Division 08

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PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes the following hollow metal work:
 - a. Steel doors
 - b. Steel door frames

1.2 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate anchorage installation for hollow metal frames. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include construction details, material descriptions, core descriptions, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include the following:
 - a. Elevations for each door type
 - b. Details of doors, including vertical and horizontal-edge details and metal thicknesses.
 - c. Frame details for each frame type, including dimensioned profiles and metal thicknesses.
 - d. Locations of reinforcement and preparations for hardware.
 - e. Details of each different wall opening condition.
 - f. Details of anchorages, joints, field splices, and connections.
 - g. Details of accessories.
 - h. Details of moldings, removable stops, and glazing.
- C. Schedule: Provide a schedule of hollow-metal work prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Drawings. Coordinate with final Door Hardware Schedule.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Test Reports: For each type of hollow metal door and frame assembly, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver hollow-metal work palletized, packaged, or created to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Do not use nonvented plastic.
- B. Deliver welded frames with two removable spreader bars across bottom of frames, tack welded to jambs and mullions.
- C. Store hollow-metal work vertically under cover at Project site with head up. Place on minimum 4inch- (102-mm-) high wood blocking. Provide minimum 1/4-inch (6-mm) space between each stacked door to permit air circulation.

PART 2- PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Ceco Door Products; an Assa Abloy Group company
 - b. Curries Company; an Assa Abloy Group company
 - c. Republic Doors and Frames
 - d. Or equal
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain hollow-metal work from single source from single manufacturer.

2.2 DOORS AND FRAMES

- A. Construct doors and frames to comply with the standards indicated for materials, fabrication, hardware locations, hardware reinforcement, tolerances, and clearances, and as specified.
- B. Extra-Heavy-Duty Doors and Frames: SDI A250.8, Level 3.
 - a. Physical Performance: Level A according to SDI A250.4.
 - b. Doors:
 - 1. Type: As indicated in the Door and Frame Schedule.
 - 2. Thickness: 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm).
 - 3. Door Faces:
 - i. Exterior Doors: Metallic-coated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 16 gage, 0.053 inch (1.3 mm), with minimum A60 (ZF180) coating
 - ii. Interior Doors: Uncoated, cold-rolled steel sheet, minimum thickness of 16 gage 0.053 inch (1.3 mm).
 - 4. Edge Construction: Model 2, Seamless (continuously welded seams, edge filled, dressed smooth).
 - 5. Core: Polystyrene slab, bonded to inside of both face sheets.
 - 6. Basis of Design Doors: Legion (LP) Series by Ceco Door, or equal.
 - c. Frames:
 - 1. Materials: Minimum thickness of 14 gage, 0.067 inch (1.7 mm), uncoated, steel sheet for interior doors and metallic coated to match exterior doors for exterior locations.
 - 2. Construction: Full profile welded, thermal break frames.
 - 3. Basis of Design Frames: Mercury Series by Ceco Doors, or equal.
 - d. Exposed Finish: Prime door and frames
 - e. Thermal-Rated Doors and Frames: Provide door and frame assemblies fabricated with thermal-resistance value (R-value) of 2.33 or better when tested according to NFRC102-2014, ASTM C1199 and ASTM C 1363.
- 2.3 FRAME ANCHORS
 - A. Jamb Anchors:

- a. Masonry Type: Adjustable strap-and-stirrup or T-shaped anchors to suit frame size, not less than 0.042 inch (1.0 mm) thick, with corrugated or perforated straps not less than 2 inches (51 mm) wide by 10 inches (254 mm) long; or wire anchors not less than 0.177 inch (4.5 mm) thick.
- b. Stud-Wall Type: Designed to engage stud, welded to back of frames; not less than 0.042 inch (1.0 mm) thick.
- c. Postinstalled Expansion Type for In-Place Concrete or Masonry: Minimum 3/8-inch- (9.5mm-) diameter bolts with expansion shields or inserts. Provide pipe spacer from frame to wall, with throat reinforcement plate, welded to frame at each anchor location.
- B. Floor Anchors: Formed from same material as frames, minimum thickness of 0.042 inch (1.0 mm), and as follows:
 - a. Monolithic Concrete Slabs: Clip-type anchors, with two holes to receive fasteners.
 - b. Separate Topping Concrete Slabs: Adjustable-type anchors with extension clips, allowing not less than 2-inch (51-mm) height adjustment. Terminate bottom of frames at finish floor surface.

2.4 MATERIALS

- A. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; suitable for exposed applications.
- B. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
- C. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
- D. Frame Anchors: ASTM A 879/A 879M, Commercial Steel (CS), 04Z (12G) coating designation; mill phosphatized.
 - a. For anchors built into exterior walls, steel sheet complying with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M or ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B.
- E. Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M.
- F. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hollow-metal frames of type indicated.
- G. Grout: ASTM C 476, except with a maximum slump of 4 inches (102 mm), as measured according to ASTM C 143/C 143M.
- H. Mineral-Fiber Insulation: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing); consisting of fibers manufactured from slag or rock wool; with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 50, respectively; passing ASTM E 136 for combustion characteristics.
- I. Glazing: Comply with requirements in Sections 088000 "Glazing".

J. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, compounded for 15-mil (0.4-mm) dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.

2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate hollow-metal work to be rigid and free of defects, warp, or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles, with minimum radius for metal thickness. Where practical, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. To ensure proper assembly at Project site, clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment.
- B. Hollow-Metal Doors:
 - a. Vertical Edges for Single-Acting Doors: Bevel edges 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3.2 mm in 51 mm).
 - b. Top Edge Closures: Close top edges of doors with flush closures of same material as face sheets.
 - c. Bottom Edge Closures: Close bottom edges of doors where required for attachment of weather stripping with end closures or channels of same material as face sheets.
 - d. Exterior Doors: Provide weep-hole openings in bottoms of exterior doors to permit moisture to escape. Seal joints in top edges of doors against water penetration.
- C. Hollow-Metal Frames: Where frames are fabricated in sections due to shipping or handling limitations, provide alignment plates or angles at each joint, fabricated of same thickness metal as frames.
 - a. Provide countersunk, flat- or oval-head exposed screws and bolts for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Grout Guards: Weld guards to frame at back of hardware mortises in frames to be grouted.
 - c. Floor Anchors: Weld anchors to bottoms of jambs with at least four spot welds per anchor; however, for slip-on drywall frames, provide anchor clips or countersunk holes at bottoms of jambs.
 - d. Jamb Anchors: Provide number and spacing of anchors as follows:
 - i. Masonry Type: Locate anchors not more than 16 inches (406 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches (813 mm) o.c., to match coursing, and as follows:
 - 1) Two anchors per jamb up to 60 inches (1524 mm) high.
 - 2) Three anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches (1524 to 2286 mm) high.
 - 3) Four anchors per jamb from 90 to 120 inches (2286 to 3048 mm) high.
 - 4) Four anchors per jamb plus one additional anchor per jamb for each 24 inches (610 mm) or fraction thereof above 120 inches (3048 mm) high.
 - ii. Stud-Wall Type: Locate anchors not more than 18 inches (457 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches (813 mm) o.c. and as follows:
 - 1) Three anchors per jamb up to 60 inches (1524 mm) high.

- 2) Four anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches (1524 to 2286 mm) high.
- 3) Five anchors per jamb from 90 to 96 inches (2286 to 2438 mm) high.
- 4) Five anchors per jamb plus one additional anchor per jamb for each 24 inches (610 mm) or fraction thereof above 96 inches (2438 mm) high.
- Postinstalled Expansion Type: Locate anchors not more than 6 inches (152 mm) from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 26 inches (660 mm) o.c.
- e. Head Anchors: Two anchors per head for frames more than 42 inches (1067 mm) wide and mounted in metal-stud partitions.
- f. Door Silencers: Except on weather-stripped frames, drill stops to receive door silencers as follows. Keep holes clear during construction.
 - i. Single-Door Frames: Drill stop in strike jamb to receive three door silencers.
 - ii. Double-Door Frames: Drill stop in head jamb to receive two door silencers.
- D. Fabricate concealed stiffeners and edge channels from either cold- or hot-rolled steel sheet.
- E. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare hollow-metal work to receive templated mortised hardware; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping according to SDI A250.6, the Door Hardware Schedule, and templates.
 - a. Reinforce doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted door hardware.
 - b. Comply with applicable requirements in SDI A250.6 and BHMA A156.115 for preparation of hollow-metal work for hardware.
- F. Stops and Moldings: Provide stops and moldings around glazed lites and louvers where indicated. Form corners of stops and moldings with butted or mitered hairline joints.
 - a. Single Glazed Lites: Provide fixed stops and moldings welded on secure side of hollowmetal work.
 - b. Multiple Glazed Lites: Provide fixed and removable stops and moldings so that each glazed lite is capable of being removed independently.
 - c. Provide fixed frame moldings on outside of exterior and on secure side of interior doors and frames.
 - d. Provide loose stops and moldings on inside of hollow-metal work.
 - e. Coordinate rabbet width between fixed and removable stops with glazing and installation types indicated.

2.6 STEEL FINISHES

- A. Prime Finish: Clean, pretreat, and apply manufacturer's standard primer.
 - a. Shop Primer: Manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with SDI A250.10; recommended by primer manufacturer for substrate; compatible with substrate and field-applied coatings despite prolonged exposure.
- 2.7 ACCESSORIES

A. Grout Guards: Formed from same material as frames, not less than 0.016 inch (0.4 mm) thick.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for embedded and built-in anchors to verify actual locations before frame installation.
- C. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove welded-in shipping spreaders installed at factory. Restore exposed finish by grinding, filling, and dressing, as required to make repaired area smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
- B. Drill and tap doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted door hardware.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install hollow-metal work plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place. Comply with Drawings and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Hollow-Metal Frames: Install hollow-metal frames of size and profile indicated. Comply with SDI A250.11 as required by standards specified.
 - 1. Set frames accurately in position; plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is complete, remove temporary braces, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.
 - a. Where frames are fabricated in sections because of shipping or handling limitations, field splice at approved locations by welding face joint continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make splice smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
 - b. Install frames with removable stops located on secure side of opening.
 - c. Install door silencers in frames before grouting.
 - d. Remove temporary braces necessary for installation only after frames have been properly set and secured.
 - e. Check plumb, square, and twist of frames as walls are constructed. Shim as necessary to comply with installation tolerances.
 - f. Field apply bituminous coating to backs of frames that will be filled with grout containing antifreezing agents.
 - 2. Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion that extends to floor, and

secure with postinstalled expansion anchors.

- a. Floor anchors may be set with power-actuated fasteners instead of postinstalled expansion anchors if so indicated and approved on Shop Drawings.
- 3. Metal-Stud Partitions: Solidly pack mineral-fiber insulation inside frames.
- 4. Masonry Walls: Coordinate installation of frames to allow for solidly filling space between frames and masonry with grout.
- 5. Concrete Walls: Solidly fill space between frames and concrete with mineral-fiber insulation.
- 6. In-Place Concrete or Masonry Construction: Secure frames in place with postinstalled expansion anchors. Countersink anchors, and fill and make smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
- 7. Installation Tolerances: Adjust hollow-metal door frames for squareness, alignment, twist, and plumb to the following tolerances:
 - a. Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.
 - b. Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
 - c. Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.
 - d. Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.6 mm), measured at jambs at floor.
- C. Hollow-Metal Doors: Fit hollow-metal doors accurately in frames, within clearances specified below. Shim as necessary.
 - 1. Non-Fire-Rated Steel Doors:
 - a. Between Door and Frame Jambs and Head: 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) plus or minus 1/32 inch (0.8 mm).
 - b. Between Edges of Pairs of Doors: 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) to 1/4 inch (6.3 mm) plus or minus 1/32 inch (0.8 mm).
 - c. At Bottom of Door: 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) plus or minus 1/32 inch (0.8 mm).
 - d. Between Door Face and Stop: 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) to 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) plus or minus 1/32 inch (0.8 mm).

3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Final Adjustments: Check and readjust operating hardware items immediately before final inspection. Leave work in complete and proper operating condition. Remove and replace defective work, including hollow-metal work that is warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.
- B. Remove grout and other bonding material from hollow-metal work immediately after installation.
- C. Prime-Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying, rust-inhibitive primer.

END OF SECTION

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following types of overhead coiling doors:
 - 1. Insulated service doors, motor operated.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 26 Sections for disconnect switches and circuit breakers for powered operators.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Operation Cycle: One complete cycle of a door begins with the door in the closed position. The door is then moved to the open position and back to the closed position.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance: Provide overhead coiling doors capable of withstanding the effects of gravity loads and stresses without evidencing permanent deformation of door components.
 - 1. Exterior Wind Load: Uniform pressure (velocity pressure) of 20 lbf/sq. ft. (960 Pa), acting inward and outward
- B. Operation-Cycle Requirements: Design overhead coiling door components and operator to operate for not less than 100,000 cycles.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- Product Data: For each type and size of overhead coiling door and accessory. Include details of construction relative to materials, dimensions of individual components, profiles, and finishes. Provide roughing-in diagrams, operating instructions, and maintenance information. Include the following:
 - 1. Setting drawings, templates, and installation instructions for built-in or embedded anchor devices.
 - 2. Summary of forces and loads on walls and jambs.
 - 3. Motors: Show nameplate data and ratings; characteristics; mounting arrangements; size and location of winding termination lugs, conduit entry, and grounding lug; and coatings.
- B. Shop Drawings: For special components and installations not dimensioned or detailed in manufacturer's data sheets.

- 1. Wiring Diagrams: Detail wiring for power, signal, and control systems. Differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring and between components provided by door manufacturer and those provided by others.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts showing full range of colors available for units with factory-applied finishes

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Installer Certificates: Signed by manufacturer certifying that installers comply with specified requirements.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer who is an authorized representative of the overhead coiling door manufacturer for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain overhead coiling doors through one source from a single manufacturer.
 - 1. Obtain operators and controls from the overhead coiling door manufacturer.

1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form, signed by manufacturer, Installer, and Contractor, in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace doors that are defective in materials or workmanship, for the following period:
 - 1. Door Assemblies: Two years.
 - 2. Motors: One year.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis of Design Products: Provide specified products of Cornell Iron Works Inc. or equal from one of the following manufacturers:
 - 1. The Cookson Company.
 - 2. Raynor Garage Doors
 - 3. Pacific Rolling Door Co.
 - 4. Overhead Door Corporation.
 - 5. Wayne-Dalton Corp.
 - 6. Windsor Door; A United Dominion Company.

2.2 DOOR CURTAIN MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

- A. Basis of Design Product: Thermiser Insulated Rolling Door Model ESD20 by Cornell in galvanized steel, or equal
- B. Door Curtain: Fabricate overhead coiling door curtain of interlocking slats, designed to withstand wind loading indicated, in a continuous length for width of door without splices. Unless otherwise indicated, provide slats of material thickness recommended by door manufacturer for performance, size, and type of door indicated, and as follows:
 - 1. Galvanized Steel Door Curtain Slats: Double skin interlocking roll formed interior and exterior metal slats with foamed-in-place insulation between slats.
 - a. Profile: Manufacturer's standard flat-profile slats
 - b. Thickness: Minimum 24 gauge exterior faces, 24 gauge interior faces.
 - c. Insulation: 7/8" thick closed cell pressure foamed in place urethane insulation, Min R value of 8. Foam shall meet the following criteria:
 - 1) Flame Spread Index of 0
 - 2) Smoke Developed Index of 10 as tested per ASTM E84
 - 3) CFC-free process with an Ozone Depletion Potential rating of 0
 - 4) Meets foam plastic insulation requirements of the 2012 IBC®, section 2603.
- C. Service Door Windlocks and Endlocks: Malleable-iron castings galvanized after fabrication, secured to curtain slats with galvanized rivets, or high-strength nylon. Provide locks on not less than alternate curtain slats for curtain alignment and resistance against lateral movement
- D. Service Door Bottom Bar: Consisting of 2 angles, each not less than 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 by 1/8 inch (38 by 38 by 3 mm) thick, either galvanized or stainless-steel extrusions to suit type of curtain slats.
- E. Service Door Curtain Jamb Guides: Fabricate curtain jamb guides of steel angles, or channels and angles, with sufficient depth and strength to retain curtain, to allow curtain to operate smoothly, and to withstand loading. Build up units with not less than 3/16-inch- (5-mm-) thick, galvanized steel sections complying with ASTM A 36 (ASTM A 36M), and ASTM A 123. Slot bolt holes for guide adjustment. Provide removable stops on guides to prevent overtravel of curtain and a continuous bar for holding windlocks.

2.3 HOODS AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Hood: Form to entirely enclose coiled curtain and operating mechanism at opening head. Contour to suit end brackets to which hood is attached. Roll and reinforce top and bottom edges for stiffness. Provide closed ends for surface-mounted hoods and fascia for any portion of between-jamb mounting projecting beyond wall face. Provide intermediate support brackets as required to prevent sag.
- B. Weatherseals: Provide replaceable, adjustable, continuous, compressible weather-stripping gaskets fitted to bottom and top of doors, unless otherwise indicated. At door head, use 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick, replaceable, continuous sheet secured to inside of hood.
 - 1. In addition, provide replaceable, adjustable, continuous, flexible, 1/8-inch- (3-mm-) thick seals of flexible vinyl, rubber, or neoprene at door jambs for a weathertight installation.

- C. Push/Pull Handles: For push-up-operated or emergency-operated doors, provide galvanized steel lifting handles on each side of door.
 - 1. Provide pull-down straps or pole hooks for doors more than 84 inches (2130 mm) high.
- D. Fabricate locking device assembly with lock, spring-loaded dead bolt, operating handle, cam plate, and adjustable locking bar to engage through slots in tracks.
 - 1. Locking Bars: Single-jamb side, operable from inside only.
 - 2. Provide lock cylinder to match cylinders and keying of building as specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware."

2.4 COUNTERBALANCING MECHANISM

- A. General: Counterbalance doors by means of adjustable-tension steel helical torsion spring, mounted around a steel shaft and contained in a spring barrel connected to door curtain with required barrel rings. Use grease-sealed bearings or self-lubricating graphite bearings for rotating members.
- B. Counterbalance Barrel: Fabricate spring barrel of hot-formed, structural-quality, welded or seamless carbon-steel pipe, of sufficient diameter and wall thickness to support rolled-up curtain without distortion of slats and to limit barrel deflection to not more than 0.03 in./ft. (2.5 mm/m) of span under full load.
- C. Provide spring balance of one or more oil-tempered, heat-treated steel helical torsion springs. Size springs to counterbalance weight of curtain, with uniform adjustment accessible from outside barrel. Provide cast-steel barrel plugs to secure ends of springs to barrel and shaft.
- D. Fabricate torsion rod for counterbalance shaft of cold-rolled steel, sized to hold fixed spring ends and carry torsional load.
- E. Brackets: Provide mounting brackets of manufacturer's standard design, either cast-iron or cold-rolled steel plate with bell-mouth guide groove for curtain.

2.5 MOTOR DOOR OPERATORS

- A. General: Electric door operator assembly of size and capacity recommended and provided by door manufacturer for door specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, solenoid-operated brake, clutch, remote-control stations, control devices, integral gearing for locking door, and accessories required for proper operation.
 - 1. Comply with NFPA 70.
 - 2. Provide control equipment complying with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6, with NFPA 70 Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24 V, ac or dc.
 - 3. Cycle Requirements: Maximum 20 times per day.
- B. Disconnect Device: Provide hand-operated disconnect or mechanism for automatically engaging chain and sprocket operator and releasing brake for emergency manual operation while

disconnecting motor without affecting timing of limit switch. Mount disconnect and operator so they are accessible from floor level. Include interlock device to automatically prevent motor from operating when emergency operator is engaged.

- C. Design operator so motor may be removed without disturbing limit-switch adjustment and without affecting emergency auxiliary operator.
- D. Motor-Operator Type: Provide wall-, hood-, or bracket-mounted, jackshaft-type door operator unit consisting of electric motor, enclosed lubricated gear drive, and chain and sprocket secondary drive.
 - 1. Basis of Design product: MGH motor operator by Cornell, or equal.
- E. Electric Motors: Provide high-starting torque, reversible, continuous-duty, Class A insulated, electric motors complying with NEMA MG 1; with overload protection; sized to start, accelerate, and operate door in either direction from any position, at not less than 6 in/sec (15 cm/s) and not more than 9 in/sec (23 cm/s), without exceeding nameplate ratings or service factor.
 - 1. Electrical Characteristics: 120V, 1 phase, 60Hz. Coordinate wiring requirements and electrical characteristics of motors with building electrical system.
 - 2. Provide 1/3 HP unit.
- F. Limit Switches: Provide adjustable switches, interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop door at fully opened and fully closed positions.
- G. Remote-Control Station: Provide momentary-contact, three-button control station with push-button controls labeled "Open," "Close," and "Stop."
 - 1. Interior units, full-guarded, surface-mounted, heavy-duty type, with general-purpose NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure.
 - 2. Exterior units, in NEMA 4X enclosure, MMTC 3B4X, flush mounted.
- H. Emergency Manual Operation: Equip each electrically powered door with capability for emergency manual operation by use of disconnect cable for auxiliary push-up operation.
- I. Obstruction Detection Device: Provide each motorized door with indicated external automatic safety sensor capable of protecting full width of door opening. Activation of sensor immediately stops and reverses downward door travel.
 - 1. Sensor Edge: Provide each motorized door with an automatic safety sensor edge, located within astragal mounted to bottom bar. Contact with sensor immediately stops and reverses downward door travel. Connect to control circuit using manufacturer's standard take-up reel or self-coiling cable.
 - a. Provide electrically actuated automatic bottom bar.
- 2.6 FINISHES, GENERAL

- A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast..

2.7 STEEL FINISHES

- A. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Manufacturer's standard baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.
 - 1. Color: As selected by Architect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for substrate construction and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine locations of electrical connections.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install door and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, jamb and head mold strips, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports according to Shop Drawings, manufacturer's written instructions, and as specified.
- B. Install overhead coiling doors, hoods, and operators at the mounting locations indicated for each door.
- C. Accessibility: Install overhead coiling doors, switches, and controls along accessible routes in compliance with regulatory requirements for accessibility.

3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Lubricate bearings and sliding parts; adjust doors to operate easily, free from warp, twist, or distortion and fitting weathertight for entire perimeter.
- 3.4 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Startup Services: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup services and to train Owner's maintenance personnel as specified below:
 - 1. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - a. Test door closing when activated by detector or alarm connected fire-release system. Reset door-closing mechanism after successful test.
 - 2. Train Owner's maintenance personnel on procedures and schedules related to startup and shutdown, troubleshooting, servicing, preventive maintenance, and procedures for testing and resetting release devices.
 - 3. Schedule training with Owner with at least 7 days' advance notice.

END OF SECTION 083326

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes aluminum windows of the performance class and grade indicated. Window types required include the following:
 - 1. Project-out, awning.
 - 2. Fixed.
- B. Auxiliary products specified in this Section include:
 - 1. Louvered panels installed as part of window system.
 - 2. Fixed spandrel panels installed as part of window system.
- C. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 08 Section "Glazing."
- 1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
 - A. General: Provide aluminum windows engineered, fabricated, and installed to withstand normal thermal movement, wind loading, and impact loading without failure, as demonstrated by testing manufacturer's standard window assemblies representing types, grades, classes, and sizes required for Project according to test methods indicated.
 - B. Test Criteria: Testing shall be performed by a qualified independent testing agency based on the following criteria:
 - 1. Wind Loads: Provide aluminum windows capable of withstanding wind-load design pressures indicated on the Drawings.
 - 2. Test Procedures: Test window units according to ASTM E 283 for air infiltration, ASTM E 331 for water penetration, and ASTM E 330 for uniform load deflection and structural performance.
 - C. Product Standard: Comply with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 for definitions and minimum standards of performance, materials, components, accessories, and fabrication unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
 - 1. Performance Class and Grade: As indicated in the window type in Part 2 below.
 - D. Performance Requirements: Testing shall demonstrate compliance with requirements indicated in AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 08 for air infiltration, water penetration, and structural performance for type, grade, and performance class of window units required.

- Air-Infiltration Rate: Not more than quantity of cfm/ft. (cu. m/h per m) of operable sash joint for an inward test pressure of as indicated in lbf/sq. ft. (Pa) for the window type in Part 2 below.
- 2. Water Penetration: No water penetration as defined in the test method at an inward test pressure indicated in the window type in Part 2 below.
- 3. Uniform Load Deflection: No deflection in excess of 1/175 of any member's span during the imposed load, for a positive (inward) and negative (outward) test pressure indicated in lbf/sq. ft. (Pa) for the window type in Part 2 below.
- 4. Structural Performance: No failure or permanent deflection in excess of 0.4 percent of any member's span after removing the imposed load, for a positive (inward) and negative (outward) test pressure indicated in lbf/sq. ft. (Pa) for the window type in Part 2 below.
- 5. Condensation Resistance: Where window units are indicated to be "thermally improved," provide units tested for thermal performance according to AAMA 1503.1 showing a minimum condensation resistance factor (CRF) as indicated for the window type in Part 2 below.
- 6. Thermal Transmittance: Provide window units with a U-value maximum as indicated in Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F (W/sq. m x K) at 15-mi./h (24-km/h) exterior wind velocity, when tested according to AAMA 1503.1, for the window type in Part 2 below.
- 7. Forced-Entry Resistance: Comply with performance grade 10 requirements when tested according to ASTM F 588.
- 8. Thermal Movements: Provide window units that allow thermal movement resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient temperature when engineering, fabricating, and installing aluminum windows to prevent buckling, opening of joints, and overstressing of components, connections, and other detrimental effects. Base engineering calculation on actual surface temperatures of materials due to solar heat gain and nighttime sky heat loss.
 - a. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data for each type of window, spandrel panel and louvered panel required, including the following:
 - 1. Construction details and fabrication methods.
 - 2. Profiles and dimensions of individual components.
 - 3. Data on hardware, accessories, and finishes.
 - 4. Recommendations for maintaining and cleaning exterior surfaces.
- B. Shop Drawings showing fabrication and installation of each type of window, spandrel panel and louvered panel required including information not fully detailed in manufacturer's standard Product Data and the following:
 - 1. Layout and installation details, including anchors.
 - 2. Elevations at 1/4 inch = 1 foot (1:50) scale and typical window unit elevations at 3/4 inch = 1 foot (1:20) scale.
 - 3. Full-size section details of typical composite members, including reinforcement and stiffeners.
 - 4. Location of weep holes.

- 5. Panning details.
- 6. Hardware, including operators.
- 7. Window cleaning provisions.
- 8. Glazing details.
- 9. Accessories.
- C. Product Schedule: For aluminum windows. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
- D. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts showing the full range of colors available for units with factory-applied color finishes.
- E. Samples for Verification: 12-inch- (300-mm-) long sections of window members with applied finish. The Architect reserves the right to require additional samples that show fabrication techniques, workmanship, and design of hardware and accessories.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Test reports from a qualified independent testing agency indicating that each type, grade, and size of window unit complies with performance requirements indicated based on comprehensive testing of current window units within the last 5 years. Test results based on use of down-sized test units will not be accepted.
- B. Qualification Data:
 - 1. For Installer to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Provide evidence of acceptability from manufacturer for installation.
 - 2. For manufacturer.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced Installer acceptable to aluminum window manufacturer for installation of units required for this Project, who has completed installation of aluminum windows similar in material, design, and extent to those required for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A manufacturer capable of fabricating aluminum windows that meet or exceed performance requirements indicated and of documenting this performance by test reports, and calculations.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain all aluminum windows, louvered panels and spandrel panels through one source and from a single manufacturer.
- D. Product Options: The Drawings indicate sizes, profiles, dimensional requirements, and aesthetic effects of aluminum windows and are based on the specific window types and models indicated. Other aluminum window manufacturers whose products have equal performance characteristics may be considered provided deviations in size, profile, and dimensions are minor and do not alter the aesthetic effect. Refer to Division 01 Section regarding substitutions.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

<u>085110 - 3</u>

A. Field Measurements: Check window openings by field measurements before fabrication and show recorded measurements on Shop Drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.

1.7 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: The special warranty specified in this Article shall not deprive the Owner of other rights the Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by the Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Special Warranty: Submit a written warranty signed by aluminum window manufacturer agreeing to repair or replace window components that fail in materials or workmanship within the specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Structural failures including excessive deflection, water leakage, air infiltration, or condensation.
 - 2. Faulty operation of sash and hardware.
 - 3. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
- C. Warranty Period: 5 years after date of Substantial Completion.
- D. Warranty Period for Glass: 10 years after date of Substantial Completion.
- E. Warranty Period for Metal Finishes: 20 years after date of Substantial Completion for Kynar painted finish and 10 years for anodized finish.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 MANUFACTURERS
 - A. Approved Manufacturers:
 - 1. EFCO Corporation
 - 2. Kawneer, an Arconic Company.
 - 3. YKK
 - 4. Or equal

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Aluminum Extrusions: Provide alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance, and application of required finish, but not less than 22,000-psi (150-MPa) ultimate tensile strength and not less than 0.080 inch thick at any location for main frame and sash members.

- B. Fasteners: Provide aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, epoxy adhesive, or other materials warranted by manufacturer to be noncorrosive and compatible with aluminum window members, trim, hardware, anchors, and other components of window units.
 - 1. Reinforcement: Where fasteners screw anchor into aluminum less than 0.125 inch (3.2 mm) thick, reinforce interior with aluminum or nonmagnetic stainless steel to receive screw threads or provide standard, noncorrosive, pressed-in, splined grommet nuts.
 - 2. Exposed Fasteners: Except where unavoidable for application of hardware, do not use exposed fasteners. For application of hardware, use fasteners that match finish of member or hardware being fastened, as appropriate. Where exposed fasteners are unavoidable, provide tamper-resistant fasteners.
- C. Anchors, Clips, and Window Accessories: Fabricate anchors, clips, and window accessories of aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel, or hot-dip zinc-coated steel or iron complying with requirements of ASTM B 633; provide sufficient strength to withstand design pressure indicated.
- D. Compression-Type Weather Stripping: Provide compressible weather stripping designed for permanently resilient sealing under bumper or wiper action and for complete concealment when aluminum window is closed.
 - 1. Weather-Stripping Material: Manufacturer's standard system and materials.
- E. Sealant: For sealants required within fabricated window units, provide type recommended by manufacturer for joint size and movement. Sealant shall remain permanently elastic, nonshrinking, and nonmigrating. Comply with Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" of these Specifications for installation of sealants.
- 2.3 GLAZING
 - A. Provide insulating glass unit of material and thickness as specified in Section 088000.

2.4 HARDWARE

A. General: Where not indicated, provide manufacturer's standard hardware fabricated from aluminum, stainless steel, or other corrosion-resistant material compatible with aluminum and of sufficient strength to perform the function for which it is intended.

2.5 ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard accessories that comply with indicated standards.
- B. Insect Screens: Provide insect screens for each operable exterior sash or ventilator as scheduled. Locate screens on inside or outside of window sash or ventilator, depending on window type. Design windows and hardware to accommodate screens in a tight-fitting, removable arrangement, with a minimum of exposed fasteners and latches. Provide wickets where indicated.
 - 1. Screen Frames: Fabricate frames of tubular-shaped, extruded- or formed-aluminum members of 0.040-inch- (1-mm-) minimum wall thickness, with mitered or coped joints and concealed mechanical fasteners. Finish frames to match window units.

- a. Provide removable PVC spline-anchor concealing edge of screen frame.
- Wire-Fabric: 18-by-16 mesh of 0.011-inch-diameter, coated aluminum wire.
 a. Color: As selected by Architect.
- C. Sills: Finished to match window. Provide where indicated.
 - 1. Extruded: .125 inch thick extruded aluminum.
- D. Louvered Panels: Manufacturer's standard, in finish to match windows.
- E. Spandrel Panels: Manufacturer's standard metal faced spandrel panels, in finish to match windows.
- F. Provide integral mulling/stacking system as required.
- G. Provide receptors, subsills, panning, anchors and all accessories required for a complete installation.
- 2.6 FABRICATION, GENERAL
 - A. General: Fabricate aluminum window units to comply with indicated standards. Include a complete system for assembly of components and anchorage of window units.
 - 1. Provide units that are reglazable without dismantling sash or ventilator framing.
 - B. Thermally Improved Construction: Fabricate window units with an integral, concealed, lowconductance, structural thermal barrier, located between exterior materials and window members exposed on interior, in a manner that eliminates direct metal-to-metal contact.
 - 1. Provide thermal-break construction of pour and debridge polyurethane utilizing "Azo-Brader" technology, or equal.
 - 2. Provide hardware with low conductivity or nonmetallic material for hardware bridging thermal breaks at frame or vent sash.
 - C. Weep Holes: Provide weep holes and internal passages to conduct infiltrating water to exterior.
 - D. Preglazed Fabrication: Preglaze window units at the factory. Comply with glass and glazing requirements of Division 08 Section "Glazing" of these Specifications and AAMA 101.
 - E. Fabrication:
 - 1. Frame: 0.080 inch thick extrusions with each corner joined with mechanical fasteners.
 - 2. Vent: 0.080 inch thick tubular members with each corner mitered, gusset reinforced, crimped and sealed.
 - 3. Provide units incorporating pressure equalization to direct water to the exterior through baffled weep holes and/or compression seals installed in the aluminum extrusion.
 - 4. Glazing Stops: Provide snap-on glazing stops, coordinated with glass selection and glazing system indicated. Finish to match window units.

- F. Weatherstripping: Provide sliding-type weatherstripping where sash rails slide horizontally or vertically along unit frame. Provide compression-type weatherstripping at perimeter of each operating sash where sliding type is inappropriate.
 - 1. Provide weatherstripping locked into extruded grooves in sash.
- G. Provide water-shed members above side-hinged sashes and similar lines of natural water penetration.

2.7 FIXED WINDOWS

- A. Window Performance Class and Grade: Comply with requirements of AAMA Performance Class and Grade AW-PG40-FW. Window units shall successfully pass life-cycle test requirements specified in AAMA 910.
- B. Performance Requirements:

	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS								
Window Type(s)	Window Grade and Class	Air-Infil. Rate/ @ test pressure	Water Penetr.	Uniform Load Deflect.	Uniform Load Struct.				
Fixed	AW- PG40	.01 cfm/ ft. of sash @ 6.27	8.15 psf	40 psf	60 psf				

- C. Frame Depth: 2-3/8"
- D. Basis of Design Product: 4500 Series Fixed Windows by Wojan, or equal.
- E. Finish: Clear anodized.

2.8 PROJECTED WINDOWS (AWNING)

- A. Window Performance Class and Grade: Comply with requirements of AAMA Performance Class and Grade AW-PG40-AP. Window units shall successfully pass life-cycle test requirements specified in AAMA 910.
- B. Hardware: Provide the following equipment and operating hardware:
 - 1. Hinges: 4-bar arm, stainless steel.
 - 2. Locks: Cast white bronze lift handles, two per sash located one at each jamb.
 - 3. Pull Handle: Cast white bronze, one at each sash.

- C. Screens: Provide insect screens with wickets.
- D. Performance Requirements:

	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS							
Window Type(s)	Window Grade and Class	Air-Infil. Rate/ @ test pressure	Water Penetr.	Uniform Load Deflect.	Uniform Load Struct.			
Awning	AW- PG40	.03 cfm/ ft. of sash @ 6.27	8.15 psf	40 psf	60 psf			

- E. Frame Depth: 2-3/8"
- F. Basis of Design Product: 4600 Series Fixed Windows by Wojan, or equal.
- G. Finish: Clear anodized.

2.9 FINISHES

- A. Comply with NAAMM "Metal Finishes Manual" for recommendations relative to applying and designating finishes.
- B. Finish designations prefixed by AA conform to the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
- C. Class I, Clear Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm or thicker complying with AAMA 611.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

- A. Inspect openings before installation. Verify that rough or masonry opening is correct and sill plate is level.
 - 1. Masonry surfaces shall be visibly dry and free of excess mortar, sand, and other construction debris.
 - 2. Metal surfaces shall be dry; clean; free of grease, oil, dirt, rust and corrosion, and welding slag; without sharp edges or offsets at joints.
- 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's specifications and recommendations for installing window units, hardware, operators, spandrel panels, louvered panels and other components of the Work.
- B. Set window units plumb, level, and true to line, without warp or rack of frames or sash. Provide proper support and anchor securely in place.
 - 1. Separate aluminum and other corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials by complying with requirements specified under "Dissimilar Materials" Paragraph in appendix to AAMA 101.
- C. Set sill members and other members in a bed of sealant or with joint fillers or gaskets, as shown on Shop Drawings, to provide weathertight construction. Refer to Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for compounds, fillers, and gaskets to be installed concurrently with window units. Coordinate installation with wall flashings and other components of the Work.
 - 1. Sealants, joint fillers, and gaskets to be installed after installation of window units are specified in another Division 07 Section.

3.3 CLEANING

- A. Clean aluminum surfaces promptly after installing windows. Exercise care to avoid damage to protective coatings and finishes. Remove excess glazing and sealant compounds, dirt, and other substances. Lubricate hardware and other moving parts.
- B. Clean glass of preglazed units promptly after installing windows. Comply with requirements of Division 08 Section "Glazing" for cleaning and maintenance.

3.4 PROTECTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to aluminum window manufacturer, that ensure window units are without damage or deterioration at the time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 085113

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Commercial door hardware for the following:
 - a. Swinging doors
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 08 Section "Hollow Metal Doors and Frames" for factory prefitting and factory premachining of doors for door hardware.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product data including manufacturers' technical product data for each item of door hardware, installation instructions, maintenance of operating parts and finish, and other information necessary to show compliance with requirements.
- B. Final hardware schedule coordinated with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
 - 1. Final Hardware Schedule Content: Based on hardware indicated, organize schedule into "hardware sets" indicating complete designations of every item required for each door or opening. Include the following information:
 - a. Type, style, function, size, and finish of each hardware item.
 - b. Name and manufacturer of each item.
 - c. Fastenings and other pertinent information.
 - d. Location of each hardware set cross referenced to indications on Drawings both on floor plans and in door and frame schedule.
 - e. Explanation of all abbreviations, symbols, and codes contained in schedule.
 - f. Mounting locations for hardware.
 - g. Door and frame sizes and materials.
 - h. Keying information.
 - 2. Submittal Sequence: Submit final schedule at earliest possible date particularly where acceptance of hardware schedule must precede fabrication of other work that is critical in the Project construction schedule. Include with schedule the product data, samples, shop drawings of other work affected by door hardware, and other information essential to the coordinated review of schedule.
 - 3. Keying Schedule: Submit separate detailed schedule indicating clearly how the Owner's final instructions on keying of locks has been fulfilled.
- C. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.

D. Templates for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared for the installation of door hardware. Check shop drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Single Source Responsibility: Obtain each type of hardware (latch and lock sets, hinges, closers, etc.) from a single manufacturer.
- B. Supplier Qualifications: A recognized architectural door hardware supplier, with warehousing facilities in the Project's vicinity, that has a record of successful in-service performance for supplying door hardware similar in quantity, type, and quality to that indicated for this Project and that employs an experienced Door and hardware Institute, Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC) who is available to Owner, Architect, and Contractor, at reasonable times during the course of the Work, for consultation and who shall review the schedule for overall coordination of hardware.
 - 1. Require supplier to meet with Owner to finalize functions of locking devices, keying requirements and to obtain final instructions in writing.
 - 2. Hardware schedule shall be prepared and sealed by AHC.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with provisions of the following:
 - 1. Comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), "Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)," and ANSI A117.1-09, as follows:
 - a. Handles, Pulls, Latches, Locks, and other Operating Devices: Shape that is easy to grasp with one hand and does not require tight grasping, tight pinching, or twisting of the wrist.
 - b. Door Closers: Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements indicated:
 - 1) Interior Hinged Doors: 5 lbf (22.2 N) applied perpendicular to door.
 - 2) Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - c. Thresholds: Not more than ½ inch (13 mm high). Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2.
 - 2. NFPA 101: Comply with the following for means of egress doors:
 - a. Latches, Locks, and Exit Devices: Not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to release the latch. Locks shall not require the use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.
 - b. Door Closers: Not more than 30 lbf (133 N) to set door in motion and not more than 15 lbf (67 N) to open door to minimum required width.
 - c. Thresholds: Not more than 1/2 inch (13 mm) high.
- D. Function and Keying Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1. Incorporate function and keying conference decisions into final hardware and keying schedule after reviewing door hardware functions and keying system including, but not limited to, the following:

- 1. Function of building, flow of traffic, purpose of each area, degree of security required, and plans for future expansion.
- 2. Preliminary key system schematic diagram.
- 3. Address for delivery of keys.

1.4 PRODUCT HANDLING

- A. Tag each item or package separately with identification related to final hardware schedule, and include basic installation instructions with each item or package.
- B. Packaging of door hardware is responsibility of supplier. As material is received by hardware supplier from various manufacturers, sort and repackage in containers clearly marked with appropriate hardware set number to match set numbers of approved hardware schedule. Two or more identical sets may be packed in same container.
- C. Inventory door hardware jointly with representatives of hardware supplier and hardware installer until each is satisfied that count is correct.
- D. Deliver individually packaged door hardware items promptly to place of installation (shop or Project site).
- E. Provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to the Project, but not yet installed. Control handling and installation of hardware items that are not immediately replaceable so that completion of the Work will not be delayed by hardware losses both before and after installation.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Coordination: Coordinate hardware with other work. Furnish hardware items of proper design for use on doors and frames of the thickness, profile, swing security and similar requirements indicated, as necessary for the proper installation and function, regardless of omissions or conflicts in the information on the Contract Documents.
- B. Upon request, check the Shop Drawings for doors and entrances to confirm that adequate provisions will be made for the proper installation of hardware.
- C. Coordinate hardware requirements with card readers provided by Owner.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: Special warranties specified in this Article shall not deprive Owner of other rights Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Special Warranty: Written warranty, executed by manufacturer agreeing to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
- 2. Faulty operation of operators and door hardware.
- 3. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
- C. Warranty Period: From date of Substantial Completion, unless otherwise indicated.:
 - 1. Locksets: Three (3) years
 - 2. All other Hardware: Two (2) years.

1.7 MAINTENANCE AND TRAINING

A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Provide products and manufacturers as listed in "Schedule of Acceptable Manufacturers and Products" included at end of this section.

2.2 SCHEDULED HARDWARE

- A. Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size, and other distinctive qualities of each type of finish hardware are indicated in the "Hardware Schedule" at the end of this Section. Products are identified by using hardware designation numbers of the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's Product Designations: The product designation and name of one manufacturer are listed for each hardware type required for the purpose of establishing minimum requirements. Provide either the product designated, or equivalent product approved by the Architect.

2.3 MATERIALS AND FABRICATION

- A. Fasteners: Provide hardware manufactured to conform to published templates, generally prepared for machine screw installation. Do not provide hardware that has been prepared for self-tapping sheet metal screws, except as specifically indicated.
- B. Furnish screws for installation with each hardware item. Provide Phillips flat-head screws except as otherwise indicated. Finish exposed (exposed under any condition) screws to match hardware finish or, if exposed in surfaces of other work, to match finish of this other work as closely as possible including "prepared for paint" surfaces to receive painted finish.
- C. Provide concealed fasteners for hardware units that are exposed when door is closed except to the extent no standard units of type specified are available with concealed fasteners. Do not use

thru-bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed in other work unless their use is the only means of reinforcing the work adequately to fasten the hardware securely. Where thru-bolts are used as a means of reinforcing the work, provide sleeves for each thru-bolt or use sex screw fasteners.

2.4 HINGES, BUTTS

- A. Templates: Provide only template-produced units for hinges at new frames. Provide units to match existing frame mortises where frame is being re-used.
- B. Screws: Provide Phillips flat-head screws complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. For metal doors and frames install machine screws into drilled and tapped holes.
 - 2. Finish screw heads to match surface of hinges.
- C. Hinge Pins: Except as otherwise indicated, provide hinge pins as follows:
 - 1. Out-Swing Exterior Doors: Nonremovable pins.
 - 2. Out-Swing Corridor Doors: Nonremovable pins.
 - 3. Interior Doors: Nonrising pins.
 - 4. Tips: Flat button and matching plug, finished to match leaves.

2.5 LOCK CYLINDERS, CORES AND KEYING

- A. Equip locks with Corbin Russwin cylinders for interchangeable-core 6-pin tumbler inserts. Furnish only temporary inserts for the construction period, and remove these when directed.
 - 1. Furnish final cores and keys for installation by Owner.
- B. Metals: Construct lock cylinder and core parts from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver.
- C. Comply with Owner's instructions for masterkeying and, except as otherwise indicated, provide individual change key for each lock that is not designated to be keyed alike with a group of related locks.
 - 1. Permanently inscribe each key with number of lock that identifies cylinder manufacturer's key symbol, and notation, "DO NOT DUPLICATE."
 - 2. Design master key system allowing for 300 percent expansion.
- D. Key Material: Provide keys of nickel silver only.
- E. Key Quantity: Furnish 3 change keys for each lock, 5 master keys for each master system, and 5 grandmaster keys for each grandmaster system.
 - 1. Deliver keys to Owner.

2.6 LOCKS, LATCHES AND BOLTS

- A. Locksets and Latchsets: Extra-heavy-duty lever bored lockset with interchangeable core and solid shank with no opening for access to keyed lever keeper, through-bolted lock chassis (outside of the lock chassis prep) to prevent rotation of chassis after installation.
- B. Strikes: Provide manufacturer's standard wrought box strike for each latch or lock bolt, with curved lip extended to protect frame, finished to match hardware set, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Provide flat lip strikes for locks with 3-piece, antifriction latchbolts as recommended by manufacturer.
 - 2. Provide recess type top strikes for bolts locking into head frames, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Provide dust-proof strikes for foot bolts, except where special threshold construction provides nonrecessed strike for bolt.
 - 4. Provide roller type strikes where recommended by manufacturer of the latch and lock units.
- C. Lock Throw: Provide 5/8-inch minimum throw of latch on pairs of doors. Comply with UL requirements for throw of bolts and latch bolts on rated fire openings.
 - 1. Provide 1/2-inch minimum throw of latch for other bored and preassembled types of locks and 3/4-inch minimum throw of latch for mortise locks. Provide 1-inch minimum throw for all dead bolts.
- D. Flush or Surface Bolt Heads: Minimum of 1/2-inch-diameter rods of brass, bronze, or stainless steel with minimum 12-inch-long rod for doors up to 7'-0" in height. Provide longer rods as necessary for doors exceeding 7'-0" in height.

2.7 DOOR TRIM UNITS

- A. Fabricate protection plates the width of single leaf doors less 1-1/2-inches, and width of door leaf less 1" for pairs of doors, to yield a uniform reveal. Provide on push side by height indicated.
 - 1. Metal Plates: Stainless steel, 0.050 inch (U.S. 18 gage).

2.8 WEATHERSTRIPPING AND SEALS

- A. General: Provide continuous weatherstripping on exterior doors and interior doors where indicated or scheduled. Provide noncorrosive fasteners.
- B. Weatherstripping at Jambs and Heads: Provide brush type insert and extruded aluminum with anodized finish retainer strips, surface applied, of design and size scheduled.
- C. Weatherstripping Sweep: Provide sweep consisting of brush type insert and extruded aluminum with anodized finish housing, surface applied, of design and size scheduled.

2.9 THRESHOLDS

A. General: Except as otherwise indicated, provide standard metal threshold unit of type, size, and profile as shown or scheduled.

2.10 HARDWARE FINISHES

- A. Provide satin chrome, BHMA 626 (US26D) finish for all hardware items to greatest extent possible or manufacturer's standard finish matching this finish.
 - 1. Provide other finishes as specifically scheduled.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, door and frame supports, and other conditions affecting performance of door hardware.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Mount hardware units at heights indicated in following applicable publications, except as specifically indicated or required to comply with governing regulations and except as otherwise directed by Architect.
 - 1. All doors with lever trim shall have hardware mounted at heights required by ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) regulations.
 - 2. "Recommended Locations for Builders Hardware for Standard Steel Doors and Frames" by the Door and Hardware Institute.
- B. Install each hardware item in compliance with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations. Where cutting and fitting is required to install hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation or application of surface protection with finishing work specified in the Division 09 Sections. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on the substrates involved.
- C. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce the attachment substrate as necessary for proper installation and operation.
- D. Pre-drill and countersink doors, frames and units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors in accordance with industry standards.
- E. Hand tighten screws and fasteners, use of power driven tools must be limited to preliminary driving screws if permitted by door and hardware manufacturer.

- F. Replace doors damaged by improper hardware installation.
- G. Set thresholds for exterior doors in full bed of sealant specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealant."
- H. Seals: Comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations to the extent installation requirements are not otherwise indicated.

3.3 ADJUSTING, CLEANING, AND DEMONSTRATING

- A. Adjust and check each operating item of hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate freely and smoothly or as intended for the application made.
 - 1. Where door hardware is installed more than one month prior to acceptance or occupancy of a space or area, return to the installation during the week prior to acceptance or occupancy and make final check and adjustment of all hardware items in such space or area. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish of hardware and doors. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment.
- B. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by hardware installation.
- C. Instruct Owner's personnel in the proper adjustment and maintenance of door hardware and hardware finishes.

3.4 HARDWARE SCHEDULE

- A. SCHEDULE OF ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS AND PRODUCTS: Manufacturers and products are listed in Hardware Sets to establish the general product appearance, type and quality intended for use. Certain items have been specially selected for their appearance and function. Equal products of manufacturers other than those listed below may be acceptable subject to the approval of the Architect. Substitutions proposed for hardware items must be equivalent in every way, as judged solely by Architect.
 - 1. Hinges Interior Doors: Hager BB 1279, full mortise standard weight, BHMA 652 (US26D) finish; 4-1/2" x 4-1/2", 2-ball bearing 5-knuckle; or equivalent by Bommer, McKinney. or Stanley.
 - 2. Hinges Exterior Doors: Hager BB 1199 (heavy weight), Stainless steel with stainless steel pin, BHMA 630 (US32D) finish; 4-1/2" x 4-1/2", 4-ball bearing 5-knuckle; or approved equivalent by Bommer or McKinney.
 - 3. Locksets/Latchsets: Best cylindrical bored lockset, Series 9K, with #15D lever and rose style, with interchangeable/ removable core.

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- 4. Interchangeable Cores: Corbin Russwin, type as selected by Owner, for insertion in locksets, exit devices, and elsewhere as scheduled; finish to match lockset. Provide with key and concealed cylinder stamping.
- 5. Cylinders for use with Interchangeable Core: Corbin Russwin 6 or 7 pin as selected by Owner, with temporary construction cores, finish to match lockset.
- 6. Kickplates: Rockwood, B4E, stainless steel 8 inches high unless noted otherwise, by door width, where indicated, or equivalent by Ives.
- 7. Silencers: Rockwood No. 608, for hollow metal frames, No. 609 for wood frames, or equivalent by Ives.
- 8. Wall Stops: Rockwood No. 406, 407 or 408 as required by wall material, with grey bumper and BHMA 630 finish; or equivalent by Ives
- 9. Floor Stops: Rockwood No.441 or 443 as required, provide risers 449 as required, with grey bumper and BHMA 630 finish; or equivalent by Ives.
- 10. Overhead Stops: Rockwood OH 1000 Series stainless steel, of size required, or equivalent by Ives.
- 11. Surface Bolts: Rockwood 580-12, 12" surface bolt or equal by Trimco or Ives.
- 12. Thresholds for Exterior Doors: Pemko Aluminum type as indicated on Drawings for each location; 176A finish (mill), or approved equivalent by National Guard Products or Zero, length as required, width as shown on details
- 13. Weatherstripping: Pemko Aluminum type as indicated on Drawings for each location; 176A finish (mill), or approved equivalent by National Guard Products or Zero.
- 14. Sweep: Pemko Aluminum type as indicated on Drawings for each location; 176A finish (mill), or approved equivalent by National Guard Products or Zero.
- 15. Rain Drip: National Guard Products: 17, or approved equivalent by Pemko or Zero.

B. SCHEDULED HARDWARE SETS

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Doors hardware shall not prohibit exiting from spaces.
- 2. Provide hardware finishes specified above unless noted otherwise for a specific set or door.
- 3. Provide all required installation accessories and options necessary for complete installation of each hardware component, to ensure proper operation of the product.
- 4. Coordinate all hardware components for each door leaf for overall compatibility.
- 5. Through-bolting of hardware is not permitted, coordinate all blocking requirements with door manufacturer.
- 6. Provide all interior doors with wall stops, one per leaf; provide floor type as required when wall stop not feasible. Specific stops scheduled are exceptions to this.

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END OF SECTION 087100

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes glazing for the following products and applications, including those specified in other Sections where glazing requirements are specified by reference to this Section:
 - 1. Windows.
 - 2. Doors.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Manufacturer: A firm that produces primary glass or fabricated glass as defined in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Interspace: Space between lites of an insulating-glass unit that contains dehydrated air or a specified gas.
- C. Deterioration of Coated Glass: Defects developed from normal use that are attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning coated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include peeling, cracking, and other indications of deterioration in metallic coating.
- D. Deterioration of Laminated Glass: Defects developed from normal use that are attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning laminated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glass, and blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced laminated-glass standard.
- E. Deterioration of Insulating Glass: Failure of the hermetic seal under normal use that is attributed to the manufacturing process and not to causes other than glass breakage and practices for maintaining and cleaning insulating glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Evidence of failure is the obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on interior surfaces of glass.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Provide glazing systems capable of withstanding normal thermal movement and wind and impact loads (where applicable) without failure, including loss or glass breakage attributable to the following: defective manufacture, fabrication, and installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight; deterioration of glazing materials; or other defects in construction.
- B. Thermal Movements: Provide glazing that allows for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures acting on glass framing members and glazing components. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.

1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each glass product and glazing material indicated.
- B. Glazing Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings for glazed openings in preparing a schedule listing glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location.
- C. Product Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of glass and glazing products certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.
 - 1. For solar-control low-e-coated glass, provide documentation demonstrating that manufacturer of coated glass is certified by coating manufacturer
- D. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- E. Product Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency indicating the following products comply with requirements, based on comprehensive testing of current products:
 - 1. Insulating glass.
 - 2. Coated float glass.
 - 3. Glazing sealants.
- G. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of glass from one primary-glass manufacturer.
- C. Source Limitations for Glass Sputter-Coated with Solar-Control Low-E Coatings: Where solarcontrol low-e coatings of a primary glass manufacturer that has established a certified fabricator program is specified, obtain sputter-coated solar-control low-e-coated glass in fabricated units from a manufacturer that is certified by coated-glass manufacturer
- D. Glass Product Testing: Obtain glass test results for product test reports in "Submittals" Article from a qualified testing agency based on testing glass products.
 - 1. Glass Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.

- E. Elastomeric Glazing Sealant Product Testing: Obtain sealant test results for product test reports in "Submittals" Article from a qualified testing agency based on testing current sealant formulations within a 36-month period.
 - 1. Sealant Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.
 - 2. Test elastomeric glazing sealants for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C 920, and where applicable, to other standard test methods.
- F. Safety Glass: Category II materials complying with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201 and ANSI Z97.1.
 - 1. Subject to compliance with requirements, permanently mark safety glass with certification label of Safety Glazing Certification Council or another certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Safety glass includes laminated glass.
- G. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass product manufacturers and organizations below, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Refer to these publications for glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.
 - 1. SIGMA Publications: SIGMA TM-3000, "Vertical Glazing Guidelines."
 - 2. GANA Publications: GANA'S "Glazing Manual" and "Laminated Glass Design Guide."
 - 3. IGMA Publication for Insulating Glass: SIGMA TM-3000, "Glazing Guidelines for Sealed Insulating Glass Units."
- H. Insulating-Glass Certification Program: Permanently marked either on spacers or on at least one component lite of units with appropriate certification label of the following inspecting and testing agency:
 - 1. Insulating Glass Certification Council.
 - 2. Associated Laboratories, Inc.
 - 3. National Accreditation and Management Institute.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect glazing materials according to manufacturer's written instructions and as needed to prevent damage to glass and glazing materials from condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing material manufacturers and when glazing channel substrates are wet from rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
 - 1. Do not install liquid glazing sealants when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing sealant manufacturer or below 40 deg F (4.4 deg C).

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: Special warranties specified in this Article shall not deprive Owner of other rights Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Coated-Glass Products: Written warranty, made out to Owner and signed by coated-glass manufacturer agreeing to furnish replacements for those coated-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
 - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Insulating Glass: Written warranty, made out to Owner and signed by insulating-glass manufacturer agreeing to furnish replacements for insulating-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
 - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- D. Manufacturer's Special Warranty on Laminated Glass: Written warranty, made out to Owner and signed by laminated-glass manufacturer agreeing to furnish replacements for laminated-glass units that deteriorate as defined in "Definitions" Article, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRIMARY FLOAT GLASS

- A. Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I (transparent glass, flat), Quality q3 (glazing select); Class 1 unless otherwise indicated in schedules at the end of Part 3.
- 2.2 COATED FLOAT GLASS
 - A. General: Provide coated glass complying with requirements indicated in this Article and in schedules at the end of Part 3.
 - B. Sputter-Coated Float Glass: ASTM C 1376, float glass with metallic-oxide or -nitride coating deposited by vacuum deposition process after manufacture and heat treatment (if any), and complying with other requirements specified in schedules at the end of Part 3.
 - 1. Basis of Design Product: Solarban 60 by Vitro Architectural Glass (formerly PPG), or equal.
- 2.3 LAMINATED GLASS

- A. Laminated Glass: Comply with ASTM C 1172 for kinds of laminated glass indicated and other requirements specified, including those in the Laminated-Glass Schedule at the end of Part 3.
- B. Interlayer: Interlayer material as indicated below, clear or in colors, and of thickness indicated with a proven record of no tendency to bubble, discolor, or lose physical and mechanical properties after laminating glass lites and installation.
 - 1. Interlayer Material: Polyvinyl butyral sheets
 - 2. Interlayer Thickness: .030".
 - 3. Interlayer Color: Clear.
- C. Laminating Process: Fabricate laminated glass to produce glass free of foreign substances and air or glass pockets as follows:
 - 1. Laminate lites with polyvinyl butyral interlayer in autoclave with heat plus pressure.

2.4 INSULATING GLASS

- A. Insulating-Glass Units: Preassembled units consisting of sealed lites of glass separated by a dehydrated interspace, and complying with ASTM E 774 for Class CBA units and with requirements specified in this Article and in the Insulating-Glass Schedule at the end of Part 3.
- B. Overall Unit Thickness and Thickness of Each Lite: Dimensions indicated in the Insulating-Glass Schedule at the end of Part 3 are nominal and the overall thicknesses of units are measured perpendicularly from outer surfaces of glass lites at unit's edge.
- C. Sealing System: Dual seal, with primary and secondary sealants as follows:
 - 1. Manufacturer's standard sealants.
- D. Spacer Specifications: Manufacturer's standard spacer material and construction complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Aluminum with mill or clear-anodized finish.
 - 2. Desiccant: Molecular sieve or silica gel, or blend of both.
 - **3**. Corner Construction: Manufacturer's standard corner construction.

2.5 ELASTOMERIC GLAZING SEALANTS

- A. General: Provide products of type indicated, complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Compatibility: Select glazing sealants that are compatible with one another and with other materials they will contact, including glass products, seals of insulating-glass units, and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
 - 2. Suitability: Comply with sealant and glass manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.
 - **3**. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range for this characteristic.

- 4. Field-applied sealants shall have a VOC content of not more than 250 g/L.
- B. Single-Component Neutral-Curing Silicone Sealant: ASTM C 920; Type S; Grade NS; Class 50; Uses NT, M, G, A, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.
 - 1. Products:
 - a. Dow Corning Corporation; 791.
 - b. Dow Corning Corporation; 795.
 - c. GE Silicones; SilPruf NB SCS9000.
 - d. GE Silicones; UltraPruf II SCS2900.
 - e. Pecora Corporation; 865.
 - f. Pecora Corporation; 895.
 - g. Pecora Corporation; 898

2.6 GLAZING TAPES

- A. Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tape: Preformed, butyl-based elastomeric tape with a solids content of 100 percent; nonstaining and nonmigrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application indicated; packaged on rolls with a release paper backing; and complying with ASTM C 1281 and AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.
- B. Expanded Cellular Glazing Tape: Closed-cell, PVC foam tape; factory coated with adhesive on both surfaces; packaged on rolls with release liner protecting adhesive; and complying with AAMA 800 for the following types:
 - 1. Type 1, for glazing applications in which tape acts as the primary sealant.
 - 2. Type 2, for glazing applications in which tape is used in combination with a full bead of liquid sealant.

2.7 GLAZING GASKETS

A. Glazing gaskets for aluminum windows are specified in Division 08 Section "Aluminum Windows."

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with referenced glazing standard, requirements of manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials for application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.
- B. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
- C. Setting Blocks: Silicone elastomeric material with a Shore A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.
- D. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions with a Shore A durometer hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.

- E. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).
- F. Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing: ASTM C 1330, Type O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.

2.9 FABRICATION OF GLASS AND OTHER GLAZING PRODUCTS

A. Fabricate glass and other glazing products in sizes required to glaze openings indicated for Project, with edge and face clearances, edge and surface conditions, and bite complying with written instructions of product manufacturer and referenced glazing standard, to comply with system performance requirements.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine framing glazing, with Installer present, for compliance with the following:
 - 1. Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
 - 2. Presence and functioning of weep system.
 - 3. Minimum required face or edge clearances.
 - 4. Effective sealing between joints of glass-framing members.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean glazing channels and other framing members receiving glass immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly bonded to substrates.

3.3 GLAZING, GENERAL

- A. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Glazing channel dimensions, as indicated on Drawings, provide necessary bite on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thicknesses, with reasonable tolerances. Adjust as required by Project conditions during installation.
- C. Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass is glass with edge damage or other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken glass and impair performance and appearance.

- D. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.
- E. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.
- F. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.
- G. Provide spacers for glass lites where the length plus width is larger than 50 inches (1270 mm) as follows:
 - 1. Locate spacers directly opposite each other on both inside and outside faces of glass. Install correct size and spacing to preserve required face clearances, unless gaskets and glazing tapes are used that have demonstrated ability to maintain required face clearances and to comply with system performance requirements.
 - 2. Provide 1/8-inch (3-mm) minimum bite of spacers on glass and use thickness equal to sealant width. With glazing tape, use thickness slightly less than final compressed thickness of tape.
- H. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer and according to requirements in referenced glazing publications.
- I. Set glass lites in each series with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.
- J. Where wedge-shaped gaskets are driven into one side of channel to pressurize sealant or gasket on opposite side, provide adequate anchorage so gasket cannot walk out when installation is subjected to movement.
- K. Square cut wedge-shaped gaskets at corners and install gaskets in a manner recommended by gasket manufacturer to prevent corners from pulling away; seal corner joints and butt joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

3.4 TAPE GLAZING

- A. Position tapes on fixed stops so that, when compressed by glass, their exposed edges are flush with or protrude slightly above sightline of stops.
- B. Install tapes continuously, but not necessarily in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.
- C. Where framing joints are vertical, cover these joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first and then to jambs. Where framing joints are horizontal, cover these joints by applying tapes to jambs and then to heads and sills.
- D. Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant approved by tape manufacturer.
- E. Do not remove release paper from tape until just before each glazing unit is installed.

- F. Apply heel bead of elastomeric sealant.
- G. Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against tape by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings.
- H. Apply cap bead of elastomeric sealant over exposed edge of tape.

3.5 GASKET GLAZING (DRY)

- A. Fabricate compression gaskets in lengths recommended by gasket manufacturer to fit openings exactly, with stretch allowance during installation.
- B. Insert soft compression gasket between glass and frame or fixed stop so it is securely in place with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.
- C. Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.
- D. Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.

3.6 SEALANT GLAZING (WET)

- A. Install continuous spacers, or spacers combined with cylindrical sealant backing, between glass lites and glazing stops to maintain glass face clearances and to prevent sealant from extruding into glass channel and blocking weep systems until sealants cure. Secure spacers or spacers and backings in place and in position to control depth of installed sealant relative to edge clearance for optimum sealant performance.
- B. Force sealants into glazing channels to eliminate voids and to ensure complete wetting or bond of sealant to glass and channel surfaces.
- C. Tool exposed surfaces of sealants to provide a substantial wash away from glass.

3.7 PROTECTION AND CLEANING

- A. Protect exterior glass from damage immediately after installation by attaching crossed streamers to framing held away from glass. Do not apply markers to glass surface. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
- B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations, including weld splatter. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove them immediately as recommended by glass manufacturer.

- C. Examine glass surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for build-up of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains; remove as recommended by glass manufacturer.
- D. Remove and replace glass that is broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged in any way, including natural causes, accidents, and vandalism, during construction period.
- E. Wash glass on both exposed surfaces in each area of Project not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended by glass manufacturer.

3.8 GLASS SCHEDULE

- A. Exterior Glazing:
 - 1. Exterior Doors: Provide 1 inch insulated laminated glass as follows:
 - a. Outboard Lite: 1/4-inch thick clear, laminated glass, low-E coated on the second surface.
 - 1) Low-Emissivity Sputter Coating: Solarban 60 by Vitro Architectural Glass (formerly PPG Industries, Inc.) or equal.
 - b. Air Space: 1/2 inch.
 - c. Inboard Lite: 1/4-inch thick clear, laminated glass.
 - d. Performance Characteristics:
 - 1) Visible Light Transmittance: Min 70%.
 - 2) Winter Nighttime U-Value: Max. 0.29
 - 3) Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC): Max. 0.39
 - 4) Light to Solar Gain (LSG): Max. 1.79.
 - 5) Exterior Visible Light Reflectance: 11%
 - 6) Interior Visible Light Reflectance: 12%
 - 2. Aluminum Windows: Provide 1 inch insulated laminated glass for all windows where the bottom edge of the glazing is less than 18 inches from the floor, as follows:
 - a. Outboard Lite: 1/4-inch thick clear, laminated glass, low-E coated on the second surface.
 - 1) Low-Emissivity Sputter Coating: Solarban 60 by Vitro Architectural Glass (formerly PPG Industries, Inc.) or equal.
 - b. Air Space: 1/2 inch.
 - c. Inboard Lite: 1/4-inch thick clear, laminated glass.
 - d. Performance Characteristics:
 - 1) Visible Light Transmittance: Min 70%.
 - 2) Winter Nighttime U-Value: Max. 0.29
 - 3) Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC): Max. 0.39
 - 4) Light to Solar Gain (LSG): Max. 1.79.
 - 5) Exterior Visible Light Reflectance: 11%
 - 6) Interior Visible Light Reflectance: 12%

- 3. Aluminum Windows: Provide 1 inch insulated glass for all other windows, as follows:
 - a. Outboard Lite: 1/4-inch thick clear, annealed glass, low-E coated on the second surface.
 - 1) Low-Emissivity Sputter Coating: Solarban 60 by Vitro Architectural Glass (formerly PPG Industries, Inc.) or equal.
 - b. Air Space: 1/2 inch.
 - c. Inboard Lite: 1/4-inch thick clear, annealed glass.
 - d. Performance Characteristics:
 - 1) Visible Light Transmittance: Min 70%.
 - 2) Winter Nighttime U-Value: Max. 0.29
 - 3) Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC): Max. 0.39
 - 4) Light to Solar Gain (LSG): Max. 1.79.
 - 5) Exterior Visible Light Reflectance: 11%
 - 6) Interior Visible Light Reflectance: 12%
- B. Interior Glazing, as Scheduled:
 - 1. Non-Fire Rated Doors: 1/4 inch clear laminated glass.

END OF SECTION 088000

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