

SECTION 26 0500
COMMON WORK RESULTS – ELECTRICAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 EXECUTION OF THE WORK

- A. These specifications call out certain duties of the Electrical Contractor and his Subcontractors. They are not intended as a material list of items required by the Contract. Any reference in these specifications and on the accompanying drawings to the Contractor, Electrical Contractor, Electrical Subcontractor or abbreviation "E.C.", shall be construed to mean the Contractor responsible for all electrical construction (Division 26) work for this project.
- B. This division of the specifications covers the electrical systems of the project. It includes work performed by the electrical trades as well as trades not normally considered as electrical trades.
- C. Provide all items and work indicated on the Drawings and all items and work called for in this division of the specifications in accordance with the conditions of Contract (Division 01 General Requirements Documents). This includes all incidentals, equipment, appliances services, hoisting, scaffolding, supports, tools supervision, labor consumable items, fees licenses, etc., necessary to provide complete systems. Perform start-up and checkout on each item and system to provide fully operable systems.
- D. Comply with all provisions of the Contract Documents including the General Conditions, and Division 01 General Requirements of the specifications.
- E. Certain terms such as "shall, provide, install, complete, start-up" are not used in some parts of these specifications. This does not indicate that the items shall be less than completely installed or that systems shall be less than complete.
- F. Examine and compare the Electrical Drawings with these specifications, and report any discrepancies between them to the Architect/Engineer and obtain from him written instructions for changes necessary in the work. At time of bid the most stringent requirements must be included in said bid.
- G. Examine and compare the Electrical Drawings and Specifications with the Drawings and Specifications of other trades, and report any discrepancies between them to the Architect/Engineer and obtain from him written instructions for changes necessary in the work. At time of bid, the most stringent requirements must be included in said bid.
- H. Install and coordinate the electrical work in cooperation with other trades installing interrelated work. Before installation, make proper provisions to avoid interferences in a manner approved by the Architect/Engineer. All changes required in the work of the Contractor, caused by his neglect to do so, shall be made by him at his own expense.
- H. It is the intent of the Drawings and Specifications to provide a complete workable system ready for the Owner's operation. Any item not specifically shown on the Drawings or called for in the Specifications, but normally required to conform to the intent, are to be considered a part of the Contract.
- J. These specifications are basically equipment, installation, and performance Specifications. Some installation details are indicated on the Drawings. Where these differ from the Specifications, apply the more stringent at time of bid. Upon award of bid, contact Architect/Engineer for definite instructions.
- K. All materials furnished by the Contractor shall be new and unused (temporary lighting and power products are excluded) and free from defects. All materials used shall bear the Underwriter's Laboratory, Inc. label provided a standard has been established for the material in question.

- L. All products and materials shall be new, clean, free of defects and free of damage and corrosion.
- M. The exclusion from, or limitation in, the symbolism used on the Drawings or the language used in the Specifications for electrical work shall not be interpreted as a reason for omitting the accessories necessary to complete any required system or item of equipment.
- N. The use of words in the singular shall not be considered as limiting where other indications denote that more than one item is referred to.
- O. Except for conduit, conduit fittings, outlet boxes, wire and cable, all items of equipment or material shall be the product of one manufacturer throughout. Multiple manufacturers will not be permitted.
- P. Receive, inspect, store, install and wire Owner-furnished equipment where Owner furnished equipment is supplied.
- Q. Painting
 - 1. All manufactured electrical equipment such as switchgear, panelboards, control equipment, lighting fixtures, etc., shall have factory-applied finish as specified in the appropriate article in the Electrical Parts of the Specification.
 - 2. All other uncoated steel items such as boxes supports, hanger, rods, etc., shall be galvanized or have a shop coat of paint applied under this Part of the Specification. Normally shop coats shall be an approved primer containing at least 50 percent rust inhibitive pigment, applied before assembling the different parts.
 - 3. Including painting and retouching of:
 - a. Pre-finished enclosures of panelboards, switches, wireways, etc., where the finish has been slightly damaged in transit before assembling the different parts.
 - b. Any woodwork furnished in the electrical work.
 - c. Fixture hangers, except those received from manufacturers that are prefinished.
 - d. Miscellaneous iron brackets and supports.
 - e. Steel conduits buried in earth.
 - 4. Woodwork installed under this part of the specification shall be finished with filler sealer plus two (2) coats of PPG "Water Spar" gloss varnish.

1.2 COORDINATION OF THE WORK

- A. Certain materials will be provided by other trades. Examine the Contract Documents to ascertain these requirements.
- B. Carefully check space requirements with other trades and the physical confines of the area to ensure that all material can be installed in the spaces allotted thereto including finished suspended ceilings and the spaces within the existing building. Make modifications thereto as required and approved.
- C. No items foreign to the electrical system shall be run in the dedicated space of the electrical equipment. Dedicated space shall be defined as the width and depth of the equipment from the floor to the bottom of the structural ceiling. Foreign systems include but are not limited to ductwork, piping, sprinklers, drip trays, etc. Contractor shall be responsible to coordinate the locations of the dedicated spaces with all trades as required.

- D. Transmit to other trades all information required for work to be provided under their respective Sections in ample time for installation.
- E. Wherever work interconnects with work of other trades, coordinate with other trades to ensure that all trades have the information necessary so that they may properly install all the necessary connections and equipment. Identify all items of work that require access so that the ceiling trade will know where to install access doors and panels.
- F. Due to the type of installation, a fixed sequence of operation is required to properly install the complete systems. Coordinate, project and schedule work with other trades in accordance with the construction sequence.
- G. The locations of lighting fixtures, outlets, panels and other equipment indicated on the Drawings are approximately correct, but they are understood to be subject to such revision as may be found necessary or desirable at the time the work is installed in consequence of increase or reduction of the number of outlets, or in order to meet field conditions or to coordinate with modular requirements of ceilings, or to simplify the work, or for other legitimate causes.
- H. Exercise particular caution with reference to the location of panels, outlets, switches, etc., and have precise and definite locations approved by the Architect/Engineer before proceeding with the installation.
- I. The Drawings show only the general run of raceways and approximate location of outlets. Any significant changes in location of outlets, cabinets, etc., necessary in order to meet field conditions shall be brought to the immediate attention of the Architect/Engineer and receive his approval before such alterations are made. All such modifications shall be made without additional cost to the Owner.
- J. Obtain from the Architect/Engineer in the field, the location of such outlets or equipment not definitively located on the Drawings.
- K. Circuit "tags" in the form of arrows are used where shown to indicate the home runs of raceways to electrical distribution points. These tags show the circuits in each home run and the panel designation. Show the actual circuits numbers on the finished record tracing and on panel directory card. Where circuiting is not indicated, Electrical Contractor must provide required circuiting in accordance with the loading indicated on the drawings and/or as directed.
- L. The Drawings generally do not indicate the exact number of wires in each conduit for the branch circuit wiring of fixtures, and outlets, or the actual circuiting. Provide the correct wire size and quantity as required by the indicated circuiting and/or circuit numbers indicated and control, wiring diagrams, if any, specified voltage drop or maximum distance limitations, and the applicable requirements of the NEC.
- M. Adjust location of conduits, panels, equipment, pull boxes, fixtures, etc. to accommodate the work to prevent interferences, both anticipated and encountered. Determine the exact route and location of each raceway (and bus duct) prior to fabrication.
 - 1. Right-of-Way:
 - a. Lines which pitch have the right-of-way over those which do not pitch. For example: steam, condensate, and plumbing drains normally have right-of way. Lines whose elevations cannot be changed to have right-of-way over lines whose elevations can be changed.
 - b. Make offsets, transitions and changes in direction in raceways (and bus duct) as required to maintain proper headroom in pitch of sloping lines whether or not indicated on the Drawings.

- N. Wherever the work is of sufficient complexity, prepare additional Detail Drawings to scale similar to that of the bidding Drawings, prepared on tracing medium of the same size as Contract Drawings. With these layouts, coordinate the work with the work of other trades. Such detailed work shall be clearly identified on the Drawings as to the area to which it applies. Submit for review Drawings clearly showing the work and its relation to the work of other trades before commencing shop fabrication or erection in the field.
- O. Contractor shall furnish services of an experienced Superintendent, who shall be in constant charge of all work, and who shall coordinate his work with the work of other trades. No work shall be installed before coordinating with other trades.
- P. Coordinate with contractors for work under other Divisions of this specification for all work necessary to accomplish this contractor's work.
- Q. Where electrical connections are required, to equipment provided by the Owner or by other trades, this Contractor shall verify the exact requirements for these connections prior to ordering any materials or laying out any work. Where there is a discrepancy between the equipment being furnished and that shown on the Contract Drawings, the Contractor shall notify the Architect/Engineer for direction. Failure to comply with this coordination shall not constitute a reason for extra monies for equipment ordered or installed. Restocking charges will not be paid.

1.3 EXAMINATION OF SITE

- A. Prior to the submitting of bids, the Contractor shall visit the site of the job and shall familiarize himself with all conditions affecting the proposed installation and shall make provisions as to the cost thereof. Failure to comply with the intent of this paragraph will in no way relieve the contractor of performing all necessary work shown on the Drawings.

1.4 PROGRESS OF WORK

- A. The Contractor shall order the progress of his work so as to conform to the progress of the work of other trades and shall complete the entire installation as soon as the conditions of the building will permit. Any cost resulting from the defective or ill-timed work performed under this section shall be borne by the Contractor.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Ship and store all products and materials in a manner which will protect them from damage, weather and entry of debris. If items are damaged, do not install, but take immediate steps to obtain replacement or repair. Any such repairs shall be subject to review and acceptance of the Architect/Engineer.
- B. Delivery of Materials: Deliver materials in manufacturer's unopened container fully identified with manufacturer's name, trade name, type, class, grade, size and color.
- C. Storage of Materials, Equipment and Fixtures: Store materials suitably sheltered from the elements, but readily accessibly for inspection by the Architect/Engineer until installed. Store all items, susceptible to moisture damage, in dry, heated spaces.

1.6 EQUIPMENT ACCESSORIES

- A. Provide supports, hangers and auxiliary structural members required for support of the work according to Section 26 05 29 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- B. Furnish and set all sleeves for passage of raceways through structural, masonry and concrete walls or floors and elsewhere as will be required for the proper protection of each raceway (and bus duct) passing through building surfaces.

- C. Wall mounted equipment may be directly secured to wall by means of steel bolts. Maintain at least 1" air space between equipment and supporting wall. Groups or arrays of equipment may be mounted on adequately sized steel angles, channels, or bars. Prefabricated steel channels providing a high degree of mounting flexibility, such as those manufactured by Kindorf, Glob-Strutt and Unistrut, may be used for mounting arrays of equipment.

1.7 CUTTING, PATCHING

- A. The work shall be carefully laid out in advance. Where cutting, channeling, chasing or drilling of floors, walls, partitions, ceilings or other surfaces is necessary for the proper installation, support or anchorage of raceway, outlets or other equipment, the work shall be carefully done. Any damage to the building, piping, equipment or defaced finish plaster, woodwork, metalwork, etc. shall be repaired by skilled mechanics or the trades involved at no additional cost to the Owner.
- B. The Contractor shall do no cutting, channeling, chasing or drilling of unfinished masonry, tile, etc., unless he first obtains permission from the Architect/Engineer. If permission is granted, the Contractor shall perform this work in a manner approved by the Architect/Engineer
- C. Where conduits, mounting channels, outlet, junction, or pull boxes are mounted on a painted surface, or a surface to be painted, they shall be painted to match the surface. Whenever support channels are cut, the bare metal shall be cold galvanized.
- D. Slots, chases, openings and recesses through floors, walls, ceilings, and roofs will be provided by the various trades in their respective materials. The trade requiring them to properly locate such openings and be responsible for any cutting and patching caused by the neglect to do so.
- E. Structural steel fabricator and installer shall be responsible for the coordination of all framed openings in roof with approved equipment manufacturers. (Openings such as, but not limited to mechanical units, exhaust fans, curb mounted equipment, roof drains, skylights, stair openings, roof hatches, smoke hatches, duct thru roof penetrations, expansion joints, etc.)

Exact sizes and exact locations of all openings are to be verified with the approved shop drawings issued for the installation. The exact sizes shall be coordinated prior to any fabrication and installation by any/all trades. (Sizes and locations indicated on contract drawings are diagrammatic and for information only.)

Any fabrication and/or installation which have not been properly coordinated with approved equipment manufacturer and must be repaired, relocated, altered, replaced, re-installed or modified in any manner will be done to the satisfaction of the Owner with no additional cost to the Owner or design professional.

1.8 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Apply firestopping to cable and raceway penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to achieve fire resistance of the assembly. Firestopping materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 7 Section "Firestopping".

1.9 NORMAL VOLTAGES (Unless Otherwise Noted)

- A. Primary Distribution – above 120/230/480 volts.
- B. Secondary Distribution – 480 Volt, 3 phase, 4 wire.

1.10 MOUNTING HEIGHTS

- A. Unless otherwise noted or required because of special conditions the mounting heights of all equipment shall match that in the existing building, if those mounting heights comply with A.D.A.

1.11 CONTINUANCE OF EXISTING SERVICES

- A. All existing electrical services not specifically indicated to be removed or altered shall remain as they presently exist.
- B. Should any existing services, etc., interfere with new construction, the Contractor shall (after obtaining written approval from the Architect/Engineer) alter or reroute such existing equipment to facilitate new construction.
- C. Shut down of existing services shall be coordinated with the Owner prior to altering any existing situation. The Contractor shall notify the Owner in writing giving two (2) weeks advance notice of planned alteration. The Electrical Contractor and Owner shall develop a sequence necessary to shutdown existing services and provide temporary power to those items which must remain active.
- D. It shall be solely the Contractor's responsibility to guarantee continuity of present facilities (with respect to damage or alteration due to new construction) and any unauthorized alteration to existing equipment shall be corrected by the Contractor to the Architect/Engineer's satisfaction at the Contractor's expense.

1.12 CLEANING UP

- A. Contractor shall take care to avoid accumulation of debris, boxes, crates, etc., resulting from the installation of his work. Contractor shall remove from the premises each day all debris, boxes, etc., and keep the premises clean, subject to the Architect/Engineer's instructions, which shall be promptly carried out.
- B. Contractor shall clean all fixtures and equipment at the completion of the project.
- C. All switchboards, panelboards, wireways, trench ducts, cabinets, enclosures, etc. shall be thoroughly vacuumed clean prior to energizing equipment and at the completion of the project. Equipment shall be opened for observation by the Architect/Engineer as required.

1.13 WATERPROOFING

- A. Avoid, if possible, the penetration of any waterproof membranes such as roofs, machine room floors, basement walls, and the like. If such penetration is necessary, perform it prior to the waterproofing and furnish all sleeves or pitch-pockets required. Advise the Architect/Engineer and obtain written permission before penetrating any waterproof membrane, even where such penetration is shown on the Drawings.
- B. If Contractor penetrates any walls or surfaces after they have been waterproofed, he shall restore the waterproof integrity of that surface as directed by the Architect/Engineer at his own expense, using workmen skilled in that trade.

1.14 SUPPORTS AND FASTENERS

- A. Provide supports, hangers and auxiliary structural members required for support of the work according to Section 26 05 29 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" and Section 26 05 48 "Vibration and Seismic Control for Electrical Components."
- B. Furnish and set all sleeves for passage of raceways through structural, masonry and concrete walls or floors and elsewhere as will be required for the proper protection of each raceway (and bus duct) passing through building surfaces.
- C. Wall mounted equipment may be directly secured to wall by means of steel bolts. Maintain at least 1" air space between equipment and supporting wall. Groups or arrays of equipment may be mounted on adequately sized steel angles, channels, or bars. Prefabricated steel channels providing a high degree of

mounting flexibility, such as those manufactured by Kindorf, Glob-Strutt and Unistrut, may be used for mounting arrays of equipment.

1.15 PROHIBITED LABELS AND IDENTIFICATIONS

- A. Prohibited Markings: In all public areas, tenant areas and similar locations within the project, the inclusion or installation of any item, element or assembly which bears on any exposed surface any name, trademark, or other insignia which is intended to identify the manufacturer, the vendor, or other source(s) from which such object has been obtained, is prohibited. Also prohibited is the inclusion or installation of any article which bears visible evidence that an insignia, name, label, or other device had been removed.
- B. Exception: Required Underwriter's Laboratory labels shall not be removed nor shall identification specifically required under the various technical sections of the specifications be removed.

1.20 CONNECTION TO EXISTING UTILITIES AND SYSTEMS

- A. If connecting to an existing system, the Electrical Contractor shall be responsible to verify the integrity of the system being connected to. All applicable testing and acceptance will apply.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. If products and materials are specified or indicated on the Drawings for a specific item or system, use those products or materials. If products and materials are not listed in either of the above, use first class products and materials, subject to approval of Shop Drawings where Shop Drawings are required or as approved in writing where Shop Drawings are not required.
- B. All equipment capacities, etc. are listed for job site operating conditions. All equipment sensitive to altitudes or ambient temperatures shall be derated and method of derating shown on Shop Drawings. Where operating conditions shown differ from the laboratory test conditions, the equipment shall be derated and the method of derating shown on Shop Drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Follow manufacturer's instructions for installing, connecting, and adjusting all equipment. Provide one copy of such instructions to the Architect/Engineer before installing any equipment. Provide a copy of such instructions at the equipment during any work on the equipment. Provide all special supports, connections, wiring, accessories, etc.
- B. Use mechanics skilled in their trade for all work.
- C. Keep all items protected before and after installation. Clean up all debris.
- D. Perform all tests required by local authorities in addition to tests specified herein, such as life safety systems.
- E. Applicable equipment and materials to be listed by Underwriters' Laboratories and Manufactured in accordance with ASME, NEMA, ANSI or IEEE standards, and as approved by local authorities having jurisdiction as mentioned in Division 1.
- F. Before commencing Work, examine all adjoining, underlying. Work on which this Work is in any way dependent for perfect workmanship and report any condition which prevents performance of first class work. Become thoroughly familiar with actual existing conditions to which connections must be made or which must be changed or altered.

3.2 PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION

- A. Coordination: Coordinate construction operations included in different Sections of the Specification to ensure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the work. Coordinate construction operations, included in different Sections that depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.
 - 1. Schedule construction operations in sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part of the work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
 - 2. Coordinate installation of different components with other contractors to ensure maximum accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair.
 - 3. Make adequate provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
 - 4. Where availability of space is limited, coordinate installation of different components to ensure maximum performance and accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair of all components, including mechanical and electrical.
- B. Prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved, outlining special procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices, reports, and list of attendees at meetings.
 - 1. Prepare similar memoranda for Owner and separate contractors if coordination of their work is required.
- C. Conservation: Coordinate construction activities to ensure that operations are carried out with consideration given to conservation of energy, water, and materials.
 - 1. Salvage materials and equipment involved in performance of, but not actually incorporated into the work. Refer to other Sections for disposition of salvaged materials that are designated as Owner's property.

3.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Prepare Coordination Drawings if limited space availability necessitates maximum utilization of space for efficient installation of different components or if coordination is required for installation of products and materials fabricated by separate entities.
 - 1. Content: Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Coordination Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data. Include the following information, as applicable:
 - a. Indicate functional and spatial relationships of components of architectural, structural, civil, mechanical, and electrical systems.
 - b. Indicate required installation sequence.
 - c. Indicate dimensions shown on the Contract Drawings and make specific note of dimensions that appear to be in conflict with submitted equipment and minimum clearance requirements. Provide alternate sketches to Architect for resolution of such conflicts. Minor dimension changes and difficult installations will not be considered changes to the Contract.
 - 2. Number of Copies: Submit three opaque copies of each submittal. Architect, through Construction Manager, will return one copy.

- a. Submit five copies where Coordination Drawings are required for operation and maintenance manuals. Architect and Construction Manager will retain two copies; remainder will be returned. Markup and retain one returned copy as a Project Record Drawing.
3. Refer to individual Sections for Coordination Drawing requirements for work in those Sections.
- B. Key Personnel Names: Within 15 days of starting construction operations, submit a list of key personnel assignments, including superintendent and other personnel in attendance at Project Site. Identify individuals and their duties and responsibilities; list addresses and telephone numbers, including home and office telephone numbers. Provide names, addresses, and telephone numbers of individuals assigned as standbys in the absence of individuals assigned to Project.
 1. Post copies of list in Project meeting room, in temporary field office, and by each temporary telephone. Keep list current at all times.

3.5 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL

- A. General: In addition to Project Superintendent, provide other administrative and supervisory personnel as required for proper performance of the work.

3.6 PROJECT MEETINGS

- A. General: Attend meetings and conferences at Project Site, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Preconstruction Conference: Attend a preconstruction conference before starting construction, at a time convenient to Owner, Construction Manager, and Architect, but no later than 15 days after execution of the Agreement.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 0505
SELECTIVE DEMOLITION FOR ELECTRICAL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Electrical demolition.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Sustainable Design Documentation: Submit certification of removal and appropriate disposal of abandoned cables containing lead stabilizers.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Materials and equipment for patching and extending work: As specified in individual sections.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that abandoned wiring and equipment serve only abandoned facilities.
- B. Demolition drawings are based on casual field observation and existing record documents.
- C. Report discrepancies to Engineer before disturbing existing installation
- D. Beginning of demolition means installer accepts existing conditions.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Disconnect electrical systems in walls, floors, and ceilings to be removed.
- B. Coordinate utility service outages with utility company.
- C. Provide temporary wiring and connections to maintain existing systems in service during construction. When work must be performed on energized equipment or circuits, use personnel experienced in such operations.
- D. Existing Electrical Service: Disable system only to make switchovers and connections. Minimize outage duration.
- E. Existing Fire Alarm System: Disable system only to make switchovers and connections. Minimize outage duration.
 - 1. Notify Owner before partially or completely disabling system.
 - 2. Make temporary connections to maintain service in areas adjacent to work area.

3.03 DEMOLITION AND EXTENSION OF EXISTING ELECTRICAL WORK

- A. Remove, relocate, and extend existing installations to accommodate new construction.
- B. Remove abandoned wiring to source of supply.
- C. Remove exposed abandoned conduit, including abandoned conduit above accessible ceiling finishes. Cut conduit flush with walls and floors, and patch surfaces.
- D. Disconnect abandoned outlets and remove devices. Remove abandoned outlets if conduit servicing them is abandoned and removed. Provide blank cover for abandoned outlets that are not removed.
- E. Disconnect and remove electrical devices and equipment serving utilization equipment that has been removed.
- F. Repair adjacent construction and finishes damaged during demolition and extension work.
- G. Maintain access to existing electrical installations that remain active. Modify installation or provide access panel as appropriate.

3.04 CLEANING AND REPAIR

- A. Clean and repair existing materials and equipment that remain or that are to be reused.

- B. Panelboards: Clean exposed surfaces and check tightness of electrical connections. Replace damaged circuit breakers and provide closure plates for vacant positions. Provide typed circuit directory showing revised circuiting arrangement.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 0514
EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS AND COORDINATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. General: Provide final connections to equipment and coordinate same in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- B. Equipment to receive final connections shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - 1. Motors and Equipment

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Prior to the submitting of bids, the contractor shall familiarize himself with all conditions affecting the proposed installation of equipment requiring electrical connections and shall make provisions as to the cost thereof. Failure to comply with the intent of this paragraph shall in no way relieve the Contractor of performing all necessary work required for final electrical connections and equipment and the coordination thereof.
- B. Connections shall be made in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations and approved shop drawings.

1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Prior to ordering breakers, switches, fuses, wire, conduit or any equipment required for connection to equipment supplied by the Owner, this Contractor or other trades, verify the exact current, phase, voltage and frequency of that equipment to assure the proper equipment is provided for said connections. Failure to do so shall be the cause for the Contractor to provide the proper rated equipment at his expense including all labor, material, taxes, freight, restock charges and any other costs associated with providing the proper installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Only those products listed in Division 26 shall be employed.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EQUIPMENT

- A. Connections for a coordination of motors and equipment requiring electrical connections shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - 1. Install motor controllers and disconnect switch for each motor and each piece of equipment.
 - 2. Verify that the motor rotation is correct and reconnect if necessary.

3. Provide separate ground wires in flexible, metal conduit and non-metallic conduit so as to provide an electrically continuous ground path. Ground all equipment.
4. Provide motor branch circuit conductors and connections to each individual motor controller and from each controller to the motor through an approved disconnect switch. Make final connection in minimum 24-inch length of liquid tight, flexible, metal conduit.
5. Provide all necessary wiring and connections for interlocking, remote and automatic controls. Installation of equipment and wiring shall be in compliance with shop drawings and manufacturer's recommendations.
6. Where equipment is fed from branch circuit routed in or under the slab, terminate branch circuit at J-box on 2-foot rigid conduit stub-up and make final connection to equipment in liquid tight, flexible, metal conduit. Provide suitable knee brace on conduit stub-up.
7. Where equipment is fed from overhead support conduit feeder descending from ceiling on flanged floor fitting with conduit type fitting connecting to motor with 24-inch minimum of liquid tight flexible steel conduit.
8. Where nameplate on equipment indicates fuse protection the disconnecting means shall be equipped with time delay fuses.

END OF SECTION

**SECTION 26 0526
GROUNDING AND BONDING**

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. General: Provide a low impedance grounding system in accordance with the Contract Documents.
 - 1. Purpose of grounding system:
 - a. Adequate path for ground fault currents.
 - b. Safety to personnel from accidental electric shock hazards.
 - c. Prevention of hazardous discharge of static electricity.
 - 2. Whether or not indicated on Drawings, provide continuous ground path for all electrical circuits from point of utilization back to source through ground wires, bonded metallic conduit runs, grounded cable trays, and related items.
- B. Electrical Equipment: Provide complete exterior and interior grounding system, including grounding provisions for high and low voltage switchgear and transformers, motor control centers, cable trays, lightning arrestors, motors, emergency generators and other equipment as indicated on Drawings or required by applicable standards.

1.2 STANDARDS

- A. Except as modified by governing codes and by the Contract Documents, comply with the latest applicable provisions and latest recommendations of the following:
 - 1. Underwriters Laboratory Standard No. U.L. 467.
 - 2. ANSI C-1 1978
 - 3. IEEE Standards No. 142-1982 and No. 80
 - 4. National Electrical Safety Code
 - 5. NFPA
 - 6. Federal Information Processing Standards, Publication #94

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide a complete set of shop drawings showing service grounding methods as called for on the Contract Documents.
- B. Submit test reports certifying resistance values for buried or driven grounds and water pipe grounds.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Ground Connectors and Clamps; Grounding Bushings and Locknuts.
 - 1. All Steel Equipment, Inc.
 - 2. Appleton Electric Company
 - 3. Electrical fitting Corp. (EFCOR)
 - 4. Gedney Electric Company
 - 5. Iliscol – Div. Of Bardes Corp.
 - 6. Midwest Elec. Mfg. Company

7. Steel City Div., Midland Ross Corp.
 8. Thomas & Betts
 9. O-Z/Gedney Co.
- B. Welding Type Ground Connectors:
1. Burndy Engineering Company (Thermoweld)
 2. Erico Products, Inc. (Cadweld)
- C. Compression Type Grid Connectors:
1. Thomas & Betts Company – Series, 53,000
 2. Burndy Corp. – Cat No. YGL-C
- D. Electrical Insulating Tapes:
1. Self-Fusing: 3M Company No. 23
 2. Vinyl: 3M Company No. 33+
 3. Or approved equal
- E. Compound for Compression Connectors:
1. Thomas & Betts Co. – Kopr/Shield
 2. Brundy Engineering Company – Penetrox "E"
 3. Or approved equal

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Ground Cables: Bare or green color coded, insulated, annealed stranded tinned copper wire as indicated on Drawings; insulated wire to conform to requirements of Section 26 05 21.
- B. Mechanical Connectors: Tin-plated aluminum alloy, UL approved and stamped for use with aluminum or copper conductors.

2.3 GENERAL

- A. Furnish and install electrical grounding systems as indicated on the construction documents and as specified herein.
- B. Grounding systems shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of the local authorities, NEC Section 250, and subject to the approval of the Architect/Engineer.
- C. Install equipment grounding conductors in all feeders and branch circuits.
- D. Install insulated equipment grounding conductor with circuit conductors for the following items, in addition to those required by NEC:
 1. Feeders and branch circuits.
 2. Lighting circuits.
 3. Receptacle circuits.
 4. Single-phase motor and appliance branch circuits.
 5. Three-phase motor and appliance branch circuits.
 6. Flexible raceway runs.
 7. Armored and metal-clad cable runs.

- E. All ground wires and bonding jumpers shall be stranded copper installed in conduit. All ground wires shall be without joints and splices over its entire length.
- F. The system neutral shall be grounded at the service entrance only, and kept isolated from grounding systems throughout the building.
- G. Each system of continuous metallic piping and ductwork shall be grounded in accordance with the requirements of the NEC Section 250.
- H. Mechanical equipment shall be bonded to the building equipment grounding system. This shall include but is not limited to, fans, pumps, chillers, etc.
- I. Metallic conduits and portions of metallic piping and duct systems which are isolated by flexible connections, insulated couplings, etc., shall be bonded to the equipment ground with a flexible bonding jumper, or separate grounding conductor.
- J. Metal raceways, cable trays, cable armor, cable sheath, enclosures, frames, fittings and other metal noncurrent-carrying parts that are to serve as grounding conductors shall be effectively bonded where necessary to assure electrical continuity and the capacity to conduct safely any fault current likely to be imposed on them. Any non-conductive paint, enamel, or similar coating shall be removed at threads, contact points and contact surfaces or be connected by means of fittings so designed as to make such removal unnecessary.

2.4 RECEPTACLES

- A. Receptacles shall be grounded to the outlet box by means of a bonding jumper between the outlet box and the receptacle-grounding terminal.

2.5 OUTDOOR EQUIPMENT

- A. Outdoor enclosures shall be connected with No. 4 [OTHER] bare copper installed not less than 24 inches below grade, connecting to the indicated ground rods or ground grid. Fence and equipment connections shall be bare copper No. 4. Fence shall be grounded at each gate post and corner post. Each gate section shall be bonded to the fence post through a 1/8-inch by one-inch flexible braided copper strap and approved clamps. Transformer neutral connection shall be sized, based on a separately derived system, N.E.C. table 250.66.

2.6 CONCENTRIC KNOCKOUTS

- A. Provide grounding type bushings for conduits terminated through multiple concentric knockouts not fully knocked out, on inside of electrical enclosures. Ground bushing with #12 bare copper to ground bus within enclosure or to enclosure proper where a ground bus is not present.

2.7 TOGGLE SWITCHES

- A. Provide grounding clip on each toggle switch. Mount over device mounting strap such that contact is made between mounting strap, screw, faceplate and outlet box.
- B. Provide devices with ground screw where required by local authorities and bond this with #10 conductor to associated outlet box.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Grounding Grid:

1. Install grounding grids with ground rods and cables as indicated on Drawings. At a minimum grounding grid shall consist of a counterpoise layout. Counterpoise shall include (3) 3/4" x 10' long ground rods space 10' apart in a triangular fashion connected together with bare #4 copper cad welded to each rod.
2. Avoid splices in ground cables.
3. Connectors:
 - a. Install mechanical connectors in above ground accessible locations only.
 - b. Install welding type ground connections or connection type grid grounding connectors underground, in manholes, or at inaccessible locations only.
 - c. Thoroughly clean contact surfaces before making connections.
 - d. Apply manufacturer's compound for compression connectors to conductors prior to crimping.
 - e. Make connections using compression type grid grounding connectors with approved manufacturer's hydraulic tool and correct size hex head die which, for inspection, embosses proper die number on connectors.
4. Make connection from ground grid to equipment ground buses as shown on Drawings.
5. Provide for future disconnection for testing where building ground loop or grid connects to exterior or interior steel.
6. Wrap conductors with self-fusing electrical tape and cover with vinyl electrical tape where insulation of grounding system connection is required.

B. Ground Conductors:

1. Size as shown on Drawings or as required by NEC Table 250-66 and 250.122.
2. Where ground cables are required, install insulated copper ground conductors in steel conduit, or as indicated.
3. Where ground cable is protected by metallic conduit, bond cable to conduit at both ends.
4. Connect ground conductors in cables and in conduit to appropriate ground buses (as in switchgear, motor control centers, and distribution panelboards) or directly to metallic enclosure if no ground bus is provided.

C. Conduit Attachment to Electrical Equipment:

1. Ground conduits to metal framework of electrical equipment with double locknuts or grounding bushings and bonding jumpers unless otherwise noted.
2. Install bonding jumper's at all electrical equipment to provide continuous ground return path through conduit.
3. Install NEC approved bonding jumpers across expansion fittings between conduit sections for ground path continuity.
4. Bond conduits to cable tray where conduit enters or exits tray.
5. Where motors or other utilization equipment are connected to electrical system with flexible conduit, ground by one of the following:
 - a. Flexible metal conduit alone if length is 6 feet or less, conduit is terminated in fitting approved for purpose, and circuit conductors contained therein are protected by overcurrent devices rated 20 at amperes or less.
 - b. External jumper across flexible conduit.
 - c. Flexible conduit containing integral ground wire.
 - d. Do not install external jumpers for flexible conduit connections to kitchen equipment.

D. Receptacles and Switches:

1. Install bonding jumpers between outlet box and receptacle grounding terminal except where contact device or yoke is provided for grounding purposes.

E. Wireways: Install grounding jumpers for bonding between wireway and other panelboards, conduit, switchgear, motor control centers, and at any other point where solid connection would otherwise not be provided in supporting system to insure continuous ground.

F. Panelboards: Install bonding jumpers inside (if possible) all panelboards to bond feeder conduit to panelboards, except ground panelboards containing branch circuits each having less than 150 amperes current carrying capacity, with two standard locknuts and bushings, one inside and one outside, run up wrench tight.

G. Sheet Metal Boxes:

1. Install bonding jumpers inside (if possible) all sheet metal boxes containing one or more feeders with current carrying capacity of 150 amperes or greater, to bond one conduit with another.
2. Ground boxes containing branch circuits only or feeders each less than 150 amperes current carrying capacity, with two standard locknuts and bushings, one inside and one outside, run up wrench tight.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

A. Resistance Values for System and Equipment Grounds: For each ground rod and ground grid.

1. Acceptable Testing Equipment: Vibroground by Associated Research, Inc.; or Megger Earth Tester by James G. Biddle Co.
2. Method: Three (3) electrode fall of potential as prescribed by instrument manufacturer.

B. Drive additional ten-foot ground rods spaced eight feet apart, if necessary, until total resistance of system is measured at five ohms or less.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 0529

HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Support and attachment requirements and components for equipment, conduit, cable, boxes, and other electrical work.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 03 3000 - Cast-in-Place Concrete: Concrete equipment pads.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A123/A123M - Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.
- B. ASTM A153/A153M - Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2016a.
- C. ASTM B633 - Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Zinc on Iron and Steel; 2015.
- D. MFMA-4 - Metal Framing Standards Publication; 2004.
- E. NECA 1 - Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2015.
- F. NFPA 70 - National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

1.04 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination:
 - 1. Coordinate sizes and arrangement of supports and bases with the actual equipment and components to be installed.
 - 2. Coordinate the work with other trades to provide additional framing and materials required for installation.
 - 3. Coordinate compatibility of support and attachment components with mounting surfaces at the installed locations.
 - 4. Coordinate the arrangement of supports with ductwork, piping, equipment and other potential conflicts installed under other sections or by others.
- B. Sequencing:
 - 1. Do not install products on or provide attachment to concrete surfaces until concrete has fully cured in accordance with Section 03 3000.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with NFPA 70.
- B. Comply with applicable building code.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 SUPPORT AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. General Requirements:
 - 1. Provide all required hangers, supports, anchors, fasteners, fittings, accessories, and hardware as necessary for the complete installation of electrical work.
 - 2. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended, where applicable.
 - 3. Where support and attachment component types and sizes are not indicated, select in accordance with manufacturer's application criteria as required for the load to be supported. Include consideration for vibration, equipment operation, and shock loads where applicable.
 - 4. Do not use products for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.

5. Do not use wire, chain, perforated pipe strap, or wood for permanent supports unless specifically indicated or permitted.
6. Steel Components: Use corrosion resistant materials suitable for the environment where installed.
 - a. Indoor Dry Locations: Use zinc-plated steel unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Zinc-Plated Steel: Electroplated in accordance with ASTM B633.
 - c. Galvanized Steel: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M or ASTM A153/A153M.
- B. Conduit and Cable Supports: Straps, clamps, etc. suitable for the conduit or cable to be supported.
 1. Conduit Straps: One-hole or two-hole type; steel or malleable iron.
 2. Conduit Clamps: Bolted type unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Outlet Box Supports: Hangers, brackets, etc. suitable for the boxes to be supported.
- D. Metal Channel (Strut) Framing Systems: Factory-fabricated continuous-slot metal channel (strut) and associated fittings, accessories, and hardware required for field-assembly of supports.
 1. Comply with MFMA-4.
 2. Minimum Channel Thickness: Steel sheet, 12 gage, 0.1046 inch (2.66 mm).
 3. Minimum Channel Dimensions: 1-5/8 inch (41 mm) width by 13/16 inch (21 mm) height.
- E. Hanger Rods: Threaded zinc-plated steel unless otherwise indicated.
 1. Minimum Size, Unless Otherwise Indicated or Required:
 - a. Equipment Supports: 1/2 inch (13 mm) diameter.
 - b. Single Conduit up to 1 inch (27 mm) trade size: 1/4 inch (6 mm) diameter.
 - c. Single Conduit larger than 1 inch (27 mm) trade size: 3/8 inch (10 mm) diameter.
- F. Anchors and Fasteners:
 1. Unless otherwise indicated and where not otherwise restricted, use the anchor and fastener types indicated for the specified applications.
 2. Concrete: Use preset concrete inserts, expansion anchors, or screw anchors.
 3. Hollow Stud Walls: Use toggle bolts.
 4. Steel: Use beam clamps, machine bolts, or welded threaded studs.
 5. Sheet Metal: Use sheet metal screws.
 6. Wood: Use wood screws.
 7. Preset Concrete Inserts: Continuous metal channel (strut) and spot inserts specifically designed to be cast in concrete ceilings, walls, and floors.
 - a. Comply with MFMA-4.
 - b. Channel Material: Use galvanized steel.
 - c. Manufacturer: Same as manufacturer of metal channel (strut) framing system.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive support and attachment components.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- C. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
- D. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Engineer, do not provide support from suspended ceiling support system or ceiling grid.
- E. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Engineer, do not provide support from roof deck.
- F. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members without approval of Structural Engineer.
- G. Equipment Support and Attachment:

1. Use metal fabricated supports or supports assembled from metal channel (strut) to support equipment as required.
 2. Use metal channel (strut) secured to studs to support equipment surface-mounted on hollow stud walls when wall strength is not sufficient to resist pull-out.
 3. Use metal channel (strut) to support surface-mounted equipment in wet or damp locations to provide space between equipment and mounting surface.
 4. Securely fasten floor-mounted equipment. Do not install equipment such that it relies on its own weight for support.
- H. Preset Concrete Inserts: Use manufacturer provided closure strips to inhibit concrete seepage during concrete pour.
- I. Secure fasteners according to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.
- J. Remove temporary supports.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 0533.13
CONDUIT FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC).
- B. Intermediate metal conduit (IMC).
- C. Flexible metal conduit (FMC).
- D. Liquid tight flexible metal conduit (LFMC).
- E. Electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- F. Conduit fittings.
- G. Accessories.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 07 8400 - Firestopping.
- B. Section 26 0529 - Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI C80.1 - American National Standard for Electrical Rigid Steel Conduit (ERSC); 2015.
- B. ANSI C80.3 - American National Standard for Electrical Metallic Tubing -- Steel (EMT-S); 2015.
- C. ANSI C80.6 - American National Standard for Electrical Intermediate Metal Conduit (EIMC); 2005.
- D. NECA 1 - Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2015.
- E. NECA 101 - Standard for Installing Steel Conduits (Rigid, IMC, EMT); 2013.
- F. NEMA FB 1 - Fittings, Cast Metal Boxes, and Conduit Bodies for Conduit, Electrical Metallic Tubing, and Cable; 2014.
- G. NFPA 70 - National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- H. UL 1 - Flexible Metal Conduit; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- I. UL 6 - Electrical Rigid Metal Conduit-Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- J. UL 360 - Liquid-Tight Flexible Steel Conduit; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- K. UL 514B - Conduit, Tubing, and Cable Fittings; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- L. UL 797 - Electrical Metallic Tubing-Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- M. UL 1242 - Electrical Intermediate Metal Conduit-Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

1.04 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination:
 - 1. Coordinate minimum sizes of conduits with the actual conductors to be installed, including adjustments for conductor sizes increased for voltage drop.
 - 2. Coordinate the arrangement of conduits with structural members, ductwork, piping, equipment, and other potential conflicts installed under other sections or by others.
 - 3. Verify exact conduit termination locations required for boxes, enclosures, and equipment installed under other sections or by others.
 - 4. Coordinate the work with other trades to provide roof penetrations that preserve the integrity of the roofing system and do not void the roof warranty.
 - 5. Notify Engineer of any conflicts with or deviations from the contract documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.
- B. Sequencing:
 - 1. Do not begin installation of conductors and cables until installation of conduit is complete between outlet, junction and splicing points.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 - Administrative Requirements for submittals procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for conduits and fittings.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Conform to requirements of NFPA 70.

1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store conduit and fittings in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 CONDUIT APPLICATIONS

- A. Do not use conduit and associated fittings for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated and where not otherwise restricted, use the conduit types indicated for the specified applications. Where more than one listed application applies, comply with the most restrictive requirements. Where conduit type for a particular application is not specified, use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
- C. Concealed Within Hollow Stud Walls: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit, intermediate metal conduit (IMC), or electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- D. Concealed Above Accessible Ceilings: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit, intermediate metal conduit (IMC), or electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- E. Interior, Damp or Wet Locations: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit or intermediate metal conduit (IMC).
- F. Exposed, Interior, Not Subject to Physical Damage: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit, intermediate metal conduit (IMC), or electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- G. Exposed, Interior, Subject to Physical Damage: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
- H. Connections to Vibrating Equipment:
 - 1. Dry Locations: Use flexible metal conduit.
 - 2. Damp, Wet, or Corrosive Locations: Use liquidtight flexible metal conduit.
 - 3. Maximum Length: 6 feet (1.8 m) unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Vibrating equipment includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. Transformers.
 - b. Motors.
- I. Fished in Existing Walls, Where Necessary: Use flexible metal conduit.

2.02 CONDUIT REQUIREMENTS

- A. Existing Work: Where existing conduits are indicated to be reused, they may be reused only where they comply with specified requirements, are free from corrosion, and integrity is verified by pulling a mandrel through them.
- B. Provide all conduit, fittings, supports, and accessories required for a complete raceway system.
- C. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- D. Minimum Conduit Size, Unless Otherwise Indicated:
 - 1. Branch Circuits: 1/2 inch (16 mm) trade size.
 - 2. Branch Circuit Homeruns: 3/4 inch (21 mm) trade size.
 - 3. Control Circuits: 1/2 inch (16 mm) trade size.
- E. Where conduit size is not indicated, size to comply with NFPA 70 but not less than applicable minimum size requirements specified.

2.03 GALVANIZED STEEL RIGID METAL CONDUIT (RMC)

- A. Description: NFPA 70, Type RMC galvanized steel rigid metal conduit complying with ANSI C80.1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 6.
- B. Fittings:

1. Non-Hazardous Locations: Use fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
3. Connectors and Couplings: Use threaded type fittings only. Threadless set screw and compression (gland) type fittings are not permitted.

2.04 INTERMEDIATE METAL CONDUIT (IMC)

- A. Description: NFPA 70, Type IMC galvanized steel intermediate metal conduit complying with ANSI C80.6 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 1242.
- B. Fittings:
 1. Non-Hazardous Locations: Use fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
 2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
 3. Connectors and Couplings: Use threaded type fittings only. Threadless set screw and compression (gland) type fittings are not permitted.

2.05 FLEXIBLE METAL CONDUIT (FMC)

- A. Description: NFPA 70, Type FMC standard wall steel flexible metal conduit listed and labeled as complying with UL 1, and listed for use in classified firestop systems to be used.
- B. Fittings:
 1. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
 2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.

2.06 LIQUIDTIGHT FLEXIBLE METAL CONDUIT (LFMC)

- A. Description: NFPA 70, Type LFMC polyvinyl chloride (PVC) jacketed steel flexible metal conduit listed and labeled as complying with UL 360.
- B. Fittings:
 1. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
 2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.

2.07 ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING (EMT)

- A. Description: NFPA 70, Type EMT steel electrical metallic tubing complying with ANSI C80.3 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 797.
- B. Fittings:
 1. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
 2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
 3. Connectors and Couplings: Use compression (gland) or set-screw type.
 - a. Do not use indenter type connectors and couplings.

2.08 ACCESSORIES

- A. Conduit Joint Compound: Corrosion-resistant, electrically conductive; suitable for use with the conduit to be installed.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive conduits.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).

- C. Install galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC) in accordance with NECA 101.
- D. Install intermediate metal conduit (IMC) in accordance with NECA 101.
- E. Conduit Routing:
 - 1. Unless dimensioned, conduit routing indicated is diagrammatic.
 - 2. When conduit destination is indicated without specific routing, determine exact routing required.
 - 3. Conduits in the following areas may be exposed, unless otherwise indicated:
 - a. Electrical rooms.
 - b. Mechanical equipment rooms.
 - c. Within joists in areas with no ceiling.
 - 4. Unless otherwise approved, do not route conduits exposed:
 - a. Across floors.
 - b. Across roofs.
 - c. Across top of parapet walls.
 - d. Across building exterior surfaces.
 - 5. Arrange conduit to maintain adequate headroom, clearances, and access.
 - 6. Arrange conduit to provide no more than the equivalent of four 90 degree bends between pull points.
 - 7. Arrange conduit to provide no more than 150 feet (46 m) between pull points.
 - 8. Arrange conduit to prevent moisture traps. Provide drain fittings at low points and at sealing fittings where moisture may collect.
 - 9. Maintain minimum clearance of 6 inches (150 mm) between conduits and piping for other systems.
 - 10. Maintain minimum clearance of 12 inches (300 mm) between conduits and hot surfaces. This includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. Heaters.
 - b. Hot water piping.
 - c. Flues.
 - 11. Group parallel conduits in the same area together on a common rack.
- F. Conduit Support:
 - 1. Secure and support conduits in accordance with NFPA 70 and Section 26 0529 using suitable supports and methods approved by the authority having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
 - 3. Installation Above Suspended Ceilings: Do not provide support from ceiling support system. Do not provide support from ceiling grid or allow conduits to lay on ceiling tiles.
 - 4. Use conduit strap to support single surface-mounted conduit.
 - a. Use clamp back spacer with conduit strap for damp and wet locations to provide space between conduit and mounting surface.
 - 5. Use metal channel (strut) with accessory conduit clamps to support multiple parallel surface-mounted conduits.
 - 6. Use conduit clamp to support single conduit from beam clamp or threaded rod.
 - 7. Use trapeze hangers assembled from threaded rods and metal channel (strut) with accessory conduit clamps to support multiple parallel suspended conduits.
 - 8. Use of spring steel conduit clips for support of conduits is not permitted.
 - 9. Where conduit support intervals specified in NFPA 70 and NECA standards differ, comply with the most stringent requirements.
- G. Connections and Terminations:
 - 1. Use approved zinc-rich paint or conduit joint compound on field-cut threads of galvanized steel conduits prior to making connections.
 - 2. Where two threaded conduits must be joined and neither can be rotated, use three-piece couplings or split couplings. Do not use running threads.
 - 3. Use suitable adapters where required to transition from one type of conduit to another.
 - 4. Provide drip loops for liquidtight flexible conduit connections to prevent drainage of liquid into connectors.

5. Terminate threaded conduits in boxes and enclosures using threaded hubs or double lock nuts for dry locations and raintight hubs for wet locations.
 6. Provide insulating bushings or insulated throats at all conduit terminations to protect conductors.
 7. Secure joints and connections to provide maximum mechanical strength and electrical continuity.
- H. Penetrations:
1. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members, including footings and grade beams, without approval of Structural Engineer.
 2. Make penetrations perpendicular to surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
 3. Provide sleeves for penetrations as indicated or as required to facilitate installation. Set sleeves flush with exposed surfaces unless otherwise indicated or required.
 4. Where conduits penetrate waterproof membrane, seal as required to maintain integrity of membrane.
 5. Install firestopping to preserve fire resistance rating of partitions and other elements, using materials and methods specified in Section 07 8400.
- I. Conduit Movement Provisions: Where conduits are subject to movement, provide expansion and expansion/deflection fittings to prevent damage to enclosed conductors or connected equipment. This includes, but is not limited to:
1. Where conduits cross structural joints intended for expansion, contraction, or deflection.
 2. Where conduits are subject to earth movement by settlement or frost.
- J. Condensation Prevention: Where conduits cross barriers between areas of potential substantial temperature differential, provide sealing fitting at an accessible point near the penetration to prevent condensation.
1. Where conduits pass from unconditioned interior spaces into conditioned interior spaces.

3.03 CLEANING

- A. Clean interior of conduits to remove moisture and foreign matter.

3.04 PROTECTION

- A. Immediately after installation of conduit, use suitable manufactured plugs to provide protection from entry of moisture and foreign material and do not remove until ready for installation of conductors.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 0533.16
BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Outlet and device boxes up to 100 cubic inches (1,650 cu cm), including those used as junction and pull boxes.
- B. Cabinets and enclosures, including junction and pull boxes larger than 100 cubic inches (1,650 cu cm).

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 26 0529 - Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems.
- B. Section 26 2726 - Wiring Devices:
 - 1. Wall plates.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NECA 1 - Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2015.
- B. NECA 130 - Standard for Installing and Maintaining Wiring Devices; 2010.
- C. NEMA FB 1 - Fittings, Cast Metal Boxes, and Conduit Bodies for Conduit, Electrical Metallic Tubing, and Cable; 2014.
- D. NEMA OS 1 - Sheet-Steel Outlet Boxes, Device Boxes, Covers, and Box Supports; 2013.
- E. NEMA 250 - Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2014.
- F. NFPA 70 - National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- G. UL 50 - Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Non-Environmental Considerations; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- H. UL 50E - Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Environmental Considerations; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- I. UL 508A - Industrial Control Panels; 2013.
- J. UL 514A - Metallic Outlet Boxes; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

1.04 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination:
 - 1. Coordinate the work with other trades to avoid placement of ductwork, piping, equipment, or other potential obstructions within the dedicated equipment spaces and working clearances for electrical equipment required by NFPA 70.
 - 2. Coordinate arrangement of electrical equipment with the dimensions and clearance requirements of the actual equipment to be installed.
 - 3. Coordinate minimum sizes of boxes with the actual installed arrangement of conductors, clamps, support fittings, and devices, calculated according to NFPA 70.
 - 4. Coordinate minimum sizes of pull boxes with the actual installed arrangement of connected conduits, calculated according to NFPA 70.
 - 5. Coordinate the placement of boxes with millwork, furniture, devices, equipment, etc. installed under other sections or by others.
 - 6. Coordinate the work with other trades to preserve insulation integrity.
 - 7. Coordinate the work with other trades to provide walls suitable for installation of flush-mounted boxes where indicated.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 BOXES

- A. General Requirements:
 - 1. Do not use boxes and associated accessories for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.
 - 2. Provide all boxes, fittings, supports, and accessories required for a complete raceway system and to accommodate devices and equipment to be installed.
 - 3. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
 - 4. Where box size is not indicated, size to comply with NFPA 70 but not less than applicable minimum size requirements specified.
 - 5. Provide grounding terminals within boxes where equipment grounding conductors terminate.
- B. Outlet and Device Boxes Up to 100 cubic inches (1,650 cu cm), Including Those Used as Junction and Pull Boxes:
 - 1. Use sheet-steel boxes for dry locations unless otherwise indicated or required.
 - 2. Use cast iron boxes or cast aluminum boxes for damp or wet locations unless otherwise indicated or required; furnish with compatible weatherproof gasketed covers.
 - 3. Use cast iron boxes or cast aluminum boxes where exposed galvanized steel rigid metal conduit is used.
 - 4. Use suitable concrete type boxes where flush-mounted in concrete.
 - 5. Use suitable masonry type boxes where flush-mounted in masonry walls.
 - 6. Use raised covers suitable for the type of wall construction and device configuration where required.
 - 7. Use shallow boxes where required by the type of wall construction.
 - 8. Do not use "through-wall" boxes designed for access from both sides of wall.
 - 9. Sheet-Steel Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 1, and list and label as complying with UL 514A.
 - 10. Cast Metal Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1, and list and label as complying with UL 514A; furnish with threaded hubs.
 - 11. Boxes for Ganged Devices: Use multigang boxes of single-piece construction. Do not use field-connected gangable boxes unless specifically indicated or permitted.
 - 12. Wall Plates: Comply with Section 26 2726.
- C. Cabinets and Enclosures, Including Junction and Pull Boxes Larger Than 100 cubic inches (1,650 cu cm):
 - 1. Comply with NEMA 250, and list and label as complying with UL 50 and UL 50E, or UL 508A.
 - 2. NEMA 250 Environment Type, Unless Otherwise Indicated:
 - 3. Junction and Pull Boxes Larger Than 100 cubic inches (1,650 cu cm):
 - a. Provide screw-cover or hinged-cover enclosures unless otherwise indicated.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive boxes.
- B. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install boxes in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship) and, where applicable, NECA 130, including mounting heights specified in those standards where mounting heights are not indicated.
- C. Arrange equipment to provide minimum clearances in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and NFPA 70.
- D. Unless otherwise indicated, provide separate boxes for line voltage and low voltage systems.
- E. Box Locations:
 - 1. Locate boxes to be accessible. Provide access panels in accordance with Section 08 3100 as required.
 - 2. Locate boxes so that wall plates do not span different building finishes.
 - 3. Locate boxes so that wall plates do not cross masonry joints.

4. Fire Resistance Rated Walls: Install flush-mounted boxes such that the required fire resistance will not be reduced.
- F. Box Supports:
 1. Secure and support boxes in accordance with NFPA 70 and Section 26 0529 using suitable supports and methods approved by the authority having jurisdiction.
 2. Provide independent support from building structure except for cast metal boxes (other than boxes used for fixture support) supported by threaded conduit connections in accordance with NFPA 70. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
- G. Install boxes plumb and level.
- H. Flush-Mounted Boxes:
 1. Install boxes in noncombustible materials such as concrete, tile, gypsum, plaster, etc. so that front edge of box or associated raised cover is not set back from finished surface more than 1/4 inch (6 mm) or does not project beyond finished surface.
 2. Install boxes in combustible materials such as wood so that front edge of box or associated raised cover is flush with finished surface.
 3. Repair rough openings around boxes in noncombustible materials such as concrete, tile, gypsum, plaster, etc. so that there are no gaps or open spaces greater than 1/8 inch (3 mm) at the edge of the box.
- I. Install boxes as required to preserve insulation integrity.
- J. Install permanent barrier between ganged wiring devices when voltage between adjacent devices exceeds 300 V.
- K. Install firestopping to preserve fire resistance rating of partitions and other elements, using materials and methods specified in Section 07 8400.
- L. Close unused box openings.
- M. Install blank wall plates on junction boxes and on outlet boxes with no devices or equipment installed or designated for future use.
- N. Provide grounding and bonding in accordance with Section 26 0526.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 0553
IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Electrical identification requirements.
- B. Identification nameplates and labels.
- C. Voltage markers.
- D. Warning signs and labels.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 26 0519 - Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables: Color coding for power conductors and cables 600 V and less; vinyl color coding electrical tape.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI Z535.2 - American National Standard for Environmental and Facility Safety Signs; 2011.
- B. ANSI Z535.4 - American National Standard for Product Safety Signs and Labels; 2011.
- C. NFPA 70 - National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- D. UL 969 - Marking and Labeling Systems; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 - Administrative Requirements for submittals procedures.

1.05 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not install adhesive products when ambient temperature is lower than recommended by manufacturer.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 IDENTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Existing Work: Unless specifically excluded, identify existing elements to remain that are not already identified in accordance with specified requirements.
- B. Identification for Equipment:
 - 1. Use identification nameplate to identify each piece of electrical distribution and control equipment and associated sections, compartments, and components.
 - 2. Use voltage marker to identify highest voltage present for each piece of electrical equipment.
 - 3. Use identification nameplate to identify equipment utilizing series ratings, where permitted, in accordance with NFPA 70.
 - 4. Use identification nameplate to identify switchboards and panelboards utilizing a high leg delta system in accordance with NFPA 70.
 - 5. Use identification nameplate to identify disconnect location for equipment with remote disconnecting means.
 - 6. Available Fault Current Documentation: Use identification label to identify the available fault current and date calculations were performed at locations requiring documentation by NFPA 70, including but not limited to the following.
 - a. Service equipment.
 - b. Industrial control panels.
 - c. Motor control centers.
 - d. Elevator control panels.
 - e. Industrial machinery.
- C. Identification for Conductors and Cables:
 - 1. Color Coding for Power Conductors 600 V and Less: Comply with Section 26 0519.
 - 2. Use identification nameplate or identification label to identify color code for ungrounded and grounded power conductors inside door or enclosure at each piece of feeder or branch-circuit

distribution equipment when premises has feeders or branch circuits served by more than one nominal voltage system.

2.02 IDENTIFICATION NAMEPLATES AND LABELS

- A. Identification Nameplates:
 - 1. Materials:
 - a. Indoor Clean, Dry Locations: Use plastic nameplates.
 - 2. Plastic Nameplates: Two-layer or three-layer laminated acrylic or electrically non-conductive phenolic with beveled edges; minimum thickness of 1/16 inch (1.6 mm); engraved text.
 - 3. Stainless Steel Nameplates: Minimum thickness of 1/32 inch (0.8 mm); engraved or laser-etched text.
 - 4. Mounting Holes for Mechanical Fasteners: Two, centered on sides for sizes up to 1 inch (25 mm) high; Four, located at corners for larger sizes.
- B. Identification Labels:
 - 1. Materials: Use self-adhesive laminated plastic labels; UV, chemical, water, heat, and abrasion resistant.
 - 2. Text: Use factory pre-printed or machine-printed text. Do not use handwritten text unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Format for General Information and Operating Instructions:
 - 1. Minimum Size: 1 inch (25 mm) by 2.5 inches (64 mm).
 - 2. Legend: Include information or instructions indicated or as required for proper and safe operation and maintenance.
 - 3. Text: All capitalized unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Minimum Text Height: 1/4 inch (6 mm).
 - 5. Color: Black text on white background unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Format for Caution and Warning Messages:
 - 1. Minimum Size: 2 inches (51 mm) by 4 inches (100 mm).
 - 2. Legend: Include information or instructions indicated or as required for proper and safe operation and maintenance.
 - 3. Text: All capitalized unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Minimum Text Height: 1/2 inch (13 mm).
 - 5. Color: Black text on yellow background unless otherwise indicated.

2.03 VOLTAGE MARKERS

- A. Markers for Boxes and Equipment Enclosures: Use factory pre-printed self-adhesive vinyl or self-adhesive vinyl cloth type markers.
- B. Minimum Size:
 - 1. Markers for Equipment: 1 1/8 by 4 1/2 inches (29 by 110 mm).
- C. Legend:
 - 1. Markers for Voltage Identification: Highest voltage present.
- D. Color: Black text on orange background unless otherwise indicated.

2.04 WARNING SIGNS AND LABELS

- A. Comply with ANSI Z535.2 or ANSI Z535.4 as applicable.
- B. Warning Signs:
 - 1. Materials:
 - 2. Minimum Size: 7 by 10 inches (178 by 254 mm) unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Warning Labels:
 - 1. Materials: Use factory pre-printed or machine-printed self-adhesive polyester or self-adhesive vinyl labels; UV, chemical, water, heat, and abrasion resistant; produced using materials recognized to UL 969.
 - 2. Machine-Printed Labels: Use thermal transfer process printing machines and accessories recommended by label manufacturer.

3. Minimum Size: 2 by 4 inches (51 mm by 102 mm) unless otherwise indicated.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces to receive adhesive products according to manufacturer's instructions.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install identification products to be plainly visible for examination, adjustment, servicing, and maintenance. Unless otherwise indicated, locate products as follows:
 1. Surface-Mounted Equipment: Enclosure front.
 2. Flush-Mounted Equipment: Inside of equipment door.
 3. Free-Standing Equipment: Enclosure front; also enclosure rear for equipment with rear access.
 4. Elevated Equipment: Legible from the floor or working platform.
 5. Interior Components: Legible from the point of access.
 6. Conductors and Cables: Legible from the point of access.
- C. Install identification products centered, level, and parallel with lines of item being identified.
- D. Secure nameplates to exterior surfaces of enclosures using stainless steel screws and to interior surfaces using self-adhesive backing or epoxy cement.
- E. Install self-adhesive labels and markers to achieve maximum adhesion, with no bubbles or wrinkles and edges properly sealed.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 0583
WIRING CONNECTIONS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Electrical connections to equipment.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 26 0519 - Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables.
- B. Section 26 0533.13 - Conduit for Electrical Systems.
- C. Section 26 0533.16 - Boxes for Electrical Systems.
- D. Section 26 2726 - Wiring Devices.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NEMA WD 1 - General Color Requirements for Wiring Devices; 1999 (Reaffirmed 2015).
- B. NEMA WD 6 - Wiring Devices - Dimensional Specifications; 2016.
- C. NFPA 70 - National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide wiring device manufacturer's catalog information showing dimensions, configurations, and construction.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate application conditions and limitations of use stipulated by product testing agency. Include instructions for storage, handling, protection, examination, preparation, and installation of product.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Products: Listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. Make electrical connections in accordance with equipment manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Make conduit connections to equipment using flexible conduit. Use liquidtight flexible conduit with watertight connectors in damp or wet locations.
- C. Connect heat producing equipment using wire and cable with insulation suitable for temperatures encountered.
- D. Provide receptacle outlet to accommodate connection with attachment plug.
- E. Provide cord and cap where field-supplied attachment plug is required.
- F. Install suitable strain-relief clamps and fittings for cord connections at outlet boxes and equipment connection boxes.
- G. Install disconnect switches, controllers, control stations, and control devices to complete equipment wiring requirements.
- H. Install terminal block jumpers to complete equipment wiring requirements.
- I. Install interconnecting conduit and wiring between devices and equipment to complete equipment wiring requirements.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 2823
DISCONNECT SWITCHES - FUSED AND NON FUSED

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. General: Provide fused and unfused disconnect switches in accordance with Contract Documents.
- B. Related Work Specified in Division 26
 - 1 Section 26 05 53 – Identification for Electrical Systems
- C. Related Work Specified in other Divisions of these Specifications.
 - 1 Setting of motors and other equipment.

1.2 STANDARDS

- A. Except as modified by governing codes and by the Contract Documents, comply with the latest applicable provisions and the latest applicable recommendations of the following:
 - 1 U.L. Standards #98 (File #4776) and #508.
 - 2 Federal Specifications W-S-865C.
 - 3 NEMA Standard KS1-1975.
 - 4 U.L. 20 and Federal Specification Test Standards for Toggle Switches.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit manufacturer's data for all disconnect switches.
- B. Identify motor or equipment served by each switch; indicate nameplate inscription.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 APPROVED MANUFACTURERS

- A. Safety switches.
 - 1 Shall be of the same manufacturer as the <switchboard> <panelboards> <other>.
- B. Toggle type manual control switches.
 - 1 Square D Class 2510, 11, 12.
 - 2 Siemens Class SMF
- C. General Electric Type RB with enclosure.

2.2 SAFETY SWITCHES

- A. Heavy-duty, horsepower rated, single-throw knife switch with quick-make, quick-break mechanism, capable of full load operations. Meet NEMA and U.S. Government specifications for Class A switches.

- B. Provide with contact arc-quenching devices, such as magnetic blowouts or snuffing plates. Provide self-aligning switchblades with silver alloy contact areas and designed so that arcing upon making and breaking does not occur on the final contact surfaces. Provide with high-pressure, spring-loaded contact. Mount switch parts on high-grade insulating base.
- C. Enclosure – NEMA 1 with hinged door and defeat-able interlock when switch is in "ON" position and can be positively padlocked in "ON" and "OFF" positions. Utilize NEMA 3R (rain-tight) enclosure for exterior installations.
- D. Size, fusing and number of poles as shown or as required. Where fused, the devices must be provided with UL listed rejection feature to reject all but Class R fuses. Provide horsepower rated switch to match motor load if no size is shown. Use 3 pole plus solid neutral switches on four wire circuits and 3 pole switches on all other circuits, unless otherwise noted.
- E. Lugs must be UL listed for aluminum and/or copper conductors and be front removable.

2.3 TOGGLE TYPE MANUAL CONTROL SWITCHES

- A. Provide switches that operate at their full rating with fluorescent, tungsten and resistance loads, and at 80% of their rated capacity with motor loads.
- B. Switches to be heavy duty and have:
 - 1 Arc-resisting bodies.
 - 2 Slow make-and-break mechanisms
 - 3 Silver alloy contact buttons
 - 4 Side or back wiring with up to No. 10 AWG solid conductors

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS

- A. Each motor over 1/2 HP shall be provided with a horsepower-rated safety-type disconnect switch.
- B. Each piece of equipment utilizing multi-phase power shall be supplied with a safety-type disconnect switch.
- C. Each piece of equipment utilizing single-phase power but protected at over 30 amperes shall be supplied with a safety-type disconnect switch.
- D. Equipment other than that mentioned above may utilize a toggle type manual control switch properly sized and rated for the equipment it disconnects.
- E. Factory installed disconnect switches may be used to satisfy the above requirements with the Architect/Engineer's prior approval.

3.2 MOUNTING

- A. Provide connections and wiring to and from each disconnect switch. Support conduit feeder from ceiling or floor.

- B. Disconnect switches shall be mounted at adjacent wall or from the floor with independent supports. Switches shall not be mounted on fan housings.
 - C. Mount switch enclosure rigidly and with proper alignment on building structure or steel supports with centerline of operating handle not more than 6 feet above finished floor unless otherwise required. Use steel supports fabricated from standard rolled structural steel shapes or framing channel to provide one-inch separation between enclosure and building wall for vertical flow of air.
 - D. Install fuses as specified in Section 26 28 14.
 - E. Completed installation shall contain no extraneous openings.
- 3.3 IDENTIFICATION
- C. Provide identification of all disconnect switches in accordance with Section 26 05 53 of these specifications.

END OF SECTION