n. Shall have a function code search capability.
 - Shall be able to enable or dis-able Auxiliary Heat and Emergency Heat and be able to assign the primary heat source. (Aux heat kit required.)
 - p. Shall be able to monitor and control up to 16 indoor units as a single group using the Group Control Wiring kit.

q. Shall be able to initiate a Power Cooling Mode if supported by the available functions of the connected system. Retain "Wireless Controllers for Indoor Units" Paragraph below for indoor unit local controllers that are wireless.

Function	Description	Monitor	Control
On/Off	On/Off operation for group	Х	Χ
Mode of Operation	Mode of Operation for group	Χ	Χ
	(Heat/Cool/Fan/Auto/Power Cool)		
Set Point	Space temperature setpoint for group. Setting temperature range 64-84°F depending on operation mode and connected equipment.	X	X
Space Temperature	Display measured space temperature	Χ	
Fan Speed	Select fan speeds Low-Medium-High-Auto	Χ	Χ
Airflow Direction	Select air direction settings Auto/Swing/Fixed	Χ	Χ
Lock setting	Ability to lock out operation of the controller	Х	Χ
Filter check	Notification to change dirty filter	Х	
Temperature setpoint range limit	Ability to limit heating and cooling setpoint ranges	Х	Х
Schedule	7-day programmable schedule Maximum of 5 events per day with On/Off, Occ/UnOcc, Mode, Set temperature, and Fan Speed selectable per event.	X	X
Timed Override	Timed override of UnOcc settings	Х	Χ
Occ/UnOcc Setting	Ability to have different settings for both modes	Х	Χ
Operation Time Limit	Limit the run time of an indoor unit	Х	Х
Auto Changeover Deadband Adjust	Ability to adjust deadband between indoor unit heating and cooling modes	Х	Х
Set back	Ability to change heating and cooling setpoints	Х	Х
2 setpoint auto operation	Automatically manage room temperature for heating and cooling	Х	
Central Control display	Display if a signal is received from Central Control	Х	Х

2.12 TWO-STAGE AUXILIARY HEAT CONTROL: PRARH1

C. Overview:

The LG Auxiliary Heater Two Relay Kit shall provide the capabilities to control two additional stages of heat for various applications by using function code setup in the Multi V system.

D. General:

1. The LG Two-Stage Auxiliary Heat Control shall be capable of enabling staging 2 additional stages of back up heat based on demand.

- 2. The LG Two-Stage Auxiliary Heat Control shall be capable of configuring the order of the heat source (Multi V / auxiliary heat source) so that either can be primary source of heat.
- E. Electrical:
 - 1. Power shall be 24 VAC

2.13 REFRIGERANT AND OIL

- C. Refrigerant:
 - As required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer for system to comply with 2. performance requirements indicated.
 - 3. ASHRAE 34, Class A1 refrigerant classification.
 - 4. R-410a.
- D. Oil:
 - 2. As required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer and to comply with performance requirements indicated.

2.14 SYSTEM CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING

- If more than one material is listed, material selection is Contractor's option. C.
- Copper Tubing: D.
 - 2. Drawn-Temper Tubing: According to Type M or Type DWV according to ASTM B306.
 - 3. Wrought-Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22.
 - 4. Wrought-Copper Unions: ASME B16.22.
 - Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B32, lead-free alloys, and water-flushable flux according to ASTM B813.

2.15 SYSTEM REFRIGERANT PIPING

- C. Comply with requirements in Section 232300 "Refrigerant Piping" for system piping requirements.
- D. Refrigerant Piping:
 - 2. Copper Tube: ASTM B280, Type ACR.
 - Wrought-Copper Fittings: ASME B16.22. 3.
 - Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8/A5.8M. 4.
- E. Refrigerant Tubing Kits:
 - 2. Furnished by VRF HVAC system manufacturer.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Factory-rolled and -bundled, soft-copper tubing with tubing termination fittings at each end.
- 4. Standard one-piece length for connecting to indoor units.
- 5. Pre-insulated with flexible elastomeric insulation of thickness to comply with governing energy code and sufficient to eliminate condensation.
- 6. Factory Charge: Dehydrated air or nitrogen.
- F. Divided-Flow Specialty Fittings: Where required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer for proper system operation, VRF HVAC system manufacturer shall furnish specialty fittings with identification and instructions for proper installation by Installer.
- G. Refrigerant Isolation Ball Valves:
 - 2. Description: Uni-body full port design, rated for maximum system temperature and pressure, and factory tested under pressure to ensure tight shutoff. Designed for valve operation without removing seal cap.
 - 3. Seals: Compatible with system refrigerant and oil. Seal service life of at least 20 years.
 - 4. Valve Connections: Flare or sweat depending on size.

2.16 METAL HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- C. Copper Tube Hangers:
 - 2. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, copper-coated-steel, factory-fabricated components.
 - 3. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of galvanized or copper-coated steel.

2.17 METAL FRAMING SYSTEMS

- C. MFMA Manufacturer Metal Framing Systems:
 - 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - b. Cooper B-line; brand of Eaton, Electrical Sector.
 - c. G-Strut.
 - d. Unistrut; Atkore International.
 - 3. Description: Shop- or field-fabricated, pipe-support assembly for supporting multiple parallel pipes.
 - 4. Standard: MFMA-4.
 - 5. Channels: Continuous slotted steel channel with inturned lips.
 - 6. Channel Nuts: Formed or stamped steel nuts or other devices designed to fit into channel slot and, when tightened, prevent slipping along channel.
 - 7. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of galvanized steel for use indoors and of stainless steel for use outdoors.

- 8. Metallic Coating for Use Indoors: Electroplated zinc, hot-dip galvanized or mill galvanized.
- 9. Plastic Coating for Use Outdoors: PVC, polyurethane, epoxy or polyester.

2.18 FASTENER SYSTEMS

- A. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded, zinc-coated steel stud, for use in hardened Portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
- B. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type anchors, for use in hardened Portland cement concrete; with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
 - 2. Indoor Applications: Zinc-coated or stainless steel.
 - 3. Outdoor Applications: Stainless steel.

2.19 MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORT MATERIALS

- C. Grout: ASTM C1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
 - 2. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
 - 3. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.
- D. Structural Steel: ASTM A36/A36M, carbon-steel plates, shapes, and bars; galvanized.
- E. Threaded Rods: Continuously threaded. Zinc-plated steel or galvanized steel for indoor applications and stainless steel for outdoor applications. Mating nuts and washers of similar material as rods.

2.20 PIPING AND TUBING INSULATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 230719 "HVAC Piping Insulation" for system piping insulation requirements.
- B. Condensate Drain Piping and Tubing Insulation and Jacket Requirements:
 - 2. Flexible Elastomeric Insulation:
 - b. Closed-cell, sponge- or expanded-rubber materials, complying with ASTM C534, Type I for tubular materials.
 - c. Indoors: 1/2 inch thick.
 - d. Outdoors: 1/2 inch thick.
 - 3. Field-Applied Jacket:
 - b. Concealed: None required.

- Indoors, Exposed to View: PVC, color selected by engineer, 20 mils thick.
- d. Outdoors, Exposed to View: None required.
- C. Refrigerant Tubing Insulation and Jacket Requirements:
 - 2. Flexible Elastomeric Insulation:
 - Closed-cell, sponge- or expanded-rubber materials, complying with b. ASTM C534, Type I for tubular materials.
 - Indoors: 1 inch thick. C.
 - Outdoors: 1 inch thick. d.
 - 3. Field-Applied Jacket:
 - b. Concealed: None required.
 - Indoors outdoor, Exposed to View: PVC, 20 mils thick. C.
- Flexible Elastomeric Insulation Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-24179A, Type II, Class I. D.
- PVC Jacket Adhesive: Compatible with PVC jacket. E.
- F. Metal Jacket Flashing Sealants:
 - 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F. 4.
 - Color: Aluminum. 5.

2.21 SYSTEM CONTROL CABLE

- C. Cable Rating: Listed and labeled for application according to NFPA 70.
 - 2. Flame Travel and Smoke Density in Plenums: As determined by testing identical products according to NFPA 262, by a qualified testing agency. Identify products for installation in plenums with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - Flame Travel Distance: 60 inches or less. b.
 - Peak Optical Smoke Density: 0.5 or less. C.
 - Average Optical Smoke Density: 0.15 or less. d.
 - 3. Flame Travel and Smoke Density for Riser Cables in Non-Plenum Building Spaces: As determined by testing identical products according to UL 1666.
 - Flame Travel and Smoke Density for Cables in Non-Riser Applications and Non-4. Plenum Building Spaces: As determined by testing identical products according to UL 1685.
- Low-Voltage Control Cabling: D.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 2. Paired Cable: NFPA 70, Type CMG.
 - b. One pair, twisted, No. 16 AWG, stranded (19x29) or No. 18 AWG, stranded (19x30) tinned-copper conductors as required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
 - c. PVC insulation.
 - d. Braided or foil shielded.
 - e. PVC jacket.
 - f. Flame Resistance: Comply with UL 1685.
- 3. Plenum-Rated, Paired Cable: NFPA 70, Type CMP.
 - b. One pair, twisted, No. 16 AWG, stranded (19x29) or No. 18 AWG, stranded (19x30) tinned-copper conductors as required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
 - c. PVC insulation.
 - d. Braided or foil shielded.
 - e. PVC jacket.
 - f. NFPA 262 includes the standard flame-resistance test criteria in common use for cables and conductors.
 - g. Flame Resistance: Comply with NFPA 262.

E. TIA-485A Network Cabling:

- 1. Standard Cable: NFPA 70, Type CMG.
 - b. Paired, [one pair] [two pairs], twisted, No. 22 AWG, stranded (7x30) tinned-copper conductors.
 - c. PVC insulation.
 - d. Unshielded.
 - e. PVC jacket.
 - f. Flame Resistance: Comply with UL 1685.
- 2. Plenum-Rated Cable: NFPA 70, Type CMP.
 - b. Paired, [one pair] [two pairs], No. 22 AWG, stranded (7x30) tinned-copper conductors.
 - c. Fluorinated ethylene propylene insulation.
 - d. Unshielded.
 - e. Fluorinated ethylene propylene jacket.
 - f. NFPA 262 includes the standard flame-resistance test criteria in common use for cables and conductors.
 - g. Flame Resistance: NFPA 262.
- F. Ethernet Network Cabling: TIA-568-C.2 Category 6 cable with RJ-45 connectors.
 - 2. Description: Four-pair, balanced-twisted pair cable, certified to meet transmission characteristics of category cable indicated.
 - 3. Conductors: 100-ohm, 23 AWG solid copper.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 4. Shielding: Shielded twisted pairs (FTP).
- 5. Cable Rating: By application.
- 6. Jacket: White, Gray, Blue, or Yellow thermoplastic.
- G. Comply with requirements in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" for control wiring and cable raceways.

2.22 MATERIALS

- C. Steel:
 - 2. ASTM A36/A36M for carbon structural steel.
 - 3. ASTM A568/A568M for steel sheet.
- D. Stainless Steel:
 - 2. Manufacturer's standard grade for casing.
 - 3. Manufacturer's standard type, ASTM A240/A240M for bare steel exposed to airstream or moisture.
- E. Galvanized Steel: ASTM A653/A653M.
- F. Aluminum: ASTM B209.
- G. Comply with Section 230546 "Coatings for HVAC" for corrosion-resistant coating.
- H. Corrosion-Resistant Coating: Coat with a corrosion-resistant coating capable of withstanding a 3000-hour salt-spray test according to ASTM B117.
 - Standards:
 - b. ASTM B117 for salt spray.
 - c. ASTM D2794 for minimum impact resistance of 100 in-lb.
 - d. ASTM B3359 for cross-hatch adhesion of 5B.
 - 3. Application: Immersion.
 - 4. Thickness: 1 mil.
 - 5. Gloss: Minimum gloss of 60 on a 60-degree meter.

2.23 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- C. Factory Tests: Test and inspect factory-assembled equipment.
- D. Equipment will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports for historical record. Submit reports only if requested.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

2.24 VIBRATION ISOLATION

- C. Floor mounted air handling units shall be mounted on free standing Spring isolators and laterally stable without any housing and complete with a molded neoprene cup or 1/4" neoprene acoustical friction pad between the baseplate and the support. All mountings shall have leveling bolts that must be rigidly bolted to the equipment and housekeeping pad. Installed and operating heights shall be equal. The ratio of the spring diameter divided by the compressed spring height shall be no less than 0.8. Springs shall have a minimum additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection. Submittals shall include spring diameters, deflection, compressed spring height and solid spring height. Mountings shall be type SLR, as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- D. All suspended air handling units shall use hanger consisting of rigid steel frames containing minimum 1-1/4" thick neoprene elements at the top and a steel spring seated in a steel washer reinforced neoprene cup on the bottom. The neoprene element and the cup shall have neoprene bushings projecting through the steel box. In order to maintain stability, the boxes shall not be articulated as clevis hangers nor the neoprene element stacked on top of the spring. Spring diameters and hanger box lower hole sizes shall be large enough to permit the hanger rod to swing through a 30 \(\square\$ arc from side to side before contacting the cup bushing and short circuiting the spring. Submittals shall include a hanger drawing showing the 30 dapability. Hangers shall be type PC30N as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.11 **EXAMINATION**

- C. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- D. Examine products before installation. Reject products that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- Examine roughing-in for piping and tubing to verify actual locations of connections E. before equipment installation.
- F. Examine roughing-in for ductwork to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- G. Examine roughing-in for wiring and conduit to verify actual locations of connections before equipment installation.
- H. Examine walls, floors, roofs, and outdoor pads for suitable conditions where equipment will be installed.

- I. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- J. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.12 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION, GENERAL

C. Clearance:

- 2. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances for service and maintenance.
- 3. Maintain clearances required by governing code.
- D. Loose Components: Install components, devices, and accessories furnished by manufacturer, with equipment, that are not factory mounted.
 - 2. Loose components shall be installed by system Installer under supervision of manufacturer's service representative.

3.13 INSTALLATION OF INDOOR UNITS

- C. Install units to be level and plumb while providing a neat and finished appearance.
- D. Unless otherwise required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer, support ceiling-mounted units from structure above using threaded rods; minimum rod size of 3/8 inch.
- E. Adjust supports of exposed and recessed units to draw units tight to adjoining surfaces.
- F. Protect finished surfaces of ceilings, floors, and walls that come in direct contact with units. Refinish or replaced damaged areas after units are installed.
- G. In rooms with ceilings, conceal piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units above ceilings.
- H. In rooms without ceiling, arrange piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units to provide a neat and finished appearance.
- I. Provide lateral bracing if needed to limit movement of suspended units to not more than 0.25 inch.
- J. For floor- and wall-mounted units that are exposed, conceal piping and tubing, controls, and electrical power serving units within walls.
- K. Install floor-mounted units on support structure indicated on Drawings.
- L. Attachment: Install hardware for proper attachment to supported equipment.
- M. Grouting: Place grout under equipment supports and make bearing surface smooth.

3.14 INSTALLATION OF OUTDOOR UNITS

- C. Install units to be level and plumb while providing a neat and finished appearance.
- D. Install outdoor units on support structures indicated on Drawings. For roof installation units shall be a minimum of 30" above the roof.
- E. Pad-Mounted Installations: Install outdoor units on cast-in-place concrete equipment bases. Refer to plans and details for concrete pad detail
 - 2. Attachment: Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
 - 3. Grouting: Place grout under equipment supports and make bearing surface smooth.

3.15 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PIPING INSTALLATION

- C. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping and tubing systems. Install piping and tubing as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on coordination drawings.
- D. Install piping and tubing in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- E. Install piping and tubing at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- F. Install piping and tubing above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- G. Install piping and tubing to permit valve servicing.
- H. Install piping and tubing at indicated slopes.
- I. Install piping and tubing free of sags.
- J. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- K. Install piping and tubing to allow application of insulation.
- L. Install groups of pipes and tubing parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation with service access between insulated piping and tubing.

3.16 INSTALLATION OF SYSTEM CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING

- C. General Requirements for Drain Piping and Tubing:
 - 2. Install a union in piping at each threaded unit connection.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Install an adjustable stainless-steel hose clamp with adjustable gear operator on unit hose connections. Tighten clamp to provide a leak-free installation.
- 4. If required for unit installation, provide a trap assembly in drain piping to prevent air circulated through unit from passing through drain piping. Comply with more stringent of the following:
 - b. Details indicated on Drawings.
 - c. Manufacturer's requirements.
 - d. Governing codes.
 - e. In the absence of requirements, comply with requirements of ASHRAE handbooks.
- 5. Extend drain piping from units with drain connections to drain receptors as indicated on Drawings. If not indicated on Drawings, terminate drain connection at nearest accessible location that is not exposed to view by occupants.
- 6. Provide each 90-degree change in direction with a Y- or T-fitting. Install a threaded plug connection in the dormant side of fitting or future use as a service cleanout.

D. Gravity Drains:

2. Slope piping from unit connection toward drain termination at a constant slope of not less than one percent.

E. Pumped Drains:

2. If unit condensate pump or lift mechanism is not included with an integral check valve, install a full-size check valve in each branch pipe near unit connection to prevent backflow into unit.

3.17 INSTALLATION OF REFRIGERANT PIPING

C. Refrigerant Tubing Kits:

- 2. Unroll and straighten tubing to suit installation. Deviations in straightness of exposed tubing shall be unnoticeable to observer.
- 3. Support tubing using hangers and supports indicated at intervals not to exceed 5 feet. Minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
- 4. Prepare tubing ends and make mating connections to provide a pressure tight and leak-free installation.
- D. Install refrigerant piping according to ASHRAE 15 and governing codes.
- E. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- F. Install piping as short and direct as possible, with a minimum number of joints and fittings.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- G. Arrange piping to allow inspection and service of equipment. Install valves and specialties in accessible locations to allow for service and inspection. Install access doors or panels as specified in Section 083113 "Access Doors and Frames" if valves or equipment requiring maintenance is concealed behind finished surfaces.
- H. Install refrigerant piping and tubing in protective conduit where installed belowground.
- Install refrigerant piping and tubing in rigid or flexible conduit in locations where I. exposed to mechanical damage.
- J. Unless otherwise required by VRF HVAC system manufacturer, slope refrigerant piping and tubing as follows:
 - 2. Install horizontal hot-gas discharge piping and tubing with a uniform slope downward away from compressor.
 - 3. Install horizontal suction lines with a uniform slope downward to compressor.
 - Install traps to entrain oil in vertical runs. 4.
 - 5. Liquid lines may be installed level.
- K. When brazing, remove or protect components that could be damaged by heat.
- Before installation, clean piping, tubing, and fittings to cleanliness level required by L. VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
- M. Joint Construction:
 - 2. Ream ends of tubes and remove burrs.
 - Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of tube and fittings 3. before assembly.
 - 4. Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter.
 - b. Use Type BCuP (copper-phosphorus) alloy for joining copper fittings with copper tubing.
 - Use Type BAg (cadmium-free silver) alloy for joining copper with bronze. C.

3.18 INSTALLATION OF METAL HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- C. Metal Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from the building structure.
- Metal Framing System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping, and D. support together on field-assembled metal framing systems.
- E. Comply with MFMA-103 for metal framing system selections and applications that are not specified.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

F. Fastener System Installation:

- Install powder-actuated fasteners, for use in lightweight concrete or concrete slabs less than 4 inches thick, in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Use operators that are licensed by powder-actuated tool manufacturer. Install fasteners according to powder-actuated tool manufacturer's operating manual.
- 3. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- 4. Use powder-actuated fasteners or mechanical-expansion anchors instead of building attachments where required in concrete construction.
- G. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary attachments, inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- H. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- I. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- J. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel.
 - 2. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.
- K. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so that piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- L. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and to not exceed maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- M. Piping and Tubing Insulation:
 - 2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40, protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
 - 3. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
 - b. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
- N. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Install the following types:
 - 2. Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of non-insulated or insulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
 - 3. Pipe Hangers (MSS Type 5): For suspension of pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 4, to allow off-center closure for hanger installation before pipe erection.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 4. Clips (MSS Type 26): For support of insulated pipes not subject to expansion or contraction.
- 5. Multiple horizontal pipes located indoors may use metal framing systems with split clamp attachment for each pipe in lieu if individual clevis hangers.
- 6. Pipe stands for horizontal pipes located outdoors.
- 7. Provide copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper pipe.
- 8. On plastic pipe, install pads or cushions on bearing surfaces to prevent hanger from scratching pipe.
- O. Horizontal Piping Hanger Spacing and Rod Size: Install hangers for drawn-temper copper piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod sizes:
 - 2. Sizes through NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 3. NPS 1: Maximum span, 6 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 4. NPS 1-1/4: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 5. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 6. NPS 2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 7. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 8. NPS 3 and Larger: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
- P. Plastic Pipe Hanger and Support Spacing:
 - 2. Space hangers and supports according to pipe manufacturer's written instructions for service conditions.
 - 3. Maximum spacing, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
- Q. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Install the following types:
 - 2. Extension Pipe or Riser Clamps (MSS Type 8).
 - 3. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): If longer ends are required for riser clamps.
- R. Support vertical runs at roof, at each floor, and at midpoint intervals between floors, not to exceed 10 feet.
- S. Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified.
- T. Use hangers, supports, and attachments with galvanized coatings unless otherwise indicated.
- U. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- V. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1 inch.
- W. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Install the following types:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
- 3. Steel Clevises (MSS Type 14): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
- 4. Malleable-Iron Sockets (MSS Type 16): For attaching hanger rods to various types of building attachments.
- 5. Steel Weldless Eye Nuts (MSS Type 17): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.

X. Building Attachments: Install the following types:

- 2. Steel or Malleable Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from concrete ceiling.
- 3. Top-Beam C-Clamps (MSS Type 19): For use under roof installations with barjoist construction, to attach to top flange of structural shape.
- 4. Side-Beam or Channel Clamps (MSS Type 20): For attaching to bottom flange of beams, channels, or angles.
- 5. Center-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 21): For attaching to center of bottom flange of beams.
- 6. Welded Beam Attachments (MSS Type 22): For attaching to bottom of beams if loads are considerable and rod sizes are large.
- 7. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
- 8. Top-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 25): For top of beams if hanger rod is required tangent to flange edge.
- 9. Side-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 27): For bottom of steel I-beams.
- 10. Steel-Beam Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 28): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads.
- 11. Linked-Steel Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 29): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads, with link extensions.
- 12. Malleable-Beam Clamps with Extension Pieces (MSS Type 30): For attaching to structural steel.
- 13. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:
 - b. Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
 - c. Medium (MSS Type 32): 1500 lb.
- 14. Side-Beam Brackets (MSS Type 34): For sides of steel or wooden beams.
- 15. Plate Lugs (MSS Type 57): For attaching to steel beams if flexibility at beam is required.
- 16. Horizontal Travelers (MSS Type 58): For supporting piping systems subject to linear horizontal movement where headroom is limited.

3.19 INSTALLATION OF PIPING AND TUBING INSULATION

C. Seal longitudinal seams and end joints with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated. Installation to maintain a continuous vapor barrier.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- D. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:
 - 2. Install mitered sections of pipe insulation.
 - Secure insulation materials and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- E. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:
 - 2. Install preformed valve covers manufactured of same material as pipe insulation when available.
 - 3. When preformed valve covers are unavailable, install cut sections of pipe and sheet insulation to valve body. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
 - 4. Secure insulation to valves and specialties and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- F. Where PVC jackets are indicated, install with 1-inch overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints, for horizontal applications. Seal with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
 - 2. Apply two continuous beads of adhesive to seams and joints, one bead under lap and the finish bead along seam and joint edge.
- G. Where metal jackets are indicated, install with 2-inch overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints. Overlap longitudinal seams arranged to shed water. Seal end joints with weatherproof sealant recommended by insulation manufacturer. Secure jacket with stainless-steel bands 12 inches o.c. and at end joints.
- 3.20 INSTALLATION OF DUCT, ACCESSORIES, AND AIR OUTLETS
 - C. Where installing ductwork adjacent to equipment, allow space for service and maintenance.
 - D. Comply with requirements for metal ducts specified in Section 233113 "Metal Ducts."
 - E. Comply with requirements for air duct accessories specified in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."
- 3.21 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION
 - C. Comply with requirements indicated on Drawings and in applicable Division 26 Sections.
 - D. To extent electrical power is required for system equipment, components, and controls, and is not indicated on Drawings and addressed in the Specifications, the design for such electrical power shall be delegated to VRF HVAC system provider.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 2. Delegated design of electrical power to equipment, components and controls, and associated installation shall be included at no additional cost to Owner.
- E. Connect field electrical power source to each separate electrical device requiring field electrical power. Coordinate termination point and connection type with Installer.
- F. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" for wiring connections.
- G. Comply with requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems" for grounding connections.
- H. Install nameplate or acrylic label with self-adhesive back for each electrical connection indicating electrical equipment designation and circuit number feeding connection.
 - 2. Nameplate shall be laminated phenolic layers of black with engraved white letters. Letters at least 1/2 inch high.
 - 3. Locate nameplate or label where easily visible.
- I. Comply with requirements in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" for raceway selection and installation requirements for boxes, conduits, and wireways as supplemented or revised in this Section.
 - 2. Outlet boxes shall be no smaller than 2 inches wide, 3 inches high, and 2-1/2 inches deep.
 - 3. Outlet boxes for cables shall be no smaller than 4 inches square by 1-1/2 inches deep with extension ring sized to bring edge of ring to within 1/8 inch of the finished wall surface.
 - 4. Flexible metal conduit shall not be used.
- J. Comply with TIA-569-D for pull-box sizing and length of conduit and number of bends between pull points.
- K. Install manufactured conduit sweeps and long-radius elbows if possible.
- L. Install metal conduits with grounding bushings and connect with grounding conductor to grounding system.
- 3.22 INSTALLATION OF SYSTEM CONTROL CABLE
 - C. Comply with NECA 1.
 - D. Installation Method:
 - 2. Install cables in raceways except as follows:
 - b. Within equipment and associated control enclosures.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- c. In accessible ceiling spaces where open cable installation method may be used.
- d. In gypsum board partitions where cable may be enclosed within wall cavity.
- 3. Conceal raceway and cables except in unfinished spaces.

E. General Requirements for Cabling:

- 2. Comply with TIA-568-C Series of standards.
- 3. Comply with BICSI ITSIMM, Ch. 5, "Copper Structured Cabling Systems."
- 4. Terminate all conductors; no cable shall contain unterminated elements. Make terminations only at indicated outlets, terminals, and cross-connect and patch panels.
- 5. Cables may not be spliced and shall be continuous from terminal to terminal. Do not splice cable.
- 6. Cables serving a common system may be grouped in a common raceway. Install control cable in separate raceway from power wiring. Do not group conductors from different systems or different voltages.
- 7. Secure and support cables at intervals not exceeding 30 inches and not more than 6 inches from cabinets, boxes, fittings, outlets, racks, frames, and terminals.
- 8. Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii, but not less than radii specified in BICSI ITSIMM, Ch. 5, "Copper Structured Cabling Systems." Install lacing bars and distribution spools.
- 9. Do not install bruised, kinked, scored, deformed, or abraded cable. Remove and discard cable if damaged during installation and replace it with new cable.
- 10. Cold-Weather Installation: Bring cable to room temperature before dereeling. Do not use heat lamps for heating.
- 11. Pulling Cable: Comply with BICSI ITSIMM, Ch. 5, "Copper Structured Cabling Systems." Monitor cable pull tensions.
- 12. Support: Do not allow cables to lie on removable ceiling tiles or access panels.
- 13. Secure: Fasten securely in place with hardware specifically designed and installed so as to not damage cables.
- 14. Provide strain relief.
- 15. Keep runs short. Allow extra length for connecting to terminals.
- 16. Do not bend cables in a radius less than 10 times the cable OD.
- 17. Use sleeves or grommets to protect cables from vibration at points where they pass around sharp corners and through penetrations.
- 18. Ground wire shall be copper, and grounding methods shall comply with IEEE C2. Demonstrate ground resistance.

F. Balanced Twisted-Pair Cable Installation:

- 2. Comply with TIA-568-C.2.
- 3. Do not untwist balanced twisted-pair cables more than 1/2 inch at the point of termination to maintain cable geometry.
- G. Open-Cable Installation:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Suspend copper cable not in a wireway or pathway a minimum of 8 inches above ceilings by cable supports not more than 30 inches apart.
- 3. Cable shall not be run through or on structural members or in contact with pipes, ducts, or other potentially damaging items. Do not run cables between structural members and corrugated panels.
- H. Separation from EMI Sources: Comply with BICSI TDMM and TIA-569-D recommendations for separating unshielded cable from potential EMI sources including electrical power wiring and equipment.

3.23 FIRESTOPPING

- C. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."
- D. Comply with TIA-569-D, Annex A, "Firestopping."
- E. Comply with BICSI TDMM, "Firestopping" Chapter.

3.24 GROUNDING INSTALLATION

- C. For data communication wiring, comply with TIA-607-B and with BICSI TDMM, "Bonding and Grounding (Earthing)" Chapter.
- D. For low-voltage control cabling, comply with requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."

3.25 IDENTIFICATION

- C. Identify system equipment, piping, tubing, and valves. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment."
- D. Identify system electrical and controls components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and equipment."
 - 2. Identify each control cable on each end and at each terminal with a number-coded identification tag. Each cable shall have a unique tag.

3.26 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

C. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage VRF HVAC system manufacturer's service representative to advise and assist installers; witness testing; and observe and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including controls and connections.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- 2. Field service shall be performed by a factory-trained and -authorized service representative of VRF HVAC system manufacturer whose primary job responsibilities are to provide direct technical support of its products.
 - b. Additional factory-authorized representatives may assist with completion of certain activities only if supervised by manufacturer's employee. A factoryauthorized representative shall not provide assistance without manufacturer's employee supervision.
- 3. Manufacturer shall provide on-site visits during the course of construction at installation milestones indicated. System Installer shall coordinate each visit in advance to give manufacturer sufficient notice to plan the visit. Provide four meeting as follows
 - b. At approximately 25 percent completion of system(s).
 - c. At approximately 50 percent completion of system(s).
 - d. At approximately 75 percent completion of system(s).
 - e. Final inspection before system startup.
- 4. Site Visits: Activities for each site visit shall include the following:
 - b. Meet with VRF HVAC system Installer to discuss field activities, issues, and suggested methods to result in a successful installation.
 - c. Offer technical support to Installer and related trades as related to VRF system(s) being installed.
 - d. Review progress of VRF HVAC system(s) installation for strict compliance with manufacturer's requirements.
 - e. Advise and if necessary, assist Installer with updating related refrigerant calculations and system documentation.
 - f. Issue a report for each visit, documenting the visit.
 - 1) Report to include name and contact information of individual making the visit.
 - 2) Date(s) and time frames while on-site.
 - 3) Names and contact information of people meeting with while on-site.
 - 4) Clearly identify and list each separate issue that requires resolution. For each issue, provide a unique identification number, relevant importance, specific location or equipment identification, description of issue, recommended corrective action, and follow-up requirements needed. Include a digital photo for clarification if deemed to be beneficial.
- 5. Final Inspection before Startup:
 - b. Before inspection, Installer to provide written request to manufacturer stating the system is fully installed according to manufacturer's requirements and ready for final inspection.

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- c. All system equipment and operating components shall be inspected. If components are inaccessible for inspection, they shall be made accessible before the final inspection can be completed.
- d. Manufacturer shall provide a comprehensive inspection of all equipment and each operating component that comprise the complete system(s). Inspection shall follow a detailed checklist specific to each equipment and operating component.
- e. Inspection reports for indoor units shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1) Unit designation on Drawings.
 - 2) Manufacturer model number.
 - 3) Serial number.
 - 4) Network address, if applicable.
 - 5) Each equipment setting.
 - 6) Mounting, supports, and restraints properly installed.
 - 7) Proper service clearance provided.
 - 8) Wiring and power connections correct.
 - 9) Line-voltage reading(s) within acceptable range.
 - 10) Wiring and controls connections correct.
 - 11) Low-voltage reading(s) within an acceptable range.
 - 12) Controller type and model controlling unit.
 - 13) Controller location.
 - 14) Temperature settings and readings within an acceptable range.
 - 15) Humidity settings and readings within an acceptable range.
 - 16) Condensate removal acceptable.
 - 17) Fan settings and readings within an acceptable range.
 - 18) Unit airflow direction within an acceptable range.
 - 19) If applicable, fan external static pressure setting.
 - 20) Filter type and condition acceptable.
 - 21) Noise level within an acceptable range.
 - 22) Refrigerant piping properly connected and insulated.
 - 23) Condensate drain piping properly connected and insulated.
 - 24) If applicable, ductwork properly connected.
 - 25) If applicable, external interlocks properly connected.
 - 26) Remarks.
- f. Inspection reports for outdoor units shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1) Unit designation on Drawings.
 - 2) Manufacturer model number.
 - 3) Serial number.
 - 4) Network address, if applicable.
 - 5) Each equipment setting.
 - 6) Mounting, supports, and restraints properly installed.
 - 7) Proper service clearance provided.
 - 8) Wiring and power connections correct.

- 9) Line-voltage reading(s) within acceptable range.
- 10) Wiring and controls connections correct.
- 11) Low-voltage reading(s) within an acceptable range.
- 12) Condensate removal acceptable.
- 13) Noise level within an acceptable range.
- 14) Refrigerant piping properly connected and insulated.
- 15) Condensate drain piping properly connected and insulated.
- 16) Remarks.
- g. Inspection reports for indoor, dedicated outdoor air ventilation units shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1) Unit designation on Drawings.
 - 2) Manufacturer model number.
 - 3) Serial number.
 - 4) Network address, if applicable.
 - 5) Each equipment setting.
 - 6) Mounting, supports, and restraints properly installed.
 - 7) Proper service clearance provided.
 - 8) Wiring and power connections correct.
 - 9) Line-voltage reading(s) within acceptable range.
 - 10) Wiring and controls connections correct.
 - 11) Low-voltage reading(s) within an acceptable range.
 - 12) Controller type and model controlling unit.
 - 13) Controller location.
 - 14) Temperature settings and readings within an acceptable range.
 - 15) Humidity settings and readings within an acceptable range.
 - 16) Condensate removal acceptable.
 - 17) Fan settings and readings within an acceptable range.
 - 18) Fan external static pressure setting.
 - 19) Filter type and condition acceptable.
 - 20) Noise level within an acceptable range.
 - 21) Refrigerant piping properly connected and insulated.
 - 22) Condensate drain piping properly connected and insulated.
 - 23) Automatic dampers properly installed and operating.
 - 24) Ductwork properly connected.
 - 25) If applicable, external interlocks properly connected.
 - 26) Remarks.
- h. Inspection reports for energy recovery ventilators shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1) Unit designation on Drawings.
 - 2) Manufacturer model number.
 - 3) Serial number.
 - 4) Network address, if applicable.
 - 5) Each equipment setting.
 - 6) Mounting, supports, and restraints properly installed.

- 7) Proper service clearance provided.
- Wiring and power connections correct. 8)
- 9) Line-voltage reading(s) within acceptable range.
- Wiring and controls connections correct. 10)
- 11) Low-voltage reading(s) within an acceptable range.
- Controller type and model controlling unit. 12)
- Controller location. 13)
- 14) Temperature settings and readings within an acceptable range.
- 15) Humidity readings.
- Condensate removal acceptable. 16)
- Fan settings and readings within an acceptable range. 17)
- Fan external static pressure setting. 18)
- Filter type and condition acceptable. 19)
- Noise level within an acceptable range. 20)
- Automatic dampers properly installed and operating. 21)
- 22) Ductwork properly connected.
- If applicable, external interlocks properly connected. 23)
- 24) Remarks.
- Installer shall provide manufacturer with the requested documentation and i. technical support during inspection.
- Installer shall correct observed deficiencies found by the inspection.
- Upon completing the on-site inspection, manufacturer shall provide a k. written report with complete documentation describing each inspection step, the result, and any corrective action required.
- If corrective action is required by Installer that cannot be completed during Ι. the same visit, provide additional visits, as required, until deficiencies are resolved and systems are deemed ready for startup.
- Final report shall indicate the system(s) inspected are installed according to m. manufacturer's requirements and are ready for startup.
- Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of manufacturer's D. service representative:
 - Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA 2. Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 3. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
 - Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to 4. confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
 - Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning 5. controls and equipment.
- E. Refrigerant Tubing Positive Pressure Testing:
 - 2. Comply with more stringent of VRF HVAC system manufacturer's requirements and requirements indicated.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. After completion of tubing installation, pressurize tubing systems to a test pressure of not less than 1.5 times VRF HVAC system operating pressure, but not less than 600 psig, using dry nitrogen.
- 4. Successful testing shall maintain a test pressure for a continuous and uninterrupted period of 24 hours. Allowance for pressure changes attributed to changes in ambient temperature are acceptable.
- 5. Prepare test report to record the following information for each test:
 - b. Name of person starting test, company name, phone number, and e-mail address.
 - c. Name of manufacturer's service representative witnessing test, company name, phone number, and e-mail address.
 - d. Detailed description of extent of tubing tested.
 - e. Date and time at start of test.
 - f. Test pressure at start of test.
 - g. Outdoor temperature at start of test.
 - h. Name of person ending test, company name, phone number, and e-mail address.
 - i. Date and time at end of test.
 - j. Test pressure at end of test.
 - k. Outdoor temperature at end of test.
 - I. Remarks:
- 6. Submit test reports for Project record.

F. Refrigerant Tubing Evacuation Testing:

- 2. Comply with more stringent of VRF HVAC system manufacturer's requirements and requirements indicated.
- 3. After completion of tubing positive-pressure testing, evacuate tubing systems to a pressure of 500 microns.
- 4. Successful testing shall maintain a test pressure for a continuous and uninterrupted period of one hour(s) with no change.
- 5. Prepare test report to record the following information for each test:
 - b. Name of person starting test, company name, phone number, and e-mail address.
 - c. Name of manufacturer's service representative witnessing test, company name, phone number, and e-mail address.
 - d. Detailed description of extent of tubing tested.
 - e. Date and time at start of test.
 - f. Test pressure at start of test.
 - g. Outdoor temperature at start of test.
 - h. Name of person ending test, company name, phone number, and e-mail address.
 - i. Date and time at end of test.
 - j. Test pressure at end of test.
 - k. Outdoor temperature at end of test.

Remarks:

- 6. Submit test reports for Project record.
- 7. Upon successful completion of evacuation testing, system shall be charged with refrigerant.

G. System Refrigerant Charge:

- 2. Using information collected from the refrigerant tubing evacuation testing, system Installer shall consult variable refrigerant system manufacturer to determine the correct system refrigerant charge.
- 3. Installer shall charge system following VRF HVAC system manufacturer's written instructions.
- 4. System refrigerant charging shall be witnessed by system manufacturer's representative.
- 5. Total refrigerant charge shall be recorded and permanently displayed at the system's outdoor unit.
- H. Products will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- I. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.27 STARTUP SERVICE

- C. Engage a VRF HVAC system manufacturer's service representative to perform system(s) startup service.
 - 2. Service representative shall be a factory-trained and -authorized service representative of VRF HVAC system manufacturer.
 - 3. Complete startup service of each separate system.
 - 4. Complete system startup service according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Startup checks shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 2. Check control communications of equipment and each operating component in system(s).
 - 3. Check each indoor unit's response to demand for cooling and heating.
 - 4. Check each indoor unit's response to changes in airflow settings.
 - 5. Check each indoor unit, HRU, and outdoor unit for proper condensate removal.
 - Check sound levels of each indoor and outdoor unit.
- E. Installer shall accompany manufacturer's service representative during startup service and provide manufacturer's service representative with requested documentation and technical support during startup service.
 - 2. Installer shall correct deficiencies found during startup service for reverification.
- F. System Operation Report:

- 2. After completion of startup service, manufacturer shall issue a report for each separate system.
- 3. Report shall include complete documentation describing each startup check, the result, and any corrective action required.
- 4. Manufacturer shall electronically record not less than two hours of continuous operation of each system and submit with report for historical reference.
 - All available system operating parameters shall be included in the information submitted.

G. Witness:

- 2. Invite engineer Owner to witness startup service procedures.
- Provide written notice not less than 20 business days before start of startup 3. service.

3.28 **ADJUSTING**

- C. Adjust equipment and components to function smoothly and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
- Adjust initial temperature and humidity set points. Adjust initial airflow settings and D. discharge airflow patterns.
- E. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges according to VRF HVAC system manufacturer's written instructions, and as indicated.
- F. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months from date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.29 **PROTECTION**

- C. Protect products from moisture and water damage. Remove and replace products that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- Protect equipment from physical damage. Replace equipment with physical damage D. that cannot be repaired to new condition. Observable surface imperfections shall be grounds for removal and replacement.
- Protect equipment from electrical damage. Replace equipment suffering electrical E. damage.
- Cover and seal openings of equipment to keep inside of equipment clean. Do not F. remove covers until finish work is complete.

MAINTENANCE SERVICE 3.30

C. Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, maintenance service shall include 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of system who are trained Installer manufacturer's authorized service representative. Include two service visits for preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper equipment and system operation. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.

3.31 SOFTWARE SERVICE AGREEMENT

- C. Technical Support: Beginning at Substantial Completion, service agreement shall include software support for two years.
- Upgrade Service: At Substantial Completion, update software to latest version. Install D. and program software upgrades that become available within two years from date of Substantial Completion. Upgrading software shall include operating system and new or revised licenses for using software.

3.32 **DEMONSTRATION**

C. Engage a VRF HVAC system manufacturer's employed training instructor or factoryauthorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain entire system.

D. Instructor:

- 2. Instructor shall be factory trained and certified by VRF HVAC system manufacturer with current training on the system(s), equipment, and controls that are installed.
- 3. Instructor's credentials shall be submitted for review by engineer or Owner before scheduling training.
- Instructor(s) shall have not less than three years of training experience with VRF 4. HVAC system manufacturer and past training experience. Schedule and Duration:
- 5. Schedule training with Owner at least 20 business days before first training session.
- Training shall occur before Owner occupancy. 6.
- Provide two separate 4 hr. training sessions 7.
- Perform not less than eight total hours of training.
- Location: Owner shall provide a suitable on-site location to host classroom training. E.
- Training Attendance: For record purposes, document training attendees at the start of each new training session. Record attendee's name, signature, phone number, and email address.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- G. Training Format: Individual training modules shall include classroom training followed by hands-on field demonstration and training.
- Training Materials: Provide training materials in electronic format to each attendee. Н.
 - 2. Include instructional videos showing general operation and maintenance that are coordinated with operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 3. Video record each classroom training session and submit an electronic copy to Owner before requesting Owner acceptance of training.
- I. Acceptance: Obtain engineer written acceptance that training is complete, and requirements indicated have been satisfied.

END OF SECTION 238129

SECTION 260519 - LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Building wires and cables rated 600 V and less.
 - 2. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. VFC: Variable frequency controller.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Field quality-control reports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Alpha Wire Company.
 - 2. Belden Inc.
 - 3. Cerro Wire LLC.
 - 4. Encore Wire Corporation.
 - 5. General Cable Technologies Corporation.
 - 6. General Cable; General Cable Corporation.
 - 7. Senator Wire & Cable Company.
 - 8. Southwire Company.
- B. Copper Conductors: Comply with NEMA WC 70/ICEA S-95-658.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- C. Comply Conductor Insulation: with NEMA WC 70/ICEA S-95-658 for Type THHN/THWN-2, Type XHHW-2 and Type SO.
- D. Multiconductor Cable: Comply with NEMA WC 70/ICEA S-95-658 for metal-clad cable, Type MC mineral-insulated, metal-sheathed cable, Type MI and Type SO with ground wire.

VFC Cable: E.

- Comply with UL 1277, UL 1685, and NFPA 70 for Type TC-ER cable. 1.
- 2. Type TC-ER with oversized crosslinked polyethylene insulation, spiral-wrapped foil plus 85 percent coverage braided shields and insulated full-size ground wire. and sunlight- and oil-resistant outer PVC jacket.

2.2 **CONNECTORS AND SPLICES**

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers Α. offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. 3M.
 - 2. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - Gardner Bender. 3.
 - Hubbell Power Systems, Inc.
 - Ideal Industries, Inc. 5.
 - ILSCO. 6.
 - 7. NSi Industries LLC.
 - O-Z/Gedney; an EGS Electrical Group brand; an Emerson Industrial Automation 8. business.
 - 9. Tyco Electronics Corp.
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated.

2.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in Α. NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS

Feeders: Copper. Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and Α. larger.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. Branch Circuits: Copper. Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger, except VFC cable, which shall be extra flexible stranded.
- 3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS
 - A. Service Entrance: Type XHHW-2, single conductors in raceway.
 - B. Exposed Feeders: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway or Mineral-insulated, metal-sheathed cable, Type MI.
 - C. Feeders Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, Partitions, and Crawlspaces: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway, Metal-clad cable, Type MC or Mineral-insulated, metal-sheathed cable, Type MI.
 - D. Feeders Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and Underground: Type XHHW-2, single conductors in raceway.
 - E. Exposed Branch Circuits, Including in Crawlspaces: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
 - F. Branch Circuits Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, and Partitions: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway or Metal-clad cable, Type MC.
 - G. Branch Circuits Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and Underground: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway or Type XHHW-2, single conductors in raceway.
 - H. Cord Drops and Portable Appliance Connections: Type SO, hard service cord with stainless-steel, wire-mesh, strain relief device at terminations to suit application.
 - I. VFC Output Circuits: Type TC-ER cable with braided shield.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Complete raceway installation between conductor and cable termination points according to Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" prior to pulling conductors and cables.
- C. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- D. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- E. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.
- F. Support cables according to Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published Α. torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A-486B.
- B. Make splices, terminations, and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.
- C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches of slack.

3.5 **IDENTIFICATION**

- Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Section 260553 A. "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- Identify each spare conductor at each end with identity number and location of other B. end of conductor, and identify as spare conductor.

3.6 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

Α. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 260544 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling."

3.7 **FIRESTOPPING**

Apply firestopping to electrical penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to A. restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly according to Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Α. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. After installing conductors and cables and before electrical circuitry has been energized, test service entrance and feeder conductors for compliance with requirements.
 - 2. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each splice in conductors No. 3 AWG and larger. Remove box and equipment covers so splices are accessible to portable scanner. Correct deficiencies determined during the scan.
 - a. Instrument: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
 - b. Record of Infrared Scanning: Prepare a certified report that identifies splices checked and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.
- B. Test and Inspection Reports: Prepare a written report to record the following:
 - 1. Procedures used.
 - 2. Results that comply with requirements.
 - 3. Results that do not comply with requirements and corrective action taken to achieve compliance with requirements.
- C. Cables will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

END OF SECTION 260519

SECTION 260526 - GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes grounding and bonding systems and equipment, plus the following special applications:
 - 1. Underground distribution grounding.
 - 2. Foundation steel electrodes.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For testing agency and testing agency's field supervisor.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Member company of NETA or an NRTL.
 - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Certified by NETA to supervise on-site testing.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Comply with UL 467 for grounding and bonding materials and equipment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Burndy; Part of Hubbell Electrical Systems.
- 2. ERICO International Corporation.
- 3. Galvan Industries, Inc.; Electrical Products Division, LLC.
- 4. Harger Lightning & Grounding.
- ILSCO.
- 6. O-Z/Gedney; an EGS Electrical Group brand; an Emerson Industrial Automation business.
- 7. Siemens Power Transmission & Distribution, Inc.

2.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with UL 467 for grounding and bonding materials and equipment.

2.3 CONDUCTORS

- A. Insulated Conductors: Copper wire or cable insulated for 600 V unless otherwise required by applicable Code or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Bare Copper Conductors:
 - 1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B 3.
 - 2. Stranded Conductors: ASTM B 8.
 - Tinned Conductors: ASTM B 33.
 - 4. Bonding Cable: 28 kcmil, 14 strands of No. 17 AWG conductor, 1/4 inch in diameter.
 - 5. Bonding Conductor: No. 4 or No. 6 AWG, stranded conductor.
 - 6. Bonding Jumper: Copper tape, braided conductors terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
 - 7. Tinned Bonding Jumper: Tinned-copper tape, braided conductors terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
- C. Grounding Bus: Predrilled rectangular bars of annealed copper, 1/4 by 4 inches in cross section, with 9/32-inch holes spaced 1-1/8 inches apart. Stand-off insulators for mounting shall comply with UL 891 for use in switchboards, 600 V and shall be Lexan or PVC, impulse tested at 5000 V.

2.4 CONNECTORS

- A. Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for applications in which used and for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and other items connected.
- B. Bolted Connectors for Conductors and Pipes: Copper or copper alloy.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- C. Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welding kits of types recommended by kit manufacturer for materials being joined and installation conditions.
- D. Bus-Bar Connectors: Mechanical type, cast silicon bronze, solderless compression-type wire terminals, and long-barrel, two-bolt connection to ground bus bar.

2.5 GROUNDING ELECTRODES

A. Ground Rods: Copper-clad steel; 5/8 by 96 inches.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS

- A. Conductors: Install solid conductor for No. 8 AWG and smaller, and stranded conductors for No. 6 AWG and larger unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Underground Grounding Conductors: Install bare tinned-copper conductor, No. 2/0 AWG minimum.
 - 1. Bury at least 24 inches below grade.
- C. Grounding Bus: Install in electrical equipment rooms, in rooms housing service equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.
 - 1. Install bus horizontally, on insulated spacers 2 inches minimum from wall, 6 inches above finished floor unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Where indicated on both sides of doorways, route bus up to top of door frame, across top of doorway, and down; connect to horizontal bus.

D. Conductor Terminations and Connections:

- 1. Pipe and Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations: Bolted connectors.
- 2. Underground Connections: Welded connectors except at test wells and as otherwise indicated.
- 3. Connections to Structural Steel: Welded connectors.

3.2 GROUNDING AT THE SERVICE

A. Equipment grounding conductors and grounding electrode conductors shall be connected to the ground bus. Install a main bonding jumper between the neutral and ground buses.

3.3 GROUNDING UNDERGROUND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM COMPONENTS

A. Comply with IEEE C2 grounding requirements.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- Grounding Manholes and Handholes: Install a driven ground rod through manhole or B. handhole floor, close to wall, and set rod depth so 4 inches will extend above finished floor. If necessary, install ground rod before manhole is placed and provide No. 1/0 AWG bare, tinned-copper conductor from ground rod into manhole through a waterproof sleeve in manhole wall. Protect ground rods passing through concrete floor with a double wrapping of pressure-sensitive insulating tape or heat-shrunk insulating sleeve from 2 inches above to 6 inches below concrete. Seal floor opening with waterproof, nonshrink grout.
- C. Grounding Connections to Manhole Components: Bond exposed-metal parts such as inserts, cable racks, pulling irons, ladders, and cable shields within each manhole or handhole, to ground rod or grounding conductor. Make connections with No. 4 AWG minimum, stranded, hard-drawn copper bonding conductor. Train conductors level or plumb around corners and fasten to manhole walls. Connect to cable armor and cable shields according to written instructions by manufacturer of splicing and termination
- D. Pad-Mounted Transformers and Switches: Install two ground rods and ground ring around the pad. Ground pad-mounted equipment and noncurrent-carrying metal items associated with substations by connecting them to underground cable and grounding electrodes. Install tinned-copper conductor not less than No. 2 AWG for ground ring and for taps to equipment grounding terminals. Bury ground ring not less than 6 inches from the foundation.

3.4 **EQUIPMENT GROUNDING**

- Α. Install insulated equipment grounding conductors with all feeders and branch circuits.
- B. Air-Duct Equipment Circuits: Install insulated equipment grounding conductor to ductmounted electrical devices operating at 120 V and more, including air cleaners, heaters, dampers, humidifiers, and other duct electrical equipment. Bond conductor to each unit and to air duct and connected metallic piping.
- Water Heater, Heat-Tracing, and Antifrost Heating Cables: Install a separate insulated C. equipment grounding conductor to each electric water heater and heat-tracing cable. Bond conductor to heater units, piping, connected equipment, and components.
- Poles Supporting Outdoor Lighting Fixtures: Install grounding electrode and a separate D. insulated equipment grounding conductor in addition to grounding conductor installed with branch-circuit conductors.
- E. Metallic Fences: Comply with requirements of IEEE C2.
 - 1. Grounding Conductor: Bare, tinned copper, not less than No. 8 AWG.
 - Gates: Shall be bonded to the grounding conductor with a flexible bonding 2. iumper.
 - 3. Barbed Wire: Strands shall be bonded to the grounding conductor.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

3.5 INSTALLATION

- A. Grounding Conductors: Route along shortest and straightest paths possible unless otherwise indicated or required by Code. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage.
- B. Ground Rods: Drive rods until tops are 2 inches below finished floor or final grade unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Interconnect ground rods with grounding electrode conductor below grade and as otherwise indicated. Make connections without exposing steel or damaging coating if any.
 - 2. For grounding electrode system, install at least two rods spaced at least one-rod length from each other and located at least the same distance from other grounding electrodes, and connect to the service grounding electrode conductor.
- C. Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install in locations accessible for inspection and maintenance except where routed through short lengths of conduit.
 - 1. Bonding to Structure: Bond straps directly to basic structure, taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts.
 - 2. Bonding to Equipment Mounted on Vibration Isolation Hangers and Supports: Install bonding so vibration is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment.
 - 3. Use exothermic-welded connectors for outdoor locations; if a disconnect-type connection is required, use a bolted clamp.

D. Grounding and Bonding for Piping:

- 1. Metal Water Service Pipe: Install insulated copper grounding conductors, in conduit, from building's main service equipment, or grounding bus, to main metal water service entrances to building. Connect grounding conductors to main metal water service pipes; use a bolted clamp connector or bolt a lug-type connector to a pipe flange by using one of the lug bolts of the flange. Where a dielectric main water fitting is installed, connect grounding conductor on street side of fitting. Bond metal grounding conductor conduit or sleeve to conductor at each end.
- 2. Water Meter Piping: Use braided-type bonding jumpers to electrically bypass water meters. Connect to pipe with a bolted connector.
- 3. Bond each aboveground portion of gas piping system downstream from equipment shutoff valve.
- E. Bonding Interior Metal Ducts: Bond metal air ducts to equipment grounding conductors of associated fans, blowers, electric heaters, and air cleaners. Install tinned bonding jumper to bond across flexible duct connections to achieve continuity.
- F. Grounding for Steel Building Structure: Install a driven ground rod at base of each corner column and at intermediate exterior columns at distances not more than 60 feet apart.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- G. Concrete-Encased Grounding Electrode (Ufer Ground): Fabricate according to NFPA 70; use a minimum of 20 feet of bare copper conductor not smaller than No. 4 AWG.
 - 1. If concrete foundation is less than 20 feet long, coil excess conductor within base of foundation.
 - 2. Bond grounding conductor to reinforcing steel in at least four locations and to anchor bolts. Extend grounding conductor below grade and connect to building's grounding grid or to grounding electrode external to concrete.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. After installing grounding system but before permanent electrical circuits have been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
 - 2. Inspect physical and mechanical condition. Verify tightness of accessible, bolted, electrical connections with a calibrated torque wrench according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 3. Test completed grounding system at each location where a maximum ground-resistance level is specified, at service disconnect enclosure grounding terminal, and at individual ground rods. Make tests at ground rods before any conductors are connected.
 - a. Measure ground resistance no fewer than two full days after last trace of precipitation and without soil being moistened by any means other than natural drainage or seepage and without chemical treatment or other artificial means of reducing natural ground resistance.
 - b. Perform tests by fall-of-potential method according to IEEE 81.
- C. Grounding system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.
- E. Report measured ground resistances that exceed the following values:
 - 1. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity of 500 kVA and Less: 10 ohms
 - 2. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity of 500 to 1000 kVA: 5
 - 3. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity More Than 1000 kVA: 3 ohms.
 - 4. Manhole Grounds: 10 ohms.
- F. Excessive Ground Resistance: If resistance to ground exceeds specified values, notify Architect promptly and include recommendations to reduce ground resistance.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

END OF SECTION 260526

SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
 - 2. Construction requirements for concrete bases.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for the following:
 - a. Hangers.
 - b. Steel slotted support systems.
 - c. Trapeze hangers.
 - d. Clamps.
 - e. Turnbuckles.
 - f. Sockets.
 - g. Eye nuts.
 - h. Saddles.
 - i. Brackets.
 - 2. Include rated capacities and furnished specialties and accessories.
- B. Delegated-Design Submittal: For hangers and supports for electrical systems.
 - 1. Include design calculations and details of trapeze hangers.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

Welding certificates.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:

- 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- 2. AWS D1.2/D1.2M.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design hanger and support system.

2.2 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4 factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - Allied Tube & Conduit.
 - b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - c. ERICO International Corporation.
 - d. GS Metals Corp.
 - e. Thomas & Betts Corporation, A Member of the ABB Group.
 - f. Unistrut; an Atkore International company.
 - 2. Material: Galvanized steel.
 - 3. Channel Width: 1-5/8 inches.
 - 4. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
 - 5. Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.
- B. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel and malleable-iron hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- C. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for nonarmored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be made of malleable iron.
- D. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- E. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
 - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1) Hilti, Inc.
 - 2) ITW Ramset/Red Head; Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
 - 3) MKT Fastening, LLC.
 - 4) Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.
- 2. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened Portland cement concrete, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
 - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1) Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - 2) Empire Tool and Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - 3) Hilti, Inc.
 - 4) ITW Ramset/Red Head; Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
 - 5) MKT Fastening, LLC.
- 3. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units are similar to MSS Type 18 units and comply with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
- 4. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58 units are suitable for attached structural element.
- 5. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
- 6. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
- 7. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

2.3 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

- A. Description: Welded or bolted structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.
- B. Materials: Comply with requirements in Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for steel shapes and plates.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems unless requirements in this Section are stricter.
- B. Comply with requirements for raceways and boxes specified in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems."
- C. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMTs, IMCs, and RMCs as required by NFPA 70. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch in diameter.
- D. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted or other support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
 - 1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with two-bolt conduit clamps.
- E. Spring-steel clamps designed for supporting single conduits without bolts may be used for 1-1/2-inch and smaller raceways serving branch circuits and communication systems above suspended ceilings and for fastening raceways to trapeze supports.

3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this article.
- B. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, EMTs, IMCs, and RMCs may be supported by openings through structure members, according to NFPA 70.
- C. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.
- D. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
 - 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
 - To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts.
 - 3. To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
 - 4. To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 5. Instead of expansion anchors, powder-actuated driven threaded studs provided with lock washers and nuts may be used in existing standard-weight concrete 4 inches thick or greater. Do not use for anchorage to lightweight-aggregate concrete or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
- 6. To Steel: Beam clamps (MSS SP-58, Type 19, 21, 23, 25, or 27), complying with MSS SP-69.
- 7. To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.
- 8. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate.
- E. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid the need for reinforcing bars.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with installation requirements in Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for site-fabricated metal supports.
- B. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

3.4 CONCRETE BASES

- A. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated but not less than 4 inches larger in both directions than supported unit, and so anchors will be a minimum of 10 bolt diameters from edge of the base.
- B. Use 3000-psi, 28-day compressive-strength concrete. Concrete materials, reinforcement, and placement requirements are specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- C. Anchor equipment to concrete base as follows:
 - 1. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
 - 2. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
 - 3. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

3.5 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
 - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 260529

SECTION 260533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Metal conduits, tubing, and fittings.
- 2. Nonmetal conduits, tubing, and fittings.
- 3. Metal wireways and auxiliary gutters.
- 4. Surface raceways
- 5. Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets.
- 6. Handholes and boxes for exterior underground cabling.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. GRC: Galvanized rigid steel conduit.
- B. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For surface raceways, wireways and fittings, floor boxes, hinged-cover enclosures, and cabinets.
- B. Shop Drawings: For custom enclosures and cabinets. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Source quality-control reports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METAL CONDUITS, TUBING, AND FITTINGS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.

- 2. Allied Tube & Conduit.
- 3. O-Z/Gedney; an EGS Electrical Group brand; an Emerson Industrial Automation business.
- 4. Republic Conduit.
- 5. Southwire Company.
- 6. Thomas & Betts Corporation, A Member of the ABB Group.
- 7. Western Tube and Conduit Corporation.
- 8. Wheatland Tube Company.
- B. Listing and Labeling: Metal conduits, tubing, and fittings shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. GRC: Comply with ANSI C80.1 and UL 6.
- D. IMC: Comply with ANSI C80.6 and UL 1242.
- E. EMT: Comply with ANSI C80.3 and UL 797.
- F. FMC: Comply with UL 1; zinc-coated steel.
- G. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket and complying with UL 360.
- H. Fittings for Metal Conduit: Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 514B.
 - 1. Conduit Fittings for Hazardous (Classified) Locations: Comply with UL 886 and NFPA 70.
 - 2. Fittings for EMT:
 - a. Material: Steel or die cast.
 - b. Type: Compression.
 - 3. Expansion Fittings: PVC or steel to match conduit type, complying with UL 651, rated for environmental conditions where installed, and including flexible external bonding jumper.
- I. Joint Compound for IMC or GRC: Approved, as defined in NFPA 70, by authorities having jurisdiction for use in conduit assemblies, and compounded for use to lubricate and protect threaded conduit joints from corrosion and to enhance their conductivity.
- 2.2 NONMETALLIC CONDUITS, TUBING, AND FITTINGS
 - A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - 2. Arnco Corporation.

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- CANTEX INC.
- 4. CertainTeed Corporation.
- 5. Kraloy.
- 6. RACO; Hubbell.
- 7. Thomas & Betts Corporation, A Member of the ABB Group.
- B. Listing and Labeling: Nonmetallic conduits, tubing, and fittings shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. RNC: Type EPC-40-PVC, complying with NEMA TC 2 and UL 651 unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Fittings for RNC: Comply with NEMA TC 3; match to conduit or tubing type and material.

2.3 METAL WIREWAYS AND AUXILIARY GUTTERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - 2. Hoffman; a brand of Pentair Equipment Protection.
 - 3. MonoSystems, Inc.
 - 4. Square D.
- B. Description: Sheet metal, complying with UL 870 and NEMA 250, Type 1 unless otherwise indicated, and sized according to NFPA 70.
 - 1. Metal wireways installed outdoors shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Fittings and Accessories: Include covers, couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.
- D. Wireway Covers: Hinged type unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Finish: Manufacturer's standard enamel finish.

2.4 SURFACE RACEWAYS

A. Listing and Labeling: Surface raceways shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

- B. Surface Metal Raceways: Galvanized steel with snap-on covers complying with UL 5. Manufacturer's standard enamel finish in color selected by Architect.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
 - b. MonoSystems, Inc.
 - c. Legrand/Wiremold
 - d. Panduit

2.5 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Cooper Technologies Company.
 - 2. EGS/Appleton Electric.
 - 3. Erickson Electrical Equipment Company.
 - 4. Hoffman; a brand of Pentair Equipment Protection.
 - 5. Hubbell Incorporated.
 - 6. MonoSystems, Inc.
 - 7. O-Z/Gedney; an EGS Electrical Group brand; an Emerson Industrial Automation business.
 - 8. RACO: Hubbell.
 - 9. Thomas & Betts Corporation, A Member of the ABB Group.
 - 10. Wiremold / Legrand.
- B. General Requirements for Boxes, Enclosures, and Cabinets: Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets installed in wet locations shall be listed for use in wet locations.
- C. Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 1 and UL 514A.
- D. Cast-Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1, ferrous alloy, Type FD, with gasketed cover.
- E. Metal Floor Boxes:
 - 1. Material: Cast metal or sheet metal.
 - 2. Type: Fully adjustable.
 - 3. Shape: Rectangular.
 - 4. Listing and Labeling: Metal floor boxes shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

- F. Luminaire Outlet Boxes: Nonadjustable, designed for attachment of luminaire weighing 50 lb. Outlet boxes designed for attachment of luminaires weighing more than 50 lb shall be listed and marked for the maximum allowable weight.
- G. Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.
- H. Cast-Metal Access, Pull, and Junction Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 1773, galvanized, cast iron with gasketed cover.
- I. Box extensions used to accommodate new building finishes shall be of same material as recessed box.
- J. Device Box Dimensions: 4 inches square by 2-1/8 inches deep.
- K. Gangable boxes are allowed.
- L. Hinged-Cover Enclosures: Comply with UL 50 and NEMA 250, Type 1 with continuous-hinge cover with flush latch unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Metal Enclosures: Steel, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.
 - 2. Interior Panels: Steel; all sides finished with manufacturer's standard enamel.

M. Cabinets:

- 1. NEMA 250, Type 1 galvanized-steel box with removable interior panel and removable front, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.
- 2. Hinged door in front cover with flush latch and concealed hinge.
- 3. Key latch to match panelboards.
- 4. Metal barriers to separate wiring of different systems and voltage.
- 5. Accessory feet where required for freestanding equipment.
- 6. Nonmetallic cabinets shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

2.6 HANDHOLES AND BOXES FOR EXTERIOR UNDERGROUND WIRING

- A. General Requirements for Handholes and Boxes:
 - 1. Boxes and handholes for use in underground systems shall be designed and identified as defined in NFPA 70, for intended location and application.
 - 2. Boxes installed in wet areas shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Polymer-Concrete Handholes and Boxes with Polymer-Concrete Cover: Molded of sand and aggregate, bound together with polymer resin, and reinforced with steel, fiberglass, or a combination of the two.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Armorcast Products Company.
 - b. Carson Industries LLC.
 - c. NewBasis.
 - d. Oldcastle Precast, Inc.
 - e. Quazite: Hubbell Power Systems, Inc.
 - f. Synertech Moulded Products.
- 2. Standard: Comply with SCTE 77.
- 3. Configuration: Designed for flush burial with open bottom unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Cover: Weatherproof, secured by tamper-resistant locking devices and having structural load rating consistent with enclosure and handhole location.
- 5. Cover Finish: Nonskid finish shall have a minimum coefficient of friction of 0.50.
- 6. Cover Legend: Molded lettering, "ELECTRIC.".
- 7. Conduit Entrance Provisions: Conduit-terminating fittings shall mate with entering ducts for secure, fixed installation in enclosure wall.
- 8. Handholes 12 Inches Wide by 24 Inches Long and Larger: Have inserts for cable racks and pulling-in irons installed before concrete is poured.

2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL FOR UNDERGROUND ENCLOSURES

- A. Handhole and Pull-Box Prototype Test: Test prototypes of handholes and boxes for compliance with SCTE 77. Strength tests shall be for specified tier ratings of products supplied.
 - 1. Tests of materials shall be performed by an independent testing agency.
 - 2. Strength tests of complete boxes and covers shall be by either an independent testing agency or manufacturer. A qualified registered professional engineer shall certify tests by manufacturer.
 - 3. Testing machine pressure gages shall have current calibration certification complying with ISO 9000 and ISO 10012 and traceable to NIST standards.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION

- A. Outdoors: Apply raceway products as specified below unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Exposed Conduit: GRC or IMC.
 - 2. Concealed Conduit, Aboveground: GRC or IMC.
 - 3. Underground Conduit: RNC, Type EPC-40-PVC or Type EPC-80-PVC.
 - 4. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.
 - 5. Boxes and Enclosures, Aboveground: NEMA 250, Type 3R.

- B. Indoors: Apply raceway products as specified below unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Exposed, Not Subject to Physical Damage: EMT.
 - 2. Exposed, Not Subject to Severe Physical Damage: EMT.
 - 3. Exposed and Subject to Severe Physical Damage: GRC or IMC. Raceway locations include the following:
 - a. Loading dock.
 - b. Mechanical rooms.
 - 4. Concealed in Ceilings and Interior Walls and Partitions: EMT.
 - 5. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): FMC, except use LFMC in damp or wet locations.
 - 6. Damp or Wet Locations: GRC or IMC.
 - 7. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, except use NEMA 250, Type 4 stainless steel in damp or wet locations.
- C. Minimum Raceway Size: 3/4-inch trade size.
- D. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.
 - 1. Rigid and Intermediate Steel Conduit: Use threaded rigid steel conduit fittings unless otherwise indicated. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
 - 2. EMT: Use compression, steel or cast-metal fittings. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
 - 3. Flexible Conduit: Use only fittings listed for use with flexible conduit. Comply with NEMA FB 2.20.
- E. Do not install aluminum conduits, boxes, or fittings.
- F. Install surface raceways only where indicated on Drawings.
- G. Do not install nonmetallic conduit where ambient temperature exceeds 120 deg F.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except where requirements on Drawings or in this article are stricter. Comply with NFPA 70 limitations for types of raceways allowed in specific occupancies and number of floors.
- B. Keep raceways at least 6 inches away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hotwater pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.
- C. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.
- D. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for hangers and supports.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- E. Arrange stub-ups so curved portions of bends are not visible above finished slab.
- F. Install no more than the equivalent of three 90-degree bends in any conduit run except for control wiring conduits, for which fewer bends are allowed. Support within 12 inches of changes in direction.
- G. Conceal conduit and EMT within finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated. Install conduits parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- H. Support conduit within 12 inchesof enclosures to which attached.
- I. Raceways Embedded in Slabs:
 - 1. Run conduit larger than 1-inch trade size, parallel or at right angles to main reinforcement. Where at right angles to reinforcement, place conduit close to slab support. Secure raceways to reinforcement at maximum 10-footintervals.
 - 2. Arrange raceways to cross building expansion joints at right angles with expansion fittings.
 - 3. Arrange raceways to keep a minimum of 2 inches of concrete cover in all directions.
 - 4. Do not embed threadless fittings in concrete unless specifically approved by Architect for each specific location.
 - 5. Change from RNC, Type EPC-40-PVC to GRC or IMC before rising above floor.
- J. Stub-ups to Above Recessed Ceilings:
 - 1. Use EMT, IMC, or RMC for raceways.
 - 2. Use a conduit bushing or insulated fitting to terminate stub-ups not terminated in hubs or in an enclosure.
- K. Threaded Conduit Joints, Exposed to Wet, Damp, Corrosive, or Outdoor Conditions: Apply listed compound to threads of raceway and fittings before making up joints. Follow compound manufacturer's written instructions.
- L. Terminate threaded conduits into threaded hubs or with locknuts on inside and outside of boxes or cabinets. Install bushings on conduits up to 1-1/4-inch trade size and insulated throat metal bushings on 1-1/2-inch trade size and larger conduits terminated with locknuts. Install insulated throat metal grounding bushings on service conduits.
- M. Install raceways square to the enclosure and terminate at enclosures with locknuts. Install locknuts hand tight plus 1/4 turn more.
- N. Do not rely on locknuts to penetrate nonconductive coatings on enclosures. Remove coatings in the locknut area prior to assembling conduit to enclosure to assure a continuous ground path.
- O. Cut conduit perpendicular to the length. For conduits 2-inch trade size and larger, use roll cutter or a guide to make cut straight and perpendicular to the length.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

P. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches of slack at each end of pull wire. Cap underground raceways designated as spare above grade alongside raceways in use.

Q. Surface Raceways:

- 1. Install surface raceway with a minimum 2-inch radius control at bend points.
- Secure surface raceway with screws or other anchor-type devices at intervals not exceeding 48 inches and with no less than two supports per straight raceway section. Support surface raceway according to manufacturer's written instructions. Tape and glue are not acceptable support methods.
- R. Install raceway sealing fittings at accessible locations according to NFPA 70 and fill them with listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install each fitting in a flush steel box with a blank cover plate having a finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces. Install raceway sealing fittings according to NFPA 70.
- S. Install devices to seal raceway interiors at accessible locations. Locate seals so no fittings or boxes are between the seal and the following changes of environments. Seal the interior of all raceways at the following points:
 - 1. Where conduits pass from warm to cold locations, such as boundaries of refrigerated spaces.
 - 2. Where an underground service raceway enters a building or structure.
 - 3. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.
- T. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for solvent welding RNC and fittings.

U. Expansion-Joint Fittings:

- 1. Install in each run of aboveground RNC that is located where environmental temperature change may exceed 30 deg F and that has straight-run length that exceeds 25 feet. Install in each run of aboveground RMC and EMT conduit that is located where environmental temperature change may exceed 100 deg F and that has straight-run length that exceeds 100 feet.
- 2. Install type and quantity of fittings that accommodate temperature change listed for each of the following locations:
 - a. Outdoor Locations Not Exposed to Direct Sunlight: 125 deg F temperature change.
 - b. Outdoor Locations Exposed to Direct Sunlight: 155 deg F temperature change.
 - c. Indoor Spaces Connected with Outdoors without Physical Separation: 125 deg F temperature change.
 - d. Attics: 135 deg F temperature change.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Install fitting(s) that provide expansion and contraction for at least 0.00041 inch per foot of length of straight run per deg F of temperature change for PVC conduits. Install fitting(s) that provide expansion and contraction for at least 0.000078 inch per foot of length of straight run per deg F of temperature change for metal conduits.
- 4. Install expansion fittings at all locations where conduits cross building or structure expansion joints.
- 5. Install each expansion-joint fitting with position, mounting, and piston setting selected according to manufacturer's written instructions for conditions at specific location at time of installation. Install conduit supports to allow for expansion movement.
- V. Flexible Conduit Connections: Comply with NEMA RV 3. Use a maximum of 72 inches of flexible conduit for recessed and semi recessed luminaires, equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement; and for transformers and motors.
 - 1. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations subject to severe physical damage.
 - 2. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations not subject to severe physical damage.
- W. Mount boxes at heights indicated on Drawings. If mounting heights of boxes are not individually indicated, give priority to ADA requirements. Install boxes with height measured to bottom of box unless otherwise indicated.
- X. Recessed Boxes in Masonry Walls: Saw-cut opening for box in center of cell of masonry block, and install box flush with surface of wall. Prepare block surfaces to provide a flat surface for a raintight connection between box and cover plate or supported equipment and box.
- Y. Horizontally separate boxes mounted on opposite sides of walls so they are not in the same vertical channel.
- Z. Locate boxes so that cover or plate will not span different building finishes.
- AA. Support boxes of three gangs or more from more than one side by spanning two framing members or mounting on brackets specifically designed for the purpose.
- BB. Fasten junction and pull boxes to or support from building structure. Do not support boxes by conduits.
- CC. Set metal floor boxes level and flush with finished floor surface.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND CONDUIT

- A. Direct-Buried Conduit:
 - 1. Excavate trench bottom to provide firm and uniform support for conduit. Prepare trench bottom as specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving" for pipe less than 6 inches in nominal diameter.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- Install backfill as specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
- 3. After installing conduit, backfill and compact. Start at tie-in point, and work toward end of conduit run, leaving conduit at end of run free to move with expansion and contraction as temperature changes during this process. Firmly hand tamp backfill around conduit to provide maximum supporting strength. After placing controlled backfill to within 12 inches of finished grade, make final conduit connection at end of run and complete backfilling with normal compaction as specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
- 4. Install manufactured rigid steel conduit elbows for stub-ups at poles and equipment and at building entrances through floor.
 - a. Couple steel conduits to ducts with adapters designed for this purpose, and encase coupling with 3 inches of concrete for a minimum of 12 inches on each side of the coupling.
 - b. For stub-ups at equipment mounted on outdoor concrete bases and where conduits penetrate building foundations, extend steel conduit horizontally a minimum of 60 inches from edge of foundation or equipment base. Install insulated grounding bushings on terminations at equipment.
- 5. Warning Planks: Bury warning planks approximately 12 inches above directburied conduits but a minimum of 6 inches below grade. Align planks along centerline of conduit.
- 6. Underground Warning Tape: Comply with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.4 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND HANDHOLES AND BOXES

- A. Install handholes and boxes level and plumb and with orientation and depth coordinated with connecting conduits to minimize bends and deflections required for proper entrances.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated, support units on a level bed of crushed stone or gravel, graded from 1/2-inch sieve to No. 4 sieve and compacted to same density as adjacent undisturbed earth.
- C. Elevation: In paved areas, set so cover surface will be flush with finished grade. Set covers of other enclosures 1 inch above finished grade.
- D. Install handholes with bottom below frost line, below grade.
- E. Install removable hardware, including pulling eyes, cable stanchions, cable arms, and insulators, as required for installation and support of cables and conductors and as indicated. Select arm lengths to be long enough to provide spare space for future cables but short enough to preserve adequate working clearances in enclosure.
- F. Field-cut openings for conduits according to enclosure manufacturer's written instructions. Cut wall of enclosure with a tool designed for material to be cut. Size holes

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

for terminating fittings to be used, and seal around penetrations after fittings are installed.

3.5 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

A. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 260544 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling."

3.6 FIRESTOPPING

A. Install firestopping at penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Protect coatings, finishes, and cabinets from damage and deterioration.
 - 1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
 - 2. Repair damage to PVC coatings or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 260533

SECTION 260544 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS AND CABLING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Sleeves for raceway and cable penetration of non-fire-rated construction walls and floors.
- 2. Sleeve-seal systems.
- 3. Sleeve-seal fittings.
- 4. Grout.
- 5. Silicone sealants.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for penetration firestopping installed in fire-resistance-rated walls, horizontal assemblies, and smoke barriers, with and without penetrating items.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SLEEVES

A. Wall Sleeves:

- 1. Steel Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, zinc coated, plain ends.
- 2. Cast-Iron Pipe Sleeves: Cast or fabricated "wall pipe," equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral waterstop unless otherwise indicated.

B. Sleeves for Rectangular Openings:

- 1. Material: Galvanized sheet steel.
- 2. Minimum Metal Thickness:

- a. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter less than 50 inches and with no side larger than 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.052 inch.
- b. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter 50 inches or more and one or more sides larger than 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.138 inch.

2.2 SLEEVE-SEAL SYSTEMS

- A. Description: Modular sealing device, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
 - b. CALPICO, Inc.
 - c. Metraflex Company (The).
 - d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.
 - e. Proco Products, Inc.
 - 2. Sealing Elements: EPDM rubber interlocking links shaped to fit surface of pipe. Include type and number required for pipe material and size of pipe.
 - 3. Pressure Plates: Plastic.
 - 4. Connecting Bolts and Nuts: Carbon steel, with corrosion-resistant coating, of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements.

2.3 SLEEVE-SEAL FITTINGS

- A. Description: Manufactured plastic, sleeve-type, waterstop assembly made for embedding in concrete slab or wall. Unit shall have plastic or rubber waterstop collar with center opening to match piping OD.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. HOLDRITE.

2.4 GROUT

- A. Description: Non-shrink; recommended for interior and exterior sealing openings in non-fire-rated walls or floors.
- B. Standard: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M, Grade B, post-hardening and volume-adjusting, dry, hydraulic-cement grout.
- C. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

D. Packaging: Premixed and factory packaged.

2.5 SILICONE SEALANTS

- A. Silicone Sealants: Single-component, silicone-based, neutral-curing elastomeric sealants of grade indicated below.
 - 1. Grade: Pourable (self-leveling) formulation for openings in floors and other horizontal surfaces that are not fire rated.
- B. Silicone Foams: Multicomponent, silicone-based liquid elastomers that, when mixed, expand and cure in place to produce a flexible, nonshrinking foam.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 SLEEVE INSTALLATION FOR NON-FIRE-RATED ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS
 - A. Comply with NECA 1.
 - B. Comply with NEMA VE 2 for cable tray and cable penetrations.
 - C. Sleeves for Conduits Penetrating Above-Grade Non-Fire-Rated Concrete and Masonry-Unit Floors and Walls:
 - 1. Interior Penetrations of Non-Fire-Rated Walls and Floors:
 - a. Seal annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable, using joint sealant appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Comply with requirements in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
 - b. Seal space outside of sleeves with mortar or grout. Pack sealing material solidly between sleeve and wall, so no voids remain. Tool exposed surfaces smooth; protect material while curing.
 - 2. Use pipe sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.
 - 3. Size pipe sleeves to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and raceway or cable unless sleeve seal is to be installed.
 - 4. Install sleeves for wall penetrations unless core-drilled holes or formed openings are used. Install sleeves during erection of walls. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces of walls. Deburr after cutting.
 - 5. Install sleeves for floor penetrations. Extend sleeves installed in floors 2 inches above finished floor level. Install sleeves during erection of floors.
 - D. Sleeves for Conduits Penetrating Non-Fire-Rated Gypsum Board Assemblies:
 - 1. Use circular metal sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- Seal space outside of sleeves with approved joint compound for gypsum board assemblies.
- E. Roof-Penetration Sleeves: Seal penetration of individual raceways and cables with flexible boot-type flashing units applied in coordination with roofing work.
- F. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Seal penetrations using steel or cast-iron pipe sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.
- G. Underground, Exterior-Wall and Floor Penetrations: Install cast-iron pipe sleeves. Size sleeves to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between raceway or cable and sleeve for installing sleeve-seal system.

3.2 SLEEVE-SEAL-SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- Install sleeve-seal systems in sleeves in exterior concrete walls and slabs-on-grade at Α. raceway entries into building.
- B. Install type and number of sealing elements recommended by manufacturer for raceway or cable material and size. Position raceway or cable in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between raceway or cable and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

3.3 SLEEVE-SEAL-FITTING INSTALLATION

- Install sleeve-seal fittings in new walls and slabs as they are constructed. Α.
- Assemble fitting components of length to be flush with both surfaces of concrete slabs B. and walls. Position waterstop flange to be centered in concrete slab or wall.
- C. Secure nailing flanges to concrete forms.
- D. Using grout, seal the space around outside of sleeve-seal fittings.

END OF SECTION 260544

SECTION 260553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Identification for raceways.
- 2. Identification of power and control cables.
- 3. Identification for conductors.
- 4. Underground-line warning tape.
- 5. Warning labels and signs.
- 6. Instruction signs.
- 7. Equipment identification labels.
- 8. Miscellaneous identification products.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for electrical identification products.
- B. Identification Schedule: For each piece of electrical equipment and electrical system components to be an index of nomenclature for electrical equipment and system components used in identification signs and labels. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with ASME A13.1 and IEEE C2.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.144 and 29 CFR 1910.145.
- D. Comply with ANSI Z535.4 for safety signs and labels.

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- E. Adhesive-attached labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers, shall comply with UL 969.
- F. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes.
 - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

2.2 COLOR AND LEGEND REQUIREMENTS

- A. Raceways and Cables Carrying Circuits at 600 V or Less:
 - 1. Black letters on an orange field.
 - 2. Legend: Indicate voltage and system or service type.
- B. Raceways and Cables Carrying Circuits at More Than 600 V:
 - 1. Black letters on an orange field.
 - 2. Legend: "DANGER CONCEALED HIGH VOLTAGE WIRING."
- C. Warning labels and signs shall include, but are not limited to, the following legends:
 - 1. Multiple Power Source Warning: "DANGER ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD EQUIPMENT HAS MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES."
 - 2. Workspace Clearance Warning: "WARNING OSHA REGULATION AREA IN FRONT OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT MUST BE KEPT CLEAR FOR 36 INCHES."

2.3 LABELS

- A. Vinyl Labels for Raceways Carrying Circuits at 600 V or Less: Preprinted, flexible labels laminated with a clear, weather- and chemical-resistant coating and matching wraparound clear adhesive tape for securing label ends.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. Champion America.
 - c. emedco.
 - d. Grafoplast Wire Markers.
 - e. LEM Products Inc.
 - f. Marking Services, Inc.
 - g. Panduit Corp.
 - h. Seton Identification Products.

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. Snap-Around Labels for Raceways and Cables Carrying Circuits at 600 V or Less: Slit, pretensioned, flexible, preprinted, color-coded acrylic sleeves, with diameters sized to suit diameters of raceways they identify, and that stay in place by gripping action.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. Marking Services, Inc.
 - c. Panduit Corp.
 - d. Seton Identification Products.

C. Self-Adhesive Labels:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. A'n D Cable Products.
 - b. Brady Corporation.
 - c. Brother International Corporation.
 - d. emedco
 - e. Grafoplast Wire Markers.
 - f. Ideal Industries, Inc.
 - g. LEM Products Inc.
 - h. Marking Services, Inc.
 - i. Panduit Corp.
 - Seton Identification Products.
- 2. Preprinted, 3-mil-thick, polyester or vinyl flexible label with acrylic pressuresensitive adhesive.
 - a. Self-Lamination: Clear; UV-, weather- and chemical-resistant; self-laminating, protective shield over the legend. Labels sized to fit the cable or raceway diameter, such that the clear shield overlaps the entire printed legend.
- 3. Polyester or Vinyl, thermal, transfer-printed, 3-mil-thick, multicolor, weather- and UV-resistant, pressure-sensitive adhesive labels, configured for display on front cover, door, or other access to equipment unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Nominal Size: 3.5-by-5-inch.
- 4. Marker for Tags: Permanent, waterproof, black ink marker recommended by tag manufacturer.
- 5. Marker for Tags: Machine-printed, permanent, waterproof, black ink recommended by printer manufacturer.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

2.4 BANDS AND TUBES:

- A. Snap-Around, Color-Coding Bands for Raceways and Cables: Slit, pretensioned, flexible, solid-colored acrylic sleeves, 2 inches long, with diameters sized to suit diameters of raceways or cables they identify, and that stay in place by gripping action.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. Marking Services, Inc.
 - c. Panduit Corp.
- B. Heat-Shrink Preprinted Tubes: Flame-retardant polyolefin tubes with machine-printed identification labels, sized to suit diameters of and shrunk to fit firmly around cables they identify. Full shrink recovery occurs at a maximum of 200 deg F. Comply with UL 224.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. Panduit Corp.

2.5 TAPES AND STENCILS:

- A. Marker Tapes: Vinyl or vinyl-cloth, self-adhesive wraparound type, with circuit identification legend machine printed by thermal transfer or equivalent process.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - b. Champion America.
 - c. Ideal Industries. Inc.
 - d. Marking Services, Inc.
 - e. Panduit Corp.
- B. Self-Adhesive Vinyl Tape: Colored, heavy duty, waterproof, fade resistant; not less than 3 mils thick by 1 to 2 inches wide; compounded for outdoor use.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- a. Brady Corporation.
- b. Carlton Industries, LP.
- c. emedco.
- d. Marking Services, Inc.
- C. Tape and Stencil for Raceways Carrying Circuits 600 V or Less: 4-inch-wide black stripes on 10-inch centers placed diagonally over orange background that extends full length of raceway or duct and is 12 inches wide. Stop stripes at legends.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. LEM Products Inc.
 - b. Marking Services, Inc.
 - c. Seton Identification Products.
- D. Floor Marking Tape: 2-inch-wide, 5-mil pressure-sensitive vinyl tape, with yellow and black stripes and clear vinyl overlay.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - b. Seton Identification Products.
- E. Underground-Line Warning Tape
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. Ideal Industries, Inc.
 - c. LEM Products Inc.
 - d. Marking Services, Inc.
 - e. Reef Industries, Inc.
 - f. Seton Identification Products.
 - 2. Tape:
 - a. Recommended by manufacturer for the method of installation and suitable to identify and locate underground electrical and communications utility lines.
 - b. Printing on tape shall be permanent and shall not be damaged by burial operations.

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

c. Tape material and ink shall be chemically inert and not subject to degradation when exposed to acids, alkalis, and other destructive substances commonly found in soils.

3. Color and Printing:

- a. Comply with ANSI Z535.1, ANSI Z535.2, ANSI Z535.3, ANSI Z535.4, and ANSI Z535.5.
- b. Inscriptions for Red-Colored Tapes: "ELECTRIC LINE, HIGH VOLTAGE".
- c. Inscriptions for Orange-Colored Tapes: "TELEPHONE CABLE, CATV CABLE, COMMUNICATIONS CABLE, OPTICAL FIBER CABLE".

4. Tag:

- a. Detectable three-layer laminate, consisting of a printed pigmented polyolefin film, a solid aluminum-foil core, and a clear protective film that allows inspection of the continuity of the conductive core; bright colored, continuous-printed on one side with the inscription of the utility, compounded for direct-burial service.
- b. Width: 3 inches.
- c. Overall Thickness: 5 mils.
- d. Foil Core Thickness: 0.35 mil.
- e. Weight: 28 lb/1000 sq. ft..
- f. Tensile according to ASTM D 882: 70 lbf and 4600 psi.
- F. Stenciled Legend: In nonfading, waterproof, black ink or paint. Minimum letter height shall be 1 inch.

2.6 Tags

- A. Metal Tags: Brass or aluminum, 2 by 2 by 0.05 inch, with stamped legend, punched for use with self-locking cable tie fastener.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - c. emedco.
 - d. Marking Services, Inc.
 - e. Seton Identification Products.
- B. Nonmetallic Preprinted Tags: Polyethylene tags, 0.015 inch thick, color-coded for phase and voltage level, with factory printed permanent designations; punched for use with self-locking cable tie fastener.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - c. emedco.
 - d. Grafoplast Wire Markers.
 - e. LEM Products Inc.
 - f. Marking Services, Inc.
 - g. Panduit Corp.
 - h. Seton Identification Products.

C. Write-On Tags:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - b. LEM Products Inc.
 - c. Seton Identification Products.
- 2. Polyester Tags: 0.010 inch thick, with corrosion-resistant grommet and cable tie for attachment to raceway, conductor, or cable.
- 3. Marker for Tags: Machine-printed, permanent, waterproof, black ink marker recommended by printer manufacturer.

2.7 Signs

A. Baked-Enamel Signs:

- 1. Preprinted aluminum signs, punched or drilled for fasteners, with colors, legend, and size required for application.
- 2. 1/4-inch grommets in corners for mounting.
- 3. Nominal Size: 7 by 10 inches.
- 4. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - b. Champion America.
 - c. emedco.
 - d. Marking Services, Inc.
- B. Metal-Backed Butyrate Signs:

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Weather-resistant, nonfading, preprinted, cellulose-acetate butyrate signs, with 0.0396-inch galvanized-steel backing and with colors, legend, and size required for application.
- 2. 1/4-inch grommets in corners for mounting.
- 3. Nominal Size: 10 by 14 inches.
- 4. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. Champion America.
 - c. emedco.
 - d. Marking Services, Inc.
- C. Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Plastic Signs:
 - 1. Engraved legend.
 - Thickness:
 - a. For signs up to 20 sq. inches, minimum 1/16-inch-
 - b. For signs larger than 20 sq. inches, 1/8 inch thick.
 - c. Engraved legend with black letters on white face.
 - d. Punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners.
 - e. Framed with mitered acrylic molding and arranged for attachment at applicable equipment.
 - 3. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. Carlton Industries, LP.
 - c. emedco.
 - d. Marking Services, Inc.

2.8 CABLE TIES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Ideal Industries, Inc.
 - 2. Marking Services, Inc.
 - 3. Panduit Corp.
- B. General-Purpose Cable Ties: Fungus inert, self-extinguishing, one piece, self-locking, Type 6/6 nylon.

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
- 2. Tensile Strength at 73 deg F according to ASTM D 638: 12,000 psi.
- 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F.
- 4. Color: Black, except where used for color-coding.
- C. UV-Stabilized Cable Ties: Fungus inert, designed for continuous exposure to exterior sunlight, self-extinguishing, one piece, self-locking, Type 6/6 nylon.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
 - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 deg F according to ASTM D 638: 12,000 psi.
 - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F.
 - 4. Color: Black.
- D. Plenum-Rated Cable Ties: Self-extinguishing, UV stabilized, one piece, self-locking.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
 - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 deg F according to ASTM D 638: 7000 psi.
 - 3. UL 94 Flame Rating: 94V-0.
 - 4. Temperature Range: Minus 50 to plus 284 deg F.
 - Color: Black.

2.9 MISCELLANEOUS IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Paint: Comply with requirements in painting Sections for paint materials and application requirements. Retain paint system applicable for surface material and location (exterior or interior).
- B. Fasteners for Labels and Signs: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Before applying electrical identification products, clean substrates of substances that could impair bond, using materials and methods recommended by manufacturer of identification product.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Verify and coordinate identification names, abbreviations, colors, and other features with requirements in other Sections requiring identification applications, Drawings, Shop Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and operation and maintenance manual. Use consistent designations throughout Project.
- B. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.
- C. Verify identity of each item before installing identification products.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- D. Install identification materials and devices at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment. Install access doors or panels to provide view of identifying devices.
- E. Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.
- F. Attach signs and plastic labels that are not self-adhesive type with mechanical fasteners appropriate to the location and substrate.
- G. Attach plastic raceway and cable labels that are not self-adhesive type with clear vinyl tape, with adhesive appropriate to the location and substrate.
- H. Cable Ties: For attaching tags. Use general-purpose type, except as listed below:
 - 1. Outdoors: UV-stabilized nylon.
 - 2. In Spaces Handling Environmental Air: Plenum rated.
- I. Painted Identification: Comply with requirements in painting Sections for surface preparation and paint application.
- J. Aluminum Wraparound Marker Labels and Metal Tags: Secure tight to surface of conductor or cable at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
- K. System Identification Color-Coding Bands for Raceways and Cables: Each color-coding band shall completely encircle cable or conduit. Place adjacent bands of two-color markings in contact, side by side. Locate bands at changes in direction, at penetrations of walls and floors, at 50-foot maximum intervals in straight runs, and at 25-foot maximum intervals in congested areas.
- L. During backfilling of trenches, install continuous underground-line warning tape directly above cable or raceway at 6 to 8 inches below finished grade. Use multiple tapes where width of multiple lines installed in a common trench or concrete envelope exceeds 16 inches overall.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION SCHEDULE

- A. Accessible Raceways, Armored and Metal-Clad Cables, More Than 600 V: Snaparound labels. Install labels at 10-foot maximum intervals.
- B. Accessible Raceways and Metal-Clad Cables, 600 V or Less, for Service, Feeder, and Branch Circuits, More Than 30 A and 120 V to Ground: Identify with self-adhesive vinyl label. Install labels at 30-foot maximum intervals.
- C. Accessible Raceways and Cables within Buildings: Identify the covers of each junction and pull box of the following systems with self-adhesive vinyl labels containing the wiring system legend and system voltage. System legends shall be as follows:
 - 1. "STANDBY POWER."

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. "POWER."
- 3. "UPS."
- D. Power-Circuit Conductor Identification, 600 V or Less: For conductors in vaults, pull and junction boxes, manholes, and handholes, use color-coding conductor tape to identify the phase.
 - 1. Color-Coding for Phase- and Voltage-Level Identification, 600 V or Less: Use colors listed below for ungrounded service, feeder and branch-circuit conductors.
 - a. Color shall be factory applied or field applied for sizes larger than No. 8 AWG if authorities having jurisdiction permit.
 - b. Colors for 208/120-V Circuits:
 - 1) Phase A: Black.
 - 2) Phase B: Red.
 - 3) Phase C: Blue.
 - c. Colors for 480/277-V Circuits:
 - 1) Phase A: Brown.
 - 2) Phase B: Orange.
 - 3) Phase C: Yellow.
 - d. Field-Applied, Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Apply in half-lapped turns for a minimum distance of 6 inches from terminal points and in boxes where splices or taps are made. Apply last two turns of tape with no tension to prevent possible unwinding. Locate bands to avoid obscuring factory cable markings.
- E. Power-Circuit Conductor Identification, More Than 600 V: For conductors in vaults, pull and junction boxes, manholes, and handholes, use nonmetallic preprinted tags colored and marked to indicate phase, and a separate tag with the circuit designation.
- F. Install instructional sign, including the color code for grounded and ungrounded conductors using adhesive-film-type labels.
- G. Control-Circuit Conductor Identification: For conductors and cables in pull and junction boxes, manholes, and handholes, use self-adhesive, self-laminating polyester labels with the conductor or cable designation, origin, and destination.
- H. Control-Circuit Conductor Termination Identification: For identification at terminations, provide self-adhesive, self-laminating polyester labels with the conductor designation.
- I. Conductors To Be Extended in the Future: Attach marker tape to conductors and list source.

- J. Auxiliary Electrical Systems Conductor Identification: Identify field-installed alarm, control, and signal connections.
 - 1. Identify conductors, cables, and terminals in enclosures and at junctions, terminals, and pull points. Identify by system and circuit designation.
 - 2. Use system of marker-tape designations that is uniform and consistent with system used by manufacturer for factory-installed connections.
 - 3. Coordinate identification with Project Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and operation and maintenance manual.
- K. Locations of Underground Lines: Identify with underground-line warning tape for power, lighting, communication, and control wiring and optical-fiber cable.
 - 1. Limit use of underground-line warning tape to direct-buried cables.
 - 2. Install underground-line warning tape for direct-buried cables and cables in raceways.
- L. Workspace Indication: Install floor marking tape to show working clearances in the direction of access to live parts. Workspace shall comply with NFPA 70 and 29 CFR 1926.403 unless otherwise indicated. Do not install at flush-mounted panelboards and similar equipment in finished spaces.
- M. Warning Labels for Indoor Cabinets, Boxes, and Enclosures for Power and Lighting: Metal-backed, butyrate warning signs.
 - 1. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.145.
 - 2. Identify system voltage with black letters on an orange background.
 - 3. Apply to exterior of door, cover, or other access.
 - 4. For equipment with multiple power or control sources, apply to door or cover of equipment, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Power-transfer switches.
 - b. Controls with external control power connections.
- N. Operating Instruction Signs: Install instruction signs to facilitate proper operation and maintenance of electrical systems and items to which they connect. Install instruction signs with approved legend where instructions are needed for system or equipment operation.
- O. Emergency Operating Instruction Signs: Install instruction signs with white legend on a red background with minimum 3/8-inch-high letters for emergency instructions at equipment used for power transfer.
- P. Equipment Identification Labels: On each unit of equipment, install unique designation label that is consistent with wiring diagrams, schedules, and operation and maintenance manual. Apply labels to disconnect switches and protection equipment, central or master units, control panels, control stations, terminal cabinets, and racks of

each system. Systems include power, lighting, control, communication, signal, monitoring, and alarm unless equipment is provided with its own identification.

1. Labeling Instructions:

- a. Indoor Equipment: Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine plastic label, punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch-high letters on 1-1/2-inch-high label; where two lines of text are required, use labels 2 inches high.
- b. Outdoor Equipment: Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label.
- c. Elevated Components: Increase sizes of labels and letters to those appropriate for viewing from the floor.
- d. Unless labels are provided with self-adhesive means of attachment, fasten them with appropriate mechanical fasteners that do not change the NEMA or NRTL rating of the enclosure.

2. Equipment To Be Labeled:

- a. Panelboards: Typewritten directory of circuits in the location provided by panelboard manufacturer. Panelboard identification shall be in the form of a engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label.
- b. Enclosures and electrical cabinets.
- c. Access doors and panels for concealed electrical items.
- d. Switchboards.
- e. Transformers: Label that includes tag designation shown on Drawings for the transformer, feeder, and panelboards or equipment supplied by the secondary.
- f. Emergency system boxes and enclosures.
- g. Enclosed switches.
- h. Enclosed circuit breakers.
- i. Enclosed controllers.
- j. Variable-speed controllers.
- k. Push-button stations.
- I. Power-transfer equipment.
- m. Contactors.
- n. Remote-controlled switches, dimmer modules, and control devices.
- o. Battery-inverter units.
- p. Power-generating units.
- q. Monitoring and control equipment.
- r. UPS equipment.

END OF SECTION 260553

SECTION 260923 - LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Time switches.
- 2. Photoelectric switches.
- 3. Standalone daylight-harvesting switching and dimming controls.
- 4. Indoor occupancy and vacancy sensors.
- 5. Switchbox-mounted occupancy sensors.
- 6. Digital timer light switches.
- 7. High-bay occupancy sensors.
- 8. Extreme temperature occupancy sensors.
- 9. Outdoor motion sensors.
- 10. Lighting contactors.
- 11. Emergency shunt relays.

B. Related Requirements:

 Section 262726 "Wiring Devices" for wall-box dimmers, non-networkable wallswitch occupancy sensors, and manual light switches.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Show installation details for the following:
 - a. Occupancy sensors.
 - b. Vacancy sensors.
- 2. Interconnection diagrams showing field-installed wiring.
- 3. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Field quality-control reports.

B. Sample Warranty: For manufacturer's warranties.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For each type of lighting control device to include in operation and maintenance manuals.
- B. Software and Firmware Operational Documentation:
 - 1. Software operating and upgrade manuals.
 - 2. Program Software Backup: On USB media. Provide names, versions, and website addresses for locations of installed software.
 - 3. Device address list.
 - 4. Printout of software application and graphic screens.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace lighting control devices that fail(s) in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Faulty operation of lighting control software.
 - b. Faulty operation of lighting control devices.
 - 2. Warranty Period: Two year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INDOOR OCCUPANCYAND VACANCY SENSORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Acuity Brands.
 - 2. Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - 3. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- B. General Requirements for Sensors:
 - 1. Wall or Ceiling-mounted, solid-state indoor occupancy and vacancy sensors.
 - 2. Dual technology.
 - 3. Integrated power pack.
 - 4. Hardwired connection to switch; and BAS and lighting control system.
 - 5. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
 - 6. Operation:

- a. Vacancy Sensor: Unless otherwise indicated, lights are manually turned on and sensor turns lights off when the room is unoccupied; with a time delay for turning lights off, adjustable over a minimum range of 1 to 15 minutes.
- 7. Sensor Output: Contacts rated to operate the connected relay, complying with UL 773A Sensor is powered from the power pack Wireless.
- 8. Power: Line voltage.
- 9. Power Pack: Dry contacts rated for 20-A LED load at 120- and 277-V ac, for 13-A tungsten at 120-V ac, and for 1 hp at 120-V ac. Sensor has 24-V dc, 150-mA, Class 2 power source, as defined by NFPA 70.
- 10. Mounting:
 - a. Sensor: Suitable for mounting in any position on a standard outlet box.
 - b. Relay: Externally mounted through a 1/2-inch knockout in a standard electrical enclosure.
 - c. Time-Delay and Sensitivity Adjustments: Recessed and concealed behind hinged door.
- 11. Indicator: Digital display, to show when motion is detected during testing and normal operation of sensor.
- 12. Bypass Switch: Override the "on" function in case of sensor failure.
- 13. Automatic Light-Level Sensor: Adjustable from 2 to 200 fc; turn lights off when selected lighting level is present.
- C. Dual-Technology Type: Wall or Ceiling mounted; detect occupants in coverage area using PIR and ultrasonic detection methods. The particular technology or combination of technologies that control on-off functions is selectable in the field by operating controls on unit.
 - 1. Sensitivity Adjustment: Separate for each sensing technology.
 - 2. Detector Sensitivity: Detect occurrences of 6-inch- minimum movement of any portion of a human body that presents a target of not less than 36 sq. in., and detect a person of average size and weight moving not less than 12 inches in either a horizontal or a vertical manner at an approximate speed of 12 inches/s.
 - 3. Detection Coverage (Standard Room): Detect occupancy anywhere within a circular area of 1000 sq. ft. when mounted on a 96-inch- high ceiling.
 - 4. Detection Coverage (Room, Wall Mounted): Detect occupancy anywhere within a 180-degree pattern centered on the sensor over an area of 2000 square feet when mounted48 inches above finished floor.

2.2 SWITCHBOX-MOUNTED OCCUPANCY SENSORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Acuity Brands.
 - 2. Cooper Industries, Inc.

- 3. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- B. General Requirements for Sensors: Automatic-wall-switch occupancy sensor with manual on-off switch, suitable for mounting in a single gang switchbox, with provisions for connection to BAS using hardwired connection.
 - 1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
 - 2. Occupancy Sensor Operation: Unless otherwise indicated, turn lights on when coverage area is occupied, and turn lights off when unoccupied; with a time delay for turning lights off, adjustable over a minimum range of 1 to 15 minutes.
 - 3. Operating Ambient Conditions: Dry interior conditions, 32 to 120 deg F.
 - 4. Switch Rating: Not less than 800-VA LED load at 120 V, 1200-VA LED load at 277 V, and 800-W incandescent.

C. Wall-Switch Sensor Tag WS1:

- 1. Standard Range: 180-degree field of view, field adjustable from 180 to 40 degrees; with a minimum coverage area of 2100 sq. ft.
- 2. Sensing Technology: Dual technology PIR and ultrasonic.
- 3. Switch Type: SP, manual "on," automatic "off" or SP, field-selectable automatic "on," or manual "on," automatic "off."
- 4. Capable of controlling load in three-way application.
- 5. Voltage: Match the circuit voltage.
- 6. Ambient-Light Override: Concealed, field-adjustable, light-level sensor from 10 to 150 fc. The switch prevents the lights from turning on when the light level is higher than the set point of the sensor.
- 7. Concealed, field, "off" time-delay selector at up to 30 minutes.
- 8. Concealed, "off" time-delay selector at 30 seconds and 5, 10, and 20 minutes.
- 9. Adaptive Technology: Self-adjusting circuitry detects and memorizes usage patterns of the space and helps eliminate false "off" switching.
- 10. Color: as specified by architect.
- 11. Faceplate: Color matched to switch.

2.3 LIGHTING CONTACTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. ASCO Power Technologies, LP; a business of Emerson Network Power.
 - 2. Eaton.
 - 3. General Electric Company.
 - 4. Square D.
- B. Description: Electrically operated and electrically held, combination-type lighting contactors with nonfused disconnect, complying with NEMA ICS 2 and UL 508.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Current Rating for Switching: Listing or rating consistent with type of load served, including tungsten filament, inductive, and high-inrush ballast (ballast with 15 percent or less THD of normal load current).
- 2. Fault Current Withstand Rating: Equal to or exceeding the available fault current at the point of installation.
- 3. Enclosure: Comply with NEMA 250.
- 4. Provide with control and pilot devices as indicated on Drawings, matching the NEMA type specified for the enclosure.

2.4 EMERGENCY SHUNT RELAY

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Lighting Control and Design.
 - 2. WattStopper; a Legrand® Group brand.
- B. Description: NC, electrically held relay, arranged for wiring in parallel with manual or automatic switching contacts; complying with UL 924.
 - 1. Coil Rating: as specified on drawings.

2.5 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Power Wiring to Supply Side of Remote-Control Power Sources: Not smaller than No. 12 AWG. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- B. Classes 2 and 3 Control Cable: Multiconductor cable with stranded-copper conductors not smaller than No. 18 AWG. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- C. Class 1 Control Cable: Multiconductor cable with stranded-copper conductors not smaller than No. 14 AWG. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine lighting control devices before installation. Reject lighting control devices that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- B. Examine walls and ceilings for suitable conditions where lighting control devices will be installed
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 SENSOR INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Coordinate layout and installation of ceiling-mounted devices with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, smoke detectors, fire-suppression systems, and partition assemblies.
- C. Install and aim sensors in locations to achieve not less than 90-percent coverage of areas indicated. Do not exceed coverage limits specified in manufacturer's written instructions.

3.3 CONTACTOR INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Mount electrically held lighting contactors with elastomeric isolator pads to eliminate structure-borne vibration unless contactors are installed in an enclosure with factory-installed vibration isolators.

3.4 WIRING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Wiring Method: Comply with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables." Minimum conduit size is 3/4 inch.
- C. Wiring within Enclosures: Comply with NECA 1. Separate power-limited and nonpower-limited conductors according to conductor manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Size conductors according to lighting control device manufacturer's written instructions unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Splices, Taps, and Terminations: Make connections only on numbered terminal strips in junction, pull, and outlet boxes; terminal cabinets; and equipment enclosures.

3.5 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify components and power and control wiring according to Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 1. Identify controlled circuits in lighting contactors.
 - 2. Identify circuits or luminaires controlled by photoelectric and occupancy sensors at each sensor.
- B. Label time switches and contactors with a unique designation.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
 - 1. Operational Test: After installing time switches and sensors, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper unit operation.
 - 2. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- B. Lighting control devices will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.7 ADJUSTING

- A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months from date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting lighting control devices to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.
 - 1. For occupancy and motion sensors, verify operation at outer limits of detector range. Set time delay to suit Owner's operations.
 - 2. For daylighting controls, adjust set points and deadband controls to suit Owner's operations.
 - 3. Align high-bay occupancy sensors using manufacturer's laser aiming tool.

3.8 SOFTWARE SERVICE AGREEMENT

- A. Technical Support: Beginning at Substantial Completion, service agreement shall include software support for two years.
- B. Upgrade Service: At Substantial Completion, update software to latest version. Install and program software upgrades that become available within two years from date of Substantial Completion. Upgrading software shall include operating system and new or revised licenses for using software.
 - 1. Upgrade Notice: At least 30 days to allow Owner to schedule and access the system and to upgrade computer equipment if necessary.

3.9 DEMONSTRATION

A. Coordinate demonstration of products specified in this Section with demonstration requirements for low-voltage, programmable lighting control systems specified in Section 260943.16 "Addressable-Luminaire Lighting Controls" and Section 260943.23 "Relay-Based Lighting Controls."

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

B. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain lighting control devices.

END OF SECTION 260923

SECTION 260943.16 - ADDRESSABLE-LUMINAIRE LIGHTING CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes lighting controls for addressable luminaires, based on DALI digital controls.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. BAS: Building automation system.
- B. DALI: Digital addressable lighting interface.
- C. Data Bus: Two wires used to communicate with bus connected devices.
- D. DDC: Direct digital control.
- E. Device: A collective term for DALI-compliant bus connected devices, including fluorescent ballasts, incandescent luminaires, manual switches, switching relays, and similar. Sometimes also called "slave unit."
- F. Group: A set of devices that respond at the same time to messages on the data bus.
- G. IP: Internet protocol.
- H. IR: Infrared.
- LAN: Local area network.
- J. Monitoring: Acquisition, processing, communication, and display of equipment status data, metered electrical parameter values, power quality evaluation data, event and alarm signals, tabulated reports, and event logs.
- K. Scene: Digital light level associated with a preset; stored in the luminaire ballast.
- L. TCP/IP: Transmission control protocol/Internet protocol.
- M. VPN: Virtual private network.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

- 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for control modules, power distribution components, relays, manual switches and plates, and conductors and cables.
- 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
- 3. Sound data including results of operational tests of central dimming controls.
- 4. Operational documentation for software and firmware.

B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Floor Plans: Location, orientation, and coverage area of each sensor; group designations; and other specific design symbols and designations as required to define the installation, location, and configuration of all control devices.
- 2. Address Drawing: Reflected ceiling plan and floor plans, showing data-busconnected devices, address for each device, and device groups. The plans shall be based on construction plans, using the same legend, symbols, and schedules.
- 3. Point List and Data Bus Load: Summary list of all control devices, sensors, ballasts, and other loads connected to each data bus and total connected load for each data bus. Include percentage of rated connected load and device addresses.
- 4. Wire Termination Diagrams and Schedules: Coordinate nomenclature and presentation with Drawings and block diagram. Differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.
- 5. Block Diagram: Show interconnections between components specified in this Section and devices furnished with power distribution system components. Indicate data communication paths and identify networks, data buses, data gateways, concentrators, and other devices used. Describe characteristics of network and other data communication lines.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Field quality-control reports.
- B. Sample Warranty: For manufacturer's special warranty.
- C. Software licenses and upgrades required by and installed for operation and programming of digital and analog devices.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For lighting controls to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
- B. Software and Firmware Operational Documentation:

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Software operating and upgrade manuals.
- 2. Program Software Backup: On USB drive.
- 3. Device address list.
- 4. Printout of software application and graphic screens.
- 5. Adjustments of scene preset controls, adjustable fade rates, and fade overrides.
- 6. Operation of adjustable zone controls.
- 7. Testing and adjusting of panic and emergency power features.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Bus Power Supplies: Equal to two percent of amount installed, but no fewer than two
 - 2. Controller/Gateways: Equal to two percent of amount installed, but no fewer than two.
 - 3. Incandescent Switching and Dimming Modules: Equal to two percent of amount installed, but no fewer than two.
 - 4. Fluorescent Ballasts: Equal to two percent of amount installed, but no fewer than two.
 - 5. Lighting Control Relays: Equal to two percent of amount installed, but no fewer than two.

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of lighting controls that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Software: Failure of input and output to execute switching or dimming commands.
 - b. Failure of modular relays to operate under manual or software commands.
 - c. Ballast failure.
 - d. Damage of electronic components due to transient voltage surges.

2. Warranty Periods:

- a. For DALI Ballasts: Three years from date of Substantial Completion.
- b. For Control Components That Are Not Part of Ballasts: Three years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. DALI:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- Components: Individually addressable devices (such as ballasts, relays, dimmers, and switches) that are operated from digital signals received through a DALI-compliant bus, from data-entry and -retrieval devices (such as computers, Internet portals, hand-held IR programming devices, wired Ethernet hubs, wireless IEEE 802.11 hubs. Devices also report status to data-entry and retrieval devices though the bus.
- 2. Digital Control: Use peer-to-peer communication and distributed logic, where the failure of any single component shall be automatically isolated and not affect global system functions.

B. Ethernet LAN:

- 1. Provide an Ethernet LAN to connect controller/gateways to a PC running a Microsoft Windows operating system. Comply with requirements in Section 271513 "Communications Copper Horizontal Cabling."
- 2. Ethernet Protocols: Comply with and be compatible with 10/100 BaseT TCP/IP routers and networks.
- 3. TCP/IP Modem: Capable of maintaining a secure Internet connection using VPN or equivalent protocol.

2.2 BUS POWER SUPPLY

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Acuity Brands.
 - 2. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - 3. Lightolier; a Philips group brand.
- B. Description: Supply power to data bus for 64 addressable devices, suitable for use with NFPA 70, Class 2 control circuit.
 - 1. Primary Power: Field selectable, 120 and 277 V.
 - 2. Power Supply: Regulated to maintain the operating voltage above 15-V dc under full load, and rated for full charging load of 250 mA and a minimum maintained connected load of 190 mA.
 - 3. Pilot Lights: Indicate data bus ground-fault and data bus traffic.

2.3 CONTROLLER/GATEWAYS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Acuity Brands.
 - 2. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - 3. Lightolier; a Philips group brand.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. Description: DALI controller/gateways link the distributed data buses with an Ethernet network to provide computer configuration, control, analysis, and maintenance. Controller/gateways operate independently and continue to process local inputs and schedules when disconnected from the LAN. Controller/gateways shall provide local intelligence and features including the following:
 - 1. Integrated real-time clock with automatic daylight savings adjustment and leapyear correction.
 - 2. Integrated sunrise/sunset support based on the site location (latitude and longitude).
 - 3. Automatic time schedules, to control groups for scheduled occupancy with support for holiday exceptions.
 - 4. Two digital outputs for additional control and interlocking with external equipment such as fans, valves, and security panels.
 - 5. Support two data bus(es).
 - 6. Computer Monitoring and Configuration: The controller/gateway shall allow configuration, monitoring, and analysis from PCs on the Ethernet LAN.
- C. Each data bus shall have the capacity to control 64 addressable devices, using NFPA 70, Class 2 control circuit.
 - 1. Each data bus shall have the capacity to control up to 16 groups and scenes.
 - 2. 10 BaseT Ethernet port for DDC system for HVAC connection.
 - 3. LED indicator lights for Ethernet status (link, send, and receive), power-on, and LAN failure.
 - 4. Linking of switch and sensor inputs to relay and ballast outputs.
 - 5. Viewing relay and ballast output status.
 - 6. Controlling relay and ballast outputs.
 - 7. Setting device addresses.
 - 8. Assigning switch and sensor inputs and relay and ballast output modes.
- D. Allow connection of the following DALI-compliant addressable devices:
 - 1. LED luminaire switching and dimming.
 - 2. Occupancy and photoelectric sensors.
 - 3. Emergency lighting interface complying with UL 924.
- E. Stores system programming in nonvolatile memory.
 - 1. Switch to enable or disable software programming.

2.4 LIGHTING CONTROL SYSTEM MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE

A. The software shall provide for programming, configuring, and monitoring all devices connected to all data buses of the lighting control system, using application-specific software with Microsoft Windows-based, user-friendly software with graphical user-interface designed screens.

 The software shall be object oriented with pop-up menus and built-in help screens. All specified features of the data-bus-connected devices and those associated with controller/gateways shall be included in the software.

2.5 LUMINAIRE SWITCHING AND DIMMING MODULES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Acuity Brands.
 - 2. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - 3. Lightolier; a Philips group brand.
- B. Description: Comply with DALI exponential dimming curve calibrated for the connected lamp type, group, and scene settings, and with DALI light-level and configuration commands. Dimmer rise time shall be not less than 15 microseconds.

2.6 BALLAST SWITCHING AND DIMMING MODULES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Acuity Brands.
 - 2. Lutron Electronics Co., Inc.
 - 3. OSRAM SYLVANIA.
- B. Each ballast or group shall be addressable and shall include on-off, fade, dimming, scene settings, and other standard DALI control functions and as required to meet the sequence of operation.

2.7 SENSORS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260923 "Lighting Control Devices." All sensors shall be DALI-protocol compliant.
- B. Daylight Harvesting Switching and Dimming Controls:
 - 1. Adjustments and Set Points: All adjustments with exception of sensor range shall be made via the communication network.
 - 2. Remote Monitoring and Reporting: Sensor value shall be displayed when queried by lighting management software or shall automatically report based on a change of value or change of time period setting.
- C. Indoor Occupancy Sensors: May be powered directly from the lighting control network or with a standalone power supply. Units powered with a standalone power supply

shall interface with the lighting control system through an electrically isolated digital input.

2.8 RELAYS

- A. Relays: Electrically operated, mechanically held single-pole switch, rated at 20 A at 277 V. Short-circuit current rating shall be not less than 5 kA. Pilot light indicates when relay is closed and latched. Control shall be by DALI digital data bus. Relay status shall be displayed when gueried by lighting management software.
- B. Relay Panel: A single enclosure with incoming lighting branch circuits, relays, and connection to the DALI digital control network.
 - 1. Enclosure: NEMA 250, Type 1 unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Barriers to separate low-voltage and line-voltage components.
 - 3. Directory: Cover mounted, identifying each relay with its device address and naming the load controlled.
- C. Individually Mounted Relays:
 - 1. Enclosure: Standard outlet box or NEMA 250, Type 1 unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Directory: Cover mounted, identifying each relay with its device address.

2.9 MANUAL SWITCHES AND PLATES

- A. Connection Type: RS-485 protocol, Category 5e UTP cable, using RJ-45 connectors. Power shall be from the control unit.
- B. Push-Button Switches: Modular, operating over the DALI digital data bus.
 - 1. Each switch shall control the following functions, in coordination with programmed sequence of operation and related sensors:
 - a. On.
 - b. Off.
 - c. Dimming, increase light level.
 - d. Dimming, decrease light level.
 - e. Return to preset light level.
 - 2. LED Pilot Lights: On to indicate that the control is active, or when the manual control is operated.
 - 3. Match color and style specified in Section 262726 "Wiring Devices."
 - 4. Integral IR receiver for programming.
- C. Wall Plates: Single and multigang plates as specified in Section 262726 "Wiring Devices"

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

D. Legend: Engraved or permanently silk-screened on wall plate where indicated. Use designations indicated on Drawings.

2.10 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Power Wiring to Supply Side of Class 2 Power Source: Not smaller than No. 12 AWG, complying with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- B. Class 2 Control Cables: Multiconductor cable with copper conductors not smaller than No. 18 AWG, complying with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- C. Class 1 Control Cables: Multiconductor cable with copper conductors not smaller than No. 14 AWG, complying with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- D. Digital and Multiplexed Signal Cables: UTP cable with copper conductors, complying with Category 5e for horizontal copper cable and with Section 271513 "Communications Copper Horizontal Cabling."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WIRING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Wiring Method: Conceal conductors and cables in accessible ceilings, walls, and floors where possible.
- C. Wiring within Enclosures: Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess and without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii. Install lacing bars and distribution spools.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, boxes, cabinets, and terminals. Comply with identification requirements specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; install warning signs complying with Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- C. Identify all ceiling-mounted controls with data bus number and device address.
- D. Label each device cable within 6 inches of connection to bus power supply or termination block.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Acceptance Testing Preparation:
 - 1. Test continuity of each circuit.
- B. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
 - 1. Test each bus controller using local and remote controls.
 - 2. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA ATS. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 3. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.

C. Field Test Reports:

- 1. Printed list of all points created from actual queries of all addressed control points to include lamps, ballasts, manual controls, and sensors.
- 2. Event log verifying the performance of all devices generating event messages to include occupancy sensors, control buttons, alarm messages, and any other change of value messages.
- D. Lighting controls will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports, including a certified report that identifies bus controllers included and describes query results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations made after remedial action.

3.4 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Perform startup service.
 - 1. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Activate luminaires and verify that all lamps are operating at 100 percent.
 - 3. Burn-in fluorescent lamps at 100 percent for 100 hours.
 - Confirm correct communications wiring, initiate communications between DALI
 devices and controller/gateways, and program the lighting control system
 according to approved configuration schedules, time-of-day schedules, and input
 override assignments.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months from date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.6 SOFTWARE SERVICE AGREEMENT

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- A. Technical Support: Beginning at Substantial Completion, service agreement shall include software support for two years.
- B. Upgrade Service: At Substantial Completion, update software to latest version. Install and program software upgrades that become available within two years from date of Substantial Completion. Upgrading software shall include operating system and new or revised licenses for using software.
 - 1. Upgrade Notice: At least 30 days to allow Owner to schedule and access the system and to upgrade computer equipment if necessary.

3.7 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain the control unit and operator interface.

END OF SECTION 260943.16

SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Distribution panelboards.
- 2. Lighting and appliance branch-circuit panelboards.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. ATS: Acceptance testing specification.
- B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- C. GFEP: Ground-fault equipment protection.
- D. HID: High-intensity discharge.
- E. MCCB: Molded-case circuit breaker.
- F. VPR: Voltage protection rating.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of panelboard.
 - 1. Include materials, switching and overcurrent protective devices, accessories, and components indicated.
 - 2. Include dimensions and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.

B. Shop Drawings: For each panelboard and related equipment.

- 1. Include dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details.
- 2. Show tabulations of installed devices with nameplates, conductor termination sizes, equipment features, and ratings.
- 3. Detail enclosure types including mounting and anchorage, environmental protection, knockouts, corner treatments, covers and doors, gaskets, hinges, and locks.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 4. Detail bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
- 5. Short-circuit current rating of panelboards and overcurrent protective devices.
- 6. Detail features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
- 7. Include wiring diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Panelboard Schedules: For installation in panelboards. Submit final versions after load balancing.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For panelboards and components to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting overcurrent protective devices.
 - 2. Time-current curves, including selectable ranges for each type of overcurrent protective device that allows adjustments.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Keys: Two spares for each type of panelboard cabinet lock.
 - 2. Circuit Breakers Including GFCI and GFEP Types: Two spares for each panelboard.

1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: ISO 9001 or 9002 certified.
- 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
 - A. Remove loose packing and flammable materials from inside panelboards; install temporary electric heating (250 W per panelboard) to prevent condensation.
 - B. Handle and prepare panelboards for installation according to NEMA PB 1.

1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations:
 - 1. Do not deliver or install panelboards until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above panelboards is complete,

- and temporary HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
- 2. Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions unless otherwise indicated:
 - a. Ambient Temperature: Not exceeding 23 deg F to plus 104 deg F.
 - b. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.
- B. Interruption of Existing Electric Service: Do not interrupt electric service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electric service according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Owner no fewer than seven days in advance of proposed interruption of electric service.
 - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of electric service without Owner's written permission.
 - 3. Comply with NFPA 70E.

1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace panelboards that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Panelboard Warranty Period: 18 months from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PANELBOARDS COMMON REQUIREMENTS

- A. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for panelboards including clearances between panelboards and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Comply with NEMA PB 1.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70.
- E. Enclosures: Flush and Surface-mounted, dead-front cabinets.
 - 1. Rated for environmental conditions at installed location.
 - a. Indoor Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- b. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.
- c. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.
- 2. Height: 84 inches maximum.
- Hinged Front Cover: Entire front trim hinged to box and with standard door within hinged trim cover. Trims shall cover all live parts and shall have no exposed hardware.
- 4. Finishes:
 - a. Panels and Trim: Steel, factory finished immediately after cleaning and pretreating with manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat.
 - b. Back Boxes: Galvanized steel.

F. Incoming Mains:

- 1. Location: Convertible between top and bottom.
- 2. Main Breaker: Main lug interiors up to 400 amperes shall be field convertible to main breaker.

G. Phase, Neutral, and Ground Buses:

- 1. Material: Hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
 - a. Plating shall run entire length of bus.
 - b. Bus shall be fully rated the entire length.
- 2. Interiors shall be factory assembled into a unit. Replacing switching and protective devices shall not disturb adjacent units or require removing the main bus connectors.
- 3. Equipment Ground Bus: Adequate for feeder and branch-circuit equipment grounding conductors; bonded to box.
- 4. Full-Sized Neutral: Equipped with full-capacity bonding strap for service entrance applications. Mount electrically isolated from enclosure. Do not mount neutral bus in gutter.
- H. Conductor Connectors: Suitable for use with conductor material and sizes.
 - 1. Material: Hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
 - 2. Terminations shall allow use of 75 deg C rated conductors without derating.
 - 3. Size: Lugs suitable for indicated conductor sizes, with additional gutter space, if required, for larger conductors.
 - 4. Main and Neutral Lugs: Mechanical type, with a lug on the neutral bar for each pole in the panelboard.
 - 5. Ground Lugs and Bus-Configured Terminators: Mechanical type, with a lug on the bar for each pole in the panelboard.
 - 6. Feed-Through Lugs: Mechanical type, suitable for use with conductor material. Locate at opposite end of bus from incoming lugs or main device.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 7. Subfeed (Double) Lugs: Mechanical type suitable for use with conductor material. Locate at same end of bus as incoming lugs or main device.
- I. Future Devices: Panelboards shall have mounting brackets, bus connections, filler plates, and necessary appurtenances required for future installation of devices.
 - 1. Percentage of Future Space Capacity: 20 percent.
- J. Panelboard Short-Circuit Current Rating: Fully rated to interrupt symmetrical short-circuit current available at terminals. Assembly listed by an NRTL for 100 percent interrupting capacity.
 - 1. Panelboards and overcurrent protective devices rated 240 V or less shall have short-circuit ratings as shown on Drawings, but not less than 10,000 A rms symmetrical.
 - 2. Panelboards and overcurrent protective devices rated above 240 V and less than 600 V shall have short-circuit ratings as shown on Drawings, but not less than 14,000 A rms symmetrical.

2.2 POWER PANELBOARDS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Sector; Eaton Corporation.
 - 2. General Electric Company; GE Energy Management Electrical Distribution.
 - 3. Siemens Energy.
 - 4. Square D; by Schneider Electric.
- B. Panelboards: NEMA PB 1, distribution type.
- C. Doors: Secured with vault-type latch with tumbler lock; keyed alike.
 - 1. For doors more than 36 inches high, provide two latches, keyed alike.
- D. Mains: Circuit breaker or Lugs only.
- E. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices for Circuit-Breaker Frame Sizes 125 A and Smaller: Bolt-on circuit breakers.
- F. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices for Circuit-Breaker Frame Sizes Larger Than 125 A: Bolt-on circuit breakers.

2.3 LIGHTING AND APPLIANCE BRANCH-CIRCUIT PANELBOARDS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Eaton Electrical Sector: Eaton Corporation.
- 2. General Electric Company; GE Energy Management Electrical Distribution.
- 3. Siemens Energy.
- 4. Square D; by Schneider Electric.
- B. Panelboards: NEMA PB 1, lighting and appliance branch-circuit type.
- C. Mains: Circuit breaker or lugs only.
- D. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: Bolt-on circuit breakers, replaceable without disturbing adjacent units.
- E. Doors: Door-in-door construction with concealed hinges; secured with multipoint latch with tumbler lock; keyed alike. Outer door shall permit full access to the panel interior. Inner door shall permit access to breaker operating handles and labeling, but current carrying terminals and bus shall remain concealed.

2.4 DISCONNECTING AND OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Sector; Eaton Corporation.
 - 2. General Electric Company; GE Energy Management Electrical Distribution.
 - 3. Siemens Energy.
 - 4. Square D; by Schneider Electric.
- B. MCCB: Comply with UL 489, with interrupting capacity to meet available fault currents.
 - 1. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers:
 - a. Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads.
 - b. Instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits.
 - c. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.
 - 2. GFCI Circuit Breakers: Single- and double-pole configurations with Class A ground-fault protection (6-mA trip).
 - 3. GFEP Circuit Breakers: Class B ground-fault protection (30-mA trip).
 - 4. Subfeed Circuit Breakers: Vertically mounted.
 - MCCB Features and Accessories:
 - a. Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - b. Breaker handle indicates tripped status.
 - c. UL listed for reverse connection without restrictive line or load ratings.
 - d. Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor materials.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- Application Listing: Appropriate for application; Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HID for feeding fluorescent and HID lighting circuits.
- f. Ground-Fault Protection: Integrally mounted relay and trip unit with adjustable pickup and time-delay settings, push-to-test feature, and ground-fault indicator.
- g. Shunt Trip: 120-V trip coil energized from separate circuit, set to trip at 75 percent of rated voltage.
- h. Rating Plugs: Three-pole breakers with ampere ratings greater than 150 amperes shall have interchangeable rating plugs or electronic adjustable trip units.
- i. Multipole units enclosed in a single housing with a single handle.
- j. Handle Padlocking Device: Fixed attachment, for locking circuit-breaker handle in on or off position.
- C. Circuit breakers installed in existing panelboards shall be UL listed for use in the panelboards in which they are installed.

2.5 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Panelboard Label: Manufacturer's name and trademark, voltage, amperage, number of phases, and number of poles shall be located on the interior of the panelboard door.
- B. Breaker Labels: Faceplate shall list current rating, UL and IEC certification standards, and AIC rating.
- C. Circuit Directory: Directory card inside panelboard door, mounted in metal frame with transparent protective cover.
 - 1. Circuit directory shall identify specific purpose with detail sufficient to distinguish it from all other circuits.

2.6 ACCESSORY COMPONENTS AND FEATURES

A. Accessory Set: Include tools and miscellaneous items required for overcurrent protective device test, inspection, maintenance, and operation.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify actual conditions with field measurements prior to ordering panelboards to verify that equipment fits in allocated space in, and comply with, minimum required clearances specified in NFPA 70.
- B. Receive, inspect, handle, and store panelboards according to NEMA PB 1.1.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- C. Examine panelboards before installation. Reject panelboards that are damaged, rusted, or have been subjected to water saturation.
- D. Examine elements and surfaces to receive panelboards for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- E. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of panelboards and components with other construction that penetrates walls or is supported by them, including electrical and other types of equipment, raceways, piping, encumbrances to workspace clearance requirements, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.
- B. Comply with NECA 1.
- C. Install panelboards and accessories according to NEMA PB 1.1.
- D. Equipment Mounting:
 - 1. Attach panelboard to the vertical finished or structural surface behind the panelboard.
- E. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting eyes, channels, and brackets and temporary blocking of moving parts from panelboards.
- F. Mount top of trim 90 inches above finished floor unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Mount panelboard cabinet plumb and rigid without distortion of box.
- H. Mount recessed panelboards with fronts uniformly flush with wall finish and mating with back box.
- I. Mounting panelboards with space behind is recommended for damp, wet, or dirty locations. The steel slotted supports in the following paragraph provide an even mounting surface and the recommended space behind to prevent moisture or dirt collection.
- J. Mount surface-mounted panelboards to steel slotted supports 1 1/4 inch in depth. Orient steel slotted supports vertically.
- K. Install overcurrent protective devices and controllers not already factory installed.
 - 1. Set field-adjustable, circuit-breaker trip ranges.
 - 2. Tighten bolted connections and circuit breaker connections using calibrated torque wrench or torque screwdriver per manufacturer's written instructions.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- L. Make grounding connections and bond neutral for services and separately derived systems to ground. Make connections to grounding electrodes, separate grounds for isolated ground bars, and connections to separate ground bars.
- M. Install filler plates in unused spaces.
- N. Stub four 1-inch empty conduits from panelboard into accessible ceiling space or space designated to be ceiling space in the future. Stub four 1-inch empty conduits into raised floor space or below slab not on grade.
- O. Arrange conductors in gutters into groups and bundle and wrap with wire ties after completing load balancing.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; install warning signs complying with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Create a directory to indicate installed circuit loads after balancing panelboard loads; incorporate Owner's final room designations. Obtain approval before installing. Handwritten directories are not acceptable. Install directory inside panelboard door.
- C. Panelboard Nameplates: Label each panelboard with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- D. Device Nameplates: Label each branch circuit device in power panelboards with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- E. Install warning signs complying with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems" identifying source of remote circuit.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Acceptance Testing Preparation:
 - 1. Test insulation resistance for each panelboard bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
 - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.
- C. Tests and Inspections:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test for low-voltage air circuit breakers stated in NETA ATS, Paragraph 7.6 Circuit Breakers. Perform optional tests. Certify compliance with test parameters.
- 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- 3. Perform the following infrared scan tests and inspections and prepare reports:
 - a. Initial Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each panelboard. Remove front panels so joints and connections are accessible to portable scanner.
 - b. Instruments and Equipment:
 - 1) Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
- D. Panelboards will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports, including a certified report that identifies panelboards included and that describes scanning results, with comparisons of the two scans. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust moving parts and operable components to function smoothly, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Set field-adjustable circuit-breaker trip ranges.
- C. Load Balancing: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, measure load balancing and make circuit changes. Prior to making circuit changes to achieve load balancing, inform Architect of effect on phase color coding.
 - 1. Measure loads during period of normal facility operations.
 - 2. Perform circuit changes to achieve load balancing outside normal facility operation schedule or at times directed by the Architect. Avoid disrupting services such as fax machines and on-line data processing, computing, transmitting, and receiving equipment.
 - 3. After changing circuits to achieve load balancing, recheck loads during normal facility operations. Record load readings before and after changing circuits to achieve load balancing.
 - 4. Tolerance: Maximum difference between phase loads, within a panelboard, shall not exceed 20 percent.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

3.6 PROTECTION

A. Temporary Heating: Prior to energizing panelboards, apply temporary heat to maintain temperature according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 262416

SECTION 262726 - WIRING DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Receptacles, receptacles with integral GFCI, and associated device plates.
- 2. USB charger devices.
- 3. Twist-locking receptacles.
- 4. Weather-resistant receptacles.
- 5. Snap switches.
- 6. Pendant cord-connector devices.
- 7. Cord and plug sets.
- 8. Floor service outlets and poke-through assemblies.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- B. Pigtail: Short lead used to connect a device to a branch-circuit conductor.
- C. UTP: Unshielded twisted pair.

1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Coordination:

- 1. Receptacles for Owner-Furnished Equipment: Match plug configurations.
- 2. Cord and Plug Sets: Match equipment requirements.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: List of legends and description of materials and process used for premarking wall plates.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Field quality-control reports.

1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For wiring devices to include in all manufacturers' packing-label warnings and instruction manuals that include labeling conditions.

1.8 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Floor Service-Outlet Assemblies: One for every 10, but no fewer than one.
 - 2. Poke-Through, Fire-Rated Closure Plugs: One for every five floor service outlets installed, but no fewer than two.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Cooper Wiring Devices, Inc.; Division of Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - 2. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
 - 3. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - 4. Pass & Seymour/Legrand (Pass & Seymour).
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of wiring device and associated wall plate from single source from single manufacturer.

2.2 GENERAL WIRING-DEVICE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Wiring Devices, Components, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

2.3 USB CHARGER DEVICES

- A. Tamper-Resistant, USB Charger Receptacles: 12 V dc, 2.0 A, USB Type A; comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, UL 1310, and FS W-C-596.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- a. Eaton (Arrow Hart).
- b. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
- c. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- d. Pass & Seymour/Legrand (Pass & Seymour).
- 2. Description: Single-piece, rivetless, nickel-plated, all-brass grounding system. Nickel-plated, brass mounting strap.
- 3. USB Receptacles: Dual, Type A.
- 4. Line Voltage Receptacles: Dual, two pole, three wire, and self-grounding.

2.4 TWIST-LOCKING RECEPTACLES

- A. Single Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A: Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration as indicated on drawings, and UL 498.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Cooper Wiring Devices, Inc.; Division of Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - b. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
 - c. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - d. Pass & Seymour/Legrand (Pass & Seymour).

2.5 PENDANT CORD-CONNECTOR DEVICES

A. Description:

- 1. Matching, locking-type plug and receptacle body connector.
- 2. NEMA WD 6 Configurations L5-20P and L5-20R, heavy-duty grade, and FS W-C-596.
- 3. Body: Nylon, with screw-open, cable-gripping jaws and provision for attaching external cable grip.
- 4. External Cable Grip: Woven wire-mesh type made of high-strength, galvanized-steel wire strand, matched to cable diameter, and with attachment provision designed for corresponding connector.

2.6 CORD AND PLUG SETS

A. Description:

- 1. Match voltage and current ratings and number of conductors to requirements of equipment being connected.
- 2. Cord: Rubber-insulated, stranded-copper conductors, with Type SOW-A jacket; with green-insulated grounding conductor and ampacity of at least 130 percent of the equipment rating.
- 3. Plug: Nylon body and integral cable-clamping jaws. Match cord and receptacle type for connection.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

2.7 DECORATOR-STYLE DEVICES

- A. Convenience Receptacles: Square face, 125 V, 20 A; comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, and UL 498.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Cooper Wiring Devices, Inc.; Division of Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - b. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
 - c. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - d. Pass & Seymour/Legrand (Pass & Seymour).
- B. GFCI, Feed-Through Type, Convenience Receptacles: Square face, 125 V, 20 A; comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, and UL 943 Class A.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Cooper Wiring Devices, Inc.; Division of Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - b. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
 - c. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - d. Pass & Seymour/Legrand (Pass & Seymour).
- C. GFCI, Weather-Resistant Convenience Receptacles: Square face, 125 V, 20 A; comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, and UL 943 Class A.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Cooper Wiring Devices, Inc.; Division of Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - b. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
 - c. Pass & Seymour/Legrand (Pass & Seymour).
- D. Toggle Switches, Square Face, 120/277 V, 20 A: Comply with NEMA WD 1, UL 20, and FS W-S-896.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Cooper Wiring Devices, Inc.; Division of Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - b. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
 - c. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- d. Pass & Seymour/Legrand (Pass & Seymour).
- E. Lighted Toggle Switches, Square Face, 120 V, 20 A: Comply with NEMA WD 1 and UL 20.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Cooper Wiring Devices, Inc.; Division of Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - b. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
 - c. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - d. Pass & Seymour/Legrand (Pass & Seymour).
 - 2. Description: With neon-lighted handle, illuminated when switch is "off."
- F. All branch circuits rated at 15 amperes shall only have receptacles rated at 15 amperes connected to it.

2.8 WALL PLATES

- A. Single and combination types shall match corresponding wiring devices.
 - 1. Plate-Securing Screws: Metal with head color to match plate finish.
 - 2. Material for Finished Spaces: Steel with white baked enamel, suitable for field painting.
 - 3. Material for Unfinished Spaces: Galvanized steel.
 - 4. Material for Damp Locations: Thermoplastic with spring-loaded lift cover, and listed and labeled for use in wet and damp locations.
- B. Wet-Location, Weatherproof Cover Plates: NEMA 250, complying with Type 3R, weather-resistant, die-cast aluminum with lockable cover.

2.9 FLOOR SERVICE FITTINGS

- A. Type: Modular, flush-type, dual-service units suitable for wiring method used.
- B. Compartments: Barrier separates power from voice and data communication cabling.
- C. Service Plate: Rectangular, solid brass with satin finish.
- D. Power Receptacle: NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, gray finish, unless otherwise indicated.

2.10 POKE-THROUGH ASSEMBLIES

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:

- 1. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems.
- 2. Pass & Seymour/Legrand (Pass & Seymour).
- 3. Square D; by Schneider Electric.
- 4. Thomas & Betts Corporation, A Member of the ABB Group.
- 5. Wiremold / Legrand.

B. Description:

- 1. Factory-fabricated and -wired assembly of below-floor junction box with multichanneled, through-floor raceway/firestop unit and detachable matching floor service-outlet assembly.
- 2. Comply with UL 514 scrub water exclusion requirements.
- 3. Service-Outlet Assembly: Pedestal type with services indicated.
- 4. Size: Selected to fit nominal 3-inch cored holes in floor and matched to floor thickness.
- 5. Fire Rating: Unit is listed and labeled for fire rating of floor-ceiling assembly.
- 6. Closure Plug: Arranged to close unused 3-inch cored openings and reestablish fire rating of floor.
- 7. Wiring Raceways and Compartments: For a minimum of four No. 12 AWG conductors and a minimum of four, four-pair cables.

2.11 FINISHES

A. Device Color:

- 1. Wiring Devices Connected to Normal Power System: As selected by Architect unless otherwise indicated or required by NFPA 70 or device listing.
- B. Wall Plate Color: For plastic covers, match device color.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1, including mounting heights listed in that standard, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Coordination with Other Trades:
 - 1. Protect installed devices and their boxes. Do not place wall finish materials over device boxes and do not cut holes for boxes with routers that are guided by riding against outside of boxes.
 - 2. Keep outlet boxes free of plaster, drywall joint compound, mortar, cement, concrete, dust, paint, and other material that may contaminate the raceway system, conductors, and cables.
 - 3. Install device boxes in brick or block walls so that the cover plate does not cross a joint unless the joint is troweled flush with the face of the wall.
 - 4. Install wiring devices after all wall preparation, including painting, is complete.

C. Conductors:

- 1. Do not strip insulation from conductors until right before they are spliced or terminated on devices.
- 2. Strip insulation evenly around the conductor using tools designed for the purpose. Avoid scoring or nicking of solid wire or cutting strands from stranded wire.
- 3. The length of free conductors at outlets for devices shall meet provisions of NFPA 70, Article 300, without pigtails.
- 4. Existing Conductors:
 - a. Cut back and pigtail, or replace all damaged conductors.
 - b. Straighten conductors that remain and remove corrosion and foreign matter.
 - c. Pigtailing existing conductors is permitted, provided the outlet box is large enough.

D. Device Installation:

- 1. Replace devices that have been in temporary use during construction and that were installed before building finishing operations were complete.
- 2. Keep each wiring device in its package or otherwise protected until it is time to connect conductors.
- 3. Do not remove surface protection, such as plastic film and smudge covers, until the last possible moment.
- 4. Connect devices to branch circuits using pigtails that are not less than 6 inches in length.
- 5. When there is a choice, use side wiring with binding-head screw terminals. Wrap solid conductor tightly clockwise, two-thirds to three-fourths of the way around terminal screw.
- 6. Use a torque screwdriver when a torque is recommended or required by manufacturer.
- 7. When conductors larger than No. 12 AWG are installed on 15- or 20-A circuits, splice No. 12 AWG pigtails for device connections.
- 8. Tighten unused terminal screws on the device.
- 9. When mounting into metal boxes, remove the fiber or plastic washers used to hold device-mounting screws in yokes, allowing metal-to-metal contact.

E. Receptacle Orientation:

- 1. Install ground pin of vertically mounted receptacles down, and on horizontally mounted receptacles to the right.
- F. Device Plates: Do not use oversized or extra-deep plates. Repair wall finishes and remount outlet boxes when standard device plates do not fit flush or do not cover rough wall opening.
- G. Dimmers:

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Install dimmers within terms of their listing.
- 2. Verify that dimmers used for fan speed control are listed for that application.
- 3. Install unshared neutral conductors on line and load side of dimmers according to manufacturers' device listing conditions in the written instructions.
- H. Arrangement of Devices: Unless otherwise indicated, mount flush, with long dimension vertical and with grounding terminal of receptacles on top. Group adjacent switches under single, multigang wall plates.
- I. Adjust locations of floor service outlets and service poles to suit arrangement of partitions and furnishings.

3.2 GFCI RECEPTACLES

A. Install non-feed-through-type GFCI receptacles where protection of downstream receptacles is not required.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

A. Comply with Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. Test Instruments: Use instruments that comply with UL 1436.
 - 2. Test Instrument for Convenience Receptacles: Digital wiring analyzer with digital readout or illuminated digital-display indicators of measurement.
- B. Tests for Convenience Receptacles:
 - 1. Line Voltage: Acceptable range is 105 to 132 V.
 - 2. Percent Voltage Drop under 15-A Load: A value of 6 percent or higher is unacceptable.
 - 3. Ground Impedance: Values of up to 2 ohms are acceptable.
 - 4. GFCI Trip: Test for tripping values specified in UL 1436 and UL 943.
 - 5. Using the test plug, verify that the device and its outlet box are securely mounted.
 - 6. Tests shall be diagnostic, indicating damaged conductors, high resistance at the circuit breaker, poor connections, inadequate fault current path, defective devices, or similar problems. Correct circuit conditions, remove malfunctioning units and replace with new ones, and retest as specified above.
- C. Wiring device will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

END OF SECTION 262726

SECTION 262813 - FUSES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Cartridge fuses rated 600 V ac and less for use in the following:
 - a. Control circuits.
 - b. Switchboards.
 - c. Enclosed controllers.
 - d. Enclosed switches.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles. Include the following for each fuse type indicated:
 - 1. Dimensions and manufacturer's technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, and ratings.
 - 2. Coordination charts and tables and related data.
 - 3. Fuse sizes for elevator feeders and elevator disconnect switches.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fuses to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures," include the following:
 - 1. Ambient temperature adjustment information.
 - 2. Current-limitation curves for fuses with current-limiting characteristics.
 - 3. Coordination charts and tables and related data.

1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Fuses: Equal to 10 percent of quantity installed for each size and type, but no fewer than three of each size and type.

1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Where ambient temperature to which fuses are directly exposed is less than 40 deg F or more than 100 deg F, apply manufacturer's ambient temperature adjustment factors to fuse ratings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Cooper Bussmann; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - 2. Edison; a brand of Cooper Bussmann; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - 3. Littelfuse, Inc.
 - Mersen USA.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain fuses, for use within a specific product or circuit, from single source from single manufacturer.

2.2 CARTRIDGE FUSES

- A. Characteristics: NEMA FU 1, current-limiting, nonrenewable cartridge fuses with voltage ratings consistent with circuit voltages.
 - 1. Type RK-1: 600-V, zero- to 600-A rating, 200 kAIC, time delay.
 - 2. Type CC: 600-V, zero- to 30-A rating, 200 kAIC, fast acting.
 - 3. Type J: 600-V, zero- to 600-A rating, 200 kAIC.
 - 4. Type L: 600-V, 601- to 6000-A rating, 200 kAIC, time delay.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Comply with NEMA FU 1 for cartridge fuses.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70.
- E. Coordinate fuse ratings with utilization equipment nameplate limitations of maximum fuse size and with system short-circuit current levels.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine fuses before installation. Reject fuses that are moisture damaged or physically damaged.
- B. Examine holders to receive fuses for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance, such as rejection features.
- C. Examine utilization equipment nameplates and installation instructions. Install fuses of sizes and with characteristics appropriate for each piece of equipment.
- D. Evaluate ambient temperatures to determine if fuse rating adjustment factors must be applied to fuse ratings.
- E. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 FUSE APPLICATIONS

A. Cartridge Fuses:

- 1. Service Entrance: Class L, time delay.
- 2. Feeders: Class RK1, time delay.
- 3. Motor Branch Circuits: Class RK1, time delay.
- 4. Power Electronics Circuits: Class J, high speed.
- 5. Other Branch Circuits: Class J, fast acting.
- 6. Control Transformer Circuits: Class CC, time delay, control transformer duty.
- 7. Provide open-fuse indicator fuses or fuse covers with open fuse indication.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Install fuses in fusible devices. Arrange fuses so rating information is readable without removing fuse.

3.4 IDENTIFICATION

A. Install labels complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems" and indicating fuse replacement information inside of door of each fused switch and adjacent to each fuse block, socket, and holder.

END OF SECTION 262813

SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Fusible switches.
 - 2. Nonfusible switches.
 - Enclosures.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. NC: Normally closed.
- B. NO: Normally open.
- C. SPDT: Single pole, double throw.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed switch, circuit breaker, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensioned elevations, sections, weights, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, accessories, and finishes.
 - 1. Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 2. Current and voltage ratings.
 - 3. Short-circuit current ratings (interrupting and withstand, as appropriate).
 - 4. Detail features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices, accessories, and auxiliary components.
- B. Shop Drawings: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Field quality-control reports.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Test procedures used.
- 2. Test results that comply with requirements.
- 3. Results of failed tests and corrective action taken to achieve test results that comply with requirements.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting enclosed switches and circuit breakers.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Fuses: Equal to 10 percent of quantity installed for each size and type, but no fewer than three of each size and type.
 - 2. Fuse Pullers: Two for each size and type.

1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain enclosed switches and circuit breakers, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories, within same product category, from single source from single manufacturer.
- B. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for enclosed switches and circuit breakers, including clearances between enclosures, and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Ambient Temperature: Not less than minus 22 deg F and not exceeding 104 deg F.
 - 2. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.

1.10 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of switches, circuit breakers, and components with equipment served and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Sector; Eaton Corporation.
 - 2. General Electric Company.
 - 3. Siemens Industry, Inc.
 - 4. Square D; by Schneider Electric.
- B. Type HD, Heavy Duty, Single Throw, 600-V ac, 1200 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, horsepower rated, with clips or bolt pads to accommodate specified fuses, lockable handle with capability to accept three padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.

C. Accessories:

- 1. Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
- 2. Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded and bonded; labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.
- 3. Class R Fuse Kit: Provides rejection of other fuse types when Class R fuses are specified.
- 4. Auxiliary Contact Kit: Two NO/NC (Form "C") auxiliary contact(s), arranged to activate before switch blades open.
- 5. Lugs: Mechanical type, suitable for number, size, and conductor material.
- 6. Service-Rated Switches: Labeled for use as service equipment.
- 7. Accessory Control Power Voltage: Remote mounted and powered; 120-V ac.

2.2 NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Eaton Electrical Sector; Eaton Corporation.
 - 2. General Electric Company.
 - 3. Siemens Industry, Inc.
 - 4. Square D; by Schneider Electric.

B. Type HD, Heavy Duty, Single Throw, 600-V ac, 1200 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, horsepower rated, lockable handle with capability to accept three padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.

C. Accessories:

- 1. Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
- 2. Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded and bonded; labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.
- 3. Auxiliary Contact Kit: Two NO/NC (Form "C") auxiliary contact(s), arranged to activate before switch blades open.
- 4. Lugs: Mechanical type, suitable for number, size, and conductor material.
- 5. Accessory Control Power Voltage: Remote mounted and powered; 120-V ac.

2.3 ENCLOSURES

- A. Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers: NEMA AB 1, NEMA KS 1, NEMA 250, and UL 50, to comply with environmental conditions at installed location.
 - 1. Indoor, Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 2. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.
 - 3. Other Wet or Damp, Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine elements and surfaces to receive enclosed switches and circuit breakers for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install individual wall-mounted switches and circuit breakers with tops at uniform height unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting eyes, channels, and brackets and temporary blocking of moving parts from enclosures and components.
- C. Install fuses in fusible devices.
- D. Comply with NECA 1.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 1. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs.
 - 2. Label each enclosure with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
- B. Acceptance Testing Preparation:
 - 1. Test insulation resistance for each enclosed switch and circuit breaker, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
 - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.

C. Tests and Inspections:

- 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
- 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- 3. Perform the following infrared scan tests and inspections and prepare reports:
 - a. Initial Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each enclosed switch and circuit breaker. Remove front panels so joints and connections are accessible to portable scanner.
 - b. Instruments and Equipment: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
- 4. Test and adjust controls, remote monitoring, and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- D. Enclosed switches and circuit breakers will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports, including a certified report that identifies enclosed switches and circuit breakers and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust moving parts and operable components to function smoothly, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 262816

SECTION 264313 - SURGE PROTECTION FOR LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CIRCUITS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes field-mounted SPDs for low-voltage (120 to 600 V) power distribution and control equipment.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Inominal: Nominal discharge current.
- B. MCOV: Maximum continuous operating voltage.
- C. Mode(s), also Modes of Protection: The pair of electrical connections where the VPR applies.
- D. MOV: Metal-oxide varistor; an electronic component with a significant non-ohmic current-voltage characteristic.
- E. OCPD: Overcurrent protective device.
- F. SCCR: Short-circuit current rating.
- G. SPD: Surge protective device.
- H. VPR: Voltage protection rating.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
 - 2. Copy of UL Category Code VZCA certification, as a minimum, listing the tested values for VPRs, Inominal ratings, MCOVs, type designations, OCPD requirements, model numbers, system voltages, and modes of protection.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Field quality-control reports.
- B. Sample Warranty: For manufacturer's special warranty.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For SPDs to include in maintenance manuals.

1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to replace or replace SPDs that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL SPD REQUIREMENTS

- A. SPD with Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Comply with UL 1449.
- D. MCOV of the SPD shall be the nominal system voltage.

2.2 SERVICE ENTRANCE SUPPRESSOR

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. ABB USA.
 - 2. Advanced Protection Technologies Inc. (APT).
 - 3. Alltec Corporation.
 - 4. Current Technology Inc.
 - 5. Eaton Electrical Sector; Eaton Corporation.
 - 6. General Electric Company.
 - 7. LEA International.
 - 8. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - 9. Liebert; a brand of Emerson Electric Co.
 - 10. Schneider Electric USA, Inc.
 - 11. Siemens Industry, Inc.
 - 12. Square D; by Schneider Electric.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

- B. SPDs: Comply with UL 1449, Type 2.
 - 1. SPDs with the following features and accessories:
 - a. Internal thermal protection that disconnects the SPD before damaging internal suppressor components.
 - b. Indicator light display for protection status.
 - c. Form-C contacts rated at 5 A and 250-V ac, one normally open and one normally closed, for remote monitoring of protection status. Contacts shall reverse on failure of any surge diversion module or on opening of any current-limiting device. Coordinate with building power monitoring and control system.
 - d. Surge counter.
- C. Comply with UL 1283.
- D. Peak Surge Current Rating: The minimum single-pulse surge current withstand rating per phase shall not be less than 320 kA. The peak surge current rating shall be the arithmetic sum of the ratings of the individual MOVs in a given mode.
- E. Protection modes and UL 1449 VPR for grounded wye circuits with 480Y/277 V or 208Y/120 V, three-phase, four-wire circuits shall not exceed the following:
 - 1. Line to Neutral: 1200 V for 480Y/277 V.
 - 2. Line to Ground: 1200 V for 480Y/277 V.
 - 3. Line to Line: 2000 V for 480Y/277 V.
 - 4. Line to Neutral: 700 V for 208Y/120 V.
 - 5. Line to Ground: 1200 V for 208Y/120 V.
 - 6. Line to Line: 1000 V for 208Y/120 V.
- F. SCCR: Equal or exceed 100 kA.
- G. Inominal Rating: 20 kA.

2.3 PANEL SUPPRESSORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. ABB USA.
 - 2. Advanced Protection Technologies Inc. (APT).
 - 3. Alltec Corporation.
 - 4. Atlantic Scientific.
 - 5. Current Technology Inc.
 - 6. Eaton Electrical Sector; Eaton Corporation.
 - 7. General Electric Company.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 8. LEA International.
- 9. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- 10. Liebert; a brand of Emerson Electric Co.
- 11. Northern Technologies, Inc.
- B. SPDs: Comply with UL 1449, Type 2.
 - 1. Include LED indicator lights for power and protection status.
 - 2. Internal thermal protection that disconnects the SPD before damaging internal suppressor components.
 - 3. Include Form-C contacts rated at 5 A and 250-V ac, one normally open and one normally closed, for remote monitoring of protection status. Contacts shall reverse on failure of any surge diversion module or on opening of any current-limiting device. Coordinate with building power monitoring and control system.
- C. Peak Surge Current Rating: The minimum single-pulse surge current withstand rating per phase shall not be less than 100 kA. The peak surge current rating shall be the arithmetic sum of the ratings of the individual MOVs in a given mode.
- D. Protection modes and UL 1449 VPR for grounded wye circuits with 208Y/120 V, three-phase, four-wire circuits shall not exceed the following:
 - 1. Line to Neutral: 700 V for 208Y/120 V.
 - 2. Line to Ground: 700 V for 208Y/120 V.
 - 3. Neutral to Ground: 700 V for 208Y/120 V.
 - 4. Line to Line: 1200 V for 208Y/120 V
- E. SCCR: Equal or exceed 100 kA.
- F. Inominal Rating: 20 kA.
- 2.4 ENCLOSURES
 - A. Indoor Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - B. Outdoor Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
- 2.5 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES
 - A. Power Wiring: Same size as SPD leads, complying with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
 - B. Class 2 Control Cables: Multiconductor cable with copper conductors not smaller than No. 18 AWG, complying with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

C. Class 1 Control Cables: Multiconductor cable with copper conductors not smaller than No. 14 AWG, complying with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Install an OCPD or disconnect as required to comply with the UL listing of the SPD.
- C. Install SPDs with conductors between suppressor and points of attachment as short and straight as possible, and adjust circuit-breaker positions to achieve shortest and straightest leads. Do not splice and extend SPD leads unless specifically permitted by manufacturer. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended lead length. Do not bond neutral and ground.
- D. Use crimped connectors and splices only. Wire nuts are unacceptable.

E. Wiring:

- 1. Power Wiring: Comply with wiring methods in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- 2. Controls: Comply with wiring methods in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative.
 - 1. Compare equipment nameplate data for compliance with Drawings and Specifications.
 - 2. Inspect anchorage, alignment, grounding, and clearances.
 - 3. Verify that electrical wiring installation complies with manufacturer's written installation requirements.
- B. An SPD will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.3 STARTUP SERVICE

A. Complete startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- B. Do not perform insulation-resistance tests of the distribution wiring equipment with SPDs installed. Disconnect SPDs before conducting insulation-resistance tests, and reconnect them immediately after the testing is over.
- C. Energize SPDs after power system has been energized, stabilized and tested.

3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to operate and maintain SPDs.

END OF SECTION 264313

SECTION 265119 - LED INTERIOR LIGHTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Interior solid-state luminaires that use LED technology.
- 2. Lighting fixture supports.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 260923 "Lighting Control Devices" for automatic control of lighting, including time switches, photoelectric relays, occupancy sensors, and multipole lighting relays and contactors.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. CCT: Correlated color temperature.
- B. CRI: Color Rendering Index.
- C. Fixture: See "Luminaire."
- D. IP: International Protection or Ingress Protection Rating.
- E. LED: Light-emitting diode.
- F. Lumen: Measured output of lamp and luminaire, or both.
- G. Luminaire: Complete lighting unit, including lamp, reflector, and housing.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Arrange in order of luminaire designation.
 - 2. Include data on features, accessories, and finishes.
 - 3. Include physical description and dimensions of luminaires.
 - 4. Include emergency lighting units, including batteries and chargers.
 - 5. Include life, output (lumens, CCT, and CRI), and energy efficiency data.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 6. Photometric data and adjustment factors based on laboratory tests, complying with IESNA Lighting Measurements Testing and Calculation Guides, of each lighting fixture type. The adjustment factors shall be for lamps and accessories identical to those indicated for the lighting fixture as applied in this Project.
 - a. Manufacturers' Certified Data: Photometric data certified by manufacturer's laboratory with a current accreditation under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- B. Product Schedule: For luminaires and lamps. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of luminaire.
- C. Product Test Reports: For each luminaire, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.
- D. Sample warranty.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For luminaires and lighting systems to include in operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 1. Provide a list of all lamp types used on Project; use ANSI and manufacturers' codes.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Lamps: Ten for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
 - 2. Diffusers and Lenses: One for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
 - 3. Globes and Guards: One for every 20 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Luminaire manufacturer's laboratory that is accredited under the NVLAP for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- B. Provide luminaires from a single manufacturer for each luminaire type.
- C. Each luminaire type shall be binned within a three-step MacAdam Ellipse to ensure color consistency among luminaires.

1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect finishes of exposed surfaces by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace components of luminaires that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
- B. Warranty Period: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 LUMINAIRE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. NRTL Compliance: Luminaires for hazardous locations shall be listed and labeled for indicated class and division of hazard by an NRTL.
- C. Recessed Fixtures: Comply with NEMA LE 4.
- D. Bulb shape complying with ANSI C79.1.
- E. Lamp base complying with ANSI C81.61 or IEC 60061-1.
- F. Rated lamp life of 35,000 hours.
- G. Lamps dimmable from 100 percent to 0 percent of maximum light output.
- H. Internal driver.
- I. Nominal Operating Voltage: As indicated on Plans.
 - 1. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125 inch minimum unless otherwise indicated.

- J. Housings:
 - 1. Extruded-aluminum housing and heat sink.
 - 2. powder-coat finish.

2.2 DOWNLIGHT

- A. See Plans for manufacturers.
- B. Minimum 1,000 lumens. Minimum allowable efficacy of 80 lumens per watt.
- C. Universal mounting bracket.
- D. Integral junction box with conduit fittings.

2.3 LINEAR INDUSTRIAL

- A. See Plans for manufacturers.
- B. Minimum 5,000 lumens. Minimum allowable efficacy of 80 lumens per watt.
- C. Housing and heat sink rated to the following:
 - 1. NEMA 4X.
 - 2. IP 54.
 - 3. IP 66.
 - 4. Marine and wet locations.
 - CSA C22.2 No 137.

2.4 RECESSED LINEAR

- A. See Plans for manufacturers.
- B. Minimum 2,000 lumens. Minimum allowable efficacy of 85 lumens per watt.
- C. Integral junction box with conduit fittings.

2.5 STRIP LIGHT

- A. See Plans for manufacturers.
- B. Minimum 750 lumens. Minimum allowable efficacy of 80 lumens per watt.
- C. Integral junction box with conduit fittings.

2.6 SURFACE MOUNT, LINEAR

- A. See Plans for manufacturers.
- B. Minimum 750 lumens. Minimum allowable efficacy of 80 lumens per watt.

- C. Integral junction box with conduit fittings.
- 2.7 SURFACE MOUNT, NONLINEAR
 - A. See Plans for manufacturers.
 - B. Minimum 750 lumens. Minimum allowable efficacy of 80 lumens per watt.
 - C. Integral junction box with conduit fittings.
- 2.8 SUSPENDED, LINEAR
 - A. See Plans for manufacturers.
 - B. Minimum 2,000 lumens. Minimum allowable efficacy of 85 lumens per watt.
- 2.9 SUSPENDED, NONLINEAR
 - See Plans for manufacturers.
 - B. Minimum 2,000 lumens. Minimum allowable efficacy of 85 lumens per watt.
 - C. Integral junction box with conduit fittings.
- 2.10 MATERIALS
 - A. Metal Parts:
 - 1. Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges.
 - 2. Sheet metal components shall be steel unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.
 - B. Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access: Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions, and designed to permit relamping without use of tools. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position.
 - C. Diffusers and Globes:
 - 1. prismatic acrylic
 - 2. Acrylic Diffusers: One hundred percent virgin acrylic plastic, with high resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
 - 3. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125 inch minimum unless otherwise indicated.
 - D. Housings:
 - 1. Extruded-aluminum housing and heat sink.
 - 2. powder-coat finish.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- E. Factory-Applied Labels: Comply with UL 1598. Include recommended lamps. Locate labels where they will be readily visible to service personnel, but not seen from normal viewing angles when lamps are in place.
 - 1. Label shall include the following lamp characteristics:
 - a. "USE ONLY" and include specific lamp type.
 - b. Lamp diameter, shape, size, wattage, and coating.
 - c. CCT and CRI for all luminaires.

2.11 METAL FINISHES

A. Variations in finishes are unacceptable in the same piece. Variations in finishes of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and if they can be and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

2.12 LUMINAIRE FIXTURE SUPPORT COMPONENTS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for channel and angle iron supports and nonmetallic channel and angle supports.
- B. Single-Stem Hangers: 1/2-inch steel tubing with swivel ball fittings and ceiling canopy. Finish same as luminaire.
- C. Wires: ASTM A 641/A 641 M, Class 3, soft temper, zinc-coated steel, 12 gage.
- D. Rod Hangers: 3/16-inch minimum diameter, cadmium-plated, threaded steel rod.
- E. Hook Hangers: Integrated assembly matched to luminaire, line voltage, and equipment with threaded attachment, cord, and locking-type plug.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for luminaire to verify actual locations of luminaire and electrical connections before fixture installation. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 TEMPORARY LIGHTING

A. If approved by the Architect, use selected permanent luminaires for temporary lighting. When construction is sufficiently complete, clean luminaires used for temporary lighting and install new lamps.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Install luminaires level, plumb, and square with ceilings and walls unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install lamps in each luminaire.
- D. Supports:
 - 1. Sized and rated for luminaire weight.
 - Able to maintain luminaire position after cleaning and relamping.
 - 3. Provide support for luminaire without causing deflection of ceiling or wall.
 - 4. Luminaire mounting devices shall be capable of supporting a horizontal force of 100 percent of luminaire weight and vertical force of 400 percent of luminaire weight.
- E. Flush-Mounted Luminaire Support:
 - 1. Secured to outlet box.
 - 2. Attached to ceiling structural members at four points equally spaced around circumference of luminaire.
 - 3. Trim ring flush with finished surface.
- F. Wall-Mounted Luminaire Support:
 - 1. Attached to structural members in walls.
 - 2. Do not attach luminaires directly to gypsum board.
- G. Ceiling-Mounted Luminaire Support:
 - 1. Ceiling mount with two 5/32-inch-diameter aircraft cable supports adjustable to 120 inches in length.
 - 2. Ceiling mount with pendant mount with 5/32-inch-diameter aircraft cable supports adjustable to 120 inches in length.
 - 3. Ceiling mount with hook mount.
- H. Suspended Luminaire Support:
 - 1. Pendants and Rods: Where longer than 48 inches, brace to limit swinging.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Stem-Mounted, Single-Unit Luminaires: Suspend with twin-stem hangers. Support with approved outlet box and accessories that hold stem and provide damping of luminaire oscillations. Support outlet box vertically to building structure using approved devices.
- 3. Continuous Rows of Luminaires: Use tubing or stem for wiring at one point and wire support for suspension for each unit length of luminaire chassis, including one at each end.
- 4. Do not use ceiling grid as support for pendant luminaires. Connect support wires or rods to building structure.

I. Ceiling-Grid-Mounted Luminaires:

- 1. Secure to any required outlet box.
- 2. Secure luminaire to the luminaire opening using approved fasteners in a minimum of four locations, spaced near corners of luminaire.
- 3. Use approved devices and support components to connect luminaire to ceiling grid and building structure in a minimum of four locations, spaced near corners of luminaire.
- J. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" for wiring connections.

3.4 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. Operational Test: After installing luminaires, switches, and accessories, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test units to confirm proper operation.
 - 2. Test for Emergency Lighting: Interrupt power supply to demonstrate proper operation. Verify transfer from normal power to battery power and retransfer to normal.
- B. Luminaire will be considered defective if it does not pass operation tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.6 ADJUSTING

A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting the direction of aim of luminaires to suit occupied conditions. Make up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal hours for this purpose. Some of this work may be required during hours of darkness.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. During adjustment visits, inspect all luminaires. Replace lamps or luminaires that are defective.
- 2. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.
- 3. Adjust the aim of luminaires in the presence of the Architect.

END OF SECTION 265119

SECTION 265219 - EMERGENCY AND EXIT LIGHTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Emergency lighting units.
 - 2. Exit signs.
 - 3. Luminaire supports.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. CCT: Correlated color temperature.
- B. CRI: Color Rendering Index.
- C. Emergency Lighting Unit: A lighting unit with internal or external emergency battery powered supply and the means for controlling and charging the battery and unit operation.
- D. Fixture: See "Luminaire" Paragraph.
- E. Lumen: Measured output of lamp and luminaire, or both.
- F. Luminaire: Complete lighting unit, including lamp, reflector, and housing.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of emergency lighting unit, exit sign, and emergency lighting support.
 - 1. Include data on features, accessories, and finishes.
 - 2. Include physical description of the unit and dimensions.
 - 3. Battery and charger for light units.
 - 4. Include life, output of luminaire (lumens, CCT, and CRI), and energy-efficiency data.
 - 5. Include photometric data and adjustment factors based on laboratory tests, complying with IES LM-45, for each luminaire type.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- a. Manufacturers' Certified Data: Photometric data certified by manufacturer's laboratory with a current accreditation under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- B. Shop Drawings: For nonstandard or custom luminaires.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting and attachment details.
 - 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 3. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

C. Product Schedule:

- 1. For emergency lighting units. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
- 2. For exit signs. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Certificates: For each type of luminaire.
- B. Product Test Reports: For each luminaire for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.
- C. Sample Warranty: For manufacturer's warranty.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For luminaires and lighting systems to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
 - 1. Provide a list of all lamp types used on Project; use ANSI and manufacturers' codes.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Lamps: 10 for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
 - 2. Luminaire-mounted, emergency battery pack: One for every 20 emergency lighting units. Furnish at least one of each type.
 - 3. Diffusers and Lenses: One for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
 - 4. Globes and Guards: One for every 20 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Luminaire manufacturer's laboratory that is accredited under the National Volunteer Laboratory Accreditation Program for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.

1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect finishes of exposed surfaces by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace components of luminaires that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Two year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Warranty for Emergency Lighting Batteries: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer of battery-powered emergency lighting unit agrees to repair or replace components of rechargeable batteries that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period for Emergency Power Unit Batteries: 5 years from date of Substantial Completion. Full warranty shall apply for the entire warranty period.
 - 2. Warranty Period for Emergency Fluorescent Ballast and Self-Powered Exit Sign Batteries: Seven years from date of Substantial Completion. Full warranty shall apply for the entire warranty period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR EMERGENCY LIGHTING

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. NRTL Compliance: Fabricate and label emergency lighting units, exit signs, and batteries to comply with UL 924.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70 and NFPA 101.
- D. Comply with NEMA LE 4 for recessed luminaires.
- E. Comply with UL 1598 for fluorescent luminaires.
- F. Lamp Base: Comply with ANSI C81.61 or IEC 60061-1.
- G. Bulb Shape: Complying with ANSI C79.1.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- H. Internal Type Emergency Power Unit: Self-contained, modular, battery-inverter unit, factory mounted within luminaire body and compatible with ballast.
 - 1. Emergency Connection: Operate one lamp(s) continuously at an output of 1100 lumens each upon loss of normal power. Connect unswitched circuit to battery-inverter unit and switched circuit to luminaire ballast.
 - 2. Operation: Relay automatically turns lamp on when power-supply circuit voltage drops to 80 percent of nominal voltage or below. Lamp automatically disconnects from battery when voltage approaches deep-discharge level. When normal voltage is restored, relay disconnects lamps from battery, and battery is automatically recharged and floated on charger.
 - 3. Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions unless otherwise indicated:
 - a. Ambient Temperature: Less than 0 deg F or exceeding 104 deg F, with an average value exceeding 95 deg F over a 24-hour period.
 - b. Ambient Storage Temperature: Not less than minus 4 deg F and not exceeding 140 deg F.
 - c. Humidity: More than 95 percent (condensing).
 - d. Altitude: Exceeding 3300 feet.
 - 4. Nightlight Connection: Operate lamp continuously at 40 percent of rated light output.
 - 5. Test Push-Button and Indicator Light: Visible and accessible without opening luminaire or entering ceiling space.
 - a. Push Button: Push-to-test type, in unit housing, simulates loss of normal power and demonstrates unit operability.
 - b. Indicator Light: LED indicates normal power on. Normal glow indicates trickle charge; bright glow indicates charging at end of discharge cycle.
 - 6. Battery: Sealed, maintenance-free, nickel-cadmium type.
 - 7. Charger: Fully automatic, solid-state, constant-current type with sealed power transfer relay.
 - 8. Remote Test: Switch in handheld remote device aimed in direction of tested unit initiates coded infrared signal. Signal reception by factory-installed infrared receiver in tested unit triggers simulation of loss of its normal power supply, providing visual confirmation of either proper or failed emergency response.

2.2 EMERGENCY LIGHTING

- A. General Requirements for Emergency Lighting Units: Self-contained units.
- B. Emergency Luminaires:
 - 1. See Plans for manufacturers.

- 2. Emergency Luminaires: as indicated on Interior Lighting Fixture Schedule, with the following additional features:
 - a. Operating at nominal voltage of 120 V ac or 277 V ac.
 - b. Internal emergency power unit.
 - c. Rated for installation in damp locations, and for sealed and gasketed luminaires in wet locations.

C. Emergency Lighting Unit:

- 1. See Plans for manufacturers.
- 2. Emergency Lighting Unit: as indicated on Interior Lighting Fixture Schedule.
- 3. Operating at nominal voltage of 120 V ac or 277 V ac.
- 4. Wall with universal junction box adaptor.
- 5. UV stable thermoplastic housing, rated for damp locations.
- 6. Two LED lamp heads.
- 7. Internal emergency power unit.

D. Remote Emergency Lighting Units:

- 1. See Plans for manufacturers.
- 2. Emergency Lighting Unit: as indicated on Interior Lighting Fixture Schedule.
- 3. Operating at nominal voltage of 120 V ac or 277 V ac.
- 4. Wall with universal junction box adaptor.
- 5. UV stable thermoplastic housing, rated for damp locations.
- 6. LED lamp heads.
- 7. External emergency power unit.

2.3 EXIT SIGNS

- A. General Requirements for Exit Signs: Comply with UL 924; for sign colors, visibility, luminance, and lettering size, comply with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Internally Lighted Signs:
 - 1. See Plans for manufacturers.
 - 2. Operating at nominal voltage of 120 V ac or 277 V ac.
 - 3. Lamps for AC Operation: Fluorescent, two for each luminaire; 20,000 hours of rated lamp life.
 - 4. Lamps for AC Operation: LEDs; 50,000 hours minimum rated lamp life.
 - 5. Self-Powered Exit Signs (Battery Type): Internal emergency power unit.
 - 6. Master/Remote Sign Configurations:
 - a. Master Unit: Comply with requirements above for self-powered exit signs, and provide additional capacity in LED power supply and battery for power connection to remote unit.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

b. Remote Unit: Comply with requirements above for self-powered exit signs, except omit power supply, battery, and test features. Arrange to receive full power requirements from master unit. Connect for testing concurrently with master unit as a unified system.

2.4 MATERIALS

A. Metal Parts:

- 1. Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges.
- 2. Sheet metal components shall be steel unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.
- B. Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access:
 - 1. Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions.
 - 2. Designed to permit relamping without use of tools.
 - 3. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position.

C. Diffusers and Globes:

- 1. Prismatic acrylic.
- 2. Acrylic: 100 percent virgin acrylic plastic, with high resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
- 3. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125 inch minimum unless otherwise indicated.

D. Housings:

- 1. Extruded aluminum housing and heat sink.
- 2. powder coat finish.
- E. Conduit: Electrical metallic tubing or Flexible metallic conduit, minimum 3/4 inch in diameter.

2.5 METAL FINISHES

A. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

2.6 LUMINAIRE SUPPORT COMPONENTS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for channel and angle iron supports and nonmetallic channel and angle supports.
- B. Support Wires: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 3, soft temper, zinc-coated steel, 12 gage.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for conditions affecting performance of luminaires.
- B. Examine roughing-in for luminaire to verify actual locations of luminaire and electrical connections before luminaire installation.
- C. Examine walls, floors, roofs, and ceilings for suitable conditions where emergency lighting luminaires will be installed.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Install luminaires level, plumb, and square with ceilings and walls unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install lamps in each luminaire.

D. Supports:

- 1. Sized and rated for luminaire and emergency power unit weight.
- 2. Able to maintain luminaire position when testing emergency power unit.
- 3. Provide support for luminaire and emergency power unit without causing deflection of ceiling or wall.
- 4. Luminaire-mounting devices shall be capable of supporting a horizontal force of 100 percent of luminaire and emergency power unit weight and vertical force of 400 percent of luminaire weight.

E. Wall-Mounted Luminaire Support:

- 1. Attached to structural members in walls.
- 2. Do not attach luminaires directly to gypsum board.

F. Suspended Luminaire Support:

- 1. Pendants and Rods: Where longer than 48 inches, brace to limit swinging.
- 2. Stem-Mounted, Single-Unit Luminaires: Suspend with twin-stem hangers. Support with approved outlet box and accessories that hold stem and provide damping of luminaire oscillations. Support outlet box vertically to building structure using approved devices.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Continuous Rows of Luminaires: Use tubing or stem for wiring at one point and wire support for suspension for each unit length of luminaire chassis, including one at each end.
- 4. Do not use ceiling grid as support for pendant luminaires. Connect support wires or rods to building structure.

G. Ceiling Grid Mounted Luminaires:

- 1. Secure to any required outlet box.
- 2. Secure emergency power unit using approved fasteners in a minimum of four locations, spaced near corners of emergency power unit.
- 3. Use approved devices and support components to connect luminaire to ceiling grid and building structure in a minimum of four locations, spaced near corners of luminaire.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. Test for Emergency Lighting: Interrupt power supply to demonstrate proper operation. Verify transfer from normal power to battery power and retransfer to normal.
- B. Luminaire will be considered defective if it does not pass operation tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.5 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Perform startup service:
 - 1. Charge emergency power units and batteries minimum of one hour and depress switch to conduct short-duration test.
 - 2. Charge emergency power units and batteries minimum of 24 hours and conduct one-hour discharge test.

3.6 ADJUSTING

A. Adjustments: Within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site visit to do the following:

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Inspect all luminaires. Replace lamps, emergency power units, batteries, signs, or luminaires that are defective.
 - a. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.
- 2. Conduct short-duration tests on all emergency lighting.

END OF SECTION 265219

SECTION 265619 - EXTERIOR LIGHTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Exterior solid-state luminaires that are designed for and exclusively use LED lamp technology.
- 2. Luminaire supports.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 260923 "Lighting Control Devices" for automatic control of lighting, including time switches, photoelectric relays, occupancy sensors, and multipole lighting relays and contactors.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. CCT: Correlated color temperature.
- B. CRI: Color rendering index.
- C. Fixture: See "Luminaire."
- D. IP: International Protection or Ingress Protection Rating.
- E. Lumen: Measured output of lamp and luminaire, or both.
- F. Luminaire: Complete lighting unit, including lamp, reflector, and housing.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of luminaire.
 - 1. Arrange in order of luminaire designation.
 - 2. Include data on features, accessories, and finishes.
 - 3. Include physical description and dimensions of luminaire.
 - 4. Lamps, include life, output (lumens, CCT, and CRI), and energy-efficiency data.
 - 5. Photometric data and adjustment factors based on laboratory tests, complying with IES Lighting Measurements Testing and Calculation Guides, of each

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

luminaire type. The adjustment factors shall be for lamps and accessories identical to those indicated for the luminaire as applied in this Project.

- a. Manufacturer's Certified Data: Photometric data certified by manufacturer's laboratory with a current accreditation under the NVLAP for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- 6. Wiring diagrams for power, control, and signal wiring.
- 7. Means of attaching luminaires to supports and indication that the attachment is suitable for components involved.

B. LEED Submittals:

- 1. Product Data for Credit MR 4: For products having recycled content, documentation indicating percentages by weight of postconsumer and preconsumer recycled content. Include statement indicating cost for each product having recycled content.
- C. Product Schedule: For luminaires and lamps. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
- D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For luminaire supports.
 - 1. Include design calculations for luminaire supports.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Certificates: For each type of the following:
 - 1. Luminaire.
- B. Product Test Reports: For each luminaire, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.
- C. Source quality-control reports.
- D. Sample warranty.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For luminaires to include in operation and maintenance manuals.
 - Provide a list of all lamp types used on Project. Use ANSI and manufacturers' codes.

1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Lamps: Ten for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
- 2. Glass, Acrylic, and Plastic Lenses, Covers, and Other Optical Parts: One for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
- 3. Diffusers and Lenses: One for every 100of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
- 4. Globes and Guards: One for every 20 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.

1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Luminaire manufacturers' laboratory that is accredited under the NVLAP for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- B. Provide luminaires from a single manufacturer for each luminaire type.
- C. Each luminaire type shall be binned within a three-step MacAdam Ellipse to ensure color consistency among luminaires.
- D. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.

1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect finishes of exposed surfaces by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering prior to shipping.

1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Verify existing and proposed utility structures prior to the start of work associated with luminaire installation.
- B. Mark locations of exterior luminaires for approval by Architect prior to the start of luminaire installation.

1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace components of luminaires that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Structural failures, including luminaire support components.
 - b. Faulty operation of luminaires and accessories.
 - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.

2. Warranty Period: 2 year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

2.2 LUMINAIRE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. NRTL Compliance: Luminaires shall be listed and labeled for indicated class and division of hazard by an NRTL.
- C. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 1598 and listed for wet location.
- D. Lamp base complying with ANSI C81.61 or IEC 60061-1.
- E. Bulb shape complying with ANSI C79.1.
- F. CRI of minimum 70, CCT of 4000 K.
- G. L70 lamp life of 50,000 hours.
- H. Lamps dimmable from 100 percent to 0 percent of maximum light output.
- I. Internal driver.
- J. Nominal Operating Voltage: 277 V ac.
- K. Lamp Rating: Lamp marked for outdoor use and in enclosed locations.
- L. Source Limitations: For luminaires, obtain each color, grade, finish, type, and variety of luminaire from single source with resources to provide products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

2.3 LUMINAIRE TYPES

A. Area and Site:

- 1. See Plans for manufacturers.
- 2. Luminaire Shape: Square.
- 3. Mounting: Building.
- 4. Luminaire-Mounting Height: As indicated on architectural plans.
- 5. Distribution: Type IV.
- 6. Diffusers and Globes: Prismatic acrylic.
- 7. Housings:

- a. Extruded-aluminum housing and heat sink.
- b. powder-coat finish.

2.4 MATERIALS

- A. Metal Parts: Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges.
- B. Sheet Metal Components: Corrosion-resistant aluminum. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.
- C. Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access: Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions, and designed to permit relamping without use of tools. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position. Doors shall be removable for cleaning or replacing lenses.

D. Diffusers and Globes:

- 1. Acrylic Diffusers: 100 percent virgin acrylic plastic, with high resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
- 2. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125 inch minimum unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Lens and Refractor Gaskets: Use heat- and aging-resistant resilient gaskets to seal and cushion lenses and refractors in luminaire doors.
- F. Reflecting surfaces shall have minimum reflectance as follows unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. White Surfaces: 85 percent.
 - 2. Specular Surfaces: 83 percent.
 - 3. Diffusing Specular Surfaces: 75 percent.

G. Housings:

- 1. Rigidly formed, weather- and light-tight enclosure that will not warp, sag, or deform in use
- 2. Provide filter/breather for enclosed luminaires.
- H. Factory-Applied Labels: Comply with UL 1598. Include recommended lamps. Labels shall be located where they will be readily visible to service personnel, but not seen from normal viewing angles when lamps are in place.
 - 1. Label shall include the following lamp characteristics:
 - a. "USE ONLY" and include specific lamp type.
 - b. Lamp diameter, shape, size, wattage and coating.
 - c. CCT and CRI for all luminaires.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

2.5 FINISHES

- A. Variations in Finishes: Noticeable variations in same piece are unacceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- B. Luminaire Finish: Manufacturer's standard paint applied to factory-assembled and tested luminaire before shipping. Where indicated, match finish process and color of pole or support materials.
- C. Factory-Applied Finish for Aluminum Luminaires: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - 1. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
 - 2. Natural Satin Finish: Provide fine, directional, medium satin polish (AA-M32); buff complying with AA-M20 requirements; and seal aluminum surfaces with clear, hard-coat wax.
 - 3. Class I, Clear-Anodic Finish: AA-M32C22A41 (Mechanical Finish: Medium satin; Chemical Finish: Etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, clear coating 0.018 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
 - 4. Class I, Color-Anodic Finish: AA-M32C22A42/A44 (Mechanical Finish: Medium satin; Chemical Finish: Etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, integrally colored or electrolytically deposited color coating 0.018 mm or thicker), complying with AAMA 611.
 - a. Color: As indicated on plans.

2.6 LUMINAIRE SUPPORT COMPONENTS

A. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for channel and angle iron supports and nonmetallic channel and angle supports.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for luminaire electrical conduit to verify actual locations of conduit connections before luminaire installation.
- C. Examine walls for suitable conditions where luminaires will be installed.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 TEMPORARY LIGHTING

A. If approved by the Architect, use selected permanent luminaires for temporary lighting. When construction is substantially complete, clean luminaires used for temporary lighting and install new lamps.

3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Install lamps in each luminaire.
- C. Fasten luminaire to structural support.
- D. Supports:
 - 1. Sized and rated for luminaire weight.
 - 2. Able to maintain luminaire position after cleaning and relamping.
 - 3. Support luminaires without causing deflection of finished surface.
 - 4. Luminaire-mounting devices shall be capable of supporting a horizontal force of 100 percent of luminaire weight and a vertical force of 400 percent of luminaire weight.
- E. Wall-Mounted Luminaire Support:
 - 1. Attached to structural members in walls.
- F. Wiring Method: Install cables in raceways. Conceal raceways and cables.
- G. Install luminaires level, plumb, and square with finished grade unless otherwise indicated. Install luminaires at height and aiming angle as indicated on Drawings.
- H. Coordinate layout and installation of luminaires with other construction.
- I. Adjust luminaires that require field adjustment or aiming.
- J. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" and 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" for wiring connections and wiring methods.

3.4 BOLLARD LUMINAIRE INSTALLATION:

- A. Align units for optimum directional alignment of light distribution.
- B. Install on concrete base with top 4 inches above finished grade or surface at luminaire location. Cast conduit into base, and shape base to match shape of bollard base.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

Finish by troweling and rubbing smooth. Concrete materials, installation, and finishing are specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."

3.5 CORROSION PREVENTION

- A. Aluminum: Do not use in contact with earth or concrete. When in direct contact with a dissimilar metal, protect aluminum by insulating fittings or treatment.
- B. Steel Conduits: Comply with Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems." In concrete foundations, wrap conduit with 0.010-inch-thick, pipe-wrapping plastic tape applied with a 50 percent overlap.

3.6 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect each installed luminaire for damage. Replace damaged luminaires and components.
- B. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. Operational Test: After installing luminaires, switches, and accessories, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test units to confirm proper operation.

C. Illumination Tests:

- 1. Measure light intensities at night. Use photometers with calibration referenced to NIST standards. Comply with the following IES testing guide(s):
 - a. IES LM-5.
 - b. IES LM-50.
 - c. IES LM-52.
 - d. IES LM-64.
 - e. IES LM-72.
- 2. Operational Test: After installing luminaires, switches, and accessories, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test units to confirm proper operation.
- D. Luminaire will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare a written report of tests, inspections, observations, and verifications indicating and interpreting results. If adjustments are made to lighting system, retest to demonstrate compliance with standards.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

3.8 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain luminaires.

3.9 ADJUSTING

- A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting the direction of aim of luminaires to suit occupied conditions. Make up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal hours for this purpose. Some of this work may be required during hours of darkness.
 - 1. During adjustment visits, inspect all luminaires. Replace lamps or luminaires that are defective.
 - 2. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.
 - 3. Adjust the aim of luminaires in the presence of the Architect.

END OF SECTION 265619

SECTION 270553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Color and legend requirements for labels and signs.
- Labels.
- 3. Bands and tubes.
- 4. Tapes.
- 5. Signs.
- 6. Cable ties.
- 7. Fasteners for labels and signs.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for communications identification products.
- B. Samples: For each type of label and sign to illustrate composition, size, colors, lettering style, mounting provisions, and graphic features of identification products.

C. Identification Schedule:

- 1. Outlets: Scaled drawings indicating location and proposed designation.
- 2. Backbone Cabling: Riser diagram showing each communications room, backbone cable, and proposed backbone cable designation.
- 3. Racks: Scaled drawings indicating location and proposed designation.
- 4. Patch Panels: Enlarged scaled drawings showing rack row, number, and proposed designations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with NFPA 70 and TIA 606-B.

- B. Comply with ANSI Z535.4 for safety signs and labels.
- C. Adhesive-attached labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers, shall comply with UL 969.
- D. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes.
 - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

2.2 COLOR AND LEGEND REQUIREMENTS

- A. Equipment Identification Labels:
 - 1. Black letters on a white field.
 - Patch Panels.

2.3 LABELS

- A. Vinyl Wraparound Labels: Preprinted, flexible labels laminated with a clear, weatherand chemical-resistant coating and matching wraparound clear adhesive tape for securing label ends.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Champion America.
 - b. HellermannTyton.
 - c. Marking Services, Inc.
- B. Snap-Around Labels: Slit, pretensioned, flexible, preprinted, color-coded acrylic sleeves, with diameters sized to suit diameters of raceway or cable they identify, that stay in place by gripping action.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. HellermannTyton.
 - c. Marking Services, Inc.
- C. Self-Adhesive Wraparound Labels: Preprinted, 3-mil-thick, polyester or vinyl flexible labels with acrylic pressure-sensitive adhesive.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.

- b. LEM Products Inc.
- c. Marking Services, Inc.
- 2. Self-Lamination: Clear; UV-, weather- and chemical-resistant; self-laminating protective shields over the legend. Labels sized such that the clear shield overlaps the entire printed legend.
- 3. Marker for Labels: Permanent, waterproof black ink marker recommended by tag manufacturer.
- 4. Marker for Labels: Machine-printed, permanent, waterproof black ink recommended by printer manufacturer.
- D. Self-Adhesive Labels: Polyester or Vinyl, thermal, transfer-printed, 3-mil-thick, multicolor, weather- and UV-resistant, pressure-sensitive adhesive labels, configured for intended use and location.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. HellermannTyton.
 - c. Marking Services, Inc.
 - 2. Minimum Nominal Size:
 - a. 1-1/2 by 6 inches for raceway and conductors.
 - b. 3-1/2 by 5 inches for equipment.
 - c. As required by authorities having jurisdiction.

2.4 BANDS AND TUBES

- A. Snap-Around, Color-Coding Bands: Slit, pretensioned, flexible, solid-colored acrylic sleeves, 2 inches long, with diameters sized to suit diameters of raceway or cable they identify, that stay in place by gripping action.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Brady Corporation.
 - b. HellermannTyton.
 - c. Marking Services, Inc.

2.5 CABLE TIES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. HellermannTyton.
 - 2. Ideal Industries, Inc.

- 3. Marking Services, Inc.
- B. General-Purpose Cable Ties: Fungus inert, self-extinguishing, one piece, self-locking, and Type 6/6 nylon.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
 - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 deg F according to ASTM D 638: 12,000 psi.
 - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F.
 - 4. Color: Black, except where used for color-coding.
- C. UV-Stabilized Cable Ties: Fungus inert, designed for continuous exposure to exterior sunlight, self-extinguishing, one piece, self-locking, and Type 6/6 nylon.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
 - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 deg F according to ASTM D 638: 12,000 psi.
 - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F.
 - 4. Color: Black.
- D. Plenum-Rated Cable Ties: Self-extinguishing, UV stabilized, one piece, and self-locking.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
 - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 deg F according to ASTM D 638: 7000 psi.
 - 3. UL 94 Flame Rating: 94V-0.
 - 4. Temperature Range: Minus 50 to plus 284 deg F.
 - Color: Black.

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Paint: Comply with requirements in painting Sections for paint materials and application requirements. Retain paint system applicable for surface material and location (exterior or interior).
- B. Fasteners for Labels and Signs: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Before applying communications identification products, clean substrates of substances that could impair bond, using materials and methods recommended by manufacturer of identification product.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Verify and coordinate identification names, abbreviations, colors, and other features with requirements in other Sections requiring identification applications, Drawings,

Shop Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and operation and maintenance manual. Use consistent designations throughout Project.

- B. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.
- C. Verify identity of each item before installing identification products.
- D. Coordinate identification with Project Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and operation and maintenance manual.
- E. Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.
- F. Install signs with approved legend to facilitate proper identification, operation, and maintenance of communications systems and connected items.
- G. Elevated Components: Increase sizes of labels, signs, and letters to those appropriate for viewing from the floor.
- H. Vinyl Wraparound Labels:
 - 1. Secure tight to surface of raceway or cable at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
 - 2. Attach labels that are not self-adhesive type with clear vinyl tape, with adhesive appropriate to the location and substrate.
 - 3. Provide label 6 inches from cable end.
- I. Snap-Around Labels:
 - 1. Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
 - 2. Provide label 6 inches from cable end.
- J. Self-Adhesive Wraparound Labels:
 - 1. Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
 - 2. Provide label 6 inches from cable end.
- K. Self-Adhesive Labels:
 - 1. On each item, install unique designation label that is consistent with wiring diagrams, schedules, and operation and maintenance manual.
 - 2. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch-high letters on 1-1/2-inch-high label; where two lines of text are required, use labels 2 inches high.
- L. Snap-Around, Color-Coding Bands: Secure tight to surface at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
- M. Underground-Line Warning Tape:

- 1. During backfilling of trenches, install continuous underground-line warning tape directly above cable or raceway at 6 to 8 inches below finished grade. Use multiple tapes where width of multiple lines installed in a common trench [or concrete envelope] exceeds 16 inches overall.
- 2. Limit use of underground-line warning tape to direct-buried cables.
- 3. Install underground-line warning tape for direct-buried cables and cables in raceways.
- N. Cable Ties: General purpose, except as listed below:
 - 1. Outdoors: UV-stabilized nylon.
 - 2. In Spaces Handling Environmental Air: Plenum rated.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION SCHEDULE

- A. Install identification materials and devices at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment. Install access doors or panels to provide view of identifying devices.
- B. Identify conductors, cables, and terminals in enclosures and at junctions, terminals, pull points, and locations with high visibility. Identify by system and circuit designation.
- C. Accessible Fittings for Raceways and Cables within Buildings: Identify covers of each junction and pull box with self-adhesive labels containing wiring system legend.
 - 1. System legends shall be as follows:
 - a. Telecommunications.
- D. Faceplates: Label individual faceplates with self-adhesive labels. Place label at top of faceplate. Each faceplate shall be labeled with its individual, sequential designation, numbered clockwise when entering room from primary egress, composed of the following, in the order listed:
 - 1. Wiring closet designation.
 - 2. Colon.
 - 3. Faceplate number.

E. Equipment Room Labeling:

- 1. Racks, Frames, and Enclosures: Identify front and rear of each with self-adhesive labels containing equipment designation.
- 2. Patch Panels: Label individual rows and outlets, starting at to left and working down, with self-adhesive labels.
- 3. Data Outlets: Label each outlet with a self-adhesive label indicating the following, in the order listed:
 - a. Room number being served.

- Colon. b.
- C. Faceplate number.
- F. Backbone Cables: Label each cable with a self-adhesive wraparound label indicating the location of the far or other end of the backbone cable. Patch panel or punch down block where cable is terminated should be labeled identically.
- G. Horizontal Cables: Label each cable with a self-adhesive wraparound label indicating the following, in the order listed:
 - 1. Room number.
 - 2. Colon.
 - 3. Faceplate number.
- Н. Locations of Underground Lines: Underground-line warning tape for copper, coaxial, hybrid copper/fiber, and optical-fiber cable.
- I. Instructional Signs: Self-adhesive labels.
- Warning Labels for Indoor Cabinets, Boxes, and Enclosures: Baked-enamel warning J. signs.
 - 1. Apply to exterior of door, cover, or other access.
- K. **Equipment Identification Labels:**
 - 1. Indoor Equipment: Self-adhesive label.
 - Equipment to Be Labeled: 2.
 - a. Communications cabinets.
 - Uninterruptible power supplies. b.
 - Computer room air conditioners.
 - d. Fire-alarm and suppression equipment.
 - Egress points. e.
 - Power distribution components. f.

END OF SECTION 270553

SECTION 271513 - COMMUNICATIONS COPPER HORIZONTAL CABLING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Category 6 twisted pair cable.
- 2. Twisted pair cable hardware, including plugs and jacks.
- 3. Cabling identification products.
- 4. Grounding provisions for twisted pair cable.
- 5. Source quality control requirements for twisted pair cable.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.
- B. FTP: Shielded twisted pair.
- C. F/FTP: Overall foil screened cable with foil screened twisted pair.
- D. F/UTP: Overall foil screened cable with unscreened twisted pair.
- E. IDC: Insulation displacement connector.
- F. LAN: Local area network.
- G. Jack: Also commonly called an "outlet," it is the fixed, female connector.
- H. Plug: Also commonly called a "connector," it is the removable, male telecommunications connector.
- I. RCDD: Registered Communications Distribution Designer.
- J. Screen: A metallic layer, either a foil or braid, placed around a pair or group of conductors.
- K. Shield: A metallic layer, either a foil or braid, placed around a pair or group of conductors.
- L. S/FTP: Overall braid screened cable with foil screened twisted pair.

- M. S/UTP: Overall braid screened cable with unscreened twisted pairs.
- N. UTP: Unscreened (unshielded) twisted pair.

1.4 COPPER HORIZONTAL CABLING DESCRIPTION

- A. Horizontal cable cabling system shall provide interconnections between Distributor A, Distributor B, or Distributor C, and the equipment outlet, otherwise known as "Cabling Subsystem 1," in the telecommunications cabling system structure. Cabling system consists of horizontal cables, intermediate and main cross-connects, mechanical terminations, and patch cords or jumpers used for horizontal-to-horizontal cross-connection.
 - 1. TIA-568-C.1 requires that a minimum of two equipment outlets be installed for each work area.
 - 2. Horizontal cabling shall contain no more than one transition point or consolidation point between the horizontal cross-connect and the telecommunications equipment outlet.
 - 3. Bridged taps and splices shall not be installed in the horizontal cabling.
- B. A work area is approximately 100 sq. ft., and includes the components that extend from the equipment outlets to the station equipment.
- C. The maximum allowable horizontal cable length is 295 feet. This maximum allowable length does not include an allowance for the length of 16 feet to the workstation equipment or in the horizontal cross-connect.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Reviewed and stamped by RCDD.
 - 1. Cabling administration Drawings and printouts.
 - 2. Wiring diagrams and installation details of telecommunications equipment, to show location and layout of telecommunications equipment, including the following:
 - a. Telecommunications rooms plans and elevations.
 - b. Telecommunications pathways.
 - c. Telecommunications system access points.
 - d. Telecommunications grounding system.
 - e. Telecommunications conductor drop locations.
 - f. Typical telecommunications details.
 - g. Mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems.
- C. Twisted pair cable testing plan.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For installer, installation supervisor, and field inspector.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of product.
- C. Source quality-control reports.
- D. Field quality-control reports.

1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For splices and connectors to include in maintenance manuals.

1.8 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Faceplates: One of each type per school.
 - 2. Jacks: 5 of each type per school.

1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Cabling Installer must have personnel certified by BICSI on staff.
 - 1. Layout Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings and cabling administration Drawings by an RCDD.
 - 2. Installation Supervision: Installation shall be under the direct supervision of Level 2 Installer, who shall be present at all times when Work of this Section is performed at Project site.
 - 3. Testing Supervisor: Currently certified by BICSI as an RCDD to supervise on-site testing.

1.10 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Test cables upon receipt at Project site.
 - 1. Test each pair of twisted pair cable for open and short circuits.

1.11 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install cables and connecting materials until wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and temporary HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

1.12 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of telecommunications pathways and cabling with Owner's telecommunications and LAN equipment and service suppliers.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Performance: Horizontal cabling system shall comply with transmission standards in TIA-568-C.1, when tested according to test procedures of this standard.
- B. Telecommunications Pathways and Spaces: Comply with TIA-569-D.
- C. Grounding: Comply with TIA-607-B.

2.2 GENERAL CABLE CHARACTERISTICS

- A. Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction as complying with the applicable standard and NFPA 70 for the following types:
 - 1. Communications, Plenum Rated: Type CMP complying with UL 1685.
 - 2. Communications, Non-plenum: Type CMP or Type CMR in metallic conduit installed according to NFPA 70, Article 300.22, "Wiring in Ducts, Plenums, and Other Air-Handling Spaces."
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
 - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.
- C. RoHS compliant.

2.3 CATEGORY 6 TWISTED PAIR CABLE

- A. Description: Four-pair, balanced-twisted pair cable, with internal spline, certified to meet transmission characteristics of Category 6 cable at frequencies up to 250MHz.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. AMP NETCONNECT; a TE Connectivity Ltd. company.
 - 2. Belden CDT Networking Division/NORDX.
 - Draka USA.
- C. Standard: Comply with NEMA WC 66/ICEA S-116-732 and TIA-568-C.2 for Category 6 cables.

- D. Conductors: 100-ohm, 23 AWG solid copper.
- E. Shielding/Screening: Unshielded twisted pairs (UTP).
- F. Cable Rating: Plenum.
- G. Jacket: Blue thermoplastic.

2.4 TWISTED PAIR CABLE HARDWARE

- A. Description: Hardware designed to connect, splice, and terminate twisted pair copper communications cable.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. AMP NETCONNECT; a TE Connectivity Ltd. company.
 - 2. Belden CDT Networking Division/NORDX.
 - 3. Draka USA.
- C. General Requirements for Twisted Pair Cable Hardware:
 - 1. Comply with the performance requirements of Category 6.
 - 2. Comply with TIA-568-C.2, IDC type, with modules designed for punch-down caps or tools.
 - 3. Cables shall be terminated with connecting hardware of same category or higher.
- D. Source Limitations: Obtain twisted pair cable hardware from single source from single manufacturer.
- E. Connecting Blocks:
 - 1. 110-style IDC for Category 6.
 - 2. Provide blocks for the number of cables terminated on the block, plus 25 percent spare, integral with connector bodies, including plugs and jacks where indicated.
- F. Patch Panel: Modular panels housing numbered jack units with IDC-type connectors at each jack location for permanent termination of pair groups of installed cables.
 - 1. Features:
 - a. Universal T568A and T568B wiring labels.
 - b. Labeling areas adjacent to conductors.
 - c. Replaceable connectors.
 - d. 24 or 48 ports.
 - 2. Construction: 16-gauge steel and mountable on 19-inch equipment racks.
 - 3. Number of Jacks per Field: One for each four-pair cable indicated.

G. Jacks and Jack Assemblies:

- 1. Female; eight position; modular; fixed telecommunications connector designed for termination of a single four-pair, 100-ohm, unshielded or shielded twisted pair cable.
- 2. Designed to snap-in to a patch panel or faceplate.
- 3. Standard: Comply with TIA-568-C.2.

H. Faceplate:

- 1. Two and Four port, vertical single gang faceplates designed to mount to single gang wall boxes.
- 2. Plastic Faceplate: High-impact plastic. Coordinate color with architect.
- 3. For use with snap-in jacks accommodating any combination of twisted pair, optical fiber, and coaxial work area cords.
 - a. Flush mounting jacks, positioning the cord at a 45-degree angle.

I. Legend:

- 1. Machine printed, in the field, using adhesive-tape label.
- 2. Snap-in, clear-label covers and machine-printed paper inserts.

2.5 IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

A. Comply with TIA-606-B and UL 969 for a system of labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers.

2.6 GROUNDING

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems" for grounding conductors and connectors.
- B. Comply with TIA-607-B.

2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Factory test twisted pair cables according to TIA-568-C.2.
- B. Cable will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WIRING METHODS

A. Wiring Method: Install cables in raceways and cable trays, except within consoles, cabinets, desks, and counters and except in accessible ceiling spaces, attics, and

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

gypsum board partitions where unenclosed wiring method may be used. Conceal raceway and cables, except in unfinished spaces.

- 1. Install plenum cable in environmental air spaces, including plenum ceilings.
- 2. Comply with requirements for raceways and boxes specified in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems."
- B. Wiring Method: Conceal conductors and cables in accessible ceilings, walls, and floors where possible.
- C. Wiring within Enclosures: Bundle, lace, and train cables within enclosures. Connect to terminal points with no excess and without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii. Provide and use lacing bars and distribution spools. Install conductors parallel with or at right angles to sides and back of enclosure.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF PATHWAYS

- A. Comply with Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems."
- B. Comply with Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- C. Drawings indicate general arrangement of pathways and fittings.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF TWISTED-PAIR HORIZONTAL CABLES

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA/BICSI 568.
- B. General Requirements for Cabling:
 - 1. Comply with TIA-568-C.0, TIA-568-C.1, and TIA-568-C.2.
 - 2. Comply with BICSI's "Information Transport Systems Installation Methods Manual (ITSIMM), Ch. 5, "Copper Structured Cabling Systems," "Cable Termination Practices" Section.
 - 3. Install 110-style IDC termination hardware unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Do not untwist twisted pair cables more than 1/2 inch from the point of termination to maintain cable geometry.
 - 5. Terminate all conductors; no cable shall contain unterminated elements. Make terminations only at indicated outlets, terminals, cross-connects, and patch panels.
 - 6. Cables may not be spliced. Secure and support cables at intervals not exceeding 30 inches and not more than 6 inches from cabinets, boxes, fittings, outlets, racks, frames, and terminals.
 - 7. Install lacing bars to restrain cables, prevent straining connections, and prevent bending cables to smaller radii than minimums recommended by manufacturer.
 - 8. Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii, but not less than radii specified in BICSI Information Transport Systems Installation Methods Manual, Ch. 5,

- "Copper Structured Cabling Systems," "Cable Termination Practices" Section. Use lacing bars and distribution spools.
- 9. Do not install bruised, kinked, scored, deformed, or abraded cable. Do not splice cable between termination, tap, or junction points. Remove and discard cable if damaged during installation, and replace it with new cable.
- 10. Cold-Weather Installation: Bring cable to room temperature before dereeling. Heat lamps shall not be used for heating.
- 11. In the communications equipment room, install a 10-foot-long service loop on each end of cable.
- 12. Pulling Cable: Comply with BICSI Information Transport Systems Installation Methods Manual, Ch. 5, "Copper Structured Cabling Systems," "Pulling and Installing Cable" Section. Monitor cable pull tensions.

C. Open-Cable Installation:

- 1. Install cabling with horizontal and vertical cable guides in telecommunications spaces with terminating hardware and interconnection equipment.
- 2. Suspend twisted pair cabling, not in a wireway or pathway, a minimum of 8 inches above ceilings by cable supports not more than 36 inches apart.
- 3. Cable shall not be run through structural members or in contact with pipes, ducts, or other potentially damaging items.
- D. Group connecting hardware for cables into separate logical fields.

E. Separation from EMI Sources:

- Comply with recommendations from BICSI's "Telecommunications Distribution Methods Manual" and TIA-569-D for separating unshielded copper communication cable from potential EMI sources, including electrical power lines and equipment.
- 2. Separation between open communications cables or cables in nonmetallic raceways and unshielded power conductors and electrical equipment shall be as follows:
 - a. Electrical Equipment Rating Less Than 2 kVA: A minimum of 5 inches.
 - b. Electrical Equipment Rating between 2 and 5 kVA: A minimum of 12 inches.
 - c. Electrical Equipment Rating More Than 5 kVA: A minimum of 24 inches.
- 3. Separation between communications cables in grounded metallic raceways and unshielded power lines or electrical equipment shall be as follows:
 - a. Electrical Equipment Rating Less Than 2 kVA: A minimum of 2-1/2 inches.
 - b. Electrical Equipment Rating between 2 and 5 kVA: A minimum of 6 inches.
 - c. Electrical Equipment Rating More Than 5 kVA: A minimum of 12 inches.

- 4. Separation between communications cables in grounded metallic raceways, power lines, and electrical equipment located in grounded metallic conduits or enclosures shall be as follows:
 - a. Electrical Equipment Rating Less Than 2 kVA: No requirement.
 - b. Electrical Equipment Rating between 2 and 5 kVA: A minimum of 3 inches.
 - c. Electrical Equipment Rating More Than 5 kVA: A minimum of 6 inches.
- 5. Separation between Communications Cables and Electrical Motors and Transformers, 5 kVA or HP and Larger: A minimum of 48 inches.
- 6. Separation between Communications Cables and Fluorescent Fixtures: A minimum of 5 inches.

3.4 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."
- B. Comply with TIA-569-D, Annex A, "Firestopping."
- C. Comply with "Firestopping Systems" Article in BISCI's "Telecommunications Distribution Methods Manual."

3.5 GROUNDING

- A. Install grounding according to the "Grounding, Bonding, and Electrical Protection" chapter in BICSI's "Telecommunications Distribution Methods Manual."
- B. Comply with TIA-607-B and NECA/BICSI-607.
- C. Locate grounding bus bar to minimize the length of bonding conductors. Fasten to wall, allowing at least a 2-inch clearance behind the grounding bus bar. Connect grounding bus bar to suitable electrical building ground, using a minimum No. 4 AWG grounding electrode conductor.
- D. Bond metallic equipment to the grounding bus bar, using not smaller than a No. 6 AWG equipment grounding conductor.

3.6 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components, wiring, and cabling complying with TIA-606-B. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 270553 "Identification for Communications Systems."
- B. Cable Schedule: Install in a prominent location in each equipment room and wiring closet. List incoming and outgoing cables and their designations, origins, and destinations. Protect with rigid frame and clear plastic cover. Furnish an electronic copy of final comprehensive schedules for Project.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II

Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

C. Cabling Administration Drawings: Show building floor plans with cabling administration-point labeling. Identify labeling convention and show labels for telecommunications closets, terminal hardware and positions, horizontal cables, work areas and workstation terminal positions, grounding buses and pathways, and equipment grounding conductors.

D. Cable and Wire Identification:

- 1. Label each cable within 4 inches of each termination and tap, where it is accessible in a cabinet or junction or outlet box, and elsewhere as indicated.
- 2. Each wire connected to building-mounted devices is not required to be numbered at the device if wire color is consistent with associated wire connected and numbered within panel or cabinet.
- 3. Exposed Cables and Cables in Cable Trays and Wire Troughs: Label each cable at intervals not exceeding 15 feet.
- 4. Label each terminal strip, and screw terminal in each cabinet, rack, or panel.
 - a. Individually number wiring conductors connected to terminal strips, and identify each cable or wiring group, extended from a panel or cabinet to a building-mounted device, with the name and number of a particular device.
 - b. Label each unit and field within distribution racks and frames.
- 5. Identification within Connector Fields in Equipment Rooms and Wiring Closets: Label each connector and each discrete unit of cable-terminating and -connecting hardware. Where similar jacks and plugs are used for both voice and data communication cabling, use a different color for jacks and plugs of each service.
- E. Labels shall be preprinted or computer-printed type, with a printing area and font color that contrast with cable jacket color but still comply with TIA-606-B requirements for the following:
 - 1. Cables use flexible vinyl or polyester that flexes as cables are bent.

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Visually inspect jacket materials for NRTL certification markings. Inspect cabling terminations in communications equipment rooms for compliance with color-coding for pin assignments, and inspect cabling connections for compliance with TIA-568-C.1.
 - 2. Visually inspect cable placement, cable termination, grounding and bonding, equipment and patch cords, and labeling of all components.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Test twisted pair cabling for DC loop resistance, shorts, opens, intermittent faults, and polarity between conductors. Test operation of shorting bars in connection blocks. Test cables after termination.
 - a. Test instruments shall meet or exceed applicable requirements in TIA-568-C.2. Perform tests with a tester that complies with performance requirements in "Test Instruments (Normative)" Annex, complying with measurement accuracy specified in "Measurement Accuracy (Informative)" Annex. Use only test cords and adapters that are qualified by test equipment manufacturer for channel or link test configuration.
- C. Data for each measurement shall be documented. Data for submittals shall be printed in a summary report that is formatted similarly to Table 10.1 in BICSI's "Telecommunications Distribution Methods Manual," or shall be transferred from the instrument to the computer, saved as text files, printed, and submitted.
- D. Remove and replace cabling where test results indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.
- E. End-to-end cabling will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- F. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 271513

SECTION 280513 - CONDUCTORS AND CABLES FOR ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. 50/125-micrometer, multimode optical-fiber cabling.
- 2. Fire alarm wire and cable.
- 3. Identification products.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.
- B. IDC: Insulation displacement connector.
- C. Low Voltage: As defined in NFPA 70 for circuits and equipment operating at less than 50 V or for remote-control and signaling power-limited circuits.
- D. Open Cabling: Passing telecommunications cabling through open space (e.g., between the studs of a wall cavity).
- E. RCDD: Registered Communications Distribution Designer.

1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of electronic safety and security cabling with Owner's telecommunications and LAN equipment and service suppliers.
- B. Coordinate telecommunications outlet/connector locations with location of power receptacles at each work area.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Installation data for optical-fiber cables as specified in TIA 569-C-1.
- B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. System Labeling Schedules: Electronic copy of labeling schedules, in software and format selected by Owner.
- 2. System Labeling Schedules: Electronic copy of labeling schedules that are part of the cabling and asset identification system of the software.
- 3. Cabling administration drawings and printouts.
- 4. Wiring diagrams to show typical wiring schematics, including the following:
 - a. Cross-connects.
 - b. Patch panels.
 - c. Patch cords.
- 5. Cross-connects and patch panels. Detail mounting assemblies, and show elevations and physical relationship between the installed components.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified layout technician, installation supervisor, and field inspector.
- B. Source quality-control reports.
- C. Field quality-control reports.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Test cables upon receipt at Project site.
 - 1. Test optical-fiber cable to determine the continuity of the strand, end to end. Use optical-fiber flashlight or optical loss test set.
 - 2. Test optical-fiber cable on reels. Use an optical time domain reflectometer to verify the cable length, and locate cable defects, splices, and connector; include the loss value of each. Retain test data and include the record in maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 25 or less.
 - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

2.2 BACKBOARDS

A. Backboards: Plywood, fire-retardant treated, 3/4 by 48 by 96 inches. Comply with requirements for plywood backing panels in Section 061000 "Rough Carpentry."

2.3 OPTICAL-FIBER CABLE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. AMP NETCONNECT; a TE Connectivity Ltd. company.
 - 2. Belden Inc.
 - 3. Berk-Tek Leviton; a Nexans/Leviton alliance.
 - 4. CommScope, Inc.
 - 5. Corning Cable Systems.
 - 6. Draka Cableteq USA; a Prysmian Group company.
 - 7. General Cable Technologies Corporation.
 - 8. Mohawk; a division of Belden Networking, Inc.
 - 9. Superior Essex Inc.
 - 10. West Penn Wire.
- B. Description: Multimode, 50/125-micrometer, 24-fiber, non-conductive, tight buffer, optical-fiber cable.
 - 1. Comply with ICEA S-83-596 for mechanical properties.
 - 2. Comply with TIA-568-C.3 for performance specifications.
 - 3. Comply with TIA-492AAAB for detailed specifications.
 - 4. Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction as complying with UL 444, UL 1651, and NFPA 70 for the following types:
 - a. General Purpose, Nonconductive: Type OFN or Type OFNG, or Type OFNR, Type OFNP.
 - b. Plenum Rated, Nonconductive: Type OFNP, complying with NFPA 262.
 - c. Riser Rated, Nonconductive: Type OFNR or Type OFNP, complying with UL 1666.
 - 5. Conductive cable shall be aluminum armored type.
 - 6. Maximum Attenuation: 3.50 db/km at 850 nm; 1.5 db/km at 1300 nm.
 - 7. Minimum Modal Bandwidth: 160 MHz-km at 850 nm: 500 MHz-km at 1300 nm.

C. Jacket:

- 1. Jacket Color: Agua for 50/125-micrometer cable.
- 2. Cable cordage jacket, fiber, unit, and group color shall be according to TIA-598-C.
- 3. Imprinted with fiber count, fiber type, and aggregate length at regular intervals not to exceed 40 inches.

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024 Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

2.4 OPTICAL-FIBER CABLE HARDWARE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. 3M.
 - 2. ADC.
 - 3. American Technology Systems Industries, Inc.
 - 4. AMP NETCONNECT; a TE Connectivity Ltd. company.
 - 5. Belden Inc.
 - 6. Berk-Tek Leviton; a Nexans/Leviton alliance.
 - 7. Corning Cable Systems.
 - 8. Hubbell Incorporated.
 - 9. Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - 10. Molex Premise Networks.
 - 11. West Penn Wire.
- B. Cross-Connects and Patch Panels: Modular panels housing multiple-numbered, duplex cable connectors.
 - 1. Number of Connectors per Field: One for each fiber of cable or cables assigned to field, plus spares and blank positions adequate to suit specified expansion criteria.
- C. Patch Cords: Factory-made, dual-fiber cables in 36-inch lengths.
- D. Cable Connecting Hardware: Comply with the Fiber Optic Connector Intermateability Standard (FOCIS) specifications of TIA-604-2-B, TIA-604-3-B, and TIA-604-12. Comply with TIA-568-C.3.
 - 1. Quick-connect, simplex and duplex, Type SC, Type ST, Type LC or Type MT-RJ connectors. Insertion loss not more than 0.75 db.
 - 2. Type SFF connectors may be used in termination racks, panels, and equipment packages.

2.5 FIRE ALARM WIRE AND CABLE

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Allied Wire & Cable Inc.
 - 2. CommScope, Inc.
 - 3. Comtran Corporation.
 - 4. Draka Cableteq USA; a Prysmian Group company.
 - 5. Genesis Cable Products; Honeywell International, Inc.
 - 6. Rockbestos-Suprenant Cable Corp.

04 December 2023 Bid Documents Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 7. Superior Essex Inc.
- 8. West Penn Wire.
- B. General Wire and Cable Requirements: NRTL listed and labeled as complying with NFPA 70, Article 760.
- C. Signaling Line Circuits: Twisted, shielded pair, not less than 16 AWG.
 - 1. Circuit Integrity Cable: Twisted shielded pair, NFPA 70, Article 760, Classification CI, for power-limited fire alarm signal service Type FPL. NRTL listed and labeled as complying with UL 1424 and UL 2196 for a two-hour rating.
- D. Non-Power-Limited Circuits: Solid-copper conductors with 600-V rated, 75 deg C, color-coded insulation, and complying with requirements in UL 2196 for a two-hour rating.
 - 1. Low-Voltage Circuits: No. 16 AWG, minimum, in pathway.
 - 2. Line-Voltage Circuits: No. 12 AWG, minimum, in pathway.
 - 3. Multiconductor Armored Cable: NFPA 70, Type MC, copper conductors, Type TFN/THHN conductor insulation, copper drain wire, copper armor with outer jacket with red identifier stripe, NTRL listed for fire alarm and cable tray installation, plenum rated.

2.6 IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Brady Corporation.
 - 2. HellermannTyton.
 - 3. Kroy LLC.
 - 4. Panduit Corp.
- B. Comply with TIA-606-B and UL 969 for a system of labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers.
- C. Comply with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Factory test optical-fiber cables on reels according to TIA-568-C.1.
- B. Factory test multimode optical fiber cables according to TIA-526.14-B and TIA-568-C.3.
- C. Cable will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for installation of supports for cables.

3.2 WIRING METHOD

- A. Install wiring in metal pathways and wireways.
 - 1. Minimum conduit size shall be 3/4 inch. Control and data-transmission wiring shall not share conduits with other building wiring systems.
- B. Install cable, concealed in accessible ceilings, walls, and floors when possible.
- C. Wiring on Racks and within Enclosures:
 - Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess and without exceeding manufacturer's limitations on bending radii, but not less than radii specified in BICSI ITSIM's "Cabling Termination Practices" chapter. Cable ties shall not be excessively tightened such that the transmission characteristics of the cable are altered.
 - 2. Install lacing bars and distribution spools.
 - 3. Separate power-limited and non-power-limited conductors as recommended in writing by manufacturer.
 - 4. Install conductors parallel with or at right angles to sides and back of enclosure.
 - 5. Connect conductors associated with intrusion system that are terminated, spliced, or interrupted in any enclosure onto terminal blocks.
 - 6. Mark each terminal according to system's wiring diagrams.
 - 7. Make all connections with approved crimp-on terminal spade lugs, pressure-type terminal blocks, or plug connectors.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NFPA 70.
- B. Conductors: Size according to system manufacturer's written instructions unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Do not install conductors and cables that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- D. Install UTP, optical-fiber, and coaxial cables and connecting materials after spaces are complete and dry, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

E. General Requirements for Cabling:

- 1. Comply with TIA-568-C.1.
- 2. Comply with BICSI ITSIM, Ch. 6, "Cable Termination Practices."
- 3. Terminate all conductors; no cable shall contain unterminated elements. Make terminations only at indicated outlets, terminals, and cross-connect and patch panels. Leave a minimum of 6 inches of slack at outlet terminations and coil loosely into box after termination on outlet fitting.
- 4. Cables may not be spliced. Secure and support cables at intervals not exceeding 30 inches and not more than 6 inches from cabinets, boxes, fittings, outlets, racks, frames, and terminals.
- 5. Maintain minimum cable bending radius during installation and termination of cables.
- 6. Do not install bruised, kinked, scored, deformed, or abraded cable. Do not splice cable between termination, tap, or junction points. Remove and discard cable if damaged during installation and replace it with new cable.
- 7. Cold-Weather Installation: Bring cable to room temperature before dereeling. Heat lamps shall not be used for heating.
- 8. Pulling Cable: Comply with BICSI ITSIM, Ch. 4, "Pulling Cable." Monitor cable pull tensions. Do not exceed manufacturer's rated cable-pulling tension.
- 9. Riser Cable: Riser cable support intervals shall be in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. Comply with Section 280544 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electronic Safety and Security Pathways and Cabling."

F. Optical-Fiber Cable Installation:

- 1. Comply with TIA-568-C.3.
- 2. Cable shall be terminated on connecting hardware that is rack or cabinet mounted.

G. Open-Cable Installation:

- 1. Install cabling with horizontal and vertical cable guides in telecommunication spaces with terminating hardware and interconnection equipment.
- 2. Suspend copper cable not in a wireway or pathway a minimum of 8 inches above ceilings by cable supports not more than 60 inches apart. Cable supports shall be fastened to structural members or floor slabs in accordance with Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- 3. Cable shall not be run in contact with pipes, ducts, or other potentially damaging items. Cables shall not be run through structural members or use structural members, pipes, ducts, or equipment as a support.

H. Separation from EMI Sources:

1. Comply with BICSITDMM and TIA-569-C recommendations for separating unshielded copper voice and data communication cable from potential EMI sources, including electrical power lines and equipment.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 2. Separation between open communication cables or cables in nonmetallic pathways and unshielded power conductors and electrical equipment shall be as follows:
 - a. Electrical Equipment Rating Less Than 2 kVA: A minimum of 5 inches.
 - b. Electrical Equipment Rating between 2 and 5 kVA: A minimum of 12 inches.
 - c. Electrical Equipment Rating More Than 5 kVA: A minimum of 24 inches.
- 3. Separation between communication cables in grounded metallic pathways and unshielded power lines or electrical equipment shall be as follows:
 - a. Electrical Equipment Rating Less Than 2 kVA: A minimum of 2-1/2 inches.
 - b. Electrical Equipment Rating between 2 and 5 kVA: A minimum of 6 inches.
 - c. Electrical Equipment Rating More Than 5 kVA: A minimum of 12 inches.
- 4. Separation between cables in grounded metallic pathways and power lines and electrical equipment located in grounded metallic conduits or enclosures shall be as follows:
 - a. Electrical Equipment Rating Less Than 2 kVA: No requirement.
 - b. Electrical Equipment Rating between 2 and 5 kVA: A minimum of 3 inches.
 - c. Electrical Equipment Rating More Than 5 kVA: A minimum of 6 inches.
- 5. Separation between Cables and Electrical Motors and Transformers, 5 kVA or hp and Larger: A minimum of 48 inches.
- 6. Separation between Cables and Fluorescent Fixtures: A minimum of 5 inches.

3.4 FIRE ALARM WIRING INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NFPA 72.
- B. Wiring Method:
 - 1. Install plenum cable in environmental air spaces, including plenum ceilings. Plenum rated cable is permitted to be used throughout the building.
 - 2. Cables and pathways used for fire alarm circuits, and equipment control wiring associated with the fire alarm system, may not contain any other wire or cable.
 - 3. Fire-Rated Cables: Use of two-hour, fire-rated fire alarm cables, NFPA 70, Types MI and CI, is permitted.
 - 4. Signaling Line Circuits: Power-limited fire alarm cables shall not be installed in the same cable or pathway as signaling line circuits.
- C. Wiring within Enclosures: Separate power-limited and non-power-limited conductors as recommended by manufacturer. Install conductors parallel with or at right angles to sides and back of the enclosure. Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess. Connect conductors that are terminated, spliced, or interrupted in any enclosure associated with the fire alarm system to terminal blocks. Mark each terminal

- according to the system's wiring diagrams. Make all connections with approved crimpon terminal spade lugs, pressure-type terminal blocks, or plug connectors.
- D. Cable Taps: Use numbered terminal strips in junction, pull, and outlet boxes, cabinets, or equipment enclosures where circuit connections are made.
- E. Color Coding: Color code fire alarm conductors differently from the normal building power wiring. Use one color code for alarm circuit wiring and another for supervisory circuits. Color code audible alarm-indicating circuits differently from alarm-initiating circuits. Use different colors for visible alarm-indicating devices. Paint fire alarm system junction boxes and covers red.
- F. Risers: Install at least two vertical cable risers to serve the fire alarm system. Separate risers in close proximity to each other with a minimum one-hour-rated wall, so the loss of one riser does not prevent the receipt or transmission of signals from other floors or zones.
- G. Wiring to Remote Alarm Transmitting Device: 1-inch conduit between the fire alarm control panel and the transmitter. Install number of conductors and electrical supervision for connecting wiring as needed to suit monitoring function.

3.5 POWER AND CONTROL-CIRCUIT CONDUCTORS

- A. 120-V Power Wiring: Install according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Minimum Conductor Sizes:
 - 1. Class 1 remote-control and signal circuits, No. 14 AWG.
 - 2. Class 2 low-energy, remote-control and signal circuits, No. 16 AWG.
 - 3. Class 3 low-energy, remote-control, alarm and signal circuits, No. 12 AWG.

3.6 CONNECTIONS

A. Comply with requirements in Section 283111 "Digital, Addressable Fire-Alarm System" for connecting, terminating, and identifying wires and cables.

3.7 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."
- B. Comply with TIA-569-C, "Firestopping" Annex A.
- C. Comply with BICSI TDMM, "Firestopping Systems" Article.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

3.8 GROUNDING

- A. For communication wiring, comply with J-STD-607-A and with BICSI TDMM's "Grounding, Bonding, and Electrical Protection" chapter.
- B. For low-voltage wiring and cabling, comply with requirements in Section 280526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electronic Safety and Security."

3.9 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify system components, wiring, and cabling complying with TIA-606-B. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- B. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
 - 1. Visually inspect UTP and optical-fiber cable jacket materials for NRTL certification markings. Inspect cabling terminations to confirm color coding for pin assignments, and inspect cabling connections to confirm compliance with TIA-568-C.1.
 - 2. Visually inspect cable placement, cable termination, grounding and bonding, equipment and patch cords, and labeling of all components.
 - 3. Test UTP cabling for DC loop resistance, shorts, opens, intermittent faults, and polarity between conductors. Test operation of shorting bars in connection blocks. Test cables after termination but not cross connection.
 - a. Test instruments shall comply with or exceed applicable requirements in TIA-568-C.2. Perform tests with a tester that complies with performance requirements in "Test Instruments (Normative)" Annex, complying with measurement accuracy specified in "Measurement Accuracy (Informative)" Annex. Use only test cords and adapters that are qualified by test equipment manufacturer for channel or link test configuration.

4. Optical-Fiber Cable Tests:

- a. Test instruments shall comply with or exceed applicable requirements in TIA-568-C.1. Use only test cords and adapters that are qualified by test equipment manufacturer for channel or link test configuration.
- b. Link End-to-End Attenuation Tests:

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1) Multimode Link Measurements: Test at 850 or 1300 nm in one direction according to TIA-526-14-B, Method B, One Reference Jumper.
- 2) Attenuation test results for links shall be less than 2.0 db. Attenuation test results shall be less than that calculated according to equation in TIA-568-C.1.
- C. Document data for each measurement. Print data for submittals in a summary report that is formatted using Table 10.1 in BICSI TDMM as a guide, or transfer the data from the instrument to the computer, save as text files, print, and submit.
- D. End-to-end cabling will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 280513

SECTION 283111 - DIGITAL, ADDRESSABLE FIRE-ALARM SYSTEM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Fire-alarm control unit.
- 2. Manual fire-alarm boxes.
- 3. System smoke detectors.
- 4. Heat detectors.
- 5. Notification appliances.
- 6. Magnetic door holders.
- 7. Remote annunciator.
- 8. Addressable interface device.
- 9. Digital alarm communicator transmitter.
- 10. Network communications.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMT: Electrical Metallic Tubing.
- B. FACP: Fire Alarm Control Panel.
- C. HLI: High Level Interface.
- D. NICET: National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies.
- E. PC: Personal computer.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product, including furnished options and accessories.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions, profiles, and finishes.
 - 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and electrical characteristics.
- B. Shop Drawings: For fire-alarm system.

- 1. Comply with recommendations and requirements in the "Documentation" section of the "Fundamentals" chapter in NFPA 72.
- 2. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
- 3. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and locations. Indicate conductor sizes, indicate termination locations and requirements, and distinguish between factory and field wiring.
- 4. Detail assembly and support requirements.
- 5. Include voltage drop calculations for notification-appliance circuits.
- 6. Include battery-size calculations.
- 7. Include input/output matrix.
- 8. Include statement from manufacturer that all equipment and components have been tested as a system and meet all requirements in this Specification and in NFPA 72.
- 9. Include performance parameters and installation details for each detector.
- 10. Verify that each duct detector is listed for complete range of air velocity, temperature, and humidity possible when air-handling system is operating.
- 11. Include plans, sections, and elevations of heating, ventilating, and airconditioning ducts, drawn to scale; coordinate location of duct smoke detectors and access to them.
 - a. Show critical dimensions that relate to placement and support of sampling tubes, detector housing, and remote status and alarm indicators.
 - b. Show field wiring required for HVAC unit shutdown on alarm.
 - c. Locate detectors according to manufacturer's written recommendations.
- 12. Include voice/alarm signaling-service equipment rack or console layout, grounding schematic, amplifier power calculation, and single-line connection diagram.
- C. General Submittal Requirements:
 - 1. Submittals shall be approved by authorities having jurisdiction prior to submitting them to Architect.
 - 2. Shop Drawings shall be prepared by persons with the following qualifications:
 - a. Trained and certified by manufacturer in fire-alarm system design.
 - b. NICET-certified, fire-alarm technician; Level III minimum.
 - c. Licensed or certified by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For notification appliances and smoke and heat detectors, in addition to submittals listed above, indicate compliance with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 1. Drawings showing the location of each notification appliance and smoke and heat detector, ratings of each, and installation details as needed to comply with listing conditions of the device.
- 2. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for selecting the spacing and sensitivity of detection, complying with NFPA 72. Calculate spacing and intensities for strobe signals and sound-pressure levels for audible appliances.
- 3. Indicate audible appliances required to produce square wave signal per NFPA 72.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Field quality-control reports.
- 1.6 Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fire-alarm systems and components to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
 - 1. In addition to items specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following and deliver copies to authorities having jurisdiction:
 - a. Comply with the "Records" section of the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" chapter in NFPA 72.
 - b. Provide "Fire Alarm and Emergency Communications System Record of Completion Documents" according to the "Completion Documents" Article in the "Documentation" section of the "Fundamentals" chapter in NFPA 72.
 - c. Complete wiring diagrams showing connections between all devices and equipment. Each conductor shall be numbered at every junction point with indication of origination and termination points.
 - d. Riser diagram.
 - e. Device addresses.
 - f. Record copy of site-specific software.
 - g. Provide "Inspection and Testing Form" according to the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" chapter in NFPA 72, and include the following:
 - 1) Equipment tested.
 - 2) Frequency of testing of installed components.
 - 3) Frequency of inspection of installed components.
 - 4) Requirements and recommendations related to results of maintenance.
 - 5) Manufacturer's user training manuals.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- h. Manufacturer's required maintenance related to system warranty requirements.
- i. Abbreviated operating instructions for mounting at fire-alarm control unit and each annunciator unit.
- B. Software and Firmware Operational Documentation:
 - 1. Software operating and upgrade manuals.
 - 2. Program Software Backup: On magnetic media or compact disk, complete with data files.
 - 3. Device address list.
 - 4. Printout of software application and graphic screens.

1.8 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Lamps for Remote Indicating Lamp Units: Quantity equal to 10 percent of amount installed, but no fewer than one unit.
 - 2. Lamps for Strobe Units: Quantity equal to 10 percent of amount installed, but no fewer than one unit.
 - 3. Smoke Detectors, Heat Detectors, and Carbon Monoxide Detectors: Quantity equal to 10 percent of amount of each type installed, but no fewer than one unit of each type.
 - 4. Detector Bases: Quantity equal to two percent of amount of each type installed, but no fewer than one unit of each type.
 - 5. Keys and Tools: One extra set for access to locked or tamperproofed components.
 - 6. Audible and Visual Notification Appliances: One of each type installed.
 - 7. Fuses: Two of each type installed in the system. Provide in a box or cabinet with compartments marked with fuse types and sizes.
 - 8. Provide all necessary hardware and programming to provide the client with 20% spare capacity on all initiating and indicating circuits.
 - 9. Provide as part of the base contract all labor and materials to install twenty (20) additional fire alarm devices during construction. The twenty (20) fire alarm device can be but not limited to smoke detector, heat detector, door holder, duct detector, fan shutdown, tamper switches, flow switches, etc. Include all labor and materials including wire, boxes, conduit, terminations, hardware, software, programming and testing.

1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Personnel shall be trained and certified by manufacturer for installation of units required for this Project.

- B. Installer Qualifications: Installation shall be by personnel certified by NICET as firealarm Level III technician.
- C. NFPA Certification: Obtain certification according to NFPA 72 by a UL-listed alarm company.

1.10 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Interruption of Existing Fire-Alarm Service: Do not interrupt fire-alarm service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary guard service according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Owner no fewer than seven days in advance of proposed interruption of fire-alarm service.
 - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of fire-alarm service without Owner's written permission.
- B. Use of Devices during Construction: Protect devices during construction unless devices are placed in service to protect the facility during construction.

1.11 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

- A. Existing Fire-Alarm Equipment: Maintain existing equipment fully operational until new equipment has been tested and accepted. As new equipment is installed, label it "NOT IN SERVICE" until it is accepted. Remove labels from new equipment when put into service, and label existing fire-alarm equipment "NOT IN SERVICE" until removed from the building.
- B. Equipment Removal: After acceptance of new fire-alarm system, remove existing disconnected fire-alarm equipment and wiring.

1.12 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace fire-alarm system equipment and components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Extent: All equipment and components not covered in the Maintenance Service Agreement.
 - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Source Limitations for Fire-Alarm System and Components: Components shall be compatible with, and operate as an extension of, existing system. Provide system manufacturer's certification that all components provided have been tested as, and will operate as, a system.
- B. Noncoded, UL-certified addressable system, with multiplexed signal transmission and horn/strobe evacuation.
- C. Automatic sensitivity control of certain smoke detectors.
- D. All components provided shall be listed for use with the selected system.
- E. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

2.2 SYSTEMS OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION

- A. Fire-alarm signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices:
 - 1. Manual stations.
 - 2. Heat detectors.
 - 3. Smoke detectors.
 - 4. Duct smoke detectors.
 - 5. Fire-extinguishing system operation.
- B. Fire-alarm signal shall initiate the following actions:
 - 1. Continuously operate alarm notification appliances, including voice evacuation notices.
 - 2. Identify alarm and specific initiating device at fire-alarm control unit, connected network control panels, off-premises network control panels, and remote annunciators.
 - 3. Transmit an alarm signal to the remote alarm receiving station.
 - 4. Unlock electric door locks in designated egress paths.
 - 5. Release fire and smoke doors held open by magnetic door holders.
 - 6. Activate voice/alarm communication system.
 - 7. Switch heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning equipment controls to fire-alarm mode
 - 8. Close smoke dampers in air ducts of designated air-conditioning duct systems.
 - 9. Recall elevators to primary or alternate recall floors.
 - 10. Record events in the system memory.

- C. Supervisory signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices and actions:
 - 1. Carbon monoxide detector.
 - 2. Independent fire-detection and –suppression systems.
 - 3. User disabling of zones or individual devices.
 - 4. Loss of communication with any panel on the network.
- D. System trouble signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices and actions:
 - 1. Open circuits, shorts, and grounds in designated circuits.
 - 2. Opening, tampering with, or removing alarm-initiating and supervisory signal-initiating devices.
 - 3. Loss of communication with any addressable sensor, input module, relay, control module, remote annunciator, or Ethernet module.
 - 4. Loss of primary power at fire-alarm control unit.
 - 5. Ground or a single break in internal circuits of fire-alarm control unit.
 - 6. Abnormal ac voltage at fire-alarm control unit.
 - 7. Break in standby battery circuitry.
 - 8. Failure of battery charging.
 - 9. Abnormal position of any switch at fire-alarm control unit or annunciator.
 - 10. Voice signal amplifier failure.

E. System Supervisory Signal Actions:

- 1. Initiate notification appliances.
- 2. Identify specific device initiating the event at fire-alarm control unit, connected network control panels, off-premises network control panels, and remote annunciators.
- 3. After a time delay of 200 seconds, transmit a trouble or supervisory signal to the remote alarm receiving station.
- F. Signal from carbon monoxide detector shall initiate the following actions:
 - 1. Initiate supervisory signal to system and records at the main panel and remote annunciator.
 - 2. Transmits a (supervisory) carbon monoxide signal to central station.
 - 3. Continuously operate sounder base associated with the carbon monoxide detector.

2.3 FIRE-ALARM CONTROL UNIT

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Gamewell FCI by Honeywell.

- 2. GE UTC Fire & Security; A United Technologies Company.
- 3. Notifier.
- 4. Siemens Industry, Inc.; Fire Safety Division.
- B. General Requirements for Fire-Alarm Control Unit:
 - 1. Field-programmable, microprocessor-based, modular, power-limited design with electronic modules, complying with UL 864.
 - a. System software and programs shall be held in nonvolatile flash, electrically erasable, programmable, read-only memory, retaining the information through failure of primary and secondary power supplies.
 - b. Include a real-time clock for time annotation of events on the event recorder.
 - c. Provide communication between the FACP and remote circuit interface panels, annunciators, and displays.
 - d. The FACP shall be listed for connection to a central-station signaling system service.
 - e. Provide nonvolatile memory for system database, logic, and operating system and event history. The system shall require no manual input to initialize in the event of a complete power down condition. The FACP shall provide a minimum 500-event history log.
 - 2. Addressable Initiation Device Circuits: The FACP shall indicate which communication zones have been silenced and shall provide selective silencing of alarm notification appliance by building communication zone.
 - 3. Addressable Control Circuits for Operation of Notification Appliances and Mechanical Equipment: The FACP shall be listed for releasing service.
- C. Alphanumeric Display and System Controls: Arranged for interface between human operator at fire-alarm control unit and addressable system components including annunciation and supervision. Display alarm, supervisory, and component status messages and the programming and control menu.
 - 1. Annunciator and Display: Liquid-crystal type, three line(s) of 80 characters, minimum.
 - 2. Keypad: Arranged to permit entry and execution of programming, display, and control commands and to indicate control commands to be entered into the system for control of smoke-detector sensitivity and other parameters.
- D. Initiating-Device, Notification-Appliance, and Signaling-Line Circuits:
 - 1. Pathway Class Designations: NFPA 72, Class B.
 - 2. Pathway Survivability: Level 0.
 - 3. Install no more than 100 addressable devices on each signaling-line circuit.
 - Serial Interfaces:

- a. One dedicated RS 485 port for central-station operation using point ID DACT.
- b. One RS 485 port for remote annunciators, Ethernet module, or multi-interface module (printer port).
- c. One USB port for PC configuration.

E. Notification-Appliance Circuit:

- 1. FIRE ALARM: Audible appliances shall sound in a three-pulse temporal pattern, as defined in NFPA 72.
- 2. CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM: Audible appliances shall sound in a four-pulse temporal pattern, as defined in NFPA 72, or a constant tone. Carbon monoxide alarm sound shall be different than the fire alarm sound.
- 3. Where notification appliances provide signals to sleeping areas, the alarm signal shall be a 520-Hz square wave with an intensity 15 dB above the average ambient sound level or 5 dB above the maximum sound level, or at least 75 dBA, whichever is greater, measured at the pillow.
- 4. Visual alarm appliances shall flash in synchronization where multiple appliances are in the same field of view, as defined in NFPA 72.

F. Elevator Recall:

- 1. Elevator recall shall be initiated only by one of the following alarm-initiating devices:
 - a. Elevator lobby detectors except the lobby detector on the designated floor.
 - b. Smoke detector in elevator machine room.
 - c. Smoke detectors in elevator hoistway.
- 2. Elevator controller shall be programmed to move the cars to the alternate recall floor if lobby detectors located on the designated recall floors are activated.
- G. Door Controls: Door hold-open devices that are controlled by smoke detectors at doors in smoke-barrier walls shall be connected to the fire-alarm system.
- H. Remote Smoke-Detector Sensitivity Adjustment: Controls shall select specific addressable smoke detectors for adjustment, display their current status and sensitivity settings, and change those settings. Allow controls to be used to program repetitive, time-scheduled, and automated changes in sensitivity of specific detector groups. Record sensitivity adjustments and sensitivity-adjustment schedule changes in system memory, and print out the final adjusted values.
- I. Transmission to Remote Alarm Receiving Station: Automatically transmit alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals to a remote alarm station.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- J. Voice/Alarm Signaling Service: Central emergency communication system with redundant microphones, preamplifiers, amplifiers, and tone generators provided as a special module that is part of fire-alarm control unit.
 - Indicate number of alarm channels for automatic, simultaneous transmission of different announcements to different zones or for manual transmission of announcements by use of the central-control microphone. Amplifiers shall comply with UL 1711.
 - a. Allow the application of, and evacuation signal to, indicated number of zones and, at the same time, allow voice paging to the other zones selectively or in any combination.
 - b. Programmable tone and message sequence selection.
 - c. Standard digitally recorded messages for "Evacuation" and "All Clear."
 - d. Generate tones to be sequenced with audio messages of type recommended by NFPA 72 and that are compatible with tone patterns of notification-appliance circuits of fire-alarm control unit.
 - 2. Status Annunciator: Indicate the status of various voice/alarm speaker zones and the status of firefighters' two-way telephone communication zones.
 - 3. Preamplifiers, amplifiers, and tone generators shall automatically transfer to backup units, on primary equipment failure.
- K. Primary Power: 24-V dc obtained from 120-V ac service and a power-supply module. Initiating devices, notification appliances, signaling lines, trouble signals, supervisory signals and supervisory and digital alarm communicator transmitters shall be powered by 24-V dc source.
 - 1. Alarm current draw of entire fire-alarm system shall not exceed 80 percent of the power-supply module rating.
- L. Secondary Power: 24-V dc supply system with batteries, automatic battery charger, and automatic transfer switch.
 - 1. Batteries: Sealed lead calcium.
- M. Instructions: Computer printout or typewritten instruction card mounted behind a plastic or glass cover in a stainless-steel or aluminum frame. Include interpretation and describe appropriate response for displays and signals. Briefly describe the functional operation of the system under normal, alarm, and trouble conditions.

2.4 MANUAL FIRE-ALARM BOXES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Gamewell FCI by Honeywell.

- 2. GE UTC Fire & Security; A United Technologies Company.
- 3. Notifier.
- 4. Siemens Industry, Inc.; Fire Safety Division.
- 5. System Sensor.
- 6. Wheelock; a brand of Eaton.
- B. General Requirements for Manual Fire-Alarm Boxes: Comply with UL 38. Boxes shall be finished in red with molded, raised-letter operating instructions in contrasting color; shall show visible indication of operation; and shall be mounted on recessed outlet box. If indicated as surface mounted, provide manufacturer's surface back box.
 - 1. Double-action mechanism requiring two actions to initiate an alarm, pull-lever type; with integral addressable module arranged to communicate manual-station status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to fire-alarm control unit.
 - 2. Station Reset: Key- or wrench-operated switch.
 - 3. Indoor Protective Shield: Factory-fabricated, clear plastic enclosure hinged at the top to permit lifting for access to initiate an alarm. Lifting the cover actuates an integral battery-powered audible horn intended to discourage false-alarm operation.

2.5 SYSTEM SMOKE DETECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Gamewell FCI by Honeywell.
 - 2. GE UTC Fire & Security; A United Technologies Company.
 - Notifier.
 - 4. Siemens Industry, Inc.; Fire Safety Division.
- B. General Requirements for System Smoke Detectors:
 - 1. Comply with UL 268; operating at 24-V dc, nominal.
 - 2. Detectors shall be two-wire type.
 - 3. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to fire-alarm control unit.
 - 4. Base Mounting: Detector and associated electronic components shall be mounted in a twist-lock module that connects to a fixed base. Provide terminals in the fixed base for connection to building wiring.
 - 5. Self-Restoring: Detectors do not require resetting or readjustment after actuation to restore them to normal operation.
 - 6. Integral Visual-Indicating Light: LED type, indicating detector has operated and power-on status.
 - 7. Remote Control: Unless otherwise indicated, detectors shall be digital-addressable type, individually monitored at fire-alarm control unit for calibration, sensitivity, and alarm condition and individually adjustable for sensitivity by fire-alarm control unit.

- Multiple levels of detection sensitivity for each sensor.
- b. Sensitivity levels based on time of day.

C. Photoelectric Smoke Detectors:

- 1. Detector address shall be accessible from fire-alarm control unit and shall be able to identify the detector's location within the system and its sensitivity setting.
- 2. An operator at fire-alarm control unit, having the designated access level, shall be able to manually access the following for each detector:
 - a. Primary status.
 - b. Device type.
 - c. Present average value.
 - d. Present sensitivity selected.
 - e. Sensor range (normal, dirty, etc.).
- D. Duct Smoke Detectors: Photoelectric type complying with UL 268A.
 - 1. Detector address shall be accessible from fire-alarm control unit and shall be able to identify the detector's location within the system and its sensitivity setting.
 - 2. An operator at fire-alarm control unit, having the designated access level, shall be able to manually access the following for each detector:
 - a. Primary status.
 - b. Device type.
 - c. Present average value.
 - d. Present sensitivity selected.
 - e. Sensor range (normal, dirty, etc.).
 - 3. Each sensor shall have multiple levels of detection sensitivity.
 - 4. Sampling Tubes: Design and dimensions as recommended by manufacturer for specific duct size, air velocity, and installation conditions where applied.

2.6 PROJECTED BEAM SMOKE DETECTORS

- A. Projected Beam Light Source and Receiver: Designed to accommodate small angular movements and continue to operate and not cause nuisance alarms.
- B. Detector Address: Accessible from fire-alarm control unit and able to identify the detector's location within the system and its sensitivity setting.
- C. An operator at fire-alarm control unit, having the designated access level, shall be able to manually access the following for each detector:
 - 1. Primary status.
 - 2. Device type.
 - 3. Present average value.

- 4. Present sensitivity selected.
- 5. Sensor range (normal, dirty, etc.).

2.7 CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS

- A. General: Carbon monoxide detector listed for connection to fire-alarm system.
 - 1. Mounting: Adapter plate for outlet box mounting.
 - 2. Testable by introducing test carbon monoxide into the sensing cell.
 - 3. Detector shall provide alarm contacts and trouble contacts.
 - 4. Detector shall send trouble alarm when nearing end-of-life, power supply problems, or internal faults.
 - 5. Comply with UL 2075.
 - 6. Locate, mount, and wire according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 7. Provide means for addressable connection to fire-alarm system.
 - 8. Test button simulates an alarm condition.
 - 9. Provide with sounder bases for local audio annunciation.

2.8 MULTICRITERIA DETECTORS

- A. Mounting: Twist-lock base interchangeable with smoke-detector bases.
- B. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to fire-alarm control unit.
- C. Automatically adjusts its sensitivity by means of drift compensation and smoothing algorithms. The detector shall send trouble alarm if it is incapable of compensating for existing conditions.
- D. Test button tests all sensors in the detector.
- E. An operator at fire-alarm control unit, having the designated access level, shall be able to manually access the following for each detector:
 - 1. Primary status.
 - Device type.
 - 3. Present sensitivity selected.
 - 4. Sensor range (normal, dirty, etc.).
- F. Sensors: The detector shall be comprised of four sensing elements including a smoke sensor, a carbon monoxide sensor, an infrared sensor, and a heat sensor.
 - 1. Smoke sensor shall be photoelectric type as described in "System Smoke Detectors" Article.
 - 2. Carbon monoxide sensor shall be as described in "Carbon Monoxide Detectors" Article.
 - 3. Heat sensor shall be as described in "Heat Detectors" Article.

4. Each sensor shall be separately listed according to requirements for its detector type.

2.9 HEAT DETECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Gamewell FCI by Honeywell.
 - 2. GE UTC Fire & Security; A United Technologies Company.
 - 3. Notifier.
 - 4. Siemens Industry, Inc.; Fire Safety Division.
- B. General Requirements for Heat Detectors: Comply with UL 521.
 - 1. Temperature sensors shall test for and communicate the sensitivity range of the device.
- C. Heat Detector, Combination Type: Actuated by either a fixed temperature of 135 deg F or a rate of rise that exceeds 15 deg F per minute unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Mounting: Twist-lock base interchangeable with smoke-detector bases.
 - 2. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to fire-alarm control unit.

2.10 NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. GE UTC Fire & Security; A United Technologies Company.
 - 2. Siemens Industry, Inc.; Fire Safety Division.
 - 3. System Sensor.
 - 4. Wheelock: a brand of Eaton.
- B. General Requirements for Notification Appliances: Connected to notification-appliance signal circuits, zoned as indicated, equipped for mounting as indicated, and with screw terminals for system connections.
 - 1. Combination Devices: Factory-integrated audible and visible devices in a single-mounting assembly, equipped for mounting as indicated, and with screw terminals for system connections.
- C. Horns: Electric-vibrating-polarized type, 24-V dc; with provision for housing the operating mechanism behind a grille. Comply with UL 464. Horns shall produce a sound-pressure level of 90 dBA, measured 10 feet from the horn, using the coded signal prescribed in UL 464 test protocol.

- D. Visible Notification Appliances: Xenon strobe lights complying with UL 1971, with clear or nominal white polycarbonate lens mounted on an aluminum faceplate. The word "FIRE" is engraved in minimum 1-inch-high letters on the lens.
 - 1. Rated Light Output:
 - a. 15/30/75/110 cd, selectable in the field.
 - 2. Mounting: Wall mounted unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. For units with guards to prevent physical damage, light output ratings shall be determined with guards in place.
 - 4. Flashing shall be in a temporal pattern, synchronized with other units.
 - 5. Strobe Leads: Factory connected to screw terminals.
 - 6. Mounting Faceplate:
 - a. Fire alarm unit: Factory finished, red with "FIRE" in white letters.
 - b. Carbon monoxide unit: Factory finished, white with "CARBON MONOXIDE" in blue letters. Provide with blue lens.
- E. Voice/Tone Notification Appliances:
 - 1. Comply with UL 1480.
 - 2. Speakers for Voice Notification: Locate speakers for voice notification to provide the intelligibility requirements of the "Notification Appliances" and "Emergency Communications Systems" chapters in NFPA 72.
 - 3. High-Range Units: Rated 2 to 15 W.
 - 4. Low-Range Units: Rated 1 to 2 W.
 - 5. Mounting: Flush.
 - 6. Matching Transformers: Tap range matched to acoustical environment of speaker location.

2.11 MAGNETIC DOOR HOLDERS

- A. Description: Units are equipped for wall or floor mounting as indicated and are complete with matching doorplate.
 - 1. Electromagnets: Require no more than 3 W to develop 25-lbf holding force.
 - 2. Wall-Mounted Units: Flush mounted unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Rating: 24-V ac or dc.
- B. Material and Finish: Match door hardware.

2.12 REMOTE ANNUNCIATOR

A. Description: Annunciator functions shall match those of fire-alarm control unit for alarm, supervisory, and trouble indications. Manual switching functions shall match those of fire-alarm control unit, including acknowledging, silencing, resetting, and testing.

- Mounting: Flush cabinet, NEMA 250, Type 1.
- B. Display Type and Functional Performance: Alphanumeric display and LED indicating lights shall match those of fire-alarm control unit. Provide controls to acknowledge, silence, reset, and test functions for alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals.

2.13 ADDRESSABLE INTERFACE DEVICE

A. General:

- 1. Include address-setting means on the module.
- 2. Store an internal identifying code for control panel use to identify the module type
- 3. Listed for controlling HVAC fan motor controllers.
- B. Monitor Module: Microelectronic module providing a system address for alarm-initiating devices for wired applications with normally open contacts.
- C. Integral Relay: Capable of providing a direct signal to elevator controller to initiate elevator recall and to circuit-breaker shunt trip for power shutdown.
 - 1. Allow the control panel to switch the relay contacts on command.
 - 2. Have a minimum of two normally open and two normally closed contacts available for field wiring.

D. Control Module:

1. Operate notification devices.

2.14 DIGITAL ALARM COMMUNICATOR TRANSMITTER

- A. Digital alarm communicator transmitter shall be acceptable to the remote central station and shall comply with UL 632.
- B. Functional Performance: Unit shall receive an alarm, supervisory, or trouble signal from fire-alarm control unit and automatically capture two telephone line(s) and dial a preset number for a remote central station. When contact is made with central station(s), signals shall be transmitted. If service on either line is interrupted for longer than 45 seconds, transmitter shall initiate a local trouble signal and transmit the signal indicating loss of telephone line to the remote alarm receiving station over the remaining line. Transmitter shall automatically report telephone service restoration to the central station. If service is lost on both telephone lines, transmitter shall initiate the local trouble signal.
- C. Local functions and display at the digital alarm communicator transmitter shall include the following:

- 1. Verification that both telephone lines are available.
- 2. Programming device.
- 3. LED display.
- 4. Manual test report function and manual transmission clear indication.
- Communications failure with the central station or fire-alarm control unit.
- D. Digital data transmission shall include the following:
 - 1. Address of the alarm-initiating device.
 - 2. Address of the supervisory signal.
 - 3. Address of the trouble-initiating device.
 - 4. Loss of ac supply.
 - 5. Loss of power.
 - 6. Low battery.
 - 7. Abnormal test signal.
 - 8. Communication bus failure.
- E. Secondary Power: Integral rechargeable battery and automatic charger.
- F. Self-Test: Conducted automatically every 24 hours with report transmitted to central station.

2.15 NETWORK COMMUNICATIONS

- A. Provide network communications for fire-alarm system according to fire-alarm manufacturer's written requirements.
- B. Provide network communications pathway per manufacturer's written requirements and requirements in NFPA 72 and NFPA 70.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions for compliance with requirements for ventilation, temperature, humidity, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
 - 1. Verify that manufacturer's written instructions for environmental conditions have been permanently established in spaces where equipment and wiring are installed, before installation begins.
- B. Examine roughing-in for electrical connections to verify actual locations of connections before installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

3.2 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NFPA 72, NFPA 101, and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for installation and testing of fire-alarm equipment. Install all electrical wiring to comply with requirements in NFPA 70 including, but not limited to, Article 760, "Fire Alarm Systems."
 - 1. Devices placed in service before all other trades have completed cleanup shall be replaced.
 - 2. Devices installed but not yet placed in service shall be protected from construction dust, debris, dirt, moisture, and damage according to manufacturer's written storage instructions.
- B. Connecting to Existing Equipment: Verify that existing fire-alarm system is operational before making changes or connections.
 - 1. Connect new equipment to existing control panel in existing part of the building.
 - 2. Connect new equipment to existing monitoring equipment at the supervising station.
 - 3. Expand, modify, and supplement existing control and monitoring equipment as necessary to extend existing control and monitoring functions to the new points. New components shall be capable of merging with existing configuration without degrading the performance of either system.
- C. Install wall-mounted equipment, with tops of cabinets not more than 78 inches above the finished floor.
- D. Manual Fire-Alarm Boxes:
 - 1. Install manual fire-alarm box in the normal path of egress within 60 inches of the exit doorway.
 - 2. Mount manual fire-alarm box on a background of a contrasting color.
 - 3. The operable part of manual fire-alarm box shall be between 42 inches and 48 inches above floor level. All devices shall be mounted at the same height unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Smoke- or Heat-Detector Spacing:
 - 1. Comply with the "Smoke-Sensing Fire Detectors" section in the "Initiating Devices" chapter in NFPA 72, for smoke-detector spacing.
 - 2. Comply with the "Heat-Sensing Fire Detectors" section in the "Initiating Devices" chapter in NFPA 72, for heat-detector spacing.
 - 3. Smooth ceiling spacing shall not exceed 30 feet.
 - 4. Spacing of detectors for irregular areas, for irregular ceiling construction, and for high ceiling areas shall be determined according to Annex A or Annex B in NFPA 72.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 5. HVAC: Locate detectors not closer than 60 inches from air-supply diffuser or return-air opening.
- 6. Lighting Fixtures: Locate detectors not closer than 12 inches from any part of a lighting fixture and not directly above pendant mounted or indirect lighting.
- F. Install a cover on each smoke detector that is not placed in service during construction. Cover shall remain in place except during system testing. Remove cover prior to system turnover.
- G. Duct Smoke Detectors: Comply with NFPA 72 and NFPA 90A. Install sampling tubes so they extend the full width of duct. Tubes more than 36 inches long shall be supported at both ends.
 - 1. Do not install smoke detector in duct smoke-detector housing during construction. Install detector only during system testing and prior to system turnover.
- H. Remote Status and Alarm Indicators: Install in a visible location near each smoke detector, sprinkler water-flow switch, and valve-tamper switch that is not readily visible from normal viewing position.
- I. Audible Alarm-Indicating Devices: Install not less than 6 inches below the ceiling. Install bells and horns on flush-mounted back boxes with the device-operating mechanism concealed behind a grille. Install all devices at the same height unless otherwise indicated.
- J. Visible Alarm-Indicating Devices: Install adjacent to each alarm bell or alarm horn and at least 6 inches below the ceiling. Install all devices at the same height unless otherwise indicated.
- K. Device Location-Indicating Lights: Locate in public space near the device they monitor.

3.3 PATHWAYS

- A. Pathways above recessed ceilings and in nonaccessible locations may be routed exposed.
 - 1. Exposed pathways located less than 96 inches above the floor shall be installed in EMT.
- B. Exposed EMT shall be painted red enamel.

3.4 CONNECTIONS

A. Make addressable connections with a supervised interface device to the following devices and systems. Install the interface device less than 36 inches from the device

controlled. Make an addressable confirmation connection when such feedback is available at the device or system being controlled.

- 1. Smoke dampers in air ducts of designated HVAC duct systems.
- 2. Magnetically held-open doors.
- 3. Electronically locked doors and access gates.
- 4. Alarm-initiating connection to elevator recall system and components.

3.5 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Install framed instructions in a location visible from fire-alarm control unit.

3.6 GROUNDING

- A. Ground fire-alarm control unit and associated circuits; comply with IEEE 1100. Install a ground wire from main service ground to fire-alarm control unit.
- B. Ground shielded cables at the control panel location only. Insulate shield at device location.

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field tests shall be witnessed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- C. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. Visual Inspection: Conduct visual inspection prior to testing.
 - a. Inspection shall be based on completed record Drawings and system documentation that is required by the "Completion Documents, Preparation" table in the "Documentation" section of the "Fundamentals" chapter in NFPA 72.
 - b. Comply with the "Visual Inspection Frequencies" table in the "Inspection" section of the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" chapter in NFPA 72; retain the "Initial/Reacceptance" column and list only the installed components.
 - 2. System Testing: Comply with the "Test Methods" table in the "Testing" section of the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" chapter in NFPA 72.

Tuckahoe Union Free School District Cottle Elementary HVAC + MS/HS HVAC Rebid Volume II Tuckahoe Middle/High School Alterations

SED No: 66-03-02-03-0-002-024

- 3. Test audible appliances for the public operating mode according to manufacturer's written instructions. Perform the test using a portable sound-level meter complying with Type 2 requirements in ANSI S1.4.
- 4. Test audible appliances for the private operating mode according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- 5. Test visible appliances for the public operating mode according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- 6. Factory-authorized service representative shall prepare the "Fire Alarm System Record of Completion" in the "Documentation" section of the "Fundamentals" chapter in NFPA 72 and the "Inspection and Testing Form" in the "Records" section of the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" chapter in NFPA 72.
- D. Reacceptance Testing: Perform reacceptance testing to verify the proper operation of added or replaced devices and appliances.
- E. Fire-alarm system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- F. Prepare test and inspection reports.
- G. Maintenance Test and Inspection: Perform tests and inspections listed for weekly, monthly, quarterly, and semiannual periods. Use forms developed for initial tests and inspections.

3.8 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain fire-alarm system.

END OF SECTION 283111