

SECTION 02081
ASBESTOS REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Work Included

- A. The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, services, insurance, patents, and equipment necessary to perform the Work of this Contract. All work will be conducted in compliance with EPA, OSHA, and NYS regulations, any other applicable federal, state, and local regulations and in accordance with these specifications. In the event, there is a conflicting point between these provisions, the most stringent one shall apply.
- B. The work will involve the removal of all Asbestos Containing Materials and all Asbestos Waste from within the Work Zones in accordance with all applicable rules and regulations and this specification. Location of asbestos indicated is provided for guidance only. The Contractor shall be responsible for establishing quantities and locations. The project will take place at Westchester Hills School 29, 47 Croydon Road Yonkers, New York 10704.

Westchester Hills School 29 –Various Locations

- Tar Above Vents – Old Building – Exterior: 100 SF
- Vent Caulking – Old Building – Exterior: 100 LF
- 12 x 12 & 9 x 9 Floor tile & Mastic -15,000 SF

Removal shall be performed in accordance with New York State Industrial Code Rule 56 and the Contract Documents.

The project shall be conducted as follows:

A. BASE BID – Westchester Hills School – Various Locations

Removal and disposal of approximately 100 SF of unit vent tar, 100 LF of unit vent tar, and 15,000 SF of 12 x 12 floor tile and mastic & 9 x 9 floor tile and mastic from various locations. Asbestos removal shall be conducted using full containment, exterior foam method & interior foam method procedures in accordance with New York State Industrial Code Rule 56 and the contract documents. The contractor shall remove all asbestos and properly clean work area of all debris.

NOTE:

- 1) The abatement areas shown on the drawings are provided for guidance only and no claims are made as to their accuracy. **The Contractor is alone responsible for determining the actual abatement quantities. If quantities differ the Contractor is responsible for bringing the discrepancy to the Construction Manager/Engineer's attention before any removal work proceeds.**
- 2) **In the event that clearance samples do not pass, the Asbestos Abatement Contractor will be responsible for all costs associated with resampling until acceptable clearance levels have been obtained.**
- 3) Removal of the asbestos containing materials from this building will be conducted in accordance with NYS Industrial Code Rule 56 and the contract documents. The contractor may use project specific variances from NYS ICR 56 to perform the asbestos abatement work. To utilize a project specific variance, the contractor shall submit a copy of the proposed variance that outlines the removal procedures to the engineer for review and approval before the commencement of any work.
- 4) Removal of the asbestos containing materials from this building will be conducted in accordance with NYS Industrial Code Rule 56, applicable variances, a site-specific variance (if required) and the contract documents.
- 5) During the project, other trades will be working in the building, the Asbestos Contractor shall coordinate all of his work with the other trades as required.
- 6) The Contractor is responsible for using "standard of care" when applying or removing tape, spray adhesive or any other type of bonding material from the walls, floors or ceilings. If damage is sustained to an area during the work procedure directly related to the negligence of the contractor, then that Contractor is responsible for returning the area to its original condition unless otherwise noted.
- 7) Critical barriers and the doorways shown on the drawing shall be covered with three layers of at least six-mil polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape.
- 8) The Contractor shall be responsible for all utility cable protection within the Work Zone Limits.
- 9) The Contractor is required to abide by the most current Prevailing Wage Rates at the time of the abatement project.
- 10) The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, services, insurance, patents, and equipment necessary to carry out the removal operation. All work will be conducted in compliance with EPA, OSHA, and NYS regulations, and any other applicable federal, state, and local regulations and in accordance with these specifications. In the event, there is a conflicting point between these provisions, the most stringent one shall apply.

1.02 Definitions

- A. ABATEMENT: Procedures to control fiber release from Asbestos-Containing Materials. This includes encapsulation, enclosure, and removal.
- B. AIRLOCK: A system for permitting egress without permitting air movement between a contaminated area and an uncontaminated area, typically consisting of two Curtained Doorways at least 3 feet apart.
- C. AIR MONITORING: The process of measuring the fiber content of a specific volume of air in a stated period of time.
- D. AREA MONITORING: Sampling of asbestos fiber concentrations within the asbestos control area and outside the asbestos control area, which is representative of the airborne concentrations of asbestos fibers in the breathing zone.
- E. AMENDED WATER: Water containing a wetting agent or surfactant.
- F. ASBESTOS: Any hydrated mineral silicate separable into commercially usable fibers, including but not limited to chrysotile (serpentine), amosite (cumington-grunerite), crocidolite (riebeckite), tremolite, anthophyllite, and actinolite.
- G. ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL (ACM): Any Asbestos or any material containing more than one percent of Asbestos by weight or volume.
- H. ASBESTOS CONTAMINATED OBJECTS: Any object which has been contaminated by Asbestos or Asbestos Containing Material. This shall include all unprotected porous materials in an Asbestos Work Area.
- I. ASBESTOS CONTROL AREA: An area where Asbestos Abatement operations are performed, which is isolated by physical boundaries to prevent the spread of asbestos dust, fibers, or debris.
- J. ASBESTOS WASTE: Any Asbestos Containing Material or Asbestos Contaminated Objects requiring disposal.
- K. AUTHORIZED VISITOR: The Owner, the Engineer, or a representative of any regulatory or other agency having jurisdiction over the project.
- L. CLEAN ROOM: An uncontaminated area or room which is part of the Worker Decontamination Enclosure System, with provisions for storage of workers' street clothes and protective equipment.
- M. COMPETENT PERSON: One who is capable of identifying existing asbestos hazards in the Work place and who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them as specified in 29 CFR 1926.32(f); Reference 29 CFR 1926.58(b) for duties and responsibilities.
- N. CRITICAL BARRIER: Any windows, HVAC diffusers (exhaust or return), pipe sleeves, penetrations, doorways or any other openings leading to an occupied area of the building or to the outside.

- O. CURTAINED DOORWAY: A device to allow egress from one room to another while permitting minimal air movement between the rooms, typically constructed of three overlapping sheets of plastic over an existing or temporary door frame. Attach a weight to each sheet and seal at alternating edges so as to produce a zig-zag pattern of entrance or exit.
- P. ENCAPSULANT: A liquid material which can be applied to Asbestos-Containing Material and which controls the possible release of Asbestos fibers from the Asbestos Containing Material either by creating a membrane over the surface (bridging encapsulant) or by penetrating into the material and binding its components together (penetrating encapsulant). This may also be used to seal surfaces from which asbestos containing materials have been removed.
- Q. ENCAPSULATION: All herein specified procedures necessary to coat materials with an encapsulant to control the possible release of Asbestos fibers into the ambient air.
- R. ENCLOSURE: All herein specified procedures necessary to complete enclosure of Asbestos Containing Materials behind an airtight and impermeable barrier.
- S. EQUIPMENT ROOM: A contaminated area or room which is part of the Worker Decontamination Enclosure System, with provisions for the storage of contaminated clothing and equipment.
- T. FIXED OBJECT: A unit of equipment or furniture in the Work Zone which cannot be removed from the Work Zone.
- U. FRIABLE ASBESTOS MATERIAL: An Asbestos Containing Material that can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder when dry, by hand pressure or will crumble, be pulverized or produce powder when subjected to specific mechanical operation.
- V. HEPA FILTER: A high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter capable of trapping and retaining 99.97% of asbestos fibers greater than 0.3 micrometers in diameter.
- W. HEPA VACUUM EQUIPMENT: High efficiency particulate air (absolute) filtered vacuuming equipment with a filter system capable of collecting and retaining asbestos fibers. Filters shall be of 99.97% efficiency for retaining fibers of 0.3 micrometers or larger.
- X. HOLDING AREA: A chamber between the Washroom and an uncontaminated area in the Waste Decontamination Enclosure System. The Holding Area comprises an airlock.
- Y. MOVABLE OBJECT: A unit of equipment or furniture in the Work Zone which can be removed from the Work Zone.
- Z. NEGATIVE PRESSURE SYSTEM: A local exhaust system equipped with HEPA filtration that is capable of maintaining a minimum pressure differential of minus 0.05 inch of water column relative to adjacent unsealed areas.
- AA. NON-FRIABLE ASBESTOS MATERIAL: An Asbestos Containing Material in which the fibers have been locked in by a bonding agent, coating, binder, or other material so that the Asbestos is well bound and that when dry cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure and will not be subject to mechanical operations.

- BB. PERSONNEL DECONTAMINATION ENCLOSURE SYSTEM: A Decontamination Enclosure System for Workers, typically consisting of an Airlock, an Equipment Room, a second Airlock, a Shower room, a third Airlock, and a Clean Room.
- CC. PERSONAL MONITORING: Sampling of airborne asbestos fiber concentrations within the breathing zone of an employee.
- DD. REMOVAL: All herein specified procedures necessary to strip all Asbestos Containing Materials from the designated areas.
- EE. SHOWER ROOM: A room between the Clean Room and the Equipment Room in the Worker Decontamination Enclosure System, with hot and cold running water and suitably arranged for complete showering during decontamination. The Shower Room comprises an airlock between the Equipment Room and the Clean Room.
- FF. SURFACTANT: A chemical wetting agent added to water to improve penetration of water into the Asbestos Containing Materials.
- GG. TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE (TWA): An 8-hour time weighted average of airborne fiber concentration per cubic centimeter of air. Three samples are required to establish the 8-hour time weighted average.
- II. WASHROOM: A room between the Work Zone and the Holding Area in the Waste Decontamination Enclosure System. The Washroom comprises an airlock.
- JJ. WASTE DECONTAMINATION ENCLOSURE SYSTEM: A Decontamination Enclosure System for materials and equipment, typically consisting of an Airlock, a Washroom, a second Airlock, and a Holding Room.
- KK. WET CLEANING: The process of eliminating Asbestos contamination from building surfaces and objects by using cloths, mops, or other cleaning tools which have been dampened with water, and by afterwards disposing of these cleaning tools as Asbestos Waste.
- LL. WORK SITE: Premises where Asbestos Abatement is taking place. The Work Site includes, but is not limited to the Work Zone, the Personnel and Waste Decontamination Systems, the staging area, the disposal route and the loading dock.
- MM. WORK ZONE: Any area indicated on the Drawings as Asbestos Abatement areas or as areas with Asbestos Containing Material.

1.03 Submittals

- A. Submit the following items to the Engineer for review twenty (20) days prior to the commencement of Work associated with this section:
1. EPA Notification: The form required by the Environmental Protection Agency in accordance with the National Emission Standard for Asbestos, 40 CFR Part 61.

2. New York State Department of Labor Notification: The form required by the State of New York Asbestos Control Program in accordance with Article 30 of the New York State Labor Law.
3. Any proposed project specific variance to any of the applicable regulations.

Upon return of submittals from the Engineer with an action stamp indicating that the submissions have been reviewed and comply with the contract documents, file all notifications with the appropriate agencies in accordance with all applicable regulations and these specifications. Pay the appropriate fees. All filing fees and associated costs shall be borne by the Contractor.

- B. Submit the following items to the Engineer for review ten (10) days prior to the commencement of Work associated with this section. No Work shall begin until ALL submittals are returned with an action stamp indicating that the submission is in accordance with these specifications.

1. NOTIFICATIONS: Stamped received copies of the notifications (EPA only) and variances listed above in item A, as well as copies of the canceled checks used to pay all associated fees.
2. CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION: Documentation confirming licensing by New York State Commission of Labor for asbestos Work in accordance with Industrial Code Rule 56.
3. WORKER DOCUMENTATION: Current copies of the AHERA certificates, New York State Department of Labor Asbestos Handling Certificates, Medical Exams and Respirator Fit Tests for all employees performing the Work of this Section.
4. EMPLOYEE RELEASE FORM: Prior to allowing an employee to perform any Work on the project, submit the properly executed Employee Release Form for each employee. A copy of this form is included herein.
5. CONTINGENCY PLANS: A copy of emergency, security, and contingency plans as follows:
 - a. A plan to provide for emergency and fire evacuation of personnel from the Work Zone in an emergency. File a copy of this plan with the local fire and/or ambulance unit;
 - b. A plan for maintaining the security of the Work Zone. The security plan shall provide a means of preventing accidental or unauthorized entry. Provide security to the decontamination facility and all points of potential access to the Work Zone 24 hours per day during abatement. Submit the form of security and safety log that will be maintained on the project;
 - c. A contingency plan addressing emergencies, equipment failures, and barrier failure. Include the telephone numbers of at least three (3) responsible persons who shall be in the position to dispatch men and equipment to the project in the event of an emergency.

6. LANDFILL: Written evidence that the landfill to be used for disposal of asbestos is approved for disposal of asbestos by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYS Part 360 Permit) and by the US EPA. In the event the landfill is not located in New York State, approval from the agency having jurisdiction over the landfill must be received. Documentation that the proposed hauler and landfill have the proper permits and are willing to accept the asbestos waste.

The hauler must have a Waste Transporter Permit pursuant to Article 27, Titles 3 and 15, of the Environmental Conservation Law from the New York State DEC, Division of Hazardous Substance Regulations (NYS Part 364 Permit).

7. MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS: For all products intended to be used on the project, a Materials Safety Data Sheet in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Include a separate attachment indicating the specific worker protection equipment required for each material.
8. PRESSURE MONITORING DEVICES: Manufacturer's data on type of equipment to be used to provide a continuous record of pressure differentials. Provide a drawing showing locations and number of units to be used.
9. AIR FILTRATION DEVICES: Manufacturer's data on type of equipment to be used to remove airborne asbestos.
10. ROOM INSPECTION: Inspect all areas in which Work is to be performed. Inspection shall occur in the presence of representatives of the Owner and Engineer. Record any existing damage to components, such as walls, doors, windows, carpeting, fixtures, and equipment. Any damaged components found after completion of the Work will be repaired at the Contractor expense. Make arrangements for the inspection, notify the participants, record the findings, and issue minutes of the inspection to all participants.
11. SCHEDULES: A copy of construction, staffing, and equipment schedules:
 - a. A construction schedule stating critical dates of the job including start and completion of mobilization, activation, deactivation, and demobilization of all Work activities (including mobilization, Work Zone preparation, asbestos abatement, inspection and clearance monitoring, each phase of refinishing, and final inspections). Update schedule with each partial payment request. Changes in schedule are subject to the Engineer's approval and require three (3) days prior notice.
 - b. A schedule of staffing stating number of workers per shift, name and number of supervisor(s) per shift, hours per shift, shifts per day, and total days to be worked;
 - c. A schedule of equipment to be used including numbers and types of all major equipment such as high efficiency particulate absolute (HEPA) air filtration units, HEPA vacuums, and airless sprayers.

12. INSURANCE POLICIES: A copy of all Insurance policies required by this contract, including the *Asbestos Abatement General Liability Occurrence Insurance*, without a sunset clause, in amounts not less than \$1,000,000, each occurrence, naming the Owner as the Certificate Holder. Also, include insurance policies of any subcontractor, including the Sudden and Accidental Pollution Liability Insurance required of the Hauler. The following list of Additionally Insured must be included under insurance policies held by the Contractor on this project:

- a. Yonkers Public Schools District and its employees
- b. Fuller & D'Angelo P.C. and its employees
- c. Warren & Panzer Engineers and its employees
- d. Barile & Gallagher Associates and its employees

13. AIR SUPPLY SYSTEM: Manufacturer's product information for each component used in the Type "C" supplied air respiratory system, including NIOSH and MSHA Certifications for each component in an assembly and/or the entire assembly. Provide a notarized certification that the system is capable of providing Grade "D" breathable air. Submit a copy of the manufacturer's operations manual for the air purification system and the carbon monoxide monitor.

Prepare a drawing showing the assembly of components into a complete supplied air respiratory system. Document the number and size of electric air pumps and/or air supply tanks to be kept at the site at all times to ascertain that sufficient air is being supplied to the maximum number of users. Prepare a diagram showing the location of the electric air pumps, the air supply tanks and the hose line connections. The use of gas compressors will not be allowed. Submit complete operating and maintenance instructions for all components and systems as a whole. Bind manual in a form suitable for field use.

- C. Daily during the conduct of abatement activities, submit to the Engineer the following:

Printouts from pressure differential monitoring equipment marked with date and Work start/stop times for each day. Use printout paper that indicates elapsed time in intervals no greater than one hour. Indicate on each day recording times of starting and stopping abatement Work, type of Work in progress, breaks, and filter changes. Cut printout into segments by day and label with project name, Contractor's name and date;

- D. Within thirty (30) days of removal from the premises, submit to the Owner the disposal certificate(s) from the landfill receiving the Asbestos Waste stating dates and quantities received.

- E. Within seven (7) days of completion of all Work associated with this Section submit to the Owner, the following:

1. A bound copy of the job log book showing sign in and sign out of all persons entering the Work Zone, including name, date, time, and position or function and a general description of daily activity. Keep these records on file for the duration of employment plus 30 years;
2. A notarized statement attesting that all personnel performing any work under this Contract were compensated in accordance with the prevailing wage rates contained herein.

1.04 Special Reports

- A. Except as otherwise indicated, submit special reports directly to the Owner and the Engineer within one (1) day of the occurrence requiring the special report, with copies to all others affected by the occurrence.
- B. When an event of unusual and significant nature occurs at the site (examples: failure of negative pressure system, rupture of temporary enclosures, unauthorized entry into Work Zone), prepare and submit a special report listing date and time of event, chain of events, persons participating, response by Contractor's personnel, evaluation of results or effects, and similar pertinent information.
- C. Report any accidents, at the site and anywhere else Work is in progress related to this project. Record and document data and actions. Comply with industry standards.

1.05 Quality Assurance

- A. Where methods or procedures are specified, they shall constitute minimum measures and shall in no way relieve the Contractor of sole responsibility for the means, methods, techniques, sequences, or safety measures in connection with the Work.
- B. Provide foremen who speak fluent English to supervise all abatement activities. Foremen shall be certified as handler supervisors in accordance with Section 902 of the New York State Labor Law Article 30, and have experience in this field and can furnish a record of satisfactory performance on at least three (3) projects for Work of comparable type.
- C. Any proposed Subcontractor performing any Work under this Section "Asbestos Removal and Disposal" shall have similar qualifications. Submit qualifications with the BID for any proposed Subcontractor. Submit Subcontractor qualifications in the same form and quantity as required for the Contractor.

1.06 Applicable Standards and Regulations

- A. Perform all Work in compliance with the most current version of all pertinent laws, rules, and regulations, existing at the time of Work, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Code of Federal Regulations
 - a. Title 29 CFR Parts 1910.1001, 1910.1200, 1910.134 1926.58 and 1926.1101;
[The Occupational Safety and Health (OSHA) Standards]
 - b. Title 30 CFR Part 61, Subpart G;
[The Transport and Disposal of Asbestos Waste]
 - c. Title 40 CFR, Part 61, Subparts A and M;
[The EPA National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants, and the National Emission Standard for Asbestos]
 - d. Title 40 CFR, Part 763,
[Asbestos Containing Materials in Schools; Final Rule and Notice]
 - e. Title 49 CFR Parts 106, 107, and 171-179.
[The Transportation Safety Act of 1974 and the Hazardous Material Transportation Act]
 - f. Public Law 101-637
[ASHARA]
 - 2. New York State Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations.
 - a. Title 12 Part 56

- b. Title 10 Part 73
 - c. Title 6 Parts 360-364
 - d. Labor Law - Article 30 and Sections 900-912.
 - e. All applicable Additions, Addenda, Variances and Regulatory Interpretation Memoranda.
3. Applicable Standards
- a. The American National Standard Institute (ANSI) Practices for Respiratory Protection ANSI Z88.2-1980.
 - b. The American National Standard Institute (ANSI) Fundamentals Governing the Design and Operation of Local Exhaust Systems.
 - c. UL 586 Test Performance of High Efficiency Particulate Air-Filter Units.
- B. In the event, there is a conflicting point between these provisions, the most stringent one shall apply.

1.07 Air Monitoring

- A. Conduct personnel air monitoring in accordance with OSHA requirements. Collect a sufficient number of samples to determine the Time Weighted Average exposure of twenty percent (20%) of the work force.
- B. The Owner will provide area air monitoring as follows:

<u>Sample Type</u>	<u>Analysis Method</u>
Pre-abatement	PCM
During abatement activities	PCM
Clearance air monitoring	PCM & TEM

The Contractor shall cooperate with the Owner's designated representatives with regard to air monitoring and project monitoring procedures. Ensure that employees and Subcontractors do the same.

- C. If analysis of any of the air samples collected during abatement indicates that the airborne asbestos concentration outside the Work Zone is greater than or equal to 0.01 f/cc or the background level, whichever is greater:
- 1. Stop Work immediately;
 - 2. Inspect the integrity of the barriers;
 - 3. Wet clean and vacuum the location where elevated fiber counts were reported; and

4. Do not resume Work until such time when the airborne asbestos concentration outside the Work Zone is once again less than the above limit.
- D. In order to pass PCM clearance testing, the analysis of each and every sample collected shall indicate that the airborne fiber concentration is less than 0.01 fibers per cubic centimeter or the background level whichever is greater.
- E. In order to pass TEM clearance testing, each and every sample collected shall indicate that the airborne structure concentration is less than 0.01 structures per cubic centimeter or the background level whichever is greater and the average structure concentrations inside the Work Zone shall not be statistically larger than the average of ambient levels as determined by the Z-test.
- F. The method of sampling shall be aggressive or nonaggressive depending on the requirements of applicable regulations. The method of analysis for pre-abatement and during abatement shall be NIOSH 7400 using Phase Contrast Microscopy (PCM). Post-abatement samples shall be analyzed by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) for AHERA compliance projects, in accordance with Appendix A to Subpart E-Interim TEM Analytical Methods. For non-AHERA projects, the decision of testing with either PCM or TEM for final air clearance monitoring will be made by the Engineer. The testing laboratory will be a member of the Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP).
- G. In case of failure of the initial final air clearance monitoring, the work zone will be retested following immediate relearning. This process will be repeated as necessary until final air clearance is obtained. All costs and expenses resulting from the additional relearning and retesting (including sampling and analysis) due to failure of the initial final air clearance shall be borne by the Contractor. The expenses thereby incurred will be deducted from any monies due or that may become due to the Contractor.
- H. The Contractor shall provide security personnel to watch the decontamination facility and all points of potential access to the Work Zone.

- END OF PART 1 -

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Air Filtration Unit

- A. Use only Air Filtration Units in compliance with ANSI Z9.2 (1979), Local Exhaust Ventilation. The final filter in each unit shall be of the HEPA type. Use only Air Filtration Units certified by the manufacturer to have an efficiency of not less than 99.97 percent when challenged with 0.3 micron dioctylphthalate (DOP) particles.
- B. Equip the system with the following:
 - 1. An automatic shutdown that will stop the fan in the event of a rupture in the HEPA filter or blocked air discharge;
 - 2. Warning lights and/or alarms to indicate an excessive pressure drop across the filters or an insufficient pressure drop across the filters;
 - 3. A non-resettable elapsed time meter to indicate the total accumulated hours of operation;
 - 4. A gauge or manometer to measure the pressure drop across the filter.

2.02 Asbestos Caution Signs

- A. Use Asbestos Caution Signs as specified in OSHA Title 29 CFR 1910.1001(j) and 1926.58(k). Posting of warning signs in and around the work site should be in cooperation with the Department of Correction and with approval by the Department of Correction.

2.03 Asbestos Caution Labels

- A. Use Asbestos Caution Labels as specified in OSHA Title 29 CFR 1910.1001(j) and 1926.58(k).

2.04 Disposal Bags

- A. Use Disposal Bags which are a minimum six (6) mil in thickness, clear in color and preprinted with the Asbestos Caution Label.

2.05 Encapsulating Material

- A. All Encapsulating Materials shall be approved by UL for use in class 1A buildings and shall have composite fire and smoke hazard ratings as tested under procedure ASTM E- 84, NFPA 255 and UL 723

Flame Spread	25
Smoke Developed	50

- B. If the removal of fireproofing materials is included in this Contract, select an encapsulant from those approved by UL for use with the new fireproofing. If Retro-Guard Type RG or RG-1 manufactured by W.R. Grace & Co. is to be applied, use American Coatings 22P & 22 Power lock, or Fiber lock

Fiber set FT and Fiber set PM, or Certane 909 and 1000, or H.B. Fuller 32-60 and 32-61, or IPC Serpliflex and Serpiloc.

2.06 Equipment

- A. Temporary lighting, heating, hot water heating units, ground fault interrupters, and all other equipment on site shall be UL listed and shall be safe, proper, and sufficient for the purpose intended.
- B. All electrical equipment shall be in compliance with the National Electric Code. Attention is specifically called to Article 305 Temporary Wiring.

2.07 First Aid Kits

- A. Maintain adequately stocked first aid kits in the Clean Room and Work Zone, in accordance with OSHA requirements.

2.08 High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) Filters

- A. Employ filters which have been individually tested and certified by the manufacturer to have an efficiency of not less than 99.97 percent when challenged with 0.3 micron dioctylphthalate (DOP) particles, in accordance with Military Standard Number 282 and Army Instructional Manual 136-300-175A. Each filter shall bear a US 586 label to indicate ability to perform under the specified conditions.
- B. Each HEPA filter shall be marked with the name of the manufacturer, serial number, air flow rating, efficiency and resistance, and the direction of air flow.

2.09 Glove bags

- A. Use only commercially available Glove bags. Use Glove bags constructed of clear fire retardant plastic, which have a minimum thickness of six (6) mil.
- B. Use Glove bags appropriately sized for the pipe. Use Glove bags, the dimensions of which exceed the pipe insulation diameter by a factor of four (4).

2.10 Plastic

- A. Use only new fire-retardant plastic sheets of polyethylene, which has a minimum thickness of 6 mil, true grade.
- B. For the initial floor, protective layer use only new reinforced plastic sheets of polyethylene, which has a minimum thickness of ten (10) mil, true grade. As an alternative, apply a ten (10) mil thick layer of "Spray-Poly" by Isotek or as approved.

2.11 Plywood

- A. Use only fire-rated CDX plywood, which is at minimum one half inch (1/2") in thickness.

2.12 Respirators

- A. Use only respirators approved by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA), Department of Labor, or the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), Department of Health and Human Services.

2.13 Sealants

- A. Use a combination fire stop foam and fire stop sealant. Use Dow Corning Fire Stop Foam and Dow Corning Fire Stop Sealant or as approved. Apply in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

2.14 Studs

- A. Use only 2" x 4" fire-rated CDX or metal studs.

2.15 Supplied Air System

- A. At all times, air supplied to the type "C" respirators shall be Grade "D" Breathable Air as described by OSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1910.134(d)(1), containing less than the following:

Carbon Monoxide :	20 parts per million
Carbon Dioxide :	1,000 parts per million
Condensed Hydrocarbons:	5 milligrams per cubic centimeter
Objectionable odors:	None

- B. Provide a minimum of one (1) hour of reserve air for emergency evacuation. Post, in the Work Zone, emergency evacuation procedures to be followed in the event of breathing air system failure. Explain procedures to all workers prior to commencement of the Work.
- C. Water content shall be less than 66 parts per million in order to protect the air purification unit. Certify the air quality of the system prior to beginning asbestos abatement Work and every two weeks during asbestos abatement Work by an independent laboratory certified by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene. Collect samples under the supervision of a Certified Industrial Hygienist. Submit copies of certified test results to the Engineer within five (5) days of the sample collection.

2.16 Vacuums

- A. Use only vacuums equipped with HEPA filters.

2.17 Wetting Agents

- A. The wetting agent shall be water amended with one (1) oz. of a chemical surfactant per five (5) gallons of water. The composition of the surfactant shall be approximately 50% polyoxyethylene ether and 50% polyoxyethylene esters.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Personnel Protection

- A. Satisfy all applicable Worker protection requirements.
- B. Provide protective equipment for use by Workers and designated representatives of the Owner including disposable full body coveralls, respirators and approved cartridges, gloves, hard hats, and goggles. Maintain on site, two (2) sets of protective equipment for the exclusive use of representatives of the owner.
- C. At all times, provide all persons with personally issued and marked respiratory equipment suitable for the asbestos exposure level in the Work Zone. Ensure that all persons properly use this equipment at all times.
- D. As a minimum, half face negative pressure type respirators must be worn by all personnel during Work Zone preparation. If airborne concentrations of asbestos inside the Work Zone exceed 0.1 fibers per cubic centimeter, employ either PAPR or type "C" respiratory protection whichever is appropriate.
- E. PAPRs (Powered Air Purifying Respirators) shall constitute the minimum level of respiratory protection for all persons entering that Work Zone from the time the Work Zone is activated until acceptance.
- F. Should airborne concentrations of asbestos inside the Work Zone exceed 2.0 fibers per cubic centimeter, supply all personnel with personally issued and marked Type "C" supplied air respirators operated in the positive pressure demand mode.
- G. If the permissible respirators fail to provide sufficient protection against volatile substances emitted by any sealants or other chemicals used, the services of a certified industrial hygienist will be procured, at the Contractor's expense, to determine proper respiratory protection. The Owner will not be liable for the cost of increased respiratory protection.
- H. Maintain surveillance of heat stress conditions in the Work Zone. The prevailing Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) for heat stress and the method of heat stress measurement adopted by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) shall govern worker exposure to heat stress.

3.02 Decontamination

- A. Construct and operate the Personnel and Waste Decontamination Enclosure Systems in conformance with all applicable rules and regulations. Locate decontamination units outside of the Work Zone.
- B. Construct the Personnel Decontamination Enclosure System (PDES) as a series of six (6) completely enclosed and connected rooms: An Airlock, an Equipment Room, a second Airlock, a Shower, a third Airlock, and a Clean (locker) Room. Separate rooms with curtained doorways.

1. Ensure that all egress from the Work Zone is through the PDES.
 2. Ensure that all persons leaving the Work Zone vacuum themselves of asbestos in the Work Zone and disrobe in the Equipment Room, shower (including washing of hair) with respirator on, and redress in the Clean Room.
 3. Ensure that all persons entering the Work Zone wear clean and new protective clothing and equipment prior to entrance.
 4. Equip the Shower with hot and cold water adjustable at the tap, liquid soap, shampoo and disposable towels.
 5. Leave all contaminated clothing and equipment in the Equipment Room in barrels or bags. Sanitize respirators in the showers. Equip with fresh cartridges in the Clean Room.
 6. No more than one curtained doorway shall be opened at the same time.
- C. Remove all asbestos containing waste materials, equipment, or any other materials through the Waste Decontamination Enclosure System (WDES). The WDES shall consist of a series of four (4) completely enclosed and connected rooms: An Airlock, a Washroom, a second Airlock, and a Holding Area. Separate rooms with curtained doorways. Remove materials, waste and equipment as follows:
1. No more than one curtained doorway shall be opened at the same time.
 2. Before removing any equipment or asbestos from the Work Zone,
 - a. Containerize (or bag) all asbestos;
 - b. Wet clean all equipment and packaged asbestos.
 3. Place equipment and asbestos in the first Airlock. Workers in the Work Zone shall not enter the Airlock and the Curtained Doorway between the Airlock and the Washroom shall remain closed during this procedure.
 4. Uncontaminated Workers in clean new protective equipment shall enter the WDES from outside the Work Zone and enter the Washroom.
 5. While in the Washroom:
 - a. Remove Waste and Equipment from the first Airlock;
 - b. Wet clean all equipment and all packaged asbestos containing waste;
 - c. Place bags and other containers into an additional completely clean bag or wrap in plastic. Bags and plastic used for this purpose shall not enter the Work Zone;

- d. Place equipment and asbestos in the second Airlock. Workers in the Work Zone shall not enter the Airlock and the Curtained Doorway between this Airlock and the Holding Area shall remain closed during this procedure.
6. Uncontaminated Workers in clean new protective equipment shall enter the Holding Area from the outside area and remove containerized materials from the airlock.
7. All workers shall proceed into the Work Zone for exiting by way of the PDES. Ensure that personnel do not leave the Work Zone through the WDES.

3.03 Work Zone Preparation

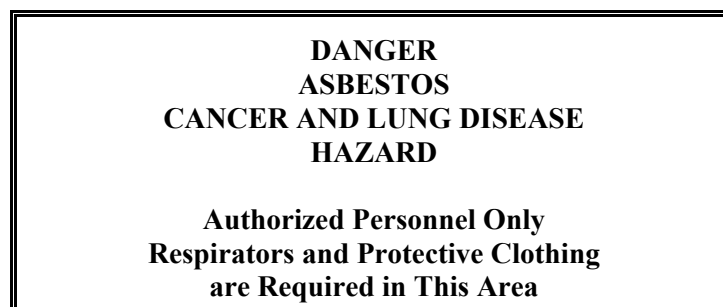
- A. Electrical Power: Unless otherwise indicated, shut down all electric power within the Work Zone, as follows:
 1. Lock all circuits, which have been shut off, in the off position and label with a printed tag which reads as follows:

"TEMPORARY DISCONNECT
Due to Asbestos Removal Project
DO NOT ACTIVATE THESE CIRCUITS"
 2. Provide temporary power and lighting and ensure safe installation of temporary power sources and equipment per applicable electrical code requirements. Provide all equipment which must remain operable, as well as all temporary ground-fault interrupter circuits for lights and electrical equipment. Individually protect all power equipment used inside each Work Zone with in-line ground fault interrupters. Locate ground-fault interrupter outside of the Work Zone.
 3. Provide all electrical tie-ins and extensions. Provide a temporary panel board, connected to an electric panel designated by the Owner.
- B. Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC): Employ all means necessary to prevent contamination and fiber dispersal to other areas of the structure, as follows:
 1. Thoroughly clean all HVAC Equipment and ductwork in the Work Zone. Seal all vents within the Work Zone with tape and plastic. Seal all HVAC duct seams. Wrap all ductwork in two (2) layers of plastic.
 2. Remove all HVAC filters. Pack disposable filters in sealable double plastic bags for disposal at the approved landfill. Replace with new filters after final cleanup. Wet-clean permanent filters; reinstall after final cleanup.
 3. Remove all heating and ventilating equipment grills, diffusers, returns, and other items located on the asbestos bearing surfaces. Wet clean all such items, seal in two (2) layers of plastic and remove from the Work Zone. Reinstall all displaced items after satisfactory clearance air testing.

4. HVAC systems shall be treated as follows:
 - a. Unless otherwise indicated, shutdown and lockout all heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems. Isolate system at points of entry to the Work Zone; use two (2) layers of plastic.
 - b. In cases where the HVAC system serving the Work Zone also serves other areas of the building which must remain in operation,
 - i. Isolate the ductwork entering the Work Zone from the remainder of the system. Cap all ductwork where it passes in or out of the Work Zone with galvanized steel ASTM 5261 in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards. Cover with two (2) layers of plastic.
 - ii. Operate the affected HVAC system twenty-four (24) hours per day from the initiation of Work Zone activation until successful final air clearance. Maintain a positive pressure within the operational portion of the HVAC system of 0.05-inch water gauge or greater with respect to the ambient pressure outside of the Work Zone. Install pressure monitoring devices.
 - c. In cases where it is necessary for ductwork passing through the Work Zone to remain active, the following conditions are to be maintained:
 - i. Maintain a positive pressure within the HVAC system of 0.05-inch water gauge (or greater) with respect to the ambient pressure outside of the Work Zone: the conditions for this system shall be maintained and be operational twenty-four (24) hours per day from the initiation of Work Zone preparation until successful final air clearance.
 - ii. Test, inspect and record the positive pressure in the duct both at the beginning and at the end of each shift.
 - iii. Monitor the positive pressurization of the duct using instrumentation that will trigger an audible alarm, if the static pressure falls below the set value.
 - iv. Place the supply air fan and the supply air damper for the active positive-pressurized duct in the manual "on" position to prevent shutdown by fail safe mechanisms.
 - v. Shut down and lock out the return air fan and the return air dampers.
 - vi. Cover all active HVAC ducts that pass through the Work Zone with two (2) layers of plastic.
- C. Steam Systems: Unless otherwise noted on the Drawings, shut down all steam systems passing through the Work Zone prior to activation.

- D. Utilities: Provide all water, electrical and waste facility connections, as well as all sanitary drains. The Contractor will not be charged for water used, electricity consumed, or discharges made to sanitary sewers as a part of this project.
- E. Temporary Service Lines: Upon completion of abatement activities, remove all temporary service lines and restore to their original conditions, in a manner acceptable to the Engineer. Repair any part of the permanent service lines, equipment and building facilities disturbed or damaged as a result of the installation or removal of the temporary service lines.
- F. Temporary Heating: Provide temporary heating in the Work Zone, as needed to maintain a minimum temperature of 50°F. Heating equipment shall be approved by the Engineer.
- G. Movable Objects: Before Work is initiated, clean all items which can be removed without disrupting any asbestos material. Pre-clean movable objects within the proposed areas using HEPA filtered vacuum equipment an/or wet cleaning methods as appropriate; remove such objects from Work Zones to a temporary location, as directed by the Engineer.
- H. Fixed Objects: Pre-clean non-removable objects within the proposed Work Zones, using HEPA filtered vacuum equipment and wet cleaning methods as appropriate prior to abatement activities, and enclose with two (2) layers of plastic sealed with tape.
- I. Openings: Prior to placing plastic on walls, floors and ceilings, seal off all openings, including, but not limited to corridors, doorways, windows, skylights, ducts, grills, diffusers, and any other penetrations of the Work Zones, with two (2) layers of plastic sealed with tape.
- J. Floor, Wall and Ceiling Penetrations: Prior to any abatement activities fire stop all openings or penetrations that have not already been sealed. This includes both empty holes, expansion joints and holes accommodating items such as cables, pipes, ducts, conduit, etc.
- K. Fire Exits: Maintain emergency and fire exits from the Work Zones, or establish alternative exits satisfactory to the local fire officials. Provide panic exit devices for security and egress. Establish this exit in accordance with all applicable codes and regulations.
- L. Signs: Outside of the perimeter barrier and at all entrances and exits to the Work Zone, post signs in English, Spanish and any other language spoken at the project location.

1. The signs shall read:



2. Demarcate the regulated area. Post signs at such a distance from the area that an employee will read these signs before entering the area.
- M. All of the above procedures shall be completed prior to the disturbance of any asbestos containing material.

3.04 Engineering Controls

- A. Maintain the Work Zone at an air pressure that is lower than that in any surrounding space in the building, or at any location in the immediate proximity outside of the building envelope. This pressure differential when measured across any physical or critical barrier must equal or exceed a static pressure of 0.05 inches of water.
- B. From the start of abatement activities:
1. Operate air filtration units continuously during the project, twenty-four (24) hours a day, from the start of abatement through successful clearance air monitoring, in accordance with "Specifications and Operating Procedures for the Use of Negative Pressure Systems for Asbestos Abatement", Guidance for Controlling Asbestos-Containing Materials in Buildings, EPA Report Number 560/5-85-024 (1985).
 2. Install the air filtration units in quantities and locations as required in order to achieve the required negative pressure.
 3. Provide a minimum of one air change every ten (10) minutes for the area under negative pressure. Assume Air Filtration Units will operate at 50% of their rated capacity. Maintain on site, one (1) spare air filtration unit for every five (5) in use.
 4. Locate the exhaust unit(s) so that makeup air enters the Work Zone primarily through the Decontamination Systems and traverses the Work Zone as much as possible. Provide the specified number of air changes throughout the Work Zone. Place the end of the unit or its exhaust duct through an opening in the plastic barrier or wall covering. Seal the plastic around the unit or exhaust duct with tape.
 5. Whenever possible, exhaust air filtration units to the outside of the building away from occupied areas in such a manner so that the air intake ports, louvers, or entrances for the building or adjacent buildings will not be adversely affected. In cases where it is impossible to exhaust outside of the building, provide a second air filtration unit in series. For runs longer than 150 feet install additional air filtration units every 150 feet.
 6. Use ducting, of equivalent or larger dimension as that of the air filtration unit exhaust port, to exhaust to the outside of the structure. Ducts shall exhaust, at minimum fifty (50) feet from all intakes or entrances to the building or adjacent buildings. Seal and brace all ductwork. Maintain airtight joints. Prevent fiber release into uncontaminated building areas.
 7. Place the air filtration system exhaust ducts overhead in an inconspicuous, non-restricting fashion. Connect the ducts to a 14" flange, as shown on the Drawings.

8. All filters shall be accessible from the Work Zone or contaminated side of the barrier. Prior to initial use, replace all filters in air filtration units in the presence of the Engineer with new and unused filters.
9. Use a dedicated power supply for the air filtration units.
10. In the event of loss of negative pressure or electric power to the negative pressure ventilating units, stop all abatement Work immediately. Do not resume Work until power is restored and negative pressure equipment is operational. Under no circumstances shall any Asbestos abatement take place without having the negative air pressure system fully operational.
11. When loss of negative pressure equipment lasts, or is expected to last longer than one-half hour:
 - a. Seal airtight all auxiliary make-up air inlets;
 - b. Seal all Decontamination Systems airtight after the evacuation of all personnel from the Work Zone;
 - c. All adjacent areas will be monitored by the Engineer at the Contractor's expense for asbestos fiber concentration.
12. Use ventilation smoke tubes to check the system performance.
13. Monitor and record the pressure differential between the Work Zone and the outside of the Work Zone with a monitoring device incorporating a continuous recorder (e.g. strip chart). Equip with an audible alarm which will signal if the pressure differential drops below 0.05 inches of water.

3.05 Asbestos Removal

Modified Containment Procedures (Floor Tile and Mastic)

Work in this part shall be performed in accordance with ICR 56, Applicable Variances AV-120 and the contract documents.

The sequence of abatement activities shall be as follows:

- A. Modified Containment, completely isolate the Work Zone as shown on the Drawings. Extend the Work Zone to such limits as to permit the removal of all asbestos containing materials within the Work Zone. Isolate the Work Zone as follows:
 1. Construct the Remote Decontamination Units for personnel and waste, as shown on the Drawings. Use studs, sixteen inches on center, covered with plywood and two (2) sheets of plastic.
 2. Construct isolation barriers. Where feasible, use existing walls and partitions. Where necessary, frame temporary partitions with studs sixteen (16) inches center on center. To support plastic for all areas larger than thirty-two (32) square feet, except where one of the

dimensions is less than one (1) foot, reinforce temporary partitions with plywood. Test the negative pressure system to ensure that the 0.05-inch differential is present.

3. Construct an entrance/exit airlock chamber, a minimum of 5' X 5' in size, at the entrance to each work zone so as to allow each worker to remove their outer suit, wipe off their inner suit and don a clean suit before proceeding to the remote decontamination enclosure system. ACM shall be bagged and brought to the Decontamination Enclosure System. At the Decontamination Enclosure, the bags will be wet wiped and the waste double bagged.
4. Cover the floor of the decontamination unit and airlock with reinforced polyethylene sheeting.
5. Cover interior surfaces of the Work Zone with a layer of plastic sealed with tape. Cover the walls with plastic from the floor level to a height of 4' minimum. Overlap seams in plastic 12" minimum and seal with tape. In areas where floor carpet is to remain, cover the floor with an additional layer of reinforced polyethylene sheeting. The plastic shall be attached with adhesives, furring strips and screws, tape, staples, etc., sufficient to prevent collapse or sagging of any plastic covering. **Inspect all plastic three times a day for sagging and repair all such sags or failures immediately.**
6. Install a second layer of plastic on all interior Work Zone Surfaces. Repeat procedure detailed above in 3.05. A.5.
7. Where required, electrical, telephone equipment, ductwork, etc. shall be covered with three (3) layers of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting. Energized circuits will be posted with signs warning 'CAUTION - ELECTRICALLY ENERGIZED', in three-inch-high letters.
8. Secure a source of water within the Work Zone (other than the Shower within the Decontamination Zone) for wetting and cleaning.
9. Test the negative pressure system prior to any abatement actions to ensure that the 0.05-inch differential is present. Wait twelve (12) hours. Test system again. If the test results are acceptable to the Engineer, the Work Zone will be activated. Do not disturb Asbestos containing materials prior to activation.
10. Wet all Asbestos prior to removal using a wetting agent. Maintain asbestos wet until packaged for disposal.
11. Upon removal of the floor tile and mastic, directly bag or drop into a flexible catch basin all asbestos containing waste material.

ALL ACM shall be bagged immediately and brought to the Waste Decontamination Enclosure System. At the Decontamination Enclosure, the bags will be wet wiped and the waste double bagged.

3.06 Encapsulation

- A. Apply Encapsulating material using an airless sprayer. Comply with manufacturer's recommendations. The Encapsulating material shall be mixed with contrasting color paint to assure proper application.

3.07 Disposal Practices

- A. Wet and properly package all Asbestos prior to removal from the Work Zone via the Waste Decontamination Enclosure System. Remove all residual asbestos from the exterior of any package, drum, bag, or other container of Asbestos prior to removal from the Work Zone. Affix the ASBESTOS CAUTION label, the name of the Owner, the name of the Contractor, the name of any Tenant and the location where generated to all packages, drums, bags or other containers used for Asbestos disposal.
- B. Store all Asbestos Waste in a totally secure manner. Transport all Asbestos Waste to the disposal site within seven (7) days after completing the Work of this section or thirty (30) days after removal, whichever comes first.
- C. Transport Asbestos Waste through the building at the direction of the Engineer at times designated by the Owner. Use sealed carts.
- D. During the transport of Asbestos Waste, on or across public thoroughfares, employ a hauler bearing all required permits for the hauling of asbestos. The haulers shall carry insurance in the same types and amounts as the Contractor. In addition, the hauler shall carry "Sudden and Accidental Pollution Liability Insurance in an amount not less than \$1,000,000.
- E. Dispose of Asbestos Waste at approved landfill bearing all appropriate licenses and permits for asbestos disposal and operated in compliance with all applicable rules and regulations. The Landfill used shall be dedicated for asbestos materials only and shall not accept any other hazardous substances.
- F. Within thirty (30) days of removal from the premises, the Contractor shall provide the Owner with disposal certificate(s) from the approved waste disposal site. Final payment will not be approved until all disposal certificates have been provided.

3.08 Clean-up Procedures

- A. Daily, during abatement activities:
 - 1. Clean-up visible accumulations of loose Asbestos Waste whenever a sufficient amount of Asbestos Containing Material to fill a single asbestos waste bag has been removed. Removal all waste materials from the Work Zone at the end of each work shift. Maintain visible material wet until after clean up.
 - 2. Place visible accumulations of Asbestos Waste in containers utilizing non-metallic dust pans and non-metallic squeegees or vacuums.

3. Do not use metal shovels.
 4. Wet clean and vacuum all surfaces of the Work Zone on a daily basis.
 5. Upon completion of waste removal, wet clean the WDES twice. When the PDES Shower Room alternates as a Washroom, wash the Shower Room immediately with cloths or mops saturated with a detergent solution prior to wet cleaning.
 6. Wet clean and vacuum the WDES as appropriate, as a minimum after each shift change and meal break.
 7. If excess water accumulates in the Work Zone, stop Work until the water is collected and disposed of properly.
 8. If Asbestos Waste is spilled in an elevator shaft:
 - a. Immediately evacuate, shut down and isolate all of the elevators in the affected elevator bank.
 - b. Place all spilled visible accumulations of Asbestos Waste in clean and unused containers.
 - c. Vacuum and wet clean all of the contaminated surfaces in the elevator car and shaft in repetitive cycles until clearance air levels are achieved in the car and at each terminus of the shaft.
- B. Final Clearance, The Work Zone will be considered acceptable when it has passed both visual inspections and air testing performed by the Engineer according to the criteria and sequence below:
1. In order to pass each of the visual inspections, the Work Zone and adjacent areas shall be free of all visually apparent asbestos. Any disputes over the results of any visual inspection shall be resolved by the Contractor submitting the results of bulk sample analysis demonstrating the contents of the material in question. Remove all Asbestos materials and all asbestos contaminated materials; non-asbestos materials may remain. The laboratory performing such analyses shall be a regular participant in the ELAP Quality Assurance Program for bulk sample analyses with performance results satisfactory to the Engineer. The Engineer reserves the right to independently verify the bulk results.
 2. If the Work Zone is not suitable for acceptance for any reason, promptly perform the Work requested by the Engineer.
 3. Keep each Work Zone isolated and posted with ASBESTOS CAUTION and CAUTION KEEP OUT signs until after acceptance.
 4. Typical acceptance sequence shall be as follows:
 - a. After removal of visible accumulations of Asbestos Waste, vacuum all surfaces;
 - b. Remove all bagged materials from the Work Site;

- c. Wet clean and vacuum all objects and surfaces in the Work Zone;
- d. Visual inspection by the Engineer;
- e. Encapsulate all plastic within the Work Zone limits, do not encapsulate surfaces from which asbestos was removed;
- f. Remove, bag, and remove from the Work Site the first layer of plastic;
- g. Vacate the Work Zone for four (4) hours;
- h. Wet clean and vacuum all objects and surfaces in the Work Zone for a second time;
- i. Visual inspection by the Engineer;
- j. Vacate the Work Zone for four (4) hours;
- k. Remove, bag and remove from the Work Site the second layer of plastic;
- l. Wet clean and vacuum all surfaces in the Work Zone for a third time;
- m. Vacate the Work Zone for four (4) hours;
- n. Visual inspection by Engineer to verify the absence of Asbestos Waste, dust and or debris;
- o. Clearance Air Monitoring;
Clearance air monitoring shall consist of five air samples taken inside of the work area and five air samples taken outside of the work area.
- p. Upon successful clearance air testing, encapsulate surfaces from which Asbestos was removed;
- q. Wait for encapsulant to dry;
- r. Final Acceptance will be granted provided that items a thru n have been met to the satisfaction of the Engineer;
- s. Shut down air filtration units (demobilization);
- t. Remove the isolation barriers in conjunction with the use of HEPA vacuums;
- u. After all Work and decontamination is complete, relocate and secure objects moved to temporary locations in the course of the Work to their former positions and assure that they are in working order.

- END OF PART 3 -